SHELTER FROM THE ELEMENTS

Animals must be provided with adequate shelter from the elements at all times. [3.3, 3.4, 3.26, 3.51, 3.76, 3.102, 3.126]

Criteria

Adequate shelter must:

- protect the animal's health and well-being
- allow all animals in the enclosure to have access to the shelter at the same time
- protect the animal from adverse weather conditions

Species Specific

Dogs & Cats

Sheltered Housing [3.3(d)]

Sheltered portion of the sheltered facility must be large enough to allow each animal to:

- sit
- stand
- lie down, and
- turn around freely

Outdoor Housing [3.4(b)]

Outdoor facilities must contain one or more sheltered structures.

The sheltered structure must:

- be accessible to each animal [3.4(b)]
- be large enough to allow each animal to sit, stand, and lie in a normal manner and turn about freely [3.4(b)]
- have a roof, floor, and sides [3.4(b)]
- provide adequate protection/shelter from cold & heat [3.4(b)(1)]
- provide protection from direct rays of the sun [3.4(b)(2)]
- provide protection from the direct effects of wind, rain or snow [3.4(b)(2)]
- have a wind/rain break at the entrance [3.4(b)(3)]
- provide a way for the animal to keep warm, such as: [3.4(b)(4)]

ANIMAL CARE 10.6.1

- ► clean, dry bedding when ambient temperature is below 50° F
 - R additional clean, dry bedding must be added when ambient temperature is 35° F or lower
- alternate methods for keeping animals warm include, but are not limited to:
 - R heat lamp (properly working)
 - **R** heating pad (properly working)
 - R insulated shelter structure

NOTE: Ambient temperature is the temperature of the air immediately surrounding the animal. The best method to obtain the ambient temperature is to:

- 1. confine the animal inside the shelter
- 2. wait 15 minutes
- 3. measure the air temperature in the shelter (If using a mercury thermometer, wait approximately 15 minutes for it to stabilize)

Unacceptable shelter structures include, but are not limited to:

- metal barrels
- cars
- refrigerators
- freezers

One or more separate outside areas of shade must:

- be provided in addition to the shelter structure.
- be large enough to contain all the animals in the enclosure
- protect the animal from the direct rays of the sun

Guinea Pigs

Outdoor Housing [3.27(b)]

Guinea pigs must **not** be housed outdoors UNLESS

- the outdoor facility is located in an appropriate climate, and
- prior approval has been obtained from the Animal Care Deputy Administrator

The request to house a guinea pig(s) outdoors must:

• be in writing

10.6.2 ANIMAL CARE

- contain a reason/justification for housing the animal outdoors
- contain an assurance that the following criteria will be met:
 - outdoor housing facility will have a temperature range of 45° 85° F
 - guinea pig will be acclimated to whatever temperatures it will be encountering within the above range
 - facility has a means of monitoring and recording the temperature in the animal area
 - facility has a written procedure delineating what shelter or care is available when the ambient temperature exceeds the permissible range, e.g.:
 - **R** ventilation and/or shade in hot weather
 - R shelter and/or bedding in cold weather
- be submitted to the appropriate Regional Office

Hamsters [3.27(a)]

Hamsters **MUST NOT** be housed outdoors under any circumstances or in any conditions.

Rabbits

Outdoor Housing [3.52]

Sufficient shade must be provided to protect the animal from the direct rays of the sun. [3.52(a)]

If ambient temperature exceeds 90° F, artificial cooling, such as a fan or sprinkler system, must be provided. [3.52(a)]

Access to shelter must be provided:

- to keep animal dry during rain and snow [3.52(b)]
- when ambient temperature falls below 40° F [3.52(c)]

Nonhuman Primates

Sheltered Housing [3.77]

Shelter structures must:

- protect the animal from adverse weather conditions [3.77(d)]
- provide access and protection for all the animals in the enclosure [3.77(e)]

ANIMAL CARE 10.6.3

Multiple shelter structures must be provided in enclosures with aggressive or dominant animals. [3.77(e)]

Outdoor Housing [3.78]

Shelter structures must:

- protect the animal from adverse weather conditions [3.78(b)]
- provide access and protection for all the animals in the enclosure [3.78(c)]
- provide heat to prevent the temperature inside the structure from falling below 45° F EXCEPT as directed by the attending veterinarian [3.78(b)]

Multiple shelter structures must be provided in enclosures with aggressive or dominant animals. [3.78(c)]

Marine Mammals

Shelter must be provided from direct sunlight. [3.103(b)]

10.6.4 ANIMAL CARE