

69-180-A

THE CHICAGO AMERICAN
2-15-36

'MACHINE GUN' M'GURN SLAIN

Mid Misod

Shot Down on Anniversary of Valentine Day Massacre; 20 in Club See 'Execution'

Bowlers in Panic; Clues Point to 'Friends' as Assassins

"Machine Gun" Jack Mc-Gurn, 38, dapper Capone gangster and Public Enemy No. 5, was shot and killed at. 12:55 a. m. today in the Avenue Recreation Parlor on the second floor at 805 Milwau-

He was shot from behind, police believe, by two "friends" mysterious person. And powith whom he was waiting to bowl, as three confederates. posing as "stickup men," plunged the place into confusion with a fusilade of shots.

7 Years Later

McGurn's death came exactly seven years after the St. Valentine's Day massacre, in which he was one of the chief suspects.

As a grim reminder of that massacre, only eight or ten

feet from McGurn's body was a plain white envelope, addressed to him, and bearing this strange "valentine": "You've lost your job, you've lost

your dough, Your jewels and cars and handsome houses.

But things could still be worse, you know;

At least you shaven't lost your trousas!"

Slaying Clues?

Four similar "valentines" had been left at the cigar counter in the alley by some lice sought to know if they had been left by McGurn's slayers-if, indeed, they were intended as a ghastly mockery of the victim.

The others were addressed to Doc Pecaro, Nick BeJohn, Skippy, and Jim Dyne. Police sought to learn who those men were.

From William Alosio, who has owned the Avenue Recreation Parlor, a bowling alley, for two years, police learned that McGurn and his "friends" came in about

Gang Guns Roar Again-

PANIC AT CLUB AFTER KILLING

Crowd Rushes Out had the Into Zero Cold as Bullets Fly

1

VICTIM TRAILED BY GUNMEN

12:50 and asked for an alley. It was the first time, Alosio said, that McGurn had ever been there.

The parlor is a long rectangular room, with four alleys along the north side, and the benches for the players at the west wall. On the south side are several poor tables. A cigar counter is along the south wall, about forty feet from the west wall, and west of it is the entrance door.

20 See Slaying

There were about twenty persons in the parlor, and Alosio told McGurn he and his friends could have the north alley, No. 1, as soon as those playing on it had finished.

McGurn and his companions took off their coats, and sat down to wait. One of his companions wrote the three names on a sheet at the alley—a sheet which

had disappeared after the shoot-

Alosio was sitting on a chair near the cigar counter—with one shoe off. He had been injured in an auto accident, and his foot was still bandaged.

Suddenly three men walked in. They shouted:

"Stand where you are. This is a stickup."

Without waiting, they began to shoot. At the first shot, Alosio plunged beneath a pool table. But the three men, police learned, had stayed near the door, firing a fusilade of shots into the walls and ceiling.

Shot From Behind

They did not walk far into the room. But McGurn who, astounded at the shots, had whirled to face them, was shot from behind.

Two bullets had shattered the back of his head. McGurn fell on his back in front of the bench, at the head of the alley, blood streaming from his wounds.

Three shells from .45 caliber automatic pistols were found on the floor near the door, apparently fired by the "stickup men." No ahells were found near McGurn's body, and police believe the two "friends" who slew him used re/olvers.

At the county morgue a coro-



THE END OF A GANGSTER.

Jack McGurn's body as police found it.

International News photo by Herald and Examiner.

patrons who were in the place at the time-and for four "pin boys" who were watching McGurn just before the shooting and, presumably, saw exactly what happened.

So terrified were they that they fled with the others-not even waiting for their pay.

Alosio and Mascarella professed to be unable to give the names of the boys-or the names of any other patrons in the place.

Alosio, questioned at the West Chicago station by Deputy Coroner Victor Schlaeger and Capt. Martin Mullen, at first answered routine questions reluctantly, then took refuge in sullen silence, only breaking it to shout repeatedly that he be allowed to see his lawyer.'

Wakened by Shots

Mascarella was a little more willing to talk about the shooting -but not to give any real information. He said he had seen one of the "stick-up men," but insisted he didn't know him and wouldn't be able to identify him.

Later Mrs. William Alosio was spized at 2020 Pierce st. and held for questioning.

The inquest was set for 11 a, m. today at the county morgu. Meanwhile three men were taken into custody for questioning when itey were seen entering a

restaurant at 807 Milwaukee av immediately after the shooting.

They were Sam Alosio, 21, of fore they entered. 1141 W. Huron st., brother οſ William, and Charles Alazowka, 22, of 666 N. Curtis st., both said to have minor police records, and John Battaglia, 23, of 1154 W. Ohio st. None of the three bore

a gun.

The police declared their confidence that the murder had been carefully planned, and that at least five men—the two "friends" and the three "bandits" 100 -were included among the plot-

Unravel Plot

The "friends," they believed. had been with McGurn for the entire evening, but were afraid to tackle him alone. McGurn was known as a "tough guy," one who was quick on the trigger and well able to defend himself.

The two, appointed as the actual killers, lured him to the bowling alley, police believed, at a carefully appointed time. But even there, with McGurn supposedly at ease and off guard, they depended on the confusion created by the "stickup" to cover their fissault.

According to that theory, police said, the three "stickup men" yere waiting for McGurn and the others to enter. They watched McGurn come to the trap and

gave him time to get settled be-

They may have entered the parlor to do their part with extreme t trepidation. They couldn't be sure that McGurn wouldn't draw a gun and open fire before the assassins could act.

But as McGurn whirled about at their fire, the "friends" poured bullets into his head. Those shots were fired at point-blank range. They couldn't miss-and McGurn, who was No. 5 on Chicago's first list of public enemies, died as the 3t. Valentine's Day victims died shot from behind, without it

Gangster Narrowly Escaped Death Many Times: Survived Terror Reign of Dry Era

Jack McGurn, product of "the Valley" on the lower West Side, one-time pugilist, graduated from the age of street fighting and the few years in the ring to the deadly warfare of gangdom in the mid dle of the prohibition era.

His "rise" to infamy as one of the most deadly machine gunners was accompanied always by the menace of death. Many times he narowly escaped the vengeance that overtook him last night, fifteen years after he became aligned with the liquor gangs.

REAL NAME GEBARDI.

His real name was Gebardi. He took the name of McGurn for the prime ring. He was 38 years old,

He became aligned with the North Side gang in 1927. The gang had been headed first by Dean O'Banion and included August 27, 1933, were amazed to Hymie Weiss and Vincellt see police invade the course and ("Schemer") Drucci-all shot to death during the years of bat le with the Capone mob. Later of Gebardi. He was arrested on George ('Bugs'') Moran, still liver a vagrancy warrant.

But McGurn soon became involved in difficulties with the North Siders, and the immediate result was an effort to kill him. As he stood in a telephone booth in a smokeshop at 618 Rush st., two men entered the shop and fired on him with a machine gun and a pistol. He survived two wounds.

JOINS CAPONE.

His answer was to join the Capone gang as an active warrior in years of battle. And identification of him by witnesses to the beginning of the St. Valentine's Day massacre of 1929 indicated he took part in the most effective battle against his former allies.

After the murder charge for the massacre was quashed he became involved in lesser difficulties with the law when federal agents seized him and his "blonde alibi," Louise Polfe, June 25, 1929, on a Mann act charge resulting from theil trip together to Florida.

RSCAPES BY MARRIAGE.

Though he was convicted and sentenced to two years in prison, he escaped the penalty by an apceal to the United States Supreme Court based on his marriage. meanwhile, to Miss Rolfe. He had been married previously to Mrs. Helen Gebardi, but was divorced. He had one child by that mar-

After repeal of prohibition Mc-Gurn became a gentleman of leisure, playing golf in costly togs at fashionable courses in amateur tournaments. He bought the home in Oak Park, and engaged in various gambling enterprises.

Players in the Western Open tournament at Olympia Fields on seize a golfer about to tee off on

2 13 30 1/4

Hunted in Slaying



LOUISE ROLFE M'GURN 'Blond Alibi' in massacre.

Blond Alibi Killed on Massacre **Anniversary**

Gangland vengeance caught up with Jack McGurn just seven years after the most infamous crime with which he was charged the St. Valentine's Day massacre of 1929 in which seven of 'Bugs" Moran's gang were slaughtered.

On February 14, 1929, the seven men were lured to a garage at 2122 N. Clark st. by a fake phone call.

At 11 a. m. an automobile resembling a police squad car halted in front of the garage. Another car pulled up at the rear.
Two men in police uniform entered from the rear and four entered from Clark st.

The intruders produced ma-chine guns from under their coats and lined the seven Moran gangsters against the wall, announcing it was a liquor raid, and pressed triggers, sending a deadly stream of bullets into the seven men. mowing them down into a lifeless bloody row of bodies.

Though Moran had not fallen into the death trap, the massacre virtually destroyed his gang, kill-ing Pete Gusenberg, Frank Gusenberg, Al Weinshank, James Clark, John May, Adam Heyer and Dr. Reinhardt H. Schwimmer.

Three weeks later McGurn was seized by police in a downtown hotel and identified by two persons as having been seen to enter the garage. But his "blond alibit" pretty Louise Rolfe, said she and McGurn had been in the hotel fit the time of the massacre, and Mo-Gurn was freed.



ment taken from Willia , 2020 Pieres a vectua, peopelsr wit the bowling allow at 300 Mil e avenue, by Capt. Martin E. Mullen, was as follows:

A How long have you been the repristor of this place?

-Since September er October.

Q -During the evening was there ly trouble in your place of busi-

What was that?

A stickup.

-Do you mean a robbery?

Beard "Stick Them Up." -They said, "Stick them up ad don't move.

Q.—Who was it that said that? A-I don't exactly know who id it. I was sitting on a chair sting my right leg on another chair the windows on the Milwauke venue side of the establishment and I heard somebody shout "Stick hem up," and then some shooting maried, and I ducked under a pool table. I waited a while and when the shooting ceased I got up.

Q .- Then what did you do? A .- Everything was in a commo-Mon and everybody ran out of the place. I looked over on the bowling approach and there was a man wing on the floor.

Q.-Did you know who that man ns?

A.—No, sir. Q.—Did you find out later on who that man was?

A .- Not until the police arrived, and then I learned he was Jack **Ke**Gurn.

Didn't Know Him.

Q.-Isn't it a fact that you knew ack McGurn, whose real name is Encent Gebardi?

A .- No, I don't know him. Q-Who did he come into your inblishment with last night?

-I do not know. -Did he come in alone?

What time was it when they

A.About 12:40 a. m. They were the place about fifteen minutes before the shooting -

Q:- Isn't there something you can tell us about this?

A .- No, I can't tell you anything more. When the shooting started I west under a pool table.

- Ampleye Tells Story. Tony Mascarella, 2022 West Grand avenue, employe of the Mil-walkee avenue bowling alley where Jack McGurn was slain and who witnessed the killing, made the for-lowing statement to Capt. Mart's Mullen at the Racine avenue station this morning:

Q.—Are you employed where? A .- I clean out the pool-

STORY OF HOW

(Continued from First Page.)

room and bowling alleys at 803 Milwaukee avenue.

Q.—By whom "are you so employed? A.—I only know the man as "Smokes."

Q.-Isn't the man you know as 'Smokes" William Aloisio? A .-I don't know his last name, but I have heard him called Willie.

⊢Yæ.

Awakened by Shots.

Mascarella said he was asleep when he was awakened by the shots.

the poolroon his hand and a it was an automatic) enid backing put the door and it ing at the fellows to "ride di Q.—Was this size the only you saw do any shooting?

A.—Yes, Q.—Did you see any othe with this man?

A.—No. I didn't see anyone des with him.

Q.—How many people would you say were in this poolroom and bowling alley at the time a

Twenty Witnesses to Shoofing.

A .- There were about twenty men in the place when the man doing the shooting was leaving, and then they all acrambled for the dear after these men left.

Q.—What do you mean when you hay "after these men left?"

A.—There were three men backing out of the place, but I only say one of them doing the shooting.

Q.—Could you describe any o these men?

A .- No, I can't describe any of them.

Q.-How long had you known

M'GURN DIED A.—I don't know him. This was the second time I saw him in the bowling alley.

Q.-Who did he come to the

bowling alley with?

A.—I don't know. I was asleep when he came in, I guess. Q.-When you saw him lying on

Coat and Hat on Bench.

the floor was he fully dressed?

A .- No, his overcost and hat were on the bench in front of the alley.

Q.—You stated that you saw Jack McGurn once before in the bowling alley. What sight was it and how many people came in with him?.

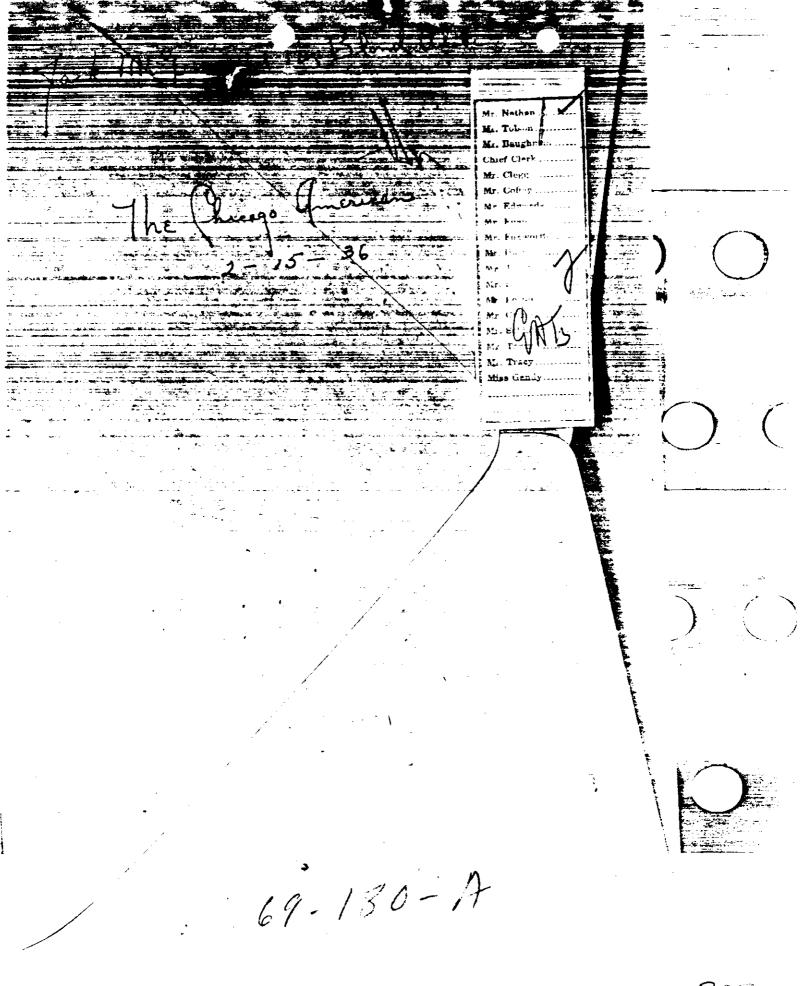
A.—About two weeks ago; there

Q.—Is he the proprietor of this were two men with him, and then poolroom and bowling alley? A powled.

Q.—Did you see these same to men with him last night at owling alley? A.-No.

Chicago will have

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WILLIAM ALOISIO.

Ducked under pool table at abooting.

Valentine Massacre Spotlighted McGurn

The St. Valentine's it disgraced Chicago and made schine Gun" Jack McGurn a stomme dum Jack motors at tionally known desperade se-red February 14, 1929, in a rage at 212 M. Clark st. Seven members of the "Bugs" joran mob, supposedfy awaiting intipment of boose, were in the rare when two men dressed in lice uniforms walked into the

lice uniforms walked into the lcc. What happened was never own, but apparently the fake itemen illned the men up as a raid, whretupon other machigumers who came in the back or abot them down as they stood into a wall. The scene later, seven men lying in the blood-titered room, is the high spot the history of prohibition lawness in Chicago.

GIEN SHOT BEFORE

GUEN SHOT BEFORE

ix of the victims were dead en police arrived. The seventh, ink Gusenberg, died within an ir after mentioning "police-n."

n."
iusenberg and his brother,
er, also killed in the massacre,
i been scoused a year before
whe shooting of McGurn. Mefor had been shot through the
g when ambushed in his car
had been taken supposedly
ng to Alexian Brothers Hos-

il.

le rallied and lived and his
ow gangsters spirited him away
m the hospital while he was
in precarious condition.

WANTED FOR MASSACRE

WANTED FOR MASSACRE.

The massacre started a furore Chicago. Rewards totalling .000 were offered and the polistic seventeen men as wantfor the killings.

The most tangible lead came ut ten days later when an omnobile was found in a burngrange at 1723 N. Wood st. Year apparent an effort had him to the control of the was apparent an effort had bile. Police named Claude tidox, a Capone hoodium, as the ner of the car.

tive identification of McGura by two witnesses. Jack incisted it was "a burn rap" and that at the time of the billing he was in the hotel with the fair Louise. That was what the fair Louise. That was where the got her name. "The blond shift."

There was much hubbuh et sangsters were rounded un.

Eventually McGurn and John Scaline were indicted for murder and Rocco Panelli as accessor: after the fact.

McGurn's lawyers. Nash and Ahern, repeatedly pressed for trial, but the state kept taking continuances, claiming that additions

evidence was being uncovered. In the meantime Scaline was sassinated in a gang killing gen-erally laid to the Capone mob. M'GURN'S CASE STRICKEN

araily laid to the Capone mob.

M'GUN'S CASE STRICKEN.

THE MASSACRE OF M'GUN'S CASE STRICKEN.

M'GUN'S CASE STRICKEN.

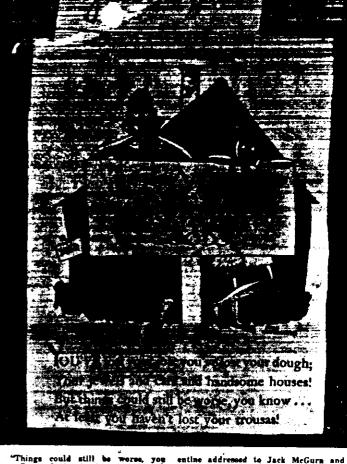
THE MASSACRE OF M'CLIKE.

The massacre of N. Clark st. ultimately went down in Chicago crime annals as an unsolved

or made to destroy the autobile. Police named Claude
didox, a Capone hoodium, as the
her of the car.

The mass described in a general opinion among police and other investigators that
the arrest of McGurn February
two weeks after the murder.
was found the machine gunhad been living in the Betvens
el with Louise Rolfe as Mr.
el with Louise Rolfe as Mr.
on Mrs. Vinent D'Oro.
OND ALIBIT ENTERS.

In the passing years there has
been a general opinion among police and other investigators that
the best greatly accepted
theory is that the head man in
easurement of the seven Moran
easurement was refer the execution of the seven Moran
easurement was a Capone ally, who
is serving a life sentence in Michis an for the murder of a policeman at St. Joseph.



"Things could still be worse, you entire addressed to Jack McGura and know," was the ironic phrase on the val-

LAW, GUNS CHEATED FOR 12 YEARS

The law never quite caught up with him.

tal alterness, he was finally active law never quite caught up to the law c

Jack McGurn for 38 years bore per Jack demonstrated his men-charges and federal charges under a charmed life.

quitted. to Fig. And in his behalf the then sorts.

lystery Call Tells Blond

Q—Do you know where he bowled? A—No.
Q—Was any one with him when he left the house? A—No.
Q—Of your own knowledge do you know if he had any trouble with any one lately? A—No.

TOLD BY REPORTER.

or just a moment pretty Louise ered her handkerchief. ered her handkerchief, hen Sergt. Donohue had to ry her back to the anteroom. ie offered her water, but she

"I don't want any."
I don't want any."
Iarlier, weeping softly at the line st. police station, where was questioned by Sergt. Donie, Capt. Martin Mullen. Delive Lieut. Richard Barry, gt. Ryran Thelan and Fatroin Richard P. Broehl, she had ed r. peatedly for water and assirin.

NTS DRINK EN ROUTE,

When Police
Arrive.

Continued from First Paga.

cred by a sheet. His black hair ruffled. There was a smudge his forehead and blood on his forehead

GAVE 'JACK' AN ALIBL

GAVE JACK' AN ALIBL

She testified then that she was with Jack at the time the seven were slain in the N. Clark at gardier. Louise had told Bergt. Donohue of a mystery phone call beling her "something had hapmenged to the beat the ray of the same term in the Stevens Hotel and convicted under the Mann act, but the United States Supreme Court reversed the conviction.

Albia today were needless. And, perhaps, it was just as well for Louise that they were. She in jaked she knew of no reason for Jack's assassination, that she didn't even know what he did for hours before his death.

STORY OF LAST HOUES.

In the way to the station with STORY OF LAST HOURS, for questioning by Sergt Donohus, her escort on her Here, according to the police SWAYS IN WALK TO CAR.

"Take me to him: Take me
to him:"
When Bergt Donohue rang her
doorbell early today she answered
after a clear, She was fully
dressed, sobbing but not hysterlea!
Bergt Donohue saked:
"De you know about Jack?"
She said ahe didn't know what
Jack had bermed in she was fully
at the said she was fully
at Melvese Park.
When Bergt Donohue and reporters approached McGurn's
home it was evident that bed news
had arrived first.
NIGHT LAMP BURNING.
Through a window they could

Q—Do you know he was shot and killed last evening. A—Yes. A reporter came to my house and told me.

Earlier Louise had told Bergi. Donohue of a mystery phone call telling her "something had happened." "Well, he's gene."
And Louise threw on her fur cost, a jaunty black hat and walked down the path with Sergt.

TELLS OF PHONE CALL.

Through a window they could see the master bedroom on the first floor. A night lamp burned dumly between Louis XVI twin beds of aspen wood. But the bed-were deserted.

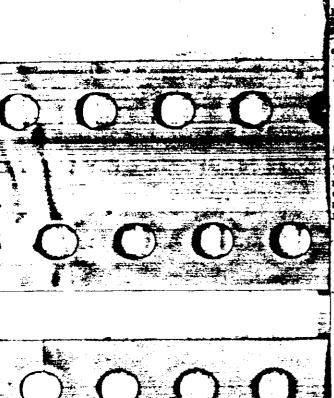
TELLS OF PRONE CALL.

They peered through another window into a living room, carbicial questioning, shortly after the shooting, she said, a voice told her over the phone:

"Semething has happened to

"Something has happened to Jack"

But she insisted that was all, Ironically, she revealed, Jack had gone to a wake Thursday night Yesterday morning he had stone to the tuneral which fall was, the daughter had flown.



PINE GETS OUT OF HARD.

"There are 11 girls and 9 =

working to the plant, "This morning a started near the 'co were taken to put out the biase, but we felt no alarm, for fires are common.

"This fire, however, got out of and, and we had to clear the

explosion.
"We got the girls out and
wrapped them in blankets. The
second explosion was caused by
flames which reached the chieride of petash and some lead
hyporulitie stored in the vanit."
The building was gutted by the

WALL, BOOF BLOWN OUR.

The reer well, roof and all the rindows were blown out let the first blast. Firemen answering a 3-11 alarm

Firemen answering a 3-11 alarm sent in special alarms calling for all available equipment to combat the fiames following the blasts. Division Marshal Joseph Graham said damage would total nearly \$100,000.

Earlier more than fifty pieces of fire fighting apparatus had answered a 5-11 alarm at the Odman Manufacturing Company, 223-30 W. Kinsis st.

Flames which broke out in the basement of the five-story brick structure were quickly subdued with water. But the fire crept through the walls and broke out answ on the third and fourth floors of the building.

FIREMEN ESCAPE TRAP.

A company of firemen were trapped on the roof of the burning building for a time but made their escape by crossing to a neighboring structure.

Damage in the plant, where twine, paper boxes, and other



While a court battle fo Margaret Mann, 24, kiases : rior Judge Desort's chambe be the unwed mother of the permission to see him twice E. Mordoff of Wilmette rett-

Arrested as Door Smark Arrested as Door Smaaher.

Matthew McInernay, 37, of 506
W. Thirty-second st. was arrested;
early today after he broke a glass
door in a tavern at 1326 W. Madison st. Gust Trahaneas, tavern
owner, had ejected McInerney for
creating a disturbance.

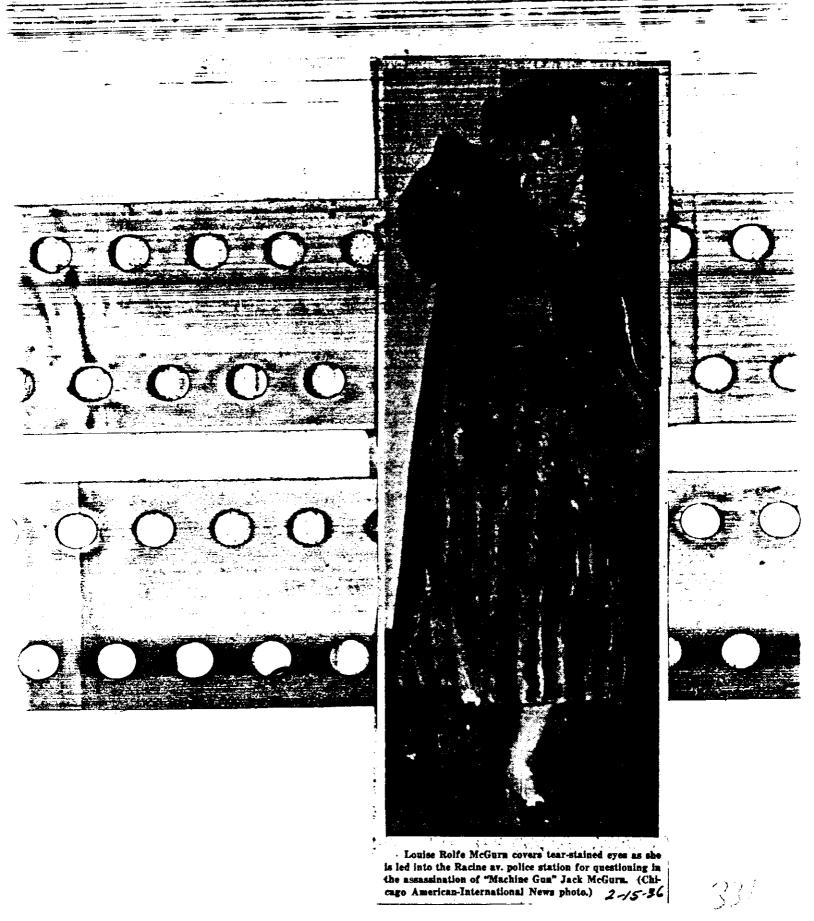


He started ais criminal He was notorious as a ti Men who crossed his pa dead-

But the Chicago police bay.

Read "Out of the Rogugreatest detective stories, it told by Lieut. John Walsh etation Tinut Welsh were





Mr. Nethan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Baughman
Chief Clerk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Ecwards
Mr. Forworth
I the

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Elmin.

"Machine Gun Jack" McGurn, noorlous gangater who once swaggered n the train of Al Capone, was shot o death by three assessins early this norning in a bowling alley at 205 Milwaukee avenue. A dozen persons saw him killed.

With two companions McGurn entered the place only a short time before he was alain. The trie removed their coats and were preparing to bowl on the second alley when there was a sudden loud outcry. It came from one of three men who had followed the old Capone lieutenant into the place and was standing behind him at the head of the alley.

"Everybody stand still." was the cry. "Move and you die."

Guns Blaze; McGurn Dies.

lound, shots cracked. Each of the three men, grouped in a little semi circle about McGurn, participated in the firing. A bullet crashed into his head. Another plowed into his back.

smooth wood of the alley the killers [the alleys are on the second floor], read: dropped their weapons into their overcoat pockets, and fled to the street.

The spectators, of the fast moving drama were themselves galvanized into action. They, too, fied to the street. When the police arrived only William Alosio, 1121 West Huron street, proprietor of the place, which to were found on a bench near the known as the Avenue Recreation owling all-ys. They contained no looms, was left. He it was who told the story of the slaying.

McGurn was choosing a ball to bowl with," Alosio said, "when tha where the Tre might know what he were thing. They stall a mine will be all happened so quickly I can't member much about \$2.50 t... Their day will the daily frances of the St. Valeritire day manacre, one of toti himoly. On Feb. 14, 1828, seven thembers of the north side gang beaded by George [Rugs]. Moran, an enemy of Capone is the booze and vice irsckets, were lined up against the wall of a garage at 2122 North Clark street and were all machine gunhed to death.

Pe Reminded of Massacre.

There were at times reports that As the witnesses looked on, spell McGurn was implicated in that shootmg. Most investigators discredited this, however. That some one wished to remind McGurn of Valentine's day was proved by the discovery of a comic lithograph that was left with As he fell, instantly dead, on the Alosio for him some time yesterday. It depicted a couple in scanty clothslowly backed toward the stairway ing, with a little jingle under it which

> "You've lost your job, you've lost your dough;

Things still could be worse, you know-

At least you haven't fost your trousers."

The slain man's overcoat and suit

Continued on page 2, column 5.]

MACHINE GUN' = JACK M'GURN SLAIN BOWLING

Trio Kill Ex-Capone Chief in Alley.

[Continued from first page.]

pistol. McGurn was neatly dressed in gray and wore gray spats. In his pockets were found \$3.85 and two tickets, unused, to the Bath-Burman fight.

Card Gives Police a Clew.

Some importance was attached to a ny." The police supposition was that ited frequently.

It was the belief of the investiga- when the shooting started. tors, headed by Capt. Richard Barry, bowling rooms, at about the time one else to have been looking directly he arrived. Probably, it was said, they at McGurn as one of the bowlers. waited for him and climbed up the he and his friends had cleared the hallway.

It was even theorized that the meh who went with him might have been

on the plot. To support this the police pointed out that all the hillets were directed at McGurn alon His friends in all probability wer armed and pould have made a battl of if if they had wished to do so, the opinion of Capt. Barry.

Captain Discusses Motive.

"But anything could have hap-pened in this instance," he added. "McGurn had plenty of people with reason to bump him off. My guess is that he had stepped on somebody's toes in the alky racket or the gambling business, and recently. The gangs don't usually shoot to avenge something that happened years ago. They put enemies out of business for what they're doing now."

Three men, one of them a brother of Alosio, were seized in front of the bowling place shortly after the shootcard bearing a telephone number, ing. All denied they knew anything Delaware 3943, and the name "Hen. of the slaying. Later the police discovered a man who admitted he was this Henny might have been one of upstairs. He is Tony Muscarello, 2023 the men with McGurn when he went West Grand avenue. His statements into the bowling alley, which he vis. cost little light on the mystery, however, as he asserted he was asleep

The police set out on a search for that the killers had accurate knowl- the pin boys on duty on the theory edge that McGurn would be in the that they were more likely than any

Colorful Gangland Figure.

McGurn, whose real name was Vir ent Gebardi, was one of the most colorful of all the figures in the gang

world of the roaring prohibition days, on an allegation that they had tray playing in the western A man of unflinching courage, he had eled together to Florida. a little more of the graces of polite ociety than most of his fellows. He was an athlete and under his real hame competed in neveral golf tournaments, once even breaking into the western open.

His pseudonym was gained in the prize ring when he was a youth and his real one was soon forgotten in gangland. He was the target of asfeeding bullets several times and until today had the reputation, like Bugs Moran, of being a man with a charmed life.

Wounded in Hotel Shooting.

The first attempt on his life was made in March, 1926.

Two years later, on March 7, 1928, when he had already risen high in the Capone councils, McGurn and another man were shot in the smoke shop of the McCormick (now the Croydon] hotel at Rush and Ontario streets. Bullets struck McGurn in the thest and left arm, but he recovered uickly. The shooting was attributed to enemies of Capone.

A fusiliade of shots was poured on him April 17, 1928, as he drove his automobile in Morgan street at Harrison street. That time he escaped unscathed and called up several of his friends to report his good fortune.

Seized with Machine Gun.

In the following month McGurn wis arrested while carrying a machine gun in his automobile. He was freed on a technicality. A raid on his apartment in the Guyon hotel at 4000 Washington boulevard at about the same time yielded shotguns and pistols.

"A man can keep arms at home." he told the police, with a smile. have to keep an arsenal to protect myself."

Following the St. Valentine day massacre, which "secret witnesses" were said to have laid at his door, McGurn and Louise Rolft resided for several weeks in a loop hotel. He furnished an accounting of his movements on the day of the massacre and Louise supported his story so stanchly that she won herself the nickname of "Blonde Alibi."

She performed the same kindly office each time he was accused of crime and the police, tired of this, at last persuaded federal agents to arrest the couple as violators of the Mann act. The prosecution was based

In July of 1931 they were found guilty in the federal court. McGura was sentenced to two years in prison and the girl to four months in jail.

Neither served any time behind

bars, however, on this conviction. They went through a marriage coremony while the case was being fought through to the United States Supreme court. - That splymal held that since the couple lived together in Chicago, their trip to the south was not for immoral purposes but was an incident to their usual course of life. The conviction was therefore reversed.

McGurns Move to Oak Pa

McGurn and his wife, shortly after the old boss gangster Capone went to prison for failing to pay his income tax, moved into a house at 1014 North Kenilworth avenue, Oak Park. He insisted that he was out of the rackets and wished to live the life of an Oak lice notice. A year ago he and hi Park gentleman,

It was in late August of 1933 while Kenllworth avenue, Oak Park,

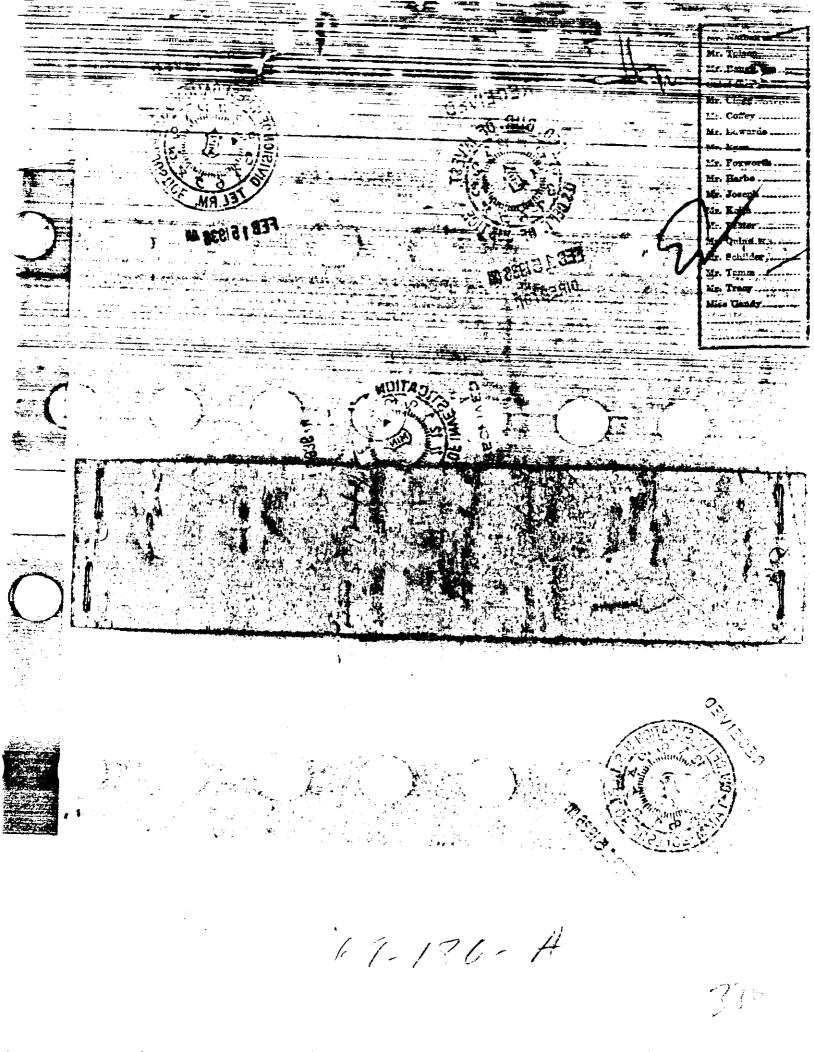
ment at Olympia Fields that McGurn discovered how difficult it was to b a golfer with his kind of reputation He had shot the first six holes of the qualifying round in one under perbut on the seventh he became awars that policemen were waiting to any him. He blew up and took of the the eighth hole, another be picked to life ball and quit.

Buys Into the 225 Cha.

Early in 1934 McGurn becam of the proprietors of the 225 challe night life and gambling resort at 225 East Superior street. The place caught fire soon afterward and the police declined to allow him to remodel and reopen.

Since then he had been interested in a number of undercover enterprises, including a tavern in Melros Park that masked a gambling house He had been keeping well out of po wife moved from 1014 to 1224 North

CHICAGO DATLY TELLUT



aching Gun Jack McGern Dies With Slugs in Back After Rending Alley Shooting

CHECAGO — "Machine Gun" Jack it, see trigger-man of Al Ca ener old gang, was assassinated here He died with two Tes Valentines" in his back, if what police believed was retalistion for ti us St. Valentine's Day More of seven years ago,

A comic valentine was found near is body and by death of the man entertion Morgan i chief sus clues.

WIFE BREAKS DOWN

The wary McGurn apparently remained close to home until shortly, before midnight, when with the companions he went to the bowling alley, thus spoiling the killers' hope of kill ing him on the anniversary

Shortly after his body Louise Rolfe. police arrested his wife.

gangster Sergt. Frank Dogahan

William Aloisio, the properietor, ducked under a table. McGurn and two companions jumped from a bench. McGurn swung around with his back to the door just as three killers fired.

Aloisio said he heard at least 15 shots from the killers' automatic revolvers. Two of them hit McGurn,

VALENTINE IS FOUND

Near the entrance to the bowling alley police found the comic valentine.

"You've lost your job,
"You've lost your dough,

"Your jewels and cars and handsome houses.

"But things could still be worse,

you know,

"You haven't lost your trousers." Sergt. Kyran Phelan, who was cruising in a squad car nearby, reported he noticed three known hoodlums enter the restaurant below the place where the shooting occurred after McGurn was shot. The three were taken into custody for questioning. They are Charles Alazorka, 22, John Battaglia, 23_and_Bam Albicio, 21.

61-130-1

Mr. Coffey Mr. Fawards ... 1 Egan

Me. Joseph ----

McGurn, Figure in 1929 St Valentine Day Massacre, Shot in Bowling Alley,

CHICAGO, Pebruary 18 (47).
Chief of Detective John R. See Ilvan said today he viewed its assassination of Machine Own Jacks McKim, once Al Capeners to 1 terrorist, see the hillbreak of a new alky war between chicago and Milwaukee Wie, hood-

"Micaco, Tebruary In Paper "Machine-Gun Jack" McGurn, former Capone gangster, today received a comic valentine and two shots in the back of the head, killing him in much the same fashion as seven George "Bugs" Moran gangsters died seven years ago in the bloody St. Valentine day massacre, for which he was later indicted.

He "beat the rap" on the massacre charge by producing the now famous "blond alibi," who later became his wife. She estified that she and Mc-Gurn were m a hotel just south of the Loop.

The gangster's death came with the same dramatic suddenness as did the massacre of the Moran men. While McGurn and two unidentified companions sat in a second-floor bowling alley at 805 Milwaukee avenue, on the near Northwest Side, awaiting their turn, three men entered the place and ordered: "Stick 'em up! Stand where you are."

McGurn, his back to the men, stood, erect. Without another word, the trio opened fire with 45-caliber pistols. One shot struck McGurn just behind the right ear and the other in the lower part of the neck.

The police called McGurn a coldblooded gangster and one of "Scarface

She said his had received about hous telephone call early this mean ing telling her yomething had han neped to Jack

pour tee late to fall on the seventh and processes of which he was accused. The State quashed the indictment after he principal witness was alaim.

As Capone's child machine guissants prohibition days, McGurn was reputed to have amazined several landered thousand dollars. His widow, during questioning, sobbed hystericarly that the former Capone "big sinet" had felles into low estate and that they need "broke" week.

"All he ewned was & piece of a book (a horse race betting establishment) at Melrose Park," she said.

The police said McGurn had been reduced to taking \$6-cent bets in person.

Ironically, the gangster, who made his fortune from illicit alcohol, was shot down at the close of a "soft drink night" in the recreation pariors, where free non-intoxicating beverages were being served.

William Aloisio, who said he was the owner of the bowling alleys, told the police McGurn was a regular customer of the place and had entered 18 minutes before he was shot down.

He said the three men walked to within 15 or 25 feet of McGurn and fired several shots.

Tramped on the floor near the spot where McGurn fell, they found a comic valentine addressed to McGurn.

On the front of the valentine were the figures of a man and a woman in their underwear. In the background was the picture of a house marked "sold" and another sign reading "household goods for sale."

Mr. Rdwards

Mr. Rdwards

Mr. Harbs

Mr. Harbs

Mr. Jeseph

Mr. Jeseph

Mr. Jeseph

Mr. Schiffes

Mr. Schiffes

Mr. Tumm

Mr. Tracy

Julie Gandy

19-180-A

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Brughman
Chief Cierk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Lir. Edwards
Mr. Egen
Lir. Foxworth
Lir. Jurbe
Mr. Goseph
Ttr. Keife
Mr. Lories
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Schiles
Mr. Trocy
Lir. Condy

Aid, Shot to Death

chicken Fee of P. Machine gon such McGuin, gankitet, was shot and killed in a bowling gley at 806 Milwaukoe avenue early ladiay.

The victim was identified positively with the children was identified positively.

The victim was identified positively as McGura by Sergt. Eyran helan, of the detective bureau. he scene of the shooting was be he near northwest side.

McGurn was a suspect in the St. Valentine's Day Massacre in 1929. Ite met his death only a few minties after the seventh anniversary of the slaying of the seven "Bugs" foran gangsters in a Chicago gar-

McGurn was reputed to have een shot down while playing golf in a suburban course near Chicago. Also, in 1933, the former Capone anguer was sentenced to serve a ix-month term in jail after his coniction for vagrancy.

ix-month term in jail after his coniction for vagrancy.

McGurn, termed a "fashion plate"
runman because of his penchant for
wearing expensive clothes was
thristened Vincent Gebhardi. It
was under this name that he playid in the Western Open Golf
Cournament in 1933, which he did
not finish because of his arrest for
uestoining by federal agents.

69-180-A

Gangster McGurn Shot to Death

Slain Exactly 7 Years
After St. Valentine's
D a y Massacre

CHICAGO, Feb. 18. (Saturday) (U.S.).—"Machine Gun Jack" Mc-Gurn, dapper gangster and public enemy, was shot to death early to-day in the Avenue Recreation Club on the second floor on the Northwest Side.

His death came exactly seven years after the notorious St. Valentine's day massacre in which he was one of the chief suspects.

More than two score patrons were in the "club," a bowling and billiard hall, when McGurn was shot down. A near panic followed and many raced into the street, without waiting for their coats

without waiting for their coats.

Police who sped to the scene
took into custody several persons
who were still in the club when
they arrived. They were seeking
to learn the circumstances of the
shooting.

The St. Valentine's Day murder in which seven members of the Moran gang were shot to death, came shortly after McGurn had a falling out with the North Side crowd Mr. Mr.

Mr. Torrill

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£ 27 13



YEARS TODAY: MASSACRE

City's Most Notorious **Cang Crime Still** Unpunished

gangsters at 2122 N. Clark st.

It was on February 14, 1929, emain unknown. when all the world was supposed to be in love, that two men disguised in police uniform drove up to a garage, walked in nonchal antly and mowed down seven members of the George ("Bugs")

Moran gang with a machine gui Falling before the spray of but lets were Peter Gusenberg, ex-convict; Frank, his brother; Adam Heyer, alias Arthur Hayes, exconvict; James Clark, brother-inlaw of Moran; John May, me-chanic; Albert Weinshank and Dr. Reinhardt S. Schwimmer.

MULTITUDE OF MOTIVES.

Investigators advanced a multitude of motives for the merciless slayings. The massacre, they decided, could have been the climax of a booze gang war; it could have been retribution for Moran gang attempts to muscle in on a lucrative labor union, or it could have been the "extra-legal" settlement of a dispute between rival groups operating dog race tracks.

Scores of suspects were set and questioned; many witnesses offered information; but no selution was forthcoming.

Investigators agreed ber one Samewhere cepe was a "double-cross GANG CHIEF MENTIONED. Many big-time gangsters a mentioned in connection with the massacre. There was "Scarface Al Capone, who was accused hiring Fred ("Killer") Burke, no ving life in a Michigan pr for the slaying of a police Vinkler and Murray Humbre one of those Tiret accused but he produced pretty Louise Rolle as his "blonde alibi." She

hotel room at the time of the Seven years ago today the un-derworld perpetrated its most gory crime—the unsolved St. Val-entine's Day massacre of seven pisode of Chicago crime annals

insisted that Jack was with her in

Mr. Nethen

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J.W

The same street and the same street
Mr. Tolera
Mr. Hangiemen
Chief Cark
No. Cirect
Mr. Coffee
. In Edward Live
Mr. Egat
D. Bornette
Maria en e
Mar Die der
No all a minimum
inc Losur
he Gotion
Mari Stee Mark
SAL
Er Teacy
Miss Guidy

Austria to Deport Capone's Rich 'Pal

Vienna, Austris -(A)- Alex Syconci, the wealthy, mysterious prisons hows to Vienna police as "Kill Tiger of the American underworld" will be a free man without a country in 12 more days.

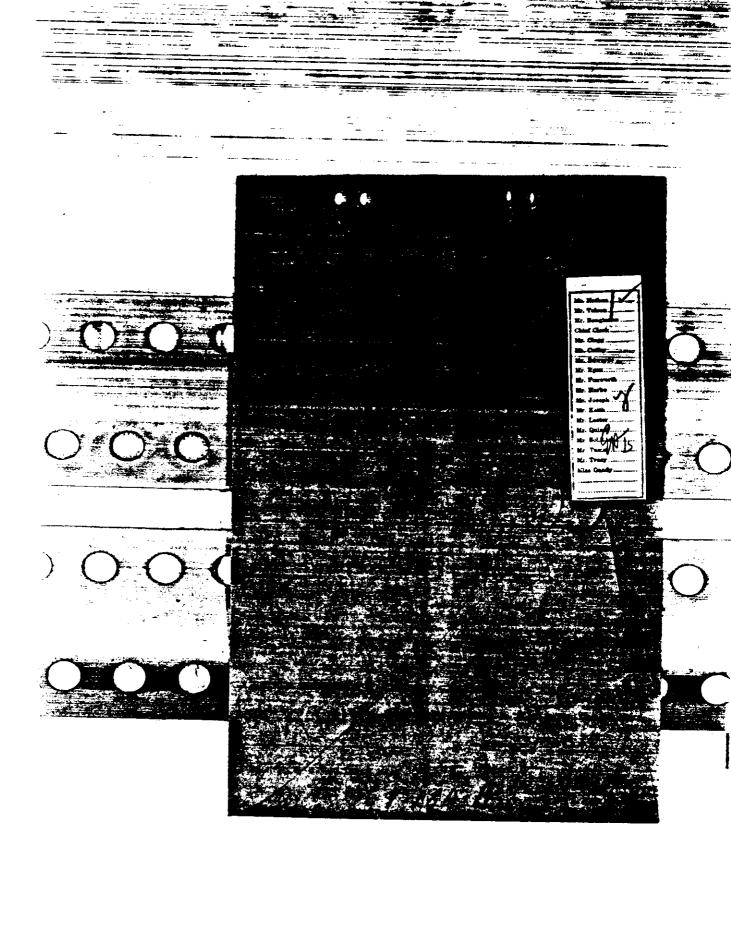
At a new trial Friday Sycowskijs entence on a charge of traveling

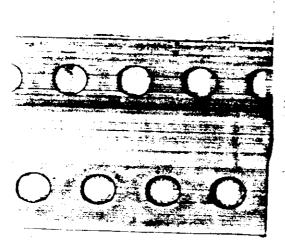
with a falsified Canadian passport was reduced from seven to free months.

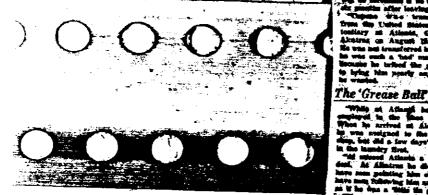
Sycowski is to be deported, but to what port remains unanswered. His funds still apparently are unlimited and he told police, along with tale of the late Jack (Legs) Diamond, that he had several million dollars on depositin an Amsterdam bank.

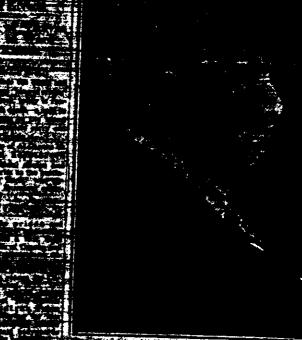
MILWAUKEE JOURNAL FEBRUARY 14, 1936

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AL CAPONE THE CREASE BALLS

No Damage Done

s, a Tonky guages

Defensive measures of Capone, a his race with death on Alcaras, were described by the incomment.

his...

Capone on the Faderal "Devil's Island" is threatened by death not only because of gangiant battles, but also as a result of new prison founds, the informanical functions are sufficient was asked by some the furnish carfficient.

Wedre 'Armor'

"When Capone paid so to-featien, the 'catcher,' Al Col-ler, threw speeching at him. That started the fight, There

Favor Curried

Frem another source The E fearmed on Algatras group, in contrast to the general

group, is contrast to the general convict attitude, has sought Capone's favor in the belief his wealth one high them when he leaves person.

This group was held reasonable for the slugging of a Negro prisoder, toenument as the man who informed the warden's office that Capone had smuggled \$400 into Alcatras for purposes, of bethery. The money never was found.

found.

In addition to enmittee dating from Chicago gang war and personal feuds developed in Alcatras, Capone now must dodge the added danger of wholesale convict threats of retaliation for his refusal to join in the January 20 meeting.

Transfer of Alcatraz Doctor Is Confirmed Property of Airstray prison's

AL CAPONE IDEATH PLOT REVEALED

Marked by Friends of Massacre Victims,
Says Report

BAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12il Capone, one time No. 1 gangster of the United States, has been marked for death by fallow convicts on Alestraz island.

Reports which have filtered through the strict censorship on the federal "Devil's island" in the middle of San Francisco bay, state that Capone is daily in fear of being stabbed—that he wears several folds of canvas an inch thick wrapped around his body from his feart to stomach.

heart to stomach.

Warden James A. Johnston reused to affirm or deny the reports,
assuming a non-committal attituda
is is his custom with reports con
cerning the life of the "bad men" of
"the rock."

According to the reports, Caponis sluringly referred to as "the grease ball."

Among the convicts on Alcatras are friends of victims of the St. Valentine's day massacre in Chicago in 1929 when seven "Bug" Moran gangsters were mowed down in machine gun bullets."

BANCY GRIEVANCE,

They have attributed this assay sination to Capone's henchmen and coupled with a recent grievance against Capone for his failure to provide money with which they hiped to buy a boat, in a fantastic riot to escape, they have plotted his death.

Mr. Control

Mr. Trany

Mr. Trany

Mine Gandy

WISCONSIN NEWS FEBRUARY 12, 1936

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69-180-A

PITTSBURCH SUN TELEGRAPH February 12, 1936

Former Gang Chief Wraps Himself in Canvas to Fo

Mora frantically than he sper dodged death when he was ree and surrounded by his gorilla bodyguards, Al Capone now is dodging death in Alcatraz, America's "Devil's Island." This was the information, related in the following exclusive article, which came through the rigid censurship of the grim prison in San Francisco Bay)

Universal Service

BAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12 .- Al Capone, once the bland and cock-sure Chicago "king of crime," in Alcatras Prison today is running a race with death—a race to complete his time on the island before fellow convicts carry out their threats to kill him.

The real story of Al Capone on Alcatraz Island, heretofore guard-ed by official silence and censor-

ship, was obtained by Universal Service today.

Al Capone, in spite of official statements, is not "just another number" on Alcatraz. Prison guards are performing for him now a service amazingly similar to that of his paid bodyguards during his Chicago heyday.

LIFE IN DANGER

For the job of Warden James A. Johnston and other officials is not so much to keep Capone imprisoned on Alcatraz as it is to keep him alive! The Alcatraz informant wrote:

"If it were possible to get away with it, Capone would never leave here alive. Al will be fortunate if he is alive six months after leaving here.

"Capone was transferred from the United States penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., to Alcatraz on August 19, 1934. He was not transferred because he was such a 'bad man,' but because he bribed the guards to bring him nearly anything he wanted.

"Theser enen (at Alestraz)



AL CAPONE SHOWING THE SCAR ON HIS CHEEK

know Capone. There are many men that had friends killed by Capone's gang.

"There are men here who are friends of men who were rubbed out in the St. Valentine Day massacre in Chicago (in 1929, 1

Silver and State of the State o

when seven "Buga" Moran gangsters were killed).

...ID 'KILLER BURKE'

"They feel sure that Capone directed that (the massacre.) They know Capone hid 'killer'

as things turned much per

"Dutch Ludwig Sc

leader of th Alcatraz) is here on Alcatra Capone's old enemy. Louie doesn't forget; does he let others forget."

Ac Tay Starte. Thick are

M. Tarbs ...

Defensive measures of Car in his race with death on A traz, were described by the vict. He asked:

"Is Capone afraid to die? CANVAS ON BODY

"Capone had canvas wrapp around his body from his her te his stomach. The sever wrans made a thickness of abe one-half inch. That was keep anyone from stabbii him."

Capone on the federal "Des Island" is threatened by denot only because of gangland b tles, but also as a result of r prison feuds, the informan c closed. He said:

"Capone was asked by spin. men to furnish sufficient mone to buy a bost for them so the could plan an escape. He would not do so and we understand i went to the deputy warden.

"That was the reason for th canvas and the reason he doc not go into the yard with the other prisoners."

Capone was declared by the / catraz convict to have attempt to bribe two prison guards.

They rejected the offer. (Copyright, 2006, Membersal Ser.

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fused to affirm or deny the reports, assuming a noncommitted attitude as is his custom with reports concerning the fife of the convicts. According to the reports, Capone is significally referred to the grease ball.

Among the convicts are triends of victims of the St. Valentine's day massacre in Chicago in 1929 when seven Bugs Moran gangstess were

moved down by machine guns.
They attribute the assassination to They attribute the assassination to Capone is henchmen and, coupled with a recent grievance against Capone for his failure to provide money with which they hoped to buy a boat in a fantastic plot of escape they have plotted his death.



AL CAPONE

Al Cupone's Peril

Existence in the outside world, protected by alert well-paid gunmen, is one thing.

Inside stony Alcatraz Prison, all guns in the hands of guards, Al Capone finds life more complicated, surrounded, as he is, by desperadoes that are not his gunmen or killers.

After a prison mutiny, a hundred convicts were locked up in solitary confinement, on bread and water. Capone had refused to join the mutiny, knowing that men with bare hands could not break through twenty feet of solid stone and then swim across San Francisco Bay.

Now other and "tougher" convicts in Alcatraz, denounce Capone as a "rat" because he did not join the mutiny; his life may be in danger.

The mutineers cannot break out, but they can murder.

to help the mutiny he had good company—including George, alias "Machine Gun" Kelly, also Harvey Bailey and Albert Bates, associated with Kelly in kidnaping Charles F. Urschel, oil millionaire.

Lr. Egan...

ir. Joseph

Mr. Lester ...

Candy

Al Capone, however, is usually able to take care of himself, outside of Federal courts.

According to legend, long ago, before the word "racketeer. had come into everyday use, Al Capone and another, both with black hair and dark complexions, went to a Brooklyn waterfront ball organized by hard-fisted, Irish longshoremen. Capone and his companion each escorted a fair-haired girl. One long-shoreman remarked, unfortunately for him, "What are them greaseballs' doing with white girls?"

Nobody knows just what happened, or how, but lights went out, and when they were turned on again, the gentleman who made the "greaseball" remark was dead.

There has never been any suspicion that Al Capone had anything to do with it, but some of those Alcatraz "insiders," using the unpleasant word "rat," might learn that picking on Capone is not safe.

BE YELLAILY KIRKE

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DAS.

Al Capone's Peril

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The mutineers cannot break out, but they can murder.

It may comfort Capone to know that in his refusal to join the mutiny he had good company—including George, alias "Machine Gun" Kelly, also Harvey Bailey and Albert Bates, associated with Kelly in kidnaping Charles F. Urschel, oil millionaire.

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And the first the

Mr. Nath
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Bauchman
Chief Clerk
Mt. Clase
Mr. Coffee
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Erry
Mr. Framorth
Mr. Dorbs
Mr. 30 10ph
21. 2 2 f./
175 t 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Mr. Q: Dr
12 E
Wr. 1. Levi 19
Mr. Trany
Lies Gaudy

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SUSPECT CAPONE IN JAIL RIOT

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Still faced with sullen mutiny from several hard-boiled prisoners, officials of Alcatraz Prison yesterday turned their investigation towards the possibility that "Scarface Al" Capone may have inspired the revolt of Jan. 20 with the idea of deliberately double-crossing the others in the hope he might be transferred to some other less formidable institution for his own safety.

It may be for this reason—th?!
fact that he had double-crosses!
them—say certain officials, that
the erstwhile vice baron of Chicago is accredited with "ratting,"
accompanied by threats against his
life.

Ever a master strategist, Capone is not considered by underworld associates and fellow-prisoners to be above such a clever move

at their expense.

Meanwhile, the five alleged ringleaders of the abortive revolt are still reported in solitary confinement, although Warden James A. Johnston declared that none was in a dungeon or on a bread and water diet.

The revolt, nurtured through months of silent brooding within the grim edifice in San Francisco harbor, sprouted into mutiny after the death of Jack Allen, a convict known as a "work dodger." Allen often pleaded illness as an excuse to avoid toil in the laundry and other prison shops.

Mr. Nather

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Shughman

Chief Clerk

Mr. Cofer

Mr. Cofer

Mr. False

Mr.

175 35 65

111 0- A

Frank Nitti and Prignano murder.

(Picture on Page 4.)

chine Gun" Jack McGurn was shot immediate neighborhood in an efdoned by a mysterious man, who CAPONE COUNCIL TOLD. fled in a second auto.

pierce the wall of gangland silence day. Police had been told earlier and find a motive for the slaying. For, on the rear seat of the car, cil of the Capone gang in Miami comber 30 and bearing the head- nied aid. Included in that counline:

"Frank Nitti hunted in Prignano Slaying."

Police recalled that Frank ("The Enforcer") Nitti, once powerful lieutenant of Al Capone, and McGurn had been bitter ene tales, and that McGurn and State Itepresentative A. J. Prignano had peen friendly.

YOLÍCE GET A JOLT.

Police were astounded, that any one would dare to keep the car for two days while the entire city was combed for McGurn's slayers, and then boldly drive it to the spot at which it was left.

Investigators had been informed that McGurn and his two companions drove in the car to the Avenue Recreation Parlor, 805 Milwaukee av., in which he was Driver Flees; on Seat of Car slain at 12:55 a. m. saturday. Is Newspaper Mentioning They believed that the slayers had used it to flee after the

They assumed that whoever abandoned it would not have Forty-eight hours after "Ma-driven it far, and searched the and killed, his automobile, missing fort to find where it was kept. tince his murder, was driven to Only one fingerprint was found on it, showing that great care to avoid detection.

It was the second time that That act brought new mystery the name of Nitti had appeared to police who have sought to in the investigation during the that McGurn, fearing a plot to kill him, had appealed to a counwas found a newspaper dated De- for protection and had been decil, the police were told, were Nitti, Ralph Capone and Jake Guzik, only recently released from prison.

WIDOW THREATENED.

Meanwhile, Mrs. Louise Rolfe McGurn, his widow, was protected against reported threats against her life, apparently designed to keep her from "talking." Polite dbubted that McGurn had coufided ray secrets to her and regarded the threat as misdirected.

69-180-A

POLICE STUDY FINGER PRINT FOUND ON DOOR

The automobile in which Machinegun Jack McGurn rode to his date with death was in the hands of baffled police today and a single finger print, found on the door, was being scrutinized by departmental experts.

The car so new it had only 1,000 miles on the speedometer, was left by two unidentified men in front of the Cushman Motor Delivery Co., 315 N. Ada st., shortly before midnight.

WATCHMAN FINDS CAR at William Schell, 25, 2022 W. 69tp. id., watchman in the building looked up from his book when he leard a door slam, saw a tall, gaunt figure dash across the street and climb into a large, black sedan which whirled away into the darkness.

The car, police said, was the one in which McGurn and two companions are believed to have driven to the Avenue Recreation Room, 80.5 Milwaukee ave., where the former machine gun terrorist of the Capone mob Friday night went to his ignominious death in a hail of lead. In the car police found a bunch

In the car police found a bunch of keys, one of which is thought to be the key to a safety deposit vault. Also, they found a newspaper dated Dec. 30—the headline of which read: "Nitti Hunted in Prignano Killing."

BODY IN \$1,000 COFFIN

A lone finger print on the door of the car was photographed at the detective bureau and experts planned to compare it today with those of suspected persons.

those of suspected persons.

Meanwhile, the bullet-ripped body of the once-tough hoodlum lay in the Rago undertaking rooms, 624

N. Western ave., while 150 persons filed by to view it as it lay in a \$1,000 copper coffin. It will be buried in Mount Carmel cemeter; comorrow at 11 a. m.

Missing, however, will be the flavor of the gangster funerals of old. There were no huge bundles of flowers, no piles of telegrams yesterday.

Mr. Nethan

Mr. Telson

Mr. Bauchman

Mr. Clark

Mr. Clark

Mr. Ethands

Mr. School

Mr. School

Mr. School

Mr. School

Mr. School

Mr. Tamm

Mr. Trasy

Vir. Cant

64-110 A

AUTO OF M'GURN. **SOUGHT SINCE** KILLING, IS FOUND

Left in Street by Gang Which Flees in Car.

The automobile of Machine Gun 4Jack McGurn, which had been sought by the police since the notorious gangster was slain early Saturday in a bowling alley at 805 Milwaukee avenue, was found early today in

Persons living in the neighborhood reported to the police that a man who stepped out of the car, a Ford, joined several others who were in a second automobile and rode away with them.

It was the belief of the police that the two men who entered the bowling alley with McGurn shortly before he was slain fled in this car. The identity of these men has not been made known. William Aloisi, owner of the alleys, and two of his employes-the only ones of 20 witnesses who saw McGurn slain available for questioning-have consistently maintained that they did not know them; nor McGurn, for that

The car was clean and apparently had been kept in a garage. The police were of the opinion that whoever had It had decided to get rid of it as a measure of safety.

Orders Bowlers Questioned.

Capt. Martin E. Mullen Jr. ordered yesterday that all persons known as regular patrons of Aloisio's be questioned, and detectives of the Racine avenue station were busy searching for these bowlers.

There was no change in the police theory that McGurn was slain probably by a man whom he regarded as a friend. Only such a person, according to investigators, could have come up behind him when he was at play. Possibly, it was said, several men, including two who entered the bowling place with him, were in the murder plot. It was viewed as a "gang purge" to rid the Caponeltes of a man who, at 32 years, had outlived his underworld usefulness.

Funeral Pomp to Be Missing.

The pomp and circumstance that marked the funerals of gangsters in the days when Al Capone was great will be missing tomorrow when Mq-Gurn's body is buried.

front of 315 North Ada street. It had been left there only a few minutes North Western avenue to 450 earlier. Indications were that only a fair of interment in Mount Carmel cemetery.

About 150 visitors called yesterday to view the body. Many of these were friends of the Gebardi family [McGurn was born Vincent Gebardi]. There was a sprinkling of his one time friends in gangland, but it was reported that many others were conspicuously absent. There was no massing of floral tributes and no sheaf of telegrams from other cities.

Instead of a \$15,000 silver coffin such as the one in which Dean O'Banion was laid to his final rest eleven years ago, McGurn will have a modlest one that cost something less than \$1,000. Police officials held that the lessened glory represented the fall in the status of gangsters.

CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUME

69-110-

.7 3 753

KEYSIn Auto Clue To M'gurn Killing

Car Found Abandoned 48 Hours After Shooting. Widow Guarded.

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO. February 17.—Finding of "Machine Gun Jack" McGurn's sutomobile, 48 hours after the former "Scarface Al" Capone henchman was "rubbed out," gave thes police their first tangible clue today in the hoodlum's crude assassination.

In the automobile, which was abandoned in an industrial section on the pear North Side, were two keys, one which the police believed might fit a safe deposit box. They were on a ring with three automobile keys.

Reported threats against the life of the gangster's widow from an undisclosed source gave the police the additional task of guarding her.

Casket Costs \$1,000.

The body of McGurn reposed in a \$1,000 casket yesterday while detective squads sought a score of men in an effort to determine who killed him and why.

Louise Rolfe McGurn—the widow who shared and spent a generous portion of the millions earned by the old bootleg syndicate—arranged for simple funeral services to-morrow morning. None of the lavish trappings so long identified with gangland's formal farewells were in evidence. Curious crowds were conspicuously absent at the mortuary, where the scar-faced "big fellow's" favorite follower lay in death.

"Broke" at Time of Killing.

Investigators said he was "broke" when assassins cut him down in a cheap bowling alley early Saturday. They held the belief his reduced finances led to his slaying. They figured new leaders of the mob—McGurn's former friends—became annoyed by his attempts to join them in the operation of gambling, vice and illicit alcohol rackets and ordered his elimination.

Police squads renewed efforts to find the 17 witness:s who fled from the recreation rooms, the two men who bowled there with the victim and the three men who precipitated the gunfire by pretending to rob the place. Our House Olica

69-180-A

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FLEES THREATS

McGurn Widow Goes Into Hiding SOBS AT PROBE



LOUISE McGURN, WIDOWED BY GANGLAND
BULLETS

Pestified at Inquest Into Assassination of Machine Gun'

Jack

Picture by International News Photograph Services

The Smill

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'Blonde Alibi' Fears Death Mob; Killing Laid to Shylocks

CHICAGO, Feb. 16 (US).—As the underworld waited terisely today to learn if the assassination of "Machine Gun' Jack McGurn would touch off another of Chicago's deadly gang

wars, threats against her life were my iteriously conveyed to Mc- the old Capone gang had been Gurn's widow, his "blonde alibi" in withdrawn from hims the St. Valentine's Day massacre seven years ago.

Fearful the threats would be executed, perhaps by one of the same three men who shot McGurn to death in a bowling alley early veiterday, Mrs. McGurn went into hiding, taking with her a 12-yearold daughter by an earlier marriage.

How many secrets of the old Al Capone gang, of which he was in the his favorite game, but to "chief executioner," McGurn confided in his wife, authorities do not know. Nor do they know if his widow, the former Louise Rolfe, is aware of the identity of enemies who might have put him "on the spot" as he was about to engage in a bowling game with two "friends" yesterday.

Under Police Protection

But on the possibility she may be able to furnish a lead to the assassins, police took immediate steps to protect her.

Threats that she might meet the dicate those responsible for the assassination were considering the Louise might "talk."

Tonight the police were without a hopeful clue. They were as much in the dark as to the identity of motive for the crime.

Police today said McGurn had been in frantic fear of death for some weeks and had been told the protection of the remnants of

Pleaded for His Life

Detectives heard in "grapevine" reports that McGurn literally pleaded for his life at a recent meeting of several of Capone's high-ranking hoodlum-racketeers in Miami, Fla. The answer was: Thumbs down.

As the police got the story, Mc-Gurn, who handled a golf stick as adroitly as he did a machine gun, went to Miami not only to indulge Capone mob.

Instead of seeing Nittl alone however, McGurn was brought be-fore a "committee" which displayed none of the genial camaraderie which had marked their relations in the rum-running prohibition days.

Al's Brother at Talk

From that date McGurn lived in constant fear of death.

Among members of the "committee," it was said, were Jake Guzik, formerly high in the councils of the Capone syndicate and now just out of prison; Ralph Threats that she might meet the same fate as her killer husband were taken by investigators to inspect those responsible for the Luciano. czar of the Unione Siciliani.

They were there for business, same possibility—that the blonde and McGurn was not welcome. One reason was that among his former friends he was regarded as having lost most of his usefulness —this in spite of the fact that he in the dark as to the identity of is credited with machine-gunning the killers as they were as to the the seven "Bugs" Moran gangsters to death seven years ago and as effectively "rubbing out" many other Capone rivals.

Plan Loan Shark Ring

The business before the committee, the police say, was for-mation of a Chicago branch of the big loan shark racket which already had proved highly profitable in New York.

ONE LONE CLUE IN M'GURN CASE A FINGERPRINT

CHICAGO, Feb. 17 (I.N.S.)—A lone fingerprint, found on the abandoned automobile of "Machine Gun Jack" McGurn, was the only definite clue to his assassination in police possession today.

Police admitted as much as they revealed the automobile of the one-time chief executioner for Al Capone was recovered last evening after being abandoned on a Northside residential street.

side residential street.
Witnesses told police the automobile was parked by a lone man who fled in a second car.

Car Kept Two Days

Police marveled at the audacity of the man or men who had kept the car for two days while the city was being combed for clues to the murder of the golfing machine-gunner.

McGurn had driven the automobile to the Northwest Side bowling alley where he was slain by three men early Saturday.

Adding to the mystery of the slaying was the discovery in the automobile of a newspaper dated December 30, and bearing the headline:

"Frank Nitti hunted in Prig-

nano slaying."

Police recalled that Frank, "The Enforcer" Nitti, once a powerful Capone chieftain, and McGurn were bitter enemies, while McGurn and Prignano had been friendly.

Hiding Place Sought

Assuming that whoever abandoned the automobile would not have dared drive it far, police began a systematic search of the immediate neighborhood where it was found in an effort to discover where it had been hidden.

where it had been hidden.

McGurn's "blonde alibi," under police guard following mysterious threats on her life, prepared to bury him tomorrow without the ostentation formerly accorded public enemies, while police and the underworld waited tensely today for reprisals.

Police investigation today centered on the roundup of some 20 bowlers who witnessed the slaying.

50LD-COAST

Vanishes, but Friends I Tell of Drinking Trip on Slaying Night.

Police were told today that Louise Rolfe ("Blond Alibi") McGurn was making a round of taverns early Saturday while her husband, "Machine Gun Jack," was being murdered.

Their informant was Miss Mary Dickinson, 19, of 195 E. Chestnut t., who made her statement to Capt. Martin Mullen at Racine av. station.

The girl had come voluntarily with Detectives James Dorsey and William Du Bois, who were tracing a reported phone call from Mary's room Saturday morning in which Mary's roommate, Marjorie Swift, 19, was reported to have said:

"They got him after he was sent to the bowling alley."

FRIEND OF LOUISE.

Miss Dickinson denied knowledge of such a call, but said her roommate, Miss Swift, was acquainted with Mrs. McGurn and had gone out to meet her after

a phone call Friday afternoon.
Q—Did you ever see Marjorie
Swift with McGurn's wife? A—

-After McGurn was shot did she say anything to you about it? A-No, she just said she was keeping up with it in the newspapers.

JACK NOT PRESENT.

Q—Did she say where she had been? A—She said she went to a party and left the rest of them

Q-Did she say McGurn's wife was at the party? A—She said she saw her there.

Q-Did she say whether Mc-

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

M'GURN'S CA ABANDONED.

Auto, Stolen at Scene of Slaying, Left on West Side

Q-When Marjorie came back a couple of restaurants or taverns with her.

It was at about 1:30 a. m. Saiurday that McGurn, the dapper erstwhile Capone lieutenant, wils killed in a bowling alley at 805 Milwaukee av.

GIRL CHANGES STORY.

At first Miss Dickinson denied she knew whether Miss Swift knew Louise McGurn, but changed her story after her sister. Elizabeth Dickinson, 26, told police Marjorie had spoken of meeting Louise.

The Dickinson girls are daughters of Mrs. Dorothy Dickinson, who lives at the Seneca Hotel, 200 E. Chestnut st. Only Mary came to the station.

SEEK TO TRACE KEYS.

While this angle of the case was being investigated, police sought in Prignano Killing."
to trace keys found in his automobile, which was left last night Enforcer") Nitti, now ruler of the on a West Side street.

made arrangements for the burial tomorrow morning.

Q—What time did Marjorie | Investigators said that perhaps | McGurn's name was not menget home Friday night? A—About | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Che or two of the keys found in the Prignano killing | Ch deposit vault, which may yield valuable information pertaining to McGurn's most recent dealings.

Twenty patrons were bowling, playing pool or loitering in the Avenue Recreation Parlors at 1 s. m. Saturday when three men dashed in, fired several volleys and fled.

TRIENDS' SUSPECTED.

Two friends who had come with McGurn fifteen minutes before also disappeared. Evidently the "friends" had put Jack on the

McGurn's car vanished from in front of the place.

Shortly before midnight last night William Schell, 25, of 2022 W. Sixty-ninth place, a watchman in the Cushman Motor Delivery Company, 315 N. Ada st., heard an automobile door slam. FLEES IN SECOND CAR.

He looked out and saw a man Gurn was there? A—She said he into a dark sedan, which was there.

The abandoned coupe was Mc-Gurn's. There were five keys in did she say where she went with the car. One was in the switch Louise? A-She said she visited lock on the steering post. Another, on a chain with three additional keys, was in the shift leick.

Sergt. Kyran Phelan said on of the three keys is a door key to the McGurn home at 1224 N. Kenilworth av., Oak Park. could not identify the others, but one was said to resemble the type usually issued for safe deposit vaults.

A search was to be made for such a vault.

An inspection of the car, which had been kept inside since its disappearance, revealed a lone fingerprint.

PRIGNANO DEATH STORY.

On the ledge back of the seat in the gangster's automobile was a Chicago American of Dec. 30. The headline read: "Nitti Hunted

Capone interests, and the latter McGurn's body lay in a \$1,000 was State Representative Albert J. "copper-colored" casket and Louise Prignano, who was shot to death, at his doorstep in a simulated holdup shortly after Christmas.

Connit Coorey

dward J. O'Hurs

guimen and recketers

GLENE "Cod" Perfer

isse Board of Director

Harry Guzik
[white slaver and procurer]

Lee Board of Directors

Jack " White ;

Jack Heinen (owner of Paddock inn)

Frank "West Side Frankie"
Pope (brothel and gambling house owner)

Hymie "Loud Mouth" Levine

"Mike de Pike" Heitler

Joe "Peppi Genero" Annereno (pander)

Ralph Gillette

Jake Adler

Jack Zuta (brothel keeper, stool pigeon, treacherous adviser to north side gangs)

Marcus "Stutty" Looney (vicemonger)

Jack Guzik (see Board of Directors)

Rocco Fanelli (procurer)

Prostitutes, panders, dancers, singers, managers, watchers, bouncers, etc.

Ratph Capone (see board of directors)

Lawrence "Dago" Man-

Jimmy Mondi (Cicero divekeeper)

Fred Ries

Pete Penovich

Al Lambert

Frank Sullivan

Assistant managers, croupiers, head waiters, waiters, chefs, pantrymen, trainers, stable boys, veterinaries, dancers, singers, watchers, bouncers, etc.

*Big Dave "Earsman ____ and their gangs of teamsters' union racketeers

James "Fur" Sammons
[formerly with west side
O'Donnell gang]

"Billygoat" Taglio (plumbers' union rackateer)

Murray Humphreys
(milk drivers' union racketeer

Mike Corroso (street sweepers' union racketeer)

William Clifford
"Golf Bag Sam" Hunt
Johnny Began
Ripley
and others

Francesco Uale (Frank Y. (rum-running manager c York to Chicago truck man)

Claude Maddox (Johnny I (head of "Circus" West North avenue and beer outfit), and hi

Sam "Little New York" pagna (booze hustler a man)

Frank Diamond
(head manager of still
er-in-law of Capone
guard)

Tony Lombardo (see Board of Directo

Pasquale Lolordo (Lombardo's successi

"Tough Tony" Capezi

Brewery operators, dist erators, saloonkeeps ers, watchers, collec ragemen, spies, etc.

and its principal connections (many of them temporary) during its heyday: from Senior Partner Torrio's retirement early in 1925 until relentless publicity broke it up in 1931. It is as accurate as all available information from police and other investigators can make it.

This chart represents the Capone organization

THESE MEN ARE MOSTLY GUNMEN, BUT MANY WERE IN THE BOOTLEG LIQUOR BUSIN

Tony Accardo ~
James Adduci (William Pion)
Sylvester Agoglia
Semuel Alex
Mike Allegretto
Johnny "Genero" Annereno
August "Genero" Annereno
Theodore "The Greek" Anton
Tony Aresso
John Armondo
Dominick Ballo
Louis Barko (Valeria)
Bobby Barton (Guzik's cheuffeur)
Rocco Belcastro
Frank Biege (Perry) (bodyguard)
Willie Bioff (Henry Mertin)

Dominick Brancato Ralph Buglio P. C. "Denver Blackie" Burchan Fred Burke (killer from St. Louis, Mike Butero John Capone (Arthur Colby) Matthew Cappalario Charlie Carr Santo Cellebron Louis Clementi William Clifford Charlie Costello Michael Costello Semuel Costello Tony Curingiane (Tom Ross) Phil D'Andrea (bodyguard)

Rocco DeGrazia (driver) Nick DeGrazio Tony DeGrazio Robert DeGrazio Bert Delanev Frank Derrico Rocco Fachetti (Fischetti) Rocco Fanelli Fred Farley Carl Fontana Ernest Fontana James Forsyth (Fawcett) "Big Earl" Fraher Joseph Glimco ("Little Tim Murphy") Joe Guinta (Juno) Sam Guzik

Jack Heinan
Murray Humphreys
"Golf Bag Sam" Hunt
Nick Juffra
Marty Kane
Julian "Potatoes" Kaufman
Tom Kerwin
Henry Kimmel
Philip Kimmel
Lipschultz (garage owner
Frank Mangano
Sam Marcus (bodyguard)
Bill Marshaff
Louis Massesse (Steve Schlavon

Robert McCullough

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1 1

Frank Reo

(see Board of Directors)

Frank Nitti (Nitto) (see Board of Directors)

Tony "Mops" Volpe (see Board of Directors)

Albert Anselmi (a "torpedo," ace killer)

John Scalise {another "torpedo," Anselmi's partner)

'Machine Gun Jack" McGum (Demore) (Vincent Gebhardi) bodyguard and No. I machine gunner)

Willie Heeney (bodyguard and machine gunner)

Charlie Fachetti (Fischetti) (cousin of Capone, bodyguard,

Tony "The Chevalier" Spano (Joseph Nerone) (bodyguard and killer)

"Lefty Louie" Campagna (bodyguard)

James "Bomber" Belcastro (expert bomb tosser)

Lawrence "Dago" Mangano (west side leader and brains of a kidnaping gang)

Joe Morici (Moreli) (Ferraro) (Lombardo's bodyguard)

Pollock Stanley

Clement Tatton

Maxie Williams

Pete Genna

Defenders of Al Capone: Thomas D. Nash Michael Ahern Albert Fink Capt. William Waugh Benj. P. Epstein Joseph Lustfield Lawrence P. Mattingly In Miami J. Fritz Gordon Vincent C. Giblin

Defenders of "Mops" Volpe: John Elliott Byrne Frank R. Reid (former congressmen from Aurora)

Defenders of Ralph Capone: Tyrrell A. Richardson Dennis M. Kelleher George N. Murdock

Defenders of Al Capone and Frank Reo in Philadelphia: Bernard L. Lemisch Cornelius Haggerty Jr.

Defenders of James Belcastro: Elliodor M. Libonati Albert Filetti

Defenders of Jack McGurn: Benjamin Feldman Harry F. Hamlin

Defenders of Rocco Fanelli: Benedict J. Short George H. Guenther Roland V. Libonati

Defender of Frank Diamond: John F. Cashen

Numerous political connec tions were essential to the protection of Capane's vast syndicate with its elaborate breweries, distilleries, its transportation systems, its well advertised houses of vice and gambling, its squads of murderers and racketeers. These political contacts reached into the congress of the United States and included members of the Illinois state legislature (such as State Senator Daniel A. Serritella, former city sealer of Chicago), members of the Chicago city council, ward committeemen, party

leaders in both city and

state mechines, lesser fig-

ures such as town mayors,

councilmen, policemen, and

in some cases penetrating

even to the benches of mu-

nicipal and state courts.

AMBLING, AND LABOR RACKETS AND OTHER UNDERTAKINGS WITH AL CAPONE:

ry (former Aielle

izzo (Nuccio) o (Nuccio) (Nuccio)

(bodyguard) mbo (Parillo)

iny Boy" Quirk 255

Gus Winkler (bodyguard) Freddy "The Cowboy" . . . (bodyguard) Angelo Genna and gang, including Tony Genna James Genna Mike Genna em Genna

Nick Sorella (bodyguard) Mike Spranze (Kelly) and his brother

Thomas Sullivan (Tom Cullen)

Tony D'Andrea Sam "Samoots" Amatuna Joseph LaCava and many others

Edward "Spike" O'Donnell & geng Charles O'Donnell Steve O'Donnell Tom O'Donnell Walter O'Donnell Jerry O'Connor George Meeghem George "Spot" Bucher and many others

William "Klondike" O'Donnell & gang (at times)

Bernard O'Donnell Miles O'Donnell James Doherty James Duffy Eddie Tancl Joseph "Humdinger" Corrigan and many others

Ralph Sheldon (who later took \$200,-000 and declared his independence of Capone) and gang Danny Stanton Michael "Bubs" Quinlan Hugh "Stubby" McGovern Mike McGovern and others



Chicago Sur World's GREA

Carlones Dec

Prohibition to Blame for Al's Rise

"Al Capone is the most notorious gangster in the country. . . By common repute and common police knowledge he has been the head of a murderous gang living by defiance of federal law."—From an editorial in The Tribune, May 20, 1929.

"End the Reign of Gangdom." — From The Tribune's platform for Chicagoland.

"Effectual resistance to organized crime... is and must be impossible without publicity, persistent, 'sensational' publicity... Crime is not encouraged by publicity. It works when it can in the dark."—From an editorial in The Tribune, Dec. 20, 1931.

"Al Capone is under sentence of eleven years imposed by a federal court in Chicago, because the Chicago newspapers for three years have not only played up but have exploited Capone systematically and with the definite object of suppressing him."—Thomas L. Rice, noted criminologist.

By GUY MURCHIE JR.

PERSISTENT, sensational publicity, therefore, suppressed Al Capone, just as it did the Everleigh sisters, the labor racketeers, the kidnapers, and the Dillingers.

It was the uncompromising cru-

PERSONAL ATTENDANTS

Valets Chefs
Chauffeurs Trainers
Waiters Barbers
Secretaries Doctors
etc.

ALPHONSE CAPC PRESIDENT OF

Known as "Snorky", "The Big "Scarface Al". He personally and lawyer contacts, and pe details of the syndicate's affair He was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., His net annual income once p

BOARD OF

FRANK REO (alias Kline), CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE SYNDICATE. Gunman and bodyguard, who became the big boss after Capone was imprisoned.

JACK GUZIK, BUSINESS MANAGER AND CHIEF STATISTICIAN. Former waiter who became an able organizer, bookkeeper, gobetween, fixer, schemer, and kept many important figures in his head. Though able, he was looked down on socially by the other directors. He was paymaster in bribing of politicians and police, and owned a south side brothel.

FRANK NITTI (Nitto), TREASURER AND SECOND VICE PRESIDENT. General advisor, well informed, presentable, and handled much money.

JOHNNY PATTON, mayor of Burnham, big brewery owner, Capone's closest political ally.

TONY "MOPS" VOLPE, bodyquard, chauffeur, cafe manager.



ias Al Brown) NDICATE

v", and (in newspapers)
almost all his politician
ly supervised important
in Chicago and Cicero.
8, and is now at Alcatraz.
ly exceeded \$1,000,000.

PERSONAL BODYGUARD

At times it contained several dozen men, but they all had important other duties.

:TORS

.PH CAPONE, Al's brother, bodyguard and general assistant in liquor, vice, and gambling rackets.

SEPH FUSCO, bodyguard and assistant in charge of paying off nibition agents and certain other police officers.

VARD J. O'HARA, big dog track and race track manager, etc.

INIS COONEY, cafe and chain brothel manager, and important one ally.

1ES "JIMMY" EMORY, relative of Capone's, race track owner big boss in Chicago Heights.

NY LOMBARDO, Capone backed president of the important one Siciliana, the west side alky cooking guild for Sicilians.

JIS COWEN, propagandist, owner of Cicero Tribune.

How Chicago Was Ruled by Guns

brought the official action that finally cost Capone his empire and his freedom. It was NEWS, persistent and sensational, day in and day out, that rid Chicago of its archeriminal and ended the lawlessness he in-

spired.

Joe Howard leaned back in his chair behind the cigar case in Heinie Jacobs' saloon at 2300 South Wabash avenue. The calendar on the wall behind the bar showed the date to be May 7, 1923. The clock said six. Only a spoonful of bourbon remained in old Joe's glass as he sat back to tell the boys all about his hijacking triumphs night before last.

Heinie slouched across the wood. He, an aged carpenter named David Runelsbeck, and a mechanic named George Bilton seated near by, having a drink

J 64

ck a 29-year-old anny Torrio whom one of the elder Five Points gang. said that he was ian. , , He had business sagacity. imagination. He ie duplicity of polisecient in the civilitongue and adroit e had a plausible

ambillious." front. And he was . . .

Chicada rollica

1923 70 1467

On Torrio's arrival in Chicago, Colosimo's persecution coased -- #3 least temporarily Torrio lived by the gun. It was his profession. When shortly after his arrival three Black Handers demanded that Colosimo meet them with \$25,000 under an Archer avenue viaduct, Torrio sent four men to the spot with sawed-off shotguns. When the Black Hand leader approached the dark touring car, asking, "Where is our package?" he suddenly found himself looking down a 12-gauge muzzle. For the Black Handers it was a rendezvous with death in the shape of lead slugs at a range of six feet. XXX

As Torrio felt his power his ambition grew apace. Big Jim Colosimo was prosperous, fat, nearly forty, and growing contented with the status quo. The boundary of his ambition was the southern border of the First ward. But not so with Torrio. Torrio had his eye on the whole city and then some. He was heard saying to a procurer friend one night on 22d street:

"I'm sick of the First ward. There's no money in it. I'm going to start operating wherever I get a chance all over the city and in the suburbs, too, even if Jim won't come along. A monopoly of all Cook county is the only way to handle this business so it'll really pay."

And Johnny Torrio acted on his idea.

Torrio towns sprang up. Prairie centers that had once gone to bed at dusk and risen at cockerow now had to sit up to all hours with Torrio's growing roadhouse industry.

The first of these towns was Burnham, eighteen miles southeast of the loop and readily accessible to couples and parties driving from southern Chicago, Gary, Hammond, Calumet, and other places for an evening's entertainment. Dance halls, gambling dens, and night clubs of all descriptions arose and ran wide open under the charge of Johnny Patton, the famous "boy mayor," who considerately saw eye to sye with Torrio, for reasons best known to himself.

And then-on May 11, 1920-Colosimo was murdered. A mysterious lone assassin, who has never been identified, secreted himself in the vestibule of Colosimo's café in the early hours of the morning, waited his chance to fire the fatal shot.

With Colosimo gone, Torrio was released from the limitations of his late boss.

Prohibition, coming along at about this time, had caused the closing of the 15,000 legalized cases in Greater Chicago. This gave Torrio something to think about. He was not a little dazzled at the thirst-quenching possibilities in addition to the other business he aspired to control. The two breweries he had leased to

Southing to be ampthing that He could be as fough as a pliant one moment and as playful. as a puppy the next. The collection of Ill-emorted crooks and criminals that he and Torrio were shie to enlist from an over the city quickly took on a measure of discipline under his drill sergeant brand of leadership. His remarkable fiair for organizing built up a machine admirably suited to the task set for it. The drivers, sharpshooters, spies, watchmen, lawyers, and others on the pay roll knew what was expected of them, and they did it. Tew ever deserted or turned traitor. They not only respected their boss but they feared what he would do to any man who crossed him. The mind behind that massive, heavylipped face was unfathomable. Capone did things as if by magic. One day he ordered one of his own brewery watchers to "Lay off gabbin' with that Joe Pizzito. You know he's not with us."

"How did the big feller know I'd been talkin' with Jos lately?" the man asked his watch partner that night.

"O, Al's got spies everywhere," came the reply.

When it became necessary to do away with the various rival gangs who contested the Torrio-Capona monopoly over all Cook county's liquor and vice business Capone did not hesitate to send his army out to meet the enemy. His orders were: "Wait till they get where you want 'em, then let 'em have it."

The headquarters of the Capone-Torrio organization in these early days was an unobtrustive four-story in structure at 2222 South Wabash avenue known as the Four Deuces. It joi looked like a rooming house from the outside, but it actually was a den of les iniquity of the first order. On the ground floor were the Torrio-Capone general offices and a saloon and café. The second and third floors were devoted to gambling and the fourth to the demi-monde. The place was widely known to have [8] been the scene of twelve murders, tue all unsolved.

Having proved the efficacy of his are methods in the Joe Howard case, Al 341 adopted ruthlessness as a basic pol-14S icy in eliminating business compe- :ag The following September, 242 tition. 1923, in the process of expanding his 193 south side territory, he encountered g ,, the opposition of a gang known as its the south side O'Donnells. Spike O'Donnell, the leader, had for part-II BNAYM AS ners his brothers, Steve, Walter, and Tommy, as well as three thick a silodoennily us solided a. A. skinned henchmen named Jerry sloims to series a to puoses edt at sidT O'Connor, George "Spot" Bucher, and Georgia Meeghan. The O'Don-pur uauung wholesale territory was to invade a speakeasy which had not been buying their liquor, let the proprietor see their artillery dangling in belt holsters, and put the question. "Who you buying from?"

After listening to the answer. which they knew already, they and tactfully suggest. "Well, how

dank transport will be criticated." M was a brave ufferance was almost equally futile. There were to be 8 more killings similar to that of O'Conner in the fall of 1923, 15 in 1924, 46 in 1925, and 44 is 1926, Mr. Dever's last year in office. In this total of 135 gang murders during the rise of the young pool player from Brooklyn only six men were to be brought to trial. Of the six all were to be acquitted save one-Sam Vinci, who chose the occasion of a coroner's inquest to dispatch John Minattl with a .45-callber automatic. His explanation

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"John killed my brother Mike, and I thought the jury was going to free him."

Vinci was sent to Joliet penitentiary for twenty-five years.

The situation already was beyond Dever's control. In the fall of 1923 Capone had no fewer than 700 men on his pay roll, and there was a general stampede of criminal opportunists to his camp, He soon formed an alliance with the surviving south side O'Donnells. The wholesale liquor industry was flourishing. Money, which last year had been measured in C's (\$100 bills), now was lightly discussed in terms of the "grand" (\$1,000). And the impecunious young pimp, who had been delighted with an annual salary of \$25,000 a couple of years before, now handed out in the booze traffe slope speed, and a

now the owner of several restauin the ring were: Tommy Banks, During the 1920s the topnotchers he soon obtained a job as driver or farm community where he was born, awol of horses from the lowa arriving in the Twin Cities with a ning his career as a stable boy after man in Minneapolis in 1925. Begin-Brunskill was a veteran police-

stalment of this story. inal courts, was told in the first inand upheld by a jury in the Crimcharged by the Birkeland family the Rev. Knute B. Birkeland, as to gaivels bas gaidsabid sat to seed chiel of police. His part in the In that year Frank Brunskill was

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gang hangout on the St. men executed their most eir north side rivals.

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mentioned by a young assistant

You're wanted for the murder of e Howard," said McSwiggin, Who, me?" replied Al with a

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This was in 1923, after the porkced Capone already was well the road to success. How was he ie to fix the witnesses so surely at he could walk into the hands the police a few weeks later witht the slightest fear of taking the p? What was his background? hat sort of training qualified this an to win out over all others in e frenzied scramble to control the 0.000,000-a-year bootleg liquor busias which started with the advent prohibition in a city that was e-to-one wet? What factors aped the career of this extraordimy being who in a different age id environment might have been a ussolini or a Napoleon?

He was a sleek, solidly built boy in the to things quickly in thool and was a help to his mother. He lived near the corner of roadway and Flushing avenue, rooklyn, N. Y., in an Italian tenent and was known to the boys as i, son of Capone the barber, who ad recently migrated to America com Naples.

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While still in the fourth grade Al uit school to help his parents in heir struggle for existence in the lums. Only ten then, his function as to bring home firewood or any ther useful supplies he could colect. He seemed affable and softpoken except to the few who knew im in anger.

He was smooth as a dancer and requented a hall then known as he Broadway Casino. He also beame one of the best pool players n the Greenpoint section of Brookyn. He was never afraid of a fight and could hold his own against the best of them.

At the age of twenty-one he had never been arrested. But he was too close to the gang life to be immune for long. The world in which his associates moved was a world mostly of opportunism, a world in which cops were one's natural enemies and anyone carrying money or valuables one's natural prey.

It happened one evening when Al was listening to a political raily. A fellow from his favorite poolroom came up.

"Hey, Al!" he said. "You gotta come back to the joint right away. We need you. A pool shark came in a couple of hours ago an' has been cleanin' us out. Altogether we owe the guy about eight hundred dollara-that is, we did when I left. He's stuck-up as hell, but we all linear you could take him. You gotta hurry, though, Al."

Capone hurried to the spot. The boys were overloyed to see him, for they knew he never drank and that Now back and sime of the stranger's money and them he said he must go, as he was due

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resentful at being left in this humiligting position and demanded that Al remain, but Al put on his coat and smooth gray hat.

Without a word the stranger pulled a long-bladed knifs from his pocket, opened it, and gave Al to understand he'd play poot or else! Al did not hesitate one second. His right shot out to the man's chin with all his 200 pounds behind it. The man dropped and lay motionless. Al ran for home.

Twenty minutes later a misinformed friend from the poolroom arrived to tell him that his late opponent was dead. There was excitment and weeping in the Capons home. But Al thought of his tough cousins in the Five Points gang in lower Manhattan at the other end of the Williamsburg bridge. The Five Points gang was then considered the best training school for hoodlums in the country. Surely the Five Points boys would know what Al ought to do.

They did. They assured him he had better get out of town immediately. They said they could help him to the extent of trying to get a former captain in the gang, one Johnny Torrio, to look out for him when he got to Chicago. Torrio had gone there to be associated with "Big Jim" Colosimo, a politician and vice overlord of a section in the southern part of Chicago's First ward.

Al Capone took their advice. He came to Chicago in his best new suit, and, sure enough, Johnny Torrio fixed him up. Torrio got a job for the oversized boy from Brooklyn as watcher for a house of prostitution in Burnham.

While young Capone watched dutifully at his post in Burnham, with his neat scar (said to have been received in a Brooklyn saloon) for his chevron, Big Jim Colosimo was enjoying the lucrative fruits of his political success in the 22d street district. Big Jim had come to Chicago in the nineties and got himself a job as water boy on a railroad section gang. His next job, pushing a broom through the streets of the First ward, gave the ambitious youth much better social opportunities. With broom in hand he met auch colorful personages as Alds. Michael (Hinks Dink) Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, and it was a natural development for Jim to shift from broom-swinging to vote-swinging. He rose to prominence in the street sweepers' union and organized his fellow whitewings into a social and athletic club which could deliver as a unit at election time and was as bridle-wise as a riding-school nag.

"Some day I'm going to run this ward," Colosimo once said to a fel-

He meant it, and shortly soid his broom for a job in a café. He atready was learning how to turn his friendships with "Bathhouse John" and "Hinky Dink" into a goldenegg-laying goose, and in short orderhe owned his own poolroom. A year
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Courtroom scene at trial of Sam Vinci for the murder of John Minatti. Left to right

Krueger, Vinel, Deputy Sherif William Gallagher, and (standing) Vinci's ettorney,

certain red-light enterprises, and finally Big Fim of his own Coloni mo's café at 2128 South Wabasa avanue.

Eventually Big Jim became the acknowledged boss of the south side underworld, and his revenue came not only from the resorts he owned himself but also in the form of tribute from all other illegal resorts in the district.

But wealth brought with it both comfort and complications. Big Jim was victimized by the American Mgfis. He received letters threaten

CAPONE'S VICTIO

NAME	DATE	REASO
1—Joe Howard	May 7, 1923	Because he tried hijack contemptible braggart
2—Dion O'Banion	Nov. 10, 1924	Because he ran the nor war on the south side I the Sicilians!"
3—Thomas Duffy	April 27, 1926 April 27, 1926 April 27, 1926	Because Capone suspect Because he happened thight.
6—Earl Hymie Weiss	Oct. 11, 1926	Because he was O'Bar and out to get Capone.
7-John Costenaro8-Santo Celebron	Jan. 7, 1927 Jan. 7, 1927	Because they were pla a conspiracy trial.
9-Antonio Torchio	May 25, 1927	Because he was a New
10-Frank Hitchcock	July 27, 1927	Because he was a boot wanted to put out of th
11—Anthony K. Russo 12—Vincent Spicuzza	Aug. 11, 1927 Aug. 11, 1927	Because they were impo
13-Samuel Valente	Sept. 24, 1927	Because he was importe
14—Harry Fuller	Jan. 18, 1928 Jan. 18, 1928 Jan. 18, 1928	Because they were hija
17-"Diamond Joe" Esposito	March 21, 1928	Because he didn't want
18—Ben Newmark	April 23, 1928	Because he tried to org Capone, and also becausuard who did the job such a gesture of loyal
19—Francesco Uale (Frank Yale)	July 1, 1928	Because he double-cros running manager.
20—Frank Gusenberg. 21—Pete Gusenberg. 22—John May. 23—Al Weinshank. 24—James Clark. 25—Adam Heyer. 26—Dr. Schwimmer.	Feb. 14, 1929 Feb. 14, 1929 Feb. 14, 1929 Feb. 14, 1929 Feb. 14, 1929 Feb. 14, 1929 Feb. 14, 1929	Because they were in t Valentine's day when desperate attempt to w
27—Albert Anselmi	May 8, 1929 May 8, 1929 May 8, 1929	Because Guinta, as pre treacherously planning by Anselmi and Scalise.
30—Frankie Marlow	June 24, 1929	Because he welched on
31—Julius Rosenheim	Feb. 1, 1930	Because he was a prof and a paid newspaper;
32—Jack Zuta	Aug. 1, 1930	Because he was a spy v
33—Joe Aiello	Oct. 23, 1930	Because he was a dang Bugs Moran.
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waiting glimpse of Capone on his way to the United States district attorney's office for questioning



Morgan Collins, Chicago police commissioner from 1923 to 1927.

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soared. Torrio, the business man, shrewdiy left the retail business to others and began to expand a vast wholesale business which rapidly took on the proportions of a south side monopoly.

To operate an industry big enough to satisfy Torrio's ambition would require able lieutenants and a policy of ruthlessness toward all oppo stion. Who could Torrio get to help him? Torrio was an experi-enced manager, and he thought the problem over carefully—then picked the sleek Neapolitan boy who had been doing so well in Burnham. Torrio knew that Al Capone was big and strong and quick in action, that he was intelligent, that he drank little, that he could be smooth on occasion, and that he was a natural leader of men

"How would you like \$25,000 a year," said Torrio to Capone one evening in the rear of a 22d street dance hall, "and to be my partner in the beer and booze b We'll split the liquor profits fifty-fifty. What do you say?"

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"O. K., Johnny," grunted big AL The deal was on. Capone stepped into his new position with confidence and alacrity. Soon he began to make his mark. Men learned to fear and respect him. He never asked a man to do anything that he couldn't or wouldn't do himself. He could be as tough as a mad elephant one moment and as playful as a puppy the next. The collection of ill-assorted crooks and criminals that he and Torrio were able to enlist from all over the city quickly took on a measure of discipline under his drill sergeant brand of leadership. His remarkable fiair for organizing built up a machine admirably suited to the task set for it. The drivers, charpshooters, spice, watchmen, lawyers, and others on the pay roll knew what was expected of them, and they did it. Few ever deserted or turned traitor.

by Gunplay and Politics

The worried man in most cases would ask time to consider, in which case, the O'Donnells would grant him a twenty-four-hour stay, at the end of which, if he was still stubborn, they would emphasize their argument with fists or revolver butts. Few speakeasy owners held out further.

An exception was Jacob Gels, who said, "I buy my beer from Capone and Torris, and I'm satisfied with it."

Even fists could not change Jake's mind, for his burly frame was a little too much for O'Donnell's two lettle too much for O'Donnell's two drummers, who got bounced elaboratisty oht Jake's floor. Bo three O'Donnell brothers, with D'Connor, Meegham, said Bucher, exited with Gels' neighborhood saloon at 2554 West Elst street early in the evenley of Sept. 7 1923, with the result that Gels was taken to a hospital with a fractured skull and lay at the point of death for weeks. After argument with Gels that evening the aroused O'Donnells invadod five other recalcitrant beer sellers, administering various treatments, and then repaired to Joseph Klepka's saloon at 5358 South Lincoln street, a sort of headquarters, to partake of refreshments.

It was while they were relaxing in Klepka's place that five men entered and the leader, brandishing

his .28, roared:

"Stick up your hands or I'll blow
you to hell."

The O'Donnells scattered for the

doors and were pursued closely to the street, where, shooting wildly at their attackers, they made their escape-all except Jerry O'Connor, who lay dead on the sidewalk, shot through the heart.

In the official records Jerry O'Con-nor's death is indexed as the first killing of the bootleg war. It was followed ten days later, Sept. 17, by the murders of his associates, Meeghan and Bucher.

The repercussions of the O'Donnell purge, however, would have been enough to worry a commander of lesser stature. The late William E. Dever, then six months in office as mayor, was so shocked by the killings that he revoked the licenses of 2,000 "soft drink parlors," sum-moned Chief of Police Collins to his office, and assumed personal charge of the situation. His official state ment said:

The police will follow this case to a finish as they do all others. This guerrilla war between hijackers, rum runners, and illicit beer peddlers can and will be crushed."

It was a brave utterance -but it was almost equally futile. There were to be 9 more killings similar to that of O'Connor in the fall of 1923, 16 in 1924, 46 in 1925, and 64 in 1926, Mr. Dever's last year in office. In this total of 135 gang murders during the rise of the young poel player from Brooklyn only six men were to be brought to trial. Of the six all were to be acquifted save one-Sam Vinc. who chose the oc casion of a coroner's inquest to dispatch John Minatti with a .45-caliber automatic. His explanation



Courtroom scene at trial of Sam Vinci for the murder of John Minatti. Left to right: Krueger, Vinci, Deputy Sherif William Gallagher, and (standing) Vinci's attorney, F

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The second hearing Joe was saying, his eyes gli with pride and alopholic blear, "We took the punits right in their frest yard, an' we was off in less than two min—." At that fustant the swinging doors swung inward from the street. Two men entered. One

of them was familier to Joe, and Joe stopped tailing to greet him. Then things began to happen. As Runeisback remembered it: "Hello, All cried foe, putting out his hand.
The man he spoke to stock out his hand, but it hold a revolver, and he fleed in time. The heeled aver deal, still arimning."

In a flash the murderer and artiser discapanced out the desc pariner diagram Thus same At Capone's debrine front pages of Chicago nor

LL 2 5

The authorities in Chicago knew Capone who had killed Joe Howard for Interfering with the Capone-Torrio bootles been business. To obtain enough syldence to convict Capone seemed a simple matter. And so, thirty minutes after the murder, a general order was fisshed to all police stations to arrest him.

But Al Canone was nowhere to be found, and at the inquest the next day the witnesses to the crime were all stricken with mysterious aliments. Heinie Jacobs thought it over. Then he took the witness stand and testified as follows:

"I was called to a rear room to answer a telephone just before the shooting. I don't know nothing about it."

Runelsbeck quiveringly insisted

"I wouldn't be able to identify Capone even if brought face to face with him."

Bilton could not be found. Two other possible witnesses to the killing, said to have been in Jacobs' saloon at the time, were Tony "Mouth" Bagnols and one Clifford Eaton. Both desired having been there, and no one could give proof to the contrary.

The inquest had to be continued indefinitly, and a month later, when things had quieted down, Capone sauntered into the Cottage Grove police station to remark to Captain McMahon:

"I hear the police are looking for e. What for?"

The contain hustled Capone down be questioned by a young assistant state's attorney named William H. McSwiggin.

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-(Tribune photo.)

Alphonse Capone, boss criminal, at the height of his career. Capone's first salary as a partner of Johnny Torrie in the beer and boose business was \$25,000 a year. Soon his organisation was dealing in millions.

already a quarter to 8, and Al foilowed an ironbound rule about going home at 10:30,

"L'll lay two hundred on a game of straight," proposed Al to the confident slieker. "Want to play me!

"It's a bet," grinned the other, "How about a hundred more on the fifteen ball?

"O. K.," said Al. The two set to work. The spectators peered exciting tables. By \$800 back and \$150 of the strangers money-and then he said he must go, as he was due home. The stranger was naturally

resentful at being left in this humiliating position and demanded that Al remain, but Al put on his coat and smooth gray hat.

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touliford and his partner,
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press gag law was peculiar nesota alone. It permitted unty or state officials to supwithout trial by jury, papers published matter of a "maliscandalous, or defamatory"

process of suppression was lows: The county attorney aly go before a court, make sation against a paper, and e judge issue an injunction ing publication. The judge suid decide whether the actual decide whether the actual in the paper actually us, scandalous, or defama-

Olson appeared in court Near the injunction against issuance of the Saturday as granted. The case was to the Minnesota Supreme ich upheld the lower court, at the paper was a nuisance law valid.

time the case was attraction-wide attention. The Newspaper Publishers' astook it up, supplying \$5,000 through contributions to-

JRDAY PRESS"

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ess of Dec. 14, 1935.

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Within a short time Ritten worked out an arrangement with Alderman Frank E. Giebenhain of the Tenth ward, a labor representative, and J. Russell Sheffield, Eighth ward, to accept money which would later be divided among the trie. Certain other aldermen, including John P. Eckberg, a labor party politician from the Twelfth ward; Fred Maurer, another labor man from the Third ward, and E. J. Sweeney and W. H. I endell intermittently took part in the boodling.

All went well with the ring until John Woodward and Werner H. Ruff offered Ritten \$1,000 to get enough votes in the council license committee to enable them to obtain a license for a cabaret to be named The Stables, which they proposed to open. Ritten informed Woodward, who offered the bribe, that it would cost at least \$1,500. This incident occurred in the summer of 1928.

Ritten's confession, given on Feb. 15, 1929, follows:

"The following day Woodward came into my office with the money, but a few days later he asked for it again, stating he needed it for other purposes. I returned it to him. A few days later he returned and handed me back the money.

"The license was acted upon favorably both in the license committee and by the council. George Sheffield received \$500, Glebenhain got \$500, and I kept \$500 for myself.

"A few days after my return from New Orleans in December, 1928, Giebenhain called me by phone and told me by all means to get in touch with Ruff. I told him I would if I could. Ruff had given Woodward the \$1,500 paid us. The next day I arranged for a meeting with him at the home of a friend in north Minneapolis and begged Ruff not to mention my name in connection with the cabaret license. I admit. ted to him I had received the money from Woodward, and declared to Ruff that I would make everything right with him after the investigation had blown over if he would remain silent. I told him I would do anything in the world to keep my name out of the papers in connection with this matter.

"He promised falthfully that he would say nothing. This meeting was in the afternoon. The next day I called Frank Brunski!! [then the chief investigator for County Attorney Floyd Olson, having been removed by Mayor George Leach from the post of chief of police] because he was a very good friend of mine, and asked him to see me.

"He came to the office early in the afternoon. I told him about my meeting with Ruff. He told me fre of \$1,000, which Rillien proof to Ritten tells she that Wood 4 demanded money in get out of Louis, taying a grand jury subpens had been issued for his appearance. In all Ritten gave Woodward \$3,300 to get out of town. Then he was told that Ruff was about to go before the grand jury. He then decided to go before the grand jury and try to get immunity, on advice of Cary.

monite frails demanded a ret

The confession continues:

"A few days later Cary arranged for a meeting between myself, County Attorney Floyd B. Olson, and himself in a room at the Minneapolis Athletic club. At that time I told the county attorney everything I knew, except the payments to Woodward. The next conference was in the office of the county attorney on the morning of the day I appeared before the grand jury. I was alone with the county attorney part of the time. I had got there early to avoid being seen. The county attorney told me he would get me into the grand jury room as soon as the jury convened.

"After I had been in the county attorney's office for a short time Cary came in with a document signed by Judge Bardwell granting me complete immunity. Cary told me I was 'absolutely clean' on everything up to the time I went into the grand jury room.

"Before entering the grand jury room I was told by the county attorney to answer all questions that he or any member of the grand jury asked me. which I did. After I had completed my testimony the county attorney stated that I had made a good impression, in his opinion, on the jury members. I remained in the county attorney's office until the grand jury adjourned, and then he assisted me in getting out without anybody noticing me."

From the testimony given by Ritten to that grand jury indictments were returned against Aldermen Eckberg, Giebenhain, Maurer, Sheffield, Sweeney and Rendell. A group ward. 2 years, secenting below.

s. Sweeney, labor siderman, Third

Morris Eisenstadt, cleaner and dyer, convicted of giving bribe, paid \$1,500; James E. Fox, oil broker, pleaded guilty to giving bribe, paid \$750.

Charges Dismissed. Consent of State

J. Russell Sheffield, "slik stocking" Eighth ward, indicted for receiving bribe; Don Green, agent for fire apparatus manufacturing company, indicted for giving bribe; Irsael Ridker, real estate broker, indicted for giving bribe; E. P. Brown, business man, indicted for giving bribe; Henry M. Baskerville, business man, indicted for giving bribe; Emil Sheffe, garage proprietor, indicted for giving bribe.

Not Indicted

Louis N. Ritten, "silk stocking" Second ward; John H. Woodward, cabaret proprietor.

A glance at the table shows that only labor representatives were given prison sentences. Ritten, the self-confessed leader of the graft ring, came free untouched and today is a grain merchant in Minneapolis.

Fox, the oil broker, resisted extradition from St. Louis, Mo., for nearly a year. Then he threatened in speeches made to newspaper reporters to "blow the roof off the county building in Minneapolis if not granted immunity." After several conferences with County Attorney Olson the defendant pleaded guilty and was fined \$750.

Yet it was this incident which made it possible for Floyd Olson to run for governor in 1930. He was elected by a plurality given him by the labor voters.

The third of this series on "Murder in Minneapolis" will appear in an early issue.



"No more half-sick feeling for me...no more harsh 'all-at-once' cathartics"

When I feel run down, headachy, half sick—when the children get irritable, cranky—then I know it's a sign of constipation. I get out our family box of FEEN - A - MINT, the chewing-gumlaxative. There used to be a time when we

took old-fashioned, harsh, "all-at-once" cathartics, but that's all over now. We just chew FEEN-A-MINT for three minutes before going

TUNE IN National Amateur Night, Tadio's amash hit, with Ray Perkins, Arnold Johnson, and Amateur Stars - Columbia Network, S.P. M., C. S. T., Every Sunday.

to bed—(that's why it's called "the threeminute way")—and if goes to work easily, pleasantly, and gradually. There are no cramps, no nausca, no bad after-effects. Our family wouldn't be without it for anything. Costs only 15c and 25c a box.





thur Weile arrived to selle it. The warper two detectives did not take to our ment off me as possible. I'll bargain ber reported back to Mayor William A Anderson that Captain Bruhskill walked into the garage as they mere about to drive it away and told them "to leave the car alone." . The automobile at that time way said to be owned by one John J. Brennan. Later it was learned that Brennan was the alias used by Harvey Bailey, leader of the Urschel kidnaping gang and a bank robber and killer. He now is serving time in a federal penitentiary. When Bailey was nabbed by federal agents In Kansas City in August, 1932, two employes of the Northwest bank identified him as the leader of the gang which robbed their institution. Not even this story brought action

by the civil service commission.

Federal agents, seeking kidnaping gangs and bands of bank robbers who terrorized the middle west in 1932 and 1933, began work in the Twin Cities as the best points at which to pick up the trails of their quarries.

Due to return to the decade of the twenties. Not only was Minneapolis a hideout for visiting criminals but it also was the home stamping ground for one of the largest and best organized alcohol rings in the country. The ring was operated by a syndicate of never

O'Donnell brothers, with O'Connog. rately out Jake's door, So three drummers, who got bounced elabolittle too much for O'Donnell's two mind, for his burly frame was Mven fists could not change Jake's

banalian m'l bun coltrof ban . said, "I buy my beer from Capone An exception was Jacob Geis, who

butts, Few speakeasy owners held out further, aviover to atah fittw insmigra born, they would emphasize their end of which, if he was still stubhim a twenty-four-hour stay, at the case, the O'Donnells would grant would ask time to consider, in which The worrled man in most cases

and Politics by Gunplay Power Won

Sareer

at to keep as much with you -- I will give you \$7.500. the state civil demage maximum in trate of death, if you'd keep your trap shut."

The widow agreed. Devemport then handed her \$3,500, telling her he would pay the remainder later. It never has been paid according to Mrs. Winkier.

The most concrete evidence concerning the activities of the alcohol and vice syndicate was obtained by federal agents and county authorities in December, 1933, when Conrad Althen, who once was a golf professional at the Minnepau course at Minneapolis, was found slain.

Althen, who was an expert accountant as well as a gelfer, was the bookkeeper for the syndicate. He had been serving the ring since 1926, rendering quarterly statements as concise and balanced as Those of any corporation.

One week before his body was found the federal grand jury in Minneapolis had voted secret indictments against 38 of the better known hoodlums in that city's underworld. The ringleaders, their chief lieutenants and Althen were all named, although this informaon at that time had not been made ublic.

It was apparent, however, that deral men were anxious to seize then. The day after the indictents were returned they raided an artment house where he had been ing. Finding agents at front and ar, Althen jumped from a window d escaped.

Althen went into kiding. His ends, according to police, sought m out and advised him to surnder on the indictment. They ranged to pick him up in a car d take him to the United States strict attorney's office. Althen fell to the trap.

He joined "the boys," who proeded quickly to slug him into unnsciousness and then drive to a nely road near South St. Paul. here evidently he regained coniousness as he was pitched into ditch. His bullet riddled body s found the next morning. It lay the right side with the left hand sed as if to ward off a blow.

circle of empty shells on the adside above the body clearly told w a machine gunner stood there d let fly a burst of 14 shots, all it one of which struck Althen.

The books Althen kept have never en found. It is assumed that his jends who feared he might 'iquawk" if he got into hands of e federal investigators destroyed

In this more accounts," "McCoy accounts," in super of rations of the synticate which records of the fine brands of secont liquors demanded by ver- intensity over a period of severtaln pairons were kept; a profit and - soonths, and Guilford had receive loss statement for the entire organ. many warnings that unless he qu ization, and separate accountings for each of a dozen liquor producing plants, for gambling houses, and for vice resorts.

Some of the information lacking in these records was supplied by one of Althen's women, who told how he labored over his accounting. The woman, although bitter against Althen's slayers, was unable to give any help in the hunt for the actual books. The searchers were particularly anxious to find the books, since much of the government's case against the syndicate members depended upon finding them.

After months of searching, government agents concluded they hadbeen destroyed about the time Althen was slain. With the books gone the indictments were dropped, only ten of the 38 men named in the original true bills being brought into court. Most of these escaped prison, merely paying nominal fines.

The real strength of this organized gangland was first shown in 1927. It was demonstrated when a coupe containing two men drew alongside the car containing Howard Guilford, publisher of the Saturday Press, a weekly newspaper of Minneapolis, at Lowry avenue and West Broadway. With Guilford was sitting his sister-in-law.

One of the men within the coupe fired five shots at Guilford, leaning



(Associated Press photo.) Howard Guilford, publisher of Saturday Press, who was wounded by gunmen in 1927. Seven

years later he was slain.

Are used - Stranding the city and county of - cal. however, Therging Ther. will The inffices also snowed quietes decepting graft and pintering the These altacks had been growing printing stories about the unde world he would be slain.

The Minneapolis newspape: while reluctant to recognize Gu ford as a newspaper man, demand action upon this shooting, saying was an attempt to silence the fi press. At first it seemed they mig get what they demanded, for Gu ford from his hospital bed identifi Harry Jaffa and "Irish" Gottli as his assailants. The two gunm were seized and jailed. Then th were identified by other witness

No charges were placed again the men, however, and they we not taken before the grand jury County Attorney Floyd Olson, Th when his recovery had become certainty, Guilford began to wa in his story. While yet convale ing he identified pictures of a n who was in a penitentiary as a of his attackers. Later he s Flippy Share and a gunman, J Gould, of Chicago, had done shooting.

When he emerged from the) pital the charges against all

Read: "A BOYCOT"

Sature

The Wrec Record

Six Human Liver; Millions of Dollars in P. Ten Thousand Jobs of Willing Workers; J One Pirm, and the City, Ita High Standin,

Taking the Governor's Advice to "Orgamands," Taking Courage From the Mayor's the Law's Inertia, the Public's Indifference: idity. Local 574 Bids Fair to Take Over

Now the winter of 1934, there will been participated in price.

Since the winter of 1934, there we have a price or the conreport of the conmount function of the condense is "Minchi pulse" Whately and Tominer Union No. 134.

MAYOR HOLDS TO STRUTW

usly-Worded Promise of Police Prote-

Top half of the first page o J. M. Near no



WAYNE THOMES

in the protection of gangaters and gunner by politicians, there began to Focus the attention of the middle west upon that city early in 1925.

In that year Frank Brunskill was their of police. His part in the case of the kidnaping and slaying the Rev. Knute B. Birkeland, as charged by the Birkeland family and upheld by a jury in the Criminal courts, was told in the first instalment of this story.

Brunskill was a veteran policeman in Minneapolis in 1925. Beginnhing his career as a stable boy after arriving in the Twin Cities with a shipment of horses from the Iowa Earm community where he was born, he soon obtained a job as driver of a delivery wagon for the Runscharter of This Wag M 1800.

In 1300 Jake Runze, president of the brewing company, arranged for Brunskill to Join the police force as a rookle patrolman. Brunskill's first assignments included raids on some of the brewer's customers, to whom, abortly before, he had been delivering beer. In six years Brunskill became a detective.

Mayor Thomas Van Lear, who later was to become the star defense witness at Milwaukee for the gunman, Jack Davenport, and virtually obtained the acquittal of that habitual criminal in the case of the robbery of the Northwestern National bank of Milwaukee, made Brunskill chief of detectives. In 1923 Brunskill became chief of the entire force, holding the job until Mayor George E. Leach removed him in 1928.

Brunskill was removed after the mayor obtained evidence proving that the policeman was habitually shielding criminals.

In recent years a number of private citizens have filed complaints against Brunskill with the commission, but the policeman who now is captain of the Minneapolis north side station never has been asked to defend himself.

One of the latest charges bears repeating. In the information sent to the commission if was stated that on May 11, 1932, police learned that an automobile believed to have been used by bandits who had, a month earlier, held up the North American branch of the Northwest National bank of Minneapolis, taking a large sum of cash and securities, was discovered in a garage at 2945 South Pilisbury avenue in Minneapolis.

**

Garage attendants were in the act of armor plating the car when Detectives Joseph Lebmeyer and Arthur Weibe arrived to seize it. The two detectives did not take the car, but reported back to Mayor William A. Anderson that Captain Brunskill walked into the garage as they wer about to drive it away and told them "to leave the car alone."

The automobile, at that time, was sair to be owned by one John J. Brennan. Later it was learned that Brennan was the alias used by Harwey Balley, leader of the Urschel kidnaping gang and a bank robber and killer. He now is serving time

Sens Kranik. Sam Kothery, Mar Brownin Stearns, Eng Modley Berman, brother of Barney, the big shot; Roy Rogers, George Somers, Benny Rinder, Mose Barnett, Flippy Share, Paul "Erish" Gottleb, and the Jeffa hothers, Harry, William, and Sam.

annually handled sellions of dollars taken from illicit enterprises.

As in other cities where large organizations wielded power with politicians and paid generously for police protection among all ranks he law enforcers, the hoodings were secure from any molestation.

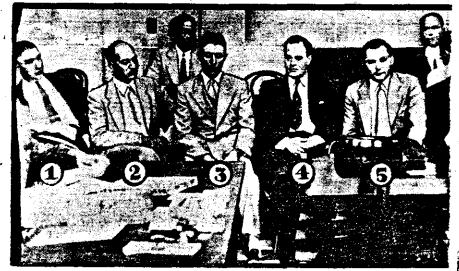
Perhaps this is one explanation for the failure to prosecute Jack Daivenport in March, 1927, after the gunnan shot and Ellied John Wintsler, a porty bootlegger, in the firstence of 16 witnesses in a saloon at Mt Hennepin avenue.

After the killing Davemort was arrested and a detective charged him with first degree murder. The matter dragged for one month while Davemport remained in jail. Then the grand jury voted a no bill after



(Associa

A Minneapolis riot scene, one of several displays of violence in conand the striker



Seven men from Minneapolis and St. Paul in a courtroom in Oklahoma City awaiting call as the federal kidnaping of Charles F. Urschel, wealthy oil man. In the front row: (1) Barney Berman, (2) Sam Kozberg (5) Isadore (Kid Cann) Blumenfeld, (6) Pete Miller, (7) Pete Arnold.

hearing several witnesses introduced by County Attorney Olson.

The widow of Winkler was visited by Davenport only a few days after the shooting. At that time, she says, Davenport told her: "Tve paid \$40,000 in the right place and I'm not going to be prosecuted. At the same time I'd like to have you keep your mouth shut to keep as much heat off me as possible. I'll bargain with you. I will give you \$7,500, the state civil damage maximum in case of death, if you'll keep your trap shut."

The widow agreed. Davenport then handed her \$3,500, telling her he would pay the remainder later. It never has been paid, according to Mrs. Winkler.

The most concrete evidence concerning the activities of the alcohol and vice syndicate was obtained by A week later, however, detectives raided a place where Althen had been living at one time. There they found ledgers, account books, some correspondence, some old freight and truck waybilis and other records. These, although merely incless of the actual accounts, disclosed that Althen kept separate statements for each of the gang big shots. Code numbers were used in the indices.

The indices also showed "quietus accounts," im McCoy accounts," in which records of the fine brands of uncut liquors demanded by certain patrons were kept; a profit and loss statement for the entire organization, and separate accountings for each of a dozen liquor producing plants, for gambing houses, and for vice resorts.

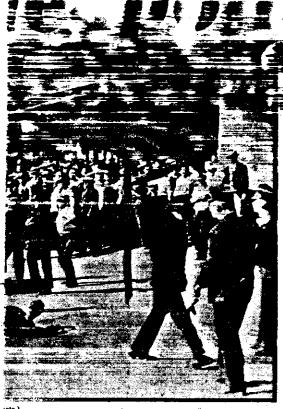
Some of the information lacking

out of the car and shouting mea while, "Damn you, Gullford, we' got you now." Then the car away.

Critically wounded in the abemen, Guilford jotted down the il cense number of the gang car and drove to a hospital.

As an individual Howard Guilfordhad no importance. He had been attacking the city and county officials, however, charging them with accepting graft and protecting the open operations of the syndicate. These attacks had been growing in intensity over a period of several months, and Guilford had received many warnings that unless he quit printing stories about the underwood be would be slain.

**



with the truck drivers' strike there in 1934. Note the policementhe fighting.



ment began its case in the m Kronick, (4) Charles Wolk, (Associated Press photo.)

Guilford had mentioned were ped. Guilford himself, accordto friends, was unexpectedly perous. He changed his home is a shabby rooming house to a in one of the best hotels, he held "considerable sums of the said sported many new periods."

It within a few weeks he reed to his newspaper attacks
i the underworld and upon city
county officials. Then the Minda gar law, passed by the state
dature in 1925, was invoked
ast Guilford and his partner,
I. Near, co-publishers of the Satity Press. The case against them
prosed and by Floyd Claim.

hoses and by a form was peculiar innesota alone. It permitted not to state officials to sup-dimensional total to lury payors whilste i matter of a "material dual to defamatory"

ward the cost of carrying the fight to the United States Supreme court. THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE individually engaged counsel for Near.

In an epochal decision on June 1, 1931, the federal Supreme court ruled the Minnesota gag law was unconstitutional because it interfered with the liberty of the press as guaranteed by the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution. In this battle Near and Guilford won, and the Saturday Press continued to be published.

While these matters were in the courts, Hennepin County Attorney Floyd Olson was busy building a political organization. Defeated in 1924, when he ran for governor on a platform which was almost wholly communistic, Olson was out to gain the support of labor in the three large cities in his state—Minneapolis, St. Faul, and Duluth.

His apportunity came in 1928, when boodiers in the Minneapolis city council became panicky.

The boodlers had been operating on a small scale, the ring consisting of half a dozen aldermen.

Leader of the ring was Alderman Louis N. Ritten of the "silk stocking" Second ward in Minneapolis. He was a former president of the city council and a prominent grain merchant in the town. Soon after he entered the council, according to Ritten's own confession, he begam accepting bribes. Then he became a member of licensing committees and of a committee which controlled purchases.

Within a short time Ritten worked out an arrangement with Alderman Frank E. Giebenhain of the Tenth ward, a labor representative, and J. Russell Sheffield, Eighth ward, to accept money which would later be divided among the trio. Certain other aldermen, including John P. Eckberg, a labor party politician from the Twelfth ward; Fred Maurer, another labor man from the Third ward, and E. J. Sweeney and W. H. Rendell intermittently took part in the boodling.

All money . All more as



Gov. Floyd B. Olson of Minnesota, who as a county attorney in Minneapolis is shown to have failed in his duty of prosecuting certain members of the criminal element. (Tribune photo.)

that during that afternoon Ruff had been in conference with Melvin Passoit and Joseph A. Poirer in the county attorney's office, and he believed Ruff had told them everything regarding our meeting.

"I asked Frank what he would do
if he were in my boots. He declared I should get a good attorney.
I asked him whom he would recommend and he said, 'Get Archie M.
Cary.' [Cary is known in Minneapolis as the lawyer who appears
for the syndicate hoodlums and
other criminals who are able to pay
large fees.]

"Brunskill called Mr. Cary from my office and arranged for a conference, at the same time telling Mr. Cary that 'Lou is a very good friend of mine.'"

That evening Ritten went to Cary's home for a preliminary conference and Cary telephoned Brunskill to come to the home also. Ritten's confession continues:

"I told Frank I was worried to death and didn't know what to do or where to turn, or words to that effect. Brunskill declared that he had been in a bad fix himself, and that Cary had got him out of trouble."

**

The following day at another conference Cary demanded a retaining fee of \$5,000, which Ritten produced. Ritten tells also that Woodward demanded money to get out of town, saying a grand jury subpena had been issued for his appearance. In all Ritten gave Woodward \$3,300 to get out of town. Then he was told that Ruff was about to go before the grand jury. He then decided to go before the grand jury and try to get immunity, on advice of Cary.

The confession continues:

"A few days fafer Cary arranged for a meeting between myself. County Attorney Floyd B. Olson, and himself in a toem at the Minicapolis Athletic club. At that time to the county attorney everything I knew, except the payments to Woodward. The next conference

of business men also were indicted, these defendants being named as givers of bribes, the aldermen being charged with their acceptance.

But Olson's part in granting Ritten immunity from prosecution never before has been made public. That confession was obtained by two Minneapolis newspaper men who followed Ritten when the latter fied to California. When they returned with the document their editors chose to print only certain excerpts therefrom.

During the trials which followed the public was kept in the dark about the Ritten incident. Prosecutor Olson was praised as a public servant, zealous to uphoid the law. Strangely enough the "common people"—the laboring classes of Minneapolis, St. Paul, and, in fact, all Minnesota—rallied around him.

Just what Olson did for the laboring men of Minneapolis is shown in the following table, which lists the defendants as to punishments or lack of punishments:

Prison Sentences

John P. Eckberg, labor alderman. Twelfth ward, 10 years, accepting bribe; Frank E. Giebenhain, labor alderman, Tenth ward, 10 years. accepting bribe; Fred Maurer. labor alderman. Third ward, 2 years, accepting bribe; E. J. Sweeney, labor alderman, Third ward, 2 years, accepting bribe.

Fines

Morris Eisenstadt, cleaner and dyer, convicted of giving bribe, paid \$1,500; James E. Fox, oil broker, pleaded guilty to giving bribe, paid \$750

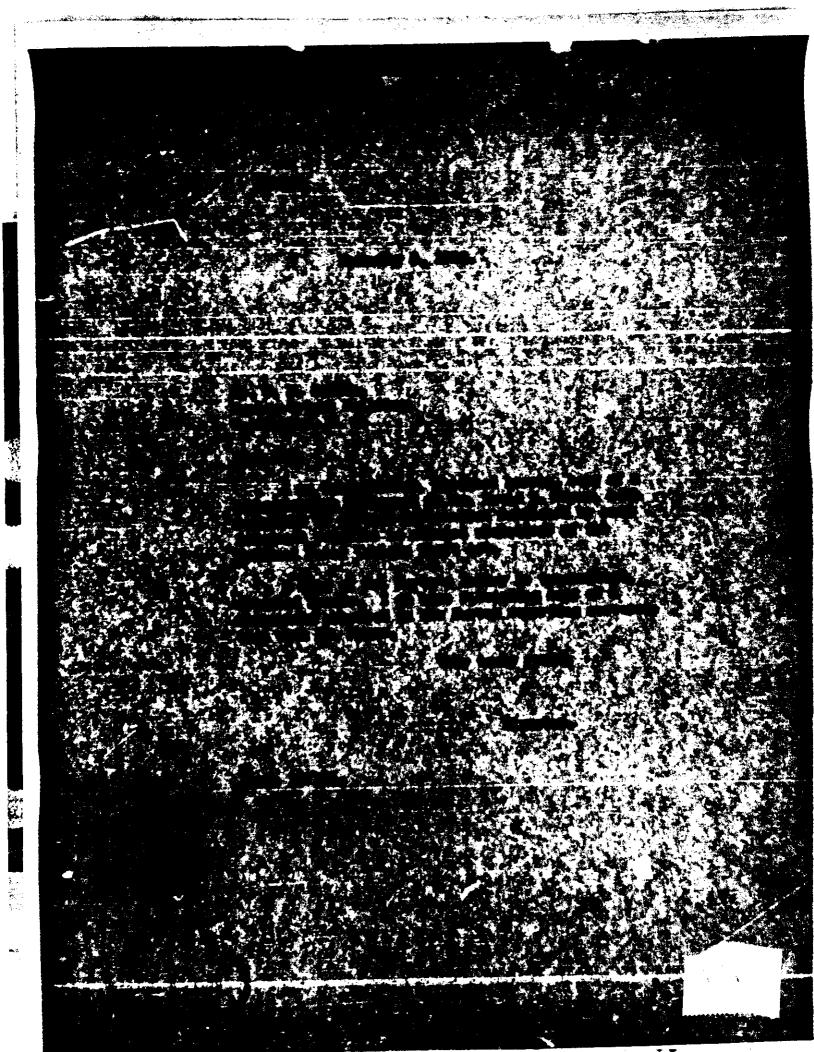
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J. Russ I: Sheffield "si'k stocking" Eighth ward, indicted for receiving bribe; Don Green, agent for fire apparatus manufacturing company, indicted for giving bribe; Irsael Eidker, real estate breks: indicted for giving bribe; E. P. Brown, business man, indicted for giving bribe; Henry M. Baskerwille husiness man indicted for

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that noitididays and to a lacon, callednet the Bureau e aline apparently to therepy h Friday, Roventer 2, 1928, and related that he was in the ntion inticating that cortains personies of certain information indicating that certains gamises cause operating in blicage, Illinois under the less hip of Alifatone, have been transporting in interstate on operactly for personal purposes, machine game and other appearably for personal purposes, It was air, major's desire instruments of a like milber. at this Durana imitiate an Linearization with a vice to instituting a procession against Depose's goog for b lete corneres biglicating althout presering the s le. Form one internal that before an investigation t sitiatel, som funy committe and lefinite allegations of the violation about which he complain ne br. Layne Mil e of the theoretake ? t so-delikel grow of Her Tork a area in that h n the part and that after to chiesen ferrios, he see jesuisted duline. He to not an applisend he appointment to that or or be brancforred to this Person, sections qualifications and wher requisites of this sere fully explained to Mr. Mayre and he lock with the that he opposed would not qualify for the fills Ben postfulling

Bevartment of Justice Burne of Investigation Muskington, E. C. RECORDED & INDP November -LERGY AUDIL FOR THE DIRECTOR On Movember 3, there was referred to me, ir. David D. ayne, who called at the Bureau and stated that he was forekrly Probioition agent. har hayne stated that the so-called gard of (Jourface) al Capone was engued in hammling stolen motor vehicles in violation of the Mational Motor Venicle Theft act. He had no tangible evidence, or information, concerning this matter, but stated that if the sureau desired to investigate this gang; he believed the could secure information from an onverworld couracter withwhom he is endeavoring to contact. ir. Layne also suggested that information upon violations of the Estional Loter Vehicle Theft act in connection with the theft of cars in the United States and their transportation to Camaca could be obtained if about two ments would go to Lontreal, Canada, and there stop ut one of the hotels for a week of two and spend a pit of money, as in this way contact could be used with some of the individuals who are engaged in the theft and "running" of cars to Canada for sale there. I earlied he, have that in view of the vilime of work in the Bureau, investigation of alleged violations of the National Lotor Vehicle Theft Act could not be undertaken unless there was some tangible evidence of a violation of that act. On November 5, his Major again called at the Suresu in connection the foregoing matter and left here the attached letter. ir. inyme ppears to desire appointment in the sureau. I savised him that I could give nin no information as to whether the Euresu could Lincertains the investigation desired by him.



Pepariment of Instice Become of Benestigation Mashington, B. C. 26 18103 November 11, 12.8. PARTICIPATION FOR THE DISECTOR Er. David . O. ayne, whose previous calls to the sureau have been culled to your attention by memorandum, c_lled again on Friday, Hovember 9, to ascertain whether the sureau desires his cooperation in connection with investigating alleged activities of the garg of (Scarface) AlCapone, in violation of the Entional Lotor Vehicle Thoft act. ir. Layne was as in mivised that the Bureau could not initiate an investigation unless there was tangible evilence of a viciation of a Federal statute. In the event ir. Layne calls again at the pareou, he will be referred to the Washington field office. Measuctfully, Please see that this mans efenedes m. Cullen & he somes in n. It is a matter for the File office should have been handlin by to المتناتات الماتين الماتين الماتين 17 18 1921

Most be Hallneger Byles.
Bylese.
Bureau of Prohibition,
Vashington, D.C.

Tai

Dopt. of Surtice, U.S., Sarkington, D.C.,

From-David D. Mayne,

Subject. Section

U.S. Penal Code re-Transporting Stelen Automobiles from State to State, and into Dominion of Tanasa, Violation of same...

Synopsie-

Have interviewed my informant, one George Cole, residing in The District of Columbia, as to above violation, and am pleased to report, as follows; That he is familiar with the local cituation, as to Astembiles stalks in The District of Columbia, transported to a Point known as T.R. Karyland, reconditioned, renumbered, and again transported to pfints in The Distfict of Columbia, as well as to points North of T.B. Maryland, ... He claims no exact knowledge as to the location of the Garage, where necessary transformation of ears takes place, but professes knowledge of persons, with whom he can obtain the becaseary information, and furthermore agrees to obtain such knowledge, as required by The Dopt, of Justice, for the sapprehention of alleged violators.

Mr. Cole furthermore agrees to furnish The Dept. of Justice with information as to "The fence" in New York City. He explains that there are several places where stolen cars are remedeled and transported to other states for sale. He however must spend enough time in New York City in which to locate these places, it having been some little time since Mr. Cole had direct knowledge of the existance of such places. His connectations being good ones, I am of the epimion that a few days in New York City, will be emple time for him to make the becausery cornections, whereby The Dept. of Justice, may receive the actual evidence, necessary for presecution...

As to Mr. Colo, I am theroughly convinced that he is in personneed of facts, which if used now, will result in an impropries of Auto thioves, and in which the state of the Authorities will be much interested, as regards the factions of this alleged ring in perthern verment, as well at the factions from York.

Ef. Jon. J. Dunbar, recently employed by The U. S. Troseury, Doys, As a Prohibition Investigator, will also confirm my seport as to the Activities of Auto Thioves in New York, I am yet hitte trouble legate him, and believe that with his cocietases (Ne is personally acquainted with one or rere of the fing.) assist the Doys, of Justice in the conviction of the largest ping of the Bind new Sparating in The United Avades.

CC-1510

Thre my knowledge of operations, as concerns the Racksteers along The Canadian Border from Detroit Mich, to Points in Vermonts I do not anticipate any great amount of difficulty in making a good case... The base of operations naturally would be in the vicinity of Buffale, W. Y., and from there I would work Westward, locating the Auto Thest section of one of "Scar" face CAPOHE'S gang in Cleveland, (CLYECH, Ampeloyed by CAPOHE will assist the Department in this respect) then Mastward to Bouses Point, Y. Y., from which point, as well as in Montreal, P. Q., Canada, I may be assured of the cooperation of The Royal Canadian Mounted Police, in developing the phase of the case as regards the transportation of Stoles Autos into Guebes...

Trusting that this brief report may result in the investigation of this alleged "ring", and that I may be of real service to The Department of Justice, I am,

Respectfully,

David D. Mayne

(I can be reached at 1205 K.St., W. Washington, D. C. Phone number Franklin-10499)