- 1 {York Stenographic Services, Inc.}
- 2 RPTS BROWN
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This is a preliminary transcript of a Committee hearing. It has not yet been subject to a review process to ensure that the statements within are appropriately attributed to the witness or member of Congress who made them, to determine whether there are any inconsistencies between the statement within and what was actually said at the proceeding, or to make any other corrections to ensure the accuracy of the record.

- 4 MARKUP ON H.R. 1582, ENERGY CONSUMERS RELIEF ACT OF 2013;
- 5 H.R. 1900, NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PERMITTING REFORM ACT;
- 6 H.R. 83, TO REQUIRE THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR TO ASSEMBLE
- 7 A TEAM OF TECHNICAL, POLICY, AND FINANCIAL EXPERTS TO ADDRESS
- 8 THE ENERGY NEEDS OF THE INSULAR AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES
- 9 AND THE FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES THROUGH THE DEVELOPMENT OF
- 10 ACTION PLANS AIMED AT REDUCING RELIANCE ON IMPORTED FOSSIL
- 11 FUELS AND INCREASING USE OF INDIGENOUS CLEAN-ENERGY
- 12 RESOURCES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES;
- 13 H.R. 2094, SCHOOL ACCESS TO EMERGENCY EPINEPHRINE ACT;
- 14 H.R. 698, HIV ORGAN POLICY EQUITY ACT (HOPE ACT); AND
- 15 H.R. 2052, GLOBAL INVESTMENT IN AMERICAN JOBS ACT OF 2013
- 16 WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 2013
- 17 House of Representatives,
- 18 Committee on Energy and Commerce,
- 19 Washington, D.C.

20 The Committee met, pursuant to call, at 10:02 a.m., in

- 21 Room 2123 of the Rayburn House Office Building, Hon. Fred
- 22 Upton [Chairman of the Committee] presiding.
- 23 Members present: Representatives Upton, Hall, Barton,
- 24 Whitfield, Shimkus, Pitts, Walden, Terry, Rogers, Murphy,
- 25 Burgess, Blackburn, Gingrey, Scalise, Latta, McMorris
- 26 Rodgers, Harper, Lance, Cassidy, Guthrie, Olson, McKinley,
- 27 Gardner, Pompeo, Kinzinger, Griffith, Bilirakis, Johnson,
- 28 Long, Ellmers, Waxman, Dingell, Pallone, Rush, Eshoo, Engel,
- 29 Green, Capps, Doyle, Schakowsky, Matheson, Butterfield,
- 30 Barrow, Matsui, Christensen, Castor, Sarbanes, McNerney,
- 31 Braley, Welch, Lujan, and Tonko.
- 32 Staff present: Nick Abraham, Legislative Clerk;
- 33 Charlotte Baker, Press Secretary; Mike Bloomquist, General
- 34 Counsel; Sean Bonyun, Communications Director; Matt Bravo,
- 35 Professional Staff Member; Allison Busbee, Policy
- 36 Coordinator, Energy & Power; Patrick Currier, Counsel, Energy
- 37 & Power; Marty Dannenfelser, Senior Advisor, Health Policy &
- 38 Coalitions; Brenda Destro, Professional Staff Member, Health;
- 39 Tom Hassenboehler, Chief Counsel, Energy & Power; Brittany
- 40 Havens, Legislative Clerk; Peter Kielty, Deputy General
- 41 Counsel; Jason Knox, Counsel, Energy & Power; Brandon Mooney,
- 42 Professional Staff Member; Andrew Powaleny, Deputy Press

- 43 Secretary; Michelle Ash, Democratic Chief Counsel, Commerce,
- 44 Manufacturing, and Trade; Jeff Baran, Democratic Senior
- 45 Counsel; Phil Barnett, Democratic Staff Director; Jen
- 46 Berenholz, Democratic Chief Clerk; Alison Cassady, Democratic
- 47 Senior Professional Staff Member; Greg Dotson, Democratic
- 48 Staff Director, Energy and Environment; Caitlin Haberman,
- 49 Democratic Policy Analyst; Bruce Ho, Democratic Counsel; Ruth
- 50 Katz, Democratic Chief Public Health Counsel; Karen
- 51 Lightfoot, Democratic Communications Director and Senior
- 52 Policy Advisor; Roger Sherman, Democratic Chief Counsel;
- 53 Alexandra Teitz, Democratic Senior Counsel, Environment and
- 54 Energy; and Will Wallace, Democratic Policy Analyst.

55 H.R. 1582

10:02 a.m.

- 57 The {Chairman.} Good morning, everyone. The Committee
- 58 will come to order.
- 59 And at the conclusion of the opening statements yesterday,
- 60 the chair called up H.R. 1582, and the bill was open for
- 61 amendments at any point. Are there any bipartisan amendments
- 62 to the bill?
- 63 [H.R. 1582 follows:]
- 64 ************* INSERT A **********

65 The {Chairman.} Seeing none, we will go to other 66 amendments. The chair would recognize the gentleman from Texas for 67 what purpose? 68 69 Mr. {Barton.} Mr. Chairman, I have an amendment at the 70 desk. 71 The {Chairman.} The clerk will report the title of the 72 amendment. The {Clerk.} Amendment to the committee print of H.R. 73 74 1582 offered by Mr. Barton of Texas. 75 [The amendment of Mr. Barton follows:]

********** INSERT 1 *********

- 77 The {Chairman.} And the amendment will be considered as
- 78 read. The text of the amendment will be given to the
- 79 Members, and the gentleman from Texas is recognized for 5
- 80 minutes in support of his amendment.
- 81 Mr. {Barton.} I thank the chairman. At the markup at
- 82 subcommittee, we had a very lengthy and spirited discussion
- 83 with Ranking Member Rush of the subcommittee and Ranking
- 84 Member Waxman of the full committee about an amendment that
- 85 Mr. Rush had put into play that went into some detail on
- 86 estimating the benefits of specific rules and also the cost.
- 87 There was some discussion about accepting the Rush amendment
- 88 as is. There was some discussion about withdrawing it. But
- 89 at the end of the markup, there was a decision to continue to
- 90 work with Mr. Rush with no guarantees either way, that the
- 91 minority would accept a compromise, nor was there a quarantee
- 92 that the majority would accept it.
- 93 But in any event, a good faith effort was made to find a
- 94 middle ground between the minority and the majority and my
- 95 staff indicates to me that those discussions were serious and
- 96 that they were heartfelt but that no compromise could be
- 97 agreed upon.
- Onsequently, this amendment is my attempt, in the
- 99 spirit of what we agreed to do at the subcommittee markup, to

- 100 incorporate as much of the Rush amendment as we could and to
- 101 the Barton amendment and then move forward. So this
- 102 amendment would try to delineate the relationship between the
- 103 Department of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency
- 104 and also give some additional definition to exactly how you
- 105 define benefits and costs and how you calculate them.
- I will say, Mr. Chairman, while this was not a part of
- 107 the discussion, my staff has given me information about the
- 108 so-called social cost of carbon that the EPA has begun to use
- 109 when trying to estimate both the benefits of some of their
- 110 rules and the cost if you were not to implement these new
- 111 rules. I have spent some time trying to understand the
- 112 social cost of carbon, and as far as I can determine, it is
- 113 an elegant way to basically, when you propose a rule, you can
- 114 plug in certain numbers and you can get any benefit that you
- 115 want from it using various discounts and rates of returns and
- 116 net present values.
- I am not going to in this amendment but at some point in
- 118 the future, I may introduce a bill or may even ask the full
- 119 committee or subcommittee to hold a hearing on the social
- 120 cost of carbon and how it is calculated and how in the world
- 121 the EPA was able to just out of the blue begin to use this
- 122 particular calculation with no direction from the Congress.
- But that is another issue, and for purposes of this day,

- 124 I simply offer the amendment to the bill and would hope that
- 125 we would agree to it.
- The {Chairman.} Does the gentleman yield back?
- 127 Mr. {Barton.} I am happy to yield back.
- 128 The {Chairman.} The chair would recognize the gentleman
- 129 from California, Mr. Waxman.
- 130 Mr. {Waxman.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- The underlying bill mandates a skewed analysis of
- important EPA rules by requiring DOE to pretend that the
- 133 rules provide absolutely no benefits. And then the bill
- 134 indefinitely delays or even blocks those rules based on that
- one-sided analysis.
- 136 At last week's subcommittee markup, Mr. Rush offered an
- 137 amendment to ensure that the benefits of EPA rules are
- 138 considered in the analysis of the rules and the final
- 139 determination as to whether those rules should be blocked.
- 140 Many of these rules have huge benefits to public health and
- 141 consumers. Mr. Rush's amendment was rejected but the
- 142 majority staff shared this new amendment with our staff and
- 143 we requested additional changes but those changes were not
- 144 made.
- 145 As a result, this Republican amendment is a minor
- 146 improvement to a very bad bill. I don't object to the
- 147 amendment but it does not fix the serious problem with this

- 148 bill. The bill still allows DOE to veto EPA public health
- 149 rules. And it still creates a costly and duplicative review
- 150 process for EPA rules. Because there are no deadlines for
- 151 this cumbersome process, important EPA rules can be delayed
- 152 indefinitely.
- The amendment does not even fully address the concerns
- 154 Mr. Rush raised last week. With this amendment, DOE's
- 155 analysis of EPA rules still focuses on the negative factors.
- 156 The amendment directs DOE to look only at any adverse effects
- on energy costs, energy supply, and electrical reliability.
- 158 That is a skewed approach that paints EPA rules in the worst
- 159 possible light, ignoring the important benefits.
- 160 Yet in his opening statement, the Chairman of the Energy
- 161 and Power Subcommittee argued that we must pass this
- 162 legislation because EPA should have done a better job
- 163 analyzing the Mercury and Air Toxics Standard Rule. He said
- the EPA underestimated how many coal plants would choose to
- 165 shut down instead of clean up their toxic mercury pollution.
- 166 But the chairman appears to be attributing every electric
- 167 utility decision to increase the use of natural gas at the
- 168 expense of coal over the last few years to the EPA rule
- 169 itself. That doesn't make sense.
- When you talk about energy experts and the electrical
- 171 utilities, you learn that the price of natural gas, not rules

- 172 under the Clean Air Act, has been the key factor in this
- 173 transition from coal to natural gas. In fact, as the price
- 174 of natural gas has increased over the past few months, the
- 175 use of coal has started to increase as well. Those are
- 176 called market forces, not related to regulation, but market
- 177 forces. They have an impact.
- 178 Every year, EPA's mercury rule will help reduce mercury
- 179 pollution, prevent up to 11,000 premature deaths, deliver up
- 180 to \$90 billion in benefits to the Nation. It is a tremendous
- 181 success story that will deliver up to \$9 of benefits for
- 182 every dollar spent. That this rule should be the poster
- 183 child for the kind of public health rule this legislation is
- 184 designed to block shows just how misquided this legislation
- 185 truly is.
- The amendment before us will be adopted and it is an
- 187 improvement because we will be looking at some of the
- 188 benefits and not just the costs, but regardless of this
- 189 amendment, the bill remains deeply flawed. Nothing in this
- 190 amendment changes the fact that this bill is an assault on
- 191 public health and environmental protections.
- I thank you, Mr. Chairman, yield back my time.
- 193 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back. Are there
- other Members wishing to speak on the amendment?
- 195 The gentleman from Louisiana is recognized.

- 196 Dr. {Cassidy.} Yes, I speak in favor of the amendment.
- 197 The amendment clearly says page 2, lines 4 and 5, that the
- 198 cost and benefits of the rules shall be considered and their
- 199 limitations. And I think, although my colleague from
- 200 California speaks kind of rosily of the analyses performed by
- 201 the EPA, my poster child for the problem is the EPA
- 202 formaldehyde law rule which the National Academy of Sciences
- 203 said that no way could support their conclusions. And you
- 204 may recall that when they came and testified I asked whether
- 205 these scientists would allow that analysis to be published in
- 206 a peer-reviewed journal and they said they would not.
- 207 So the issue is that the EPA's science does not support
- 208 their conclusions but they will promulgate a rule which will
- 209 have deleterious effects upon the economy, upon employment,
- 210 and upon the health insurance benefits of those employees.
- 211 As a physician, I know that someone's economic standing
- 212 greatly influences their health.
- One of the primary determinates of someone's health is
- 214 how wealthy they are. If they have a good job with good
- 215 benefits, they are in better health. If you have legislation
- 216 which is crafted upon faulty methodology which outside
- 217 agencies strongly critique, and in the meantime it costs jobs
- 218 and people lose these good benefits and lose these good
- 219 wages, not only does the worker but her family and her

- 220 children, her husband, their spouse, you name it, their
- 221 health statistically is prone to suffer.
- 222 So if we were basing this upon great methodology, I
- 223 would be a little bit okay with it. As it turns out, I do
- 224 think this amendment does allow those costs and benefits of
- 225 the health benefits to be considered and I will also have an
- 226 independent review of just how well the EPA is doing their
- methodology.
- Lastly, I will just say about market forces, market
- 229 forces also include the price of compliance with regulation,
- 230 and so if you make a regulatory regime more onerous, then
- 231 clearly that is going to factor into the market force moving
- 232 from one fuel to the other. With that--
- 233 Mr. {Whitfield.} Will the gentleman yield?
- 234 Dr. {Cassidy.} I yield.
- 235 Mr. {Whitfield.} I thank the gentleman for yielding. I
- 236 just want to make a comment that Mr. Cassidy's legislation in
- 237 my view brings real transparency to the process at EPA.
- 238 Everyone keeps talking about that his amendment did not
- 239 really include benefits. The truth of the matter is when EPA
- 240 does their analysis, they do an exceptionally good job of
- 241 calculating benefits. As a matter fact, they not
- 242 infrequently overestimate benefits.
- 243 So the mere fact that EPA already looks at benefits and

- 244 now there is nothing in this legislation that precludes this
- 245 commission that I will call it to look at benefits as well.
- 246 And a reference was made to utility MACT earlier and
- 247 when EPA came to Congress to testify about all the benefits
- 248 of utility MACT, the only thing basically that they talked
- 249 about publicly was the significant reduction in mercury
- 250 emissions, and yet we know from the hearings that we had that
- 251 the documentation at EPA showed that the benefits did not
- 252 come from mercury reduction but came from particulate matter
- 253 reduction. So in my view they were misleading the American
- 254 public. And any legislation that will bring more
- 255 transparency to this process, I think, will be beneficial to
- 256 all of us.
- 257 And I would yield back to the gentleman. Thank you.
- 258 Dr. {Cassidy.} Yes, reclaiming my time, I would also
- 259 point out that a sharp critique from public health experts
- 260 exactly how EPA calculated the benefits from that particulate
- 261 matter reduction, and so again I think that this will allow
- 262 that sort of--we shouldn't fear it, that transparency that
- 263 will make hopefully good laws better or bad laws not able to
- 264 destroy jobs of hard-working Americans. If no one else wants
- 265 my time, I will yield back.
- 266 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back. Are there
- other Members wishing to speak on the amendment?

- 268 Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman?
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman from Illinois is
- 270 recognized for 5 minutes.
- 271 Mr. {Rush.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 272 Mr. Chairman, I appreciate my friend from Texas' attempt
- 273 to add elements of my amendment that I introduced in
- 274 subcommittee in order to require an analysis of some of the
- 275 benefits, as well as an extensive list of costs of the EPA
- 276 rules. However, Mr. Chairman, the language of Mr. Barton's
- 277 amendment does not include the in-depth analysis for all of
- 278 the benefits just has it does for the underlying bill as it
- 279 relates to cost.
- And even more importantly, Mr. Chairman, the bill still
- 281 allows the Department of Energy to veto the EPA rules which
- 282 again I want to remind Members is absolutely unprecedented.
- 283 So, Mr. Chairman, it is for those reasons that I cannot
- 284 support the underlying bill, although I will support Mr.
- 285 Barton's amendment.
- And Mr. Chairman, I yield the balance of my time to the
- 287 ranking member, Mr. Waxman.
- 288 Mr. {Waxman.} Thank you for yielding to me. I just
- 289 want to push back at the comments that Mr. Cassidy just made
- 290 bringing up the National Academy of Sciences' review of EPA's
- 291 draft formaldehyde assessment. I am not sure why we are

- 292 talking about this review in the context of the bill because
- 293 EPA's assessment is not an energy-related rule. In fact, it
- 294 is not a rule at all. The draft assessment is simply a
- 295 scientific analysis of hazard data.
- 296 The argument appears to be that EPA did not perform a
- 297 thorough and scientific assessment of formaldehyde, and
- 298 therefore, the Department of Energy should be required to
- 299 veto important public health protections. But that is not
- 300 with the National Academy said. The National Academy agreed
- 301 with the EPA that formaldehyde exposure may cause a decrease
- 302 in pulmonary function. They agreed with EPA that there was
- 303 sufficient evidence of a causal association between
- 304 formaldehyde and certain cancers. They also agree with EPA
- 305 that there was a causal relationship between formaldehyde
- 306 exposure and lesions of the upper respiratory tract, sensory
- 307 irritation, and allergic sensitization.
- 308 While the National Academy didn't agree with everything
- 309 that EPA found in its draft formaldehyde assessment, they did
- 310 not reject EPA's basic finding that formaldehyde exposure is
- 311 linked to several serious health issues, including cancer.
- 312 And we should keep in mind that this was a draft
- 313 assessment and experts at EPA are still working to
- 314 incorporate the review comments that they received. That is
- 315 an essential part of a science-based and risk-based

- 316 regulation.
- But in the context of today's markup, the National
- 318 Academy's review of EPA's draft formaldehyde assessment does
- 319 not tell us anything about EPA's energy rules, nor does it
- 320 tell us anything about the methods that EPA uses to calculate
- 321 the benefits and costs of its rules, and it does nothing to
- 322 inform the Committee about whether we should get DOE an
- 323 unprecedented veto power over EPA's rules.
- I thank the gentleman for yielding so I can raise those
- 325 points because otherwise I think the previous statements
- 326 might be misleading.
- 327 Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman, if there is anybody else on
- 328 my side who would like to--I yield to the chairman emeritus
- 329 of the committee, Mr. Dingell.
- 330 Mr. {Dingell.} I want to thank my good friend.
- I want to tell the author of the amendment that this is
- 332 said with a great deal of respect and affection, but we have
- 333 a proposal here which is very bad. We have a very complex
- 334 rulemaking which has to take place by the EPA.
- First, they find the health, then they find the economic
- 336 consequences and they make a number of other things, and all
- 337 this is subject to lawsuit at every turn of the road.
- 338 Industry is not able to get quick decisions; this is one of
- 339 the things that is causing industry all manner of trouble

- 340 because they can't make the decisions because they don't have
- 341 clarity to the process.
- 342 So what we are doing here today with this legislation is
- 343 adding a new level of convolution and obfuscation and
- 344 litigation. The lawyers are going to love this and industry
- 345 is going to find that this is going to confuse the process
- 346 still more and leave us with a situation where we are not
- 347 able to accomplish our basic purposes of having speedy and
- 348 efficient government operate at relatively modest cost.
- 349 There is a whole new overlay of responsibility that is going
- 350 to take place and other under this legislation.
- 351 And it so happened that already the different agencies
- 352 are compelled to comment on this and that includes the
- 353 Department of Energy, which has to comment on this to the
- 354 Office of Management and Budget as a process goes forward.
- 355 So what we are doing is spreading a magnificent level of
- 356 confusion, affording a wonderful opportunity for there to be
- 357 lots of litigation and lawsuits and trouble and difficulty
- 358 over all kinds of questions, including when is there 1
- 359 billion which is given, which is going to be caused by the
- 360 particular proposal? Is that over 6 weeks, 6 months, 6
- 361 years, or 60 years? Nobody knows. But we don't have any
- 362 answers to those questions because we have had no significant
- 363 hearings and no opportunity to learn what is going on. So

- 364 the merciful thing that I can say about this piece of
- 365 legislation is it is not going to become law because the
- 366 Senate is not going to take it up. It is not going to be
- 367 signed into law by the President. I am sure it is going to
- 368 be--
- 369 Mr. {Barton.} Mr. Chairman, I love the chairman
- 370 emeritus but he is a minute-and-a-half over.
- The {Chairman.} Yes.
- 372 Mr. {Dingell.} Pardon?
- 373 Mr. {Barton.} I said I love you, Mr. Chairman Emeritus,
- 374 but you are a minute-and-a-half over.
- 375 Mr. {Dingell.} You have my apologies, gentleman. I am
- 376 so enthusiastic about this amendment that I lost control of
- 377 the time.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time from Illinois has
- 379 expired. Are there further Members wishing to speak on the
- 380 amendment?
- The gentleman from Texas is recognized for 5 minutes.
- Mr. {Olson.} I thank the chair and I would like to
- 383 yield the balance of my time to my colleague from Louisiana,
- 384 the author of the bill, Mr. Cassidy.
- 385 Dr. {Cassidy.} Thank you, Mr. Olson.
- Just a couple of responses to Mr. Waxman.
- 387 Yes, the formaldehyde bill is not an energy bill but it

388 certainly reflects a methodology. I don't think we have to 389 be so literal as to understand the inner workings as best we 390 can of EPA. And there is a process by which it can be 391 reviewed. Texas DEQ had to throw everybody on board because 392 they were given such a short window to review. The comment 393 period in Texas is a big State, lots of resources. 394 to unwind the methodology that was used in the regression 395 analysis and it was very difficult but this big State was 396 able to do it. And so now it took them 6 weeks but that was 397 all the time to do or something like that. It was some short 398 period of time. I don't have it in front of me. 399 And the National Academy of Sciences is not so sanguine 400 about the formaldehyde review as you suggest. I don't have 401 that review of front of me but I recall parts of it. 402 cancer that was caused was in rats. It was nasal laryngeal 403 and the National Academy of Sciences can't deny that it 404 caused cancer in the nasal passages of rats, but the National 405 Academy of Sciences wasn't quite so endorsing this would pose 406 the harm to humans that EPA suggested. 407 So in the same way--granted it is not energy--we see EPA 408 casting out a rule which will have a negative impact upon 409 employment, therefore people working, therefore people with 410 wages and benefits that can pay for their healthcare,

therefore their health, and they are doing it on something

- 412 which was not transparent.
- 413 Texas DEQ had a very difficult time doing this.
- 414 National Academy of Sciences specifically criticized the lack
- 415 of transparency in the methodology section, and indeed, some
- 416 of the conclusions were not warranted.
- I think it is reasonable to ask EPA to be a little bit
- 418 more forthcoming in how they arrive at their conclusions to
- 419 allow that American worker whose job may be destroyed to at
- 420 least know if it is valid that it should be so destroyed.
- 421 I yield back--
- 422 Mr. {Hall.} Does the gentleman yield?
- 423 Dr. {Cassidy.} It is his time to control. No, Mr.
- 424 Hall.
- 425 Mr. {Olson.} I yield my time to Mr. Hall from Texas.
- 426 Mr. {Hall.} Thank you. I admire you for everything you
- 427 said, and it is just a continuation of the assault we have
- 428 had in defense against EPA, a defense we wouldn't have had to
- 429 had had we elected a different President. It said on April
- 430 12 of 2013 the Subcommittee on Energy and Power held a
- 431 legislative hearing on a discussion draft of the Energy
- 432 Consumers Relief Act of 2013, and it provided for greater
- 433 transparency and all that. But it winds up saying that it
- 434 would cause significant adverse effects to the economy. That
- 435 is what the EPA has been doing. That is their practice. We

- 436 have proven time and time again, we have had testimony from
- 437 people who came here testifying for the EPA that says that
- 438 they have made some mistakes. And we get a new president, we
- 439 will correct things, but this bill goes a step of the way
- 440 doing that. I yield back my time. Thank you.
- 441 Mr. {Waxman.} Will the gentleman yield to me?
- The {Chairman.} Mr. Olson.
- 443 Mr. {Waxman.} The gentleman from Texas?
- 444 Mr. {Hall.} Well, since Mr. Barton apologized for
- 445 saying that you were to be compared with my cat, I will. My
- 446 cat is still mad about that.
- 447 Mr. {Olson.} To the ranking member in the spirit of
- 448 bipartisanship, sure, I yield the balance of my time to you,
- 449 sir.
- 450 Mr. {Waxman.} Thank you for yielding to me. I just
- 451 want to say that in this demonization of EPA, Mr. Cassidy is
- 452 raising the National Academy to great stature, and I agree
- 453 the National Academy has great stature. I just want to
- 454 remind my colleagues the National Academy has said that
- 455 climate change is a serious issue, it is a threat to this
- 456 planet, and it should be a very high priority. So if we are
- 457 going to look to the National Academy for guidance, let's
- 458 recognize where they have a very clear position urging us to
- 459 take action.

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In the area of formaldehyde, I don't think their
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- 461 position was nearly as clear as Mr. Cassidy would suggest,
- 462 and EPA is still working on that draft. Now if EPA had a
- 463 time limit in which they had to make a decision, maybe they
- 464 can make a decision on a flawed draft. That would be one of
- 465 the problems when you put deadlines and then deem something
- 466 approved. We are going to have been in a few minutes on
- 467 another bill, but I just wanted to point that out because I
- 468 have a great respect for the National Academy of Sciences and
- 469 I also have respect for the work that EPA is doing.
- 470 If EPA were not doing its job, the health of the
- 471 American people and the cost to all of us would be
- 472 dramatically increased. And it is not just rats, it is
- 473 humans that get cancer and our studies, as the doctor well
- 474 knows, may well be on rats because we can learn from what is
- 475 happening with them what will also happen to us. Thank you.
- 476 The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time is expired. Other
- 477 Members wishing to speak on the amendment? Seeing none, the
- 478 vote occurs on the amendment from the gentleman from Texas,
- 479 Mr. Barton.
- 480 All those in favor will say aye.
- 481 Those opposed, say no.
- 482 In the opinion of the chair, the ayes have it. The ayes
- 483 have it. The amendment is adopted.

- 484 Are there further amendments to the bill? The gentleman
- 485 from California, Mr. Waxman.
- 486 Mr. {Waxman.} Mr. Chairman, I have an amendment at the
- 487 desk.
- 488 The {Chairman.} The clerk will report the title of
- 489 amendment.
- 490 The {Clerk.} Amendment to the committee print of H.R.
- 491 1582 offered by Mr. Waxman of California.
- 492 [The amendment of Mr. Waxman follows:]
- 493 ************ INSERT 2 *********

The {Chairman.} And the amendment will be considered as read. The staff will distribute the amendment and the gentleman from California is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his amendment.

498 Mr. {Waxman.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

499 My amendment is straightforward. It eliminates the 500 bizarre provision in the bill that gives the Secretary of 501 Energy the unprecedented authority to effectively veto EPA 502 public health rules. Under this bill, if DOE determines that a rule would cause any ``significant adverse effects to the 503 504 economy,'' EPA would be locked for finalizing the rule. 505 makes no sense to allow DOE to veto EPA public health rules, 506 especially since the veto would be based on macroeconomic 507 analysis that is outside of DOE's area of expertise.

This is a broad assault on key public health rules. If this bill became law, important clean air and clean water protections would be at risk. The terms in the bill are so expansive and so vague that nearly every major public health standard would be affected.

Now, last Congress, the House voted 145 times to block

EPA rules. That is more times than we voted to repeal the

Affordable Care Act. The House voted to block EPA regulation

of mercury and other toxic pollutants from power plants and

- 517 incinerators. The House voted to strip EPA of authority to
- 518 set water quality standards, and the House voted to overturn
- 519 EPA's scientific finding that carbon pollution endangers
- 520 health and the environment. That is, by the way, finding
- 521 that the National Academy of Sciences has made as well.
- None of these assaults on EPA was enacted. They all
- 523 died in the Senate, so now the majority is trying a new
- 524 approach: give another agency veto power over EPA rules.
- 525 Well, this bill would set a terrible precedent. If we give
- 526 DOE a veto over EPA, where do we stop? Are we going to get
- 527 the Commerce Department a veto over the Department of State
- 528 or the CDC a veto over the FDA? This bill is a recipe for
- 529 making the federal agencies as dysfunctional as Congress has
- 530 become. No one should want that.
- The DOE veto is not consistent with the stated purpose
- 532 of the bill. We keep hearing that this bill is about having
- 533 DOE perform an independent analysis of EPA rules. But this
- 534 bill goes far beyond that. It will indefinitely delay a host
- of future EPA rules while DOE performs analyses in
- 536 consultation with six other agencies and then DOE would be
- 537 authorized to actually block EPA rules.
- 538 The regulatory analysis process established by the bill
- 539 would be duplicative. EPA already examines the costs and
- 540 benefits of its rules. And that analysis would be subject to

541 extensive interagency review. DOE would then participate in

- 542 this well-understood and thorough interagency review process.
- 543 Any concerns DOE has about a potential rule can be addressed
- 544 in that process. They can give their views to EPA. In fact,
- 545 that is how DOE's concerns are addressed today. We don't
- 546 need to create an unprecedented veto power for DOE.
- 547 The result would be a costly and duplicative parallel
- 548 regulatory review process. That is a waste of taxpayer
- 549 funds. Do we want more government bureaucracy? That is what
- 550 this bill would accomplish. This bill has serious flaws but
- 551 the DOE veto tops the list. So my amendment simply
- 552 eliminates this provision. It says DOE would not be able to
- 553 veto an EPA proposal.
- I have yet to hear any proponent of this bill explain
- 555 why it makes sense to empower DOE to veto another agency's
- 556 rules. The American public wants serious legislation focused
- on solving real problems, not mere political messaging bills
- 558 with no prospect of becoming law.
- So I urge the adoption of this amendment to eliminate
- this unjustifiable DOE veto authority.
- And if nobody wants my time, I will yield it back.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back. The chair
- 563 recognizes the gentleman from Texas, Mr. Barton.
- 564 Mr. {Barton.} Thank you. And I am going to yield quite

- 565 a bit of my time to the subcommittee chairman, Mr. Whitfield.
- Well, we just need to put things on the table. Mr.
- 567 Waxman is correct in the intent of the bill, and the reason
- 568 that we are offering or supporting the Cassidy bill is that
- 569 EPA has almost unchecked authority under current law to
- 570 propose and implement these rules with no real requirement
- 571 that they conduct any kind of a cost-benefit analysis.
- And I wasn't in the committee when the original Clean
- 573 Air Act was passed, Clean Water Act, and all those, but at
- 574 that time when they were passed we had rivers that were
- 575 catching on fire and there were clear and obvious current
- 576 present dangers to the environment and to some of the
- 577 industries and groups that were polluting. That is not the
- 578 case today.
- This specific issue that some of us are concerned about,
- 580 CO2 emissions, carbon dioxide emissions, they are running
- 581 models 300 years in the future and using the most esoteric
- 582 variables to come up with negative consequences if we don't
- 583 reduce CO2. But it is not a clear and present danger today.
- 584 And so the Cassidy bill clearly states let's put a check on
- 585 the EPA. Let's have the Department of Energy, whose
- 586 Secretary is going to be appointed by the same President who
- 587 appoints the administrator of the EPA and require if the rule
- 588 costs a billion dollars or more, there has to be a real

- 589 analysis and an independent evaluation of that rule. Now,
- 590 you can't sugarcoat that.
- Most of the majority of this committee thinks the EPA is
- 592 out of control. A fair number of the minority thinks they
- 593 are not out of control but even some of the minority side
- 594 thinks there ought to be some check on the EPA.
- If you accept the Waxman amendment, there is no reason
- 596 for the bill. Now, that is a good thing if you are in the
- 597 minority apparently, but it is a bad thing if you are in the
- 598 majority. So, you know, this is one of those that is kind of
- 599 a fish-or-cut-bait deal. If you think the EPA is always
- 600 right and they are always there and they always, you know,
- 601 they are just blessed by the Lord to always take everything
- 602 into account, then support the Waxman amendment and then vote
- 603 against the bill. But if you think the EPA could be
- 604 perfected and it wouldn't be a bad idea to have an
- 605 independent analysis, in this case the Department of Energy,
- 606 then reject the Waxman amendment and support the underlying
- 607 bill.
- Mr. {Waxman.} Does the gentleman yield?
- 609 Mr. {Barton.} Let me yield to Mr. Whitfield first and
- 610 then if there is time, I will certainly yield time to Mr.
- Waxman.
- Mr. {Whitfield.} I want to thank the gentleman for

- 613 yielding.
- And once again, this really is about transparency and of

- 615 course the Waxman amendment would actually strike the
- 616 provision that gives the Department of Energy the opportunity
- 617 to overturn or prohibit the regulation.
- But one theme that comes through consistently whatever
- 619 EPA comes up to testify in Congress, we know that they
- 620 calculate the benefits very well, the health benefits and so
- 621 forth, but when we ask them questions, do they ever estimate
- 622 the cost, even the health cost of the impact of families who
- 623 lose jobs because of regulations put out by EPA, the answer
- 624 is no.
- So all the Cassidy bill does is it gives the Secretary
- 626 of Energy, Secretary of Commerce, Secretary of Labor, Small
- 627 Business Administration an opportunity to meet together to
- 628 analyze the impact on jobs, loss of jobs, the gross domestic
- 629 product, the effect on the economy.
- And I think that with this EPA being the most prolific
- 631 in history under this Administration, this simply provides a
- 632 more balanced, transparent approach. And that is the whole
- 633 purpose of the legislation. And I see nothing wrong with it
- 634 to have a more balanced approach. And I would yield back to
- 635 you.
- 636 Mr. {Barton.} Mr. Waxman is welcome to my last 4

- 637 seconds.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time is expired. The
- 639 gentlelady from Illinois recognized for 5 minutes.
- Ms. {Schakowsky.} Thank you. My friend, Mr. Barton,
- 641 said that the EPA has ``unchecked ability to issue rules,''
- 642 and yesterday in his opening statement the chairman also said
- 643 that this legislation will finally put some interagency
- 644 checks and balances on the EPA, and I just wanted to counter
- 645 that statement because it overlooks the existing review
- 646 process for rules. Every single EPA rule is scrutinized up
- 647 and down by numerous federal agencies as well as the key
- 648 stakeholders and the public.
- 649 Let me explain. Under current law and practice EPA must
- 650 meet numerous statutory and administrative requirements for
- 651 economic impact analysis and public review of proposed rules
- 652 before they are finalized. For economically significant
- 653 rules, the EPA must provide the Office of Information and
- 654 Regulatory Affairs at OMB with an assessment, and to the
- 655 extent possible, a quantification of the benefits of the
- 656 proposed rule such as benefits to human health and the cost
- 657 of the proposed rule, such as the cost of complying with the
- 658 regulations and any adverse effects on employment.
- 659 The EPA also must assess the cost and benefits of
- 660 potential alternatives to the proposed rule and explain why

- 661 the proposal is the preferred alternative. The EPA compiles
- 662 all this information into a regulatory impact analysis, which
- 663 is issued for public comment as part of the proposed rule.
- These analyses are extensive. The analysis for the
- 665 Mercury and Air Toxics rule is 510 pages long. The analysis
- 666 for the new Tier 3 rule is 532 pages long. Other statutes
- 667 that apply to EPA rulemaking include the Paperwork Reduction
- 668 Act, which requires federal agencies to collect information
- 669 from entities in the least burdensome way; the Regulatory
- 670 Flexibility Act and Small Business Regulatory Enforcement
- 671 Fairness Act, which requires federal agencies to assess and
- 672 minimize the impact of a proposed rule on small businesses
- 673 and other small entities; the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act,
- 674 which requires federal agencies to assess the effects of
- 675 their regulatory actions on state, local, and tribal
- 676 governments and the private sector; and numerous Executive
- 677 Orders pertaining to the impacts of federal rules on
- 678 particular populations. According to the GAO, these
- 679 requirements are ``clearly voluminous and require a wide
- 680 range of procedural consultative and analytical action on the
- 681 part of the agencies.''
- In addition, OMB manages an extensive interagency review
- 683 process to allow other agencies, including the Department of
- 684 Energy, Department of Commerce to comment on EPA rules prior

- 685 to their proposal and finalization.
- 686 EPA must submit its rules for broader public comment
- 687 giving key stakeholders and concerned citizens the
- 688 opportunity to weigh in. EPA then has to respond to those
- 689 comments when finalizing the rule.
- 690 So the EPA rules go through numerous layers of public
- 691 review and interagency review as required by law and
- 692 Executive Order. And in these times of budget cuts and
- 693 sequestration, I am surprised that my Republican colleagues
- 694 are calling for yet another government analysis. It is
- 695 wasteful and duplicative and it certainly is not true that
- 696 the EPA has an unchecked ability to issue rules.
- 697 And as my colleague and the chairman emeritus says, it
- 698 is also very expensive. And I yield back.
- The {Chairman.} The gentlelady yields back. Are there
- 700 other Members wishing to speak on the amendment?
- 701 The gentleman from Illinois, Mr. Shimkus.
- 702 Mr. {Shimkus.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Just a brief
- 703 comment.
- First of all, I want to thank my colleagues for all the
- 705 well wishes for my absence last week, thus proving a second
- 706 time that Republicans do have heart. So I do want to thank
- 707 the cards and comments provided.
- 708 On the subject matter, on the duplication and the

- 709 wasteful spending, you know, there is nothing novel about
- 710 having other agencies review other agencies work, especially

- 711 when they have expertise, especially EPA itself has veto
- 712 authority so I am assuming that if veto authority is bad, we
- 713 ought to take the veto authority away from the EPA that it
- 714 has for Section 404 permitting, which can block or even
- 715 retroactively veto an Army Corps wetlands or dredging permit
- 716 as occurred in the Spruce Mine matter.
- 717 Also, EPA has authority to put on hold other major
- 718 proposed actions being reviewed under NEPA review by
- 719 referring them back to the Council on Environmental Quality
- 720 if EPA believes that the proposed action is ``environmentally
- 721 unsatisfactory.''
- 722 So, I mean, it is just like the National Academy of
- 723 Sciences debate. There are some times when we like it; there
- 724 are some times when we don't like it. There are some times
- 725 when we dislike veto authority, but if the EPA has veto
- 726 authority, then we kind of like it. So I think if the EPA
- 727 has some veto authority, then we ought to give the Department
- 728 of Energy and the like some veto authority.
- 729 And with that, I yield back my time.
- 730 Mr. {Hall.} Mr. Chairman, would the gentleman yield?
- 731 Mr. {Shimkus.} I would yield to Mr. Hall.
- 732 Mr. {Hall.} I think we ought to remind the gentlelady

- 733 that just spoke about review after review they have done of
- 734 the EPA to tell them how to act and how to keep their policy
- 735 on the right side of the road and that they have been
- 736 scrutinized and been scrutinized. Yes, they have. They have
- 737 been scrutinized by something that you forgot to tell us
- 738 about and that is a review that you didn't mention, a review
- 739 by the courts, and the courts have reviewed them.
- 740 And I think that some of us on this committee now ought
- 741 to feel a little guilty because back when we wrote the Clean
- 742 Air Act Mr. Dingell was chairman here, Mr. Waxman was here,
- 743 Mr. Barton probably was here, but we put EPA into that act
- 744 even those of us who are on the energy side of the bill
- 745 because we thought even the energy people needed some
- 746 supervision, but we also thought they needed fairness. And
- 747 that is what they haven't had.
- 748 This bill requires that and requires them to take some
- 749 position other than a position that causes adverse effects to
- 750 the economy. And that is what EPA is very guilty of. It has
- 751 been pointed out many times and there will be some changes in
- 752 the future. And this one will get the right people to make
- 753 the final decision.
- 754 I yield back.
- 755 Mr. {Shimkus.} And seeing no other Members, I yield
- 756 back my time, Mr. Chairman.

- 757 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back. The
- 758 gentlelady from Florida is recognized for 5 minutes.
- 759 Ms. {Castor.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- Members, I support Ranking Member Waxman's amendment.
- 761 My Republican colleagues claim that this bill is about
- 762 improving transparency at the EPA and the rulemaking process
- 763 there. But if that was the intention, this bill really
- 764 misses the mark because under current law and practice EPA
- 765 already must meet numerous statutory and administrative
- 766 requirements for economic impact analysis, the economic
- 767 analysis of proposed rules before they are finalized.
- 768 For major rules, EPA must assess and, when possible,
- 769 quantify the benefits of the proposed rule such as the
- 770 benefits to human health and the environment and the costs of
- 771 the proposed rules such as compliance costs and the effects
- 772 on economic productivity and employment.
- 773 EPA then compiles this information into a Regulatory
- 774 Impact Analysis which is issued for extensive public comment
- 775 as part of the proposed rule. But now this bill says on top
- 776 of all of that, we are going to create a new confusing and
- 777 arbitrary process that duplicates the transparent and
- 778 rigorous process that already exists.
- 779 The bill requires the Secretary of Energy to complete
- 780 yet another analysis. But does the bill require the

- 781 Secretary to disclose the methodology? No, it doesn't. Does
- 782 the bill require the Secretary to solicit public comment on
- 783 the analysis and respond to those comments? No, it doesn't.
- 784 The Secretary then must use the analysis to determine whether
- 785 or not the rule will have significant adverse effects on the
- 786 economy, and if the Secretary decides yes, then the rule is
- 787 blocked from being finalized.
- 788 In essence, the bill gives the DOE the power to veto
- 789 critical EPA rules that protect the environment and human
- 790 health, but the veto is subjective, it is arbitrary, and this
- 791 kind of process is really unprecedented in administrative law
- 792 today. The bill gives the Energy Secretary's opinion more
- 793 weight than the requirements of the Clean Air Act, the
- 794 requirements of the Clean Water Act, the requirements of the
- 795 Safe Drinking Water Act, and other cornerstone environmental
- 796 statutes.
- 797 When you pull the curtain back on this bill, what it
- 798 does in essence it is a way for my friends on the other side
- 799 of the aisle to directly undermine and attack the Clean Water
- 800 Act, Clean Air Act, Safe Drinking Water Act, and other
- 801 environmental statutes.
- Mr. Waxman's amendment would strike the veto power from
- 803 the bill. This amendment doesn't even get to that
- 804 duplicative economic analysis. Under his amendment, that

- 805 would remain, but at the very least, it would not allow the
- 806 Energy Secretary to veto EPA rules to nullify EPA rules by
- 807 FIA. So I urge my colleagues to support Ranking Member
- 808 Waxman's amendment.
- And I will yield to the gentleman from California.
- Mr. {McNerney.} I thank the gentlelady for her
- 811 courtesy.
- 812 I would like to address a claim that I believe was made
- 813 or implied anyway by Mr. Barton that the environment may be
- 814 okay now and we don't need any new rules. I represent part
- 815 of the Central Valley of California and we suffer from very
- 816 poor air quality. Now, what does that mean? That means our
- 817 children have asthma, it means our public hospital rates are
- 818 exceedingly high, it affects families, it affects jobs, but
- 819 especially the children.
- And so my constituents and I deeply appreciate EPA rules
- 821 that are currently helping reduce air pollution. If this
- 822 bill becomes law, that improvement could come to a direct
- 823 halt and I think it will hurt too many people, including
- 824 members of my own family.
- 825 So I support the Waxman amendment. I think it is going
- 826 to make this bill not acceptable but at least it will make it
- 827 better and I urge my colleagues to do the same. I yield back
- 828 to the gentlelady.

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Dr. {Cassidy.} Will the gentlelady yield?
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- Ms. {Castor.} I would be happy to yield to the
- 831 gentleman.
- Dr. {Cassidy.} Yes, a couple of things just working

- 833 backwards.
- Of course the problem in the Central Valley, as I
- 835 understand it, is pesticides trapped in the atmosphere, this
- 836 actually wouldn't touch that. This was actually just for
- 837 energy.
- Secondly, the Barton amendment Ms. Castor mentions
- 839 doesn't include benefits. The Barton amendment specifically
- 840 includes benefits. It would include the benefits that are
- 841 out there.
- Lastly, the problem with EPA economic analysis is so
- 843 often it is considered specious. So they claim job growth
- 844 from the regulatory environment. The manufacturers came and
- 845 spoke about that and just said is not true. We are not going
- 846 to create more jobs. To paraphrase John Marshall, the power
- 847 to tax and the power to regulate is the power to destroy.
- 848 And those employers said these are destroying jobs.
- I yield back. Thank you for your lenience.
- The {Chairman.} The gentlelady's time is expired. Are
- 851 there other Members wishing to speak on the amendment?
- Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman?

- The {Chairman.} The gentleman from Illinois.
- Mr. {Rush.} Well, thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- Mr. Chairman, my friend Mr. Barton and my friend Mr.
- 856 Whitfield made some statements that were both alarming and
- 857 stunning all at the same time. My friend Mr. Barton
- 858 mentioned that there are no impacts to climate change. What
- 859 could be more absurd? I object to that statement, Mr.
- 860 Chairman, and I believe that the American people would also
- 861 strongly disagree with that statement.
- Mr. Chairman, I am sure that the farmers in the Midwest
- 863 and across the country who have lost record crops the last
- 864 year, I am sure that they would disagree with Mr. Barton and
- 865 Mr. Whitfield. The firefighters who have been battling the
- 866 record wildfires over the last year-and-a-half, they would
- 867 disagree. The families in the communities of the 19
- 868 firefighters who lost their lives recently, they will
- 869 disagree. And I know that the families in New York and in
- 870 New Jersey who witnessed and are still in the midst of
- 871 recovering their homes and their lives in fact from the
- 872 devastation of Hurricane Sandy last year, they would
- 873 disagree.
- The difference between what the majority side looks at
- 875 and what the minority side's viewpoint is that the minority
- 876 side sees all of these record extreme weather catastrophes,

- 877 including heat waves, wildfires, crop losses, hurricanes,
- 878 tornadoes, flooding, we see these things and we implore the
- 879 Committee that has the primary jurisdiction and the
- 880 Environmental Protection Agency to do what we were all
- 881 invested to do, to act and to act now.
- Texas is drying up. Who knows? 100 years from now
- 883 Texas might be another desert. I am sure Mr. Barton would
- 884 not want to see Texas to be reduced to a desert. Let's act
- 885 now.
- The majority party sees all of these record-breaking
- 887 extreme weather events and they say stick your head in the
- 888 sand. Ignore them. You know, climate doesn't have any
- 889 effect on these things. You know, let's not deal with the
- 890 issues. Let's go out and attack the same agencies, the very
- 891 agencies who have immediate authority and legislative
- 892 prerogatives to try to deal with these problems. They are
- 893 the only ones that can lead the charge to mitigate these
- 894 disasters.
- So why don't we just handcuff them? Why don't we just
- 896 take their budgets away from them? Why don't we just limit
- 897 their power and limit their authority? Why don't we just ban
- 898 them? Why don't we just eliminate the agencies altogether?
- 899 You know, I think that would do the American people great
- 900 disservice.

- 901 So I don't get it. What don't you get about climate
- 902 change? Why are you going to continue to ignore the science?
- 903 And not only the science but the evidence. The evidence is
- 904 before us almost daily, week by week in the headlines of the
- 905 news, the lead stories on the television day by day.
- 906 So I am not going to stick my head in the ground and I
- 907 don't think those of us on the minority side are going to try
- 908 to breathe with our head under the ground. If we follow your
- 909 advice and follow your direction, that might be the safest
- 910 place in the country to protect our heads is under the
- 911 ground.
- 912 I yield back.
- 913 The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time is expired. Are
- 914 there other Members wishing to speak on the amendment?
- The gentleman from New Mexico, Mr. Lujan, is recognized.
- 916 Mr. {Lujan.} Mr. Chairman, thank you very much.
- And there are just some areas that I want to offer some
- 918 thoughts of what is happening in New Mexico with some of the
- 919 ideas that have been suggested that we are at a different
- 920 time that rivers aren't burning any longer and that our
- 921 communities are not being plagued with impacts that were seen
- 922 before us.
- 923 I would invite my colleagues to travel with me to New
- 924 Mexico or to Arizona, to parts of Colorado where, because of

925 the devastation of drought and the impact of climate change, 926 are devastating our forests, costing lives. And the further 927 impact that we are having is not just when the fire is 928 burning but after the fire is put out. For those of us that 929 live in these mountainous areas, we are dependent on these 930 watersheds up in the mountains to be able to provide 931 nourishment to the rest of the community, and not just the communities that live at the base of those mountains and 932 933 those watersheds, the agricultural communities that are 934 downstream and downriver who are now going to be carrying the 935 devastation and changing these waterways in so many of these 936 communities. Why can't we take a look at that? And 937 understand that when we say rivers aren't burning, maybe not 938 in some parts of the country but in my part of the country, 939 they are. 940 We also have the impact from decades of neglect with 941 individuals in New Mexico who are dying today because of 942 various kinds of cancer and kidney disease as a result of 943 being exposed to different elements when they were working in 944 uranium mines. 945 Stewart Udall moved forward some legislation years ago 946 that provided support to impacted workers and right now Tom

Udall and myself have a piece of legislation called the

Radiation Exposure and Compensation Act, which would bring

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- 949 recognition to these individuals that continue to work in
- 950 these mines based on the previous legislation from '71 until
- 951 present. People won't sign onto the legislation because they
- 952 say it costs too much.
- 953 Had the EPA been doing the work that we are now saying
- 954 that they will not be able to do because of concerns of
- 955 impacts on human health, how many other individuals would
- 956 have been devastated?
- 957 When I look at these Navajo elders, these women in the
- 958 eyes and they look at me and they say, Ben, are people in
- 959 Washington waiting for us to die so that the problem goes
- 960 away? Is my response to them now, don't worry? We are going
- 961 to send a review of a rule that could change someone's life
- 962 to the DOE to review and they may address your problem which
- 963 we know it won't.
- 964 And then, Mr. Chairman, the other thing that I can't
- 965 seem to get my arms around is this legislation is going to
- 966 send to the Department of Energy a review of the EPA's
- 967 rulemaking and then a report to the Congress. If my
- 968 recollection serves me correctly, last week or the week
- 969 before we voted on an appropriation bill pertaining with the
- 970 Department of Energy and the allocations that were set up for
- 971 that appropriation markup based on the Republican Paul Ryan
- 972 budget were dismal.

973 If I am not mistaken, the Department of Energy was 974 gutted, so who is going to do this work that this bill would 975 be sent to do? After the message that we sent with the 976 markup last week is to Department of Energy, you have got a 977 lot of fluff over there, we are going to cut you, we are 978 going to gut you. So that may help me, Mr. Chairman, with 979 understanding how that work will be done. 980 And then lastly, when we are saying that climate change 981 is not real or some are--I wouldn't say that--and we refuse 982 to even consider holding hearings on different reports and

983 studies that have been put together. I would just like to
984 remind the body that back on May 23 of 2011, Ranking Member
985 Waxman and Mr. Rush requested a hearing based on two studies,

one of which we have talked about, the National Academy of Sciences a little bit today, a report that was entitled '`America's Climate Choices'' looking into these areas.

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And so, Mr. Chairman, I just hope that we don't forget about these individuals that are dying in New Mexico, that are dying in Arizona, that are dying in Colorado and Utah based on the infections that came out of these exposures, and these lives that have been taken associated with fire, the devastation that is going to be cost, and the cost to the economy, the cost to these businesses that are now going to be put out of business because where are they going to get

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997 this water with the devastation of fire and no one is going
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- 998 to still help to go out and protect these watersheds?
- 999 Mr. Chairman, I hope that we don't forget about those
- 1000 people when we work together, and I strongly encourage my
- 1001 colleagues to support the Waxman amendment.
- 1002 Thank you. I yield back.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time is expired. Other
- 1004 Members wishing to speak on the amendment?
- Seeing none, the vote occurs on the amendment offered by
- 1006 the gentleman from California.
- 1007 Those in favor will say aye.
- 1008 Those opposed, say no.
- 1009 In the opinion of the chair, the noes have it. Roll
- 1010 call is requested. The clerk will call the roll.
- 1011 The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall?
- 1012 Mr. {Hall.} No.
- 1013 The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall votes no.
- 1014 Mr. Barton?
- 1015 Mr. {Barton.} No.
- 1016 The {Clerk.} Mr. Barton votes no.
- 1017 Mr. Whitfield?
- 1018 Mr. {Whitfield.} No.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield votes no.
- 1020 Mr. Shimkus?

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1021
          Mr. {Shimkus.} No.
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           The {Clerk.} Mr. Shimkus votes no.
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          Mr. Pitts?
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          Mr. {Pitts.} No.
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           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pitts votes no.
          Mr. Walden?
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1027
          Mr. {Walden.} No.
1028
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Walden votes no.
1029
          Mr. Terry?
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          Mr. {Terry.} No.
1031
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry votes no.
1032
          Mr. Rogers?
1033
          Mr. {Rogers.} No.
1034
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rogers votes no.
1035
          Mr. Murphy?
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          Mr. {Murphy.} No.
1037
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Murphy votes no.
          Mr. Burgess?
1038
          Dr. {Burgess.} No.
1039
1040
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Burgess votes no.
1041
          Mrs. Blackburn?
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          Mrs. {Blackburn.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn votes no.
1043
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          Mr. Gingrey?
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1045
           [No response.]
1046
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise?
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           Mr. {Scalise.} No.
1048
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise votes no.
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           Mr. Latta?
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           Mr. {Latta.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta votes no.
1051
1052
           Mrs. McMorris Rodgers?
1053
           [No response.]
1054
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper?
1055
           [No response.]
1056
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance?
           Mr. {Lance.} No.
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1058
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance votes no.
1059
           Mr. Cassidy?
1060
           Dr. {Cassidy.} No.
1061
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Cassidy votes no.
           Mr. Guthrie?
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1063
           Mr. {Guthrie.} No.
1064
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Guthrie votes no.
1065
           Mr. Olson?
1066
           Mr. {Olson.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Olson votes no.
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1068
           Mr. McKinley?
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1069
           Mr. {McKinley.} No.
1070
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley votes no.
1071
           Mr. Gardner?
1072
           Mr. {Gardner.} No.
1073
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Gardner votes no.
1074
           Mr. Pompeo?
           Mr. {Pompeo.} No.
1075
1076
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pompeo votes no.
1077
           Mr. Kinzinger?
1078
           Mr. {Kinzinger.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Kinzinger votes no.
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1080
           Mr. Griffith?
           Mr. {Griffith.} No.
1081
1082
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Griffith votes no.
1083
           Mr. Bilirakis?
1084
           Mr. {Bilirakis.} No.
1085
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Bilirakis votes no.
           Mr. Johnson?
1086
           Mr. {Johnson.} No.
1087
1088
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Johnson votes no.
1089
           Mr. Long?
1090
           Mr. {Long.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Long votes no.
1091
1092
           Mrs. Ellmers?
```

```
1093
           Mrs. {Ellmers.} No.
1094
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Ellmers votes no.
1095
           Mr. Waxman?
1096
           Mr. {Waxman.} Aye.
1097
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Waxman votes aye.
           Mr. Dingell?
1098
           Mr. {Dingell.} Aye.
1099
1100
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Dingell votes aye.
1101
           Mr. Pallone?
1102
           Mr. {Pallone.} Aye.
1103
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pallone votes aye.
1104
           Mr. Rush?
1105
           Mr. {Rush.} Aye.
1106
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rush votes aye.
1107
           Ms. Eshoo?
1108
           Ms. {Eshoo.} Aye.
1109
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo votes aye.
           Mr. Engel?
1110
1111
           [No response.]
1112
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green?
1113
           Mr. {Green.} Aye.
1114
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green votes aye.
1115
           Ms. DeGette?
1116
           [No response.]
```

```
1117
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps?
1118
          Mrs. {Capps.} Aye.
1119
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps votes aye.
          Mr. Doyle?
1120
1121
           Mr. {Doyle.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Doyle votes aye.
1122
1123
           Ms. Schakowsky?
1124
          Ms. {Schakowsky.} Aye.
1125
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky votes aye.
          Mr. Matheson?
1126
1127
          Mr. {Matheson.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Matheson votes no.
1128
          Mr. Butterfield?
1129
1130
          Mr. {Butterfield.} Aye.
1131
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Butterfield votes aye.
1132
          Mr. Barrow?
          Mr. {Barrow.} No.
1133
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barrow votes no.
1134
1135
          Ms. Matsui?
1136
          Ms. {Matsui.} Aye.
1137
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Matsui votes aye.
1138
          Mrs. Christiansen?
          Dr. {Christiansen.} Aye.
1139
1140
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Christiansen votes aye.
```

```
1141
          Ms. Castor?
1142
          Ms. {Castor.} Aye.
1143
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Castor votes aye.
1144
          Mr. Sarbanes?
1145
           Mr. {Sarbanes.} Aye.
1146
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes votes aye.
1147
          Mr. McNerney?
1148
          Mr. {McNerney.} Aye.
1149
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McNerney votes aye.
1150
          Mr. Braley?
1151
          Mr. {Braley.} Aye.
1152
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Braley votes aye.
1153
          Mr. Welch?
1154
          Mr. {Welch.} Aye.
1155
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Welch votes aye.
1156
          Mr. Lujan?
1157
          Mr. {Lujan.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan votes aye.
1158
1159
          Mr. Tonko?
1160
          Mr. {Tonko.} Aye.
1161
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Tonko votes aye.
1162
          Chairman Upton?
          The {Chairman.} Votes no.
1163
1164
           The {Clerk.} Chairman Upton votes no.
```

```
The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
1165
1166
           Seeing none, the clerk will report the tally. The
1167
     gentleman from Mississippi.
1168
           Mr. {Harper.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper votes no.
1169
1170
          Mr. Chairman, on that vote there were 19 ayes and 30
1171
     nays.
1172
           The {Chairman.} 19 ayes, 30 nays, the amendment is not
1173
      agreed to.
1174
           Are there further amendments to the bill?
1175
           Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman?
           The {Chairman.} The gentleman from Illinois.
1176
1177
          Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman, I have an amendment at the
1178
     desk.
1179
           The {Chairman.} The clerk will report the amendment.
1180
           The {Clerk.} Sir, what number is your amendment?
           Mr. {Rush.} Amendment #1.
1181
1182
           The {Clerk.} Amendment to the committee print of H.R.
1183
      1582 offered by Mr. Rush of Illinois.
1184
           [The amendment of Mr. Rush follows:]
```

************ INSERT 3 *********

1185

1186 The {Chairman.} The amendment will be considered as 1187 read. The staff will distribute the amendment, and the 1188 gentleman is recognized 5 minutes in support of his 1189 amendment. 1190 Mr. {Rush.} I want to thank you, Mr. Chairman. 1191 Mr. Chairman, my amendment would prevent the Cassidy 1192 bill from blocking and delaying EPA rules that save consumers 1193 money at the pump by exempting these important rules from the 1194 bill's unprecedented intrusion into EPA's rulemaking process. 1195 Mr. Chairman, this bill could prevent EPA from adopting 1196 rules that protect consumers even when the benefits of these 1197 rules are enormous. For example, the EPA and the Department 1198 of Transportation has issued rules for model year 2012 to 1199 2016 cars and trucks. These rules will save consumers on average more than \$3,000 over the life of a vehicle, save 1.8 1200 1201 billion barrels of oil, and reduce carbon pollution by 960 1202 million metric tons. 1203 The agency rules for 2017 to 2025 cars and trucks will 1204

The agency rules for 2017 to 2025 cars and trucks will
also increase the benefits to American families. In 2017 to
2025 consumers will save more than \$8,000 over the life of a
vehicle. The Nation will save 4 billion barrels of oil, and
we will reduce our carbon pollution by 2 billion metric tons.

Mr. Chairman, these are precisely the kinds of rules

- 1209 that we need. Yet if EPA tried to propose these rules with
- 1210 the Cassidy bill in place, the rules could be blocked from
- 1211 ever going into effect. That wouldn't make any sense as
- 1212 these rules are supported by every automobile manufacturer in
- 1213 our Nation. As a matter of fact, Mr. Chairman, the General
- 1214 Motors CEO Dan Akerson called these rules ``a win for
- 1215 American manufacturers for the very first time.''
- 1216 These EPA rules are expected to save consumers more than
- 1217 \$1.7 trillion in fuel costs and will reduce America's
- 1218 dependence on oil by more than 2 million barrels each and
- 1219 every day. That is more than our countries combined imports
- 1220 from Saudi Arabia and Venezuela together.
- 1221 Mr. Chairman, this committee needs to do what is best
- 1222 for all of the American families and consumers. Blocking
- 1223 these EPA rules will harm the environment and could increase
- 1224 the fuel costs for consumers, which is exactly what we can
- 1225 expect if this bill goes into effect and prevents EPA from
- 1226 making further improvements to our vehicle standards.
- The President's Climate Action Plan calls for new heavy-
- 1228 duty vehicle fuel efficiency standards for model year 2018
- 1229 and later. As was the EPA's previous rules, these new heavy-
- 1230 duty vehicle standards will likely receive broad support from
- 1231 industry, reduce fuel consumption save Americans money at the
- 1232 pump, and increase the efficiency of motor vehicles across

- 1233 our Nation, which would have an additional economic benefit
- 1234 for consumers.
- But these improvements may be delayed or never even
- 1236 occur if this bill, the Cassidy bill, becomes law and
- 1237 prevents the EPA from adopting new rules. EPA's vehicle
- 1238 standards are important rules that save consumers money and
- 1239 are a win for both industry and the environment. Subjecting
- 1240 these rules to unprecedented delays and potential DOE vetoes
- 1241 under the bill would be a step backwards and would harm both
- 1242 consumers and the environment and will really reveal how
- 1243 backwards the full committee, the majority side, is on this
- 1244 particular issue.
- 1245 Mr. Chairman, I urge my colleagues to protect American
- 1246 consumers by voting for my amendment, and with that I yield
- 1247 back the balance of my time.
- 1248 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back his time.
- 1249 The time is expired.
- 1250 The chair recognizes the gentleman from Kentucky, Mr.
- 1251 Whitfield.
- 1252 Mr. {Whitfield.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 1253 And I rise in a very respectful way to oppose the
- 1254 amendment of our gentleman from Illinois.
- 1255 All of us obviously support saving money on gasoline,
- 1256 and I don't think there is anything in this legislation that

1257 would preclude that. First of all, as we all know, it 1258 applies only to rules that exceed \$1 billion in cost. And it 1259 specifically says on page 4 that one of the things that the 1260 Secretary of Energy with his other members would have to look 1261 at would be the impact on consumer prices. So if the 1262 gasoline price went down, obviously that is not going to be 1263 something that they would want to prevent a rule from taking 1264 place. 1265 On the other hand, if a rule is adopted affecting the 1266 way automobiles are manufactured to meet certain mileage 1267 tests and let's say that costs go up dramatically, and as a 1268 result of that, sales go down, and as a result of that, they 1269 start laying off autoworkers at the manufacturing plants, and 1270 let's say they start losing their healthcare and their 1271 children start going hungry, and it reached that state, then 1272 the whole purpose of this bill is this transparency to look 1273 at the impact on the overall economy, the impact on the jobs, 1274 the impact on the consumer prices, the impact on GDP. 1275 So it is simply a balancing act. And for that reason, I 1276 think that because if gasoline prices go down, under this 1277 legislation there is absolutely no reason for the Department 1278 of Energy to try to intervene. So I would respectfully 1279 request that Members oppose the gentleman's amendment 1280 basically because in this specific instance of gasoline is

- 1281 really unnecessary.
- 1282 And with that, I would yield back the balance of my
- 1283 time.
- 1284 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back. Other
- 1285 Members wishing to speak on the amendment?
- 1286 The gentlelady from California is recognized for 5
- 1287 minutes.
- 1288 Ms. {Eshoo.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- I support Mr. Rush's amendment and I just want to spend
- 1290 a couple of moments to talk about why.
- 1291 First of all, this bill threatens to block or
- 1292 indefinitely delay important energy-related environmental
- 1293 rules even when those rules will create enormous economic
- 1294 benefits. I think that this is bad economic policy, I think
- 1295 it is bad energy policy, and I think it is bad environmental
- 1296 policy.
- The EPA and the Department of Transportation's tailpipe
- 1298 standards and fuel efficiency rules provide substantial
- 1299 benefits. They help consumers save money at the pump, reduce
- 1300 reliance on foreign oil, and reduce the carbon pollution that
- 1301 is threatening our climate.
- Under EPA's car and truck rules, by 2025 Americans will
- 1303 be able to travel twice as far on a gallon of gas, which will
- 1304 save consumers thousands of dollars at the pump over the life

- 1305 of a new, more efficient vehicle. The savings to American
- 1306 consumers will be equivalent to a drop in gasoline prices of
- 1307 a dollar per gallon. This is significant savings.
- 1308 We are also talking about rules that are supported by
- 1309 all--let me repeat that--supported by all of the major auto
- 1310 companies, including Ford, GM, and Chrysler. These rules
- 1311 will cut U.S. emissions of carbon pollution by 6 billion
- 1312 metric tons, which is more than the total U.S. emissions of
- 1313 last year. In short, these rules are good for American
- 1314 consumers, manufacturers, and our environment.
- 1315 Like Mr. Rush, I am concerned that the bill could
- 1316 prevent EPA from adopting new vehicle rules that save
- 1317 consumers even more money and continue to address the threat
- 1318 of climate change.
- 1319 The President's Climate Action Plan calls for new
- 1320 standards for heavy-duty vehicles, which are the second-
- 1321 largest source of carbon pollution in the transportation
- 1322 sector. Current standards for these vehicles are projected
- 1323 to produce \$49 billion in net benefits and future standards
- 1324 would build on these gains. Now, why would we want to stand
- 1325 in the way of that? These are measures that would save
- 1326 consumers money, but under the bill, they would be at risk no
- 1327 matter how large the benefits. It doesn't make sense.
- For instance, DOE does not have the capability to do the

- 1329 macroeconomic analysis required under Section 3 of the bill,
- 1330 nor does the Agency have the resources to develop that
- 1331 capacity. If DOE is unable to conduct the economic analysis,
- 1332 then EPA would be legally prohibited from ever finalizing its
- 1333 rule, never mind that the DOE analysis is parallel and
- 1334 duplicative to analyses that EPA already completes when it
- 1335 develops regulations.
- But maybe that is the underlying ideology of the bill
- 1337 where you either hobble an agency so that they can't do
- 1338 anything and then say that it is dysfunctional and it can't
- 1339 operate and that it is a bad agency. I mean maybe that is
- 1340 really what should be written in the staff analysis.
- 1341 I am also concerned that the bill could undermine the
- 1342 existing rules for light-duty vehicles. Although the bill
- 1343 applies only to future rules, the light-duty vehicle rule
- 1344 requires EPA and the DOT to conduct a midterm review by 2018
- 1345 to ensure that the rules are working properly. If changes
- 1346 are needed then, no matter how minor, this bill could delay
- 1347 or obstruct the entire program. So this not only threatens
- 1348 the substantial's consumer benefits of the rules but
- 1349 undermines the certainty that automakers need to build the
- 1350 fuel-efficient cars of tomorrow. This bill is fundamentally
- 1351 flawed.
- 1352 I would just like to close with the following

- 1353 observation. I have commuted across the country every week
- 1354 since I was first sworn in as a Member of Congress. I
- 1355 wouldn't be elected unless there were Republicans that vote
- 1356 for me. And let me just say to you that the Republicans in
- 1357 my Congressional District ask me every week what is happening
- 1358 to the GOP? These are policies that are driving people away
- 1359 from you.
- Our country, America, I have always said, is the best
- 1361 idea that was ever born. It is because we are never
- 1362 satisfied about the progress that we have made. We want to
- 1363 make even more progress. I think the Grand Old Party is
- 1364 working very hard to relegate itself to the dustbin of
- 1365 history.
- These are bad policies for our country, bad for
- 1367 consumers, and bad for the future of our country. And it
- 1368 really makes me very sad that in this distinguished committee
- 1369 that we are taking up bills that take us back to a time when
- 1370 we didn't know any better instead of making progress. With
- 1371 that, I yield back the balance of my time.
- The {Chairman.} The gentlelady's time is expired.
- 1373 Are there other Members wishing to speak on the
- 1374 amendment? Seeing none, the vote occurs on the amendment.
- 1375 Those in favor will say aye.
- 1376 Those opposed will say no.

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1377
          Mr. {Waxman.} Roll call.
1378
           The {Chairman.} Roll call is requested. The clerk will
1379
     call the roll.
1380
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall?
1381
           Mr. {Hall.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall votes no.
1382
          Mr. Barton?
1383
1384
          [No response.]
1385
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield?
          Mr. {Whitfield.} No.
1386
1387
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield votes no.
1388
          Mr. Shimkus?
          Mr. {Shimkus.} No.
1389
1390
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Shimkus votes no.
1391
          Mr. Pitts?
1392
           [No response.]
1393
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Walden?
           [No response.]
1394
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry?
1395
          Mr. {Terry.} No.
1396
1397
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry votes no.
1398
          Mr. Rogers?
          Mr. {Rogers.} No.
1399
1400
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rogers votes no.
```

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1401
           Mr. Murphy?
1402
           Mr. {Murphy.} No.
1403
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Murphy votes no.
1404
           Mr. Burgess?
1405
           Dr. {Burgess.} No.
1406
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Burgess votes no.
           Mrs. Blackburn?
1407
1408
           Mrs. {Blackburn.} No.
1409
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn votes no.
1410
           Mr. Gingrey?
1411
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise?
1412
1413
           [No response.]
1414
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta?
1415
           Mr. {Latta.} No.
1416
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta votes no.
1417
           Mrs. McMorris Rodgers?
1418
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper?
1419
1420
           [No response.]
1421
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance?
1422
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Cassidy?
1423
1424
           Dr. {Cassidy.} No.
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1425
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Cassidy votes no.
1426
          Mr. Guthrie?
1427
          Mr. {Guthrie.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Guthrie votes no.
1428
1429
          Mr. Olson?
          Mr. {Olson.} No.
1430
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Olson votes no.
1431
1432
          Mr. McKinley?
1433
          Mr. {McKinley.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley votes no.
1434
1435
          Mr. Gardner?
1436
          Mr. {Gardner.} No.
1437
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Gardner votes no.
1438
          Mr. Pompeo?
1439
          Mr. {Pompeo.} No.
1440
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pompeo votes no.
1441
          Mr. Kinzinger?
          Mr. {Kinzinger.} No.
1442
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Kinzinger votes no.
1443
1444
          Mr. Griffith?
1445
          Mr. {Griffith.} No.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Griffith votes no.
1446
          Mr. Bilirakis?
1447
```

Mr. {Bilirakis.} No.

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1449
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Bilirakis votes no.
1450
          Mr. Johnson?
1451
           Mr. {Johnson.} No.
1452
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Johnson votes no.
1453
          Mr. Long?
          Mr. {Long.} No.
1454
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Long votes no.
1455
1456
          Mrs. Ellmers?
1457
          Mrs. {Ellmers.} No.
1458
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Ellmers votes no.
1459
          Mr. Waxman?
1460
          Mr. {Waxman.} Aye.
1461
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Waxman votes aye.
1462
          Mr. Dingell?
1463
          Mr. {Dingell.} Aye.
1464
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Dingell votes aye.
1465
          Mr. Pallone?
          Mr. {Pallone.} Aye.
1466
1467
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pallone votes aye.
1468
          Mr. Rush?
1469
          Mr. {Rush.} Aye.
1470
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rush votes aye.
          Ms. Eshoo?
1471
1472
          Ms. {Eshoo.} Aye.
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1473
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo votes aye.
1474
           Mr. Engel?
1475
           [No response.]
1476
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green?
1477
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Ms. DeGette?
1478
           [No response.]
1479
1480
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps?
1481
           Mrs. {Capps.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps votes aye.
1482
1483
           Mr. Doyle?
1484
           Mr. {Doyle.} Aye.
1485
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Doyle votes aye.
1486
           Ms. Schakowsky?
1487
           Ms. {Schakowsky.} Aye.
1488
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky votes aye.
1489
           Mr. Matheson?
1490
           Mr. {Matheson.} Aye.
1491
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Matheson votes aye.
           Mr. Butterfield?
1492
1493
           Mr. {Butterfield.} Aye.
1494
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Butterfield votes aye.
           Mr. Barrow?
1495
1496
           Mr. {Barrow.} Aye.
```

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1497
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barrow votes aye.
1498
          Ms. Matsui?
1499
           Ms. {Matsui.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Matsui votes aye.
1500
1501
           Ms. Christiansen?
1502
          Dr. {Christiansen.} Aye.
1503
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Christiansen votes aye.
1504
          Ms. Castor?
1505
           Ms. {Castor.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Castor votes aye.
1506
1507
          Mr. Sarbanes?
          Mr. {Sarbanes.} Aye.
1508
1509
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes votes aye.
1510
          Mr. McNerney?
1511
          Mr. {McNerney.} Aye.
1512
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McNerney votes aye.
1513
          Mr. Braley?
1514
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Welch?
1515
1516
          Mr. {Welch.} Aye.
1517
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Welch votes aye.
1518
          Mr. Lujan?
          Mr. {Lujan.} Aye.
1519
1520
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan votes aye.
```

```
1521
           Mr. Tonko?
1522
           Mr. {Tonko.} Aye.
1523
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Tonko votes aye.
           Chairman Upton?
1524
           The {Chairman.} Votes no.
1525
1526
           The {Clerk.} Chairman Upton votes no.
           The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
1527
1528
     The gentleman from New Jersey, Mr. Lance?
1529
           Mr. {Lance.} No.
1530
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance votes no.
1531
           The {Chairman.} Mississippi, Mr. Harper?
           Mr. {Harper.} No.
1532
1533
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper votes no.
1534
           The {Chairman.} Louisiana, Mr. Scalise?
1535
           Mr. {Scalise.} No.
1536
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise votes no.
           The {Chairman.} Pennsylvania, Mr. Pitts?
1537
           Mr. {Pitts.} No.
1538
1539
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pitts votes no.
1540
           The {Chairman.} Mr. Walden, Oregon?
           Mr. {Walden.} No.
1541
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Walden votes no.
1542
           The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
1543
1544
           Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman?
```

- The {Chairman.} The gentleman from Texas, Mr. Green?
- 1546 Mr. {Green.} Yes.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Green votes aye.
- 1548 Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman, how is Dr. Burgess recorded?
- 1549 I heard a voice but I didn't see--
- The {Chairman.} Dr. Burgess was recorded--
- 1551 Mr. {Rush.} I heard a voice coming out of somewhere.
- The {Clerk.} Dr. Burgess is recorded as a no.
- 1553 Mr. {Waxman.} It was his voice.
- 1554 The {Chairman.} It was his voice.
- 1555 Mr. {Waxman.} I hear it in my sleep.
- 1556 The {Chairman.} Yes.
- 1557 Mrs. {Blackburn.} You know that voice.
- The {Chairman.} Dr. Gingrey?
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Gingrey is not recorded.
- 1560 Dr. {Gingrey.} No.
- The {Chairman.} Votes no.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Gingrey votes no. Other Members
- 1563 wishing--Mr. Braley from Iowa?
- 1564 Mr. {Braley.} Aye.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Braley votes aye.
- 1566 The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
- 1567 Seeing none, the clerk will report the tally.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Chairman, on that vote there were 21

- 1569 ayes and 28 nays.
- 1570 The {Chairman.} 21 ayes, 28 nays, the amendment is not
- 1571 agreed to. Are there further amendments to the bill?
- The gentleman from New York, Mr. Tonko.
- 1573 Mr. {Tonko.} Yes, Mr. Chairman. I have an amendment at
- 1574 the desk.
- 1575 The {Chairman.} The clerk will report the title of the
- 1576 amendment.
- 1577 The {Clerk.} Amendment to the committee print of H.R.
- 1578 1582 offered by Mr. Tonko of New York.
- 1579 [The amendment of Mr. Tonko follows:]
- 1580 ************* INSERT 4 **********

1603

1581 The {Chairman.} The amendment will be considered as read. The staff will distribute the amendment, and the 1582 1583 gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his 1584 amendment. 1585 Mr. {Tonko.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 1586 My Republican colleagues argue that this bill brings 1587 needed transparency to EPA rules. If this bill was really 1588 about transparency, I would have no problem with it, but that 1589 is not the case. This bill will block or indefinitely delay 1590 EPA rules that are critical to protecting human health, the 1591 environment, and our climate. It adds yet another 1592 duplicative layer of analysis to an already exhaustive 1593 regulatory process. The legislation bars EPA from issuing a 1594 final rule until the Department of Energy completes its 1595 duplicative analysis of this rule, and if applicable, makes 1596 its subjective determination as to whether the rule would 1597 cause significant adverse effects to the economy. 1598 The bill sets no deadline for DOE to complete the study 1599 or to make its determination. This appears to eliminate any 1600 statutory or judicial deadlines for the issuance of rules. 1601 This bill would likely result in the indefinite delay of 1602 critical EPA rules and the bill allows the Secretary of

Energy to block the EPA rule for good. These delays and

- 1604 vetos would have real-life, tangible impacts on human health
- 1605 and the environment in our United States.
- 1606 Let's look at a couple of examples of the types of rules
- 1607 that would be covered by this bill. If this bill had been
- 1608 law, EPA could have been delayed or blocked from finalizing
- 1609 the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards which set emissions
- 1610 limits for new coal- and oil-fired power plants for mercury
- 1611 and other toxic air pollutants. EPA estimates that these new
- 1612 standards will save up to 11,000 lives, prevent 130,000
- 1613 asthma attacks, and avert 540,000 missed work or sick days
- 1614 each year. In addition, it would reduce children's exposure
- 1615 to mercury, which is a powerful neurological toxin that is
- 1616 retained in our bodies and can cause developmental delays and
- 1617 loss of IQ.
- This bill would certainly apply to EPA's recently
- 1619 proposed Tier 3 Vehicle Emissions and Fuel Standards program.
- 1620 More than 150 million Americans still breathe unhealthy
- 1621 levels of air pollution. Motor vehicles are a significant
- 1622 source of this pollution, especially in our urban areas. EPA
- 1623 has proposed to lower the permissible sulfur content of
- 1624 gasoline, which would allow vehicles to operate more
- 1625 efficiently and pollute less. EPA estimates that this rule
- 1626 would prevent 22,000 asthma attacks, 2,400 premature deaths,
- 1627 and some 1.8 million lost school days, workdays, and

- 1628 restricted activity days each year. These are human health
- 1629 benefits that could be further delayed or perhaps permanently
- 1630 lost if this bill were to take effect.
- The EPA rules potentially blocked by this bill are
- 1632 especially important for the most vulnerable amongst us, our
- 1633 babies, our kids, and our seniors. My amendment simply
- 1634 states that this bill does not apply to EPA rules that would
- 1635 reduce the incidence of cancer, premature death, asthma
- 1636 attacks, or respiratory disease in children.
- 1637 If my amendment passes, EPA's rules will still receive
- 1638 extensive examination and review. They will be subject to a
- 1639 robust interagency process. They will have to withstand all
- 1640 applicable notice and comment requirements. The Office of
- 1641 Information and Regulatory Affairs will review their rules
- 1642 and their adherence to all requirements of law and regulatory
- 1643 policy and they will be analyzed with state-of-the-art
- 1644 economic tools pursuant to Executive Order.
- 1645 After this exhaustive process, I would hope that we
- 1646 could all agree that children shouldn't have to wait for the
- 1647 Secretary of Energy to complete a redundant economic analysis
- 1648 to be able to breathe clean air or play outside without being
- 1649 exposed to cancer-causing pollutants. Failure to issue
- 1650 regulations not only jeopardizes human health and our
- 1651 environment, it can harm the economy. This legislation fails

- 1652 to recognize that fact.
- Perhaps if the agencies overseeing our financial system
- 1654 had issued a few more rules, the banking system would have
- 1655 not required an extensive bailout and we wouldn't be
- 1656 struggling to recover from a self-inflicted economic wound
- 1657 that cost us billions.
- 1658 My amendment will make it clear that EPA can continue to
- 1659 issue rules that protect children's health as the Clean Air
- 1660 Act empowers the Agency to do. I urge my colleagues to
- 1661 support this amendment.
- 1662 And with that, I yield back, Mr. Chair.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- The chair will recognize the gentleman from Kentucky,
- 1665 Mr. Whitfield.
- 1666 Mr. {Whitfield.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And I seek
- 1667 recognition to oppose the gentleman's amendment.
- Obviously, the hearings that we have had on the EPA
- 1669 regulations, and we have had a lot, and we all recognize that
- 1670 there are many benefits in regulations implemented by EPA,
- 1671 particularly as it relates to premature mortality, asthma
- 1672 attacks, incidents of cancer, and so forth. And we all
- 1673 obviously support regulations that minimize those types of
- 1674 diseases and impacts on healthcare particularly of children,
- 1675 the most vulnerable in our society.

- 1676 But having said that, I do oppose the amendment because
- 1677 the legislation introduced by Mr. Cassidy simply says that
- 1678 the Department of Energy, working with Secretary of Commerce,
- 1679 Secretary of Labor, Small Business Administration, after the
- 1680 initial report, will determine what the impact of that
- 1681 regulation will be on the overall economy, the impact on
- 1682 consumer prices, the impact on jobs.
- 1683 And we have had so many hearings through the years. We
- 1684 all know that poverty has a dramatic impact on the healthcare
- 1685 of anyone suffering from poverty. And we know that
- 1686 regulations sometimes cause plants to shut down. We know
- 1687 that very well related to coal and the coal sectors. And
- 1688 when you go to the communities where they rely on certain
- 1689 activity, economic activity that is impacted by these
- 1690 regulations and people lose their jobs, people lose their
- 1691 healthcare, people lose the ability to provide money for
- their children to be educated, they suffer as well.
- 1693 And the thing that is so disappointing is that time
- 1694 after time after time when EPA comes to testify, they say we
- 1695 never consider the impact on the families of the people who
- 1696 lose the jobs. We never consider the impact of the
- 1697 healthcare that they lose, the health insurance that they
- 1698 lose and the impact that that will have on them.
- 1699 So all this legislation does is it gives another

- 1700 opportunity to explore in more detail the impact on the
- 1701 families of those people who lose their jobs. It is not an
- 1702 either/or but it is a let's look at it in the balance. Let's
- 1703 look at the benefits that the EPA has set out but let's also
- 1704 consider the economic impacts and the impact that that has on
- 1705 healthcare as well as other things.
- 1706 And so we are not directing the Department of Energy
- 1707 Secretary to do anything except if he determines with the
- 1708 other members of the Obama Administration that that
- 1709 particular regulation affecting a cost of at least \$1 billion
- 1710 will have more of a detrimental impact than will it be a
- 1711 benefit, then we want to take some action on it.
- 1712 So with that, I would yield back the balance of my time
- 1713 and respectfully request that Members would oppose the Tonko
- 1714 amendment. Thank you.
- 1715 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- 1716 The chair would recognize the gentleman from California.
- 1717 Mr. {Waxman.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 1718 I really want to think through that argument that was
- 1719 just made to us. In effect, the gentleman from Kentucky is
- 1720 arguing that if somebody in the coal area loses his or her
- 1721 job, their children might become poor, and if they become
- 1722 poor, that could adversely affect their health. Therefore,
- 1723 we are not going to let an EPA regulation to protect children

- 1724 elsewhere and maybe even in Kentucky from being protected
- 1725 from pollutants that cause children diseases like asthma and
- 1726 cancer and everything else.
- Now, that is a very strange ethical balancing because we
- 1728 are saying that the potential life of a child in the family
- 1729 that has a job that may be adversely affected by a regulation
- 1730 should take precedence than children who are already poor.
- Now, poverty of course isn't the only thing at stake
- 1732 here. Even kids from middle-class families have asthma.
- 1733 Even kids from wealthy families can get cancer from exposure
- 1734 to air pollutants, especially toxic air pollutants. So who
- 1735 is going to do this ethical weighing? Well, one could say
- 1736 maybe what EPA proposes will make a lot of sense and we will
- 1737 want that regulation. But it can't go into effect until we
- 1738 have a very long process of DOE doing the analysis. And DOE
- 1739 presumably is going to do an analysis speculating on the
- 1740 impact of families in the coal area if coal is adversely
- 1741 affected.
- But wait a second. What if coal is not adversely
- 1743 affected? What if the regulation simply requires that coal
- 1744 people to use some retrofitting equipment, use some anti-
- 1745 pollution devices, which by the way will give jobs to
- 1746 families who produce those anti-pollution devices? I think
- 1747 we ought to factor that in because the kids from those

- 1748 families will be benefited presumably.
- 1749 So I just really ask you to think through the ethics of
- 1750 this. I know the chairman of the subcommittee, I speak to
- 1751 the chairman, Mr. Chairman, I know the chairman of the
- 1752 subcommittee is concerned about his constituents in the coal
- 1753 industry. I am sure people in Congress were very concerned
- 1754 about the people that made horse and buggies. I know the
- 1755 people in the Congress didn't want slavery eliminated because
- 1756 it was the basis of their economic foundation. But that
- 1757 should not be what guides us on national and ethical policy.
- 1758 Well, I just want to express my concern at the
- 1759 disjointed ethical analysis because when you finally get to
- 1760 agreeing that the regulation makes sense, not that everybody
- 1761 is going to be happy and not that everybody is going to come
- 1762 out on top with it, that overall, the benefits heavily
- 1763 outweigh the costs, which is what EPA does before they can
- 1764 issue a regulation. And if they don't come up with that,
- 1765 they could be sued and it could go to court to decide whether
- 1766 they have acted lawfully. And there is OMB that has to
- 1767 review what the agency at EPA decides, again, looking at all
- 1768 of this economic analysis.
- 1769 But I just think that the American people ought to hear
- 1770 this argument and decide if they want their families' health
- 1771 put at risk because the potential of what might happen to

- 1772 somebody in Kentucky or some other place if the coal industry
- 1773 had to spend more money to reduce the pollution that causes
- 1774 poor health.
- 1775 And it is not just carbon, although that is really what
- 1776 is on the minds of the people on this bill. They don't want
- 1777 carbon pollution regulated. That is what they don't want EPA
- 1778 to do. But EPA also regulates air pollutants that are
- 1779 otherwise very harmful, and I mean harmful, toxic air
- 1780 pollutants that cause birth defects, neurological problems,
- 1781 in addition to asthma and all the other things.
- 1782 So this amendment applies to kids. I think if you care
- 1783 about kids, you don't stop EPA from going forward after they
- 1784 have done their thorough analysis with regulations that
- 1785 protect kids' health. And I would hope Members would support
- 1786 the amendment by the gentleman from New York.
- 1787 The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time is expired.
- 1788 The chair would recognize the gentleman from Kentucky,
- 1789 Mr. Guthrie.
- 1790 Mr. {Guthrie.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I would like
- 1791 to yield to my colleague from Kentucky, Mr. Whitfield.
- 1792 Mr. {Whitfield.} Well, I thank the gentleman for
- 1793 yielding.
- 1794 And just in response, I don't think there is anything in
- 1795 this legislation that would allow the Department of Energy to

- 1796 just look at one State, the impacts, say, on Kentucky of a
- 1797 rule. It requires a much broader national analysis of the
- 1798 impact nationwide on a number of different factors.
- 1799 And the gentleman from California, who I have a great
- 1800 deal of respect for, did make a great point. Some of these
- 1801 regulations do require coal plants to put in additional
- 1802 equipment, and that creates some jobs, and that is very good.
- 1803 But what about those regulations of which there are some of
- 1804 which the technology is simply not available commercially to
- 1805 meet the emissions standard? What about in that situation
- 1806 where it is not available? There is no way it can be done.
- 1807 And what about the impact that that has on people who lose
- 1808 their jobs and their healthcare and their education
- 1809 opportunities? So that is really all that this is about.
- 1810 Would the gentleman mind yielding to Mr. Cassidy? Thank
- 1811 you.
- Dr. {Cassidy.} Yes, a couple of things. This argument
- 1813 seems a very duplicative. We seem to be going around and
- 1814 about on this time after time.
- 1815 First, let's just say it doesn't have to be a long time
- 1816 that it takes. Texas DEQ came back on that formaldehyde
- 1817 which, granted, was not energy but it shows that it can be
- 1818 done in a very complicated, nontransparent methodology and
- 1819 figured it out within several months.

- 1820 And it is kind of a specious argument that we are going
- 1821 to somehow sacrifice the health of children because clearly
- 1822 the DOE's Secretary has the ability to consider the benefits.
- 1823 That was the Barton amendment.
- 1824 And as regards the transparency, I will say once more
- 1825 there is concern that EPA overstates benefits and that is
- 1826 concern that came from testimony from public health physician
- 1827 and other officials before this.
- 1828 And by the way, it is not just to the coal industry
- 1829 which is affected. It is any energy-intensive enterprise.
- 1830 Now, it may be in Santa Monica, a beautiful beach, I am very
- 1831 familiar with the area, it doesn't have blue-collar workers.
- 1832 But our problem with employment right now is blue-collar
- 1833 workers, not just mining but manufacturing and construction.
- 1834 And manufacturing, if it is a steel plant, if it is energy-
- 1835 intensive of some other sort, requires energy. So we may
- 1836 think, oh my gosh, all we are doing is affecting the people
- 1837 of Kentucky; that doesn't matter to us, but we are also
- 1838 affecting autoworkers and steelmakers.
- The reason that so many plants moved overseas--of
- 1840 course, we can't compete with China or India's labor cost,
- 1841 but we can with their energy costs. When our energy costs go
- 1842 up, they move overseas because then we can't compete on
- 1843 anything. When our energy costs are down, then they come

- 1844 back. We are seeing a renaissance of energy-intensive
- 1845 enterprise, which is to say jobs for families who are blue-
- 1846 collar and otherwise underemployed.
- Now, I will say one of the benefits of this is for those
- 1848 families to allow them to go back to work, good jobs, good
- 1849 benefits, and that does improve a family's health. With
- 1850 that, I yield back.
- 1851 Mr. {Waxman.} Will the gentleman yield to me?
- 1852 Thank you very much for yielding.
- Look, EPA regulates and does an analysis and they look
- 1854 at the benefits and they look at the costs, and if the
- 1855 benefits outweigh the costs, they go forward with their
- 1856 regulations subject to OMB review, subject to sometimes court
- 1857 review.
- 1858 But what we are really talking about is carbon because
- 1859 otherwise, when EPA regulates, they have to use the best
- 1860 available control technology. And look at the history of the
- 1861 Clean Air Act, adopted the first time when Nixon was
- 1862 President, revised when George HW Bush was President. The
- 1863 enormous gains from the Clean Air Act of reducing pollution
- 1864 came about because it drove the development of technology to
- 1865 reduce those pollutants that adversely affect public health.
- 1866 And I just think let's be honest about this debate.
- 1867 What the Republicans are saying is don't let EPA regulate

- 1868 carbon emissions that cause greenhouse gases that cause
- 1869 climate change. And I was a very moved by the statement from
- 1870 our colleague from New Mexico, Mr. Lujan, when he talked
- 1871 about people being affected every single day by the carbon
- 1872 emissions in the air. And these are emissions that stay in
- 1873 the air for hundreds of years and we are going to let more be
- 1874 added. And the Republicans are being members of the Flat
- 1875 Earth Society by denying the science, refusing to hear from
- 1876 the scientists, and now keeping EPA from regulating.
- 1877 So that is really what this is all about and don't give
- 1878 me this business about the poor kids of families that may be
- 1879 displaced. I don't agree with that argument. I think it is
- 1880 ethically invalid.
- 1881 The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time from Kentucky is
- 1882 expired.
- The gentlelady from California, Mrs. Capps.
- 1884 Mrs. {Capps.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 1885 I also want to register my support for Mr. Tonko's
- 1886 commonsense amendment because it protects our children's
- 1887 health and lives from pollution.
- 1888 I think we should be clear about the effect of the
- 1889 underlying bill. The bill will block or delay EPA's public
- 1890 health protections opposed by certain industry interests.
- 1891 But the problem is that the public doesn't want more

1892 pollution. The public doesn't support weakening the Clean 1893 Air Act or the Safe Drinking Water Act. The public does not 1894 support blocking specific public health standards such as 1895 EPA's requirements that coal-fired power plants clean up 1896 their toxic mercury emissions. Now, the other side tried to 1897 block that rule and many others in the last Congress, but 1898 those bills never went anywhere in the Senate. Yet certain 1899 industry interests still want to block EPA regulations so the 1900 majority is trying another slightly subtler approach here. 1901 This bill creates new hurdles for EPA to jump over in 1902 order to clean up air pollution, and it makes an end run 1903 around most of the environmental laws administered by the 1904 EPA. For many important rules under the Clean Air Act and 1905 other statutes if the Department of Energy isn't an able to 1906 complete the analysis required by this bill, the rules will 1907 not be able to be finalized. That is just a slow death. 1908 the DOE has little expertise and no resources to do this 1909 macroeconomic analysis, so the prospects do become bleak. 1910 For example, the Tier 3 regulations to clean up gasoline 1911 will prevent an estimated 22,000 asthma attacks per year. 1912 Those regulations will avoid almost 2 million lost workdays 1913 and school days due to illness. They will prevent premature 1914 deaths from heart attacks and strokes triggered by air 1915 pollution, not just a few deaths but over 2,000 per year.

- 1916 And yet if this bill became law, the Tier 3 regulations may 1917 never become final.
- 1918 So I don't think we should pretend that this bill is
- 1919 about transparency or more analysis. This bill is about the
- 1920 same thing as so many bills that were promoted in the last
- 1921 Congress, stopping EPA from doing its work of protecting the
- 1922 public from pollution. Our colleagues across the aisle say
- 1923 this is not the intent of the underlying bill. They claim
- 1924 they don't want to block rules that will protect kids from
- 1925 pollution, but this amendment by Mr. Tonko gives us a clear
- 1926 choice. This amendment provides for an up-or-down vote on
- 1927 our children's health.
- 1928 Mr. Tonko's amendment ensures that EPA can finalize
- 1929 rules to reduce the incidence of cancer, premature death,
- 1930 asthma attacks, or respiratory disease in children without
- 1931 the cumbersome DOE process. Mr. Tonko's amendment says that
- 1932 when it comes to health and the lives of our kids, we are
- 1933 going to let the EPA do its job.
- 1934 Of course every EPA rule will still have to go to the
- 1935 lengthy public process, rigorous data requirements, extensive
- 1936 economic analysis, detailed interagency review, and
- 1937 opportunities for legal challenges. These already apply.
- 1938 But despite all the misleading rhetoric we have heard today
- 1939 about the need for still more economic analysis, we actually

- 1940 have a very simple choice to make. We can protect polluters
- 1941 or we can protect America's children.
- 1942 I urge my colleagues to make the right choice and
- 1943 support Mr. Tonko's amendment.
- 1944 I yield back or to someone else who may wish time. I
- 1945 yield back.
- 1946 Mr. {Murphy.} Mr. Chairman?
- 1947 The {Chairman.} The gentlelady yields back.
- The gentleman from Pennsylvania, Dr. Murphy.
- 1949 Mr. {Murphy.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 1950 I would like to point out that nothing at all in the
- 1951 underlying bill states, blocks, stops, or even addresses
- 1952 anything about health. It talks about something we need to
- 1953 be talking about, and that is poverty and the effect about
- 1954 jobs the EPA has and indeed they have come before our
- 1955 committee before and said that is not something they pay
- 1956 attention to. Well, we want to make them pay attention to
- 1957 what that does.
- 1958 In May, more than 130 employees at PBS Coal in Somerset
- 1959 County, Pennsylvania, were laid off, third round of layoffs
- 1960 in the company in less than a year. Last week, nearly 400
- 1961 people, it was announced, would lose their jobs at
- 1962 FirstEnergy by shutting off the Hatfield and Mitchell coal-
- 1963 fired power plants in Greene and Washington County,

- 1964 Pennsylvania, after the company spent nearly \$1 billion
- 1965 cleaning them up. They joined about 5,000 other coal miners
- 1966 who lost their jobs in 2012.
- 1967 And it won't just be minors losing their jobs. It is
- 1968 the boilermakers who are no longer building and maintaining
- 1969 power plants, thousands of laborers, electricians, operating
- 1970 engineers, steamfitters, plumbers, carpenters, machinists all
- 1971 out of work. They will be joining those that join
- 1972 manufacturing in Millersburg, Kentucky, who were laid off in
- 1973 March or Peoria, the hundreds of boilermakers there laid off
- 1974 of work; Erie, Pennsylvania, where GE is laying off 950
- 1975 workers at its locomotive power plant because less coal means
- 1976 less work for the railroads. These men and women are out of
- 1977 work because of the country's 600 coal plants, more than 20
- 1978 percent of all coal-fired units are being shut down due to
- 1979 EPA regulations.
- Now, I am not want to talk much about my family, but I
- 1981 wanted to talk about growing up in poverty because I remember
- 1982 what it was like to come home to an empty refrigerator
- 1983 growing up with my 10 brothers and sisters, my mom and dad
- 1984 both working long jobs all the times to try and feed us. And
- 1985 I remember in part motivated by that when I went to college
- 1986 at Wheeling Jesuit University. I would oftentimes join
- 1987 groups to travel throughout Appalachia helping families in

- 1988 the bleakest kind of poverty you can imagine. In coal towns 1989 that were once thriving but as the mines shut down, miners 1990 lost their jobs. And that was true not only in West Virginia 1991 but Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Kentucky, Illinois, 1992 Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina where the poverty is 1993 still so bleak in parts of eastern Kentucky that it is 1994 absolutely amazing, three times the national poverty rate. 1995 And when people grow up in poverty, even despite 1996 whatever things may come out of the healthcare bill, they 1997 oftentimes characteristically have more drug abuse, dental 1998 problems, chronic depression, cancer. They just can't afford 1999 food. They can't afford to live. We see that such families 2000 have depression twice the rate of the rest of the population,
- Now, here we are talking about that even when things get better with some kids who don't have mental health problems, a recent study by Georgetown University says that they will have other risks for obesity and cancer and hypertension and stroke and cardiovascular disease because of the stresses of poverty and unemployment.

higher rates of asthma and obesity because of poverty.

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Now, I am with my colleagues. We want to make sure we are looking at health and the EPA does a lot of talking about that. All we are asking is at least for Americans who are out there who are going to be told they are going to lose

2012 their jobs if power plants are shut down, as coal mines are 2013 shut down, and towns move back to incredible unspeakable 2014 poverty, I ask you to look at the eyes of the people who are 2015 in poverty of all ages, the young and the old and in between 2016 and make the EPA look at their eyes as well. I don't give a 2017 rat's tail if they don't have the people right now to do it. 2018 They certainly have enough people to come up with some other 2019 things.

2020 They step into the area of the Department of Energy. 2021 Somebody ought to speak up for Americans who are losing their 2022 jobs and saying as regulations come through, we ought to find 2023 out how poverty affects them, how they can't even afford to 2024 live in decent trailers, how we have to send charitable 2025 organizations down to put a roof on their house, put a toilet 2026 in their house, give them running water. Why are we afraid 2027 to talk about those things? I can't imagine why anybody 2028 would vote against and amendment that says we want to know 2029 what the EPA is doing to put more people in poverty.

So what are we going to do? Offer them more food
stamps, more welfare, more money for their schools, more
other things there? Why not give people the decency of a job
and say that when we come up with these regulations, why
can't we talk about the effect this has upon jobs, the effect
this has upon families, the effect this has upon the future

- 2036 of children and the struggles they have and the hopelessness
- 2037 that they have and the depression may face and the worries
- 2038 that they have?
- 2039 Let's be compassionate and get back to these issues and
- 2040 stop talking about the politics of either side on this and
- 2041 for once and for all make the EPA and other federal
- 2042 organizations say we want to know about your war on jobs, the
- 2043 effect upon children, and I yield back.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- The chair would recognize the gentleman from New Mexico.
- 2046 Mr. {Lujan.} Mr. Chairman, if the Committee would
- 2047 indulge me, I am going to share a very personal story and one
- 2048 that I hope doesn't get too emotional.
- You know, we talked about the impact of this and what
- 2050 Congressman Tonko's legislation would do to look at rules
- 2051 that would result in reduced incidence of cancer, premature
- 2052 mortality, asthma attacks, respiratory disease in children.
- 2053 My father growing up was an ironworker. My dad had all
- 2054 the pride in the world. He got up early in the morning and
- 2055 we had an old beat-up pickup truck. Sometimes it would
- 2056 start, sometimes it wouldn't. Sometimes dad had to thumb his
- 2057 way to work. Fortunately, he had brothers that worked with
- 2058 him in his trade that would give him a ride and pick him up
- 2059 and take him to work. Mom would pack him his lunch and, you

2060 know, we didn't have much growing up but Dad always found a 2061 way to leave a piece of that tortilla, half of that apple, 2062 whatever it was in a lunchbox and whichever one of his four 2063 kids would meet him at the driveway when he got home, he 2064 would share that with him. It was a big treat. My father 2065 died from lung cancer December 18 of this last year. 2066 And so when we say legislation doesn't matter or to 2067 adopt legislation that is going to save someone's life, it 2068 doesn't matter. Come look at my mom in her eyes and tell her 2069 it doesn't matter. My father's grandchildren and great-2070 grandson tell him and them it doesn't matter. 2071 Look, if this amendment is something that everyone can 2072 agree to and there is a thought that there could be a 2073 billion-dollar cost to something that would impact the 2074 prevention of cancer in this legislation, which doesn't 2075 outline a timeline, which I hope at least the majority 2076 Republicans will fix, it doesn't say billion over a year, a 2077 billion over 10 years, a billion over 100 years, a billion 2078 over 1,000 years, why wouldn't we do that? 2079 And, look, Dad's exposure came through him working at a 2080 national lab, but the next step with this is to connect it 2081 with how the Occupational Safety Hazard Association or 2082 organization works from a safety perspective with the Act

with the EPA to enforce these to make sure that these things

2084 that we are breathing in aren't going to kill our families.

2085 Furthermore, those individuals around the Navajo Nation, 2086 this study that came out from them in 2008 cost more than \$1 These individuals who suffer from a berm that broke 2087 2088 at Church Rock, New Mexico, on the Navajo Nation of a chapter 2089 where there was a big berm was collecting all these tailings 2090 and this liquid waste that came out of the mines, had rules 2091 been in place then to prevent that berm from breaking at the 2092 same time that there was a meltdown at Three Mile Island, 2093 which received more attention than the Navajo Nation, what 2094 would happen to these communities?

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And so should this have been delayed to go in and help these individuals, these families that are dying of these illnesses every day, these communities that have been devastated? What company is going to move in where contamination ran through, nuclear and uranium contamination ran through a river from New Mexico to Arizona? Who is going to move in there? And who is going to clean it up? The Federal Government sure hasn't been keeping track with this.

So all I am saying is I know that this conversation is
emotional and it should be, but there should be some areas
where the Republican majority and the Democratic minority can
find some common ground, especially in areas where we are
going to address this issue.

- 2108 And lastly, if I could just try to make sense of the
- 2109 economic argument that is being made to prevent the passage
- 2110 of this amendment and that ultimately defeated the last
- 2111 amendment that looks at the economic impact of not addressing
- 2112 climate change and the cost of denying climate change even
- 2113 exists. More natural disasters, more hurricanes that are
- 2114 stronger, more tornadoes that are even more devastating, more
- 2115 firefighters that are causing severe impacts to our
- 2116 watersheds and the impact to that water that is making its
- 2117 way to these businesses, more respiratory ailments and
- 2118 cancers that are caused sounds to me like it costs a whole
- 2119 lot of money. And I know we can put dollar amounts on what
- 2120 has happened over these last few years. We should look at
- 2121 the understanding what the economic impact as of not doing
- 2122 anything to address climate change. And I hope, Mr.
- 2123 Chairman, that we get to that point.
- Thank you and I yield back.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- Other Members wishing to speak? Seeing none, the vote
- 2127 occurs on the amendment.
- Those in favor of the Tonko amendment will say aye.
- Those opposed, say no.
- 2130 In the opinion of the chair, the noes have it. The noes
- 2131 have it. The amendment is not agreed to.

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          Mr. {Tonko.} Mr. Chair, I call for a recorded vote,
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     please.
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           The {Chairman.} A roll call vote is requested and the
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     clerk will call the roll.
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           The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall?
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           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barton?
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2139
          [No response.]
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           The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield?
          Mr. {Whitfield.} No.
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2142
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield votes no.
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          Mr. Shimkus?
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          Mr. {Shimkus.} No.
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           The {Clerk.} Mr. Shimkus votes no.
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          Mr. Pitts?
2147
          Mr. {Pitts.} No.
2148
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pitts votes no.
          Mr. Walden?
2149
2150
           [No response.]
2151
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry?
2152
          Mr. {Terry.} No.
2153
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry votes no.
2154
          Mr. Rogers?
2155
          Mr. {Rogers.} No.
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2156
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rogers votes no.
2157
           Mr. Murphy?
2158
           Mr. {Murphy.} No.
2159
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Murphy votes no.
2160
           Mr. Burgess?
2161
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn?
2162
2163
           Mrs. {Blackburn.} No.
2164
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn votes no.
           Mr. Gingrey?
2165
2166
           [No response.]
2167
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise?
2168
           Mr. {Scalise.} No.
2169
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise votes no.
2170
           Mr. Latta?
2171
           Mr. {Latta.} No.
2172
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta votes no.
           Mrs. McMorris Rodgers?
2173
2174
           [No response.]
2175
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper?
2176
           Mr. {Harper.} No.
2177
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper votes no.
          Mr. Lance?
2178
```

Mr. {Lance.} No.

```
2180
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance votes no.
2181
          Mr. Cassidy?
2182
           Dr. {Cassidy.} No.
2183
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Cassidy votes no.
2184
          Mr. Guthrie?
2185
          Mr. {Guthrie.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Guthrie votes no.
2186
2187
          Mr. Olson?
2188
          [No response.]
2189
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley?
           Mr. {McKinley.} No.
2190
2191
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley votes no.
2192
          Mr. Gardner?
2193
          Mr. {Gardner.} No.
2194
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Gardner votes no.
2195
          Mr. Pompeo?
2196
          Mr. {Pompeo.} No.
2197
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pompeo votes no.
2198
          Mr. Kinzinger?
2199
          Mr. {Kinzinger.} No.
2200
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Kinzinger votes no.
2201
          Mr. Griffith?
          Mr. {Griffith.} No.
2202
2203
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Griffith votes no.
```

```
Mr. Bilirakis?
2204
2205
          Mr. {Bilirakis.} No.
2206
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Bilirakis votes no.
2207
          Mr. Johnson?
2208
          Mr. {Johnson.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Johnson votes no.
2209
2210
          Mr. Long?
2211
          Mr. {Long.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Long votes no.
2212
          Mrs. Ellmers?
2213
          Mrs. {Ellmers.} No.
2214
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Ellmers votes no.
2215
2216
          Mr. Waxman?
2217
          Mr. {Waxman.} Aye.
2218
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Waxman votes aye.
2219
          Mr. Dingell?
2220
          Mr. {Dingell.} Votes aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Dingell votes aye.
2221
2222
          Mr. Pallone?
2223
           [No response.]
2224
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rush?
2225
          [No response.]
          The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo?
2226
2227
          Ms. {Eshoo.} Aye.
```

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2228
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo votes aye.
2229
          Mr. Engel?
2230
           [No response.]
2231
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green?
2232
           Mr. {Green.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green votes aye.
2233
          Ms. DeGette?
2234
2235
          [No response.]
2236
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps?
2237
          Mrs. {Capps.} Aye.
          The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps votes aye.
2238
2239
          Mr. Doyle?
2240
           [No response.]
2241
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky?
2242
           Ms. {Schakowsky.} Aye.
2243
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky votes aye.
2244
          Mr. Matheson?
2245
          Mr. {Matheson.} Aye.
2246
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Matheson votes aye.
2247
          Mr. Butterfield?
2248
          Mr. {Butterfield.} Aye.
2249
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Butterfield votes aye.
          Mr. Barrow?
2250
```

Mr. {Barrow.} Aye.

```
2252
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barrow votes aye.
2253
          Ms. Matsui?
2254
           Ms. {Matsui.} Aye.
2255
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Matsui votes aye.
2256
          Ms. Christiansen?
2257
          Dr. {Christiansen.} Aye.
2258
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Christiansen votes aye.
2259
          Ms. Castor?
2260
          Ms. {Castor.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Castor votes aye.
2261
2262
          Mr. Sarbanes?
          Mr. {Sarbanes.} Aye.
2263
2264
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes votes aye.
2265
          Mr. McNerney?
2266
          Mr. {McNerney.} Aye.
2267
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McNerney votes aye.
2268
          Mr. Braley?
          Mr. {Braley.} Aye.
2269
2270
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Braley votes aye.
2271
          Mr. Welch?
2272
           [No response.]
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan?
2273
          Mr. {Lujan.} Aye.
2274
2275
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan votes aye.
```

```
2276
           Mr. Tonko?
2277
           Mr. {Tonko.} Aye.
2278
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Tonko votes aye.
2279
           Chairman Upton?
           The {Chairman.} I am sorry, votes no.
2280
2281
           The {Clerk.} Chairman Upton votes no.
2282
           The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
2283
     Mr. Pallone?
2284
           Mr. {Pallone.} Aye.
2285
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pallone votes aye.
2286
           The {Chairman.} Mr. Walden?
2287
           Mr. {Walden.} Walden votes no.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Walden votes no.
2288
2289
           The {Chairman.} Mr. Hall?
2290
           Mr. {Hall.} No.
2291
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall votes no.
           The {Chairman.} Mr. Welch, are you recorded?
2292
2293
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Welch is not recorded.
2294
           Mr. {Welch.} Votes aye.
2295
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Welch votes aye.
2296
           The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
2297
      Seeing none, the clerk will report the tally.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Chairman, on that vote there were 19
2298
     ayes and 25 nays.
2299
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2300 The {Chairman.} 19 ayes, 25 nays, the amendment is not
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- 2301 agreed to.
- 2302 Are there further amendments to the bill? Seeing none,
- 2303 the question now occurs on favorably reporting H.R. 1582, as
- 2304 amended, to the House.
- 2305 All those in favor will say aye.
- Those opposed, say no.
- 2307 In the opinion of the chair, the ayes have it. The ayes
- 2308 have it. The bill is agreed to.
- 2309 Roll call is requested. And the clerk will report the
- 2310 tally.
- 2311 The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall?
- 2312 [No response.]
- 2313 The {Clerk.} Mr. Barton?
- [No response.]
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield?
- 2316 Mr. {Whitfield.} Aye.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield votes aye.
- 2318 Mr. Shimkus?
- 2319 Mr. {Shimkus.} Aye.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Shimkus votes aye.
- 2321 Mr. Pitts?
- 2322 Mr. {Pitts.} Aye.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Pitts votes aye.

```
2324
          Mr. Walden?
2325
          Mr. {Walden.} Aye.
2326
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Walden votes aye.
2327
          Mr. Terry?
2328
          Mr. {Terry.} Aye.
2329
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry votes aye.
2330
          Mr. Rogers?
2331
          [No response.]
2332
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Murphy?
2333
          Mr. {Murphy.} Aye.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Murphy votes aye.
2334
2335
          Mr. Burgess?
2336
           [No response.]
2337
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn?
2338
          Mrs. {Blackburn.} Aye.
2339
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn votes aye.
2340
          Mr. Gingrey?
2341
           [No response.]
2342
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise?
2343
          Mr. {Scalise.} Aye.
2344
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise votes aye.
2345
          Mr. Latta?
          Mr. {Latta.} Aye.
2346
2347
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta votes aye.
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2348
          Mrs. McMorris Rodgers?
2349
           [No response.]
2350
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper?
2351
          Mr. {Harper.} Aye.
2352
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper votes aye.
          Mr. Lance?
2353
          Mr. {Lance.} Aye.
2354
2355
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance votes aye.
2356
          Mr. Cassidy?
2357
          Dr. {Cassidy.} Aye.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Cassidy votes aye.
2358
2359
          Mr. Guthrie?
2360
          Mr. {Guthrie.} Aye.
2361
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Guthrie votes aye.
2362
          Mr. Olson?
2363
           [No response.]
          The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley?
2364
2365
           Mr. {McKinley.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley votes aye.
2366
2367
          Mr. Gardner?
2368
          Mr. {Gardner.} Aye.
2369
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Gardner votes aye.
2370
          Mr. Pompeo?
2371
          Mr. {Pompeo.} Aye.
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2372
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pompeo votes aye.
2373
          Mr. Kinzinger?
2374
           Mr. {Kinzinger.} Aye.
2375
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Kinzinger votes aye.
2376
          Mr. Griffith?
2377
          Mr. {Griffith.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Griffith votes aye.
2378
2379
          Mr. Bilirakis?
2380
           Mr. {Bilirakis.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Bilirakis votes aye.
2381
2382
          Mr. Johnson?
2383
          Mr. {Johnson.} Aye.
2384
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Johnson votes aye.
2385
          Mr. Long?
           [No response.]
2386
2387
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Ellmers?
2388
          Mrs. {Ellmers.} Aye.
2389
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Ellmers votes aye.
2390
          Mr. Waxman?
2391
          Mr. {Waxman.} No.
2392
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Waxman votes no.
2393
          Mr. Dingell?
          Mr. {Dingell.} Votes no.
2394
2395
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Dingell votes no.
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```
Mr. Pallone?
2396
2397
           Mr. {Pallone.} No.
2398
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pallone votes no.
2399
           Mr. Rush?
2400
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo?
2401
           Ms. {Eshoo.} No.
2402
2403
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo votes no.
2404
           Mr. Engel?
2405
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green?
2406
2407
           Mr. {Green.} No.
2408
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green votes no.
2409
           Ms. DeGette?
2410
           [No response.]
2411
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps?
2412
           Mrs. {Capps.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps votes no.
2413
2414
           Mr. Doyle?
2415
           [No response.]
2416
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky?
2417
           Ms. {Schakowsky.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky votes no.
2418
2419
           Mr. Matheson?
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2420
          Mr. {Matheson.} Aye.
          The \{Clerk.\} Mr. Matheson votes aye.
2421
2422
          Mr. Butterfield?
2423
          Mr. {Butterfield.} No.
2424
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Butterfield votes no.
2425
          Mr. Barrow?
          Mr. {Barrow.} Aye.
2426
2427
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Barrow votes aye.
2428
          Ms. Matsui?
2429
          Ms. {Matsui.} No.
          The {Clerk.} Ms. Matsui votes no.
2430
2431
          Mrs. Christiansen?
2432
          Dr. {Christiansen.} No.
2433
          The {Clerk.} Mrs. Christiansen votes no.
2434
          Ms. Castor?
2435
          Ms. {Castor.} No.
2436
          The {Clerk.} Ms. Castor votes no.
          Mr. Sarbanes?
2437
          Mr. {Sarbanes.} No.
2438
2439
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes votes no.
2440
          Mr. McNerney?
2441
          Mr. {McNerney.} No.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. McNerney votes no.
2442
2443
          Mr. Braley?
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2444
          Mr. {Braley.} No.
2445
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Braley votes no.
2446
          Mr. Welch?
2447
          Mr. {Welch.} No.
2448
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Welch votes no.
          Mr. Lujan?
2449
2450
          Mr. {Lujan.} No.
2451
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan votes no.
2452
          Mr. Tonko?
2453
          Mr. {Tonko.} No.
2454
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Tonko votes no.
2455
          Chairman Upton?
2456
          The {Chairman.} Votes aye.
          The {Clerk.} Chairman Upton votes aye.
2457
2458
           The {Chairman.} Are there Members wishing to cast a
2459
     vote? Mr. Hall?
2460
          Mr. {Hall.} Votes aye.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall votes aye.
2461
          The {Chairman.} Anyone else? Mr. Rush?
2462
2463
          Mr. {Rush.} Rush votes no.
2464
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Rush votes no.
2465
          The {Chairman.} Any other Members wishing to cast a
     vote? Mr. Shimkus, have you voted?
2466
2467
           Seeing none, the clerk will report the tally.
```

- 2468 The {Clerk.} Mr. Chairman, on that vote, there were 25
- 2469 ayes and 18 nays.
- 2470 The {Chairman.} 25 ayes and 18 nays, the bill as
- 2471 amended is approved. H.R. 1582 is favorably reported.

H.R. 1900 2472 The {Chairman.} The chair now calls up H.R. 1900 and 2473 2474 asks the clerk to report. The {Clerk.} H.R. 1900, to provide for the timely 2475 consideration of all licenses, permits, and approvals 2476 2477 required under federal law with respect to the siting, 2478 construction, expansion, or operation of any natural gas 2479 pipeline projects. 2480 [H.R. 1900 follows:]

2481 ************ INSERT B **********

2482 The {Chairman.} Without objection, the first reading of 2483 the bill is dispensed with and the bill will be open for 2484 amendment at any point. So ordered. 2485 The chair now recognizes Mr. Pompeo for the purpose of 2486 offering an amendment in the nature of a substitute. 2487 Mr. {Pompeo.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I do have an 2488 amendment at the desk. 2489 The {Chairman.} And the clerk will report the 2490 amendment. 2491 The {Clerk.} Amendment in the nature of a substitute to 2492 H.R. 1900 offered by Mr. Pompeo of Kansas. [The amendment of Mr. Pompeo follows:] 2493

*********** INSERT 5 *********

- 2495 The {Chairman.} And without objection, the reading of 2496 the amendment is dispensed with.
- 2497 The gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes in support of 2498 his amendment.
- 2499 Mr. {Pompeo.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 2500 As I said in the subcommittee hearing and indeed in the
- 2501 markup last week, this legislation, H.R. 1900, is a
- 2502 commonsense approach providing certainty for natural gas
- 2503 pipeline developers, and even more importantly than the
- 2504 developers themselves, this legislation ultimately helps
- 2505 alleviate the increasingly prevalent natural gas pipeline
- 2506 capacity issue that is plaguing parts of the country,
- 2507 especially the Northeast.
- 2508 Ultimately, though, this is a pro-consumer piece of
- 2509 legislation that will provide lower energy costs for
- 2510 consumers all across America by providing the infrastructure
- 2511 we need to get energy to where the demand centers are and
- 2512 where working families need that energy.
- 2513 One of the benefits of having the legislative hearing
- 2514 and the subcommittee markup is that we got a chance to hear
- 2515 again from some of the stakeholders with different ideas and
- 2516 suggestions. As a result of that, I am offering this
- 2517 amendment in the nature of a substitute that incorporates

- 2518 many of the suggestions from folks who testified, as well as
- 2519 folks on the other side of the auditorium here today. It
- 2520 does three things really.
- 2521 First, the substitute amendment applies this legislation
- 2522 only to projects that go through the pre-filing process.
- 2523 That is an extensive review beginning up to 8 months before
- 2524 applications are even filed with the commissions. We learned
- 2525 from FERC and other witnesses that the pre-filing process is
- 2526 a successful process that keeps all stakeholders, including
- 2527 state, local, and federal agencies, as well as property
- 2528 owners informed and involved with the project from the very
- 2529 beginning. It also allows pipeline developers to incorporate
- 2530 additional environmental mitigation measures into the process
- 2531 as they move through application and ultimately construction.
- 2532 Second, as a result of the testimony of Commissioner
- 2533 Moeller, we learned about his concern with FERC's 12-month
- 2534 shot clock and when it would start. As originally drafted,
- 2535 the shot clock began right after public notice. After
- 2536 hearing his concerns that were shared by some on this
- 2537 committee, specifically the timeline that Mr. Moeller said
- 2538 that the timeline was achievable if we made this
- 2539 modification, we changed the start time to when FERC actually
- 2540 receives a completed application that is ready to go as
- 2541 defined by current regulation.

2542	And then finally, the third substitute provision
2543	maintains the statutory requirement that the permit will go
2544	into effect absent agency action but makes some small changes
2545	to that process as well, requires agencies seeking a 30-day
2546	extension to the 90-day deadline to certify that they are
2547	unable to complete their work and be forced to deny the
2548	private as a result of that time period. This was something
2549	that other folks on the other side were concerned about.
2550	So now, as a result of these changes from pre-filing to
2551	final permit reviews, the substitute puts in place a process
2552	that last over 2 years that include 8 months of a pre-filing
2553	process, 12 months for the FERC certificate, 90 days for the
2554	agency to take final action, 30 days for an extension in the
2555	event the agency needs more time, and then 30 days after the
2556	permit goes into effect for agencies to add additional terms
2557	and conditions.
2558	I can't see how anyone could think that over 2 years is
2559	not moving fast enough or that we are putting an undue burden
2560	on agencies to complete their tasks along that timeline. We
2561	have tried hard. I worked with folks over the last few days
2562	to try and accommodate all of their concerns, and we have
2563	tried to put together a truly bipartisan bill and a
2564	commonsense update to the gas pipeline permitting process.

I urge all Members to support this substitute amendment

- 2566 and I yield back.
- 2567 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back. Are there
- 2568 amendments to the substitute?
- The gentleman from California.
- 2570 Mr. {Waxman.} Strike the last word.
- 2571 The {Chairman.} The gentleman strikes the last word and
- 2572 is recognized.
- 2573 Mr. {Waxman.} Okay. Mr. Chairman, there is an irony
- 2574 that this bill should be offered following the last one that
- 2575 was just passed because the last one said we don't want to
- 2576 trust EPA as an agency to make decisions. We want those
- 2577 decisions reviewed by the DOE. But this amendment says that
- 2578 FERC can stand in the place of all the other agencies that
- 2579 would have to do a review in their area of specialization.
- 2580 For example, the Bureau of Land Management would look at
- 2581 rights-of-way through federal lands for a project that FERC,
- 2582 let's say, what is to agree to, but this amendment says, no,
- 2583 FERC can have that power, not the BLM. BLM can advise them
- 2584 but FERC is not going to make that decision. FERC will be
- 2585 figuring out water discharge limits. FERC will be
- 2586 determining which technologies should be employed to reduce
- 2587 air pollution emissions, not EPA but FERC. FERC will be
- 2588 issuing permits to protect wetlands and even bald eagles.
- 2589 These are jobs that FERC doesn't have the expertise or the

- 2590 resources to carry out, but we are going to let FERC do it.
- 2591 It looks like FERC has a lot of goodwill on this committee if
- 2592 we agree to this bill.
- 2593 But we don't really trust FERC that much either because
- 2594 the underlying bill says after FERC has completed application
- 2595 and they are doing their analysis, they have got to act
- 2596 within 90 days. And if they don't act within 90 days, then
- 2597 the permit goes automatically into effect.
- Now, we heard from a career director of the Office of
- 2599 Energy Projects at FERC who testified. He didn't believe
- 2600 this bill would result in faster permitting. He told us that
- 2601 the bill could actually result in slower permitting if
- 2602 agencies have no choice but to deny applications because of
- 2603 the arbitrary deadlines established by the bill.
- 2604 The amendment that is now before us seems like it was
- 2605 cobbled together to try to find solutions to some of the
- 2606 issues that were raised but it doesn't deal with the
- 2607 underlying problem, which is that permits are going to be
- 2608 granted in 90 days even if the agency is not ready to make
- 2609 that decision.
- 2610 And I note this amendment, which gives FERC the role of
- 2611 being a super permitter, does some good things, but that is
- 2612 troublesome. It acknowledges that forcing agencies to
- 2613 approve or deny permits in 90 days could result in agencies

- 2614 simply denying their permits. The amendment provides
- 2615 agencies another 30 days if they otherwise be forced to deny
- 2616 a permit.
- 2617 That doesn't solve the problem for permits that require
- 2618 longer than 120 days to complete. Permits can be detailed
- 2619 documents with terms and conditions to protect public health
- 2620 and the environment. It can take time to work out these
- 2621 details. But the underlying bill says we don't have any more
- 2622 time. FERC, you just make all the decisions and make them in
- 2623 90 days. Maybe we will give you a little bit more time, but
- 2624 that is it.
- 2625 So I don't think this Pompeo amendment solves the
- 2626 problems with this bill. I still will oppose the bill. And
- 2627 I know the amendment that I offered as a substitute will
- 2628 become the basis for other amendments that we will be
- 2629 considering and we will hear about those amendments later on.
- 2630 The bill is fundamentally flawed, and I urge opposition
- 2631 to the bill.
- I will be happy to yield to Mr. Green the balance of my
- 2633 time.
- 2634 Mr. {Green.} I thank my colleague and I want to use
- 2635 this opportunity to thank Mr. Pompeo for working with us and
- 2636 a number of us who had concerns and still have concerns about
- 2637 the bill.

- 2638 There were two issues that this amendment addresses.
- 2639 The last one is one that deems it approved. And some of our
- 2640 Members who aren't on the subcommittee, where I come from in
- 2641 Texas we deal with FERC and pipelines literally every day. I
- 2642 have never not lived on a pipeline easement in Houston. And
- 2643 who they were having problems at FERC over the last decade,
- 2644 but over the last few years, there hasn't been. And dealing
- 2645 with a lot of these companies, I have not had one complaint
- 2646 from a company because of regulatory delay at FERC.
- 2647 And my only concern about it is that there are some good
- 2648 things in this bill and particularly the two amendments that
- 2649 Mr. Pompeo put in, but by putting this deemed approval in
- 2650 there, it is the kiss of death in the United States Senate.
- 2651 It will pass the House Floor but it will go nowhere in the
- 2652 Senate.
- 2653 So that is why I have some concern about the bill and I
- 2654 intend to vote against it even though there were some
- 2655 improvements with this amendment.
- 2656 And I yield. I thank you, Mr. Chairman, Ranking Member,
- 2657 for your time.
- 2658 The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time is expired.
- 2659 Are there further amendments to the substitute? Seeing
- 2660 none--the gentleman from Illinois seeks recognition?
- 2661 Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman, I do seek recognition. I

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2662 have an amendment at the desk.
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- 2663 The {Chairman.} The gentleman has an amendment at the
- 2664 desk. The clerk will report the title of the amendment.
- 2665 What number?
- 2666 Mr. {Rush.} #2.
- 2667 The {Chairman.} #2? #1.
- 2668 Mr. {Rush.} Amendment #1.
- 2669 The {Clerk.} The amendment to the amendment in the
- 2670 nature of a substitute offered by Mr. Rush of Illinois.
- 2671 [The amendment of Mr. Rush follows:]
- 2672 ************** INSERT 6 ***********

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- 2673 The {Chairman.} And the amendment will be considered as
- 2674 read. The staff will distribute the amendment. And the
- 2675 gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes.
- 2676 Before he starts, let's just make sure this is the right
- 2677 amendment. Come on up and we will make sure. Is that the
- 2678 amendment?
- 2679 Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman, this is the correct
- amendment.
- 2681 The {Chairman.} Yes, the gentleman is recognized for 5
- 2682 minutes.
- 2683 Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman, I apologize for the confusion
- 2684 there. I am involved in two simultaneous meetings at the
- 2685 same time, as most Members have been.
- 2686 But, Mr. Chairman, my amendment strikes the section of
- 2687 the bill that provides that permits automatically go into
- 2688 effect if agencies do not approve or deny the permits in 90
- 2689 days.
- 2690 At the hearing last week, Mr. Chairman, no one could
- 2691 explain how this provision would work as these permits aren't
- 2692 yes-or-no decisions. These permits can be detailed documents
- 2693 that need to be written by the agencies, and it doesn't make
- 2694 any sense to mandate that an unwritten permit will
- 2695 automatically take effect.

2696 Mr. Chairman, we received technical comments from some 2697 of the agencies whose permitting processes would be affected 2698 by this provision. And here is what the agencies responsible 2699 for implementing these laws told us. The Army Corps of 2700 Engineers stated, ``this legislation could allow certain 2701 activities to proceed despite potential adverse and 2702 significant impacts to aquatic resources and without 2703 appropriate compensatory mitigation.'' The EPA stated, ``it 2704 will severely limit States' ability to ensure that discharges comply with water quality standards.'' The EPA also told the 2705 2706 Committee, ``this requirement could potentially result in 2707 sources receiving an inadequate permit or a permit that does 2708 not ensure compliance with the Clean Air Act.'' The Bureau 2709 of Land Management and the Fish and Wildlife Service raised 2710 similar concerns. 2711 Mr. Chairman, the Pompeo amendment seems to acknowledge 2712 that this provision would be unworkable but it would make the 2713 provision even more problematic by apparently requiring FERC 2714 to write and issue the permits of other agencies that will

2718 And, Mr. Chairman, and you know just as well as we know 2719 that that is just not feasible. Even if it were feasible, it

the Fish and Wildlife Service, and the Army Corps of

require FERC to duplicate the expertise of the EPA, the BLM,

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Engineers.

- 2720 would require an amazing dedication of new personnel, new
- 2721 resources to duplicate the functions of all of these federal
- 2722 agencies at a time when my Republican colleagues are in fact
- 2723 cutting the funding to many of these same agencies.
- 2724 Mr. Chairman, attempting to transform FERC into some
- 2725 kind of super permitting police agency would be a mistake.
- 2726 It is a bad idea that has not been thoroughly thought out.
- 2727 This automatic permitting provision could have serious
- 2728 environmental consequences and it could result in permits
- 2729 being issued that are inconsistent with the requirements of
- 2730 the Nation's environmental laws.
- 2731 Mr. Chairman, agencies should act expeditiously on
- 2732 pipeline applications but they also need time to perform
- 2733 their due diligence by conducting the necessary environmental
- 2734 and safety reviews. They must be able to set appropriate
- 2735 term and conditions to protect the environment and the public
- 2736 health, and clearly, the permits should meet the underlying
- 2737 statutory requirements.
- 2738 Mr. Chairman, I urge all Members to support my amendment
- 2739 which will address a major problem with this bill.
- 2740 And with that, I yield back the balance of my time.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- The gentleman from Kansas is recognized for 5 minutes.
- 2743 Mr. {Pompeo.} Mr. Chairman, thank you. I move to

- 2744 strike the last word and respectfully oppose the Rush
- amendment.
- 2746 Where to begin? First of all, you know, he says that my
- 2747 amendment acknowledges that this bill is unworkable. That is
- 2748 not true. It doesn't. It is not unworkable. They don't
- 2749 have to take my word for it. You can take Commissioner
- 2750 Moeller's word for it, the man who will be forced to
- 2751 implement this. Commissioner Moeller said if you get the
- 2752 shot clock right and start the clock at the right time, we
- 2753 can absolutely do this.
- 2754 So I don't know what some staff person at FERC might
- 2755 have said or might not have said, but the Commissioner, the
- 2756 one who chose to come testify—and we invited a number of
- 2757 commissioners to come testify, but the commissioner who chose
- 2758 to come testify said that this was eminently workable if we
- 2759 would finish that shot clock provision. We have done that,
- and so this bill is easily, easily workable.
- 2761 Mr. Chairman, both Mr. Waxman and Mr. Rush suggested
- 2762 that this is giving FERC some greater power, that we are
- 2763 taking away authority from EPA or BLM or DOI. Nothing could
- 2764 be further from the truth. We are completely respecting
- 2765 those agencies. Indeed, we give FERC no authority that would
- 2766 have otherwise been granted to them. We haven't changed
- 2767 their statutory duties, obligations, rights. All we are

- 2768 saying is that we would respectfully ask you to do your job
- 2769 and to finish and complete the process.
- 2770 We are not taking any power away from them. If they
- 2771 think that a particular pipeline shouldn't be built because
- 2772 they have got environmental concerns, they ought to come
- 2773 articulate that and present that and denied the permit. All
- 2774 they have got to do is act. This seems like a pretty
- 2775 straightforward proposition, a basic governmental function.
- 2776 You know, we also have heard now folks talk about
- 2777 letters that were submitted. We had a hearing on this,
- 2778 invited a number of agencies to come testify before this
- 2779 committee on this bill if they had concerns about it. If
- 2780 they thought it was going to cause their agencies problem,
- 2781 they were invited to come here to testify. None of them
- 2782 chose to show up save for one Commissioner from the Federal
- 2783 Energy Regulatory Commission.
- 2784 Last thought, there has been lots of talk about how this
- 2785 deemed approved provision is radical or unheard-of or
- 2786 unprecedented but that is just simply not true. This is not
- 2787 the first time we have had laws written that anticipated the
- 2788 need for certainty in permitting or application and granted
- 2789 approval if an agency did not act. There are lots of
- 2790 examples. I will read a couple of them.
- 2791 Indeed, in the Clean Water Act itself at 33 USC 129 that

- 2792 deals with the States' certification of projects, it says if
- 2793 the administrator does not approve or disapprove such
- 2794 application within 45 days of receipt, the application shall
- 2795 be deemed approved. We are not breaking new ground here.
- 2796 In TSCA, Section 5, dealing with new chemical approvals,
- 2797 if EPA does not take action on a pre-manufacturing notice,
- 2798 the manufacturer of the chemical can begin manufacturing the
- 2799 chemical. The company must submit a notice of commencement
- 2800 to EPA within 30 days, after which the chemical is considered
- 2801 an existing chemical. It has been deemed approved.
- The Pinelands National Reserve, 471(i), dealing with
- 2803 approval of comprehensive forest management programs, the
- 2804 same thing. Should the Secretary fail to act on the proposed
- 2805 plan within 90 days, the plan shall be regarded as approved.
- 2806 I could go on but my time is winding down.
- 2807 Look, H.R. 1900 falls in this tradition. That is just a
- 2808 simple thing. It says EPA, BLM, DOI, knock yourselves out.
- 2809 Do your job, but you can't wait forever. You can't leave
- 2810 folks who need energy, who need affordable energy waiting for
- 2811 you to act. Do your job, finish the application process,
- 2812 make the review. And what you will be approving is not some
- 2813 blank piece of paper. It is not some nothing, not some
- 2814 vacuum. Commissioner Moeller made very clear this is a
- 2815 workable bill. They know precisely what they will be

- 2816 approving of these agencies don't complete their tasks, and
- 2817 for that reason the amendment by Mr. Rush I would urge my
- 2818 colleagues to vote against it.
- 2819 I yield back, Mr. Chairman.
- 2820 Mr. {Whitfield.} [Presiding] The gentleman yields
- 2821 back.
- Is there further discussion on the Rush amendment?
- The gentleman from Michigan is recognized.
- 2824 Mr. {Dingell.} Mr. Chairman, last week, I introduced an
- 2825 amendment to require GAO to study what if any delays there
- 2826 have been or there may be in the permitting process. The
- 2827 Committee chose not to adopt that amendment, which was
- 2828 friendly, and so I am going to be forwarding a request on
- 2829 that study from myself to the GAO. My good friend, Mr.
- 2830 Barton, has indicated that he will join me in signing the
- 2831 request and I look forward to hearing back from him and other
- 2832 Members who might wish to sign.
- 2833 The harsh fact of the matter is there is a basic rule of
- 2834 life and that is if it ain't broke, don't fix it. We have
- 2835 found no problem here. I am not opposed to constructing
- 2836 natural gas pipelines. I think they should be constructed
- 2837 but carefully and safely. And I would remind my colleagues
- 2838 if one of those things let's go, it is like an atom bomb.
- 2839 And there are considerably different situations with

- 2840 regard to whether the permitting should be permitted in
- 2841 different places and under different circumstances.
- 2842 And I would point out that Commissioner Moeller last
- 2843 week says that 90 percent of the permit applications at FERC
- 2844 are already approved within 12 months and that the delays on
- 2845 the remaining 10 percent are due to complexities of the
- 2846 proposed projects or incomplete applications.
- 2847 What is he telling us? He is telling us that they then
- 2848 are going to either approve in haste, they are going to
- 2849 disapprove in haste, they are going to act without proper
- 2850 time to consider a significant number of applications that
- 2851 need to be considered in connection with the permitting
- 2852 process.
- 2853 If there is a problem here, we don't know what it is.
- 2854 All we know is we have got a piece of legislation before us
- 2855 that is going to encourage the agencies to move faster. But
- 2856 one of the reasons that we give the agencies time is they
- 2857 have to give notice to the people so that the people can make
- 2858 the necessary comments and can point out that there are
- 2859 perils here or there are reasons why they support them or
- 2860 reasons why they oppose them.
- 2861 This is going to constrict that notice because that
- 2862 notice is defined now in the administrative procedures and in
- 2863 the other statutes that affect the issuance of permits of

this kind not only by the agency that issues the permits with regard to the pipeline but also with regard to agencies that issue permits with regard to endangered species or water pollution or air pollution or other things. And those are oftentimes extremely complicated questions and require the time be given to the people so that they can make the necessary comments on the peril.

2871 We had a situation where a bunch of natural gas got 2872 loose in pipelines or rather from a treatment process in 2873 Cleveland during World War II. During that time in those 2874 dollars, it cost \$300 billion to Cleveland, just literally 2875 blew the hell out of Cleveland. And it got into the sewers 2876 and basements and everything else and it caused incredible 2877 destruction. When one of these pipelines goes up, there are 2878 serious consequences.

2879 But that is not the only concern we have here because we 2880 are concerned about the impact on the environment, on whether 2881 or not it is going to pollute the waters or contaminate the 2882 air or cause other difficulties or endanger the different 2883 species that are endangered under the law. And so this 2884 encourages nothing less than carelessness, haste, and 2885 doubtful behavior without proper opportunities for the 2886 citizens to see to it that they are heard and to give the 2887 process an opportunity for it to work.

- 2888 I think we have a lot of questions. What delays have 2889 there been and what has caused them? How do we fix 2890 identifiable delays in issuing permits? What effect do 2891 appropriations and other resources have on FERC and other 2892 federal agencies that have to deal with these particular 2893 problems? We have no decent factual record here to justify 2894 the enactment of this legislation or even its consideration. 2895 It may be there is something needed here to be done but the 2896 record doesn't show it and there is no reason to proceed on 2897 this kind of legislation.
- The amendment is a very helpful one and I commend the gentleman for offering it, but when you put lipstick on a pig, you still got a pig and the lipstick doesn't help. So I urge the adoption of the amendment and the rejection of the legislation.
- 2903 Mr. {Whitfield.} The gentleman's time is expired.
- 2904 The chair will recognize himself for 5 minutes just to 2905 make a comment about this amendment.
- I did want to simply point out and just clarify that

 during the testimony of the FERC Commissioner, Mr. Moeller,

 they talked about 90 percent of the certificates were

 completed within 12 months, and that is true, but that

 relates only to the control that FERC has. They have control

over the certificate process but they do not have any control

- 2912 of the other agencies, and that is one of the purposes of Mr.
- 2913 Pompeo's bill is to put some time constraints on those other
- 2914 agencies. And so the 90 percent did not refer to approval of
- 2915 permits per se but of the certificate in their process.
- 2916 And with that, I would be happy to yield to the
- 2917 gentleman from Illinois.
- 2918 Mr. {Shimkus.} Just for a minute, thank you, Mr.
- 2919 Chairman.
- 2920 What is going on in the country right now also on the
- 2921 whole pipeline debate is that this natural gas is going to
- 2922 flow to places where it needs to go whether you believe in
- 2923 the climate change debate and you want to have electricity,
- 2924 and there is limited amount of pipelines. And so what it is
- 2925 doing is it is pushing crude oil or refined product out of
- 2926 these pipelines so there is also a disruption in the
- 2927 transportation fuels of passenger vehicles.
- 2928 And so if you are all in, as I am, on fracking and
- 2929 really getting a chance to really develop this natural gas
- 2930 boon that we have, we have to have the infrastructure to move
- 2931 the natural gas, whether that is to power plants, whether
- 2932 that is to chemical manufacturing facilities, whether it is
- 2933 LNG terminals or the like.
- 2934 And so that is why I am pleased to support my colleague,
- 2935 Mr. Pompeo, and really follow up on Chairman Whitfield's

- 2936 comment is that the FERC is one thing but there is a lot of
- 2937 other agencies that this whole process has to go through, and
- 2938 this bill is intended to get the job done, get it done right,
- 2939 but in a timely process so that the energy disruptions based
- 2940 upon transportation doesn't cause great distress to this
- 2941 country.
- 2942 And, you know, we have seen what is happening in the
- 2943 movement of crude oil and we want to move natural gas through
- 2944 trains, we want to move other things through the like,
- 2945 pipelines is the safest, most secure route to transport
- 2946 commodity products, natural gas, and liquid commodities, and
- 2947 we should be about the safety mechanism but also the
- 2948 timeliness so we can take great advantage of this opportunity
- 2949 that we have in this country.
- 2950 And I thank my colleagues and I yield back.
- 2951 Mr. {Whitfield.} The gentleman yields back to me. And
- 2952 I yield back the balance of my time.
- 2953 The gentlelady from Florida is recognized for 5 minutes.
- 2954 Ms. {Castor.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 2955 Well, anyone who is truly concerned about the
- 2956 expeditious approval of pipelines across America should
- 2957 support the Rush amendment and oppose the underlying bill
- 2958 because what we heard in the Energy and Power Subcommittee
- 2959 and what is contained in the legislative record if you will

- $2960\,$ go back and review the testimony is that the underlying bill
- 2961 will likely lead to greater delays in the approvals of
- 2962 pipelines.
- 2963 Chairman Emeritus Dingell is absolutely correct. There
- 2964 was no compelling case made through the testimony in the
- 2965 legislative record. The testimony from the career director
- 2966 of FERC's Office of Energy Projects confirmed that the 12-
- 2967 month time limit may actually lead to more pipeline delays
- 2968 contrary to the sponsors' stated purpose.
- 2969 The nonpartisan staff witness testified that he did not
- 2970 believe H.R. 1900 would effectively cause pipelines to be
- 2971 permitted any faster than they are now, and that if FERC must
- 2972 deny applications that cannot properly be reviewed within the
- 2973 time period, it quite possibly could take longer for certain
- 2974 projects to be approved. And then what will happen is they
- 2975 will have to re-file and start over.
- 2976 The legislative record also contains the fact that 90
- 2977 percent of these pipeline projects are approved within 12
- 2978 months, so the ones we are talking about that take longer
- 2979 other more complex pipelines. And in order to ensure that
- 2980 the safety of the public is protected, there is this natural
- 2981 give-and-take that happens among agencies. Do you move the
- 2982 pipeline maybe certain yards one way or the other? Do you
- 2983 look at other alternatives? That is the natural give-and-

- 2984 take that leads to more expeditious approvals.
- 2985 Also, it is likely that if you say within 90 days
- 2986 something has to be approved, you are going to be doing so in
- 2987 contravention of environmental statutes. If you want to
- 2988 delay a project, do that, and allow the environmental
- 2989 litigators to take up the cause and take a pipeline project
- 2990 into court.
- 2991 I think that the underlying bill runs counter to the
- 2992 author's intent. I think it is going to lead to greater
- 2993 delays. It is simply not realistic for the very complex
- 2994 pipeline projects to say 90 days and if it is not finished,
- 2995 it is deemed approved.
- 2996 Mr. {McNerney.} Will the gentlelady yield?
- 2997 Ms. {Castor.} I am almost done. I am almost done.
- 2998 And so I would say please do not approve something that
- 2999 is so unrealistic and will complicate the approval of
- 3000 important infrastructure for natural gas and pipelines all
- 3001 across the country. I think the Rush amendment is a
- 3002 reasonable step to try to improve a very flawed bill but in
- 3003 the end, whether we are able to do so appears unlikely.
- 3004 And Mr. McNerney from California had asked me previously
- 3005 to yield time, so I will yield to the gentleman from
- 3006 California.
- 3007 Mr. {McNerney.} Thank you for the courtesy.

- And I understand my friend from Illinois, Mr. Shimkus,
 would like to see product move, and I think we all feel that
 way. There is a natural bottleneck because of the increase
 of natural gas. But pipelines are being permitted. And as
 the chairman emeritus suggested, if it isn't broke, don't fix
- But I have a further piece of ancient wisdom here. Be
 careful what you wish for because you might actually get it.
 If this were to become law, complex projects would either be
 denied or would be permitted without appropriate review. In
 either case, the result will be endless lawsuits. This is
 self-defeating to the underlying objective of the bill.

it.

- 3020 So if you want this to move forward and be adopted into 3021 law, you are going to get a lot more than you asked for. I 3022 recommend that we pass the amendment.
- 3023 And I want to yield to the chairman emeritus if he needs 3024 time.
- Mr. {Dingell.} We have observed that we finally have heard exactly what this is about. It is not so much to speed up the process at FERC but rather it is to create an entirely new speed-up of all the other permitting processes that are going on under other laws probably not under the jurisdiction of this committee.
- 3031 I thank the gentleman for yielding.

- 3032 Mr. {McNerney.} I yield back.
- 3033 Mr. {Whitfield.} Does the gentlelady from Florida--
- 3034 well, I guess she yields back, too.
- 3035 Is there further discussion on the amendment? The
- 3036 gentlelady--well, I am sorry, Anna. He had his hand up
- 3037 before, so Mr. Engel, I recognize you for 5 minutes.
- 3038 Mr. {Engel.} Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 3039 As my colleagues have mention, the language that really
- 3040 disturbs me in the bill is the deemed approved language. And
- 3041 I think Mr. Rush's amendment will take care of that.
- I really wanted to try very hard to vote for this bill
- 3043 because I really do think that there needs to be some kind of
- 3044 finality, that these things cannot keep going on and on and
- 3045 on and on with the delaying tactics just for the sake of
- 3046 delay. I don't think that that helps us, this country, or
- 3047 helps us.
- 3048 However, sometimes the cure turns out to be as bad or
- 3049 worse than the problem, and I think to say that something is
- 3050 deemed approved is very troublesome. We want an adequate
- 3051 amount of time to figure out what the best way forward is.
- 3052 We don't want it to be--well, we don't want it to be endless.
- 3053 We also don't want to short-circuit the things that are very
- 3054 important, environmental and other things that need to be
- 3055 done.

3056 And as some of my colleagues have already said, it could 3057 even have the opposite effect because if agencies are forced 3058 to make a yes-or-no decision by a certain deadline, the 3059 language could leave them to decline permits because they 3060 need more time. So we need to allow the agencies to complete 3061 their work within a reasonable time frame. The question is 3062 what is reasonable? 3063 I want to thank Mr. Pompeo for working with some of our 3064 offices, my office certainly on this side of the aisle during 3065 the past week to try to improve the bill, and I am sorry that 3066 we were unable to come to a compromised language that was 3067 satisfactory for all of us, but I know there was a good faith 3068 effort to do that. 3069 So I really wanted to support the bill if possible but 3070 it is really hard for me to do that without Mr. Rush's 3071 amendment. Changes in our discussion during these weeks, some changes have been made in this substitute language that 3072 3073 are good but I still have concerns about the language in this 3074 bill that could have negative environmental effects. 3075 approval language again is a specific problem and I 3076 understand the industry's need for finality on these projects 3077 but it really boils down to, from my way of thinking, that it 3078 really cannot be done at the expense of proper agency review

of projects. It just can't. We would be going away from one

- 3080 problem, I think, and creating a problem that would be even
- 3081 worse.
- 3082 So let me just say that I support Mr. Rush's amendment
- 3083 for all the reasons mentioned. And to Mr. Pompeo, while we
- 3084 were unable to reach a compromise on this language, I
- 3085 appreciate his trying to work with us towards compromise and
- 3086 I hope that in the future we can figure out a happy medium
- 3087 here and continue to work together.
- 3088 I yield back unless anyone wants my time.
- 3089 Mr. {Whitfield.} Do you want to yield to Ms. Eshoo or
- 3090 do you want 5 minutes, Ms. Eshoo?
- 3091 Ms. {Eshoo.} I would prefer the 5.
- 3092 Mr. {Whitfield.} Okay. The gentleman yields back the
- 3093 balance of his time.
- 3094 Mr. {Engel.} Yes, Mr. Chairman. Thank you.
- 3095 Mr. {Whitfield.} At this time, I recognize the
- 3096 gentleman from Texas for 5 minutes.
- 3097 Mr. {Olson.} I thank the chair.
- 3098 And as we see all over the world every day, a soldier
- 3099 will be helped by a sailor.
- I yield to Mr. Pompeo, the sponsor of the bill, as much
- 3101 time as he may consume.
- 3102 Mr. {Pompeo.} Very kind of a Navy guy.
- Just a couple quick points. So there has been some

- 3104 concern expressed that we got it wrong, that this legislation 3105 is going to cause problems, that the author didn't get what 3106 he intended I think was the reference. Well, it is possible 3107 that I could have it wrong but if I have got it wrong, then 3108 so does every major natural gas organization in the country. 3109 They very much want this deadline. They very much want the 3110 agencies to be put on a time period that says do your job, 3111 get it done, complete it, be thorough, be complete, but give 3112 us an answer. So I don't think we have got this legislation
- I suspect, Mr. Chairman, somewhat feigned concern that
 there will be denials of pipeline permits as a result of
 this. I think it is just wrong. I think that is not going
 to be the case that we are going to see. And I think
 Commissioner Moeller in his testimony certainly didn't
 indicate that.

wrong.

3120 And lastly, I want to thank Mr. Engel, too. We did work 3121 hard with a number of folks on that side. And I understand 3122 what a have some concerns about this. I listened to their 3123 concerns about the deemed approved language, but there were 3124 simply no alternatives offered they got us to a place where 3125 we could be sure that we could get finality, that we could 3126 actually get agencies to act. And so we tried and we worked. 3127 I was not presented with any other alternative that would

- 3128 have gotten to us to a place where we would have finally
- 3129 gotten the agency to make sure they had to do what they were
- 3130 supposed to do.
- 3131 And finally, one last comment that I think has been
- 3132 overlooked, in the substitute amendment, these agencies have
- 3133 the opportunity to continue to offer conditions even after
- 3134 the permit has been granted. And then in that same vein,
- 3135 that means it is not a 90-day process. I continue to hear
- 3136 folks talk about 90 days, 90 days, 90 days. We are talking
- 3137 about a 2-year-long process for all the stakeholders to have
- 3138 the opportunity to comment and express their concerns and
- 3139 improve the permit application so that we get a pipeline that
- 3140 fits the location which it is designed to serve.
- 3141 So the concern about 90 days misunderstands the total
- 3142 length of the process and the duration and the availability
- 3143 for input.
- 3144 And with that, Mr. Olson, thank you for the time.
- 3145 Mr. {Olson.} Anybody else on my side want some time to
- 3146 speak? On the other side, 2:45 left?
- In that case, I yield back the balance of my time.
- 3148 Mr. {Whitfield.} The gentleman yields back the balance
- 3149 of his time.
- 3150 At this time I recognize the gentlelady from California,
- 3151 Ms. Eshoo, for 5 minutes.

- 3152 Ms. {Eshoo.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- I think if we are going to have a conversation about
- 3154 interstate natural gas pipelines, we really have to consider
- 3155 the safety impacts. In September 2010 in my home county, San
- 3156 Mateo County, California, that is the county that is just
- 3157 south of the city and county of San Francisco and right near
- 3158 San Francisco International Airport, a natural gas pipeline
- 3159 explosion in San Bruno, the city of San Bruno, killed eight
- 3160 people and destroyed dozens of home. I mean the ground just
- 3161 absolutely erupted under these homes and burned people alive
- 3162 in their homes. I mean it is one of the largest pipeline
- 3163 disasters in our country.
- 3164 And this bill rushes the permitting process and that
- 3165 puts people at risk. I don't know if the author of the bill
- 3166 took any of this into consideration but it is a real one. It
- 3167 is a real one. That community is still struggling to cope
- 3168 with the overwhelming disaster that took place there.
- 3169 Now, at the subcommittee hearing on this bill, the
- 3170 Pipeline Safety Trust testified that they opposed the bill.
- 3171 They oppose it because an important part of FERC's process is
- 3172 an analysis that includes engineering and safety issues.
- 3173 So I don't think we should be short-circuiting that
- 3174 process. A rigid 12-month deadline for FERC's analysis I
- 3175 think is a mistake. Most frankly, I don't think life is that

- 3176 tidy. It would be wonderful if it would fit into that tight
- 3177 time frame, but I will tell you after what we witnessed in
- 3178 our county, safety really can't be pushed aside.
- Now, some complex projects will take more time than
- 3180 that, and I think that that is a very important consideration
- 3181 here and we should allow FERC to take the time it needs to
- 3182 get it right because, again, if any kind of safety is
- 3183 sacrificed, this is real world. This is not some dry
- 3184 language buried inside of a whatever-number-page bill. This
- 3185 has real impacts. People depend on FERC and the other
- 3186 agencies to do a careful job to ensure that residents living
- 3187 near pipelines or right on top of them are protected.
- 3188 And that is why I really want to raise this issue of
- 3189 what happened in my county. It was a real, real disaster, a
- 3190 real disaster. And I wouldn't want to see this happen
- 3191 anyplace in our country, much less anyplace in the world, but
- 3192 we are talking about the United States, and this is not some
- 3193 rural region. This is right adjacent to San Francisco
- 3194 International Airport. In fact, when the explosions took
- 3195 place, the very, very early reporting was that they thought a
- 3196 giant airliner had crashed because it was--I mean the sounds
- 3197 and all of it were seemingly related to that. Instead, it is
- 3198 the pipes underneath those homes that just absolutely blew
- 3199 them sky high and the residents in them. Luckily, many of

- 3200 the residents were picking up their children from school and
- 3201 otherwise their lives would have been taken, but they lost
- 3202 their homes anyway.
- 3203 So I want to raise this, Mr. Chairman, again because it
- 3204 is a real-life issue and I don't think the legislation
- 3205 really--let me just put it this way. It worries me a great
- 3206 deal that the legislation is not sensitive to the whole issue
- 3207 of safety. I don't think it is covered in the underlying
- 3208 bill.
- 3209 So with that, I will yield back the balance of my time.
- 3210 Thank you.
- 3211 The {Chairman.} The gentlelady yields back. Are there
- 3212 further Members wishing to speak on the amendment? Seeing
- 3213 none, the vote occurs--the gentleman from North Carolina.
- 3214 Mr. {Butterfield.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I won't
- 3215 take up the full 5 minutes, but, Mr. Chairman, the Rush
- 3216 amendment addresses a very, very problematic provision in
- 3217 this bill, and I support Mr. Rush's amendment and thank him
- 3218 for it.
- 3219 Under the Pompeo substitute, if an agency cannot
- 3220 complete its review of a permit application by the arbitrary
- 3221 90- or 120-day deadline, then FERC is required to
- 3222 automatically--and I think that is what we are talking about-
- 3223 -to automatically issue this permit. This broadly applies to

- 3224 the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, Endangered Species
- 3225 Act, the Coastal Zone Management Act, and even rights-of-way
- 3226 through federal lands. Now, these permits are detailed
- 3227 documents that include emission limits and technology or
- 3228 operating requirements and conditions to ensure the
- 3229 environment is protected. Agencies need to figure out all of
- 3230 these details and then actually draft the permits.
- 3231 Under the Pompeo substitute, FERC acts as a super
- 3232 permitting agency. If an agency misses the deadline, FERC
- 3233 apparently writes and issues the permit itself. It is up to
- 3234 FERC to decide whether or not to include conditions submitted
- 3235 by the agencies with expertise, the agencies Congress
- 3236 empowered to issue the permits in the very first place.
- 3237 It makes no sense to have FERC issuing permits for other
- 3238 agencies. FERC doesn't have the expertise to issue BLM
- 3239 rights-of-way through federal lands or to set water pollution
- 3240 discharge limits. That is not a workable solution, Mr.
- 3241 Chairman. There are going to be real environmental and
- 3242 safety impacts if permits automatically go into effect
- 3243 without the responsible agencies completing the necessary
- 3244 analysis.
- 3245 The Army Corps of Engineers and EPA provided technical
- 3246 comments on the bill. They raised concerns that automatic
- 3247 permitting could lead to permits that are inconsistent with

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3248 the requirements of the Clean Water Act and Clean Air Act.
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- 3249 This could lead to environmentally harmful water or air
- 3250 pollution.
- 3251 Automatically issuing permits without an agency
- 3252 confirming that the legal requirements are met is also going
- 3253 to increase the risk of litigation and undermine the public's
- 3254 acceptance of interstate natural gas pipelines going through
- 3255 their communities. This is a bad provision and the
- 3256 consequences have not been thought through, and so I thank
- 3257 Mr. Rush and I support Mr. Rush's amendment and ask all of my
- 3258 colleagues to vote for it. Thank you.
- 3259 I yield back.
- 3260 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- 3261 Is there further discussion on the amendment? Seeing
- 3262 none, the vote occurs on the amendment offered by the
- 3263 gentleman from Illinois.
- 3264 All of those in favor of the amendment will say aye.
- 3265 Those opposed, say no.
- 3266 In the opinion of the chair, the noes--
- 3267 Mr. {Rush.} Mr. Chairman?
- 3268 The {Chairman.} Roll call is requested. The clerk will
- 3269 call the roll.
- 3270 The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall?
- 3271 Mr. {Hall.} No.

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3272
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall votes no.
3273
          Mr. Barton?
3274
          Mr. {Barton.} No.
3275
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Barton votes no.
3276
          Mr. Whitfield?
          Mr. {Whitfield.} No.
3277
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield votes no.
3278
3279
          Mr. Shimkus?
3280
          Mr. {Shimkus.} No.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Shimkus votes no.
3281
          Mr. Pitts?
3282
3283
          Mr. {Pitts.} No.
3284
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Pitts votes no.
3285
          Mr. Walden?
3286
          Mr. {Walden.} No.
3287
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Walden votes no.
3288
          Mr. Terry?
3289
          Mr. {Terry.} No.
3290
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry votes no.
3291
          Mr. Rogers?
3292
          Mr. {Rogers.} No.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Rogers votes no.
3293
3294
          Mr. Murphy?
3295
     [No response.]
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3296
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Burgess?
3297
           [No response.]
3298
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn?
3299
           Mrs. {Blackburn.} No.
3300
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn votes no.
3301
           Mr. Gingrey?
3302
           [No response.]
3303
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise?
3304
           [No response.]
3305
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta?
3306
           Mr. {Latta.} No.
3307
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta votes no.
3308
           Mrs. McMorris Rodgers?
3309
           Mrs. {McMorris Rodgers.} No.
3310
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. McMorris Rodgers votes no.
3311
           Mr. Harper?
3312
           Mr. {Harper.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper votes no.
3313
3314
           Mr. Lance?
3315
           Mr. {Lance.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance votes no.
3316
3317
           Mr. Cassidy?
3318
           [No response.]
3319
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Guthrie?
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3320
          Mr. {Guthrie.} No.
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Guthrie votes no.
3321
3322
          Mr. Olson?
3323
          Mr. {Olson.} No.
3324
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Olson votes no.
          Mr. McKinley?
3325
          Mr. {McKinley.} No.
3326
3327
          The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley votes no.
3328
          Mr. Gardner?
3329
          Mr. {Gardner.} No.
3330
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Gardner votes no.
3331
          Mr. Pompeo?
3332
          Mr. {Pompeo.} No.
3333
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Pompeo votes no.
3334
          Mr. Kinzinger?
3335
          Mr. {Kinzinger.} No.
3336
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Kinzinger votes no.
          Mr. Griffith?
3337
3338
          Mr. {Griffith.} No.
3339
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Griffith votes no.
3340
          Mr. Bilirakis?
3341
       [No response.]
          The {Clerk.} Mr. Johnson?
3342
3343
          Mr. {Johnson.} No.
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3344
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Johnson votes no.
3345
          Mr. Long?
3346
           Mr. {Long.} No.
3347
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Long votes no.
3348
          Mrs. Ellmers?
3349
          Mrs. {Ellmers.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Ellmers votes no.
3350
3351
          Mr. Waxman?
3352
           Mr. {Waxman.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Waxman votes aye.
3353
3354
          Mr. Dingell?
3355
          Mr. {Dingell.} Aye.
3356
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Dingell votes aye.
3357
          Mr. Pallone?
3358
          [No response.]
3359
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rush?
          Mr. {Rush.} Aye.
3360
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rush votes aye.
3361
          Ms. Eshoo?
3362
3363
          Ms. {Eshoo.} Aye.
3364
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo votes aye.
3365
          Mr. Engel?
          Mr. {Engel.} Aye.
3366
3367
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Engel votes aye.
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3368
          Mr. Green?
3369
          Mr. {Green.} Aye.
3370
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green votes aye.
3371
          Ms. DeGette?
3372
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps?
3373
           Mrs. {Capps.} Aye.
3374
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps votes aye.
3375
3376
          Mr. Doyle?
3377
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky?
3378
3379
          Ms. {Schakowsky.} Aye.
3380
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky votes aye.
3381
          Mr. Matheson?
3382
           [No response.]
3383
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Butterfield?
3384
          Mr. {Butterfield.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Butterfield votes aye.
3385
          Mr. Barrow?
3386
3387
          Mr. {Barrow.} Aye.
3388
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barrow votes aye.
3389
          Ms. Matsui?
3390
          [No response.]
3391
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Christiansen?
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3392
           Dr. {Christiansen.} Aye.
3393
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Christiansen votes aye.
3394
           Ms. Castor?
3395
           [No response.]
3396
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes?
3397
          Mr. {Sarbanes.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes votes aye.
3398
3399
          Mr. McNerney?
3400
           Mr. {McNerney.} Aye.
3401
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McNerney votes aye.
3402
           Mr. Braley?
3403
           [No response.]
3404
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Welch?
3405
           [No response.]
3406
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan?
3407
          Mr. {Lujan.} Aye.
3408
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan votes aye.
           Mr. Tonko?
3409
3410
          Mr. {Tonko.} Aye.
3411
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Tonko votes aye.
3412
          Chairman Upton?
3413
           The {Chairman.} Votes no.
           The {Clerk.} Chairman Upton votes no.
3414
3415
           The {Chairman.} Members wishing to cast a vote?
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3416 Mr. Matheson?
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- 3417 Mr. {Matheson.} No.
- 3418 The {Clerk.} Mr. Matheson votes no.
- 3419 The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
- 3420 Dr. {Cassidy.} I vote no.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Cassidy votes no.
- The {Chairman.} Dr. Murphy, were you recorded?
- 3423 Mr. {Murphy.} No.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Murphy votes no.
- 3425 The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
- 3426 Mr. Braley?
- 3427 Mr. {Braley.} Aye.
- The {Clerk.} Mr. Braley votes aye.
- The {Chairman.} Mr. Pallone?
- 3430 Mr. {Pallone.} Aye.
- 3431 The {Clerk.} Mr. Pallone votes aye.
- 3432 The {Chairman.} Other Members? Seeing none, the clerk
- 3433 will report the tally.
- 3434 The {Clerk.} Mr. Chairman, on that vote there were 17
- 3435 ayes and 27 nays.
- 3436 The {Chairman.} 17 ayes, 27 nays, the amendment is not
- 3437 agreed to.
- 3438 Are there further amendments to the substitute? The
- 3439 gentleman from California? No? Do you have an amendment?

3440	Yes, the gentleman from California, Mr. McNerney.
3441	Mr. $\{McNerney.\}$ I have an amendment at the desk.
3442	The {Chairman.} And the clerk will report the title or
3443	the amendment.
3444	The {Clerk.} Amendment to the amendment in the nature
3445	of a substitute offered by Mr. McNerney of California.
3446	[The amendment of Mr. McNerney follows:]

3447 ************** INSERT 7 **********

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3448 The {Chairman.} And the amendment will be considered as 3449 read. The staff will distribute a copy of the amendment, and 3450 the gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes. 3451 Mr. {McNerney.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 3452 Climate change is one of the most urgent energy 3453 challenges that we face today. The world's climate 3454 scientists have concluded that if global average temperatures 3455 increase beyond 3.6 degrees Fahrenheit, society will face 3456 serious impacts. Just last month, the Environmental Energy 3457 Agency concluded that unless the world takes strong actions 3458 to reduce greenhouse gas emissions immediately, global 3459 temperatures could rise by more than 9 degrees Fahrenheit in 3460 the decades ahead. 3461 Now, many of us do hope that natural gas will serve as a 3462 critical bridge fuel as we work to control our carbon 3463 pollution, and I agree that natural gas is now playing a 3464 crucial role in our energy supply system, but there are 3465 serious issues with natural gas. 3466 While it is cleaner than coal or oil, natural gas is a 3467 fossil fuel and it still releases carbon pollution when

burned. But worse, if methane escapes without being burned,

it is even more serious threat. Methane is a potent global

warming gas far more powerful than carbon dioxide. During

- 3471 the production, distribution, and transmission of natural
- 3472 gas, methane can escape from leaky equipment and pipes.
- 3473 Fugitive methane emissions from natural gas systems do
- 3474 represent a significant source of global warming pollution in
- 3475 the United States.
- 3476 These fugitive methane emissions can reduce or even
- 3477 negate the climate benefits of using natural gas as a
- 3478 substitute for coal and oil. We need to get the methane
- 3479 emissions under control.
- 3480 What my amendment states is that for an application for
- 3481 pipeline construction will be considered complete and the
- 3482 one-year clock will start only when a company shows its
- 3483 project will utilize available designs, systems, and
- 3484 practices to minimize methane emissions to the extent
- 3485 practical.
- 3486 My amendment does not establish any new mandatory
- 3487 requirements on pipeline companies. It simply states that if
- 3488 companies want the new deadlines to apply, they need to show
- 3489 they are taking commonsense steps to address methane
- 3490 emissions.
- If we are going to make changes to the natural gas
- 3492 pipeline permitting process, we should talk about more than
- 3493 just the deadlines. We should also talk about the quality of
- 3494 the projects. Reducing methane emissions is good for natural

- 3495 gas companies and it is good for our environment.
- 3496 Mr. Chairman, I yield back.
- 3497 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- 3498 Other Members wishing to speak on the amendment? The
- 3499 gentleman from Kansas, Mr. Pompeo.
- 3500 Mr. {Pompeo.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 3501 I oppose the McNerney amendment. I think it shows that
- 3502 it is not my bill, it is not this amendment that I propose to
- 3503 that is adding any restrictions or making any changes to
- 3504 environmental law. It is this amendment that is trying to do
- 3505 so. It is trying to put additional demands and requirements
- 3506 in place and they are wholly unfounded. And frankly, I
- 3507 consider this amendment kind of to be a red herring with
- 3508 respect to what I am trying to accomplish here.
- 3509 I am not trying to change any of the underlying rules or
- 3510 policies, just tell folks to get their act together and
- 3511 complete the task. But opponents don't want to confront the
- 3512 status quo of a regulatory process that is failing because it
- 3513 allows these pipelines to remain in limbo for years.
- I just have to say one last time nothing in this bill
- 3515 affects any existing pipeline safety standards. It is all
- 3516 regulated by PHMSA, which is completely unaffected by this
- 3517 bill. Moreover, the NEPA analysis that every pipeline
- 3518 application already has to go through will include estimates

- 3519 for such things as the fugitive methane emissions that Mr.
- 3520 McNerney's amendment attempts to address. Industry also has
- 3521 every incentive to control these methane leaks. Escaping
- 3522 methane is escaping product which means losses. There are
- 3523 ongoing collaborations between industry and the environmental
- 3524 community to study new ways to deal with this issue.
- With that, Mr. Chairman, I urge a no vote on the
- 3526 McNerney amendment and yield back the balance of my time.
- 3527 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- 3528 The gentlelady from California.
- 3529 Mrs. {Capps.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I wish to speak
- in support of Mr. McNerney's amendment.
- 3531 H.R. 1900 attempts to solve a problem that doesn't even
- 3532 exist. It seeks to speed up the approval of natural gas
- 3533 pipelines even though GAO found that the Federal Energy
- 3534 Regulatory Commission, FERC's permitting is predictable and
- 3535 consistent and does get pipelines built. The bill seeks to
- 3536 change this process even though the pipeline companies have
- 3537 testified that the permitting process is ``generally very
- 3538 good.''
- We have real energy challenges in this country and we
- 3540 should be spending our time seeking real solutions to these
- 3541 challenges, not on problems that don't even exist. Mr.
- 3542 McNerney's amendment addresses a real energy problem, the

- dangers of climate change and the contributions of natural gas infrastructure to this warming climate.
- 3545 Although natural gas emits less carbon dioxide when 3546 burned than coal or oil, the development and transportation 3547 of natural gas results in releases of methane, which is a 3548 potent greenhouse gas, 25 times more damaging to the climate 3549 than carbon dioxide. This is a serious concern.
- 3550 According to a recent study by the World Resources 3551 Institute -- and this is a quote that Mr. McNerney gave but I 3552 want to underscore it--``leaks from natural gas systems 3553 represent a significant source of global warming pollution in 3554 the United States.'' The study further found that methane 3555 leaks occur at every stage of the natural gas lifecycle with 3556 leaky pipelines being one of the major sources, as I can 3557 attest to with Ms. Eshoo's comments about a very tragic event 3558 in the State of California.
- Mr. McNerney's amendment is a commonsense measure to 3559 3560 address this problem by ensuring that new pipelines 3561 incorporate designs, systems, and practices that minimize 3562 leaks and reduce climate pollution. This is precisely what 3563 we should expect and require of energy infrastructure that 3564 will be around for decades and it makes both economic and 3565 environmental sense. By reducing pipeline leaks, the amendment ensures that more of our domestic energy resources 3566

- 3567 will be actually used and fewer of these resources will be
- 3568 wasted.
- 3569 The amendment doesn't fix all of the problems associated
- 3570 with H.R. 1900, but it does ensure that the bill addresses an
- 3571 energy problem that actually exists. If we are going to
- 3572 revisit the laws governing the permitting of natural
- 3573 pipelines, this is the kind of commonsense stuff that we
- 3574 should be discussing. And I urge my colleagues to support
- 3575 this amendment, and I am finished with my statement.
- 3576 I can yield back to someone. I will yield back.
- 3577 The {Chairman.} The gentlelady yields back.
- 3578 Anyone else wanting to speak on this amendment? Seeing
- 3579 none, the vote occurs on the amendment offered by the
- 3580 gentleman from California.
- 3581 All those in favor will say aye.
- 3582 Those opposed, say no.
- In the opinion of the chair, the noes have it. The noes
- 3584 have it. The noes have it.
- 3585 Mr. {Waxman.} Mr. Chairman.
- 3586 The {Chairman.} The gentleman from California?
- 3587 Mr. {Waxman.} Mr. Chairman, I have an amendment at the
- 3588 desk.
- 3589 The {Chairman.} The clerk will read the title of the
- amendment.

3591	The {Clerk.} Amendment to the amendment in the nature
3592	of a substitute offered by Mr. Waxman of California.
3593	[The amendment of Mr. Waxman follows:]

3594 ************* INSERT 8 **********

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3595 The {Chairman.} And the amendment will be considered as 3596 read. And the gentleman will have 5 minutes in support of 3597 his amendment, and the staff will distribute it to the 3598 members.

3599 Mr. {Waxman.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I hope this amendment can be accepted because I think it

3601 makes a lot of sense. We tried to solve one problem with

3602 this bill and that is the speed by which the permits are

3603 approved, but I have an amendment that deals with another

3604 problem that I think we ought to look at and see if we can

3605 resolve.

3606 When someone is going to come in and ask for a pipeline 3607 permit and get this accelerated time frame to present their 3608 application, I think we ought to ask them to recognize that 3609 there is a problem in the law if a pipeline operator is 3610 sending natural gas through the pipeline but some of that 3611 natural gas is leaking. The way the system operates now is a 3612 pipeline operator charges the end consumer, the consumer who 3613 is buying the natural gas for all of the gas they send 3614 through the pipeline, including the gas they never get 3615 because it was leaked. That doesn't make sense. It is not 3616 fair to the consumer, as well as being a harmful toxic--or 3617 let's say harmful and very powerful greenhouse gas.

3618 talking about it from the point of view of the consumer.

3619 So what we would say is we want a policy that will

3620 incentivize the pipeline companies to reduce these leaks.

3621 They don't have an incentive to reduce the leaks if they can

3622 get the full price for their gas, even the gas that leaks

3623 out. But on the other hand, if we said that they could not

3624 charge for the gas that was leaking or leaked, they can only

3625 charge for the gas that was delivered, I think that makes

3626 sense.

3641

would accept this amendment.

3627 The clock doesn't start running for the new one-year 3628 permit deadline unless the pipeline company's application 3629 shows that the company won't charge its customers for natural 3630 gas that leaks from the pipeline. It doesn't require a 3631 pipeline company to do anything. I think we ought to think 3632 through the policy of requiring them to bear the cost and not 3633 pass it on because they are the ones best able to stop that 3634 leak. But we just say you don't get advantage of this one-3635 year deadline for FERC to decide on your permit application 3636 unless you are willing to accept the idea that you are not 3637 going to stick the consumer with the costs that wouldn't have 3638 otherwise occurred except by the reason of the leak itself. 3639 And I hope the gentleman from Kansas would see merit in 3640 this, and I would yield to him with the hope that maybe he

- 3642 Mr. {Pompeo.} Thank you, Ranking Member.
- 3643 And I wish I could very much. I have been here 30
- 3644 months. I think I have voted with you a couple times but not
- 3645 today. I don't think this amendment makes any sense. It is
- 3646 irrelevant to the matter that is before us. If we want to
- 3647 have a hearing on fraud and the pipelines if they are not
- 3648 delivering all the product that they are supposed to and they
- 3649 are telling the consumer that they are delivering something
- 3650 and they are not really getting it or there is a contractual
- 3651 provision that is being violated, I think private entities
- 3652 have the perfect capacity and absolutely the right incentive
- 3653 to get that right. And so I think you have got an amendment
- 3654 to this bill that doesn't make much sense. It is not
- 3655 connected. I think it is probably a solution searching for a
- 3656 problem, too.
- But in fact, you know, we have got environmental groups
- 3658 working with universities on ways to reduce this leakage. I
- 3659 don't impact PHMSA with this at all, the folks who do
- 3660 pipeline safety. This is a safety issue as well I suspect
- 3661 you are concerned with in addition to the economic one you
- 3662 proffer. And so unfortunately, I will have to urge my
- 3663 colleagues to vote no on your amendment.
- 3664 Mr. {Waxman.} Well, I will reclaim my time. I thought
- 3665 you said this is a solution to a problem that doesn't exist,

- 3666 too, because that is what I think your underlying bill is all
- 3667 about.
- 3668 But we can solve more than one problem at the same time.
- 3669 We can walk and chew gum as they used to say under a previous
- 3670 Republican President. And so for solving the problem of the
- 3671 time frame to get a permit approved, why not say at the same
- 3672 time that in order to get this benefit that you are going to
- 3673 offer to the pipeline permittee, that they ought not to pass
- 3674 the charges on to the purchaser.
- 3675 I think it makes sense. You are not willing to accept
- 3676 it at the present time. I can force it to a vote but I am
- 3677 not going to do that. I just want you to think about it and
- 3678 I hope this is an issue that we can deal with in another
- 3679 time, maybe on a bill that is going somewhere, or if this
- 3680 bill goes somewhere at some point we can consider putting it
- 3681 on this bill.
- 3682 So I offer this amendment. I think it makes a lot of
- 3683 sense. I wish the gentleman would accept it, but it looks
- 3684 like he is not. But I still would like to urge people to
- 3685 vote for it.
- 3686 The {Chairman.} The gentleman's time is expired.
- Other Members wishing to speak on the bill?
- 3688 Mr. {Barton.} Mr. Chairman?
- 3689 The {Chairman.} Let's see. Mr. Tonko and then Mr.

- 3690 Barton. Mr. Tonko.
- 3691 Mr. {Tonko.} Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- I support my colleague's amendment. I was surprised
- 3693 when I learned that pipeline operators are allowed to charge
- 3694 their customers for natural gas that leaks out along the way.
- 3695 Right now, if a company wants to ship 100 units of gas
- 3696 through a pipeline and 1 unit leaks out, the company has to
- 3697 pay the pipeline operator for that lost unit. The company is
- 3698 basically required to donate that lost unit to the pipeline
- 3699 operator.
- 3700 The pipeline companies have an incentive to identify and
- 3701 fix the big methane leaks that may pose an imminent safety
- 3702 hazard but they have little incentive to plug the smaller
- 3703 methane leaks that, over thousands of miles of pipeline, add
- 3704 up to a significant loss. This is an issue that the
- 3705 Committee should examine in more detail. And while the
- 3706 country currently enjoys abundant natural gas supplies, that
- 3707 doesn't mean that we should be content to waste gas by
- 3708 letting it escape into our atmosphere.
- We need to change the incentives here. Pipeline
- 3710 companies should have the right incentives to make their
- 3711 pipelines as efficient as possible. They shouldn't be able
- 3712 to pass the buck of leaky pipelines on to their customers. I
- 3713 would hope that we all could agree on this point that

- 3714 customers should not have to pay for a product that is lost
- 3715 in transit through no fault of their own.
- 3716 Mr. Waxman's amendment states very clearly that a
- 3717 pipeline company that wants its application considered within
- 3718 the one-year deadline set up by this bill must demonstrate
- 3719 that it won't charge customers for lost natural gas. If a
- 3720 pipeline company wants to continue passing on the cost of
- 3721 lost natural gas to its customers, it can do so, but then the
- 3722 bill's 12-month permitting deadline wouldn't apply to
- 3723 applications submitted by that company.
- 3724 So with that, I urge my colleagues to support Ranking
- 3725 Member Waxman's amendment and I yield back, Mr. Chair.
- 3726 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- Does Mr. Barton still request time?
- 3728 Mr. {Barton.} Yes, if I am allowed.
- The {Chairman.} The gentleman is recognized.
- 3730 Mr. {Barton.} I would like to ask some questions of
- 3731 counsel. Who is our pipeline expert there at the table?
- 3732 Okay.
- 3733 My understanding is in a natural gas pipeline is the
- 3734 owner of the natural gas that puts it into the system puts in
- 3735 a certain quantity but the consumer who is going to pay for
- 3736 it ultimately pays on the output, not on the input. Am I
- 3737 correct or incorrect?

- 3738 {Counsel.} That is my understanding, too, sir.
- 3739 Mr. {Barton.} So I also understand that depending on
- 3740 the length of the pipeline and the diameter of the pipeline
- 3741 and the temperature gradient differential and the age of the
- 3742 pumping stations that there is a natural loss or leakage as
- 3743 you go through the system, and so that in order to maintain
- 3744 pressure and guarantee a certain output, that you would
- 3745 normally put a little more in at the beginning than you
- 3746 expect to get out at the end. Is that correct?
- 3747 {Counsel.} That is correct, sir. Any pipeline cannot
- 3748 be 100 percent completely sealed from emissions. That is
- 3749 correct.
- 3750 Mr. {Barton.} Okay. Now, with that information, I
- 3751 don't think Mr. Waxman's amendment is detrimental to the
- 3752 underlying basis of the bill. Mr. Pompeo is the author. He
- 3753 said that he doesn't see fit to accept it, and I am going to
- 3754 respect that, but I would say in general, you know, that
- 3755 while it may not be necessary for the underlying purpose of
- 3756 the bill, it is certainly not detrimental, and this is
- 3757 something that perhaps in the future we could work with the
- 3758 minority on.
- Nobody wants a system that leaks indiscriminately. I
- 3760 mean, you know, not just from an environmental standpoint but
- 3761 obviously from an economic standpoint, natural gas is a

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3762 commercial commodity and it has value. It also as a
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- 3763 greenhouse gas can be detrimental if released into the
- 3764 atmosphere in sufficient quantities. So you have both an
- 3765 economic incentive to minimize it and you have an
- 3766 environmental incentive to minimize it. And both sides of
- 3767 this committee should be able to agree that we should work
- 3768 together on some amendment similar to what Mr. Waxman is--
- 3769 Mr. {Waxman.} Would the gentleman yield?
- 3770 Mr. {Green.} Mr. Chairman--
- 3771 Mr. {Barton.} I will certainly yield.
- 3772 Mr. {Waxman.} Thank you. I appreciate your statement.
- 3773 I think we ought to look at this more carefully. I think we
- 3774 have two issues, the consumer and the release into the air of
- 3775 a very potent greenhouse gas. I would ask that we continue
- 3776 to look at it. I will respect the author's view that he
- 3777 doesn't want to put it on this bill, and so I won't put it to
- 3778 a recorded vote, but I would like a voice vote on it. But
- 3779 more importantly, I want to continue to work on this issue.
- 3780 Mr. {Green.} Mr. Chairman, does the gentleman yield?
- 3781 Mr. {Waxman.} Yes.
- 3782 Mr. {Green.} Understanding that, you know, a pipeline--
- 3783 and I know this is a consumer amendment but, you know, you
- 3784 and I as consumers, we are not on those pipelines. If you
- 3785 have one pipeline, you may have 10 business customers there,

- 3786 and from what I understand, they meter with they take out of
- 3787 that pipeline. And there may be some loss between the
- 3788 production so, you know, this doesn't affect you and I for
- 3789 our gas bills that we pay at home--
- 3790 Mr. {Barton.} No, when you and I go to the gasoline
- 3791 station, we pay on what comes out of the pump into our tank.
- 3792 We don't pay on what the distributor put into the big
- 3793 underground tank.
- 3794 Mr. {Green.} Well, and then natural gas, it is the same
- 3795 situation. But I know there is some concern about leakage
- 3796 along the route and that is a pollution issue, but I agree
- 3797 that maybe we need to look at this because natural gas, we
- 3798 hope, because of our success, will be with us for a long
- 3799 time, and we want to make sure we utilize everything we can
- 3800 to the best of our ability.
- 3801 Mr. {Barton.} I just want to assure Mr. Waxman when we
- 3802 ship Texas natural gas to California, he is going to get
- 3803 every cubic foot of gas that he paid for.
- 3804 Mr. {Waxman.} If the gentleman would yield, with that
- 3805 assurance, I am going to withdraw the amendment--
- 3806 Mr. {Barton.} Praise the Lord.
- 3807 Mr. {Waxman.} --so that we can continue to look at it
- 3808 together and come up with bipartisan legislation.
- 3809 Mr. {Barton.} Remember the Alamo.

- 3810 Mr. {Waxman.} I never forget it.
- The {Chairman.} You lost at the Alamo.
- 3812 Mr. {Barton.} We still remember it because it made us
- 3813 win at San Jacinto.
- The {Chairman.} By unanimous consent, the amendment is
- 3815 withdrawn.
- 3816 Are there further amendments to the amendment in the
- 3817 nature of the substitute? Seeing none, if there are no more
- 3818 amendments, the vote occurs on the amendment in the nature of
- 3819 a substitute.
- 3820 All those in favor will say aye.
- 3821 All those opposed, say no.
- In the opinion of the chair, the ayes have it and the
- 3823 amendment is agreed to.
- 3824 So with that, the final passage on the bill, as amended,
- 3825 all those in favor will say aye. Sounds better.
- 3826 All those opposed, say no.
- The ayes appear to have it. Roll call is requested.
- 3828 The clerk will call the roll.
- It is my understanding that just to give Members--Mr.
- 3830 Waxman and I have conferred. We are going to try to put the
- 3831 next bills in block and have those go by voice vote. So this
- 3832 should be the last recorded vote of the afternoon before the
- 3833 Committee.

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The clerk will call the roll.
3834
3835
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall?
3836
           [No response.]
3837
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barton?
3838
           Mr. {Barton.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barton votes aye.
3839
          Mr. Whitfield?
3840
3841
          Mr. {Whitfield.} Aye.
3842
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Whitfield votes aye.
3843
          Mr. Shimkus?
          Mr. {Shimkus.} Aye.
3844
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Shimkus votes aye.
3845
3846
          Mr. Pitts?
          Mr. {Pitts.} Aye.
3847
3848
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pitts votes aye.
3849
          Mr. Walden?
3850
          Mr. {Walden.} Aye.
3851
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Walden votes aye.
3852
          Mr. Terry?
3853
          Mr. {Terry.} Aye.
3854
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Terry votes aye.
3855
          Mr. Rogers?
          Mr. {Rogers.} Aye.
3856
3857
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Rogers votes aye.
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3858
           Mr. Murphy?
3859
           Mr. {Murphy.} Aye.
3860
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Murphy votes aye.
3861
           Mr. Burgess?
3862
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Blackburn?
3863
3864
           [No response.]
3865
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Gingrey?
3866
           [No response.]
3867
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Scalise?
3868
           [No response.]
3869
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta?
3870
           Mr. {Latta.} Aye.
3871
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Latta votes aye.
3872
           Mrs. McMorris Rodgers?
3873
           Mrs. {McMorris Rodgers.} Aye.
3874
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. McMorris Rodgers votes aye.
3875
           Mr. Harper?
3876
           Mr. {Harper.} Aye.
3877
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Harper votes aye.
3878
           Mr. Lance?
3879
           Mr. {Lance.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lance votes aye.
3880
3881
           Mr. Cassidy?
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3882
           Dr. {Cassidy.} Aye.
3883
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Cassidy votes aye.
3884
           Mr. Guthrie?
3885
          Mr. {Guthrie.} Aye.
3886
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Guthrie votes aye.
          Mr. Olson?
3887
           Mr. {Olson.} Aye.
3888
3889
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Olson votes aye.
3890
          Mr. McKinley?
3891
          Mr. {McKinley.} Aye.
3892
           The {Clerk.} Mr. McKinley votes aye.
3893
          Mr. Gardner?
3894
           Mr. {Gardner.} Aye.
3895
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Gardner votes aye.
3896
          Mr. Pompeo?
3897
          Mr. {Pompeo.} Aye.
3898
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pompeo votes aye.
3899
          Mr. Kinzinger?
          Mr. {Kinzinger.} Aye.
3900
3901
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Kinzinger votes aye.
3902
          Mr. Griffith?
3903
          Mr. {Griffith.} Aye.
3904
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Griffith votes aye.
3905
          Mr. Bilirakis?
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3906
          Mr. {Bilirakis.} Aye.
3907
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Bilirakis votes aye.
3908
           Mr. Johnson?
3909
          Mr. {Johnson.} Aye.
3910
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Johnson votes aye.
          Mr. Long?
3911
           Mr. {Long.} Aye.
3912
3913
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Long votes aye.
3914
          Mrs. Ellmers?
3915
          Mrs. {Ellmers.} Aye.
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Ellmers votes aye.
3916
3917
          Mr. Waxman?
3918
          Mr. {Waxman.} No.
3919
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Waxman votes no.
3920
          Mr. Dingell?
3921
          Mr. {Dingell.} Votes no.
3922
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Dingell votes no.
          Mr. Pallone?
3923
          Mr. {Pallone.} No.
3924
3925
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Pallone votes no.
          Mr. Rush?
3926
3927
         [No response.]
          The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo?
3928
          Ms. {Eshoo.} No.
3929
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3930
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Eshoo votes no.
3931
          Mr. Engel?
3932
           Mr. {Engel.} No.
3933
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Engel votes no.
3934
          Mr. Green?
          Mr. {Green.} No.
3935
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Green votes no.
3936
3937
          Ms. DeGette?
3938
         [No response.]
3939
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps?
           Mrs. {Capps.} No.
3940
3941
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Capps votes no.
3942
          Mr. Doyle?
3943
           [No response.]
3944
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky?
3945
          Ms. {Schakowsky.} No.
3946
           The {Clerk.} Ms. Schakowsky votes no.
3947
          Mr. Matheson?
          Mr. {Matheson.} Aye.
3948
3949
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Matheson votes aye.
3950
          Mr. Butterfield?
3951
          Mr. {Butterfield.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Butterfield votes no.
3952
3953
          Mr. Barrow?
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3954
          Mr. {Barrow.} Aye.
3955
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Barrow votes aye.
3956
           Ms. Matsui?
3957
           [No response.]
3958
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Christiansen?
          Dr. {Christiansen.} No.
3959
           The {Clerk.} Mrs. Christiansen votes no.
3960
3961
          Ms. Castor?
3962
           [No response.]
3963
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes?
3964
           Mr. {Sarbanes.} No.
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Sarbanes votes no.
3965
3966
          Mr. McNerney?
3967
           [No response.]
3968
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Braley?
          Mr. {Braley.} No.
3969
3970
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Braley votes no.
3971
          Mr. Welch?
3972
           [No response.]
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan?
3973
3974
          Mr. {Lujan.} No.
3975
           The {Clerk.} Mr. Lujan votes no.
          Mr. Tonko?
3976
          Mr. {Tonko.} No.
3977
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3978 The {Clerk.} Mr. Tonko votes no.
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- 3979 Chairman Upton?
- 3980 The {Chairman.} Votes aye.
- 3981 The {Clerk.} Chairman Upton votes aye.
- 3982 The {Chairman.} Members wishing to cast a vote?
- 3983 Mr. Hall? Is Mr. Hall recorded?
- 3984 Mr. {Hall.} Votes aye.
- 3985 The {Clerk.} Mr. Hall votes aye.
- 3986 The {Chairman.} Other Members wishing to cast a vote?
- 3987 Seeing none, the clerk will report the tally.
- 3988 The {Clerk.} Mr. Chairman, on that vote, there were 28
- 3989 ayes and 14 nays.
- 3990 The {Chairman.} 28 ayes, 14 nays, the bill, H.R. 1900,
- 3991 is favorably reported, as amended.
- 3992 Mr. {Waxman.} Mr. Chairman, we would like to reserve
- 3993 the appropriate amount of time for other views of this and
- 3994 the other bill.
- 3995 The {Chairman.} Absolutely. That will occur without
- 3996 objection.

3997 H.R. 83; H.R. 2094; H.R. 698; H.R. 2052

3998 The {Chairman.} The chair now asks unanimous consent

3999 that the committee adopt and favorably report the following

4000 bills as described to the House: H.R. 83, H.R. 2094, H.R.

4001 698, and H.R. 2052 with an amendment filed by Mr. Terry.

Without objection, so ordered.

4003 [H.R. 83, H.R. 2094, H.R. 698, H.R. 2052 follow:]

4004 ************ INSERT C **********

- 4007 The {Chairman.} And the chair now would recognize Mr.
- 4008 Terry for 5 minutes for a colloquy. Mr. Terry?
- 4009 Mr. {Terry.} Ms. Schakowsky, we have a colloquy--
- 4010 Ms. {Schakowsky.} Yes, we do.
- 4011 Mr. {Terry.} --on our amendment as it is being added
- 4012 into the--and it regards the use or the term benefit and
- 4013 costs, particularly the costs, and I want to let Ms.
- 4014 Schakowsky know that on Section 4(b) specifies the matters to
- 4015 be considered in the review including, the current economic
- 4016 impact of foreign direct investment in the United States.
- 4017 The term ``current economic impact'' is intending to cover
- 4018 not only the benefits of foreign direct investment in the
- 4019 United States but also any costs that may result from such an
- 4020 investment.
- 4021 I yield to the gentlelady.
- 4022 Ms. {Schakowsky.} Thank you. I appreciate that
- 4023 clarification.
- Let me just clarify my objection. And while I won't
- 4025 oppose this amendment, I do want to express my reservations.
- 4026 And, Mr. Chairman, you worked with me in a very collegial and
- 4027 bipartisan manner to craft a bipartisan bill, H.R. 2052. It
- 4028 is a good product.
- Now, we have before us this amendment that makes three

- 4030 changes that could be perceived to weaken important
- 4031 provisions of the bill. I have concerns about each of these
- 4032 but would like to focus on the elimination of cost-benefit
- 4033 language which you just referred to regarding the bill's
- 4034 required review of the current economic impact of direct
- 4035 foreign investment.
- During our negotiations, I suggested that language, the
- 4037 cost-and-benefit language, be included because I believe that
- 4038 we needed to ensure that the review be balanced, and you
- 4039 agreed. In addition, some of the language and the findings
- 4040 in the sense of Congress could be read as if there are only
- 4041 benefits of FDI and we want it to be evenhanded. While I do
- 4042 believe there are benefits, of course, to FDI, there are also
- 4043 costs that must be considered.
- 4044 Regardless of the amendments before us now, I take the
- 4045 words that you spoke as assurance that the bill's requirement
- 4046 of a review of the current economic impact of foreign direct
- 4047 investment required under this bill will in fact include a
- 4048 review of both the benefits and costs of foreign direct
- 4049 investments.
- 4050 And so I do expect that we will be able to work together
- 4051 to ensure that the review, should this bill become law, is
- 4052 balanced and to ensure that any report of this committee on
- 4053 H.R. 2052 included the clarification that you just made.

- 4054 Mr. {Terry.} I respect that and I agree with you. The
- 4055 gentlelady is right that the costs should be part of that
- 4056 assessment.
- 4057 Ms. {Schakowsky.} And I would like to yield to Mr.
- 4058 Barrow.
- 4059 Mr. {Terry.} And I yield to Mr. Barrow.
- 4060 Mr. {Barrow.} I thank the gentleman for the time.
- 4061 I am a cosponsor of the Global Investment American Jobs
- 4062 Act because it is an opportunity to grow American jobs. As
- 4063 in many of our districts, many of our constituents are proud
- 4064 to work in Georgia for companies with foreign ownership.
- 4065 Companies in the 12th District of Georgia like Solvay, YKK,
- 4066 Alstom, and Covidien make incredible contributions to the
- 4067 local economy. They invest in the 12th District, and workers
- 4068 in Georgia are proud to give them a good return on that
- 4069 investment.
- 4070 There is a lot we can still do to grow jobs from within,
- 4071 but if we focus only on that, we are cheating ourselves. We
- 4072 should also focus on being an attractive investment for
- 4073 foreign companies who can also contribute to good-paying,
- 4074 high-quality job opportunities in the American economy.
- 4075 I want to thank the chairman and ranking member of the
- 4076 subcommittee for moving this bill. I know they worked
- 4077 closely together to hone this legislation to something I

- 4078 think we can all agree on, which will do some good.
- 4079 With that, I yield back.
- 4080 Mr. {Terry.} Thank you, Mr. Barrow. And I appreciate
- 4081 the support, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. Barrow, and yield back my
- 4082 time.
- 4083 The {Chairman.} The gentleman yields back.
- 4084 The chair would recognize the gentlelady from California
- 4085 for 5 minutes.
- 4086 Mrs. {Capps.} Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I move to
- 4087 strike the last word.
- 4088 And I want to thank you, Mr. Chairman, and the Ranking
- 4089 Member Waxman, Chairman Pitts, and Ranking Member Pallone for
- 4090 holding this important markup on the HOPE act today.
- Some of us remember the fear and worry that surrounded
- 4092 AIDS in the 1980s. I was working as a nurse in California at
- 4093 the time. We called it Legionnaire's disease. At first, no
- 4094 one even knew what caused AIDS and the diagnosis was
- 4095 considered and was actually true as a swift death sentence.
- 4096 However, in the last few decades, medical technology and
- 4097 research has transformed HIV/AIDS care and treatment, and
- 4098 now, thanks to these breakthroughs, HIV is a chronic
- 4099 condition. This has led to improved life expectancies,
- 4100 something to celebrate.
- 4101 But it also means that individuals with HIV are more

- 4102 likely to encounter other medical competitions as they age,
- 4103 just like any other person, and they face unique
- 4104 complications as the powerful drugs that keep their HIV at
- 4105 bay often take a very hard toll on their bodies. These
- 4106 combination of factors put HIV-positive individuals at a
- 4107 higher risk for ailments like kidney and liver disease and it
- 4108 places them at a high risk to need an organ transplant. And
- 4109 that is what we are trying to address here.
- 4110 HIV-positive individuals can now safely received
- 4111 transplants. They wait on the same long waiting list as all
- 4112 Americans but there might be a better way. According to
- 4113 transplant experts, each year, we toss out hundreds of HIV-
- 4114 positive organs that could otherwise be viable for
- 4115 transplantation. Studies in other countries have suggested
- 4116 that these organs could be used to help people who are
- 4117 already HIV-positive. These organs have the potential to
- 4118 save lives and lessen the transplant waiting list for all
- 4119 Americans, but instead, they go wasted because we cannot even
- 4120 do the research to see if they could be used by those already
- 4121 infected based on this outdated ban.
- That is why we need to pass the HOPE Act today. The
- 4123 HOPE Act would create a pathway, grounded of course in
- 4124 medical science, to research the feasibility and safety of
- 4125 positive-to-positive organ transplantation. Just think about

- 4126 it. This is a chance to possibly shorten the waiting list
- 4127 for all people waiting for an organ. It also is a
- 4128 possibility to better outcomes for those in need and it can
- 4129 significantly lower healthcare costs, all while maintaining
- 4130 the safety and integrity of our current organ transplantation
- 4131 system.
- I want to thank and acknowledge Senators Boxer and
- 4133 Coburn for championing the issue in the Senate. With their
- 4134 leadership, the HOPE Act passed by unanimous consent in June.
- 4135 I would like to thank my medical colleagues, especially Dr.
- 4136 Harris, the bill's Republican lead, and Dr. Burgess for their
- 4137 support.
- 4138 And finally, I would like to thank all of the advocates
- 4139 who have come together around this bill. The HOPE Act
- 4140 benefits from a very broad and hardworking coalition of
- 4141 supporters. I want to acknowledge one advocate in
- 4142 particular, who is Mr. Thomas Lane, an HIV-positive and a
- 4143 double kidney transplant recipient. Tom was incredibly brave
- 4144 to share his story publicly at a briefing last year on this
- 4145 topic. Unfortunately, he recently passed away from chemo
- 4146 complications, but I know he would be heartened by the HOPE
- 4147 Act's momentum.
- 4148 The HOPE Act is a commonsense bill that creates a path
- 4149 forward for research on this issue. As I have said, it is

- 4150 supported by a broad coalition of supporters from the
- 4151 medical, the research, and the HIV patient populations. It
- 4152 has strong support on both sides of the Capitol on both sides
- 4153 of the aisle. It is a critically important issue and an
- 4154 opportunity to save lives. That is why I am urging a yes
- 4155 vote on it today and I am prepared to yield back.
- 4156 But I also want to include--and I want to list these
- 4157 because they are significant, Mr. Chairman--letters of
- 4158 support that I would like to enter into the record from the
- 4159 following organizations: the American Medical Association,
- 4160 the American Society of Transplant Surgeons, American Society
- 4161 of Transplantation, United Network for Organ Sharing, the
- 4162 Dialysis Patient Citizens, the American Society for
- 4163 Nephrology, the American Civil Liberties Union, the HIV
- 4164 Medicine Association, and a joint group letter of support
- 4165 featuring many other organizations including the Association
- 4166 of Organ Procurement Organization and the Organization for
- 4167 Transplant Professionals.
- 4168 With that, I yield back my time.
- The {Chairman.} The gentlelady yields back and we again
- 4170 appreciate her good work on that legislation.
- 4171 I would remind my colleagues we have passed these four
- 4172 bills, so without objection, staff is authorized to make
- 4173 technical and conforming changes to the bills reported by the

- 4174 Committee. So ordered.
- 4175 And without objection, the Committee stands adjourned.
- Whereupon, at 1:41 p.m., the Committee was adjourned.]