### AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 1872

#### OFFERED BY MR. GARRETT OF NEW JERSEY

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Budget and Account-3 ing Transparency Act of 2014".

# 4 TITLE I—FAIR VALUE 5 ESTIMATES

#### 6 SEC. 101. CREDIT REFORM.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the Congressional

8 Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:

### 9 **"TITLE V—FAIR VALUE**

10 "SEC. 500. SHORT TITLE.

11 "This title may be cited as the 'Fair Value Account-

12 ing Act of 2014'.

#### 13 **"SEC. 501. PURPOSES.**

14 "The purposes of this title are to—

15 "(1) measure more accurately the costs of Fed-

- 16 eral credit programs by accounting for them on a
- 17 fair value basis;

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"(2) place the cost of credit programs on a
 budgetary basis equivalent to other Federal spend ing;

4 "(3) encourage the delivery of benefits in the
5 form most appropriate to the needs of beneficiaries;
6 and

7 "(4) improve the allocation of resources among8 Federal programs.

#### 9 "SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS.

10 "For purposes of this title:

11 "(1) The term 'direct loan' means a disburse-12 ment of funds by the Government to a non-Federal 13 borrower under a contract that requires the repay-14 ment of such funds with or without interest. The 15 term includes the purchase of, or participation in, a 16 loan made by another lender and financing arrange-17 ments that defer payment for more than 90 days, in-18 cluding the sale of a Government asset on credit 19 terms. The term does not include the acquisition of 20 a federally guaranteed loan in satisfaction of default 21 claims or the price support loans of the Commodity 22 Credit Corporation.

23 "(2) The term 'direct loan obligation' means a24 binding agreement by a Federal agency to make a

direct loan when specified conditions are fulfilled by
 the borrower.

"(3) The term 'loan guarantee' means any
guarantee, insurance, or other pledge with respect to
the payment of all or a part of the principal or interest on any debt obligation of a non-Federal borrower
to a non-Federal lender, but does not include the insurance of deposits, shares, or other withdrawable
accounts in financial institutions.

"(4) The term 'loan guarantee commitment'
means a binding agreement by a Federal agency to
make a loan guarantee when specified conditions are
fulfilled by the borrower, the lender, or any other
party to the guarantee agreement.

15 "(5)(A) The term 'cost' means the sum of the
16 Treasury discounting component and the risk com17 ponent of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or a modi18 fication thereof.

"(B) The Treasury discounting component shall
be the estimated long-term cost to the Government
of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification
thereof, calculated on a net present value basis, excluding administrative costs and any incidental effects on governmental receipts or outlays.

"(C) The risk component shall be an amount
 equal to the difference between—

3 "(i) the estimated long-term cost to the 4 Government of a direct loan or loan guarantee, 5 or modification thereof, estimated on a fair 6 value basis, applying the guidelines set forth by 7 the Financial Accounting Standards Board in 8 Financial Accounting Standards #157, or a 9 successor thereto, excluding administrative 10 costs and any incidental effects on govern-11 mental receipts or outlays; and

12 "(ii) the Treasury discounting component
13 of such direct loan or loan guarantee, or modi14 fication thereof.

"(D) The Treasury discounting component of a
direct loan shall be the net present value, at the time
when the direct loan is disbursed, of the following
estimated cash flows:

- 19 "(i) Loan disbursements.
- 20 "(ii) Repayments of principal.

21 "(iii) Essential preservation expenses, pay22 ments of interest and other payments by or to
23 the Government over the life of the loan after
24 adjusting for estimated defaults, prepayments,
25 fees, penalties, and other recoveries, including

1	the effects of changes in loan terms resulting
2	from the exercise by the borrower of an option
3	included in the loan contract.
4	"(E) The Treasury discounting component of a
5	loan guarantee shall be the net present value, at the
6	time when the guaranteed loan is disbursed, of the
7	following estimated cash flows:
8	"(i) Payments by the Government to cover
9	defaults and delinquencies, interest subsidies,
10	essential preservation expenses, or other pay-
11	ments.
12	"(ii) Payments to the Government includ-
13	ing origination and other fees, penalties, and re-
14	coveries, including the effects of changes in loan
15	terms resulting from the exercise by the guar-
16	anteed lender of an option included in the loan
17	guarantee contract, or by the borrower of an
18	option included in the guaranteed loan contract.
19	"(F) The cost of a modification is the sum of—
20	"(i) the difference between the current es-
21	timate of the Treasury discounting component
22	of the remaining cash flows under the terms of
23	a direct loan or loan guarantee and the current
24	estimate of the Treasury discounting component

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of the remaining cash flows under the terms of
the contract, as modified; and

"(ii) the difference between the current estimate of the risk component of the remaining cash flows under the terms of a direct loan or loan guarantee and the current estimate of the risk component of the remaining cash flows under the terms of the contract as modified.

9 "(G) In estimating Treasury discounting com-10 ponents, the discount rate shall be the average inter-11 est rate on marketable Treasury securities of similar 12 duration to the cash flows of the direct loan or loan 13 guarantee for which the estimate is being made.

"(H) When funds are obligated for a direct loan
or loan guarantee, the estimated cost shall be based
on the current assumptions, adjusted to incorporate
the terms of the loan contract, for the fiscal year in
which the funds are obligated.

"(6) The term 'program account' means the
budget account into which an appropriation to cover
the cost of a direct loan or loan guarantee program
is made and from which such cost is disbursed to
the financing account.

24 "(7) The term 'financing account' means the25 nonbudget account or accounts associated with each

program account which holds balances, receives the
cost payment from the program account, and also
includes all other cash flows to and from the Government resulting from direct loan obligations or
loan guarantee commitments made on or after October 1, 1991.

"(8) The term 'liquidating account' means the
budget account that includes all cash flows to and
from the Government resulting from direct loan obligations or loan guarantee commitments made prior
to October 1, 1991. These accounts shall be shown
in the budget on a cash basis.

13 "(9) The term 'modification' means any Gov-14 ernment action that alters the estimated cost of an 15 outstanding direct loan (or direct loan obligation) or 16 an outstanding loan guarantee (or loan guarantee 17 commitment) from the current estimate of cash 18 flows. This includes the sale of loan assets, with or 19 without recourse, and the purchase of guaranteed 20 loans (or direct loan obligations) or loan guarantees 21 (or loan guarantee commitments) such as a change 22 in collection procedures.

23 "(10) The term 'current' has the same meaning
24 as in section 250(c)(9) of the Balanced Budget and
25 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

"(11) The term 'Director' means the Director
 of the Office of Management and Budget.

3 "(12) The term 'administrative costs' means
4 costs related to program management activities, but
5 does not include essential preservation expenses.

6 "(13) The term 'essential preservation ex-7 penses' means servicing and other costs that are es-8 sential to preserve the value of loan assets or collat-9 eral.

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 "SEC. 503. OMB AND CBO ANALYSIS, COORDINATION, AND

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 REVIEW.

12 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For the executive branch, the 13 Director shall be responsible for coordinating the esti-14 mates required by this title. The Director shall consult 15 with the agencies that administer direct loan or loan guar-16 antee programs.

17 "(b) DELEGATION.—The Director may delegate to
18 agencies authority to make estimates of costs. The delega19 tion of authority shall be based upon written guidelines,
20 regulations, or criteria consistent with the definitions in
21 this title.

22 "(c) COORDINATION WITH THE CONGRESSIONAL
23 BUDGET OFFICE.—In developing estimation guidelines,
24 regulations, or criteria to be used by Federal agencies, the

Director shall consult with the Director of the Congres sional Budget Office.

3 "(d) IMPROVING COST ESTIMATES.—The Director 4 and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall coordinate the development of more accurate data on his-5 torical performance and prospective risk of direct loan and 6 7 loan guarantee programs. They shall annually review the 8 performance of outstanding direct loans and loan guaran-9 tees to improve estimates of costs. The Office of Manage-10 ment and Budget and the Congressional Budget Office shall have access to all agency data that may facilitate 11 12 the development and improvement of estimates of costs. 13 "(e) HISTORICAL CREDIT PROGRAMS COSTS.—The

14 Director shall review, to the extent possible, historical data15 and develop the best possible estimates of adjustments16 that would convert aggregate historical budget data to17 credit reform accounting.

#### 18 "SEC. 504. BUDGETARY TREATMENT.

19 "(a) PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—Beginning with fiscal 20 year 2017, the President's budget shall reflect the costs 21 of direct loan and loan guarantee programs. The budget 22 shall also include the planned level of new direct loan obli-23 gations or loan guarantee commitments associated with 24 each appropriations request. For each fiscal year within 25 the five-fiscal year period beginning with fiscal year 2017,

such budget shall include, on an agency-by-agency basis,
 subsidy estimates and costs of direct loan and loan guar antee programs with and without the risk component.

4 "(b) APPROPRIATIONS REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding
5 any other provision of law, new direct loan obligations may
6 be incurred and new loan guarantee commitments may be
7 made for fiscal year 2017 and thereafter only to the extent
8 that—

9 "(1) new budget authority to cover their costs
10 is provided in advance in an appropriation Act;

"(2) a limitation on the use of funds otherwise
available for the cost of a direct loan or loan guarantee program has been provided in advance in an
appropriation Act; or

15 "(3) authority is otherwise provided in appro-16 priation Acts.

17 "(c) EXEMPTION FOR DIRECT SPENDING PRO-18 GRAMS.—Subsections (b) and (e) shall not apply to—

"(1) any direct loan or loan guarantee program
that constitutes an entitlement (such as the guaranteed student loan program or the veteran's home
loan guaranty program);

23 "(2) the credit programs of the Commodity
24 Credit Corporation existing on the date of enactment
25 of this title; or

"(3) any direct loan (or direct loan obligation)
 or loan guarantee (or loan guarantee commitment)
 made by the Federal National Mortgage Association
 or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

5 "(d) BUDGET ACCOUNTING.—

6 "(1) The authority to incur new direct loan ob-7 ligations, make new loan guarantee commitments, or 8 modify outstanding direct loans (or direct loan obli-9 gations) or loan guarantees (or loan guarantee com-10 mitments) shall constitute new budget authority in 11 an amount equal to the cost of the direct loan or 12 loan guarantee in the fiscal year in which definite 13 authority becomes available or indefinite authority is 14 used. Such budget authority shall constitute an obli-15 gation of the program account to pay to the financ-16 ing account.

17 "(2) The outlays resulting from new budget au-18 thority for the cost of direct loans or loan guaran-19 tees described in paragraph (1) shall be paid from 20 the program account into the financing account and 21 recorded in the fiscal year in which the direct loan 22 or the guaranteed loan is disbursed or its costs al-23 tered.

24 "(3) All collections and payments of the financ-25 ing accounts shall be a means of financing.

1 "(e) MODIFICATIONS.—An outstanding direct loan 2 (or direct loan obligation) or loan guarantee (or loan guar-3 antee commitment) shall not be modified in a manner that 4 increases its costs unless budget authority for the addi-5 tional cost has been provided in advance in an appropria-6 tion Act.

7 "(f) REESTIMATES.—When the estimated cost for a 8 group of direct loans or loan guarantees for a given pro-9 gram made in a single fiscal year is re-estimated in a sub-10 sequent year, the difference between the reestimated cost and the previous cost estimate shall be displayed as a dis-11 12 tinct and separately identified subaccount in the program 13 account as a change in program costs and a change in net interest. There is hereby provided permanent indefi-14 15 nite authority for these re-estimates.

16 "(g) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—All funding for 17 an agency's administrative costs associated with a direct 18 loan or loan guarantee program shall be displayed as dis-19 tinct and separately identified subaccounts within the 20 same budget account as the program's cost.

#### 21 "SEC. 505. AUTHORIZATIONS.

"(a) AUTHORIZATION FOR FINANCING ACCOUNTS.—
In order to implement the accounting required by this
title, the President is authorized to establish such nonbudgetary accounts as may be appropriate.

"(b) TREASURY TRANSACTIONS WITH THE FINANC ING ACCOUNTS.—

3 ((1))GENERAL.—The Secretary of the In 4 Treasury shall borrow from, receive from, lend to, or 5 pay to the financing accounts such amounts as may 6 be appropriate. The Secretary of the Treasury may 7 prescribe forms and denominations, maturities, and 8 terms and conditions for the transactions described 9 in the preceding sentence, except that the rate of in-10 terest charged by the Secretary on lending to financ-11 ing accounts (including amounts treated as lending 12 to financing accounts by the Federal Financing 13 Bank (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as 14 the 'Bank') pursuant to section 405(b)) and the rate 15 of interest paid to financing accounts on uninvested 16 balances in financing accounts shall be the same as 17 the rate determined pursuant to section 502(5)(G). 18 "(2) LOANS.—For guaranteed loans financed 19 by the Bank and treated as direct loans by a Fed-20 eral agency pursuant to section 406(b)(1), any fee 21 or interest surcharge (the amount by which the in-22 terest rate charged exceeds the rate determined pur-23 suant to section 502(5)(G) that the Bank charges to 24 a private borrower pursuant to section 6(c) of the 25 Federal Financing Bank Act of 1973 shall be considered a cash flow to the Government for the pur poses of determining the cost of the direct loan pur suant to section 502(5). All such amounts shall be
 credited to the appropriate financing account.

5 "(3) Reimbursement.—The Bank is author-6 ized to require reimbursement from a Federal agen-7 cv to cover the administrative expenses of the Bank 8 that are attributable to the direct loans financed for 9 that agency. All such payments by an agency shall 10 be considered administrative expenses subject to sec-11 tion 504(g). This subsection shall apply to trans-12 actions related to direct loan obligations or loan 13 guarantee commitments made on or after October 1, 14 1991.

15 "(4) AUTHORITY.—The authorities provided in
16 this subsection shall not be construed to supersede
17 or override the authority of the head of a Federal
18 agency to administer and operate a direct loan or
19 loan guarantee program.

20 "(5) TITLE 31.—All of the transactions pro21 vided in the subsection shall be subject to the provi22 sions of subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 31,
23 United States Code.

24 "(6) TREATMENT OF CASH BALANCES.—Cash25 balances of the financing accounts in excess of cur-

1 rent requirements shall be maintained in a form of 2 uninvested funds and the Secretary of the Treasury 3 shall pay interest on these funds. The Secretary of 4 the Treasury shall charge (or pay if the amount is 5 negative) financing accounts an amount equal to the 6 risk component for a direct loan or loan guarantee, 7 or modification thereof. Such amount received by the 8 Secretary of the Treasury shall be a means of fi-9 nancing and shall not be considered a cash flow of 10 the Government for the purposes of section 502(5). 11 "(c) AUTHORIZATION FOR LIQUIDATING AC-12 COUNTS.—(1) Amounts in liquidating accounts shall be 13 available only for payments resulting from direct loan obli-14 gations or loan guarantee commitments made prior to Oc-15 tober 1, 1991, for— 16 "(A) interest payments and principal repay-

17 ments to the Treasury or the Federal Financing18 Bank for amounts borrowed;

19 "(B) disbursements of loans;

20 "(C) default and other guarantee claim pay21 ments;

"(D) interest supplement payments;

23 "(E) payments for the costs of foreclosing,
24 managing, and selling collateral that are capitalized
25 or routinely deducted from the proceeds of sales;

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1	"(F) payments to financing accounts when re-
2	quired for modifications;
3	"(G) administrative costs and essential preser-
4	vation expenses, if—
5	"(i) amounts credited to the liquidating ac-
6	count would have been available for administra-
7	tive costs and essential preservation expenses
8	under a provision of law in effect prior to Octo-
9	ber 1, 1991; and
10	"(ii) no direct loan obligation or loan guar-
11	antee commitment has been made, or any modi-
12	fication of a direct loan or loan guarantee has
13	been made, since September 30, 1991; or
14	"(H) such other payments as are necessary for
15	the liquidation of such direct loan obligations and
16	loan guarantee commitments.
17	"(2) Amounts credited to liquidating accounts in any
18	year shall be available only for payments required in that
19	year. Any unobligated balances in liquidating accounts at
20	the end of a fiscal year shall be transferred to miscella-
21	neous receipts as soon as practicable after the end of the
22	fiscal year.
23	"(3) If funds in liquidating accounts are insufficient
24	to satisfy obligations and commitments of such accounts,

to make any payments required to be made on such obliga tions and commitments.

3 "(d) REINSURANCE.—Nothing in this title shall be 4 construed as authorizing or requiring the purchase of in-5 surance or reinsurance on a direct loan or loan guarantee 6 from private insurers. If any such reinsurance for a direct 7 loan or loan guarantee is authorized, the cost of such in-8 surance and any recoveries to the Government shall be in-9 cluded in the calculation of the cost.

"(e) ELIGIBILITY AND ASSISTANCE.—Nothing in this
title shall be construed to change the authority or the responsibility of a Federal agency to determine the terms
and conditions of eligibility for, or the amount of assistance provided by a direct loan or a loan guarantee.

#### 15 "SEC. 506. TREATMENT OF DEPOSIT INSURANCE AND AGEN-

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#### CIES AND OTHER INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

"This title shall not apply to the credit or insurance
activities of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
National Credit Union Administration, Resolution Trust
Corporation, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, National Flood Insurance, National Insurance Development
Fund, Crop Insurance, or Tennessee Valley Authority.

#### 23 "SEC. 507. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

24 "(a) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.—This title shall su-25 persede, modify, or repeal any provision of law enacted

prior to the date of enactment of this title to the extent
 such provision is inconsistent with this title. Nothing in
 this title shall be construed to establish a credit limitation
 on any Federal loan or loan guarantee program.

5 "(b) CREDITING OF COLLECTIONS.—Collections resulting from direct loans obligated or loan guarantees 6 7 committed prior to October 1, 1991, shall be credited to 8 the liquidating accounts of Federal agencies. Amounts so 9 credited shall be available, to the same extent that they 10 were available prior to the date of enactment of this title, to liquidate obligations arising from such direct loans obli-11 gated or loan guarantees committed prior to October 1, 12 13 1991, including repayment of any obligations held by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Federal Financing Bank. 14 15 The unobligated balances of such accounts that are in excess of current needs shall be transferred to the general 16 fund of the Treasury. Such transfers shall be made from 17 time to time but, at least once each year.". 18

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget
and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by
striking the items relating to title V and inserting the following:

#### TITLE V—FAIR VALUE

Sec. 500. Short title.Sec. 501. Purposes.Sec. 502. Definitions.

Sec. 503. OMB and CBO analysis, coordination, and review.

Sec. 504. Budgetary treatment.

Sec. 505. Authorizations.

Sec. 506. Treatment of deposit insurance and agencies and other insurance programs.

Sec. 507. Effect on other laws.

#### 1 SEC. 102. BUDGETARY ADJUSTMENT.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 251(b)(1) of the Balanced 3 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: 4 5 "A change in discretionary spending solely as a result of the amendment to title V of the Congressional Budget Act 6 7 of 1974 made by the Budget and Accounting Trans-8 parency Act of 2014 shall be treated as a change of con-9 cept under this paragraph.".

10 (b) **REPORT.**—Before adjusting the discretionary 11 caps pursuant to the authority provided in subsection (a), 12 the Office of Management and Budget shall report to the 13 Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate on the amount of that adjustment. 14 the methodology used in determining the size of that ad-15 justment, and a program-by-program itemization of the 16 components of that adjustment. 17

18 (c) SCHEDULE.—The Office of Management and
19 Budget shall not make an adjustment pursuant to the au20 thority provided in subsection (a) sooner than 60 days
21 after providing the report required in subsection (b).

#### 1 SEC. 103. EFFECTIVE DATE.

2 The amendments made by section 101 shall take ef-3 fect beginning with fiscal year 2017.

# 4 **TITLE II—BUDGETARY**5 **TREATMENT**

6 SEC. 201. CBO AND OMB STUDIES RESPECTING BUDGETING

## FOR COSTS OF FEDERAL INSURANCE PRO-8 GRAMS.

9 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Directors of the Congressional Budget Of-10 11 fice and of the Office of Management and Budget shall 12 each prepare a study and make recommendations to the 13 Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate as to the feasibility of applying fair 14 value concepts to budgeting for the costs of Federal insur-15 ance programs. 16

## 17 SEC. 202. ON-BUDGET STATUS OF FANNIE MAE AND18FREDDIE MAC.

19 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the re-20 ceipts and disbursements, including the administrative ex-21 penses, of the Federal National Mortgage Association and 22 the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation shall be 23 counted as new budget authority, outlays, receipts, or def-24 icit or surplus for purposes of—

25 (1) the budget of the United States Govern26 ment as submitted by the President;

(2) the congressional budget; and

2 (3) the Balanced Budget and Emergency Def3 icit Control Act of 1985.

#### 4 SEC. 203. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 202 shall not apply with respect to an enterprise (as such term is defined in section 1303 of the Fedreal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness
Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4502)) after the date that all of
the following have occurred:

10 (1) The conservatorship for such enterprise
11 under section 1367 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 4617)
12 has been terminated.

13 (2) The Director of the Federal Housing Fi-14 nance Agency has certified in writing that such en-15 terprise has repaid to the Federal Government the 16 maximum amount consistent with minimizing total 17 cost to the Federal Government of the financial as-18 sistance provided to the enterprise by the Federal 19 Government pursuant to the amendments made by 20 section 1117 of the Housing and Economic Recovery 21 Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–289; 122 Stat. 2683) 22 or otherwise.

(3) The charter for the enterprise has been revoked, annulled, or terminated and the authorizing
statute (as such term is defined in such section

1 1303) with respect to the enterprise has been re pealed.

# 3 TITLE III—BUDGET REVIEW AND 4 ANALYSIS

#### 5 SEC. 301. CBO AND OMB REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS

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#### **RESPECTING RECEIPTS AND COLLECTIONS.**

7 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment 8 of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and 9 Budget shall prepare a study of the history of offsetting 10 collections against expenditures and the amount of receipts collected annually, the historical application of the 11 budgetary terms "revenue", "offsetting collections", and 12 "offsetting receipts", and review the application of those 13 terms and make recommendations to the Committees on 14 15 the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate of whether such usage should be continued or modi-16 17 fied. The Director of the Congressional Budget Office 18 shall review the history and recommendations prepared by 19 the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and 20shall submit comments and recommendations to such 21 Committees.

#### 22 SEC. 302. AGENCY BUDGET JUSTIFICATIONS.

23 Section 1108 of title 31, United States Code, is
24 amended by inserting at the end the following new sub25 sections:

1 "(h)(1) Whenever any agency prepares and submits 2 written budget justification materials for any committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate, such agen-3 4 cy shall post such budget justification on the same day 5 of such submission on the 'open' page of the public website of the agency, and the Office of Management and Budget 6 7 shall post such budget justification in a centralized loca-8 tion on its website, in the format developed under para-9 graph (2). Each agency shall include with its written 10 budget justification the process and methodology the agency is using to comply with the Fair Value Accounting Act 11 of 2014. 12

13 "(2) The Office of Management and Budget, in con-14 sultation with the Congressional Budget Office and the 15 Government Accountability Office, shall develop and notify 16 each agency of the format in which to post a budget jus-17 tification under paragraph (1). Such format shall be de-18 signed to ensure that posted budget justifications for all 19 agencies—

20 "(A) are searchable, sortable, and downloadable
21 by the public;

"(B) are consistent with generally accepted
standards and practices for machine-discoverability;
"(C) are organized uniformly, in a logical manner that makes clear the contents of a budget jus-

tification and relationships between data elements
 within the budget justification and among similar
 documents; and

4 "(D) use uniform identifiers, including for
5 agencies, bureaus, programs, and projects.

6 "(i)(1) Not later than the day that the Office of Man-7 agement and Budget issues guidelines, regulations, or cri-8 teria to agencies on how to calculate the risk component 9 under the Fair Value Accounting Act of 2014, it shall sub-10 mit a written report to the Committees on the Budget of 11 the House of Representatives and the Senate containing 12 all such guidelines, regulations, or criteria.

13 "(2) For fiscal year 2017 and each of the next four 14 fiscal years thereafter, the Comptroller General shall sub-15 mit an annual report to the Committees on the Budget 16 of the House of Representatives and the Senate reviewing 17 and evaluating the progress of agencies in the implementa-18 tion of the Fair Value Accounting Act of 2014.

"(3) Such guidelines, regulations, or criteria shall be
deemed to be a rule for purposes of section 553 of title
5 and shall be issued after notice and opportunity for public comment in accordance with the procedures under such
section.".

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