

# National Bureau of Standards

## Certificate of Analyses

### STANDARD SAMPLE 134

### MOLYBDENUM—TUNGSTEN—CHROMIUM—VANADIUM STEEL

ANALYST*	C	Mn	P	S	Si	COPPER H <sub>2</sub> S-CuS-CuO	NICKEL Weighed as nickel dimethylglyoxime	Cr	V	Mo		W
	Direct combustion	Persulfate-Arsenite	Alkali-Molybdate <sup>a</sup>	Gravimetric (direct oxidation and final precipitation) or reduction of iron	Nitric-sulfuric acid dehydration			FeSO <sub>4</sub> -KMnO <sub>4</sub> titration	HNO <sub>3</sub> oxidation, potentiometric titration in presence of tungsten	Gravimetric	Colorimetric	
1.....	0. 808	<sup>b</sup> 0. 152	<sup>c</sup> 0. 014	0. 005	<sup>d</sup> 0. 324	<sup>e</sup> 0. 113	0. 075	<sup>f</sup> 3. 74	1. 12	<sup>g</sup> 8. 74		<sup>h</sup> 1. 82
2.....	. 810	<sup>i</sup> . 148	<sup>j</sup> . 016	. 005	<sup>k</sup> . 32	<sup>l</sup> . 108	<sup>m</sup> . 078	3. 72	1. 14	<sup>n</sup> 8. 63	8. 70	<sup>o</sup> 1. 76
3.....	. 820	<sup>p</sup> . 145	<sup>q</sup> . 013	<sup>r</sup> . 009	<sup>s</sup> . 323	<sup>t</sup> . 120	<sup>u</sup> . 08	3. 70	1. 12	<sup>v</sup> 8. 64		1. 84
4.....	. 80	<sup>w</sup> . 17	<sup>x</sup> . 017	. 005	<sup>y</sup> . 32	. 12	<sup>z</sup> . 087	3. 76	<sup>aa</sup> 1. 09	<sup>ab</sup> 8. 60		1. 85
5.....	. 817	<sup>ac</sup> . 153			<sup>ad</sup> . 335		<sup>ae</sup> . 08	3. 75	1. 16	<sup>af</sup> 8. 81		<sup>ah</sup> 1. 82
6.....	. 808	<sup>ag</sup> . 141	. 017	. 003	<sup>ah</sup> . 319	<sup>ai</sup> . 111	<sup>aj</sup> . 070	<sup>ak</sup> 3. 70	1. 10	<sup>al</sup> 8. 61	8. 58	<sup>am</sup> 1. 79
7.....	. 808	. 148	<sup>aj</sup> . 015	. 007	. 32	<sup>ak</sup> . 114	. 075	3. 74	1. 12	<sup>an</sup> 8. 80		<sup>ao</sup> 1. 85
8.....	. 806	. 16	. 017	. 007	. 314	. 116	. 081	3. 76	1. 16	8. 78		1. 79
9.....	. 811	<sup>b</sup> . 166	. 012	. 004	<sup>d</sup> . 329	. 118	. 071	<sup>f</sup> 3. 73	1. 12	<sup>ai</sup> 8. 69		<sup>ah</sup> 1. 85
10.....								<sup>f</sup> 3. 72	1. 15	<sup>aj</sup> 8. 60		<sup>ai</sup> 1. 78
11.....	. 814	. 16	<sup>t</sup> . 016	. 004	<sup>k</sup> . 345			<sup>ak</sup> 3. 75	<sup>al</sup> 1. 16	<sup>am</sup> 8. 70		1. 91
12.....	. 814	<sup>p</sup> . 157	. 016	<sup>q</sup> . 010	<sup>u</sup> . 32	<sup>e</sup> . 114	<sup>m</sup> . 083	3. 73	1. 13	<sup>n</sup> 8. 69		<sup>aa</sup> 1. 80
												<sup>ab</sup> 1. 82
13.....	. 810	<sup>a</sup> . 16	<sup>t</sup> . 018	. 008	<sup>u</sup> . 308	<sup>ae</sup> . 110	<sup>r</sup> . 070	<sup>ag</sup> 3. 71	<sup>ah</sup> 1. 10		8. 70	<sup>ai</sup> 1. 81
Averages.....	0. 810	0. 155	0. 016	0. 006	0. 323	0. 114	0. 077	3. 73	1. 13	8. 69	8. 66	1. 82
General avg.	0. 810	0. 155	0. 016	0. 006	0. 323	0. 114	0. 077	3. 73	1. 13	8. 68		1. 82

<sup>a</sup> Tungsten removed and vanadium reduced. Phosphorus precipitated at 10° to 20° C., washed with a 1-percent solution of KNO<sub>3</sub>, and titrated with alkali standardized by the use of acid potassium phthalate and the ratio 23 NaOH:1 P.  
<sup>b</sup> Bismuthate (FeSO<sub>4</sub>-KMnO<sub>4</sub>) method after ZnO separation.  
<sup>c</sup> Tungsten removed after HCl-HNO<sub>3</sub> digestion followed by fuming with HClO<sub>4</sub>. Phosphorus precipitated with molybdate in hot nitric acid solution and ultimately weighed as Mg<sub>3</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>. (Phosphorus not detected in tungstic acid residue.)  
<sup>d</sup> Double dehydration.  
<sup>e</sup> Finished by electrolysis.  
<sup>f</sup> Persulfate oxidation, potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate solution standardized with recrystallized potassium dichromate.  
<sup>g</sup> α-Benzoinoxime method after removal of tungsten by acid digestion. Corrected for molybdenum occluded in tungsten, and the main molybdenum precipitate corrected for ammonia insoluble, and tungsten. See BS J. Research 9, 1 (1932) RP453.  
<sup>h</sup> Single precipitation by acid digestion and cinchonine. Tungsten corrected for silicon, iron, chromium, vanadium, and molybdenum.  
<sup>i</sup> Chromium volatilized as CrO<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.

<sup>j</sup> Titrating solution standardized by use of a standard steel.  
<sup>k</sup> Perchloric acid dehydration.  
<sup>l</sup> Ammonia-copper-complex colorimetric method.  
<sup>m</sup> Glyoxime precipitate ignited and weighed as NiO.  
<sup>n</sup> Precipitated with H<sub>2</sub>S in tartaric or citric acid solution, purified, and weighed as MoO<sub>3</sub>.  
<sup>o</sup> Tungsten separated by acid hydrolysis and cinchonine, purified by carbonate fusion, and finally precipitated with HgNO<sub>3</sub>. Ignited oxide corrected for molybdenum and vanadium.  
<sup>p</sup> Chromium separated with ZnO. Finished by bismuthate-arsenite method.  
<sup>q</sup> Combustion.  
<sup>r</sup> Glyoxime precipitate titrated with KCN solution.  
<sup>s</sup> Chromium separated with ZnO.  
<sup>t</sup> Tungsten removed and phosphorus precipitated as the molybdate in hot, strong nitric acid solution.  
<sup>u</sup> Nitric-hydrochloric acid dehydration.  
<sup>v</sup> Ferrous sulfate-persulfate-KMnO<sub>4</sub> titration method.  
<sup>w</sup> Bismuthate-arsenite.  
<sup>x</sup> KI-Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> titration.

<sup>y</sup> Solution in HCl, digestion with HNO<sub>3</sub> and precipitation with cinchonine. Precipitate dissolved in NH<sub>4</sub>OH and tungsten precipitated by acid-hydrolysis and cinchonine. Ignited oxide corrected for silicon, iron, chromium, and molybdenum.  
<sup>z</sup> H<sub>2</sub>S-α-benzoinoxime-CuO.  
<sup>aa</sup> Molybdenum precipitated as MoS<sub>3</sub> from tartaric acid solution, precipitated with α-benzoinoxime, ignited, and weighed as MoO<sub>3</sub>.  
<sup>ab</sup> Major portion of tungsten precipitated from a 1-g sample by fuming with HClO<sub>4</sub> and HF. Molybdenum and remaining tungsten precipitated with α-benzoinoxime. Combined precipitates ignited to constant weight at 520° C and weighed. Oxides then heated at 750° to 800° C for 1 hour and weighed. The difference in weights represents the molybdenum volatilized. Residue analyzed for NaOH insoluble and molybdenum, and tungsten determined by difference.  
<sup>ac</sup> Permanganate oxidation.  
<sup>ad</sup> Hydroquinone colorimetric method. See Z. Anal. Chem. 114, 170 (1938).  
<sup>ae</sup> Copper precipitated as CuCNS. Finished by KI-Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> titration.  
<sup>af</sup> Chromium oxidized by phosphoric-perchloric acid mixture.

#### \* LIST OF ANALYSTS

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. Ferrous laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, analysis by John L. Hague.           | 8. J. C. Sloss, Vulcan Crucible Steel Co., Aliquippa, Pa.   |
| 2. W. W. Clarke, Latrobe Electric Steel Co., Latrobe, Pa.                                 | 9. F. W. Dillon and A. L. Sloan, The Carpenter Steel Co., Reading, Pa.                                |
| 3. W. F. Lantz, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.                                       | 10. T. R. Cunningham, Union Carbide & Carbon Research Laboratories, Inc., Niagara Falls, N. Y.        |
| 4. A. R. Anderson, Jessop Steel Co., Washington, Pa.                                      | 11. C. M. Johnson, Crucible Steel Company of America, Park Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.                     |
| 5. J. F. Connor, Braeburn Alloy Steel Corporation, Braeburn, Pa.                          | 12. W. L. Emerson, The Cleveland Twist Drill Co., Cleveland, Ohio.                                    |
| 6. J. T. Norton, Jr., Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corporation, Watervliet, N. Y.               | 13. O. L. Van Valkenburgh, Crucible Steel Company of America, Halcomb Steel Division, Syracuse, N. Y. |
| 7. T. F. Dugan, Universal-Cyclops Steel Corporation, Universal Division, Bridgeville, Pa. |   |

The steel for the preparation of this standard was furnished by The Cleveland Twist Drill Co.