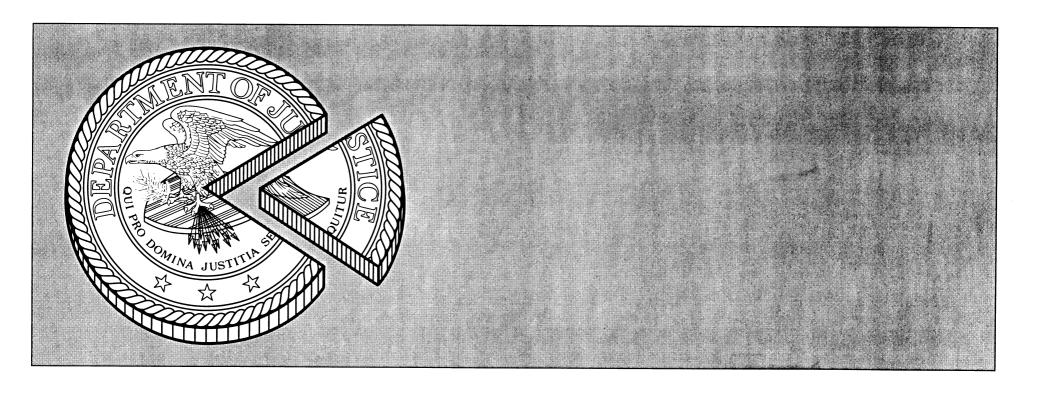
## 2000 Budget Summary



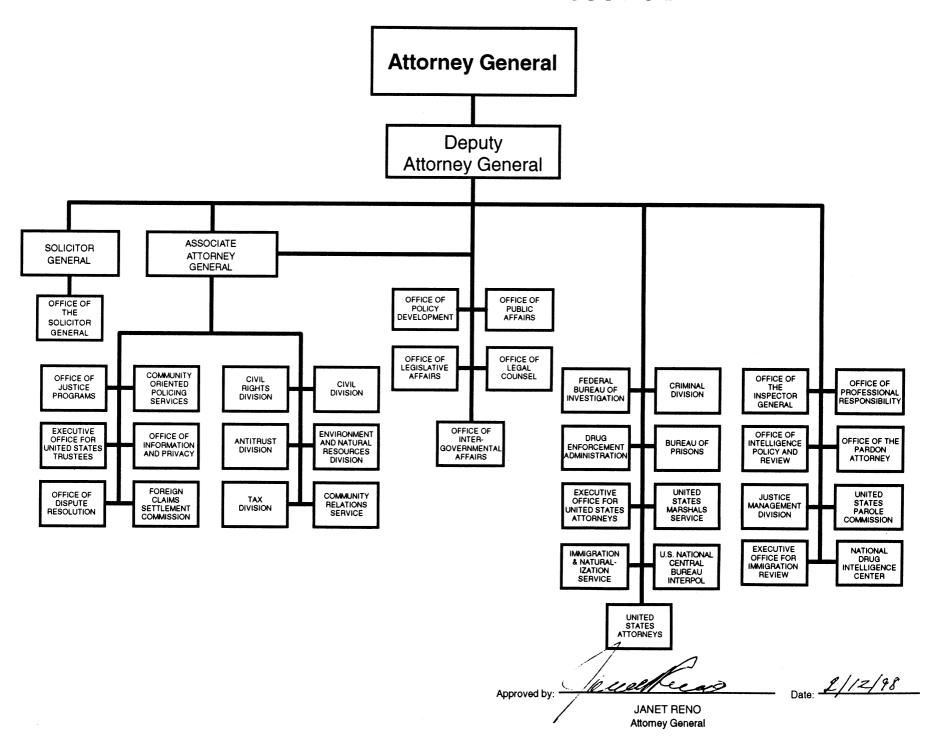
Prepared by Budget Staff Justice Management Division Winter 1999

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#### **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**



#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SUMMARY OF BUDGET AUTHORITY BY APPROPRIATION (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

			1
	1998	1999	2000
APPROPRIATION		,	
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	76,799	79,448	\$87,534
GA - NAT'L DRUG INTEL CENTER (050)	27,000	27,000	27,000
NARROWBAND COMMUNICATIONS			80,000
TELECOMM. CARRIER COMPLIANCE			15,000
COUNTERTERRORISM FUND	52,700	145,000	27,000
ADMIN REVIEW & APPEALS	129,258	134,563	149,152
EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REV	127,701	132,963	147,483
OFFICE OF THE PARDON ATTORNEY	1,557	1,600	1,669
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	33,358	37,010	45,021
U.S. PAROLE COMMISSION	5,009	7,400	8,527
GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES	453,759	481,089	576,871
VACCINE INJURY COMP. TRUST FUND	[4,028]	19	11
ANTITRUST DIVISION	5,495	[1,020]	[4,020]
U.S. ATTORNEYS	1,041,888	1,090,378	1,274,788
FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMM (150)	1,226	1,227	1,175
U.S. MARSHALS	498,122	507,209	578,422
SALARIES & EXPENSES	498,122	502,609	569,590
CONSTRUCTION	430,122	4,600	8,832
FEDERAL PRISONER DETENTION	405,262	425,000	550,232
COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE	5,319	7,199	10,344
ASSETS FORF FUND CURR BUD AUTH	23,000	23,000	23,000
RADIATION EXP COMP ADMIN EXP (050)	2,000	2,000	23,000
RADIATION EXP COMP TRUST FUND (050)	4,381	2,000	1
INTERAGENCY CRIME & DRUG ENFORCEMENT	294,967	304,014	21,714
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	2,981,612	2,993,128	2 202 664
SALARIES & EXPENSES	2,937,106	2,991,841	3,293,664
CONSTRUCTION	44,506	1 ' '	3,283,377
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION	1,157,115	1,287	10,287
SALARIES & EXPENSES	1,149,115	1,223,980	1,388,242
CONSTRUCTION	8,000	1,215,980	1,380,242
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE	2,344,976	8,000	8,000
SALARIES & EXPENSES	2,269,017	2,569,027	2,935,302
ENFORCEMENT & BORDER AFFAIRS	2,209,017	4 004 504	0.400.007
CITIZNSHP & BENEFITS, SUPPT & PRG DIRECT		1,864,594	2,133,087
		614,433	702,551
CONSTRUCTION	75,959	90,000	99,664
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM	3,097,267	3,299,850	3,777,218
SALARIES AND EXPENSES	2,842,134	2,888,853	3,218,427
BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES	255,133	410,997	558,791
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS	4,769,464	4,817,198	3,517,745
JUSTICE ASSISTANCE	180,514	148,051	346,195
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE	41,440	46,148	43,448
BUREAU OF JUSTICE STATISTICS	21,529	25,029	32,609
EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE	25,000		
MISSING CHILDREN/ALZHEIMER'S	13,156	18,068	18,068
REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARING SYS	20,000	20,000	20,000
WHITE COLLAR CRIME INFOR CENTER	5,350	7,350	9,250
COUNTERTERRORISM	19,000		173,500
MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	35,039	31,456	44,320

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SUMMARY OF BUDGET AUTHORITY BY APPROPRIATION (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

A DDD ODDU TION	1998	1999	2000
APPROPRIATION			
CIVIL RIGHTS ENFORCE PARTNER. GRANT			5,000
JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS	225,950	182,597	179,950
TITLE V (AT-RISK CHILDREN'S GRANT PROG.)		95,000	95,000
VICTIMS OF CHILD ABUSE	17,000	19,000	19,000
STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT	4,344,000	4,372,550	2,874,100
TRIBAL COURTS INITIATIVE		5,000	5,000
CERTAINTY OF PUNISHMENT GRANTS/GUN C			35,000
JUVENILE ACCOUNT: BLOCK GRANTS	250,000	250,000	
DRUG TESTING & INTERVENTION PROGRAM			100,000
BYRNE FORMULA GRANTS	505,000	505,000	400,000
BYRNE DISCRETIONARY GRANTS	46,500	47,000	59,950
WEED AND SEED	33,500	33,500	33,500
COMMUNITY POLICING	1,430,000	1,430,000	1,275,000
LOCAL LAW ENF. BLOCK GRANTS	523,000	523,000	
CRIMINAL RECORDS UPGRADE	45,000	45,000	
CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES GRANTS	720,500	720,500	75,000
DRUG COURTS	30,000	40,000	50,000
VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT PROGRAMS	260,750	270,750	270,750
STATE CRIMINAL ALIEN ASSIST. PROGRAM	420,000	420,000	500,000
RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT	63,000	63,000	65,100
DNA IDENTIFICATION GRANTS	12,500	15,000	
OTHER CRIME CONTROL PROGRAMS:			
STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT	1,000	1,500	1,500
FEDERAL	3,250	3,300	3,300
PSOB - DISABILITY & FLEDA PROGRAMS	2,000	·	3,500
SUBTOTAL, DISCRETIONARY AUTH	17,409,977	18,174,720	18,389,951
MANDATORY, FUNCTIONAL CODE: 750:			
FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES	75,000	95,000	110,000
PSOB - DEATH BENEFITS	31,003	31,809	32,541
INDEPENDENT COUNSEL	18,000	9,500	9,500
SUBTOTAL, MANDATORY	124,003	136,309	152,041
SUBCOMMITTEE ON			102,011
APPROPRIATIONS JURISDICTION	17,511,008	18,288,057	18,546,020
FEE ACCOUNTS			,.,.,
GA-HEALTH CARE FRAUD	28,000	32,435	32,435
PRE-MERGER FILING FEES	88,000	98,275	114,373
U.S. TRUSTEES	114,248	115,251	129,329
ASSETS FORF FUND PERM BUD AUTH	414,993	479,219	409,910
FBI-HEALTH CARE FRAUD	56,000	66,000	76,000
DIVERSION CONTROL FEE	58,268	76,710	80,330
IMMIGRATION USER FEE	411,700	486,071	517,800
ENFORCEMENT FINES	3,799	4,050	3,800
IMMIGRATION LEGALIZATION	1,259	998	1,152
IMMIGRATION EXAMINATIONS FEE	717,426	634,702	687,427
LAND BORDER INSPECTION FEE	1,897	3,275	6,595
BREACHED BOND/DETENTION FUND	196,832	176,950	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CRIME VICTIMS FUND	356,716	324,038	116,900
SUBT, FEE-FUNDED ACCOUNTS	2,449,138	2,497,974	375,000   2,551,051
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	19,983,118	20,809,003	21,093,043
TOTAL, DEFARTMENT OF JUSTICE	13,303,118	20,809,003	∠1,093,043

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SUMMARY OF BUDGET AUTHORITY BY APPROPRIATION (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

			7
-	1998	1999	2000
APPROPRIATION			
ANTITRUST DIVISION	5,495		
PRE-MERGER FILING FEES	88,000		
TOTAL ANTITRUST DIVISION	93,495	98,275	1
TOTAL ARTITIOST BIVISION	93,495	98,275	114,373
ASSETS FORF FUND CURR BUD AUTH	23,000	23,000	23,000
ASSETS FORF FUND PERM BUD AUTH	414,993	479,219	409,910
TOTAL ASSETS FORFEITURE FUND	437,993	502,219	432,910
U.S. MARSHALS	498,122	502,609	569,590
CONSTRUCTION		4,600	8,832
TOTAL U.S. MARSHALS SERVICE	498,122	507,209	578,422
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	2,937,106	2,991,841	3,283,377
CONSTRUCTION	44.506	1.287	10,287
FBI-HEALTH CARE FRAUD	56,000	66.000	76,000
TOTAL FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	3,037,612	3,059,128	3,369,664
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION	1,149,115	1,215,980	1,380,242
CONSTRUCTION	8.000	8.000	8,000
DIVERSION CONTROL FEE	58,268	<u>76,710</u>	80,330
TOTAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION	1,215,383	1,300,690	1,468,572
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE	2,269,017	2,479,027	2,835,638
CONSTRUCTION	75,959	90.000	99,664
IMMIGRATION USER FEE	411,700	486,071	517.800
ENFORCEMENT FINES	3,799	4,050	3.800
IMMIGRATION LEGALIZATION	1,259	998	1,152
IMMIGRATION EXAMINATIONS FEE	717,426	634,702	687,427
LAND BORDER INSPECTION FEE	1,897	3,275	6,595
BREACHED BOND/DETENTION FUND	196,832	176,950	116,900
TOTAL IMMIGRATION & NATURALIZATION SVC	3,677,889	3,875,073	4,268,976
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM	2,842,134	2,888,853	3,218,427
BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES	255,133	410,997	558,791
TOTAL FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM	3,097,267	3,299,850	3,777,218

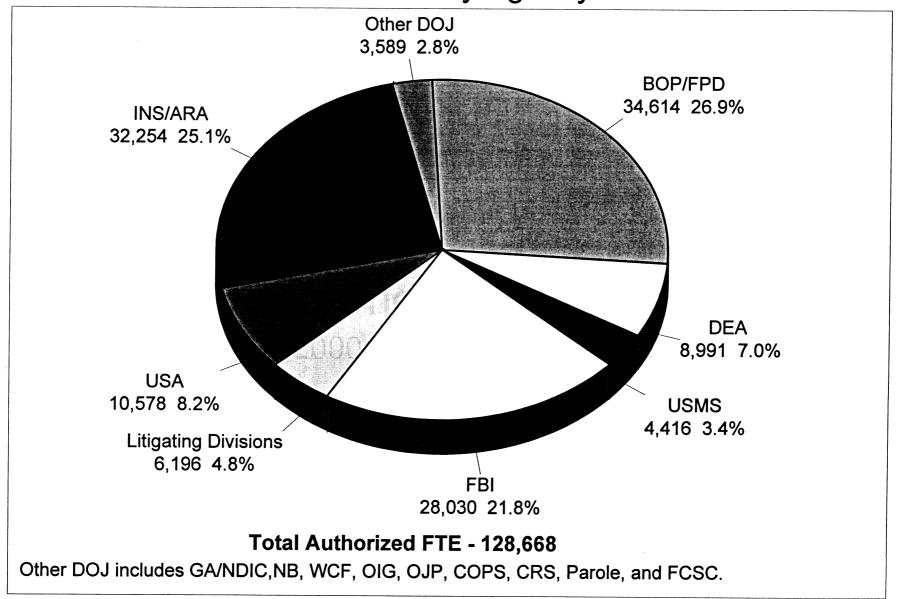
### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SUMMARY OF SELECTED EMPLOYMENT CATEGORIES NUMBER OF POSITIONS

ORGANIZATION	1998 ON-BOARD END OF YEAR	1999 AUTHORIZED	2000 REQUESTED
GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES			
ATTORNEYS	2,126	2,293	2,383
ANTITRUST DIVISION			
ATTORNEYS	345	382	421
U.S. ATTORNEYS			
ATTORNEYS	4,792	4,907	5,054
U.S MARSHALS SERVICE			
DEPUTY U.S. MARSHALS/INVESTIGATORS	2,816	2,906	3,055
U.S. TRUSTEES			
ATTORNEYS	202	229	229
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION			
SPECIAL AGENTS	11,509	11,698	11,793
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION			
SPECIAL AGENTS	4,296	4,527	4,527
MMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE			
BORDER PATROL AGENTS	7,798	8,947	8,947
INSPECTORS	1,598	1,567	1,646
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATORS	1,935	1,791	1,791
MMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE			
FEE-FUNDED ACCTS.			
INSPECTORS	3,089	3,286	3,306
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATORS	154	421	421
BUREAU OF PRISONS			
CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS	12,780	14,714	15,343

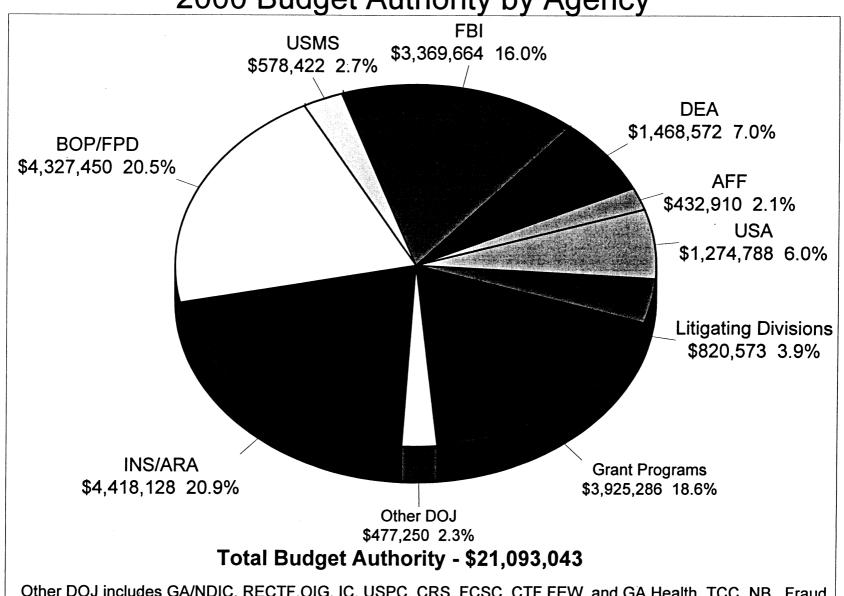
NOTE: INCLUDES POSITIONS FUNDED FROM VCRP, ICDE RESOURCES, AND OTHER REIMBURSABLE SOURCES, SUCH AS THE FBI'S RESOURCES AVAILABLE FROM THE HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1996.

### Department of Justice

2000 FTE by Agency



# Department of Justice 2000 Budget Authority by Agency

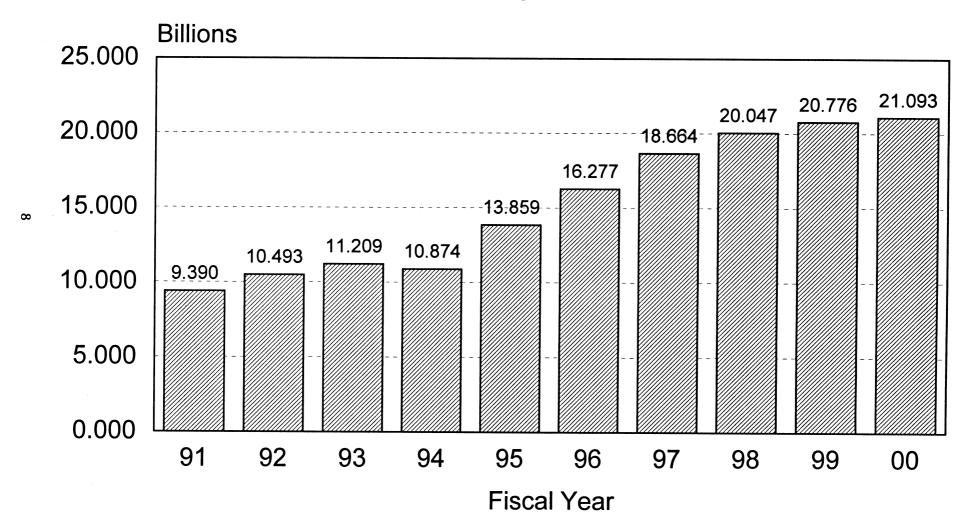


Other DOJ includes GA/NDIC, RECTF,OIG, IC, USPC, CRS, FCSC, CTF,FEW, and GA Health, TCC, NB, Fraud Enforcement, Narrowband Communications, and Telecommunications Carrier Compliance.

OCDE is reflected in the participating appropriation accounts.

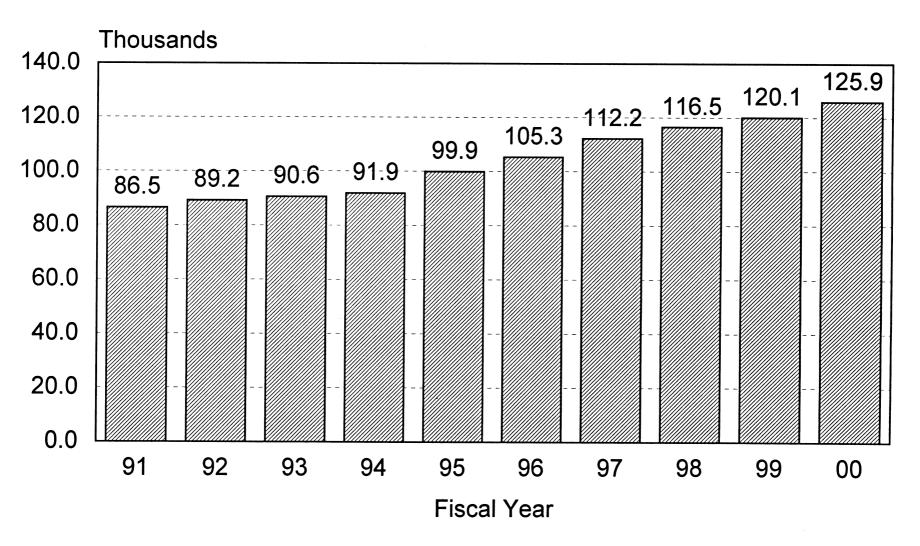
# Department of Justice

Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



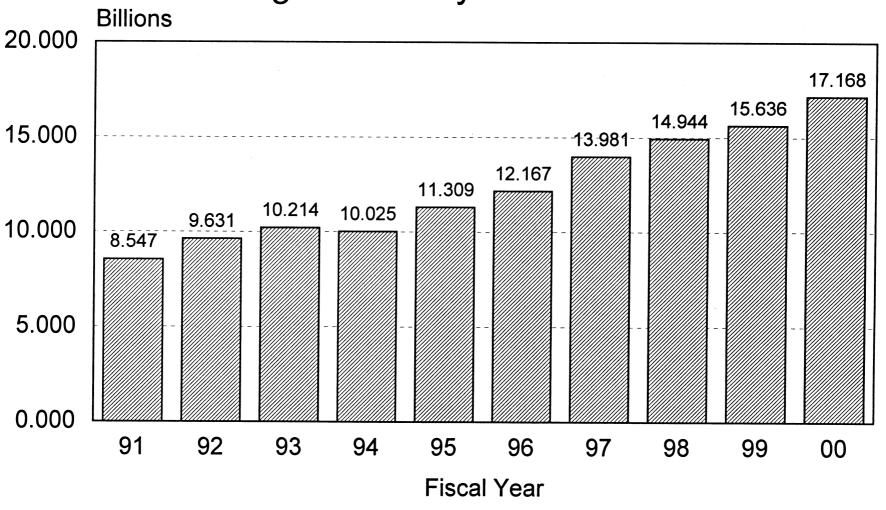
# Department of Justice

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



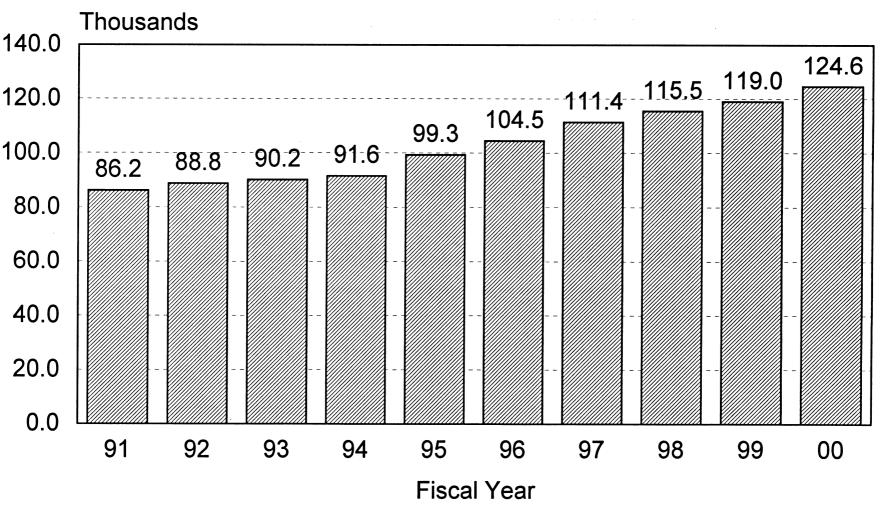
## Department of Justice less Grant Programs

Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



### Department of Justice less Grant Programs

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SUMMARY OF 1999 BUDGET AUTHORITY (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos.		Amount
1999 ENACTED:			
DIRECT APPROPRIATION	98,154	115,725	15,283,559
VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION PROGRAMS	9,594	8,402	5,470,957
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT	107,748	124,127	20,754,516
Y2K TRANSFERS			
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION			120
OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL	••••	••••	
UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION	••••	••••	2,835
	••••	••••	20
GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES	••••	••••	6,389
ANTITRUST DIVISION	••••	••••	8
UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS	••••	••••	427
UNITED STATES TRUSTEES	••••	••••	1,003
UNITED STATES MARSHALS SERVICE	••••	••••	700
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	••••	••••	10,293
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION	••••	••••	1,967
IMMIGRATION & NATURALIZATION SERVICE	••••	••••	9,268
FEDERAL PRISON SERVICE			200
TOTAL Y2K TRANSFERS		••••	33,230
TOTAL TERCTION EROS	••••	••••	33,230
RE-ESTIMATES OF FEE ACCOUNTS:			
ASSET FORFEITURE FUND			72,219
CRIME VICTIM FUND	••••		(50,962)
RE-ESTIMATES			21.257
	••••	••••	_1,207
1999 APPROPRIATION ANTICIPATED:			
DIRECT APPROPRIATION	98,154	115,725	15,338,046
VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION PROGRAMS	9,594	8,402	5,470,957
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT	107,748	124,127	20,809,003

#### <u>DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE</u> 2000 APPROPRIATION LANGUAGE CHANGES

The information provided below describes substantive changes from the Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 1999. Non-substantive changes such as new funding requests, changes in the number of motor vehicles, or changes in references to fiscal years are not included. Also excluded from this discussion are deletion of separate language provisions that provided supplemental funding or rescission in 1999.

General Administration. Language is proposed deleting the provisions limiting the Department Leadership Program and the operations of the Offices of Legislative and Public Affairs.

Narrowband Communications. Language is proposed to request funding of \$80,000,000, to remain available until expended. Funds are for the costs of conversion to narrowband communications systems as mandated by section 104 of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act. Such funds may be transferred to any Department of Justice organization upon approval of the Attorney General. These funds are further proposed to be made available through an analog spectrum fee, which FCC will administer. Fees would be collected from commercial broadcasters for their use of analog channels.

Counterterrorism Fund. Language is proposed to reimburse departments and agencies of the Federal Government, instead of any Department of Justice organization, for the costs of providing support to counter, investigate, or prosecute domestic or international terrorism, including continuance of essential governmental functions during a time of emergency. Language is proposed to add two new categories of expenses that the Counterterrorism Fund is able to reimburse in 2000. The first provides reimbursement of the costs of the National Domestic Preparedness Office, and the second provides for costs of designing the Federal Intrusion Detection Network. Language is proposed to provide that unobligated balances available in this account may be used for any of the purposes described in the language.

Language is proposed deleting the provision to reimburse or transfer to agencies of the Department of Justice for any costs incurred in connection with (1) providing bomb training and response capabilities to State and local law enforcement agencies; (2) providing training and related equipment for chemical, biological, nuclear, and cyber attack prevention and response capabilities for States, cities, territories, and local jurisdictions; and (3) providing grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996. Language is proposed deleting the provision transferring funds to the Office of Justice Programs (OJP). These funds are requested in the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and OJP in the 2000 budget request.

<u>Telecommunications Carrier Compliance Fund</u>. Language is proposed to request funding of \$15,000,000, to remain available until expended, to reimburse the telecommunications industry for eligible costs directly associated with modifying equipment to allow law enforcement to perform court-authorized wiretaps.

Office of the Inspector General. Language is proposed provided that the amount that can be transferred from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund (VCRTF) be changed from one-tenth of one percent to two-tenths of one percent, to maintain program funding, and to compensate for an expected decrease in VCRTF funding. Language is proposed deleting section 130005 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, that was previously cited incorrectly.

Salaries and Expenses, United States Attorneys. Language is proposed providing that \$5,000,000 shall be available for pilot intensive firearms prosecution projects, as part of comprehensive gun violence reduction strategies. Language is proposed deleting 1) the provisions extending funding availability of the National Advocacy Center; 2) the expansion of existing Violent Crime Task Forces in the United States Attorneys Offices into demonstration projects; and 3) the provision that in addition

to reimbursable full-time equivalent workyears available to the Office of the United States Attorneys, other positions and full-time equivalent workyears shall be supported from funds for the United States Attorneys.' These provisions were required to meet specific circumstances and are no longer needed. Further, language is proposed deleting the provision that provided funding for additional assistant United States Attorneys and investigators in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Camden County, New Jersey to enforce Federal laws designed to keep firearms out of the hands of criminals.. This requirement will be met in 1999.

<u>Salaries and Expenses, Community Relations Service</u>. Language is proposed expanding the authority of the Attorney General to transfer funds to this account from \$500,000 to \$3,300,000, based on a determination that emergent circumstances require additional funding for conflict prevention and resolution.

United States Trustee Program. Language is proposed that excess fees collected during FY 2000 will remain available until expended but will not be available for obligation until October 1, 2000. Language is proposed that funding be handled through a fee increase of \$25 to chapter 7 and 13, 28 U.S.C. 1930(a)(1), 28 U.S.C. 589a, and section 406(b) of Public Law 101-162, as amended. Finally, language is proposed making interest earned from these collections available for operation of the U.S. Trustee System.

<u>Justice Prisoner and Alien Transportation System Fund (JPATS), United States Marshals Service</u>. Language is proposed, which provides that beginning in fiscal year 2000 and thereafter, payment shall be made from the Justice Prisoner and Alien Transportation Fund for necessary expenses for the scheduling and transportation of prisoners and aliens. This proposal will make the operation of JPATS permanent.

<u>Interagency Crime and Drug Enforcement</u>. Language is deleted for the Interagency Crime and Drug Enforcement account. Beginning in 2000, OCDETF resources will be redistributed into the direct base programs of the participating agencies.

<u>Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)</u>, <u>Salaries and Expenses</u>. Language is proposed that provides that \$14,000,000 for research, development, testing and evaluation will remain available until expended. Language is proposed deleting the earmark for independent program office for the automation of fingerprint identification services. This office will no longer be needed based on the establishment of the automated fingerprint system.

<u>Drug Enforcement Administration, Salaries and Expenses.</u> Language is proposed that transfers \$15,000,000 to the Drug Diversion Control Fee Account for operating expenses. This transfer is no longer planned.

Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Salaries and Expenses. Language is proposed for deletion which limits funds for San Clemente and Temecula checkpoints unless the checkpoints are open and traffic is being checked on a continuous basis. Language, which limits the operations of the Offices of Legislative Affairs and Public Affairs, is proposed for deletion. Finally, language that provides that the number of positions filled through non-career appointment shall not exceed four permanent positions and four full-time FTE is proposed for deletion.

INS, Construction. Language is proposed for deletion that states that no funds shall be available for the site acquisition, design, or construction of any Border Patrol checkpoint in the Tucson sector.

<u>Federal Prison Systems (FPS), Salaries and Expenses.</u> Language is proposed that reduces the amount of carryover funding for facilities activation from \$90,000,000 to \$50,000,000. This amount should meet activation needs of FPS.

Office of Justice Programs (OJP), Justice Assistance. Language is proposed to correct the reference to Grants to State and local law enforcement, cooperative agreements, and other assistance, sections 819, 821, and 822, of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996.

OJP, State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance. Byrne formula and discretionary grant funding is requested from VCRP, State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance in 2000. No request for this account is contained in the President's 2000 budget, so language is no longer needed.

OJP, VCRP, State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance. Language is proposed to delete funding for the Local Law Enforcement Block Grants. No funding is requested for this program in 2000.

Language is proposed to provide both formula and discretionary grant funding for the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance program. Language is proposed to include within the formula grant program, \$59,950,000 for discretionary grants under Chapter A of subpart 2 of part E of the 1968 Act. All funds for the Byrne grant program are requested from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund in 2000.

Language is proposed to delete funding for the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-In-Sentencing (VOITIS) incentive grant funding for payments to States for incarceration of criminal aliens.

Language is proposed that \$6,000,000 shall be provided for the National Institute of Justice for the Prisons at Work Initiative. Language that provided \$10,000,000 for violence on college campuses is proposed to be deleted. Language is proposed that \$5,000,000 be available for research on family violence.

Language that provided \$15,000,000 for grants to States and units of local government for projects to improve DNA analysis is proposed to be deleted.

Language is proposed to provide that states that have existing in-prison drug treatment programs, in compliance with Federal requirements, may use their residential substance abuse grant funds for treatment and sanctions, both during incarceration and after release.

Language is proposed deleting the funding for Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants. No funds are requested for Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants in 2000.

Language is proposed to provide \$33,500,000 for the Weed and Seed Program. Language is proposed to provide \$35,000,000 for the Certainty of Punishment Program, authorized by section 20201 of the 1994 Act; and \$100,000,000 for the Drug Testing and Intervention Program for States and Indian tribes, to support programs to develop or implement comprehensive drug testing policies and to establish interventions to illegal drug use for criminal justice populations.

OJP, Weed and Seed Program Fund. Language is proposed to clarify that funds are to be derived from the Violent Crime Reduction Programs, State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance account, and that funds for administrative expenses may be further transferred to the "Justice Assistance" account...

OJP, Community Oriented Policing Services. Language is proposed to provide the Attorney General the authority to transfer any of these funds (including administrative expenses), and balances for programs funded under this heading in 1999, to the "Violent Crime Reduction Programs, State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance" account, and to authorize administrative expenses to be further transferred to the "Justice Assistance" account. This language will provide optimum flexibility in the operation of these programs.

Language is proposed to delete reference to the use of unobligated balances in 1999 language. Language is proposed for funding Public Safety and Community Policing Grants, including the hiring, rehiring, and redeployment of community law enforcement personnel. Language is also revised to correct the reference to the Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia. Further, language is proposed for deletion that provided funding for the Community Policing to Combat Domestic Violence Program and the Community Prosecutors programs. This language is superceded by the request for the Community Prosecution Program.

Language is proposed to fund innovative programs to combat crime, including \$125,000,000 for improved communications and planning grants to States, technical assistance, and demonstration programs under the Public Safety Telecommunications Assistance Program; \$125,000,000 for new crime-solving technologies; \$5,000,000 for DNA research and development; \$55,000,000, as authorized by section 1001(a)(22) of the 1968 Act; and \$50,000,000 for the Bureau of Justice Statistics for grants to upgrade criminal history, justice and identification records systems; and \$100,000,000 for research, technical assistance for crime-solving, data sharing, and crime-forecasting technologies.

Language is proposed for a Community Prosecution Program, including \$150,000,000 for hiring and related costs for prosecutors and related personnel, and \$50,000,000 for training, technical assistance, and programs that expand community prosecution programs.

Language is proposed for funding \$125,000,000 for grants, training, and technical assistance in support of community crime prevention efforts .

OJP, Juvenile Justice Programs. Language is proposed to delete the amounts provided for part B of title II of the Act, for the purpose of providing additional formula grants under part B to States. Language is proposed that would provide \$10,000,000 for development, testing, and demonstration programs to reduce drug use among juveniles, and \$10,000,000 for Youth Gun Violence.

<u>Public Safety Officers Benefits</u>. Language is proposed to request funding of \$3,500,000, for the Federal Law Enforcement Dependent Assistant Program, to remain available until expended.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS - DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The following sections are proposed for 2000. Sections 101 through 113 are substantively unchanged from the 1999 enacted provisions.

Section 101, which states that a total of not to exceed \$45,000 from funds appropriated to the Department of Justice in this title shall be available to the Attorney General for official reception and representation expenses in accordance with distributions, procedures, and regulations established by the Attorney General, is unchanged from the 1999 provision.

Section 102 continues the authorizations contained in Public Law 96-132, "The Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1980" until the termination date of this Act or until the effective date of a Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, whichever is earlier. This section also is unchanged.

Section 103, (section 104 of the 1999 Act) which is unchanged, states that none of the funds appropriated under this title shall be used to require any person to perform, or facilitate in any way, the performance of an abortion.

Section 104 (section 105 of the 1999 Act) states that nothing in the preceding section shall remove the obligation of the Director of the Bureau of Prisons to provide escort services necessary for a female inmate to receive such service outside the Federal facility; and that nothing in this section in any way diminishes the effect of section 103 intended to address the philosophical beliefs of individual employees of the Bureau of Prisons.

Section 105 (section 106 of the 1999 Act) states that not to exceed \$10,000,000 of the funds appropriated to the Department of Justice in this Act shall be available for publicly-advertised, extraordinary rewards, which are not subject to the limitations found in 18 U.S.C. 3059 and 3072. Any rewards of \$100,000 or more, up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 must be personally approved by the President or the Attorney General. This section also is unchanged.

Section 106 (section 107 of the 1999 Act) states that not to exceed 5 percent of any appropriation made available for the current fiscal year for the Department of Justice in this Act, including those derived from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund, may be transferred between such appropriations, but no appropriation, except as otherwise specified, shall be increased by more than 10 percent by such transfers. Any transfers pursuant to this section must be treated as a reprogramming of funds under section 605 of this Act. This section also is unchanged.

Section 107 (section 112 of the 1999 Act) provides the authorization of the Assistant Attorney General for the Office Of Justice Programs to make grants, enter into cooperative agreements and contracts, and have final authority over all grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts, for the Office of Justice Programs, for fiscal year 2000 and hereafter. The extension of this authority is the only change.

Section 108 (section 113 of the 1999 Act) states that notwithstanding any other provision of law for fiscal year 2000 and thereafter, with respect to any grant program for which amounts are made available, the term "tribal" means of or relating to an Indian tribe. The extension of this definition is the only change.

Section 109 (section 115 of the 1999 Act) allows the Attorney General, for fiscal year 2000 and hereafter, to obligate any funds appropriated for or reimbursed to the Counterterrorism program of the Department to purchase or lease equipment or any related items, or to acquire interim services, without regard to any otherwise applicable Federal acquisition rule. The extension of this authority is the only change.

Section 110 (section 124 of the 1999 Act) permanently extends the authority, that notwithstanding 5 U.S.C. 6103(a), a nursing facility or home health care agency may submit a request to the Attorney General to conduct a search and exchange of records regarding an applicant for employment if the employment position is involved in direct patient care. The exception from 5 U.S.C 6103(a), the extension of this authority and the conversion to an annual reporting requirement are the only changes in this section.

Section 111 (section 127 of the 1999 Act) makes permanent the provision that any action brought by a prisoner under section 1979 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1983) against a Federal, State, or local correctional facility, arising out of the incarceration of that prisoner, that the financial records shall not be subject to disclosure with the written consent of that person or court order. The extension of this section is the only change.

Section 112 (section 128) of the 1999 Act) amends the numerical limitation set for in section 209(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1159(b) shall not apply to any alien described in subsection (b). This section makes this limitation permanent and makes minor punctuation corrections.

Section 113 (section 130 of the 1999 Act) extends the authorization for payment of judgments against the United States and settlements of claims in suits against the United States arising from the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act (FIRREA). This section makes this authorization permanent.

Section 114 amends section 151 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act by inserting "or Federal Bureau of Investigation" after "Drug Enforcement Administration." This will provide special allowances for FBI agents in hazardous duty locations outside the United States.

Section 115 amends section 122 of the Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 1998 by extending the authorization for an FBI personnel management system, through 2002. This authorization otherwise expires in 2000.

Section 116 provides that whenever the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) participates in a cooperative project with a foreign country on a cost-sharing basis, any funds received by the FBI to meet that country's share of the project may be credited to any appropriation available to the FBI for the purposes served by the project. This will allow the FBI to enter into cooperative projects with foreign countries in order to improve law enforcement or intelligence operations and services.

Section 117 states that notwithstanding 50 U.S.C. App. 1989b, the Attorney General may make available from any funds available to the Department not more than \$3,000,000 for the purpose of paying restitution to individuals who are eligible for restitution under the Civil Liberties Act of 1988, and who are found eligible under the settlement agreement in the case of Carmen Mochizuki. This will provide for payments under the Mochizuki agreement.

Section 118 amends section 507 of Title 28, United States Code by adding "(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 31, section 901, the Assistant Attorney General for Administration (AAGA) shall be the Chief Financial Officer of the Department of Justice." This provision provides statutory language to make the AAGA the Department of Justice's Chief Financial Officer by statute.

Section 119 allows that funds available to the United States Marshals Service (USMS) may be used to acquire subsistence and medical care for persons in the custody of the USMS at fair and reasonable prices. This section limits such costs to the expenses charged for similar health-care services paid pursuant to Medicare and Medicaid.

Section 120 amends section 1404B of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603b) as amended, for Compensation and Assistance to Victims of Terrorism or Mass Violence. This provision provides authority to make compensation and assistance to victims of terrorism of mass violence.

Section 121amends section 286(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356) by removing "shall charge and collect \$6" and inserting "shall charge and collect \$8".

Section 122 amends section 286 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356), by providing that the Attorney General is authorized to charge and collect funds for the immigration inspection of each commercial vessel passenger whose travel originated in Mexico, Canada, or the United States. Regularly-scheduled service on the Great Lakes is exempted from this change.

Section 123 provides authority to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) to carry out a 3-year demonstration project for the defensive arming of select non-agent personnel. This provision will allow the FBI to conduct a 3-year demonstration project for a select number of FBI non-agent personnel who provide surveillance support to investigations of counterterrorism and counterintelligence activities.

The following sections are proposed for deletion and do not appear in the 2000 request. The section numbers are those in the 1998 Appropriations Act. Most of these sections amend the underlying statute or are permanent authorities and, thus, do not need to be continued.

Section 103 prohibited the use of Department of Justice funds to pay for an abortion. The Administration plans to work with Congress to address this issue.

Section 108 permanently amended the authority to make expenditures out of the Commissary fund of the Federal Prison System for the Inmate Telephone System. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 109 permanently amended Section 3201 of the Crime Control Act of 1990, allowing humanitarian payments for employees of FBI, DEA and INS. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 110 stated that any amounts credited to the "Legalization Account" established under section 245(c)(7)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act are transferred to the "Examinations Fee Account" established under section 286(m) of that Act. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 111 required that the Director of the Bureau of Prisons conduct a one-time study, not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, of private prisons that evaluates the growth and development of the private prison industry during the past 15 years, training qualifications of personnel at private prisons, and the security procedures of such facilities. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 114 permanently amended Section 286(e)(1)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356(e)(1)(C) by inserting "State" and a comma immediately before "territory". Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 116 permanently amended Section 110(a) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1221 note). Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 117 permanently amended Section 402 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C 842). Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 118 provided that the General Accounting Office would monitor the compliance of the Department of Justice and all United States Attorneys with the "Guidance on the Use of the False Claims Act in Civil Health Care Matters" issued by the Department, and provide a report to the Committees on the Judiciary and the Committees on Appropriations. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 119 amended 18 U.S.C 921(a), Firearms Safety. (a) Secure Gun Storage Device. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 120 amended 42 U.S.C. 3760, Firearm Safety Education Grants. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 121 amended Section 922 of title 18, United States Code. Therefore this section is no longer required.

Section 122 amended Section 3486(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code. Therefore this section is no longer required.

Section 123 amended Section 170102 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14072). Therefore this section is no longer required.

Section 125 permanently amended the extension of payments of relocation expenses listed in section 5724(b)(1) of Title 5 of the United States Code to include the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the territories and possession of the United States. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 126 made a one-time reduction of \$20,038,000 to the total amounts appropriated under the 1999 Act. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Section 129 provided amendments to the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974. Therefore, this section is no longer required.

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
General Administration - S&E	\$79,448		\$87,534	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Health Care Fraud	32,435	\$38,000 to \$48,000	32,435	Health Insurance Port. & Acct. Act, P.L. 104-191, Sec. 201 (b)	indef
Nat'l Drug Intell. Ctr. Transfer	27,000		27,000	• •	
Joint Automated Booking System					
Narrowband Communications		***	80,000	47 USC 903 (d)(1)	
Telecommunication Carrier Compliance Fund	•••	500,000	15,000	Comm. Asst. for Law Enforc. Act, 1994 (P.L. 103-414)	1998
Counterterrorism Fund	145,000		27,000	P.L. 104-19, Emerg. Supp. Appr & Resc. Act of 1995	
Administrative Rev. & Appeals	75,312		89,901		
20 Immigration Judges	***	such sums	•••	Sec. 512 of P.L. 101-649, Immigration Act, 1990	1995
Working Capital Fund					
Office of the Inspector General	37,010		45,021		
U.S. Parole Commission	7,400		8,527	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
General Legal Activities					
Salaries & expenses	472,929		568,316	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Vaccine Injury Comp	[4,028]		[4,028]	Sec. 6601, Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, 1989, as amended by P.L. 101-502 (104 Stat 1289)	1992
Office of Special Counsel - Anti-discrim.	[5,403]	•••	[5,523]	Sec. 531 of P.L. 101-649, Immigration Act, 1990	indef
Independent Counsel	9,500	indef	9,500	P.L. 103-270, Independent Counsel Reauthorization Act of 1994 (New Investigations) On Going Investigations	1999 indef
Antitrust Division - S&E	•••			Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Offsett Fee Coll (est)	98,275	indef	114,373	Fees Auth - Sec. 605, 1990 CJSJ Appro (P.L. 101-162)	indef

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
U.S. Attorneys - S&E	1,009,680		1,217,788	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Foreign Claims Settlement Commission	\$1,227		\$1,175	5 USC 3109	
U.S. Marshals Service - S&E Construction JPATS	477,056 4,600	such sums	543,380 8,832	28 USC 561(i)	indef
Federal Prisoner Detention	425,000	such sums	550,232	18 USC 4013 28 USC 561(i)	indef
Fees & Expenses of Witnesses	95,000		110,000	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Community Relations Service	7,199	•••	10,344	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
U.S. Trustees Offsett Fee Coll (est)	 115,251	such sums indef	129,329	28 USC 589a(a), 28 USC 1930(a) Fees Auth - Sec. 111, 1994 CJSJ Appro (P.L. 103-121) Fees Auth - Sec. 109, 1997 CJSJ Appro (P.L. 104-208)	indef indef indef
Assets Forfeiture Fund Offset Fee Coll (est)	23,000 479,219	such sums such sums	23,000 409,910	28 USC 524(c)(1)(A)(ii), (B), (F), and (G) 28 USC 524(c)(4)	indef indef
Radiation Exposure Compensation - Admin Exp Payment to Trust Fund	2,000 	 such sums	2,000 21,714	Sec. 3(e), P.L. 101-426, Radiation Exp Comp Act, amended	2012 2012
Interagency Crime and Drug Enforcement	304,014			Created in Sec 1055, P.L. 100-690, Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988	

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
Federal Bureau of Investigation - S&E	2,768,485		3,002,876	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Construction	1,287	•••	10,287		
Health Care Fraud	66,000	\$76,000	76,000	Health Insurance Port. & Acct. Act, P.L. 104-191,	indef
Drug Enforcement Administration	\$810,980		\$975,242	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Construction	8,000		8,000		
Offsett Coll - Diver Contr Fee (est)	76,710	indef	80,330	Fees Auth - Sec. 111(b), 1993 CJSJ Appro (P.L. 102-395)	indef
Immigration & Naturalization Service - S&E	•••				
Enforcement and Border Affairs	1,202,048		1,800,627	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Citizenship and Benefits, Support and PRG Direct	434,489		535,011		
Construction	90,000		99,664		
Immigration Emergency Fund			•••	Auth - IRCA, Sec. 113, P.L. 99-603	indef
Offset Coll - User Fee (est)	486,071	indef	517,800	Fees Auth - IRCA, Sec. 201(a), P.L. 99-603	indef
Offset Coll - Enforcement Fines (est)	4,050	indef	3,800	Fines Auth - Sec 280 INA, Sec. 203(b), 543(a), & 544	indef
Offset Coll - Legalization Fee (est)	998	indef	1,152	Fees Auth - Sec. 111(b), 1993 CJSJ Appro, P.L. 102-395	indef
Offset Coll - Exams Fee (est)	634,702	indef	687,427	Fees Auth - Sec. 111(b), 1993 CJSJ Appro, P.L. 102-395	indef
Offset Coll - Land Border Fee (est)	3,275	indef	6,595	Fees Auth - 1994 CJSJ Appro, P.L. 103-121	2000
Offset Coll - Breached Bond/Det. Fund (est)	176,950	indef	116,900	Fees Auth - Sec. 112, 1993 CJSJ Appro. P.L. 102-395	indef
Bureau of Prisons - S&E	2,862,354		3,191,928	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Buildings & Facilities	410,997		558,791	Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999
Fed Prison Industries (Limitation)	•••	•••		Dept. of Justice Authorization Act, 1980 (P.L. 96-132)	1999

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Until

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 Account
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 FY 2000
 FY 2000
 Authorization
 Authorization Citation

 Office of Justice Programs:
 Emergency Assistance
 ...
 ...
 ...
 42 USC 10513

 Management & Administration
 31,456
 ...
 37,673
 42 USC 3793(a)(3)

 Civil Rights Enforcement Partner Grants
 ...
 ...
 5,000
 Section 2 10101, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994

 Nat'l Institute of Justice
 46,148
 ...
 43,448
 42 USC 3793(a)(2)

 Counterterrorism Technology Development Program
 ...
 ...
 ...
 P.L. 104-132, Section 821 Antiterrorism & Eff. Death Penalty Act of 1994

•					
Management & Administration	31,456		37,673	42 USC 3793(a)(3)	indef
Civil Rights Enforcement Partner Grants	•••	•••	5,000	Section 2 10101, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994	
Nat'l Institute of Justice	46,148	•••	43,448	42 USC 3793(a)(2)	
Counterterrorism Technology Development Program	•••	•••		P.L. 104-132, Section 821 Antiterrorism & Eff. Death Penalty Act of 1996	
Local Firefighter & Emergency Service	•••	•••		P.L. 104-132, Section 819 Antiterrorism & Eff. Death Penalty Act of 1996	
Bureau of Justice Statistics	25,029		32,609	42 USC 3793(a)(1)	
National Sexual Offender Registry	•••		•••	PL 105-119	
RISS	\$20,000	such sums	\$20,000	42 USC 3793, (a)(4)	indef
PSOB:					
Death Benefits	31,809	such sums	32,541	42 USC 3793(a)(3)	indef
Disability Benefits		such sums	3,500	(same as above)	indef
Federal Law Enforcement Dependents Asst.		such sums	•••	(same as above)	indef
Bureau of Just Assistance:					
Anti-Drug Abuse Grants					
Formula Grants	505,000	such sums		42 USC 3761; (See VCRP)	2000
Discretionary Grants	47,000	such sums	•••	(same as above)	2000
Subtotal	552,000				
Correct'l Options Grant				42 USC 3793(a)(6)	
Counterterrorism	•••		173,500	PL 104.132; (See VCRP)	2000
Criminal Child Sup. Enforce.			•••	42 USC 3793(a)(10)	1996

9,250

42 USC 14181

7,350

White Collar Crime

### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

(in thousands of dollars)

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
Juvenile Justice Programs:					
Title II JJDPA-Juv Just & Delinq Prev					
Part A-M&A/Fed Effr	6,847	•••	6,847	42USC 5671(a)(1)	
Part B-Form Grnts	89,000		89,000	(same as above)	
Part C-Discr Grnts	42,750		46,750	(same as above)	
Subtotal, Prts A, B, C	138,597	•••	142,597	, ,	1996
Part D-Gang Free Schools & Comm.	12,000		12,000	42 USC 5671(a)(2)	1996
Part E-State Challenge	10,000	such sums	10,000	42 USC 5671(a)(3)	1996
Part F-Treat Juv Offenders		such sums	•••	42 USC 5671, (a)(4)	1996
Part G-Mentoring	12,000	such sums	12,000	42USC 5671, (a)(5)	1996
Part H-Boot Camps	•••	such sums		42 USC 5671, (a)(6)	1993
Title V - Incentive Grants for Local					
Delinquency Prevention	\$95,000		\$95,000	42 USC 5785	
Alcohol Prevention	[25,000]		•••	P.L. 106-119	
Anti-Drug Demonstration	10,000		10,000	P.L. 105-277	
Missing Children's	17,168	such sums	17,168	42 USC 5777	1996
Victims of Child Abuse Act:	7,000		7,000		
Sec. 213-Reg Child Advocation Ctr		such sums	•••	42 USC 13004(a)	1996
Sec. 214-Local Child Advocacy Ctr		such sums	•••	(same as above)	1996
Sec. 214a-Tech Assistance/Training		such sums		42 USC 13004(B)	2000
Court Appointed Special Advocate		\$10,000	•	42 USC 13014	1996
Child Abuse Training		•			1000
Sec. 223 (a) Prg. Development		460	•••	42 USC 13024	2000
Sec. 223(b) Tech. Asst./Trng.		1,840	•••	(same as above)	2000

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
Weed and Seed	33,500			P.L. 105-277	
Offsetting Collections - Crime Victims Fund	324,038	indef	375,000	42 USC 10601	indef
Community Policing State and Local Telecommunications Equipment	\$15,338,046		 100,000 \$16,943,027		

NOTE: The Department of Justice Authorization Act of 1980, P.L. 96-132, is extended annually in the appropriations act. Sec. 204 of the Crime Control Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-503, 90 Stat 2407) mandates that no funds be appropriated for the Department of Justice, except as specifically authorized by an Act of Congress.

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
Administrative Rev. & Appeals	\$59,251		\$59,251	Sec. 130005, 130007, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994	1998
Civil Division	8,160		8,555	Sec. 130005, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994	1998
U.S. Attorneys	80,698		57,000	Sec. 130005, 190001(d), 40114, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994; P.L. 104-132, Sec. 815, Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996.	2000
U.S. Marshals	25,553		26,210	Sec. 190001 (b), P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994	2000
Federal Bureau of Investigation	223,356		280,501	Sec. 190001(b), 210306, 210501(c)(2)(3), P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994; P.L. 104-132, Sec. 811, Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996.	2000
Drug Enforcement Administration	405,000		405,000	Sec. 180104, and 190001 (b), P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994; Sec. 814, P.L. 104-132, Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996.	2000
Immigration and Naturalization Service	842,490		500,000	Sec. 130005, 130006, 130007, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994; Sec. 813, P.L. 104-132, Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996.	1998
Federal Prison System	26,499		26,499	Sec. 32001, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994	2000
Office of Justice Programs DNA Identification -					
State Grants	15,000	\$17,500	•••	42 USC 3793 (a)(22)	2000
Family Support Research	1,500	7,500	1,500	42 USC 3793 (a)(21)	2000
Access to Fed Crim Info. (Stalker)				42 USC 14032	1998
Criminal Rec Upgrade (Brady)	45,000	Inst Checks - such sums Impvmts to St. record system		18 USC 922	1997
Drug Testing and Intervention Program			\$100,000	Proposed Legislation Being Prepared	

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
Anti-Drug Abuse Grants Formula Grants Discretionary Grants	 	 	\$400,000 59,950	Sec. 210101, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994: P.L. 104-132, Sec. 822(b), Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996.	2000
Motor Vehicle Prevention	1,300		1,300	42 USC 14171 (h)	1998
State Criminal Alien Asst.	\$420,000	\$350,000	500,000	8 USC 1252 (j)(5)	2000
Violent Youth Court Programs	••• •	32,000		Sec. 210602, VCCLEA of 1994 (P.L. 103-322) 42 USC 141(a)(d)	2000
Prosecutor Initiative		12,000		42 USC 13867	2000
Rural Law Enforce. Grants		66,000		42 USC 3793 (a)(9)	2000
St. Prison Drug Trtmt Grants		72,000		42 USC 3793 (a)(17)	2000
Family Unity State Grants		4,860		42 USC 13883	2000
Family Unity - Fed Prisons	•••	540		42 USC 13883	2000
State Correctional Grants	720,500	2,753,100	75,000	42 USC 13708 (a) (1)	2000

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
TB Prev & Trtmt in Correct.					
Institutions		\$1,200		42 USC 13911(c)(3)	2000
Certain Punish for Youth					
Offender		40,000	\$35,000	42 USC 3793(a)(16)	2000
Victims of Child Abuse Act					
Grants for Tele. Testimony	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	42 USC 3793 (a) (7)	2000
Missing Alzheimer's Disease					
Alert Prgram	900	900	900	42 USC 14181 (d)	1998
D					
Drug Courts	40,000	200,000	50,000	PL 104-134	2000
Model Inten Prev. Gts.	···	125,100		42 USC 13777	2000
Local Crime Prev. Block		75,940	•••	42 USC 13752(a)	2000
Youth Academies		8,100	•••	42 USC 13802	2000
Victims of Child Abuse Act					,
Court Appointed Special Advocate	9,000	9,000	9,000	42 USC 13014 (a)	2000
Child Abuse Trng. for Judi.					
Personnel & Practitioners	2,000	400	2,000	42 USC 13024 (a)	
Telemkt. Fraud Prven.	2,000	2,500	2,000	Sec. 250005, P. L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994	2000
Local Law Enforc. Block.	523,000			1998 CJSJ Appropriation Act (P.L. 105-119)	2000
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants	250,000			Title III of H.R. 3, 1998 CJSJ Appro. Act (P.L. 105-119)	1996
Violence Against Women Law Enforc, & Prosec Gnts.	\$206,750	\$174,000	\$206,750	42 USC 3793(a)(18)	2000

Account	FY 1999 Enacted	FY 2000 Authorization	FY 2000 Request	Authorization Citation	Auth Until
Encourg. Arrest Policies	34,000		34,000	42 USC 3793(a)(19)	1998
Rural Domes. Viol. Enforce.	25,000		25,000	42 USC 13971(c)	1998
Training Programs	5,000		5,000	42 USC 13941(c)	1997
Resid Substance Abuse Treatment	63,000		65,100		
Community Prosecutors' Program					
Indian Tribal Court Program	5,000		5,000		
Weed and Seed			33,500		
Community Policing	1,430,000		1,175,000	Sec. 10003, 200101, 200201, P.L. 103-322, VCCLEA of 1994	2000
Counterterrorism Technology Development Program				P.L. 104-132, Sec. 821, Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996.	
	\$5,470,957		\$4,150,016		

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 2000 ESTIMATE COMPARED WITH 1999 AND 1998 REQUIREMENTS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)								r					
APPROPRIATION		1998 ACTUAL 1999 APPROPRIATION			2000 PRESIDENT'S BUDGET			INCREASE OR DECREASE FROM 1999 TO 2000						
	POS	WYS	WYS-R	OBLIGS	POS	WYS	ENACTED	AVAILABLE	POS	WYS	AMOUNT	POS	WYS	AMOUNT
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	635	646	81	77,033	636	657	79,328	79,448	652	677	87,534	16	20	8.086
GA - NAT'L DRUG INTEL CENTER (050)				27,000	[222]	222	27,000	27,000	[222]	222	27,000			
NARROWBAND COMMUNICATIONS									. 6	6	80,000	6	6	80,000
TELECOMM. CARRIER COMPLIANCE											15,000		-	15,000
COUNTERTERRORISM FUND				56,676			145,000	145,000			27,000			-118,000
ADMIN REVIEW & APPEALS	1,137	1,061		130,922	1.137	1.155	134.563	134,563	1.120	1,142	149,152	-17	-13	14,589
EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REV	1,122	1,048		129,365	1,122	1,140	132,963	132,963	1,105	1,127	147,483	-17	-13	14,500
OFFICE OF THE PARDON ATTORNEY	15	13		1,557	15	15	1,600	1.600	15	15	1,669	I ''		69
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	326	327	133	33,353	326	312	34,175	37,010	409	377	45.021	 83	 65	8.011
WORKING CAPITAL FUND	[723]	654			[723]	723	01,110	01,010	[723]	723	45,021	1		6,011
U.S. PAROLE COMMISSION	42	58		4.958	74	79	7.380	7,400	81	86	8.527	 7		4 403
GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES	3,540	3,457	315	459,883	3.612	3.658	474,700	481.089	3.790	3,784		178	•	1,127
ANTITRUST DIVISION	48	45		5,480	,	3,030	474,700	461,069	3,790	3,784	576,871	1/8	126	95,782
U.S. ATTORNEYS	8,948	8,687	1,113	1,105,390	9,044	9.312	1.000.054	1,090,378	10 202	40.004	4 074 700	4.005	4.075	
U.S. TRUSTEES	<b>I</b>			1,105,380	i i		1,089,951	1,090,378	10,283	10,384	1,274,788	1,239	1,072	184,410
FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMM (150)	11	 5	•••	 802			4.007	4.007						•••
U.S. MARSHALS	4.269	4.066	74		11	11	1,227	1,227	11	11	1,175			-52
SALARIES & EXPENSES	4,269	4,066	71	500,578	4,210	4,220	506,509	507,209	4,423	4,360	578,422	213	140	71,213
CONSTRUCTION	1		71	500,578	4,210	4,037	501,909	502,609	4,414	4,172	569,590	204	135	66,981
JUSTICE PRISONER & ALIEN TRANSP. SYSTEM				***			4,600	4,600	9	5	8,832	9	5	4,232
				440.070	[183]	183			[183]	183				
FEDERAL PRISONER DETENTION			•••	440,978			425,000	425,000			550,232			125,232
COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE	41	39	• • • •	5,319	56	51	7,199	7,199	86	71	10,344	30	20	3,145
ASSETS FORF FUND CURR BUD AUTH				19,463			23,000	23,000			23,000			
RADIATION EXP COMP ADMIN EXP (050)				1,210			2,000	2,000			2,000			
RADIATION EXP COMP TRUST FUND (050)			•••	12,339			•••				21,714			21,714
INTERAGENCY CRIME & DRUG ENFORCEMENT	[3,015]	[2,960]		294,967	[3,015]	[2,960]	304,014	304,014						-304,014
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	24,938	24,408	2,543	2,975,680	25,693	24,716	2,982,835	2,993,128	26,519	25,576	3,293,664	826	860	300,536
SALARIES & EXPENSES	24,938	24,408	2,543	2,953,599	25,693	24,716	2,981,548	2,991,841	26,519	25,576	3,283,377	826	860	291,536
CONSTRUCTION				22,081			1,287	1,287			10,287			9,000
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION	6,774	6,480	841	1,145,450	7,391	7,009	1,222,013	1,223,980	8,418	8,331	1,388,242	1.027	1,322	164,262
SALARIES & EXPENSES	6,774	6,480	841	1,143,145	7,391	7,009	1,214,013	1,215,980	8,418	8,331	1,380,242	1.027	1.322	164,262
CONSTRUCTION	l			2,305			8,000	8,000		·	8,000			,202
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE	20,013	19,127	104	2,341,734	21,795	20,032	2.559.759	2,569,027	22,183	21,394	2,935,302	388	1,362	366,275
SALARIES & EXPENSES	19,982	19,100	104	2,258,282	21,725	19,981	2,469,759	2,479,027	22.113	21,325	2,835,638	388	1,344	356,611
CONSTRUCTION	31	27		83,452	70	51	90.000	90,000	70	•			•	
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM	32,801	30.086	136	3,186,140	32.683					69	99,664		18	9,664
SALARIES AND EXPENSES	32,507	27,762	136	2.748.414		32,811 30,108	3,299,650	3,299,850	34,052	34;420	3,777,218	1,369	1,609	477,368
BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES	294	250			32,377	,	2,888,653	2,888,853	33,712	31,692	3,218,427	1,335	1,584	329,574
FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES	H		•••	437,726	306	303	410,997	410,997	340	308	558,791	34	5	147,794
	[2,011]	1,653			[2,011]	1,835	***		[2,029]	1,844			9	
COMMISSARY FUND	[564]	421	•••		[565]	565			[588]	576			11	
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS	1,009	843		4,912,296	1,101	1,116	4,817,198	4,817,198	1,302	1,263	3,517,745	201	7,924	-1,304,453
JUSTICE ASSISTANCE	743	661		184,185	835	850	148,051	148,051	915	936	346,195	80	86	193,144
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE							46,148	46,148			43,448			-2,700
BUREAU OF JUSTICE STATISTICS							25,029	25,029			32,609			7,580
NATIONAL SEXUAL OFFENDER REGISTRY								[						.,
MISSING CHILDREN/ALZHEIMER'S							18,068	18,068			18,068			•••
REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARING SYS							20,000	20,000			20,000			•
WHITE COLLAR CRIME INFOR CENTER							7,350	7,350			9,250			1.900
COUNTERTERRORISM				1		•••					173,500			173,500

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 2000 ESTIMATE COMPARED WITH 1999 AND 1998 REQUIREMENTS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	7			(DOLLAI)	S IN THOU	JOANUS			·			·		
APPROPRIATION	1998 ACTUAL			1999 APPROPRIATION				2000 PRESIDENT'S BUDGET			INCREASE OR DECREASE FROM 1999 TO 2000			
	POS	WYS	WYS-R	OBLIGS	POS	WYS	ENACTED	AVAILABLE	POS	WYS	AMOUNT	POS	WYS	AMOUNT
DRUG TESTING/DRUG TREATMENT											7 0 0.11			744100141
MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	743	661		184,185	835	850	31,456	31,456	915	936	44.320	80	86	12.864
CIVIL RIGHTS ENFORCE PARTNER GRANTS	I .						5.,.55	5.,.55		000	5,000			5.000
JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS				217,920			182,597	182,597		***	179,950	8		-2,647
TITLE V (AT-RISK CHILDREN'S GRANT PROG.)				2.17,020			95,000	95.000			95.000	I	7.777	-2,047
VICTIMS OF CHILD ABUSE							19,000	19,000			19,000		•	
STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT	266	182		4,510,191	266	266	4.372.550	4,372,550	387	327	2.874.100	 121	61	4 400 450
YOUTH VIOLENCE COURTS	200			4,510,131			4,372,330	4,372,330			2,674,100			-1,498,450
TRIBAL COURTS INITIATIVE							5.000	5.000			 5.000		•••	
CERTAINTY OF PUNISHMNT GRANTS/GUN COURTS		•••	•••	•••		•••	5,000	5,000			5,000			
PROSECUTOR GRANT PROGRAM	1			1							35,000	I	•••	35,000
COMMUNITY PROSECUTOR PROGRAM						•••		***			***			
JUVENILE ACCOUNT, BLOCK GRANTS											•••			
		•••	•••			•••	250,000	250,000						-250,000
DRUG INTERVENTION TREATMENT PROGRAM		•••				•••					100,000			100,000
BYRNE FORMULA GRANTS				]			505,000	505,000		•••	400,000			-105,000
BYRNE DISCRETIONARY GRANTS							47,000	47,000			59,950			12,950
WEED AND SEED			•••				33,500	33,500			33,500			
COMMUNITY POLICING	266	182		1,637,349	266	266	1,430,000	1,430,000	387	327	1,275,000	121	61	-155,000
LOCAL LAW ENF. BLOCK GRANTS							523,000	523,000						-523,000
CRIMINAL RECORDS UPGRADE							45,000	45,000						-45,000
CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES GRANTS							720,500	720,500			75,000			-645,500
DRUG COURTS							40,000	40,000			50,000			10,000
VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT PROGRAMS							270,750	270,750			270,750			
STATE CRIMINAL ALIEN ASSIST. PROGRAM							420,000	420,000			500,000			80,000
RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT							63,000	63,000			65,100			2,100
DNA IDENTIFICATION GRANTS							15,000	15,000						-15,000
OTHER CRIME CONTROL PROGRAMS:														
STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT				2,872,842			1,500	1,500			1,500			
FEDERAL							3,300	3,300			3,300			
PSOB - DISABILITY & FLEDA PROGRAMS											3,500			3,500
SUBTOTAL, DISCRETIONARY AUTH	104,532	99,989	5,337	17,737,651	107,769	106,084	18,142,501	18,174,720	113,335	112,827	18,389,951	5,566	14,520	210,231
FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES				90,021			95,000	95,000			110,000			15,000
PSOB - DEATH BENEFITS				32,725	***		31,809	31,809			32,541			732
INDEPENDENT COUNSEL				17,960			9,500	9,500			9,500			
SUBTOTAL, MANDATORY				140,706			136,309	136,309		•••	152,041			15,732
SUBCOMMITTEE ON														
APPROPRIATIONS JURISDICTION	104,532	99,989	5,337	17,851,357	107,769	106,084	18,255,838	18,288,057	113,335	112,827	18,519,020	5,566	14,520	225,963
GA-HEALTH CARE FRAUD				27,704			32,435	32,435			32,435			
PRE-MERGER FILING FEES	[783]	751		94,700	[846]	819	98,267	98,275	[963]	943	114,373	[117]	124	16,098
U.S. TRUSTEES	[1,128]	1,044		117,541	[1,128]	1,059	114,248	115,251	[1,128]	1,100	129,329		41	14,078
ASSETS FORF FUND PERM BUD AUTH				414,993			479,219	479,219			409,910			-69,309
FBI-HEALTH CARE FRAUD	[569]	533		56,000	[651]	610	66,000	66,000	[728]	689	76,000	[77]	79	10,000
DIVERSION CONTROL FEE	[635]	620		62,961	[635]	631	76,710	76,710	[660]	643	80,330	[25]	12	3,620
IMMIGRATION USER FEE	[3,667]	3,429		411,700	[3,836]	3,563	486,071	486,071	[3,836]	3,621	517,800	[20]	58	31,729
ENFORCEMENT FINES				3,799	[0,000]		4.050	4,050	[0,000]	0,021	3,800			-250
IMMIGRATION LEGALIZATION	[22]	18		1,259	[18]	17	998	998	[18]	17	1,152		•••	154
IMMIGRATION EXAMINATIONS FEE	[5,159]	5,529		717,426	[5,150]	6.024	634.702	634,702	[5,150]	6.024	687,427	l	•••	52,725
LAND BORDER INSPECTION FEE	[12]	18		1,897	[3,130]	26	3,275	3.275	[3,130]	36	6,595	[20]	10	
BREACHED BOND/DETENTION FUND	[21]	13		196.832	[21]	19	176,950	176.950	[21]	19				3,320
CRIME VICTIMS FUND	[21] 			356,716	[41]	19	324,038	324,038	[21]		116,900 375,000		***	-60,050
SUBT, FEE-FUNDED ACCOUNTS	[11.996]	11,955		2.463.528	[12,297]	12,768	2,496,963	324,038 2,497,974	[12 526]	12 002				50,962
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	104,532	111,944	5,337	20,341,885	107,769	118,852	20,775,773	20,809,003	[12,536] 113,335	13,092 125,919	2,551,051	[239]	324	53,077
ILIMITATIONS:	104,552	111,544	3,337	20,341,000	107,769	110,002	20,775,773	∠0,809,003	113,335	125,919	21,093,043	5,566	7,067	284,040
FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES	l	32		I		32					l			
REIMBURSABLE & OTHER WORKYEARS		5.337			***		•••			32				
TOTAL WORKYEARS		-,				5,243	•••	•••		2,717			-2,526	
IOTAL WORKTEARS		117,313				124,127				128,668			4,541	1

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE <u>OUTLAYS - 1998 TO 2000</u> (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	1998	1999	2000	оит	LAY SP	ENDOU	IT RATI	FS
APPROPRIATION		,,,,,		YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YRS
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	\$110,229	\$97,000	\$114,000	89%	11%	0%	0%	0
NARROWBAND COMMUNICATIONS	0	. 0	60,000	70%	30%	0%	0%	٥
TELECOMM. CARRIER COMPLIANCE FUND	0	61,000	15,000	100%	0%	0%	0%	٥
COUNTERTERRORISM FUND	18,375	109,000	56,000	75%	25%	0%	0%	0
ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW & APPEALS	127,175	121,480	147,496	89%	11%	0%	0%	٥
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	29,645	36,000	44,000	94%	6%	0%	0%	ا ا
WORKING CAPITAL FUND	2,131	Ó	Ó	0%	0%	0%	0%	٥
U.S. PAROLE COMMISSION	4,645	7,265	9.000	86%	14%	0%	0%	Ō
GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES	450,293	422,000	555,000	87%	11%	2%	0%	Ŏ
ANTITRUST DIVISION	4,469	0	0	82%	10%	8%	0%	o
U.S. ATTORNEYS	1,020,576	1,046,000	1,220,000	88%	9%	3%	0%	o
U.S. TRUSTEES	0	0	0	85%	10%	5%	0%	0
FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION	747	1,000	1.000	91%	8%	1%	0%	0
U.S. MARSHALS	528,870	447,000	565,000	0.70	0,0		0,7	Ĭ
SALARIES AND EXPENSES	528,870	453,000	563,000	90%	10%	0%	0%	o
CONSTRUCTION	0	1.000	3.000	10%	40%	45%	5%	0
JUSTICE PRISONER & ALIEN TRANS SYS (JPATS)	0	(7,000)	(1,000)	90%	10%	0%	0%	d
FEDERAL PRISONER DETENTION	413,141	356,000	458,000	60%	30%	7%	3%	Ò
COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE	4,868	6,000	10,000	85%	10%	5%	0%	ì
ASSETS FORF FUND CURR BUD AUTH	18,000	23,000	23,000	40%	40%	20%	0%	
RADIATION EXPOSURE COMP ADMIN EXP	2,922	2,000	2,000	100%	0%	0%	0%	
RADIATION EXPOSURE COMP TRUST FUND	12,443	14,000	22,000	100%	0%	0%	0%	0
	12,440	14,000	22,000	100%	0 /6	0 76	076	U
INTERAGENCY CRIME AND DRUG ENFORCEMENT	293,402	302,000	76,000	75%	25%	0%	0%	0
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	2.948.528	2,934,000	2,916,000	,5%	2070	0,0	0,4	
SALARIES & EXPENSES	2,932,541	2,916,000	2,914,000	75%	15%	8%	2%	c
CONSTRUCTION	15,987	18,000	2,000	10%	40%	45%	5%	Ċ
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION	1,039,276	1,143,000	1,252,000	10%	70 /6	7570	370	,
SALARIES & EXPENSES	1,019,868	1,121,000	1,240,000	75%	15%	10%	0%	
CONSTRUCTION	19.408	22,000	12,000	10%	40%	45%	5%	
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE	2,288,570	2,073,000	2,705,000	10%	40%	4070	370	,
SALARIES & EXPENSES	2,262,500	2,031,000	2,574,000	80%	11%	5%	4%	C
CONSTRUCTION	23,961	42,000	131,000	10%	40%	45%	5%	C
IMMIGRATION EMERGENCY FUND	23,301	42,000	131,000	100%	0%	0%	0%	
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM	2,682,349	3,402,223	3,562,495	100%	U%0	U76	ויייט	,
SALARIES & EXPENSES	2,629,039	2,865,418	3,072,889	85%	10%	50/		_
BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES.	2,629,039					5%	0%	0
FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES	13.258	563,805 0	515,606	10%	40%	45%	5%	(
COMMISSARY TRUST FUND	,	_	0 (26,000)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS	(26,529)	(27,000)	(26,000)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0
JUSTICE ASSISTANCE.	<b>3,116,968</b> 118,499	2,933,000	4,979,000	22.	200/	250/	501	_
STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT.		65,000	188,000	22%	38%	35%	5%	0
	414,735	270,000	574,000	22%	38%	35%	5%	0
VCRP	1,476,519	1,218,000	2,351,000	22%	38%	35%	5%	0
WEED AND SEED PROGRAM	(7,044)	20,000	35,000	22%	38%	35%	5%	0
COMMUNITY POLICING	968,341	1,209,000	1,529,000	5%	20%	30%	38%	7
JUVENILE CRIME CONTROL & PREVENTION	145,918	151,000	302,000	22%	35%	38%	5%	0
SUBT, DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY	15,117,622	15,535,968	18,791,991	J				

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OUTLAYS - 1998 TO 2000 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

				OUTLAY SPENDOUT RATES					
APPROPRIATION				YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR5	
CIVIL LIBERTIES PUBLIC EDUCATION	\$34,612	\$6,000	0	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES	91,554	90,000	\$103,000	70%	30%	0%	0%	0%	
PSOB	44,937	37,000	37,000	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
INDEPENDENT COUNSEL	11,960	16,000	10,000	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
SUBT, MANDATORY AUTHORITY	183,063	149,000	150,000						
GA - HEALTH CARE FRAUD	0	0	0	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
PRE-MERGER FILING FEES	0	(24,000)	(27,000)	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
U.S. TRUSTEES	2,197	10,729	0	85%	10%	5%	0%	0%	
ASSETS FORF FUND PERM BUD AUTH	355,804	326,000	500,000	40%	40%	20%	0%	0%	
FBI/HEALTH CARE FRAUD ENFORCEMENT	0	0	0	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
DIVERSION CONTROL FEE	59,643	58,000	65,000	75%	15%	10%	0%	0%	
IMMIGRATION USER FEE	402,653	486,071	517,800	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
ENFORCEMENT FINES	3,799	4,050	3,800	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
IMMIGRATION LEGALIZATION	985	998	1,152	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
IMMIGRATION EXAMINATIONS FEE	691,525	634,702	687,427	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
LAND BORDER INSPECTION FEE	1,107	3,275	6,595	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
DETENTION FUND	0	0	0	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
BREACHED BOND/DETENTION FUND	204,693	176,950	116,900	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
CRIME VICTIMS FUND	260,545	500,000	487,000	50%	30%	20%	0%	0%	
SUBT, FEE-FUNDED ACCOUNTS	1,982,951	2,176,775	2,358,674						
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	17,283,636	17,861,743	21,300,665						

Note: Outlays for 1999 and 2000 are generally derived from the 2000 President's budget and thus are reflected in millions.

		IERAL MIN.	NAT'L DRUG INTEL CENTER		WBAND	TELECOMM. CARRIER COMPLIANCE	COUNTER- TERRORISM		REVIEW PPEALS	INSPE	CE OF ECTOR IERAL	PAR	S. OLE ISSION
4000 01 11 - 11 - 1	Pos.	Amount	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Amount	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount
1998 Obligations	635	\$77,033	\$27,000				\$56,676	1,137	\$130,922	326	\$33,353	42	\$4,958
1999 Enacted	636	79,328	27,000			·	145,000	1,137	134,563	326	34,175	74	7,380
Y2k Transfer Transfer C&E Pos/FTE (T/O)		120									2,835		20
1999 Total Availability	636	79,448	27,000				145,000	1,137	134,563	326	37,010	74	7,400
2000 estimate	652	87,534	27,000	6	80,000	15,000	27,000	1,120	149,152	409	45,021	81	8,527
Change 2000 from 1999		8,086			80,000	15,000	(118,000)	(17)	14,589	83	8,011	7	1,127
Adjustments to base Transfer of NICS to fee-funding							·						1
Counterterrorism Fund to: FBI and OJP							(145,000)						
From ICDE to components  Total Transfers							 (145,000)						
Increases:							, , ,						
2000 Pay Raise		1,803							2,944		916		155
Annualization of 1999 pay raise		675 1,294			•••			•••	1,077 576		308 356		51
Annualization of 1999 positions													
Administrative Salary Increase		 19							 52				3
FTS Recomp/Transition Costs***		4						•••	298		46		1
FTS Usage Cost*** Universal Service Fund ***		28 11							820 77		47 11		7
GSA Rent		893							5,156		234		87
Medical Hospital Service Cost National Archives and Record Projections		 41							 15		 1		18
NCVS Sample Redesign (BJS)													
Jail Day Rate Increase		1,205						•••	600				
JDC/FMIS Charges		35			••••				91				
Security Guard Services Spectrum Frequency Management													
Small Disadvantaged Business Unit		41			***			•••					
* General Pricing Level Adjustments Base Restoration		108			 23,396				358		57		8
Base Restoration Shortfall.					23,330			•••		,			
Re-evaluation of Receipts  Total, increases		6,157			23,396				12,064		 1,976		331
Decreases:		0,107			20,000				12,004		1,070		30.
Base Reduction								(50)					
Y2K Transfer Accident Comp decreases											(1,400) (111)		
GSA Rent Decreases													
Non-recurring decreases Re-evaluation of Receipts													
Total, Decreases								(50)			(1,511)		
Total, adjustments to base		6,157			23,396		(145,000)	(50)	12,064		465		331
2000 base	636	85,605	27,000		23,396			1,087	146,627	326	37,475	74	7,731
Program changes  Detention and Incarceration												12	1,020
Immigration								33	2,525				
Infrastructure Litigation													
Health Care Provider Protection													
Cybercrime and Counterterrorism Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse	5	357					27,000						
Indian Country													
Gun Tracing COPS-21st Century Policing Initiative													
State and Local Assistance													
Information Resources Management													
Other Changes Total, program changes	11 16	1,572 1,929		6 6	56,604 56,604	15,000 15,000	 27,000	 33	2,525	83	7,546	(5) 7	(224) 796
2000 estimate	652	87,534	27,000	6	80,000	15,000	27,000	1,120	149,152	409	45,021	81	8,527
Change 2000 from 1999		8,086			80,000	15,000	(118,000)	(17)	14,589	83	8,011	7	1,127
Discretionary/Mandatory Split Discretionary	652	87,534	27,000	6	80,000	15,000	27,000	1,120	149,152	409	45,021	81	8,527
Mandatory													

FOREIGN FEES AND CLAIMS COMMUNITY INDEPEN-FEDERAL EXPENSES GENERAL II S SETTLEMENT MARSHALS PRISONER OF RELATIONS DENT LEGAL u s ACTIVITIES ATTORNEYS COMMISSION SERVICE DETENTION WITNESSES SERVICE COUNSEL Pos Pos. Amount Pos Amount Amount Amount Pos. Amount Amount Pos. Amount Amount 4,269 1998 Obligations..... \$1,105,390 \$802 \$500,578 \$440.978 \$90.021 41 \$5,319 \$17,960 3.540 \$459,883 8.948 9 500 1999 Enacted..... 3,612 474,700 9,044 1,089,951 11 1.227 4,210 506 509 425 000 95 000 56 7 199 700 Y2k Transfer..... 6,389 427 Transfer C&E Pos/FTE (T/O)...... 425,000 95,000 56 9.500 4.210 507,209 7,199 481 089 9 044 11 1 227 1999 Total Availability..... 3 612 1 090 378 578,422 550,232 110,000 86 10 344 9,500 2000 estimate..... 3,790 576,871 10,283 1,274,788 11 1,175 4,423 Change 2000 from 1999..... 95,782 1,239 184.410 0 (52) 213 71,213 125,232 15,000 30 3,145 Adjustments to base Transfer of NICS to fee-funding..... Counterterrorism Fund to: FBI and OJP..... 32 887 83,277 13 1,942 3 298 From ICDE to components ..... 887 13 1 942 Total Transfers..... 32 3 298 83 277 Increases: 144 2000 Pay Raise..... 10,908 27,296 26 10,449 Annualization of 1999 pay raise ..... 4.015 9,424 9 4,352 Within-grade Increases (WIGI)..... 21 1.633 3 2 431 Annualization of 1999 positions..... 4,525 1 165 494 2.471 Administrative Salary Increase..... 4.017 Accident Compensation..... 38 324 FTS Recomp/Transition Costs\*\*\*.... 2,531 1 1,185 2 257 FTS Usage Cost\*\*\* 238 1,565 970 Universal Service Fund \*\*\*..... 1,008 276 101 257 GSA Rent..... 16.366 12.289 4 609 ... ... .. Medical Hospital Service Cost..... 580 9 National Archives and Record Projections...... 888 18 818 ... NCVS Sample Redesign.(BJS)..... Jail Day Rate Increase..... 4 794 JCON II Operational Cost..... 2,648 2,800 ... 5 JDC/FMIS Charges..... 9 902 ... Security Guard Services..... 258 ... .. Spectrum Frequency Management..... 66 Small Disadvantaged Business Unit..... 11 .. 1,260 24 \* General Pricing Level Adjustments..... 1,763 2.981 Base Restoration..... Base Restoration Shortfall..... 14,000 ... Re-evaluation of Receipts..... ... ... 54 1,013 75,936 46,365 5.632 Total, increases..... 30,306 Base Reduction..... (6,089) .. Accident Comp decreases..... (310)(211 GSA Rent Decreases..... (106)... Non-recurring decreases..... (20) (4,018)... Re-evaluation of Receipts..... (6,300) (310) (106) (4,018)Total, Decreases..... (20) ... 1,013 5,632 Total, adjustments to base ...... 12 27,304 887 158,903 (52)13 44.289 9,500 56 8.212 2000 base..... 3,624 508,393 9,931 1,249,281 11 1,175 4,223 551,498 430,632 95,000 Program changes 200 26,924 119,600 Detention and Incarceration..... Immigration..... Infrastructure..... 15,000 Litigation..... 153 29,356 171 9.998 Health Care Provider Protection..... 7,301 Cybercrime and Counterterrorism...... 13 1,760 87 Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse...... 0 36 3,208 Indian Country..... 5.000 Gun Tracing..... 58 COPS-21st Century Policing Initiative.... ... State and Local Assistance..... ... Information Resources Management... 37,000 30 2.132 Other Changes..... 362 200 26,924 119,600 15,000 30 2,132 Total, program changes..... 166 68,478 352 25,507 86 10,344 9,500 2000 estimate..... 3,790 576,871 10,283 1,274,788 1,175 4,423 578,422 550.232 110.000 11 71,213 125,232 15,000 30 3.145 Change 2000 from 1999..... 213 1 239 184,410 (52)178 95,782 Discretionary/Mandatory Split 1,175 4 423 578,422 550,232 86 10,344 Discretionary..... 3.790 576,871 10.283 1.274.788 11 110,000 9,500 Mandatory.....

RADIATION EXPOSURE INTER-COMPENSATION FEDERAL BUREAU DRUG IMMIGRATION & ASSETS AGENCY FORFEITURE **CRIME & DRUG** OF **ENFORCEMENT** NATURALIZATION FUND ENFORCEMENT INVESTIGATION **ADMINISTRATION** SERVICE Admin. Fund Amount Amount Amount Amount Pos Amount Pos Amount Pos Amount 1998 Obligations..... \$19,463 \$1,210 \$12,339 \$294,967 24,938 \$2,975,680 6,774 \$1,145,450 20.013 \$2,341,734 1999 Enacted...... 2,982,835 2 559 759 23.000 2.000 304.014 25 693 7.391 1,222,013 21 792 Y2k Transfer..... 10,293 9,268 1.967 Transfer C&E Pos/FTE (T/O)..... 3 23,000 2.000 25,693 7.391 21,795 1999 Total Availability..... 304,014 2,993,128 1,223,980 2 569 027 2000 estimate......Change 2000 from 1999..... 2,000 21,714 3,293,664 8 418 1,388,242 2 935 302 23,000 26.519 22.183 (304,014) 21,714 826 300,536 1,027 164,262 388 366,275 Adjustments to base Transfer of NICS to fee-funding.... (423)(22,000)Counterterrorism Fund to: FBI and OJP..... 10,000 From ICDE to components ..... (316,792) 981 113,039 1,000 103,996 102 11,240 558 11,240 (316,792)101,039 1,000 103,996 102 Total Transfers Increases: 2000 Pay Raise.. 7,836 60.045 18,450 42.617 Annualization of 1999 pay raise ..... 2,919 22,490 6,035 14,987 ... ... Within-grade Increases (WIGI)..... 1,606 ... ... Annualization of 1999 positions..... 11,108 8,875 129,757 Administrative Salary Increase..... ... ... 2.080 Accident Compensation 58 FTS Recomp/Transition Costs\*\*\* 1,469 4,409 2.161 ... FTS Usage Cost\*\*\*... 4,201 346 1,613 Universal Service Fund \*\*\*..... 821 350 559 ... ... GSA Rent.... 50,302 20,045 13,454 ... ... Medical Hospital Service Cost..... National Archives and Record Projections...... 21 93 3,794 NCVS Sample Redesign (BJS)..... Jail Day Rate Increase..... JCON II Operational Cost..... JDC/FMIS Charges..... Security Guard Services..... ... Spectrum Frequency Management..... 374 70 122 Small Disadvantaged Business Unit..... 9 24 14 ... General Pricing Level Adjustments..... 417 3,178 8,721 5.276 Base Restoration 55 830 Base Restoration Shortfall..... Re-evaluation of Receipts..... .. 282,419 Total, increases..... 12,778 159,119 52,329 ,,, Decreases: (9,500) Base Reduction..... Y2K Transfer... ... ... (4,700)(163) Accident Comp decreases..... ... ... GSA Rent Decreases..... ... (13,900) (59, 281)(69,300) Non-recurring decreases..... ... Re-evaluation of Receipts..... ... (68,781) (14,063) (74,000) Total, Decreases..... 191,377 1,000 142,262 102 219,659 558 Total, adjustments to base ...... 2,788,686 2,000 26,251 3,184,505 8,391 1,366,242 21,897 2000 base..... 23,000 Program changes Detention and Incarceration..... 286 76.000 Immigration..... 70,616 Infrastructure..... Litigation..... Health Care Provider Protection..... ... Cybercrime and Counterterrorism...... 207 36.742 Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse..... 27 9.000 Indian Country..... Gun Tracing..... COPS-21st Century Policing Initiative... State and Local Assistance..... 56 48,917 13,000 Information Resources Management.. ... Other Changes..... 21.714 5 23.500 27 22,000 286 146 616 Total, program changes..... 21,714 268 109,159 2000 estimate..... 2,000 21,714 26,519 3,293,664 8,418 1,388,242 22,183 2,935,302 23,000 Change 2000 from 1999..... 21,714 (304,014) 300,536 1.027 164,262 388 366,275 Discretionary/Mandatory Split 2,935,302 Discretionary..... 23 000 2,000 21,714 26,519 3,293,664 8,418 1,388,242 22,183 Mandatory.....

			0	FFICE OF	1	*******				
	FED	ERAL	JUST	ICE PROGRAM	MS .	TO	TAL	TOTAL	TC	TAL
	PR	ISON	OV	ERALL		DIF	RECT	OTHER	N	IEW
	SYS	STEM	(	OJP	PSOB	AUTH	IORITY	AUTHORITY	AUTI	HORITY
	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Amount	Pos.	Amount
1998 Obligations	32,801	\$3,186,140	1009	\$4,912,296	\$32,725	104,484	\$17,872,877	\$2,469,008	104,484	\$20,341,885
1999 Enacted	32,683	3,299,650	1,101	4,817,198	31,809	107,766	18,278,810	2,496,963	107,766	20,775,773
Y2k Transfer		200					32,219	1,011	•••	33,230
Transfer C&E Pos/FTE (T/O)						3			3	
1999 Total Availability	32,683	3,299,850	1,101	4,817,198	31,809	107,769	18,311,029	2,497,974	107,769	20,809,003
· ·						-			•	
2000 estimate Change 2000 from 1999	34,052 1,369	3,777,218 477,368	1,302	3,514,245 (1,302,953)	36,041 4,232	113,335 5,566	18,541,992 230,963	2,551,051 53,077	113,335 5,566	21,093,043 284,040
-	1,303	477,300	201	(1,302,333)	4,202	3,300	250,505	30,077	0,000	204,040
Adjustments to base Transfer of NICS to fee-funding		İ				(423)	(22,000)		(423)	(22,000)
Counterterrorism Fund to: FBI and OJP			18	135,000		18	(22,000)		18	
From ICDE to components						3,015			3,015	
Total Transfers			18	135,000		2,610	(22,000)		2,610	(22,000)
Increases:										
2000 Pay Raise		53,814		2,709			240,112	26,202		266,314
Annualization of 1999 pay raise		19,219		1,019			86,644	9,015		95,659
Within-grade Increases (WIGI)							7,920	6,701 4,713	 25	14,621 195,517
Annualization of 1999 positions Administrative Salary Increase	28	31,999	7	410		35	190,804 4,017	4,713	35	4,017
Accident Compensation		1,581					4,156	730		4,886
FTS Recomp/Transition Costs***		5,639		52			18,055	1,478		19,533
FTS Usage Cost***		1,367		43			11,249	1,716	•	12,965
Universal Service Fund ***		1,390		19			4,625	404		5,029
GSA Rent				3,192			126,884	18,026		144,910
Medical Hospital Service Cost		3,894					4,583	110 279	•••	4,693 6,309
National Archives and Record Projections  NCVS Sample Redesign.(BJS)		310	•••	3 350			6,030 350	2/9		350
Jail Day Rate Increase							4,794			4,794
JCON II Operational Cost							7,253	1,250		8,503
JDC/FMIS Charges		3,465		35			4,542	46		4,588
Security Guard Services							258		•••	258
Spectrum Frequency Management		18					650	•••	•••	650
Small Disadvantaged Business Unit  * General Pricing Level Adjustments		65 15 507		2 111	732		166 40,592	 11,971	•••	166 52,563
Base Restoration		15,597 50,000			7.52		129,226	50,962		180,188
Base Restoration Shortfall						···	14,000			14,000
Re-evaluation of Receipts								28,000		28,000
Total, increases	28	188,358	7	7,945	732	35	906,910	161,603	35	1,068,513
Decreases:										
Base Reduction						(50)	(9,500)		(50)	(9,500)
Y2K Transfer							(12,189)	(1,003)		(13,192) (888)
Accident Comp decreases		(415)		(20)			(815) (521)	(73)		(521)
Non-recurring decreases		(318,197)				(81)	(464,696)		(81)	(464,696)
Re-evaluation of Receipts	`							(132,935)		(132,935)
Total, Decreases	(61)	(318,612)		(20)		(131)	(487,721)	(134,011)	(131)	(621,732)
Total, adjustments to base	(33)	(130,254)	25	142,925	732	2,514	397,189	27,592	2,514	\$424,781
2000 base	32,650	3,169,596	1,126	4,960,123	32,541	110,283	18,708,218	2,525,566	110,283	21,233,784
	,			, ,	·					
Program changes Detention and Incarceration	1,402	607,622				1,614	755,166		1,614	755,166
Immigration						319	78,525		319	78,525
Infrastructure							70,616			70,616
Litigation						324	54,354	\$3,210	324	57,564
Health Care Provider Protection								\$6,763	 312	6,763 113,560
Cybercrime and Counterterrorism Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse			• • • •	40,400 122,100		312 27	113,560 131,100		27	131,100
Indian Country				30,000		36	33,208		36	33,208
Gun Tracing						58	5,000		58	5,000
COPS-21st Century Policing Initiative			121	(1,343,450)		121	(1,343,450)		121	(1,343,450)
State and Local Assistance				54,000			54,000			54,000
Information Resources Management						56	98,917		56	98,917
Other Changes			55	(348,928)	3,500	102	(224,768)	\$15,512	102	(209,256)
Total, program changes	1,402	607,622	176	(1,445,878)	3,500	3,052	(166,226)	\$25,485	3,052	(140,741)
2000 estimate	34,052	3,777,218	1,302	3,514,245	36,041	113,335	18,541,992	\$2,551,051	113,335	21,093,043
Change 2000 from 1999	1,369	477,368	201	(1,302,953)	4,232	5,544	230,963	\$53,077	5,544	284,040
Discretionary/Mandatory Split	34,052	3 777 040	1,302	3,514,245	3,500	113,335	18,389,951	[	113,335	18,389,951
Discretionary Mandatory	34,052	3,777,218	1,302	3,314,243	32,541	110,000	152,041	\$2,551,051		2,703,092
	L				,,	<u></u>			<u> </u>	_, _,

TRUSTEE PRE-MERGER ASSETS DIVERSION IMMIGRATION HEALTH HEALTH		
Model The Mercell Free Property Mercell Mercell Mercell Mercell	CRIME	TOTAL
	VICTIMS	OTHER
FUND FEES 1/ FUND FEE ACCTS FRAUD FRAUD	FUND	AUTHORITY
	Amount	Amount
	\$356,716	\$2,469,008
1999 Enacted	324,038	2,496,963
Y2k Transfer		1,011
Transfer C&E Pos/FTE (T/O)		
1999 Total Availability	324,038	2,497,974
2000 estimate	375,000	2,551,051
Change 2000 from 1999	50,962	53,077
Adjustments to base		
Transfer of NICS to fee-funding		
Counterterrorism Fund to: FBI and OJP		
From ICDE to components		
Total Transfers		
Increases:		
2000 Pay Raise		26,202 9,015
Within-grade Increases (WIGI)		6,701
Annualization of 1999 positions		4,713
Administrative Salary Increase		
Accident Compensation		730
FTS Recomp/Transition Costs***         290         93          138         957            FTS Usage Cost***         658         246         64         32         716		1,478 1,716
Universal Service Fund *** 74 31 18 33 248		404
GSA Rent		18,026
Medical Hospital Service Cost           110		110
National Archives and Record Projections		279
Init Day Rate Increase		
JCON II Operational Cost		1,250
JDC/FMIS Charges		46
Security Guard Services		
Spectrum Frequency Management		•••
Small Disadvantaged Business Unit		11,971
Base Restoration	50,962	50,962
Base Restoration Shortfall		
Re-evaluation of Receipts		28,000
Total, increases	50,962	161,603
Decreases:		
Base Reduction		(1,003)
Accident Comp decreases		(73)
GSA Rent Decreases		
Non-recurring decreases		(422.025)
Re-evaluation of Receipts		(132,935) (134,011)
		1
Total, adjustments to base 9,194 6,543 (69,309) 2,547 24,418 3,237	50,962	27,592
2000 base	375,000	\$2,525,566
Program changes		
Detention and Incarceration		
Infrastructure		
Litigation		\$3,210
Health Care Provider Protection		\$6,763
Cybercrime and Counterterrorism		•••
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse		
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse		
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse		
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse Indian Country	 	
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse Indian Country	   	**************************************
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse	   	\$25,485
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse	    375,000	\$25,485 \$2,551,051
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse	   	\$25,485
Curbing Drug Trafficking and Abuse	    375,000	\$25,485 \$2,551,051

<sup>1/ 1998</sup> obligations include \$5,480,000 from direct resources.

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

	thousands)

	PROGRAM DIRECTION AND POLICY COORDINATION																	
	1	PARTI		l	SUPP		& PI		OLICY SIONAL IBILITY	м	JUST ANAGE DIVIS	EMENT			RAL RATION COUNT		тот	AL
	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 obligations	43	42	\$7,619	76	79	\$9,161	64	58	\$7,773	452		\$49,782			\$2,698	635		\$77,033
1999 appropriation as enacted	43	44	8,136	76	89	9,695	64	64	8,395	453	460	53,102				636	657	79,328
Y2K Transfer												120		··· .	•••			120
1999 appropriation anticipated	43	44	8,136	76	89	9,695	64	64	8,395	453	460	53,222				636	657	79,448
2000 estimate	43	44	8,676	81	92	11,416	69	67	9,310	459	463	58,132				652	666	87,534
Change 2000 from 1999			540	5	3	1,721	5	3	915	6	3	4,910				16	9	8,086
Adjustments to base																-		
Increases:							}											
2000 Pay Raise			177			210	l		183			1,233						1,803
Annualization of 1999 pay raise			66			79			68			462						675
Within-grade Increases (WIGI)			64			76			66			1.088		•••				1,294
Accident Compensation			1									18				l		19
FTS Recomp/Transition Costs			1			1			2							l		4
FTS Usage Costs			5			7			6			10						28
Universal Service Fund			1			1			1			8						11
GSA Rent	l		85			102			88			617						892
Guard Services - Patrick Henry Building	l																	
National Archives and Record Projections			1			1			1			39						42
JCON II Operational Cost			119			143			123			820						1,205
JDC/FMIS Charges			9			12			10			4				l		35
Small Disadvantaged Business Unit												41						41
General Pricing Level Adjustments			11			12			10			75						108
Total, Increases			540			644			558			4,415						6,157
Total, adjustments to base			540			644			558			4,415						6,157
2000 base	43	44	8,676	76	89	10,339	64	64	8,953	453	460	57,637				636	657	85,605
Program Changes:																		
Increased staffing/funding for OLA and DAO				_	•	4 077										_	_	4 077
Increased staffing/funding for OLA and PAO Increased Staffing for OIPR				5	3	1,077	 5		357							5 5	3	1,077 357
Increased Staffing (FS) and Contractor Cost (EEO)									557	6	3	495				6	3	495
Total, Program Changes				5	3	1,077	5	3	357	6	3	495				16	9	1,929
2000 Estimate	43	44	8,676	81	92	11,416	69	67	9,310	459	463	58,132				652	666	87,534
Change 2000 from 1000			E40	5		4 704			045			4.040				46		0.000
Change 2000 from 1999			540		3	1,721	5	3	915	6	3	4,910	•••	•••		16	9	8,086

# GENERAL ADMINISTRATION (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals	635	646	\$77,033
1999 appropriation as enacted	636	657	79,328
Y2K Transfer	•••		120
1999 appropriation anticipated	636	657	79,448
National Drug Intelligence Center (non-add)		222	27,000
Increases	•••	•••	6,157
2000 base	636	657	85,605
Program changes (See Program Narrative for Details)	16	9	1,929
2000 estimate	652	666	87,534
National Drug Intelligence Center (non-add)		222	27,000

	1999 App	99 Appropriation Anticipated			2000 Ba	ase		2000 Esti	mate	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	
1 Program Direction and Policy Coordination:													
Department Leadership	43	44	8,136	43	44	8,676	43	44	8,676				
Executive Support	76	89	9,695	76	89	10,339	81	92	11,416	5	3	1,077	
Intelligence Policy & Professional Resp	64	64	8,395	64	64	8,953	69	67	9,310	5	3	357	
Justice Management Division	453	460	53,222	453	460	57,637	459	463	58,132	6	3	495	
Total	636	657	79,448	636	657	85,605	652	666	87,534	16	9	1,929	
Reimbursable FTE		79	•••		79		•••	95	<u></u>		16		
Grand Total	636	736	79,448	636	736	85,605	652	761	87,534	16	25	1,929	
National Drug Intelligence Center		•••	27,000			27,000			27,000				
·													

## GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Program Changes	Perm Pos.	EIE	Amount
Increased Staffing/Funding for the Office of Legislative Affairs	5	3	
5 positions, 3 workyears, and \$677,000 to allow the Office of Legislative Affairs (OLA) to hire 2 additional attorney/legislative professional positions, and 3 additional support/administrative positions. Included in this request is \$400,000 to support the continued payment of salaries, benefits, and expenses for the FTE level authorized in FY 1998.	3	3	\$677
Increased Funding for the Public Affairs Office	•••		400
\$400,000 for salaries, benefits, and expenses to allow the Public Affairs Office (PAO) to bring the staff up to its authorized FTE level of 20. Currently, PAO has 5 vacancies as a result of recent budget cuts. PAO would like to fill these vacancies by hiring 2 public affairs specialists, a public affairs assistant, a front office support person, and a part-time news summary editor.			
Reimbursable FTE for the Office of Information and Privacy		6	
6 additional reimbursable FTE for the Office of Information and Privacy (OIP) to handle the increased volume of Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) and Privacy Act administrative appeals and initial requests. OIP's primary responsibility is to adjudicate the administrative appeals taken from the FOIA and Privacy Act denials of all Departmental components. The number of administrative appeals received by OIP has more than doubled from 1987 to the present. This will bring their total reimbursable FTE to 46.			
Increased Staffing for the Office of Intelligence Policy and Review	5	3	357
5 positions, 3 FTE, and \$357,000 for the Office of Intelligence and Policy Review to hire 2 attorneys and 3 paralegals to handle the additional number and type of Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA) applications and counterterrorism work. FISA applications, especially those in support of counterterrorism investigations, have increased significantly over the past five years.			
Increased Funding for the Equal Employment Opportunity Staff		•••	55
\$55,000 for the Equal Employment Opportunity Staff (EEO) for the contracting of investigations to handle the increasing number and complexity of discrimination complaints.			
Increased Staffing for the Finance Staff	6	3	440
6 positions, 3 workyears, and \$439,000 for the Finance Staff to fund 6 Financial Analysts to comply with the Department of Justice implementation of the Chief Financial Officers (CFO) Act and related management improvement laws and initiatives, including the Government Management Reform Act of 1994, the Government Performance Results Act of 1993, the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, and the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996.			
Reimbursable FTE for the Justice Management Division		10	
10 reimbursable workyears are being requested by the Justice Management Division for current and on-going initiatives within the Division for which reimbursement is already being received.			
Total Program Changes, General Administration	16	25	1 020
	10	25	1,929

### NARROWBAND COMMUNICATIONS

(Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals	•••••	•••••		 								•••
1999 appropriation as enacted		•••••		 	•••••					•••	•••	•••
Increases		•••••		 							•••	 \$23,396
2000 base										•••	•••	23,396
Program changes (detailed below)										6	6	56,604
2000 estimate				 						6	6	80,000
-		propriation a	as Enacted		2000 Ba	se		2000 Es	timate		Increase/Dec	rease
	Perm Pos.	FIE	Amount	Perm Pos.	ETE	Amount	Perm Pos.	ETE	Amount	Perm Pos.	EIE	Amount
Narrowband Communications Fund	• •••			 		\$23,396	6	6	\$80,000	6	6	\$56,604
Total				 <u> </u>		23,396	6	6	80,000	6	6	56,604
Grand Total				 		23,396	6	6	80,000	6	6	56,604
Program Changes										Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount
Increased Staffing/Funding for the Narrowba												

Federal Government agencies are required bt 47 U.S.C. 903(d)(1) to make more efficient use of their radio spectrum. The National Telecommunications and Information Administration's (NTIA) implementing regulations require that all Federal spectrum users narrow, by one-half, the bandwidth used to transmit radio signals by the year 2005 for VHF allocations and 2008 for UHF allocations.

The Department's 2000 budget includes \$45,979,000 in additional funding to accelerate the necessary equipment upgrades to comply with these deadlines. Of this amount, the Department estimates to use \$32,435,000 for the FBI, \$10,399,000 for the INS, \$2,773,000 for the USMS, and \$372,000 for the OIG. This enhancement is in addition to \$23,396,000 of base radio replacement.

6 positions, 6 FTE, and \$10,625,000 of the 2000 request are for the Wireless Management Office in the Justice Management Division to consolidate wireless communications management functions, including procurement, radio site development, and spectrum management.

## TELECOMMUNICATIONS CARRIER COMPLIANCE FUND (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	•••••	•••••						•••••				•••
1999 appropriation as enacted									•••••			
2000 base	•••••						•••••					
Program changes (detailed below)										•••	•••	\$15,000
2000 estimate												15,000
No. of the second secon	1999 App	oropriation	as Enacted	<del></del>	2000 Base	e		2000 Estin	nate	Ir	ncrease/Dec	rease
Comparison by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount
Telecommunications Carrier Compliance					•••	•••			\$15,000			\$15,000
5 0										Perm.		
Program Changes  Telecommunications Carrier Compliance										Perm. Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>

A \$15,000,000 enhancement is requested for the Telecommunications Carrier Compliance Fund. The Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (CALEA) (P.L. 103-414) clarified the responsibilities of telecommunications carriers in the interception of communications for law enforcement and national security purposes. CALEA authorizes the Attorney General to reimburse private telecommunications carriers, manufacturers, and support service providers for up to \$500,000,000 to cover the costs incurred in modifying equipment and facilities in order to allow for court-authorized wiretaps in a digital communications environment. The Fund was created during 1997, and \$60,000,000 was appropriated to it. The Postal Inspections Service and United States Customs Service contributed \$1,000,000 and \$1,580,270, respectively. An additional \$40,000,000 was provided from the Department's Working Capital Fund. The \$15,000,000 enhancement would bring the total Fund availability to \$117,580,270.

By maintaining use of wiretaps, pen registers, and trap and traces, law enforcement agencies will be able to continue proactive, preventive investigations of suspected criminal activities that threaten local communities and national security.

#### **COUNTERTERRORISM FUND**

(Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	<u>FTE</u>	Amount
1998 actuals												\$56,676
1999 appropriation as enacted			••••••					•••••		•••		145,000
Decreases							•••••					(145,000)
2000 base	•••••											
Program changes (detailed below	)	•••••					•••••	•••••				27,000
2000 estimate					••••••			••••••		•••		27,000
		Appropriatio	on as Enacted	•	2000	Base		2000 Estim	ate	In	crease/D	ecrease
Comparison by activity and program	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	<u>FTE</u>	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount
Counterterrorism Fund			\$145,000				•••	<b></b>	\$27,000	•••	•••	\$27,000
Program Changes										Pos.	FTE	Amount
An enhancement of \$27,000,000 is requ	uested. Fun	nds will be u	sed to reimburse	department	s and ager	cies of the Fed	leral Governme	ent for		•••		\$27,000

An enhancement of \$27,000,000 is requested. Funds will be used to reimburse departments and agencies of the Federal Government for costs incurred in support of countering, investigating, or prosecuting domestic and/or international terrorism; to finance reward payments in connection with such activities; to restore the operational capacities of offices destroyed or damaged by domestic or international terrorist acts; to ensure continuance of essential government functions during a time of emergency; to protect the Nation's critical infrastructure; for costs associated with the National Domestic Preparedness Office (NDPO); and for costs associated with designing of the Federal Intrusion Detection Network.

Of, this amount, up to \$2,000,000 is for the Federal Intrusion Detection Network . FIDNET would provide all Federal agencies with intrusion detection systems, as well as a centralized capability to analyze incidents of unauthorized entry into federal computer systems. Funds from the Counterterrorism Fund would would be used to support the initial design of the system, which must be consistent with privacy statutes (e.g., the Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986 and the Privacy Act of 1974) and the statutory responsibilities to ensure computer security (the Computer Security Act of 1987 and the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1996). As part of the design effort, DOJ will conduct a comprehensive legal analysis of the proposed system.

#### NOTE:

The \$145,000,000 that was appropriated in 1999 is nonrecurred for the purposes of the Counterterrorism Funds submission. Funding in 2000 for recurred amounts received in 1999 is requested in the OJP and FBI budget submissions.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW AND APPEALS (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm.		
										Pos.	FTE	<b>Amount</b>
1998 actuals (Direct)										520	546	\$69,396
1998 actuals (VCRP)										617	515	61,526
Total 1998 actuals										1,137	1,061	130,922
1999 appropriation as enacted (Direct)					•••••					520	577	75,312
1999 appropriation as enacted (VCRP)										617	578	59.251
Total 1999 appropriation as enacted										1,137	1,155	134,563
Increases											•••	12,064
Decrease for unfunded positions and worky	ears		•••••			•••••				(50)	(30)	
2000 base								••••		1,087	1,125	146,627
Program Changes (detailed below)					•••••					33	17	2,525
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (Direct)										503	564	89,901
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (VCRP)										617	578	59,251
Total, 2000 estimate										1,120	1,142	149,152
			7.11.					· "				
	<u>'</u>	opropriation	as Enacted		2000 Bas	е		2000 Estim	ate		ncrease/Decre	ase
One and the second second	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount
Executive Office for Immigration Review	1,122	1,140	\$132,963	1,072	1,110	\$144,958	1,105	1,127	\$147,483	33	17	\$2,525
Office of the Pardon Attorney	15	15	1,600	15	15	1,669	15	15	1,669			•••
Total	1,137	1,155	134,563	1,087	1,125	146,627	1,120	1,142	149,152	33	17	2,525
Subtotal, (Direct)	[520]	[577]	[75,312]	[470]	[547]	[87,376]	[503]	[564]	[89,901]	[33]	[17]	[2,525]
Subtotal, (VCRP)	[617]	[578]	[59,251]	[617]	[578]	[59,251]	[617]	[578]	[59,251]			
										Perm.		
Program Changes										Pos.	FTE	Amount

17

\$2,525

33

The Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) is requesting funding for Integrated Surveillance Information System technology and juvenile detention to support the enhanced capability to apprehend and remove increasing numbers of criminal and noncriminal aliens. INS initiatives, when added to the full-year impact of the INS' 1999 Border Patrol increase, will increase Immigration Judge caseload by an estimated 5,000 cases and Board of Immigration Appeals attorney caseload by an estimated 800 appeals in 2000. Critical to the success of these INS initiatives will be the ability of the Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR) to process the resulting Immigration Judge and appellate caseload in a timely fashion.

Coordination with INS Initiatives.

In an effort to keep pace with INS enhancements, EOIR is requesting 33 positions, 17 workyears, and \$2,525,000. These 33 positions include 5 Immigration Judges, 4 BIA attorneys and the required legal and clerical support positions.

#### OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals										326	327	\$33,353
1999 appropriation as enacted										326	312	34,175
Y2K Transfer											•••	2,835
1999 appropriation anticipated				•••••						326	312	37,010
Increases  Decreases: Accident Compensation  Y2K Transfer										 		1,976 (111) (1,400)
2000 base										326	312	37,475
Program changes (detailed below)										83	65	7,546
2000 estimate										409	377	45,021
	1999 Ap	propriation A	Anticipated		2000 Base	)		2000 Estima	ate	ı	ncrease/Decr	'ease
Communication by addition and management	Perm	CTC	A	Perm	ET.E	A	Perm	CTE	A a	Perm	FTF	A
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	EIE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount
Audits, Inspections, and Investigations	326	312	\$37,010	326	312	\$37,475	409	377	\$45,021	83	65	\$7,546
Reimbursable FTE /2		92			92		<del> </del>	69			(23)	
Grand Total	326	404	37,010	326	404	37,475	409	446	45,021	83	42	7,546
Program Changes										Perm. Pos.	ETE	Amount

A program increase of 31 positions, 16 workyears, and \$2,131,000 is requested for increasing investigative responsibilities and workload of the Investigations Division. Specifically, the Office of the Inspector General (OIG) is requesting 25 agents, 3 investigative assistants, and 3 clerical positions. Staffing increases will enhance existing offices; allow faster responses to time sensitive allegations, such as civil rights abuses; and enhance on-site presence for intelligence sharing and coordination with other law enforcement agencies. The enhancement of existing offices will enable the OIG to dedicate resources to investigate allegations of corruption of Department employees involved in drug trafficking, to address the increased allegations of corruption and criminal conduct by Bureau of Prisons (BOP) employees; to allow the Research and Analysis Unit to conduct projects requiring research,

## OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FIE	Amount
planning, and analysis; to continue staffing support of special investigations; and to continue to address civil rights violations by Department employees, especially along the Southwest Border. Resources will also be used to reduce the average closure rate for investigations to 180 days in response to Congressional concern regarding the timeliness of OIG investigations. In addition, \$131,000 will be used to replace damaged and defective technical equipment.			
Special Investigations and Review Unit	6	3	\$415
A program increase of 6 positions, 3 workyears, and \$415,000 is requested for investigative counsel and criminal investigators to conduct special investigations and projects. Specifically, the OIG is requesting 3 investigative counsel, 2 criminal investigators, and 1 clerical position. Investigative counsel, assisted by criminal investigators, are required to investigate, analyze, and evaluate the fundamental work of the Department, especially its prosecutions and investigations. These specialists are needed for assignment to large, complex, and sensitive projects undertaken by the OIG, which require the interrogation of senior level witnesses, the collection and analysis of large volumes of evidence, and other specialized skills. Examples of current work for which investigative counsel and criminal investigator positions are required include: the investigation into allegations that INS naturalized applicants with disqualifying backgrounds in an effort to maximize the number of persons eligible to vote in the November 1996 election; the review to determine whether BOP and Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) employees engaged in misconduct in the events surrounding the death of an inmate at the Federal Transfer Center in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; and the review to determine whether classified intelligence information pertaining to the Department's campaign finance investigation was properly disseminated within the FBI and the Department.			
Appropriated Funding to Support OIG Audits, Inspections, and Investigations of of INS Programs and Activities	46	46	5,000
A program increase of 46 positions, 46 workyears, and \$5,000,000 is requested to provide resources to support OIG audits, inspections, and investigations of Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) programs and activities, previously funded through a reimbursement agreement from the INS fee accounts. Direct appropriations will provide a more streamlined and efficient means of providing funding to the OIG, and will eliminate the need for future reimbursements between the OIG and INS for fee-related work. Furthermore, this will enable the OIG to apply resources to monitor the effectiveness and efficiency of all INS programs and activities, not just the fee accounts.			
Total Program Changes, Office of the Inspector General	83	65	7,546

## U.S. PAROLE COMMISSION (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals	42	58	\$4,958
1999 appropriation as enacted	74	79	7,380
Increases			351
2000 base	74	79	7,731
Program changes (detailed below)	7_	7	796
2000 estimate	81	86	8,527

•	1999 Ap	propriation a	as Enacted	20	00 Base		20	00 Estimate		1	ncrease/Decr	ease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amou
1. U.S. Parole Commission	74	79	\$7,380	74	79	\$7,731	81	86	\$8,527	7	7	\$79
Program Changes	<del> </del>						<del></del>			Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
Continued Downsizing of the Commission				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						(5)	(5)	(\$224
The request includes a program decrease of of its operations related to federal parole. The accomplished over the past several years as parole for new offenders.	he 2000 b	udget pro	poses a con	tinuation	of the redu	uctions that h	nave beer	า				
D.C. Parole Initiative	•••••	•••••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					12	12	1,02
The request includes 12 positions, 12 worky of making parole decisions for D.C. Code pri for D.C. Code parolees on August 5, 2000. transferred this responsibility from the District Commission should plan on handling about	isoners, a The Natio ct of Colu	nd to assi nal Capita mbia to th	ume its new al Revitalizat ie U. S. Paro	responsit ion and S le Comm	oilities for pelf-Govern	parole revoca nment Impro	ation hea vement A	rings \ct				
Total Program Changes, U.S. Parole Comm	ission									7	<del>7</del>	79

#### General Legal Activities Salaries and Expenses & Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund Analysis of \$95,782 Thousand Increase (Dollars in Thousands)

		SOLICI				AX SION		CRIMIN			CIVIL		T		NATURAL RCES DIV.	1	OFFICE	
	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actual	48	48	\$6,257	586	541	\$62,110	747	744	\$96,506	1,054	968	\$138,514	449	484	\$61,019	37	35	\$4,384
1999 as enacted	48	50	6.501	586	563	64,534	792	790	100,332	1,054	1.082	141,760	449	476	62,622	37	41	4,512
Y2K Transfer						810				1,004		970	1	4,0	30	"		4,512
				l									1					
1999 availability	48	50	6,501	586	563	65,344	792	790	100,332	1,054	1,082	142,730	449	476	62,652	37	41	4,512
2000 estimate	48	50	6,967	600	575	69,295	836	844	114,743	1,084	1,092	169,173	449	476	66,270	37	41	4,828
Change 2000 from 1999			466	14	12	3,951	44	54	14,411	30	10	26,443			3,618			316
Adjustments to base										<u> </u>			<del>                                     </del>					
Transfer from ICDE			•••	14	12	894	18	18	2,404									
Increases (non-policy):			2.5															
2000 pay raise		•••	213			1,702			2,446		•	3,351			1,399		•••	130
Annualization of 1999 pay raise			86 13	l	•••	629 367			901 524			1,129 637			560			46
Annualization of 1999 positions			13					22	2.149	(20)	(20)				497			24
Accident Compensation			1						2,173	` ′	` '	•••		•••	35	"	•••	•••
FTS Recomp/Transition Costs			1			28			46			60			75	"		
FTS Usage Costs			1			26			101			3			83	"		6
Universal Service Fund						10			26			21			23	"	•••	2
GSA Rent			56			273			2.099			721			130			37
National Archives and Records Proj						180			146			266			132	1		1
JCON II Operational Costs			81			500	l		500			500			500	"		67
JDC/FMIS Charges			4										"		500		•••	
General Pricing Level adjustments			10			134			351			5 <b>62</b>			184			
Subtotal, increases (non-policy):			466			3,849		22	9,289	(20)	(20)	7,250			3,618			316
Decreases (non-policy):																		
Accident Compensation decreases						(2)			(172)			(37)						
Non-recurring Y2K Decrease					•••	(790)						(770)						
Subtotal, decreases (non-policy):						(792)			(172)			(807)			•••		•••	
Net adjustments to base			466	14	12	3,951	18	40	11,521	(20)	(20)	6,443			3,618	<del> </del>		316
2000 bese	48	50	6,967	600	575	69,295	810	830	111,853	1,034	1,062	149,173	449	476	66,270	37	41	4,828
Program changes Computer Crime Initiative							40	•	4.700									
Narcotics (Special Operations Div.)	•••		•••		•••		13	9	1,760			•••						
Tobacco Litigation					•••		13	5	1,130	50	 30	45 000		•••	•••			
Health Care Fraud					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							15,000 5.000			***			
Prosecuting Civil Rights Violations					•••		•••	•••				.,	l	•••			•••	
Fighting Housing and Lending Discrim						•••	•••						l		***			
Fighting Discrimination Against Persons with Disab													l	•••	***			
Preparing for Redistricting												***		•••	•••			•••
Protecting Fundamental Opportunities													l	•••	***		•••	•••
Legal Activities Office Automation													l		•••			***
Office of Dispute Resolution												•••	l					•••
Total program changes							26	14	2,890	50	30	20,000						
2000 estimate	48	50	6,967	600	575	69,295	836	844	114,743	1,084	1,092	169,173	449	476	66,270	37	41	4,828
Channe 2000 from 1000			400		40	0.55			_ , <del> </del>						_			
Change 2000 from 1999	•••		466	14	12	3,951	44	54	14,411	30	10	26,443			3,618			316

#### General Legal Activities Salaries and Expenses & Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund Analysis of \$95,782 Thousand Increase (Dollars in Thousands)

			RIGHTS ISION	INTERPOL USNCB Pos. FTE Amount					CTIVITIES		E OF DISP			RAND TOTAL	
	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.		Amount	Pos.		Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actual	557	573	\$65,159	62	64	\$6,887			\$19,047				3,540	3,457	\$459,883
1999 as enacted	581	589	69,237	62	64	7,068			17,834	3	3	300	3,612	3,658	474,700
Y2K Transfer			3,579			1,000									6,389
1999 availability	581	589	72,816	62	64	8,068			17,834	3	3	300	3,612	3,658	481,089
2000 estimete	671	639	82,200	62	64	7,567	<u> </u>		55,166	3	3	662	3,790	3,784	576,871
Change 2000 from 1999	90	50	9,384			(501)			37,332			362	178	126	95,782
Adjustments to base			<del></del>	$\vdash$			<del>                                     </del>								
Transfer from ICDE													32	30	3,298
Increases (non-policy):			1 520			427									40.000
2000 pay raise			1,530 614			137 50					•••				10,908 4,015
Within-grade increases	1		334			35									2,431
Annualization of 1999 positions		4	322						1				(20)	6	2,471
Accident Compensation			2												38
FTS Recomp/Transition Costs			45			1									257
FTS Usage Costs			10			7			1						238
Universal Service Fund	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	17			2									101
GSA Rent.	1	•••	1,028			240		•••	25					•••	4,609
National Archives and Records Proj  JCON II Operational Costs			87 500			6		•••					•••		818
JDC/FMIS Charges						 5								•••	2,648
General Pricing Level adjustments.			198			16			306		•••		***	***	1,763
Subtotal, increases (non-policy):		4	4,687			499			332				(20)	6	30,306
Decreases (non-policy):												1			
Accident Compensation decreases					•••			•••							(211)
Non-recurring Y2K Decrease			(3,529)		•••	(1,000)								•••	(6,089)
Subtotal, decreases (non-policy):			(3,529)		•••	(1,000)		•••			•••				(6,300)
Net adjustments to base		4	1,158	<del> </del>		(501)	<del> </del>		332				12	36	27,304
2000 base	581	593	73,974	62	64	7,567			18,166	3	3	300	3,624	3,694	508,393
Program changes Computer Crime Initiative												1	13	9	1,760
Narcotics (Special Operations Div.)								•••					13	5	1,130
Tobacco Litigation	l												50	30	15,000
Health Care Fraud															5,000
Prosecuting Civil Rights Violations	32	16	2,123										32	16	2,123
Fighting Housing and Lending Discrim	23	12	1,866										23	12	1,866
Fighting Discrimination Against Persons with Disab	10	5	1,896										10	5	1,896
Preparing for Redistricting	12	6	1,480										12	6	1,480
Protecting Fundamental Opportunities	13	7	861		• • • •	•••							13	. 7	861
Legal Activities Office Automation		•••	•••			•••			37,000			362	•••		37,000
Office of Dispute Resolution	90	46	8,226	<del> </del>			+		37,000			362	166	90	362 68,478
i saa program mangos		70	0,220			***			37,000			302	100	50	30,470
2000 estimate	671	639	82,200	62	64	7,567	<u> </u>		55,166	3	3	662	3,790	3,784	576,871
Change 2000 from 1999	90	50	9,384			(501)			37,332			362	178	126	95,782
	L			1			1								

# GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals (Direct)	3,469	3,395	\$450,758
1998 actuals (VCRP)	71	62	9,125
Total, 1998 actuals	3,540	3,457	459,883
1999 appropriation as enacted (Direct)	3,541	3,587	466,540
1999 appropriation as enacted (VCRP)	71	71	8,160
Total, 1999 appropriation as enacted	3,612	3,658	474,700
Y2K transfer			6,389
Total, 1999 appropriation anticipated	3,612	3,658	481,089
Transfer from ICDE	32	30	3,298
Increases (see p. 50)	(20)	6	30,306
Decreases (see p. 50)			(6,300)
2000 base	3,624	3,694	508,393
Program changes (See Program Narrative for Details)	166	90	68,478
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (Direct)	3.719	3,713	568,316
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (VCRP)	71	71	8,555
Total, 2000 estimate	3,790	3,784	576,871

	1999 Appropriation Anticipated				2000 Base	)		2000 Estim	ate	Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1. Conduct of Supreme Court Proceedings												
and Review of Appellate Matters	48	50	\$6,501	48	<b>50</b> .	\$6,967	48	50	\$6,967			
2. General Tax Matters:												
Federal Appellate Activity	70	66	7,736	70	66	8,182	70	66	8,182		•••	
Criminal Tax Prosecution	126	122	14,334	140	134	16,061	140	134	16,061	•••	•••	

Note:
The FY 2000 Base includes the transfer of 32 positions and \$3,298,000 from the ICDE appropriation to the Tax (14 positions and \$894,000) and Criminal (18 positions \$2,404,000) Divisions.

	1	1999 Availabi	lity		2000 Bas	e		2000 Estima	ate	Increase/Decrea		rease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
Civil Tax Litigation	304	294	\$33,859	304	294	\$35,877	304	294	\$35,877			
Management and Administration	86	81	9,415	86	81	9,175	86	81	9,175			
Subtotal	586	563	65,344	600	575	69,295	600	575	69,295			••
3. Criminal Matters:												
Organized Crime and Narcotics	106	105	13,572	106	107	14,785	112	109	15,182	6	2	\$397
White Collar Crime	219	212	26,292	219	222	28,997	227	227	30,402	8	5	1,405
International	191	183	25,137	191	193	27,881	197	196	28,670	6	3	789
Litigation Support	178	182	22,524	184	188	24,877	188	190	25,087	4	2	210
Management and Administration	98	108	12,807	110	120	15,313	112	122	15,402	2	2	89
Subtotal	792	790	100,332	810	830	111,853	836	844	114,743	26	14	2,890
4. Claims, Customs and General Civil Matters:												
Federal Appellate Activity	76	77	9,830	76	77	10.342	76	77	10,342			
Torts Litigation	205	207	27,416	199	201	28,839	247	230	43,714	48	29	14.87
Commercial Litigation	364	374	54,127	364	374	56,833	364	374	61,833			5,00
Federal Programs	150	144	18,055	146	140	19,005	146	140	19,005	•••		
Consumer Litigation	35	39	5,091	35	39	5,367	35	39	5,367			
Immigration Litigation	125	133	15,675	122	130	16,458	122	130	16,458			•
Management and Administration	99	108	12,536	92	101	12,329	94	102	12,454	2	1	12
Subtotal	1,054	1,082	142,730	1,034	1,062	149,173	1,084	1,092	169,173	50	30	20,00
5. Land, Natural Resources and Indian Matters:												
Appellate and Policy	37	40	4,530	37	40	4,791	37	40	4,791			
Environmental Protection	221	230	33,392	221	230	35,320	221	230	35,320			••
Natural Resources	154	161	19,880	154	161	21,028	154	161	21,028			
Management and Administration	37	45	4,850	37	45	5,131	37	45	5,131			
Subtotal	449	476	62,652	449	476	66,270	449	476	66,270	•••		
6. Legal Opinions	37	41	4,512	37	41	4,828	37	41	4,828			
7. Civil Rights Matters:												
Federal Appellate Activity	29	28	3,310	29	28	3,557	29	28	3,557			
Civil Rights Prosecution	61	61	6,690	61	61	7.064	81	71	8,385	20	10	1,321
Special Litigation	37	34	3.967	37	34	4,239	51	41	5,178	14	7	939
- Pre-rail	82	<b>-</b>	0,00,	٠.	57	7,200	٥,	7.	3,170	17	,	939

(Dollars in thousands)

		1999 Availab	ility		2000 Bas	e		2000 Estim	nate		rease	
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
omparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos	FTE	Amount
Employment Litigation	62	61	\$6,121	62	61	\$6,524	62	61	\$6,524	•••	•••	•••
Coordination and Review	20	19	2,708	20	19	2,948	22	20	3,085	2	1	\$137
Housing and Civil Enforcement	91	86	10,063	91	86	10,667	116	99	12,650	25	13	1.983
Educational Opportunities	30	31	2,968	30	31	3,188	36	34	3,589	6	3	401
Disability Rights	74	73	10,785	74	77	11,610	82	81	13,389	8	4	1,779
Office of Special Counsel		27	5,517	26	27	5,841	29	29	6,027	3	2	186
Management and Administration	69	83	12,406	69	83	9,519	69	83	9,519			
Subtotal	581	589	72,816	581	593	73,974	671	639	82,200	90	46	8,226
8. Interpol - USNCB	62	64	8,068	62	64	7,567	62	64	7,567	•••		
9. Legal Activities Office Automation			17,834	•••		18,166			55,166			37,000
0. Dispute Resolution	3	3	300	3	3	300_	3	3	662		•••	362
Total	3,612	3,658	481,089	3,624	3,694	508,393	3,790	3,784	576,871	166	90	68,478
Direct (non-add)	[3,541]	[3,587]	[472,929]	[3,553]	[3,623]	[499,838]	[3,719]	[3,713]	[568,316]	[166]	[90]	[68,478]
VCRP (non-add)		[71]	[8,160]	[71]	[5,525] [71]	[8,555]	[5,713] [71]	[5,715] [71]	[8,555]	[]	[30] []	[]
Reimbursable FTE		401			369			369	·		····	***
Grand total	3,612	4,059	481,089	3,624	4,063	508,393	3,790	4,153	576,871	166	90	68,478

Additional resources (9 attorneys) are requested to enable the Criminal Division to keep pace with the changing legal and technological environment. The incidence of complexity of computer crime continues to increase rapidly as greater numbers of people develop proficiency in manipulating electronic data and navigating computer networks, and as worldwide access to the Internet continues to skyrocket. As a result of emerging computer technology, significant attention has been, and continues to be, focused on the vulnerability of critical infrastructure as a result of cybercrime and cyberterrorist attacks. The Criminal Division's attorneys are actively working with other government officials (e.g., the FBI, the Department of Defense, NASA), the private sector (including hardware and software vendors and telecommunications companies), academic institutions, and foreign representatives to develop a global response to cyberattacks. The Division requires additional resources to ensure that the Department's efforts to combat cybercrime and cyberterrorism are successful.

Criminal Division - Cybercrime/Cyberterrorism.....

**Program Changes** 

Pos.

13

FTE

9

Amount

\$1,760

Criminal Division - Narcotics (Special Operations Division)	Perm. <u>Pos.</u> 13	<u>FTE</u> 5	Amount \$1,130
Additional resources (9 attorneys) are sought to allow the Criminal Division to support the Special Operations Division (SOD) of DEA. The requested enhancement will enable the Criminal Division to provide direct support to SOD, increase efforts devoted to prosecuting the complex cases that result from SOD investigations, and to support the processing of Title III wiretaps.			. ,,
Civil Division - Tobacco Litigation	50	30	15,000
Additional resources (40 attorneys) are sought to recover the expenses of federal health care programs for tobacco- related diseases. Like state governments, the federal government has expended considerable resources to combat tobacco-related diseases. Responsible parties, not taxpayers, should be held accountable for tobacco-related health care expenses incurred by Medicare, CHAMPUS, the Veteran's Administration, the Department of Defense, the Indian Health Service, and other federal programs. With the resources requested, the Civil Division will begin to pursue claims against responsible third parties to recover such expenses.			
Civil Division - Health Care Fraud			5,000
Civil Rights Division - Prosecuting Civil Rights Violations	32	16	2,123
Additional resources (20 attorneys) are requested to enable the Civil Rights Division to eradicate egregious violations of the nation's civil rights laws. The requested increase compliments the efforts of investigative agencies and the creation of specialized task forces to address criminal civil rights matters, including the Worker Exploitation Task Force and the Task Force on Violence Against Health Care Providers. Specifically, enhancements will enable the Division to:  (1) prosecute hate crime violations; (2) continue efforts to deter the victimization of migrant workers and other minorities in violation of the involuntary servitude and peonage statutes; and (3) to combat police misconduct and brutality.			
Civil Rights Division - Fighting Housing and Lending Discrimination	23	12	1,866
Additional resources (11 attorneys) are sought to improve the battle against housing and lending discrimination. This request complements increased resources provided to the Department of Housing and Urban Development that will likely result in additional cases being referred to the Department of Justice. Enhancements will enable the Division to:  (1) expand the Department's small, but very effective, in-house Fair Housing Testing Program; (2) enhance the Department's fight against discrimination in home mortgage lending and, for the first time, in business lending; and (3) bring additional cases resulting from increased activity by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.			

(Dollars in thousands)

Civil Rights Division - Fighting Discrimination Against Persons with Disabilities	Perm. <u>Pos.</u> 10	<u>FTE</u> 5	Amount \$1,896
Additional resources (2 attorneys) will enable the Civil Rights Division to continue and expand successful Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) initiatives, including: (1) a mediation program which effectively and efficiently resolves complaints; (2) technical assistance, including advice from architects, to assist small businesses in ADA compliance and housing providers in fair housing compliance under the ADA; (3) efforts to certify that state and local building codes meet ADA requirements.			
Civil Rights Division - Preparing for Redistricting	12	6	1,480
Additional resources are sought to enable the Civil Rights Division to meet statutory requirements under the Voting Rights Act and to provide technology improvements required to upgrade its imaging system and conversion of microfiche documents. Specifically, these resources will enable the Civil Rights Division to meet the 60-day review period for Section 5 voting changes and redistricting proposals submitted to the Attorney General by covered jurisdictions.			
Civil Rights Division - Protecting Fundamental Opportunities	13	7	861
Additional resources (7 attorneys) are requested to expand programs which seek to protect basic civil rights. These enhancements will provide resources necessary for improvements in the following areas: (1) to attack in-school segregation, insuring that desegregation has been achieved, promoting diversity, and insuring that non-English speaking students have access to an effective educational experience; (2) to address the concerns of those in nursing homes and other institutions who are housed in intolerable and dangerous conditions; and (3) to fight immigration fraud and inform the immigration communities of their rights under law.			
Legal Activities Office Automation			37,000

Additional resources are requested to upgrade critical legal and management tools. This funding will be used to meet the Attorney General's time line for the Justice Consolidated Office Network (JCON) deployment. JCON is an enterprise-wide solution which fulfills the Department's requirement for electronic interoperability, an essential condition for DOJ managers, attorneys and other law enforcement officials to easily and effectively communicate and exchange information. JCON will achieve this objective through the use of architectural standards, common core applications (e.g., electronic mail, and word processing) and inter-component access to case management and other DOJ management systems (e.g., Financial Management Information System, People Soft). Simply stated, JCON provides DOJ's legal and management offices with tools to do their jobs.

Office of Dispute Resolution	Perm. Pos. 	<u>FTE</u> 	Amount \$362
Additional resources are sought to fully fund the operations of the Office of Dispute Resolution. The Office promotes the use of mediation and other forms of dispute resolution for use in appropriate civil cases involving the United States. It advises attorneys on dispute resolution strategies, identifies potential private providers of dispute resolution services, conducts training in negotiations and dispute resolution, and serves as the Department's representative in dealing with other agencies, Congress and the public regarding mediation issues. The Office also represents the Attorney General in monitoring and supervising the activities of the Interagency Working Group on ADR, a Presidentially established Task Force that promotes the use of dispute resolution throughout the Executive Branch. This enhancement, when combined with the base resources made available from the GLA appropriation in FY 1999, will fully fund the operational responsibilities of the Office.			
Total, Program Changes, General Legal Activities	166	90	68,478

# ANTITRUST DIVISION (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
1998 actuals, Direct	48 793	45 751	\$5,480
Total 1998 Actuals	<u>783</u> 831	<u>751</u> 796	<u>94,700</u> 100,180
1999 appropriation as enacted, Direct		•••	
Y2K transfer			8
1999 appropriation as enacted, Offsetting Collections	588	569	68,267
1999 Carryover availability	258	250	30,000
Total 1999 availability	846	819	98,275
Increases (see p. 36)	<u></u>	7	6,543
2000 base, Offsetting Collections	846	826	104,818
Program changes (See Program Narrative for Details)	117	117	9,555
2000 requirements, Offsetting Collections	963	943	114,373
2000 estimate	577 <u>386</u> 963	566 <u>377</u> 943	66,574 <u>47,799</u> 114,373

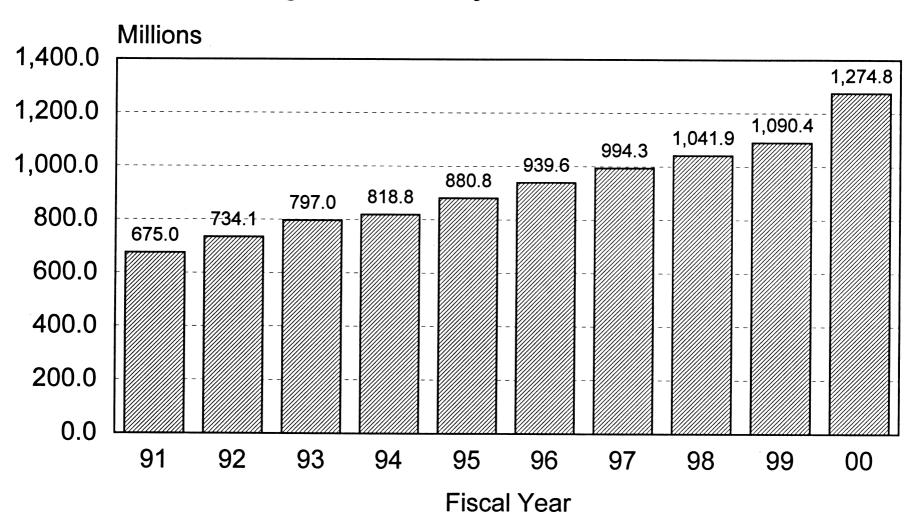
			propriation	as Enacted		00 Bas	е	2000 Estimate			Increase/Decrease		
Comparison by activity and program		Perm Pos.	EIE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount	Perm Pos.	ETE	Amount	Perm Pos.	ETE	Amount
1.	Federal Appellate Activity	16	14	\$1,878	16	14	\$2,028	16	14	\$2,028	•••		
2.	Termination and Prevention of Cartel Behavior	225	215	26,956	225	218	28,588	264	257	31,770	39	39	\$3,182
3.	Preservation of Competitive Market Structure	457	447	50,429	457	451	53,661	535	529	60,034	78	78	6,373
4.	Policy Analysis, Legislation, and	58	57	7,373	58	57	7,968	58	57	7,968		•••	
<b>5</b> .	Competition Advocacy	29	27	3,794	29	27	4,101	29	27	4,101			
6.	Management and Administration	<u>61</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>7,845</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>8,472</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>8,472</u>		-444	-111
	Total by Activity and Program	846	819	98,275	846	826	104,818	963	943	114,373	117	117	9,555

# ANTITRUST DIVISION (Dollars in thousands)

		propriation	as Enacted		2000 Bas	e		2000 Est	imate	Increase/Decrease		
omparison by Source	Perm <u>Pos.</u> <u>FTE</u>		Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FIE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
Direct Authority			\$8									
2000 Offsetting Collections	588	569	68,2 <del>6</del> 7	460	449	\$57,019	577	566	\$66,574	117	117	\$9,555
Prior Year Collections	<u>258</u>	<u>250</u>	30,000	<u>386</u>	<u>377</u>	47,799	386	377	47,799			40,000
Total by Source	846	819	98,275	846	826	104,818	963	943	114,373	117	117	9,555
										Perm		
D										Perm		
Program Changes										Pos.	EIE	Amoun
Termination and Prevention of Cartel Behavi	or									39	39	\$3,182
The request includes a program increase of With the additional resources, the Antitrust D international price-fixing conspiracies and other	ivision will ner crimina	be able to Il violations	enhance its er of antitrust lav	nforcemer vs.	nt efforts :	against sophis	sticated					
Preservation of Competitive Market Structure	e Behavior	•			•••••				•••••	78	78	6,373
The request includes a program increase of to enable the Division to review the increasin non-merger program, which seeks to reduce	g number	of complex	merger propo	osals. In a	s civil prog addition, t	gram. Resou he Division wi	rces are	required e its civil				
Total, Program Changes, Antitrust Division	•••••									117	117	9.555

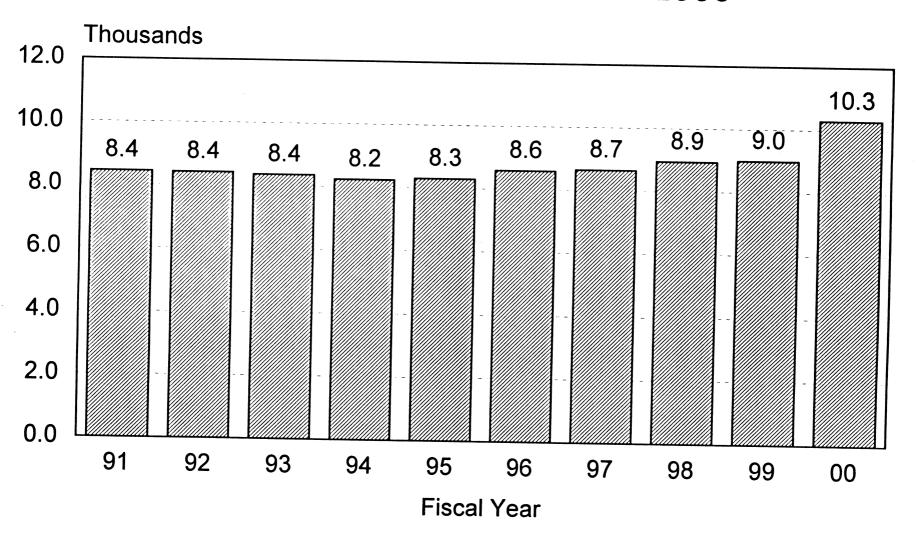
# **United States Attorneys**

Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



# **United States Attorneys**

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



#### **UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS**

	Perm.		
	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals (Direct)	8,448	8,354	\$1,044,488
1998 actuals (VCRP)	500	333	60,902
Total, 1998 actuals	8,948	8,687	1,105,390
1999 appropriation as enacted (Direct)	8,448	8,764	1,009,253
1999 appropriation as enacted (VCRP)	<sup>2</sup> 596	548	80,698
Total, 1999 appropriation as enacted 1/	9,044	9,312	1,089,951
Y2K Transfer	0	0	427
Total, 1999 appropriation anticipated	9,044	9,312	1,090,378
ICDE Resource Redirection	887	847	83,277
Increases	0	48	75,936
Decreases	0	0	(310)
2000 base	9,931	10,207	1,249,281
Program changes (detailed below)	352	177	25,507
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (Direct)	9,944	10,045	1,217,788
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (VCRP)	339	339	57,000
Total, 2000 estimate 2/	10,283	10,384	1,274,788

<sup>1/</sup> While HIDTA transfers are shown in 1998 actuals, they are not shown for 1999 or 2000 because final decisions on amounts have not been made.

<sup>2/</sup> In 2000, ICDE resources, which total 887 positions, 847 FTE, and \$83,277,000, are to be redirected from the ICDE appropriation to the USA direct base resources.

	1999 Appropriation as Enacted				2000 E	Base		2000 Esti	mate	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	Amount	
1. United States Attorneys:													
Criminal litigation	6,785	6,917	\$792,579	7,672	7,811	\$931,957	7,943	7,947	\$952,071	271	136	\$20,114	
Civil litigation	2,033	2,134	242,607	2,033	2,134	260,458	2,106	2,171	265,351	73	37	4,893	
Legal Education	36	37	14,772	36	37	15,015	36	37	15,015	0	0	· o	
Management and Administration	190	224	39,993	190	225	41,851	198	229	42,351	8	4	500	
Total	9,044	9,312	1,089,951	9,931	10,207	1,249,281	10,283	10,384	1,274,788	352	177	25,507	
Direct [non-add]	[8,448]	[8,764]	[1,009,253]	[9,592]	[9,868]	[1,192,281]	[9,944]	[10,045]	[1,217,788]	[352]	[117]	[25,507]	
VCRP [non-add]	[596]	[548]	[80,698]	[339]	[339]	[57,000]	[339]	[339]	[57,000]	ó	Ö	0	
Reimbursable FTE	0	1,041	0	0	194	0	0	194	0	0	0	0	
Grand Total	9,044	10,353	1,089,951	9,931	10,401	1,249,281	10,283	10,578	1,274,788	352	177	25,507	

#### **UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS**

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Violent Crime in Indian Country	36	18	\$3,208
An increase of 36 positions (26 attorneys), 18 workyears and \$3,208,000 is sought to support the Administration's initiative to reduce violent crime, gang-related violence and juvenile crime on Indian reservations.			
Federal investigation and prosecution of felonies (and misdemeanors involving non-Indian offenders and Indian victims) in Indian Country cannot be deferred to any local jurisdiction. Federal law enforcement is both the first and the only avenue of protection for the victims of these crimes. Like the USA for the District of Columbia, USAs in Indian Country are essentially district attorneys for the citizens in their districts; they have the sole responsibility for prosecuting all major crimes committed by or against Indians on the reservations in their districts. Additional agents and police officers have already been funded by the Congress as part of the Administration's initiative. Additional prosecutors are also needed for the success of this initiative.			
In 1994, the USAs in Indian Country received 854 violent crime matters that resulted in 380 cases filed. In 1997, the number of violent crime matters received increased to 1,182 and the number of cases filed increased to 531. These data represent increases of approximately 38 percent and 40 percent, respectively, in the number of violent crime matters received and the number of cases filed.			
Defensive Civil Litigation	76	38	4,998
An increase of 76 positions (25 attorneys), 38 workyears and \$4,998,000 is sought to enable the USAs			

An increase of 76 positions (25 attorneys), 38 workyears and \$4,998,000 is sought to enable the USAs to effectively defend the United States against claims on public funds and to defend civil lawsuits against the United States, its agencies and employees in their official capacities.

The incoming civil defensive caseload handled by the U.S. Attorney offices increased from 44,449 cases filed in 1995 to 55,301 cases filed in 1997 (a 24 percent increase), but the USAs have received no new resources to handle these new cases. To fund this increase in workload demand over the past several years, the USAs redirected base resources to handle this non-discretionary workload area. Such a practice is no longer a viable option. The types of cases handled in this are vary from tort cases involving medical malpractice and automobile accidents to prisoner petitions for habeas corpus and alleged civil rights violations.

The cases handled in this area are non-discretionary and non-delegable. Therefore, the USAs are solely responsible for the litigation of these cases.

## **UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS**

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Counterterrorism/Cyber Crime	87	44	\$7,301
The USAs request 87 new positions (55 attorneys), 44 workyears and \$7,301,000 in support of the USAs' white Collar Crime program in the specific areas of counterterrorism, computer and high technology crime.			
Terrorism and terrorist attacks are a part of many computer security breaches. Of 520 organizations responding to a 1998 Computer Security Institute survey, 64 percent reported financial losses due to computer security breaches. Of those organizations, 46 percent were able to quantify their losses, which totaled more than \$137 million. This represents a 36 percent increase over the amount of such losses reported in 1997.			
Further, according to a 1996 GAO Report, many defense and computer systems experts believe that computer attacks are capable of disrupting communications, stealing sensitive information, and threatening the Nation's ability to execute military operations. In 1998, a young hacker admitted to cutting off telephone service to the Worcester, Massachusetts airport, an act that disrupted communications to the control tower, the airport fire department and the security forces. Additional prosecutors are needed now to handle the increasing number of matters received, 162 in 1995 and 270 in 1998, a 67 percent increase for the period.			
Firearms Prosecutions	58	29	5,000
This initiative requests 58 positions (41 attorneys) 29 workyears and \$5,000,000 to conduct 10 to 15 intensive firearms prosecution projects around the country.			

The Bureau of Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco (BAFT) stated in its 1997 Annual Report that the number of firearms illegally trafficked by defendants was 51,540 in 1997, a 49 percent increase over the 34,491 firearms illegally trafficked in 1996. Further, the BATF estimates that 106,014 firearms-related crimes were prevented in 1997 as a result of successful convictions. Each defendant convicted in 1997 was sentenced to an average of three years in Federal prison.

Certain jurisdiction, such as Boston and Richmond, have been able to reduce firearms violence through collaborative efforts and strategic planning. Vigorous enforcement actions by Federal, State and local authorities, combined with a variety of innovative interventions based on sharing information and analytical techniques, have resulted in reducing rates of violent crime. Additional prosecutors are needed to continue this trend.

# UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS (Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Child Support Enforcement	95	48	\$5,000
This initiative requests 95 paralegal positions, 48 workyears and \$5,000,000 in support of the USAs' efforts to enhance child support restitution provided to custodial parents. Success in this initiative could potentially result in a reduction in the demand for Government entitlement programs.			
According to a 1996 GAO report, the Office of Child Support Enforcement at the Health and Human Services estimated a caseload of 20.1 million custodial parents seeking restitution through the nation's child support enforcement program, an increase of about 50 percent of the total numbers of instances reported in 1991.			
In a 1994 report, the GAO stated that greater Federal leadership, coupled with equally intensive State efforts, could better position the national child support enforcement program to serve the families that depend on it.  The additional resources sought in this initiative will significantly enhance the Federal Government leadership ability.			nicka dina dan manana manana mana
Total Program Changes, U.S. Attorneys	352	177	25,507

## UNITED STATES TRUSTEE SYSTEM FUND

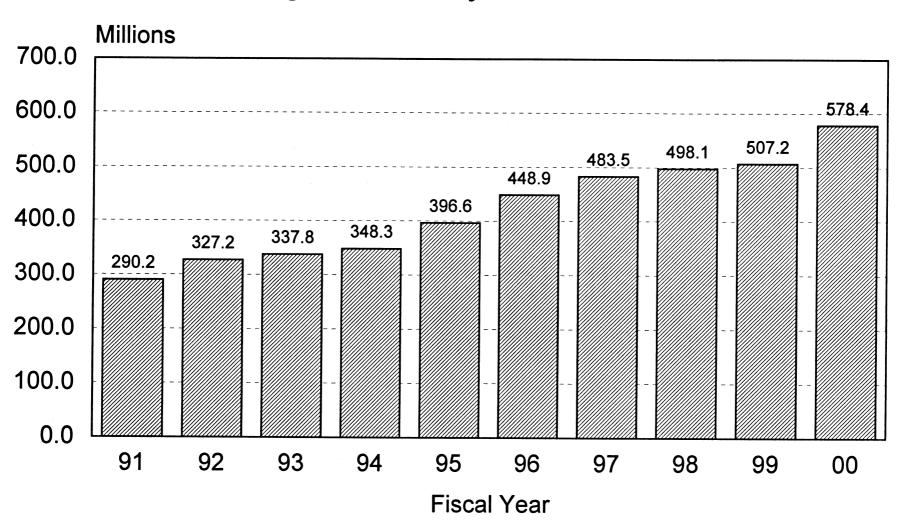
										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
1998 Actuals								••••••	••••••	1,128	1,044	\$117,541
1999 appropriation as enacted	***************************************		•••••							1,128	1.059	114,248
Y2K Transfer										•		1,003
1999 appropriation anticipated				•••••						1,128	1,059	115,251
Increases											•••	10,270
Decreases: Accident Compensation											:	(73)
Y2K Transfer 1/												(1,003)
2000 Base										1,128	1,059	124,445
Program changes (detailed below)											41_	4,884
2000 Estimate										1,128	1,100	129,329
	1999 Ap	propriation Ant	icipated		2000 Base			2000 Estimat	e	ı	ncrease/Decre	ase
Comparison by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount
Administration of Cases:						<u> </u>		<del></del>		ros.		
Budget Authority	1,075	1,007	\$106,657	1,075	1,007	\$114,823	1,075	1,047	\$119,668		40	\$4,845
Management and Administration:     Budget Authority	53	52	8,594	53	52	9,622	53	53	9,661		4	30
Total	1,128	1,059	115,251	1,128	1,059	124,445	1,128	1,100	129,329	•••	41	4,884
1/ Includes \$1 million Y2K transfer that was provide	ed on a one-time	e basis.										
Drawer Change										Perm.		
Program Changes										Pos.	FTE	Amount
Annualization of FY 1998 Caseload Po	sitions			•••••	•						41	\$2,284
This initiative requests \$2,284,000 to b to continue handling a bankruptcy case approved in the FY 1998 appropriation	load in exces	s of 1.2 millio	on filings. This						ees			
Automation												2,600
This initiative requests \$2,600,000 to p electronic networking of the Trustee Pr	ermit the Trus	stees to conti	inue the redesig	n of its case i		database and to	o provide sup	port for the				·
Total Program Changes, U.S. Trustee												

#### FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION

										Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals						•••••				11	5	\$802
1999 appropriation as enacted										11	11	1,227
Increases (see p. )  Decrease for GSA Rent reduction												54 (106)
2000 base										11	11	1,175
2000 estimate					······································					11	11	1,175
		Appropriation	as Enacted		2000 Ba	se		2000 Estir	nate		crease/Decr	ease
Comparison by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FTE	A mount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm	CTC	Amount	Perm	ETE	Amazimt
Adjudication of International Claims		11	<u>Amount</u> \$1,227	<u> 11</u>	11	<u>Amount</u> \$1,175	<u>Pos.</u> 11	<u>FTE</u> 11	<u>Amount</u> \$1,175	<u>Pos.</u> 	<u>FTE</u> 	Amount 

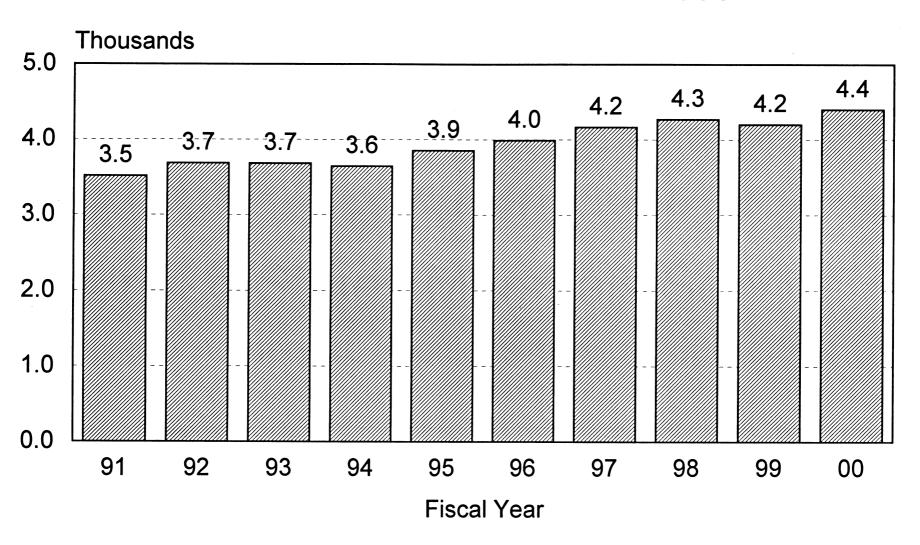
# United States Marshals Service

# Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



# United States Marshals Service

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



#### U.S MARSHALS

(Dollars in Thousands)

	SALARIE	CO	NSTRUC	CTION	JPATS R	EVOLVII	NG FUND	TOTAL				
	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos. 1/	FTE	Amount	Pos.	2/ FTE	Amount
1998 obligations	4,269	4,066	\$500,578							4,269	4,066	\$500,578
1999 enacted	4,210	4,037	501,909			\$4,600	183	183		4.393	4,220	506,509
Y2K Transfer			700								•	700
1999 total availability	4,210	4.037	502,609			4,600	183	183	•••	4,393	 4,220	507,209
2000 estimate	4,414	4,159	569,590	9	 5	8,832	183	183	•••	1	•	• 1
Change 1999 to 2000	204	122	66,981	9	5	· ·			•••	4,606	4,347	578,422
Adjustments to base	204	122	00,501			4,232	•••	•••	•••	213	127	71,213
Transfers:												
ICDE Resource Redirection	13	13	1,942							13	13	1,942
Increases:			.,	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	.0		1,042
2000 Pay Raise			10,449									10.449
Annualization of 1999 pay raise			4,352		·						•••	4,352
Within-grade increases (WIGI)									•••			
Annualization of 1999 positions	•••	26	1,165					•••	•••		26	1,165
Personnel Compensation Shortfall		•••			•••			•••				
Accident compensation FTS Recomp/Transition Costs		•••	324	•••	•••		•••					324
FTS Usage Cost	•••	•••	1,185	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••		•••	1,185
Universal Service Fund	•••	•••	970 276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			970
GSA Rent	•••	•••		•••	•••			•••	•••		•••	276
National Archives and Record Projections	•••	•••	12,289 18	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	12,289
Spectrum Frequency Management			66	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	18 66
Small Disadvantaged Business Unit			11					•••	•••		•••	11
Base Shortfall:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	14,000									14,000
District Guard Hire			[2,700]									14,000
Hawaii, Guam , CNMI Prisoner Trans Trips			[3,260]									
AG Caribbean Fugitive Task Force	•••		[600]				•••					
CDB Infotek/Autotrack			[480]				•••				•••	
Permanent Change of Station Moves			[3,760]									
Computer Services Base	•••		[3,200]									
General Pricing Level	•••	•••	1,128	•••		132	•••	•••				1,260
Total increases		26	46,233			132					26	46,365
Decreases:												, ,
Non-recurring increases (Courthouse equipment)			(4,018)									(4,018)
Total, adjustments to base	13	39	44,157			132				13	39	44,289
2000 base	4,223	4,076	546,766			4,732	183	183		4,406	4,259	551,498
Program changes												
Protection of the Judiciary	191	96	22,824							191	96	22,824
Above Standard Construction			22,024		 5	4,100				9	5	4,100
Total, program changes	191	96	22,824	9	5	4,100				200	101	26,924
2000 estimate	4,414	4,172	569,590	9	5	8,832	183	183		4,606	4,360	578,422
Change 1999 to 2000	204	135	67,681	9	5	4,232				213	140	71,213
At Dames Association of the state of the sta			,,			.,			1		170	11,213

<sup>1/</sup> Permanent positions reflected here are for illustrative purposes only; they are funded from program revenues and are not included in the Department's total positions.

<sup>2/</sup> Includes 183 permanent positions reflected here for illustrative purposes only; they are funded from program revenues and are not included in the Department's total positions.

### <u>U.S. MARSHALS SERVICE</u> (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm		
	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals (Direct)	4,102	4,066	\$476,503
1998 actuals (VCRP)	167		24,075
Total, 1998 actuals 1/	4,269	4,066	500,578
1999 appropriation as enacted (Direct and VCRP)	4,210	4,037	501,909
Y2K Transfer		•••	700
1999 appropriation anticipated (Direct)	4,043	3,870	477,056
1999 appropriation anticipated (VCRP)	167	167	25,553
Total, 1999 availability	4,210	4,037	502,609
ICDE Base Redirection	13	13	1,942
Increases (see p. 70)	•••	26	46,233
Decreases (see p. 70)	•••	•••	(4,018)
2000 base	4,223	4,076	546,766
Program changes (See Program Narrative for Details)	191	96	22,824
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (Direct)	4,247	3,992	543,380
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (VCRP)	167	167	26,210
Total, 2000 estimate 2/	4,414	4,172	569,590

<sup>1/</sup> While HIDTA transfers are shown in 1998 actuals, they are not shown for 1999 or 2000 because final decisions on amounts have not been made.

<sup>2/</sup> In 2000, ICDE resources, which total 13 positions (13 DUSMs), 13 FTE, and \$1,942,000, are to be redirected from the ICDE appropriation to USMS' direct base resources.

		1999 Availab	oility		2000 Bas	9		2000 Estima	ate	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	EIE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	
Protection of the Judicial Process	2,503	2,443	\$280,998	2,503	2,463	\$298,364	2,694	2,559	\$321,188	191	96	\$22,824	
National Prisoner Transportation	99	112	43,664	99	112	49,114	99	112	49,114			•••	
Fugitive Apprehension	663	646	70,371	676	661	78,082	676	661	78,082				
Seized Assets Management	339	325	25,277	339	325	26,372	339	325	26,372			•••	
D.C. Superior Court	206	196	19,884	206	196	20,829	206	196	20,829	•••		•••	
Service of Legal Process	182	186	19,324	182	188	20,561	182	188	20,561	•••			
Training	27	24	4,882	27	24	5,255	27	24	5,255				
ADP/Telecommunications	35	28	18,278	35	29	23,095	35	29	23,095			•••	
Management & Administration	156	77	19,931	156	78	25,094	156	78	25,094	•••	•••		
Total	4,210	4,037	502,609	4,223	4,076	546,766	4,414	4,172	569,590	191	96	22,824	
Direct (non-add)	[4,043]	[3,870]	[477,056]	[4,056]	[3,909]	[520, <b>556]</b>	[4,161]	[4,005]	[543,380]	[191]	[96]	[22,824]	
VCRP (non-add)	[167]	[167]	[25,553]	[167]	[167]	[26,210]	[167]	[167]	[26,210]		• •		
Reimbursable FTE		70			56			56			•••		
Grand Total	4,210	4,107	502,609	4,223	4,132	546,766	4,414	4,228	569,590	191	96	22,824	

### U.S. MARSHALS SERVICE (Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
Mandatory Workload Model	191	96	\$13,824
As the top priority, the USMS seeks \$13,824,000 and 191 positions (149 DUSMs) to handle the increased workload generated by other law enforcement agencies and the opening of new courthouses. Historically, the USMS has never had a standardized method for requesting positions to respond to the workload generated by other federal law enforcement agencies. In 1996, the USMS contracted with Fentress Incorporated to develop a statistical model to forecast personnel needs. The Fentress model examines 12 years of other law enforcement staffing levels and USMS workload data, and demonstrates that the increase in law enforcement personnel at the FBI, DEA, INS and USA in 1998 will generate significant workload for the USMS in 2000. The Fentress model indicates personnel needs that are a direct result of the increased requirements of new courthouses and courthouse renovations. Of the amount requested, \$9,591,000 and 131 positions (102 DUSMs) are for the uncontrollable workload growth, and \$4,233,000 and 60 positions (47 DUSMs) are for new courthouse openings and renovations.			
Courthouse Security Equipment			9,000
The USMS requests \$9,000,000 to furnish and equip courthouses that are new or undergoing significant renovation. The acquisition and installation of security equipment in new courthouses is imperative to the safe and secure operation of the courthouse and can take up to 2 years to complete, from the time of laying out the system on construction blueprints to the final installation. Telephone and radio systems are also an integral part of the building structure and must be purchased new during the construction phase. New furniture is required for common areas in addition to that which is included in the costs for new positions. Of the amount requested, \$7,896,000 is for security systems, \$317,000 is for telephone systems, \$429,000 is for radios, and \$358,000 is for furniture.			
Total Program Changes, United States Marshals Service	191	96	22,824

#### U.S. MARSHALS SERVICE CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM (Dollars in thousands)

				`		,				Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals			•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								•••
1999 appropriation as enacted						•••••			•••••			\$4,600
Increases (see p. 70)		•••••		•••••		•••••				•••		132
2000 base											•••	4,732
Program changes (See Program Narrativ	e for Det	tails)	•••••						•••••	9	5	4,100
2000 Estimate		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•••••	•••••			9	5	8,832
	1999 A	ppropriation	n as Enacted		2000 (	3ase		2000 Es	stimate		Increase/De	crease
Comparison by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount
Renovation of U.S. Courthouses			. \$4,600			\$4,732	9	5	5 \$8,832	9	5	\$4,100
to FY 1999. The funds were then made a a construction account was established in Base funding of \$4,600,000 funds facilitie  Program Changes	n the USI es' mainte	MS to fac enance a	cilitate account nd repair.	ability a	nd trackir	g of resources	S.			Pos.	ETE	Amount
Above Standard Construction			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							9	5	\$4,100
An enhancement of \$4,100,000 is request construction and renovation program, and the renovation program. In FY 1998, the to identify existing security deficiencies ar will be used to renovate USMS space to a severe deficiencies as identified by the su circulation corridors, courtroom holding of sallyports, and secure vehicle parking.	d to hire of USMS so nd provid correct co rvey. US	constructurveyed le a basisellblock a SMS spa	tion engineers USMS space ir s for prioritizing and security def ce includes the	and sec n all Fed n renova ficiencie n detentie	urity spectorial countion projes, beginn on cellblo	ialists to oversithouse facilitie cts. These fui ing with the m cks, secure pr	see es nds ost risoner					
Total Program Changes, Construction Pro	ogram, U	Inited Sta	ates Marshals S	Service						9	5	4,100

## U.S. MARSHALS SERVICE FEDERAL PRISONER DETENTION PROGRAM (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amazint
1998 actuals											- FIE	Amount
1998 actuals											•••	\$440,978
1999 appropriation as enacted												425,000
Increases (see p. 36)				•••••			•••••			•••		5,632
2000 base		•••••	•••••									430,632
Program changes (See Program Narra	ative for De	tails)	••••••					•••••				119,600
2000 Estimate				•••••			•••••					550,232
	1999 A	nnronriatio	n as Enacted		2000 1	200		2000 5-4	·			
	Perm	ppropriation	1 as Lilacted	Perm			2000 Est	imate	Perm	Increase/Dec	rease	
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
Comparison by activity and program  Care of U.S. Prisoners			\$425,000	Pos.		\$430.632	Pos.		Amount \$550,232		FTE	Amount \$119,600
										Pos.		

The total request will fund the costs associated with approximately 8,870,000 contract jail days at the cost of \$56.95 per jail day. This is approximately 2,100,000 contract jail days above the base level.

Because the federal detention population did not grow as rapidly as projected in 1996 and 1997, excess prior year funds allowed the USMS to house all its detainees without an increase in the appropriated funding level in 1998. However, by the beginning of 1999, those prior year funds were exhausted, and the 1999 appropriated level is insufficient to house the anticipated number of detainees. The Department plans to supplement the 1999 appropriation through reimbursements and transfers. Thus, in 2000, the Federal Prisoner Detention appropriation requires a larger than normal increase to accommodate not only the anticipated 2000 increases, but also the large growth experienced in 1999 that was not funded in the base.

### FEES and EXPENSES of WITNESSES (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals		•••	\$90,021
1999 appropriation as enacted			95,000
Increases	•••	•••	
Decreases	•••		•••
2000 base	•••	•••	95,000
Program changes (detailed below)			15,000
Total, 2000 estimate	•••	•••	110,000

	1999 Appropriation as Enacted				2000 B	ase	2000 Estimate			Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		-	
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	Amount	
Fees and Expenses of Witnesses		•••	\$65,515		•••	\$64,515			\$79,515	•••	•••	\$15,000	
2. Protection of Witnesses			27,485			27,485		•••	27,485				
3. Victim Compensation Fund	•••		(1,000)			(1,000)			(1,000)				
4. Private Counsel		•••	1,600	•••	•••	1,600			1,600				
5. Superior Court Informants Program		•••	1,400			1,400		•••	1,400		•••	···	
6. Alternative Dispute Resolution 1/	•••	•••				1,000	•••		1,000			•••	
Grand Total	•••		95,000			95,000	•••		110,000			15,000	

<sup>1/</sup> Fiscal year 2000 will be the first year that the FEW appropriation will include an ADR line item. This new requirement will be funded within existing resources. The appropriate Congressional committees will be notified of this proposal pursuant to Section 605 of the 1999 DOJ Appropriations Act.

#### FEES and EXPENSES of WITNESSES

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Expert Witnesses		•••	\$15,000

Additional expert witness funding is sought to continue paying escalating witness fees throughout the witness user community. Of specific note are extraordinary expenses generated by the WINSTAR cases in the Civil Division and the mega-CERCLA defensive contribution cases in the Environment Division. The anticipated increases in the Civil and Environment Divisions account for \$10 million of the requested enhancement. The remaining amount of the additional funding (\$5 million) will be used to fund expert witness expenses in tobacco litigation wherein the Federal Government will attempt to recover the expenses of Federal health care programs for tobacco-related diseases.

### COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
1998 actuals	•••••		•••••			•••••				41	39	\$5,319
1999 appropriation as enacted			•••••			•••••				56	51	7,199
Increases	•••••										5	1,013
2000 base										56	56	8,212
Program changes (detailed below)										30	15	2,132
2000 estimate		••••••								86	71	10,344
		propriatio	n as Enacted		2000 Ba	ise		2000 Es	stimate		rease/De	crease
Comparison by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	ETE	Amount
1 Conflict Prevention and Resolution												
Program Operations	56	51	\$7,199	56	56	\$8,212	86	71	\$10,344	30	15	\$2,132

Program Changes	Pos.	ETE	Amount
Conflict Prevention and Resolution Program Operations	30	15	\$2,132

The Community Relations Service is requesting a program enhancement of \$2,132,000 to address racial violence, disorders and conflict in local communities. The enhancement would improve and expand delivery of conciliation and conflict resolution services to local jurisdictions through the establishment of 15 strategically located field offices staffed by conciliation specialists. These new offices will ensure that CRS services are more readily accessible to its consumer groups. Localized services will allow CRS to be consistently on-site and to maintain ongoing working relationships with local officials, law enforcement agencies and civic leaders especially during times of community unrest and disorder.

Note: The FY 2000 appropriations language contains a provision permitting the Attorney General to make available to CRS up to \$3.3 million in additional funding from Department of Justice resources.

### INDEPENDENT COUNSEL (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	EIE	Amount
1998 actuals					•••••	•••••						\$17,960
1999 appropriation as enacted				•••••				•••••				9,500
2000 base					•••••					•••		9,500
2000 estimate						•••••				•••		9,500
	1999 A	Appropriation	as Enacted		2000 Ba	ase		2000 Est	imate	lı	ncrease/Decre	ease
Comment and the state of	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount

\$9,500

\$9.500

Congress enacted a permanent indefinite appropriation to fund the expenses of Independent Counsel investigations and prosecutions in the 1988 Department of Justice Appropriations Act (P.L. 100-202). Under this appropriation, all necessary costs and expenses incurred in the pursuit of these investigations will be funded from amounts available in the Treasury. Independent Counsel investigations were authorized by Congress in the 1978 Ethics in Government Act. The authorization expired December 15, 1992, five years after the enactment of the Independent Counsel Reauthorization Act of 1987. However, the provisions of the chapter remained in effect for ongoing investigations. In June 1994, the Independent Counsel Reauthorization Act of 1994 was signed into law. The Reauthorization Act continues the operations of the Independent Counsel for five years.

\$9,500

1. Independent Counsel.....

Currently, expenses are being incurred for the following offices: Independent Counsels Starr, Smaltz, Barrett, Bruce, Lancaster, Thompson, Von Kann, and Pearson. Costs that are being incurred for the last three offices (Thompson, Von Kann, and Pearson) are related to close-out activities. For FY 2000, costs of ongoing Independent Counsel investigations will vary depending upon the nature and duration of the investigations. This request does not include funding for Counsel that may be appointed in the future.

#### ASSET FORFEITURE FUND

### Special Fund (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals: Appropriated Definite Authority Permanent Indefinite Authority 1/			\$19,463 414,993
1999 appropriation enacted: Appropriated Definite Authority Permanent Indefinite Authority 2/			23,000 479,219
2000 base: Appropriated Definite Authority Permanent Indefinite Authority			23,000 409,910
2000 estimate: Appropriated Definite Authority Permanent Indefinite Authority		 	23,000 409,910

<sup>1/</sup> The 1998 Permanent Indefinite Authority of \$414,993,000 includes \$31,932,000 in Super Surplus obligations.

<sup>2/</sup> The 1999 Permanent Indefinite Authority of \$479,219,000 includes Super Surplus obligations of \$104,609,000 planned for 1999.

	1999 Appro	priation a	s Enacted		000 Bas	<u>e</u> , _		0 Estima	<u>te</u>		se/Decre	<u>ase</u>
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		_
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
Appropriated Definite Authority:     Investigative Expenses			\$23,000	•••		\$23,000			\$23,000			
2. Permanent Indefinite Budget Authority.			479,219			409,910		<del></del> -	409,910	•••		•••
Total			502,219			432,910			432,910			

The primary purpose of the Fund is to provide a stable source of resources to cover the costs of an effective asset seizure and forfeiture program, including the costs of seizing, evaluating, inventorying, maintaining, protecting, advertising, forfeiting, and disposing of property. Prior to the creation of the Fund, costs of these activities had to be diverted from agency operational funds. Receipts (permanent indefinite authority) are available to pay program operations expenses and to recognize the equity of innocent third parties, lienholders, and state and local law enforcement agencies and for authorized investigative expenses (appropriated definite authority), including awards for information or assistance in law enforcement cases, costs of equipping conveyances for law enforcement functions, and the purchase of evidence, as provided in the appropriations act. Surplus revenues (Super Surplus) are used to assist in financing important law enforcement programs. Receipts for 1997 totaled \$445.6 million, \$66.6 million higher than receipts in 1996. Receipts for 1998 totaled \$448.9 million, \$3.3 million higher than receipts in 1997. Receipt estimates for 1999 and 2000 are \$434 million, respectively, including interest earned on BCCI balances, which is not available for general operations of the Fund.

### RADIATION EXPOSURE COMPENSATION TRUST FUND - ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
1998 actuals	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•••••							\$1,210
1999 appropriation as enacted												2,000
2000 base	•••••								•••••	•••		2,000
2000 estimate		•••••			••••				······································			2,000
	1999 A <sub>l</sub>	ppropriation	as Enacted		2000 Ba	Se		2000 Estir	mate	l:	ncrease/Decr	ease
	Perm			Perm			Perm	****		Perm		
Comparison by activity and program  1. Administrative Expenses	<u>Pos.</u> 	ETE 	Amount \$2,000	Pos	ETE 	<u>Amount</u> \$2,000	Pos. 	ETE 	<u>Amount</u> \$2,000	Pos	ETE 	Amount

Note: Funding for the positions associated with the Radiation Exposure Compensation Trust Fund is provided in a separate appropriation that scores expenses against the Defense functional classification. This funding is then made available to the Civil Division through a reimbursable agreement.

#### RADIATION EXPOSURE COMPENSATION TRUST FUND

(Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
1998 actuals				•••••								\$12,339
1999 appropriation as enacted												
Program changes (detailed below)				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						•••		21,714
2000 estimate												21,714
	1999	Appropriation	on as Enacted		2000	Base		2000 Es	timate		Increase/Dec	rease
Comparison by activity and program  1. Payment of Radiation Exposure claims	Perm Pos.	ETE 	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u> 	FIE	Amount	Perm Pos. 	FTE	<u>Amount</u> \$21,714	Perm Pos.	FIE	Amount \$21,714
Program Changes										Perm. Pos.	ETE	Amount
An increase of \$21,714,000 is required to o	continue	making p	ayments to in	dividuals	with clair	ms against t	the Trust F	und in 19	99.			\$21,714

For 1998, approximately \$34.0 million was available in the Trust Fund. The amount included carryover of almost \$29 million, an appropriation of nearly \$4.4 million and estimated interest from Government bonds of \$633,000. Over 150 claims were approved, representing \$10.8 million. Actual payments from the Trust Fund totaled \$12.3 million.

For 1999, approximately \$21.0 million is available, which was carried over from prior years and includes interest earnings of \$404,000. Nearly 200 claims are expected to be approved, representing \$14.7 million. Actual payments from the Trust Fund are estimated at \$13.1 million.

With an appropriation of \$21.7 million in FY 2000, total availability is estimated at \$30.6 million. That amount includes anticipated carryover of \$8.3 million and interest earnings of \$563,000. At that level, the Trust Fund would be able to fund the increased level of claims expected to result from amendments to the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act that are supported by the Administration.

### INTERAGENCY CRIME AND DRUG ENFORCEMENT (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos.	ETE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	3,015	2,960	\$294,967
1999 appropriation as enacted	3,015	2,960	304,014
Transfers to other accounts (see p. 38)	(3,015)	(2,960)	(304,014)
2000 Base	•••		
2000 Estimate		•••	

	1999	Appropriat	ion as Enacted		2000 Bas	Ð		2000 Estim	ate	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm		_	Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	EIE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	
1. Drug Law Enforcement													
Drug Enforcement Administration	975	962	\$97,384								•••		
Federal Bureau of Investigation	830	830	96,663						•••			•••	
Immigration & Naturalization Service	102	102	10,719									•••	
U.S. Marshals Service	13	13	1,421										
Subtotal	1,920	1,907	206,187	•••	•••	•••	·					•••	
2. Drug Intelligence													
Drug Enforcement Administration	25	25	2,228										
Federal Bureau of Investigation	151	151	12,166		•••			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Subtotal	176	176	14,394						•••	•••	•••	•••	
3. Prosecutions													
U.S. Attorneys	887	847	79,832		•••						•••		
Criminal Division	6	6	759			•••		•••	•••	•••			
Tax Division	14	12	1,293		•••	•••	•••		•••				
Subtotal	907	865	81,884			•••			•••	•••	•••	•••	
4. Administrative Support													
Executive Office	12	12	1,549										
TOTAL	3,015	2,960	304,014										

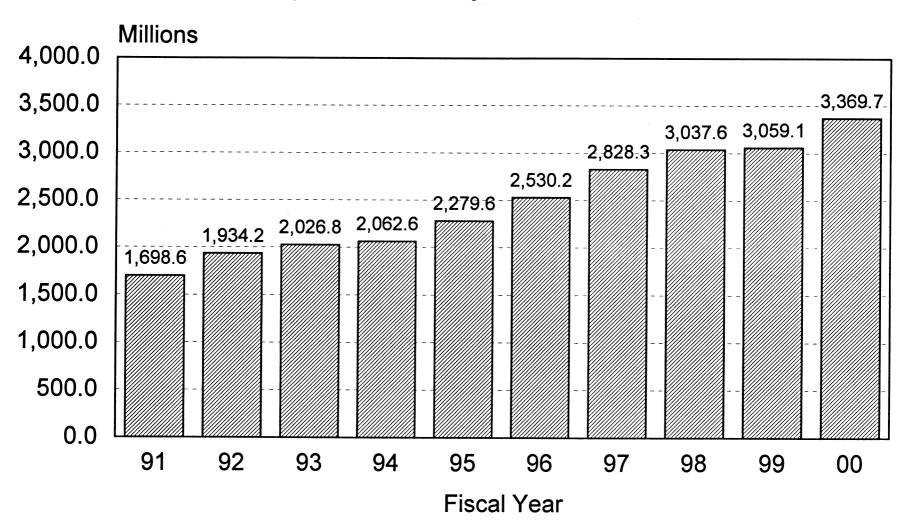
Note: The Positions and workyears reflected for this appropriation are reimbursable for the participating agencies and are provided here for illustrative purposes.

In FY 2000, the Department plans to eliminate this appropriation and transfer all resources to the appropriations of the participating components.

The mission and functions of the nine Organized Crime and Drug Enforcement Task Forces (OCDETF) presently supported by the consolidated appropriation will remain unchanged by this action. Direct funding of all OCDETF requirements will make participating organizations responsible for justifying enhancements related to OCDETF workload within the context of all drug program-related activities in the component. The OCDETF Executive Office will continue to provide central management and policy guidance for the program.

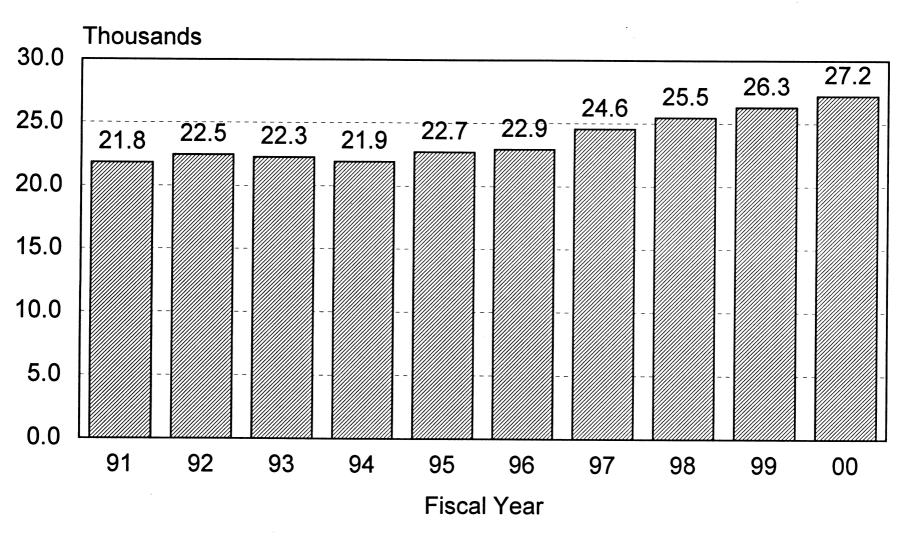
# Federal Bureau of Investigation

Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



# Federal Bureau of Investigation

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (Dollars in Thousands)

	SALARIES AND EXPENSES AND VCRP		CONSTRUCTION	HEALTH CARE F ABUSE CONTRO		1		TOTAL		
	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 obligations	24,938	24,408	2,953,599	22,081	569	533	56,000	25,507	24,941	3,031,680
1999 enacted	25,693	24,716	2,981,548	1,287	651	610	66,000	26,344	25,326	3,048,835
Y2K Transfer			10,293							10,293
1999 availability	25,693	24,716	2,991,841	1,287	651	610	66,000	26,344	25,326	3,059,128
2000 estimate	26,519	25,576	3,283,377	10,287	728	689	76,000	27,247	26,265	3,369,664
Change 1999 to 2000	826	860	291,536	9,000	77	79	10,000	903	939	310,536
Adjustments to base										
Transfers: Of NICS to fee-funding From ICDE From Counterterrorism Fund Total Transfers	(423) 981 558	(423) 981 558	(22,000) 113,039 10,000 101,039					(423) 981 558	(423) 981 558	(22,000) 113,039 10,000 101,039
Increases: 2000 Pay Raise		168	60,045 22,490 11,108 58 4,409 4,201 821			41	1,622 550 954		209	61,667 23,040 12,062 58 4,409 4,201 821
GSA Rent  National Archives and Record Projections  Spectrum Frequency Management  Small Disadvantaged Business Unit  General Pricing Level Adjustments			50,302 21 374 14 5,276				94			50,396 21 374 14 5,293
Total increases		168	159,119			41	3,237		209	162,356
Decreases: Non-recurring decreasesState Identification Grants			(59,281) (9,500)				•			(59,281) (9,500)
Total, adjustments to base	22.054	168	90,338	4.007		41	3,237		209	93,575
2000 base	26,251	25,442	3,183,218	1,287	651	651	69,237	26,902	26,093	3,253,742
Program changes		-								
Counterterrorism and Cybercrime Initiative Information Sharing Initiative	207	. 103	36,742 38,800				-	207	103	36,742 38,800
Reports Officers  Federal Convicted Offender DNA Database. Investigative Information Services Laboratory Activation Labnet Non-Drug System Development	56 5	28 3	3,682 5,336 4,325 5,000 4,164 2,110					56 5	28 3	3,682 5,336 4,325 5,000 4,164 2,110
Hazardous Devices School Modernization Health Care Fraud Enforcement				9,000	77	38	6,763	77	38	9,000 6,763
Total, program changes	268	134	100,159	9,000	77	38	6,763	345	172	115,922
2000 estimate	26,519 826	25,576 860	3,283,377 291,536	10,287 9,000	728 77	689 79	76,000 10,000	27,247 903	26,265 939	3,369,664 310,536

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals (Direct)	24,932 . 6	24,406 2	\$2,786,411 167,188
Total 1998 actuals	24,938	24,408	2,953,599
1999 as enacted	25,693	24,716 	2,981,548 10,293
1999 Availability (Direct)	25,264 429	24,287 429	2,768,485 223,356
Total 1999 availability 1/	25 603	24,716	2,991,841
[Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act] 2/	. [651]	[610]	[66,000]
Transfer:			
of NICS to fee-funding	. (423)	(423)	(22,000)
from Interagency Crime Drug Enforcement 3/	. 981 	981 	113,039 10,000
Increases (see p. 85)		168	159,119
Decreases:			
Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification System (IAFIS)			(43,834)
Rapid Deployment Teams			(5,145)
Medical & Safety Equipment and Supplies			(393)
Lab equipment and forensic supplies.	•••	•••	(1,125)
Translation EquipmentState Identification System Grants		•••	(450)
Vehicles	•••	•••	(9,500) (8,334)
-			(0,334)
2000 base	26,251	25,442	3,183,218
Program changes (detailed below)	268	134_	100,159
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (Direct)	26,519 	25,576 	3,002,876 280,501
Total, 2000 estimate 4/	26,519	25,576	3,283,377
[Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act]	[728]	[689]	[76,000]

<sup>1/</sup> While HIDTA transfers are shown in 1998 actuals, they are not shown for 1999 or 2000 because final decisions on amounts have not been made.

<sup>2/</sup> Provided for information purposes only. Figure is a non-add. Amounts for the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act are considered reimbursable resources.

<sup>3/</sup> In 2000, ICDE resources, which total 981 positions, 981 FTE and \$113,039,000, are to be redirected to FIB's direct base resources.

<sup>4/</sup> In addition to direct funding, the FBI will receive reimbursable resources totaling 2,646 positions (454 agents) and 2,454 FTE in 2000. In accordance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, the FBI will receive \$76,000,000 in 2000 to support 728 positions (415 agents) and 689 FTE for health care fraud investigations.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

	1999 Appropriation as Enacted				2000 Base			2000 Estim	ate	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	
<ol> <li>Criminal, Security, and Other Investigation</li> </ol>													
Organized Criminal Enterprises	3,998	3,955	\$411,070	4,979	4,936	\$546,894	5,035	4,964	\$552,686	56	28	\$5,792	
White-Collar Crime	4,333	4,131	436,196	4,333	4,183	463,071	4,441	4,237	474,461	108	54	11,390	
Other Field Programs	10,461	10,101	1,186,660	10,461	10,201	1,254,198	10,461	10,201	1,255,854			1,656	
Subtotal	18,792	18,187	2,033,926	19,773	19,320	2,264,163	19,937	19,402	2,283,001	164	82	18,838	
2. Law Enforcement Support													
Training, Recruitment, and Applicant.	1,016	978	\$110,801	1,016	978	\$116,047	1,016	978	116,047	•••	•••	•••	
Forensic Services	753	702	121,968	753	715	117,201	837	757	141,562	84	42	24,361	
Information, Management, Automation,													
and Telecommunications	561	526	135,905	561	526	159,708	561	526	202,833		•••	43,125	
Technical Field Support and Services	267	252	214,241	267	255	207,513	287	265	221,348	20	10	13,835	
Criminal Justice Services	2,159	2,051	188,252	1,736	1,628	131,066	1,736	1,628	131,066				
Subtotal	4,756	4,509	771,167	4,333	4,102	731,535	4,437	4,154	812,856	104	52	81,321	
3 Program Direction													
Management and Administration	2,145	2,020	176,455	2,145	2,020	187,520	2,145	2,020	187,520			•••	
Total	25,693	24,716	2,981,548	26,251	25,442	3,183,218	26,519	25,576	3,283,377	268	134	100,159	
Direct[Non-Add]	25, 264	24,287	2,758,192	26,251	25,442	2,980,803	26,519	25,576	3,002,876	268	134	22,073	
VCRP[Non-Add]	429	429	223, 356	•••	•••	202,415			280,501			78,086	
Reimbursable FTE	<u></u>	2,888			2,371		<u></u>	2,454		<del></del>	83		
Grand Total	25,693	27,604	2,981,548	26,251	27,813	3,183,218	26,519	28,030	3,283,377	268	217	100,159	

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Intelligence Collection and Analysis Initiative	56	28	\$48,917

#### 1. Information Sharing Initiative

The FBI's Strategic Plan for 1998-2003 directly depends upon the successful execution of its Information Technology strategy. The Information Sharing Initiative (ISI) is a multi-phase, multi-year program to provide the information technology and capabilities identified by FBI program managers as needed to support investigations and achieve program goals and objectives. For 2000, the FBI requests \$38,800,000 to continue implementation of Phase 1 of the ISI, which focuses upon upgrading and enhancing the underlying automation and telecommunciations infrastructure. Initial funding for Phase 1 implementation was provided in 1999. Future phases of ISI will provide enhanced analytical capabilities and develop capabilities for sharing information with other federal, state, and local agencies.

#### 2. Intelligence Collection and Management

Emerging national security and crime problems are placing an increased demand for analysis and dissemination on existing FBI intelligence capabilities. An enhanced intelligence collection, analysis, and dissemination capability is needed that will allow the FBI to: 1) better identify the issues and emerging crime problems that pose a threat to the nation's security; 2) better link criminal associations and relationships in support of multi-jurisdictional investigations and program initiatives; and 3) provide real-time information in support of criminal and national security investigations. Based upon its Strategic Plan for 1998-2003, the FBI is developing an integrated intelligence program with systematic collection approaches and structured analytical methods. To support this effort in 2000, the FBI requests a total of \$5,792,000 to hire 56 Intelligence Collection Management Officers (28 workyears) and acquire services and equipment to be used for intelligence collection and analysis. This program increase would also provide a fully operational system that integrates and links transactional data with free text information from investigative cases and other sources.

#### 3. Investigative Information Services

The FBI requests \$4,325,000 to continue providing FBI field offices with access to commercially available, on-line databases. These commercial databases provide access to public source information regarding individuals and property, including credit, real property, and tax records, that are used for investigative purposes, such as locating fugitives or other individuals sought for questioning, identifying property eligible under law for forfeiture or seizure, and conducting background investigations for employment.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

 Perm.
 Pos.
 FTE
 Amount

 Technology and Cyber Crime Initiative.
 207
 103
 \$36,742

#### 1. National Infrastructure Protection and Computer Intrusion Program (NIPCIP)

The mission of the National Infrastructure Protection Center (NIPC) is to identify, investigate, and prevent threats and unlawful acts targeting the critical infrastructures of the United States, including illegal intrusions into government computer networks, protected civilian computers, and the National Information Infrastructure. Under Presidential Decision Directive (PDD) - 63, all Executive Departments and agencies are instructed to share information about threats, warnings of attacks, and actual attacks on critical government and private sector infrastructures with the NIPC, which is managed by the FBI. Specialized field squads investigate computer intrusions and computer crimes and conduct infrastructure security threat assessments. For 2000, the FBI requests 108 positions (60 agents), 54 workyears, and \$11,390,000 to establish up to 12 additional field squads and provide equipment for 26 other field offices, and \$1,656,000 to continue operations and programs of the NIPC at FBI Headquarters.

#### 2. Computer Analysis and Response Teams (CART)

The widespread use of computers and the rapid advancement in computer systems technology are combining to increase the volume and complexity of computer-related evidence in criminal and national security investigations. The CART program of the FBI Laboratory assists law enforcement by extracting potential evidentiary material from computers, computer media, and network systems; conducting forensic examinations of data; and providing onsite technical field assistance to investigators. For 2000, the FBI requests **79 positions**, **39 workyears and \$9,861,000** to hire, train, and equip new CART examiners for FBI Headquarters (17) and field offices (62), acquire forensic supplies for existing examiners, and upgrade equipment to keep pace with workload increases and advances in computer technology reaching the marketplace and used by criminals and others.

#### 3. Cryptanalysis

The increasing use of computers and computer networks incorporating privacy features through the use of encryption requires the FBI to develop law enforcement capabilities to obtain, pursuant to court order, access to plaintext. Additionally, the growth in the number of criminal and national security investigations involving digitally-based telecommunications technologies requires the FBI to develop capabilities for protocol analysis and processing assistance. To meet these needs, the FBI requests 13 positions, 7 workyears, and \$9,635,000 for analysts and engineers, equipment, training, and technical support services to further develop its law enforcement cryptanalysis capabilities.

#### 4. Network Data Interception

Investigations of network and computer intrusions often requires the FBI to trace, pursuant to court order, the source of the intrusion or other illegal act back to the originator. To provide the necessary technical support to network intrusion cases, the FBI requests 7 positions, 3 workyears, and \$4,200,000 for additional technicians and engineers, equipment, training, and technical support services.

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm.		
<u>Program Changes</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Law Enforcement Services Initiative	5	3	\$9.500

#### Federal Convicted Offender DNA Database and LABNET

The FBI 2000 base reflects a reduction of \$9,500,000 currently available for state identification system formula grants. The FBI proposes to use this amount to fund program increases for the Federal Convicted Offender DNA Collection and LABNET.

The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 authorizes the FBI to expand the Combined DNA Index System (CODIS) to include Federal crimes and crimes committed in the District of Columbia. For 2000, the FBI requests 5 positions. 3 workyears and \$5,336,000 to establish the Federal Convicted Offenders DNA database. The FBI, with the assistance of other federal agencies, will collect, type, and enter into CODIS approximately 20,000 DNA samples from the current federal inmate population and from persons convicted of violent crimes in federal court. Currently, no DNA samples from federally convicted persons are being entered into CODIS.

The FBI also requests \$4,164,000 to enhance connectivity between the FBI Laboratory and federal, state, and local users of CODIS and the National Integrated Ballistics Information Network (NIBIN, formerly DRUGFIRE). Enhanced connectivity will be achieved through consolidation of the existing LABNET with the Criminal Justice Information Services - Wide Area Network (CJIS - WAN). Consolidation will improve delivery of services, enhance systems access, and provide secure communications with state and local law enforcement partners.

Infrastructure Initiative..... 5,000

#### 1. Laboratory Activation

Congress has provided funding for the FBI to construct a new FBI Laboratory at the FBI Academy in Quantico, Virginia. The new laboratory will ensure that the FBI maintains its role as a leader in the examination of forensic evidence for federal, state, and local law enforcement, the training of state and local forensic examiners, and the development and application of scientific and technological advancements to the solution of crimes and analysis of evidence. It is anticipated that construction of the new facility will be completed by the summer of 2001. Due to the lengthy lead time needed for the acquisition of certain specialized equipment, the FBI requests \$5,000,000 to begin the purchase of critical instrumentation and equipment for the new facility so that necessary installation, testing, and calibration of equipment can be completed in parallel to the occupancy of the new facility.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

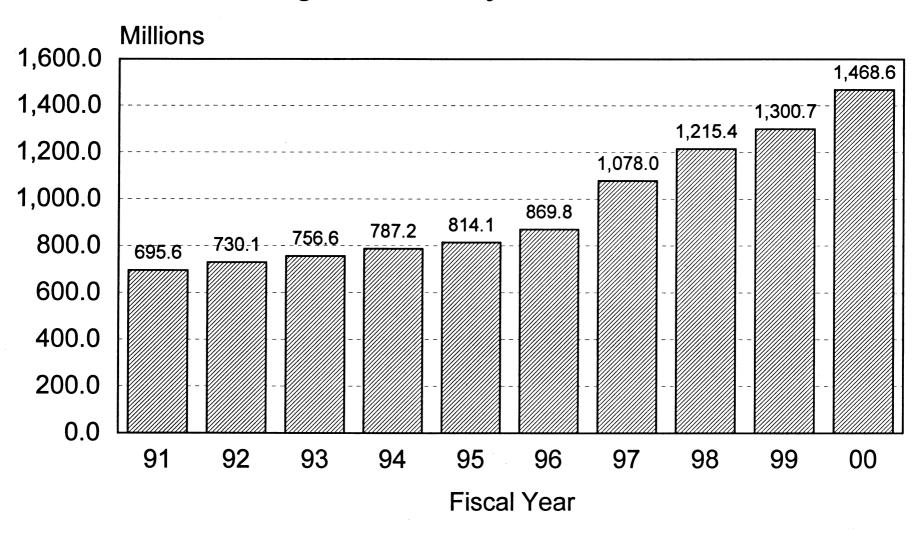
Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Reimbursable Workyear Changes		83	
An increase of 45 reimbursable workyears is required to support the National Instant Check System. Additionally, an increase of 38 workyears is provided for health care fraud enforcement in accordance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996. The HIPAA provides a total of \$76,000,000 for 2000, a \$10,000,000 increase over 1999. Of this amount, \$3,237,000 will be used to fund adjustments to base and the remaining \$6,763,000 will fund an additional 77 positions (35 agents).			
Grand Total Program Changes, Federal Bureau of Investigation		83	\$100,159

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION CONSTRUCTION (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals			••••••	•••••						•••		\$22,081
1999 appropriation as enacted												1,287
2000 base		•••••										1,287
Program changes (detailed below)												9,000
2000 estimate						••••••						10,287
		propriation a	s Enacted		2000 Base			000 Estima	te	Inc	rease/Decr	ease
Comparison by activity and program	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount
Law Enforcement Support												
Training, Recruitment, and Applicant		•••	\$1,287			\$1,287			\$1,287			
Forensic Services				•••					9,000		•••	\$9,000
Information, Management, Automation,												
and Telecommunications Technical Field Support and Services	•••	•••		•••	•••			•••	•••	•••	•••	•
Criminal Justice Services	•••	•••	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••						•
TOTAL			1,287			1,287			10,287			9,000
Program Changes										Pos.	FTE	Amount
Hazardous Devises School (HDS) Modernization												\$9,000
An increase of \$9,000,000 is requested to modernize the domestic training program for state and local law enforce will provide modifications at the school to accommodate training.	ement to lea	rn safe and	effective bomb	disposal pro	cedures.	The resources	requested	nal				
		,								-		-
Total Program Changes, Construction Program, F	ederal Bur	eau of Inve	stigation									9,000

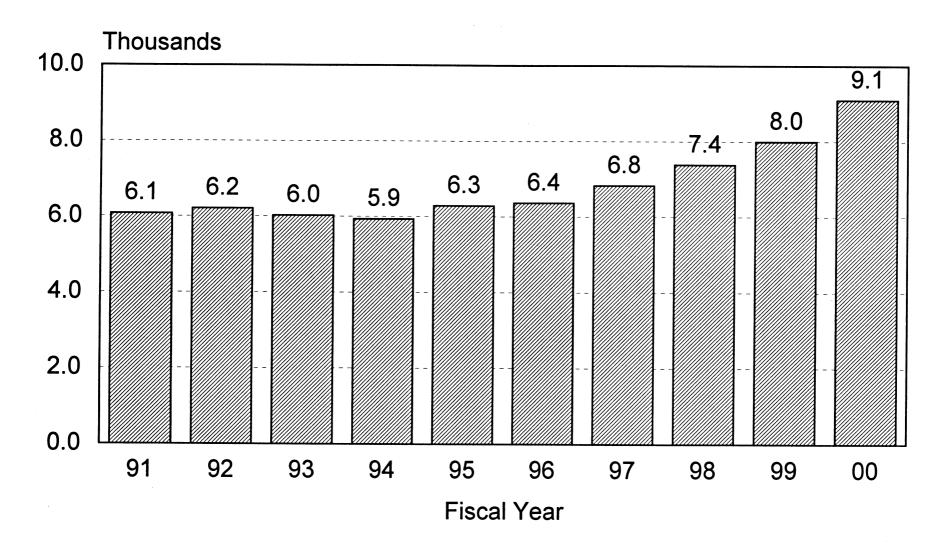
## **Drug Enforcement Administration**

## Budget Authority 1991-2000



## Drug Enforcement Administration

### Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



### DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION (Dollars in thousands)

		ES AND EXI AND VCRP	PENSES	co	ONSTRUC'	TION		DIVERSION OF THE A			TOTAL	
	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 obligations	6,774	6,480	\$1,143,145			\$2,305	615	620	\$62,961	7,389	7,100	\$1,208,41
1999 as enacted	7,391	7,009	1,214,013			8,000	635	631	76,710	8,026	7,640	1,298,723
Y2K Transfer			1,967						·	,	.,	1,967
1999 availability	7,391	7,009	1,215,980			8,000	635	631	76,710	8,026	7,640	1,300,690
2000 estimate	8,418	8,331	1,380,242			8,000	660	643	80,330	9,078	8,974	1,468,572
Change 1999 to 2000	1,027	1,322	164,262				25	12	3,620	1,052	1,334	167,882
Adjustments to base												
Transfers:												
ICDE Base Redirection	1,000	1,000	103,996							1,000	1,000	103,996
Increases:												
Annualization of 1999 Increases		308	8,875								308	8,875
2000 Pay Raise			18,450	•••			•••		1,351	•••		19,801
Annualization of 1999 Pay Raise.		***	6,035	***	***				480	•••	•••	•
Within-grade (Increases and Decreases)		***	0,055		•••				145	•••	•••	6,515
FTS Recomp/Transition Cost		***	1,469		. • • •		***		138	•••	•••	145 1,607
FTS Usage Cost			346	***	•••				32	•••	•••	378
Universal Services Fund Access			350					***	33	•••	•••	383
GSA Rent			13,454						244	•••	•••	13.696
National Archives and Record Projections			93	•••	•••				_	•••	•••	13,030
Small Disadvantage Business Unit			9			i i						9
Spectrum Frequency Management			70							•••		70
General Pricing Level Increase			3,178						124	•••	***	3,302
Total increases	<del></del>	308	52,329									
	•••	306	52,529		•••		•••		2,547		308	54,876
Decreases:												
Non-recurring decreases			(3,700)									(3,700
Accident Compensation.			(163)				•••					(163
FY 1999 Emergency Supplemental Funds		•••	(10,200)	•••			•••				•••	(10,200
Total decreases			(14,063)									(14,063
Total, adjustments to base	1,000	1,308	142,262						2,547	1,000	1,308	144,809
2000 base	8,391	8,317	1,358,242	•••		8,000	635	631	79,257	9,026	8,948	1,445,499
Program changes												
Special Operations Division	27	14	9,000							27	14	9.000
Firebird Implementation			13,000									13,000
Diversion Control Fee Account Enhancements							25	12	1,073	25	12	1,073
Total, program changes	27	14	22,000				25	12	1,073	52	26	23,073
2000 estimate	8,418	8,331	1,380,242			8,000	660	643	80,330	9,078	8,974	1,468,572
Change 1999 to 2000.	1,027	1,322	164,262			0,000	25	12	3,620	1,052	1,334	167,882

## <u>Drug Enforcement Administration</u> <u>Salaries & Expenses</u> (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals (Direct) 1/	4,687 2,087	4,617 1,863	\$728,449 414,696
Total, 1998 actuals	6,774	6,480	1,143,145
1999 appropriation as enacted (Direct and VCRP)	7,391	7,009	1,214,013
Transfers: Y2K Transfer			
	•••		1,967
1999 appropriation anticipated (Direct)	5,304	4,961	810,980
1999 appropriation anticipated (VCRP)	2,087	2,048	405,000
Total, 1999 appropriation anticipated	7,391	7,009	1,215,980
Transfers: ICDE Base Redirection 2/	1,000	1,000	103,996
Increases (See p. 95)	"	308	52,329
Increases (See p. 95)		"	(14,063)
2000 base	8,391	8,317	1,358,242
Program Changes (See Program Narrative for Details)	27	14	22,000
Subtotal, 2000 estimate (Direct) Subtotal, 2000 estimate (VCRP) Total, 2000 estimate	8,418 " 8,418	8,331 " 8,331	975,242 405,000 1,380,242

<sup>1/ -</sup> While HIDTA transfers are shown in 1998 actuals, they are not shown for 1999 or 2000, because final decisions on amounts have not been determined.

<sup>2/ -</sup> In 2000, the ICDE resources, which total 1,000 positions (779 agents), 1,000 workyears, and \$103,996,000, are to be redirected to DEA's direct base resources.

# Drug Enforcement Administration Salaries & Expenses (Dollars in thousands)

	1999 A	ppropriation	as Enacted		2000 Ba	ise		2000 Esti	mate	l	ncrease/Decre	ease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FIE	<b>Amount</b>	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1. Enforcement of federal law and investigation:												
Domestic enforcement	2,864	2,607	\$388,997	3,864	3,824	\$518,269	3,890	3,838	\$519,462	26	14	\$1,193
Foreign cooperative investigations	776	724	193,934	776	743	196,449	776	743	196,449	•••		
Diversion control	142	118	11,413	142	143	12,623	142	143	12,623	•••	•••	
State and local task forces	1,011	1,008	151,633	1,011	1,008	155,697	1,011	1,008	155,697	•••	•••	
Subtotal	4,793	4,457	745,977	5,793	5,718	883,038	5,819	5,732	884,231	26	14	1,193
2. Investigative support:												
Intelligence	913	893	93,094	913	930	99,044	914	930	99,127	1		83
DEA laboratory services	362	350	40,077	362	359	39,469	362	359	39,469	•••		
DEA training	116	115	18,271	116	115	18,837	116	115	18,837			
Research, engineering and technical												
operations	404	402	140,346	404	402	143,621	404	402	151,345		•••	7,724
ADP and telecommunications	100	97	93,893	100	98	84,467	100	98	97,467	•••		13,000
Subtotal	1,895	1,857	385,681	1,895	1,904	385,438	1,896	1,904	406,245	1		20,807
3. Program direction:												
Management and administration	703	695	84,322	703	695	89,766	703	695	89,766			***
Total	7,391	7,009	1,215,980	8,391	8,317	1,358,242	8,418	8,331	1,380,242	27	14	22,000
Direct (non-add)	5,304	4,961	809,013	8,391	8,317	953,242	8,418	8,331	975,242			
VCRP (non-add)	2,087	2,048	405,000			405,000	• •••		405,000			
Reimbursable FTE		1,017			17		•••	17				
Grand Total	7,391	8,026	1,215,980	8,391	8,334	1,358,242	8,418	8,348	1,380,242	27	14	22,000

## <u>Drug Enforcement Administration</u> <u>Salaries & Expenses</u> (Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
Special Operations Division (SOD)	27	14	\$9,000
DEA requests \$9,000,000 and 27 positions for the Special Operations Division (SOD) to establish a Telecommunications Section and to provide additional support staff to meet growing security and administrative demands of its electronic intercept program. The Telecommunications Section would organize and consolidate all activities related to telecommunications operations, including the management of DEA's entire electronic surveillance program and management oversight for installing all intercept equipment. This includes \$7,724,000 in special operational funds to meet the immediate needs of the SOD enforcement investigative operations to design and engineer communications devices using existing technology for specialized needs of specific case investigations. The main function of SOD is to manage and coordinate multi-jurisdictional investigations between DEA offices and amoung other federal agencies, i.e., FBI, U.S. Customs Service and the Department's Criminal Division, that focus on the same trafficking organization or drug-related problems. The request is critical, recognizing its strategic importance for weakening and dismantling key drug trafficking organizations around the world.			
FIREBIRD Implementation		•••	13,000
DEA requests \$13,000,000 to accelerate Phase II of its FIREBIRD office automation project, so that the installation of advanced computer network and workstation equipment in all remaining DEA offices, including District Offices, Resident Offices and foreign field offices, EI Paso Intelligence Center, Airwing, and forensic laboratories can be completed by the end of calendar year 2001. To complete the work by 2001, DEA will have to recur these funds in 2001. FIREBIRD is the primary office automation infrastructure, which provides essential computer tools for agents and support staff, including: E-Mail, uniform word processing, and many other forms of office automation software. FIREBIRD provides DEA agents, intelligence analysts and diversion investigators with access to DEA's electronic file system, providing agents with information on all case investigations, and to DEA's investigative database, containing intelligence information on alleged criminal activity, which fosters DEA's ability to more efficiently and effectively conduct complex drug investigations. The Department believes it is expedient and prudent to accelerate and complete the FIREBIRD Phase II deployment so that all DEA offices are connected and "on-line" allowing the full benefits of the information technology investment to be realized, and to avoid costly legacy system maintenance costs.			
Total, program changes, Drug Enforcement Administration	27	14	22,000

## Drug Enforcement Administration Construction (Dollars in thousands)

			•							Perm.		
										Pos.	ETE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals											•••	\$2,305
1999 appropriation as enacted												8,000
2000 base						•••••						8,000
2000 estimate				•••••		•••••						8,000
	1999 Ap	propriatio	n as Enacted		2000 B	ase		2000 Est	timate	Inc	crease/Dec	rease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FIE	<b>Amount</b>	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1. Construction Program			\$8,000			\$8,000			\$8,000			

DEA's Construction Program provides funds to replace and upgrade its forensic laboratory facilities and other DEA owned-facilities. The FY 2000 base includes \$5.5 million for the highest priority renovation and upgrade needs at its current forensic laboratory facilities, and \$2.5 million to address repair of DEA facilities. There are no enhancement requests for FY 2000.

#### <u>Diversion Control Fee Account</u> (Dollars in thousands) Permanent Indefinite Special Fund

	Perm.		
	Pos. 1/	FTE	<b>Amount</b>
1998 actuals	615	620	\$62,961
1999 appropriation as enacted	635	631	76,710
Increases (See p. 95)			2,547
2000 base	635	631	79,257
Program Changes (detailed below)	25	12	1,073
2000 estimate 1/	660	643	80,330

<sup>1/</sup> The permanent positions column reflects those positions funded from program receipts and is shown for illustrative purposes only. These positions are not included in the Department's position total.

	1999 A	ppropriation	As Enacted		2000 B	ase		2000 Est	imate		Increase/Dec	rease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program  1. Diversion Control	Pos. 635	FIE 631	<u>Amount</u> \$76,710	<u>Pos.</u> 635	FTE 631	Amount \$79,257	Pos. 635	FTE 631	Amount \$80,330	<u>Pos.</u> 25	FTE 12	<u>Amount</u> \$1,073

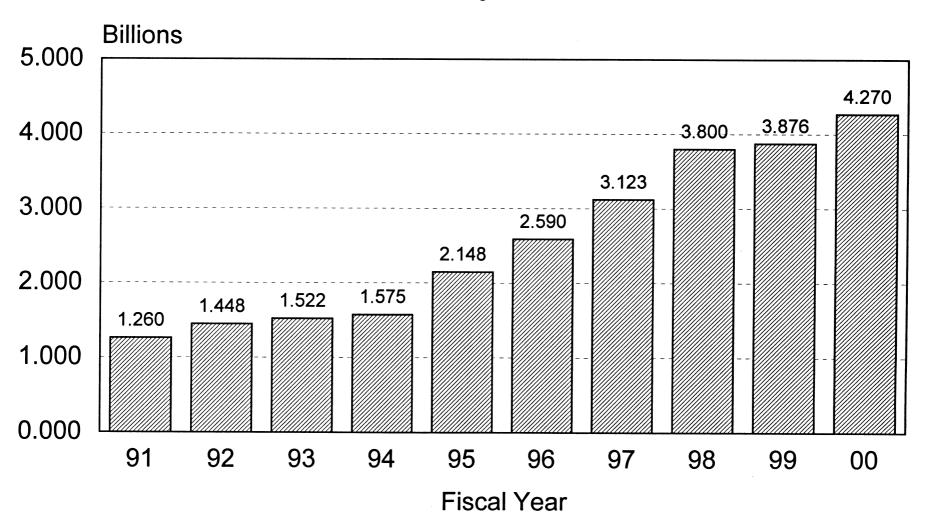
DEA's Drug Diversion Control program has been delegated the responsibility for control of diversion, distribution, manufacture, and abuse of legitimate pharmaceuticals. Pursuant to Public Law 102-395, diversion control registration fees were increased to recover the entire cost of the program, starting in 1994.

Program Changes	Pos.	ETE	<b>Amount</b>
Improvement Initiatives	25	12	\$1,073

A program increase of \$1,073,000 and 25 positions is requested for various enhancements, all of which are meant to improve the management of the Diversion Control Fee Account and to provide quality service to the registrants. The enhancements include: \$648,000 and 17 positions for the registration process to improve customer service to DEA's registrants; \$231,000 and 5 positions to improve the timeliness in conducting drug reviews necessary for establishing appropriate regulatory controls (i.e., licit drug scheduling); and \$194,000 and 3 positions to conduct data analysis on legal drug trends, which is necessary and useful for identifying investigative leads in illegal drug diversion activities.

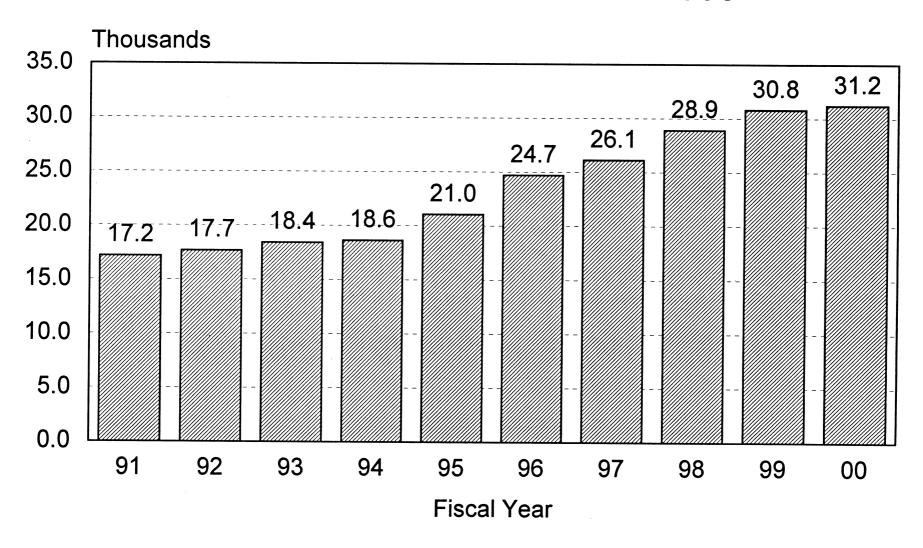
# Immigration and Naturalization Service

Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



# Immigration and Naturalization Service

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



#### IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Summary of Requirements (Dollars in thousands)

	Enforc	ries & Expe	count &	Citizen E	ies & Expe Benefits Ac	count &	c	onstructio	on		User Fee			H-1B	
		Crime Re	1		Crime Rec			Fund							
1009 actuals 4/	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals 1/	19,982	19,100	\$2,258,282	19,982	19,100	\$2,258,282	31	27	\$83,452	3,667	3,429	\$411,700			
1999 as enacted	18,330	16,687	1,723,032	3,395	3,295	736.727	67	48	00 000	2 020	0.505	400.074			4 405
Y2K Transfer	10,550	•	' '			,		40	90,000	3,838	3,565	486,071			1,125
Transfer to Const. Pos/FTE (T/O adjustment)	•	***		***	•••	9,268			***					***	
NDIC Reimbursable Reduction							3	3		(2)	(2)				
Emergency Supplemental		(1			***						***				•••
Emergency Supplemental		• • •	10,000				***	***					***		
S&E Transfer/Congressional Intent			122,294			(122,294)									
1999 availability	18,330	16,686	1,855,326	3,395	3,295	623,701	70	51	90,000	3,836	3,563	486,071			1,125
2000 estimate	18,704	17,815	2,133,087	3,409	3,510	702,551	70	69	99,664	3.836	3,621	E 1 7 000			4 405
Change 2000 from 1999	374	1,129	277,761	14	215	78,850		18	9,664		58	517,800 31,729			1,125
	3,4	1,123	277,701	1-4	213	70,030	***	10	9,004	***	26	31,729		***	
Transfers to and from other accounts:															
Base transfer from S&E Ben (related to \$30M)			20.815			(20,815)									
Base transfer from S&E Ben (related to \$66M)		•••	56,131	***	•••	٠	•••				•••		***	***	•••
ICDE Budget Redirection	102	100			***	(56,131)					***		***		• • •
Total, Transfers	102 102	102 102	11,240			(70.015	***								
Adjustments to base	102	102	88,186	***		(76,946)									
2000 Pay Raise															
			35,845		***	6,662			110			8,574			
Annualization of 1999 Pay Raise			12,555			2,406			26			3,026			
Within Grade Increases		***										2,234			
Annualization of 1999 Positions (M Dollars)		891	35,321		208	136		18	121		58	3,218			
Annualization of Natz Initiatives						64,179	***								
Annualization of WCF base transfer						30,000									
Accident Compensation			1,541			539						337			
FTS Recomp/Transition Costs		***	1,726		***	432			3			396			
FTS Usage Costs			1,289			322			2			296			
GSA Rent			14,770			5,190			85			1,726			***
Universal Service Fund			448		•••	110			1			102		• • • •	
Medical Hospital Service Cost			109			110		***	.1		***	102	•••	•••	
National Archives/Records Project			.00			3,794	***			***			***		
Spectrum Frequency Management					***		***			***			• • • •	***	***
Small Disadvantaged Business		***				122	***			***			•••	***	
Base Restoration	***	***	54.740		***	24	***			***	• • •			•••	
General Pricing Level Adjustment		***	54,740		•••	1,090	***				***				
Reevaluation of Receipts	***	***	5,231		•••	3,490						1,902			
	<del></del>											9,918			
Total Increases		891	163,575	***	208	118,496		18	348		58	31,729			
Decreases															
Nonrecurring 1999 program costs					• • •	(4,700)			(61,300)						
Reduction of Emergency Supplemental						(8,000)									
2000 base	18,432	17,679	2,107,087	3,395	3,503	652,551	70	69	29,048	3,836	3,621	517,800			1,125
Program Changes															
Improving Institutional Infrastructure				*											
					***				70,616						
Refine Border Management	87	44	6,000												
Integrated Interior Enforcement Strategy	185	92	20,000				•••								
Optimize/Improve Systems/Data & Comm.				14	7	50,000									
Total, Program Changes	272	136	26,000	14	7	50,000			70,616					***	
2000 estimate	18.704	17,815	2,133,087	3,409	3,510	702 EE4	70		00.004	2 020	0.004	547.000	*********		
	10,704	17,015	2,133,007	3,409	3,510	702,551	70	69	99,664	3,836	3,621	517,800	***	***	1,125
Change 2000 from 1999	374	1,129	277,761	14	215	78.850		18	9,664		58	31,729			

<sup>1/ 1998</sup> actuals for both the Enforcement account and Citizen Benefits account (S&E and VCRP resources) are identical because the two accounts were not created until the enactment of the FY 1999 Appropriation (P.L. 105-277).

#### IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Summary of Requirements (Dollars in thousands)

						(10011	ars in thou	sanus)							
		Fines	forcement		and Bord Fee	er		ached Bo		7861.08.01	Exams Fee 1/			Total INS	
1998 actuals	Pos.	FTE	\$3,799	Pos. 12	FTE 18	Amount \$1.897	Pos. 21	FTE 13	Amount \$196,832	Pos. 5.181	FTE 5 544	Amount \$718,685	Pos. 28,903	FTE	Amount \$3,674,647
1999 as enacted										.,					
Y2K Transfer			4,050	12	26	3,275	21	19	176,950	5,169	6,042	635,700	30,832	29,682	3,856,930
Transfer C&E Pos/FTE (T/O)		***		***			***			***					9,268
NDIC Reimburgeble Reduction				***	***					(1)	(1)				
NDIC Reimbursable Reduction	***			***			***							(1	)
Emergency Supplemental															10,000
S&E Transfer/Congressional Intent					***								***		
1999 availability	• • •		4,050	12	26	3,275	21	19	176,950	5,168	6,041	635,700	30,832	29,681	3,876,198
2000 estimate	***		3,800	32	36	6,595	21	19	116.900	5.168	6.041	688.579	31,240	31,111	4,270,101
Change 2000 from 1999	***	***	(250)	20	10	3,320			(60,050)	3,100		52,879	408	1,430	
Transfers to and from other accounts:															
Transfer from VCRP to Construction in 1999									-						
Transfer to DOJ Radio Program	***		***		•••		• • • •			***	• • • •		***		
ICDE Budget Redirection	***			***	• • • •		***								
<b>3</b>	***	***	•••	***	***		***			***	• • • •		102	102	11,240
Adjustments to base															
2000 Pay Raise						33			46			9,760			61,030
Annualization of 1999 Pay Raise						12	***		18	***	•••	3,859	***		21,902
Within Grade Increases	***					7			13			3,156	***	•••	5.410
Annualization of 1999 Positions (M Dollars)									, ,				***	1,175	38,796
Annualization of Natz Initiatives										***	•••		***		64,179
Annualization of WCF Base Transfer							***			***			***		30.000
Accident Compensation							•••			***	•••	393	***		2.810
FTS Reomp/Transition Costs					***	1	***		2		• • • •	559	***		
FTS Usage Costs						1	***	•••	2			418	•••		3,119
GSA Rent						51	***	•••	25	***	***	10.646	***		2,330
Universal Service Fund					•••		***		1	***	• • • •	145	•••		32,493
Medical Hospital Service Cost						İ	***		110	***	• • • •	145		***	807
Mail Messenger Contract							***	***		***			***	•••	219
Spectrum Frequency Management							***			***	***				3,794
Small Disadvantaged Business		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			***	***	***				***		***		122
Base Restoration	•••			***	• • • •		***	***					***	***	24
General Pricing Level Adjustment				***	***		• • •		3 027	***		5 004	***	***	55,830
Reevaluation of Receipts	•••				• • • •	3	•••		3,027	***	***	5,861	• • •	***	19,516
Total mandatory increases						110			3,244			18,082	400	4.475	28,000
Decreases	•••			***		110	•••		3,244		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	52,879	102	1,175	370,381
Nonrecurring 1999 program costs	***														(66,000)
Re-evaluation of Receipts			(250)				•••		(63,294)	***	•••				(71,544)
2000 base			3,800	12	26	3,385	21	19	116,900	5,168	6,041	688,579	30,934	30,958	4,120,275
Program Changes															
Improving Institutional Infrastructure									İ						
Refine Border Management	***						• • •								70,616
Integrated Interior Enforcement Strategy	***			20	10	3,210	• • •						107	54	9,210
Optimize/Improve Systems/Data & Comm	•••	***		***	•••		•••						185	92	20,000
Total, Program Changes													14	7	50,000
	•••	•••		20	10	3,210	•••						306	153	149,826
2000 estimate			3,800	32	36	6,595	21	19	116,900	5,168	6,041	688,579	31,240	31,111	4,270,101
Change 2000 from 1999			(250)	20	10	3 330			(60.050)			50.070			
			(250)	20	10	3,320			(60,050)			52,879	408	1,430	393,903

Exams Fee data includes Legalization Account information.

### FY 2000 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE IMMIGRATION INITIATIVES (Dollars in thousands)

			Expenses	INS	Constr	uction		and Bo			EOIR		Dep	oartmen	t Total	IN	S Only	Total
	l	and VC		1_					Fee Acct	_		į	_					
	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	mount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
IMPROVING INSTITUTIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE	i			1														
Border Patrol Construction						\$48,116									\$48,116	·		48,116
Detention Facility Construction		***	***		***	22,500									22,500	<u> </u>		22,500
Subtotal, Improving Institutional Infrastructure						70,616									70,616			70,616
REFINE BORDER MANAGEMENT																		
Inspections Staffing at Ports-of-Entry	87	44	\$6,000	1		1			1			1	87	44	6.000	87	44	6,000
Border Enforcement Technology	14	7	50,000		•••				]				14	77	50,000	14	77	
Dedicated Commuter Lane/SENTRI Technology	''	•	50,000				20	40	62 240					40			40	50,000
Subtotal, Refine Border Management Strategy	101	51	56,000		***		20	10	\$3,210	<u> </u>		***	121	10	3.210	20	10	3.210
Subtotal, Neillie Bolder Management Strategy	101	51	36,000			•••							121	61	59,210	121	61	59,210
EFFECT AN INTEGRATED INTERIOR ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY						l												
National Crime Information Center (NCIC) Staffing Support	25	13	1,262				l			l		1	25	13	1,262	25	13	1,262
Continue Use of JPATS			5.000												5,000			5,000
Increase Detention and Deportation Staffing	155	76	11,795			1				i			155	76	11,795	155	76	11,795
Increase Juvenile Detention Bedspace	5	3	1.943	i			1						100	, 3	1,943	155	,,	1,733
Executive Office for Immigration Review Coordination with INS		•	.,		•••		1			33		\$2,525	33	17	2.525	1	3	1,943
Subtotal, Integrated Interior Enforcement Strategy	185	92	20,000			•••		***		33			218			405		***
Subtotal, integrated interior Enlordement Strategy	165	92	20,000							33	17	2,525	218	109	22,525	185	92	20,000
TOTAL, IMMIGRATION PROGRAM CHANGES	286	143	76,000			70,616	20	10	3,210	33	17	2,525	339	170	152,351	306	153	149,826

## Immigration and Naturalization Service Total Funding Summary by Program All Funding Sources

(Dollars in thousands)

	1999 Appropriation											
		Enacted		2	2000 Base		20	00 Reques	t	Incre	ase/Decrea	se
Estimates by Program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Enforcement:									-			
Inspections	5,225	5,046	\$498,900	5,225	5,104	\$538,607	5,332	5,158	\$546,317	107	54	\$7,710
Border Patrol	10,491	9,407	916,780	10,491	10,111	1,044,011	10,491	10,111	1,044,011	0	0	0
Investigations	2,903	2,604	301,005	3,005	2,796	331,986	3,005	2,796	331,986	0	0	0
Detention and Deportation	3,545	3,186	727,434	3,545	3,283	753,195	3,730	3,375	773,195	185	92	20,000
Intelligence	<u>127</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>14,110</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>15,051</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>15,051</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Subtotal	22,291	20,365	2,458,229	22,393	21,416	2,682,850	22,685	21,562	2,710,560	292	146	27,710
Citizenship & Benefits:												
Adjudications & Naturalization	2,936	4,058	435,408	2,936	4,108	482,924	2,936	4,108	482,924	0	0	0
International Affairs	<u>791</u>	696	92,783	<u>791</u>	<u>696</u>	98,002	<u>791</u>	<u>696</u>	98,002	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Subtotal	3,727	4,754	528,191	3,727	4,804	580,926	3,727	4,804	580,926	0	0	0
Immigration Support:												
Training	182	164	22,305	182	164	23,017	182	164	23,017	0	0	0
Data and Communications Systems.	314	288	363,325	314	288	358,296	328	295	409,796	14	7	51,500
Information and Records Mgmt	1,851	1,739	176,652	1,851	1,892	186,968	1,851	1,892	186,968	0	0	0
Construction and Engineering	70	51	90,000	70	69	29,048	70	69	99,664	0	0	70,616
Legal Proceedings	<u>828</u>	<u>812</u>	80,728	<u>828</u>	<u>812</u>	<u>85,584</u>	<u>828</u>	812	<u>85,584</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> 7	<u>0</u>
Subtotal	3,245	3,054	733,010	3,245	3,225	682,913	3,259	3,232	805,029	14	7	122,116
Program Direction:												
Management and Administration	1,569	1,508	156,768	1,569	1,513	173,586	1,569	1,513	173,586	0	0	0
Grand Total, All INS Accounts	30,832	29,681	3,876,198	30,934	30,958	4,120,275	31,240	31,111	4,270,101	306	153	149,826

	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals (Direct)	16,858	17,279	\$1,667,069
1998 actuals (VCRP)	3,133	1,821	591,213
Total, 1998 actuals	19,991	19,100	2,258,282
Enforcement and Border Affairs Account			
Total, 1999 Enforcement Account as enacted	18,330	16,686	1,855,326
(Direct)	13,925	13,332	1,202,048
(VCRP)	4,405	3,354	653,278
Transfers:			70.010
Transfer from S&E - Benefits	400	 102	76,946 11,240
ICDE Base Redirection 1/	102	102	11,240
Increases (See p. 107)		891	163,575
FY 2000 Enforcement Account Base	18,432	17,679	2,107,087
Program Changes, Enforcement Account (Detailed Below)	272	136	26,000
Subtotal, FY 2000 estimate (Direct)	18,704	17,815	1,800,627
Subtotal, FY 2000 estimate (VCRP)			332,460
Total, FY 2000 Enforcement Account	18,704	17,815	2,133,087
Citizenship and Benefits, Immigration Support, and Program Direction Account			
Total, 1999 Citizenship and Benefits Account as enacted	3,395	3,295	\$614,433
(Direct)	3,167	3,082	425,221
(VCRP)	228	213	189,212
Y2k Transfer	3,395	3,295	9,268 623,701
1999 appropriation anticipated	3,333	3,233	025,701
Transfer to S&E - Enforcement			(76,946)
Increases (See p. 103)		208	118,496
Decreases (See p. 103)		•••	(12,700)
FY 2000 Citizenship and Benefits Account Base		3,503	652,551
Program Changes, Citizenship and Benefits Account (detailed below)	14	7	50,000
Subtotal, FY 2000 estimate (Direct)	3,409	3,510	535,011
Subtotal, FY 2000 estimate (VCRP)			167,540
Total, FY 2000 Citizenship and Benefits Account	3,409	3,510	702,551
Total, FY 2000 S&E/VCRP estimate	22,113	21,325	2,835,638
(Direct)	22,113	21,325	2,335,638 500,000
(VCRP)	•••	•••	500,000

<sup>1/</sup> In 2000, the ICDE resources, wich total 102 positions, 102 FTE, and \$11,240,000, are to be redirected to INS's direct base resources.

Border Enforcement Account	Perm	1999 Availab	pility	Perm	2000 Bas	e	Perm	2000 Estim	ate	In Perm	crease/Decre	ase
omparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amour
Enforcement:								<u></u>				24110411
Inspections	1,634	1,691	\$171,595	1,634	1,691	\$182,771	1,721	1.735	\$188,771	87	44	\$6,000
Border Patrol	10,491	9,407	916,780	10,491	10,111	1,044,011	10,491	10,111	1,044,011			
Investigations	2,757	2,476	283,702	2,859	2,668	313,543	2,859	2,668	313,543			
Detention and Deportation	3,362	3,026	473,731	3,362	3,123	556,504	3,547	3,215	576,504	185	92	20,000
Intelligence		86	9,518	86	86	10,258	86	86	10,258	***		
Direct (non-add) VCRP (non-add)	13,925	13,332	1,202,048	18,432	17,679	1,774,627	18,704	17,815	1,800,627	272	136	26,000
Total		3,354	653,278			332,460			332,460			
Total	18,330	16,686	1,855,326	18,432	17,679	2,107,087	18,704	17,815	2,133,087	272	136	26,000
Reimbursable FTE		102										
Citizenship and Benefits Account		1999 Availab	ility		2000 Base	•		, 2000 Estima	ate	Inc	crease/Decrea	ase
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
omparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amoun</u>
Citizenship Benefits:												
Adjudications and Naturalization	100	150	\$77,713	100	200	\$87,272	100	200	\$87,272			
International Affairs & Outreach		38	11,525	42	38	12,235	42	38	12,235	•••	•••	•••
Subtotal		188	89,238	142	238	99,507	142	238	99,507		•••	•••
2. Immigration Support:												
Training	134	122	17.470	134	100	47.040	404	400	17.040			
Data & Communications Systems	210	194	239,548		122	17,942	134	122	17,942			
Information & Records Management				210	194	232,584	224	201	282,584	14	7	50,000
Construction and Engineering		934	101,311	1,041	1,087	106,278	1,041	1,087	106,278	•••	•••	
								•••	•••		•••	
Legal Proceedings		625	60,335	623	625	64,403	623	625	64,403	The second second second second second		•••
Subtotal	2,008	1,875	418,664	2,008	2,028	421,207	2,022	2,035	471,207	14	7	50,000
3. Program Direction:												
Management & Administration	1,245	1,232	115,799	1,245	1,237	131,837	1,245	1,237	131,837			
Direct (non-add)	3,167	3,082	434,489	3,395	3,503	534,005	3,409	3,510	E2E 011	4.4	-	4 000
VCRP (non-add)	228	213	189,212	3,333	3,303	118,546	•		535,011 167,540	14	7	1,006 48,994
	The second secon					110,040	•••		107,540			40,994
Total	3,395	3,295	623,701	3,395	3,503	652,551	3,409	3,510	702,551	14	7	50,000
Reimbursable FTE		1			1			1				
Subtotal, FY 2000 INS Direct	17,092	16,414	1,636,537	21,827	21,182	2,308,632	22,113	21,325	2.335.638	286	143	27.006
Subtotal, FY 2000 INS VCRP	4,633	3,567	842,490	•••	•••	451,006			500,000			48,994
Total, INS FY 2000 S&E Direct/VCRP	21,725	19,981	2,479,027	21,827	21,182	2,759,638	22,113	21,325	2,835,638	286	143	76,000

Program Changes	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Border Management	101	51	\$56,000

The INS is dedicated to the basic tenets that the border of the United States should be characterized by the rule of law, and that the physical integrity of the border is essential to defining our national sovereignty. At the same time, it is equally imperative that the flow of lawful commerce and the passage of legitimate travelers be encouraged and assisted to the greatest extent practicable. In deterring and denying our border areas to the lawless, INS recognizes that it must not compromise or ignore the rights and needs of the lawful.

#### Border Enforcement

The FY 2000 budget continues Border Patrol staffing at the FY 1999 level of nearly 9,000 agents, and represents a year of consolidation after six years of growth, a 122 percent increase from the FY 1993 level of 3,965 agents. The high proportion of new agents makes a year of consolidation necessary to safeguard the highest standards of law enforcement professionalism for this new workforce. The budget, however, maintains the Administration's commitment to expand border control by requesting \$50,000,000 and 14 positions for "force-multiplying" technologies.

Concurrent with the period of Border Patrol agent growth, increasingly effective force-multiplying technology has been field-tested and deployed. In FY 2000, INS will embark on an aggressive deployment schedule of one of its most effective enforcement/deterring tools, the Integrated Surveillance Information System (ISIS). The ISIS technology consists, in part, of erected poles situated approximately one mile apart from each other, to which daytime and night visual cameras are attached. These sites generally are located in areas where it would be difficult to deploy agents, and in vast, open areas. The sites are linked to centrally located command centers equipped with video monitors allowing for a single person to monitor a number of video screens, covering a vast area of terrain.

In conjunction with the poles and cameras being deployed, the ISIS system includes ground sensors linked by a Global Positioning Satellite to designated ISIS cameras. By linking these technologies, when a ground sensor is triggered, a signal is sent, the designated camera receives the signal, and the camera then trains on the triggered ground sensor. At the centrally located video monitoring site, the person monitoring the video screens is alerted to which sensor/camera system has been triggered, and a real-time visual of what has triggered the sensor is on display. If border crossing violators are seen on camera, Border Patrol agents are immediately dispatched to the site to apprehend the perpetrators Equally important, however, is that because sensors are often triggered by desert animals, this can be immediately determined and Border Patrol agents would not be dispatched to the site, saving valuable agent time. The FY 2000 request for ISIS is \$50,000,000 (14 Positions and \$1,006,000 - S&E Citizenship & Benefits Acct.; \$48,994,000 VCRP).

**Border Facilitation** 

Perm.

Pos.

Amount

INS requests 87 positions, which includes 79 Inspectors, and \$6,000,000 (S&E Enforcement Acct.) to staff new land border facilities in FY 2000. These new land border ports will open by the end of FY 1999. However, no permanent staff will be available to operate the ports. The new facilities are located in Eagle Pass, Los Tomates and Laredo, TX. The INS continues to work in conjunction with the Mexican Government, the General Services Administration, and with other federal inspections services agencies to ensure that the ports will open as scheduled.

Interior Enforcement.....

185 92 \$20,000

FTE

The proposed INS Interior Enforcement Strategy sets forth broad strategic goals, and a series of related initiatives, that plot the course for law enforcement efforts in the interior of the United States over the next five years. The proposed strategy recognizes the dynamic nature of international migration and its effects on communities within the U.S. In FY 2000, INS will focus on three elements central to an effective Interior Enforcement Strategy: criminal alien tracking; expanding national transportation capabilities; and increasing juvenile bed space.

#### Criminal Alien Tracking

To augment INS' capacity for effective criminal alien tracking, INS requests 25 positions and \$1,262,000 (S&E Enforcement Acct.) to expand its National Crime Information Center (NCIC) operations. This request increases INS' NCIC resources to improve and expedite its capability to locate aliens on the Wanted Persons and Deported Felon Files, to track stolen property, and to obtain criminal history records.

Specifically, the 25 positions (program specialists) will input data into the NCIC at the field level. These positions also will perform periodic quality validation of records, coordinate the daily use of the NCIC system, and provide confirmation that the data contained in the file is still accurate when a NCIC "hit" is made. While the number of NCIC files has increased annually over the past few years, staffing has not kept pace with this growth, and a backlog of files to be entered now exists. The addition of these 25 requested positions will reduce the rate of growth of the backlog.

#### **Expand National Transportation**

To enhance INS' alien transportation requirements, a request for 155 positions and \$16,795,000 is included (S&E Enforcement Acct). The expedited deportation of illegal aliens is a crucial component for effective enforcement of the Nation's immigration laws. These resources will be applied toward three transportation elements: the Justice Prisoner and Alien Transportation Service (JPATS) (\$5,000,000); additional Detention and Deportation Program staffing (155 positions, \$11,597,000); and \$198,000 to add to the Detention program fleet.

Perm.

Pos.

FTE

<u>Amount</u>

The request for \$5,000,000 will allow INS to continue JPATS movements in FY 2000. This represents an enhancement to base funding that will replace resources previously drawn from Violent Crime Fund carryover money, a source that will no longer be available in FY 2000 and beyond. The JPATS moves are a critical component of INS' National Transportation System. Large numbers of aliens may be economically and safely transported via JPATS flights. From FY 1995 through FY 1998, INS has increased its use of JPATS movements by over 500 percent. The increased use of JPATS is, among other things, the result of a Department recommendation to eliminate prolonged bus trips, which addresses the issues of alien treatment and safety concerns; compensating for a lack of available detention bedspace in certain geographic parts of the United States; and Congress' and the Department's recommendation that INS decrease its reliance and use of commercial airline flights for alien deportation. Moreover, these resources will provide for additional repatriation flights to Central America, the Caribbean, and to parts of Africa.

Additional Detention and Deportation (D&D) staffing is greatly needed. In those geographic areas where a higher volume of D&D activity occurs, D&D staff have enormous collateral duties, ranging from picking-up aliens in jails, many of which are in outlying locations and, performing bailiff duties, to escorting aliens deported from the U.S. to foreign destinations.

Moreover, in response to congressional guidance, new and revised INS detention and deportation policies have placed new demands on an already strained program. These policies, which include the new Escort and Restraint Policy for adults and juveniles, the aforementioned increased reliance on JPATS in lieu of commercial airlines, and exercising more efficient management of existing bed space to achieve alien removal targets, all serve to place new demands on D&D staff. As an example, the new Escort Policy requires that there be a specific escort-to-alien ratio for certain categories of aliens being removed.

INS is experiencing a critical shortage of ground transportation that is creating delays in the transportation of aliens to/from JPATS sites and local jails, and this jeopardizes the safety of both INS staff and aliens. Resources are requested to procure 5 vans, which will serve to reduce some of the delays in transporting aliens.

#### Increase Juvenile Detention Bed Space

INS requests 5 positions (\$443,000) and \$1,500,000 for additional juvenile detention bed space. Because INS enforcement officials have experienced a steady increase in the illegal traffic flow of juveniles, up 92 percent between FY 1997 and FY 1998, and this is expected to continue increasing, additional juvenile detention bed space is critically needed. Moreover, because INS must comply with the stringent guidelines when dealing with apprehended juveniles, as detailed in the Flores v Reno decision, effective February 1997, INS requires additional bedspace to detain the growing number of juvenile apprehensions. This request will provide 40 additional juvenile bed spaces, adding to the end-of-year FY 1998 average use of 450 juvenile beds. The additional staffing requested will perform services associated with the processing, detention, and the release of juveniles.

Total Program Changes.....

286

143 76,000

## IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE CONSTRUCTION

(Dollars in thousands)

1998 actuals       31       27       \$83,452         1999 appropriation as enacted       67       48       90,000         Pos/FTE Adjustment 1/.       3       3          Revised FY 1999 availability       70       51       90,000         Increases (see p. 103)       18       348         Decreases: Nonrecurring program costs         (61,300)         2000 base.       70       69       29,048         Program changes (detailed below)         70,616         2000 estimate.       70       69       99,664		Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
Pos/FTE Adjustment 1/	1998 actuals	31	27	\$83,452
Increases (see p. 103)       18       348         Decreases: Nonrecurring program costs	Pos/FTE Adjustment 1/	67 <u>3</u>	2	90,000
Decreases: Nonrecurring program costs.	Revised FY 1999 availability	70	51	90,000
Program changes (detailed below)	Increases (see p. 103) Decreases: Nonrecurring program costs	-444		
	2000 base	70	69	29,048
2000 estimate	Program changes (detailed below)	-444		70,616
	2000 estimate	70	69	99,664

	1:	1999 Availability			2000 Base			2000 Estimate			Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		-	
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	
1. Immigration Support:													
Construction and Engineering	70	51	\$90,000	70	69	\$29,048	70	69	\$99,664	•••	•••	\$70,616	

<sup>1/</sup> FTE adjustment represents the transfer of 3 positions and 3 FTE, 1 from Exams Fee account and 2 from User Fee account, which historically have been supporting the Construction and Engineering program. This adjustment reflects the more accurate use of Construction and Engineering Program FTE use. There is no dollar impact associated with this transfer.

Program Changes	Pos.	FTE	<b>Amount</b>
Border Patrol Construction			\$48,116

Border Patrol agent growth continues to strain capacity at existing Border Patrol facilities all along the Southwest border. While a considerable level of Construction program resources have been appropriated over the past few years, still more capacity must be constructed to accommodate agent growth, and to replace an inventory of deteriorating facilities. The FY 2000 Border Patrol Construction initiative will complete projects for which planning, site acquisition, and design resources were appropriated in previous years. It also will commence the planning, site design, and acquisition phase for a number of new Border Patrol projects, expand facility capacity, and augment the existing inventory of enforcement infrastructure, such as border barriers and highway checkpoint systems, which have proven to be successful enforcement assets.

Construction funding is again being requested in a two-phase process. In the first year, planning, site acquisition, and design resources are requested. In subsequent budget cycles, resources are requested for the actual construction phase of the project. As outlined below, "Full Construction Project" funding is being requested for those projects for which planning and site development have already been completed, or will be during FY 1999. With respect to the "Planning/ Site Acquisition/Design" portion of the request, for those projects that are appropriated resources in FY 2000, associated construction-phase resources will be requested in a future budget cycle.

## IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE CONSTRUCTION

(Dollars in thousands)

Full Construction Projects (\$33,968,000) --

El Centro, CA Border Patrol Sector HQ — \$5,000,000 Brownsville, TX Border Patrol Station — \$1,200,000 Alpine, TX Border Patrol Station — \$4,000,000 Chula Vista, CA Border Patrol Station — \$6,500,000 Del Rio, TX Border Patrol Sector HQ — \$4,300,000 Presidio, TX Housing — \$5,118,000 Santa, Theresa, TX Border Patrol Station — \$7,850,000 Planning/Site Acquisition/Design (\$8,148,000) -

Yuma, AZ Border Patrol Station — \$687,000
Campo, CA Border Patrol Station — \$600,000
Temecula, CA Border Patrol Station — \$447,000
Tucson, AZ Border Patrol Station — \$1,330,000
Sanderson, TX Border Patrol Station — \$238,000
McAllen, TX Sector HQ — \$954,000
Douglas, AZ Border Patrol Station — \$300,000
McAllen, TX Border Patrol Station — \$685,000
Port Isabel, TX Border Patrol Station — \$500,000
Eagle Pass, TX Border Patrol Station — \$934,000
El Paso, TX Border Patrol Station — \$865,000
El Cajon, CA Border Patrol Station — \$307,000

Laredo, Del Rio, TX Checkpoints (10 Sites) -- \$301,000

For the "Full Construction Projects" listed above, the target completion dates are estimated for the first quarter of FY 2001. For the "Planning/Site Acquisition/Design" projects, should resources be appropriated in FY 2000, and construction phase resources be appropriated in FY 2001, INS estimates that the Planning/Design projects listed above would be completed as early as the first quarter of FY 2002

Military Engineering Support to the Border Patrol (\$3,000,000) -- For several years, INS has taken advantage of a service offered by the Department of Defense (DOD) whereby INS provides funding for materials for various projects. The DOD, in turn, through its Joint Task Force Six (JTF-6), furnishes labor and conducts engineering and environmental work at no charge to INS. For FY 2000, consistent with levels appropriated in recent years, INS requests \$3,000,000 for JTF-6, and INS will provide a list of projects targeted for construction, consistent with the Border Barrier Master Plan, as specific JTF-6 units become available.

Additionally, \$3,000,000 is requested, in conjunction with the JTF-6 requested resources, for INS barrier construction needs. Because of strict guidelines regulating what JTF-6 may/may not construct, INS must procure design services and construction materials that will complete the construction of border barriers. Generally, INS is responsible for in-ground barrier infrastructure, and JTF-6 provides its services for the construction of the infrastructure situated above-ground.

## IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE CONSTRUCTION (Dollars in thousands)

		Pos.	FTE	Amount
Detention Facility Construction				\$22,500
A total of \$22,500,000 is requested to support the planning and construction to address expansion requirements at existing facilities. The total number of detention space due to many factors: average length-of-stay per detainee; la success of INS Inspectors, Investigators, and the Border Patrol in apprehend Program, and its strategic use of detention, will suffer if additional bedspace for detention space is not a viable option considering the remoteness of the lattest other law enforcement agencies also are seeking to use scarce state/local	illegal aliens consistently exceeds available ack of reliable bedspace availability; and the ling illegal border crossers. INS' Detention is not created. In many INS Districts, contracting ocations in which INS operates, and the prospect			
Port Isabel, TX SPC (Phase III - 300 beds) \$11,000,000 EI Krome, FL SPC (Admin/Support space) \$9,500,000 FI	Ian/Site/Design (\$2,000,000) — I Centro, CA SPC — \$1,000,000 Iorence, AZ SPC — \$800,000 I Paso, TX SPC — \$200,000			
The FY 2000 budget continues the multi-year Southwest border initiative at comport Isabel, TX, and El Centro, CA. Successful border enforcement operation space, particularly at the INS-owned Service Processing Centers (SPC's). The facilities, such as dining and laundry space, to adequately manage a growing detention construction request addresses some critical shortcomings to exist detained management, but also will augment the safety of staff and the at-lar Master Site Plans, designed to lay out detention construction requirements, he detention construction program. While presently not all SPC's have Mast FY 2000 will enable INS to produce additional plans making for better detentions.	ns have necessitated additional detention his growth requires sufficient support g detention population. The FY 2000 ing facilities, which not only will improve rge detention population. Detention facility have been formulated and now serve to guide ter Site Plans, resources requested in			

70,616

Total Program Changes, INS Construction.

#### IMMIGRATION USER FEE

(Dollars in thousands)

#### **Permanent Indefinite Special Fund**

	Perm Pos. 1/	ETE	Amount 2/
1998 actuals	3,667	3,429	\$411,700
1999 appropriation as enacted	3,838 (2)	3,565 (2)	486,071 
Revised FY 1999 Availability	3,836	3,563	486,071
Increases (See p. 103)	•••	58	31,729
2000 base	3,836	3,621	517,800
2000 estimate	3,836	3,621	517,800

<sup>1/</sup> Permanent positions reflect positions funded from program revenues and are not included in the Department's total positions level.

<sup>3/</sup> FTE adjustment represents the transfer of 2 positions and 2 FTE to the Construction account, which historically has supported the Construction and Engineering program. There is no dollar impact associated with this transfer.

	1999 Appropriation as Enacted				2000 Base			2000 Estima	ate	Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program  1. Enforcement:	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount
Inspections	3,181	2,980	\$302,900	3,181	3,038	\$330,104	3,181	3,038	\$330,104		•••	
Investigations	53	46	7,015	53	46	7,329	53	46	7,329	•••	•••	
Detention and Deportation	177	155	81,360	177	155	82,995	177	155	82,995			•••
Intelligence	27	24	3,313	27	24	3,431	27	24	3,431		•••	•••
Subtotal	3,438	3,205	394,588	3,438	3,263	423,859	3,438	3,263	423,859	<del></del>	<del></del> -	
Citizenship and Benefits:     International Affairs	•••	•••	•••		•••							•••
3. Immigration Support:												
Training	23	20	3,036	23	20	3,162	23	20	3,162	•••		
Data & Communications Systems	32	28	48,149	32	28	48,682	32	28	48,682	•••		•••
Information & Records Management	32	28	2,650	32	28	2,795	32	28	2,795	•••		•••
Construction and Engineering						_,			·			•••
Legal Proceedings	129	122	13,102	129	122	13,530	129	122	13,530		•••	•••
Subtotal	216	198	66,937	216	198	68,169	216	198	68,169	<del></del>	<del></del>	
4. Program Direction:												
Management and Administration	182	160	24,546	182	160	25,772	182	160	25,772			
Total	3,836	3,563	486,071	3,836	3,621	517,800	3,836	3,621	517,800	•••		***

<sup>2/</sup> Amounts for Immigration Enforcement Fines, which became a separate account in 1997, are shown in the Immigration Enforcement Fines summary.

#### **IMMIGRATION USER FEE**

(Dollars in thousands)

The Immigration User Fee Account was established in the Department of Justice Appropriations Act of 1987. Most of this account's revenue is generated from a \$6.00 fee charged to each passenger arriving in the United States aboard a commercial aircraft or vessel from a foreign location. Cruise ship passengers, whose journey originates in Canada, Mexico, or any territory or possession of the United States, or any adjacent island to the United States, are currently exempt from this charge. However, the President's 2000 budget includes language that would increase the current user fee by \$2.00, to \$8.00, and would also lift the cruise ship exemption and institute a \$3.00 cruise ship fee from passengers whose journeys originated in Mexico, Canada, the United States, a territory or possession of the United States, or any adjacent island to the United States. However, it would not apply to immigration inspection at designated ports-of-entry of passengers arriving by Great Lakes international ferries or Great Lakes vessels on the Great Lakes and connecting waterways, when operating on a regular schedule. The requested fee changes are included in the General Provisions, and the 2000 User Fee funding level is based on these two provisions.

The user fee was last increased (from \$5.00 to \$6.00) in FY 1994. In 1999, INS anticipates that program costs will far exceed new revenues and that prior year carry forward funds will be depleted by FY 2000. As noted in the Senate's report on the 1999 appropriation (S Rpt 105-235), the solvency of this account in 1999 depends on carryover balances that will soon be exhausted. Absent an increase in the fee and waiver of the cruise ship exemption, INS will be forced to reduce services in FY 2000. The likely result of this service reduction would be longer waiting times at airports and an inability to carry out certain initiatives, such as entry-exit control.

#### H-1B VISA ACCOUNT

## IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE H-1B VISA ACCOUNT (Dollars in thousands)

			·		•					Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals			•••••									•••
1999 appropriation as enacted								•••••	•••••			\$1,125
Decreases												1,125
2000 estimate		•••••				•••••				•••	•••	1,125
	1999 Ap	opropriation a	as Enacted		2000 Base			2000 Estima	ate	lı	ncrease/Dec	rease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program  1. Immigration Support:	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount
Adjudications and Naturalizations	•••		\$1,125			\$1,125			\$1,125	•••	•••	•••

The American Competitiveness and Workforce Improvement Act, P.L. 105-277, was enacted in 1998. The new law increases the number of H-1B visas available annually, and establishes a new fee to pay for the cost of job training and scholarship programs. The number of visas available annually has been increased from 65,000, to 115,000, for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and to 107,500 in FY 2001. In FY 2002, the number of H-1B visas available will revert to 65,000. The new \$500 fee is in addition to the \$110 filing fee for H-1B visas. The new fee will be used to help U.S. citizens, legal permanent residents and other U.S. workers with job training, low-income scholarships, grants for mathematics, engineering or science enrichment courses administered by the National Science Foundation and the Department of Labor, and for processing and enforcement.

The amount above represents INS' share (1.5 percent) of the projected revenue stream.

#### IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT ACCOUNT

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Perm.											
										Pos.	FTE	<b>Amount</b>
1998 actuals			•••••							•••		\$3,799
1999 appropriation as enacted												4,050
Decreases												(250) 3,800
2000 estimate												3,800
	1999 Ap	opropriation a	s Enacted		2000 Base			2000 Estima	ate	In	crease/Dec	rease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program  1. Immigration Support:	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount
Data and Communications			\$4,050	•••	•••	\$3,800			\$3,800		•••	•••

The Immigration Enforcement account was established under Section 382 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act (IIRIRA) of 1996. Previously, similar fines were collected and deposited into the Immigration User Fee account. In addition to creating this new account, IIRIRA also added new types of fines, such as those fines levied against aliens for failure to depart the United States after being so ordered. The specified purposes for which these funds can be used were also changed. The authorized uses of this fund consist of: the identification, investigation, apprehension, detention and removal of criminal aliens; the maintenance and updating of a system to track criminal and illegal aliens on the border in areas with high apprehensions to deter illegal entry; and the repair, maintenance, and construction of border facilities.

On June 1, 1998, INS issued regulations that will mitigate the amount of fines paid by air carriers, the primary source of collections into this account. At present, a substantial backlog of outstanding fines due to INS exists. For FY 2000, INS projects that approximately 50 percent of the Section 273 fines cases will be canceled or appealed to the Board of Immigration Appeals, and of the remaining fines cases, approximately 40 percent of the Section 273 cases will be eligible for either 25 percent or 50 percent mitigation. The anticipated outcome of fines mitigation is that carriers will work cooperatively with INS to improve compliance with immigration laws.

For FY 2000, INS plans to spend these fines receipts for the Data and Communications program. This account will allow INS to expand its Integrated Surveillance Information System (ISIS) technology for the Border Patrol. The integration of remote video surveillance systems with the new generation of "smart" sensors through the ICAD command and control system, will allow for the development of a true "electronic fence" between the United States and Mexico.

#### LAND BORDER INSPECTIONS FEE

(Dollars in thousands)

#### **Permanent Indefinite Special Fund**

	Perm.		
	Pos. 1/	FTE	<b>Amount</b>
1998 actuals	12	18	\$1,897
1999 appropriation as enacted	12	26	3,275
Increases (See p. 104)		•••	110
2000 base	12	26	3,385
Program changes (detailed below)	20	10	3,210
2000 estimate	32	36	6,595

1/ Permanent positions reflect positions funded from program revenues, and are not included in the Department's positions total.

	1999 Appropriation as Enacted				2000 Base		20	00 Estimate	•	Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	EIE	Amount
1. Enforcement												
Inspections	12	26	\$3,275	12	26	\$3,385	32	36	\$5,095	20	10	\$1,710
2. Immigration Support										•		
Data and Communications		•••							1,500			1,500
T <sub>/</sub> otal	12	26	3,275	12	26	3,385	32	36	6,595	20	10	3,210

The Land Border Inspection Fee Account was authorized by the Department of Justice Appropriations Act of 1991 (P.L. 101-515). Section 210 of the Act authorizes the Attorney General to establish, by regulation, pilot projects under which fees may be charged and collected for inspection services provided at one or more land border ports-of-entry (POEs), and to study the feasibility of charging fees to enhance service at POEs. The statute states that any potential project may include the establishment of commuter lanes to be made available to pre-qualified U.S. citizens and aliens. The Land Border Inspection Fee fund is scheduled to sunset on September 30, 2000.

This resource request is based on the development of a new fee structure for all Secure Electronic Network for Travelers' Rapid Inspection (SENTRI) on the Northern and Southwestern borders and other dedicated commuter lanes along the Northern border. Based on a study to begin in FY 1999, INS assumes that by FY 2000, fees will be set to recover the full cost of the program, exclusive of the up-front capital costs, according to OMB Circular A-25 and the Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board (FASAB) guidelines. Up-front capital costs are funded through base funds in the Salaries and Expenses and Violent Crime Reduction programs.

#### LAND BORDER INSPECTIONS FEE

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes  Inspections - Staffing for SENTRI Lanes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u> 20	<u>FTE</u> 10	<u>Amount</u> \$1,710
On the Southwest border, INS has piloted the SENTRI to expedite the legal entry of low-risk border crossers in non-commercial passenger vehicles. The 2000 request includes 20 positions (14 Immigration Inspectors and 6 Senior Immigration Inspectors), 10 workyears, and \$1,710,000 to staff the El Paso and San Ysidro SENTRI lanes for FY 2000. Immigration Inspectors funded from the Salaries and Expenses appropriation for El Paso and San Ysidro will be taken off of other duties to keep the SENTRI lanes operational, once they are in use later in FY 1999. Based on the availability of fee revenue, INS requests 20 positions specifically dedicated to the SENTRI projects at these two ports-of-entry.			
Data and Communications - SENTRI Integration	•••		1,500
The 2000 request also includes \$1,500,000 for the Data and Communications program to continue the development of the network to integrate all SENTRI sites in FY 2000. The INS is currently working with the Department of the Treasury to interface the Global Enrollment System (GES) for SENTRI with the International Trade Data System (ITDS), to reduce the duplicative forms and processes involved in international trade. ITDS will become a single repository of information to identify goods and services being shipped into the United States, information required to identify drivers and passengers, and information regarding the conveyance. Information about the driver is exchanged through a pointer system, allowing INS greater control over the admissibility of foreign nationals entering the United States. Currently, the ITDS interfaces with the GES for Otay Mesa, CA and at the Peace Bridge in Buffalo, NY. The requested funding will support the ITDS/GES interface for additional sites, as well as integration of biometrics into the GES.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Program Changes, Land Border Inspections Fee	20	10	3,210

#### **BREACHED BOND/DETENTION FUND**

(Dollars in thousands)

#### **Permanent Indefinite Special Fund**

	Perm.		
	Pos. 1/	ETE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	21	13	\$196,832
1999 appropriation as enacted	21	19	176,950
Increases (See p. 104)	•••	•••	3,244
Decreases (See p. 104)			(63,294)
2000 base	21	19	116,900
2000 estimate	21	19	116,900

<sup>1/</sup> Permanent positions reflect positions funded from program revenues, and are not included in the Department's positions total.

	1999 Appropriation as Enacted			2000 Base			2	000 Estim	ate	Increase/Decrease			
Comparison by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount	Perm Pos.	ETE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	
1. Enforcement													
Detention and Deportation  2. Immigration Support	6	5	\$172,343	6	5	\$113,696	6	5	\$113,696	•••	•••	•••	
Legal Proceedings	4	3	598	4	3	476	4	3	476		•••	•••	
Management & Administration	11	11	4,009	11	11	2,728	11	11	2,728	•••	•••		
Total	21	19	176,950	21	19	116,900	21	19	116,900	•••	•••	•••	

The Breached Bond/Detention Fund was authorized in Section 112 of the Department of Justice Appropriations Act of 1993 (P.L. 102-395). The Act amended Section 286 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) of 1952, as amended, by establishing, in the General Fund of the Treasury, a separate account to be called the Breached Bond/Detention Fund. All breached cash and surety bonds in excess of \$8,000,000 posted under the Immigration Nationality Act of 1952, as amended, which are recovered by the Department of Justice, are deposited as offsetting collections into this fund. Amounts deposited into the Fund remain available until expended and can be used for expenses incurred in the collection of breached bonds and for expenses associated with the detention of illegal aliens.

In 1998, the Immigration Detention Account receipts were merged into this account. These receipts are derived from the penalty portion of the receipts collected under Section 245(I) of the INA. Congress did not renew the provision for filing new 245(I) adjustments in FY 1998, but did pass an extension of eligibility for certain aliens who had begun the immigrant visa process prior to January 14, 1998. The filing of appropriate paperwork prior to January 14, 1998, may preserve an individual's eligibility to apply for adjustment of status in the future, and, as such, receipts generated by 245(I) applications will still be collected for the next several years.

In FY 2000, resources from bond receipts will be used to support the detention of criminal and illegal aliens; continue bond management and collections activities; and to support litigation activities to obtain compliance from surety companies found to be delinquent in meeting their obligations to the INS.

Anticipated available resources in this account are expected to decline in 2000. A significant portion of the 1998 and 1999 funding availability was the result of prior year carryover, which will be exhausted in 2000. To offset this decline in funding (and the number of detention beds it can support), a base adjustment of \$54.74 million is included in the Salaries and Expenses budget.

#### **IMMIGRATION EXAMINATIONS FEE**

(Dollars in thousands)

#### **Permanent Indefinite Special Fund**

	Perm. <u>Pos. 1/</u>	ETE	Amount
1998 actuals	5,181	5,544	\$718,685
1999 appropriation as enacted	E 454	6.005	624 702
Examinations Fee Account.  Legalization Account 2/	5,151 18	6,025 17	634,702 998
Position and FTE Adjustment 3/	<u>(1)</u> 5,168	(1) 6,041	635,700
Increases (See p. 104)		•••	52,879
2000 base	5,168	6,041	688,579
Program changes (detailed below)			•••
2000 estimate	5,168	6,041	688,579

<sup>1/</sup> Permanent positions reflect positions funded from program revenues, and are not included in the Department's positions total.

<sup>3/</sup> FTE adjustment represents the transfer of 1 position and 1 FTE to the Construction account, which historically has supported the Construction and Engineering program. There is no dollar impact associated with this transfer.

	1999 Appropriation Anticipated				2000 Base			2000 Estimate			Increase/Decrease		
·	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FIE	<b>Amount</b>	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	
1. Enforcement:													
Inspections	398	349	\$21,130	398	349	\$22,347	398	349	\$22,347				
Investigations	93	82	10,288	93	82	11,114	93	82	11,114			•••	
Intelligence	14	12	1.279	14	12	1,362	14	12	1,362		-444	-444	
Subtotal	505	443	32,697	505	443	34,823	505	443	34,823				
2. Citizenship Benefits:													
Adjudications and Naturalization	2,836	3,908	356,570	2,836	3,908	394,527	2,836	3,908	394,527	•••		•••	
International Affairs	749	658	81,258	749	658	85,767	749	658	85,767				
Subtotal	3,585	4,566	437,828	3,585	4,566	480,294	3,585	4,566	480,294				
3. Immigration Support:													
Training	25	22	1,799	25	22	1,913	25	22	1,913		•••		
Data & Communications Systems	72	66	71,578	72	66	73,230	72	66	73,230			•••	
Information & Records Management	778	777	72,691	778	777	77,895	778	777	77,895		•••	•••	
Construction and Engineering					•••				•	•••	•••	•••	
Legal Proceedings	72	62	6,693	72	62	7.175	72	62	7.175	•••	•••	•••	
Subtotal	947	927	152,761	947	927	160,213	947	927	160,213				

<sup>2/</sup> The FY 1999 President's Budget merged the Legalization Account with the Examinations Fee Account. Data reflected above include Legalization account information.

#### **IMMIGRATION EXAMINATIONS FEE**

(Dollars in thousands)

	1999 Appropriation Anticipated			2000 Base			2000 Estimate			Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount
4. Program Direction:												
Management & Administration	131	105	\$12,414	131	105	\$13,249	131	105	\$13,249			•••
Total	5,168	6,041	635,700	5,168	6,041	688,579	5,168	6,041	688,579			

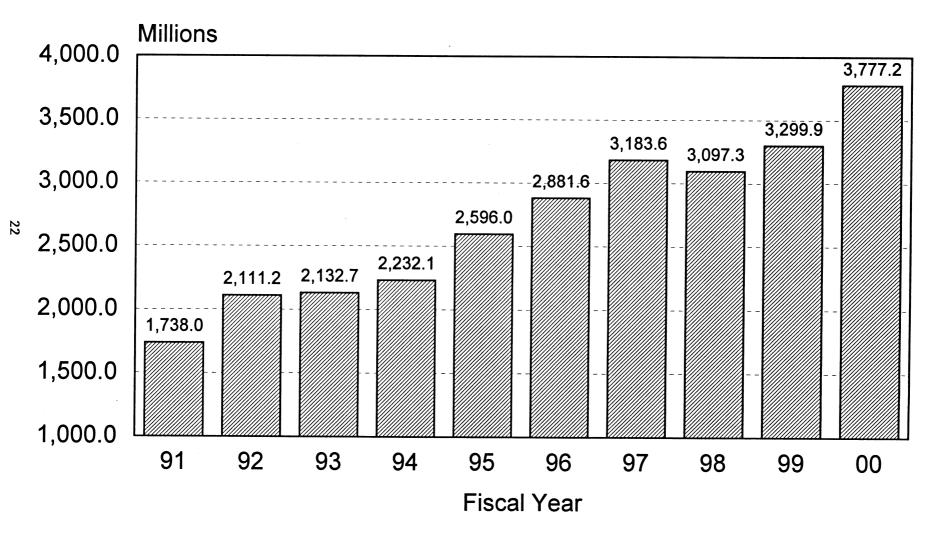
The Immigration Examinations Fee Account is fully-funded by fees collected from individuals applying for benefits under the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended. This account was established in the Department of Justice Appropriations Act of 1989 (P.L. 100-459). These resources provide for adjudication and naturalization services. The Exams Fee account and the Legalization Account were merged in the FY 1999 budget. This merger simplifies the tracking of resources in the INS budget.

In FY 1996 and FY 1997, the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) conducted a study of immigration adjudication and naturalization fees in the Examinations Fee account. The purpose of the study was to develop a more consistent and reliable methodology, and to produce a legally defensible Examinations Fee Account Fee Schedule. The final rule was published in the Federal Register on August 14, 1998, with the implementation of a new fee schedule set for October 13, 1998, and January 15, 1999, for naturalization fees. The publication of this rule was delayed by several months because of Commissioner Meissner's pledge that INS would improve naturalization services prior to any increase in the fee structure. The four major improvements that INS implemented prior to the increase in the fee structure were to: 1) improve on the case backlogs and applicant wait times; 2) implement uniform use of the direct mail process; 3) open Applicant Support Centers (ASC); and 4) install the new CLAIMS 4.0 software to process all incoming naturalization applications.

In addition to amounts to be provided in the Examinations Fee Account, the Salaries and Expenses budget recurs \$124 million to continue the initiative, begun in 1999, to lower backlogs and processing times. By the end of FY 2000, based on current estimates for incoming applications, INS estimates that that naturalization processing times will be reduced to about 6 months.

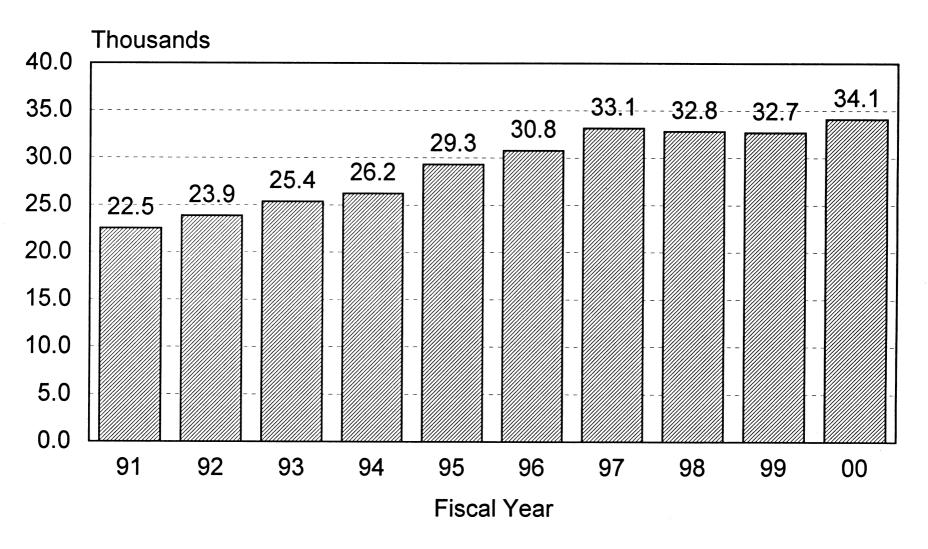
# Federal Prison System

Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



# Federal Prison System

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



## FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM (Dollars in Thousands)

	SALARIES AND EXPENSES AND VCRP Pos. FTE Amount		BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES  Pos. FTE Amount			FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES FTE	COMMISSARY TRUST FUND FTE	TOTAL Pos. FTE		Amount	
								FIE	P08.	PIE	Amount
1998 obligations	32,507	27,762	\$2,748,414	294	250	\$437,726	1,685	421	32,801	30,118	\$3,186,140
1999 appropriations anticipated	32,377	30,108	2,888,853	306	303	410,997	1,867	565	32,683	32,843	3,299,850
2000 estimate	33,712	31,828	3,218,427	340	308	558,791	1,876	576	34,052	34,588	3,777,218
Change 1999 to 2000	1,335	1,720	329,574	34	5	147,794	9	11	1,369	1,745	477,368
Adjustments to base											
Increases:											
Annualization of 1999 Increases	28	1,076	81,999		3				28	1,079	81,999
2000 Pay raise and Locality Adjustment		••••	53,118			696				.,	53,814
Annualization of 1999 Pay Raise			19,005			214					19,219
Accident compensation			1,581	•••				•••		•••	1,581
FTS Recompp/Transition Costs			5,639							•••	5,639
FTS Usage Cost			1,367					•••			1,367
Universal Services Fund Access			1,390				•••				1,390
Medical Hospital Service Costs (2.6%)			3,894	•••	•••		•••				3,894
National Archives and Record Projections			310								310
JDC/FMIS Charges	•••		3,465	•••						•••	3,465
Spectrum Frequency Management			18		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•
Small and Disadvantaged Business Unit			65	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	18
General Pricing Level Adjustments	•••	•••	9.713	•••		5,884	•••	•••	•••	•••	65
Certeral Friends Ecver Adjustificities	•••	•••				5,004					15,597
Total increases	28	1,076	181,564	•••	3	6,794			28	1,079	188,358
Decreases:											
Non-recurring decreases	(45)	(52)	(21,197)	(16)	(36)	(297,000)			(61)	(88)	(318,197)
GSA Rent			(415)	•••	•••					``	(415)
Total, adjustments to base	(17)	1,024	450.052	(40)	(22)	(200, 200)					
2000 base	32.360		159,952	(16) 290	(33)	(290,206)	4.007		(33)	991	(130,254)
2000 base	32,360	31,132	3,048,805	290	270	120,791	1,867	565	32,650	33,834	3,169,596
Program changes											
New Activations	1,295	527	86,809				9	11	1,295	547	86,809
Construction		•••		32	20	411,000			32	20	411,000
Contract Confinement	26	17	80,722						26	17	80,722
Drug Treatment	31	16	2,091						31	16	2,091
Modernization & Repair				18	18	27,000			18	18	27,000
•											
Total, program changes	1,352	560	169,622	50	38	438,000	9	11	1,402	618	607,622
2000 estimate	33,712	31,692	3,218,427	340	308	558,791	1,876	576	34,052	34,452	3,777,218
Change 1999 to 2000	1,335	1,584	329,574	34	5	147,794	9	11	1,369	1,609	477,368

## FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM -- SALARIES & EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

Perm. Pos. FIE **Amount** 1998 actuals (Direct)..... 32.189 27,460 \$2,722,180 1998 actuals (VCRP)..... 302 26,234 27,762 2.748.414 1999 appropriation as enacted (Direct)...... 32.059 29.806 2,862,154 1999 appropriation as enacted (VCRP)..... 318 302 26,499 Transfer of Y2K resources..... 200 Total, 1999 appropriation anticipated ..... 32,377 30,108 2,888,853 Increases (see p. 126).... 28 1,076 181,564 Decreases (see p. 126)..... (45)(52)(21,612)2000 base ...... 32,360 31,132 3,048,805 Program changes (detailed below)..... 1,352 560 169,622 Subtotal, 2000 estimate (Direct)..... 33,394 31.390 3,191,928 Subtotal, 2000 estimate (VCRP)..... 318 302 26,499 Total, 2000 estimate1/ ..... 33,712 31,692 3.218.427

1/BOP also anticipates reimbursment of \$26,996,000 and 136 workyears in FY2000.

	1999 Ap	1999 Appropriation Anticipated			2000 Base			2000 Estima	ite	Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm		-	Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	Amount	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount
1. Inmate Care and Programs												
Inmate Care	5,032	3,804	\$651,095	5,031	4,370	\$692,202	5,211	4,443	\$708,442	180	73	\$16,240
Inmate Programs	6,994	6,774	439,053	6,998	6,898	464,134	7,303	7,028	479,029	305	130	14,895
Subtotal	12,026	10,578	1,090,148	12,029	11,268	1,156,336	12,514	11,471	1,187,471	485	203	31,135
2. Institution Security and Admin.												
Institution Security	12,558	12,157	670,415	12,542	12,399	710,910	13,144	12,642	730,847	602	243	19,937
Institution Maintenance	2,429	2,310	309,638	2,427	2,344	324,297	2,508	2,377	340,243	81	33	15,946
Institution Administration	3,387	3,114	368,305	3,385	3,166	395,974	3,525	3,222	416,186	140	56	20,212
Staff Training	387	359	53,191	387	365	55,054	399	370	55,726	12	5	672
Subtotal	18,761	17,940	1,401,549	18,741	18,274	1,486,235	19,576	18,611	1,543,002	835	337	56,767

## FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM -- SALARIES & EXPENSES (Dollars in thousands)

Comparison by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FIE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FIE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	ETE	Amount
3. Contract Confinement	297	297	\$255,062	297	297	\$258,538	329	317	\$2.40.DE0	22	20	<b>604</b> 700
Contract Confinement4. Management and Administration			<del>\$255,062</del>			\$236,336			\$340,258	32	20	\$81,720
Management and Administration	1,293	1,293	142,094	1,293	1,293	147,696	1,293	1,293	147,696		•••	•••
Total	32,377	30,108	2,888,853	32,360	31,132	3,048,805	33,712	31,692	3,218,427	1,352	560	169,622
Direct (non-add)	[32,059]	[29,806]	[2,862,354]	[32,042]	[30,830]	[3,022,306]	[33,394]	[31,390]	[3,191,928]	[1,352]	[560]	[169,622]
VCRP (non-add)	[318]	[302]	[26,499]	[318]	[302]	[26,499]	[318]	[302]	[26,499]			
Reimbursable FTE		136		•••	136			136				
Grand Total	32,377	30,244	2,888,853	32,360	31,268	3,048,805	33,712	31,828	3,218,427	1,352	560	169,622
Activate New Facilities	5 positions camp; and rison Cam dd 256 bed MDC's in I space (2,6	s is require 13 Metropo p in Victor ds. These Houston, T 56 beds) ir	d to activate 5 litan Detentio rille, California activations are exas, Brooklyi i the Northeas	new facilit n Centers ( , will add 1 e needed to n, New Yor st and Sout	ies (4,320 l (MDC's). A ,408 beds v o address t k, and Phil	beds): 1 minir activation of th while the Fed he 25% overd adelphia, Pen	e Federal eral Prison rowding nsylvania,	•		1,295	527	\$86,809
Inmate Care and Programs Institution Security and Administration Total				Perm. <u>Pos.</u> 460 <u>835</u> 1,295	FTE 190 <u>337</u> 527	Amount 30,042 <u>56,767</u> 86,809						
Contract Confinement		•••••								26	17	80,722

An increase of \$34,000,000 and 8 positions is required to meet the conditions of the National Capital Revitalization and Self-Government Improvement Act of 1997, which specifies that at least 2,000 District of Columbia sentenced felons shall be housed in contract facilities by December 31,1999.

#### FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM -- SALARIES & EXPENSES

(Dollars in thousands)

					Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
An increase of \$46,722,000 and 18 positions is required for an additional increasing number of short and long-term non-U.S. citizens inmates and will be used to house non-citizen inmates sentenced to federal prison, an responsibility for 1,000 long-term INS detainees who can not be returned							
Drug Treatment		•••••			31	16	\$2,091
An increase of \$2,091,000 and 31 positions is required for residential an programs. This expansion will increase the drug abuse treatment program.							
	Perm.					•	
	Pos.	FTE	Amount				
Inmate Care and Programs	25	13	1,093				
Contract Confinement	<u>6</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>998</u>				
Total	31	16	2,091				
Total Program Changes, Salaries and Expenses					1,352	560	169,622

## FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM -- BUILDINGS & FACILITIES (Dollars in thousands)

1998 :	actuals										Perm. Pos.	ETE	Amount
	appropriation as enacted										294 306	250 303	\$437,726 410,997
	creases (see p. 126)											3	6,794
	ecreases:  Non-recurring costs for Construc  Other Decreases	tion Pro	jects								(16)	(16) (20)	(297,000)
2000	base										290	270	120,791
Pr	ogram changes (detailed below)	•••••				•••••					50	38	438,000
2000 €	estimate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••			•••••		•••••		340	308	558,791
			propriatio	ns Enacted		2000 Base			00 Estimat	ie		ncrease/De	crease
Comparison	by activity and program	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FIE	Amount	Perm Pos.	ETE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FIE	Amount
1. New Co	enstruction	184	181	\$322,963	168	148	\$30,003	200	168	\$441,003	32	20	\$411,000
2. Moderni	ization and Repair	122	122	88,034	122	122	90,788	140	140	117,788	18	18	27,000
Total		306	303	410,997	290	270	120,791	340	308	558,791	50	38	438,000
Reimbu	rsable FTE		26			26			26				•••
Grand T	otal	306	329	410,997	290	296	120,791	340	334	558,791	50	38	438,000
Progra	am Changes										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	EIE	Amount
New C	onstruction						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				32	20	\$411,000
(USP) (FCI's) associ	equest includes an increase of \$41 with a work camp in the Western F to increase capacity for sentenced ated with additional capacity for Di ume the non-removable criminal al	Region ( d offende strict of	\$137 mi ers (\$33 Columbi	llion); site ar million); cor ia felons (\$2	nd planni Istructior 21 millio	ng for 3 f n of 2 pris n); and si	ederal Cor	rectional	Instituti k space	ons			
Moder	nization and Repair			•••••				•••••			18	18	27,000
facilitie	rease of \$27,000,000 and 18 posities. This increase will fund a base reted facilities replacement cost, whi	maintena	ance and	d repair prog	ram equ	al to 2.5%	e of over ut of the pris	tilized an on syste	d aging m's				
Total F	Program Changes, Buildings and F	acilities.									50	38	438,000

## FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM -- FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm. Pos. 1/	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals	2,011	1,685	\$394,028
1999 appropriation as enacted	2,011	1,867	522,386
Increases (see p. 126)	•••		109,380
2000 base	2,011	1,867	631,766
Program changes (detailed below)	18	9	8,234
2000 estimate	2,029	1,876	640,000

<sup>1/</sup> The permanent positions column reflects positions funded from program revenues for illustrative purposes only. These positions are not included in the Department's positions total.

	1999 Ap	999 Appropriation as Enacted			000 Base		2	000Estimat	е	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm	**************************************		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<b>Amount</b>	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	FTE	<b>Amount</b>	Pos.	FIE	Amount	
1. Congressional limitation:													
Administrative expenses	32	32	\$3,266	32	32	\$3,266	32	32	\$3,429	•••		\$163.00	
2. Industrial operations:													
Cost of Production	1,979	1,835	457,120	1,979	1,835	567,000	1,997	1,844	571,571	18	9	4,571	
Other Expenses		•••	40,000		•••	40,000			40,000			•••	
Buildings and improvements			7,000		•••	7,300			10,000			2,700	
Machinery and equipment			15,000			14,200			15,000			800	
Subtotal	1,979	1,835	519,120	1,979	1,835	628,500	1,997	1,844	636,571	18	9	8,071	
Total	2,011	1,867	522,386	2,011	1,867	631,766	2,029	1,876	640,000	18	9	8,234	

Federal Prison Industries is a revolving fund that operates on the sale of goods and services to other government agencies. These funding amounts are not a part of the Department of Justice appropriations request.

		Perm		
Program Changes		Pos.	FTE	Amount
Factory Activation		1Ω	۵	<b>6</b> 0 224

An increase of 18 positions and 9 workyears is required to activate a factory at the new FCI in Victorville, California.

#### FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM -- COMMISSARY FUNDS

(Trust Revolving Fund) (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos. 1/	ETE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	564	421	\$270,759
1999 appropriation as enacted	565	565	183,732
2000 base	565	565	183,732
Program changes (detailed below)	23	11	8,443
2000 estimate	588	576	192,175

<sup>1/</sup> The permanent positions column reflects positions funded from program revenues for illustrative purposes only. These positions are not included in the Department's positions total.

	1999 App	1999 Appropriation as Enacted			2000 Base			00 Estimat	te	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FIE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	ETE	Amount	Pos.	EIE	Amount	
Commissary	565	565	\$183,732	565	565	\$183,732	588	576	\$192,175	23	11	\$8,443	

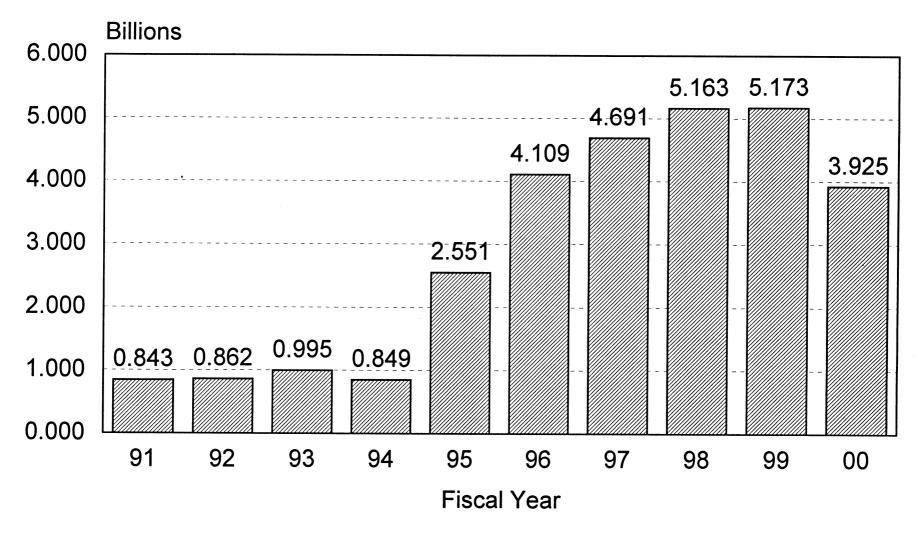
The Commissary Fund is a revolving fund that operates exclusively from the sale of goods, and amounts shown are not included in the Department of Justice appropriations request.

Program Change	Perm. Pos.	FTE	Amount
Commissary	23	11	\$8,443

An increase of 23 positions and 11 workyears is required to establish/operate the commissaries and provide inmate telephone service at new facilities being activated in FY 2000 at Fort Devens, MA., Brooklyn, NY., Houston, TX., Philadelphia, PA., Victorville, CA., and Forrest City, AR.

# Office of Justice Programs/COPS \*

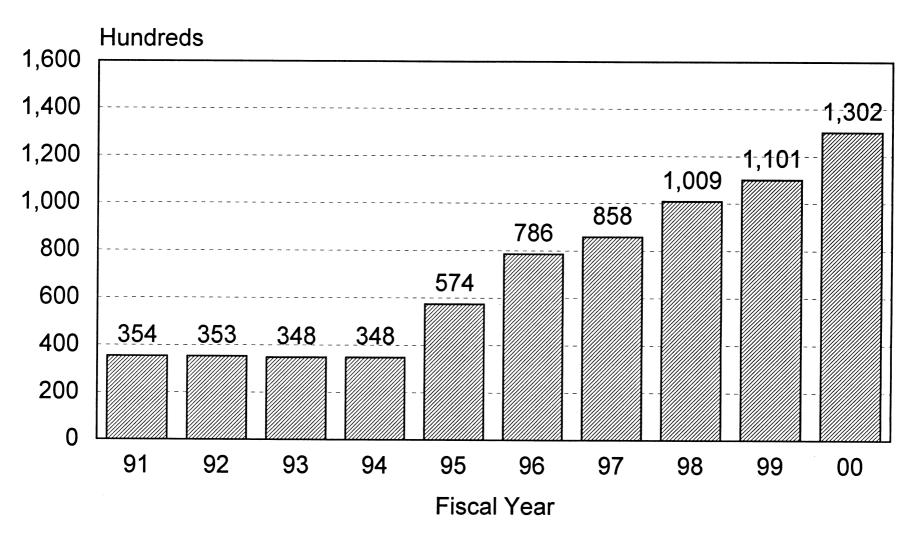
Budget Authority 1991 - 2000



<sup>\*</sup> COPS = Community Oriented Policing Services

# Office of Justice Programs/COPS\*

Authorized Positions 1991 - 2000



<sup>\*</sup> COPS = Community Oriented Policing Services

### Office of Justice Programs/Community Oriented Policing Services (Dollars in Thousands)

JUSTICE LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE SISTANCE SISTANCE POS. Amount Pos. Amount P	CRIME /ICTIMS FUND Po Amoun 0 \$356,7		ALL F	ND TOTAL FUNDS Amount
JUSTICE LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ASSISTANCE Pos. Amount Pos. Amo	/ICTIMS FUND Po Amoun 0 \$356,7		ALL F	UNDS
ASSISTANCE ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS FUNDING ASSISTANCE POLICING SERVICES PROGRAM F  Pos. Amount	Po Amoun  0 \$356,7		ALL F	UNDS
Pos Amount Pos Amount	0 \$356,7		Pos.	
1998 Obligations 743 \$184 185 0 \$511 198 0 0 0 \$217 020 743 \$032 202 0 \$2204 644 200 \$4107 200		3,716		
1998 Obligations		,,,,,,	1.009	\$5,301,737
1000 Fronted 1007   447.554   0   550.000   0   400.550   0	- 1,	.038	1,101	5,173,045
	0	0	0	0
1999 Total Availability	0 324,03	,038	1,101	5,173,045
2000 estimate	0 375,00		1,302	2 025 200
Channe 2000 from 1000	0 50,96		201	3,925,286 (1,247,759)
Adjustments to base		1		1
Transfers:	1			i i
To/From other accounts	0	0	18	135,000
Mandatory Increases:				į l
2000 Pay Raise	0	اه	0	2,709
Annualization of 1999 Pay Raise	ŏl	اه	ŏ	1,019
JDC/ FMIS Charges	-	اة	ō	35
	٥١	اه	7	410
FTS Recom/Transition Costs	0	ō	o	52
	٥١	0	ō	43
	0	0	0	19
General Services Admin (GSA) Rent	0	٥١	0	3,192
	0	0	0	3
	0	0	0	350
	0	0	0	734
General Pricing Level Adjustments	0 50,96	,962	0	51,073
Total, mandatory increases	0 50,96	,962	7	59,639
	1			İ
Decreases:				
	0	0	0	(20)
	0 50,96	962	25	194,619
1999 base 860   296,723   0   0   0   0   277,950   860   574,673   0   2,955,450   266   1,430,000   0   32,541	0 375,00	,000	1,126	5,367,664
Program changes				
Salaries and Related Expenses	اه	٥١	176	872
Grants	- 1	١٥	1/6	(1,443,250)
T	- 1	ŏ	ŏ	0
	0	0	176	(1,442,378)
	0 375,00	000 1	1,302	3,925,286
Change 2000 from 1999	0 50,96		201	(1,247,759)
Discretionary/Mandatory Split				
	- 1		1,302	3,517,745
Mandatory	0 375,00	000	0	407,541

## STATE AND LOCAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS (Dollars in thousands)

			-	FY 1999 Enact	ed				FY 20	00 President's	Request	
	Dir	ect		t Crime ction Prog.	Tota	al	Dir	ect		nt Crime ction Prog.	Tota	l
Budget Activity	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Pos	Amount
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS												
Justice Assistance									l l			
National Institute of Justice		46,148				46,148		43,448				43,44
Bureau of Justice Statistics		25,029				25,029		32,609				32,609
Missing Children/Alzheimer's		17,168		900		18,068		17,168		900	··· [	18,068
Regional Information Sharing System		20,000				20,000		20,000			"	20,000
Civil Rights Enforcement Partnership						,		5,000			""	5,000
White Collar Crime Info. Center		7,350				7,350		9,250				9,250
Counterterrorism Programs	l							171,000				171,000
Management and Administration	835	38,103			835	38,103	915	46,820			915	46,820
Subtotal Justice Assistance	835	153,798		900	835	154,698	915	345,295		900	915	346,195
State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance												
Byrne Formula Grants		505.000				505,000	]			400,000	j	400,000
Byrne Discretionary Grants		47,000				47,000				59,950		59,950
Subtotal State and Local Law Enforcement		552,000				552,000				459,950		459,950
Juvenile Justice Programs												
Title II - JJDP Programs		131,950				131,950		135,950			ł	135,950
Part D - Gang Free Schools and Communities		12,000				12,000		12,000		***		12,000
Part E - State Challenge Activities		10,000				10,000		10,000		***		10,000
Part G - Mentoring		12.000				12,000		12,000	l			12,000
Title V Incentive Grants for Local		,				. 2,500		. 2,500				12,000
Delinquency Prevention		95,000				95,000		95,000			ľ	95,000
Drug Prevention Demonstration Program		10.000		1		10,000		10,000		•••		10,000
Victims of Child Abuse		7.000		12,000		19,000		7.000		12,000		19,000
Subtotal, Juvenile Justice Programs		277,950		12,000		289,950		281,950		12,000		293,950

#### STATE AND LOCAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

(Dollars in thousands)

Budget Activity  Violent Crime Reduction Programs  Weed and Seed Program	Pos	Amount \$33,500	Redu Pos.	t Crime ction Prog. Amount	Tota Pos.	al Amount		ect		t Crime ction Prog.	Tota	1
Violent Crime Reduction Programs  Weed and Seed Program	Pos	Amount \$33,500	Pos.					ect	Reduc	ction Prog	Total	1
Violent Crime Reduction Programs  Weed and Seed Program		\$33,500		Amount	Pos.	Amount				stion rog.	100	,
Weed and Seed Program  Criminal Records Upgrade  Prison Grant Programs  Drug Courts  Violence Against Women Act		•				AHOUNT	Pos.	Amount	Pos.	Amount	Pos	Amount
Criminal Records Upgrade  Prison Grant Programs  Drug Courts  Violence Against Women Act		•	l :									
Criminal Records Upgrade  Prison Grant Programs  Drug Courts  Violence Against Women Act		•	1			\$33,500				\$33,500		\$33,500
Prison Grant Programs  Drug Courts  Violence Against Women Act				\$45,000		45.000				400,000		<b>4</b> 00,000
Drug Courts Violence Against Women Act				720,500		720,500				75,000		75.00
Violence Against Women Act				40,000		40,000				50,000		50.000
				270,750		270,750				270,750		270.75
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	1 1		i i	420,000		420,000				500,000		500,000
Residential Substance Aubse Treatment Program	1 1			63,000		•						•
Certainty of Punishment Grants		•••		65,000		63,000				65,100		65,100
Indian Tribal Courts			'''	5 000		 5 000		•••		35,000		35,000
	1 1	•••		5,000		5,000				5,000		5,000
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant		•••		523,000		523,000		•••				
Juvenile Incentive Block Grant				250,000		250,000						
Drug Testing and Intervention Program						`				100,000		100,000
DNA Identification - State Grants				15,000		15,000						
Other Crime Control Programs:							- 1					
State and Local Law Enforcement:						1			l		- 1	
Law Enforcement Family Support Grants			ll	1,500		1,500				1,500		1,500
Subtotal - State and Local		•••		1,500		1,500				1,500		1,500
Federal Law Enforcement				.,		.,				1,000	""	1,000
Telemarketing Fraud Prevention				2,000		2,000			ĺ	2,000		2,000
Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention				1,300		1,300		•••		1,300		1,300
Subtotal - Federal Law Enforcement				3,300		3,300				3,300		3,300
Management and Administration	1 1		'''	[47,230]		3,300						3,300
•	"				***					[64,388]		••
Total - Violent Crime Reduction Programs	-	33,500		2,357,050		2,390,550				1,139,150		1,139,150
Total, Office of Justice Programs	835	1,017,248		2,369,950	835	3,387,198	915	\$627,245		1,612,000	915	2,239,245
COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES												
Public Safety and Community Policing Grants				1,367,977		1,367,977				564,008		564,008
Police Corps Grants				30,000		30,000				,		,
Crime-Fighting Technologies	.][			-,		,				350,000		350,000
Community-Based Prosecutors Program		•		1			i		- 1	200,000		200.000
Community Crime Prevention Efforts Program										125,000		125,000
Management and Administration *			266	32,023	266	32,023		•••	387	35,992	387	35,992
Total - Comm. Oriented Policing			266	1,430,000	266	1,430,000			387	1,275,000	387	1,275,000
TOTAL - ALL PROGRAMS	. 835	1,017,248	266	3,799,950	1,101	4,817,198	915	627,245	387	2,887,000	1,302	3,514,245

<sup>\*</sup> In addition, as part of the 2000 budget request, and as depicted on page 152, \$7,731,000 will also be available for management and administration from several new programs proposed under the Community Oriented Policing Services appropriation.

#### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUSTICE ASSISTANCE

(Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos. 1	/ FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	743	661	\$184,185
1999 appropriation as enacted	407	424	147,151
Transfers/Reimbursements from: Violent Crime Reduction Programs, OJP for administrative functions	<b>428</b>	387 39	[47,230] 2/ 
Juvenile Justice appropriation for administrative functions			6,647
1999 appropriation anticipated	835	850	153,798
Transfer from the Counterterrorism Fund of funding for state and local domestic preparedness assistance Increases	18 	3 53	135,000 3/ 7,925
2000 baseTransfers from Violent Crime Reduction Programs, OJP, for administrative functions	860 42	906 22	296,723 [17,158] 4/
Program Changes	13_	8	48,572
2000 estimate	915	1 936	345,295

<sup>1/</sup> Total does not include 39 reimbursable positions to administer the COPS program.

<sup>2/</sup> These positions are necessary to administer the VCR Program in 1999. Associated dollars are in brackets for display purposes only and are a non-add.

<sup>3/</sup> This transfer would move \$135,000,000 for state and local domestic preparedness assistance from the Counterterrorism Fund to OJP. This amount includes \$2,000,000 for management costs of the counterterrorism programs.

<sup>4/</sup> These additional positions are necessary to administer the VCR Program in 2000. Associated dollars are in brackets for display purposes and are a non-add. Total estimated VCR administrative dollars proposed for 1999 are \$47,230,000.

#### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUSTICE ASSISTANCE

(Dollars in thousands)

			(Do	llars in th	ousands)	)							
	1999 Ap	propriation	Anticipated		2000 B	ase		2000 Esti	imate	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>	
Research, Evaluation, and Demonstration	•••		\$46,148			\$46,148			\$43,448		•••	(\$2,700)	
2. Criminal Justice Statistical Programs		•••	25,029	•••	•••	27,109	•••		32,609			5,500	
3. Missing children			17,168	•••	•••	17,168	•••		17,168			0	
4. Regional Information Sharing System		•••	20,000		•••	20,000	•••		20,000			0	
5. Civil Rights Enforcement Partnership		•••	•••	•••	•••				5,000			5,000	
6. White Collar Crime Information Center	•••		7,350			7,350			9,250			1,900	
7. Counterterrorism Programs						133,000			171,000			38,000	
8. Management and Administration	835	850	38,103	860	906	45,948	915	936	46,820	55_	30_	872	
Total	835	850	153,798	860	906	296,723	915	936	345,295	55	30	48,572	
Program Changes  Research and Evaluation / National Institute of	of Justice	· •								Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	
Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring	•••••				•••••					•••		\$4,800	
This increase will expand the Arrestee Drug A only federally-funded drug use prevalence probehavior; ADAM findings are processed and range of drugs by numerous subgroups of the which to make policy decisions. Increasing the in particular cities, and allow the program to rehave traditionally been the focus of governmentations.	ogram wireleased e offende numbe numbe nore accient anti-di	hich dired immedia r populater of progurately es urately es rug and a	ctly addressetely and allo tion, providin ram sites wi stimate drug anti-crime m	es the rel bw for quang local a ill expand use at the easures,	ationship arterly mo nd nation the abilit ne nationa and very	between dru pnitoring in cl pal policymak by to directly i al level. In a little is know	ug use an nanges of kers a stro nquire int ddition, as n about ti	d crimina f use of a png basis o drug po s urban a he relatio	al I wide Is from roblems Ireas Inship				

Law enforcement officers in the line of duty face an ever-present threat of death or serious injury from the weapons they carry to protect themselves and the public: the risk that some day a service weapon may be taken and used against an officer or to harm others. The Smart Gun Technology research and development program will reduce the cost to human life resulting from the use of weapons taken from their owners. This program will expand the development, testing and replication of current technology and foster the development of additional "Smart Gun" technologies which also have the potential to save lives. "Smart-gun" technology is designed to disable a weapon that is not being held by its proper owner. There are several different and promising techniques on the drawing board for smart gun development: radio frequency, biometrics, voice recognition, and touch memory.

Child Proof Gun & Gun Detection Technology Development.....

suburban and Native American lands in the 35 existing sites.

4.000

## OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUSTICE ASSISTANCE (Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Investigative and Forensic Sciences			\$2,000
There are presently no nationally recognized investigative and forensic science protocols to guide state and local law enforcement; police departments currently operate under a broad array of investigative and procedural guidelines based on state and local standards. This initiative will focus on the development of national guidelines for the identification, collection and preservation of both crime scene and eyewitness evidence. In addition, a national survey of forensic laboratories and their policies and procedures will be conducted to establish critical baseline data. This will be the first-ever national survey of forensic laboratories.			
International Crime Research Program	•••	•••	1,500
The requested enhancement would allow NIJ's International Center to implement an International Crime Research Program to support the goals and objectives of the President's International Crime Control Strategy. This initiative will also allow NIJ to support other Department components' international activities, and to share criminal justice information with an international audience of practitioners and researchers. This program would help the Department to develop and share knowledge in support of federal law enforcement efforts to assist justice agencies in emerging democracies, and to share knowledge developed through a variety of research, evaluative and technology-related practices with law enforcement and criminal justice practitioners and researchers both in the United States and abroad.			
Technology Centers			(10,000)
The budget proposes relocating funding for the National Institute of Justice's Technology Centers to the COPS Program under the Twenty-First Century Policing Initiative.			
DNA Research and Development	·•		(5,000)
The budget proposes relocating funding for the National Institute of Justice's DNA Research and Development Program to the COPS Program under the Twenty-First Century Policing Initiative.			
Criminal Justice Statistics / Bureau of Justice Statistics:			
Performance Measurement of the National Drug Control Strategy		•••	2,000
Resources are requested to collect and analyze data required for use by the Administration in measuring the performance and results of the National Drug Control Strategy. The Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP) Performance Measures of Effectiveness presents an integrated system of 94 measures to track the Nation's progress in achieving the goals and objectives of the National Drug Control Strategy. For almost three-quarters of the measures, the Department of Justice and its agencies are designated as the reporting or supporting agencies. In order to meet the reporting requirements as specified in the ONDCP Performance Measurement System, several new data collections and enhancements to existing data series are necessary.			

#### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUSTICE ASSISTANCE

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Tribal Criminal Justice Statistics			\$2,000
This increase will allow BJS to conduct a national census of tribal criminal justice agencies and related statistical activities to improve the Nation's understanding of crime and the administration of justice among Native Americans. At present, there is no coherent and uniform manner for defining criminal conduct or victimization, measuring its incidence and prevalence, examining the response to crime, assessing case processing, or systematically understanding how criminal matters are adjudicated and disposed of on Native American lands.			
Hate Crime Reporting and Statistics		•••	1,000
This enhancement would be used to add a hate crimes supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey to capture victim estimates of the prevalence of bias-related crime.			
Study on Discrimination	•••	•••	500
This enhancement will provide for the development and monitoring of statistical measures designed to examine concerns about racial discrimination in the administration of justice. This effort by the Department, part of a larger government-wide initiative inspired by the President's Initiative on Race, will enhance existing statistical series which collect felony case-processing information from representative samples of jurisdictions. Study of this data will expand the capacity of the Department to estimate the impact of non-legally relevant factors, such as defendant race, at each stage of case-processing, and to monitor changes in their proportional contribution to case outcome over time.			
Civil Rights Enforcement Partnership			5,000
State attorneys general have a vital role to play as partners in eliminating discrimination through civil rights enforcement. The Civil Rights Enforcement Partnership will provide competitive grants to help build the capacity of states to address specific enforcement issues within their jurisdictions by hiring additional staff.			
National White Collar Crime Center			1,900
This enhancement is for the National White Collar Crime Center (NWCCC) to provide training and technical assistance relating to computer crimes to state and local law enforcement and regulatory agencies. These resources will support the NWCCC's role as the primary state and local liaison and training arm of the National CyberCrime Training Partnership. The NWCCC will also act as a clearinghouse, providing information on all federal computer crime training available to state and locals, as well as a "yellow pages" of resources available in forensic computer science, computer and network investigations.			
Counterterrorism Programs	• •••		38,500
The President's Budget proposes transferring the \$135 million appropriated in the Counterterrorism Fund in 1999 for state and local domestic preparedness assistance to OJP in 2000. In addition, it proposes restructuring \$31.5 million of these resources, eliminating			

### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUSTICE ASSISTANCE (Dollars in thousands)

#### Program Changes

Perm
Pos. FTE Amount

funding for four programs [Direct Grants to Municipal Fire/EMS Services (\$16 million), Grants to Emergency Response Services for radio equipment (\$4 million), the National Domestic Preparedness Consortium (\$8 million), and Situational Exercises (\$3.5 million)], and redirecting that \$31.5 million, which when combined with the requested increase of \$38.5 million, will allow \$70 million to be provided for the following 5 enhancements:

\$45 million for the Bomb Technician Equipment Program, which will provide State and local bomb technician squads with the specialized equipment necessary to allow these squads to detect and react to a chemical or biological weapon threat or release. This program is administered through the FBI.

\$6 million to expand the First Responder Equipment Acquisition Grant Program, which provides grants to metropolitan jurisdictions, states and territories for the procurement of personal protection, chemical and biological detection, collection, and decontamination equipment for first responders. This equipment is essential to building our Nation's capability to effectively respond to incidents of terrorism involving weapons of mass destruction.

\$9 million for the operations of the Center for Domestic Preparedness at Fort McClellan, AL. The Center for Domestic Preparedness, through its Chemical Defense Training Facility, which is the only "live-agent" training facility in the United States, provides state and local first responders with hands-on training necessary to effectively plan for and respond to incidents of domestic terrorism involving chemical or biological agents and nuclear and explosive devices. This enhancement is necessary to allow training operations to continue at Fort McClellan in light of the increased costs OJP will face following the formal closure of the Army Base on September 30, 1999.

\$7 million for a Law Enforcement First Responder Training Program, consisting of a 2-day basic awareness course which will utilize both "train-the-trainer" and "on-site training" approaches to provide state and local law enforcement officers with the basic training and skills necessary to fulfill their role as first responders to a weapons of mass destruction terrorist incident.

\$3 million to expand OJP's targeted technical assistance program, designed to provide reactive, individualized technical assistance to state and local jurisdictions participating in OJP's domestic preparedness programs. Technical assistance will address specific jurisdictional problems or concerns with the implementation of OJP's domestic preparedness programs.

# OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUSTICE ASSISTANCE (Dollars in thousands)

**Program Changes** 

Perm

Pos.

FTE

**Amount** 

g capport of resqueeted registrini	iauc incre	ases	•••••		13	8	\$3
nvestigative and Forensic Sciences and vention Demonstration and Youth Gun V	l Internatio /iolence In the admini	nal Crime itiatives e stration o	e Research earmarked v of OJP's Co	ed in the Justice Assistance appropriation in support of in Initiatives described above, as well as the Drug within the Juvenile Justice Title V - At Risk Children's unterterrorism Programs; funding for these positions is			
proposed staffing increase in support of	f program	matic inc	reases brea	aks down as follows:			
	f program Pos.		reases brea	aks down as follows: Bureau			
proposed staffing increase in support of		matic inc <u>FTE</u> 1					
proposed staffing increase in support of	Pos. 1		<u>Amount</u>	Bureau			
proposed staffing increase in support of Program Investigative and Forensic Sciences	Pos. 1 1 2		Amount 63	Bureau National Institute of Justice			
proposed staffing increase in support of Program Investigative and Forensic Sciences International Crime Research	Pos. 1		<u>Amount</u> 63 51	Bureau  National Institute of Justice  National Institute of Justice  Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention			
proposed staffing increase in support of Program Investigative and Forensic Sciences International Crime Research Drug Prevention Demo. Program	Pos. 1 1 2		Amount 63 51 129 129	Bureau National Institute of Justice National Institute of Justice			

# OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	
1998 actuals	•••••		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••	••••••		••••••	•••	•••	\$511,198	
1999 appropriation as enacted	•••••	•••••	•••••			•••••		•••••	••••••			552,000	1/
2000 base												[552,000]	••
Program Changes					•••••	•••••			•••••			[-92,050]	
2000 estimate												[459,950]	•
	_1999 App	oropriation	as Enacted	2000 Base 2000 Estimate			mate	Inc	crease/De	Decrease			
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			•
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<b>Amount</b>	Pos.	FTE	Amount	
<ol> <li>Edward Byrne Discretionary Grants</li> </ol>			\$47,000			[\$47,000]			[\$59,950]			[\$12,950]	
2. Edward Byrne Formula Grants			505,000	•••		[505,000]			[400,000]	•••		[-105,000]	
Total	0	0	552,000	0		0							

<sup>1/</sup> The 1999 appropriation provided \$552,000,000 for Byrne programs: \$47,000,000 for discretionary grants and \$505,000,000 for formula grants.

Total funding for the Byrne Programs is requested from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund in 2000, as shown in the brackets above and on page 148.

#### WEED AND SEED PROGRAM FUND

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals		•••	42,220 1/
1999 appropriation as enacted		•••	33,500
Increases	•••		
2000 base			33,500
Program changes			
2000 estimate			33,500

<sup>1/</sup> Obligations are shown for comparison purposes. Obligations were actually incurred against the State and Local Assistance appropriation and are included in that total.

	1999 Appropriation Enacted				2000 Base			2000 Estimate			Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	
Weed and Seed Program	•••		33,500			33,500			33,500	•••		•	

NOTES: Consistent with the 1999 appropriation, the 2000 budget request proposes separate funding for the Weed and Seed Program.

Furthermore, the 2000 request proposes that Weed and Seed will be funded from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund.

The 1999 appropriation provides \$6,500,000 from the Assets Forfeiture Fund Super Surplus for Weed and Seed providing a total availability of \$40,000,000. The 2000 budget request assumes \$6,500,000 will be available again for Weed and Seed from the Assets Forfeiture Fund Super Surplus.

### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm.		
1998 actuals										Pos.	FTE	<u>Amoun</u> \$217,920
1999 appropriation as enacted										•••	•••	284,597
Transfers to:  Justice Assistance appropriation 1999 appropriation anticipated	ı for adm	inistrativ	e functions							 0	 0	(6,647 277,950
2000 base												277,950
Program Changes (detailed below)										•••	•••	4,000
2000 estimate												281,950
	1999 A	ppropriati	on Anticipated		2000 E	Base		2000 Estimate		li	ncrease/D	ecrease
Comparison by activity and program  1. Title II - Juvenile Justice and	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amoun
Delinquency Prevention	•••	•••	\$131,950			\$131,950	•••		\$135,950	•••	•••	\$4,000
Part D - Gang-Free Schools and     Communities	•••		12,000			12,000			12,000			0
3. Part E - State Challenge Activities	•••	•••	10,000			10,000	•••		10,000	•••	•••	0
4. Part G - Mentoring	•••		12,000		•••	12,000	•••		12,000			0
Title V - Incentive Grants for Local     Delinquency Prevention			95,000			95,000			95,000			0
6. Drug Prevention Demonstration Program.	•••		10,000	•••		10,000			10,000			0
7. Victims of Child Abuse	···	***	7,000		***	7,000			7,000	***	***	0
Total	•••		277,950	•••		277,950			281,950			4,000
Program Changes										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
Evaluation of Comprehensive Strategies		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••				\$4,000

\$4 million to allow the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) to conduct a full outcome evaluation of its Comprehensive Strategy for Serious, Violent, and Chronic Juvenile Offenders. This strategy, the foundation of OJJDP's programming since 1993, is currently being implemented in 5 states, with an additional

### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS

(Dollars in thousands)

Perm.

Program Changes	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
3 states identified to begin implementation. It combines research-based risk focused prevention with early intervention and a range of graduated sanctions to provide communities with a comprehensive approach for reducing juvenile crime and victimization. This increase will allow OJJDP to measure the program's success by tracking the number of sites completing integration of the Comprehensive Strategy into their performance review process. Data will be collected regarding the juveniles served to determine both how the Strategy affected risk factors and protective factors, and whether these changes resulted in a decrease in recidivism or initiation of delinquent behavior.			
Total Program Changes, Juvenile Justice Programs			\$4,000

The Juvenile Justice Programs request also contains several important earmarks:

<u>Program</u>	<u>Earmark</u>	<b>\$</b> (000)
Title V	Tribal Youth	20,000
Title V	Drug Demonstration Program	10,000
Title V	Reduction of Youth Gun Violence	10,000

	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	0	0	\$2,361,644
1999 appropriation as enacted	428	426	2,369,950
Transfer to Justice Assistance Appropriation for administrative functions 1/	<u>(428)</u>	<u>(426)</u>	[-47,230]
1999 appropriation anticipated	0	0	2,369,950
Transfer From State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance of Byrne Programs 2/	. 0 0	0 <u>0</u>	552,000 <u>33,500</u>
2000 base	0	0	2,955,450
Net program changes 4/	. 42	22	(1,343,450)
Transfer to Justice Assistance Appropriation for administrative functions 1/	(42)	(22)	<u>[-17,158]</u>
2000 estimate 5/	0	0	1,612,000

<sup>1/</sup> Associated funding for personnel is in brackets for display purposes only and is not additive.

- 3/ The 2000 President's Budget proposes funding the Weed and Seed Program from the Violent Crime Trust Fund. However, the budget request proposes to maintain separate appropriations language for Weed and Seed. Funding of \$33,500,000 is proposed in 2000.
- 4/ This net program change includes a program increase of 42 positions and 22 workyears and associated funding for the management and administration of programs funded from the VCRP appropriation. The portion of the program change dollars that supports the additional personnel is shown in brackets for display purposes only and is not additive.
- 5/ The 2000 request for the Violent Crime Trust Fund contains several earmarks:

Earmark	\$(000)
U.S. Attorneys Training Center	\$4,500
Security at Health Care Facilities	4,500
Evaluation of Byrne Programs	5,000
Prisons-At-Work	6,000
Cooperative Agreement Program	35,000
Detention facilities in Indian Country	34,000
Civil legal assistance programs	18,000
Violence Against Women Research	5,200
Family Violence Research	5,000
U.S. Attorneys D.C. domestic violence	1,196
Safe Start Program	10,000
Indian Country (set-aside but not hard earmark)	10,000
	U.S. Attorneys Training Center Security at Health Care Facilities Evaluation of Byrne Programs Prisons-At-Work Cooperative Agreement Program Detention facilities in Indian Country Civil legal assistance programs Violence Against Women Research Family Violence Research U.S. Attorneys D.C. domestic violence Safe Start Program

<sup>2/</sup> Funding of \$505,000,000 for the Byrne Formula Grant and \$47,000,000 for the Byrne Discretionary Grant Program are proposed for transfer to the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund, providing total base funding of \$552,000,000 for Byrne Programs. In addition to base funding, a program increase of \$12,950,000 is proposed in the Byrne Discretionary Grant Program, and a decrease of \$105,000,000 is proposed for the Byrne Formula Grant Program.

	1999 Appropriation Anticipated				2000	) Base		2000	Estimate	Increase/Decrease			
	Perm	<u> </u>		Perm		-	Perm			Perm			
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	
1. Byrne Formula Grants	0	0	\$0	0	0	\$505,000	0	0	\$400,000	0	0	(\$105,000)	
2. Byrne Discretionary Grants	0	0	0	0	0	47,000	0	0	59,950	0	0	12,950	
3. Weed and Seed Program	. 0	0	0	0	0	33,500	0	0	33,500	0	0	0	
4. Criminal Records Upgrade1/	0	0	45,000	0	0	45,000	0	0	0	0	0	(45,000)	
5. Prison Grant Program	0	0	720,500	0	0	720,500	0	0	75,000	0	0	(645,500)	
6. Drug Courts	0	0	40,000	0	0	40,000	0	0	50,000	0	0	10,000	
7. Violence Against Women Act	0	0	272,750	0	0	272,750	0	0	272,750	0	0	0	
8. Victims of Child Abuse	0	0	10,000	0	0	10,000	0	0	10,000	0	0	0	
9. State Criminal Alien Assistance	0	0	420,000	0	0	420,000	0	0	500,000	0	0	80,000	
10. Residential Substance Abuse													
Treatment Program	0	0	63,000	0	0	63,000	0	0	65,100	0	0	2,100	
11. Certainty of Punishment Grants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35,000	0	0	35,000	
12. Indian Tribal Courts	0	0	5,000	0	0	5,000			5,000	0	0	0	
13. Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	0	0	523,000	0	0	523,000	0	0	0	0	0	(523,000)	
14. Juvenile Incentive Block Grant	0	0	250,000	0	0	250,000	0	0	0	0	0	(250,000)	
15. Drug Testing and Intervention Program	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100,000	0	0	100,000	
16. DNA Identification Grants1/		0	15,000	0	0	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	(15,000)	
17. All Other Crime Control Programs2/	0	0	5,700	0	0	5,700	0	0	5,700	0	0	0	
18. Management and Administration	0	0	[47,230]	0	0	[47,230]	0	0	[64,388]	0	0	[17,158]	
Total	0	0	2,369,950	0	0	2,955,450	0	0	1,612,000	0	0	(1,343,450)	

<sup>1/</sup> These programs are funded in the COPS appropriation in 2000 as part of the 21st Century Policing Initiative

<sup>2/</sup> Includes Missing Alzheimer's resources totaling \$900,000.

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Byrne Formula Grants	0	0	(\$105,000)

The decrease proposed in the 2000 budget will result in total funding of \$400,000,000 for this program in 2000. Within that amount, an earmark of \$5,000,000 is proposed to perform evaluations on programs funded by the Byrne Formula Grant Program.

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Byrne Discretionary Grants/Hate Crimes	0	0	\$1,250
This increase contains three components that are part of the Administration's Hate Crime Initiative. An increase of \$1,000,000 is requested to develop and provide training for state, local, and federal criminal practitioners. An enhancement of \$200,000 is requested to develop partnerships at various levels of government to respond to hate crimes and to disseminate successful program strategies. Finally, \$50,000 is requested to partner with public and private organizations to develop public service announcements to combat hate crimes.			
Byrne Discretionary Grants/Health Care Provider Protection	0	0	4,500
This increase is to provide security assessments, and, where necessary, security improvements to reproductive health clinics at high risk of violence. Such security improvements might include closed circuit camera systems, improved lighting, motion detectors, alarm systems, or bullet-resistant windows.			
Byrne Discretionary Grants/Demonstration Program on the Relationship of Alcohol and Crime	0	0	7,200
Of this amount, \$4 million will be used to award grants to 13 communities to develop comprehensive community-level enforcement and prevention programs aimed at combating underage drinking, drinking and driving, and alcohol-related crimes so that the link between alcohol abuse and crime can be broken. The remaining money will be used to conduct additional research and develop statistics on the relationship between alcohol and crime and to disseminate effective practices dealing with alcohol abuse.			
Criminal Records Upgrade Program	0	. 0	(45,000)
The 2000 budget proposes that the authority for this program be broadened. The new program is included under the COPS Appropriation as part of the 21st Century Policing Initiative. However, it will continue to be administered by the Bureau of Justice Statistics.			
Prison Grant Program	0	0	(645,500)
The 2000 budget proposes to eliminate this program, although \$35,000,000 in funding will be provided for the			

The 2000 budget proposes to eliminate this program, although \$35,000,000 in funding will be provided for the Cooperative Agreement Program, \$34,000,000 will be provided for detention facilities in Indian Country, and \$6,000,000 will be provided to fund a Prisons-At-Work Program. This new program will build upon federal experience and expertise in administering prison-industry programs to develop national models and strategies to assist state prison systems in increasing inmate employment and transitioning offenders to full-time

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
employment upon release. Two strategies will be employed in the implementation of this program: a model "Prison at Work" program and a "Model Industry" innovations grant program. In three "Prison at Work" sites, the program will work intensively over several years to remove barriers to employment and to increase the number of inmates employed. In "Model Industry" innovation sites, incentive grants will be offered to test innovative prison employment experiments within 40-60 state prisons. In addition, technical assistance and training will be provided to participating sites, multi-site outcome evaluations of both program elements will be conducted, and information and findings will be disseminated nationally to inform policy makers and practitioners of what works, what doesn't, and what is promising in prison employment approaches.			
Drug Courts	0	0	\$10,000
This program targets non-violent offenders. This increase will be used to provide grants to plan, establish, or enhance state and local drug courts that provide specialized treatment, rehabilitation, and supervision of certain types of nonviolent substance abusing offenders. This will provide a total of \$50,000,000 for the Drug Courts Program.			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	0	0	80,000
This program reimburses states and units of local government for their costs of incarcerating illegal criminal aliens. The total 2000 request for the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program is for \$500,000,000. The \$500,000,000 represents a decrease of \$85,000,000 from the total amount appropriated in 1999.			
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program	. 0	0	2,100
This program provides formula grants to states for use by state and local governments to develop and implement residential substance abuse treatment programs within state and local correctional and detention facilities where inmates are incarcerated for sufficient time to permit such treatment. Total availability for 2000 would be \$65,100,000.			
Certainty of Punishment Grants	0	0	35,000
This new program will provide grants to states for use by states and units of local government to develop alternative methods of punishment for young offenders to traditional forms of incarceration and probation. These alternative methods would ensure certain punishment for young offenders and promote reduced recidivism, crime prevention, and assistance to victims, and would			

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
be targeted particularly to young offenders who can be punished more effectively in an environment other than a traditional correctional facility. These methods would include alternative sanctions that create accountability and certain punishment for young offenders, restitution programs, education and job training programs, and correctional options such as electronic monitoring and community-based and weekend incarceration.			
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	0	0	(\$523,000)
The 2000 budget proposes eliminating funding for this program.			
Juvenile Incentive Block Grant	0	0	(250,000)
The 2000 budget proposes eliminating funding for this program.			
Drug Testing and Intervention Initiative	0	0	100,000
The 2000 budget proposes a new program that would provide discretionary grants to states and units of local government and state and local courts for planning, implementation and enhancement of comprehensive programs of drug testing, drug treatment, and graduated sanctions for individuals within the criminal justice system. Systematic drug testing under the coercion of the criminal justice system is an important tool for criminal justice agencies concerned with controlling drug abuse among the offender population. When compared to substance abusers who voluntarily enter treatment, those coerced into treatment through the criminal justice system are just as likely to succeed. Since the majority of drug users are processed through some part of the criminal justice system during their drug-use careers, it makes sense to consider that system as a location for intervention. Of the \$100 million requested, \$10 million is specifically for Indian tribes.			
DNA Identification Grants	0	0	(15,000)
The 2000 budget proposes that the authority for this program be broadened. The new program is included under the COPS appropriation as part of the 21st Century Policing Initiative. However, it will continue to be administered by the National Institute of Justice			

Program Changes		FTF	Amount
Management and Administration	<u>Pos.</u> . 0	0	[17,158]

A program increase of 42 positions, 22 workyears, and \$17,158,000 is requested for management and administration of the Violent Crime Reduction Programs. By law, a portion of the funds appropriated for the crime control programs may be transferred to the Office of Justice Programs' Justice Assistance appropriation to ensure effective management of these programs, and the efficient disbursement of grant funds. The 1999 request for administrative resources represents approximately five percent of the total funding requested for the Violent Crime Reduction Programs appropriation. The following table reflects the crime control programs from which the requested administrative resources are derived.

Violent Crime Reduction Program	Total VCRP Funds	Admin. Resources	Net Program Funds			
Byrne Formula Grants	\$400,000	\$16,040	\$383,960			
Byrne Discretionary Grants	59,950	2,404	57,546			
Weed and Seed	33,500	1,088	32,412			
Prison Grant Program	75,000	3,006	71,994			
Drug Courts	50,000	2,005	47,995			
Violence Against Women Act	272,750	10,858	261,892			
Victims of Child Abuse	10,000	481	9,519			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	500,000	20,052	479,948			
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Prog	65,100	2,611	62,489			
Certainty of Punishment Grants	35,000	1,404	33,596			
Indian Tribal Courts	5,000	201	4,799			
Drug Testing and Intervention	100,000	4,010	95,990			
Other Crime Control Programs	<u>5,700</u>	<u>228</u>	<u>5,472</u>			
	1,612,000	64,388	1,547,612			
Total, Violent Crime Reduction Programs				0	0	(1,343,450)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	266	182	\$1,637,349
1999 appropriation as enacted	266	266	1,430,000
2000 base	266	266	1,430,000
Program changes (detailed below)	121_	<u>61</u>	(155,000)
2000 estimate 1/	387	327	1,275,000

<sup>1/</sup> Note that the 2000 estimate consists of \$1,175,000,000 of funding from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund and \$100,000,000 in direct appropriations. The budget contains a separate proposal within the Commerce Department to establish a new analog spectrum fee for commercial broadcasters. Should this proposal be enacted, \$100,000,000 of the fee receipts would be used to finance the Public Safety Telecommunications Assistance Program and the Global Criminal Justice Information Network Initiative, which are funded from the \$100,000,000 in direct appropriations included in the 2000 COPS budget. This would reduce the request for this appropriation to a total of \$1,175,000,000.

	19	99 Approp	ropriation as Enacted 2000 Base 2000 Estimate Increase			2000 Base 2000 Estimate		2000 Base 2000 Estimate Increase			Increase/D	ecrease
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1. Public Safety and Community												
Policing Grants 1/2/	0	0	\$1,367,977	0	0	\$1,366,308	0	0	\$564,008	0	0	(\$802,300)
2. Police Corps	0	0	30,000	0	0	30,000	0	0	0	0	0	(30,000)
3. Crime-Fighting Technologies												
Program3/4/	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	350,000	0	0	350,000
4. Community-Based Prosecutors												
Program3/	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200,000	0	0	200,000
5. Community Crime Prevention												
Efforts Program3/	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	125,000	0	0	125,000
6. Managmt. & Administration 1/	_266_	_266_	32,023	266	266_	33,692	387	_327_	<b>35,992</b>	121_	61	2,300
Total	266	266	1,430,000	266	266	1,430,000	387	327	1,275,000	121	61	(155,000)

<sup>1/</sup> Adjustments to base totaling \$1,669,000 have been included in the Management and Administration amount. The Public Safety and Community Policing Grants amount has been reduced by \$1,669,000, so that total funding between the two programs is maintained at \$1,400,000,000.

(Dollars in thousands)

- 2/ This proposed program contains several earmarks. There are earmarks of \$25,000,000 to continue the bulletproof vest program and \$30,000,000 to continue the Police Corps Program, both of which will be administered by the Office of Justice Programs. An earmark of \$20,000,000 has been included to establish a National Police Officer Scholarship Program, and an earmark of \$20,000,000 has been included to fund programs to combat violence in schools.
- Funding to administer these new programs (\$5,265,951) is included within total program funding. This funding will be used to pay for the salaries and related expenses of the 121 additional positions and 61 additional workyears shown under Management and Administration.
- Included within the \$350,000,000 proposed, is \$250,000,000 for programs that will be administered by the OJP. Several of these programs have been funded previously under various OJP appropriations. They are as follows: \$10,000,000 program for the National Institute of Justice's (NIJ's)Technology Centers, \$5,000,000 for NIJ's DNA research and development program, \$55,000,000 to expand NIJ's DNA Identification Program to include general forensic sciences, and \$50,000,000 to expand the Bureau of Justice Statistics' Criminal Records Upgrade Program to include the purposes authorized under the Crime Identification Technology Act of 1998.

This budget request reflects the Administration's recently announced proposal to renew the COPS program for another five years. This proposal, called the 21st Century Policing Initiative, will not only provide funding for additional officers, but it also proposes more money for law enforcement technology and community-based crime prevention programs.

	Perm.		
Program Changes	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Public Safety and Community Policing Grants	0	0	(\$802,300)

The \$564,008,000 remaining represents the programmatic portion of the \$600,000,000 initiative recently announced by the Administration to hire and provide assistance to officers. The remainder of the \$600,000,000 is reflected under the Management and Administration decision unit. This proposal renews the existing COPS program, and its goal is to hire more law enforcement officers and to train, educate and equip more police. These resources will be used to fund between 30,000-50,000 more law enforcement officers over the next five years, with a focus on crime "hot spots." The 2000 budget also proposes to broaden the definition of the type of law enforcement officers that can be funded under this program to community law enforcement officers, which would allow the hiring of probation and parole officers. In addition to hiring, this initiative contains several important earmarks to fund programs that support law enforcement enforcement officers. An earmark of \$25,000,000 will be used to continue the new discretionary grant program begun in 1999 that provides bulletproof vests to state, local and Indian tribal governments for use by law enforcement officers. This funding also includes \$30,000,000 to continue the Police Corps Program and \$20,000,000 for the National Police Officer Scholarship Program, which will provide educational assistance to law enforcement officers. This funding also includes \$20,000,000 for programs to combat violence in schools and \$50,000,000 to help economically distressed communities to retain officers. An earmark of \$19,600,000 has also been included for District of Columbia Courts and Offender Supervision.

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Police Corps	0	0	(\$30,000)
The 1999 budget proposes a decrease of \$30,000,000 in 2000 because this program will be funded from the Public Safety and Community Policing Grants decision unit.			
Crime-Fighting Technologies Program:			
This new \$350,000,000 innovative program will help state and local law enforcement agencies to tap into new technologies that will allow them to fight crime more effectively. This program actually contains three different initiatives: \$100,000,000 for a crime analysis program, \$125,000,000 for improved public safety communications, and \$125,000,000 for crime-solving technologies.			
Crime Analysis Program	. 0	0	100,000
This program will provide money for research, technical assistance, evaluation, and grants to utilize and improve crime-solving, data sharing, and crime forecasting technologies, including funds to promote crime mapping nationwide and funds to promote sophisticated crime analysis models. This program will help police combine real-time information about crime on the streets with the resources to find criminals and prevent future crime in a highly targeted way.			
The improved public safety communications program (\$125,000,000) funds four separate initiatives, all of which will be administered by the Office of Justice Programs:			
Public Safety Wireless Telecommunications Assistance Program	. 0	0	80,000

The goal of this program is to ensure that state and local public safety wireless communications systems are compatible with federal law enforcement radio systems. Currently, every federal, state, and local law enforcement agency operates separate tactical radio networks in every metropolitan area in the country. As federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies begin to replace their current radio systems with digital narrowband systems, it is important to ensure that this next generation of radio technology is compatible at all levels of law enforcement. This program will provide grants to states to help them develop comprehensive telecommunications system plans, fund demonstration grants to assist jurisdictions in implementing public safety communication systems, and offer technical assistance to help jurisdictions in the planning and development process. The demonstration grants will be administered by the Commerce Department's National Telecommunications Information Administration.

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
Global Criminal Justice Information Network Initiative	. 0	0	\$20,000
The goal of this program is to improve state and local criminal justice through the development of a nationwide network of criminal justice information systems where state and local authorities with responsibilities for law enforcement, courts, prosecution, public defense, corrections, probation and parole will have immediate access to information necessary to respond to and resolve the consequences of criminal activity. This funding will allow the Office of Justice Programs to expand the assistance it is already providing to state and local governments by funding a limited number of planning grants for states who would work with their local governments to develop strategies for integrating their existing criminal justice information systems. Pilot projects will also be conducted to enhance integration efforts that are already successful and to use these projects as learning laboratories for states. This initiative will also provide funding for peer-to-peer consulting at the state and local level. Resources are also included to allow for the dissemination of a wide variety of information to state and local jurisdictions, including best practices, current and planned integrated criminal justice initiatives, model legislation, and model procurement approaches. Funding will also be provided to develop standards, guidelines, and protocols for information sharing and analysis tools to facilitate interoperability.			
Continued Base Funding for the National Institute of Justice's Technology Centers	. 0	0	10,000
These centers offer a professional source of product and technology information, community technology assistance services, technology assessment, and referral services to law enforcement, corrections, and other criminal justice professionals.			
The ALERT Car and Other Public Safety Communications Improvements	0	0	15,000
This program will fund other police communications improvements, including further development of the ALERT car, which allows officers to enter data electronically at the scene of a crime, accident, or traffic stop, and receive query responses withou returning to their vehicle. The ALERT system also allows for the accurate transmission of information in voice, data, and image format while in the field. It is modular, ungradable and retro-compatible with current equipment and technologies and designed to meet the needs of varying sized departments and address geographical considerations.  The open architecture open system will allow industry to quickly develop and integrate new technologies in the ALERT car.			

The crime-solving technologies program (\$125,000,000) also funds four separate initiatives, all of which will be administered by the Office of Justice Programs:

# COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES (Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
DNA Sample Backlog	. 0	0	\$15,000
This program will provide funding for state and local governments to use outsourcing to eliminate the 1,000,000 convicted offender DNA sample backlog at state and local crime labs. Currently, analysts find one "hit" or match per 1,000 samples entered into the FBI's national database (CODIS). At this rate, eliminating the 1,000,000 case backlog could result in 1,000 hits or more – that is approximately 1,000 offenders who could be brought to justice.			
Continued Base Funding for the National Institute of Justice's Research and Development Program	. 0	0	5,000
The goal of this program, begun in 1999, is to reduce the time and cost of performing DNA analysis.			
Crime Lab Improvement Program	. 0	0	55,000
This new program will be an expanded version of the DNA Identification Grant Program. The goal of CLIP is to improve the general forensic sciences capabilities of labs. This will be accomplished by awarding grants to state and local government agencies to improve their investigative and analytic capabilities in the area of forensic science. Funding will also be used to provide research, technical assistance, and training to help inform agencies about what lab capabilities are available nationwide and to provide guidance on what types of equipment to purchase.			
Records Systems Upgrade	0	0	50,000
This program will provide discretionary grants to states to upgrade criminal history, criminal justice, and identification record systems, promote compatibility and participation in Federal, State, and local systems, and capture information for statistical and research programs, as authorized by the Crime Identification Technology Act of 1998. This expands the scope of the Criminal Records Upgrade Program to include the purposes authorized under this Act.			
Community-Based Prosecutors	. 0	0	200,000
The 2000 budget requests \$200,000,0000 to establish a Community Prosecutors Program to make discretionary grants to state and local prosecutors to increase substantially the number of local prosecutors interacting directly with members of the community (i.e., neighborhood DAs) and to encourage local prosecutors to reorient their emphasis from "assembly line" processing of cases to solving specific crime and disorder (quality of life) problems in their communities. Of this amount, \$150,000,000 would be used to pay the salaries and training costs associated with hiring or reassigning prosecutors to directly with police and community residents. Grants could also be used to hire indigent defense counsel. Of the total requested, \$50,000,000 will be used to fund innovative programs.	e		

(Dollars in thousands)

Program Changes	Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
Community Crime Prevention Efforts Programs	. 0	0	\$125,000
This new program will provide grants that will engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime – including community residents, non-criminal justice government agencies and the private sector. Examples of how these funds could be used include: involving faith-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention, recruiting seniors to help police, establishing citizens' police academies, teaching neighborhood residents problem solving skills, promoting police partnerships with juvenile justice and child welfare organizations, partnering with local environmental groups to crackdown on gang-run illegal dumping in the inner city, and establishing business-led police foundations that promote professional policing.			
Management and Administration	121	61	2,300
Two separate enhancements are sought within this decision unit:			

An increase of \$2,300,000 is requested to adequately provide funding for existing COPS employees. As a result of limited administrative funding, the COPS Office has had to delay hiring critical positions, and reduce travel fund allocations, which limits the ability of the Monitoring Division to conduct on-site visits. Training for new employees has been virtually eliminated. This enhancement will allow the COPS Office to restore funding to these administrative areas.

A program increase of 121 positions and 61 workyears is requested to provide the staff necessary to administer the new grant programs proposed under the 21st Century Policing Initiative. In order to fund these positions, the budget proposes that a portion of the proposed program funding be used for administrative purposes. The following table reflects how administrative funding of \$7,731,000 would be distributed:

Violent Crime Reduction Program	Total New Program Funds	Admin. Resources	Net Program Funds		
Crime Analysis Program	\$100,000	1,267	\$98,733		
Public Safety Wireless Telecomm	. 80,000	1,014	78,986		
Global Criminal Justice Info Network		253	19,747		
ALERT and Other Police Telecomm		190	14,810		
DNA Sample Backlog	15,000	190	14,810		
Crime Lab Improvement Program	. 55,000	697	54,303		
Community-Based Prosecutors	. 200,000	2,536	197,464		
Community Crime Prevention Efforts	<u>125,000</u>	<u>1,584</u>	<u>123,416</u>		
	610,000	7,731	602,269		
Total, Community Oriented Policing Service	ces			<del>-61</del> -	(155,000)

### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS BENEFITS (Dollars in thousands)

										Perm. <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount
1998 actuals					•••••					•••		\$32,725
1999 appropriation as enacted					•••••						•••	31,809
Increases												732
2000 base					•••••	•••••	•••••		•••••	•••	•••	32,541
Program Changes (detailed below) .			•••••			•••••	•••••		•••••			3,500
2000 estimate		•••••		•••••	••••••		••••••	•••••		•••	•••	36,041
		ppropriatio	n Enacted		2000 Ba	ise		2000 Esti	mate		crease/Dec	rease
Comparison by activity and program  1. Public Safety Officers' Death	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amount	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Perm <u>Pos.</u>	FTE	Amoun
Benefits Program		•••	\$31,809			\$32,541			\$32,541	•••		•
Disability Benefits Program 1/     Federal Law Enforcement Dependent's     Assistance Program 1/ 2/									3,500			\$3,500
•	•••		31,809	•••		32,541	•••		36,041	•••	•••	3,500
1/ These programs are classified by the Adı 2/ There is sufficient carryover funding (\$2,			•	99 and 200	0.				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Perm Pos.	FTE	Amount
Disability Benefits Program										0	0	\$3,500
In 1999, OJP estimates that it will pa \$140,000 each. The carryover fundi proposed program increase will prov safety officers, their families, and the	ng of \$4,04 ide sufficier	6,970 is i nt funding	insufficient to to continue	support to suppo	this prog rt disabili	ram in 1999 ty compens	and 2000	D. The				
Total Program Changes, Public	Safety Offic	cers Ben	efits									3,500

### OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS - CRIME VICTIMS FUND (Dollars in thousands)

	Perm.		
	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
1998 actuals	•••	•••	\$356,716
1999 enacted			324,038
1999 availability		•••	324,038
Increases 1/			50,962
2000 base	•••	•••	375,000
2000 estimate 1/			375,000

<sup>1/</sup> The budget authority for 1999 is based on actual 1998 collections. In 1998, collections deposited to the Fund were \$324,038,487.

This amount will be available to the Crime Victims Fund (CVF) for obligation in 1999. The increase of \$50,961,513 would provide total 1999 funding of \$375,000,000, which is based on anticipated 1999 collections to the Fund.

	_1999 Ap	1999 Appropriation as Enacted           Perm         Pos.         FTE         Amount           \$224,038         \$324,038		2000 Base				2000 Est	imate	Increase/Decrease		
	Perm			Perm			Perm			Perm		
Comparison by activity and program	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	<u>FTE</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>	Pos.	FTE	<u>Amount</u>
Crime Victims Fund	•••	•••	\$324,038			\$375,000	•••	•••	\$375,000	•••	•••	•••

	DOJ Agency	Total Auth ('95-'20)	Total Approp ('95-'99)	1995 Approp Total	1996 Approp Total	1997 Approp Total	1998 Approp Total	1999 Approp Total	2000 President's Request
PREVENTION	H 1	, , , , ,	(55 55)				10141	1000	Request
Violence Against Women:									
Department of Justice:									
Grants To Combat Violence Against Women	OJP	800,000	672,750	26,000	130,000	144.000	172.000	200.750	200,750
Grants To Encourage Arrest Policies	OJP	120,000	150,000		28,000	33,000	59.000	30,000	30.000
Rural Domestic Violence Enforcement	OJP	30,000	65,000		7,000	8,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
Victims of Child Abuse Grants:							, , , , , ,		
Court-Appointed Special Advocate Program	OJP	38,000	26,000		6,000	6,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Training for Judicial Personnel & Practitioners	OJP	8,050	5,750		750	1,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Grants for Televised Testimony	OJP	4,250	2,600		50	550	1,000	1,000	1,000
National Stalker & Domestic Violence Reduction	OJP	6,000	6,000		1,500	1,750	2,750	1	
Victims Counselors	USA	1,500	1,500		500	1,000			
Training Programs	OJP	2,000	9,000		1,000	1,000	2,000	5,000	5,000
State Data Base Study National Study/Campus Assault	OJP OJP	200	200		200				
National Study/Campus Assault	OJP	200	200			200			
Subtotal, DOJ	İ	1,010,200	939,000	26,000	175,000	196,500	270,750	270,750	270,750
Department of Health & Human Services:									
Number & Cost of Injury Study	l 1	100	100			100			ı
Rape Prevention Grants	ł	205,000	165.542		31,642	31,900	51,000	51,000	51,000
Community Programs On Domestic Violence		10,000	9.000		5 .,5 .2	9.000	0.,000	0.,000	01,000
Grants for Battered Women's Shelters		325,000	223,800		21,358	4,442	93,000	105,000	101,000
Grants To Reduce Sexual Abuse of Runaway,		30,000	13,558			13,558	,	,	1
Youth Education and Domestic Violence	l	400	400			400			<b>!</b>
National Domestic Violence Hotline		3,000	2,600	1,000	400	1,200			
Subtotal, HHS	-	573,500	415,000	1,000	53,400	60,600	144,000	156,000	152,000
Department of Interior:									l
Capital Improvements - National Parks		10.000							1
Capital Improvements - Public Parks		15,000							
Subtotal, DOI		25,000							
		20,000							
Judicary:					1				
Education & Training for Federal Judges		700							
Department of Transportation:									
Capital Improvements - Public Transportation		10,000							
State Justice Institute:									
Equal Justice For Women In Court	1	600							
Total, Violence Against Women		1,620,000	1,354,000	27,000	228,400	257,100	414,750	426,750	422,750

	DOJ Agency	Total Auth ('95-'20)	Total Approp ('95-'99)	1995 Approp Total	1996 Approp Total	1997 Approp Total	1998 Approp Total	1999 Approp Total	2000 President's Request
Other Department of Justice:									
Local Crime Prevention Block Grant	OJP OJP	377,000 625,500							
Res. Substance Abuse Treatment For State Prisoners Drug Courts Assist for Delinquent & At-Risk Youth	OJP OJP	270,000 1,000,000 36,000	183,000 111,900	11,900	27,000	30,000 30,000	63,000 30,000	63,000 40,000	65,100 50,000
Family Unity Demo Projects  Missing Children/Alzheimers Grants  Boys and Girls Clubs 10/ (NON-CRIME BILL TBD)	OJP OJP	19,800 2,700 <b>80,000</b>	3,600		900	900	900	900	900
Subtotal, OJP Other		2,331,000	298,500	11,900	27,900	60,900	93,900	103,900	116,000
Federal Prison Drug Treatment	ВОР	112,500	91,342	•	13,484	25,224	26,135	26,499	26,499
Subtotal, DOJ Other		2,443,500	389,842	11,900	41,384	86,124	120,035	130,399	142,499
Ounce of Prevention:									
Ounce of Prevention Council		90,000	1,500	1,500					
Department of Education: Family & Community Endeavor Schools Program		243,000							
Department of Health & Human Services:  Comm. Schools Youth Services & Supervision Grants  Community Economic Partnership Fund		567,000 270,000	37,000	37,000			·		
Subtotal, HHS		837,000	37,000	37,000					
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Local Partnership Act		1,620,000							
Department of Interior: Urban Recreation & At-Risk Youth Grants		4,500							
Department of Treasury: Gang Resistance Education & Training Projects		45,000	24,200	9,000	7,200	8,000			
Total, Other	ŀ	5,283,000	452,542	59,400	48,584	94,124	120,035	130,399	142,499
TOTAL, PREVENTION		6,903,000	1,806,542	86,400	276,984	351,224	534,785	557,149	565,249

	DOJ Agency	Total Auth ('95-'20)	Total Approp ('95-'99)	1995 Approp Total	1996 Approp Total	1997 Approp Total	1998 Approp Total	1999 Approp Total	2000 President's Request
STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT									<u> </u>
Department of Justice:									į
Community Policing	COPS	8.800.000	6.889.786	1,299,806	1,399,980	1,390,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,175,000
Police Corps	COPS	100,000	90,000	1,200,000	1,000,000	30.000	30,000	30,000	1,173,000
Police Scholarship Program	COPS	100,000				00,000	] 30,000	30,000	
Police Recruitment	COPS	24,000	i						1
Rural Drug Enforcement Assistance	OJP	240,000							1
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	OJP	na	2,072,000	i	503,000	523,000	523,000	523,000	[
Juvenile Incentive Block Grants	OJP	na	500,000		000,000	323,000	250,000	250,000	į
Drug Prevention Demonstration Program	OJP	na	000,000				230,000	250,000	i
Drug Testing and Intervention Program	OJP	na	i	Ì					100,000
Brady Handgun Violence Prevention	OJP	150.000	265,000	100,000	25.000	50.000	45.000	45,000	100,000
Byrne Grant Program	OJP	1,000,000	838,500	450,000	147,000	199.000	42,500	43,000	400,000
Byrne Grant Program (TERRORISM BILL 1996)	OJP	100,000	000,000	1 400,000	147,000	133,000	42,500		59.950
Incarceration of Undocumented Criminal Aliens	OJP	1,800,000	1,600,000	130,000	300,000	330,000	420,000	420.000	500,000
State Courts Assistance (Youth Violence Courts)	OJP	150.000	12,000	100,000	000,000	330,000	420,000	12,000	45,500
Certain Punishment for Young Offenders	OJP	150,000	12,000					12,000	35,000
Violent Offender Incarceration Grants (Corrections Grant Productions)	OJP	10.442.600	2,753,000	24,500	617,500	670.000	720,500	720.500	75,000
Community Based Grants for Prosecutors (Prosecutor Grants)	OJP	50.000	2,,,00,000	21,000	017,500	070,000	720,300	120,300	/5,000
Grants to Prosecutors to Target Gang Crime/Juvenile	OJP	na							
Law Enforcement Family Support	OJP	25.000	4,500		1.000	1.000	1,000	1.500	1,500
DNA Identification State Grants	OJP	40.000	31,500		1,000	3.000	12.500	15,000	1,500
Tuberculosis in Prison	OJP	5.000	200		200	3,000	12,500	15,000	
Improved Training & Technical Automation	FBI	100,000	18,500		9.000	9.500			
S&L Training at Quantico/Intelligence Gathering	FBI	20,000	8,000		4.000	4.000			
Improved Technical Automation at Quantico	FBI	10,000	0,000		1 4,000	4,000			1
Local Firefighter Trng State Grants (TERRORISM BILL 1996)	OJP	5,000							
Indian Tribal Courts	OJP	na	5.000					5,000	5,000
			0,000					3,000	5,000
Subtotal, DOJ		23,311,600	15,087,986	2,004,306	3,007,680	3,209,500	3,444,500	3,422,000	2.396.950
Department of Treesury	İ								
Department of Treasury: Rural Drug Enforcement Training: FLETC		5.000							
Tarai Stag Emorement Haming. 1 LETO		5,000							
TOTAL, STATE AND LOCAL ASSISTANCE	ŀ	23,316,600	15,087,986	2,004,306	3,007,680	3,209,500	3,444,500	3,422,000	2,396,950

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT	DOJ Agency	Total Auth ('95-'20)	Total Approp ('95-'99)	1995 Approp Total	1996 Approp Total	1997 Approp Total	1998 Approp Total	1999 Approp Total	2000 President's Request
Department of Justice:	l l			İ					
USA General Crime Support	USA	50,000	192,363	İ	20,235	28,602	62.828	80,698	57,000
FBI General Crime Support	FBI	245,000	654,689	1	208,715	43,497	179,121	223,356	280.501
FBI General Crime Support (TERRORISM BILL - 1996)	FBI	468,000	30,080		1 200,770	30.080	175,121	225,550	200,301
Narrowband Communications	DOJ	,	,			00,000			
DOJ General Crime Support	i	199,000	199,254		72,921	126.333		<u> </u>	1
INS	INS	,	,	1	1 ,2,021	120,000			
USMS	USMS		51,106		[24,980]	[25,000]	25,553	25,553	26,210
USA	USA	[50,000]	0.,.00		[24,500]	[15,274]	25,555	25,555	20,210
FBI	FBI	[00,000]		Ī		[86,059]			i
DEA	DEA				[47,941]	[60,039]			
DOJ General Crime Support (TERRORISM BILL - 1996)	DOJ	41,000			ן נידט, ידן		'		
Additional DEA Agents	DEA	150,000	958,537		12,000	138.000	403.537	405.000	405.000
DEA General Crime Support (TERRORISM BILL - 1996)	DEA	172,000	82,000		12,000	82.000	403,537	405,000	405,000
Asylum Reform		338,000	269,504	49,000	94.289	126,215			ı
INS	INS	000,000	200,004	[28,600]	[44,089]	[19,585]	ĺ		1
EOIR	EOIR		118,502	[9,000]	[33,378]	[35,000]	E0 254	50.054	50.054
USA	USA		110,502	[6,800]	[9,231]	[35,000]	59,251	59,251	59,251
CIVIL DIVISION	CIV		16.129	[4,600]	[7,591]	[7,750]	7.969	0.400	0.555
Border Control System Modernization	INS	675.000	2,161,006	181,000	231,323	297,987	608,206	8,160	8,555
Expanded Special Deportation (IHP)		160,000	230,798	54.000	54.886	121.912	000,200	842,490	500,000
INS	INS	100,000	200,700	[45,800]	[40,539]	[108,912]			i
EOIR	EOIR			[8,400]	[14,347]	[13,000]			
INS General Crime Support (TERRORISM BILL - 1996)	INS	20,000		[0,400]	[14,347]	[13,000]			
Criminal Alien Tracking Center	INS	18,400							
DNA Analysis	FBI	25,000	11,000		5,500	5.500			
Gang Investigation Info. Collection	OJP	1.000	1,000		1,000	3,300			
Motor Vehicle Theft Protection	OJP	5,000	3,300		500	750	750	1,300	4 200
Presidential Summit on Crime	OJP	1,000	0,000		300	750	/50	1,300	1,300
Sr. Citizens Against Marketing Scams:		.,,,,,							
FBI Agents	FBI	7,500							
U.S. Attorneys	USA	2,500							1
Public Awareness & Prevention Initiatives	OJP	10,000	6.500			2.000	2,500	2.000	2 000
NIJ, Office of Science & Technology (TERRORISM BILL - 199		.5,555	0,000	İ		2,000	2,500	2,000	2,000
Foreign Assistance in Counterterrorism Technology	OJP	20.000							l
R&D in Counterterrorism Technology	OJP	10,000							
Subtotal, DOJ		2,618,400	4,985,768	284,000	701,369	1,002,876	1,349,715	1,647,808	1,339,817

	DOJ Agency	Total Auth ('95-'20)	Total Approp ('95-'99)	1995 Approp Total	1996 Approp Total	1997 Approp Total	1998 Approp Total	1999 Approp Total	2000 President's Request
FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT CONT'D									
Executive Office of the President:									
ONDCP - HIDTA			25,700				23,200 *	2,500	
Interior: U.S. Park Police (TERRORISM BILL 1996)		2,000							
Judiciary: General Crime Support (Crime Bill 1994) General Crime Support (TERRORISM BILL 1996)		200,000 <b>4</b> 1,000	141,043		30,000	30,000	40,000	41,043	66,000
Department of Treasury: General Crime Support (Crime Bill 1994) General Crime Support (TERRORISM BILL 1996) U.S. Customs Service (TERRORISM BILL 1996) U.S. Secret Service (TERRORISM BILL 1996)		550,000 40,000 31,000 50,000	204,135 58,300 126,120 38,359	30,000	69,304	70,410 18,300	33,021 60,648 15,731	1,400 40,000 65,472 22,628	11,000 45,000 64,000 12,000
TOTAL, FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT		3,532,400	5,579,425	314,000	800,673	1,121,586	1,522,315	1,820,851	1,537,817
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		29,383,700 33,752,000	15,931,639 22,473,953	2,326,206 2,404,706	3,925,433 4,085,337	4,495,000 4,682,310	5,185,000 5,501,600	5,470,957 5,800,000	4,150,016 4,500,016

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$1,600,000 appropriated for Department of the Treasury, Departmental Offices, from balances available in the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund.