### Union Calendar No. 17

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 83

[Report No. 107-26]

Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2002, revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2001, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2011.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 23, 2001

Mr. NUSSLE, from the Committee on the Budget, reported the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

## **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2002, revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2001, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2011.

- 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
- 2 concurring),

#### SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET 2 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2002. 3 The Congress declares that the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2001 is hereby revised and 4 5 replaced and that this is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2002 and that the appropriate budg-6 7 etary levels for fiscal years 2003 through 2011 are hereby 8 set forth. 9 SEC. 2. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS. 10 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for 11 each of fiscal years 2001 through 2011: 12 (1) Federal revenues.—For purposes of the 13 enforcement of this resolution: 14 (A) The recommended levels of Federal 15 revenues are as follows: 16 Fiscal year 2001: \$1,624,700,000,000. 17 Fiscal year 2002: \$1,635,800,000,000. 18 Fiscal year 2003: \$1,699,000,000,000. 19 Fiscal year 2004: \$1,755,700,000,000. 20 Fiscal year 2005: \$1,816,700,000,000. 21 Fiscal year 2006: \$1,872,200,000,000. 22 Fiscal year 2007: \$1,948,600,000,000. 23 Fiscal year 2008: \$2,041,700,000,000. 24 Fiscal year 2009: \$2,143,200,000,000. 25 Fiscal year 2010: \$2,256,600,000,000. 26 Fiscal year 2011: \$2,378,000,000,000.

1	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
2	levels of Federal revenues should be reduced are
3	as follows:
4	Fiscal year 2001: \$5,800,000,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2002: \$67,700,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2003: \$83,100,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2004: \$108,600,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2005: \$133,100,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2006: \$167,400,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2007: \$187,100,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2008: \$201,100,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2009: \$217,000,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2010: \$232,700,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2011: \$240,900,000,000.
15	(2) New Budget Authority.—For purposes
16	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
17	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
18	Fiscal year 2001: \$1,556,900,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2002: \$1,613,700,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2003: \$1,660,300,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2004: \$1,723,200,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2005: \$1,799,900,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2006: \$1,851,600,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2007: \$1,918,000,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2008: \$1,998,500,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2009: \$2,077,000,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2010: \$2,161,500,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2011: \$2,252,800,000,000.
4	(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
5	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
6	of total budget outlays are as follows:
7	Fiscal year 2001: \$1,508,900,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2002: \$1,579,800,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2003: \$1,634,600,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2004: \$1,698,600,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2005: \$1,777,600,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2006: \$1,825,700,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2007: \$1,889,900,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2008: \$1,973,700,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2009: \$2,053,600,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2010: \$2,139,900,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2011: \$2,230,200,000,000.
18	(4) Surpluses.—For purposes of the enforce-
19	ment of this resolution, the amounts of the surpluses
20	are as follows:
21	Fiscal year 2001: \$115,800,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2002: \$56,000,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2003: \$64,400,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2004: \$57,100,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2005: \$39,100,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2006: \$46,500,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2007: \$58,700,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2008: \$68,000,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2009: \$89,600,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2010: \$116,700,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2011: \$156,800,000,000.
7	(5) Public debt.—The appropriate levels of
8	the public debt are as follows:
9	Fiscal year 2001: \$5,575,000,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2002: \$5,623,000,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2003: \$5,674,000,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2004: \$5,733,000,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2005: \$5,807,000,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2006: \$5,903,000,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2007: \$6,394,000,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2008: \$6,972,000,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2009: \$7,596,000,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2010: \$8,623,000,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2011: \$9,436,000,000,000.
20	SEC. 3. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
21	The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
22	propriate levels of new budget authority and budget out-
23	lays for fiscal years 2001 through 2011 for each major
24	functional category are:
25	(1) National Defense (050):

1	Fisca	al year 2	2001:		
2		(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$310	,300,00	0,000.		
4		(B) Out	tlays, \$30	00,600,000,0	000.
5	Fisca	al year 2	2002:		
6		(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$324	,600,00	0,000.		
8		(B) Out	tlays, \$31	9,300,000,0	000.
9	Fisca	al year 2	2003:		
10		(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$333	,300,00	0,000.		
12		(B) Out	tlays, \$32	25,500,000,0	000.
13	Fisca	al year 2	2004:		
14		(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$342	,600,00	0,000.		
16		(B) Out	tlays, \$33	34,000,000,0	000.
17	Fisca	al year 2	2005:		
18		(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$352	,200,00	0,000.		
20		(B) Out	tlays, \$34	47,200,000,0	000.
21	Fisca	al year 2	2006:		
22		(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$362	,100,00	0,000.		
24		(B) Out	tlays, \$35	64,600,000,0	000.
25	Fisca	al year 2	2007:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$372,200,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$361,900,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2008:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$382,700,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$375,600,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2009:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$393,500,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$386,500,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2010:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$404,500,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$397,600,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2011:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$416,300,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$409,200,000,000.
20	(2) International Affairs (150):
21	Fiscal year 2001:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$22,400,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$19,700,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2002:

1	(A) New budget authorized	ority,
2	\$23,900,000,000.	
3	(B) Outlays, \$19,600,000,000.	
4	Fiscal year 2003:	
5	(A) New budget authorized	ority,
6	\$23,900,000,000.	
7	(B) Outlays, \$19,900,000,000.	
8	Fiscal year 2004:	
9	(A) New budget authorized	ority,
10	\$24,500,000,000.	
11	(B) Outlays, \$20,400,000,000.	
12	Fiscal year 2005:	
13	(A) New budget authorized	ority,
14	\$25,400,000,000.	
15	(B) Outlays, \$20,800,000,000.	
16	Fiscal year 2006:	
17	(A) New budget authorized	ority,
18	\$26,200,000,000.	
19	(B) Outlays, \$21,400,000,000.	
20	Fiscal year 2007:	
21	(A) New budget authorized	ority,
22	\$26,900,000,000.	
23	(B) Outlays, \$22,100,000,000.	
24	Fiscal year 2008:	

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2		\$27,400,	,000,000.		
3		(B)	Outlays,	\$22,800,000,	000.
4		Fiscal ye	ear 2009:		
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6		\$28,000,	,000,000.		
7		(B)	Outlays,	\$23,600,000,	000.
8		Fiscal ye	ear 2010:		
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,
10		\$28,400,	,000,000.		
11		(B)	Outlays,	\$24,200,000,	000.
12		Fiscal ye	ear 2011:		
13		(A)	New	budget	authority,
14		\$29,600,	,000,000.		
15		(B)	Outlays,	\$25,000,000,	000.
16	(3)	General	Science,	Space, and	Technology
17	(250):				
18		Fiscal ye	ear 2001:		
19		(A)	New	budget	authority,
20		\$21,000,	,000,000.		
21		(B)	Outlays,	\$19,600,000,	000.
22		Fiscal ye	ear 2002:		
23		(A)	New	budget	authority,
24		\$22,200,	,000,000.		
25		(B)	Outlays,	\$21,000,000,	000.

1	Fiscal ye	ear 2003:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$22,600,	000,000.		
4	(B)	Outlays,	\$21,900,000	,000.
5	Fiscal ye	ear 2004:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$23,100,	000,000.		
8	(B)	Outlays,	\$22,600,000	,000.
9	Fiscal ye	ear 2005:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$23,600,	000,000.		
12	(B)	Outlays,	\$23,200,000	,000.
13	Fiscal ye	ear 2006:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$24,300,	000,000.		
16	(B)	Outlays,	\$23,700,000,	,000.
17	Fiscal ye	ear 2007:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$24,900,	000,000.		
20	(B)	Outlays,	\$24,300,000	,000.
21	Fiscal ye	ear 2008:		
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$25,600,	000,000.		
24	(B)	Outlays,	\$24,900,000	,000.
25	Fiscal ye	ear 2009:		

```
(A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                  authority,
 1
 2
                  $26,200,000,000.
 3
                      (B) Outlays, $25,600,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2010:
 4
                      (A)
                                       budget
 5
                              New
                                                   authority,
                  $26,700,000,000.
 6
                      (B) Outlays, $26,100,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2011:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                  authority,
                       (A)
                              New
                  $27,800,000,000.
10
                      (B) Outlays, $26,900,000,000.
11
             (4) Energy (270):
12
                  Fiscal year 2001:
13
14
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                  authority,
                  $1,200,000,000.
15
                      (B) Outlays, -$100,000,000.
16
                  Fiscal year 2002:
17
18
                      (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
19
                  $800,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, -$200,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2003:
                                       budget
22
                       (A)
                              New
                                                   authority,
                  $800,000,000.
23
                      (B) Outlays, -\$500,000,000.
24
25
                  Fiscal year 2004:
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(A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
 1
 2
                  $900,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, -\$600,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2005:
 4
                       (A)
                                       budget
 5
                              New
                                                   authority,
                  $900,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, -\$500,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2006:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                              New
                  $1,000,000,000.
10
                      (B) Outlays, -\$400,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2007:
12
                                       budget
13
                              New
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
14
                  $1,100,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, -$200,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2008:
16
17
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  $2,200,000,000.
19
                      (B) Outlays, $400,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2009:
20
21
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                  $2,300,000,000.
22
                      (B) Outlays, $800,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2010:
24
```

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$2,300,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$1,000,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2011:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$2,200,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$900,000,000.
8	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
9	Fiscal year 2001:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$28,000,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$26,400,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2002:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$26,700,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$26,400,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2003:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$26,800,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$27,000,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2004:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$27,700,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$27,500,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2005:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$27,900,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$27,700,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2006:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$28,000,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$27,800,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2007:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$28,600,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$28,300,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2008:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$29,300,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$28,800,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2009:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$30,600,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$29,900,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2010:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$31,200,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$30,500,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2011:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$32,400,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$31,500,000,000.
4	(6) Agriculture (350):
5	Fiscal year 2001:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$26,300,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$23,700,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2002:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$19,100,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$17,500,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2003:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$18,600,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$17,000,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2004:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$18,500,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$17,100,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2005:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$18,300,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$16,900,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2006:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$17,900,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$16,300,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2007:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$16,500,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$14,900,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2008:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$15,600,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$14,100,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2009:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$15,800,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$14,400,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2010:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$15,900,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$14,500,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2011:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$16,100,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$14,700,000,000.
24	(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
25	Fiscal year 2001:

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $2,500,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, -\$800,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2002:
 4
                                        budget
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  $7,400,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $4,400,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2003:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  $8,600,000,000.
10
                      (B) Outlays, $3,200,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2004:
12
                                       budget
13
                               New
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                  $12,800,000,000.
14
                      (B) Outlays, $8,600,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2005:
16
17
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  $12,700,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, $9,000,000,000.
19
                  Fiscal year 2006:
20
21
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  $12,700,000,000.
22
                      (B) Outlays, $8,400,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2007:
24
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1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$13,500,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$9,200,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2008:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$13,900,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$9,300,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2009:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$14,300,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$9,600,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2010:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$18,700,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$12,800,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2011:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$13,500,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$9,800,000,000.
20	(8) Transportation (400):
21	Fiscal year 2001:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$62,100,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$51,700,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2002:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$61,000,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$55,600,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2003:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$58,700,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$58,300,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2004:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$59,200,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$60,200,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2005:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$59,700,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$62,000,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2006:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$60,300,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$63,700,000,000.
20	cal year 2007:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$60,800,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$64,900,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2008:

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budget
                                                  authority,
 1
                      (A)
                              New
 2
                  $61,300,000,000.
 3
                      (B) Outlays, $66,400,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2009:
                                       budget
 5
                      (A)
                              New
                                                  authority,
                  $61,800,000,000.
 6
                      (B) Outlays, $68,000,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2010:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                      (A)
                              New
                                                  authority,
                  $62,200,000,000.
10
11
                      (B) Outlays, $69,300,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2011:
12
13
                                       budget
                                                  authority,
                      (A)
                              New
14
                  $63,100,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, $71,200,000,000.
15
                  Community and Regional Development
16
             (9)
17
        (450):
18
                  Fiscal year 2001:
19
                      (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                  authority,
                  $11,200,000,000.
20
21
                      (B) Outlays, $11,400,000,000.
22
                  Fiscal year 2002:
23
                      (A)
                                       budget
                                                  authority,
                              New
                  $10,100,000,000.
24
25
                      (B) Outlays, $11,400,000,000.
```

1	Fiscal ye	ear 2003:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$10,300,	000,000.		
4	(B)	Outlays,	\$11,000,000,	000.
5	Fiscal ye	ear 2004:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$10,600,	000,000.		
8	(B)	Outlays,	\$10,700,000,	000.
9	Fiscal ye	ear 2005:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$10,900,	000,000.		
12	(B)	Outlays,	\$10,400,000,	000.
13	Fiscal ye	ear 2006:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$11,200,	000,000.		
16	(B)	Outlays,	\$10,300,000,	000.
17	Fiscal ye	ear 2007:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$11,500,	000,000.		
20	(B)	Outlays,	\$10,500,000,	000.
21	Fiscal ye	ear 2008:		
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$11,800,	000,000.		
24	(B)	Outlays,	\$10,800,000,	000.
25	Fiscal ye	ear 2009:		

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                              New
 2
                  $12,100,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $11,000,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2010:
 4
                                       budget
 5
                       (A)
                              New
                                                   authority,
                  $12,300,000,000.
 6
                      (B) Outlays, $11,300,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2011:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                       (A)
                              New
                                                   authority,
                  $12,800,000,000.
10
                      (B) Outlays, $11,600,000,000.
11
             (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
12
        Social Services (500):
13
                  Fiscal year 2001:
14
                      (A)
                                       budget
15
                              New
                                                   authority,
16
                  $76,900,000,000.
17
                      (B) Outlays, $69,800,000,000.
18
                  Fiscal year 2002:
19
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  $82,100,000,000.
20
21
                      (B) Outlays, $76,200,000,000.
22
                  Fiscal year 2003:
                      (A)
                                       budget
23
                                                   authority,
                              New
                  $82,000,000,000.
24
25
                      (B) Outlays, $81,700,000,000.
```

1	Fiscal year 2004:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$83,900,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$82,300,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2005:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$87,300,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$84,800,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2006:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$90,200,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$87,700,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2007:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$92,800,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$90,400,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2008:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$95,700,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$93,000,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2009:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$98,400,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$95,900,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2010:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$100,500,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$98,400,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2011:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$104,600,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$101,400,000,000.
8	(11) Health (550):
9	Fiscal year 2001:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$182,600,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$175,500,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2002:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$204,000,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$201,100,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2003:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$229,700,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$225,800,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2004:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$246,500,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$244,700,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2005:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$253,800,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$251,500,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2006:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$266,800,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$264,600,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2007:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$287,000,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$284,200,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2008:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$307,600,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$305,200,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2009:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$329,700,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$327,600,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2010:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$354,200,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$352,500,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2011:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$382,400,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$380,200,000,000.
4	(12) Medicare (570):
5	Fiscal year 2001:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$217,500,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$217,700,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2002:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$229,100,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$229,100,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2003:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$243,900,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$243,700,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2004:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$260,200,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$260,400,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2005:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$291,800,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$291,700,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2006:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$309,900,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$309,700,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2007:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$336,100,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$336,400,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2008:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$362,800,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$362,700,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2009:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$391,100,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$390,800,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2010:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$423,400,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$423,700,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2011:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$459,400,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$459,400,000,000.
24	(13) Income Security (600):
25	Fiscal year 2001:

1	1 (A) New budget	authority,
2	2 \$255,900,000,000.	
3	3 (B) Outlays, \$256,900,000,0	000.
4	4 Fiscal year 2002:	
5	5 (A) New budget	authority,
6	\$271,500,000,000.	
7	7 (B) Outlays, \$272,100,000,0	000.
8	Fiscal year 2003:	
9	9 (A) New budget	authority,
10	\$281,800,000,000.	
11	1 (B) Outlays, \$282,300,000,0	000.
12	Fiscal year 2004:	
13	3 (A) New budget	authority,
14	\$293,300,000,000.	
15	5 (B) Outlays, \$292,500,000,0	000.
16	Fiscal year 2005:	
17	7 (A) New budget	authority,
18	\$308,100,000,000.	
19	9 (B) Outlays, \$306,700,000,0	000.
20	Fiscal year 2006:	
21	1 (A) New budget	authority,
22	\$315,900,000,000.	
23	3 (B) Outlays, \$314,400,000,0	000.
24	Fiscal year 2007:	

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$323,400,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$321,900,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2008:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$337,900,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$336,500,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2009:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$349,300,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$347,600,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2010:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$359,900,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$358,200,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2011:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$371,600,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$369,400,000,000.
20	(14) Social Security (650):
21	Fiscal year 2001:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$9,800,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$9,800,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2002:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$11,000,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$11,000,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2003:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$11,700,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$11,700,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2004:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$12,500,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$12,500,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2005:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$13,300,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$13,300,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2006:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$14,200,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$14,200,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2007:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$15,200,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$15,200,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2008:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	$\$16,\!200,\!000,\!000.$
3	(B) Outlays, \$16,200,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2009:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$17,500,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$17,500,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2010:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$18,900,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$18,900,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2011:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$20,400,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$20,400,000,000.
16	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
17	Fiscal year 2001:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$46,700,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$45,900,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2002:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$52,300,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$51,600,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2003:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$53,000,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$52,800,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2004:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$55,300,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$54,900,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2005:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$59,300,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$58,900,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2006:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$58,800,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$58,300,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2007:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$58,100,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$57,700,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2008:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$62,000,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$61,600,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2009:

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $63,400,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $63,000,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2010:
 4
                                        budget
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  $64,700,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $64,400,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2011:
 8
 9
                                        budget
                               New
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
                  $67,100,000,000.
10
11
                       (B) Outlays, $66,700,000,000.
             (16) Administration of Justice (750):
12
13
                  Fiscal year 2001:
14
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  $30,600,000,000.
15
                       (B) Outlays, $30,000,000,000.
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2002:
18
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
19
                  $30,900,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $30,300,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2003:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  $31,900,000,000.
23
24
                       (B) Outlays, $32,100,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2004:
25
```

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$33,600,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$34,100,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2005:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$34,600,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$34,700,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2006:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$35,700,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$35,300,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2007:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$36,600,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$36,100,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2008:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$37,600,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$37,100,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2009:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$38,500,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$38,100,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2010:

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $39,200,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $38,800,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2011:
 4
                                       budget
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  $40,800,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $40,200,000,000.
 7
             (17) General Government (800):
 8
 9
                  Fiscal year 2001:
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
10
                               New
                                       budget
11
                  $16,300,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $16,100,000,000.
12
                  Fiscal year 2002:
13
14
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  $16,700,000,000.
15
                       (B) Outlays, $16,300,000,000.
16
                  Fiscal year 2003:
17
18
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
19
                  $16,300,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $16,300,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2004:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  $16,700,000,000.
23
                       (B) Outlays, $16,600,000,000.
24
                  Fiscal year 2005:
25
```

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$17,000,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$16,700,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2006:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$17,500,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$17,100,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2007:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$17,900,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$17,500,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2008:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$18,000,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$17,700,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2009:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$18,400,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$18,000,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2010:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$18,700,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$18,300,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2011:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$19,400,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$18,900,000,000.
4	(18) Net Interest (900):
5	Fiscal year 2001:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$273,600,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$273,600,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2002:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$257,600,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$257,600,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2003:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$253,200,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$253,200,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2004:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$248,500,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$248,500,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2005:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$242,400,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$242,400,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2006:

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                              New
 2
                  $239,000,000,000.
 3
                      (B) Outlays, $239,000,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2007:
 4
                                       budget
 5
                       (A)
                              New
                                                   authority,
 6
                  $236,500,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, $236,500,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2008:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                              New
10
                  $233,300,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, $233,300,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2009:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
14
                  $229,300,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, $229,300,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2010:
16
17
                              New
                                       budget
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
18
                  $224,400,000,000.
19
                      (B) Outlays, $224,400,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2011:
20
21
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  $219,100,000,000.
22
                      (B) Outlays, $219,100,000,000.
23
             (19) Allowances (920):
24
25
                  Fiscal year 2001:
```

```
(A)
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                               New
 2
                  -\$500,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, -\$300,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2002:
 4
                       (A)
                                        budget
 5
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  $5,000,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $1,800,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2003:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  $5,500,000,000.
10
11
                       (B) Outlays, $4,000,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2004:
12
                                       budget
13
                               New
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
14
                  $6,000,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $4,800,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2005:
16
17
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  $6,200,000,000.
19
                       (B) Outlays, $5,700,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2006:
20
21
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  $6,400,000,000.
22
                       (B) Outlays, $6,100,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2007:
24
```

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $6,600,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $6,300,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2008:
 4
                                        budget
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  $6,700,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $6,400,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2009:
 8
 9
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  $7,000,000,000.
10
11
                       (B) Outlays, $6,600,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2010:
12
13
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
14
                  $7,200,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $6,800,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2011:
16
17
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  $7,500,000,000.
19
                       (B) Outlays, $7,000,000,000.
             (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2001:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  -\$38,300,000,000.
23
                       (B) Outlays, -\$38,300,000,000.
24
                  Fiscal year 2002:
25
```

```
(A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
 1
 2
                  -\$42,300,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, -\$42,300,000,000.
 3
                  Fiscal year 2003:
 4
                       (A)
                                       budget
 5
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  -\$52,300,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, -\$52,300,000,000.
 7
 8
                  Fiscal year 2004:
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                              New
                  -\$53,200,000,000.
10
                       (B) Outlays, -\$53,200,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2005:
12
                                       budget
13
                              New
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                  -\$45,500,000,000.
14
                      (B) Outlays, -\$45,500,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2006:
16
17
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  -\$46,500,000,000.
18
                       (B) Outlays, -\$46,500,000,000.
19
                  Fiscal year 2007:
20
21
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  -\$48,200,000,000.
22
                       (B) Outlays, -\$48,200,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2008:
24
```

```
budget
 1
                              New
                      (A)
                                                 authority,
 2
                  -\$49,100,000,000.
 3
                      (B) Outlays, -\$49,100,000,000.
                 Fiscal year 2009:
 4
 5
                      (A)
                              New
                                      budget
                                                 authority,
                  -\$50,200,000,000.
 6
                      (B) Outlays, -\$50,200,000,000.
 7
 8
                 Fiscal year 2010:
                                      budget
 9
                              New
                      (A)
                                                 authority,
                  -\$51,800,000,000.
10
                      (B) Outlays, -\$51,800,000,000.
11
                 Fiscal year 2011:
12
13
                      (A)
                              New
                                      budget
                                                 authority,
14
                  -\$53,300,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, -\$53,300,000,000.
15
16
   SEC. 4. RECONCILIATION.
17
        (a) Submissions by the House Committee on
   WAYS AND MEANS FOR TAX RELIEF.—The House Com-
18
   mittee on Ways and Means shall—
19
20
             (1) report to the House a reconciliation bill—
21
                 (A) not later than May 2, 2001;
22
                  (B) not later than May 23, 2001; and
23
                 (C) not later than June 20, 2001; and
```

- 1 (2) submit to the Committee on the Budget rec-
- ommendations pursuant to section (c)(2)(F)(ii) not
- 3 later than September 11, 2001;
- 4 that consists of changes in laws within its jurisdic-
- 5 tion sufficient to reduce the total level of revenues
- 6 by not more than: \$5,783,000,000 for fiscal year
- 7 2001, \$64,427,000,000 for fiscal year 2002,
- 8 \$80,036,000,000 for fiscal year 2003,
- 9 \$106,584,000,000 for fiscal year 2004,
- 10 \$130,973,000,000 for fiscal year 2005,
- \$165,166,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, and
- 12 \$1,625,951,000,000 for the period of fiscal year
- 13 2001 through 2011.
- 14 (b) Submissions by House Committees on En-
- 15 ERGY AND COMMERCE AND WAYS AND MEANS FOR MEDI-
- 16 CARE REFORM AND PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.—(1) Not later
- 17 than July 24, 2001, the House Committees named in
- 18 paragraph (2) shall submit their recommendations to the
- 19 House Committee on the Budget. After receiving those
- 20 recommendations, the House Committee on the Budget
- 21 shall report to the House a reconciliation bill carrying out
- 22 all such recommendations without any substantive revi-
- 23 sion.
- 24 (2)(A) The House Committee on Energy and Com-
- 25 merce shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction

- 1 that provide direct spending sufficient to increase outlays
- 2 by not more than the following: \$2,500,000,000 for fiscal
- 3 year 2001, \$11,200,000,000 for fiscal year 2002,
- 4 \$12,900,000,000 for fiscal year 2003, \$14,800,000,000
- 5 for fiscal year 2004, \$12,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2005,
- 6 \$12,800,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, and \$153,000,000
- 7 for the period of fiscal year 2001 through 2011.
- 8 (B) The House Committee on Ways and Means shall
- 9 report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that provide
- 10 direct spending sufficient to increase outlays by not more
- 11 than the following: \$2,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2001,
- 12 \$11,200,000,000 for fiscal year 2002, \$12,900,000,000
- 13 for fiscal year 2003, \$14,800,000,000 for fiscal year 2004,
- 14 \$12,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2005, \$12,800,000,000
- 15 for fiscal year 2006, and \$153,000,000,000 for the period
- 16 of fiscal year 2001 through 2011.
- 17 (c) Other Submissions by House Committees.—
- 18 (1) Not later than September 11, 2001, the House Com-
- 19 mittees named in paragraph (2) shall submit their rec-
- 20 ommendations to the House Committee on the Budget.
- 21 After receiving those recommendations, the House Com-
- 22 mittee on the Budget shall report to the House a reconcili-
- 23 ation bill carrying out all such recommendations without
- 24 any substantive revision.

- 1 (2)(A) The House Committee on Education and the
- 2 Workforce shall report changes in laws within its jurisdic-
- 3 tion that provide direct spending sufficient to increase out-
- 4 lays by not more than the following: \$5,000,000 for fiscal
- 5 year 2001, \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2002, \$5,000,000
- 6 for fiscal year 2003, \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2004,
- 7 \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 2005, \$10,000,000 for fiscal
- 8 year 2006, and \$87,000,000 for the period of fiscal year
- 9 2001 through 2011.
- 10 (B) The House Committee on Energy and Commerce
- 11 shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that
- 12 provide direct spending sufficient to increase outlays by
- 13 not more than the following: \$0 for fiscal year 2001,
- 14 \$180,000,000 for fiscal year 2002, \$466,000,000 for fis-
- 15 cal year 2003, \$561,000,000 for fiscal year 2004,
- 16 \$681,000,000 for fiscal year 2005, \$836,000,000 for fis-
- 17 cal year 2006, and \$7,867,000,000 for the period of fiscal
- 18 year 2001 through 2011.
- 19 (C) The House Committee on Financial Services shall
- 20 report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that provide
- 21 direct spending sufficient to reduce revenues, as follows:
- 22 \$0 for fiscal year 2001, \$139,000,000 for fiscal year 2002,
- 23 \$101,000,000 for fiscal year 2003, \$92,000,000 for fiscal
- 24 year 2004, \$96,000,000 for fiscal year 2005,

- 1 \$101,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, and \$1,112,000,000
- 2 for the period of fiscal year 2001 through 2011.
- 3 (D) The House Committee on Government Reform
- 4 shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that
- 5 provide direct spending sufficient to reduce outlays by not
- 6 less than the following: \$0 for fiscal year 2001, \$0 for
- 7 fiscal year 2002, \$496,000,000 for fiscal year 2003,
- 8 \$523,000,000 for fiscal year 2004, \$501,000,000 for fis-
- 9 cal year 2005, \$475,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, and
- 10 \$3,871,000 for the period of fiscal year 2001 through
- 11 2011.
- 12 (E) The House Committee on Veterans' Affairs shall
- 13 report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that provide
- 14 direct spending sufficient to increase outlays by not more
- 15 than the following: \$0 for fiscal year 2001, \$264,000,000
- 16 for fiscal year 2002, \$479,000,000 for fiscal year 2003,
- 17 \$761,000,000 for fiscal year 2004, \$816,000,000 for fis-
- 18 cal year 2005, \$885,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, and
- 19 \$7,087,000,000 for the period of fiscal year 2001 through
- 20 2011.
- 21 (F)(i) The House Committee on Ways and Means
- 22 shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that
- 23 provide direct spending sufficient to increase outlays by
- 24 not more than the following: \$0 for fiscal year 2001,
- 25 \$820,000,000 for fiscal year 2002, \$3,035,000,000 for fis-

- 1 cal year 2003, \$2,842,000,000 for fiscal year 2004,
- 2 \$3,925,000,000 for fiscal year 2005, \$4,267,000,000 for
- 3 fiscal year 2006, and \$39,515,000,000 for the period of
- 4 fiscal year 2001 through 2011.
- 5 (ii) The House Committee on Ways and Means shall
- 6 report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to
- 7 reduce the total level of revenues as specified in subsection
- 8 (a).
- 9 (d) Special Rules.—In the House, if any bill re-
- 10 ported pursuant to subsection (a) or subsection
- 11 (c)(2)(F)(ii), amendment thereto or conference report
- 12 thereon, has refundable tax provisions that increase out-
- 13 lays, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget may
- 14 increase the amount of new budget authority provided by
- 15 such provisions (and outlays flowing therefrom) allocated
- 16 to the Committee on Ways and Means and adjust the rev-
- 17 enue levels set forth in such subsection accordingly such
- 18 that the increase in outlays and reduction in revenue re-
- 19 sulting from such bill does not exceed the amounts speci-
- 20 fied in subsection (a) or subsection (c)(2)(F)(ii), as appli-
- 21 cable.
- 22 SEC. 5. RESERVE FUND FOR EMERGENCIES.
- 23 (a) Adjustments for Emergencies.—In the
- 24 House, after the reporting of a bill or joint resolution by
- 25 the Committee on Appropriations, the offering of an

1	amendment thereto, or the submission of a conference re-
2	port thereon, the chairman of the Committee on the Budg-
3	et shall increase the allocation of new budget authority
4	and outlays under section 302(a) of the Congressional
5	Budget Act of 1974 for fiscal year 2002 by the amount
6	provided by that measure for an emergency as defined by
7	this section. Adjustments to such allocation made under
8	this subsection may be made only for amounts for emer-
9	gencies in excess of \$1,923,000,000 in new budget author-
10	ity for fiscal year 2002 and the total of any such adjust-
11	ments for such fiscal year shall not exceed \$5,627,000,000
12	in new budget authority.
13	(b) Definitions.—As used in this section:
14	(1) The term 'emergency' means a situation
15	(other than a threat to national security) that—
16	(A) requires new budget authority (and
17	outlays flowing therefrom) to prevent the immi-
18	nent loss of life or property or in response to
19	the loss of life or property; and
20	(B) is unanticipated.
21	(2) The term 'unanticipated' means that the
22	underlying situation is—
23	(A) sudden, which means quickly coming
24	into being or not building up over time;

1	(B) urgent, which means a pressing and
2	compelling need requiring immediate action;
3	(C) unforeseen, which means not predicted
4	or anticipated as an emerging need; and
5	(D) temporary, which means not of a per-
6	manent duration.
7	(c) Development of Guidelines.—As soon as
8	practicable, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget
9	of the House shall, after consulting with the chairman of
10	the Committee on Appropriations of the House, publish
11	in the Congressional Record guidelines for application of
12	the definition of emergency set forth in subsection (b).
13	(d) Committee Explanation of Emergency Leg-
14	ISLATION.—Whenever the Committee on Appropriations
15	of the House (including a committee of conference) reports
16	any bill or joint resolution that provides new budget au-
17	thority for any emergency, the report accompanying that
18	bill or joint resolution (or the joint explanatory statement
19	of managers in the case of a conference report on any such
20	bill or joint resolution) should explain the reasons such
21	amount designated under section $251(b)(2)(A)$ of the Bal-
22	anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1974
23	falls within the definition of emergency set forth in sub-
24	section (b) pursuant to the guidelines published under
25	subsection (c)

- 1 (e) CBO REPORT ON THE BUDGET.—The Director
- 2 of the Congressional Budget Office shall include in each
- 3 report submitted under section 202(e)(1) of the Congres-
- 4 sional Budget Act of 1974 the average annual enacted lev-
- 5 els of discretionary budget authority and the resulting out-
- 6 lays for emergencies for the 5 fiscal years preceding the
- 7 fiscal year of the most recently agreed to concurrent reso-
- 8 lution on the budget.
- 9 (f) Section 314(b)(1) Adjustment.—Section
- 10 314(b)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 shall
- 11 not apply in the House—
- 12 (1) for fiscal year 2001; or
- 13 (2) for fiscal year 2002 or any subsequent fiscal
- 14 year, except for emergencies affecting national secu-
- rity.
- 16 SEC. 6. STRATEGIC RESERVE FUND.
- 17 (a) Adjustments.—In the House, the chairman of
- 18 the Committee on the Budget may, not later than July
- 19 25, 2001, increase allocations of new budget authority
- 20 (and outlays flowing therefrom) and adjust aggregates
- 21 (and adjust any other appropriate levels) for fiscal year
- 22 2002 for a bill making appropriations for the Department
- 23 of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002,
- 24 and for any fiscal year for a bill to reauthorize title I of
- 25 the Federal Agriculture Improvement Act of 1996 and

- 1 other appropriate legislation, reported by July 11, 2001;
- 2 and, in the House, the chairman may also make adjust-
- 3 ments for amendments to or conference reports on such
- 4 bills. The chairman shall consider the recommendations of
- 5 the President's National Defense Review, any comparable
- 6 review by the President of national agricultural policy, and
- 7 any statement of administrative policy or supplemental
- 8 budget request relating to any matter referred to in the
- 9 preceding sentence.
- 10 (b) Limitations.—(1) The adjustments for any bill
- 11 referred to in subsection (a) shall be in an amount not
- 12 to exceed the amount by which such bill breaches the ap-
- 13 plicable allocation or aggregate.
- 14 (2) The total adjustments made under subsection (a)
- 15 for any fiscal year may not cause the surplus set forth
- 16 in this resolution for any fiscal year, as adjusted, covered
- 17 by this resolution to be less than the surplus of the Fed-
- 18 eral Hospital Insurance Trust Fund for that fiscal year,
- 19 as determined consistent with procedures set forth in H.R.
- 20 2 (107th Congress), as passed the House.
- 21 SEC. 7. SUPPLEMENTAL RESERVE FUND FOR MEDICARE.
- In the House, whenever a reconciliation bill is re-
- 23 ported, or an amendment thereto is offered or a conference
- 24 report thereon is submitted, under section 4, the chairman
- 25 of the Committee on the Budget may, for any of fiscal

- 1 years 2001 through 2011, increase any allocations and ag-
- 2 gregates of new budget authority (and outlays resulting
- 3 therefrom) up to the amount provided by that measure
- 4 to reform medicare and provide coverage for prescription
- 5 drugs that is in excess of the instruction to the Committee
- 6 on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Ways
- 7 and Means under section 4(b) (and make all other appro-
- 8 priate adjustments). The total adjustments made under
- 9 this section for any fiscal year may not exceed the amount
- 10 by which the Congressional Budget Office's estimate of
- 11 the President's prescription drug plan (or, if such a plan
- 12 is not submitted in a timely manner, the Congressional
- 13 Budget Office's estimate of a comparable plan submitted
- 14 by the chairmen of the committees of jurisdiction at levels
- 15 to be determined by the chairman of the Committee on
- 16 the Budget) exceeds the levels set forth in section 4(b)(2)
- 17 for the period of fiscal years 2001 through 2011.

## 18 SEC. 8. RESERVE FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001.

- 19 (a) Adjustments.—In the House, the chairman of
- 20 the Committee on the Budget may increase allocations of
- 21 new budget authority (and outlays flowing therefrom) and
- 22 adjust aggregates (and adjust any other appropriate lev-
- 23 els) for fiscal year 2001 for reported bills, or amendments
- 24 thereto or conference reports thereon, by the amount of
- 25 new budget authority (and the outlays resulting there-

- 1 from) provided by such measure to eliminate shortfalls for
- 2 the Department of Defense, for assistance for producers
- 3 of program crops and specialty crops, and for other critical
- 4 needs.
- 5 (b) LIMITATIONS.—(1) The adjustments for any bill
- 6 referred to in subsection (a) shall be in an amount not
- 7 to exceed the amount by which such bill breaches the ap-
- 8 plicable allocation or aggregate.
- 9 (2) The total adjustments made under subsection (a)
- 10 for fiscal year 2001 may not cause the surplus set forth
- 11 in this resolution for that fiscal year, as adjusted, to be
- 12 less than the surplus of the Federal Hospital Insurance
- 13 Trust Fund for that fiscal year, as determined consistent
- 14 with procedures set forth in H.R. 2 (107th Congress), as
- 15 passed the House.
- 16 SEC. 9. RESERVE FUND FOR PROMOTION OF FULL FUND-
- 17 ING FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION.
- In the House, whenever the Committee on Appropria-
- 19 tions reports a bill or joint resolution, or an amendment
- 20 thereto is offered, or a conference report thereon is sub-
- 21 mitted that provides new budget authority for fiscal year
- 22 2002 in excess of \$6,368,000,000 for programs authorized
- 23 under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
- 24 (IDEA), the chairman of the Committee on the Budget
- 25 may increase the appropriate allocations of new budget au-

1	thority and outlays by the amount of that excess, but not
2	to exceed \$1,250,000,000 (and adjust any other appro-
3	priate levels).
4	SEC. 10. RESERVE FUND FOR ADDITIONAL TAX CUTS AND
5	DEBT REDUCTION.
6	If the report provided pursuant to section 202(e)(2)
7	of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the budget and
8	economic outlook: update (for fiscal years 2002 through
9	2011), estimates an on-budget surplus for any of fiscal
10	years 2001 through 2011 that exceeds the estimated on-
11	budget surplus set forth in the Congressional Budget Of-
12	fice's January 2001 budget and economic outlook for such
13	fiscal year, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget
14	of the House may, in an amount not to exceed the increase
15	in such surplus for that fiscal year—
16	(1) reduce the recommended level of Federal
17	revenues and make other appropriate adjustments
18	(including the reconciliation instructions) for that
19	fiscal year;
20	(2) reduce the appropriate level of the public
21	debt, increase the amount of the surplus, and make
22	other appropriate adjustments for that fiscal year;
23	or
24	(3) any combination of paragraphs (1) and (2).

I	SEC. 11. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-
2	CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.
3	(a) Application.—Any adjustments of allocations
4	and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—
5	(1) apply while that measure is under consider-
6	ation;
7	(2) take effect upon the enactment of that
8	measure; and
9	(3) be published in the Congressional Record as
10	soon as practicable.
11	(b) Effect of Changed Allocations and Ag-
12	GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
13	from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-
14	poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-
15	tions and aggregates contained in this resolution.
16	(c) Budget Committee Determinations.—For
17	purposes of this resolution—
18	(1) the levels of new budget authority, outlays,
19	direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues,
20	deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or period of
21	fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of esti-
22	mates made by the Committee on the Budget of the
23	House of Representatives; and
24	(2) such chairman, as applicable, may make
25	any other necessary adjustments to such levels to
26	carry out this resolution.

## 1 SEC. 12. COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 13301 OF THE BUDG-

- 2 ET ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1990.
- 3 (a) In General.—In the House, notwithstanding
- 4 section 302(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of
- 5 1974 and section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act
- 6 of 1990, the joint explanatory statement accompanying
- 7 the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the
- 8 budget shall include in its allocation under section 302(a)
- 9 of such Act to the Committee on Appropriations amounts
- 10 for the discretionary administrative expenses of the Social
- 11 Security Administration.
- 12 (b) Special Rule.—In the House, for purposes of
- 13 applying section 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act
- 14 of 1974, estimates of the level of total new budget author-
- 15 ity and total outlays provided by a measure shall include
- 16 any discretionary amounts provided for the Social Security
- 17 Administration.
- 18 SEC. 13. RESTRICTIONS ON ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.
- 19 For purposes of title III of the Congressional Budget
- 20 Act of 1974, advance appropriations shall be scored as
- 21 new budget authority for the fiscal year in which the ap-
- 22 propriations are enacted, except that advance appropria-
- 23 tions in excess of the levels specified in the joint explana-
- 24 tory statement of managers accompanying this resolution
- 25 for programs, projects, activities or accounts identified in
- 26 such joint statement shall continue to be scored as new

1	budget authority in the year in which they first become
2	available for obligation.
3	SEC. 14. FEDERAL EMPLOYEE PAY.
4	(a) Findings.—The House of Representatives finds
5	the following:
6	(1) Members of the uniformed services and ci-
7	vilian employees of the United States make signifi-
8	cant contributions to the general welfare of the Na-
9	tion.
10	(2) Increases in the pay of members of the uni-
11	formed services and of civilian employees of the
12	United States have not kept pace with increases in
13	the overall pay levels of workers in the private sec-
14	tor, so that there now exists—
15	(A) a 32 percent gap between compensa-
16	tion levels of Federal civilian employees and
17	compensation levels of private sector workers;
18	and
19	(B) an estimated 10 percent gap between
20	compensation levels of members of the uni-
21	formed services and compensation levels of pri-
22	vate sector workers.
23	(3) The President's budget proposal for fiscal
24	year 2002 includes a 4.6 percent pay raise for mili-

tary personnel.

- 1 (4) The Office of Management and Budget has 2 requested that Federal agencies plan their fiscal 3 year 2002 budgets with a 3.6 percent pay raise for 4 civilian Federal employees.
- 5 (5) In almost every year during the past 2 dec-6 ades, there have been equal adjustments in the com-7 pensation of members of the uniformed services and 8 the compensation of civilian employees of the United 9 States.
- 10 (b) Sense of the House of Representatives.—
  11 It is the sense of the House of Representatives that rates
  12 of compensation for civilian employees of the United
  13 States should be adjusted at the same time, and in the
  14 same proportion, as are rates of compensation for mem15 bers of the uniformed services.

### 16 SEC. 15. ASSET BUILDING FOR THE WORKING POOR.

- 17 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress find the following:
  - (1) For the vast majority of United States households, the pathway to the economic mainstream and financial security is not through spending and consumption, but through savings, investing, and the accumulation of assets.
    - (2) One-third of all Americans have no assets available for investment and another 20 percent have only negligible assets. The situation is even

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- more serious for minority households; for example,
  60 percent of African-American households have no
  or negative financial assets.
  - (3) Nearly 50 percent of all children in America live in households that have no assets available for investment, including 40 percent of Caucasian children and 73 percent of African-American children.
  - (4) Up to 20 percent of all United States households do not deposit their savings in financial institutions and, thus, do not have access to the basic financial tools that make asset accumulation possible.
  - (5) Public policy can have either a positive or a negative impact on asset accumulation. Traditional public assistance programs based on income and consumption have rarely been successful in supporting the transition to economic self-sufficiency. Tax policy, through \$288,000,000,000 in annual tax incentives, has helped lay the foundation for the great middle class.
  - (6) Lacking an income tax liability, low-income working families cannot take advantage of asset development incentives available through the Federal tax code.

- 1 (7) Individual Development Accounts have prov2 en to be successful in helping low-income working
  3 families save and accumulate assets. Individual De4 velopment Accounts have been used to purchase
  5 long-term, high-return assets, including homes, post6 secondary education and training, and small busi7 ness.
- 8 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the Federal tax code should support a signifi10 cant expansion of Individual Development Accounts so
  11 that millions of low-income, working families can save,
  12 build assets, and move their lives forward; thus, making
  13 positive contributions to the economic and social well14 being of the United States, as well as to its future.

## 15 SEC. 16. FEDERAL FIRE PREVENTION ASSISTANCE.

- 16 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 17 (1) Increased demands on firefighting and 18 emergency medical personnel have made it difficult 19 for local governments to adequately fund necessary 20 fire safety precautions.
- 21 (2) The Government has an obligation to pro-22 tect the health and safety of the firefighting per-23 sonnel of the United States and to ensure that they 24 have the financial resources to protect the public.

1	(3) The high rates in the United States of
2	death, injury, and property damage caused by fires
3	demonstrates a critical need for Federal investment
4	in support of firefighting personnel.
5	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
6	gress that the Government should support the core oper-
7	ations of the Federal Emergency Management Agency by
8	providing needed fire grant programs to assist our fire-
9	fighters and rescue personnel as they respond to more
10	than 17,000,000 emergency calls annually. To accomplish
11	this task, Congress supports preservation of the Assist-
12	ance to Firefighters grant program. Continued support of
13	the Assistance to Firefighters grant program will enable
14	local firefighters to adequately protect the lives of count-
15	less Americans put at risk by insufficient fire protection
16	SEC. 17. SALES TAX DEDUCTION.
17	(a) FINDINGS.—The House finds that—
18	(1) in 1986 the ability to deduct State sales
19	taxes was eliminated from the Federal tax code;
20	(2) the States of Tennessee, Texas, Wyoming.
21	Washington, Florida, Nevada, and South Dakota
22	have no State income tax;
23	(3) the citizens of those seven States continue
24	to be treated unfairly by paying significantly more in
25	taxes to the Government than taxpayers with an

identical profile in different State because they are prohibited from deducting their State sales taxes from their Federal income taxes in lieu of a State

income tax;

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- (4) the design of the Federal tax code is preferential in its treatment of States with State income taxes over those without State income taxes:
- (5) the current Federal tax code infringes upon States' rights to tax their citizens as they see fit in that the Federal tax code exerts unjust influence on States without State income taxes to impose one their citizens;
  - (6) the current surpluses that our Government holds provide an appropriate time and opportunity to allow taxpayers to deduct either their State sales taxes or their State income taxes from their Federal income tax returns; and
- (7) over 50 Members of the House have cosponsored legislation to restore the sales tax deduction option to the Federal tax code.
- 21 (b) Sense of House.—It is the sense of the House
- 22 of Representatives that the Committee on Ways and
- 23 Means should consider legislation that makes State sales
- 24 tax deductible against Federal income taxes.

1	SEC. 18. FUNDING FOR GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION
2	AT CHILDREN'S TEACHING HOSPITALS
3	It is the sense of Congress that:
4	(1) Function 550 of the President's budget
5	should include an appropriate level of funding for
6	graduate medical education conducted at inde-
7	pendent children's teaching hospitals in order to en-
8	sure access to care by millions of children nation-
9	wide.
10	(2) An emphasis should be placed on the role
11	played by community health centers in underserved
12	rural and urban communities. An increase in fund-
13	ing for community health centers should not come at
14	the expense of the Community Access Program.
15	Both programs should be funded adequately, with
16	the intention of doubling funding for increased ca-
17	pacity for community health centers, in addition to
18	keeping the Community Access Program operational.
19	(3) The medicare program should emphasize
20	such preventive medical services as those provided by
21	vision rehabilitation professionals in saving Govern-
22	ment funds and preserving the independence of a
23	growing number of seniors in the coming years.
24	(4) Funding under function 550 should also re-
25	flect the importance of the Ryan White CARE Act

to persons afflicted with HIV/AIDS. Funds allocated

1	from the CARE Act serve as the safety net for thou-
2	sands of low-income people living with HIV/AIDS
3	who reside in metropolitan areas but are ineligible
4	for entitlement programs. Moreover, the CARE Act
5	provides critically needed grants directly to existing
6	community-based clinics and public health providers
7	to develop and deliver both early and ongoing com-
8	prehensive services to persons with HIV/AIDS.
9	SEC. 19. CONCURRENT RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY BEN
10	EFITS TO RETIRED MEMBERS OF THE ARMED
11	FORCES.
12	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that the Secretary of
13	Defense is the appropriate official for evaluating the exist-
14	ing standards for the provision of concurrent retirement
15	and disability benefits to retired members of the Armed
16	Forces and the need to change these standards.
17	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
18	gress that—
19	(1) the Secretary of Defense should report to
20	the congressional committees of jurisdiction on the
21	provision of concurrent retirement and disability
22	benefits to retired members of the Armed Forces;
23	(2) the report should address the number of in-
24	dividuals retired from the Armed Forces who would
25	otherwise he eligible for disability compensation the

- comparability of the policy to Office of Personnel 1 2 Management guidelines for civilian Federal retirees, 3 the applicability of this policy to prevailing private 4 sector standards, the number of individuals poten-5 tially eligible for concurrent benefits who receive 6 other forms of Federal assistance and the cost of 7 that assistance, and alternative initiatives that would 8 accomplish the same end as concurrent receipt of 9 military retired pay and disability compensation;
  - (3) the Secretary of Defense should submit legislation that he considers appropriate; and
  - (4) upon receiving such report, the committees of jurisdiction, working with the Committees on the Budget of the House and Senate, should consider appropriate legislation.

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## **Union Calendar No. 17**

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 83

[Report No. 107-26]

## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2002, revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2001, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2011.

March 23, 2001

Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed