115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R. 3299

AN ACT

- To amend the Revised Statutes, the Home Owners' Loan Act, the Federal Credit Union Act, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to require the rate of interest on certain loans remain unchanged after transfer of the loan, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Protecting Consumers"3 Access to Credit Act of 2017".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 Congress finds that—

6 (1) the contractual doctrine of valid when made 7 which, as applied to lending agreements, provides 8 that a loan that is valid at inception cannot become 9 usurious upon subsequent sale or transfer to another 10 person;

11 (2) this important and longstanding principle 12 derives from the common law and its application has 13 been a cornerstone of United States banking law for 14 nearly 200 years, as provided in the case Nichols v. 15 Fearson, 32 U.S. (7 Pet.) 103, 106 (1833), where 16 the Supreme Court famously declared: "Yet the rule 17 of law is everywhere acknowledged, that a contract 18 free from usury in its inception, shall not be invali-19 dated by any subsequent usurious transactions upon it."; 20

(3) in 2016, the Solicitor General, in consultation with all Federal banking regulators, filed an
amicus brief in the case of Midland Funding, LLC
v. Madden, 136 S. Ct. 2505 (2016) (mem.), denying
cert. to 786 F.3d 246 (2d Cir. 2015), that described
the United States Court of Appeals for the Second
•HR 3299 EH

 $\mathbf{2}$

Circuit in that case "incorrect" with an "analysis
 reflect[ing] a misunderstanding" of section 85 of the
 National Bank Act and Supreme Court precedent,
 because it contradicted the contractual doctrine of
 valid when made;

6 (4) the valid-when-made doctrine, by bringing 7 certainty to the legal treatment of all valid loans 8 that are transferred, greatly enhances liquidity in 9 the credit markets by widening the potential pool of 10 loan buyers and reducing the cost of credit to bor-11 rowers at the time of origination;

(5) a joint academic study from professors at
Stanford, Fordham, and Columbia universities concluded that the Madden v. Midland decision has already disproportionately affected low- and moderateincome individuals in the United States with lower
FICO scores; and

18 (6) if the valid-when-made doctrine is not re-19 affirmed soon by Congress, the lack of access to safe 20 and affordable financial services will force house-21 holds in the United States with the fewest resources 22 to seek financial products that are nontransparent, 23 fail to inform consumers about the terms of credit 24 available, and do not comply with State and Federal 25 laws (including regulations).

1 SEC. 3. RATE OF INTEREST AFTER TRANSFER OF LOAN.

2 (a) AMENDMENT TO THE REVISED STATUTES.—Sec-3 tion 5197 of the Revised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 85) is amended by adding at the end the following: "A loan that 4 5 is valid when made as to its maximum rate of interest in accordance with this section shall remain valid with re-6 7 spect to such rate regardless of whether the loan is subse-8 quently sold, assigned, or otherwise transferred to a third 9 party, and may be enforced by such third party notwithstanding any State law to the contrary.". 10

(b) AMENDMENT TO THE HOME OWNERS' LOAN
ACT.—Section 4(g) of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12
U.S.C. 1463(g)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

15 "(3) A loan that is valid when made as to its max-16 imum rate of interest in accordance with this subsection 17 shall remain valid with respect to such rate regardless of 18 whether the loan is subsequently sold, assigned, or other-19 wise transferred to a third party, and may be enforced 20 by such third party notwithstanding any State law to the 21 contrary.".

(c) AMENDMENT TO THE FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
ACT.—Section 205(g) of the Federal Credit Union Act (12
U.S.C. 1785(g)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

1 "(3) A loan that is valid when made as to its max-2 imum rate of interest in accordance with this subsection 3 shall remain valid with respect to such rate regardless of 4 whether the loan is subsequently sold, assigned, or other-5 wise transferred to a third party, and may be enforced 6 by such third party notwithstanding any State law to the 7 contrary.".

8 (d) AMENDMENT TO THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSUR9 ANCE ACT.—Section 27 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
10 Act (12 U.S.C. 1831d) is amended by adding at the end
11 the following:

12 "(c) A loan that is valid when made as to its max-13 imum rate of interest in accordance with this section shall 14 remain valid with respect to such rate regardless of wheth-15 er the loan is subsequently sold, assigned, or otherwise 16 transferred to a third party, and may be enforced by such 17 third party notwithstanding any State law to the con-18 trary.".

19 SEC. 4. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act may be construed as limiting the
authority or jurisdiction of the Office of the Comptroller
of the Currency, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-

1 tem, the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, or the

2 National Credit Union Administration.

Passed the House of Representatives February 14, 2018.

Attest:

Clerk.

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