

U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA) OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)

DARFUR - Humanitarian Emergency

Fact Sheet #2, Fiscal Year (FY) 2005

October 8, 2004

Note: This report updates fact sheet #1 FY 2005, dated October1, 2004.

DARFUR EMERGENCY – NUMBERS AT A GLANCE SOURCE

Conflict-Affected Persons in	2.2 million people	U.S. Government, European Union, and
Darfur and Eastern Chad		United Nations
Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)	1.45 million people	U.N. Office for the Coordination of
in Darfur		Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)
Sudanese Refugees in Eastern	200,000 people	U.N. High Commissioner for
Chad		Refugees (UNHCR)
Conflict-Affected Persons in	940,000 people during August	U.N. World Food Program (WFP)
Darfur Receiving Food Assistance		
Crude Mortality Rates (CMR) ¹ and	North Darfur – 1.5 CMR; 2.5 U5MR	Preliminary data from the U.N. World
Under-five Mortality Rates	West Darfur – 2.9 CMR; 3.1 U5MR	Health Organization (WHO)
$(U5MR)^2$ for Darfur	Kalma Camp (South Darfur) – 3.8	
	CMR; 11.7 U5MR	

CURRENT HUMANITARIAN SITUATION

Security

• Clashes between the Government of Sudan (GOS), *Jingaweit* militias, and Sudan Liberation Movement/Army (SLM/A) forces continue to occur in Darfur, leading to the closure of key access roads by U.N. security and additional displacement. On October 2, the U.N. Security Coordinator (UNSECOORD) suspended movement on the road between Geneina and Masteri in West Darfur due to increased SLM/A, GOS, and *Jingaweit* militia activity. In addition, skirmishes between GOS and SLM/A forces continue in the southern region of North Darfur. According to the U.N., the SLM/A is targeting newly established GOS police posts that are manned by inexperienced police forces. The El Fasher-Nyala route (around Manawashi) reports attacks on convoys and the El Fasher-El Obeid route remains closed to humanitarian traffic.

Access to Opposition-held Areas

According to the USAID/Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART), on October 4, the U.N.
 Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) announced that it had worked out an
 arrangement with the SLM/A regarding humanitarian principles and notification requirements in
 order to allow humanitarian organizations to travel into SLM/A-held areas in Darfur. However, the
 modalities of this agreement have not yet been determined.

Protection

 According to the USAID/DART, three protection issues continue to dominate the attention of humanitarian agencies in North Darfur: the risk of rape encountered by women collecting firewood; uncertainty about whether the GOS legal code still denies medical care to rape victims until they

¹ According to WHO, the emergency threshold for crude mortality is 1 death per 10,000 people per day.

² According to WHO, the emergency threshold for under-five mortality is 2 deaths per 10,000 children under five per day.

- file a report with the police; and preparation for an upcoming survey of IDPs' attitudes toward a return home.
- The USAID/DART notes that a "pull-factor" trend is increasingly emerging in Darfur as some newly displaced persons seem to be leaving their villages and migrating to camps or other sites in search of assistance rather than due to insecurity. Examples include IDPs near the village of Koinga, approximately 90 km west of El Fasher and new IDP arrivals at Zam Zam camp in North Darfur, who had all moved in order to obtain food assistance.

Health

• According to the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO) and the West Darfur Ministry of Health, Hepatitis E cases have decreased, mirroring a general sense that the international community has finally contained the disease and also lessened the potential risk of cholera. A targeted and coordinated increase in water chlorination campaigns and health and hygiene promotions has been critical in combating the outbreak. In South Darfur, NGOs continue to report cases of Hepatitis E in camps, such as Kass and Kalma.

Food

- On October 2, the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), presented the preliminary results of a nutrition and food security survey based upon a population of 1.6 million as per the U.N. Darfur Humanitarian Profile, including 1.2 million IDPs and 400,000 residents. The survey showed elevated rates of malnutrition; 21.8 percent global acute malnutrition (GAM) and 3.9 percent severe acute malnutrition (SAM). Additionally, micronutrient deficiencies were widespread among children and women. Coverage of supplementary feeding programs for moderately malnourished children was found to be low (26 percent), and the current general ration distributed was found to be inadequate in calories.
- The assessment also highlighted the growing vulnerability of resident populations, and drew attention to the devastating impact of the crisis on livelihoods through decreased agriculture and loss of livestock.
- In September 2004, WFP provided food to more than 1.3 million people in Darfur, exceeding its target of 1.2 million. The WFP food pipeline is sufficient until January 2005, but there may be shortages of salt and sugar in January.

Seed Distribution

According to the USAID/DART, the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) has started to
distribute vegetable seeds for IDPs to plant in areas around camps. So far, FAO has distributed
seeds in two camps in Geneina town, Ardamata, and Dourte, West Darfur. The goal of the seed
distribution program is to increase IDPs' nutritional levels and to create a surplus in the markets
that will help lower overall market prices, in turn facilitating market access for other IDPs not
involved in the planting.

Sudanese Refugees in Eastern Chad

- According to the USAID/DART, tensions are rising between Darfurian refugees and the local population in Chad, who resent being excluded from the relief assistance coming into the camps and the fact that refugees are collecting scarce wood from around the camps. These tensions have resulted in several violent attacks on refugee women and children collecting wood. On October 5, U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) Ruud Lubbers stated that it is too early to consider returns to Darfur, and the timeline for repatriation remains uncertain.
- According to WFP, to date, for a target population of 200,000, approximately 70 percent of food needs have been funded. Provisional pipeline projects show adequate resources to meet needs through January 2005, with temporary shortages in November 2004 due to the timing of the arrival of commodities. The first USAID/Food for Peace (FFP) shipment of 6,140 metric tons (MT) is estimated to arrive in Benghazi, Libya on October 29, and will be transported overland to camps in Eastern Chad.

U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR EMERGENCY IN FY 2004

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
DARFUR, SUDAN	LANCE		
USAID/OFDA ASSIST ARC		South and West Darfur	\$1.647.414
ARC	Health, Water/Sanitation Food Security/Agriculture, Nutrition,	South and West Dariur	\$1,647,414
ACF	Water/Sanitation	South Darfur	\$1,500,000
CRS	Food Security/Agriculture, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	South and West Darfur	\$3,034,357
CARE	Health, Water/Sanitation; Logistics	South Darfur; Darfur-Wide	\$2,667,895
Center for Humanitarian Dialogue	Monitoring	Darfur-wide	\$267,709
Concern	Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$1,500,000
CHFI	Capacity Building, Food Security/Agriculture, Shelter	North and South Darfur	\$2,445,182
GOAL	Food Security/Agriculture, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$2,000,000
IMC	Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	North, South, and West Darfur	\$3,199,910
IRC	Coordination, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	North, South, and West Darfur	\$4,173,318
Medair	Emergency Relief Supplies	West Darfur	\$500,000
MCI	Emergency Relief Supplies, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	South Darfur	\$2,901,076
SC-UK	Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	North Darfur	\$770,370
SC-US	Health, Nutrition, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$3,795,804
Tufts University	Research Studies	Darfur-wide	\$105,120
UNDP	Capacity Building	Darfur-wide	\$300,000
UN FAO	Food Security/Agriculture	Darfur-wide	\$1,215,000
UNICEF	Coordination, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$6,574,830
UNJLC	Coordination, Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$650,000
UN OCHA	Coordination, Information Management	Darfur-wide	\$1,250,000
UNSECOORD	Security Officers	Darfur-wide	\$900,000
WFP	Flight Operations, Communications, Coordination, Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$14,835,000
WHO	Health	Darfur-wide	\$500,000
World Vision	Emergency Relief Supplies, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation,	South Darfur	\$2,270,812
Various	Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$5,627,326
Various	Airlift of Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$4,480,264
	Administrative/Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$2,549,620
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$71,661,007
USAID/FFP ASSISTA	NCE		
WFP	118,400 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$112,912,800
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$112,912,800
USAID/OTI ASSISTA			, ,
IRC	IDP Assistance	North Darfur	\$96,205
Halo Partnership	Justice and accountability to Darfuri Diaspora groups		\$24,800
Physicians for Human Rights	Research on Sexual Violence		\$14,000

American Bar	Documentation of violence through	Eastern Chad	\$858,322	
Association	interviews with refugees		-	
OHCHR	Human rights monitors in Darfur		\$600,000	
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	AID ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR	••••••	\$186,167,134	
STATE/PRM ASSIS				
ICRC	Emergency Humanitarian Operations	Darfur-wide ¹	\$6,891,000	
UNHCR	Emergency Appeal – IDP Protection		\$1,350,000	
	M HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO D			
TOTAL FY 2004 US	G HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO D	OARFUR	\$194,408,134	
EASTERN CHAD				
STATE/PRM ASSIS	TANCE ²			
AirServ	Flight Operations	Eastern Chad	\$2,224,090	
CARE	Community Services, Psychosocial	Eastern Chad	\$765,162	
CARE	Interventions, Capacity Building	Eastern Chad		
CRS	Capacity Building, Camp Management	Eastern Chad	\$434,026	
IFRC	Camp Management, Transportation	Eastern Chad	\$2,400,000	
IMC	Primary Health	Eastern Chad	\$1,877,934	
IRC	Protection, Health, Food/Relief Supply	Eastern Chad	\$2,224,811	
IKC	Distributions, Children's Programs	Eastern Chad		
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance and Protection	Eastern Chad	\$30,348,249	
UNICEF	Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$4,000,000	
WFP	Emergency Food Assistance, Flight	Eastern Chad	\$3,000,000	
	Operations			
TOTAL FY 2004 STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD\$47,274,272				
USAID/OFDA ASSIS				
U.S. Embassy Chad	Water Purification and Soap to UNICEF	Eastern Chad	\$114,000	
TOTAL USAID/OFI	OA	•••••	\$114,000	
USAID/FFP ASSIST				
WFP	16,780 MT of P.L. 480 Title II	Eastern Chad	\$14,577,700	
WFP	Emergency Food Assistance			
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TOTAL FY 2004 US	G HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO D	DARFUR AND EASTERN CHAD	\$256,374,106	
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¹State/PRM's contribution to ICRC will also fund increased humanitarian operations in eastern Chad. ²State/PRM figures do not include un-earmarked Africa-wide contributions to ICRC and UNHCR.

U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR EMERGENCY IN FY 2005

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount	
DARFUR, SUDAN	NCE			
USAID/FFP ASSISTA				
WFP	35,760 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$29,933,300	
TOTAL USAID/FFP\$29,933,300				
TOTAL FY 2005 USAI	D HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO	DARFUR	\$29,933,300	
TOTAL FY 2005 USG	HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO D	ARFUR	\$29,933,300	
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EASTERN CHAD				
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE				
WFP	14,550 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$13,706,100	

TOTAL USAID/FFP\$13,706,100
TOTAL FY 2005 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD\$13,706,100
TOTAL FY 2005 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD\$13,706,100
TOTAL FY 2005 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR AND EASTERN CHAD \$43,639,400

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for their humanitarian emergency response efforts in Darfur, Sudan can be found at www.interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they: allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information on making donations and volunteering can be found at:
 - o U.S. Agency for International Development: <u>www.usaid.gov</u> keyword: donations
 - o The Center for International Disaster Information: <u>www.cidi.org</u> or 703-276-1914
 - o InterAction: <u>www.interaction.org</u> -> "How You Can Help"
- Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.org

USAID/OFDA bulletins appear on the USAID web site at http://www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian_assistance/disaster_assistance