

U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA) OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)

DARFUR - Humanitarian Emergency

Fact Sheet #3, Fiscal Year (FY) 2005

October 15, 2004

Note: This report updates fact sheet #2, dated October 8, 2004.

DARFUR EMERGENCY – NUMBERS AT A GLANCE SOURCE

Conflict-Affected Persons in	2.2 million people	U.S. Government, European Union, and
Darfur and Eastern Chad		United Nations
Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)	1.45 million people	U.N. Office for the Coordination of
in Darfur		Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)
Sudanese Refugees in Eastern	200,000 people	U.N. High Commissioner for
Chad		Refugees (UNHCR)
Conflict-Affected Persons in	1.3 million people during September	U.N. World Food Program (WFP)
Darfur Receiving Food Assistance		
Crude Mortality Rates (CMR) ¹ and	North Darfur – 1.5 CMR; 2.5 U5MR	Preliminary data from the U.N. World
Under-five Mortality Rates	West Darfur – 2.9 CMR; 3.1 U5MR	Health Organization (WHO)
(U5MR) ² for Darfur	Kalma Camp (South Darfur) – 3.8	
	CMR; 11.7 U5MR	

CURRENT HUMANITARIAN SITUATION

Security

- On October 12, the U.N. Resident and Humanitarian Coordinator (UN RC) stated that security has deteriorated in Darfur during the past month, driving an additional 220,000 people from their homes. The UN RC reported that security is now the biggest obstacle to providing humanitarian assistance to the more than 1.5 million internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Darfur. The UN RC stated that ethnic conflict, attacks on civilians, and clashes between Government of Sudan (GOS) armed forces and opposition forces had also increased, despite a ceasefire signed in April between the opposing parties.
- On October 10, a vehicle with three Save the Children-UK (SC-UK) staff members hit a landmine/unexploded ordnance approximately 10 km north of Um Baro (200 km northwest of El Fasher, North Darfur). The SC-UK Head of Office for North Darfur and an SC-UK national staff member died in the incident, and the driver was severely injured. The area north of Dor and Disa towards the Chadian border in North Darfur has been declared a "no-go" area, pending investigation and inspection by land mine removal units. The African Union, U.N., and GOS have traveled to the area to investigate. SC-UK has now withdrawn from North Darfur, and approximately 100,000 beneficiaries in this area targeted by the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) to receive food will be affected.
- According to the USAID/Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART), security incidents and attacks continue to occur within close range of Nyala in South Darfur. On October 11, Bashom camp, located in a Sudan Liberation Movement/Army (SLM/A) area, was attacked, and on October 10, three villages were burned in South Darfur. The U.N. Office for the Coordination of

¹ According to WHO, the emergency threshold for crude mortality is 1 death per 10,000 people per day.

² According to WHO, the emergency threshold for under-five mortality is 2 deaths per 10,000 children under five per day.

- Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) reports that due to insecurity, between 200 and 300 families per day arrive at Kalma camp, now estimated to house between 83,000 and 93,000 IDPs.
- According to the USAID/DART, on October 12, a GOS convoy was shot at by unknown assailants on the road between Nertiti and Thur. One person was killed and six people were wounded in the attack. The Sudanese State Minister for Humanitarian Affairs was traveling in the convoy. The GOS held a press conference in Nyala on October 13 and stated that this attack constituted a serious violation of the ceasefire agreement, and the GOS plans to raise this issue with the ceasefire commission (CFC).

Humanitarian Access

- The Sudanese Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) currently has a 20-year limitation on all aircraft operating in the country. Implementation of this law may go into effect in late October, but it is not clear if the GOS will impose the law on WFP contracted aircraft. WFP is currently applying for an extension of the 'grace period' (April to October 2004), that was granted to WFP by the CAA, for seven of its aircraft that are more than 20 years old.
- WFP contractors have expressed reluctance to use the El Obeid-Ed Da'ein-Nyala route, preferring to use the longer El Obeid-El Fasher-Nyala route to avoid potential attacks and harassment. The Geneina-Ararah route in West Darfur has been closed as of October 13 due to violence and attacks on a police station in Masteri.

Nutrition

• On October 11, Action Contre le Faim (ACF) released the preliminary results of a nutritional survey conducted in Nyala town, South Darfur on October 9. The survey, which included the resident population as well as IDPs, found that children aged 6 to 59 months showed Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM) rates of 23.6 percent³.

Health

- The U.N. World Health Organization (WHO) reports that there has been a dramatic increase in Hepatitis E in Zalingei, West Darfur. During epidemiological weeks 37-39 (September 12-October 2), the Zalingei health center reported approximately 180 to 185 Hepatitis E cases per week. For week 40 (October 3-9), the number of Hepatitis E cases increased to 449. In response, the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) and the GOS' Water and Environmental Sanitation Department (WES) dispatched a team to this site to determine how to combat the outbreak. In addition, the International Rescue Committee (IRC) plans to install 55 hand washing facilities and 100 latrines in the Zalingei camps of Hessa Hissa and Hemada. On October 10, Médecins sans Frontières-France (MSF-F) distributed 10,000 pieces of soap in the camps to combat the outbreak.
- To date, in 2004, eleven confirmed cases of polio have been reported in Sudan. The first of two rounds of polio immunizations concluded on October 12. The second round of polio immunizations is scheduled for November 21 to 23 and will target six million children.

Food Assistance

- The USAID/DART reports that WFP plans to distribute a full ration in October to approximately 1.6 million beneficiaries, including 150,000 persons in host communities. WFP's pipeline is currently sufficient until January 2005 when there will be salt and sugar shortages, followed by cereals, vegetable oil, and corn soya blend (CSB) shortages in February. While WFP initially planned to target 2 million beneficiaries from October onward, it now estimates monthly requirements based on a steadily increasing caseload of 1.6 million beneficiaries in October, followed by 1.8 million beneficiaries in November, and 2 million thereafter.
- According to WFP, security issues continue to affect WFP's food distributions throughout Darfur.
 WFP reported that several of its contractors have expressed an unwillingness to risk their assets to
 deliver commodities on certain routes due to insecurity. Some WFP contractors reported being
 harassed when returning from deliveries. WFP is examining alternative solutions to address these
 issues.

³ According to WHO, the emergency threshold for GAM is 15 percent.

U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR EMERGENCY IN FY 2004

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
DARFUR, SUDAN			
USAID/OFDA ASSIST	ANCE		
ARC	Health, Water/Sanitation	South and West Darfur	\$1,647,414
ACF	Food Security/Agriculture, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	South Darfur	\$1,500,000
CRS	Food Security/Agriculture, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	South and West Darfur	\$3,034,357
CARE	Health, Water/Sanitation; Logistics	South Darfur; Darfur-Wide	\$2,667,895
Center for Humanitarian Dialogue	Monitoring	Darfur-wide	\$267,709
Concern	Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$1,500,000
CHFI	Capacity Building, Food Security/Agriculture, Shelter	North and South Darfur	\$2,445,182
GOAL	Food Security/Agriculture, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$2,000,000
IMC	Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	North, South, and West Darfur	\$3,199,910
IRC	Coordination, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	North, South, and West Darfur	\$4,173,318
Medair	Emergency Relief Supplies	West Darfur	\$500,000
MCI	Emergency Relief Supplies, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	South Darfur	\$2,901,076
SC-UK	Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	North Darfur	\$770,370
SC-US	Health, Nutrition, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$3,795,804
Tufts University	Research Studies	Darfur-wide	\$105,120
UNDP	Capacity Building	Darfur-wide	\$300,000
UN FAO	Food Security/Agriculture	Darfur-wide	\$1,215,000
UNICEF	Coordination, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$6,574,830
UNJLC	Coordination, Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$650,000
UN OCHA	Coordination, Information Management	Darfur-wide	\$1,250,000
UNSECOORD	Security Officers	Darfur-wide	\$900,000
WFP	Flight Operations, Communications, Coordination, Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$14,835,000
WHO	Health	Darfur-wide	\$500,000
World Vision	Emergency Relief Supplies, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation,	South Darfur	\$2,270,812
Various	Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$5,627,326
Various	Airlift of Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$4,480,264
	Administrative/Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$2,549,620
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USAID/FFP ASSISTA	I		
WFP	118,400 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$112,912,800
			\$112,912,800
USAID/OTI ASSISTA			
IRC	Protection	North Darfur	\$96,205
Halo Partnership	Justice and accountability to Darfuri Diaspora groups		\$24,800
Physicians for Human Rights	Research on Sexual Violence		\$14,000

American Bar Association	Documentation of violence through	Eastern Chad	\$858,322			
OHCHR	interviews with refugees Human rights monitors in Darfur	Darfur-wide	\$600,000			
	TOTAL USAID/OTI					
		••••••	\$180,107,134			
STATE/PRM ASSIST			Φ. C. O. J. O. O. O.			
ICRC	Emergency Humanitarian Operations	Darfur-wide ¹	\$6,891,000			
UNHCR	Emergency Appeal – IDP Protection		\$1,350,000			
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TOTAL FY 2004 USO	G HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO D	OARFUR	\$194,408,134			
EASTERN CHAD						
STATE/PRM ASSIST	CANCE ²					
AirServ	Flight Operations	Eastern Chad	\$2,224,090			
CARE	Community Services, Psychosocial	Eastern Chad	\$765 160			
CARE	Interventions, Capacity Building	Eastern Chad	\$765,162			
CRS	Capacity Building, Camp Management	Eastern Chad	\$434,026			
IFRC	Camp Management, Transportation	Eastern Chad	\$2,400,000			
IMC	Primary Health	Eastern Chad	\$1,877,934			
TD C	Protection, Health, Food/Relief Supply					
IRC	Distributions, Children's Programs	Eastern Chad	\$2,224,811			
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance and Protection	Eastern Chad	\$30,348,249			
UNICEF	Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$4,000,000			
WFP	Emergency Food Assistance, Flight	Eastern Chad	\$3,000,000			
	Operations					
TOTAL FY 2004 STA	TE/PRM ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN (CHAD	\$47,274,272			
USAID/OFDA ASSIS	TANCE					
U.S. Embassy Chad	Water Purification and Soap to UNICEF	Eastern Chad	\$114,000			
TOTAL USAID/OFD	A	•••••	\$114,000			
USAID/FFP ASSISTA			. , ,			
	16,780 MT of P.L. 480 Title II		¢1.4.577.700			
WFP	Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$14,577,700			
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$14,577,700			
TOTAL FY 2004 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD\$14,691,700						
	G HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO E					
TOTAL FY 2004 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR AND EASTERN CHAD\$256,374,106						
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¹State/PRM's contribution to ICRC will also fund increased humanitarian operations in eastern Chad. ²State/PRM figures do not include un-earmarked Africa-wide contributions to ICRC and UNHCR.

U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR EMERGENCY IN FY 2005

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount	
DARFUR, SUDAN USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE				
WFP	35,760 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$29,933,300	
TOTAL USAID/FFP\$29,933,300				
TOTAL FY 2005 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR\$29,933,300				
TOTAL FY 2005 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR\$29,933,30			\$29,933,300	
EASTERN CHAD				
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE				
WFP	14,550 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$13,706,100	

TOTAL USAID/FFP\$13,706,100
TOTAL FY 2005 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD\$13,706,100
TOTAL FY 2005 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD\$13,706,100
TOTAL FY 2005 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR AND EASTERN CHAD \$43,639,400

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for their humanitarian emergency response efforts in Darfur, Sudan can be found at www.interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they: allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information on making donations and volunteering can be found at:
 - o U.S. Agency for International Development: <u>www.usaid.gov</u> keyword: donations
 - o The Center for International Disaster Information: <u>www.cidi.org</u> or 703-276-1914
 - o InterAction: www.interaction.org -> "How You Can Help"
- Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.org

USAID/OFDA bulletins appear on the USAID web site at http://www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian_assistance/disaster_assistance