Suspend the Rules and Pass the Bill, S. 1069, With an Amendment

(The amendment strikes all after the enacting clause and inserts a new text)

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1069

To require the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, to establish a constituent-driven program to provide a digital information platform capable of efficiently integrating coastal data with decision-support tools, training, and best practices and to support collection of priority coastal geospatial data to inform and improve local, State, regional, and Federal capacities to manage the coastal region, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 9, 2019

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, to establish a constituent-driven program to provide a digital information platform capable of efficiently integrating coastal data with decision-support tools, training, and best practices and to support collection of priority coastal geospatial data to inform and improve local, State, regional, and Federal capacities to manage the coastal region, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Digital Coast Act".
5	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
6	Congress makes the following findings:
7	(1) The Digital Coast is a model approach for
8	effective Federal partnerships with State and local
9	government, nongovernmental organizations, and the
10	private sector.
11	(2) Access to current, accurate, uniform, and
12	standards-based geospatial information, tools, and
13	training to characterize the United States coastal re-
14	gion is critical for public safety and for the environ-
15	ment, infrastructure, and economy of the United
16	States.
17	(3) More than half of all people of the United
18	States (153,000,000) currently live on or near a
19	coast and an additional 12,000,000 are expected in
20	the next decade.
21	(4) Coastal counties in the United States aver-
22	age 300 persons per square mile, compared with the
23	national average of 98.
24	(5) On a typical day, more than 1,540 permits
25	for construction of single-family homes are issued in

1	coastal counties, combined with other commercial,
2	retail, and institutional construction to support this
3	population.
4	(6) Over half of the economic productivity of
5	the United States is located within coastal regions.
6	(7) Highly accurate, high-resolution remote
7	sensing and other geospatial data play an increas-
8	ingly important role in decision making and manage-
9	ment of the coastal zone and economy, including
10	$ ext{for}$ —
11	(A) flood and coastal storm surge pre-
12	diction;
13	(B) hazard risk and vulnerability assess-
14	ment;
15	(C) emergency response and recovery plan-
16	ning;
17	(D) community resilience to longer range
18	coastal change;
19	(E) local planning and permitting;
20	(F) habitat and ecosystem health assess-
21	ments; and
22	(G) landscape change detection.
23	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
24	In this Act:

1	(1) Coastal region.—The term "coastal re-
2	gion" means the area of United States waters ex-
3	tending inland from the shoreline to include coastal
4	watersheds and seaward to the territorial sea.
5	(2) Coastal State.—The term "coastal
6	State" has the meaning given the term "coastal
7	state" in section 304 of the Coastal Zone Manage-
8	ment Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453).
9	(3) Federal Geographic Data Com-
10	MITTEE.—The term "Federal Geographic Data
11	Committee" means the interagency committee that
12	promotes the coordinated development, use, sharing,
13	and dissemination of geospatial data on a national
14	basis.
15	(4) Remote sensing and other
16	GEOSPATIAL.—The term "remote sensing and other
17	geospatial" means collecting, storing, retrieving, or
18	disseminating graphical or digital data depicting
19	natural or manmade physical features, phenomena,
20	or boundaries of the Earth and any information re-
21	lated thereto, including surveys, maps, charts, sat-
22	ellite and airborne remote sensing data, images,
23	LiDAR, and services performed by professionals
24	such as surveyors, photogrammetrists, hydrog-

1	raphers, geodesists, cartographers, and other such
2	services.
3	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Ad-
5	ministrator of the National Oceanic and Atmos-
6	pheric Administration.
7	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DIGITAL COAST.
8	(a) Establishment.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish
10	a program for the provision of an enabling platform
11	that integrates geospatial data, decision-support
12	tools, training, and best practices to address coastal
13	management issues and needs. Under the program,
14	the Secretary shall strive to enhance resilient com-
15	munities, ecosystem values, and coastal economic
16	growth and development by helping communities ad-
17	dress their issues, needs, and challenges through
18	cost-effective and participatory solutions.
19	(2) Designation.—The program established
20	under paragraph (1) shall be known as the "Digital
21	Coast" (in this section referred to as the "pro-
22	gram'').
23	(b) Program Requirements.—In carrying out the
24	program, the Secretary shall ensure that the program pro-

1	vides data integration, tool development, training, docu-
2	mentation, dissemination, and archive by—
3	(1) making data and resulting integrated prod-
4	ucts developed under this section readily accessible
5	via the Digital Coast internet website of the Na-
6	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the
7	GeoPlatform.gov and data.gov internet websites, and
8	such other information distribution technologies as
9	the Secretary considers appropriate;
10	(2) developing decision-support tools that use
11	and display resulting integrated data and provide
12	training on use of such tools;
13	(3) documenting such data to Federal Geo-
14	graphic Data Committee standards; and
15	(4) archiving all raw data acquired under this
16	Act at the appropriate National Oceanic and Atmos-
17	pheric Administration data center or such other
18	Federal data center as the Secretary considers ap-
19	propriate.
20	(c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall coordinate
21	the activities carried out under the program to optimize
22	data collection, sharing, and integration, and to minimize
23	duplication by—
24	(1) consulting with coastal managers and deci-
25	sion makers concerning coastal issues, and sharing

1	information and best practices, as the Secretary con-
2	siders appropriate, with—
3	(A) coastal States;
4	(B) local governments; and
5	(C) representatives of academia, the pri-
6	vate sector, and nongovernmental organizations;
7	(2) consulting with other Federal agencies, in-
8	cluding interagency committees, on relevant Federal
9	activities, including activities carried out under the
10	Ocean and Coastal Mapping Integration Act (33
11	U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Coastal Zone Management
12	Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), the Integrated
13	Coastal and Ocean Observation System Act of 2009
14	(33 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.), and the Hydrographic
15	Services Improvement Act of 1998 (33 U.S.C. 892
16	et seq.);
17	(3) participating, pursuant to section 216 of the
18	E-Government Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–347;
19	44 U.S.C. 3501 note), in the establishment of such
20	standards and common protocols as the Secretary
21	considers necessary to assure the interoperability of
22	remote sensing and other geospatial data with all
23	users of such information within—
24	(A) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
25	Administration;

1	(B) other Federal agencies;
2	(C) State and local government; and
3	(D) the private sector;
4	(4) coordinating with, seeking assistance and
5	cooperation of, and providing liaison to the Federal
6	Geographic Data Committee pursuant to Office of
7	Management and Budget Circular A-16 and Execu-
8	tive Order 12906 of April 11, 1994 (59 Fed. Reg.
9	17671), as amended by Executive Order 13286 of
10	February 28, 2003 (68 Fed. Reg. 10619); and
11	(5) developing and maintaining a best practices
12	document that sets out the best practices used by
13	the Secretary in carrying out the program and pro-
14	viding such document to the United States Geologi-
15	cal Survey, the Corps of Engineers, and other rel-
16	evant Federal agencies.
17	(d) FILLING NEEDS AND GAPS.—In carrying out the
18	program, the Secretary shall—
19	(1) maximize the use of remote sensing and
20	other geospatial data collection activities conducted
21	for other purposes and under other authorities;
22	(2) focus on filling data needs and gaps for
23	coastal management issues, including with respect to
24	areas that, as of the date of the enactment of this
25	Act, were underserved by coastal data and the areas

1	of the Arctic that are under the jurisdiction of the
2	United States;
3	(3) pursuant to the Ocean and Coastal Map-
4	ping Integration Act (33 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), sup-
5	port continue improvement in existing efforts to co-
6	ordinate the acquisition and integration of key data
7	sets needed for coastal management and other pur-
8	poses, including—
9	(A) coastal elevation data;
10	(B) land use and land cover data;
11	(C) socioeconomic and human use data;
12	(D) critical infrastructure data;
13	(E) structures data;
14	(F) living resources and habitat data;
15	(G) cadastral data; and
16	(H) aerial imagery; and
17	(4) integrate the priority supporting data set
18	forth under paragraph (3) with other available data
19	for the benefit of the broadest measure of coastal re-
20	source management constituents and applications.
21	(e) Financial Agreements and Contracts.—
22	(1) In general.—In carrying out the program,
23	the Secretary—
24	(A) may enter into financial agreements to
25	carry out the program, including—

1	(i) support to non-Federal entities
2	that participate in implementing the pro-
3	gram; and
4	(ii) grants, cooperative agreements
5	interagency agreements, contracts, or any
6	other agreement on a reimbursable or non-
7	reimbursable basis, with other Federal
8	tribal, State, and local governmental and
9	nongovernmental entities; and
10	(B) may, to the maximum extent prac-
11	ticable, enter into such contracts with private
12	sector entities for such products and services as
13	the Secretary determines may be necessary to
14	collect, process, and provide remote sensing and
15	other geospatial data and products for purposes
16	of the program.
17	(2) Fees.—
18	(A) Assessment and collection.—The
19	Secretary may, to the extent provided in ad-
20	vance in appropriations Acts, assess and collect
21	fees for the conduct of any training, workshop
22	or conference that advances the purposes of the
23	program.
24	(B) Amounts.—The amount of a fee
25	under this paragraph may not exceed the sum

1	of costs incurred, or expected to be incurred, by
2	the Secretary as a direct result of the conduct
3	of the training, workshop, or conference, includ-
4	ing for subsistence expenses incidental to the
5	training, workshop, or conference, as applicable.
6	(C) Use of fees.—Amounts collected by
7	the Secretary in the form of fees under this
8	paragraph shall be available to the extent and
9	in such amounts as are provided in advance in
10	appropriations Acts for—
11	(i) the costs incurred for conducting
12	an activity described in subparagraph (A);
13	or
14	(ii) the expenses described in subpara-
15	graph (B).
16	(3) Survey and mapping.—Contracts entered
17	into under paragraph (1)(B) shall be considered
18	"surveying and mapping" services as such term is
19	used in and as such contracts are awarded by the
20	Secretary in accordance with the selection proce-
21	dures in chapter 11 of title 40, United States Code.
22	(f) OCEAN ECONOMY.—The Secretary may establish
23	publically available tools that track ocean and Great Lakes
24	economy data for each coastal State.

- 1 (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 2 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$4,000,000
- 3 for each fiscal year 2021 through 2025 to carry out the
- 4 program.