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111TH CONGRESS | HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES | REPORT | 111-_____

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2010

 , 2009.—Ordered to be printed
 , from the committee of conference,

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 2892]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2892), making appropriations for the Department of Homeland Security for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the Senate amendment, insert the following:

1	That the following sums are appropriated, out of any
2	money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the
3	Department of Homeland Security for the fiscal year end-
4	ing September 30, 2010, and for other purposes, namely:
5	TITLE I
6	DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND
7	OPERATIONS
8	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND EXECUTIVE
9	MANAGEMENT
10	For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary
11	of Homeland Security, as authorized by section 102 of the
12	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 112), and exec-
13	utive management of the Department of Homeland Secu-
14	rity, as authorized by law, \$147,818,000: Provided, That
15	not to exceed \$60,000 shall be for official reception and
16	representation expenses, of which \$20,000 shall be made
17	available to the Office of Policy solely to host Visa Waiver
18	Program negotiations in Washington, DC: Provided fur-
19	ther, That \$15,000,000 shall not be available for obliga-
20	tion for the Office of Policy until the Secretary submits
21	an expenditure plan for the Office of Policy for fiscal year

- 1 2010: Provided further, That all official costs associated
- 2 with the use of government aircraft by Department of
- 3 Homeland Security personnel to support official travel of
- 4 the Secretary and the Deputy Secretary shall be paid from
- 5 amounts made available for the Immediate Office of the
- 6 Secretary and the Immediate Office of the Deputy Sec-
- 7 retary.
- 8 Office of the Under Secretary for Management
- 9 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Under
- 10 Secretary for Management, as authorized by sections 701
- 11 through 705 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
- 12 U.S.C. 341 through 345), \$254,190,000, of which not less
- 13 than \$1,000,000 shall be for logistics training; and of
- 14 which not to exceed \$3,000 shall be for official reception
- 15 and representation expenses: Provided, That of the total
- 16 amount made available under this heading, \$5,500,000
- 17 shall remain available until expended solely for the alter-
- 18 ation and improvement of facilities, tenant improvements,
- 19 and relocation costs to consolidate Department head-
- 20 quarters operations at the Nebraska Avenue Complex; and

- 1 \$17,131,000 shall remain available until expended for the
- 2 Human Resources Information Technology program.
- 3 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
- 4 For necessary expenses of the Office of the Chief Fi-
- 5 nancial Officer, as authorized by section 103 of the Home-
- 6 land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 113), \$60,530,000,
- 7 of which \$11,000,000 shall remain available until ex-
- 8 pended for financial systems consolidation efforts: Pro-
- 9 vided, That of the total amount made available under this
- 10 heading, \$5,000,000 shall not be obligated until the Chief
- 11 Financial Officer or an individual acting in such capacity
- 12 submits a financial management improvement plan that
- 13 addresses the recommendations outlined in the Depart-
- 14 ment of Homeland Security Office of Inspector General
- 15 report OIG-09-72, including yearly measurable mile-
- 16 stones, to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate
- 17 and the House of Representatives: Provided further, That
- 18 the plan described in the preceding proviso shall be sub-
- 19 mitted not later than January 4, 2010.

1	OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER
2	For necessary expenses of the Office of the Chief In-
3	formation Officer, as authorized by section 103 of the
4	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 113), and De-
5	partment-wide technology investments, \$338,393,000; of
6	which \$86,912,000 shall be available for salaries and ex-
7	penses; and of which \$251,481,000, to remain available
8	until expended, shall be available for development and ac-
9	quisition of information technology equipment, software,
0	services, and related activities for the Department of
1	Homeland Security: Provided, That of the total amount
12	appropriated, not less than \$82,788,000 shall be available
13	for data center development, of which not less than
4	\$38,540,145 shall be available for power capabilities up-
5	grades at Data Center One (National Center for Critical
16	Information Processing and Storage): Provided further,
17	That the Chief Information Officer shall submit to the
8	Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the
9	House of Representatives, not more than 60 days after
20	the date of enactment of this Act, an expenditure plan
21	for all information technology acquisition projects that:

- 1 (1) are funded under this heading; or (2) are funded by
- 2 multiple components of the Department of Homeland Se-
- 3 curity through reimbursable agreements: Provided further,
- 4 That such expenditure plan shall include each specific
- 5 project funded, key milestones, all funding sources for
- 6 each project, details of annual and lifecycle costs, and pro-
- 7 jected cost savings or cost avoidance to be achieved by the
- 8 project.

9 Analysis and Operations

- 10 For necessary expenses for intelligence analysis and
- 11 operations coordination activities, as authorized by title II
- 12 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121 et
- 13 seq.), \$335,030,000, of which not to exceed \$5,000 shall
- 14 be for official reception and representation expenses; and
- 15 of which \$190,862,000 shall remain available until Sep-
- 16 tember 30, 2011: Provided, That none of the funds pro-
- 17 vided in this or any other Act shall be available to com-
- 18 mence operations of the National Immigration Informa-
- 19 tion Sharing Operation or any follow-on entity until the
- 20 Secretary certifies that such program complies with all ex-
- 21 isting laws, including all applicable privacy and civil lib-

1	erties standards, the Comptroller General of the United
2	States notifies the Committees on Appropriations of the
3	Senate and the House of Representatives and the Sec-
4	retary that the Comptroller has reviewed such certifi-
5	cation, and the Secretary notifies the Committees on Ap-
6	propriations of the Senate and the House of Representa-
7	tives of all funds to be expended on operations of the Na-
8	tional Immigration Information Sharing Operation or any
9	follow-on entity pursuant to section 503.
10	OFFICE OF THE FEDERAL COORDINATOR FOR GULF
11	COAST REBUILDING
12	For necessary expenses of the Office of the Federal
13	Coordinator for Gulf Coast Rebuilding, \$2,000,000.
14	OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL
15	For necessary expenses of the Office of Inspector
16	General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector
17	General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.), \$113,874,000, of
18	which not to exceed \$150,000 may be used for certain con-
19	fidential operational expenses, including the payment of
20	informants, to be expended at the direction of the Inspec-
21	tor General.

1	TITLE II
2	SECURITY, ENFORCEMENT, AND
3	INVESTIGATIONS
4	U.S. Customs and Border Protection
5	SALARIES AND EXPENSES
6	For necessary expenses for enforcement of laws relat-
7	ing to border security, immigration, customs, agricultural
8	inspections and regulatory activities related to plant and
9	animal imports, and transportation of unaccompanied
10	minor aliens; purchase and lease of up to 4,500 (4,000
11	for replacement only) police-type vehicles; and contracting
12	with individuals for personal services abroad;
13	\$8,064,713,000, of which \$3,226,000 shall be derived
14	from the Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund for administra-
15	tive expenses related to the collection of the Harbor Main-
16	tenance Fee pursuant to section $9505(c)(3)$ of the Internal
17	Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. $9505(e)(3)$) and not-
18	with standing section $1511(e)(1)$ of the Homeland Security
19	Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. $551(e)(1)$); of which not to exceed
20	$\$45,\!000$ shall be for official reception and representation
21	expenses; of which not less than \$309,629,000 shall be

for Air and Marine Operations; of which such sums as become available in the Customs User Fee Account, except sums subject to section 13031(f)(3) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(f)(3), shall be derived from that account; of which not to exceed \$150,000 shall be available for payment for rental space in connection with preclearance operations; of which not to exceed \$1,000,000 shall be for awards of compensation to informants, to be accounted for solely under the certificate of the Secretary of Homeland Security; and of which not more than \$800,000 shall be for procurement of portable solar charging rechargeable bat-13 tery systems: *Provided*, That for fiscal year 2010, the overtime limitation prescribed in section 5(c)(1) of the Act of February 13, 1911 (19 U.S.C. 267(c)(1)) shall be 16 \$35,000; and notwithstanding any other provision of law, 17 none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be avail-18 able to compensate any employee of U.S. Customs and Border Protection for overtime, from whatever source, in 20 an amount that exceeds such limitation, except in indi-21 vidual cases determined by the Secretary of Homeland Se-

- 1 curity, or the designee of the Secretary, to be necessary
- 2 for national security purposes, to prevent excessive costs,
- 3 or in cases of immigration emergencies: Provided further,
- 4 That of the total amount provided, \$1,700,000 shall re-
- 5 main available until September 30, 2011, for the Global
- 6 Advanced Passenger Information/Passenger Name Record
- 7 Program.

8 AUTOMATION MODERNIZATION

- 9 For expenses for U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
- 10 tion automated systems, \$422,445,000, to remain avail-
- 11 able until expended, of which not less than \$227,960,000
- 12 shall be for the development of the Automated Commercial
- 13 Environment: Provided, That of the total amount made
- 14 available under this heading, \$50,000,000 may not be obli-
- 15 gated for the Automated Commercial Environment pro-
- 16 gram until 30 days after the Committees on Appropria-
- 17 tions of the Senate and the House of Representatives re-
- 18 ceive a report on the results to date and plans for the
- 19 program from the Department of Homeland Security.

1	BURDER SECURITY FENCING, INFRASTRUCTURE, AND
2	TECHNOLOGY
3	For expenses for border security fencing, infrastruc-
4	ture, and technology, \$800,000,000, to remain available
5	until expended: Provided, That of the total amount made
6	available under this heading, \$75,000,000 shall not be ob-
7	ligated until the Committees on Appropriations of the Sen-
8	ate and the House of Representatives receive and approve
9	a plan for expenditure, prepared by the Secretary of
10	Homeland Security, reviewed by the Government Account-
1	ability Office, and submitted not later than 90 days after
12	the date of the enactment of this Act, for a program to
13	establish and maintain a security barrier along the borders
14	of the United States, of fencing and vehicle barriers where
15	practicable, and of other forms of tactical infrastructure
16	and technology, that includes—
17	(1) a detailed accounting of the program's im-
8	plementation to date for all investments, including
9	technology and tactical infrastructure, for funding
20	already expended relative to system capabilities or
21	services, system performance levels, mission benefits

- and outcomes, milestones, cost targets, program
 management capabilities, identification of the maximum investment, including life-cycle costs, related
 to the Secure Border Initiative program or any successor program, and description of the methodology
 used to obtain these cost figures;

 (2) a description of how specific projects will
 further the objectives of the Secure Border Initia-
 - (2) a description of how specific projects will further the objectives of the Secure Border Initiative, as defined in the Department of Homeland Security Secure Border Plan, and how the expenditure plan allocates funding to the highest priority border security needs;
 - (3) an explicit plan of action defining how all funds are to be obligated to meet future program commitments, with the planned expenditure of funds linked to the milestone-based delivery of specific capabilities, services, performance levels, mission benefits and outcomes, and program management capabilities;

1	(4) an identification of staffing, including full-
2	time equivalents, contractors, and detailees, by pro-
3	gram office;
4	(5) a description of how the plan addresses se-
5	curity needs at the Northern border and ports of
6	entry, including infrastructure, technology, design
7	and operations requirements, specific locations where
8	funding would be used, and priorities for Northern
9	border activities;
10	(6) a report on budget, obligations and expendi-
11	tures, the activities completed, and the progress
12	made by the program in terms of obtaining oper-
13	ational control of the entire border of the United
14	States;
15	(7) a listing of all open Government Account-
16	ability Office and Office of Inspector General rec-
17	ommendations related to the program and the status
18	of Department of Homeland Security actions to ad-
19	dress the recommendations, including milestones to
20	fully address such recommendations;

I	(8) a certification by the Uniet Procurement Of-
2	ficer of the Department including all supporting doc-
3	uments or memoranda, and documentation and a de-
4	scription of the investment review processes used to
5	obtain such certifications, that—
6	(A) the program has been reviewed and ap-
7	proved in accordance with the investment man-
8	agement process of the Department, and that
9	the process fulfills all capital planning and in-
10	vestment control requirements and reviews es-
11	tablished by the Office of Management and
12	Budget, including as provided in Circular A-11,
13	part 7;
14	(B) the plans for the program comply with
15	the Federal acquisition rules, requirements,
16	guidelines, and practices, and a description of
17	the actions being taken to address areas of non-
18	compliance, the risks associated with such ac-
19	tions, together with any plans for addressing
20	these risks, and the status of the implementa-
2.1	tion of such actions: and

1	(C) procedures to prevent conflicts of in-
2	terest between the prime integrator and major
3	subcontractors are established and that the Se-
4	cure Border Initiative Program Office has ade-
5	quate staff and resources to effectively manage
6	the Secure Border Initiative program and all
7	contracts under such program, including the ex-
8	ercise of technical oversight;
9	(9) a certification by the Chief Information Of-
10	ficer of the Department including all supporting doc-
11	uments or memoranda, and documentation and a de-
12	scription of the investment review processes used to
13	obtain such certifications that—
14	(A) the system architecture of the program
15	has been determined to be sufficiently aligned
16	with the information systems enterprise archi-
17	tecture of the Department to minimize future
18	rework, including a description of all aspects of
19	the architectures that were or were not assessed
20	in making the alignment determination, the
21	date of the alignment determination, and any

1	known areas of misalignment together with the
2	associated risks and corrective actions to ad-
3	dress any such areas;
4	(B) the program has a risk management
5	process that regularly and proactively identifies,
6	evaluates, mitigates, and monitors risks
7	throughout the system life cycle and commu-
8	nicates high-risk conditions to U.S. Customs
9	and Border Protection and Department of
10	Homeland Security investment decision-makers,
11	as well as a listing of all the program's high
12	risks and the status of efforts to address such
13	risks; and
14	(C) an independent verification and valida-
15	tion agent is currently under contract for the
16	projects funded under this heading;
17	(10) a certification by the Chief Human Capital
18	Officer of the Department that the human capital
19	needs of the Secure Border Initiative program are
20	being addressed so as to ensure adequate staff and

1 resources to effectively manage the Secure Border 2 Initiative; and 3 (11) an analysis by the Secretary for each seg-4 ment, defined as not more than 15 miles, of fencing 5 or tactical infrastructure, of the selected approach 6 compared to other, alternative means of achieving 7 operational control, including cost, level of oper-8 ational control, possible unintended effects on com-9 munities, and other factors critical to the decision-10 making process: Provided further, That the Secretary shall report to the 11 Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the 12 13 House of Representatives on the progress of the program, 14 and obligations and expenditures for all outstanding task orders, as well as specific objectives to be achieved through 15 16 the award of current and remaining task orders planned for the balance of available appropriations, at least 15 17 18 days before the award of any task order requiring an obligation of funds in an amount greater than \$25,000,000 19 20 and before the award of a task order that would cause cumulative obligations of funds to exceed 50 percent of

the total amount appropriated: Provided further, That none of the funds made available under this heading may be obligated unless the Department has complied with section 102(b)(1)(C)(i) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1103 5 note), and the Secretary certifies such to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives: Provided further, That none of the funds made available under this heading may be obligated for any project or activity for which the Secretary has exer-11 cised waiver authority pursuant to section 102(c) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility 13 Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1103 note) until 15 days have elapsed from the date of the publication of the decision 15 in the Federal Register. 16 AIR AND MARINE INTERDICTION, OPERATIONS, 17 MAINTENANCE, AND PROCUREMENT 18 For necessary expenses for the operations, mainte-19 nance, and procurement of marine vessels, aircraft, un-20 manned aircraft systems, and other related equipment of 21 the air and marine program, including operational train-

ing and mission-related travel, and rental payments for facilities occupied by the air or marine interdiction and demand reduction programs, the operations of which include the following: the interdiction of narcotics and other goods; the provision of support to Federal, State, and local 5 agencies in the enforcement or administration of laws enforced by the Department of Homeland Security; and at the discretion of the Secretary of Homeland Security, the 8 provision of assistance to Federal, State, and local agen-10 cies in other law enforcement and emergency humani-11 tarian efforts, \$519,826,000, to remain available until ex-12 pended: Provided, That no aircraft or other related equip-13 ment, with the exception of aircraft that are one of a kind 14 and have been identified as excess to U.S. Customs and Border Protection requirements and aircraft that have been damaged beyond repair, shall be transferred to any 16 17 other Federal agency, department, or office outside of the Department of Homeland Security during fiscal year 2010 18 19 without the prior approval of the Committees on Appro-20 priations of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

1	CONSTRUCTION AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT
2	For necessary expenses to plan, construct, renovate,
3	equip, and maintain buildings and facilities necessary for
4	the administration and enforcement of the laws relating
5	to customs, immigration, and border security,
6	\$319,570,000, to remain available until expended; of
7	which \$39,700,000 shall be for constructing and equip-
8	ping the Advanced Training Center; and of which not
9	more than \$3,500,000 shall be for acquisition, design, and
10	construction of U.S. Customs and Border Protection Air
11	and Marine facilities at El Paso International Airport,
12	Texas: Provided, That for fiscal year 2011 and thereafter,
13	the annual budget submission of U.S. Customs and Bor-
14	der Protection for "Construction and Facilities Manage-
15	ment" shall, in consultation with the General Services Ad-
16	ministration, include a detailed 5-year plan for all Federal
17	land border port of entry projects with a yearly update
18	of total projected future funding needs delineated by land
19	port of entry.

1	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
2	SALARIES AND EXPENSES
3	For necessary expenses for enforcement of immigra-
4	tion and customs laws, detention and removals, and inves-
5	tigations; and purchase and lease of up to 3,790 (2,350
6	for replacement only) police-type vehicles; \$5,342,134,000,
7	of which not to exceed $$7,500,000$ shall be available until
8	expended for conducting special operations under section
9	$3131\ \mathrm{of}\ \mathrm{the}\ \mathrm{Customs}\ \mathrm{Enforcement}\ \mathrm{Act}\ \mathrm{of}\ 1986\ (19\ \mathrm{U.S.C.}$
10	2081); of which not to exceed $$15,000$ shall be for official
11	reception and representation expenses; of which not to ex-
12	ceed $$1,000,000$ shall be for awards of compensation to
13	informants, to be accounted for solely under the certificate
14	of the Secretary of Homeland Security; of which not less
15	than $\$305,000$ shall be for promotion of public awareness
16	of the child pornography tipline and anti-child exploitation
17	activities; of which not less than \$5,400,000 shall be used
18	to facilitate agreements consistent with section $287(g)$ of
19	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g));
20	and of which not to exceed $$11,216,000$ shall be available
21	to fund or reimburse other Federal agencies for the costs

associated with the care, maintenance, and repatriation of smuggled aliens unlawfully present in the United States: 3 Provided, That none of the funds made available under this heading shall be available to compensate any employee 5 for overtime in an annual amount in excess of \$35,000, except that the Secretary, or the designee of the Secretary, 7 may waive that amount as necessary for national security purposes and in cases of immigration emergencies: Provided further, That of the total amount provided, 10 \$15,770,000 shall be for activities in fiscal year 2010 to enforce laws against forced child labor, of which not to 11 12 exceed \$6,000,000 shall remain available until expended: Provided further, That of the total amount available, not less than \$1,500,000,000 shall be available to identify aliens convicted of a crime who may be deportable, and 15 to remove them from the United States once they are 16 judged deportable, of which \$200,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2011: Provided further, That 18 the Secretary, or the designee of the Secretary, shall report to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate 20

and the House of Representatives, not later than 45 days

after the end of each quarter of the fiscal year, on progress in implementing the preceding proviso and the funds obligated during that quarter to make that progress: Provided further, That the Secretary shall prioritize the identification and removal of aliens convicted of a crime by the severity of that crime: Provided further, That funding made available under this heading shall maintain a level of not less than 33,400 detention beds through September 30, 2010: Provided further, That of the total amount provided, not less than \$2,545,180,000 is for detention and removal 11 operations, including transportation of unaccompanied minor aliens: Provided further, That of the total amount provided, \$7,300,000 shall remain available until Sep-13 tember 30, 2011, for the Visa Security Program: Provided further, That none of the funds provided under this heading may be used to continue a delegation of law enforce-17 ment authority authorized under section 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)) if the 18 19 Department of Homeland Security Inspector General determines that the terms of the agreement governing the 20

delegation of authority have been violated: Provided fur-

ther, That none of the funds provided under this heading may be used to continue any contract for the provision 3 of detention services if the two most recent overall performance evaluations received by the contracted facility are less than "adequate" or the equivalent median score 5 in any subsequent performance evaluation system: Provided further, That nothing under this heading shall prevent U.S. Immigation and Customs Enforcement from exercising those authorities provided under immigration laws (as defined in section 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and 10 11 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17))) during priority 12 operations pertaining to aliens convicted of a crime: Provided further, That none of the funds provided under this 14 heading may be obligated to collocate field offices of U.S. 15 Immigration and Customs Enforcement until the Secretary of Homeland Security submits to the Committees 16 17 on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives a plan for the nationwide implementation of 18 the Alternatives to Detention Program that identifies: (1) 20 the funds required for nationwide program implementation; (2) the timeframe for achieving nationwide program

1	implementation; and (3) an estimate of the number of in-
2	dividuals who could be enrolled in a nationwide program.
3	AUTOMATION MODERNIZATION
4	(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)
5	For expenses of immigration and customs enforce-
6	ment automated systems, \$90,000,000, to remain avail-
7	able until expended: Provided, That of the funds made
8	available under this heading, \$10,000,000 shall not be ob-
9	ligated until the Committees on Appropriations of the Sen-
0	ate and the House of Representatives receive an expendi-
1	ture plan prepared by the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
12	rity: Provided further, That of the total amount provided
13	under this heading, up to \$10,000,000 may be transferred
14	to U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement "Salaries
15	and Expenses" account for data center migration.
16	CONSTRUCTION
17	For necessary expenses to plan, construct, renovate,
18	equip, and maintain buildings and facilities necessary for
9	the administration and enforcement of the laws relating
20	to customs and immigration, \$4,818,000, to remain avail-
21	able until expended: Provided, That none of the funds

- 1 made available in this Act may be used to solicit or con-
- 2 sider any request to privatize facilities currently owned by
- 3 the United States Government and used to detain aliens
- 4 unlawfully present in the United States until the Commit-
- 5 tees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of
- 6 Representatives receive a plan for carrying out that privat-
- 7 ization.
- 8 Transportation Security Administration
- 9 AVIATION SECURITY
- For necessary expenses of the Transportation Secu-
- 11 rity Administration related to providing civil aviation secu-
- 12 rity services pursuant to the Aviation and Transportation
- 13 Security Act (Public Law 107-71; 115 Stat. 597; 49
- 14 U.S.C. 40101 note), \$5,214,040,000, to remain available
- 15 until September 30, 2011, of which not to exceed \$10,000
- 16 shall be for official reception and representation expenses:
- 17 Provided, That of the total amount made available under
- 18 this heading, not to exceed \$4,358,076,000 shall be for
- 19 screening operations, of which \$1,116,406,000 shall be
- 20 available for explosives detection systems; and not to ex-
- 21 ceed \$855,964,000 shall be for aviation security direction

and enforcement: Provided further, That of the amount made available in the preceding proviso for explosives de-3 tection systems, \$778,300,000 shall be available for the purchase and installation of these systems, of which not less than 28 percent shall be available for the purchase 5 and installation of certified explosives detection systems at medium- and small-sized airports: Provided further, 7 That any award to deploy explosives detection systems shall be based on risk, the airports current reliance on other screening solutions, lobby congestion resulting in increased security concerns, high injury rates, airport readiness, and increased cost effectiveness: Provided further, 13 That of the total amount provided, \$1,250,000 shall be made available for Safe Skies Alliance to develop and en-15 hance research and training capabilities for Transportation Security Officer improvised explosive recognition training: Provided further, That security service fees au-18 thorized under section 44940 of title 49, United States 19 Code, shall be credited to this appropriation as offsetting collections and shall be available only for aviation security: 20 Provided further, That the sum appropriated under this

heading from the general fund shall be reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis as such offsetting collections are received during fiscal year 2010, so as to result in a final fiscal year appropriation from the general fund estimated 5 at not more than \$3,114,040,000: Provided further, That any security service fees collected in excess of the amount made available under this heading shall become available during fiscal year 2011: Provided further, That Members of the United States House of Representatives and United States Senate, including the leadership; the heads of Fed-10 eral agencies and commissions, including the Secretary, 11 12 Deputy Secretary, Under Secretaries, and Assistant Secretaries of the Department of Homeland Security; the 14 United States Attorney General and Assistant Attorneys General and the United States attorneys; and senior members of the Executive Office of the President, including the Director of the Office of Management and Budget; 18 shall not be exempt from Federal passenger and baggage

screening.

1	SURFACE TRANSPORTATION SECURITY
2	For necessary expenses of the Transportation Secu-
3	rity Administration related to providing surface transpor-
4	tation security activities, \$110,516,000, to remain avail-
5	able until September 30, 2011.
6	TRANSPORTATION THREAT ASSESSMENT AND
7	CREDENTIALING
8	For necessary expenses for the development and im-
9	plementation of screening programs of the Office of
10	Transportation Threat Assessment and Credentialing,
11	\$171,999,000, to remain available until September 30,
12	2011.
13	TRANSPORTATION SECURITY SUPPORT
14	For necessary expenses of the Transportation Secu-
15	rity Administration related to providing transportation se-
16	curity support and intelligence pursuant to the Aviation
17	and Transportation Security Act (Public Law 107–71;
18	115 Stat. 597; 49 U.S.C. 40101 note), \$1,001,780,000,
19	to remain available until September 30, 2011: Provided,
20	That of the funds appropriated under this heading,
21	\$20,000,000 may not be obligated for headquarters ad-

1	ministration until the Secretary of Homeland Security
2	submits to the Committees on Appropriations of the Sen-
3	ate and the House of Representatives detailed expenditure
4	plans for air cargo security, and for checkpoint support
5	and explosives detection systems refurbishment, procure-
6	ment, and installations on an airport-by-airport basis for
7	fiscal year 2010: Provided further, That these plans shall
8	be submitted no later than 60 days after the date of enact-
9	ment of this Act.
0	FEDERAL AIR MARSHALS
1	For necessary expenses of the Federal Air Marshals,
2	\$860,111,000.
3	COAST GUARD
4	OPERATING EXPENSES
5	For necessary expenses for the operation and mainte-
6	nance of the Coast Guard, not otherwise provided for; pur-
7	chase or lease of not to exceed 25 passenger motor vehi-
8	cles, which shall be for replacement only; purchase or lease
9	of small boats for contingent and emergent requirements
0.	(at a unit cost of no more than \$700,000) and repairs
21	and service-life replacements, not to exceed a total of

- 1 \$26,000,000; minor shore construction projects not ex-
- 2 ceeding \$1,000,000 in total cost at any location; payments
- 3 pursuant to section 156 of Public Law 97–377 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 402 note; 96 Stat. 1920); and recreation and welfare;
- 5 \$6,805,391,000, of which \$581,503,000 shall be for de-
- 6 fense-related activities, of which \$241,503,000 is des-
- 7 ignated as being for overseas deployments and other ac-
- 8 tivities pursuant to sections 401(c)(4) and 423(a)(1) of
- 9 S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress), the concurrent resolu-
- 10 tion on the budget for fiscal year 2010; of which
- 11 \$24,500,000 shall be derived from the Oil Spill Liability
- 12 Trust Fund to carry out the purposes of section
- 13 1012(a)(5) of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C.
- 14 2712(a)(5)); of which not to exceed \$20,000 shall be for
- 15 official reception and representation expenses; and of
- 16 which \$3,600,000 shall be available until expended for the
- 17 cost of repairing, rehabilitating, altering, modifying, and
- 18 making improvements, including customized tenant im-
- 19 provements, to any replacement or expanded Operations
- 20 Systems Center facility: Provided, That none of the funds
- 21 made available by this or any other Act shall be available

- 1 for administrative expenses in connection with shipping
- 2 commissioners in the United States: Provided further,
- 3 That none of the funds made available by this Act shall
- 4 be for expenses incurred for recreational vessels under sec-
- 5 tion 12114 of title 46, United States Code, except to the
- 6 extent fees are collected from yacht owners and credited
- 7 to this appropriation: Provided further, That the Coast
- 8 Guard shall comply with the requirements of section 527
- 9 of Public Law 108–136 with respect to the Coast Guard
- 10 Academy: Provided further, That of the funds provided

(Shell be

- 11 under this heading, \$50,000,000 is withheld from obliga-
- 12 tion from Headquarters Directorates until: (1) the fiscal
- 13 year 2010 second quarter acquisition report required by
- 14 Public Law 108-7 and the fiscal year 2008 joint explana-
- 15 tory statement accompanying Public Law 110-161; (2)
- 16 the Revised Deepwater Implementation Plan; and (3) the
- 17 future-years capital investment plan for fiscal years 2011-
- 18 2015 are received by the Committees on Appropriations
- 19 of the Senate and the House of Representatives: Provided
- 20 further, That funds made available under this heading for
- 21 overseas deployments and other activities pursuant to sec-

for

- 1 tions 401(c)(4) and 423(a)(1) of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th
- 2 Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fis-
- 3 cal year 2010, may be allocated by program, project, and
- 4 activity, notwithstanding section 503 of this Act.
- 5 ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE AND RESTORATION
- 6 For necessary expenses to carry out the environ-
- 7 mental compliance and restoration functions of the Coast
- 8 Guard under chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code,
- 9 \$13,198,000, to remain available until expended.

10 RESERVE TRAINING

- 11 For necessary expenses of the Coast Guard Reserve,
- 12 as authorized by law; operations and maintenance of the
- 13 reserve program; personnel and training costs; and equip-
- 14 ment and services; \$133,632,000.
- 15 ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS
- 16 For necessary expenses of acquisition, construction,
- 17 renovation, and improvement of aids to navigation, shore
- 18 facilities, vessels, and aircraft, including equipment related
- 19 thereto; and maintenance, rehabilitation, lease and oper-
- 20 ation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law;
- 21 \$1,537,080,000, of which \$20,000,000 shall be derived

- 1 from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund to carry out the 2 purposes of section 1012(a)(5) of the Oil Pollution Act
- 3 of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2712(a)(5)); of which \$121,000,000
- 4 shall be available until September 30, 2014, to acquire,
- 5 repair, renovate, or improve vessels, small boats, and re-
- 6 lated equipment; of which \$129,500,000 shall be available
- 7 until September 30, 2012, for other equipment; of which
- 8 \$27,100,000 shall be available until September 30, 2012,
- 9 for shore facilities and aids to navigation facilities, includ-
- 10 ing not less than \$300,000 for the Coast Guard Academy
- 11 Pier and not less than \$16,800,000 for Coast Guard Sta-
- 12 tion Cleveland Harbor; of which \$105,200,000 shall be
- 13 available for personnel compensation and benefits and re-
- 14 lated costs; and of which \$1,154,280,000 shall be available
- 15 until September 30, 2014, for the Integrated Deepwater
- 16 Systems program: Provided, That of the funds made avail-
- 17 able for the Integrated Deepwater Systems program,
- 18 \$269,000,000 is for aircraft and \$730,680,000 is for sur-
- 19 face ships: Provided further, That the Secretary of Home-
- 20 land Security shall submit to the Committees on Appro-
- 21 priations of the Senate and the House of Representatives,

in conjunction with the President's fiscal year 2011 budget, a review of the Revised Deepwater Implementation Plan that identifies any changes to the plan for the fiscal year; an annual performance comparison of Integrated 5 Deepwater Systems program assets to pre-Deepwater legacy assets; a status report of such legacy assets; a detailed 7 explanation of how the costs of such legacy assets are being accounted for within the Integrated Deepwater Systems program; and the earned value management system gold card data for each Integrated Deepwater Systems program asset: Provided further, That the Secretary shall 11 submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate 13 and the House of Representatives, in conjunction with the fiscal year 2011 budget request, a comprehensive review 15 of the Revised Deepwater Implementation Plan and every 5 years thereafter that includes a complete projection of 16 the acquisition costs and schedule for the duration of the plan: Provided further, That the Secretary shall annually 18 19 submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate 20 and the House of Representatives, at the time that the President's budget is submitted under section 1105(a) of

1	title 31, United States Code, a future-years capital invest-
2	ment plan for the Coast Guard that identifies for each
3	capital budget line item—
4	(1) the proposed appropriation included in that
5	budget;
6	(2) the total estimated cost of completion;
7	(3) projected funding levels for each fiscal year
8	for the next 5 fiscal years or until project comple-
9	tion, whichever is earlier;
10	(4) an estimated completion date at the pro-
11	jected funding levels; and
12	(5) changes, if any, in the total estimated cost
13	of completion or estimated completion date from
14	previous future-years capital investment plans sub-
15	mitted to the Committees on Appropriations of the
16	Senate and the House of Representatives:
17	Provided further, That the Secretary shall ensure that
18	amounts specified in the future-years capital investment
19	plan are consistent to the maximum extent practicable(
20	with proposed appropriations necessary to support the
21	programs, projects, and activities of the Coast Guard in

- 1 the President's budget as submitted under section 1105(a)
- 2 of title 31, United States Code, for that fiscal year: Pro-
- 3 vided further, That any inconsistencies between the capital
- 4 investment plan and proposed appropriations shall be
- 5 identified and justified: Provided further, That subsections
- 6 (a) and (b) of section 6402 of the U.S. Troop Readiness,
- 7 Veterans' Care, Katrina Recovery, and Iraq Accountability
- 8 Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law 110–28) shall
- 9 apply to fiscal year 2010.

10 ALTERATION OF BRIDGES

- 11 For necessary expenses for alteration or removal of
- 12 obstructive bridges, as authorized by section 6 of the Tru-
- 13 man-Hobbs Act (33 U.S.C. 516), \$4,000,000, to remain
- 14 available until expended: *Provided*, That of the amounts
- 15 made available under this heading, \$4,000,000 shall be
- 16 for the Fort Madison Bridge in Fort Madison, Iowa.
- 17 RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
- 18 For necessary expenses for applied scientific re-
- 19 search, development, test, and evaluation; and for mainte-
- 20 nance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and
- 21 equipment; as authorized by law; \$24,745,000, to remain

- 1 available until expended, of which \$500,000 shall be de-
- 2 rived from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund to carry out
- 3 the purposes of section 1012(a)(5) of the Oil Pollution Act
- 4 of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2712(a)(5)): *Provided*, That there may
- 5 be credited to and used for the purposes of this appropria-
- 6 tion funds received from State and local governments,
- 7 other public authorities, private sources, and foreign coun-
- 8 tries for expenses incurred for research, development, test-
- 9 ing, and evaluation.

10 RETIRED PAY

- 11 For retired pay, including the payment of obligations
- 12 otherwise chargeable to lapsed appropriations for this pur-
- 13 pose, payments under the Retired Serviceman's Family
- 14 Protection and Survivor Benefits Plans, payment for ca-
- 15 reer status bonuses, concurrent receipts and combat-re-
- 16 lated special compensation under the National Defense
- 17 Authorization Act, and payments for medical care of re-
- 18 tired personnel and their dependents under chapter 55 of
- 19 title 10, United States Code, \$1,361,245,000, to remain
- 20 available until expended.

I	UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE
2	SALARIES AND EXPENSES
3	For necessary expenses of the United States Secret
4	Service, including: purchase of not to exceed 652 vehicles
5	for police-type use for replacement only; hire of passenger
6	motor vehicles; purchase of motorcycles made in the
7	United States; hire of aircraft; services of expert witnesses
8	at such rates as may be determined by the Director of
9	the Secret Service; rental of buildings in the District of
10	Columbia, and fencing, lighting, guard booths, and other
11.	facilities on private or other property not in Government
12	ownership or control, as may be necessary to perform pro-
13	tective functions; payment of per diem or subsistence al-
14	lowances to employees where a protective assignment dur-
15	ing the actual day or days of the visit of a protectee re-
16	quires an employee to work 16 hours per day or to remain
17	overnight at a post of duty; conduct of and participation
18	in firearms matches; presentation of awards; travel of
19	United States Secret Service employees on protective mis-
20	sions without regard to the limitations on such expendi-
21	tures in this or any other Act if approval is obtained in

advance from the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives; research and development; grants to conduct behavioral research in sup-3 port of protective research and operations; and payment in advance for commercial accommodations as may be necessary to perform protective functions; \$1,478,669,000, of which not to exceed \$25,000 shall be for official reception 8 and representation expenses; of which not to exceed \$100,000 shall be to provide technical assistance and 10 equipment to foreign law enforcement organizations in 11 counterfeit investigations; of which \$2,366,000 shall be for 12 forensic and related support of investigations of missing 13 and exploited children; and of which \$6,000,000 shall be 14 for a grant for activities related to the investigations of missing and exploited children and shall remain available until expended: *Provided*, That up to \$18,000,000 for pro-16 17 tective travel shall remain available until September 30, 18 2011: Provided further, That up to \$1,000,000 for Na-19 tional Special Security Events shall remain available until 20 expended: Provided further, That the United States Secret Service is authorized to obligate funds in anticipation of

reimbursements from Federal agencies and entities, as defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code, receiving training sponsored by the James J. Rowley Training Center, except that total obligations at the end of the fiscal year shall not exceed total budgetary resources avail-5 able under this heading at the end of the fiscal year: Provided further. That none of the funds made available under this heading shall be available to compensate any employee for overtime in an annual amount in excess of \$35,000, except that the Secretary of Homeland Security, or the 11 designee of the Secretary, may waive that amount as necessary for national security purposes: Provided further, 13 That none of the funds made available to the United States Secret Service by this Act or by previous appropriations Acts may be made available for the protection of the 15 head of a Federal agency other than the Secretary of Homeland Security: Provided further, That the Director 17 of the United States Secret Service may enter into an 18 agreement to perform such service on a fully reimbursable 19 20 basis: Provided further, That of the total amount made available under this heading, \$33,960,000, to remain

available until expended, is for information technology modernization: Provided further, That none of the funds made available in the preceding proviso shall be obligated to purchase or install information technology equipment until the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Homeland Security submits a report to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives certifying that all plans for such modernization are consistent with Department of Homeland Security data center migration and enterprise architecture requirements: Provided further, That none of the funds made 11 12 available to the United States Secret Service by this Act 13 or by previous appropriations Acts may be obligated for 14 the purpose of opening a new permanent domestic or overseas office or location unless the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives

are notified 15 days in advance of such obligation.

U:\2010rept\CONF\15rept\15confT2.xml [file 3 of 6] SEN. APPRO.

1	ACQU	ISITION, CON	STRUC	TION, IMPROVE	MENT	rs, and
2		RE	LATEL	EXPENSES		
3	For	necessary ex	xpense	s for acquisition	n, con	nstruction,
4	repair,	alteration,	and	improvement	\mathbf{of}	facilities,
5	\$3,975,0	00, to remai	n avail	able until expen	ded.	

1	TITLE III
2	PROTECTION, PREPAREDNESS, RESPONSE, AND
3	RECOVERY
4	NATIONAL PROTECTION AND PROGRAMS DIRECTORATE
5	MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION
6	For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under
7	Secretary for the National Protection and Programs Di-
8	rectorate, support for operations, information technology,
9	and the Office of Risk Management and Analysis,
10	\$44,577,000: <i>Provided</i> , That not to exceed \$5,000 shall
11	be for official reception and representation expenses.
12	INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION AND INFORMATION
13	SECURITY
14	For necessary expenses for infrastructure protection
15	and information security programs and activities, as au-
16	thorized by title II of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
17	(6 U.S.C. 121 et seq.), \$899,416,000, of which
18	\$760,155,000 shall remain available until September 30,
19	2011: Provided, That of the amount made available under
20	this heading, \$161,815,000 may not be obligated for the
21	National Orban Security Division program and

1 \$12,500,000 may not be obligated for the Next Generation Networks program until the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives re-3 ceive and approve a plan for expenditure for each of these programs that describes the strategic context of the pro-5 gram, the specific goals and milestones set for the pro-7 gram, and the funds allocated to achieving each of those goals and milestones: Provided further, That of the total 9 amount provided, no less than: \$20,000,000 is for the Na-10 tional Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center; \$1,000,000 is for Philadelphia infrastructure monitoring; 11 \$3,500,000 is for State and local cyber security training; 12 \$3,000,000 is for the Power and Cyber Systems Protection, Analysis, and Testing Program at the Idaho National Laboratory; \$3,500,000 is for the Cyber Security Test Bed and Evaluation Center; \$3,000,000 is for the Multi-17 State Information Sharing and Analysis Center; \$500,000 18 is for the Virginia Operational Integration Cyber Center 19 of Excellence; \$100,000 is for the Upstate New York Cyber Initiative; and \$1,000,000 is for interoperable communications, technical assistance, and outreach programs.

FEDERAL PROTECTIVE SERVICE

1

2 The revenues and collections of security fees credited to this account shall be available until expended for necessary expenses related to the protection of federallyowned and leased buildings and for the operations of the Federal Protective Service: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall certify in writing to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the 10 House of Representatives no later than December 31, 11 2009, that the operations of the Federal Protective Service 12 will be fully funded in fiscal year 2010 through revenues and collection of security fees, and shall adjust the fees 13 to ensure fee collections are sufficient to ensure that the 14 Federal Protective Service maintains not fewer than 1,200 full-time equivalent staff and 900 full-time equivalent Po-16 17 lice Officers, Inspectors, Area Commanders, and Special 18 Agents who, while working, are directly engaged on a daily basis protecting and enforcing laws at Federal buildings (referred to as "in-service field staff"). 20

1	UNITED STATES VISITOR AND IMMIGRANT STATUS
2	INDICATOR TECHNOLOGY
3	For necessary expenses for the development of the
4	United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator
5	Technology project, as authorized by section 110 of the
6	Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility
.7	Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1365a), \$373,762,000, to remain
8	available until expended: Provided, That of the total
9	amount made available under this heading, \$75,000,000
10	may not be obligated for the United States Visitor and
11	Immigrant Status Indicator Technology project until the
12	Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the
13	House of Representatives receive a plan for expenditure
14	prepared by the Secretary of Homeland Security, not later
15	than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act that
16	meets the statutory conditions specified under this head-
17	ing in Public Law 110-329: Provided further, That not
18	less than \$28,000,000 of unobligated balances of prior
19	year appropriations shall remain available and be obli-
20	gated solely for implementation of a biometric air exit ca-
21	pability.

1	OFFICE OF HEALTH AFFAIRS
2	For necessary expenses of the Office of Health Af
3	fairs, \$139,250,000, of which \$30,411,000 is for salaries
4	and expenses: Provided, That \$108,839,000 shall remain
5	available until September 30, 2011, for biosurveillance
6	BioWatch, medical readiness planning, chemical response
7	and other activities, including \$5,000,000 for the North
8	Carolina Collaboratory for Bio-Preparedness, University
9	of North Carolina, Chapel Hill: Provided further, That not
0	to exceed \$3,000 shall be for official reception and rep-
1	resentation expenses.
2	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
3	MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION
4	For necessary expenses for management and admin-
5	istration of the Federal Emergency Management Agency
6	\$797,650,000, including activities authorized by the Na
7	tional Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et
8	seq.), the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-
9	gency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), the Cerro
20	Grande Fire Assistance Act of 2000 (division C, title I
21	114 Stat. 583), the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act

- 1 of 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.), the Defense Production
- 2 Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2061 et seq.), sections 107
- 3 and 303 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
- 4 404, 405), Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978 (5 U.S.C.
- 5 App.), the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101
- 6 et seq.), and the Post-Katrina Emergency Management
- 7 Reform Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-295; 120 Stat.
- 8 1394): Provided, That not to exceed \$3,000 shall be for
- 9 official reception and representation expenses: Provided
- 10 further, That the President's budget submitted under sec-
- 11 tion 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, shall be de-
- 12 tailed by office for the Federal Emergency Management
- 13 Agency: Provided further, That of the total amount made
- 14 available under this heading, not to exceed \$36,300,000
- 15 shall remain available until September 30, 2011, for cap-
- 16 ital improvements at the Mount Weather Emergency Op-
- 17 erations Center: Provided further, That of the total
- 18 amount made available under this heading, \$32,500,000
- 19 shall be for the Urban Search and Rescue Response Sys-
- 20 tem, of which not to exceed \$1,600,000 may be made
- 21 available for administrative costs; and \$6,995,000 shall be

for the Office of National Capital Region Coordination: Provided further, That for purposes of planning, coordination, execution, and decision-making related to mass evacuation during a disaster, the Governors of the State of West Virginia and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or their designees, shall be incorporated into efforts to integrate the activities of Federal, State, and local governments in the National Capital Region, as defined in section 882 of Public Law 107–296, the Homeland Security Act of 2002. 10 11 STATE AND LOCAL PROGRAMS 12 (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS) 13 For grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and 14 other activities, \$3,015,200,000 shall be allocated as fol-15 lows: 16 (1) \$950,000,000 shall be for the State Home-17 land Security Grant Program under section 2004 of 18 the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 605): 19 *Provided*, That of the amount provided by this para-20 for \$60,000,000 shall be graph, Operation 21 Stonegarden: Provided further, That notwithstanding

- 1 subsection (c)(4) of such section 2004, for fiscal 2 year 2010, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall 3 make available to local and tribal governments 4 amounts provided to the Commonwealth of Puerto 5 Rico under this paragraph in accordance with sub-6 section (c)(1) of such section 2004. 7 (2) \$887,000,000 shall be for the Urban Area 8 Security Initiative under section 2003 of the Home-9 land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 604), of which, 10 notwithstanding subsection (c)(1) of such section, 11 \$19,000,000 shall be for grants to organizations (as 12 described under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax section 13 14 501(a) of such code) determined by the Secretary of 15 Homeland Security to be at high risk of a terrorist 16 attack. 17 (3) \$35,000,000 shall be for Regional Cata-
 - (3) \$35,000,000 shall be for Regional Cata strophic Preparedness Grants.

18

19

20

(4) \$41,000,000 shall be for the Metropolitan Medical Response System under section 635 of the

1	Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act
2	of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 723).
3	(5) \$13,000,000 shall be for the Citizen Corps
4	Program.
5	(6) \$300,000,000 shall be for Public Transpor-
6	tation Security Assistance and Railroad Security As
7	sistance, under sections 1406 and 1513 of the Im-
8	plementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commis-
9	sion Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-53; 6 U.S.C
.0	1135 and 1163), of which not less than \$20,000,000
.1	shall be for Amtrak security: Provided, That such
2	public transportation security assistance shall be
3	provided directly to public transportation agencies.
.4	(7) \$300,000,000 shall be for Port Security
.5	Grants in accordance with 46 U.S.C. 70107, not
6	withstanding 46 U.S.C. 70107(c).
.7	(8) \$12,000,000 shall be for Over-the-Road Bus
.8	Security Assistance under section 1532 of the Imple-
.9	menting Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission
20	Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53; 6 U.S.C. 1182)

1	(9) \$50,000,000 shall be for Buffer Zone Pro-
2	tection Program Grants.
3 .	(10) \$50,000,000 shall be for the Driver's Li-
4	cense Security Grants Program in accordance with
5	section 204 of the REAL ID Act of 2005 (49 U.S.C.
6	30301 note).
7	(11) \$50,000,000 shall be for the Interoperable
8	Emergency Communications Grant Program under
9	section 1809 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
10	(6 U.S.C. 579).
11	(12) \$60,000,000 shall be for grants for Emer-
12	gency Operations Centers under section 614 of the
13	Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
14	Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5196c) to remain avail-
15	able until expended, of which no less than the
16	amount specified for each Emergency Operations
17	Center shall be provided as follows: \$500,000, Ben-
18	ton County Emergency Management Commission,
19	Iowa; \$100,000, Brazoria County Emergency Man-
20	agement, Texas; \$800,000, Butte-Silver Bow, Mon-
21	tana; \$338,000, Calvert County Department of Pub-

1 lic Safety, Maryland; \$425,000, City of Alamosa 2 Fire Department, Colorado; \$600,000, City of Ames, 3 Iowa; \$250,000, City of Boerne, Texas; \$500,000, 4 City of Brawley, California; \$300,000, City of Brig-5 antine, New Jersey; \$350,000, City of Brookings, Oregon; \$1,000,000, City of Chicago, 6 Illinois: 7 of\$1,000,000, City Commerce, California; 8 \$300,000, City of Cupertino, California; \$1,000,000, 9 City of Detroit, Michigan; \$750,000, City of Elk 10 Grove, California; \$400,000, City of Green Cove Springs, Florida; \$600,000, City of Greenville, 11 12 North Carolina; \$300,000, City of Hackensack, New Jersey; \$800,000, City of Hartford, Connecticut; 13 14 \$250,000, City of Hopewell, Virginia; \$254,500, 15 City of La Habra, California; \$600,000, City of Las 16 Vegas, Nevada; \$750,000, City of Lauderdale Lakes, Florida; \$750,000, City of Minneapolis, Minnesota; 17 18 \$375,000, City of Monterey Park, California; 19 \$400,000, City of Moreno Valley, California; 20 \$1,000,000, City of Mount Vernon, New York; 21 \$1,000,000, City of Newark, New Jersey; \$900,000,

1	City of North Little Rock, Arkansas; \$350,000, City
2	of Palm Coast, Florida; \$750,000, City of Port Gib-
3	son, Mississippi; \$500,000, City of Scottsdale, Ari-
4	zona; \$750,000, City of Sunrise, Florida; \$500,000,
5	City of Tavares, Florida; \$400,000, City of
6	Torrington, Connecticut; \$900,000, City of White-
7	fish, Montana; \$500,000, City of Whittier, Cali-
8	fornia; \$500,000, City of Wichita, Kansas;
9	\$500,000, Columbia County, Oregon; \$500,000,
10	County of Union, New Jersey; \$400,000, Dorchester
11	County, South Carolina; \$200,000, Fulton County
12	(Atlanta) Emergency Management Agency, Georgia;
13	\$250,000, Howell County Emergency Preparedness,
14	Missouri; \$500,000, Jackson County Sheriff's Of-
15	fice, Missouri; \$750,000, Johnson County, Texas;
16	\$500,000, Kentucky Emergency Management, Ken-
17	tucky; \$800,000, Lake County, Florida; \$600,000,
18	Lea County, New Mexico; \$1,000,000, Lincoln
19	County, Washington; \$250,000, Lycoming County,
20	Pennsylvania; \$250,000, Macomb County Emer-
21	gency Management and Communications, Michigan;

1	\$300,000, Mercer County Emergency Management
2	Agency, Kentucky; \$1,000,000, Middle Rio Grande
3	Development Council, Texas; \$250,000, Minooka
4	Fire Protection District, Illinois; \$800,000, Mobile
5	County Commission, Alabama; \$200,000, Monroe
6	County, Florida; \$1,000,000, Morris County, New
7	Jersey Office of Emergency Management, New Jer-
8	sey; \$750,000, New Orleans Emergency Medical
9	Services, Louisiana; \$1,000,000, North Carolina Of-
10	fice of Emergency Management, North Carolina;
11	\$500,000, North Hudson Regional Fire and Rescue,
12	New Jersey; \$980,000, North Louisiana Regional,
13	Lincoln Parish, Louisiana; \$1,500,000, Ohio Emer-
14	gency Management Agency, Columbus, Ohio;
15	\$250,000, Passaic County Prosecutor's Office, New
16	Jersey; \$980,000, City of Providence, Rhode Island;
17	\$800,000, San Francisco Department of Emergency
18	Management, California; \$300,000, Sarasota Coun-
19	ty, Florida; \$650,000, Scotland County, North Caro-
20	lina; \$500,000, Somerset County, Maine;
21	\$1,500,000, State of Maryland, Maryland;

1	\$158,000, City of Maitland, Florida; \$500,000
2	Tohono O'odham Nation; \$75,000, Towamencin
3	Township, Pennsylvania; \$275,000, Town of Har-
4	rison, New York; \$500,000, Town of Shorter, Ala-
5	bama; \$750,000, Township of Irvington, New Jer-
6	sey; \$500,000, Township of Old Bridge, New Jersey
7	\$247,000, Township of South Orange Village, South
8	Orange, New Jersey; \$500,000, Upper Darby Town-
9	ship Police Department, Pennsylvania; \$165,000
10	Village of Elmsford, New York; \$350,000, Wash-
11 .	ington Parish Government, Louisiana; \$900,000
12	Westmoreland County Department of Public Safety
13	Pennsylvania; \$1,000,000, Williamsburg County
14	South Carolina; and \$20,000, Winston County Com-
15	mission, Alabama.
16	(13) \$267,200,000 shall be for training, exer-
17	cises, technical assistance, and other programs, of
18	which—
19	(A) \$164,500,000 shall be for the National
20	Domestic Preparedness Consortium in accord-
21	ance with section 1204 of the Implementing

1	Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act
2	of 2007 (6 U.S.C. 1102), of which \$62,500,000
3	shall be for the Center for Domestic Prepared-
4	ness; \$23,000,000 shall be for the National En-
5	ergetic Materials Research and Testing Center,
6	New Mexico Institute of Mining and Tech-
7	nology; \$23,000,000 shall be for the National
8	Center for Biomedical Research and Training,
9	Louisiana State University; \$23,000,000 shall
10	be for the National Emergency Response and
11	Rescue Training Center, Texas A&M Univer-
12	sity; \$23,000,000 shall be for the National Ex-
13	ercise, Test, and Training Center, Nevada Test
14	Site; \$5,000,000 shall be for the Natural Dis-
15	aster Preparedness Training Center, University
16	of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii; \$5,000,000 shall
. 17	be for surface transportation emergency pre-
18	paredness and response training to be awarded
19	under full and open competition;

1	(B) \$1,700,000 shall be for the Center for
2	Counterterrorism and Cyber Crime, Norwich
3	University, Northfield, Vermont; and
4	(C) \$3,000,000 shall be for the Rural Do-
5	mestic Preparedness Consortium, Eastern Ken-
6	tucky University:
7	Provided, That 4 percent of the amounts provided under
8	this heading shall be transferred to the Federal Emer-
9	gency Management Agency "Management and Adminis-
10	tration" account for program administration, and an ex-
11	penditure plan for program administration shall be pro-
12	vided to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate
13	and the House of Representatives within 60 days after the
14	date of enactment of this Act: Provided further, That not-
15	withstanding section 2008(a)(11) of the Homeland Secu-
16	rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 609(a)(11)), or any other pro-
17	vision of law, a grantee may use not more than 5 percent
18	of the amount of a grant made available under this head-
19	ing for expenses directly related to administration of the
20	grant: Provided further, That for grants under paragraphs
2.1	(1) through (5) the applications for grants shall be made

available to eligible applicants not later than 25 days after the date of enactment of this Act, that eligible applicants shall submit applications not later than 90 days after the grant announcement, and that the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall act within 90 days after receipt of an application: Provided further, That for grants under paragraphs (6) through (11), the applications for grants shall be made available to eligible applicants not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, that eligible applicants shall submit applications within 45 days after the grant announcement, and that the Federal Emergency Management Agency 13 shall act not later than 60 days after receipt of an application: Provided further, That for grants under paragraphs 15 (1) and (2), the installation of communications towers is not considered construction of a building or other physical 17 facility: Provided further, That grantees shall provide re-18 ports on their use of funds, as determined necessary by the Secretary: Provided further, That (a) the Center for 20 Domestic Preparedness may provide training to emergency response providers from the Federal Government,

- 1 foreign governments, or private entities, if the Center for
- 2 Domestic Preparedness is reimbursed for the cost of such
- 3 training, and any reimbursement under this subsection
- 4 shall be credited to the account from which the expendi-
- 5 ture being reimbursed was made and shall be available,
- 6 without fiscal year limitation, for the purposes for which
- 7 amounts in the account may be expended, and (b) the
- 8 head of the Center for Domestic Preparedness shall ensure
- 9 that any training provided under (a) does not interfere
- 10 with the primary mission of the Center to train State and
- 11 local emergency response providers.
- 12 FIREFIGHTER ASSISTANCE GRANTS
- For necessary expenses for programs authorized by
- 14 the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15
- 15 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.), \$810,000,000, of which
- 16 \$390,000,000 shall be available to carry out section 33
- 17 of that Act (15 U.S.C. 2229) and \$420,000,000 shall be
- 18 available to carry out section 34 of that Act (15 U.S.C.
- 19 2229a), to remain available until September 30, 2011:
- 20 Provided, That not to exceed 5 percent of the amount
- 21 available under this heading shall be available for program

- 1 administration, and an expenditure plan for program ad-
- 2 ministration shall be provided to the Committees on Ap-
- 3 propriations of the Senate and the House of Representa-
- 4 tives within 60 days after the date of enactment of this
- 5 Act.
- 6 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANTS
- 7 For necessary expenses for emergency management
- 8 performance grants, as authorized by the National Flood
- 9 Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.), the Rob-
- 10 ert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance
- 11 Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), the Earthquake Hazards
- 12 Reduction Act of 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.), and Re-
- 13 organization Plan No. 3 of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.),
- 14 \$340,000,000: Provided, That total administrative costs
- 15 shall not exceed 3 percent of the total amount appro-
- 16 priated under this heading, and an expenditure plan for
- 17 program administration shall be provided to the Commit-
- 18 tees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of
- 19 Representatives within 60 days after the date of enact-
- 20 ment of this Act.

1	RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PROGRAM
2	The aggregate charges assessed during fiscal year
3	2010, as authorized in title III of the Departments of Vet
4	erans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and
5	Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (42
6	U.S.C. 5196e), shall not be less than 100 percent of the
7	amounts anticipated by the Department of Homeland Se
8	curity necessary for its radiological emergency prepared
9	ness program for the next fiscal year: Provided, That the
10	methodology for assessment and collection of fees shall be
11	fair and equitable and shall reflect costs of providing such
12	services, including administrative costs of collecting such
13	fees: Provided further, That fees received under this head
14	ing shall be deposited in this account as offsetting collec-
15	tions and will become available for authorized purposes or
16	October 1, 2010, and remain available until expended.
17	UNITED STATES FIRE ADMINISTRATION
18	For necessary expenses of the United States Fire Ad
19	ministration and for other purposes, as authorized by the
20	Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15

1	U.S.C. 2201 et seq.) and the Homeland Security Act of
2	2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 et seq.), \$45,588,000.
3	DISASTER RELIEF
4	(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)
5	For necessary expenses in carrying out the Robert
6	T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act
7	(42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), \$1,600,000,000, to remain avail-
8	able until expended: Provided, That the Federal Emer-
9	gency Management Agency shall submit an expenditure
0	plan to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate
1	and the House of Representatives detailing the use of the
2	funds for disaster readiness and support within 60 days
3	after the date of enactment of this Act: Provided further,
4	That the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall
5	submit to such Committees a quarterly report detailing
6	obligations against the expenditure plan and a justifica-
7	tion for any changes in spending: Provided further, That
8	of the total amount provided, \$16,000,000 shall be trans-
9	ferred to the Department of Homeland Security Office of
20	Inspector General for audits and investigations related to

21 disasters, subject to section 503 of this Act: Provided fur-

ther, That \$105,600,000 shall be transferred to Federal Emergency Management Agency "Management and Ad-3 ministration" for management and administration functions: Provided further, That the amount provided in the previous proviso shall not be available for transfer to 5 "Management and Administration" until the Federal Emergency Management Agency submits an expenditure plan to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives: Provided further, That the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall submit the monthly "Disaster Relief" report, as specified in Pub-11 lic Law 110–161, to the Committees on Appropriations 13 of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and include the amounts provided to each Federal agency for mission assignments: Provided further, That for any request for reimbursement from a Federal agency to the De-17 partment of Homeland Security to cover expenditures under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-18 19 gency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), or any mis-20 sion assignment orders issued by the Department for such purposes, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take 21

appropriate steps to ensure that each agency is periodi-2 cally reminded of Department policies on— 3 (1) the detailed information required in sup-4 porting documentation for reimbursements; and 5 (2) the necessity for timeliness of agency bil-6 lings. 7 DISASTER ASSISTANCE DIRECT LOAN PROGRAM ACCOUNT 8 For activities under section 319 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act 10 (42 U.S.C. 5162), \$295,000 is for the cost of direct loans: Provided, That gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed \$25,000,000: Provided further, That the cost of modifying such loans shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a). 15 16 FLOOD MAP MODERNIZATION FUND 17 For necessary expenses under section 1360 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4101), 18 19 \$220,000,000, and such additional sums as may be pro-20 vided by State and local governments or other political subdivisions for cost-shared mapping activities under sec-

- 1 tion 1360(f)(2) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 4101(f)(2)), to re-
- 2 main available until expended: Provided, That total admin-
- 3 istrative costs shall not exceed 3 percent of the total
- 4 amount appropriated under this heading.
- 5 NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE FUND
- 6 For activities under the National Flood Insurance
- 7 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) and the Flood Dis-
- 8 aster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.),
- 9 \$146,000,000, which shall be derived from offsetting col-
- 10 lections assessed and collected under section 1308(d) of
- 11 the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
- 12 4015(d)), which is available as follows: (1) not to exceed
- 13 \$38,680,000 for salaries and expenses associated with
- 14 flood mitigation and flood insurance operations; and (2)
- 15 no less than \$107,320,000 for flood plain management
- 16 and flood mapping, which shall remain available until Sep-
- 17 tember 30, 2011: Provided, That any additional fees col-
- 18 lected pursuant to section 1308(d) of the National Flood
- 19 Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4015(d)) shall be cred-
- 20 ited as an offsetting collection to this account, to be avail-
- 21 able for flood plain management and flood mapping: Pro-

vided further, That in fiscal year 2010, no funds shall be

available from the National Flood Insurance Fund under section 1310 of that Act (42 U.S.C. 4017) in excess of: 4 (1) \$85,000,000 for operating expenses; (2) \$969,370,000 for commissions and taxes of agents; (3) such sums as are necessary for interest on Treasury borrowings; and (4) \$120,000,000, which shall remain available until expended for flood mitigation actions, of which \$70,000,000 is for 8 severe repetitive loss properties under section 1361A of 10 the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 11 4102a), of which \$10,000,000 is for repetitive insurance 12 claims properties under section 1323 of the National 13 Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4030), and of which \$40,000,000 is for flood mitigation assistance under section 1366 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4104c) notwithstanding subparagraphs (B) 16 17 and (C) of subsection (b)(3) and subsection (f) of section

21 (42 U.S.C. 4017): Provided further, That amounts col-

1366 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42)

U.S.C. 4104c) and notwithstanding subsection (a)(7) of

section 1310 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968

18

19

- 1 lected under section 102 of the Flood Disaster Protection
- 2 Act of 1973 and section 1366(i) of the National Flood
- 3 Insurance Act of 1968 shall be deposited in the National
- 4 Flood Insurance Fund to supplement other amounts speci-
- 5 fied as available for section 1366 of the National Flood
- 6 Insurance Act of 1968, notwithstanding 42 U.S.C.
- 7 4012a(f)(8), 4104c(i), and 4104d(b)(2)-(3): Provided fur-
- 8 ther, That total administrative costs shall not exceed 4
- 9 percent of the total appropriation.
- 10 NATIONAL PREDISASTER MITIGATION FUND
- 11 For the predisaster mitigation grant program under
- 12 section 203 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
- 13 Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133),
- 14 \$100,000,000, to remain available until expended and to
- 15 be obligated as detailed in the joint explanatory statement
- 16 accompanying this Act: Provided, That the total adminis-
- 17 trative costs associated with such grants shall not exceed
- 18 3 percent of the total amount made available under this
- 19 heading.

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1	EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER
2	To carry out the emergency food and shelter program
3	pursuant to title III of the McKinney-Vento Homeless As-
4	sistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11331 et seq.), \$200,000,000, to
5	remain available until expended: Provided, That total ad-
6	ministrative costs shall not exceed 3.5 percent of the total
7	amount made available under this heading.

1	TITLE IV
2	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, TRAINING,
3	AND SERVICES
4	United States Citizenship and Immigration
5	Services
6	For necessary expenses for citizenship and immigra-
7	tion services, \$224,000,000, of which \$50,000,000 is for
8	processing applications for asylum or refugee status; of
9	which \$5,000,000 is for the processing of military natu-
10	ralization applications; and of which \$137,000,000 is for
11	the basic pilot program (E-Verify Program), as authorized
12	by section 402 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Im-
13	migrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note),
14	to assist United States employers with maintaining a legal
15	workforce: Provided, That of the amounts made available
16	for the basic pilot program (E-Verify Program),
17	\$30,000,000 shall remain available until September 30,
18	2011: Provided further, That notwithstanding any other
19	provision of law, funds available to United States Citizen-
20	ship and Immigration Services may be used to acquire,
21	operate, equip, and dispose of up to five vehicles, for re-

placement only, for areas where the Administrator of General Services does not provide vehicles for lease: Provided further, That the Director of United States Citizenship and Immigration Services may authorize employees who are assigned to those areas to use such vehicles to travel between the employees' residences and places of employment: Provided further, That none of the funds made available under this heading may be obligated for processing applications for asylum or refugee status unless the Secretary of Homeland Security has published a final rule updating part 103 of title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, to discontinue the asylum/refugee surcharge: Provided further, That none of the funds made available under this heading may be obligated for development of the "REAL ID hub" until the Committees on Appropriations of the 16 Senate and the House of Representatives receive a plan 17 for expenditure for that program that describes the strategic context of the program, the specific goals and milestones set for the program, and the funds allocated for 20 achieving each of these goals and milestones: Provided further, That none of the funds made available in this Act

for grants for immigrant integration may be used to provide services to aliens who have not been lawfully admitted 3 for permanent residence. 4 FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER 5 SALARIES AND EXPENSES 6 For necessary expenses of the Federal Law Enforce-7 ment Training Center, including materials and support costs of Federal law enforcement basic training; the purchase of not to exceed 117 vehicles for police-type use and hire of passenger motor vehicles; expenses for student athletic and related activities; the conduct of and participation in firearms matches and presentation of awards; public awareness and enhancement of community support of law enforcement training; room and board for student interns; a flat monthly reimbursement to employees authorized to use personal mobile phones for official duties; and services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United 17 18 States Code; \$239,356,000, of which up to \$47,751,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2011, for materials and support costs of Federal law enforcement basic 20

training; of which \$300,000 shall remain available until

expended for Federal law enforcement agencies participating in training accreditation, to be distributed as determined by the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center for the needs of participating agencies; and of which not to exceed \$12,000 shall be for official reception and representation expenses: *Provided*, That the Center is authorized to obligate funds in anticipation of reimbursements from agencies receiving training sponsored by the Center, except that total obligations at the end of the fiscal year shall not exceed total budgetary resources available at the end of the fiscal year: Provided further, That section 1202(a) of Public Law 107–206 (42 U.S.C. 3771 note), 13 as amended by Public Law 110–329 (122 Stat. 3677), is further amended by striking "December 31, 2011" and inserting "December 31, 2012": Provided further, That 15 the Federal Law Enforcement Training Accreditation Board, including representatives from the Federal law en-17 forcement community and non-Federal accreditation ex-18 perts involved in law enforcement training, shall lead the 19 Federal law enforcement training accreditation process to 20 continue the implementation of measuring and assessing

the quality and effectiveness of Federal law enforcement 2 training programs, facilities, and instructors: *Provided* further, That the Director of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center shall schedule basic or advanced law enforcement training, or both, at all four training facilities under the control of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center to ensure that such training facilities are operated at the highest capacity throughout the fiscal year. 9 ACQUISITIONS, CONSTRUCTION, IMPROVEMENTS, AND 10 RELATED EXPENSES 11 For acquisition of necessary additional real property and facilities, construction, and ongoing maintenance, fa-13 cility improvements, and related expenses of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, \$43,456,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the Center is authorized to accept reimbursement to this appropriation from government agencies requesting the construction 17 18 of special use facilities.

	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	1
	MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	2
	For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under	3
	Secretary for Science and Technology and for manage-	4
	ment and administration of programs and activities, as	5
	authorized by title III of the Homeland Security Act of	6
	2002 (6 U.S.C. 181 et seq.), \$143,200,000: Provided,	7
	That not to exceed \$10,000 shall be for official reception	8
	and representation expenses.	9
	RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, ACQUISITION, AND	10
	OPERATIONS	. 11
	For necessary expenses for science and technology re-	12
	search, including advanced research projects; development;	13
	test and evaluation; acquisition; and operations; as author-	14
	ized by title III of the Homeland Security Act of 2002	15
	(6 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) \$863,271,000, of which	16
_ of which	\$713,083,000, to remain available until September 30,	17
	2012, and \$150,188,000, to remain available until Sep-	18
	tember 30, 2014, solely for Laboratory Facilities: Pro-	19
	vided, That not less than \$20,865,000 shall be available	20
	for the Southeast Region Research Initiative at the Oak	21

1 Ridge National Laboratory: Provided further, That not

2 less than \$3,000,000 shall be available for Distributed En-

3 vironment for Critical Infrastructure Decisionmaking Ex-

ercises: Provided further, That not less than \$12,000,000

for construction expenses of the Pacific Northwest Na-

5 tional Laboratory: Provided further, That not less than

7 \$2,000,000 shall be for the Cincinnati Urban Area part-

8 nership established through the Regional Technology Inte-

9 gration Initiative: Provided further, That not less than

10 \$10,000,000 shall be available for the National Institute

11 for Hometown Security, Kentucky: Provided further, That

12 not less than \$2,000,000 shall be available for the Naval

13 Postgraduate School: Provided further, That not less than

14 \$1,000,000 shall be available to continue a homeland secu-

15 rity research, development, and manufacturing pilot

16 project: Provided further, That not less than \$500,000

17 shall be available for a demonstration project to develop

18 situational awareness and decision support capabilities

19 through remote sensing technologies: Provided further,

20 That not less than \$4,000,000 shall be available for a pilot

21 program to develop a replicable port security system that

shall be)

I	would improve maritime domain awareness: Provided fur-
2	ther, That \$32,000,000 shall be for the National Bio- and
3	Agro-defense Facility, of which up to \$2,000,000 may be
4	obligated for the National Academy of Sciences to com-
5	plete the Letter Report required in section(b) of
6	this Act.
7	DOMESTIC NUCLEAR DETECTION OFFICE
8	MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION
9	For salaries and expenses of the Domestic Nuclear
10	Detection Office as authorized by title XIX of the Home-
11	land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 591 et seq.) as
12	amended, for management and administration of pro-
13	grams and activities, \$38,500,000: Provided, That not to
14	exceed \$3,000 shall be for official reception and represen-
15	tation expenses.
16	RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND OPERATIONS
17	For necessary expenses for radiological and nuclear
18	research, development, testing, evaluation, and operations,
19	\$324,537,000, to remain available until September 30,
2 0	2012

1 SYSTEMS ACQUISITION 2 For expenses for the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office acquisition and deployment of radiological detection 3 systems in accordance with the global nuclear detection architecture, \$20,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2012: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading in this Act or any other Act shall be obligated for full-scale procurement of Advanced Spectroscopic Portal monitors until the Secretary of Homeland Security submits to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report certifying that a significant increase in operational effectiveness will be achieved by such obligation: Provided further, That the Secretary shall submit separate and distinct certifications prior to the procurement of Advanced Spectroscopic Portal monitors for primary and secondary deployment that address the unique requirements for operational effectiveness of each type of deployment: Provided further, That the Secretary shall continue to consult with the National Academy of Sciences before making 21 such certifications: *Provided further*, That none of the

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- 1 funds appropriated under this heading shall be used for
- 2 high-risk concurrent development and production of mutu-
- 3 ally dependent software and hardware.

1	TITLE V
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3.	(INCLUDING RESCISSIONS OF FUNDS)
4	Sec. 501. No part of any appropriation contained in
5	this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the
6	current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.
7	Sec. 502. Subject to the requirements of section 503
8	of this Act, the unexpended balances of prior appropria-
9	tions provided for activities in this Act may be transferred
10	to appropriation accounts for such activities established
11	pursuant to this Act, may be merged with funds in the
12	applicable established accounts, and thereafter may be ac-
13	counted for as one fund for the same time period as origi-
14	nally enacted.
15	SEC. 503. (a) None of the funds provided by this Act,
16	provided by previous appropriations Acts to the agencies
17	in or transferred to the Department of Homeland Security
18	that remain available for obligation or expenditure in fiscal
19	year 2010, or provided from any accounts in the Treasury
20	of the United States derived by the collection of fees avail-
21	able to the agencies funded by this Act, shall be available

- for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds that: (1) creates a new program, project, or activity; (2) eliminates a program, project, office, or activity; (3) increases funds for any program, project, or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted by the Congress; (4) proposes to use funds directed for a specific activity by either of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate or the House of Representatives for a different purpose; or (5) contracts out any function or activity for which funding levels were requested for Federal full-time equivalents in the object classification tables contained in the fiscal year 2010 Budget Appendix for the Department of Homeland Security, as modified by the joint explanatory statement accompanying this Act, unless the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of 15 Representatives are notified 15 days in advance of such reprogramming of funds. 17 18 (b) None of the funds provided by this Act, provided
- 18 (b) None of the funds provided by this Act, provided 19 by previous appropriations Acts to the agencies in or 20 transferred to the Department of Homeland Security that 21 remain available for obligation or expenditure in fiscal

- 1 year 2010, or provided from any accounts in the Treasury
- 2 of the United States derived by the collection of fees or
- 3 proceeds available to the agencies funded by this Act, shall
- 4 be available for obligation or expenditure for programs,
- 5 projects, or activities through a reprogramming of funds
- 6 in excess of \$5,000,000 or 10 percent, whichever is less,
- 7 that: (1) augments existing programs, projects, or activi-
- 8 ties; (2) reduces by 10 percent funding for any existing
- 9 program, project, or activity, or numbers of personnel by
- 10 10 percent as approved by the Congress; or (3) results
- 11 from any general savings from a reduction in personnel
- 12 that would result in a change in existing programs,
- 13 projects, or activities as approved by the Congress, unless
- 14 the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the
- 15 House of Representatives are notified 15 days in advance
- 16 of such reprogramming of funds.
- 17 (c) Not to exceed 5 percent of any appropriation
- 18 made available for the current fiscal year for the Depart-
- 19 ment of Homeland Security by this Act or provided by
- 20 previous appropriations Acts may be transferred between
- 21 such appropriations, but no such appropriation, except as

- 1 otherwise specifically provided, shall be increased by more
- 2 than 10 percent by such transfers: Provided, That any
- 3 transfer under this section shall be treated as a re-
- 4 programming of funds under subsection (b) and shall not
- 5 be available for obligation unless the Committees on Ap-
- 6 propriations of the Senate and the House of Representa-
- 7 tives are notified 15 days in advance of such transfer.
- 8 (d) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b), and (c) of
- 9 this section, no funds shall be reprogrammed within or
- 10 transferred between appropriations after June 30, except
- 11 in extraordinary circumstances that imminently threaten
- 12 the safety of human life or the protection of property.
- 13 SEC. 504. The Department of Homeland Security
- 14 Working Capital Fund, established pursuant to section
- 15 403 of Public Law 103-356 (31 U.S.C. 501 note), shall
- 16 continue operations as a permanent working capital fund
- 17 for fiscal year 2010: Provided, That none of the funds ap-
- 18 propriated or otherwise made available to the Department
- 19 of Homeland Security may be used to make payments to
- 20 the Working Capital Fund, except for the activities and
- 21 amounts allowed in the President's fiscal year 2010 budg-

- 1 et: Provided further, That funds provided to the Working
- 2 Capital Fund shall be available for obligation until ex-
- 3 pended to carry out the purposes of the Working Capital
- 4 Fund: Provided further, That all departmental components
- 5 shall be charged only for direct usage of each Working
- 6 Capital Fund service: Provided further, That funds pro-
- 7 vided to the Working Capital Fund shall be used only for
- 8 purposes consistent with the contributing component: Pro-
- 9 vided further, That such fund shall be paid in advance or
- 10 reimbursed at rates which will return the full cost of each
- 11 service: Provided further, That the Working Capital Fund
- 12 shall be subject to the requirements of section 503 of this
- 13 Act.
- 14 SEC. 505. Except as otherwise specifically provided
- 15 by law, not to exceed 50 percent of unobligated balances
- 16 remaining available at the end of fiscal year 2010 from
- 17 appropriations for salaries and expenses for fiscal year
- 18 2010 in this Act shall remain available through September
- 19 30, 2011, in the account and for the purposes for which
- 20 the appropriations were provided: Provided, That prior to
- 21 the obligation of such funds, a request shall be submitted

- 1 to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and
- 2 the House of Representatives for approval in accordance
- 3 with section 503 of this Act.
- 4 Sec. 506. Funds made available by this Act for intel-
- 5 ligence activities are deemed to be specifically authorized
- 6 by the Congress for purposes of section 504 of the Na-
- 7 tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 414) during fiscal
- 8 year 2010 until the enactment of an Act authorizing intel-
- 9 ligence activities for fiscal year 2010.
- 10 Sec. 507. None of the funds made available by this
- 11 Act may be used to make a grant allocation, grant award,
- 12 contract award, Other Transaction Agreement, a task or
- 13 delivery order on a Department of Homeland Security
- 14 multiple award contract, or to issue a letter of intent total-
- 15 ing in excess of \$1,000,000, or to announce publicly the
- 16 intention to make such an award, including a contract cov-
- 17 ered by the Federal Acquisition Regulation, unless the
- 18 Secretary of Homeland Security notifies the Committees
- 19 on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Rep-
- 20 resentatives at least 3 full business days in advance of
- 21 making such an award or issuing such a letter: Provided,

- 1 That if the Secretary of Homeland Security determines
- 2 that compliance with this section would pose a substantial
- 3 risk to human life, health, or safety, an award may be
- 4 made without notification and the Committees on Appro-
- 5 priations of the Senate and the House of Representatives
- 6 shall be notified not later than 5 full business days after
- 7 such an award is made or letter issued: Provided further,
- 8 That no notification shall involve funds that are not avail-
- 9 able for obligation: Provided further, That the notification
- 10 shall include the amount of the award, the fiscal year for
- 11 which the funds for the award were appropriated, and the
- 12 account from which the funds are being drawn: Provided
- 13 further, That the Federal Emergency Management Agency
- 14 shall brief the Committees on Appropriations of the Sen-
- 15 ate and the House of Representatives 5 full business days
- 16 in advance of announcing publicly the intention of making
- 17 an award under "State and Local Programs".
- 18 Sec. 508. Notwithstanding any other provision of
- 19 law, no agency shall purchase, construct, or lease any ad-
- 20 ditional facilities, except within or contiguous to existing
- 21 locations, to be used for the purpose of conducting Federal

- 1 law enforcement training without the advance approval of
- 2 the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the
- 3 House of Representatives, except that the Federal Law
- 4 Enforcement Training Center is authorized to obtain the
- 5 temporary use of additional facilities by lease, contract,
- 6 or other agreement for training which cannot be accommo-
- 7 dated in existing Center facilities.
- 8 Sec. 509. None of the funds appropriated or other-
- 9 wise made available by this Act may be used for expenses
- 10 for any construction, repair, alteration, or acquisition
- 11 project for which a prospectus otherwise required under
- 12 chapter 33 of title 40, United States Code, has not been
- 13 approved, except that necessary funds may be expended
- 14 for each project for required expenses for the development
- 15 of a proposed prospectus.
- 16 SEC. 510. Sections 519, 520, 522, 528, 530, and 531
- 17 of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations
- 18 Act, 2008 (division E of Public Law 110-161; 121 Stat.
- 19 2072, 2073, 2074, 2082) shall apply with respect to funds
- 20 made available in this Act in the same manner as such
- 21 sections applied to funds made available in that Act.

- 1 Sec. 511. None of the funds made available in this
- 2 Act may be used in contravention of the applicable provi-
- 3 sions of the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a et seq.).
- 4 Sec. 512. None of the funds made available in this
- 5 Act may be used to amend the oath of allegiance required
- 6 by section 337 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
- 7 (8 U.S.C. 1448).
- 8 Sec. 513. None of the funds appropriated by this Act
- 9 may be used to process or approve a competition under
- 10 Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76 for serv-
- 11 ices provided as of June 1, 2004, by employees (including
- 12 employees serving on a temporary or term basis) of United
- 13 States Citizenship and Immigration Services of the De-
- 14 partment of Homeland Security who are known as of that
- 15 date as Immigration Information Officers, Contact Rep-
- 16 resentatives, or Investigative Assistants.
- 17 Sec. 514. (a) The Assistant Secretary of Homeland
- 18 Security (Transportation Security Administration) shall
- 19 work with air carriers and airports to ensure that the
- 20 screening of cargo carried on passenger aircraft, as de-
- 21 fined in section 44901(g)(5) of title 49, United States

- 1 Code, increases incrementally each quarter until the re-
- 2 quirement of section 44901(g)(2)(B) of title 49 is met.
- 3 (b) Not later than 45 days after the end of each quar-
- 4 ter, the Assistant Secretary shall submit to the Commit-
- 5 tees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of
- 6 Representatives a report on air cargo inspection statistics
- 7 by airport and air carrier detailing the incremental
- 8 progress being made to meet the requirement of section
- 9 44901(g)(2)(B) of title 49, United States Code.
- 10 (c) Not later than 180 days after the date of the en-
- 11 actment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall submit
- 12 to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and
- 13 the House of Representatives, a report on how the Trans-
- 14 portation Security Administration plans to meet the re-
- 15 quirement for screening all air cargo on passenger aircraft
- 16 by the deadline under section 44901(g) of title 49, United
- 17 States Code. The report shall identify the elements of the
- 18 system to screen 100 percent of cargo transported between
- 19 domestic airports at a level of security commensurate with
- 20 the level of security for the screening of passenger checked
- 21 baggage.

- 1 Sec. 515. Within 45 days after the end of each
- 2 month, the Chief Financial Officer of the Department of
- 3 Homeland Security shall submit to the Committees on Ap-
- 4 propriations of the Senate and the House of Representa-
- 5 tives a monthly budget and staffing report for that month
- 6 that includes total obligations, on-board versus funded
- 7 full-time equivalent staffing levels, and the number of con-
- 8 tract employees for each office of the Department.
- 9 Sec. 516. Except as provided in section 44945 of title
- 10 49, United States Code, funds appropriated or transferred
- 11 to Transportation Security Administration "Aviation Se-
- 12 curity", "Administration" and "Transportation Security
- 13 Support" for fiscal years 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and
- 14 2008 that are recovered or deobligated shall be available
- 15 only for the procurement or installation of explosives de-
- 16 tection systems, air cargo, baggage, and checkpoint
- 17 screening systems, subject to notification: Provided, That
- 18 quarterly reports shall be submitted to the Committees on
- 19 Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Represent-
- 20 atives on any funds that are recovered or deobligated.

- 1 Sec. 517. Any funds appropriated to Coast Guard
- 2 "Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements" for fiscal
- 3 years 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, and 2006 for the 110-
- 4 123 foot patrol boat conversion that are recovered, col-
- 5 lected, or otherwise received as the result of negotiation,
- 6 mediation, or litigation, shall be available until expended
- 7 for the Replacement Patrol Boat (FRC-B) program.
- 8 Sec. 518. (a) None of the funds provided by this or
- 9 any other Act may be obligated for the development, test-
- 10 ing, deployment, or operation of any portion of a human
- 11 resources management system authorized by section
- 12 9701(a) of title 5, United States Code, or by regulations
- 13 prescribed pursuant to such section, for an employee, as
- 14 that term is defined in section 7103(a)(2) of such title.
- 15 (b) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall col-
- 16 laborate with employee representatives in the manner pre-
- 17 scribed in section 9701(e) of title 5, United States Code,
- 18 in the planning, testing, and development of any portion
- 19 of a human resources management system that is devel-
- 20 oped, tested, or deployed for persons excluded from the

- 1 definition of employee as that term is defined in section
- 2 7103(a)(2) of such title.
- 3 Sec. 519. Section 532(a) of Public Law 109–295
- 4 (120 Stat. 1384) is amended by striking "2009" and in-
- 5 serting "2010".
- 6 Sec. 520. The functions of the Federal Law Enforce-
- 7 ment Training Center instructor staff shall be classified
- 8 as inherently governmental for the purpose of the Federal
- 9 Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (31 U.S.C. 501
- 10 note).
- 11 Sec. 521. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
- 12 none of the funds appropriated in this or any other Act
- 13 to the Office of the Secretary and Executive Management,
- 14 the Office of the Under Secretary for Management, or the
- 15 Office of the Chief Financial Officer, may be obligated for
- 16 a grant or contract funded under such headings by any
- 17 means other than full and open competition.
- 18 (b) Subsection (a) does not apply to obligation of
- 19 funds for a contract awarded—
- 20 (1) by a means that is required by a Federal
- statute, including obligation for a purchase made

1	under a mandated preferential program, including
2	the AbilityOne Program, that is authorized under
3	the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46 et
4	seq.);
5	(2) pursuant to the Small Business Act (15
6	U.S.C. 631 et seq.);
7	(3) in an amount less than the simplified acqui-
8	sition threshold described under section 302A(a) of
9	the Federal Property and Administrative Services
0	Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 252a(a)); or
1	(4) by another Federal agency using funds pro-
2	vided through an interagency agreement.
3	(c)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of
4	Homeland Security may waive the application of this sec-
5	tion for the award of a contract in the interest of national
6	security or if failure to do so would pose a substantial risk
7	to human health or welfare.
8	(2) Not later than 5 days after the date on which
9	the Secretary of Homeland Security issues a waiver under
20	this subsection, the Secretary shall submit notification of
21	that waiver to the Committees on Appropriations of the

- 1 Senate and the House of Representatives, including a de-
- 2 scription of the applicable contract and an explanation of
- 3 why the waiver authority was used. The Secretary may
- 4 not delegate the authority to grant such a waiver.
- 5 (d) In addition to the requirements established by
- 6 subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, the Inspector
- 7 General of the Department of Homeland Security shall re-
- 8 view departmental contracts awarded through means other
- 9 than a full and open competition to assess departmental
- 10 compliance with applicable laws and regulations: Provided,
- 11 That the Inspector General shall review selected contracts
- 12 awarded in the previous fiscal year through means other
- 13 than a full and open competition: Provided further, That
- 14 in selecting which contracts to review, the Inspector Gen-
- 15 eral shall consider the cost and complexity of the goods
- 16 and services to be provided under the contract, the criti-
- 17 cality of the contract to fulfilling Department missions,
- 18 past performance problems on similar contracts or by the
- 19 selected vendor, complaints received about the award proc-
- 20 ess or contractor performance, and such other factors as
- 21 the Inspector General deems relevant: Provided further,

That the Inspector General shall report the results of the reviews to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives no later than February 5, 2010. 5 SEC. 522. Except as provided in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section, none of the funds provided by this or previous appropriations Acts shall be used to fund any position designated as a Principal Federal Official, or any successor position, for any Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) declared disasters or emergencies— 12 (1) The Secretary of Homeland Security may waive the application of this section provided that 13 14 any field position appointed pursuant to this waiver 15 shall not hold the title of Principal Federal Official, 16 shall functionally report through the Federal Coordi-17 nating Officer appointed under section 302 of the 18 Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency 19 Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5143), and shall be sub-

ject to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 319

- of title 6, United States Code. The Secretary may 2 not delegate the authority to grant such a waiver. 3 (2) Not later than 10 business days after the 4 date on which the Secretary of Homeland Security 5 issues a waiver under this section, the Secretary 6 shall submit notification of that waiver to the Com-7 mittees on Appropriations of the Senate and the 8 House of Representatives, the Transportation and 9 Infrastructure Committee of the House of Rep-10 resentatives and the Homeland Security and Govern-11 mental Affairs Committee of the Senate explaining 12 the circumstances necessitating the waiver, describ-13 ing the specific role of any officials appointed pursu-14 ant to the waiver, and outlining measures taken to 15 ensure compliance with subsection (c) of section 319 16 and subsections (c)(3) and (c)(4)(A) of section 313 17 of title 6, United States Code.
- 18 SEC. 523. None of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to enforce section 4025(1) 20 of Public Law 108–458 unless the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security (Transportation Security Administra-

- 1 tion) reverses the determination of July 19, 2007, that
- 2 butane lighters are not a significant threat to civil aviation
- 3 security.
- 4 Sec. 524. Funds made available in this Act may be
- 5 used to alter operations within the Civil Engineering Pro-
- 6 gram of the Coast Guard nationwide, including civil engi-
- 7 neering units, facilities design and construction centers,
- 8 maintenance and logistics commands, and the Coast
- 9 Guard Academy, except that none of the funds provided
- 10 in this Act may be used to reduce operations within any
- 11 Civil Engineering Unit unless specifically authorized by a
- 12 statute enacted after the date of the enactment of this
- 13 Act.
- 14 Sec. 525. None of the funds provided in this Act
- 15 shall be available to carry out section 872 of the Homeland
- 16 Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 452).
- 17 Sec. 526. None of the funds made available in this
- 18 Act may be used by United States Citizenship and Immi-
- 19 gration Services to grant an immigration benefit unless
- 20 the results of background checks required by law to be
- 21 completed prior to the granting of the benefit have been

- 1 received by United States Citizenship and Immigration
- 2 Services, and the results do not preclude the granting of
- 3 the benefit.
- 4 Sec. 527. None of the funds made available in this
- 5 Act may be used to destroy or put out to pasture any horse
- 6 or other equine belonging to the Federal Government that
- 7 has become unfit for service, unless the trainer or handler
- 8 is first given the option to take possession of the equine
- 9 through an adoption program that has safeguards against
- 10 slaughter and inhumane treatment.
- 11 Sec. 528. None of the funds provided in this Act
- 12 under the heading "Office of the Chief Information Offi-
- 13 cer" shall be used for data center development other than
- 14 for Data Center One (National Center for Critical Infor-
- 15 mation Processing and Storage) until the Chief Informa-
- 16 tion Officer certifies that Data Center One is fully utilized
- 17 as the Department's primary data storage center at the
- 18 highest capacity throughout the fiscal year.
- 19 Sec. 529. None of the funds in this Act shall be used
- 20 to reduce the United States Coast Guard's Operations

Systems Center mission or its government-employed or contract staff levels. 3 SEC. 530. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to conduct, or to implement the results of, a competition under Office of Management and Budget 5 Circular A-76 for activities performed with respect to the Coast Guard National Vessel Documentation Center. 7 8 Sec. 531. Section 831 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391) is amended-(1) in subsection (a), by striking "Until Sep-10 tember 30, 2009" and inserting "Until September 11 12 30, 2010,"; and 13 (2) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "September 30, 2009," and inserting "September 30, 2010,". 14 15 Sec. 532. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall require that all contracts of the Department of Homeland 17 Security that provide award fees link such fees to success-18 ful acquisition outcomes (which outcomes shall be speci-19 fied in terms of cost, schedule, and performance). 20 SEC. 533. None of the funds made available to the

Office of the Secretary and Executive Management under

- 1 this Act may be expended for any new hires by the Depart-
- 2 ment of Homeland Security that are not verified through
- 3 the basic pilot program (E-Verify Program) under section
- 4 401 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Re-
- 5 sponsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note).
- 6 Sec. 534. None of the funds made available in this
- 7 Act for U.S. Customs and Border Protection may be used
- 8 to prevent an individual not in the business of importing
- 9 a prescription drug (within the meaning of section 801(g)
- 10 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act) from im-
- 11 porting a prescription drug from Canada that complies
- 12 with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act: Provided,
- 13 That this section shall apply only to individuals trans-
- 14 porting on their person a personal-use quantity of the pre-
- 15 scription drug, not to exceed a 90-day supply: Provided
- 16 further, That the prescription drug may not be—
- 17 (1) a controlled substance, as defined in section
- 18 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
- 19 802); or

1	(2) a biological product, as defined in section
2	351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
3	262).
4	SEC. 535. None of the funds made available in this
5	Act may be used by the Secretary of Homeland Security
6	or any delegate of the Secretary to issue any rule or regu-
7	lation which implements the Notice of Proposed Rule-
8	making related to Petitions for Aliens To Perform Tem-
9	porary Nonagricultural Services or Labor (H–2B) set out
10	beginning on 70 Fed. Reg. 3984 (January 27, 2005).
1	SEC. 536. The Secretary of Homeland Security, in
12	consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall no-
13	tify the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and
14	the House of Representatives of any proposed transfers
15	of funds available under subsection (g)(4)(B) of title 31,
16	Unites States Code (as added by Public Law 102–393)
17	from the Department of the Treasury Forfeiture Fund to
18	any agency within the Department of Homeland Security:
19	Provided, That none of the funds identified for such a

- 1 priations of the Senate and the House of Representatives
- 2 approve the proposed transfers.
- 3 Sec. 537. None of the funds made available in this
- 4 Act may be used for planning, testing, piloting, or devel-
- 5 oping a national identification card.
- 6 SEC. 538. If the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Se-
- 7 curity (Transportation Security Administration) deter-
- 8 mines that an airport does not need to participate in the
- 9 basic pilot program (E-Verify Program) under section 402
- 10 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Respon-
- 11 sibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note), the Assistant
- 12 Secretary shall certify to the Committees on Appropria-
- 13 tions of the Senate and the House of Representatives that
- 14 no security risks will result from such non-participation.
- 15 Sec. 539. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision
- 16 of this Act, except as provided in subsection (b), and 30
- 17 days after the date that the President determines whether
- 18 to declare a major disaster because of an event and any
- 19 appeal is completed, the Administrator shall submit to the
- 20 Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Af-
- 21 fairs of the Senate, the Committee on Homeland Security

of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and publish on the website 5 of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, a report regarding that decision, which shall summarize damage 7 assessment information used to determine whether to declare a major disaster. 9 (b) The Administrator may redact from a report under subsection (a) any data that the Administrator determines would compromise national security. 11 12 (c) In this section— (1) the term "Administrator" means the Ad-13 14 ministrator of the Federal Emergency Management 15 Agency; and (2) the term "major disaster" has the meaning 16 17 given that term in section 102 of the Robert T. 18 Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance 19 Act (42 U.S.C. 5122). 20 Sec. 540. Notwithstanding any other provision of

law, should the Secretary of Homeland Security determine

that the National Bio- and Agro-defense Facility be located at a site other than Plum Island, New York, the Secretary shall have the Administrator of General Services sell through public sale all real and related personal property and transportation assets which support Plum Island operations, subject to such terms and conditions as necessary to protect government interests and meet program requirements: Provided, That the gross proceeds of such sale shall be deposited as offsetting collections into the Department of Homeland Security Science and Technology "Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations" account and, subject to appropriation, shall be available until expended, for site acquisition, construction, and costs related to the construction of the National Bio- and Agrodefense Facility, including the costs associated with the sale, including due diligence requirements, necessary envi-17 ronmental remediation at Plum Island, and reimbursement of expenses incurred by the General Services Admin-18 istration which shall not exceed 1 percent of the sale price or \$5,000,000, whichever is greater: Provided further, 20 That after the completion of construction and environ-21

1	mental remediation, the unexpended balances of funds ap-
2	propriated for costs in the preceding proviso shall be avail-
3	able for transfer to the appropriate account for design and
4	construction of a consolidated Department of Homeland
5	Security Headquarters project, excluding daily operations
6	and maintenance costs, notwithstanding section 503 of
7	this Act, and the Committees on Appropriations of the
8	Senate and the House of Representatives shall be notified
9	15 days prior to such transfer.
10	SEC. 541. The explanatory statement referenced in
11	section 4 of Public Law 110-161 for "National
12	Predisaster Mitigation Fund" under Federal Emergency
13	Management Agency is deemed to be amended—
14	(1) by striking "Dalton Fire District" and all
15	that follows through "750,000" and inserting the
16	following:
	"Franklin Regional Council of Governments, MA 250,000 Town of Lanesborough, MA 175,000 University of Massachusetts, MA 175,000";
17	(2) by striking "Santee and";
18	(3) by striking "3,000,000" and inserting
19	"1,500,000";

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1	(4) by inserting after the item relating to Adju-
2	tant General's Office of Emergency Preparedness
3	the following:
	"Town of Branchville, SC
4	and
5	(5) by striking "Public Works Department of
6	the City of Santa Cruz, CA" and inserting "Mon-
7	terey County Water Resources Agency, CA".
8	Sec. 542. Any official that is required by this Act
9	to report or certify to the Committees on Appropriations
10	of the Senate and the House of Representatives may not
11	delegate such authority to perform that act unless specifi-
12	cally authorized herein.
13	SEC. 543. (a) Section 203(m) of the Robert T. Staf-
14	ford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42
15	U.S.C. 5133(m)) is amended by striking "September 30,
16	2009" and inserting "September 30, 2010".
17	(b) Sections 1309 (a) and 1319 of the National Flood
18	Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4016(a) and 4026) are
19	amended by striking "September 30, 2008" and inserting
20	"June 30, 2010".

- 1 Sec. 544. (a) Not later than 3 months after the date
- 2 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- 3 rity shall consult with the Secretaries of Defense and
- 4 Transportation and develop a concept of operations for
- 5 unmanned aircraft systems in the United States national
- 6 airspace system for the purposes of border and maritime
- 7 security operations.
- 8 (b) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall report
- 9 to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and
- 10 the House of Representatives not later than 30 days after
- 11 the date of enactment of this Act on any foreseeable chal-
- 12 lenges to complying with subsection (a).
- 13 SEC. 545. From unobligated amounts that are avail-
- 14 able to the Coast Guard for fiscal year 2008 or 2009 for
- 15 "Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements" for shore-
- 16 side facilities and aids to navigation at Coast Guard Sec-
- 17 tor Buffalo, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall use
- 18 such sums as may be necessary to make improvements to
- 19 the land along the northern portion of Sector Buffalo to
- 20 enhance public access to the Buffalo Lighthouse and the
- 21 waterfront.

- 1 Sec. 546. For fiscal year 2010 and thereafter, the
- 2 Secretary may provide to personnel appointed or assigned
- 3 to serve abroad, allowances and benefits similar to those
- 4 provided under chapter 9 of title I of the Foreign Service
- 5 Act of 1990 (22 U.S.C. 4081 et seq.).
- 6 SEC. 547. Section 401(b) of the Illegal Immigration
- 7 Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8
- 8 U.S.C. 1324a note) is amended by striking "at the end
- 9 of the 11-year period beginning on the first day the pilot
- 10 program is in effect." and inserting "on September 30,
- 11 2012.".
- 12 SEC. 548. Section 610(b) of the Departments of
- 13 Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related
- 14 Agencies Appropriations Act, 1993 (8 U.S.C. 1153 note)
- 15 is amended by striking "for 15 years" and inserting "until
- 16 September 30, 2012".
- 17 Sec. 549. (a) In General.—Strike subparagraphs
- 18/(B) and (C) that appear within section 426(b) of division
- 19 J of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2005 (Public
- 20 Haw 108-447) and insert the following:

"(B) SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECV-RITY—One-third of the amounts deposited into the Fraud Prevention and Detection Account shall remain available to the Secretary of Homeland Security until expended for programs and activities to prevent and detect immigration benefit fraud, including fraud with respect to petitions filed under paragraph (1) or (2)(A) of section 214(c) to grant an alien nonimmigrant status described in subparagraph (H) or (L) of section 101(a)(15).

"(C) Secretary of Labor.—One-third of the amounts deposited into the Fraud Prevention and Detection Account shall remain available to the Secretary of Labor until expended for wage and hour enforcement programs and activities otherwise authorized to be conducted by the Secretary of Labor that focus on industries likely to employ nonimmigrants, including enforcement programs and activities described in section 212(n) and enforcement programs

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	1	and activities related to section
	2	214(c)(14)(A)(i).".
	3	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment made by
	4	subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enact-
.7	5	ment of this Act.
549 J	6	Sec. 550. (a) In addition to collection of registration
	7	fees described in section 244(c)(1)(B) of the Immigration
	8	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(1)(B)), fees for
	9	fingerprinting services, biometric services, and other nec-
	10	essary services may be collected when administering the
	11	program described in section 244 of such Act.
	12	(b) Subsection (a) shall be construed to apply for fis-
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550/-	13	cal year 1998 and each fiscal year thereafter.
	14	SEC. 551. Section 550(b) of the Department of
	15	Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law
	16	109-295; 6 U.S.C. 121 note) is amended by striking
	17	"three years after the date of enactment of this Act" and
01-	18	inserting "October 4, 2010".
	19	SEC. 552 . (a)(1) Sections $401(c)(1)$, $403(a)$,
55V	20	403(b)(1), 403(c)(1), and 405(b)(2) of the Illegal Immi-
	21	gration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996

- 1 (division C of Public Law 104–208; 8 U.S.C. 1324a note)
- 2 are amended by striking "basic pilot program" each place
- 3 that term appears and inserting "E-Verify Program".
- 4 (2) The heading of section 403(a) of the Illegal Immi-
- 5 gration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996
- 6 is amended by striking "Basic Pilot" and inserting "E-
- 7 Verify".
- 8 (b) Section 404(h)(1) of the Illegal Immigration Re-
- 9 form and Immigration Responsibility Act of 1996 (Public
- 10 Law 104-208; 8 U.S.C. 1324a note) is amended by strik-
- 11 ing "under a pilot program" and inserting "under this
- 12 subtitle".
- 13 Sec. 553. (a) None of the funds made available in
- 14 this or any other Act may be used to release an individual
- 15 (who is detained, as of June 26, 2009, at Naval Station,
- 16 Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, into the continental United
- 17 States, Alaska, Hawaii, or the District of Columbia, into
- 18 any of the United States territories of Guam, American
- 19 Samoa (AS), the United States Virgin Islands (USVI), the
- 20 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Commonwealth of
- 21 the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI).

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Sec. . (a) None of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to release an individual who is detained, as of June 24, 2009, at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, into the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, or the District of Columbia, into any of the United States territories of Guam, American Samoa (AS), the United States Virgin Islands (USVI), the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI).

- (b) None of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to transfer an individual who is detained, as of June 24, 2009, at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, into the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, or the District of Columbia, into any of the United States territories of Guam, American Samoa (AS), the United States Virgin Islands (USVI), the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), for the purpose of detention, except as provided in subsection (c).
- (c) None of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to transfer an individual who is detained, as of June 24, 2009, at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, into the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, or the District of Columbia, into any of the United States territories of Guam, American Samoa (AS), the United States Virgin Islands (USVI), the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), for the purposes of prosecuting such individual, or detaining such individual during legal proceedings, until 45 days after the plan described in subsection (d) is received.
- (d) The President shall submit to Congress, in classified form, a plan regarding the proposed disposition of any individual covered by subsection (c) who is detained as of June 24, 2009. Such plan shall include, at a minimum, each of the following for each such individual:
 - (1) A determination of the risk that the individual might instigate an act of terrorism within the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, the District of Columbia, or the United States territories if the individual were so transferred.
 - (2) A determination of the risk that the individual might advocate, coerce, or incite violent extremism, ideologically motivated criminal activity, or acts of terrorism, among inmate populations at incarceration facilities within the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, the District of Columbia, or the United States territories if the individual were transferred to such a facility.
 - (3) The costs associated with transferring the individual in question.
 - (4) The legal rationale and associated court demands for transfer.
 - (5) A plan for mitigation of any risks described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (7).



- (6) A copy of a notification to the Governor of the State to which the individual will be transferred, to the Mayor of the District of Columbia if the individual will be transferred to the District of Columbia, or to any United States territories with a certification by the Attorney General of the United States in classified form at least 14 days prior to such transfer (together with supporting documentation and justification) that the individual poses little or no security risk to the United States.
- (7) An assessment of any risk to the national security of the United States or its citizens, including members of the Armed Services of the United States, that is posed by such transfer and the actions taken to mitigate such risk.
- (e) None of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to transfer or release an individual detained at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, as of June 24, 2009, to the country of such individual's nationality or last habitual residence or to any other country other than the United States or to a freely associated State, unless the President submits to the Congress, in classified form, at least 15 days prior to such transfer or release, the following information:
 - (1) The name of any individual to be transferred or released and the country or the freely associated State to which such individual is to be transferred or released.
 - (2) An assessment of any risk to the national security of the United States or its citizens, including members of the Armed Services of the United States, that is posed by such transfer or release and the actions taken to mitigate such risk.
 - (3) The terms of any agreement with the country or the freely associated State for the acceptance of such individual, including the amount of any financial assistance related to such agreement.
- (f) None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to provide any immigration benefit (including a visa, admission into the United States or any of the United States territories, parole into the United States or any of the United States territories (other than parole for the purposes of prosecution and related detention), or classification as a refugee or applicant for asylum) to any individual who is detained, as of June 24, 2009, at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.
- (g) In this section, the term "freely associated States" means the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM), the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI), and the Republic of Palau.
- (h) Prior to the termination of detention operations at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, the President shall submit to the Congress a report in classified form describing the disposition or legal status of each individual detained at the facility as of the date of enactment of this Act.

1 (b) None of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to transfer an individual who is 3 detained, as of June 26, 2009, at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, into the continental United States, Alas-5 ka, Hawaii, or the District of Columbia, into any of the United States territories of Guam, American Samoa (AS), the United States Virgin Islands (USVI), the Common-7 wealth of Puerto Rico and the Commonwealth of the 8 Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), for the purposes of 9 prosecuting such individual, or detaining such individual 10 during legal proceedings, until 45 days after the plan de-11 12 scribed in subsection (c) is received. 13 (c) The President shall submit to Congress, in classified form, a plan regarding the proposed disposition of 14 any individual covered by subsection (b) who is detained 15 as of the date of the enactment of this Act. Such plan 16 shall include, at a minimum, each of the following for each such individual: 18 19 (1) Determines the risk that the individual 20 might instigate an act of terrorism within the conti-21 nehtal United States, Alaska, Hawaii, the District of

1	Columbia, or the United States territories if the in-
2	dividual were so transferred.]
3	[(2) Determines the risk that the individual
4	might advocate, coerce, or incite violent extremism,
5	ideologically motivated criminal activity, or acts of
6	terrorism, among inmate populations at incarcer-
7	ation facilities within the continental United States,
8	Alaska, Hawaii the District of Columbia, or the
9	United States territories if the individual were trans-
10	ferred to such a facility.]
11	[(3) The costs associated with transferring the
12	individual in question.
13	[(4) The legal rationale and associated court
14	demands for transfer.]
15	[(5) A plan for mitigation of any risks de-
16	scribed in paragraphs (1) and (2).
17	[(6) A copy of a notification to the Governor of
18	the State to which the individual will be transferred,
19	to the Mayor of the District of Columbia if the indi-
20	vidual will be transferred to the District of Colum-
21	bia, or to any United States territories with a certifi-

1	cation by the Attorney General of the United States
2	in classified form at least 14 days prior to such
3	transfer (together with supporting documentation
4	and justification) that the individual poses little or
5	no security risk to the United States.]
6	[(d) None of the funds made available in this or any
7	other Act may be used to transfer or release an individual
8	detained at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, as of
9	June 26, 2009, to the country of such individual's nation-
10	ality or last habitual residence or to any other country
11	other than the United States or to a freely associated
12	State, unless the President submits to the Congress, in
13	writing, at least 15 days prior to such transfer or release,
14	the following information:]
15	[1] The name of any individual to be trans-
16	ferred or released and the country or the freely asso-
17	ciated State to which such individual is to be trans-
18	ferred or released.]
19	[(2) An assessment of any risk to the national
20	security of the United States or its citizens, includ-
21	ing members of the Armed Services of the United

1	States, that is posed by such transfer or release and
2	the actions taken to mitigate such risk.]
3	(3) The terms of any agreement with the
4	country of the freely associated State for the accept-
5	ance of such individual, including the amount of any
6	financial assistance related to such agreement.]
7	(e) None of the funds made available in this Act
8	may be used to provide any immigration benefit (including
9	a visa, admission into the United States or any of the
10	United States territories, parole into the United States or
11	any of the United States territories (other than parole for
12	the purposes of prosecution and related detention), or clas-
13	sification as a refugee or applicant for asylum) to any indi-
14	vidual who is detained, as of June 26, 2009, at Naval Sta-
15	tion, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.]
16	[(f) In this section, the term "freely associated
17	States" means the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM),
18	the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI), and the Re-
19	public of Palau.]
20	(g) Prior to the termination of detention operations
21	at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, the President

1	shall submit to the Congress a report in classified form
2	describing the disposition or legal status of each individual
3	detained at the facility as of the date of enactment of this
4	Act.]
5	SEC. 354: Section 44903(j)(2)(C) of title 49, United
6	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing new clause:
8	J''(v) Inclusion of detainees on
9	NO FLYLIST.—The Assistant Secretary, in
10	coordination with the Terrorist Screening
11	Center, shall include on the No Fly List
12	any individual who was a detainee held at
13	the Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay,
14	Cuba, unless the President certifies in
15	writing to Congress that the detainee poses
16	no threat to the United States, its citizens,
17	or its allies. For purposes of this clause,
18	the term 'detainee' means an individual in
19	the custody or under the physical control
20	of the United States as a result of armed

conflict.".

118 1 SEC. 355. For fiscal year 2010 and thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Security may collect fees from any non-Federal participant in a conference, seminar, exhibition, symposium, or similar meeting conducted by the Department of Homeland Security in advance of the conference, either directly or by contract, and those fees shall be credited to the appropriation or account from which the costs of the conference, seminar, exhibition, symposium, or similar meeting are paid and shall be available to pay the costs of the Department of Homeland Security 11 with respect to the conference or to reimburse the Depart-12 ment for costs incurred with respect to the conference: Provided, That in the event the total amount of fees col-13 lected with respect to a conference exceeds the actual costs of the Department of Homeland Security with respect to the conference, the amount of such excess shall be depos-16 ited into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided 17 further, That the Secretary shall provide a report to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the 20 House of Representatives not later than January 5, 2011, providing the level of collections and a summary by agency

- 1 of the purposes and levels of expenditures for the prior2 fiscal year, and shall report annually thereafter.
- 3 SEC. 556. For purposes of section 210C of the Home-
 - 4 land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 124j) a rural area
 - 5 shall also include any area that is located in a metropoli-
 - 6 tan statistical area and a county, borough, parish, or area
 - 7 under the jurisdiction of an Indian tribe with a population
 - 8 of not more than 50,000.

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- 9 Sec. 357. None of the funds made available in this
- 10 Act may be used for first-class travel by the employees
- 11 of agencies funded by this Act in contravention of sections
- 12 301-10.122 through 301.10-124 of title 41, Code of Fed-
- 13 eral Regulations.

- SEC. 558. None of the funds made available in this
- 15 Act may be used to propose or effect a disciplinary or ad-
- 16 verse action, with respect to any Department of Homeland
- 17 Security employee who engages regularly with the public
- 18 in the performance of his or her official duties solely be-
- 19 cause that employee elects to utilize protective equipment
- 20 or measures, including but not limited to surgical masks,
- 21 N95 respirators, gloves, or hand-sanitizers, where use of

	1	such equipment or measures is in accord with Department
	2	of Homeland Security policy, and Centers for Disease
	3	Control and Prevention and Office of Personnel Manage-
.7	4	ment guidance.
558	5	SEC. 559. None of the funds made available in this
-		Act may be used to employ workers described in section
	7	274A(h)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
1	8	U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3)).
559	9	U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3)). SEC. 560. (a) Subject to subsection (b), none of the
	10	funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this
	11	Act may be available to operate the Loran-C signal after
	12	January 4, 2010.
	13	(b) The limitation in subsection (a) shall take effect
	14	only if:
	15	(1) the Commandant of the Coast Guard cer-
	16	tifies that the termination of the operation of the
	17	Loran-C signal as of the date specified in subsection
	18	(a) will not adversely impact the safety of maritime
	19	navigation; and
	20	(2) the Secretary of Homeland Security cer-
	21	tifies that the Loran-C system infrastructure is not

1	needed as a backup to the Global Positioning Sys-
2	tem or to meet any other Federal navigation require-
3	ment.
4	(c) If the certifications described in subsection (b) are
5	made, the Coast Guard shall, commencing January 4,
6	2010, terminate the operation of the Loran-C signal and
7	commence a phased decommissioning of the Loran-C sys-
8	tem infrastructure.
9	(d) Not later than 30 days after such certifications
10	pursuant to subsection (b), the Commandant shall submit
11	to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and
12	House of Representatives a report setting forth a proposed
13	schedule for the phased decommissioning of the Loran-C
14	system infrastructure in the event of the decommissioning
15	of such infrastructure in accordance to subsection (c).
16	(e) If the certifications described in subsection (b) are
17	made, the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through
18	the Commandant of the Coast Guard, may, notwith-
19	standing any other provision of law, sell any real and per-
20	sonal property under the administrative control of the
21	Coast Guard and used for the Loran system, by directing

the Administrator of General Services to sell such real and personal property, subject to such terms and conditions that the Secretary believes to be necessary to protect government interests and program requirements of the Coast Guard: Provided, That the proceeds, less the costs of sale incurred by the General Services Administration, shall be deposited as offsetting collections into the Coast Guard "Environmental Compliance and Restoration" account and, subject to appropriation, shall be available until expended for environmental compliance and restoration purposes associated with the Loran system, for the costs of 12 securing and maintaining equipment that may be used as 13 a backup to the Global Positioning System or to meet any other Federal navigation requirement, for the demolition 15 of improvements on such real property, and for the costs 16 associated with the sale of such real and personal prop-17 erty, including due diligence requirements, necessary envi-18 ronmental remediation, and reimbursement of expenses in-19 curred by the General Services Administration: *Provided* further, That after the completion of such activities, the unexpended balances shall be available for any other envi1 ronmental compliance and restoration activities of the2 Coast Guard.

SEC. 501. (a) None of the funds made available by

4 this Act may be obligated for construction of the National

5 Bio and Agro-defense Facility on the United States main-

6 land until 30 days after the later of:

(1) the date on which the Secretary of Homeland Security submits to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives a site-specific bio-safety and bio-security mitigation risk assessment, which includes an integrated set of analyses using plume modeling and epidemiologic impact modeling, to determine the requirements necessary to ensure safe operation of the National Bio and Agro-defense Facility at the approved Manhattan, Kansas site identified in the January 16, 2009, record of decision published in Federal Register Vol. 74, Number 11, and the results of the National Academy of Sciences' review of the risk assessment as described in paragraph (b): *Provided*, That the integrated set of analyses is to determine

1	the extent of the dispersion of the foot-and-mouth
2	virus following a potential laboratory spill, the po-
3	tential spread of foot-and-mouth in the surrounding
4	susceptible animal population, and its economic im-
5	pact: Provided further, That the integrated set of
6	analyses should also take into account specific local,
7	state, and national risk mitigation strategies; or
8	(2) the date on which the Secretary of Home-
9	land Security, in coordination with the Secretary of
0	Agriculture, submits to the Committees on Appro-
.1	priations of the Senate and the House of Represent-
2	atives a report that:
.3	(A) describes the procedure that will be
.4	used to issue the permit to conduct foot-and-
.5	mouth disease live virus research under section
6	7524 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy
.7	Act of 2008 (21 U.S.C. 113a note; Public Law
.8	110–246); and
9	(B) includes plans to establish an emer-
20	gency response plan with city, regional, and
21	State officials in the event of an accidental re-

1	lease of foot-and-mouth disease or another haz-
2	ardous pathogen.
3	(b) With regard to the integrated set of analyses in-
4	cluded in the mitigation risk assessment required under
5	paragraph (a)(1), the Secretary of Homeland Security
6	shall enter into a contract with the National Academy of
7	Sciences to evaluate the mitigation risk assessment re-
8	quired by subsection (a)(1) of this section and to submit
9	a Letter Report: Provided, That such contract shall be en-
10	tered into within 90 days from the date of enactment of
11	this Act, and the National Academy of Sciences shall com-
12	plete its assessment and submit its Letter Report within
13	four months after the date the Department of Homeland
14	Security concludes the risk assessment.
15	SEC. 562. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be
16	cited as the "American Communities' Right to Public In-
17	formation Act".
18	(b) IN GENERAL.—Section 70103(d) of title 46,
19	United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
20	"(d) Nondisclosure of Information.—

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1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Information developed
2	under this section or sections 70102, 70104, and
3	70108 is not required to be disclosed to the public,
4	including—
5	"(A) facility security plans, vessel security
6	plans, and port vulnerability assessments; and
7	"(B) other information related to security
8	plans, procedures, or programs for vessels or fa-
9	cilities authorized under this section or sections
10	70102, 70104, and 70108.
11	"(2) Limitations.—Nothing in paragraph (1)
12	shall be construed to authorize the designation of in-
13	formation as sensitive security information (as de-
14	fined in section 1520.5 of title 49, Code of Federal
15	Regulations)—
16	"(A) to conceal a violation of law, ineffi-
17	ciency, or administrative error;
18	"(B) to prevent embarrassment to a per-
19	son, organization, or agency;
20	"(C) to restrain competition; or

1	"(D) to prevent or delay the release of in-
2	formation that does not require protection in
3	the interest of transportation security, including
4	basic scientific research information not clearly
5	related to transportation security.".
6	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
7	(1) Section 114(r) of title 49, United States
8	Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the
9	following:
10	"(4) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this subsection,
11	or any other provision of law, shall be construed to
12	authorize the designation of information as sensitive
13	security information (as defined in section 1520.5 of
14	title 49, Code of Federal Regulations)—
15	"(A) to conceal a violation of law, ineffi-
16	ciency, or administrative error;
17	"(B) to prevent embarrassment to a per-
18	son, organization, or agency;
19	"(C) to restrain competition; or
20	"(D) to prevent or delay the release of in-
21	formation that does not require protection in

1	the interest of transportation security, including
2	basic scientific research information not clearly
3	related to transportation security.".
4	(2) Section 40119(b) of title 49, United States
5	Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the
6	following:
7	"(3) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be con-
8	strued to authorize the designation of information as
9	sensitive security information (as defined in section
10	15.5 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations)—
11	"(A) to conceal a violation of law, ineffi-
12	ciency, or administrative error;
13	"(B) to prevent embarrassment to a per-
14	son, organization, or agency;
15	"(C) to restrain competition; or
16	"(D) to prevent or delay the release of in-
17	formation that does not require protection in
18	the interest of transportation security, including
19	basic scientific research information not clearly
20	related to transportation security.".

129 SEC. 563. Section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to 1 prohibit the introduction, or manufacture for introduction, into interstate commerce of switchblade knives, and for other purposes" (commonly known as the Federal Switchblade Act) (15 U.S.C. 1244) is amended— (1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph 6 (3);7 8 (2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting "; or" and 10 (3) by adding at the end the following: 11 "(5) a knife that contains a spring, detent, or 12 other mechanism designed to create a bias toward 13 closure of the blade and that requires exertion ap-14 plied to the blade by hand, wrist, or arm to over-15 come the bias toward closure to assist in opening the knife.". 16 17 SEC. 564. (a) APPLICABLE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE OF INTEREST.—Section 44(f)(1) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1831u(f)(1)) is amend-20 ed---

1	(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
2	by inserting "(or in the case of a governmental enti-
3	ty located in such State, paid)" after "received, or
4	reserved"; and
5	(2) in subparagraph (B)—
6	(A) in the matter preceding clause (i), by
7	striking "nondepository institution operating in
8	such State" and inserting "governmental entity
9	located in such State or any person that is not
0	a depository institution described in subpara-
1	graph (A) doing business in such State";
12	(B) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause
13	(iii);
4	(C) in clause (i)—
15	(i) in subclause (III)—
16	(I) in item (aa), by adding "and"
7	at the end;
8	(II) in item (bb), by striking ",
9	to facilitate" and all that follows
20	through "2009"; and
21	(III) by striking item (cc); and

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1	(ii) by adding after subclause (III) the
2	following:
3	"(IV) the uniform accessibility of
4	bonds and obligations issued under
5	the American Recovery and Reinvest-
6	ment Act of 2009;"; and
7	(D) by inserting after clause (i) the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(ii) to facilitate interstate commerce
10	through the issuance of bonds and obliga-
11	tions under any provision of State law, in-
12	cluding bonds and obligations for the pur-
13	pose of economic development, education,
14	and improvements to infrastructure; and".
15	(b) Rule of Construction.—Section 44(f)(2) of
16	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
17	1831u(f)(2)) is amended—
18	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and
19	(B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, and moving
20	the margins 2 ems to the right;

1	(2) by striking "No provision" and inserting
2	the following:
3	"(A) In general.—No provision"; and
4	(3) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(B) APPLICABILITY.—This subsection
6	shall be construed to apply to any loan or dis-
7	count made, or note, bill of exchange, financing
8	transaction, or other evidence of debt, origi-
9	nated by an insured depository institution, a
10	governmental entity located in such State, or a
11	person that is not a depository institution de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (A) doing business in
13	such State.".
14	(c) Effective Period.—The amendments made by
15	this section shall apply with respect to contracts con-
16	summated during the period beginning on the date of en-
17	actment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2010.
18	SEC. 565. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be
19	cited as the "OPEN FOIA Act of 2009".
20	(b) Specific Citations in Statutory Exemp-
21	TIONS —Section 552(b) of title 5 United States Code is

	1	amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the fol-
	2	lowing:
	3	"(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by
	4	statute (other than section 552b of this title), if that
	5	statute—
	6	"(A)(i) requires that the matters be with-
	7	held from the public in such a manner as to
	8	leave no discretion on the issue; or
	9	"(ii) establishes particular criteria for
	10	withholding or refers to particular types of mat-
	11	ters to be withheld; and
	12	"(B) if enacted after the date of enactment
	13	of the OPEN FOIA Act of 2009, specifically
	14	cites to this paragraph.".
565	15	SEC. 566. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be
	16	cited as the "Protected National Security Documents Act
	17	of 2009".
	18	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law
	19	to the contrary, no protected document, as defined in sub-
	20	section (c), shall be subject to disclosure under section 552

1	of title 5, United States Code or any proceeding under
2	that section.
3	(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
4	(1) PROTECTED DOCUMENT.—The term "pro-
5	tected document" means any record—
6	(A) for which the Secretary of Defense has
7	issued a certification, as described in subsection
8	(d), stating that disclosure of that record would
9	endanger citizens of the United States, mem-
10	bers of the United States Armed Forces, or em-
11	ployees of the United States Government de-
12	ployed outside the United States; and
13	(B) that is a photograph that—
14	(i) was taken during the period begin-
15	ning on September 11, 2001, through Jan-
16	uary 22, 2009; and
17	(ii) relates to the treatment of individ-
18	uals engaged, captured, or detained after
19	September 11, 2001, by the Armed Forces
20	of the United States in operations outside
21	of the United States.

1	(2) Photograph.—The term "photograph" en-
2	compasses all photographic images, whether origi-
3	nals or copies, including still photographs, negatives,
4	digital images, films, video tapes, and motion pic-
5	tures.
6	(d) CERTIFICATION.—
7	(1) In General.—For any photograph de-
8	scribed under subsection (c)(1), the Secretary of De-
9	fense shall issue a certification if the Secretary of
0	Defense determines that disclosure of that photo-
1	graph would endanger citizens of the United States,
2	members of the United States Armed Forces, or em-
3	ployees of the United States Government deployed
4	outside the United States.
.5	(2) CERTIFICATION EXPIRATION.—A certifi-
6	cation and a renewal of a certification issued pursu-
.7	ant to subsection (d)(3) shall expire 3 years after
8	the date on which the certification or renewal, is
9	issued by the Secretary of Defense.
20	(3) CERTIFICATION RENEWAL.—The Secretary
21	of Defense may issue—

. 1	(A) a renewal of a certification at any
2	time; and
3	(B) more than 1 renewal of a certification.
4	(4) Notice to congress.—The Secretary of
5	Defense shall provide Congress a timely notice of the
6	Secretary's issuance of a certification and of a re-
7	newal of a certification.
8	(e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
9	tion shall be construed to preclude the voluntary disclosure
10	of a protected document.
11	(f) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
12	on the date of enactment of this Act and apply to any
13	protected document.
14	SEC. 567. The administrative law judge annuitants
15	participating in the Senior Administrative Law Judge
16	Program managed by the Director of the Office of Per-
17	sonnel Management under section 3323 of title 5, United
18	States Code, shall be available on a temporary reemploy-
19	ment basis to conduct arbitrations of disputes as part of
20	the arbitration panel established by the President under
21	section 601 of division A of the American Recovery and

	1	Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-5; 123 State
1	2	164).
5公子	3	SEC. 368. (a) IN GENERAL.—Any company that col-
	4	lects or retains personal information directly from individ-
	5	uals who participated in the Registered Traveler program
	6	shall safeguard and dispose of such information in accord-
	7	ance with the requirements in—
	8	(1) the National Institute for Standards and
	9	Technology Special Publication 800-30, entitled
	10	"Risk Management Guide for Information Tech-
	11	nology Systems"; and
	12	(2) the National Institute for Standards and
	13	Technology Special Publication 800-53, Revision 3,
	14	entitled "Recommended Security Controls for Fed-
	15	eral Information Systems and Organizations,";
	16	(3) any supplemental standards established by
	17	the Assistant Secretary, Transportation Security Ad-
	18	ministration (referred to in this section as the "As-
	19	sistant Secretary").
	20	(b) CERTIFICATION.—The Assistant Secretary shall
	21	require any company through the sponsoring entity de-

	1	scribed in subsection (a) to provide, not later than 30 days
	2	after the date of the enactment of this Act, written certifi-
	3	cation to the sponsoring entity that such procedures are
	4	consistent with the minimum standards established under
	5	paragraph (a)(1-3) with a description of the procedures
	6	used to comply with such standards.
	7	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
	8	of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall
	9	submit a report to Congress that—
	10	(1) describes the procedures that have been
	11	used to safeguard and dispose of personal informa-
	12	tion collected through the Registered Traveler pro-
	13	gram; and
	14	(2) provides the status of the certification by
	15	any company described in subsection (a) that such
	16	procedures are consistent with the minimum stand-
-107	17	ards established by paragraph (a)(1-3).
568}	18	SEC. 569. (a) SPECIAL IMMIGRANT NONMINISTER
	19	RELIGIOUS WORKER PROGRAM AND OTHER IMMIGRATION
	20	Programs.—

1	(1) EXTENSION.—Subclauses (II) and (III) of
2	section 101(a)(27)(C)(ii) of the Immigration and
3	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)(C)(ii)) are
4	amended by striking "September 30, 2009," each
5	place such term appears and inserting "September
6	30, 2012,".
7	(2) STUDY AND PLAN.—Not later than 180
8	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
9	Director of United States Citizenship and Immigra-
10	tion Services shall submit a report to the Committee
1	on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee
12	on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives
13	that includes—
[4	(A) the results of a study conducted under
15	the supervision of the Director to evaluate the
16	Special Immigrant Nonminister Religious
17	Worker Program to identify the risks of fraud
18	and noncompliance by program participants;
19	and
20	(B) a detailed plan that describes the ac-
21	tions to be taken by United States Citizenship

1	and Immigration Services to improve the integ-
2	rity of the program.
3	(3) Progress report.—Not later than 240
4	days after the submission of the report under para-
5	graph (2), the Director of United States Citizenship
6	and Immigration Services shall submit a report to
7	the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and
8	the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
9	Representatives that describes the progress made in
10	implementing the plan described in clause (a)(2)(B)
11	of this section.
12	(b) Conrad State 30 J-1 Visa Waiver Pro-
13	GRAM.—Section 220(c) of the Immigration and Nation-
14	ality Technical Corrections Act of 1994 (8 U.S.C. 1182
15	note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2009" and
16	inserting "September 30, 2012".
17	(c) Relief for Surviving Spouses.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The second sentence of sec-
19	tion 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nation-
20	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)) is amended by

Ţ	striking "for at least 2 years at the time of the citi-
2	zen's death".
3	(2) APPLICABILITY.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made
5	by paragraph (1) shall apply to all applications
6	and petitions relating to immediate relative sta-
7	tus under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immi-
8	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
9	1151(b)(2)(A)(i)) pending on or after the date
10	of the enactment of this Act.
11	(B) Transition cases.—
12	(i) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
13	any other provision of law, an alien de-
14	scribed in clause (ii) who seeks immediate
15	relative status pursuant to the amendment
16	made by paragraph (1) shall file a petition
17	under section 204(a)(1)(A)(ii) of the Immi-
18	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
19	1154(a)(1)(A)(ii)) not later than the date
20	that is 2 years after the date of the enact-
21	ment of this Act

1	(ii) ALIENS DESCRIBED.—An alien is
2	described in this clause if—
3	(I) the alien's United States cit-
4	izen spouse died before the date of the
5	enactment of this Act;
6	(II) the alien and the citizen
7	spouse were married for less than 2
8	years at the time of the citizen
9	spouse's death; and
10	(III) the alien has not remarried.
11	(d) Surviving Relative Consideration for Cer-
12	TAIN PETITIONS AND APPLICATIONS.—
13	(1) AMENDMENT.—Section 204 of the Immi-
14	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1154) is
15	amended by adding at the end the following:
16	"(l) Surviving Relative Consideration for
17	CERTAIN PETITIONS AND APPLICATIONS.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An alien described in para-
19	graph (2) who resided in the United States at the
20	time of the death of the qualifying relative and who
21	continues to reside in the United States shall have

1	such petition described in paragraph (2), or an ap-
2	plication for adjustment of status to that of a person
3	admitted for lawful permanent residence based upon
4	the family relationship described in paragraph (2),
5	and any related applications, adjudicated notwith-
6	standing the death of the qualifying relative, unless
7	the Secretary of Homeland Security determines, in
8	the unreviewable discretion of the Secretary, that
9	approval would not be in the public interest.
0	"(2) ALIEN DESCRIBED.—An alien described in
1	this paragraph is an alien who, immediately prior to
12	the death of his or her qualifying relative, was-
13	"(A) the beneficiary of a pending or ap-
4	proved petition for classification as an imme-
15	diate relative (as described in section
16	201(b)(2)(A)(i));
17	"(B) the beneficiary of a pending or ap-
8	proved petition for classification under section
9	203 (a) or (d);

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1	"(C) a derivative beneficiary of a pending
2	or approved petition for classification under sec-
3	tion 203(b) (as described in section 203(d));
4	"(D) the beneficiary of a pending or ap-
5	proved refugee/asylee relative petition under
6	section 207 or 208;
7	"(E) an alien admitted in 'T' non-
8	immigrant status as described in section
9	101(a)(15)(T)(ii) or in 'U' nonimmigrant status
10	as described in section 101(a)(15)(U)(ii); or
11	"(F) an asylee (as described in section
12	208(b)(3)).".
13	(2) Construction.—Nothing in the amend-
14	ment made by paragraph (1) may be construed to
15	limit or waive any ground of removal, basis for de-
16	nial of petition or application, or other criteria for
17	adjudicating petitions or applications as otherwise
18	provided under the immigration laws of the United
19	States other than ineligibility based solely on the
20	lack of a qualifying family relationship as specifically
21	provided by such amendment.

1	(e) Conforming Amendment to Affidavit of
2	SUPPORT REQUIREMENT.—Section 213A(f)(5) of the Im-
3	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1183a(5)) is
4	amended by striking clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting:
5	"(i) the individual petitioning under
6	section 204 of this Act for the classifica
7	tion of such alien died after the approva
8	of such petition, and the Secretary of
9	Homeland Security has determined for hu-
10	manitarian reasons that revocation of such
11	petition under section 205 would be inap-
12	propriate; or
13	"(ii) the alien's petition is being adju-
14	dicated pursuant to section 204(l) (sur-
15	viving relative consideration).".
16	SEC. 579. Notwithstanding any other provision of
17	this Act, none of the funds appropriated or otherwise
18	made available by this Act may be used to pay award or
19	incentive fees for contractor performance that has been
20	judged to be below satisfactory performance or perform-

- 1 ance that does not meet the basic requirements of a con-
- 2 tract.

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- 3 SEC. 571. None of the funds appropriated or other-
- 4 wise made available by this Act may be used by the De-
- 5 partment of Homeland Security to enter into any federal
- 6 contract unless such contract is entered into in accordance
- 7 with the requirements of the Federal Property and Admin-
- 8 istrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253) or Chapter
- 9 137 of title 10, United States Code, and the Federal Ac-
- 10 quisition Regulation, unless such contract is otherwise au-
- 11 thorized by statute to be entered into without regard to
- 12 the above referenced statutes.

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- SEC. 572. (a) Funds made available by this Act solely
- 14 for data center migration may be transferred by the Sec-
- 15 retary between appropriations for the same purpose, not-
- 16 withstanding section 503 of this Act.
- 17 (b) No transfer described in (a) shall occur until 15
- 18 days after the Committees on Appropriations of the Sen-
- 19 ate and the House and Representatives are notified of
- 20 such transfer.

147 SEC. 373. Specific projects contained in the report of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives accompanying this Act (H. Rept. 111–203) that are considered congressional earmarks for purposes of clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, when intended to be awarded to a for-profit entity, shall be awarded under a full and open competition. SEC. 374. From unobligated balances for fiscal year 2009 made available for the Federal Emergency Management Agency "Trucking Industry Security Grants" aecount, \$5,572,000 are rescinded. 11 SEC. 575. From the unobligated balances of prior 12 year appropriations made available for "Analysis and Op-13 erations", \$2,358,000 are rescinded. 15 SEC. 576. From the unobligated balances of prior vear appropriations made available for National Protection and Programs Directorate "Infrastructure Protection 17 and Information Security", \$8,000,000 are rescinded. 18 19 SEC. 547. From the unobligated balances of prior year appropriations made available for Science and Tech-

1 nology "Research, Development, Acquisition, and Oper-2 ations", \$6,944,148 are rescinded. SEC. 578. From the unobligated balances of prior 3 year appropriations made available for Domestic Nuclear Detection Office "Research, Development, and Operations", \$8,000,000 are rescinded. 7 SEC. 579. From the unobligated balances of prior year appropriations made available for Transportation Security Administration "Research and Development", \$4,000,000 are rescinded. 11 SEC. 580. From the unobligated balances of prior year appropriations made available for Coast Guard "Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements", \$800,000 are rescinded: *Provided*, That these rescissions shall be taken from completed projects. 15 16 SEC. 581. Of the amounts available under the heading "Counterterrorism Fund", \$5,600,000 are rescinded. 18 This Act may be cited as the "Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010".

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1 And the Senate agree to the same.

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HOUSE	SENATE
DAVID R. OBEY	ROBERT C. BYRD
DAVID E. PRICE	DANIEL A. INOUYE
JOSÉ E. SERRANO	PATRICK J. LEAHY Agreemen
CIRO RODRIGUEZ	BARBARA A. MIKULSKI
C.A. RUPPERSBERGER	PATTY MURRAY
ALAN B. MOLLOHAN	Mary fandrin
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Lucille Roybal-Alland LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD	FRANK R. LAUTENBERG
SAM FARR	JON TESTER
	ARLEN SPECTER

STEVEN R. ROTHMAN

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JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House and Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2892), making appropriations for the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes, submit the following joint statement to the House and the Senate in explanation of the effects of the action agreed upon by the managers and recommended in the accompanying conference report.

Senate amendment: The Senate deleted the entire House bill after the enacting clause and inserted the Senate bill. The conference agreement includes a revised bill.

The language and allocations contained in House Report 111-157 and Senate Report 111-31 should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary in the conference report and joint explanatory statement. While repeating some report language for emphasis, this joint explanatory statement does not intend to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein. In cases where both the House and Senate reports address a particular issue not specifically addressed in the conference report or joint explanatory statement, the Committees have determined the House report and the Senate report are not inconsistent and are to be interpreted accordingly.

When this joint explanatory statement refers to the Committees or the Committees on Appropriations, unless otherwise noted, this reference is to the House Appropriations Subcommittee on Homeland Security and the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on the Department of Homeland Security.

Any reference to the Secretary shall be interpreted to mean the Secretary of Homeland Security; any reference to a Departmental component shall be interpreted to mean directorates, components, agencies, offices, or other organizations in the Department of Homeland Security; any reference to "full-time equivalents" shall be referred to as FTE; and any reference to "program, project, and activity" shall be referred to as PPA.

Finally, this joint explanatory statement refers to certain laws and organizations as follows: Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007, Public Law 110-53, is referenced as the 9/11 Act; Security And Accountability For Every Port Act of 2006, Public Law 109-347, is referenced as the SAFE Port Act; the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law

111-5, is referenced as ARRA; the Department of Homeland Security is referenced as DHS; the Government Accountability Office is referenced as GAO; and the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security is referenced as the IG.

Classified Programs

Recommended adjustments to classified programs are addressed in a classified annex accompanying this joint explanatory statement. The DHS Office of the Chief Financial Officer is directed to ensure the material contained in this annex is appropriately disseminated to the relevant Departmental components.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONS

Departmental Operations

The conference agreement provides a total of \$1,135,961,000 for Departmental Operations, 17 percent above the fiscal year 2009 enacted level (excluding ARRA funding) to address well documented shortfalls and challenges facing the Department's management components. Significant increases above last year's enacted level are provided to strengthen policy development and coordination, enhance procurement oversight, modernize financial and information technology systems, and accelerate the process of bringing qualified new staff on board. It is imperative that these resources be used effectively to manage the Department's many missions. It is also critical that the Department end its overreliance on contractors and develop the government staff and expertise necessary to perform these services.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

The conference agreement provides \$147,818,000 for the Office of the Secretary and Executive Management instead of \$117,727,000 as proposed by the House and \$149,268,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Reductions are made to the budget request due to delays in filling full-time permanent positions and high unexpected balances from previously appropriated funds within certain offices. Funding shall be allocated as follows:

Immediate Office of the Secretary	\$5,061,000
Immediate Office of the Deputy Secretary	1,810,000
Chief of Staff	2,595,000
Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement	3,612,000
Executive Secretary	7,800,000
Office of Policy	51,564,000
Office of Public Affairs	5,991,000
Office of Legislative Affairs	6,797,000
Office of Intergovernmental Affairs	2,800,000
Office of General Counsel	24,028,000
Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties	21,104,000
Citizenship and Immigration Services Ombudsman	6,685,000
Privacy Officer	7.971.000
Total	147,818,000

Travel Costs Consolidation

The conference agreement approves the shift of \$1,278,000 from other accounts to the Immediate Office of the Secretary and \$370,000 from other accounts to the Immediate Office of the Deputy Secretary to pay all costs associated with the DHS's use of government aircraft in support of the Secretary's and Deputy Secretary's travel, as proposed by the Senate. Previously, components paid a

portion of the total government aircraft cost for personnel traveling in support of the Secretary or Deputy Secretary. This resulted in multiple interagency agreements and an unnecessary administrative burden. The intent of this consolidation is to provide a more efficient means of disbursing payment for these costs. The conference report includes language to ensure that components are no longer charged for these costs.

Immediate Office of the Deputy Secretary

The conference agreement provides \$1,810,000 for the Immediate Office of the Deputy Secretary as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,440,000 as proposed by the House. The conferees expect the Deputy Secretary and Department to follow the direction outlined in the Senate report regarding coordination of efforts to secure chemical facilities and ensure prompt and effective after-accident safety investigations, including the reporting and briefing requirements.

Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement

The conference agreement provides \$3,612,000 for the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement instead of \$3,712,000 as proposed by the House and \$3,718,000 as proposed by the Senate. The Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement is directed to submit a performance report on its activities to the Committees as outlined in the Senate report. The Secretary is directed to report by January 15, 2010, on whether it would be appropriate to shift the functions of this office into the Office of Policy or other Departmental office under this title.

Office of Policy

The conference agreement provides \$51,564,000 for the Office of Policy as proposed by both the House and Senate. The Office of Policy is directed to provide an expenditure plan no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the Senate report. The conference report includes a statutory provision withholding \$15,000,000 until the expenditure plan is submitted. A total of \$5,000,000 is included for the integrated requirements process and the Intermodal Security Coordination Office. The conferees require a detailed explanation of how and for what purpose these funds are being allocated as part of the fiscal year 2010 expenditure plan. The conferees urge the Department to ensure

this funding does not create parallel structures or needlessly duplicate existing efforts. Contractor support for both initiatives shall not exceed 25 percent of staff.

Quadrennial Homeland Security Review

As mandated by section 2401 of the 9/11 Act, the Department is developing a Quadrennial Homeland Security Review (QHSR), including a budget plan required to carry out the findings of the review. The DHS budget should be derived from a strategic policy review that fully considers threat, risk, and mission requirements. Such a policy review should not be driven by outyear financial projections contained in the budget. Therefore, any budget projections included in the QHSR should be based on actual needs to sufficiently carry out the long-term strategy and priorities for homeland security.

Office of Intergovernmental Affairs

The conference agreement provides \$2,800,000 for the Office of Intergovernmental Affairs as proposed by the House instead of \$2,600,000 as proposed by the Senate. The name of this office has been modified as proposed by the Senate. This office has been moved from the Federal Emergency Management Agency as requested, and is assuming a new role. The Secretary is required to present a detailed organizational plan for the office as outlined in the House report.

Office of General Counsel

The conference agreement provides \$24,028,000 for the Office of General Counsel as proposed by the House and Senate. The conferees direct the Office of General Counsel to hire an additional attorney with expertise in appropriations law within the amount made available for this office, as proposed by the Senate.

Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties

The conference agreement provides \$21,104,000 for the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties instead of \$22,104,000 as proposed by the House and Senate. A small reduction below the House and

Senate levels is made as this office will likely lapse appropriated funds in fiscal year 2009. The conferees encourage the use of authority under section 505 of this Act making 50 percent of those balances available in fiscal year 2010. The conferees direct the office to submit an expenditure plan no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the Senate report.

Supporting Strategic Goals for Border Security

Since DHS was established, the Committees have consistently supported robust enforcement efforts along both the Southwest and Northern borders with substantial appropriations, consistently above annual budget requests, for each Departmental component responsible for carrying out aspects of DHS's border security and counter-smuggling missions. Targeted enhancements for fiscal year 2010 are identified under relevant sections of this statement. The conferees direct the Secretary to clearly identify requested resources that support and align with the specific goals and objectives of the National Southwest Border Counternarcotics Strategy, released on June 5, 2009, and the U.S. Customs and Border Protection's Northern Border Strategy, released on August 27, 2009, in the fiscal year 2011 congressional budget justifications for U.S. Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Coast Guard, Intelligence and Analysis, and any other relevant Department components.

User Fees

The conferees direct the Secretary to report on actual fiscal year 2009 user fee collections and updated projections for fiscal year 2010 fee collections across all relevant DHS components. In addition, the Secretary shall provide a contingency plan for making up any shortfall between expected collections and budgeted amounts, by DHS component, no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and quarterly thereafter.

Budget Justifications

The conferees direct that the congressional budget justifications for the Office of the Secretary and Executive Management for fiscal year 2011 include the same level of detail as the table contained at the end of this statement, and follow the parameters outlined in the House report, as well as the broader

direction outlined under the Office of the Chief Financial Officer. Structural alterations to the fiscal year 2011 budget request, including changes to the PPA account structure for fiscal year 2010 included in the table at the end of this statement should only be made with advance consultation with the Committees.

Working Capital Fund

The Department shall follow the direction outlined in the House report regarding the Working Capital Fund (WCF) in managing WCF funds and requesting resources for fiscal year 2011.

Reception and Representation Expenses

The conferees direct the Department to submit a report to the Committees no later than 30 days after the end of each quarter of the fiscal year detailing the obligation of all DHS reception and representation expenses by all components.

Greenhouse Gas Inventory

The conferees require the Secretary to follow the House direction regarding reporting on the Department's greenhouse gas emissions and mitigation efforts.

Quarterly Detailee Report

The conferees require the Department to continue the quarterly detailee report as outlined in the Senate report.

Federally Funded Research and Development Centers

The conferees direct the Secretary to report semi-annually on the current projects tasked to Federally Funded Research and Development Centers, as outlined in the Senate report.

Lost and Stolen Passports

The Secretary is directed to submit a semiannual report on loss and theft of passports as outlined in the Senate report.

Border Tunnels

The Secretary is directed to submit semiannual reports on border tunnel issues as outlined in the Senate report. The conferees further direct the Department to designate a coordinator for border tunnel issues as outlined in the Senate report.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR MANAGEMENT

The conference agreement provides \$254,190,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Management instead of \$153,790,000 as proposed by the House and \$307,690,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funding shall be allocated as follows:

Immediate Office of the Under Secretary for Management	\$2,864,000
Office of Security	90,193,000
Office of the Chief Procurement Officer	68,538.000
Office of the Chief Human Capital Officer	42,604,000
Salaries and Expenses (from above subtotal)	[32,604,000]
Human Resources (from above subtotal)	[10,000,000]
Office of the Chief Administrative Officer	49,991,000
Salaries and Expenses (from above subtotal)	[44,491,000]
Nebraska Avenue Complex (NAC) (from above subtotal)	[5,500,000]

Total	***************************************	\$254.	190	0.0	X
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Office of Security

The conference agreement provides \$90,193,000 for the Office of Security instead of \$95,193,000 as proposed by the House and \$92,693,000 as proposed by the Senate. This amount includes \$20,000,000 for the Homeland Security Presidential Directive-12 Card Issuance Program. The Office of Security is directed to provide a report to the Committees on this program's progress and future needs as outlined in the House report.

Office of the Chief Procurement Officer

The conference agreement provides \$68,538,000 for the Office of the Chief Procurement Officer (OCPO) instead of \$66,538,000 as proposed by the House and \$70,038,000 as proposed by the Senate. OCPO shall submit the report to the Committees on Departmental efforts to decrease the attrition rate of DHS acquisition personnel as outlined in the House report. Furthermore, the conferees direct OCPO to provide a breakdown on where interns and graduates of the acquisition internship are serving, as outlined in the House report, to the Committees no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act and on an annual basis accompanying the budget request.

The conference agreement provides \$7,500,000 to create a new contracting component for classified programs. These resources are intended to fund 18 positions, the number identified by the Department as required to establish an initial operating capacity for this office.

The conference agreement provides \$8,000,000 to increase capacity in the acquisition program management division. The conferees recommend that the reduction from the Administration's request come from contractor support, as outlined in the House report.

The Secretary is directed to provide a status report on major acquisitions in excess of \$300,000,000 by February 15, 2010, as outlined in the Senate report, and quarterly thereafter.

Office of the Chief Human Capital Officer

The conference agreement provides \$42,604,000 for the Office of the Chief Human Capital Officer (OCHCO) instead of \$43,604,000 as proposed by both the House and Senate. Of this amount, \$32,604,000 is for salaries and expenses and \$10,000,000 is for human resources. The reduction below the House and Senate levels is made as this office will likely lapse appropriated funds in fiscal year 2009. The conferees encourage the use of authority under section 505 of this Act making 50 percent of those balances available in fiscal year 2010.

The OCHCO is directed to continue providing monthly reports to the Committees summarizing vacancy data at the Department, which should include: the number of new hires for each headquarters office in the previous month; the ratio of applications received to positions closed; reports from the Office of Security on progress made to reduce the security clearance backlog to include whether the 15-day standard for suitability reviews is being met; and an end-of-the-month hiring "snapshot" for each headquarters office. These snapshots should include: the number of new hires pending security or suitability clearance; the number of open vacancies; and the number of selection referral lists pending with management. The conferees note that these reports have not been provided with promptness or regularity and caution that without this information it becomes difficult to justify budget increases for this office.

The conferees direct the OCHCO to provide the report on its fiscal year 2009 performance against DHS metrics outlined in the Senate report no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Office of the Chief Administrative Officer

The conference agreement provides \$49,991,000 for the Office of the Chief Administrative

Officer, instead of \$60,491,000 as proposed by the House and \$98,491,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Within the funding level for salaries and expenses is \$1,000,000 for logistics and procurement personnel from across the Department to receive training and education thought LOGTECH and related programs, that have benefitted Coast Guard personnel, as proposed by the House. The Senate provided no additional funding for this activity.

Headquarters Lease Consolidation Initiative

The conference agreement provides no funding for the consolidation of headquarters leases due to an inadequate justification and budget constraints. Currently DHS headquarters are located in over 40 fragmented locations in 105 lease arrangements. The conferees direct the Department to provide a more detailed plan and justification for its lease consolidation initiative, including projected cost savings, in conjunction with the fiscal year 2011 budget request.

St. Elizabeths

The conferees direct the Department to continue periodic briefings on the St. Elizabeths headquarters consolidation project, including the Department's efforts to work with the local community and the National Capital Planning Commission to ensure issues such as parking and traffic management are properly addressed.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The conference agreement provides \$60,530,000 for the Office of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) as proposed by the House instead of \$63,530,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees concur with the recommendation on FTE annualization and program increases outlined in the Senate report. An additional reduction below the request is made as this office will likely lapse a significant amount of appropriated funds in fiscal year 2009. The conferees encourage the use of authority under section 505 of this Act making 50 percent of those balances available in fiscal year 2010. The conference report includes a statutory provision withholding \$5,000,000 until the CFO submits a financial management improvement plan that addresses the recommendations outlined in IG report OIG-09-72. The CFO is to brief the Committees on the outcomes of its independent program analyses as specified in the Senate report.

Transformation and Systems Consolidation

The conference agreement provides \$17,800,000 for the Transformation and Systems Consolidation (TASC) project, as proposed by the House instead of \$19,200,000 as proposed by the Senate. The reduction of \$2,000,000 from the budget request is due to high unobligated balances that have resulted from program delays. The conferees direct the Department to report to the Committees within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every six months thereafter, on its efforts to consolidate their financial management systems, as outlined in the House report. These reports shall also include a detailed plan for the Department's migration to TASC, as outlined in the Senate report.

Annual Appropriations Justifications

The CFO is directed to submit all of its fiscal year 2011 budget justifications (classified and unclassified) concurrently with the submission of the President's budget request and at the level of detail specified in the House and Senate reports. The conferees further direct the CFO to ensure that, in the fiscal year 2011 budget justification, the enacted FTE numbers included in the documents for fiscal year 2010 accurately reflect the FTE levels funded in this Act. Finally, the CFO shall not permit any DHS component to alter the PPAs in the fiscal year 2011 budget submission into any account structure other than that contained in the detailed funding table included at the end of this statement without advance consultation with the Committees.

Impact of Changing Immigration Law for Guam and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

The conferees direct the Secretary to report to the Committees no later than January 15, 2010, on the changes in resources required for administering immigration and travel laws for Guam and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands as outlined in the House report.

Expenditure Plans

The conferees continue to require expenditure plans for specific DHS programs. These plans are intended to provide Congress with information that allows it to effectively oversee particular programs and hold the Department accountable for program results. Required expenditure plans shall include, at a minimum: a description of how the plan satisfies any relevant legislative conditions for the expenditure plan; planned program capabilities and benefits; cost and schedule commitments; measures of progress against commitments made in previous plans; how the program is being managed to provide reasonable assurance that the promised program capabilities, benefits, and cost and schedule commitments will be achieved; historical funding for the program, if applicable; and an obligation and outlay schedule.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

The conference agreement provides \$338,393,000 for the Office of the Chief Information Officer (CIO) as proposed by the Senate instead of \$281,593,000 as proposed by the House. Funding shall be allocated as follows:

Salaries and Expenses	\$86,912,000
Information Technology Services	51,417.000
Security Activities	152,403,000
Homeland Secure Data Network	47.661,000
Total	\$338,393,000

Data Center Development

The conference agreement provides not less than \$82,788,000 within Security Activities for data center development as proposed by the Senate instead of \$20,000,000 as proposed by the House. This includes \$58,800,000 for data center development and operations and maintenance as requested in the budget, of which not less than \$38,540,145 is for power capabilities upgrades at Data Center One in the

amounts and for the purposes specifically listed in the Senate report. The CIO shall provide a briefing to the Committees no later than February 15, 2010, and quarterly thereafter, on the progress of data center development and migration.

Data Center Migration

In addition to the requested increase provided to this office for data center development, the conference agreement provides \$91,200,000 specifically to various Departmental components for data center migration, for a total of \$150,000,000. The conferees are aware that component data center migration schedules may shift during the course of the fiscal year based on changing circumstances and priorities. As a result, the conference report includes a general provision allowing the Secretary to transfer funds made available for data center migration, if necessary, among components based on revised schedules and priorities with 15 days prior notice to the Committees. The CIO is also directed to include information on revised schedules in the quarterly briefings.

Departmental Priorities for Information Technology

The conferees recognize the difficulties faced by the CIO in integrating the information technology (IT) priorities and requirements across the Department. The Committees are often faced with weighing requests for resources for disparate IT requirements with limited visibility into the priorities within the DHS component IT requests or how those component requests are prioritized within the Department's overall IT plans. In order for the Committees to properly evaluate IT requests, it is essential that the CIO provide a clear accounting of IT activities and priority resource needs by Departmental component and for each fiscal year. The conferees direct the CIO to brief the Committees within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the prioritized list of the Department's most pressing IT needs across all components, including but not limited to OneNet, United States Citizenship and Immigration Services business transformation, data center migration, the Transportation Security Administration's vetting and credentialing modernization, the Homeland Security Information Network, and Traveler Enforcement Compliance System (TECS) modernization. Quarterly briefings should be provided thereafter.

Federal Information Security Management Act

The conferees direct the CIO to brief the Committees, along with the appropriate DHS component CIOs, on the plan to improve Federal Information Security Management Act scores as outlined in the Senate report.

ANALYSIS AND OPERATIONS

The conference agreement provides \$335,030,000 for Analysis and Operations instead of \$345,556,000 as proposed by the House and \$347,845,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Reports to Congress

As detailed in both the House and Senate reports, the Department has been exceptionally late submitting reports required by the Committees to oversee the expenditure of Intelligence and Analysis funds and to evaluate the progress made in establishing the State and Local Fusion Center (SLFC) program. These delays not only create an unacceptable lack of visibility into DHS's intelligence programs, but also disregard Congress' explicit direction to provide timely information. Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a fiscal year 2010 expenditure plan for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis as outlined in the Senate report, including balances carried forward from prior years. In addition, the Secretary shall continue to submit quarterly reports on the SLFC Program not later than 30 days after the end of each quarter of the fiscal year, as discussed in the Senate and House reports.

National Applications Office and National Immigration Information Sharing Operation

The conference agreement provides no funding for the National Applications Office since this program was recently terminated by the Department. The conferees understand that activities currently

carried out by the Department of the Interior Civil Applications Committee will be unaffected by this action.

The Department continues to develop the National Immigration and Information Sharing

Operation (NIISO) program, but has substantially altered its scope to be more limited than past proposals.

In addition, the Department is currently working with partner agencies to ensure that NIISO operates
consistent with all existing laws and regulations. As a result, the conference agreement provides less than
requested in the budget for the NIISO program since it seems unlikely operations will commence at the
start of the fiscal year. In addition, the conference agreement includes a statutory provision that prohibits
funding in this or any other Act from being obligated to commence NIISO operations until the Secretary
certifies that NIISO complies with all existing laws, including applicable privacy and civil liberties
standards, the GAO has reviewed such certification, and a notification pursuant to section 503 is

Classified Programs

Recommended adjustments to classified programs are addressed in a classified annex accompanying this report.

OFFICE OF THE FEDERAL COORDINATOR FOR GULF COAST REBUILDING

The conference agreement provides \$2.000.000 for the Office of the Federal Coordinator for Gulf Coast Rebuilding (OFCGCR) as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conferees expect OFCGCR will remain open through the end of fiscal year 2010. The office is directed to provide an expenditure plan no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, as specified in the Senate report. The conferees encourage OFCGCR to consolidate federal data on Gulf Coast recovery funding and measure impacts on key recovery indicators including repopulation, economic and job growth, reestablishment of local and State tax revenues, restoration of housing stock, and availability of critical services including health care, education, criminal justice, and fire protection. OFCGCR shall work with all appropriate stakeholders to identify and pursue a path forward to bring New Orleans Charity Hospital back on-line.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The conference agreement provides \$113,874,000 for the Office of Inspector General (IG) instead of \$111,874,000 as proposed by the House and \$115,874,000 as proposed by the Senate. Included within this amount are additional resources necessary to conduct U.S. Customs and Border Protection revenue oversight.

In addition to this direct appropriation, \$16,000,000 shall be transferred from the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Disaster Relief Fund (DRF) to the IG to continue and expand audits and investigations related to disasters. The IG is required to notify the Committees no less than 15 days prior to all transfers from the DRF.

FEMA Hiring Practices

As part of the request for FEMA's Management and Administration account, \$35,000,000 is to resolve employee pay shortfalls resulting from inadequate hiring and budgeting guidelines and controls at FEMA. The conferees direct the IG to investigate the hiring practices of FEMA as it pertains to this issue and to report to the Committees within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act. As part of the investigation, the IG shall evaluate whether or not the budget request of \$35,000,000 is sufficient to rectify FEMA's structural pay deficiencies.

Audit Reports

The conferees direct the IG to withhold the release of any final audit or investigation reports requested by the Committees from public distribution for a period of 15 days.

TITLE II—SECURITY, ENFORCEMENT, AND INVESTIGATIONS

U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$8,064,713,000 for U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Salaries and Expenses instead of \$7,615,797,000 as proposed by the House and \$8,075,649,000 as proposed by the Senate. Of this amount, \$1,418,263,000 is for Headquarters, Management, and Administration, including \$402,263,000 for rent in a separate PPA line; \$950,000 within the amounts appropriated for nine additional positions for oversight of Office of Information Technology programs; and an additional \$500,000 for four new positions for conduct and integrity oversight as specified in the Senate report.

A total of \$2,749,784,000 is included for Border Security Inspections and Trade Facilitation, instead of \$2,732,759,000 as proposed by the House and \$2,770,048,000 as proposed by the Senate. Included in this amount is an additional \$7,025,000 for 50 new CBP Officers and 10 support positions to enhance Southwest border outbound operations and an additional \$10,000,000 for procurement of non-intrusive inspection (NII) equipment, to be awarded under full and open competition.

additional

Also included is \$3,587,037,000 for Border Security and Control Between Ports of Entry, instead of \$3,591,559,000 as proposed by the House and \$3,576,759,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this amount is an additional \$19.478.000 for 100 new Border Patrol agents and 23 associated support personnel: an additional \$10.000.000 for NII equipment to be awarded under full and open competition; and not more than \$800,000 for procurement of portable solar charging rechargeable battery systems, to be awarded under full and open competition.

In addition, \$309,629,000 is included for Air and Marine Operations, as proposed by both the House and Senate.

Finally, the conference report makes \$1,700,000 available until September 30, 2011, for the Global Advanced Passenger Information/Passenger Name Record Program.

The following table specifies funding by budget program, project, and activity:

Headquarters, Management, and Administration:	•
Management and Administration, Border Security Inspections and Trade Facilitation	\$520,575,000
Management and Administration, Border Security and Control Between Ports of Entry	495,425,000
Rent	402,263,000
Subtotal, Headquarters Management and Administration	1,418,263,000
Border Security Inspections and Trade Facilitation:	
Inspections, Trade, and Travel Facilitation at Ports of Entry	2,262,235,000
Harbor Maintenance Fee Collection (Trust Fund)	3,226,000
international Cargo Screening	162,000,000
Other International Programs	11,181,000
Customs-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism	62,612,000
Trusted Traveler Programs	11,274,000
Inspection and Detection Technology Investments	153,563,000
Automated Targeting Systems	32,560,000
National Targeting Center	26,355,000
Training	24,778,000
Subtotal, Border Security Inspections and Trade Facilitation	2,749,784,000
Border Security and Control between Ports of Entry:	
Border Security and Control	3,535,286,000
Training	51,751,000
Subtotal, Border Security and Control between POEs	3,587,037,000
Air and Marine Operations	309,629,000
Total	\$8,064,713,000

Financial Plan

The conferees are disappointed with poor financial decisions made by CBP in fiscal year 2009, such as insufficiently linking hiring initiatives to available resources, and the failure to factor the impact of decreased international travel, and subsequent reductions in inspection fee revenue, into spending plans based on those fees. Because more visibility in financial planning is required for oversight, the conferees wish to see the presentation of CBP Salaries and Expenses at a level of detail, and with more clarity, than is currently displayed in the appropriation table by PPAs. However, the conferees also acknowledge the practical issues involved in revising the current PPA structure, which serves as a basis for financial control and establishes reprogramming baselines, and that any PPA change would necessarily have ripple effects in budget execution. To help develop a more useful display of CBP activities, and facilitate oversight by the

Committees, the conferces direct CBP to provide within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, a financial plan reflecting a detailed breakout of funding by office for each of the major PPAs in the Salaries and Expenses appropriation: Headquarters, Management, and Administration; Border Security, Inspections and Trade Facilitation; Border Security and Control Between the Ports of Entry; and Air and Marine Operations. This financial plan shall be updated in the congressional budget justification submitted by the Department in support of the fiscal year 2011 budget. This requirement is in lieu of the Senate report requirement for a new PPA structure and detailed expenditure plan. The fiscal year 2011 budget request should be submitted using the current PPA structure.

Data Center Migration

The conference agreement provides \$33,650,000 for data center migration as proposed by the Senate instead of no funding as proposed by the House. CBP should consider reprogramming funds from within the Office of Information and Technology should additional funding for data center migration become necessary.

Intellectual Property Rights Enforcement

The conferees believe a greater focus needs to be brought to intellectual property rights (IPR) enforcement. CBP is directed to submit by December 15, 2009, a 5-year enforcement strategy to reduce IPR violations. The strategy shall include: a timeline for developing improved targeting models specifically for IPR, a timeline for implementing expanded training for all enforcement personnel, recommendations for strengthening penalties, a plan for creating a supply chain management program for IPR, and a timeline for expanding post audit reviews for IPR.

In addition, CBP, in consultation with the United States Patent and Trademark Office (PTO) and the United States Copyright Office (CO), is directed to submit a feasibility study to the Committees not later than April 16, 2010, for developing and implementing an opt-in or voluntary automated link between the Intellectual Property Rights e-Recordation online system and systems maintained by PTO and CO to allow rights holders to elect to record their rights with CBP. The study shall address project costs,

infrastructure requirements, data collection requirements, and a timeline for implementing such an automated link.

Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative

The conference agreement provides \$144,936,000 for the Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative (WHTI), as proposed by the House and Senate and requested in the budget. The conferees direct the DHS Office of Policy, with CBP, to provide semiannual briefings to the Committees on WHTI implementation, beginning not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act. These briefings should begin detailing the transition of WHTI systems and infrastructure to regular inspection and trade and travel facilitation operations, and identify program elements and funding that will be non-recurred as WHTI is fully integrated into CBP base operations.

Northern Border Strategic Efforts

The conferees direct CBP to submit a report to the Committees not later than January 15, 2010, on staffing, funding, and implementation of Northern Border enforcement initiatives, as detailed in the House report.

Electronic System for Travel Authorization

The Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA) provides automated electronic vetting of travelers from 35 visa waiver program (VWP) countries, including eight added in fiscal year 2008. CBP has received over 11,470,000 ESTA applications in fiscal year 2009, with an approximate rejection rate of 0.2 percent. While ESTA helps CBP screen incoming VWP travelers, the fact that airlines neither collect nor check ESTA information means there is no systematic way to prevent passengers who are not ESTA compliant from boarding US-bound flights.

1.5.

To assess ESTA performance, and the steps required to ensure all VWP travelers comply with ESTA, the conferees direct DHS to submit an ESTA strategic plan to the Committees not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The strategic plan should include all elements specified in the House and Senate reports. To address ESTA's communications strategy, the plan should recommend

how to ensure all travelers from VWP countries understand ESTA requirements. It should also review the relationship between ESTA and other offices with immigration/travel regulatory missions, and recommend improvements in coordination and efficiency, to include possibly merging ESTA within other components such as the VWP office or United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology.

International Cargo Screening

The conference agreement provides \$162,000,000 for International Cargo Screening as proposed by the House, instead of \$165,421,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees strongly support current efforts to reduce the vulnerability of international supply chains being used to smuggle illicit weapons, or being disrupted by such weapons. However, the conferees also recognize practical difficulties in trying to meet the statutorily mandated target of 100 percent scanning of U.S.-bound cargo in foreign ports. The conferees therefore direct CBP to report, not later than February 1, 2010, on its strategy to achieve meaningful and effective cargo and supply chain security, as described in the House report.

Textile Transshipment Enforcement

The conference agreement provides \$4,750,000 for textile transshipment enforcement. The conferees direct CBP to submit a report with its fiscal year 2011 budget request on the execution of its five-year strategic plan for textile transshipment enforcement, as specified in the House report.

Project SeaHawk

The conferees encourage CBP to continue to work with the Department of Justice and local law enforcement on the Project SeaHawk law enforcement task force to the maximum extent possible.

Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Enforcement

The conferees have ensured that, within the amounts provided for in this account, there will be sufficient funds to administer the on-going requirements of section 754 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19

U.S.C. 1675c), referenced in subtitle F of title VII of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-171; Stat. 154).

The conferees direct CBP to continue to work with the Departments of Commerce and Treasury, and the Office of the United States Trade Representative (and all other relevant agencies) to increase collections, and to provide a public report on an annual basis, within 30 days of each year's distributions under the law. The report should summarize CBP's efforts to collect past due amounts and increase current collections, particularly with respect to cases involving unfairly traded U.S. imports from China. The report shall provide the amount of uncollected duties for each antidumping and countervailing duty order, and indicate the amount of open, unpaid bills for each such order. In that report, the Secretary, in consultation with the other relevant agencies, including the Secretaries of Commerce and Treasury, should also advise as to whether CBP can adjust its bonding requirements to further protect revenue without violating U.S. law or international obligations, and without imposing unreasonable costs upon importers.

The conferees further direct the Secretary to work with the Secretary of Commerce to identify opportunities for the Department of Commerce to improve the timeliness, accuracy, and clarity of liquidation instructions sent to CBP. Increased attention and interagency coordination in these areas could help ensure that steps in the collection of duties are completed in a more expeditious manner.



Non-intrusive Inspection Technology

The conference agreement provides a total of \$163.563.000 within "Salaries and Expenses" for the purchase of NII technology instead of \$183,563,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$143,563,000 as proposed by the House, of which \$10,000,000 is included in the Border Security and Control Between Ports of Entry PPA. The conferees direct CBP to award all NII funds through full and open competition.

Northern Border Security

The conferees expect DHS and CBP to devote the attention and funding needed to secure the Northern border. The conferees direct the Secretary to address the issues discussed in the House and

Senate reports regarding the Northern border, update the August 2009 Northern Border Strategy, and meet the stated goal of deploying 2,212 Border Patrol agents along the Northern border in fiscal year 2010. A briefing on the steps being taken to achieve these specific goals shall be provided to the Committees not later than December 15, 2009.

Rent

The conference agreement includes \$402,263,000 for Rent in the Headquarters, Management, and Administration PPA, as proposed by the Senate, instead of in the proposed Facilities Management account, as proposed by the House. The conferees view keeping rental payments within the Salaries and Expenses appropriation as consistent with fully capturing and displaying the budgets of activities funded in that appropriation, in that rental costs are necessarily included in resource allocation decisions for program operations. At the same time, the conferees see value in being able to compare all facility related costs, whether rent, lease, or investment. The conferees therefore direct CBP to submit, with its justification materials accompanying the 2011 budget request, a consolidated presentation of all CBP facilities costs.

Additional Reports

The conferees direct the Secretary of Homeland Security to submit the reports called for in sections 563 and 568 of H.R. 2892 as amended by the Senate regarding, respectively. Operation Streamline and the improvement of cross-border inspection processes.

AUTOMATION MODERNIZATION

The conference agreement provides \$422,445,000 for Automation Modernization instead of \$462,445,000 as proposed by the House and Senate. Funds are available until expended. The total amount provided includes funding for the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE), the Integrated

Trade Data System (ITDS), legacy systems, and Critical Operations Protection and Processing Support (COPPS), the latter including modernization of the TECS system. Not less than \$227,960,000 of the total appropriation is provided for ACE, of which \$16,000,000 is for ITDS. Of the total provided for ACE, \$50,000,000 is unavailable for obligation until 30 days after an expenditure plan, as specified in the House report, is submitted to the Committees. In addition, CBP is directed to continue submitting quarterly reports to the Committees on progress in implementing ACE.

Automated Commercial Environment

The conferees remain staunchly committed to completing the development and deployment of ACE. Significant capabilities have already been delivered to the trade community and to the employees of CBP. However, CBP continues to struggle and fail at program management, requirements development, contractor oversight, and delivering capabilities on time. It should be noted that what originally was a 5-year development plan has become a 20-year odyssey. CBP is again restructuring its approach to managing the development of ACE, including requiring future capability releases to undergo business case reviews. The reductions in funding below the amount requested in the budget are prudent and should allow CBP to place Entry Summary Reconciliation and Cargo Release into a full business case review rather than proceeding with their development in fiscal year 2010 under the original plan.

TECS Modernization Expenditure Plan

The conference agreement provides \$50,000,000, as requested in the budget, for TECS modernization, within the COPPS PPA funding levels. The conferees understand this joint effort between CBP and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) will be completed within the next five years, and direct CBP and ICE to provide semiannual joint briefings to the Committees beginning not later than December 1, 2009.

BORDER SECURITY FENCING, INFRASTRUCTURE, AND TECHNOLOGY

The conference agreement provides \$800,000,000 for the integrated Border Security Fencing, Infrastructure, and Technology account as proposed by the Senate instead of \$732,000,000 as proposed by the House. Funds are available until expended. The funding includes \$92,000,000 for Program Management, of which \$40,000,000 is for environmental and regulatory requirements and \$52,000,000 is for personnel operations and support; \$508,000,000 for Development and Deployment, of which \$40,000,000 is for Northern border security technology investment, and of which \$20,548,000 above the budget request is included to expedite P25 tactical communications modernization and to further technology design planning for Secure Border Initiative Network (SBInet) projects in Arizona; and \$200,000,000 for Operations and Maintenance.

The conference agreement also makes \$75,000,000 unavailable for obligation until the Committees receive and approve an expenditure plan that complies with conditions set forth in the conference report, and has been reviewed by the GAO. The conference report continues current law making no funding available until the Secretary certifies that CBP has complied with legal requirements for consultation with communities, federal agencies, and other stakeholders affected by planned deployment of fencing and tactical infrastructure, and, for projects for which the Secretary has exercised statutory authority to waive various environmental and other regulations and laws, until 15 days after public notice of such waiver.

Expenditure Plan

The conferees include statutory requirements for information to be included in the expenditure plan to be reviewed by the GAO. The conferees expect the plan will be submitted in a timely manner to the Committees and comply fully with the conditions set forth in this and related Acts.

The conferees direct that the plan provide specific details on how additional funding shall be used to expedite P25 tactical communications modernization.

The conferees are concerned about the delays in deployment for SBlnet "Blocks" 1 and 2, while also recognizing the need to proceed carefully and to ensure steps are taken to address all mission and operational test requirements. Therefore, the conferees also direct that the expenditure plan specify how additional funding included under this heading will be used to further key development and

demonstrations in support of the launch of "Block 2". In addition to the expenditure plan requirements, the conferees direct CBP to brief the Committees as soon as preliminary results from "Block 1" operational field tests are available and prior to proceeding further with "Block 2" development.

Evaluation and Acceptance Criteria

The conferees continue to support expeditious deployment of effective technology to enhance CBP's execution of its border security mission, and recognize the renewed rigor with which CBP is evaluating the operational utility of such technology. In fiscal year 2010, the Office of Border Patrol (OBP) is expected to evaluate the SBInet "Block 1" increment through operational field testing along the Southwest Border. While OBP's operational requirements for border security technology are well documented, the criteria OBP will use to determine acceptance of the SBInet prime mission product remain unclear. The conferees direct CBP to delineate the evaluation and acceptance criteria for SBInet in the required BSFIT expenditure plan. CBP, along with the Science and Technology Directorate, are also directed to jointly brief the Committees prior to CBP commencing "Block 1" operational field testing on this criteria and how the criteria will be used to make an acceptance determination of SBInet.

Northern Border Technology

The conferees are concerned that not all options are receiving due consideration when allocating funding to deploy technology to Border Patrol sectors along the Northern Border. While proven commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) technology, such as cameras, can significantly leverage existing manpower, many Border Patrol stations lack such basic technology. At the same time, most Northern border technology investment is being put into one sector's integration center. The conferees direct that the expenditure plan, in describing Northern Border technology investments, explicitly address tradeoffs between intensive investments (by operation or location) versus providing COTS technology and support to more areas of the Northern Border. In addition, CBP is directed to continue, as part of the quarterly Secure Border Initiative (SBI) reports, a report on technology investment on the Northern border, as specified in the House report.

Reporting Requirements to the Committees

CBP is directed to include, within the fiscal year 2010 expenditure plan and as specified in the House report, its proposed environmental planning and mitigation plan. In lieu of providing in that plan a report on current and prior year environmental efforts, as proposed by the House, CBP shall brief the Committees no later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

In addition, DHS shall include in the quarterly SBI report details on BSFIT obligations and expenditures as specified in the House report, rather than submitting such information on a monthly basis.

AIR AND MARINE INTERDICTION, OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE, AND PROCUREMENT

The conference agreement provides \$519,826,000 for Air and Marine Interdiction. Operations, Maintenance, and Procurement instead of \$513,826,000 as proposed by the House and \$515,826,000 as proposed by the Senate. This includes \$374,217,000 for Operations and Maintenance and \$145,609,000 for procurement. Within these amounts, an additional \$6,000,000 is provided for software and system upgrades for the Air and Marine Operations Center, and an additional \$8,000,000 is provided for marine vessels.

Marine Vessels

The conference agreement provides \$14.500.000 for procurement of marine vessels, instead of \$16.500.000 as proposed by the Senate and \$6,500.000 as proposed by the House, an increase of \$8,000,000 above the budget request. The conferees direct these funds to be awarded competitively and direct CBP to submit an updated strategic acquisition plan to the Committees as discussed in the House report.

Air and Marine Recapitalization

Congress, in fiscal year 2006, mandated CBP to submit a strategic plan for recapitalization of its aviation assets, subsequently expanded to include all its air and marine programs. In executing this plan,





In the same briefing, CBP shall provide an assessment of the potential of "buffer areas" to facilitate mission and environmental goals, in lieu of a report in the expenditure plan, as proposed by the House.

CBP has awarded contracts for the purchase and upgrade of aircraft and marine vessels, as well as implementation of the P-3 aircraft service life extension program. However, the conferees note that CBP has made little progress in retiring its aging assets or reducing the number of types of aircraft it flies. These trends could lead to higher maintenance costs and possibly the loss of assets needed to support the agency's border security missions. The conferees therefore direct the Commissioner to submit an updated strategic plan for air and marine recapitalization to the Committees with its fiscal year 2011 budget request, specifying the quantities and types of aging aircraft and marine vessels operated by CBP, their operating locations, and progress toward replacement or upgrade of such assets. The report shall include an estimate of the costs to maintain aging assets until they are retired, plans for mitigating the impact of increased maintenance on mission availability, and details on contracts awarded to purchase new, replacement aircraft and vessels, or upgrade existing assets. CBP is also directed to brief the Committees no later than December 15, 2009, on current air and marine asset maintenance costs and mission availability, and the remaining service life of aging assets.

CONSTRUCTION AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

The conference agreement provides \$319,570,000 for Construction and Facilities Management instead of \$682,133,000 for Facilities Management as proposed by the House, and \$316,070,000 as proposed by the Senate. This includes \$282,557,000 for Facility Construction and Sustainment and \$37.013.000 for Program Oversight and Management. Within Facility Construction and Sustainment is an additional \$39,700,000 for constructing and equipping the Advanced Training Center and \$3,500,000 for acquisition, design, and construction of CBP Air and Marine facilities at El Paso International Airport. No funding is provided for rent, which is funded in the Salaries and Expenses appropriation.

Port of Entry Construction

The conference agreement includes language requiring CBP, in consultation with GSA, to include a 5-year construction plan for land border ports of entry. The conferees direct DHS to continue to work with GSA to prioritize and address land border port of entry infrastructure needs, and to comply with

requirements of the Public Buildings Act to seek necessary funding, as called for in the Senate and House reports.

Future Construction Needs

The conferees are disappointed that the fiscal year 2010 budget request includes no funds for ongoing or new construction projects. While significant funds have been provided to CBP as its workforce has seen exceptional growth, the expansion and replacement of aging and inadequate CBP facilities is not complete. The conferees expect future budget requests to include an adequate level of funding to continue modernization of CBP facilities to meet current security needs and the habitability needs of the CBP workforce.

Rural and Remote Housing

The conferees expect DHS to work to ensure adequate housing for its personnel in rural and remote areas, particularly with the significant increase of CBP personnel deployed to the Northern and Southwest Borders, and direct the Department to submit to the Committees no later than December 15, 2009, a Quarters Management Plan as described in the House report.

U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$5,342,134,000 for U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Salaries and Expenses instead of \$5,313,193,000 as proposed by the House and \$5,360,100,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the total amount, not less than \$1,500,000,000 is for efforts to identify individuals illegally present in the United States who have criminal records, whether incarcerated or at-large, and to remove these aliens once they have been judged deportable in immigration

court. The conferees direct ICE to report within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act to the Committees on how it will allocate program funds to fulfill this requirement.

The conference report includes a statutory requirement for the IG to review ICE's 287(g)

agreements for compliance with the terms of Memoranda of Understanding signed between the agency and local law enforcement organizations, and also prohibits the expenditure of funds on contracts with detention centers that repeatedly fail to comply with ICE detention standards.

The following table specifies funding levels by budget activity:

Headquarters Management and Administration	\$512,337,000
Legal Proceedings	221,666,000
Domestic Investigations	1,649,551,000
International Investigations	
International Operations	112,872,000
Visa Security Program	30,686,000
Subtotal, International Investigations	143,558,000
Intelligence	69.842.000
Detention and Removal Operations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Custody Operations	1,771,168,000
Fugitive Operations	229,682,000
Criminal Alien Program	192,539,000
Alternatives to Detention	69,913,000
Transportation and Removal Program	281,878,000

Subtotal, Detention and Removal Operations	2,545,180,000	
Identification and Removal of Criminal Aliens	200,000,000	
Total, ICE Salaries and Expenses	\$5,342,134,000	

Management and Administration

Within Management and Administration, the conference agreement includes \$47,123,000 for ICE field office collocation as proposed by the House and instead of \$57,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. A statutory restriction in the conference report withholds from obligation all non-personnel and non-planning costs for field office collocation until ICE submits a plan for nationwide expansion of the Alternatives to Detention program. In addition, the conference agreement includes \$23,850,000 for ICE data center consolidation, as proposed by the Senate instead of no funding as proposed by the House. The conference report also includes authority to transfer up to \$10,000,000 from the ICE Automation Modernization account to Salaries and Expenses for data center migration, if ICE determines this to be a higher priority.

Prioritizing the Removal of Deportable Criminal Aliens

The conference report includes \$200,000,000 exclusively for ICE efforts to identify and remove deportable criminal aliens as proposed by the House, instead of \$195,589,000 as proposed by the Senate. ICE has branded these efforts "Secure Communities," and the conferees continue to have strong interest in the implementation and expansion of this program. As a result, the conference agreement includes a statutory requirement for ICE to report to the Committees, within 45 days of the close of each quarter of the fiscal year, on progress to make sure all aliens who have been convicted of crimes and ordered removed from the United States are indeed deported to their country of origin.

The-conferees include statutory language directing ICE to allocate not less than \$1,500,000,000 of its total Salaries and Expenses budget to the identification and removal of criminal aliens, indicating the high level of attention the conferees expect ICE immigration enforcement managers will place on finding and deporting those who have already proved their ability to harm U.S. citizens and legal

residents. The conferees recognize the complex mix of competing priorities confronting ICE when enforcing immigration laws, and have provided record appropriations since 2007 to support all ICE immigration enforcement activities. Despite this robust level of funding, ICE has been unable to fully develop a capacity to identify all individuals who have been convicted of criminal offenses, ordered removed from the country, and are in law enforcement custody. The conferees expect ICE will continue to make significant progress establishing the Secure Communities program at booking locations, jails and prisons throughout the country in fiscal year 2010. Within 30 days of the enactment of this Act, the conferees direct ICE to submit to the Committees an explicit plan for how the agency will allocate these program resources to the identification and removal of deportable criminal aliens.

The conferees note that ICE has had initial success deploying the Secure Communities program to more than 40 locations nationwide. Data indicate that Secure Communities helped ICE issue more than 6,000 immigration detainers at these locations between October 2008 and April 2009, many of which were for individuals convicted of serious offenses such as rape, armed robbery, and violent drug-related crimes. As in past years, the conferees include a statutory requirement for ICE to prioritize the removal of aliens convicted of crimes by the severity of that crime to ensure the most dangerous criminal aliens are not simply released back into the U.S. after the completion of their criminal sentences.

Southwest Border Enforcement Initiative



The conferees note the vigor with which ICE has rapidly devoted resources toward the enhancement of law enforcement efforts along the Southwest border in response to the increase in cross-border crime in fiscal year 2009. These efforts include the establishment of 10 Border Enforcement Security Task Forces (BESTs) along the Southwest border to better utilize the collective capabilities of Federal, State, local, and international law enforcement partners. Furthermore, ICE has signed new agreements with the Drug Enforcement Administration and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives to strengthen and better coordinate Federal law enforcement efforts to thwart the smuggling of drugs, bulk cash, weapons, illegal aliens, and other contraband by transnational criminal organizations. While very supportive of these efforts, the conferees believe ICE must examine the broader resource implications and sustainability of this new operational posture

in the context of achieving the objectives of the National Southwest Border Counternarcotics Strategy (the Strategy), released on June 5, 2009. ICE is directed to brief the Committees no later than December 15, 2009, on its efforts to effectively align resources to the Strategy's goals for border enforcement.

To support ICE efforts along the Southwest border in combating crime related to transnational smuggling and illicit trade, the conference agreement provides a total of \$100,000,000, \$30,000,000 more than requested. Of these amounts, an additional \$10,000,000 is for BEST team expansion, which includes \$2,000,000 for intelligence activities; an additional \$10,000,000 is for counterproliferation investigations, including anti-gun smuggling activities; and an additional \$10,000,000 is for investigations of transnational gangs.

The conferees are aware of ongoing efforts to coordinate the investigative activities of DHS and the Department of Justice (DOJ) along the Southwest border. The conferees commend the Administration for this plan to expand and share network ballistics imaging technology with Mexican law enforcement agencies as part of the Strategy. As discussed in the Senate report, the sharing of ballistics information can potentially generate significant leads for investigations into gun violence and weapons smuggling. The conferees encourage DHS to continue to work closely with the DOJ to ensure appropriate protocols are in place to share ballistic information between the two agencies and with Mexican law enforcement partners to further collective investigative efforts.

Detention Bed Spaces



The conference report includes a provision directing that a level of 33,400 detention beds shall be maintained throughout fiscal year 2010.

Detention Standards Oversight and Compliance



As discussed in both the House and Senate reports, the conferees support ICE's proposal to expand the Office of Professional Responsibility and Detention Facilities Inspection Group, and provide an increase of \$2,100,000 over the budget request for these programs in fiscal year 2010 to address workplace fraud as proposed by the Senate.

Alternatives to Detention

The conference agreement provides \$69,913,000 for Alternatives to Detention programs instead of \$73,913,000 as proposed by the House and \$63,913,000 as proposed by the Senate. Included in the conference report is a statutory restriction on expenditure of ICE appropriations on field office collocation until ICE submits to the Committees a plan for nation wide deployment of the Alternatives to Detention program.

Detention and Removal Reporting

ICE is directed to continue to submit quarterly reports on detention and removal statistics, as discussed in the Senate report.

ICE Investigations

The conference agreement provides \$1,649,551,000 for ICE domestic investigations instead of \$1,643,360,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,666,551,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement also provides \$143,558,000 for ICE international investigations instead of \$144,758,000 as proposed by the House and \$143,058,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the funding provided for international investigations, the conference agreement includes \$30,686,000 for ICE Visa Security Units instead of \$31,886,000 as proposed by the House and \$30,186,000 as proposed by the Senate.

ICE Worksite Enforcement

The conference agreement provides \$134,778,000 for ICE worksite enforcement investigations, an increase of \$6,000,000 above the amount requested in the budget, as discussed in the Senate report.

State and Local Programs



The conference agreement includes a total of \$117,394,000 for State and Local Programs as proposed by both the House and Senate. Within this total, \$68,047,000 is for the 287(g) program; \$14,357,000

is provided for the Forensics Document Laboratory, which supports all ICE investigatory programs and offers specialized assistance to State and local law enforcement agencies; and \$34,990,000 is for the Law Enforcement Support Center.

Deportation of Parents of U.S.-Born Children

As discussed in the House and Senate reports, ICE does not currently track in any meaningful or comprehensive way, information about the removal of alien parents of U.S.-born children. In order to better understand the scale and intricacies of this issue, the conferees direct ICE to submit, within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, an evaluation of the process and data management system changes necessary to track the information discussed in both the House and Senate reports, including a timeline for implementing the required changes in fiscal year 2010. ICE is directed to begin collecting data on the deportation of parents of U.S.-born children no later than July 1, 2010, and to provide the data at least semi-annually to the Committees and the Office of Immigration Statistics.

Textile Transshipment Enforcement

As discussed in the House report, the conference agreement includes \$4,750,000 for textile transshipment enforcement, as authorized by section 352 of the Trade Act of 2002. Concurrent with its fiscal year 2011 budget submission, ICE should report on this activity as discussed in the House report.

AUTOMATION MODERNIZATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$90,000,000 for Automation Modernization instead of \$105,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$85,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. Included in this amount is the full budget request for the TECS and Atlas modernization programs, and for ICE efforts to convert health records to digital format. The conferees direct ICE to provide, within 30 days from the date of enactment of this Act, a briefing that identifies the funding levels to be allocated to other programs funded in this account. In addition, the conference report includes a statutory restriction withholding \$10,000,000 of the Automation Modernization appropriation from obligation until ICE submits a detailed fiscal year 2010 expenditure plan for this account. Should ICE determine that data center migration is a

higher priority than its various automation modernization programs, it may transfer up to \$10,000,000 from this account to "Salaries and Expenses" for this purpose.

CONSTRUCTION



The conference agreement provides an additional \$4,818,000 for ICE construction, which funds basic and emergency maintenance at ICE-owned detention facilities instead of \$11,818,000 as proposed by the House and no funding as proposed by the Senate.

TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

AVIATION SECURITY

The conference agreement provides \$5,214,040,000 for Aviation Security instead of \$5,265,740,000 as proposed by the House and \$5,233,328,000 as proposed by the Senate. In addition to the amounts appropriated, a mandatory appropriation totaling \$250,000,000 is available through the Aviation Security Capital Fund. Statutory language reflects the collection of \$2,100,000,000 from aviation user fees, as authorized. The following table specifies funding by budget activity:

Screening Operations:	
Screener Workforce:	
Privatized screening	\$149,643,00
Screener personnel, compensation, and benefits	2,758,575,00
Subtotal, screener workforce	2,908,218,00
Screening training and other:	204,713,00
Checkpoint support:	128,739,00
	

EDS/ETD Systems:	
EDS procurement and installation	778,300,000
Screening technology maintenance and utilities	316,625,000
Operation integration	21,481,000
Subtotal, EDS/ETD systems	1,116,406,000
Subtotal, screening operations	4,358,076,000
Aviation Security Direction and Enforcement:	
Aviation regulation and other enforcement	254,064,000
Airport management and support	453,924,000
Federal flight deck officer and flight crew training	25,127,000
Air cargo	122,849,000
Subtotal, aviation security direction and enforcement	855,964,000
Total, Aviation Security	\$5,214,040,000

Privatized Screening

The conference agreement provides \$149,643,000 for Privatized Screening as proposed by the House and Senate. The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) is directed to approve the applications of airports that are seeking to participate in the screening partnership program that meet all of TSA's criteria, including the determination that contract screening can be provided at that location in a cost-effective manner.

Screener Personnel, Compensation, and Benefits

The conference agreement provides \$2,758,575,000 for Screener Personnel, Compensation, and Benefits as proposed by the Senate instead of \$2,788,575,000 as proposed by the House. Within this funding, the conferees have approved \$211,861,214 for behavior detection officers, an increase of 126 new behavior detection officer FTEs to enhance ongoing activities at the nation's larger airports. As discussed in the Senate report, no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, TSA shall

report on the scientific basis for using behavior pattern recognition for observing airline passengers for signs of hostile intent, the effectiveness of this program in meeting its goals and objectives, and the justification for expanding the program. GAO shall review this report and provide its findings to the Committees no later than 120 days after the report is submitted to the Committees.

The conferees agree with the Senate recommendation to reduce funding below the request in this account due to repeated large carryover balances. With the large influx of funding provided by ARRA and this Act, TSA is able to greatly expedite the deployment of next generation technologies at the checkpoint and to install significantly more in-line explosive detection systems, thereby permitting a reduction in personnel. TSA shall report to the Committees, in tandem with the fiscal year 2011 budget, on the savings achieved and anticipated by fiscal year from the installation of the new systems. The report shall specifically address FTE savings.

TSA shall provide a briefing within 30 days after submission of the fiscal year 2011 Congressional Budget Justification presenting a revised fiscal year 2011 budget structure for the Committee consideration that includes an appropriation for personnel and related operational expenses with a one-year availability.

Screener Training and Other

The conference agreement provides \$204,713,000 for Screener Training and Other as proposed by the House instead of \$203,463,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the funds provided is \$1,250,000 for the Safe Skies Alliance to develop and enhance research and training capabilities for Transportation Security Officer improved explosives detection recognition training.

Checkpoint Support

The conference agreement provides \$128,739,000 for Checkpoint Support as proposed by the House and Senate. TSA shall move to a fully competitive procurement process for checkpoint support equipment no later than September 30, 2010, and update the Committees periodically on the progress it is making to meet this requirement. As discussed under "Transportation Security Support", TSA shall provide an expenditure plan on checkpoint support expenditures on an airport-by-airport basis.

Within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, TSA shall report to the Committees on the details and strategy for a comprehensive program to ensure passenger privacy related to the whole body imaging (WBI) program. At a minimum, this strategy should include: off-site monitoring; adequate privacy safeguards by software or other means; procedures to prohibit storing, transferring, or copying any images produced by the machines; and a concept of operations plan for those passengers that choose a physical search rather than WBI screening.

Explosives Detection Systems

A total of \$1,028,300,000 is available for Explosives Detection Systems (EDS) procurement and installation. Within this total, the conference agreement provides \$778,300,000 in discretionary funding instead of \$800,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$802,169,000 proposed by the Senate. An additional \$250,000,000 in mandatory funding is available from the Aviation Security Capital Fund. Not less than 28 percent of the funds provided shall be available for the purchase and installation of certified EDS at medium- and small-sized airports as proposed by the Senate instead of 25 percent as proposed by the House. Any award to deploy EDS shall be based on risk, the airport's current reliance on other screening solutions, lobby congestion resulting in increased security concerns, high injury rates, airport readiness, and increased cost effectiveness.

TSA shall move to a fully competitive EDS procurement process no later than September 30, 2010, and update the Committees periodically on the progress it is making to meet this requirement.

The 9/11 Act requires that TSA prioritize funding for in-line baggage system deployment using a risk-based model, to include consideration of those airports incurring eligible costs for EDS that were not recipients of funding agreements under 49 U.S.C. 44923. The TSA expenditure plan, discussed under "Transportation Security Support", shall identify those airports that have petitioned TSA for support and include these airports as part of the risk-based prioritization analysis of airport projects for determining funding eligibility pursuant to section 1604(b)(2) of the 9/11 Act.

As discussed in the House report, TSA is encouraged to consider using funds for dedicated preengineered structures related to optimal screening solutions for EDS installations.

The conferees continue to be interested in the feasibility of consolidating checkpoint and checked baggage systems at medium- and small-sized airports and direct TSA to expeditiously submit the report required by February 16, 2009, on this topic.

Screening Technology Maintenance and Utilities

The conference agreement provides \$316,625,000 for Screening Technology Maintenance and Utilities as proposed by the House instead of \$326,625,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees remain interested in controlling the growing maintenance costs of the agency's screening technologies and understand that TSA is working with vendors to develop equipment with greater throughput and lower maintenance costs. The conferees support this effort and encourage TSA to look for ways to control costs in this area in the future.

Airport Management and Support

The conference agreement provides \$453,924,000 for airport management and support as proposed by the House instead of \$448,424,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this funding is \$5,500,000 for the flight data initiative to support aircraft installation and flight testing by September 30, 2011.

Air Cargo

The conference agreement provides \$122,849,000 for Air Cargo as proposed by the House instead of \$115.018.000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the funds provided: \$4.730.000 is for testing, evaluation, and qualification of existing technologies for use in air cargo to assist the fresh fruit industry and others in complying with new cargo screening requirements; \$2,200,000 is for inspectors and canine teams to convert 35 legacy teams to proprietary teams; \$3,450,000 is for 50 new inspectors to address the additional inspection workload related to the 100-percent screening mandate and other regulatory responsibilities; and \$4,350,000 is for deployment of skid-level and palletized screening technologies, including vapor detection and metal detection technologies, to meet the 100-percent screening mandate.

TSA is encouraged to continue its efforts to assist the fresh fruit industry in complying with new cargo scanning requirements and to expedite the development and approval of efficient and effective cargo screening technologies.

TSA is directed to regularly brief the Committees on the results of its air cargo pilot before a nationwide rollout and identify any impediments it may have in meeting the 100-percent air cargo screening requirement by August 2010.

No later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, TSA shall submit an expenditure plan to the Committees on the allocation of air cargo funds, including carryover balances.

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

The conference agreement provides \$110,516,000 for Surface Transportation Security instead of \$103,416,000 as proposed by the House and \$142,616,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this total, \$42,293,000 is for surface transportation staffing and operations and \$68,223,000 is for surface transportation security inspectors and canines.

Within the funds provided for surface transportation security inspectors and canines, the conferees provide \$7,100,000 for 100 new surface transportation inspectors, allowing TSA to fulfill 9/11 Act requirements. Due to TSA delays in hiring, the conferees provide \$25,000,000, half the increased funding requested, for new rail inspectors to create 15 new Visible Intermodal Protection and Response (VIPR) teams. These funds cannot be obligated until TSA provides an expenditure plan detailing how and where these new VIPR teams will be deployed.

Transportation Threat Assessment and Credentialing

The conference agreement provides a direct appropriation of \$171,999,000 for Transportation

Threat Assessment and Credentialing as proposed by the House and the Senate. In addition, the conferees have moved all fee funded screening activities into this account. TSA anticipates it will collect \$47,620,000 in fees. Funding is provided as follows:

Direct Appropriations:	
Secure flight	\$84,363,000
Crew and other vetting programs	87,636,000
Subtotal, direct appropriations	171,999,000
Fee Collections:	
Transportation worker identification credential	9,000,000
Hazardous materials	15,000,000
Alien flight school (transfer from DOJ)	4,000,000
Certified cargo screening program	5,200,000
Large aircraft security program	1,600,000
Secure identification display area checks	10,000,000
Other security threat assessments	100,000
General aviation at DCA	100,000
Indirect air cargo	2,600,000
Sensitive security information	20,000
Subtotal, fee collections	\$47,620,000

Secure Flight

The conference agreement provides \$84,363,000 for Secure Flight as proposed by the House and Senate. The conferees do not include a general provision as proposed by the Senate prohibiting funds to be used to test algorithms assigning risk to passengers whose names are not on a government watch list or to use databases that are under control of a non-Federal entity because these activities are not permitted by the final Secure Flight rule. Any change beyond the scope of this rule would require a new rulemaking.

TSA shall report within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the progress it has made in addressing GAO's Secure Flight recommendations related to the name matching system, appropriate life cycle costs, schedule estimates, and its assessment on the impact of modifications to the Computer Assistance Passenger Pre-Screening System rules on air carriers. In addition, the conferees direct GAO to continue its review of the Secure Flight program until all conditions are generally achieved, and periodically update the Committees on its findings.

As directed in the Senate report, TSA shall brief the Committees on any security concerns related to passengers providing fraudulent documents when making an airline reservation and discuss how this will be addressed.

No funds appropriated for crew and other vetting programs may be used to supplement the amount provided for the Secure Flight program, subject to section 503 of this Act.

Transportation Security Support



The conference agreement provides \$1,001,780,000 for Transportation Security Support instead of \$992,980,000 as proposed by the House and \$999,580,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funding is provided as follows:

Headquarters administration	\$248,929,000
Information technology	498,310,000
Human capital services	226,338.000
Intelligence	28,203,000
Subjectal, Transportation Security Support	\$1,001,780,000

Information Technology

The conference agreement includes \$498,310,000 for Information Technology instead of \$489,510,000 as proposed by the House and \$496,110,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this total is \$8,800,000 for data center migration.

Expenditure Plans

report

The conference agreement includes language requiring TSA to submit detailed expenditure plans to the Committees for air cargo security, and for checkpoint support and EDS procurement,

refurbishment, and installation on an airport-by-airport basis for fiscal year 2010. These plans are due no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The conference agreement withholds \$20,000,000 of the total amount provided for Headquarters Administration from obligation until the detailed expenditure plans are received. TSA shall provide quarterly updates on EDS and checkpoint expenditures, on an airport-by-airport basis. These updates shall include information on the specific technologies to be purchased, project timelines, a schedule for obligation, and a table detailing actual versus anticipated unobligated balances at the close of the fiscal year, with an explanation of any deviation from the original plan. TSA may reassess and reallocate funds in the expenditure plan if new requirements occur throughout the fiscal year, after providing notification to the Committees on the change within the quarterly report.

Risk Assessments

As discussed in the Senate report, TSA is directed to submit expeditiously a report as directed in Senate report 110-396, related to risk analysis and resource allocations across all transportation modes. The report can be submitted in a classified or unclassified format.

FEDERAL AIR MARSHALS

The conference agreement provides \$860,111,000 for the Federal Air Marshals (FAMs), as proposed by the House and Senate. Within the total appropriation provided, \$762,569,000 is for management and administration and \$97,542,000 is for travel and training. TSA shall continue to provide quarterly reports on the FAMs mission coverage, staffing levels, and hiring rates as directed in previous appropriations Acts.

As discussed in the House report, the conferees direct the Department to reassess the long-term staffing levels for FAMs. The assessment should include a determination of the appropriate mix of staff required on a day-to-day basis; an identification of the types and numbers of flights FAMs should regularly be assigned to; whether legislative changes may be necessary to better tailor how FAMs deploy on a daily basis; and a detailed discussion on the methodology used to justify this optimal staffing mix. This assessment is due no later than February 1, 2010.

COAST GUARD

OPERATING EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$6,805,391,000 instead of \$6,822,026,000 as proposed by the House and \$6,838,291,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this amount, \$581,503,000 is available for defense-related activities, including \$241,503,000 for overseas contingency operations. Funding for operating expenses shall be allocated as follows:

Military pay and allowances:	
Military pay and allowances	\$2,718,493,000
Military health care	371,399,000
Permanent change of station	164,620,000
Subtotal. Military pay and allowances	3.254.512,000
Civilian pay and benefits:	699,794,000
Training and recruiting:	
Training and education	103,417,000
Recruitment	102,761,000
Subtotal, Training and recruiting	206,178,000

Operating funds and unit level maintenance:	entalismente en granisminismente propriori antibologia en Tourisi (Novele personal de compressore en compresso En compressore en granisminismente en compressore en compressore en compressore en compressore en compressore e
Atlantic Command	177,474,000
Pacific Command	195,943,000
1 st District	60,074,000
5th District	21,941,000
7 th District	78,338,000
8 th District	49,276,000
9 th District	31,672,000
11 th District	17,641,000
13 th District	23,060,000
14 th District	19,289,000
17 th District	29,829,000
Headquarters directorates	288,630,000
Headquarters managed units	158,901,000
Other activities	882,000
Subtotal, Operating funds and unit level maintenance	1,152,950,000
Centrally managed accounts	334,275,000
Intermediate and depot level maintenance:	
Aeronautical	365.291,000
Electronic	155.101.000
Civil/ocean engineering and shore facilities	183,929,000
Vessel	211.858,000
Subtotal, intermediate and depot level maintenance	916,179,000
Overseas Contingency Operations	241,503,000
TOTAL, Operating Expenses	\$6,805,391,000

Overseas Contingency Operations

The conference agreement provides \$241,503,000 for Coast Guard operations in support of overseas contingency operations requirements as proposed by the House and Senate. Funding for these activities was requested in the Department of Defense budget for the Navy. Consistent with actions taken in P.L. 111-32, the conferees have instead appropriated these funds directly to the Coast Guard. The conferees believe providing these funds within the appropriate agency budgets in annual appropriations bills, rather than by transfer in supplementals, improves visibility and opportunities for effective oversight. The Coast Guard may allocate these funds across its traditional PPAs in the Operating Expenses account, without regard to section 503 of this Act. The Coast Guard is directed to provide a plan no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the distribution of these funds by PPA, and shall provide a quarterly report within 45 days of the end of each quarter on the actual and planned distribution of these funds.

Financial Management

The conferees direct the Coast Guard to provide a report on the progress of the Financial Strategy for Transformation and Audit Readiness initiative no later than six months after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the House report. Furthermore, the conferees direct the Coast Guard to periodically update the Committees on progress made toward attaining a clean audit, as proposed by the Senate.

Reporting Requirements Withholding

The conferees note that despite legislative mandates the Coast Guard has failed to produce an expenditure plan for the Integrated Deepwater Systems program, a Capital Investment Plan, or Quarterly Acquisition Reports in time to be of use during in the fiscal year 2010 appropriations process. In an effort to encourage timely submissions to the Committees of materials necessary for robust and informed oversight, the conference report withholds \$50,000,000 from obligation from the Coast Guard's Headquarters Directorates PPA until the Revised Deepwater Implementation Plan, a comprehensive five-year Capital Investment Plan for fiscal years 2011-2015, and the Quarterly Acquisition Report for the second quarter of fiscal year 2010 have been submitted to the Committees.

Biometrics at Sea

The conferees direct the Coast Guard to brief the Committees on its plans for the future growth of the Biometrics at Sea program no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the House report.

Counternarcotics Enforcement

The conferees provide \$4,000,000 above the budget request to enhance Coast Guard counternarcotics enforcement efforts, instead of \$5,735,000 as proposed by the House. No additional funding for this activity was proposed by the Senate. The Coast Guard is directed to report to the Committees no later than 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act on how these funds will be applied to specific counternarcotics programs. The application of these additional funds may include expansion of Airborne Use of Force and Law Enforcement Detachment capabilities and should be based upon the Coast Guard's most pressing resource needs related to counternarcotics enforcement in the source and transit zones.

Critical Depot Level Maintenance

The conference agreement provides \$10,000,000 above the budget request to address the Coast Guard's significant backlog for critical depot level maintenance for aging surface, air, and shore assets, instead of \$20,000,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$5,000,000 as proposed by the House for cutter maintenance. These additional funds will address crew safety, habitability, hazardous materials remediation, emergency and scheduled maintenance, and spare parts availability requirements, as described in the Senate report.

Long Range Aids to Navigation – C (LORAN-C)

The conference agreement includes \$12,000,000 above the request for LORAN-C, instead of \$36,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$18,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement includes and modifies a general provision (Sec.), as proposed by the Senate continuing

LORAN-C operations through January 4, 2010. LORAN-C operations shall continue beyond that date unless the Commandant of the Coast Guard certifies that the termination of the LORAN-C signal will not adversely impact the safety of maritime navigation and the Secretary certifies that the LORAN-C system infrastructure is not needed as a backup to the Global Positioning System (GPS) or to meet any other Federal navigation requirement. If the Commandant and Secretary make such certifications, the Coast Guard shall commence a phased decommissioning of the LORAN-C infrastructure, and provide a detailed termination plan for the system to the Committees within 30 days of certification.

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If the required certifications are met, section also permits the Secretary to sell LORAN-C property to offset the costs of environmental compliance and restoration, including costs of securing and maintaining equipment that may be used as a backup to GPS.

Operations Systems Center

The conference agreement includes \$3,600,000 above the budget request, as proposed by the Senate, for customized tenant improvements in conjunction with the Operations Systems Center (OSC) expansion project. The House provided no additional funding for this activity. The OSC continues to experience steady growth in both the number of systems being developed and the number of staff required to support those systems. Currently, 500 government and contractor personnel work at the OSC. The existing main facility space has been at capacity for four years and it will not accommodate the expected growth to over 900 staff. The Coast Guard is currently housing several employees in temporary trailers. The Coast Guard is directed to work with GSA to produce a prospectus no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act for this expansion and to complete a competitively awarded lease.

Data Center Migration

The conference agreement provides no funds for Coast Guard data center migration as proposed by the House instead of \$20,400,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Polar Icebreaking Operations and Maintenance Funding

The conferees expect polar icebreaking operations and maintenance budget authority and associated FTE to be included in the Coast Guard's budget request for fiscal year 2011. The National Science Foundation and Coast Guard shall update the existing Memorandum of Agreement to reflect the change in budget authority as proposed by the Senate. Furthermore, the conferees direct the Coast Guard to follow the direction regarding the high latitude study as outlined in the House report.

Invasive Species Protection

The conferees are concerned about the threat that harmful invasive species, such as the Asian carp, pose to the Great Lakes ecosystem. The conferees are aware that the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal second dispersal barrier recently went to higher operating parameters. The Coast Guard is encouraged to continue working in conjunction with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers on any safety testing of the electrical parameters deemed necessary.

Watchstanders

The conference agreement provides \$500,000 above the budget request to meet increased operational demands and to enhance situational awareness and information sharing in Coast Guard command centers, instead of an additional \$1,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The House proposed no additional funding for this activity.

Coast Guard Yard

The conferees recognize the Coast Guard Yard at Curtis Bay, Maryland, is a critical component of Coast Guard's core logistics capability that directly supports fleet readiness. The conferees further recognize the Yard has been a vital part of the Coast Guard's readiness and infrastructure for more than 100 years and believe that sufficient industrial work should be assigned to the Yard to maintain this capability.

Security of Liquefied Natural Gas Operations

The conferees direct the Secretary, in conjunction with the Commandant, to submit a report assessing whether the Coast Guard has sufficient resources to protect Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) tankers and facilities, and recommendations for strengthening the Coast Guard's security role not later than six months after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the Senate report. Furthermore, the conferees direct the Coast Guard to report to the Committees on the impact of a proposed LNG facility in Fall River, Massachusetts on boat traffic, as outlined in the Senate report, no later than six months after the date of enactment of this Act.

National Vessel Documentation Center

The conferees understand that user fee collections, which help offset the costs of Coast Guard activities at the National Vessel Documentation Center (NVDC), have decreased due to the economic downturn. The Coast Guard shall avoid any reduction in the NVDC's government-employed or contract staff levels ordinarily funded through proprietary receipts made available in this or any other Act by reassigning such staff to non-fee related Coast Guard activities.

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE AND RESTORATION

The conference agreement provides \$13,198,000 for Environmental Compliance and Restoration as proposed by the House and Senate. The conferees direct the Coast Guard to provide the prioritized list outlining the Environmental Compliance and Restoration backlog and five-year restoration plan within six months after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the House report.

RESERVE TRAINING

The conference agreement provides \$133,632,000 for Reserve Training as proposed by the House and Senate.

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS

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The conference agreement provides \$1,537,080,000 for Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements instead of \$1,347,480,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,597,580,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funding is provided as follows:

Vessels:	
Response boat medium	\$121,000,000
Subtotal, Vessels	121,000,000
Other Equipment:	
National distress and response system modernization	
(Rescue 21)	117,000,000
HF recapitalization	2,500,000
Interagency Operations Centers (Command 21)	10,000,000
Subtotal, Other Equipment	129,500,000
Personnel and Related Support:	
Core acquisition costs	500,000
Direct personnel costs	104,700,000
Subtotal. Personnel and Related Support	105.200.000
Integrated Deepwater System:	
Aircraft:	
Maritime patrol aircraft	138,500,000
HH-60 conversion projects	45,900,000
HC-130H conversion/sustainment projects	45,300,000
HH-65 conversion project	38,000,000

C-130J fleet introduction	1,300,000
Subtotal, Aircraft	269,000,000
Surface Ships:	The second desirable and the second s
National Security Cutter	389,480,000
Offshore Patrol Cutter	9,800,000
Fast Response Cutter	243,000,000
IDS small boats	3,000,000
Patrol Boat sustainment	23,000,000
Medium Endurance Cutter sustainment	31,100,000
Polar Icebreaker sustainment	27,300,000
High Endurance Cutter sustainment	4,000,000
Subtotal, Surface Ships	730,680,000
Technology Obsolescence Prevention	1,900,000
C4ISR	35,000,000
Logistics	37,700,000
Systems engineering and integration	35,000,000
Government program management	45,000.000
ubtotal, Integrated Deepwater System	\$1,154,280,000
hore Facilities and Aids to Navigation:	27,100.000
otal, Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements	\$1,537,080,000

The Commandant is directed to continue to submit quarterly acquisition and mission emphasis reports consistent with deadlines articulated under section 360 of division I of Public Law 108-7 and the fiscal year 2008 joint explanatory statement. The conferees note that the Coast Guard has adopted the practice of comparing cost, schedule, and performance estimates against the most recently approved baseline. This approach provides an incomplete assessment of an acquisition's progress against the original baseline. Therefore, the report shall compare current estimates against the original baseline and the most recent baseline, if available. This method is consistent with Department of Defense acquisition reporting policy and is recommended by GAO. When reporting on "key project documents," it should be noted if approved documentation differs from that required by the Major Systems Acquisition Manual or the Department's Acquisition Review guidance. The reports should also indicate if a test and evaluation master plan has been approved for an asset. Finally, the acquisition reports shall include a stoplight chart that tracks key performance parameters of each asset through developmental and operational testing. The conferees note that Coast Guard consistently fails to meet the quarterly submission deadlines for these reports and find such poor compliance to be unacceptable.

Comprehensive Review of the Revised Deepwater Implementation Plan

The conferees note with emphasis the legislative requirement for the Secretary to submit a comprehensive review of the Revised Deepwater Implementation Plan (RDIP). The long standing requirements for this review are specific: a complete projection of the acquisition costs and schedule for the duration of the RDIP. The conferees expect this review to update the original RDIP estimated total cost of \$24.2 billion and projected completion by fiscal year 2027. Furthermore, the review should clearly and comprehensively display the types and quantities of operational assets covered by the RDIP and the costs and schedule, by fiscal year and by asset, for the replacement or phase-out of legacy assets through refurbishment or acquisition. Since the recapitalization of the Coast Guard's cutters, aircraft, and C41SR systems is a complex, multi-year, and integrated program, the conferees believe it is imperative to evaluate the complete acquisition program baseline, by asset, through the duration of the RDIP. Given that this RDIP review has been mandated in every annual appropriations Act for DHS since the first RDIP was established in November 2006, the conferees cannot foresee any justification for undue delay from DHS and the Coast Guard in submitting a review that fully complies with the specified requirements, including complete baseline costs. As noted previously in this statement, \$50,000,000 is withheld from

obligation from Coast Guard Headquarters Directorates until this RDIP review is submitted to the Committees, along with the Capital Investment Plan for fiscal year/2011-2015 and the Quarterly Acquisition Report for the second quarter of fiscal year 2010.

Response Boat - Medium

The conference agreement provides \$121,000,000 for the Response Boat – Medium (RB-M) acquisition, instead of \$103,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$123,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. These funds support the purchase of 39 RB-Ms, nine more than requested.

Maritime Patrol Aircraft

The conference agreement provides \$138,500,000 for the Maritime Patrol Aircraft acquisition as proposed by the House instead of \$175,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funds are available for maritime patrol aircraft, mission pallets, simulator, and associated project costs. The Coast Guard is to brief the Committees no later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the planned distribution of these funds.

National Security Cutter

The conference agreement provides \$389,480,000 for the National Security Cutter (NSC) acquisition as proposed by the Senate instead of \$281.480.000 as proposed by the House. These funds are to complete production of NSC #4 and for long lead-time materials for NSC #5. The conferees direct the Coast Guard to finalize the integrated logistics plan for the NSC and to brief the Committees on it within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Offshore Patrol Cutter

The conferees direct the Coast Guard to brief the Committees by March 15, 2010, on the progress of its ongoing preliminary acquisition work on the Offshore Patrol Cutter, including the results of the requirements and alternatives analyses.

Fast Response Cutter

The conferees expect the Coast Guard to continue quarterly briefings on the status of the Fast Response Cutter procurement as outlined in the Senate report, including information on the effectiveness of its efforts to control cost growth in the program.

Polar Icebreaker Sustainment

The conference agreement provides an additional \$32,500,000 to complete the reactivation and service life extension of the Coast Guard Cutter POLAR STAR as proposed by the Senate. No additional funding for this activity was proposed by the House. Of this amount, \$5,200,000 is provided in the Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements direct personnel costs PPA. Funds shall be applied as specified in the Senate report. The conferees believe returning POLAR STAR to operational status is vital to national interests in the polar regions. According to the Coast Guard the only existing operational heavy icebreaker, the POLAR SEA, has only five years of service life remaining. The absence of requested funding to complete fiscal year 2009 efforts to reactivate POLAR STAR, combined with the lack of compliance with standing Congressional direction on the polar icebreaking budget, implies a broader lack of commitment to sustaining polar capabilities and achieving long-term, strategic objectives in the Arctic. The conferees direct the Coast Guard to brief the Committees no later than December 15, 2009, on the program execution plan for reactivation of POLAR STAR and the status of resources required to achieve mission requirements for polar operations.

High Endurance Cutter Sustainment

The conference agreement provides \$4,000,000 above the request for pre-acquisition survey and design to determine the requirements for a maintenance effectiveness project for the High Endurance Cutter, instead of the \$8,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. No additional funding for this activity was proposed by the House. The conferees direct the Coast Guard to brief the Committees no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act on preliminary plans for this effort, as proposed by the Senate.

Interagency Operations Centers (Command 21)

The conference agreement provides \$10,000,000 for Interagency Operations Centers instead of \$28,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. No additional funding for this activity was proposed by the House. Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Coast Guard shall submit an expenditure plan for these funds as outlined in the Senate report.

Shore Facilities and Aids to Navigation

The conference agreement provides \$27,100,000 for shore facilities and aids to navigation as proposed by the Senate instead of \$10,000,000 as proposed by the House. The conferees direct the Coast Guard to provide the Committees with a prioritized list of projects in the current construction backlog by January 15, 2010, and the Coast Guard's plan to address them.

The conferees continue to be concerned with the condition of the Coast Guard Academy pier. The conference agreement includes \$300,000 for survey and design costs for this project as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement also includes \$16,800,000, as proposed by the Senate, to complete the project proposal to renovate, improve, or construct a new Station and Marine Safety Unit Cleveland Harbor, Ohio, and to begin work on this project. The Coast Guard should take a phased approach to this project to fully utilize the funds available.

In addition, the conference agreement includes a general provision, as proposed by the House, authorizing the Coast Guard to use previously appropriated funds for the consolidation of Sector Buffalo to enhance public access to the Buffalo Lighthouse. The Coast Guard is directed to brief the Committees within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act on how this aspect of the project will be completed by the end of fiscal year 2011.

Hiring Authorities

The conferees encourage the Coast Guard to work with the appropriate authorizing committees of Congress to ensure that its hiring authorities are on par with those of the other armed services, as recommended by the Senate. Furthermore, the conferees direct the Coast Guard to brief the Committees

no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act on efforts to reduce reliance on contractors performing inherently governmental work, as proposed by the Senate.

Great Lakes Icebreaking

The conferees direct the Coast Guard to conduct an alternatives analysis for Great Lakes icebreaking and submit it to the Committees no later than four months after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the Senate report.

Government Accountability Office Reviews

The conferees direct the GAO to continue its oversight of the Deepwater Program. In addition to the programs highlighted in the Senate report, GAO should focus on programs nearing critical decision points, such as the Fast Response Cutter, Maritime Patrol Aircraft, and C4ISR, as well as continuing its ongoing work reviewing the acquisition of the NSC and changes made to acquisition processes and policies at both the component and Departmental level that will affect how the Coast Guard functions as systems integrator. The conferees expect GAO to review Coast Guard expenditure plans once they are transmitted to the Committees.

ALTERATION OF BRIDGES

The conterence agreement provides \$4,000,000 for Alteration of Bridges, as proposed by the Senate instead of \$10,000,000 as proposed by the House. Funding is provided for alteration of the Fort Madison Bridge in Fort Madison, Iowa.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

The conference agreement provides \$24,745,000 for Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation instead of \$19,745,000 as proposed by the House and \$29,745,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this

(aircraft

total is \$5,000,000 above the request for unmanned aerial system (UAS) priority research, instead of \$10,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. No additional funding for this activity was proposed by the House. The conferees direct the Coast Guard to provide periodic updates on the research schedule, findings, and implications for potential acquisition and deployment of UAS resources, as noted in both the House and Senate reports.

The conferces direct the Coast Guard to report to the Committees on how the research projects outlined in the request will be supported, including development of freshwater ballast treatment technologies, within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, as outlined in the House report.

RETIRED PAY

The conference agreement provides \$1,361,245,000 for retired pay as proposed by the House and the Senate.

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$1,478.669.000 for Secret Service Salaries and Expenses instead of \$1,457,409.000 as proposed by the House and \$1,482,709,000 as proposed by the Senate. The funds should be allocated as follows:

755,521,000
67,824,000
1,000,000
22,415.000

Subtotal, Protection	846,760,000
Investigations	
Domestic Field Operations	260,892,000
International Field Office Administration, Operations, and	
Training	30,705,000
Electronic Crimes Special Agent Program and	56,541,000
Electronic Crimes Task Forces	
Support for missing and exploited children	8,366,000
Subtotal, Investigations	356,504,000
Headquarters, Management and Administration	221,045,000
Training	
Rowley Training Center	54,360,000
Total, U.S. Secret Service, Salaries and Expenses	1,478,669,000

Secret Service Financial Management

On June 30, 2009, the Department of Homeland Security notified Congress that the Secret Service expended \$5,100,000 more than had been appropriated for Presidential campaign protection in fiscal year 2009. In order to rectify this shortfall, the Committees directed the Secret Service to reallocate appropriations originally provided in the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009, to expand the agency's protective mission. This reallocation was supported by information provided to the Committees showing that the Secret Service planned to hire fewer Special Agents in fiscal year 2009 than had originally been planned.

The conferees are extremely concerned that it took the Department and the Secret Service more than seven months to notify the Congress of the campaign protection cost overruns. At a minimum, this ex post facto reporting violated section 503 of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2009, which requires the Department to notify the Congress in advance of any proposals to reprogram or transfer appropriated funds. The conferees are concerned that such action may have violated the Anti-Deficiency Act, which prohibits any executive branch employee from obligating or expending funds in excess of levels appropriated by Congress. As a result of these concerns, the conferees direct the Comptroller General to investigate this situation, report to the Committees on whether the Department's action violated these laws, and identify all actions taken or recommended to be taken to address and correct any violation.

In addition, the conferees note this is not the first incidence of budgetary execution problems at the Secret Service. A similar disregard of budgetary limitations occurred at the end of the 2004 Presidential campaign and again after the 2005 United Nations General Assembly meeting. Concerns regarding the Secret Service's ability to provide timely information on budget execution to the Committees were explicitly discussed in House Report 109-476, including direction on corrective actions. Furthermore, the Secret Service has already indicated that its protective responsibilities in fiscal year 2010 will include more protectees than budgeted, raising the possibility that fiscal year 2010 resources for the Secret Service protective mission may prove inadequate. Therefore, the conferees direct the Department of Homeland Security Chief Financial Officer and the United States Secret Service Assistant Director for Administration to brief the Committees not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the process that will be implemented in fiscal year 2010 to ensure such problems do not reoccur. The President should seek additional funds if a shortfall is identified, or the Department should seek a transfer or reprogramming of funds in accordance with section 503 of this Act.

Secret Service Information Technology Modernization

The conference agreement provides \$33,960,000 for Secret Service information technology modernization as proposed by the Senate instead of \$12,700,000 as proposed by the House. The conferees include statutory language prohibiting the obligation of these funds for any information technology equipment purchases until the DHS Chief Information Officer (CIO) certifies to the

Committees that Secret Service information technology modernization is consistent with DHS guidance for data center consolidation and enterprise architecture requirements.

The Secret Service is to work with the DHS CIO to develop a transition plan to integrate the agency's data center consolidation efforts, as proposed by the House; and the Secret Service and DHS CIO are to provide semi-annual briefings to the Committees on progress in upgrading IT systems and programs, as proposed by the Senate.

Uniformed Division Modernization

The conference agreement does not provide the requested \$4,040,000 for implementation of the proposed Uniformed Division Modernization Act (UDMA) as proposed by the House instead of the \$4,040,000 proposed by the Senate. While the relevant authorizing Committees of jurisdiction have begun the legislative process to enact such reforms and the conferees are supportive of these reforms, it is not clear when this work will be complete. If the proposed UDMA is enacted into law in fiscal year 2010, the Committees are willing to work with the Administration to implement such reforms expeditiously.

New Secret Service Offices and Locations

The conference agreement includes funding for operations of the Tallinn, Estonia, international field office, as requested in the budget. At the end of fiscal year 2009, the Secret Service determined that the best location from which to combat emerging electronic crime threats in the Baltic States is Tallinn, and informed the Committees of this decision when it proposed using a portion of that year's international operations appropriation to open the office. The Committees subsequently approved this expansion.

Given concerns that the Secret Service has opened other new permanent offices without notifying the Congress, the conference agreement includes an a statutory requirement that the Secret Service notify the Committees in advance of obligating any funds to open a new permanent domestic or overseas Secret Service office or location.

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ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, IMPROVEMENTS, AND RELATED EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$3,975,000 for Acquisition, Construction, Improvements, and Related Expenses as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

TITLE III- PROTECTION, PREPAREDNESS, RESPONSE, AND RECOVERY

NATIONAL PROTECTION AND PROGRAMS DIRECTORATE

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$44,577,000 for Management and Administration of the National Protection and Programs Directorate (NPPD), as proposed by both the House and the Senate. As discussed in the Senate report, the Under Secretary is directed to provide quarterly briefings to the Committees on the specific use of resources. In addition, the conferees direct NPPD to submit to the Committees, within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, an expenditure plan for the Office of Risk Management and Analysis.

INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION AND INFORMATION SECURITY

The conference agreement provides \$899,416,000 for Infrastructure Protection and Information Security (IPIS) instead of \$883,346,000 as proposed by the House and \$901,416,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funding levels by activity are as follows:

Infrastructure Protection:	
Identification and Analysis	\$90,610,000

Coordination and Information Sharing	59,582,000	
Mitigation Programs	197,111,000	,
Subtotal, Infrastructure Protection	347,303,000	
National Cyber Security Division:	602-14-1500-0-A 608-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
U.S. Computer Emergency Response Team (US-		
CERT)	323,629,000	
Strategic Initiatives	64,179,000	
Outreach and Programs	9,346,000	
Subtotal, National Cyber Security Division	397,154,000	ı
Office of Emergency Communications	45,060,000	
National Security/ Emergency Preparedness Telecommunications:		(NS
Priority Telecommunications Services	56,773,000	Ľ
Next Generation Networks	25,000,000	
Programs to Study and Enhance Telecommunications	16,774,000	
Critical Infrastructure Protection Programs	11,352,000	
Subtotal, NS/EP Telecommunications	109,899,000	
Total, Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	\$899,416,000	

Budget Structure

As discussed in the House report and regardless of any alterative budget structures that may be proposed, the NPPD Chief Financial Officer is directed to submit the fiscal year 2011 budget in a PPA structure identical, by account, to that enacted in this Act and as presented in this accompanying statement.

of managers. Furthermore, any report, briefing, or explanatory materials submitted to the Committees in fiscal year 2010 should present funding in this same structure.

Infrastructure Protection – Identification and Analysis

The conference agreement provides \$90,610,000 for Identification and Analysis as proposed by the Senate instead of \$86,610,000 as proposed by the House. This amount includes \$26,521,000 for Vulnerability Assessments and \$20,000,000 for the National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center (NISAC). As discussed in the Senate report, the conferees encourage NISAC to continue to work with the National Incident Management Systems and Advanced Technologies Institute at the University of Louisiana at Lafayette.

Infrastructure Protection - Coordination and Information Sharing

The conference agreement provides \$59,582,000 for Coordination and Information Sharing as proposed by the Senate instead of \$62,912,000 as proposed by the House. This amount includes a \$9,000,000 increase from the budget request level for National Infrastructure Protection Plan implementation and Critical Infrastructure/Key Resources partnership management. Within 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the NPPD Chief Financial Officer shall provide the Committees an explanation of how this additional funding will be divided between these two activities.

Infrastructure Protection – Mitigation Programs

The conference agreement provides \$197,111,000 for Mitigation Programs instead of \$196,961,000 as proposed by the House and \$196,111,000 as proposed by the Senate. This amount includes \$14,768,000 for the Office of Bombing Prevention as proposed by the Senate instead of \$14,618,000 as proposed by the House. As discussed in the House report, \$1,000,000 is for infrastructure and crime monitoring cameras in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. As discussed in the Senate report, the conferees encourage the Office of Infrastructure Protection to work with the University of

Southern Mississippi to address the range of potential and actual threats and risks to the on-going safety and security at venues with large crowds.

National Cyber Security Division – U.S. Computer Emergency Response Team (US-CERT)

The conference agreement provides \$323,629,000 for the National Cyber Security Division (NCSD) US-CERT program instead of \$310,629,000 as proposed by the House and \$331,629,000 as proposed by the Senate The conference agreement includes a statutory restriction withholding half of this amount from obligation until DHS provides and the Committees approve an expenditure plan for MCSD. Within the total provided, the conferees provide \$5,000,000 for the Cyber Security Coordination program. In addition, the conferees direct the Department to utilize any unobligated balances from the now-discontinued National Cyber Security Center for this coordinating function. As discussed in the Senate report, the conference agreement provides \$8,000,000 for data center migration activities.

National Cyber Security Division - Strategic Initiatives

The conference agreement provides \$64,179,000 for NCSD Strategic Initiatives as proposed by the House instead of \$57.679,000 as proposed by the Senate. As discussed in the House report, the total amount includes: \$3.500,000 for a Cyber Security Test Bed and Evaluation Center in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina; \$3,500,000 for cyber security training at the University of Texas at San Antonio; \$3,000,000 for the Multi-State Information Sharing and Analysis Center (MS-ISAC) at the New York Office of State Cyber Security and Critical Infrastructure Coordination; \$3,000,000 for the Power and Cyber Systems Protection, Analysis, and Testing Program at the Idaho National Laboratory, Idaho; \$500,000 for Virginia's Operational Integration Cyber Center of Excellence (VOICCE) in Hampton, Virginia; and \$100,000 for the Upstate New York Cyber Initiative at Clarkson University.

National Cyber Security Division – Outreach and Programs

The conference agreement provides \$9,346,000 for NCSD Outreach and Programs as proposed by the Senate instead of \$7,096,000 as proposed by the House. Within this amount, the conference agreement provides \$2,250,000 for the Cyber Security Information Sharing and Collaboration program as requested in the budget.

Nationwide Cyber Security Review

The conferees note the importance of a comprehensive effort to assess the security level of cyberspace at all levels of government. To accomplish this, cyber network security assessment tools must first be in place; however, the conferees understand that no such tools currently exist. Given this, the conferees do not require the Secretary to provide a report by June 1, 2010, on the status of cyber security measures in States and large urban areas, as proposed in the Senate report. Instead, NPPD, in cooperation with FEMA and relevant stakeholders, shall develop the necessary tools for all levels of government to complete a cyber network security assessment so that a full measure of gaps and capabilities can be completed in the near future. NPPD, in conjunction with FEMA, shall brief the Committees within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the specific timeframes and deliverables necessary to complete the development and execution of such tools in order to complete such an assessment by June 2011.

Office of Emergency Communications

The conterence agreement provides \$45.060.000 for the Office of Emergency Communications (OEC) as proposed by the House and instead of \$44,060,000 as proposed by the Senate. As discussed in the House report, \$1,000,000 of this amount is for SEARCH of Sacramento, California, to provide interoperable communications, training, certification, technical assistance, and outreach programs to State, regional, and local first responder communications coordinators. As discussed in the Senate report, the conferees are concerned that OEC has been slow to establish Emergency Preparedness Communications Centers (ECPC) and direct GAO to evaluate progress made to initiate this program and any obstacles to Federal coordination through ECPC.

National Security/Emergency Preparedness Telecommunications - Next Generation Networks

The conference agreement provides \$25,000,000 for the Next Generation Networks (NGN) program as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Given that it took NPPD more than eight months to submit a fiscal year 2009 NGN expenditure plan that did not fulfill all of the requirements specified by Congress, the conferees direct NPPD to submit a fiscal year 2010 expenditure plan for this program within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act and withhold half of the appropriation until the Committees approve the plan.

National Security/Emergency Preparedness Telecommunications – Programs to Study and Enhance
Telecommunications

The conference agreement provides \$16,774,000 for Programs to Enhance and Study
Telecommunications (PSET) as proposed by both the House and Senate. The conference agreement does
not provide the budget request for the proposed Continuity Communications Architecture program but
does not preclude the use of other PSET funds for this purpose, pursuant to section 503 of this Act.

National Security/Emergency Preparedness Telecommunications – Critical Infrastructure Protection

Programs

The conference agreement provides \$11,352,000 for Critical Infrastructure Protection Programs as proposed by the House instead of \$13.852,000 as proposed by the Senate. No funding is included for the Regional Communications Coordinators program.

National Security/Emergency Preparedness Telecommunications – National Command and Coordination

Capability

As discussed in the House report, the conferees provide no funding for the National Command and Coordination Capability (NCCC) since the budget proposed discontinuation of this program. In addition, the conference agreement includes a general provision rescinding \$8,000,000 in unobligated balances

from NPPD. This rescission should include unobligated prior-year appropriations made for NCCC. The conferees direct the NPPD Chief Financial Officer to report on the distribution of this rescission by program, project, and activity to the Committees within 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

FEDERAL PROTECTIVE SERVICE

Management Restructuring

The conference agreement supports the realignment of Federal Protective Service (FPS) operations from ICE to NPPD as proposed by the Senate instead of retaining FPS in ICE as proposed by the House. The conferees expect the Secretary and the Deputy Secretary to take responsibility for overseeing an effective transition. DHS managers overseeing this transition are instructed to brief the Committees on progress transferring FPS to NPPD at least semi-annually, starting no later than January 15, 2010, as discussed in the Senate report. The content of this briefing should include at a minimum as much detail as the transition plan discussed in the House report, which was submitted to the Committees on August 21, 2009.

FPS Resources

Given that the Committees have, for the past two years, expressed concern about the adequacy of the FPS police force to protect Federal workers and buildings nation-wide, the conferees are troubled that information explaining the transition of FPS to NPPD estimates an increase in overhead charges that FPS will pay to NPPD but does not identify the source from which these funds will be found. Since FPS is funded through the collection of security fees from other agencies, the conference agreement continues a provision included in the last two Homeland Security Appropriations Acts that requires the Administration to certify that FPS will collect adequate fees to employ not less than 1,200 FPS employees including at least 900 in-service field staff. The conferees direct that any additional costs for administrative overhead charged to FPS not reduce the staffing levels at the agency below the number of

employees as of September 30, 2009. The conferees expect that the total amount required for administrative costs will be identified in the 2011 budget.

UNITED STATES VISITOR AND IMMIGRANT STATUS INDICATOR TECHNOLOGY

The conference agreement provides \$373,762,000 for United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology (US-VISIT) instead of \$351,800,000 as proposed by the House and \$378,194,000 as proposed by the Senate. Of this amount, \$75,000,000 may not be obligated until the Committees receive, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, an expenditure plan that meets the statutory conditions specified under the US-VISIT heading in Public Law 110-329.

Within the total amount provided is \$118,692,000 for Program Management Services; \$31,000,000 for Identity Management and Screening Services; \$28,700,000 for Unique Identity; and \$22,000,000 for development and implementation of a biometric air exit solution. It also includes, as requested in the budget, \$128,126,000 for Operations and Maintenance, and \$45,244,000 for data center migration.

The conference report provides that \$28,000,000 in prior year balances shall remain available until expended solely for implementation of a biometric air exit capability.

Biometric Exit

The conferees support the implementation of a biometric exit solution as soon as possible. The conferees have provided a total of \$50,000,000 for implementation of a biometric air exit capability, and expect to see regular and material progress made towards a solution for exit at all ports of entry. The conferees expect DHS, through US-VISIT and its other component agencies, to leverage current infrastructure improvement initiatives such as WHTl and Southwest border outbound inspection to facilitate biometric exit solutions. The conferees direct DHS to submit its land exit planning document to the Committees as soon as it is completed and to continue to provide quarterly briefings on biometric exit implementation to the Committees, beginning November 1, 2009. The briefings should cover the status

of air exit implementation, prospects for other exit solutions, and the status of discussions with Canada and Mexico on sharing immigration information to improve the ability to track departures. The monthly reports on implementation of biometric entrance and exit are no longer required.

Staffing and Contractor Support

The conferees direct US-VISIT to provide quarterly briefings to the Committees on its hiring and position conversion efforts, as called for in the House report. These briefings should be provided at the same time as the biometric exit briefings.

OFFICE OF HEALTH AFFAIRS

The conference agreement provides \$139,250,000 for the Office of Health Affairs (OHA) instead of \$128,400,000 as proposed by the House and \$135,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the amount provided is \$5,000,000 as proposed by the House, for the North Carolina Collaboratory for Bio-Preparedness for a demonstration project for the development of a statewide system to analyze public health trends and detect incidents.

Also included is \$89,513,000 for BioWatch as proposed by the Senate instead of \$79,413,000 as proposed by the House. The funding shall be used to maintain the remaining first and second generation baseline biologic surveillance capability and to complete the Generation 3 prototype unit field testing, perform data analysis, and verify the performance of the technology. The conferees remain committed to supporting DHS in its task of establishing a viable detection system but remain concerned that the plans for this security imperative are adrift. Therefore, OHA is directed to provide an expenditure plan with specific milestones for implementation, broken out by technology generation, to the Committees within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The conferees further direct OHA to report quarterly on the deployment of any BioWatch device to new locations.

The conferees are especially troubled by the continual delays in OHA's testing and evaluation of biosurveillance technology. The conferees are aware that OHA issued a request for proposal permitting a wide range of companies to submit their technologies for Generation 3 consideration. OHA is in the

process of testing technologies to determine which ones best meet the nation's biodetection needs. The conferees expect the Science and Technology Directorate to be intricately involved in the test and evaluation of the BioWatch Generation 3 systems. Additionally, the conferees note that the National Assessment Group will provide an independent review of the test and evaluation process. Due to deficiencies that have arisen with the previous BioWatch generation technologies, there is an urgent need to complete research and development of Generation 3 systems over the next year, providing for its operational deployment starting in fiscal year 2011.

A total of \$3,726,000 has been provided for Planning and Coordination instead of \$2,976,000 as proposed by the House and \$4,476,000 as proposed by the Senate. The funding above the budget request is provided for OHA's Office of Medical Readiness in support of its role in planning for pandemic flu and activities related to the Food, Agricultural and Veterinary Defense Division.

The conferees note the important role of DHS in Project BioShield under Section 319F-2 of the Public Health Service Act shall not be modified, as outlined in the Senate report.

The conferees are concerned that systems purchased by State and local governments to detect chemical and biological substances that are not validated will be unable to accurately detect deadly pathogens. OHA is directed to work with the Federal Emergency Management Agency to ensure that grant requests are only approved for such systems that are proven to be adequate to detect harmful pathogens and provide accurate information for the health and safety of first responders and citizens.

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides a total of \$903,250,000 for Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Management and Administration. Within this total is a direct appropriation of \$797,650,000 for FEMA Management and Administration instead of \$844,500,000 as proposed by the House and \$859,700,000 as proposed by the Senate. An additional \$105,600,000 shall be transferred from the Disaster Relief fund for management and administrative functions instead of \$90,080,000 as proposed by the House and \$50,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. Together with amounts made available for management and administration from grant accounts and the transfer from the Disaster Relief fund, management and administration activities are funded at \$9,391,000 above fiscal year 2009.

Of the amount provided, the conference agreement includes: \$9,000,000 for the Emergency Management Institute; \$5,900,000 for data center migration; \$150,000 for FEMA international best practices; up to \$10,000,000 for underground storage tank remediation; \$2,945,000 for the Office of Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation; \$65,201,000 for Information Technology Services; \$2,500,000 for Ready.gov; \$2,156,000 for the National Hurricane Program; \$10,281,000 for the National Dam Safety Program; and \$8,977,000 for the National Earthquake Hazards Reduction Program.

Mount Weather Emergency Operations Center Capital Improvements

The conference agreement provides \$36,300,000, to remain available until September 30, 2011, for capital improvements at the Mount Weather Emergency Operations Center (MWEOC), as proposed by the House instead of \$49,913,000 as proposed by the Senate. The joint explanatory statement accompanying the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2009, required FEMA to submit a MWEOC capital improvement plan to allow the Committees could better determine the needed investments for this strategic facility. However, nearly a year later, the Committees still have not received the plan. The conferees understand that there are sizable unobligated balances for capital improvements from prior year appropriations that will ensure critical work can take place. The conferees, however, are concerned with the lack of visibility into the planning, finances, and future costs associated with the improvements at this important facility. Therefore, the conferees direct FEMA to provide a report, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, with detailed information on all MWEOC capital improvement funding. The report shall include a historical accounting of funding for MWEOC beginning with fiscal year 1997, including funding made available and obligations made in each fiscal year. Further, included in the report shall be a review by the DHS Office of General Counsel of all authorities used to execute that funding, including the authority to administer the MWEOC Working Capital Fund. The report should clearly list any amounts transferred to the fund from DHS entities as well as other federal sources in each fiscal year. The conferees further direct the Administration to provide the capital improvement plan required in fiscal year 2009 without delay.

Budget Submissions

The conference agreement continues a provision directing FEMA to submit its fiscal year 2011 budget request by office as directed by the House and Senate. FEMA is directed to notify the Committees

within 15 days if any office receives or transfers out more than 5 percent of the total amount allocated to each office.

National Incident Management System

The conference agreement includes an additional \$8,000,000 above the budget request instead of \$9,000,000 as proposed by the House to support and enhance ongoing incident management efforts as specified in the House report. The Senate did not provide additional funding for these activities. The conferees direct FEMA to ensure that all communities are educated and trained on the National Incident Management System.

FEMA Workforce

The conferees note the severe budget problems FEMA has sustained related to a structural pay shortfall. The conferees have directed the IG to investigate FEMA's hiring practices and to determine if the \$35,000,000 requested in the budget is sufficient to rectify this known shortfall. FEMA is directed to provide a briefing on the specific processes in place to prevent discrepancies in on-board staff and the funds needed to sustain them in the future.

The conference agreement provides \$2,000,000 for FEMA to partner with the DHS Homeland Security Studies and Analysis Institute to conduct a study of FEMA's human capital resources instead of \$2,250,000 as proposed by the Senate. The House did not include funding for this activity. The study shall include recommendations as required in the Senate report.

International Affairs Office

The conference agreement provides an additional \$150,000 to support staff travel to foreign countries after disasters to offer and receive best practices and solutions instead of \$300,000 as proposed by the House. The Senate did not propose additional funding for this program. The conferees direct FEMA to submit an expenditure plan for these funds by April 1, 2010, describing funds spent by that date, as well as how the remainder of funds will be spent during the fiscal year. The report should clearly

describe how FEMA will apply and share the specific best practices garnered by the time of the report and what specifically will be sought on future trips.

Local, State, Tribal, and Federal Task Force

The conferees recognize that since September 11, 2001, there has been a rush to increase, restructure, and reinvest in preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation policies and capabilities. This effort was reemphasized after Hurricane Katrina. Major preparedness and response policies have been developed or reshaped including: the National Preparedness Guidance; National Incident Management System; the National Response Framework; Comprehensive Planning Guidance; Disaster Housing Strategy; and Hazard Mitigation Assistance. Countless guidance documents have been issued to address specific issues or disasters. Additionally, over \$27,000,000,000 has been invested by the federal government in grants, and an untold amount at the local and State level. These investments have provided equipment to make our public infrastructure safer, our first responders better protected and prepared to respond to all hazards, and to ensure a more coordinated effort among the levels of government. Efforts to fully assess these investments and improved capabilities have not yet come to fruition although disparate attempts to find a more comprehensive measure through programs such as Cost-to-Capability, the Target Capabilities List, and the Comprehensive Assessment System are ongoing.

The conferees note that tremendous time and fiscal investments into preparedness have been made to date and believe it is time to take stock of such efforts to find ways to ensure the most efficient investments are made in the future. The reality of a constricted economy and competing interests make it imperative that current efforts related to homeland security and all-hazards response and recovery be streamlined. Therefore, the National Preparedness Directorate (NPD), in cooperation with the Office of Intergovernmental Affairs, shall lead the administrative effort of a Local, State, Tribal, and Federal preparedness task force. The task force is charged with making recommendations for all levels of government regarding: disaster and emergency guidance and policy; federal grants; and federal requirements, including measuring efforts. The task force shall especially evaluate: which policies and guidance need updating, and the most appropriate process by which to update them; which grant programs work the most efficiently and where programs can be improved; and the most appropriate way to collectively assess our capabilities and our capability gaps. Representation on the task force shall include: decision makers and practitioners from all disciplines including, but not limited to, firefighters, law

enforcement, emergency management, health care, public works, development organizations, mitigation, and information technology; elected officials; and the private sector. NPD is directed to brief the Committees within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act on its approach to establishing this task force and milestones for accomplishment.

FEMA Guidelines and Policies

The conferees remain concerned that, in the past, grant guidance and policies have been used to alter major programs that impact State and local partners with little or no visibility to the incorporation of stakeholder input, if even solicited. As an interim step, while the Local, State, Tribal, and Federal Task Force is conducting its reviews, the conferees direct the Administrator of FEMA to report to the Committees no later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act on how the agency currently reviews policies and guidance and the process used to modify policies and guidance. The report should also include information on how the agency intends to amend its process for modifying grant guidance and policies to better obtain and incorporate public and stakeholder input. The report should include a detailed description of the impact of other participants in the policy process, such as DHS leadership, the Office of Management and Budget, and other White House offices. This report should build on the Stakeholder Engagement Plan provided in response to the requirement in the statement accompanying the Consolidated Security, Disaster Assistance, and Continuing Appropriations Act of 2009 (P.L. 110-329), which provided an explanation of the adjudication process on public comments for grant programs. Furthermore, the conferees direct FEMA to present policy changes and new policies to the National Advisory Council (NAC) on a quarterly basis. The conferees do not require FEMA to post policy changes online five days prior to implementation, as described in the House report. Instead, all current FEMA policies and guidance should be clearly placed on the website in an accessible and user-friendly way with updates posted in a timely manner.

Nationwide Plan Review Update

The conferees direct FEMA to provide an update on the status of catastrophic planning, including mass evacuation planning, in all 50 States and the 75 largest urban areas, by April 16, 2010, as discussed in the Senate report.

Nuclear Preparedness

The conferees note that a Nuclear Incident Communication Planning report and Planning Guidance for Response to a Nuclear Detonation have been issued, in accordance with direction provided in House Report 110-107. The report and guidance provide critical information that should be made available to the public on how to respond to a nuclear event. FEMA shall brief the Committees not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act on how the information in the report and guidance will be incorporated into preparedness activities.

Nationwide Cyber Security Review

The conferees, as described previously, require NPPD to lead the effort to develop, in conjunction with FEMA, tools to assess cyber network security.

Post Disaster Housing

FEMA is directed to report to the Committees, not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, regarding the plan for acquisition of alternative temporary housing units and procedures for expanding repair of existing multi-family rental housing units, semi-permanent, or permanent housing options, as authorized under section 689i(a) of the Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006.

U.S. Fire Service Needs Assessment

FEMA, in conjunction with the National Fire Protection Association, is directed to provide to the Committees, no later than April 9, 2010, an update to the U.S. Fire Service Needs Assessment. The update shall be consistent with the last assessment completed in February 2006 in its scope and methodology.

Office of National Capital Region Coordination

The conference agreement provides \$6,995,000 for the Office of National Capital Region Coordination as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conference report includes a provision requiring the inclusion of the Governors of the State of West Virginia and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the National Capital Region decision-making and planning process for mass evacuation. The Department is directed to include officials from the counties and municipalities that contain the evacuation routes and their tributaries into the planning process.

Special Populations

The conferees direct FEMA to consider utilizing the National Virtual Translation Center (NVTC) to enhance its translation services. FEMA is to report to the Committees, as specified in the House report, on possible uses of NVTC.

STATE AND LOCAL PROGRAMS (Including Transfer of Funds)

The conference agreement provides \$3,015,200,000 for State and Local Programs, instead of \$2,836,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$3,067,200,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funding is allocated as follows:

State Homeland Security Grant Program	\$950,000,000
Urban Area Security Initiative	887.000.000
Regional Catastrophic Preparedness Grants	35,000,000
Metropolitan Medical Response System	41,000,000
Citizen Corps Program	13,000,000
Public Transportation Security Assistance and	
Railroad Security Assistance	300,000,000
Port Security Grants	300,000,000
Over-the-Road Bus Security Assistance	12,000,000

Buffer Zone Protection Program Grants	50,000,000
Driver's License Security Grant Program	50,000.000
Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program	50,000,000
Emergency Operations Centers	60,000,000
National Programs:	
National Domestic Preparedness Consortium	164,500,000
Center for Counterterrorism and Cybercrime	1,700,000
National Exercise Program	40,000,000
Technical Assistance	13,000.000
Continuing Training Program	29,000,000
Evaluations and Assessments	16,000.000
Rural Domestic Preparedness Consortium	3,000,000
Subtotal, National Programs	267,200,000
Total State and Local Programs	\$3,015,200.000

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The conference agreement the following includes provisions: directing the transfer of four percent of State and Local programs funding to the FEMA Management and Administration account, and requiring the submission of an expenditure plan within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the use of those administrative funds: designating certain timeframes for grant processing; requiring grantees to provide reports as determined necessary by the Secretary; and providing that the installation of communications towers is not considered construction of a building or other physical facility under the State Homeland Security Grant Program (SHSGP) and the Urban Area Security Initiative (UASI).

The conferees include a general provision requiring FEMA to brief the Committees five days prior to any announcement of State and Local Programs grants awards. Such briefings shall include detailed information on the risk analysis employed, the process for determining effectiveness, the process or formula used for selecting grantees, and any changes to methodologies used in the previous fiscal year. In lieu of the Senate reporting requirement on grant guidance, the conferees require that information on

funding that will be used for planning and recovery, especially for transit security and port security, be included in these briefings.

The conferees support the consideration of the needs for mass evacuation planning and prepositioning of equipment for areas potentially impacted by mass evacuations in allocating first responder funds.

The conferees encourage the Department to work with State and local governments and all grantees to develop pre-event recovery plans in conjunction with their response and mitigation plans. FEMA is further encouraged to require State and local governments to include tribal governments, rural water associations, and chief information officers in planning efforts.

State Homeland Security Grant Program

The conference agreement provides \$950,000,000 for the State Homeland Security Grant Program, as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Of the total amount \$60,000,000 is for Operation Stonegarden as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The Department shall implement the program as discussed in the House report. Further, the Department is encouraged to give consideration to applications that are coordinated across multiple jurisdictions.

The conferees encourage the Department to clarify that the Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative (WHTI) implementation activities, including issuance of WHTI-compliant tribal HDs, are eligible under this grant program.

Urban Area Security Grant-Program

The conference agreement provides \$887,000,000 for Urban Area Security Grants, as proposed by the Senate instead of \$890,000,000 as proposed by the House. Within this funding, \$19,000,000 is provided for grants to non-profit organizations determined by the Secretary to be at high risk of terrorist attack.

Compliance With the 9/11 Act

The conferees expect FEMA to comply with provisions of the 9/11 Act, including policies regarding paying salaries for intelligence analysts, as well as for distribution of UAS1 grants on the basis of risk.

Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program

In accordance with section 2006 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, the Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program (LETPP) is funded thorough a required set-aside of 25 percent of the SHSGP and UASI programs. The conferces direct FEMA to provide clear guidance to States and urban areas to ensure the intent of the LETPP is fully realized and the program is fully maximized.

Regional Catastrophic Preparedness Grant Program

The conference agreement includes \$35,000,000 for the Regional Catastrophic Preparedness Grant Program as proposed by the Senate. The House did not propose funding for this program. As plans are completed, FEMA is directed to move forward with the program as outlined in the Senate report.

Metropolitan Medical Response System

The conference agreement includes \$41,000,000 for the Metropolitan Medical Response System (MMRS) instead of \$44,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$40,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees direct FEMA to work with OHA to develop guidelines for MMRS. The conferees do not accept the Administration's proposal to replace the MMRS program with a medical surge grant program and advise FEMA to work with the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to develop medical surge guidelines for communities.

Citizen Corps Program

The conference agreement provides \$13,000,000 for the Citizens Corps Program, instead of \$15,000,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

Public Transportation Security Assistance and Railroad Security Assistance

The conference agreement provides \$300,000,000 for Public Transportation Security Assistance and Railroad Security Assistance instead of \$250,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$356,000,000 as proposed by the Senate, which also included Over-the-Road Bus Security Assistance. The conferees continue the requirement that grants be made directly to transit agencies. The conferees note that States serve an integral role in coordinating regional interests in regard to transit security and therefore direct FEMA to allow transit agencies to permit States to act as sub-grantees to better facilitate regional planning and programs.

Based on the latest estimates from FEMA, about 90 percent of funds appropriated in fiscal year 2006 for rail and transit have not been expended. The conferees expect FEMA and TSA to report, by December 15, 2009, on their progress in working with transit agencies to expend grants funds for fiscal years 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Port Security Grants

The conference agreement provides \$300,000,000 for Port Security grants, instead of \$250,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$350,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees agree to waive the cost share requirement, as proposed by the House, in this fiscal year only due to the current economic conditions. The conferees recognize the Secretary of Homeland Security has the authority to waive the cost share requirement for this program in cases of economic hardship. After this fiscal year, the cost share requirement is not expected to be waived, except at the discretion of the Secretary.

Over-the-Road Bus Security Assistance

The conference agreement provides \$12,000,000 for Over-the-Road Bus Security Assistance as proposed by the House. The Senate provided no less than \$6,000,000 for these activities within Public Transportation Security Assistance and Railroad Security Assistance grants.

Buffer Zone Protection Program

The conference agreement provides \$50,000,000 for Buffer Zone Protection Program grants as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conferees acknowledge that this program should be focused on mitigating vulnerabilities to critical infrastructure, instead of providing funding to localities for security costs. The conferees direct FEMA and NPPD to brief the Committees 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act on an expenditure plan that clarifies the methodology by which the program will focus on reducing certain specific vulnerabilities.

Driver's License Security Grant Program

The conference agreement provides \$50,000,000 for the Driver's License Security Grant Program as proposed by the Senate. The House proposed the same amount for similar activities under "REAL ID Grants".

Interoperable Emergency Communications Grants

The conference agreement provides \$50,000,000 for Interoperable Emergency Communications Grants as proposed by both the House and Senate. The conferees expect that grantees must certify to FEMA that the necessary investments are being made for an effective interoperable communications planning process to ensure plans are kept up-to-date and federal funds are not wasted. Once it is determined that the planning process is properly resourced and implemented, grantees should be given the flexibility to purchase interoperable communications equipment. The conferees expect that before grant dollars are obligated by grantees for equipment, jurisdictions must certify to FEMA that the funds are being spent in accordance with their plans.

Emergency Operations Centers

The conference agreement provides \$60,000,000 for Emergency Operations Centers instead of \$40,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$20,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The funding shall be allocated for projects as specified in the conference report, and the remaining funding shall be competitively awarded.

Trucking Industry Security Grants

The conference agreement includes a rescission of \$5,572,000 from unobligated balances in fiscal year 2009. The conferees note that funds appropriated in fiscal year 2008 are supporting a three-year education and training program.

National Domestic Preparedness Consortium

The conference agreement provides \$164,500,000 for the National Domestic Preparedness

Consortium as proposed by the Senate instead of \$132,000,000 as proposed by the House. Of the total amount \$62,500,000 is for the Center for Domestic Preparedness as proposed by the Senate instead of \$40,000,000 as proposed by the House. Included in this amount is funding to continue activities at the Noble Training Center. Additionally, of the total amount provided, \$23,000,000 is for the National Energetic Materials Research and Testing Center, New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology; \$23,000,000 is for the National Center for Biomedical Research and Training, Louisiana State University; \$23,000,000 is for the National Emergency Response and Rescue Training Center, Texas A&M University; \$23,000,000 is for the National Exercise, Test, and Training Center, Nevada Test Site; \$5,000,000 is for the National Disaster Preparedness Training Center, University of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii; \$5,000,000 is for surface transportation emergency preparedness and response training to be awarded under full and open competition.

The conferees clarify that the National Disaster Preparedness Training Center provides natural disaster preparedness training, including outreach and response training for the public, all hazards training for first responders with a particular focus on challenges facing island and rural communities, and a certificate and undergraduate degree program for homeland security and disaster management.

Technical Assistance

The conference agreement provides \$13,000,000 for technical assistance as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conferees encourage FEMA to continue to provide training to first responders through the Domestic Preparedness Equipment Technical Assistance Program.

Counterterrorism and Cyber Crime Center

The conference agreement provides \$1,700,000 for the Counterterrorism and Cyber Crime Center, as proposed by the Senate. The House did not provide funding for this program.

Continuing Training Grants

The conference agreement provides \$29,000,000 for continuing training grants instead of \$31,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$27,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The amount provided includes full funding for the homeland security graduate and executive level education programs currently supported by the Department. The Department is encouraged to leverage these important programs where appropriate to meet a growing need and also notes the importance of the Mobile Education Teams providing homeland security seminars for State and local elected officials and senior staff.

Evaluations and Assessments

The conference agreement includes \$16,000,000 for evaluations and assessments as proposed by the House instead of \$18,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. FEMA is directed to continue the quarterly briefings by NPD regarding ongoing activities. Briefings shall include the results of the evaluations and assessments efforts. Therefore FEMA is not directed to provide a separate briefing to the Committees every six months on the results from the completed national programs evaluations, as directed by the House. FEMA is directed to conduct the first quarterly briefing not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The initial briefing shall provide a timeframe and approach to complete the development of tools to measure the achievement and effectiveness of grant programs. In addition, GAO shall continue to review such tools and report its findings to the Committees on a quarterly basis. Finally, the conferees note that measuring the grant programs is just one element of a larger effort to streamline FEMA's evaluations programs. Therefore, each quarterly briefing shall also include detailed information on the progress of this effort, including milestones and a process for disseminating usable and actionable information. GAO shall also review this effort and report its findings to the Committees on a quarterly basis.

Rural Domestic Preparedness Consortium

The conference agreement includes \$3,000,000 for the Rural Domestic Preparedness Consortium as proposed by the House. The Senate did not propose funding for this program. Funds will be used to provide and deliver training to rural first responders consistent with the National Preparedness Goal.

FIREFIGHTER ASSISTANCE GRANTS

The conference agreement provides \$810,000,000 for Firefighter Assistance Grants including \$390,000,000 for firefighter assistance grants and \$420,000,000 for firefighter staffing grants as proposed by both the House and Senate. FEMA is directed to continue the present practice of funding applications according to local priorities and those established by the United States Fire Administration, to maintain an all-hazards focus, and to grant funds for eligible activities in accordance with the authorizing statute. FEMA is required to continue the current grant application and review process as specified in the House report.

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANTS

The conference agreement provides \$340,000,000 for Emergency Management Performance Grants instead of \$330,000,000 proposed by the House and \$350,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PROGRAM

The bill provides for the receipt and expenditure of fees collected, as authorized by Public Law 105-276.

UNITED STATES FIRE ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$45,588,000 for the U.S. Fire Administration (USFA) as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conferees direct USFA to work with the U.S. Departments of Agriculture and Interior to ensure compatible data on wildfires is available. USFA is also directed to provide a briefing within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the status of implementing the upgrade to the National Fire Information Reporting System, including future milestones for measuring progress.

DISASTER RELIEF

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The conference agreement provides \$1,600,000,000, for the Disaster Relief Fund (DRF) instead of \$2,000,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,456,866,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement includes a transfer of \$16,000,000 to the Office of the Inspector General and \$105,600,000 to FEMA Management and Administration. The conference agreement continues the requirement to provide the Committees with an expenditure plan detailing the uses of these funds prior to transfer.

In an effort to improve the accuracy of budget forecasts, the President's budget includes an allowance for the estimated costs of natural or manmade disasters. The conferees commend the Administration for this effort but are disappointed that the President has not followed through by requesting appropriate funding for the known costs of existing disasters. According to DHS and FEMA, the DRF is expected to be exhausted in March of 2010. According to the most current FEMA estimates that were only recently provided to the Committees, it is anticipated that another \$3.8 billion will be required to cover disaster costs through September 30, 2010, for past disasters such as Hurricanes Katrina, Gustav, Ike, the Midwest floods, and for the anticipated costs of an average disaster season. Without a proposal from the Administration to address this impending shortfall, the conferees believe it is premature to appropriate additional funds at this time. As noted in the House report, the conferees expect the DRF to be properly monitored and for the submittal of timely budget requests that are adequate to sustain disaster response and recovery costs. Accordingly, the conferees encourage the President to request funding for any DRF shortfall as soon as possible.

The conference report continues the requirement for a monthly report detailing allocations, obligations, and undistributed amounts related to all disasters, including Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma. The report shall maintain the same level of data as currently presented to the Committees. Additionally, this report should, when applicable, list funds transferred to USAID for international disasters, including the location of the disaster.

FEMA is directed to maintain the Florida long-term recovery office as long as there is sufficient work to be done following the 2004 and 2005 hurricanes that struck the State. FEMA is directed to notify the Committees 60 days prior to closing the office.

The House report directs GAO to conduct exercises to evaluate how well FEMA provides disaster assistance to survivors. The conference agreement modifies the House directive to require GAO brief the Committees no later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act with a scope of work describing how GAO would carry out unannounced evaluations of FEMA's disaster assistance without adversely impacting those affected by a disaster.

Remaining Challenges in Post Disaster Housing

In fiscal year 2009, the Committees required the Office of the Federal Coordinator for Gulf Coast Rebuilding to report on recommendations for ensuring sufficient stock of affordable rental housing to meet the needs of all those displaced. The conferees believe the Office's recommendations should be studied and incorporated by federal, State, and local governments to deal with future disasters.

The conferees are pleased to note that FEMA and the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) have recognized that there must be some interplay between the agencies after a disaster. The two agencies are working in tandem to operate the Disaster Housing Assistance Program (DHAP) in Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas following Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Ike. The conferees expect FEMA to use the DHAP program as a model as it develops its agreements with HUD. The conferees expect that FEMA will continue to support disaster costs under an agreement between HUD and FEMA, as it does for DHAP in the Gulf Coast.

The conferees direct FEMA to formalize an agreement with HUD outlining the roles and responsibilities of both agencies following a disaster and clearly delineating when and how HUD should take the lead role in the federal housing response. Upon completion of the agreement, FEMA is directed to report to the appropriate Congressional committees on the resources and any legislative authority needed to implement the agreement.

The conferees remain concerned by continued reports that FEMA trailers purchased to house disaster victims have high levels of formaldehyde emissions, possibly leading to adverse health effects. The conferees understand FEMA is pursuing alternative housing solutions and demonstration projects and encourage FEMA to consider multiple technologies and building solutions during this phase.

Children and Disasters

FEMA is directed to expedite its discussions with Ottawa School in Illinois and to come to resolution on its elementary school project. FEMA and the affected community should address the continued flooding of this school and area. FEMA and the community should consider taking the mitigation action of moving the school from the floodplain. FEMA shall act with due haste and report to the Committees when the final project is approved.

Further, the conferces direct FEMA to establish planning guidance to ensure child safety and protection in the event of a disaster.

DISASTER ASSISTANCE DIRECT LOAN PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conference agreement provides \$295,000 for the cost of loans as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Administrative costs are provided for in the FEMA "Management and Administration" account.

FLOOD MAP MODERNIZATION FUND

The conference agreement provides \$220,000,000 for the Flood Map Modernization program as proposed by both the House and Senate. In fiscal year 2010, FEMA will continue to focus these funds on reviewing, updating, and maintaining maps to accurately reflect flood hazards. The goal shall be to review and, where necessary, to update and maintain data, methodologies, models, and maps that have been modernized, and to issue map updates no later than five years past the modernized dates of the maps. To support this goal. FEMA is directed to provide no less than 20 percent of the funds provided under this heading for map updates and maintenance conducted by Cooperating Technical Partners that provide a 25 percent cash match and have a strong record of working effectively with FEMA on floodplain mapping activities. With the fiscal year 2011 budget request, FEMA shall submit to the Committees a status report on the progress made towards the five-year Risk Mapping, Assessment, and Planning strategy.

When allocating map modernization funds, FEMA is encouraged to prioritize as criteria the number of stream and coastal miles within the State, the Mississippi River Delta region, and the participation of the State in leveraging non-federal contributions.

FEMA is directed to develop a National Digital Elevation Acquisition and Utilization plan for the purposes of supporting floodplain map updates. FEMA shall collaborate with the United States Geological Survey, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and States that have experience in acquiring and incorporating high resolution elevation data in the floodplain map updates. FEMA shall submit this plan to the Committees within six months after the date of enactment of this Act.

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE FUND

The conference agreement provides the agency re-estimated request of \$38,680,000 for salaries and expenses as opposed to \$52,149,000 as proposed by both the House and Senate. The conference agreement further provides \$107,320,000 for flood plain mapping and management as proposed by both the House and Senate.

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The conferees do not include authority allowing the FEMA Administrator to transfer funds from flood mapping and flood plain management for Salaries and Expenses. Instead, FEMA is required to provide the Committees with a reprogramming proposal, in accordance with section 503 of this Act, if a problem arises in meeting mission requirements. The conferees encourage FEMA to consider population growth when determining grant awards to the States under the Community Assistance Program.

NATIONAL PREDISASTER MITIGATION FUND



The conference agreement provides \$100,000,000 for the National Predisaster Mitigation Fund (PDM), as proposed by the House instead of \$120,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. As part of the budget, the Administration proposes to drastically change the distribution methodology used for awarding PDM grants. However, the Administration was unable to adequately articulate the ramifications or benefits of their new approach. Considering that pending legislation is vastly different from the Administration's new approach, the conferees do not approve the proposed change. Instead, the conferees direct FEMA to continue this program as it operated during fiscal year 2009. The conference agreement

continues a provision contained in the Department of Homeland Security Appropriation Act, 2009, which extends the authorization of the PDM grant program for one year to continue the current program.

The conference agreement includes funding for predisaster mitigation projects in the following amounts, and the remaining funding shall be competitively awarded:

Predisaster mitigation projects	Amount	/
Alabama Emergency Management Agency, AL	V200,000	-(\$
Arkansas Department of Emergency Management, AR	750,000	\
Arkansas State University-Beebe, AR	452,000	
Brigham City Corporation, UT	250,000	
CHRISTUS St. Elizabeth Hospital, Beaumont, TX	250,000	
City of Brooksville, KY	18,500	
City of Burbank, CA	225,000	
City of Camanche, IA	187,500	
City of Coconut Creek, FL	500,000	
City of Colton, CA	200,000	
City of Davis, CA	275,000	
City of Emeryville, CA	600,000	
City of Flagler Beach, FL	750,000	
City of Hartselle, AL	245,000 ⁻	
City of Hidalgo, TX	500,000	
City of Hokah, MN	590,000	
City of Kannapolis, NC	425,000	
City of Los Angeles, CA	1,000,000	
City of Los Angeles, CA	500,000	
City of Maryville, MO	175,000	
City of Miami Beach, FL	750,000	
City of Miami, FL	600,000	
City of New Braunfels, TX	500,000	
City of Prattville, AL	500,000	

City of Reno, NV	500,000
City of Robstown, TX	500,000
City of Rockville, MD	650,000
City of Santa Clarita, CA	500,000
City of Trenton, NJ	300,000
City of Venice, FL	200,000
DeKalb County, IL	350,000
Drew County, AR	366,564
Harris County Flood Control District, TX	1,000,000
Henry County, GA	275,000
Jackson Health System, Miami, FL	500,000
Kentucky Emergency Management, KY	500,000
King County, WA	750,000
Lake County Stormwater Management Agency, OH	725,000
Lorain County, OH	200,000
Louisville-Metro Government, KY	500,000
Lucas County Engineer, OH	500,000
McDowell Hospital, Marion, NC	220,000
Mississippi Homeland Security Office, MS	500,000
North Carolina Office of Emergency Management, NC	165,000
Ohio University, Athens, OH	200,000
Orange County Fire Authority. CA	252,000
Russell County Fiscal Court, KY	200,000
San Miguel County, NM	400,000
Shelby County, Memphis, TN	325,000
State of Maryland, MD	1,000,000
Town of Hambleton and Town of Davis, WV	450,000
Town of Occoquan, VA	25,000
Town of Shelter Island, NY	200,000
Town of Union and City of Binghamton, NY	462,000
Town of Winthrop, MA	500,000

Village of La Grange Park, IL	150,000
Village of Pelham, NY	562,500
Westport Fire Department, CT	265,000

EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER

The conference agreement provides \$200,000,000 for the Emergency Food and Shelter program as proposed by the House instead of \$175,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The funding will assist those most immediately in need of food and shelter assistance.

TITLE IV- RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, TRAINING, AND SERVICES

United States Citizenship and Immigration Services

The conference agreement provides \$224,000,000 in discretionary appropriations for United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) instead of \$298,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$135,700,000 as proposed by the Senate.

User Fee Funded Programs

The current estimate for fiscal year 2010 of USCIS fee collections, which constitute a majority of the agency's resources, is \$2,503,232,000. These fee revenues support adjudication of applications for immigration benefits and fraud prevention activities and are derived from fees collected from persons applying for immigration benefits. The conferees understand that fee receipts have decreased significantly in fiscal year 2009 largely due to prevailing economic conditions, and are also likely to be below projections for fiscal year 2010. Since it is unclear how the expenditure estimates will change to

align USCIS costs with anticipated revenues, the conferees cannot accurately modify the budget presentation of fee-funded expenditures. Instead, the conferees direct USCIS to submit, within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, an operating plan for fiscal year 2010 accompanied by a reprogramming notification, if necessary, that details how and at what levels USCIS will fund its operations in fiscal year 2010 based on revised fee collection estimates.

Within the total fees collected, the conferees direct USCIS to provide no less than \$51,755,000 to support National Customer Service Center operations and to dedicate the entirety of premium processing revenue to business system and information technology transformation. USCIS is also directed to provide no less than \$29,000,000 to convert immigration records to digital format, as requested for fiscal year 2010. No more than \$10,000 of the fees collected shall be used for official reception and representation expenses.

Basic Pilot Program (E-Verify Program)

The conference agreement provides \$137,000,000 for the basic pilot program (E-Verify Program) instead of \$162,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$118,500,000 as proposed by the Senate. Of this amount, \$30,000,000 is available until September 30, 2011, for continued improvement of the E-Verify system, including an identity assurance tool, additional capacity to investigate fraudulent use of the system, and development of a "self-check" tool to allow authorized workers to validate the accuracy of their records on file with federal government agencies. The conferees make all appropriations for compliance investments available for 2010 only to reflect the emphasis the conferees expect USCIS to place on E-Verify improvements that strengthen compliance with system operating requirements.

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GAO Analysis of Basic Pilot Program/E-Verify Program

The conferees direct GAO to conduct two studies of the basic pilot program (E-Verify Program): one of the tentative non-confirmation rates for the basic pilot program (E-Verify Program) and the other of the effects of the basic pilot program (E-Verify Program) on small entities, as defined by 5 U.S.C. 601. The House had proposed a general provision (section 545) requiring these studies and GAO is directed to

follow the direction in the House bill when designing them. The Senate had proposed no similar provision.

Refugee and Asylum Application Processing

The fiscal year 2010 budget proposes \$201,000,000 in direct appropriations, rather than a surcharge on application fees, to pay for the cost of processing refugee applications and asylum claims. The conference agreement provides \$50,000,000 for these costs instead of \$100,000,000 as proposed by the House. The Senate proposed no funding. This level reflects an estimated three months of appropriations funded asylum and refugee application processing costs. Since the Administration has not published a Federal Register notice explaining how or when the existing \$40 immigration application surcharge for funding refugee and asylum applications will be discontinued, the conference agreement includes statutory language withholding the appropriated funds from obligation until regulatory revisions are implemented.

Military Naturalizations

The conference agreement provides \$5,000,000 for the processing of military naturalization applications as proposed by the Senate. The House proposed no funding. The conferees strongly encourage the Office of Management and Budget to include appropriated funding for this activity within the fiscal year 2011 budget request for the Department of Defense in accordance with the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108-136).

REAL ID

The budget requests \$25,000,000 to complete development of a data sharing hub to support implementation of the REAL ID Act. The conferees, however, note that the \$50,000,000 appropriated for this purpose for fiscal year 2009 has yet to be awarded to the State consortium leading the project. DHS has proposed significant revisions to the underlying REAL ID authorization, raising the potential for planning delays in the eventual technological solution that is determined necessary to connect States'

vital records systems. As a result, the conference agreement includes \$10,000,000 for REAL ID data sharing hub development, to be used only for system engineering and acquisition costs and not for "incentive" or other subsidy payments to project participants, instead of \$25,000,000 as proposed by the House. The Senate proposed no funding for the REAL ID hub. As noted in the Senate report, the conferees expect DHS to submit its plan for hub development to the Committees in fiscal year 2010.

Immigration Integration

The conference agreement includes \$11,000,000 for competitively-awarded grants to organizations promoting the rights and responsibilities of citizenship as proposed by the House instead of \$1,200,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement includes a statutory restriction limiting the award of these funds to programs that serve legal permanent residents of the United States.

Visa-Fraud

As discussed in the House report, the conference agreement includes a general provision clarifying that DHS and the Department of Labor are allowed to use H and L Visa Fraud collections for investigations into other fraudulent activities identified by the Fraud Detection and National Security Division of USCIS

Changes to Fees Charged to Temporary Protected Status Applicants

As discussed in the House report, the conference agreement includes a general provision clarifying that USCIS is allowed to charge fees for services related to Temporary Protected Status applications.

Naturalization Ceremonies

As directed in the House report, USCIS is directed to identify, in the fiscal year 2011 budget submission, funds allocated to naturalization and oath of allegiance ceremonies and to work with local

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public and private groups to schedule naturalization and oath of allegiance ceremonies as part of Independence Day celebrations.

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$239,356,000 for Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC) Salaries and Expenses as proposed by the House instead of \$244,356,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees understand the Department has revised its priorities for the data center migration initiative and provide no funding within this account. The Department is encouraged to use the transfer authority provided for data center migration to fund any emergent requirements within FLETC as the initiative progresses.

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, IMPROVEMENTS, AND RELATED EXPENSES

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The conference agreement provides \$43,456,000 for Acquisition, Construction, Improvements, and Related Expenses as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$143,200,000 for Management and Administration as proposed by the Senate instead of \$142,200,000 as proposed by the House. This amount includes \$10,000 for official reception and representation and \$1,000,000 for additional Test and Evaluations/Standards

personnel to support the Acquisition Review Board process. Science and Technology (S&T) shall brief the Committees quarterly on the test and evaluation status of all level 1 acquisitions.

As part of the fiscal year 2011 budget request and in each subsequent fiscal year, S&T shall report on the results of its research and development efforts in the prior year (fiscal year 2009), including all technologies, technology improvements, or capabilities delivered to front line users, and the role the Integrated Product Teams played in the development. In addition, based on the Directorate's ongoing validation and verification reviews, S&T shall also submit with its fiscal year 2011 budget request and each subsequent fiscal year a report on the amounts deobligated from projects in the prior fiscal year (fiscal year 2009) and what projects those funds were subsequently obligated to.

S&T shall notify the Committees pursuant to section 503 of this Act if it assesses any program for administrative costs exceeding five percent of the total program appropriation.

As discussed in the Senate report, S&T shall report within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act on its plans and timelines for full implementation of the National Academy of Public Administration study recommendations related to strategic planning.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, ACQUISITION, AND OPERATIONS



The conference agreement provides \$863,271,000 for Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations instead of \$825,356,000 as proposed by the House and \$851,729,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funds are available for three years, except Laboratory Facilities funding, which is available for five years. The following table specifies funding by budget activity:

Border and Maritime Security	\$44,181,000`
Chemical and Biological	206,800,000
Command, Control, and Interoperability	81,764,000
Explosives	120,809,000
Human Factors	16,087,000

Infrastructure and Geophysical	74,958,000
Innovation	44,000,000
Laboratory Facilities	150,188,000
Test and Evaluations/Standards	29,000,000
Transition	46,134,000
University Programs	49,350,000
Total	\$863,271,000

Border and Maritime Security

The conference agreement provides \$44,181,000 for Border and Maritime Security instead of \$40,181,000 as proposed by the House and Senate. Included in this funding is \$3,000,000 for urban tunnel detection basic research, as requested. In addition, the conferees fully fund the current maritime technology test beds and provide \$4,000,000 for a pilot to develop a replicable port security system that would improve maritime domain awareness.

The conferees are disappointed in the slow progress DHS has made in developing a viable container security device, as discussed in the House report. S&T shall continue its quarterly updates to the Committees on its efforts in this area.

Chemical and Biological

The conference agreement provides \$206,800,000 for Chemical and Biological as proposed by the Senate instead of \$221,900,000 as proposed by the House. While the conferees fund the BioWatch program under the Office of Health Affairs as proposed by the Senate, S&T is expected to be intricately involved in the test and evaluation of the BioWatch Generation 3 systems.

While the conferees support the transfer of BioShield to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, DHS shall continue to perform the threat assessments of hazardous materials.

As discussed in the House report, S&T is directed to brief the Committees before January 15, 2010, on the development and implementation of a Department-wide biosurety policy.

Command, Control, and Interoperability

The conference agreement provides \$81,764,000 for Command, Control, and Interoperability instead of \$80,764,000 as proposed by the House and \$83,264,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this total, \$3,000,000 is to continue the web distributed environment for critical infrastructure decision making exercises and \$500,000 is for a demonstration project to develop situational awareness and decision support capabilities through remote sensing technologies.

Explosives

The conference agreement provides \$120,809,000 for Explosives research and technologies as proposed by the House and Senate. Included in this amount is \$10,000,000 to develop air cargo screening technologies, as requested. In light of the large increase in funding under this program, S&T is encouraged to accelerate its efforts to achieve results in the near term and to brief the Committees by January 15, 2010, on the status of new explosives research and technologies, the progress it has made in identifying research and development gaps aimed at countering improvised explosive device threats, and how these funds will close such gaps.

Human Factors

The conference agreement provides \$16,087,000 for Human Factors instead of \$16,887,000 as proposed by the House and \$12,460,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this total, \$3,800,000 is for the biometrics program.

Infrastructure and Geophysical

The conference agreement provides \$74,958,000 for Infrastructure and Geophysical instead of \$52,093,000 as proposed by the House and \$67,607,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the funding provided, not less than \$20,865,000 is to continue the Southeast Region Research Initiative at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory; not less than \$10,000,000 is for the National Institute for Hometown Security to support community-based critical infrastructure protection solutions; and not less than \$2,000,000 is for the Cincinnati urban area partnership established through the Regional Technology Integration Initiative.

Innovation

The conference agreement provides \$44,000,000 for Innovation as proposed by the House and Senate, including adequate funding for a variety of new technologies pertaining to tunnels, levee strengthening, storm surge mitigation, and resilient electric grid as requested and discussed in the Senate report.

New Technologies

New technologies may significantly help the Department as it seeks to secure our homeland. The Department is encouraged to develop a variety of technologies as discussed in both the House and Senate reports.

Laboratory Facilities

The conference agreement provides \$150,188,000 for Laboratory Facilities instead of \$123,188,000 as proposed by the House and \$154,500,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the total, \$12,000,000 is provided for the final year of construction obligations at the Physical Science Facility and refurbishment of building 325 at the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory in support of the memorandum of understanding between DHS, the U.S. Department of Energy, and the National Nuclear Security Administration.

Within this total, \$32,000,000 is for the National Bio and Agro-defense Facility (NBAF) instead of \$36,312,000 as proposed by the Senate and no funding as proposed by the House. Due to concerns raised by GAO about DHS's original assessment of the risk related to foot-and-mouth disease research on the U.S. mainland, a general provision is included prohibiting the obligation of these funds for NBAF construction until the Secretary undertakes a bio-safety and bio-security mitigation risk assessment using plume and epidemiologic impact modeling to determine the requirements for the safe operation of NBAF in Manhattan, Kansas. Once DHS completes the risk assessment, the National Academy of Sciences (NAS) shall provide an independent evaluation of the DHS study within four months to ensure that risk has been adequately identified and mitigated for in planning for NBAF. Up to \$2,000,000 of the amount provided may be used for the NAS evaluation.

In addition, the conferees continue bill language, proposed by the Senate, that requires the Secretary of DHS, in coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture, to report to the Committees on the procedures used to issue a permit for foot-and-mouth disease live virus research and an emergency response plan in the event of an accidental release of a hazardous pathogen originating from NBAF.

Test and Evaluations/Standards

The conference agreement provides \$29,000,000 for Test and Evaluations/Standards, as proposed by the House instead of \$28,674,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the total provided is \$5,000,000 to continue a first responder technology evaluation program.

Transition

The conference agreement provides \$46,134,000 for Transition as proposed by the House instead of \$45,134,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the funds provided, \$10,000,000 is provided for first responder technologies as requested; \$2,000,000 is for the Naval Postgraduate School to design, develop and field test first responder technologies outside of the integrated product team process as requested; and \$1,000,000 is to continue a manufacturing pilot program to identify and transition advanced technologies and manufacturing processes in the homeland security industrial base. S&T shall provide an expenditure plan for the first responder technology program within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act

University Programs

The conference agreement provides \$49,350,000 for University Programs instead of \$50,400,000 as proposed by the House and \$48,300,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within this funding, \$39,380,000 is for the Centers of Excellence and \$3,870,000 is for minority serving institutions. S&T is directed to brief the Committees on how these funds will be allocated to the Centers of Excellence by January 15, 2010.

DOMESTIC NUCLEAR DETECTION OFFICE

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$38,500,000 for Domestic Nuclear Detection Office (DNDO) Management and Administration, instead of \$39,599,000 as proposed by the House and \$37,500,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees note that DNDO has made progress in filling its authorized 130 FTEs, but several vacancies remain. The conferees strongly encourage DHS to expedite background investigations and other clearance processes to fill vacant positions as soon as possible.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND OPERATIONS

The conference agreement provides \$324,537,000 for Research, Development, and Operations instead of \$376,537,000 as proposed by the House and \$326,537,000 as proposed by the Senate. No funding is provided under this heading for Securing the Cities, as proposed by the House, but it is instead provided in the Systems Acquisition appropriation. The conferees include \$108,537,000 for Transformational Research and Development, instead of \$110,537,000 as proposed by the House and Senate, which reflects a five percent increase over fiscal year 2009. Funding is made available until September 30, 2012. The following table specifies funding by budget activity:

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000,00
7,000
6,000
6,000
0,000
7,000

Quarterly Reports

The conferees believe DNDO must aggressively pursue its preventive radiation/nuclear detection mission, and go beyond addressing the potential threat posed by the use of cargo containers to transport nuclear or radioactive materials or weapons. It is critical that DNDO prioritize its efforts based on risk, with attention to pathways such as general aviation, the maritime domain, U.S. land borders (including rail and in areas between ports of entry), and urban areas and critical locations in the nation's interior. The conferees direct DNDO to continue quarterly briefings to the Committees on progress in developing architecture to guide technology research and applications; the status of such technologies, including their strengths and weaknesses; and timetables to develop and deploy them.

The conferees also direct DNDO to provide quarterly briefings to the Committees, as proposed in the House report, on development of the Cargo Advanced Automated Radiography Systems and Joint Integrated Non-Intrusive Inspection programs; red team exercises and assessments, including vulnerabilities identified and recommendations for addressing them; the progress in the Human Portable Radiation Detection System development effort, including operational testing and production of new technologies for advanced operations; and progress in developing alternatives to existing detection materials and systems, in particular progress in finding alternatives to neutron detectors based on Helium-3.

Supporting and Improving Current Detection Technology

The conference agreement includes \$5,000,000 within the amounts appropriated for Research, Development, and Operations to improve operations and capabilities of currently deployed polyvinyl toluene (PVT) radiation portal monitors and handheld radiation detectors, and to deploy any improvements to the field. The conferees direct DNDO to submit a plan for expenditure, development, and deployment for such efforts to the Committees not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The conferees direct DHS to notify the Committees if DNDO determines that it cannot obligate this funding.

SYSTEMS ACQUISITION

The conference agreement provides \$20,000,000 for Systems Acquisition instead of \$10,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The House proposed no funding. Funding is made available until September 30, 2012, for radiological detection systems for the Securing the Cities program, to be awarded through full and open competition.

Advanced Spectroscopic Portal Monitors and Certification

The conference report prohibits full-scale procurement of advanced spectroscopic portal (ASP) systems until the Secretary has certified and reported to the Committees that a significant increase in operational effectiveness merits such a decision, with a requirement for separate certification for primary and secondary deployments. The Secretary is directed to continue consulting with NAS on this matter. Finally, DNDO is prohibited from engaging in high-risk concurrent development and production of mutually dependent software and hardware components of determinal systems.

The conferees expect DHS to ensure certification decisions are made with the best possible test information and to follow NAS recommendations related to development and certification as outlined in the Senate report. Further, the conferees believe the NAS recommendations should be implemented prior to decisions on certification or procurement of ASPs. If for any reason the Department does not follow these recommendations, the Department shall provide a briefing to the Committees as to why these

recommendations were not followed. As independent reviews of the ASP programs have been of value to the Department, the conferees believe an independent cost-benefit analysis would also be beneficial new well.

If certification does not occur or is further delayed, the conferees direct DHS to submit a revised deployment plan, to include additional procurement of PVT monitors, if requirements remain. As described in the House and Senate reports, the conferees encourage DNDO to undertake deployment of low rate initial production ASP systems, as appropriate, and use data from such deployments to inform future portal monitor decisions.

TITLE V-GENERAL PROVISIONS

(Including Rescissions of Funds)

Section 501. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that no part of any appropriation shall remain available for obligation beyond the current year unless expressly provided.

Section 502. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that unexpended balances of prior appropriations may be merged with new appropriations accounts and used for the same purpose, subject to reprogramming guidelines.

Section 503. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the Senate that provides authority to reprogram appropriations within an account and to transfer up to 5 percent between appropriations accounts with 15-day advance notification of the Committees. The House proposed a similar provision. A detailed funding table identifying programs, projects, and activities is included at the end of this statement. This table along with funding levels specified in the report shall serve as the control level for all reprogrammings. These reprogramming guidelines shall be complied with by all agencies funded by the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010.

The Department shall submit reprogramming requests on a timely basis and provide complete explanations of the reallocations proposed, including detailed justifications of the increases and offsets,

and any specific impact the proposed changes will have on the budget request for the following fiscal year and future-year appropriations requirements. Each request submitted to the Committees should include a detailed table showing the proposed revisions at the account, program, project, and activity level to the funding and staffing FTE levels for the current fiscal year and to the levels requested in the President's budget for the following fiscal year.

The Department shall manage its programs and activities within the levels appropriated. The Committees are concerned with the number of reprogramming proposals submitted for consideration by the Department and remind the Department that reprogramming or transfer requests should be submitted only in the case of an unforeseeable emergency or situation that could not have been predicted when formulating the budget request for the current fiscal year. When the Department submits a reprogramming or transfer request to the Committees and does not receive identical responses from the House and Senate, it is the responsibility of the Department to reconcile the House and Senate differences before proceeding, and if reconciliation is not possible, to consider the reprogramming or transfer request unapproved.

The Department is not to submit a reprogramming or transfer of funds after June 30 except in extraordinary circumstances, which imminently threaten the safety of human life or the protection of property. If a reprogramming or transfer is needed after June 30, the notice should contain sufficient documentation as to why it meets this statutory exception.

Section 504. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate extending the authorization of the Department's Working Capital Fund (WCF) in fiscal year 2010. No funds appropriated or otherwise available to the Department may be used to make payment to the Department's WCF, except for activities and amounts allowed in the President's fiscal year 2010 budget. Funds provided to the WCF are available until expended. The Department shall only charge components for direct usage of the WCF. Fiscal year 2010 and any carryover funds may be used only for the purposes consistent with the contributing component. Any funds paid in advance or reimbursed must reflect the full cost of each service. The WCF shall be subject to the requirements of section 503 of this Act.

Section 505. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that not to exceed 50 percent of unobligated balances remaining at the end of fiscal year 2010 from

appropriations made for salaries and expenses shall remain available through fiscal year 2011 subject to reprogramming guidelines.

Section 506. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate deeming that funds for intelligence activities are specifically authorized during fiscal year 2010 until the enactment of an Act authorizing intelligence activities for fiscal year 2010.

Section 507. The conference agreement continues and modifies a provision proposed by the House and Senate requiring notification of the Committees three business days before any grant allocation, grant award, contract award (including Federal Acquisition Regulation-covered contracts), Other Transaction Agreement, a task or delivery order on a DHS multiple award contract, letter of intent, or public announcement of the intention to make such an award totaling in excess of \$1,000,000. If the Secretary determines that compliance would pose substantial risk to health, human life, or safety, an award may be made without prior notification but the Committees shall be notified within five full business days after such award or letter is issued. Additionally, FEMA is required to brief the Committees five full business days prior to announcing publicly the intention to make an award under State and Local Programs.

Section 508. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that no agency shall purchase, construct, or lease additional facilities for Federal law enforcement training without advance approval of the Committees.

Section 509. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that none of the funds may be used for any construction, repair, alteration, or acquisition project for which a prospectus otherwise required under chapter 33 of Title 40, United States Code, has not been approved. The conferees exclude funds that may be required for development of a proposed prospectus.

Section 510. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House that consolidates by reference prior year statutory bill language into one provision. The Senate proposed a similar provision. These provisions relate to reporting requirements of the privacy officer; contracting officer's technical representative training; sensitive security information; federal building performance and requirements outlined in title V of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act or subtitle A of title I of the Energy Policy Act of 2005; use of funds in conformance with section 303 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992; and Executive Order 13149 relating to fleet and transportation efficiency.

Section 511. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that none of the funds may be used in contravention of the Buy American Act.

Section 512. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the Senate prohibiting funds to be used to amend the oath of allegiance required by section 337 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1448). The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 513. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate regarding competitive sourcing.

Section 514. The conference agreement continues and modifies a provision proposed by the House and Senate directing TSA to work with air carriers and airports to ensure the screening of cargo carried on passenger aircraft, as required by the 9/11 Act, increases incrementally each quarter until the Modified reports are met. TSA is required to report air cargo inspection statistics detailing how incremental progress is being made to the Committees within 45 days after the end of each quarter of the fiscal year. Finally, TSA shall submit a report on how it plans to meet the 100 percent mandate contained in the 9/11 Act.

Section 515. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate requiring the Chief Financial Officer to submit monthly budget execution and staffing reports within 45 days after the close of each month.

Section 516. The conference agreement continues and modifies a provision proposed by the Senate directing that any funds appropriated or transferred to TSA "Aviation Security", "Administration", and "Transportation Security Support" in fiscal years 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 that are recovered or deobligated shall be available only for procurement and installation of explosives detection systems, air cargo, baggage, and checkpoint screening systems, subject to notification. The House proposed a similar provision. Quarterly reports must be submitted identifying any funds that are recovered or deobligated.

Section 517. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate requiring any funds appropriated to Coast Guard for 110-123 foot patrol boat conversions that are recovered, collected, or otherwise received as a result of negotiation, mediation, or litigation, shall be available until expended for the replacement patrol boat program.

Section 518. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate pertaining to the human resource management system.

Section 519. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate extending to undercover investigative operations authority of the Secret Service.

Section 520. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate classifying the functions of instructor staff at FLETC as inherently governmental for purposes of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998.

Section 521. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting the obligation of funds appropriated to the Office of the Secretary and Executive Management, the Office of the Under Secretary for Management, or the Office of the Chief Financial Officer for grants or contracts awarded by any means other than full and open competition. Certain exceptions apply. This provision does not require new competitions of existing contracts during their current terms. The conferees also require the IG to review Departmental contracts awarded noncompetitively and report on the results to the Committees.

Section 522. The conference agreement continues and modifies a provision proposed by the House that prohibits funding for any position designated as a Principal Federal Official (PFO) during a Stafford Act declared disaster or emergency.

The issue of the role of a PFO during a Federal response has a complicated history in recent years, brought to light most visibly with confusion during the response to Hurricane Katrina. The Post Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006 (PKEMRA) addressed various shortcomings highlighted by the response to Hurricane Katrina. PKEMRA defines FEMA's responsibilities and boosts the agency's autonomy within DHS. In addition, the Act outlines an incident management chain of command headed by the Administrator of FEMA, defined as the principal advisor to the President and Secretary on all matters relating to emergency management. However, a dispute regarding the role of the PFO continues.

While the conferees do not believe that Sec. 523 of the House bill precludes the Secretary from deploying Department level staff to a disaster in a manner that is consistent with current law, the conferees recognize that the Secretary has asked for some flexibility regarding this provision. Bill starting language has been modified to allow the Secretary to waive the prohibition on the use of funds for a PFO or successor position under a Stafford Act declaration. After exercising this waiver, the Secretary must

report to the Committees on Appropriations, as well as the House Transportation and Infrastructure Committee and the Senate Homeland Security and Government Affairs Committee with the following information: (1) an explanation of the circumstances necessitating the waiver, including a discussion of how this action does not deviate from the role of the FEMA Administrator as the principal advisor on emergency management to the President, the Homeland Security Council, and the Secretary, as defined in P.L. 109-295 (6 U.S.C. 313); and (2) a discussion of the role in the field, or in headquarters, of staff deployed pursuant to the waiver, including measures taken to ensure compliance with subsection (c) of 6 U.S.C. 319.

Further, the conferees note that this waiver authority exists for fiscal year 2010 only and directs the Department, in collaboration with the appropriate authorizing committees of the House and Senate, and other federal entities, to revisit all planning and response documents, such as the National Response Framework, and the organizational structure of operational emergency response teams, as appropriate, to ensure that they are compliant with the provisions of PKEMRA. The conferees direct DHS to report within 120 days of enactment of this Act on any action necessary to update all applicable documents and the organizational structure of operational emergency response teams.

Section 523. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate regarding the enforcement of section 4025(1) of Public Law 108-458 pertaining to butane lighters.

Section 524. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting the Secretary of Homeland Secretary from reducing operations within the Coast Guard's Civil Engineering Program except as specifically authorized by a statute enacted after the date of enactment of this Act.

Section 525. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that precludes DHS from using funds in this Act to carry out reorganization authority. This prohibition is not intended to prevent the Department from carrying out routine or small reallocations of personnel or functions within components of the Department, subject to section 503 of this Act.

Section 526. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting funding to grant an immigration benefit to any individual unless the results of background checks required in statute to be completed prior to the grant of the benefit have been received by USCIS.

Section 527. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting use of funds to destroy or put out to pasture any horse or other equine belonging to the Federal government unless adoption has been offered first.

Section 528. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the Senate regarding the use of Data Center One (National Center for Critical Information Processing and Storage). The House proposed no similar provision.

Senate 529. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the Senate prohibiting funds from being used to reduce the Coast Guard's Operations Systems Center mission or its government-employed or contract staff. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 530. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting funds to be used to conduct or implement the results of a competition under Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76 with respect to the Coast Guard National Vessel Documentation Center.

Section 531. The conference agreement continues and modifies a provision proposed by the House relating to Other Transactional Authority for DHS through fiscal year 2010. The Senate proposed a similar provision.

Section 532. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that requires the Secretary to link all contracts that provide award fees to successful acquisition outcomes.

Section 533. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting the obligation of funds made available to the Office of Secretary and Executive Management for any new hires at DHS not verified through the basic pilot (E-Verify) program.

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Section 534. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate related to prescription drugs.

Section 535. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting funds made available in this Act from being used to implement a rule or regulation that implements the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking related to Petitions for Aliens to Perform Temporary

Nonagricultural Services or Labor (H-2B) set out beginning on 70 Federal Register 3984 (January 27, 2005).

Section 536. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House requiring the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of Treasury, to notify the Committees of any proposed transfers from the Department of Treasury Forfeiture Fund to any agency within the Department of Homeland Security. No funds may be obligated until the Committees approve the proposed transfers. The Senate proposed a similar provision.

Section 537. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate prohibiting funds for planning, testing, piloting, or developing a national identification card.

Section 538. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate requiring the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security (TSA) to certify that no security risks will result if any airport does not participate in the basic pilot (E-Verify) program.

Section 539. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate that requires a report summarizing damage assessment information used to determine whether to declare a major disaster.

Section 540. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the Senate relating to the liquidation of Plum Island assets if the site is not chosen for the new National Bio- and Agro-defense Facility and how the proceeds from this sale may be applied. The House proposed a similar provision.

Section 541. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House amending section 4 of Public Law 110-161 by striking projects in Massachusetts, South Carolina, and California and adding different projects in those States. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 542. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House and Senate directing that any official required by this Act to report or certify to the Committees on Appropriations may not delegate such authority unless expressly authorized to do so in this Act.

Section 543. The conference agreement continues a provision proposed by the House extending the authority of the Predisaster Mitigation Fund until September 30, 2010. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 544. The conference agreement includes a provision proposed by the Senate on unmanned aircraft systems. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 545. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House permitting unobligated amounts made available to Coast Guard Sector Buffalo to be used to make improvements to land to enhance public access to the Buffalo Lighthouse and the waterfront. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 546. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House and Senate permitting personnel appointed or assigned to serve abroad allowances and benefits similar to those provided in the Foreign Service Act of 1990.

Section 547. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the House that extends the basic pilot program (E-Verify program) by three years. Because DHS and the Social Security Administration have already entered into a memorandum of agreement on employment verification, statutory language is no longer necessary. The two GAO reports contained in the House provision are addressed under USCIS. The Senate proposed a similar extension.

Section 548. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate that extends the EB-5 visa program for three years. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 549. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House that clarifies fees for fingerprinting, biometric services, and other necessary services may be collected as part of section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 550. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House and Senate that extends the risk based security standards for chemical facilities cited in Section 550 of P.L. 109-295 by one year.

Section 551. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate that renames "basic pilot program" as "E-Verify Program". The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 552. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the House on the individuals detained at the Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. The Senate had no similar provision.

Section 553. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House that requires the names of individuals detained at the Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba to be included on the No Fly List. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 554. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House and Senate permitting the collection of fees for conferences, seminars, exhibits, symposiums, or similar meetings and requires an annual report on the level of collection by the Department.

Section 555. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate defining rural areas for purposes of section 210C of the Homeland Security Act of 2002. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 556. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House prohibiting funds in this Act to be used for first-class travel. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 557. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the House prohibiting funds in this Act to be used for adverse personnel actions for employees who use protective equipment or measures, including surgical masks, N95 respirators, gloves, or hand-sanitizers in the conduct of their official duties. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 558. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the House prohibiting funds in this Act to be used to employ workers in contravention of section 274A(h)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act. The Senate proposed no similar provision.

Section 559. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the Senate that prohibits the use of funds for LORAN-C after January 4, 2010, if the Commandant certifies termination will not adversely impact maritime safety and the Secretary certifies that LORAN-C is not needed as a backup to the Global Positioning System (GPS). The certifications must be submitted to the Committees on Appropriations. If such certifications are made, the sale of LORAN-C properties can be used as offsetting collections for environmental compliance and restoration activities, including costs of securing and maintaining equipment that may be used as a backup to GPS. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 560. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the Senate that prohibits the obligation of funds for construction of the National Bio- and Agro-defense Facility (NBAF) until the Secretary of DHS undertakes a bio-safety and bio-security mitigation risk assessment using plume and epidemiologic impact modeling to determine the requirements for the safe operation of NBAF in Manhattan, Kansas. Once DHS completes the risk assessment, the National Academy of Sciences shall provide an independent, expert evaluation of the DHS study within four months to ensure that risk has been adequately identified and mitigated in planning for NBAF. In addition, the Secretary of DHS, in coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall report to the Committees on the procedures used to issue a permit for foot-and-mouth disease live virus research and an emergency response plan in the event of an accidental release of a hazardous pathogen originating from NBAF. The House proposed a similar provision under S&T Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations.

Section 561. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the Senate on maritime transportation security information. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 562. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate on the definition of switchblade knives. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 563. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the Senate related to the Federal Deposit Insurance Act. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 564. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the Senate amending the OPEN FOIA Act relating to certain items being withheld from release. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 565. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the Senate on the release of protected national security documents. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 566. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate permitting administrative law judges to be available temporarily to serve on an arbitration panel created under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act for FEMA's Public Assistance program for Hurricanes Katrina and Rita. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 567. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate on the proper disposal of personal information collected through the Registered Traveler program. A report on procedures and status is required to be submitted 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 568. The conference agreement includes and modifies a new provision proposed by the Senate extending the visa program for special immigrant nonminister religious workers and the "Conrad 30" rural area serving doctors program. The conferees modify treatment of surviving spouses and other relatives. The conference agreement includes reporting requirements and humanitarian consideration for pending petitions and applications. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 569. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate prohibiting funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act to pay for award or incentive fees for contractors with below satisfactory performance or performance that fails to meet the basic requirements of the contract. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 570. The conference agreement includes a new provision proposed by the Senate that prohibits funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act for DHS to enter into a federal contract unless the contract meets the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 or Chapter 137 of title 10 U.S.C. requirements and the Federal Acquisition Regulation or the contract is authorized by statute without regard to this section. The House proposed no similar provision.

Section 571. The conference agreement includes a new provision allowing the Secretary to transfer data center migration funds made available by this Act between appropriations for the same purpose after notifying the Committees 15 days in advance.

Section 572. The conference agreement includes a new provision that specific earmarks contained in House Report 111-157 intended to be awarded to a for profit entity shall be awarded under full and open competition.

Section 573. The conference agreement includes a provision rescinding \$5,572,000 in unobligated balances for fiscal year 2009 from FEMA "Trucking Industry Security Grants" as proposed by the House instead of \$5,500,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Section 574. The conference agreement includes a provision rescinding \$2,358,000 in unobligated balances of prior year appropriations for "Analysis and Operations" instead of \$2,203,000 as proposed by the House and \$5,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Section 575. The conference agreement includes a provision rescinding \$8,000,000 in unobligated balances of prior year appropriations for NPPD "Infrastructure Protection and Information Security" as proposed by the Senate instead of \$5,963,000 as proposed by the House.

Section 576. The conference agreement includes a provision rescinding \$6,944,148 from unobligated balances of prior year appropriations for S&T "Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations" instead of \$7,500,000 as proposed by the Senate. The House proposed no similar provision. S&T shall notify the Committees on the distribution of the rescission prior to its implementation.

Section 577. The conference agreement includes a provision rescinding \$8,000,000 from unobligated balances of prior year appropriations for DNDO "Research, Development, and Operations" as proposed by the Senate. The House proposed no similar provision. DNDO shall notify the Committees on the distribution of the rescission prior to its implementation.

Section 578. The conference agreement includes a new provision rescinding \$4,000,000 from unobligated balances of prior year appropriations made available for TSA "Research and Development". TSA shall notify the Committees on the distribution of the rescission prior to its implementation.

Section 579. The conference agreement includes a new provision rescinding \$800,000 from unobligated balances of prior year appropriations made available for Coast Guard "Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements" and specify that this rescission must be made from completed projects.

Section 580. The conference agreement includes a new provision rescinding \$5,600,000 from unobligated balances made available for the Counterterrorism Fund.

PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

The conference agreement does not include section 512 of the Senate bill prohibiting funds for Secure Flight to be used to test algorithms assigning risk to passengers whose names are not on a government watch list or to use databases that are under control of a non-Federal entity. Since these activities are not permitted by the final Secure Flight rule, any change would require a new rulemaking.

The conference agreement does not include section 518 of the Senate bill prohibiting funds for the National Applications Office or the National Immigration Information Sharing Operation until certain conditions were met. A modified version of this provision is included in "Analysis and Operations"

The conference agreement does not include section 546 of the House bill clarifying how funds collected for fraud prevention and detection may be used.

The conference agreement does not include section 546 of the Senate bill that clarifies Section 401(b) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act, making the basic pilot (E-Verify) program permanent. The conference agreement contains a three year extension of this program.

The conference agreement does not include section 547 of the Senate bill that requires government contractors to participate in the basic pilot (E-Verify) program. A federal regulation was finalized in September 2009 requiring federal contractors and subcontractors to use the basic pilot (E-Verify) program.

The conference agreement does not include section 549 of the Senate bill making the EB-5 visa program permanent. The conference agreement contains a three year extension of this program.

The conference agreement does not include section 550 of the Senate bill authorizing the Secretary to direct GSA to sell ICE Service Processing Centers and detention facilities that no longer meet the mission and use the funds for other ICE real property needs.

The conference agreement does not include section 551 of the House bill on certification requirements for advanced spectroscopic portal monitors, the National Academy of Sciences study, and high risk concurrent development. This provision is included under DNDO "Systems Acquisition".

The conference agreement does not include section 553 of the House bill on the closure of the Florida long-term recovery office in Orlando. This item is addressed under FEMA.

The conference agreement does not include section 560 of the Senate bill on border fence completion.

The conference agreement does not include section 561 of the Senate bill on no match letters.

The conference agreement does not include section 563 of the Senate bill requiring a report on Operation Streamline. This item is addressed under CBP.

The conference agreement does not include section 568 of the Senate bill requiring a report on improving cross-border inspection processes in the United States, Ontario, and Quebec. This item is addressed under CBP.

The conference agreement does not include section 573 of the Senate bill pertaining to prescription drugs. This issue is addressed under Section 534.

The conference agreement does not include section 576 of the Senate bill requiring employers to verify the immigration status of existing employees.

DISCLOSURE OF EARMARKS AND CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS

Following is a list of congressional earmarks and congressionally directed spending items (as defined in clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives and rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, respectively) included in the conference report or the accompanying joint statement of managers, along with the name of each Senator, House Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner who submitted a request to the Committee of jurisdiction for each item so identified. Neither the conference report nor the joint statement of managers contains any limited tax benefits or limited tariff benefits as defined in the applicable House or Senate rules. Pursuant to clause 9(b) of rule XXI the rules of the House of Representatives, neither the conference report nor the joint statement of managers contains any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits that were not (1) committed to the conference committee by either House or (2) in a report of a committee of either House on this bill or on a companion measure

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DISCLOSURE OF EARMARKS AND CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS

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HOMELAND SECURITY [Presidentially Requested Spending Items]

Agency	Account	Project .	Amount	Administration	Requester(s)
CG	Operating Expenses	Project Seahawk, SC	\$1,088,000	The President	
CG	Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements	Shore and Operational Support projects, various locations	\$6,000,000	The President	
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center, NM	\$16,000,000	The President	Jeff Bingaman; Tom Udall
FEMA	State and Local Programs	National Domestic Preparedness Consortium: National Energetic Materials Research and Testing Center, New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology, NM National Center for Biomedical Research and Training, Louisiana State University, LA National Emergency Response and Rescue Training Center, Texas A&M University, TX National Exercise, Test, and Training Center, Nevada Test Site, NV	\$12,875,000 \$12,875,000 \$12,875,000 \$12,875,000	The President The President The President The President	Jeff Bingaman; Tom Udall Rodney Alexander; Mary Landrieu Chet Edwards; John Carter; John Comyn; Kay Bailey Hutchison Harry Reid
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Center for Domestic Preparedness, AL	\$62,590,000	The President	Richard Shelby; Mike Rogers (AL)
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisi- tion, and Operations	Naval Postgraduate School, CA	\$2,000,000	The President	Sam Farr
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisi- tion, and Operations	Physical Science Facility, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, WA	\$12,000,000	The President	Patty Murray; Norman Dicks; Doc Hastings
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisi- tion, and Operations	Transportation Security Laboratory, NJ	\$5,000,000	The President	·

Agency	Account	Project	Amount	Requester(s)
DHS	Office of the Under Secretary for Management	Center of Excellence in Logistics and Technology (LOGTECH), Institute for Defense and Business, The University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC	\$1,000,000	David Price
CBP	Salaries & Expenses	Portable Solar Charging Rechargeable Battery System, Global Solar, AZ	\$800,000	Ed Pastor
CBP	Construction and Facilities Management	Advanced Training Center, WY	\$39,700,000	Robert Byrd
СВР	Construction and Facilities Management	Hangar and Offices for U.S. Customs and Border Protection, City of El Paso, TX	\$3,500,000	Silvestre Reyes
TSA	Aviation Security	Transportation Security Research and Training Center, National Safe Skies Alliance, TN	\$1,250,000	John Duncan Jr.
CG	Operating Expenses	Operations Systems Center, WV	\$3,600,000	Robert Byrd
CG	Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements	Coast Guard Academy Pier, CT	\$300,000	Christopher Dodd
CG	Acquisition, Construction, and Improvements	Coast Guard Station Cleveland Harbor, OH	\$16,800,000	George Voinovich
CG	Alteration of Bridges	Fort Madison, 1A	\$4,000,000	Tom Harkin; David Loebsack
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center, NM	\$4,000,000	Jeff Bingaman; Tom Udall
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	Philadelphia Buffer Zone Protection Video Surveillance Expansion Project, City of Philadelphia, PA	\$1,000,000	Chaka Fattah
NPPO	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	State and Local Cyber Security Training, University of Texas, San Antonio, TX	\$3,500,000	Ciro Rodriguez
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	Power and Cyber Systems Protection, Analysis, and Testing Program at the Idaho National Laboratory, Idaho National Laboratory, ID	\$3,000,000	Michael Simpson; Mike Crapo; Jame Risch

HOMELAND SECURITY—Continued [Congressionally Directed Spending Items]

Agency	Account	Project ·	Amount	Requester(s)
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	Cyber Security Test Bed & Evaluation Center, RTI International, NC	\$3,500,000	David Price
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	Multi-State Information Sharing and Analysis Center (MS-ISAC), NY, Office of State Cyber Security & Critical Infrastructure Coordination	\$3,000,000	Nita Lowey; Yvelte Clarke
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	Virginia Operational Integration Cyber Center of Excellence (VOICCE), City of Hampton, VA	\$500,000	Glenn Nye; Robert Wittman
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	The Upstate NY Cyber Initiative, Clarkson University, NY	\$100,000	John McHugh; Charles Schumer
NPPD	Infrastructure Protection and Information Security	SEARCH, Sacramento, CA	\$1,000,000	Steven Rothman
OHA	Office of Health Affairs	North Carolina Collaboratory for Bio-Preparedness (NC B-Prepared), School of Information & Ubrary Science, The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, NC	\$5,000,000	David Price; Bob Etheridge; Brad Mil- ler; Kay Hagan
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Benton County Emergency Management Commission, IA	\$500,000	Leonard Boswell
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Brazoria County Emergency Management, TX	\$100,000	Ron Paul
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Butte-Silver Bow, MT	\$800,000	Dennis Rehberg; Jon Tester
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Calvert County Department of Public Safety, MD	\$338,000	Steny Hoyer; Benjamin Cardin
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Alamosa Fire Department, CO	\$425,000	John Salazar
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Ames, IA	\$600,000	Tom Harkin; Tom Latham
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Boerne, TX	\$250,000	Lamar Smith
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Brawley, CA	\$500,000	Bob Filner

FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Brigantine, NJ	\$300,000	Frank LoBiondo
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Brookings, OR	\$350,000	Peter DeFazio
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Chicago, IL	\$1,000,000	Richard Durbin
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Commerce, CA	\$1,000,000	Lucille Roybal-Allard
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Cupertino, CA	\$300,000	Michael Honda
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Detroit, MI	\$1,000,000	Carolyn Kilpatrick; John Conyers; Debbie Stabenow; Carl Levin
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Elk Grove, CA	\$750,000	Daniel Lungren
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Green Cove Springs, FL	\$400,000	Corrine Brown
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Greenville, NC	\$600,000	G.K. Butterfield
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Hackensack, NJ	\$300,000	Frank Lautenberg; Robert Menendez
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Hartford, CT	\$800,000	John Larson
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Hopewell, VA	\$250,000	Randy Forbes
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of La Habra, CA	\$254,500	Gary Miller
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Łas Vegas, NV	\$600,000	Shelley Berkley; Dina Titus; Harry Reid
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Lauderdale Lakes, FL	\$750,000	Debbie Wasserman Schultz; Alcee Hastings
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Minneapolis, MN	\$750,000	Keith Ellison; Amy Klobuchar
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Monterey Park, CA	\$375,000	Adam Schiff; Judy Chu
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Moreno Valley, CA	\$400,000	Mary Bono Mack
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Mount Vernon, NY	\$1,000,000	Kristen Gillibrand; Charles Schumer

HOMELAND SECURITY—Continued [Congressionally Directed Spending Items]

Agency	Account	Project	Amount	Requester(s)
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Newark, NJ	\$1,000,000	Steven Rothman
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of North Little Rock, AR	\$900,000	Blanche Lincoln; Mark Pryor; Vic Sny- der
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Palm Coast, FL	\$350,000	John Mica
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Port Gibson, MS	\$750,000	Bennie Thompson; Thad Cochran
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Scottsdale, AZ	\$500,000	Harry Mitchell
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Sunrise, FL	\$750,000	Debbie Wasserman Schultz; Robert Wexler; Alcee Hastings; Bill Nelson
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Tavares, FL	\$500,000	Alan Grayson
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Torrington, CT	\$400,000	John Larson; Christopher Murphy
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Whitefish, MT	\$900,000	Jon Tester
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Whittier, CA	\$500,000	Linda Sánchez
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Wichita, KS	\$500,000	Todd Tiahrt
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Columbia County, OR	\$500,000	David Wu
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, County of Union, NJ	\$500,000	Leonard Lance; Frank Lautenberg; Robert Menendez;
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Dorchester County, SC	\$400,000	Henry Brown; Lindsay Graham
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Fulton County (Atlanta) Emergency Management Agency, GA	\$200,000	John Lewis; David Scott
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Howell County Emergency Preparedness, MO	\$250,000	Jo Ann Emerson

HOMELAND SECURITY—Continued [Congressionally Directed Spending Items]

Agency	Account	Project	Amount	Requester(s)
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Passaic County Prosecutor's Office, NJ	\$250,000	Steven Rothman
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Providence, RI	\$980,000	Jack Reed; James Langevin
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, San Francisco Department of Emergency Management, CA	\$800,000	Nancy Pelosi
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Sarasota County, FL	\$300,000	Vem Buchanan
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Scotland County, NC	\$650,000	Larry Kissell
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Somerset County, ME	\$500,000	Michael Michaud; Olympia Snowe
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, State of Maryland, MD	\$1,500,000	Dutch Ruppersberger; Benjamin Cardin
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, City of Maitland, FL	\$158,000	Suzanne Kosmas
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Tohono O'odham Nation	\$500,000	Raúl Grijalva
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Towamencin Township, PA	\$75,000	Allyson Schwartz
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Town of Harrison, NY	\$275,000	Nita Lowey
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Town of Shorter, AL	\$500,000	Mike Rogers (AL)
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Township of Irvington, NJ	\$750,000	Donald Payne
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Township of Old Bridge, NJ	\$500,000	Rush Holt
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Township of South Orange Village, South Orange. NJ	\$247,000	Frank Lautenberg; Robert Menendez
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Upper Darby Township Police Department, PA	\$500,000	Joe Sestak
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Village of Elmsford, NY	\$165,000	Nita Lowey

FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Washington Parish Government, LA	\$350,000	Steve Scalise
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Westmoreland County Department of Public Safety, PA	\$900,000	John Murtha
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Williamsburg County, SC	\$1,000,000	James Clyburn
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Emergency Operations Center, Winston County Commission, AL	\$20,000	Robert Aderholt
FEMA	State and Local Programs	National Domestic Preparedness Consortium: National Energetic Materials Research and Testing Center, New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology, NM National Center for Biomedical Research and Training, Louisiana State University, EA National Emergency Response and Rescue Training Center, Texas A&M University, TX National Exercise, Test, and Training Center, Nevada Test Sile, NY National Disaster Preparedness Training Center, University of Hawaii, HI Surface Transportation Emergency Preparedness and Response Training	\$10,125,000 \$10,125,000 \$10,125,000 \$10,125,000 \$5,000,000	Jeff Bingaman; Tom Udall Rodney Alexander; Mary Landrieu Chet Edwards; John Carter; John Cornyn; Kay Bailey Hutchison Harry Reid Daniel Inouye Michaet Bennet; John Salazar
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Counterterrorism and Cybercrime Center, Norwich University, Northfield, VT	\$1,700,000	Patrick Leahy
FEMA	State and Local Programs	Rural Domestic Preparedness Consortium, Eastern Kentucky University, KY	\$3,000,000	Harold Rogers; George Voinovich
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Alabama Emergency Management Agency, AL	\$200,000	Spencer Bachus
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Arkansas Department of Emergency Management, AR	\$750,000	Marion Berry
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Arkansas State University-Beebe, AR	\$452,000	Vic Snyder
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Brigham City Corporation, UT	\$250,000	Rob Bishop; Robert Bennett; Orrin Halch
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	CHRISTUS St. Elizabeth Hospital, Beaumont, TX	\$250,000	Ted Poe; Kay Bailey Hutchison
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Brooksville, KY	\$18,500	Geoff Davis
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Burbank, CA	\$225,000	Adam Schiff
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Camanche, IA	\$187,500	Bruce Bratey
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Coconut Creek, FL	\$500,000	Ron Klein; Robert Wexler

HOMELAND SECURITY—Continued (Congressionally Directed Spending Items)

Agency	Account	Project	Amount	Requester(s)
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Colton, CA	\$200,000	Joe Baca
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Davis, CA	\$275,000	Mike Thompson
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Emeryville, CA	\$600,000	Barbara Lee
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Flagler Beach, FL	\$750,000	John Mica
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Hartselle, AL	\$245,000	Robert Aderholt
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Hidalgo, TX	\$500,000	Henry Cueliar
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Hokah, MN	\$590,000	Timothy Walz; Amy Klobuchar
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Kannapolis, NC	\$425,000	Howard Coble; Larry Kissell
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Las Angeles, CA	\$1,000,000	Lucille Roybal-Allard
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Los Angeles, CA	\$500,000	Brad Sherman
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Maryville, MO	\$175,000	Sam Graves
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Miami Beach, FL	\$750,000	Debbie Wasserman Schultz
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Miami, FL	\$600,000	Kendrick Meek; Heana Ros-Lehtinen
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of New Braunfels, TX	\$500,000	Lamar Smith; Kay Bailey Hutchison
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Prattville, AL	\$500,000	Bothby Bright
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Reno, NV	\$500,000	Dean Heller; Harry Reid
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Robstown, TX	\$500,000	Solomon Ortiz

FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Rockville, MD	\$650,000	Chris Van Hollen; Benjamin Cardin
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Santa Clarita, CA	\$500,000	Howard "Buck" McKeon
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Trenton, NJ	\$300,000	Rush Holt; Christopher Smith; Frank Lautenberg; Robert Menendez
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	City of Venice, FL	\$200,000	Vern Buchanan
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	DeKalb County, IL	\$350,000	Donald Manzullo
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Drew County, AR	\$366,564	Mike Ross
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Harris County Flood Control District, TX	\$1,000,000	John Culberson
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Henry County, GA	\$275,000	David Scott
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Jackson Health System, Miami, FL	\$500,000	Debbie Wasserman Schultz, Kendrick Meek, Mario Diaz-Balart, Ileana Ros-Lehtinen
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Kentucky Emergency Management, KY	\$500,000	Harold Rogers
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	King County, WA	\$750,000	David Reichert: Patty Murray
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Lake County Stormwater Management Agency, OH	\$725,000	Steven LaTourette
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Lorain Ceunty, OH	\$200,000	Betty Sutton
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Louisville-Metro Government, KY	\$500,000	John Yarmuth
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Lucas County Engineer, OH	\$500,000	Marcy Kaptur
FEMA :	Predisaster Mitigation	McDowell Hospital, Marion, NC	\$220,000	Heath Shuler
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Mississippi Homeland Security Office, MS	\$500,000	Bennie Thompson
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	North Carolina Office of Emergency Management, NC	\$165,000	David Price
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Ohio University, Athens, OH	\$200,000	Charles Wilson

HOMELAND SECURITY—Continued [Congressionally Directed Spending Items]

Agency	Account	Project	Amount	Requester(s)
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Orange County Fire Authority, CA	\$252,000	Ken Calvert
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Russell County Fiscal Court, KY	\$200,000	Ed Whitfield
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	San Miguel County, NM	\$400,000	Ben Luján
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Shelby County, Memphis, TN	\$325,000	Steve Cohen; Lamar Alexander; Bob Corker
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	State of Maryland, MD	\$1,900,000	Dutch Ruppersberger; Benjamin Cardin
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Town of Hambleton and Town of Davis, WY	\$450,000	Atan Mollohan
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Town of Occoquan, VA	\$25,000	Gerry Connoily
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Town of Shelter Island, NY	\$200,000	Timothy Bishop
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Town of Union and City of Binghamton, NY	\$462,000	Maurice Hinchey
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Town of Winthrop, MA	\$500,000	Edward Markey
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Village of La Grange Park, IL	\$150,000	Daniel Lipinski
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Village of Pelham, NY	\$562,500	Nita Lowey
FEMA	Predisaster Mitigation	Westport Fire Department, CT	\$265,000	James Himes
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations	Cincinnati Urban Area partnership, OH	\$2,000,000	George Vainovich
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations	Distributed Environment for Critical Infrastructure Decisionmaking Exercises, multiple locations	\$3,000,000	Robert Bennett; Patrick Leahy; Rob Bishop

S&T	Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations	Homeland Security Research, Development, and Manufacturing Pilot, Long Island Forum for Technology, NY	\$1,000,000	Steve Israel; Peter King
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations	Maritime Domain Awareness and Maritime Security Technology Pilot, SRI International, FL	\$4,000.000	C.W. "Biff" Young
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations	National Institute for Hometown Security, KY	\$10,000,000	Harold Rogers
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations	Remote Sensing for Situational Awareness and Decision Support, Rochester Institute of Technology, NY	\$500,000	Daniel Maffei; Christopher Lee
S&T	Research, Development, Acquisition, and Operations	Southeast Region Research Initiative, TN	\$20,865,000	Thad Cochran: Roger Wicker; Gregg Harper
	General Provision	Franklin Regional Council of Governments, MA		John Olver
	General Provision	Town of Lanesborough, MA		John Oliver
	General Provision	Office of Environmental Health and Safely, University of Massachusetts, MA		John Olver
	General Provision	Town of Branchville, SC		James Clyburn
	General Provision	Monterey County Water Resources Agency, CA		Sam Farr
	General Provision	Sector Buffalo, NY, Coast Guard		Brian Higgins

-[insert table]

FUNDING RECOMMENDATIONS

The conference agreement's detailed funding recommendations for programs are contained in the table listed below.

_[insert table]

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CONFERENCE TOTAL--WITH COMPARISONS

The total new budget (obligational) authority for the fiscal year 2010 recommended by the Committee of Conference, with comparisons to the fiscal year 2009 amount, the 2010 budget estimates, and the House and Senate bills for 2010 follow:

(In thousands of dollars)

New budget (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2009	\$	44,367,748
Budget estimates of new (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2010		44,190,938
House bill, fiscal year 2010		43,978,245
Senate bill, fiscal year 2010		44,287,748
Conference agreement, fiscal year 2010		44,137,241
Conference agreement compared with:		
New budget (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2009		-230,507
Budget estimates of new (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2010		-53,697
House bill, fiscal year 2010		+158,996
Senate bill, fiscal year 2010	•	-150,507

	FY 2009 Enacted		Conference
TITLE I - DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONS			
Departmental Operations			
Office of the Secretary and Executive Management:			
Immediate Office of the Secretary		5,061	5,061
Immediate Office of the Deputy Secretary	1,400	1,810	1,810
Chief of Staff	2,693	2,595	2,595
Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement			
Executive Secretary	7,448 43,263	8,344 61,564	7,800 51,564
Office of Public Affairs	5,991		
Office of Legislative Affairs	4,997	7,097	
Office of Intergovernmental Affairs		2,800	
Office of General Counsel		24,028	24,028
Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties		22,104	21,104
Citizenship and Immigration Services Ombudsman		6,935	6,685
Privacy Officer	6,804	7,971	7,971
			•••••
Subtotal, Office of the Secretary and			
Executive Management	123,456	160,760	147,818
Office of the Union Country, for Management.			
Office of the Under Secretary for Management: Under Secretary for Management	2,654	2,864	2,864
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)			2,004
Emergency appropriations (F. E. 111-5)	200,000		
Subtotal, Under Secretary for Management			2,864
Office of Security	60.882	95.193	90,193
Office of the Chief Procurement Officer		95,193 71,038	68,538
Office of the Chief Human Capital Officer:			,
Salaries and expenses	28,827	34,404	32,604
Human resources	10,000	10,000	10,000
Subtotal, Office of the Chief Human Capital	22 22	44 404	40.004
Officer	38,827	44,404	42,604
Office of the Chief Administrative Officer:			
Salaries and expenses	44 427	43 491	44,491
Nebraska Avenue Complex (NAC)	6,000	6,000	5,500
DHS headquarters lease consolidation		43,491 6,000 75,000	
Subtotal, Office of the Chief Administrative			
Officer		124,491	
T			
Total, Office of the Under Secretary for	204 702	227 000	054 400
Management,		337,990	
Office of the Chief Financial Officer	55,235	65,530	60,530
	,	,	,
Office of the Chief Information Officer:			
Salaries and expenses		86,912	86,912
Information technology services		51,417	51,417
Security activities	92,623		
Homeland Secure Data Network (HSDN)			
Cubtatal Office of the Chief Information			
Subtotal, Office of the Chief Information Officer	272 160	338,393	338,393
0111081	212,109	330,393	330,383
Analysis and Operations	327.373	357,345	335.030
manyoro and operationers, the state of the s		===========	
Total, Departmental Operations			

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference
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Office of the Federal Coordinator for Gulf Coast Rebuilding	1,900	2,000	2,000
Office of Inspector General			•
Office of Inspector General	98,513	127,874	113,874
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)	5,000		
Transfer from Disaster Relief	(16,000)		(16,000)
Subtotal, Office of Inspector General (including			
transfers)Appropriations	119,513	127,874 (127,874)	129,874 (113,874)
Emergency appropriations	(5,000)	(127,074)	(113,074)
by transfer	(16,000)		(16,000)
Total, title I, Departmental Management and	***********	=======================================	**********
Operations (including transfers)	1,291,439	1,389,892	1,267,835
Appropriations	(1,070,439)	(1,389,892)	(1,251,835)
Emergency appropriations	(205,000) (16,000)		(16,000)
by transfer	(16,000)	 ==================================	(16,000)
TITLE II - SECURITY, ENFORCEMENT,			
AND INVESTIGATIONS			
U.S. Customs and Border Protection			
Salaries and expenses:			
Headquarters, Management, and Administration:			
Management and administration, border security			
inspections and trade facilitation Management and administration, border security	646,608	522,825	520,575
and control between ports of entry	622,550	497,675	495,425
Rent			402,263
Subtotaì, Headquarters, Mgt & Admin	1,269,158		1,418,263
Border security inspections and trade			
facilitation:			
Inspections, trade, and travel facilitation			
at ports of entry	2,093,988 3,154	2,255,210 3,226	
International cargo screening	149,450	165,421	162,000
Other international programs	10,984	11,181	11,181
Customs-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism			
(C-TPAT)	64,496	62,612	
Trusted Traveler programs	11,274	11,274	11,274
Inspection and detection technology			
investments	145,944	143,563	153,563
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5) Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-32)	160,000 46,200		
and gone, appropriations (1.1.21.111.02),///			
Subtotal	352,144	143,563	153,563
Automated targeting systems	32,550	32,560	32,560
National Targeting Center	24,481	26,355 24,778	26,355
Training	24,778		
Subtotal, Border security inspections and			
trade facilitation	2,767,299	2,736,180	2,749,784

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	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference
Border security and control between ports of entry:			
Border security and control	3,426,455	3,505,008	3,535,286
Training	74,815	51,751	51,751
Subtotal, Border security and control			
between ports of entry	3,501,270	. 3,556,759	3,587,037
Air and Marine Operations	271,679	309,629	309,629
	=======================================		
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses	7,809,406	7,623,068	
Appropriations		(7,619,842)	(8,061,487)
Emergency appropriations	(206,200)		
Harbor maintenance trust fund	(3,154)	(3,226)	(3,226)
Automation modernization:			
Automated commercial environment/International		•	
Trade Data System (ITDS)	316,851	267,960	227,960
Current operations protection and processing			
support (COPPS)	194,483	194,485	194,485
Subtotal, Automation modernization	511,334	462,445	422,445
Border security fencing, infrastructure, and technology (BSFIT):			
Development and deployment	505,000	494,000	508,000
Operation and maintenance	150,000	200,000	
Program management	120,000	85,452	
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)	100,000		
Emergency appropriations (i. E. iii s)			
Subtotal, BSFIT	875,000		800,000
Appropriations	(775,000)	(779,452)	
Emergency appropriations	(100,000)	(1.0,402)	
	. , ,		
Air and Marine Interdiction, Operations, Maintenance, and Procurement:			
Operations and maintenance	380,022	374,217	374,217
Procurement	147,978	131,609	
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-32)	5,000		
A. b	=======================================		
Subtotal, Air and marine interdiction,	F00 000	505 000	F40 000
operations, maintenance, and procurement	533,000	505,826	519,826
Appropr1ations	(528,000)	(505,826)	(519,826)
Emergency appropriations	(5,000)		
Construction and facilities management:			
Facility construction and sustainment	403,201	239,357	282,557
Rent	403,201	402,263	202,557
Program oversight and management		37,013	
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)		37,013	37,013
Emorgonoy appropriactions (1. E. 111 o/			
Subtotal, Construction and facilities management		678,633	
Total, Direct appropriations for Customs and and Border Protection	10,551,941	10,049,424	10,126,554
Foo accounts.			
Fee accounts:	(570 050)	/E04 000°	/504 000
Immigration inspection user fee	(570,059)	(584,000)	(584,000)
Immigration enforcement fines	(3,331)	(5,000)	(5,000)
Land border inspection fee	(26,880)	(30,000)	(30,000)
COBRA passenger inspection fee	(410,666)	(393,000)	(393,000)
APHIS inspection fee	(333,433)	(320,000)	(320,000)

(validaties in endas	unius /		
	FY 2009 Enacted	Request	Conference
		,	
Puerto Rico collectionsSmall airport user fees	(96,719) (7,057)	(92,000) (8,000)	(92,000) (8,000)
Subtotal, fee accounts	(1,448,145)	(1,432,000)	(1,432,000)
	=======================================	**********	2222222222
Total, U.S. Customs and Border Protection Appropriations	(12,000,086) (9,820,741)	(11,481,424) (10,049,424)	(11,558,554) (10,126,554)
Emergency apropriations (Fee accounts)	(731,200) (1,448,145)	(1,432,000)	(1,432,000)
		===========	
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement			
Salaries and expenses: Headquarters Management and Administration (non-detention and removal operations): Personnel compensation and benefits, service			
and other costs	203,076	321,850	279,073
Headquarters managed IT investment	169,348	321,850 243,264	233,264
Subtotal, Headquarters management and administration	372,424	565,114	512,337
Legal proceedings	215,035	221,666	221,668
Investigations:			
Domestic Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-32)	55,000	1,615,551	
Subtotal, Domestic investigations			
International investigations:			
International operations	106,741	112,872	112,872
International operationsVisa security program	26,800	30,186	30,686
Subtotal, International investigations.	133,541	143,058	143,558
Subtotal, Investigations	1,707,749	1,758,609	1,793,109
Intelligence	55,789	67,842	69,842
Detention and removal operations:			
Custody Operations	1,721,268	1,771,168	1,771,168
Fugitive operations	226,477	229,682	229,682
Criminal Alien program	189,069	192,539	192,539
Alternatives to detention	63,000	63,913 281,878	69,913
Transportation and removal program	281,399		229,682 192,539 69,913 281,878
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-32)	11,800		
Subtotal, Detention and removal operations.	*	2,539,180	
Identification and removal of criminal aliens		195,589	
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses	4,994,010	5.348.000	5.342.134
Appropriations	(4,927,210)	(5,348,000)	(5,342,134)
Emergency appropriations			•
Endard) protontive corretor.			
Federal protective service: Basic security	213,673		•

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference
Building specific security (including capital			
equipment replacement/acquisition)	426,327		
Subtotal, Federal Protective Service			
Offsetting fee collections	-640,000		
Automation modernization	20,000		
Subtotal, Automation moderization	77,000		
Construction	5,000		,,,,,
		***********	==========
Total, Direct appropriations for U.S. Immigration Customs Enforcement	5,076,010	5,458,000	5,436,952
Fee accounts:			
Immigration inspection user fee	(119,000)		(109,800)
Breached bond/detention fund	(60,000)	(75,000) (120,000)	(75,000) (120,000)
Student exchange and visitor ree	(120,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)
Subtotal, fee accounts	(299,000)	(304,800)	(304,800)
Subtotal, U.S. Immigration and Customs			•
Enforcement (gross)	(6.015.010)	(5 762 800)	(5 741 752)
Offsetting fee collections	(-640,000)		
	=======================================	========	
Total, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.	(5,375,010)	(5,762,800)	(5,741,752)
Appropriations		(5,458,000)	
Emergency appropriations	(86,800)		
Fee accounts	(299,000)		(304,800)
Transportation Security Administration			
Aviation security:			
Screening operations:			
Screener workforce:			
Privatized screeningScreener personnel, compensation, and	151,272	149,643	149,643
benefits	2,716,014	2,788,575	2,758,575
Subtotal, Screener workforce	2,867,286	2,938,218	2,908,218
Common Austrian and Adhan	407.040	000 460	204 740
Screener training and other Checkpoint support	197,318 250,000	203,463 128,739	204,713 128,739
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)	1,000,000		
EDS/ETD Systems:			
EDS procurement and installation	294,000	856,591	778,300
Screening technology maintenance and	205 605	226 625	246 605
utilities Operation integration	305,625 21,481	326,625 21,481	316,625 21,481
operacion integration	21,401		
Subtotal, EDS/ETD Systems		1,204,697	1,116,406
Subtotal, Screening operations	4,935,710		

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference
Aviation security direction and enforcement:			
Aviation regulation and other enforcement	245,268	254,064	254,064
Airport management and support	401,666	448,424	453,924
FFDO and flight crew training	25,025	25 127	25,127
Air cargo	122,849	108,118	122,849
Airport perimeter security	4,000		
Subtotal, Aviation security direction and			
enforcement	798,808	835,733	855,964
•			
Implementing requirements of P.L. 110-53	20,000		
Discretionary fee proposal:			
General aviation at DCA	(75)		
Indirect air cargo	(200)		
Certified cargo screening program	`	(5,200)	
Large aircraft security program		(1,600)	
Secure identification display area checks		(10,000)	
Other security threat assessments		(100)	
Total, Discretionary fee proposal	(275)		
Av1ation security capital fund (mandatory)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)
Total, Aviation security (gross) (including			
transfers)	5,754,518	5,310,850	5,214,040
Offsetting fee collections (non-mandatory)		-2,100,000	
Fee-funded programs (nonadd)	(-275)	(-16,900)	
Total, Aviation security (net)	3,434,518	3,210,850	3,114,040
Appropriations	(2,434,518)	(3,210,850)	(3,114,040)
Emergency appropriations	(1,000,000)		
Aviation security capital fund	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)
Surface transportation security:			
Staffing and operations	24,885	42,293	42,293
Surface transportation security inspectors and	21,000	12,200	.2,200
canines	24,721	86,123	68,223
Subtotal, Surface transportation security	49,606	128,416	110,516
Transportation Threat Assessment and Credentialing:			
Secure Flight	82,211	84,363	84,363
Crew and other vetting programs	33,807	107,636	87,636
Registered Traveler Program fees	(10,000)		
TWIC fees	(9,000)	(9,000)	(9,000)
Hazardous materials fees	(18,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)
Alien Flight School fees (by transfer from DOJ)	(3,000)	(4,000)	(4,000)
Certified cargo screening program			(5,200)
Large aircraft security program			(1,600)
Secure identification display area checks			(10,000)
Other security threat assessments General aviation at DCA		(100)	(100) (100)
Indirect air cargo		(2,600)	(2,600)
Sensitive security information (SSI) fees		(2,600)	(2,600)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Subtotal, Transportation Threat Assessment and	(450 040)	1000 710	(040 040)
Credentialing (Gross)	(158,018)	(222,719)	(219,619)
Fee funded programs	(40,000)	(30,720)	(47,620)
Subtotal, Transportation Threat Assessment and	440 040	404 000	474 000
Credentialing (net)	116,018	191,999	171,999

	FY 2009	FY 2010	
	Enacted	Request	Conference
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Transportation security support:			
Headquarters administration	234,870	248,929	248,929
Information technology	472,799	501,110	498.310
	218,105	226,338	
Human capital services			226,338
Intelligence	21,961	28,203	28,203
Subtotal, Transportation security support			
Federal Air Marshals:			
Management and administration	725,081	762,569	762,569
Travel and training	94,400	97,542	97,542
Alfala Elma Al Manal I			
Subtotal, Federal Air Marshals	819,481	860,111	860,111
Total, Transportation Security Administration			
(gross) (including transfers)	7,977,358	7,776,676	7,656,066
Offsetting fee collections		(-2,100,000)	(-2,100,000)
Aviation security capital fund	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)
Fee accounts	(40,000)	(30,720)	(47,620)
Total, Transportation Security Administration			
(net)	5,367,358	5,395,956	5,258,446
	(4.007.050		
Appropriations	(4,367,358)	(5,395,956)	(5,258,446)
Emergency appropriations	(1,000,000)	 	
·Coast Guard			
perating expenses: Military pay and allowances	3,061,663	3,244,861	3,254,512
Civilian pay and benefits	645,350	699,594	699,794
Training and recruiting	195,919	205,970	206,178
Operating funds and unit level maintenance	1,177,406	1,149,513	1,152,950
Centrally managed accounts	262,294	353,071	334,275
Intermediate and depot level maintenance	823,793	903,179	916,179
Supplemental appropriations (P.L. 111-32)	10,000		
Port and vessel security	23,500		
Aviation mission hour gap	5,000		
Defense function	(340,000)	(340,000)	(340,000)
Overseas contingency operations (defense function)	(040,000)	(040,000)	241,503
	129,503		241,303
Supplemental appropriations (P.L. 111-32)			
Overseas contingency operations (by transfer)		(241,503)	
Subtotal, Operating expenses	6,334,428	6,797,691	6,805,391
Appropriations	(5,854,925)	(6,216,188)	(5,982,385)
Overseas contingency operations	(139,503)		(241,503)
Contingent emergency (by transfer)	(,,	(241,503)	(= , ,
Defense function	(340,000)	(340,000)	(581,503)
nvironmental compliance and restoration	13,000	13,198	13,198
eserve training	130,501	133,632	133,632
-	,	• • • •	,.
cquisition, construction, and improvements: Vessels:			
Response boat medium	108,000 5,000	103,000	121,000
intanu i ivoi (enuei lecapitalization	5,000		
Subtotal, Vessels	113,000	103,000	121,000
Other equipment:			
Automatic identification system	8,600		
Defense messaging system (DMS)	4,074		
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	FY 2009	FY 2010	Conforma
	Enacted	Réquest	Conference
National distress and response system			
modernization (Rescue 21)	73,000	117,000	117,000
High frequency recapitalization	2,500	2,500	2,500
Interagency operations centers (Command 21)	1,000		10,000
Subtotal, Other equipment	89,174		129,500
Personnel and related support:			
Core acquisition costs	500	500	500
Direct personnel cost	92,330	99,500	104,700
Subtotal, Personnel and related support	92,830	100,000	105,200
Integrated deepwater systems:			
Aircraft:			•
Unmanned aircraft systems	3,000		
Maritime Patrol Aircraft	86,600	175,000	138,500
HH-60 conversions	52,700	45,900	45,900
HC-130H conversions	24,500	45,300	45,300
HH-65 conversion project	64,500	38,000	38,000
C-130J fleet introduction	13,250	1,300	1,300
Subtotal, Aircraft			
Surface ships:			
National Security Cutter	353,700	281,480	389,480
Offshore Patrol Cutter	3,003	9,800	9,800
Fast Response Cutter	115,300	243,000	243,000
IDS small boats	2,400	3,000	3,000
Patrol Boat sustainment	30,800	23,000	23,000
Medium endurance cutter sustainment	35,500	31,100	31,100
Polar icebreaker sustainment	30,300		27,300
High endurance cutter sustainment	30,300		4,000
Subtotal, Surface ships	571,003	591,380	730,680
Subtotal, Surface Ships	371,003	391,300	730,600
Technology obsolescense prevention	1,500	1,900	1,900
C4ISR	88,100	35,000	35,000
Logistics	37,700	37,700	37,700
Systems engineering integration	33,141	35,000	35,000
Government program management			
Subtotal, Integrated deepwater systems	1,033,994	1,051,480	1,154,280
Shore facilities and aids to navigation	68,000	10,000	27,100
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)			
Subtotal	166,000	10,000	
Coast Guard/DHS headquarters	97.578		
Subtotal, Acquisition, construction, and			
improvements	1,592,576	1,383,980	1,537,080
Appropriations	(1,494,576)		(1,537,080)
Emergency appropriations	(98,000)		
Alteration of bridges	16.000		4,000
			4,000
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)	142,000		
Subtotal	158,000		4,000
	·		,
Research, development, test, and evaluation	18,000	19,745	24,745

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference
Health care fund contribution (permanent indefinite discretionary)		261,000	261,000
Subtotal, Coast Guard discretionary	8,503,810		
Retired pay (mandatory)	1,236,745	1,361,245	1,361,245
Total, Coast Guard (including transfers)	(9,361,052) (240,000) (139,503)		(241,503)
United States Secret Service			
Salaries and expenses:			
Protection: Protection of persons and facilities Protective intelligence activities National special security event funds Presidential candidate nominee protection	705,918 59,761 1,000 41,082	759,561 67,824 1,000	755,521 67,824 1,000
White House mail screening	33,701	25,315	22,415
Subtotal, Protection	841,462	853,700	846,760
Investigations: Domestic field operationsInternational field office administration, operations and training	241,772 30,000	260,892 30,705	260,892 30,705
Electronic crimes special agent program and electronic crimes task forces	51,836	56,541 8,366	56,541 8,366
Subtotal, Investigations		356,504	356,504
Administration: Headquarters, management and administration	182,104	221,045	221,045
Training: Rowley training center	53,189	54,360	54,360
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-8)			
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses	1,508,729 (1,408,729) (100,000)	1,485,609 (1,485,609)	1,478,669 (1,478,669)
Acquisition, construction, improvements, and related expenses (Rowley)	4,225	3,975	3,975
Total, United States Secret Service	1,512,954 (1,412,954) (100,000)	1,489,584 (1,489,584)	1,482,644 (1,482,644)
Total, title II, Security, Enforcement, and Investigations (including transfers)	32,248,818	32,363,455 (32,121,952)	32,444,887
(Fee Accounts)	(1,787,420)	(1,764,800)	(1,781,700)

	FY 2009 Enacted		Conference
TITLE III - PROTECTION, PREPAREDNESS, RESPONSE, AND RECOVERY			
National Protection and Programs Directorate			
Management and administration: Administrative activities	9,500	34,682 9,895	9,895
Total, Management and administration		44,577	
Infrastructure Protection and Information Security: Infrastructure protection:			
Identification and analysis	80,603 62,367 170,830	86,610 50,582 196,111	90,610 59,582 197,111
Subtotal, Infrastructure protection	313,800	333,303	347,303
National Cyber Security Division: US Computer Emergency Response Team (US-CERT). Strategic initiatives	254,924 49,138 9,438	333,629 57,679 9,346	323,629 64,179 9,346
Subtotal, National Cyber Security Division			
Office of Emergency Communications	38,300	44,060	45,060
National Security/Emergency Preparedness Telecommunications: Priority telecommunications services Next generation networks		56,773 50,250	
Programs to study and enhance telecommunications	15,100	19,274	16,774
Critical infrastructure protection programs National command and coordination capability	11,260 5,963	19,274 13,852	11,352
Subtotal, National Security/Emergency Preparedness Telecommunications		140,149	
Subtotal, Infrastructure Protection and Information Security			
Federal Protective Service: Basic security		426,327	
		475,000	
Subtotal, Federal Protective Service Offsetting collections	•••	-1,115,000	-1,115,000
U.S. Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology	300,000	356,194	373,762
Total, National Protection and Programs Directorate		1,318,937 (2,433,937)	
Office of Health Affair's			
BioWatch National biosurveillence integration system Rapidly deployable chemical detection system Planning and coordination	111,606 8,000 2,600 5,775	94,513 8,000 2,600 2,476	89,513 13,000 2,600 3,726

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference
Salaries and expenses	29,210	30,411	30,411
Total, Office of Health Affairs		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	107,101	130,000	105,200
Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Management and administration: Operating activities	798,595	817,205	758,155
(Defense function)	(94.059)	(107,481)	(93,881)
Urban search and rescue response system	32,500	28,000	32,500
Office of National Capital Region Coordination		6,995	6,995
Transfer from Disaster relief	(105,600)	(50,000)	(105,600)
Subtotal, Management and administration			
(including transfers)	943,037	902,200	903,250
Appropriations	(837, 437)	(852,200)	(797,650)
(Non-defense appropriations)	(743,378)	(744,719)	(703,769)
(Defense appropriations)	(94,059)	(107,481)	(93,881)
by transfer	(105,600)	(50,000)	(105,600)
State and local programs:			
State Homeland Security Grant Program	890,000	890,000	890,000
Operation Stonegarden	60,000	60,000	60,000
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-32)	30,000		
Subtotal, State Homeland Security		•	
Grant Program	980,000	950,000	950,000
Urban area security initiative	837,500	887,000	887,000
Regional catastrophic preparedness grants	35,000	35,000	35,000
Metropolitan Medical Response System	41,000	40,000	41,000
Citizen Corps program	15,000	15,000	13,000
Public transportation security assistance and			
railroad security assistance	400,000	250,000	300,000
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)			
Subtotal	550,000	250,000	300,000
Don't account to provide	400.000	000 000	
Port security grants		250,000	300,000
Subtotal	550,000	250,000	300,000
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Over-the-road bus security assistance	12,000		12,000
Trucking industry security grants	8,000		FO 000
Buffer Zone Protection Program grants Drivers license security grants	50,000	50,000 50,000	50,000 50,000
Commercial equipment direct assistance program	8,000	50,000	50,000
Interoperable emergency communications grant			
program.,	50,000	50,000	50,000
Emergency Operations Centers	35,000		60,000
Firefighter assistance grants:			
Fire grants		170,000	
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Act grants		420,000	
Response (uniter) not grants			
Subtotal, Firefighter assistance grants		590,000	
Emergency management performance grants		315,000	

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference
National Programs:			
National Domestic Preparedness Consortium	102,000	51,500	102,000
Center for Domestic Preparedness	57,000	62,500	
Noble Training Center	5,500		
Subtotal, NDPC	164,500	114,000	
Counterterrorism and Cyber Crime Center	1,700		1,700
National exercise program	40,000	42,000	40,000
Technical assistance	11,000	13,000	13,000
Continuing training grants	31,000	23,000	29,000
Evaluations and assessments	16,000	18,000	16,000
Rural Domestic Preparedness Consortium			3,000
Subtotal, National Programs	264,200	210,000	267,200
Management and administration		175,000	
Cubtatal State and Local Breamann	2 425 700	2 067 000	2 015 200
Subtotal, State and Local Programs	3,435,700	3,867,000	3,015,200
Appropriations		(3,867,000)	(3,015,200)
Emergency appropriations	(330,000)		
Firefighter assistance grants:			
Fire grants Fire station construction	565,000		390,000
Emergency appropriations (P. L. 111-5)	210,000		
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Act grants	210,000		420,000
		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Subtotal, Firefighter assistance grants	985,000		810,000
Appropriations	(775,000)		(810,000)
Emergency appropriations	(210,000)		
Emergency management performance grants	315,000		340,000
Subtotal, Grants and training	4,735,700		
Appropriations	(4,195,700)	3,867,000 (3,867,000)	(4 165 200)
Emergency appropriations	(540,000)	(3,007,000)	(4,105,200)
	, ,		
Radiological Emergency Preparedness Program	-505	-265	-265
United States Fire Administration	44,979	45,588	45,588
Disaster relief	1,400,000	2,000,000	1,600,000
(transfer to Management and Administration)	(-105,600)	(-50,000)	(-105,600)
(transfer to Inspector General)			(-16,000)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Subtotal, Disaster Relief	1,278,400	1,950,000	1,478,400
Disaster assistance direct loan program account:			
(Limitation on direct loans)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)
Direct loan subsidy	295	295	295
Flood map modernization fund	220,000	220,000	220,000
National flood insurance fund:			
Salaries and expenses	49,418	52,149	38,680
Flood plain management and mitigation	107,181	107,320	107,320
Offsetting fee collections	-156,599	-159,469	-146,000
	,	, 40, 100	,
National predisaster mitigation fund	90,000	150,000	100,000

	FY 2009	FY 2010	
	Enacted		Conference
Emergency food and shelter	200,000 100,000	100,000	
Subtotal, Emergency food and shelter	300,000	100,000	
Cerro Grande Fire Payments (rescission)			
Total, Federal Emergency Management Agency (including transfers)	7,602,906 (6,987,906)	7,234,818 (7,234,818) (50,000)	7,112,468 (7,128,468) (105,600)
transfer out	(-121,600)	(-50,000)	(-121,600)
(Limitation on direct loans)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)
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Total, title III, Protection, Preparedness, Response and Recovery Directorate Appropriations	8,918,360 (8,303,360) (640,000) (-9,000) (105,600)	8,691,755 (8,691,755) (50,000)	8,569,473 (8,585,473) (105,600)
Transfer out	(-121,600)	(-50,000)	(-121,600)
(Limitation on direct loans)	(25,000)	(25,000)	
TITLE IV - RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, TRAINING, AND SERVICES United States Citizenship and Immigration Services			
Appropriations: Basic pilot/E-Verify program. Benefit parole programs. Immigration integration programs. REAL ID Act implementation. Asylum and refugee services. Military naturalization services. Data center consolidation.	100,000 540 1,200 101,740	112,000 10,000 25,000 201,000 5,000 11,000	137,000 11,000 10,000 50,000 5,000 11,000
Adjudication services (fee account): Pay and benefits	(780,076) (535,156) (345,890) (92,602) (85,946) (139,000) (28,000)	(1,132,317) (549,623) (64,587) (107,113) (173,264) (29,000)	(1,132,317) (549,623) (64,587) (107,113) (173,264) (29,000)
Subtotal, Adjudication services	(1,978,670)	(2,026,904)	
Information and customer services (fee account): Pay and benefits	(92,587) (53,747) (21,465)	(89,050)	(89,050)
Subtotal, Information and customer services	(167,799)	(89,050)	(89,050)

	FY 2009 Enacted		Conference
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Administration (fee account):			
Administration		(365,932)	(365,932)
Pay and benefits	(88,746)		•••
Operating expenses	(285,153)	(500,502)	
Subtotal, Administration			
Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements (SAVE)			
(fee accounts)	(18,818)	(21,346)	(21,346)
Total, United States Citizenship and Immigration			
Services		(2,867,232)	(2,727,232)
Appropriations	(101,740)		
Total Fees		(2,503,232)	
(Immigration Examination Fees)	(2,495,186)	(2,451,884)	(2,451,884)
(Fraud prevention and detection fees)		(38,348)	
(H1B Non-Immigrant Petitioner fees)			
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center			
Salaries and expenses:			
Law enforcement training	245,240	244,047	238,047
Law enforcement trainingAccreditation	1,290	1,309	1,309
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses	246,530	245,356	239,356
Acquisitions, construction, improvements, and related			
expenses: Direct appropriation	86,456	43,456	43,456
Total, Federal Law Enforcement Training Center			
Science and Technology			
•	400 400		
Management and administration	132,100	142,200	143,200
Research, development, acquisition, and operations:			
Border and maritime security		40,181	44,181
Chemical and biological	200,408	206,800	206,800
Command, control, and interoperability	74,890	80,264	81,764
Explosives	96,149	120,809	120,809
Human factors		15,087	16,087
Infrastructure and geophysical		44,742	74,958
Innovation	33,000	44,000	44,000
Laboratory facilities	161,940	154,500	150,188
Test and evaluations/standards	28,674	28,674	29,000
Transition	28,830	45,134	46,134
University programs	50,270	46,000	49,350
Homeland Security Institute			
Subtotal, Research, development, acquisition,			
and operations	800,487	826,191	863,271

Total, Science and Technology	932.587	968.391	1.006.471
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	FY 2009	FY 2010	
	Enacted	Request	Conference
Domestic Nuclear Detection Office			
Management and administration	37,500	39,599	38,500
Research, development, and operations:			
Systems engineering and architecture	25,147	25,448	25,448
Systems development	108,100	100,000	100,000
Transformational research and development	103,300	110,537	108,537
Assessments	32,000	32,416	32,416
Operations support	37,753	38,436	38,436
National Technical Nuclear Forensics Center	16,900	19,700	19,700
Research, development, and operations	323,200	326,537	324,537
Systems acquisition:			
RPM/ASP program	120,491		
Securing the Cities	20.000		20,000
HPRDS program	,		20,000
	13,000		
Subtotal, Systems acquisition	153,491		20,000
Total, Domestic Nuclear Detection Office	514,191	366,136	383.037
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Total, title IV, Research and Development,	4 004 504	4 007 000	4 000 000
Training, and Services	1,881,504	1,987,339	1,896,320
(Fee Accounts)	(2,539,186) ========		
nacted provisions: Sec. 547: REAL ID Grants	50,000		
Sec. 547: REAL ID Information Sharing and	,		
Verification System	50,000		
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover.	-31,000	•	
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000		
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances,	-31,000 -21,373		
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373		
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000		
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000		•••
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000		
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000		
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -800
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -800 -5,600
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -800 -5,600
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -800 -5,600
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -800 -5,600
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000 -		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -3600 -5,600
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000 		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -800 -5,600
Sec. 549: Rescission, TSA undistributed carryover. Sec. 550: Rescission of unobligated balances, A&O. Sec. 551: Rescission of unobligated balances, Coast Guard AC&I	-31,000 -21,373 -20,000 -100,000 100,000 -		-5,572 -2,358 -8,000 -6,944 -8,000 -4,000 -800 -5,600 -41,274 (-41,274)

	. FY 2009	FY 2010	
	Enacted	Request	Conference
Grand total	44,367,748	44,190,938	44,137,241
Mandatory	(1,236,745)	(1,361,245)	(1,361,245)
General purpose discretionary	(43,131,003)	(42,829,693)	(42,775,996)
Appropriations	(40,069,873)	(42,829,693)	(42,575,767)
Emergency appropriations	(3,103,000)		
Overseas contingency operations	(139,503)		(241,503)
Rescissions	(-81,373)		(-41,274)
Rescission of emergency appropriations	(-100,000)	•	
Fee funded programs	(4,326,606)	(4,268,032)	(4,284,932)
(Limitation on direct loans)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)
(Transfer out)	(-121,600)	(-50,000)	(-121,600)
(By transfer - contingent emergency)		(241,503)	
(By transfer)	(121,600)	(50,000)	(121,600)
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Managers on the part of the	Managers on the part of the
HOUSE	SENATE
DAVID R. OBEY	AROBERT C. BYRO
DAVID E. PRICES	DANIEL M. INOUYE
JOSÉ E. SERRANO	PATRICK J. LEAHY Agreement
CIRO RODRIGUEZ	BARBARA A. MIKULSKI
C.A. RUPPERSBERGER	PATTY MURRAY
ALAN B. MOLLOHAN	Many fandriw
NITA M. LOWEY	MARY E. LANDRIEU MARY E. LANDRIEU FRANK R. LAUTENBERG
Lucille Roybal-Alland LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD	In Settle
SAM FARR	JON TESTER
	ARLEN SPECTER FYIO DWS

STEVEN R. ROTHMAN

JERRY JEWIS of Gitmo

LOS LAND ALLE STATES

HAROLD ROGERS

WITH STAND ENCEPTION TO SECTION SS. ET SER

JOHN ABNEY CULBERSON

IN US CARTE PRISADE

JOHN ABNEY CULBERSON

JOHN ABNEY CULB

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KEN CALVERT

KEN CALVERY WIX. Exception to general provision on Guardinamo Bay detainers

GEORGE V. VOINOVICH

THAD COCHRAN

Juld Grage

Richard C. SHELBY

SAM BROWNBACK

Lear Kenharten

LISA MURKOWSKI