PRIMARY ENCLOSURE- CONSTRUCTION	An animal transported in commerce must be contained in an adequately ventilated, properly constructed primary enclosure. [3.14, 3.36, 3.61, 3.87, 3.113, 3.137]
Criteria	<ul> <li>A primary enclosure, such as a compartment, transport cage, carton, or crate, used to transport an animal in commerce must be properly constructed.</li> <li>The transport primary enclosure must: <ul> <li>be strong enough to contain the animal securely and comfortably</li> <li>be able to withstand the normal rigors of transportation</li> <li>have an interior without any sharp points, edges, or protrusions that could injure the animal</li> <li>be designed so that the animal can be quickly and easily removed in an emergency</li> <li>have adequate devices, such as handles or handholds, on the exterior to: <ul> <li>enable the enclosure to be lifted without tilting</li> <li>ensure that anyone handling the enclosure can avoid contact with the animal unless necessary</li> <li>be constructed of a material that is: <ul> <li>cleanable and sanitizable, or</li> <li>disposable</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
Species Specific	<ul> <li>Dogs &amp; Cats The primary enclosure must be designed and constructed to: [3.14(a)(9)] </li> <li>prevent seepage of waste products by having a: <ul> <li>solid, leakproof bottom containing unused litter, or</li> <li>removable leakproof collection tray under a slatted or wire mesh floor</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

.	prevent any part of the animal from protruding outside the enclosure in a way that could result in injury to the animal or to any nearby person or animal	
	<ul> <li>A slatted or wire mesh floor must be designed and constructed:</li> <li>[3.14(a)(9)]</li> <li>to protect the animal's feet and legs from injury</li> <li>to not allow the animal's feet to pass through the openings</li> </ul>	
in	y material, treatment, paint, preservative or other chemical used or on the primary enclosure must be safe and non-toxic to the mal. $[3.14(a)(7)]$	
Th	<ul> <li>a primare Primates</li> <li>e primary enclosure must be designed and constructed to:</li> <li>87(a)(10)]</li> <li>prevent seepage of waste products by having a: <ul> <li>solid, leakproof bottom containing unused litter, or</li> <li>removable leakproof collection tray under a slatted or wire mesh floor</li> <li>prevent any part of the animal from protruding outside the enclosure in a way that could result in injury to the animal or to any nearby person or animal</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>slatted or wire mesh floor must be designed and constructed:</li> <li>87(a)(10)]</li> <li>to protect the animal's feet and legs from injury</li> <li>to not allow the animal's feet to pass through the openings</li> </ul>	
wit	fors or other means of access into the enclosure must be secured th animal-proof devices that prevent accidental opening of the closure. $[3.87(a)(5)]$	
in	y material, treatment, paint, preservative or other chemical used or on the primary enclosure must be safe and non-toxic to the mal. [3.87(a)(7)]	
	Two or more primary enclosures may be connected or attached to each other. [3.87(a)]	

## Marine Mammals

RESERVED-Pending approval of the negotiated rules.