







2013 NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL

SCORECARD

FIRST SESSION OF THE 113TH CONGRESS





LEAGUE OF CONSERVATION VOTERS scorecard.lcv.org

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Cover photo of the federal government shutdown sign by David P. Fulmer.

he nonprofit League of Conservation Voters (LCV) has published a *National Environmental Scorecard* every Congress since 1970, the year it was founded by leaders of the environmental movement following the first Earth Day. LCV works to turn environmental values into national priorities.

This edition of the *National Environmental Scorecard* provides objective, factual information about the most important environmental legislation considered and the corresponding voting records of all members of the first session of the 113th Congress. This *Scorecard* represents the consensus of experts from about 20 respected environmental and conservation organizations who selected the key votes on which members of Congress should be scored. LCV scores votes on the most important issues of the year, including energy, climate change, public health, public lands and wildlife conservation, and spending for environmental programs. The votes included in this *Scorecard* presented members of Congress with a real choice and help distinguish which legislators are working for environmental protection. Except in rare circumstances, the *Scorecard* excludes consensus action on the environment and issues on which no recorded votes occurred.

Dedicated environmentalists and national leaders volunteered their time to identify and research crucial votes. We extend special thanks to our Board of Directors, Issues & Accountability Committee, and Scorecard Advisory Committee for their valuable input.



2013 OVERVIEW

There is a jarring disconnect between the frightening climate change developments of 2013 and the results of the 2013 *National Environmental Scorecard*. As the scientific consensus around climate change and its impacts only solidified, climate change deniers ramped up their rhetoric, pushed harmful legislation that would exacerbate the climate crisis, and blocked all efforts to address it. Indeed, the first session of the 113th Congress is widely acknowledged to be one of the least productive and most dysfunctional in our nation's history and will likely be best remembered for shutting down the government. In stark contrast to the congressional denial and dysfunction that ran rampant in 2013, President Obama made significant progress in addressing the climate crisis through executive action.

This *Scorecard* comes on the heels of another record-breaking year of global climate change impacts, ranking as one of the five hottest years ever recorded, replete with perilous extreme weather, including stronger storms, more intense wildfires, and longer droughts. In the U.S. alone, there were seven separate weather and climate disasters in 2013 with price tags exceeding \$1 billion. In May, the planet hit an alarming milestone when the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere passed 400 parts per million, the highest level in human history.

Despite this reality, the U.S. House of Representatives continued its unprecedented assault on the environment and public health that began during the 112th Congress. Although Congress started 2013 with votes to provide disaster relief in the wake of Hurricane Sandy, it's painfully clear that far too many members failed to heed the lessons offered by that tragic storm. Indeed, this *Scorecard* is a disturbing reflection of the extent to which the Republican leadership of the U.S. House of Representatives continues to be controlled by Tea Party climate change deniers with an insatiable appetite for attacks on the environment and public health.

For the third year in a row, there is an unusually high number of House votes included in the *Scorecard*, due to the breadth and depth of anti-environmental legislation brought to the House floor in 2013. The 2013 *Scorecard* includes 28 House votes, which is second only to the record 35 votes included in both 2011 and 2012, the most anti-environmental U.S. House of Representatives in history. Many other votes warranted inclusion and would have been included in a typical year.

Just as they did in the 112th Congress, the House seemingly left no issue untouched during the first session of the 113th Congress. The attacks included efforts to: roll back cornerstone environmental laws like the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act and the National Environmental Policy Act; legislatively approve the risky Keystone XL tar sands pipeline and increase harmful drilling and fracking across the country; decimate protections for our forests and other public lands; continue subsidizing dirty fossil fuels while cutting funding for renewable energy and energy efficiency; and deny the costs of carbon pollution despite the fact that they are already all too apparent.

The good news once again is the U.S. Senate and the Obama administration blocked the vast majority of House-passed attacks on the environment and public health. With bipartisan votes, the Senate rejected antienvironmental riders to prevent the Environmental Protection Agency from protecting public health by cutting carbon pollution under the Clean Air Act and to gut the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards. Also along bipartisan lines, the Senate confirmed Sally Jewel as Secretary of the Department of the Interior and Gina McCarthy as Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (although despite being highly qualified, McCarthy had to answer a record 1100 written questions and wait more than 100 days to be confirmed).

The fact that the *Scorecard* includes just 13 Senate votes is testament to the stalwart leadership of Senator Reid (D-NV), who successfully prevented many of the House's most egregious attacks from coming to the Senate floor. The smaller number of votes also speaks to the fact that worthwhile legislation originating in the Senate never stood a chance because of fierce opposition by an anti-environment minority. Even the non-controversial, bipartisan energy efficiency bill led by Senators Shaheen (D-NH) and Portman (R-OH) was blocked by Senator Vitter (R-LA) and others who insisted on extreme votes on unrelated issues as a price for advancing this widely-supported legislation.

Despite the myriad anti-environmental attacks and the record dysfunction that dominated the first session of the 113th Congress, there is reason for optimism. As a whole, freshmen Democrats are overwhelmingly pro-environment with an average score of 88 percent in 2013. 44 out of 50 of them opposed a bill to legislatively approve the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, demonstrating their willingness to stand up to Big Oil. It is also worth noting that the members who defeated the 2012 members of LCV's Dirty Dozen have an average 2013 score of 92 percent

while the Dirty Dozen members had an average lifetime score of just 12 percent. Another reason for optimism is that more and more members of Congress are speaking out on the urgent need to address climate change. Many have joined congressional caucuses and task forces created specifically to tackle climate change, and they are speaking out – on the House and Senate floor, in the media, and in their districts and states.

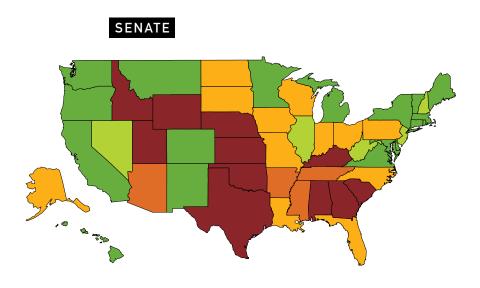
Building on the significant accomplishments of his first term, President Obama also spoke out and led more powerfully than ever in 2013. After eloquent remarks on the urgent need to address climate change in both his inaugural speech and his State of the Union, President Obama laid out his commonsense and ambitious Climate Action Plan on June 25. At the center of that plan are EPA rules to cut carbon pollution from new and existing power plants, but the plan also includes significant provisions to increase energy efficiency and renewable energy, plan for the unavoidable impacts of climate change, and enable the United States to help lead the world in combating climate change. While we certainly hope to eventually pass comprehensive climate change legislation through the U.S. Congress, we are thrilled that the President is using his authority under the Clean Air Act to such effect. We look forward to continuing to work with his administration on the ongoing implementation of the Climate Action Plan as we also fight for a rejection of the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline in the coming months.

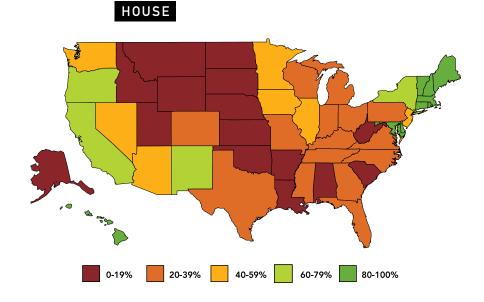
As we look to 2014 and beyond, it is more apparent than ever that we must act swiftly and boldly to address climate change. While the 2013 *Scorecard* largely reflects a failure to act, we applaud our many allies in Congress who are working hand in hand with the Obama administration and local and state leaders across the country to protect the planet for future generations.

VOTING SUMMARY

2013 STATE AVERAGES

STATE	SENATE	HOUSE
Alabama	19	12
Alaska	58	4
Arizona	27	45
Arkansas	35	3
California	96	66
Colorado	92	39
Connecticut	100	96
Delaware	92	93
Florida	46	37
Georgia	19	28
Hawaii	100	95
Idaho	8	4
Illinois	62	59
Indiana	42	22
lowa	58	44
Kansas	12	5
Kentucky	8	20
Louisiana	42	13
Maine	81	95
Maryland	96	80
Massachusetts	100	94
Michigan	100	37
Minnesota	100	49
Mississippi	31	22
Missouri	50	21
Montana	88	4
Nebraska	19	4
Nevada	62	41
New Hampshire	65	96
New Jersey	67	52
New Mexico	100	62
New York	100	72
North Carolina	50	27
North Dakota	46	4
Ohio	54	27
Oklahoma	4	6
Oregon	100	71
Pennsylvania	46	30
Rhode Island	92	91
South Carolina	15	16
South Dakota	50	4
Tennessee	23	23
Texas	12	28
Utah	8	9
Vermont	100	93
Virginia	92	31
Washington	92	59
West Virginia	62	19
Wisconsin	54	39
Wyoming	0	0





2013 SENATE HIGH AND LOW SCORES

Highest Senate Delegations:

Connecticut 100% · Hawaii 100% · Massachusetts 100% · Michigan 100% · Minnesota 100% · New Mexico 100% · New York 100% · Oregon 100% · Vermont 100%

Senate Scores above 90:

CALIFORNIA Boxer · Feinstein COLORADO Bennet · Udall, M.
CONNECTICUT Blumenthal · Murphy, C. DELAWARE Carper · Coons
HAWAII Hirono · Schatz ILLINOIS Durbin IOWA Harkin MAINE King,
A. MARYLAND Cardin · Mikulski MASSACHUSETTS Cowan · Kerry
· Markey · Warren MICHIGAN Levin, C. · Stabenow MINNESOTA
Franken · Klobuchar MONTANA Tester NEVADA Reid, H. NEW
HAMPSHIRE Shaheen NEW JERSEY Menendez NEW MEXICO Heinrich
· Udall, T. NEW YORK Gillibrand · Schumer OHIO Brown, Sherrod
OREGON Merkley · Wyden RHODE ISLAND Reed, J. · Whitehouse
SOUTH DAKOTA Johnson, Tim VERMONT Leahy · Sanders VIRGINIA
Kaine WASHINGTON Cantwell WISCONSIN Baldwin

Lowest Senate Delegations:

Wyoming 0% · Oklahoma 4% · Idaho 8% · Kentucky 8% · Utah 8%

Senate Scores below 10:

FLORIDA Rubio IDAHO Crapo · Risch KANSAS Roberts KENTUCKY McConnell OHIO Portman OKLAHOMA Coburn · Inhofe PENNSYLANIA Toomey SOUTH CAROLINA Scott, T. SOUTH DAKOTA Thune TEXAS Cornyn UTAH Hatch · Lee, M. WISCONSIN Johnson, R. WYOMING Barrasso · Enzi

2013 HOUSE HIGH AND LOW SCORES

Highest House Delegations:

Connecticut 96% · New Hampshire 96% · Hawaii 95% · Maine 95% · Massachusetts 94% · Delaware 93% · Vermont 93% · Rhode Island 91%

House Scores above 95:

CALIFORNIA Becerra · Capps · Chu · Davis, S. · Eshoo · Garamendi · Hahn · Huffman · Lee, B. · Lowenthal · Matsui · Peters, S. · Sánchez, Linda · Sanchez, Loretta · Schiff · Sherman · Takano · Thompson, M. · Waters **CONNECTICUT** DeLauro · Esty · Himes · Larson, J. FLORIDA Deutch · Frankel · Grayson · Wilson, F. GEORGIA Johnson, H. HAWAII Gabbard ILLINOIS Kelly, R. · Quigley · Schakowsky · Schneider MAINE Pingree MARYLAND Cummings · Edwards · Van Hollen MASSACHUSETTS Capuano · Keating · Kennedy · Lynch · McGovern · Neal · Tierney · Tsongas MICHIGAN Kildee \cdot Levin, S. **minnesota** Ellison **new hampshire** Kuster \cdot Shea-Porter **NEW JERSEY** Pascrell **NEW YORK** Clarke, Y. · Crowley · Lowey · Maloney, C. · Nadler · Rangel · Velázquez NORTH CAROLINA Watt OREGON Blumenauer · Bonamici PENNSYLVANIA Cartwright RHODE ISLAND Cicilline TENNESSEE Cohen TEXAS Castro · Doggett · O'Rourke VIRGINIA Connolly · Moran, James · Scott, R WASHINGTON DelBene · Heck, D. · McDermott

Lowest House Delegations:

Wyoming 0% · Arkansas 3% · Alaska 4% · Idaho 4% · Montana 4% · Nebraska 4% · North Dakota 4% · South Dakota 4% · Kansas 5% · Oklahoma 6% · Utah 9%

House Scores of 0:

ALABAMA Bachus, S. · Bonner · Roby · Rogers, M. ARKANSAS
Griffin · Womack California Calvert · Campbell · Issa · LaMalfa ·
McCarthy, K. · McKeon · Miller, Gary · Nunes · Valadao FLORIDA
Buchanan · Crenshaw · Mica · Rooney · Southerland IDAHO
Simpson Illinois Schock Indiana Brooks, S. · Walorski · Young,
T. IOWA King, S. LOUISIANA Cassidy MARYLAND Harris MINNESOTA
Kline, J. MISSISSIPPI Nunnelee MISSOURI Emerson NORTH CAROLINA
Ellmers · McHenry OHIO Johnson, B. · Latta OKLAHOMA Mullin
OREGON Walden PENNSYLVANIA Murphy, T. SOUTH CAROLINA
Rice TENNESSEE Black, D. · Blackburn, M. · Roe TEXAS Barton ·
Conaway · Farenthold · Hall · Olson WYOMING Lummis

RATING THE LEADERSHIP OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITTEES

SENATE

COMMITTEE	CHAIR	SCORE	RANKING MEMBER	SCORE
Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry	Stabenow (MI)	100	Cochran (MS)	31
Appropriations	Mikulski (MD)	92	Shelby (AL)	23
Commerce, Science and Transportation	Rockefeller (WV)	85	Thune (SD)	8
Energy and Natural Resources	Wyden (OR)	100	Murkowski (AK)	38
Environment and Public Works	Boxer (CA)	100	Vitter (LA)	15
HOUSE COMMITTEE LEADER AVERAGE	CHAIRS	95	RANKING MEMBERS	23

HOUSE

COMMITTEE	CHAIR	SCORE	RANKING MEMBER	SCORE
Agriculture	Lucas (OK-03)	11	Peterson (MN-07)	14
Appropriations	Rogers, Harold (KY-05)	4	Lowey (NY-17)	96
Energy and Commerce	Upton (MI-06)	4	Waxman (CA-30)	93
Natural Resources	Hastings (WA-04)	4	DeFazio (OR-04)*	93
			Markey (MA-07)*	71
Science, Space, and Technology	Smith, Lamar (TX-21)	7	Johnson, Eddie Bernice (TX-30)	93
Transportation and Infrastructure	Shuster (PA-09)	11	Rahall (WV-03)	46
HOUSE COMMITTEE LEADER AVERAGE	CHAIRS	7	RANKING MEMBERS	72

^{*} Congressman DeFazio was selected as Ranking Member of the Natural Resources Committee when Congressman Markey vacated the post following his election to the Senate.

PARTY LEADERS' SCORES

SENATE

DEMOCRATS	SCORE	REPUBLICANS	SCORE
Reid (NV), Majority Leader	100	McConnell (KY), Minority Leader	0
Durbin (IL), Majority Whip	100	Cornyn (TX), Minority Whip	8
Schumer (NY), Conference Vice Chair	100	Thune (SD), Conference Chair	8
LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	100	LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	5

HOUSE

DEMOCRATS	SCORE	REPUBLICANS	SCORE
		Boehner* (OH-08), Speaker of the House	N/A
Pelosi (CA-12), Minority Leader	89	Cantor (VA-07), Majority Leader	4
Hoyer (MD-05), Minority Whip	82	McCarthy, Kevin (CA-23), Majority Whip	0
Clyburn (SC-06), Assistant Minority Leader	79	McMorris Rodgers (WA-05), Conference Chairman	4
Becerra (CA-34), Caucus Chairman	96	Lankford (OK-05), Policy Committee Chairman	4
LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	87	LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	3

 $[\]ensuremath{^*}$ The Speaker of the House votes at his discretion.



2013 SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. DISASTER RELIEF FOR HURRICANE SANDY

Following its passage in the House, the Senate took up H.R. 152, the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act, 2013, which would provide much needed support for communities impacted by Hurricane Sandy. H.R. 152 included funding to repair national parks and historical treasures as well as many provisions to assess the vulnerability of coastal communities to future disasters and to encourage better pre-disaster planning in a changing climate. On January 28, the Senate approved H.R. 152 by a vote of 62-36 (Senate roll call vote 4). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. President Obama signed H.R. 152 into law on January 29.

2. MILITARY INVESTMENTS IN ADVANCED BIOFUELS

Senator Pat Toomey (R-PA) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 933, the Department of Defense (DOD), Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, which would strip \$60 million in funding for advanced biofuels from the DOD budget. The amendment sought to reassign funding for advanced drop-in biofuel production to cover other military operations and expenses. The DOD is the single largest energy user in the nation, and investing in these renewable fuels significantly reduces pollution and the military's carbon footprint. Advanced biofuels also enhance American energy security by giving the military more fuel options and loosening its dependence on foreign oil. On March 20, the Senate rejected the Toomey amendment by a vote of 40-59 (Senate roll call vote 41). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

3. BIG OIL BUDGET

Senate Budget Committee Chairwoman Patty Murray (D-WA) sponsored an amendment to S. Con. Res. 8, the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution, which was intended to force a vote on House Budget Committee Chairman Paul Ryan's (R-WI) alternative House budget resolution. The Ryan budget would make drastic cuts that would jeopardize the ability of the Environmental Protection Agency, Interior Department, Energy Department and other agencies to fulfill their mission to protect our health, safeguard our natural resources, and grow clean energy. While slashing investments that protect our air, water, and open spaces, the Ryan budget would continue billions of dollars in subsidies to the oil industry and lower Big Oil's tax bill even further by reducing corporate income tax rates. It would also support construction of the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, which would transfer the world's dirtiest and most carbon-polluting oil through the American heartland to be exported at an international shipping port on the Gulf Coast. On March 21, the Senate rejected the Ryan budget by a vote of 40-59 (Senate roll call vote 46). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

4. PRICING CARBON POLLUTION

Senator Roy Blunt (R-MO) sponsored an amendment to S. Con. Res. 8, the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution, which would prevent Congress from enacting legislation that would place a federal tax or fee on carbon emissions. This amendment would limit Congress's ability to address climate change, which poses a severe threat to our economy, health, and environment, and would rule out a promising source of revenue for the government. On March 22, the Senate rejected—by a vote of 53-46—a procedural motion that would allow a vote on the Blunt amendment (60 votes were needed for passage; Senate roll call vote 59). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

5. KEYSTONE XL TAR SANDS PIPELINE (KXL)

Senator John Hoeven (R-ND) sponsored a non-binding Sense of the Senate amendment to S. Con. Res. 8, the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution, which would support the approval and construction of the harmful Keystone XL tar sands pipeline. The Keystone XL pipeline would transfer the world's dirtiest and most carbon-polluting oil through the American heartland to be exported at an international shipping port on the Gulf Coast. The pipeline would threaten our waterways and agricultural lands with oil spills and dramatically worsen climate change, while doing nothing to increase America's energy security. On March 22, the Senate approved the Hoeven amendment by a vote of 62-37 (Senate roll call vote 61). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The non-binding amendment went no further and a final decision is expected from President Obama in 2014.

6. TOXIC AIR POLLUTION FROM POWER PLANTS

Senator Dan Coats (R-IN) sponsored an amendment to S. Con. Res. 8, the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution, which sought to weaken the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Mercury and Air Toxics Standards by making it easier for power plants to win an exemption from the requirements. When implemented, these clean air safeguards will save tens of thousands of lives and prevent hundreds of thousands of asthma attacks. While the Coats amendment purports to simply ensure that power plants have the necessary time to meet the standards, it would undermine public health protections. The EPA and the states already have the authority to grant additional time for power plants to install pollution control equipment and the EPA has made clear that more time is also available in order to maintain electric grid reliability. On March 22, the Senate rejected the Coats amendment by a vote of 46-53 (Senate roll call vote 72). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

7. CLIMATE CHANGE SAFEGUARDS

Senator James Inhofe (R-OK) sponsored an amendment to S. Con. Res. 8, the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution, which would enact indiscriminate funding cuts that would prevent federal agencies from curbing greenhouse gas emissions that are causing climate change. As health experts and scientists have extensively documented, carbon pollution and other greenhouse gases threaten public health by causing more heat waves and intense smog, spreading infectious diseases, and bringing about stronger storms, floods, and hurricanes. On March 22, the Senate rejected the Inhofe amendment by a vote of 47-52 (Senate roll call vote 76). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

8. JEWELL CONFIRMATION (DOI)

After she was nominated by President Barack Obama, the Senate considered the nomination of Sally Jewell to serve as Secretary of the Interior. As the former CEO of the outdoor recreation retail company REI, Jewell has a unique appreciation for public lands and conservation, and knows firsthand how important it is to protect lands that Americans enjoy for recreational activities like hiking, hunting, fishing, and camping. Throughout her career, Jewell has displayed the ability to skillfully manage a large and successful organization while also working to strengthen Americans' connection to the outdoors. During

her confirmation hearing, she further laid out her vision for a balanced and responsible approach to man-

aging our public lands. On April 10, the Senate approved Jewell's nomination by a vote of 87-11 (Senate roll call vote 94). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

9. NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE OCEANS

Senator Sheldon Whitehouse (D-RI) sponsored an amendment to S. 601, the Water Resources Development Act of 2013, which would establish a National Endowment for the Oceans (NEO) to improve ocean health and support coastal economies. Following the recommendations of the bi-partisan U.S. Commission on Ocean Policy appointed by President George W. Bush, the NEO would support efforts to conserve and restore ocean resources through grants to states, regional and tribal entities, nonprofit organizations, and academic institutions. It would also help ensure the sustainable management of our oceans through increased research, monitoring, and observation data. On May 8, the Senate approved the Whitehouse amendment by a vote of 67-32 (roll call vote 116). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. As of this writing, the Whitehouse amendment is under consideration as part of the Water Resources Development Act conference committee.

10. CLEAN WATER PROTECTIONS

Senator John Barrasso (R-WY) offered an amendment to S. 601, the Water Resources Development Act of 2013, which would threaten waters Americans depend on for drinking, swimming, and fishing. The amendment would bar the Army Corps of Engineers and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) from restoring longstanding Clean Water Act protections to critical streams and wetlands across the nation. It would prohibit the Army Corps and EPA from limiting pollution in waterways that supply public drinking water for 117 million Americans and block efforts to protect wetlands that are critical for flood protection. On May 14, the Senate rejected the Barrasso amendment by a vote of 52-44 (60 votes were needed for passage; Senate roll call vote 119). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

11. ADVANCING CONSERVATION IN THE FARM BILL

Senate Agriculture Committee Chairwoman Debbie Stabenow (D-MI) sponsored S. 954, the Senate Farm Bill titled the Agriculture Reform, Food, and Jobs Act of 2013, which would enact important conservation practices to protect soil, wetlands, and wildlife. The bill included a historic agreement between agriculture organizations and environmental groups on conservation compliance, requiring farmers to comply with basic soil and water conservation measures in order to receive taxpayer-funded premium subsidies for crop insurance. It also included a national Sodsaver provision that would protect native wildlife habitat and clean water supplies by discouraging farmers from converting America's prairies and grasslands into cropland. On June 10, the Senate approved S. 954 by a vote of 66-27 (Senate roll call vote 145). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. As of this writing, the House and Senate Farm Bills are in conference committee.

12. BORDER FENCE

Senator John Thune (R-SD) offered an amendment to S. 744, the Senate Immigration Bill titled the Border Security, Economic Opportunity, and Immigration Modernization Act, which would unnecessarily mandate the construction of hundreds of additional miles of destructive double layered walls along the Southwest border. Additional border walls would lead to more damaging floods by impeding the natural flow of water, and would further fragment habitat, jeopardizing imperiled species like jaguars, ocelots, and big horn sheep. Moreover, reports by the Congressional Research Service and Government Accountability Office have failed to find any evidence that the existing border wall has made a significant contribution to border security. On June 18, the Senate rejected the Thune amendment by a vote of 39-54 (Senate roll call vote 151). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

13. MCCARTHY CONFIRMATION (EPA)

After holding up her confirmation vote for over 100 days and Senate Republicans flooding her with over 1,000 questions, the Senate considered President Barack Obama's nomination of Gina McCarthy to serve as Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). McCarthy is extremely well qualified to lead the EPA, and has been widely praised as a proven problem solver who has worked with members of both political parties, industry leaders, and environmental advocates to develop a balanced, sensible approach to protecting public health and the environment. She has worked for both Republicans and Democrats, serving under five Republican governors, including Governor Mitt Romney as his energy and climate adviser in Massachusetts. Since 2009, McCarthy has led the Clean Air division of the EPA, where she has made extraordinary progress protecting our air quality. On July 18, the Senate approved McCarthy's nomination by a vote of 59-40 (Senate roll call vote 180). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

KEY ✓ = Pro-environment action X = Anti-environment action ① = Ineligible to vote ? = Absence (counts as negative)	% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	Disaster Relief for Hurricana cannot be a second by the second beautiful by the second by the second beautiful by the second by the second beautiful by the second by the second by the second beautiful by the second by the	Military Investments in Advance.	Big Oil Budget	Pricing Carbon Pollution	S Keystone XL Tar Sands pinger	Toxic Air Pollution from Powers 2.	 Climate Change Safequards 	Scalas Jewell Confirmation (DQI)	National Endowment for the O	Clean Water Protections	Advancing Conservation in the	Border Fence	McCarthy Confirmation (EPA)	
ALABAMA																	
Sessions, J. (R)	15	12	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	V	X	X	X	X	
Shelby (R)	23	16	15	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	X	?	X	
ALASKA																	
Begich (D)	77	76	77	V	V	>	V	X	~	>	~	~	X	?	~	~	
Murkowski (R)	38	28	21	V	V	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	?	?	V	X	
ARIZONA																	
Flake (R)	23	9	10	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	V	~	
McCain (R)	31	4	22	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	?	V	~	
ARKANSAS																	
Boozman (R)	15	16	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	V	X	X	
Pryor (D)	54	76	63	V	V	>	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	V	X	~	
CALIFORNIA																	
Boxer (D)	100	100	90	V	V	>	V	>	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	~	
Feinstein (D)	92	100	89	V	V	>	V	>	V	>	V	V	V	V	?	~	
COLORADO																	
Bennet (D)	92	100	91	V	V	>	V	X	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	~	
Udall, M. (D)	92	96	97	V	V	>	V	>	V	>	V	V	V	?	V	~	
CONNECTICUT																	
Blumenthal (D)	100	92	95	V	V	>	V	>	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	
Murphy, C. (D)	100	93	96	V	V	>	V	>	~	>	V	V	V	V	V	~	
DELAWARE																	
Carper (D)	92	96	81	V	V	>	V	X	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	~	
Coons (D)	92	96	95	V	V	>	V	X	~	>	V	V	V	V	V	~	
FLORIDA																	
Nelson (D)	85	96	67	V	V	>	V	X	V	>	V	V	?	V	V	V	
Rubio (R)	8	12	11	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	×	V	X	

KEY ✓ = Pro-environment a X = Anti-environment ① = Ineligible to vote ? = Absence (counts as	action			SCORI		Military Investments in Advantage	ravanced Biofuels	lution	Tar Sands Dingli.	Toxic Air Pollution from Downs 21	ifeguards	(IOQ) u	National Endowment for the Occ.	ctions	Advancing Conservation in the	arm Bill	ation (EPA)
		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	Disaster Relief for Hurricano Carrier	Military Investmen	Big Oil Budget	Pricing Carbon Pollution	⊕ Keystone XL Tar S _e	Toxic Air Pollution	Climate Change Safeguards	S Jewell Confirmation (DQI)	National Endowme	Clean Water Protections	Advancing Conser	Border Fence	McCarthy Confirmation (EPA)
GEORGIA																	
Chambliss	(R)	15	12	6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X
Isakson	(R)	23	16	11	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	V	X	X
HAWAII																	
Hirono	(D)	100	90	93	V	~	~	V	~	~	V	V	V	>	V	V	~
Schatz	(D)	100		100	V	~	V	~	~	V	V	V	~	V	V	~	~
IDAHO																	
Crapo	(R)	8	12	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	×
Risch	(R)	8	8	11	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X
ILLINOIS																	
Durbin	(D)	100	96	85	V	~	~	V	~	~	V	V	V	>	V	V	~
Kirk	(R)	23	18	61	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	V	X	X	X	X
INDIANA																	
Coats	(R)	15	0	25	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	V	X	×
Donnelly	(D)	69	36	54	V	V	V	X	X	X	V	V	V	X	V	V	~
IOWA																	
Grassley	(R)	23	8	21	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	~	X	X
Harkin	(D)	92	92	83	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	~	~	V	V	?	~
KANSAS																	
Moran, Jerry	(R)	15	12	9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	~	X	×
Roberts	(R)	8	8	10	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X
KENTUCKY																	
McConnell	(R)	0	8	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Paul	(R)	15	8	11	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	?	X	X
LOUISIANA																	
Landrieu, M.	(D)	69	64	51	~	~	~	X	X	~	X	~	~	X	V	~	~
Vitter	(R)	15	12	5	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X

KEY			ICV	SCORI	ES	1	s	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
 Pro-environment ac Anti-environment ac Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as not) 	ction	% 2013	% 112th Congress		Disaster Relief for Hurricano C.	Military Investments in Advances	Big Oil Budget	Pricing Carbon Pollution	• Keystone XL Tar Sands Dinglis.	Toxic Air Pollution from Downs 2.	Climate Change Safequards	Jewell Confirmation (DOI)	National Endowment for the Oc.	Clean Water Protections	Advancing Conservation is 41	Border Fence	McCarthy Confirmation (FDA)	(6)
MAINE																		
Collins	(R)	69	64	67	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	V	X	V	X	V	
King, A.	(1)	92		92	?	V	~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	
MARYLAND																		
Cardin	(D)	100	100	91	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	
Mikulski	(D)	92	100	84	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	?	V	
MASSACHUSETTS																		
Cowan*	(D)	100		100	①	V	~	V	V	~	~	V	V	V	V	~	1	
Kerry*	(D)	100	96	91	V	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	1	①	•	①	1	
Markey*	(D)	100	99	94	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	1	①	•	①	V	
Warren	(D)	100		100	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	
MICHIGAN																		
Levin, C.	(D)	100	96	81	V	~	~	V	V	V	~	V	V	V	~	~	V	
Stabenow	(D)	100	88	86	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	V	
MINNESOTA																		
Franken	(D)	100	92	94	V	~	~	V	V	~	~	V	V	~	~	~	V	
Klobuchar	(D)	100	88	93	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	V	V	~	V	V	
MISSISSIPPI																		
Cochran	(R)	31	20	10	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	~	?	X	
Wicker	(R)	31	12	6	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	V	?	?	
MISSOURI																		
Blunt	(R)	23	12	4	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	V	X	X	
McCaskill	(D)	77	68	73	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	
MONTANA																		
Baucus, M.	(D)	85	84	69	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	
Tester	(D)	92	88	88	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	

[•] Senator Cowan was sworn in on February 1 to temporarily fill the vacancy created by Senator Kerry's appointment to be Secretary of State; Senator Markey was sworn in on July 16 following the special election.

KEY v = Pro-environment acti x = Anti-environment act (i) = Ineligible to vote ? = Absence (counts as neg	ion	% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	Disaster Relief for Hurricana can relief	Military Investments in Advances.	Big Oil Budget	Pricing Carbon Pollution	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinoling	Toxic Air Pollution from Downs 21	Climate Change Safequards	S Jewell Confirmation (DOI)	National Endowment for the O.	Clean Water Protections		Border Fence	McCarthy Confirmation (EPA)
NEBRASKA																	
Fischer	(R)	15		15	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	×
Johanns	(R)	23	8	11	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	V	X	X
NEVADA																	
Heller	(R)	23	6	13	V	X	V	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	×
Reid, H.	(D)	100	100	80	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	~	V	V	V	V	~
NEW HAMPSHIRE																	
Ayotte	(R)	31	24	26	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	~	V	X	X	X	~
Shaheen	(D)	100	96	95	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	~	~	~	V	V	~
NEW JERSEY																	
Chiesa*	(R)	33		33	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	①	①	①	V	X	×
Lautenberg*	(D)	N/A	96	95	V	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	1	1	①
Menendez	(D)	100	100	94	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	•
NEW MEXICO																	
Heinrich	(D)	100	90	93	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
Udall, T.	(D)	100	100	97	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	•
NEW YORK																	
Gillibrand	(D)	100	96	93	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
Schumer	(D)	100	96	91	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
NORTH CAROLINA																	
Burr	(R)	15	12	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	V	X	X
Hagan	(D)	85	88	84	V	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	_	X	V	V	~
NORTH DAKOTA																	
Heitkamp	(D)	69		69	V	V	V	X	X	X	V	V	V	X	V	V	~
Hoeven	(R)	23	12	16		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X
11001011			- <u>-</u>				•	•	•								

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Senator Chiesa was sworn in on June 10 following the passing of Senator Lautenberg on June 3.

SENATE VOTES

X	Pro-environment actionAnti-environment actionIneligible to vote	ion	% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	Disaster Relief for Hurricana communications	Military Investments in Advage.	Big Oil Budget	Pricing Carbon Pollution		n from power	Climate Change Safeguards	Surus Jewell Confirmation (DOI)	National Endowment for the O	Clean Water Protections	Advancing Conservation in +1	Border Fence	McCarthy Confirmation (EPA)	
•	ОНЮ																		
	Brown, Sherrod	(D)	100	92	93	>	>	>	>	V	~	V	~	~	~	V	V	V	
	Portman	(R)	8	12	22	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	
(OKLAHOMA																		
	Coburn	(R)	0	8	9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
	Inhofe	(R)	8	16	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	?	X	
(OREGON																		
	Merkley	(D)	100	100	100	>	>	>	>	V	~	V	~	~	~	V	V	V	
	Wyden	(D)	100	100	90	>	>	>	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	
F	PENNSYLVANIA																		
	Casey	(D)	85	84	91	>	X	>	>	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	
	Toomey	(R)	8	4	9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	
F	RHODE ISLAND																		
	Reed, J.	(D)	92	100	96	>	>	>	>	V	V	V	~	~	V	X	V	~	
	Whitehouse	(D)	92	100	98	>	>	>	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	
5	SOUTH CAROLINA																		
	Graham	(R)	31	16	12	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	~	X	V	~	X	
	Scott, T.	(R)	0	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
5	SOUTH DAKOTA																		
	Johnson, Tim	(D)	92	96	72	>	>	>	>	X	V	V	~	~	V	V	V	~	
	Thune	(R)	8	8	13	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	
1	TENNESSEE																		
	Alexander, L.	(R)	31	24	19	>	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	V	X	~	
	Corker	(R)	15	8	16	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	~	
_1	ΓEXAS																		
	Cornyn	(R)	8	12	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	
	Cruz	(R)	15		15	X	X	>	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	

KEY Pro-environment ac Anti-environment ac I = Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as in	action	% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	Disaster Relief for Hurricano carre	Military Investments in Advage.	Big Oil Budget	Pricing Carbon Pollution	• Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinalia	Toxic Air Pollution from Powers 1.	Climate Change Safequards	Jewell Confirmation (DO))	National Endowment for the Occ.	Clean Water Protections	Advancing Conservation in the	Border Fence	McCarthy Confirmation (EPA)
UTAH																	
Hatch	(R)	8	8	10	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X
Lee, M.	(R)	8	16	13	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
VERMONT																	
Leahy	(D)	100	96	93	~	V	~	~	>	V	~	~	~	V	>	~	~
Sanders	(1)	100	100	95	~	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	~
VIRGINIA																	
Kaine	(D)	100		100	V	V	~	~	>	V	~	~	~	V	>	V	~
Warner	(D)	85	92	91	V	V	>	>	X	V	~	>	~	V	?	V	~
WASHINGTON																	
Cantwell	(D)	100	96	90	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	~
Murray	(D)	85	96	89	?	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	?	>	V	~
WEST VIRGINIA																	
Manchin	(D)	38	56	49	V	V	V	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	?	X	X
Rockefeller	(D)	85	100	82	V	V	~	X	>	V	V	?	V	V	>	V	V
WISCONSIN																	
Baldwin	(D)	100	96	97	V	V	>	>	>	V	V	>	V	V	>	V	V
Johnson, R.	(R)	8	4	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X
WYOMING																	
Barrasso	(R)	0	8	11	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Enzi	(R)	o	8	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X



2013 HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. MCKINNEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Representative John Fleming (R-LA) offered an amendment to H.R. 152, the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act, 2013, which would eliminate funding in the bill to help repair damage that Hurricane Sandy inflicted on the Stewart B. McKinney National Wildlife Refuge. The McKinney refuge, which is comprised of nearly a dozen islands and onshore sites stretched across 70 miles of Connecticut's coast-line, provides important resting, feeding, and nesting habitat for numerous species of migratory birds, including the endangered roseate tern. During Hurricane Sandy, the McKinney refuge sustained severe damage, including coastal erosion, and the refuge's Outer Island research station suffered a damaged dock, seawall, and education building. The Fleming amendment singled out this refuge as ineligible for restoration. On January 15, the House approved the Fleming amendment by a vote of 216-205 (House roll call vote 19). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The House and Senate subsequently passed H.R. 152 and President Obama signed this legislation into law on January 29.

2. LIMITING SANDY RESPONSE EFFORTS

Representative Rob Bishop (R-UT) offered an amendment to H.R. 152, the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act, 2013, which would inhibit Hurricane Sandy response efforts by barring the Secretaries of the Interior or Agriculture from using any of the funds in the bill to purchase additional public lands. This would prohibit federal agencies from acquiring open spaces and natural features that could act as a buffer zone to lessen flooding, reduce wind intensity, and protect communities from future storms. It would also prevent the government from taking certain actions to restore damaged national parks, such as acquiring adjacent lands to create a new trailhead or parking lot if the previous access point was destroyed. On January 15, the House approved the Bishop amendment by a vote of 223-198 (House roll call vote 21). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The House and Senate subsequently passed H.R. 152 and President Obama signed this legislation into law on January 29.

3. RESILIENCY IN DISASTER RELIEF

Representative Rodney Frelinghuysen (R-NJ) offered an amendment to H.R. 152, the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act, 2013, which would add an additional \$33.67 billion to the bill to support and rebuild communities ravaged by Hurricane Sandy. A portion of this assistance would be directed towards improving resiliency to future storms and minimizing future damage by rebuilding and investing in natural storm protections, such as national parks and refuges that house wetlands, dunes, and other natural flood barriers. It would also assist the United States Department of Agriculture in restoring damaged forestlands, as well as require the Army Corps of Engineers to reevaluate previously authorized projects to incorporate projections on climate change impacts, including extreme weather events like Hurricane Sandy. The Frelinghuysen amendment was approved on January 15 by a vote of 228-192 (House roll call vote 22). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The House and Senate subsequently passed H.R. 152 and President Obama signed this legislation into law on January 29.

4. BIG OIL BUDGET

House Budget Committee Chairman Paul Ryan (R-WI) sponsored H. Con. Res. 25, the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution, which would make drastic cuts that would jeopardize the ability of the Environmental Protection Agency, Interior Department, Energy Department, and other agencies to fulfill their mission to protect our health, safeguard our natural resources, and grow clean energy. While slashing investments that protect our air, water, and open spaces, the Ryan budget would continue billions of dollars in subsidies to the oil industry and lower Big Oil's tax bill even further by reducing corporate income tax rates. It would also support construction of the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, which would transfer the world's dirtiest and most carbon-polluting oil through the American heartland to be exported at an international shipping port on the Gulf Coast. On March 21, the House approved the Ryan budget by a vote of 221-207 (House roll call vote 88). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. On March 21, the Senate rejected an amendment to S. Con Res. 8, the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution, intended to force a vote on the Ryan budget.

5. KEYSTONE XL TAR SANDS PIPELINE (KXL)

Representative Lee Terry (R-NE) sponsored H.R. 3, the Northern Route Approval Act, which would remove the requirement for a Presidential Permit to build the risky Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, eliminating the Obama Administration's ability to complete adequate safety and environmental impact studies on the project. The Keystone XL pipeline would transfer the world's dirtiest and most carbon-polluting oil through the American heartland to be exported at an international shipping port on the Gulf Coast. The pipeline would threaten our waterways and agricultural lands with oil spills and dramatically worsen climate change, while doing nothing to increase America's energy security. On May 22, the House approved the H.R. 3 by a vote of 241-175 (House roll call vote 179). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. Although the Senate passed the non-binding Sense of the Senate Hoeven amendment in support of the Keystone XL pipeline on March 22, it did not act on this bill and a final decision is expected from President Obama in 2014.

6. FLOOD INSURANCE REFORM

Representative Bill Cassidy (R-LA) offered an amendment to H.R. 2217, the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2014, which would delay needed flood insurance reforms by preventing the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) from using its budget to implement a law ending highly subsidized flood insurance rates. These artificially discounted flood insurance rates have led to development and destruction of floodplains. Increasing these premiums to market-based levels would limit floodplain development and encourage the protection of wetlands, forests, and other habitats that effectively mitigate flood damage. On June 5, the House approved the Cassidy amendment by a vote of 281-146 (House roll call vote 203). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Cassidy amendment was included in the FY14 omnibus funding bill signed into law by President Obama on January 17, 2014.

7. AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PRACTICES

Representative Earl Blumenauer (D-OR) offered an amendment to H.R. 1947, the House Farm Bill titled the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk Management Act of 2013, which would help ensure that Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) funds are used to achieve greater conservation benefits. This revenue-neutral amendment would reinstate language preventing EQIP funds from going to factory farms, assist farmers who transition to production techniques that use fewer pesticides or antibiotics, and promote water conservation and climate change adaptation efforts. On June 19, the House rejected the Blumenauer amendment by a vote of 157-266 (House roll call vote 260). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

8. ANTI-ENVIRONMENTAL FARM BILL

House Agriculture Committee Chairman Frank Lucas (R-OK) sponsored H.R. 1947, the House Farm Bill known as the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk Management Act of 2013. This extreme legislation would make permanent deep cuts to conservation programs; weaken protections for our forests, wetlands and wildlife; eviscerate regulation of pesticides; zero out mandatory funding for rural renewable energy and energy efficiency development; and block states from setting standards for food and farm production. Moreover, by crippling and ultimately ending key conservation programs, H.R. 1947 would deprive farmers of the tools they need to deal with extreme weather that is being fueled by climate change. On June 20, the House rejected H.R. 1947 by a vote of 195-234 (House roll call vote 286). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

9. DRILLING IN BRISTOL BAY

House Natural Resources Committee Ranking Member Peter DeFazio (D-OR) offered an amendment to H.R. 2231, the Offshore Energy and Jobs Act, which would prohibit offshore drilling leases in Bristol Bay off the coast of Alaska. Bristol Bay is the largest wild salmon fishery in the world, and an oil spill there could devastate our nation's salmon supply and cost thousands of jobs. The DeFazio amendment would also eliminate a provision in the underlying bill that provides offshore revenues to states, which would create perverse incentives for more offshore drilling, even in some of the most environmentally sensitive areas. On June 28, the House rejected the DeFazio amendment by a vote of 183-235 (House roll call vote 299). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

10. OFFSHORE DRILLING

House Natural Resources Committee Chairman Doc Hastings (R-WA) sponsored H.R. 2231, the Offshore Energy and Jobs Act, which would expand offshore drilling off the coasts of South Carolina, Virginia, California, and in Alaska's Bristol Bay. This legislation would put many coastal communities at risk of an oil spill at a time when total U.S. oil production from both onshore and offshore drilling has reached its highest level in 20 years, and the oil industry already holds drilling rights to more than 30 million acres offshore on which it is not producing oil. The bill also increases the risks from offshore drilling by further weakening an environmental review process that the National Oil Spill Commission found was already grossly inadequate. On June 28, the House approved H.R. 2231 by a vote of 235-186 (House roll call vote 304). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this legislation.

11. CLEAN WATER PROTECTIONS

Representative Jim Moran (D-VA) offered an amendment to H.R. 2609, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014, which would remove a dirty water policy rider from the bill that threatens waters Americans depend on for drinking, swimming, and fishing. The rider would bar the Army Corps of Engineers from restoring longstanding Clean Water Act protections to critical streams and wetlands across the nation. It would prohibit the Army Corps from limiting pollution in waterways that supply public drinking water for 117 million Americans and block the Army Corps' efforts to protect wetlands that are critical for flood protection. On July 9, the House rejected the Moran amendment by a vote of 177-236 (House roll call vote 311). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRON-MENT VOTE. The harmful language relating to clean water protections was not included in the FY14 omnibus funding bill signed into law by President Obama on January 17, 2014.

12. WATER POLLUTION FROM MOUNTAINTOP REMOVAL

Representative Jim Moran (D-VA) offered an amendment to H.R. 2609, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014, which would remove a dirty water policy rider from the bill that undermines the Clean Water Act by preventing the Army Corps of Engineers from updating the definition of "fill material." By freezing in place an outdated definition of fill material, the rider would allow mining companies to continue polluting mountain streams with toxic waste from mountaintop removal activities. On July 9, the House rejected the Moran amendment by a vote of 188-226 (House roll call vote 312). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The harmful language relating to the definition of "fill material" was included in the FY14 omnibus funding bill signed into law by President Obama on January 17, 2014.

13. CLEAN ENERGY FUNDING

Representative John Garamendi (D-CA) offered an amendment to H.R. 2609, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014, which would restore \$329 million in funding for advanced energy projects that the underlying bill cut from the Department of Energy's popular and innovative ARPA-E program. This cut would amount to 81 percent of the budget for ARPA-E, which is helping move America towards a clean energy future by investing in cutting-edge renewable energy technologies. The Garamendi amendment would offset the restored funding for ARPA-E by cutting a small portion of the bill's unnecessarily high funding level for the National Nuclear Security Administration's weapons activities. On July 10, the House rejected the Garamendi amendment by a vote of 155-266 (House roll call vote 329). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

14. ASSAULT ON CLEAN ENERGY & CLEAN WATER

Representative Rodney Frelinghuysen (R-NJ) sponsored H.R. 2609, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014, which would continue to subsidize dirty fossil fuels while cutting funding for renewable energy and energy efficiency and would threaten America's streams and wetlands by undermining the Clean Water Act. H.R. 2609 would cut funding for renewable energy projects and research at the Department of Energy by 50 percent, including an 81 percent

cut to the ARPA-E program and a \$220 million cut to the Office of Science. The bill also includes damaging policy riders that would lock in antiquated definitions of "fill material" and what constitutes "waters of the United States," endangering streams and wetlands that Americans rely on for drinking water and flood prevention. On July 10, the House approved H.R. 2609 by a vote of 227-198 (House roll call vote 345). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The FY14 omnibus appropriations funding bill signed into law by President Obama on January 17, 2014 included greater funding levels for renewable energy and energy efficiency; however, it also included the harmful policy rider relating to the definition of "fill material."

15. RESTRICTION ON DIRTY FUELS

Representative Bill Flores (R-TX) offered an amendment to H.R. 2397, the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2014, which would defund the federal government's prohibition on using unconventional transportation fuels that emit more greenhouse gases than traditional fuels. The amendment would prohibit the use of funds in the bill to enforce Section 526 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007, which specifically prohibits federal agencies from buying transportation fuels from unconventional sources like coal-to-liquid, oil sands, and oil shale, unless the contract specifies that the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions do not exceed those produced by conventional petroleum. The Defense Department has said that it supports Section 526 as part of an effort to decrease its reliance on fossil fuels, and that Section 526 has not prevented the Department from meeting current mission needs. On July 23, the House approved the Flores amendment by a vote of 237-189 (House roll call vote 394). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Flores amendment was not included in the FY14 omnibus funding bill signed into law by President Obama on January 17, 2014.

16. TOXIC COAL ASH

Representative David McKinley (R-WV) sponsored H.R. 2218, the Coal Residuals Reuse and Management Act of 2013, which would block Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) safeguards designed to protect public health and the environment from toxic coal ash. Every year more than 140 million tons of coal ash—the toxic byproduct of burning coal that's laden with arsenic, lead, and other heavy metals—is created and stored in more than 1,300 impoundments across the country, many of which have leached dangerous chemicals into water Americans count on. These toxic impoundments have also been known to fail catastrophically, as exemplified by the dam failure at a Tennessee Valley Authority site in December 2008 that spilled more than one billion gallons of ash across 300 acres. For years, the EPA has worked to develop a rule to protect the public, but H.R. 2218 would strip the EPA's authority to finalize the current rule or to promulgate any future regulation of this toxic waste. On July 25, the House approved H.R. 2218 by a vote of 265-155 (House roll call vote 418). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this bill.



17. SOCIAL COST OF CARBON

Representative Tim Murphy (R-PA) offered an amendment to H.R. 1582, the Energy Consumers Relief Act of 2013, which would force the federal government to turn a blind eye to the economic costs of climate change. Climate change is already costing communities billions of dollars each year across the country, but this anti-science amendment would prevent the government from weighing the costs of extreme weather and other climate change impacts or the savings from any government actions to improve energy efficiency and clean up carbon pollution. On August 1, the House approved the Murphy amendment by a vote of 234-178 (House roll call vote 430). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. H.R. 1582 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

18. BLOCKING PUBLIC HEALTH PROTECTIONS

Representative Bill Cassidy (R-LA) sponsored H.R. 1582, the Energy Consumers Relief Act of 2013, which would undermine the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) authority to promulgate important safeguards under the Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, and Safe Drinking Water Act. The bill would strip the EPA of the authority to finalize vital protections and instead hand over that authority to the Secretary of Energy, who leads a department with a completely different mission than the EPA's focus on protecting human health and the environment. This costly and duplicative regulatory review process would also eliminate transparency since the Department of Energy is not required to disclose its rulemaking methodology. On August 1, the House approved H.R. 1582 by a vote of 232-181 (House roll call vote 432). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this legislation.

19. NUCLEAR SAFETY

Representative Jerrold Nadler (D-NY) offered an amendment to H.R. 367, the Regulations from the Executive in Need of Scrutiny (REINS) Act, which would exempt the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) from the bill and preserve the NRC's ability to issue new safeguards that better protect Americans from the threat of a nuclear disaster. H.R. 367 would block a whole host of new public health safeguards, and the Nadler amendment highlights nuclear energy regulations as one example of how the legislation could put Americans' health and safety at risk. Since the devastating Fukushima nuclear disaster occurred in Japan, the NRC has issued new rules designed to upgrade nuclear plants to withstand extreme events such as earthquakes and have sufficient backup power to avoid a nuclear meltdown. By exempting nuclear safeguards from the bill, the Nadler amendment would ensure that the NRC can continue to issue new safeguards that would make a nuclear disaster less likely and reduce the damage if one did occur. On August 2, the House rejected the Nadler amendment by a vote of 186-229 (House roll call vote 440). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

20. SAFEGUARDS SHUTDOWN

Representative Todd Young (R-IN) sponsored H.R. 367, the Regulations from the Executive in Need of Scrutiny (REINS) Act, which would delay or shut down the implementation of vital public health and environmental safeguards against polluters dumping toxins into our air and water. The bill -- which requires both houses of Congress to affirmatively approve all significant new public protections before they take effect -- is redundant and unnecessary, since federal agencies can only exercise authority that

has been first delegated by Congress in authorizing legislation. Given the paralysis of Congress, the REINS Act is essentially a tool for polluters to scuttle new health and environmental safeguards, which would lead to more premature deaths, illnesses, and other serious health impacts. On August 2, the House approved H.R. 367 by a vote of 232-183 (House roll call vote 445). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this legislation.

21. HARDROCK MINING

Representative Mark Amodei (R-NV) sponsored H.R. 761, the National Strategic and Critical Minerals Production Act of 2013, which would effectively eliminate public review of hardrock mining activities on federally-managed public lands. The mining industry already enjoys free access to hardrock minerals on public lands, and federal land managers are required by law to give mining precedence over all other uses of public lands. While land managers are not in a position to deny hardrock mining claims, they are able to require mining companies to explain to the public how they will comply with applicable environmental laws. Eliminating this public review process would threaten water resources across the United States and limit the ability of impacted communities to protect their land, water, and health. On September 18, the House approved H.R. 761 by a vote of 246-178 (House roll call vote 471). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this legislation.

22. ATTACK ON JUDICIAL REVIEW

Representative Steve Daines (R-MT) offered an amendment to H.R. 1526, the Restoring Healthy Forests for Healthy Communities Act, which would prohibit federal courts from issuing restraining orders, preliminary injunctions, or injunctions pending appeal in cases that challenge national forest logging projects approved in violation of "any procedural requirement." This broad attack on judicial review could prevent a community from stopping a project that violates important federal laws, including the National Environmental Policy Act, the Endangered Species Act, and the Administrative Procedure Act. On September 20, the House approved the Daines amendment by a vote of 219-196 (House roll call vote 479). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on H.R. 1526, which passed the House with the Daines amendment attached.

23. DECIMATING AMERICA'S FORESTS

House Natural Resources Committee Chairman Doc Hastings (R-WA) sponsored H.R. 1526, the Restoring Healthy Forests for Healthy Communities Act, which would mandate and incentivize destructive logging and other harmful industrial activities across vast swaths of America's public lands. This intense expansion of logging and development would decimate our forests, which provide important benefits like clean drinking water, recreational opportunities, and fish and wildlife habitat. Even priceless landscapes such as inventoried roadless areas, wilderness study areas, old growth, and other conservation lands could be opened up to logging. While the bill purports to address concerns about forest fires, sufficient authority to facilitate fire and insect treatments already exist in the Healthy Forest Restoration Act. On September 20, the House approved H.R. 1526 by a vote of 244-173 (House roll call vote 483). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this legislation.

24. PROTECTING PUBLIC INPUT & ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

House Natural Resources Committee Ranking Member Peter DeFazio (D-OR) and Representative Earl Blumenauer (D-OR) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 3080, the Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2013, which would protect the environmental review process established under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), preserving the public's ability to participate in decisions that have profound impacts on their safety, the environment, and the economy. The amendment would defer unnecessary and contentious provisions in H.R. 3080 that are based on the faulty assumption that the environmental review process is the root cause of project delays. Independent analyses have concluded that project delays are the result of limited funding, complexity, and poor project planning and design. The NEPA review process ensures the public has a say in large-scale projects in their communities and leads to the construction of better, less costly projects. On October 23, the House rejected the DeFazio-Blumenauer amendment by a vote of 183-236 (House roll call vote 556). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

25. NATIONAL OCEAN POLICY

Representative Bill Flores (R-TX) offered an amendment to H.R. 3080, the Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2013, which would block implementation of ocean policy programs that improve the health and management of our oceans and the Great Lakes. The amendment would prohibit the Army Corps of Engineers from coordinating with states, other agencies, and the public on plans to ensure the safe and productive use of our nation's oceans and Great Lakes. The National Ocean Policy, created by an Executive Order, directs government agencies with differing mandates to work together to improve ocean health and also ensures that all competing interests, including conservationists, fishermen, scientists, shipping companies, port managers, energy developers, and those who live and work in ocean communities all have a voice in creating solutions for the many problems facing our oceans. On October 23, the House approved the Flores amendment by a vote of 225-193 (House roll call vote 557). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. As of this writing, the Flores amendment is under consideration as part of the Water Resources Development Act conference committee.

26. BIG OIL GIVEAWAY

Representative Doug Lamborn (R-CO) sponsored H.R. 1965, the Federal Lands Jobs and Energy Security Act, which would direct federal land managers to prioritize drilling on our public lands over other activities such as hunting, fishing, and hiking. Such a mandate subverts the multiple uses these lands have historically been managed for, and it would harm businesses that comprise our nation's \$646 billion outdoor recreation economy. On November 20, the House approved H.R. 1965 by a vote of 228-192 (House roll call vote 600). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this legislation.

27. METHANE EMISSIONS

Representative Rush Holt (D-NJ) offered an amendment to H.R. 2728, the Protecting States' Rights to Promote American Energy Security Act, which would preserve the Department of the Interior's ability to reduce methane emissions from oil and gas drilling operations on public lands. Methane is a super pollutant, a short-lived but potent climate pollutant whose impact, pound-for-pound, is over 20 times greater than carbon dioxide. Methane is also the second most prevalent greenhouse gas emitted by human activities in the United States, and natural gas and petroleum production is the largest industrial source of these emissions. In addition to their role in warming our atmosphere, fugitive methane emissions contribute to smog that threatens public health by triggering asthma attacks and aggravating other respiratory conditions. On November 20, the House rejected the Holt amendment by a vote of 190-230 (House roll call vote 601). YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.

28. BAN ON FEDERAL FRACKING SAFEGUARDS

Representative Bill Flores (R-TX) sponsored H.R. 2728, the Protecting States' Rights to Promote American Energy Security Act, which would jeopardize our public lands by prohibiting the federal government from setting baseline protections from hydraulic fracturing (fracking) if a state has even minimal, unenforceable guidelines in place. The bill would place fracking oversight under a patchwork of inadequate state regulations and also delay the Environmental Protection Agency's congressionally mandated study on the impacts of fracking on drinking water, keeping important information on contamination away from families living near oil and gas drilling operations. On November 20, the House approved H.R. 2728 by a vote of 235-187 (House roll call vote 604). NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. The Senate took no action on this legislation.

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Doc.	● Limiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	◆ Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinaling (177).	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice	Anti-Environmental Farm Bill	Drilling in Bristol Bay	Offshore Drilling	
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1 2	Bonner* Roby	(R) (R)	0	7 9	8	X	X	X	X	? X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Rogers, Mike D.	(R)	0	7	9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
4	Aderholt	(R)	4	9	4	, .	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
5	Brooks, M.	(R)	4	13	10	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
6	Bachus, S.	(R)	0	7	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
7	Sewell	(D)	75	80	79	V	V	V	V	X	X	X	V	V	V	
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AL	Young, D.	(R)	4	9	10	X	X	V	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	
ARIZ	ZONA**															'
1	Kirkpatrick	(D)	61		65	?	?	?	V	V	X	~	V	V	V	
2	Barber	(D)	71	81	75	V	V	V	V	~	X	X	X	~	~	
3	Grijalva	(D)	89	99	95	V	V	V	V	V	X	~	V	V	V	
4	Gosar	(R)	4	11	9	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
5	Salmon	(R)	7		15	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	V	X	X	
6	Schweikert	(R)	7	11	10	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
7	Pastor	(D)	79	89	83	V	V	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	
8	Franks	(R)	11	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
9	Sinema	(D)	79		79	V	V	V	V	V	X	~	X	V	~	
ARK	ANSAS															
1	Crawford	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	
2	Griffin	(R)	0	9	6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Womack	(R)	0	7	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
4	Cotton	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
	IFORNIA															1
1	LaMalfa	(R)	0		0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
2	Huffman	(D)	100		100	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	

^{*} Representative Bonner resigned on August 2.

^{**} The memorial for the 19 firefighters who lost their lives battling the Yarnell Hill wildfire in Arizona took place on July 9, which conflicted with votes 11 & 12.

	Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountainton C	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Class W.	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input &	National Ocean Policy	❸ Big Oil Giveaway	⊗ Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safequards)
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KEY = X = (i) = ? =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Dof	Limiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	◆ Big Oil Budget	S Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipalins (177)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice	Anti-Environmental Farm Riu	Drilling in Bristol Bay	Offshore Drilling	
3	Garamendi	(D)	96	90	92	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	X	~	~	
4	McClintock	(R)	7	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	V	X	X	
5	Thompson, M.	(D)	96	94	91	>	V	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
6	Matsui	(D)	96	96	96	>	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
7	Bera	(D)	93		93	>	V	~	V	V	X	V	X	V	V	
8	Cook	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	
9	McNerney	(D)	89	93	91	>	V	V	V	V	X	X	X	V	V	
10	Denham	(R)	4	11	9	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
11	Miller, George	(D)	82	93	88	>	V	V	?	V	V	V	V	V	V	
12	Pelosi	(D)	89	91	92	>	V	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
13	Lee, B.	(D)	96	96	96	>	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
14	Speier	(D)	82	84	85	?	?	?	~	?	X	~	~	~	~	
15	Swalwell	(D)	93		93	>	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
16	Costa	(D)	36	36	51	>	V	~	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	
17	Honda	(D)	89	100	97	>	V	V	V	V	X	?	?	V	V	
18	Eshoo	(D)	96	93	96	>	~	~	~	V	X	~	V	~	~	
19	Lofgren	(D)	93	93	91	>	V	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
20	Farr	(D)	86	96	95	>	~	~	~	~	X	~	X	~	~	
21	Valadao	(R)	0		0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
22	Nunes	(R)	0	7	3	?	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	
23	McCarthy, K.	(R)	0	7	3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
24	Capps	(D)	96	97	96	> :	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
25	McKeon	(R)	0	7	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
26	Brownley	(D)	93		93	>	V	V	V	V	X	V	X	V	V	
27	Chu	(D)	96	99	98	>	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
28	Schiff	(D)	96	97	97	>	V	V	V	V	X	•	V	V	V	
29	Cárdenas	(D)	93		93	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
30	Sherman	(D)	96	97	97	Y Y	V	Y	V	•	X	•	•	V	V	
31	Miller, Gary	(R)	0	6	3	X	X	X	X	?	X	?	?	X	X	

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountaint on P.	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Clean M	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	● Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review.	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental Decision	National Ocean Policy		Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards	
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X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

KEY = x = (i) = ? =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Dof	Umiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipalina (1771).	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Prartices	Anti-Environmental Farm Riu	Drilling in Bristol Bay	• Offshore Drilling	
32	Napolitano	(D)	86	90	91	?	?	?	~	~	X	~	~	>	~	
33	Waxman	(D)	93	97	92	>	V	V	V	?	X	V	V	>	V	
34	Becerra	(D)	96	96	92	>	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	>	V	
35	Negrete McLeod	(D)	71		71	?	?	?	V	V	X	V	V	>	V	
36	Ruiz	(D)	86		86	>	X	~	~	~	X	X	~	>	V	
37	Bass	(D)	79	89	86	>	~	~	V	V	X	V	V	?	?	
38	Sánchez, Linda	(D)	100	83	91	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	
39	Royce	(R)	7	10	13	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
40	Roybal-Allard	(D)	89	99	94	>	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	>	~	
41	Takano	(D)	96		96	>	V	~	V	V	X	V	V	>	V	
42	Calvert	(R)	0	6	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
43	Waters	(D)	96	87	90	>	V	~	V	V	X	V	V	>	V	
44	Hahn	(D)	96	89	92	>	~	~	~	~	X	V	V	>	V	
45	Campbell	(R)	0	11	9	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	?	?	
46	Sanchez, Loretta	(D)	96	81	88	>	V	~	V	~	X	~	~	>	V	
47	Lowenthal	(D)	96		96	>	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	>	V	
48	Rohrabacher	(R)	4	4	12	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	
49	Issa	(R)	0	7	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
50	Hunter	(R)	4	4	3	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
51	Vargas	(D)	89		89	>	V	V	V	V	X	X	V	>	V	
52	Peters, S.	(D)	100		100	>	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	
53	Davis, S.	(D)	96	96	96	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
	ORADO															ı
1	DeGette	(D)	89	99	96	>	V	~	V	?	~	V	V	>	V	
2	Polis	(D)	82	91	91	Y	V	V	V	V	~	V	V	Y	V	
3	Tipton	(R)	4	13	10	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
4	Gardner	(R)	4	11	9	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
5	Lamborn	(R)	7	7	5	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountainten	Clean Energy Funding	A Assault on Clean Energy & Clean	Restriction on Dirty Fuels		Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	❸ Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental bases	National Ocean Policy	Big Oil Giveaway	Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	>	~	>	~	>	~
~	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	>	Y	>	Y	>	~
?	?	?	?	V	V	V	V	~	V	>	~	>	~	>	~	>	~
~	>	X	~	~	~	~	V	V	~	>	~	>	V	>	V	>	~
?	V	V	V	~	V	~	V	V	~	>	?	?	V	V	V	V	~
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	>	V	Y	V	Y	V	>	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	>	~	~	~	~	~	V	V	~	>	~	>	?	?	~	>	~
~	Y	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	Y	Y	>	Y	>	Y	>	~
X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	×	X	×	X	X	×
	>	Y	V		V	Y	>	>	V	> >	>	>	> >	> >	*	> >	•
?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	X	X	X	?	?	?	?	?
•	· •	•	,	,		,	•	•	,	\ \ \	V	Y	•	· •	•	· •	•
~	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	>	V	>	~	>	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
?	?	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	>	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	>	V	>	V	>	V	>	~
~	>	~	~	V	~	~	V	~	~	>	~	>	>	>	>	>	~
~	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	>	V	>	V	>	~
~	>	V	V	V	V	~	~	?	?	>	V	>	~	>	~	>	~
?	?	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	?	?	?	~	Y	~	Y	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Decirio	Limiting Sandy Response Efforts	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	★ Keystone XL Tar Sands Pippeling (1771)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Drawtizza	Anti-Environmental Farm Rill	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
6	Coffman	(R)	4	7	6	X	X	X	X	X	×	×	~	X	X	
7	Perlmutter	(D)	82	79	82	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	?	?	
CON	NECTICUT															'
1	Larson, J.	(D)	96	93	90	~	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
2	Courtney	(D)	93	96	96	~	>	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
3	DeLauro	(D)	96	96	95	~	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
4	Himes	(D)	96	96	95	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
5	Esty	(D)	96		96	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
DEL	AWARE															
AL	Carney	(D)	93	94	94	V	>	~	>	V	X	V	V	V	V	
FLOI	RIDA															
1	Miller, J.	(R)	4	9	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	
2	Southerland	(R)	0	7	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Yoho	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
4	Crenshaw	(R)	0	9	9	?	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
5	Brown, C.	(D)	93	86	86	V	>	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
6	DeSantis	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
7	Mica	(R)	0	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
8	Posey	(R)	4	9	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	
9	Grayson	(D)	96		98	V	>	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
10	Webster	(R)	4	11	9	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
11	Nugent	(R)	4	7	6	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
12	Bilirakis	(R)	4	13	15	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	
13	Young, C.W.*	(R)	N/A	24	28	X	X	V	X	?	?	X	~	?	?	
14	Castor	(D)	89	94	94	~	>	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
15	Ross	(R)	7	7	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
16	Buchanan	(R)	0	21	23	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
17	Rooney	(R)	0	10	9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Representative Young passed away on October 18.

 Clean Water Protections 	Water Pollution from Mountainer	Clean Energy Funding	A Assault on Clean Energy & Clean W.	A	X	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	Safeguards Shutdown	× B Hardrock Mining	A Attack on Judicial Review.	A B Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental Processing	Mational Ocean Policy	★	Methane Emissions	 Section Safeguards
•	•	_	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	X	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	Y	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
~	~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	?	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
V	V	V	Y	V	?	~	~	V	Y	>	V	V	V	V	Y	V	V
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
V	V.	V.	V.	V.	V.	V.	V.	V			V	V	V.	V.	V.	V.	-
×	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	×
×	×	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	×
?	?	?	X	X	?	?	?	?	?	X	X	X	①	(i)	①	①	①
~	~	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	>	~	~	?	?	~	~	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	×	X	×	×	×	×	×	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	×	×	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Doc	Limiting Sandy Response Effect.	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	◆ Big Oil Budget	• Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinaling (1771)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practices	Anti-Environmental Farm Riu	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
18	Murphy, P.	(D)	82		82	~	>	~	>	X	X	X	X	~	~	
19	Radel	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
20	Hastings, A.	(D)	93	94	85	~	>	~	>	~	X	?	~	~	~	
21	Deutch	(D)	96	93	93	V	>	V	>	V	X	V	V	V	V	
22	Frankel	(D)	96		96	V	>	V	>	~	X	~	~	V	~	
23	Wasserman Schultz	(D)	75	97	92	V	>	V	?	V	X	V	V	V	V	
24	Wilson, F.	(D)	96	84	88	~	>	~	>	~	X	~	~	~	~	
25	Diaz-Balart	(R)	4	11	15	X	X	V	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	
26	Garcia	(D)	79		79	V	>	~	>	~	X	X	X	~	~	
27	Ros-Lehtinen	(R)	7	19	37	X	X	V	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	
GEO	RGIA															1
1	Kingston	(R)	4	7	9	?	?	?	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
2	Bishop, S.	(D)	39	49	49	V	>	V	>	X	X	X	~	X	X	
3	Westmoreland, L.	(R)	4	7	4	X	X	X	X	?	V	X	X	X	X	
4	Johnson, H.	(D)	96	93	94	~	>	~	>	~	X	~	~	~	~	
5	Lewis	(D)	89	99	92	V	>	~	>	V	X	V	V	V	~	
6	Price, T.	(R)	7	7	6	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
7	Woodall	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
8	Scott, A.	(R)	4	4	4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
9	Collins, D.	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
10	Broun	(R)	11	6	5	X	X	X	>	X	~	X	~	X	X	
11	Gingrey	(R)	11	7	5	X	X	X	>	X	V	X	V	X	X	
12	Barrow	(D)	21	33	48	V	>	~	>	X	X	X	X	X	X	
13	Scott, D.	(D)	89	84	79	V	>	V	>	V	X	V	V	V	V	
14	Graves, T.	(R)	7	4	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
HAV																1
1	Hanabusa	(D)	93	96	95	V	>	V	>	V	X	V	V	V	V	
2	Gabbard	(D)	96		96	~	V	~	V	~	X	~	~	~	~	

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountainton Bosson	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Clean W.	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Source Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	4 Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental no.	National Ocean Policy	& Big Oil Giveaway	® Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguarde
~	V	V	X	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	?
~	~	~	>	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	~	>	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
~	V	X	V	V	V	?	?	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	?	?
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	V	V	V	V	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X
?	?	V	X	•	V	>	V	V	•	•	V	•	•	•	V	V	V
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	*	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	.	X	X	~	,	~	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
_	·	V	· •	_	_	>	_	Y	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	·
~	V	V	V	V	V	?	?	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	×	X	×	×	×	×	x	×	×	x	x	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	?	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	×	×	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	>	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	V	V	>	V	X	>	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	V	V	~	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X
~	V	V	V	V	?	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
_	V	V	V	V	_	>	_	>	_	_	_	~	_	_	_	_	_

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Doc	Umiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	• Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinaling (1771)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice.	Anti-Environmental Farm Bii	Drilling in Bristol Bay	Offshore Drilling	
IDAF 1	10 Labrador	(D)	7	7	7	X	X	X	X	X		X		×	X	
2	Simpson	(R) (R)	7 0	13	7	X	×	×	×	×	X	×	X	×	X	
ILLIN	-	(K)	Ü	13	'	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^		
1	Rush*	(D)	68	93	80	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
2	Kelly, R.**	(D)	96		96	①	①	1	①	_	×	_	_	_	_	
3	Lipinski	(D)	89	87	89	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	X	V	
4	Gutierrez	(D)	89	93	90	~	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
5	Quigley	(D)	96	97	97	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
6	Roskam	(R)	4	7	10	X	X	X	x	X	~	X	x	x	×	
7	Davis, D.	(D)	86	87	91	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
8	Duckworth	(D)	86		86	~	>	~	~	~	x	~	~	~	~	
9	Schakowsky	(D)	96	97	97	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
10	Schneider	(D)	96		96	~	>	V	V	~	X	V	V	V	~	
11	Foster	(D)	89		81	V	>	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	~	
12	Enyart	(D)	71		71	V	>	V	~	X	X	X	X	~	~	
13	Davis, R.	(R)	4		4	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	
14	Hultgren	(R)	4	11	9	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×	
15	Shimkus	(R)	7	10	7	V	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	
16	Kinzinger	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×	
17	Bustos	(D)	79		79	V	>	V	V	X	X	X	X	V	~	
18	Schock	(R)	0	7	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	
INDI	ANA											ı				
1	Visclosky	(D)	89	89	77	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
2	Walorski	(R)	0		0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Stutzman	(R)	7	9	8	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	V	X	X	
4	Rokita	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
5	Brooks, S.	(R)	0		0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

^{*} Representative Rush missed a number of votes due to illness in his family. He is currently on official leave of absence from the House of Representatives.

^{**} Representative Kelly was sworn in on April 9 following the resignation of Representative Jackson on November 21, 2012.

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountainter	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Classius	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	♣ Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Forsets	Protecting Public Input & Environmental Pro-	National Ocean Policy		Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
		ı															
~	~	V	~	V	~	V	V	V	V	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
~	~	~	~	V	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	>	~
•	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	•
•	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	Y	?	?	V	V	V	V	•
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	Y	>	Y	V	V	V	V	Y	V
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
•	•	~	•	•	X	•	V	•	•	•	•	•	?	?	V	V	
	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	?	?	V	y	V
	Y	Y	Y	Y				V	Y	>	Y				Y	V	Y
×	V	V	V	>	V	>	>	V	V	>	V	y	y	y	V	>	V
X	~	~		_			_	_	~	>			_	~	_	*	-
X	×	X	X	X	×	×	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
?	?	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	V	X	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	>	V
×	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	V	X	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	>	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

KEY =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Dof	Limiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline (177),	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Praction	Anti-Environmental Farm Riu	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
6	Messer	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
7	Carson	(D)	93	86	90	>	V	~	>	V	X	V	V	V	V	
8	Bucshon	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
9	Young, T.	(R)	0	4	3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
IOW		(D)	00		00	,	4		,	4					4	
1	Braley	(D)	89	84	88	>	V	V	>	V	X	X	X	V	V	
2	Loebsack	(D)	82	81	86	Y Y	Y	Y	Y Y	> >	X	X	X	Y	~	
3 4	Latham Ving C	(R)	4	9	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
4 KAN	King, S.	(R)	0	9	4	X	×	X	X	×	X	X	×	X	×	
1	Huelskamp	(R)	7	10	9	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
2	Jenkins	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	
3	Yoder	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	_	X	X	X	X	
4	Pompeo	(R)	7	6	6	X	X	X	×	X		X	V	X	X	
	TUCKY	. ,				••	••	••	••	••	ľ	••	ľ	, ••	••	1
1	Whitfield	(R)	7	13	15	V	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
2	Guthrie	(R)	4	14	10	X	X	X	X	X	_	X	X	X	X	
3	Yarmuth	(D)	89	91	94	>	V	V	>	X	X	V	V	V	V	
4	Massie	(R)	14		14	X	X	X	>	X	_	X	_	X	X	
5	Rogers, H.	(R)	4	7	10	>	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	
6	Barr	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	_	X	X	X	X	
LOU	ISIANA										l	l				1
1	Scalise	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	
2	Richmond	(D)	64	79	74	>	~	~	>	>	X	X	~	X	X	
3	Boustany	(R)	4	7	6	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
4	Fleming	(R)	4	7	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	
5	Alexander, R.*	(R)	4	7	9	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
6	Cassidy	(R)	o	9	11	X	X	X	X	×	×	×	×	X	×	
1 2 3 4 5	Scalise Richmond Boustany Fleming Alexander, R.*	(R) (D) (R) (R) (R)	4 64 4 4	79 7 7 7	7 74 6 7	x x x	x x x x	x	x x x	x x x x	X X X	X X X	× × × × ×	x x x		x x x x

^{*} Representative Alexander resigned on September 26.

Clean Water Protections		₿	A Assault on Clean Energy & Clean W.		•	Social Cost of Carbon	®	0	20	4	Ø		②	3		Ø	1
×	×	×	~	×	×	X	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	X	×	×	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	~
~	~	~	~	~	X	X	Y	>	>	>	Y	>	>	~	>	>	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	V	V	V	V	V	~	~	>	>	>	?	V	V	V	V	>	~
X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
		~		~	X	?	?	?	?	*	~	· •	*	~	· >	`	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	①	①	①	①	(i)
X	X	X	×	X	×	X	X	×	×	×	X	X	×	X	X	×	×

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Date:	Limiting Sandy Response Effects.	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	• Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinaling (1771)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Draceing	Anti-Environmental Farm Riu	• Drilling in Bristol Bay	Offshore Drilling	
1	Pingree	(D)	96	91	94	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
2	Michaud	(D)	93	90	92	_	X	_	_	_	X	_	~	_	~	
MAR	RYLAND				I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1 1	
1	Harris	(R)	0	7	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
2	Ruppersberger	(D)	89	80	84	V	~	V	V	~	X	~	~	~	~	
3	Sarbanes	(D)	93	97	95	V	V	V	V	?	X	V	V	V	~	
4	Edwards	(D)	96	97	97	~	~	~	V	V	X	~	V	V	~	
5	Hoyer	(D)	82	94	80	~	V	~	~	V	X	X	V	V	•	
6	Delaney	(D)	89		89	~	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
7	Cummings	(D)	96	93	94	V	V	V	V	V	X	~	V	V	~	
8	Van Hollen	(D)	96	96	98	~	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
MAS	SACHUSETTS															
1	Neal	(D)	96	89	91	V	V	V	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
2	McGovern	(D)	96	97	99	~	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
3	Tsongas	(D)	96	89	93	V	V	V	~	V	X	V	V	V	~	
4	Kennedy	(D)	96		96	~	V	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
5	Markey*	(D)	71	99	94	V	V	V	~	?	?	?	?	V	~	
6	Tierney	(D)	96	96	97	~	V	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
7	Capuano	(D)	96	94	95	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
8	Lynch	(D)	96	90	94	~	V	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
9	Keating	(D)	96	97	97	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
MICI	HIGAN															
1	Benishek	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
2	Huizenga	(R)	4	10	8	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×	
3	Amash	(R)	18	16	16	X	X	X	V	?	V	X	V	X	X	
4	Camp	(R)	4	10	10	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×	
5	Kildee	(D)	96		96	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	

 $^{^{\}ast}\,$ Representative Markey resigned from the House on July 16 following his election to the Senate.

Gean Water Protocks	Water Pollution from Mountaine	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Class VIII	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	🖨 Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review.	Decimating America's Foracte	Protecting Public Input & Environmental December 8	Wational Ocean Policy	❸ Big Oil Giveaway	Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
•	~	~	~	~	~	~	V	~	V	V	~	V	V	~	V	~	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
~	~	~	~	V	~	?	?	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
•	~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
?	?	X	~	~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	?	?	~	~	~	~	~
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V	V		V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
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	V	·	·		·	·	V	·	·	V	·	·	V	·	·	·	·
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•	~	V	V	(i)	(i)	(i)	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	1	①	(i)
~	~	V	~	~	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
•	~	V	V	V	~	~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	•
~	~	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	V	V	V	~	~	~	V	~	~	V	~	~	V	~	~	~	~

KEY =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Dof	Umiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	• Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipalina (1771)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practices	Anti-Environmental Farm Riu	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
6	Upton	(R)	4	11	31	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
7	Walberg	(R)	7	7	6	X	>	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
8	Rogers, Mike	(R)	4	10	8	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
9	Levin, S.	(D)	96	96	89	V	>	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	>	
10	Miller, C.	(R)	4	11	14	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
11	Bentivolio	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
12	Dingell	(D)	93	86	75	~	>	~	V	~	X	~	~	~	>	
13	Conyers	(D)	93	97	79	V	>	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	>	
14	Peters, G.	(D)	93	84	89	~	~	~	V	~	X	~	X	~	~	
MINI	NESOTA															ı
1	Walz	(D)	86	77	82	V	>	~	V	V	V	X	X	V	>	
2	Kline, J.	(R)	0	6	4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Paulsen	(R)	7	20	19	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
4	McCollum	(D)	93	81	92	Y	>	~	~	~	X	~	~	Y	>	
5	Ellison	(D)	96	91	94	V	>	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	>	
6	Bachmann	(R)	11	7	6	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	~	X	
7	Peterson	(D)	14	16	38	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	
8	Nolan	(D)	86		83	V	V	~	V	V	X	V	~	V	V	
	SISSIPPI															ı
1	Nunnelee	(R)	0	4	3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
2	Thompson, B.	(D)	82	79	78	V	>	~	V	V	X	V	V	V	X	
3	Harper	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
4	Palazzo	(R)	4	7	6	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
	SOURI															ı
1	Clay	(D)	93	91	89	Y	> >	Y	Y	V	X	V	V	Y	> >	
2	Wagner	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
3	Luetkemeyer	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
4	Hartzler	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	

Clean Water Protections	ĺ	ĺ	•	ĺ	•	Social Cost of Carbon	1	®		4	Í	1	ĺ	•		Ø	1	27 (5)
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
×	X	?	?	X	X	?	?	×	X	×	×	×	X	X	X	×	X	
		•	•	~	~	:	:	~	~	~	~	~		~	~	~	~	
×	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	
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×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	
~	~	X	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	~	V	V	~	
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
×	X	X	V	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	
	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	X	V	X	V	V	V	V	/	
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
~						~												
X	X	1						X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	
X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X				1				X		X	
I	I -	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	ı	I	ı	I	
•	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	~	~	~	~	V	V	~	
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×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Bok	Limiting Sandy Responsa Effects.	Resiliency in Disaster Reliaf	Big Oil Budget	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinaling (1993)	• Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice	Anti-Environmental Farm Rin	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
5	Cleaver	(D)	68	91	86	?	?	?	V	V	X	?	V	V	V	
6	Graves, S.	(R)	7	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	_	_	X	X	X	
7	Long	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
8	Emerson*	(R)	o	9	7	?	?	?	1	①	①	①	①	①	①	
8	Smith, J.*	(R)	4		4	①	①	①	①	①	V	X	X	X	X	
MON	NTANA															
AL	Daines	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
NEB	RASKA															
1	Fortenberry	(R)	4	21	23	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
2	Terry	(R)	4	10	9	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
3	Smith, Adrian	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
NEV	'ADA															
1	Titus	(D)	93		94	~	>	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
2	Amodei	(R)	4	2	3	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Heck, J.	(R)	14	9	10	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	V	X	X	
4	Horsford**	(D)	54		54	~	V	~	~	V	X	X	~	~	~	
NEV	V HAMPSHIRE															
1	Shea-Porter	(D)	96		95	~	>	~	~	>	X	V	~	~	V	
2	Kuster	(D)	96		96	~	~	~	~	V	X	~	V	V	~	
NEV	V JERSEY															
1	Andrews	(D)	93	90	91	V	>	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
2	LoBiondo	(R)	25	47	63	~	>	V	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	
3	Runyan	(R)	18	17	17	~	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	
4	Smith, C.	(R)	29	50	68	~	>	V	X	X	X	~	~	X	~	
5	Garrett	(R)	11	10	11	X	X	V	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
6	Pallone	(D)	75	97	95	~	>	~	~	>	X	?	~	~	~	
7	Lance	(R)	21	26	31	V	X	V	X	X	V	X	V	X	V	
8	Sires	(D)	89	86	88	~	~	~	~	~	?	~	~	~	~	
8	Sires	(D)	89	86	88	~	V	~	~	~	?	~	~	~	~	

 $^{^{*}}$ Representative Smith was sworn in on June 5 following the resignation of Representative Emerson on January 22.

^{**}Representative Horsford missed a number of votes due to heart surgery.

Clean Water Protections	V	V	•	ⓑ ✓	•	Social Cost of Carbon	₩ 🗸	® ?	Safeguards Shutdown	4	?	3 ?	❷ ✓	ॐ	₫	②	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
(i) ×	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X	① X					
^	^	_	^	_	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
•	V	~	V	~	V	V	V	V	>	X	>	V	V	~	>	V	~
×	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	X	>	~	~	~	>	~	~
•	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	>	V	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	V	V	V	~	~	~	V	~	~
~	~	X	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	>	>	~	V	~	>	~	~
X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~
×	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	>	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
~	~	~	~	~	?	?	?	?	?	Y	>	~	~	~	>	~	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	>	X	X	X	X	X	X
~	~	~	~	~	?	X	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

KEY =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Doc	Limiting Sandy Response Effect.	Resiliency in Disaster Reliaf	Big Oil Budget	Seystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline (1771)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice	 Anti-Environmental Farm Rill 	Drilling in Bristol Bay	Offshore Drilling	
9	Pascrell	(D)	96	86	92	V	V	V	~	>	X	V	V	V	~	
10	Payne	(D)	93		93	~	~	~	~	?	X	V	V	V	~	
11	Frelinghuysen	(R)	11	21	42	V	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	
12	Holt	(D)	64	99	96	~	~	~	~	V	X	?	~	~	~	
NEW	MEXICO															
1	Lujan Grisham, M.	(D)	89		89	V	V	V	V	>	X	X	V	V	V	
2	Pearce	(R)	4	6	4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
3	Luján, B.	(D)	93	97	96	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
NEW	YORK															
1	Bishop, T.	(D)	89	90	94	V	V	V	V	>	X	X	V	V	~	
2	King, P.	(R)	14	11	18	~	~	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Israel	(D)	93	99	96	V	V	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	~	
4	McCarthy, C.*	(D)	N/A	87	92	~	~	~	Y	>	?	?	?	?	?	
5	Meeks, G.	(D)	86	87	88	V	V	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	~	
6	Meng	(D)	89		89	~	~	~	Y	>	X	~	~	~	~	
7	Velázquez	(D)	96	91	92	V	V	V	V	>	X	~	V	V	V	
8	Jeffries	(D)	89		89	V	V	V	V	>	X	~	~	~	~	
9	Clarke, Y.	(D)	96	91	92	V	V	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
10	Nadler	(D)	96	96	96	V	V	V	~	>	X	~	~	~	~	
11	Grimm	(R)	14	13	13	V	V	V	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	
12	Maloney, C.	(D)	96	97	95	~	V	~	~	>	X	~	~	~	~	
13	Rangel	(D)	96	80	82	V	V	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	~	
14	Crowley	(D)	96	93	95	V	V	V	V	>	X	~	~	~	~	
15	Serrano	(D)	93	94	90	V	V	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
16	Engel	(D)	93	93	92	~	~	~	?	>	X	~	~	~	~	
17	Lowey	(D)	96	94	93	V	V	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
18	Maloney, S.	(D)	79		79	~	~	~	~	X	X	X	~	X	~	

 $^{^{\}ast}\,$ Representative McCarthy missed a majority of votes due to illness.

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountaintage	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Clean Me.	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	Safeguards Shutdown	Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review.	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input &	National Ocean Policy		Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	V	~
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-	V	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
V	V	X														~	
X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	×	×	X	×
	~	X	~							()				~			
V	•	^	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	~	~		~	~	
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	×
V	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
•	V	~	V	V	V	X	V	X	V	?	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	X	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	>	>	~
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	>	>	~
~	~	X	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	?	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
•	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	~	V	V	~
~	~	~	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
×	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
~	~	V	V	~	~	V	~	V	V	>	V	V	~	~	~	~	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
•	~	V	V	~	?	V	~	V	V	>	V	V	~	V	~	~	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	>	~	V	V	V	~	~	~
~	~	X	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Doct	Umiting Sandy Response Efforts	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	◆ Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeling (1771)	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice	Anti-Environmental Farm Rill	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
19	Gibson, C.	(R)	43	29	33	X	X	~	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	
20	Tonko	(D)	93	96	96	~	>	~	~	~	X	X	V	~	~	
21	Owens	(D)	50	57	56	V	>	V	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	
22	Hanna	(R)	11	23	19	~	X	~	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
23	Reed, T.	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
24	Maffei	(D)	86		90	~	>	~	~	V	X	X	~	~	~	
25	Slaughter	(D)	86	73	90	V	>	~	V	V	X	?	?	V	V	
26	Higgins	(D)	93	90	92	V	>	~	V	~	X	X	~	V	V	
27	Collins, C.	(R)	4		4	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NOF	RTH CAROLINA															1
1	Butterfield	(D)	86	91	88	V	V	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	
2	Ellmers	(R)	0	9	6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Jones	(R)	18	29	24	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	V	X	X	
4	Price, D.	(D)	93	96	88	~	>	~	V	~	X	X	~	~	~	
5	Foxx	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
6	Coble	(R)	4	9	12	X	>	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	
7	McIntyre	(D)	32	40	53	V	V	~	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	
8	Hudson	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
9	Pittenger	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	V	X	X	
10	McHenry	(R)	0	6	3	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	
11	Meadows	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
12	Watt	(D)	96	94	92	~	>	~	~	~	X	~	~	V	~	
13	Holding	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
	RTH DAKOTA															ı
AL	Cramer	(R)	4		4	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
OHI		(5)		10	10	V	10	10	10		4		4			ı
1	Chabot	(R)	7	10	18	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	4	X	X	
2	Wenstrup	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	~	×	~	X	X	

⊖ Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountaint	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Clean W.	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Foracts	Protecting Public Input & Environment of the American Protecting Public Input & Protecting Publi	National Ocean Policy	₿ Big Oil Giveaway	⊗ Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
X	>	X	V	~	X	V	X	V	X	X	V	V	~	X	X	V	~
~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
X	X	X	X	V	X	V	V	V	V	X	V	X	V	V	X	V	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	X	Y	>	V	V	V	V	V	Y	V
V		X		V		V			*	*				V		*	V
×	×	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	×	X	X	X	X	X	×	×
~	¥	~	~	~	~	X	V	X	~	~	~	V	~	~	~	~	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	V	V	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
~	>	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	Y	>	~	~	~	~	~	Y	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	V	X	Y	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
, .		, .		, .	,			V	V	\ \ \	,	V	V	V	V	V	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
x	X	×	X	×	X	x	x	x	x	X	X	x	X	×	X	x	×

KEY = X = (i) = ? =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Dof	Limiting Sandy Response Efforts	Resiliency in Disaster Reliaf	Big Oil Budget	• Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline (1771)	• Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practices	 Anti-Environmental Farm Riu 	Drilling in Bristol Bay	Offshore Drilling	
3	Beatty	(D)	93		93	V	>	>	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
4	Jordan	(R)	7	9	6	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
5	Latta	(R)	0	7	4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
6	Johnson, B.	(R)	0	7	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
7	Gibbs, B.	(R)	4	7	6	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
8	Boehner	(R)	N/A	N/A	2	TH	E SPEA	KER C	F THE	HOUS	E VOTE	S AT F	IIS DIS	CRETIC	ON.	I
9	Kaptur	(D)	82	86	78	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	?	?	
10	Turner	(R)	7	9	10	X	X	>	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
11	Fudge	(D)	89	91	92	V	>	>	V	>	X	V	V	~	~	
12	Tiberi	(R)	4	11	12	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
13	Ryan, T.	(D)	93	89	91	V	>	>	V	>	X	V	V	~	V	
14	Joyce	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×	
15	Stivers	(R)	4	10	8	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
16	Renacci	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
OKL	AHOMA															
1	Bridenstine	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
2	Mullin	(R)	0		0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
3	Lucas	(R)	11	7	5	~	X	>	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
4	Cole	(R)	11	7	7	~	X	>	X	?	~	X	X	X	X	
5	Lankford	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
ORE	GON															
1	Bonamici	(D)	96	97	97	~	>	>	V	>	X	~	~	~	~	
2	Walden	(R)	0	13	12	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	
3	Blumenauer	(D)	96	97	95	V	>	>	V	>	V	V	V	~	~	
4	DeFazio	(D)	93	87	90	~	>	>	V	>	X	~	~	~	~	
5	Schrader	(D)	71	76	77	V	>	>	V	>	X	X	X	~	~	
PEN	NSYLVANIA															ı
1	Brady, R.	(D)	89	93	83	V	>	>	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
2	Fattah	(D)	89	91	89	~	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountainton	Clean Energy Funding	A Assault on Clean Energy & Clean M	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	● Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	Hardrock Mining	🗷 Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental Decision	National Ocean Policy	Big Oil Giveaway	Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
~	~	V	V	V	X	~	V	V	V	V	~	>	V	~	V	V	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X E SPEA	KER C	F THE	HOUSI	X E VOTE	S AT H	IIS DIS	CRETIC	X ON.	?	X	X	X
~	V	X	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	V	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	V	V	>	>	V	V	V	V
×	×	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	×
•	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	>	V	V	V	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
	ı	ı	l	l		I	l	l						I	ı		
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	*	*	*	^	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	^	^	X	X
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
•	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	?	V	>	V	V	V	V	~
~	~	~	V	V	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	×	>	~	~	~	~
•	X	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	>	X	X	X	V	V	V	~
~	~	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	~	V	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	?	?	~	~	~	~	~

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife D. C	Limiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	◆ Big Oil Budget		• Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practices	 Anti-Environmental Farm Rill 	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	❸ Offshore Drilling	
3	Kelly, M.	(R)	4	7	6	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
4	Perry	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
5	Thompson, G.	(R)	4	10	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
6	Gerlach	(R)	14	30	41	X	>	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
7	Meehan	(R)	7	13	11	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	
8	Fitzpatrick	(R)	25	46	48	X	>	V	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	
9	Shuster	(R)	11	7	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
10	Marino	(R)	7	9	8	~	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
11	Barletta	(R)	4	10	8	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
12	Rothfus	(R)	7		7	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
13	Schwartz	(D)	86	91	94	?	?	?	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
14	Doyle	(D)	82	84	71	~	>	V	V	>	X	V	V	~	V	
15	Dent	(R)	4	20	23	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
16	Pitts	(R)	4	9	8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	
17	Cartwright	(D)	96		96	V	>	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
18	Murphy, T.	(R)	o	11	11	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
RHO	DE ISLAND															
1	Cicilline	(D)	96	97	97	V	>	V	V	>	X	V	V	V	V	
2	Langevin	(D)	86	93	95	~	V	V	~	~	X	~	~	?	~	
SOU	TH CAROLINA															ı
1	Sanford*	(R)	8		39	1	1	1	1	X	X	X	V	X	V	
2	Wilson, J.	(R)	4	6	4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
3	Duncan, Jeff	(R)	7	6	6	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
4	Gowdy	(R)	7	6	6	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
5	Mulvaney	(R)	7	11	10	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
6	Clyburn	(D)	79	81	83	V	>	V	V	?	X	V	V	V	V	
7	Rice	(R)	0		0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

^{*} Representative Sanford was sworn in on May 15 following the appointment of Representative Tim Scott to the Senate.

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountaintain	Clean Energy Funding	A Assault on Clean Energy & Clean Mice	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	Safeguards Shutdown	₩ Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environment - Inc.	National Ocean Policy	★	★	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
X	×	X	×	X	×	×	×	X	×	×	×	×	×	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	>	X	X	~	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	>	X	>	~	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	?	?	?
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	~	V	V	V	~	~	~	V	V	V	>	>	V	V	V	~	~
V	V	V	V	V	X	X	V	?	?	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	¥	Y	Y	Y	Y	×	¥	×	2	2	¥	Y	Y	¥	×
•	•		•					~	•	~	•	•	•			~	· • I
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~
~	V	X	>	V	V	V	V	~	V	~	>	>	?	V	V	~	v
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X		X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
V	~	X	> >	V	X	~	~	?	?	Y	Y Y	Y Y	> >	~	V	>	V
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Bx	Umiting Sandy Response Effects	Resiliency in Disaster Reliaf	◆ Big Oil Budget	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinaling (1991).	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice	Anti-Environmental Farm Rin	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling
	TH DAKOTA														
AL	Noem	(R)	4	10	8	X	X	X	X	X	*	X	X	X	X
	NESSEE														
1	Roe	(R)	0	6	4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2	Duncan, John	(R)	7	7	11	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	V	X	X
3	Fleischmann	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×
4	DesJarlais	(R)	4	4	4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X
5	Cooper	(D)	89	84	79	V	>	X	>	X	~	V	V	V	X
6	Black, D.	(R)	0	9	6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
7	Blackburn, M.	(R)	0	7	3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
8	Fincher	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	?	?
9	Cohen	(D)	96	94	95	V	V	?	V	V	V	V	V	~	~
TEX															
1	Gohmert	(R)	7	7	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	?	X
2	Poe	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X
3	Johnson, S.	(R)	4	4	4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X
4	Hall	(R)	0	6	11	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
5	Hensarling	(R)	7	7	6	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	V	X	X
6	Barton	(R)	0	10	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
7	Culberson	(R)	11	7	5	X	X	~	X	X	~	X	~	X	X
8	Brady, K.	(R)	7	6	4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X
9	Green, A.	(D)	89	77	81	~	>	~	>	X	X	~	~	~	X
10	McCaul	(R)	4	7	8	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X
11	Conaway	(R)	0	6	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
12	Granger	(R)	7	11	6	X	X	~	X	X	~	X	X	X	X
13	Thornberry	(R)	4	4	2	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X
14	Weber	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×
15	Hinojosa	(D)	82	73	66	~	>	V	>	X	X	X	V	X	~
16	O'Rourke	(D)	96		96	~	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountaintee P.	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Closs	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protection	⊕ Nuclear Safety	පී Safeguards Shutdown	W Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review.		Protecting Public Input & Environment of Protecting Public Input &	National Ocean Policy	Big Oil Giveaway	❷ Methane Emissions	🕲 Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	×	?	?
×	X	X	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	X	×	X	×	×	X	X	X
×	X	X	×	X	×	X	×	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	×	X	×	×	×	×	×	X	×	X	×	X	X	X	×
•	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	V	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X ?	?	X	X	X
	~	~								~			:	:	~	~	
•	•	•	*	*	*	•	*	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	_
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	×	X	×	×	×	×	×	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
~	~	~		~		~			~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
×	X	X	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	X	×	X	×	×	X	×	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	X	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
X	X	X	×	X	×	X	×	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	V	X	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	V	~	V	V	~	~
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

KEY =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Dof	Limiting Sandy Response Effects.	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	■ Keystone XL Tar Sands Pinaling (1771).	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice.	Anti-Environmental Farm Riu	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
17	Flores	(R)	4	9	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
18	Jackson Lee	(D)	82	71	76	?	?	?	>	>	X	~	~	~	V	
19	Neugebauer	(R)	4	6	3	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
20	Castro	(D)	96		96	>	>	~	>	>	X	~	~	~	~	
21	Smith, Lamar	(R)	7	7	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	X	X	X	
22	Olson	(R)	0	6	3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
23	Gallego	(D)	64		64	>	>	V	>	>	X	V	V	X	X	
24	Marchant	(R)	7	6	4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
25	Williams	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
26	Burgess	(R)	4	7	4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
27	Farenthold	(R)	0	9	6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
28	Cuellar	(D)	29	50	51	>	>	~	>	X	×	X	X	X	X	
29	Green, G.	(D)	54	67	63	>	>	V	>	X	X	X	V	X	X	
30	Johnson, E.	(D)	93	87	82	>	>	~	>	>	X	~	~	~	~	
31	Carter	(R)	7	10	5	X	X	V	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
32	Sessions, P.	(R)	4	6	3	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
33	Veasey	(D)	93		93	>	>	V	>	>	X	X	V	V	V	
34	Vela	(D)	46		46	>	>	~	>	X	X	~	X	X	X	
35	Doggett	(D)	96	96	97	>	>	~	>	>	X	V	V	V	~	
36	Stockman	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	
UTA	Н															ı
1	Bishop, R.	(R)	4	7	4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	?	?	
2	Stewart	(R)	4		4	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
3	Chaffetz	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
4	Matheson	(D)	25	27	48	X	X	~	~	X	X	X	~	X	X	
	MONT															ı
AL	Welch	(D)	93	93	94	V	V	V	V	V	X	X	V	V	V	

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountainton	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Clean W.	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review.	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental Day	National Ocean Policy	₿ Big Oil Giveaway	Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	V	V	V	>	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	Y	V	Y	>	V	V	>	Y	Y	>	Y
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
×	~	X	~	X	X	~	X	~	~	×	~	~	~	X	~	×	~
×	~	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	V	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	X	×
•	V	X	X	X	X	X	V	V	V	>	V	V	X	X	V	X	~
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	>	V	V	X	~	V	>	~
×	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	>	V	V	V	•
~	~	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	~	~	X	X	~	X	~
•	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	>	V	V	>	V	V	V	~
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?
×	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	~	~	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X
~	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	V	V	V	~	~	~

KEY	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife p.s.	Limiting Sandy Response Effects.	Resiliency in Disaster Reliaf	Big Oil Budget	★ Keystone XL Tar Sands Pineling (Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Drawing	Anti-Environmental Farm p:::	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
VIRG	GINIA															
1	Wittman	(R)	4	24	21	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
2	Rigell	(R)	7	16	13	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	X	X	
3	Scott, R.	(D)	96	97	88	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
4	Forbes	(R)	4	10	6	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	X	
5	Hurt	(R)	7	7	7	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	
6	Goodlatte	(R)	7	7	8	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	~	?	X	
7	Cantor	(R)	4	7	4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
8	Moran, James	(D)	96	96	88	~	V	V	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
9	Griffith	(R)	4	11	9	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
10	Wolf	(R)	21	29	28	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	
11	Connolly	(D)	96	97	97	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
WAS	SHINGTON															
1	DelBene	(D)	96		96	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	~	
2	Larsen, R.	(D)	89	93	89	~	~	~	~	~	X	?	?	~	~	
3	Herrera Beutler*	(R)	4	11	9	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	V	X	
4	Hastings, D.	(R)	4	6	3	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
5	McMorris Rodgers	(R)	4	7	4	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	?	?	
6	Kilmer	(D)	93		93	~	V	V	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
7	McDermott	(D)	96	96	91	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
8	Reichert	(R)	21	40	48	X	V	V	X	X	~	X	X	~	X	
9	Smith, Adam	(D)	89	93	91	V	V	V	V	V	X	V	V	?	?	
10	Heck, D.	(D)	96		96	~	~	~	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
WES	ST VIRGINIA															1
1	McKinley	(R)	7	9	8	X	X	X	V	X	V	X	X	X	X	
2	Capito	(R)	4	13	21	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
3	Rahall	(D)	46	51	64	~	V	V	~	V	X	X	X	~	X	

 $^{^{*}}$ Representative Herrera Beutler missed a number of votes following the birth of her daughter.

	Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountaintop Removal	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Clean W.	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	⊕ Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental Description	Mational Ocean Policy		Methane Emissions	Ban on Federal Fracking Safeguards
X	: ;	K	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	; ;	K	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
~	•		V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	~	V	~	~
X		K	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X		K	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X
X		K	X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
×		K	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	X	×	×	×	×
X		K	X	×	X	×	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X
X			X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	X	\ \ \	X	X	X	,	X	X
•			V	·	>	V	>	>	>	V	>	>	>	·	·	V	·	·
•	•		•	V	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	V	V	V	V	~
~	' \		~	~	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	~	~	~	~	~
×	: ;	K	X	X	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
X		K	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X		K	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X
~			X	~	Y	Y	>	>	>	Y	>	>	Y	~	~	~	>	~
V			Y	V	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	V	Y	V	V	V	Y	Y
X		4	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	>	X	X	X	X	X	X
~			Y	Y	> >	> >	> >	> >	> >	> >	> >	> >	> >	Y	Y	Y	> >	Y
*			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	Y	*	Y	*	•
X	: ;	K	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X		K	x	×	X	×	X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	×
X	:)	K	X	X	X	X	X	X	>	>	>	>	X	X	V	V	V	X

HOUSE VOTES

x = (i) =	Pro-environment action Anti-environment action Ineligible to vote Absence (counts as negative)		% 2013	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	McKinney National Wildlife Refuse	Limiting Sandy Response Efforts	Resiliency in Disaster Relief	Big Oil Budget	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline (KX),	Flood Insurance Reform	Agricultural Conservation Practice	Anti-Environmental Farm p.:.	 Drilling in Bristol Bay 	Offshore Drilling	
WIS	CONSIN								,		'					
1	Ryan, P.	(R)	4	4	13	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	×	
2	Pocan	(D)	96		96	~	V	>	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
3	Kind	(D)	89	86	90	X	V	>	V	V	X	V	V	V	V	
4	Moore	(D)	93	86	92	~	V	>	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	
5	Sensenbrenner	(R)	11	7	31	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	~	X	×	
6	Petri	(R)	11	7	42	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	×	
7	Duffy	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	V	X	X	X	X	
8	Ribble	(R)	4	6	5	X	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X	X	
WYC	MING															
AL	Lummis	(R)	o	10	7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

Clean Water Protections	Water Pollution from Mountaintage	Clean Energy Funding	Assault on Clean Energy & Clean W.	Restriction on Dirty Fuels	Toxic Coal Ash	Social Cost of Carbon	Blocking Public Health Protections	Nuclear Safety	😂 Safeguards Shutdown	B Hardrock Mining	Attack on Judicial Review	Decimating America's Forests	Protecting Public Input & Environmental December 2019	National Ocean Policy	₿ Big Oil Giveaway	Methane Emissions Methane Emiss	Ban on Federal Fracking Safarussa.	Shangaine
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