1 2	Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.
3 4	S. 483
5	
6	To improve enforcement efforts related to prescription drug
7	diversion and abuse, and for other purposes.
8	
9	Referred to the Committee on and ordered to be
10	printed
11	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
12	Amendment In the Nature of a Substitute intended to
13	BE PROPOSED BY MR. HATCH (for himself and Mr.
14	WHITEHOUSE)
15	Viz:
16	Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:
17 18	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
19	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
20 21	This Act may be cited as the "Ensuring Patient Access and Effective Drug Enforcement Act of 2015".
22	SEC. 2. REGISTRATION PROCESS UNDER CONTROLLED
23	SUBSTANCES ACT.
24	(a) Definitions.—
25 26 27	(1) FACTORS AS MAY BE RELEVANT TO AND CONSISTENT WITH THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY.—Section 303 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823) is amended by adding at the end the following:
28 29 30	"(i) In this section, the phrase 'factors as may be relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety' means factors that are relevant to and consistent with the findings contained in section 101.".
31 32	(2) IMMINENT DANGER TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY.—Section 304(d) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 824(d)) is amended—
33	(A) by striking "(d) The Attorney General" and inserting "(d)(1) The Attorney
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- General": and 1 (B) by adding at the end the following: 2 3 "(2) In this subsection, the phrase 'imminent danger to the public health or safety' means that, due to the failure of the registrant to maintain effective controls against diversion or 4 5 otherwise comply with the obligations of a registrant under this title or title III, there is a 6 substantial likelihood of an immediate threat that death, serious bodily harm, or abuse of a 7 controlled substance will occur in the absence of an immediate suspension of the registration.". order, controlled substances will continue to be distributed or dispensed by a 8 registrant who knows or should know through fulfilling the obligations of the registrant under-9 this Act-10 "(A) the dispensing is outside the usual course of professional practice; 11 12 "(B) the distribution or dispensing poses a present or foreseeable risk of adverse health consequences or death due to the abuse or misuse of the controlled substances; or 13 "(C) the controlled substances will continue to be diverted outside of legitimate distribution-14 15 channels.". 16 (b) Opportunity To Submit Corrective Action Plan Prior to Revocation or Suspension.—Subsection (c) of section 304 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 824) is 17 amended-18 19 (1) by striking the last two sentences; (2) by striking "(c) Before" and inserting "(c)(1) Before"; and 20 (3) by adding at the end the following: 21 "(2) An order to show cause under paragraph (1) shall— 22 "(A) contain a statement of the basis for the denial, revocation, or suspension, including 23 specific citations to any laws or regulations alleged to be violated by the applicant or 24 25 registrant; "(B) direct the applicant or registrant to appear before the Attorney General at a time and 26 place stated in the order, but not less than 30 days after the date of receipt of the order; and 27 "(C) notify the applicant or registrant of the opportunity to submit a corrective action plan 28 on or before the date of appearance. 29 "(3) Upon review of any corrective action plan submitted by an applicant or registrant 30 pursuant to paragraph (2), the Attorney General shall determine whether denial, revocation or 31 suspension proceedings should be discontinued, or deferred for the purposes of modification, 32 amendment, or clarification to such plan. 33 "(4) Proceedings to deny, revoke, or suspend shall be conducted pursuant to this section in 34 35 accordance with subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code. Such proceedings shall be independent of, and not in lieu of, criminal prosecutions or other proceedings under this title 36 or any other law of the United States. 37
- "(5) The requirements of this subsection shall not apply to the issuance of an immediatesuspension order under subsection (d).".

## SEC. 3. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON EFFECTS OF LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES ON PATIENT ACCESS TO MEDICATIONS.

(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of 4 5 Health and Human Services, acting through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, the Administrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, the 6 7 **Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Ouality,** and the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, in coordination with the Administrator of the Drug 8 9 Enforcement Administration and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, shall submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of 10 Representatives, the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, the 11 Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and 12 Pensions of the Senate identifying— 13 14 (1) obstacles to legitimate patient access to controlled substances; (2) issues with diversion of controlled substances; and 15 16 (3) how collaboration between Federal, State, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies 17 and the pharmaceutical industry can benefit patients and prevent diversion and abuse of 18 controlled substances-19 20 ; (4) the availability of medical education, training opportunities, and comprehensive 21 22 clinical guidance for pain management and opioid prescribing, and any gaps that should be addressed; 23 (5) beneficial enhancements to State prescription drug monitoring programs, 24 including enhancements to require comprehensive prescriber input and to expand 25 access to the programs for appropriate authorized users; and 26 (6) steps to improve reporting requirements so that the public and Congress have 27 more information regarding prescription opioids, such as the volume and formulation 28 29 of prescription opioids prescribed annually, the dispensing of such prescription opioids, and outliers and trends within large data sets. 30 31 (b) Consultation.—The report under subsection (a) shall incorporate feedback and 32 recommendations from the following: 33 (1) Patient groups. (2) Pharmacies. 34 (3) Drug manufacturers. 35 (4) Common or contract carriers and warehousemen. 36 37 (5) Hospitals, physicians, and other health care providers. (6) State attorneys general. 38

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(7) Federal, State, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies. 1 2 (8) Health insurance providers and entities that provide pharmacy benefit management services on behalf of a health insurance provider. 3 (9) Wholesale drug distributors. 4 (10) Veterinarians. 5 (11) Professional medical societies and boards. 6 (12) State and local public health authorities. 7 (13) Health services research organizations. 8