113TH CONGRESS 2D Session



To revise, codify, and enact certain general and permanent laws, related to domestic security, as title 6, United States Code, "Domestic Security".

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

_____, 20____

Mr. GOODLATTE (for himself and Mr. CONYERS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To revise, codify, and enact certain general and permanent laws, related to domestic security, as title 6, United States Code, "Domestic Security".

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United

- 2 States of America in Congress assembled,
- **3 SECTION 1. TABLE OF CONTENTS.**
- 4 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Purpose; conformity with original intent.
 - Sec. 3. Enactment of title 6, United States Code.
 - Sec. 4. Conforming amendments to other laws.
 - Sec. 5. Transitional and savings provisions.
 - Sec. 6. Repeals.

1 SEC. 2. PURPOSE; CONFORMITY WITH ORIGINAL INTENT.

2 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to revise, codify, and enact cer-

3 tain existing laws relating to domestic security as title 6, United States

4 Code, "Domestic Security".

(b) CONFORMITY WITH ORIGINAL INTENT.—In the codification of laws
by this Act, the intent is to conform to the understood policy, intent, and
purpose of Congress in the original enactments, with such amendments and
corrections as will remove ambiguities, contradictions, and other imperfections, in accordance with section 205(c)(1) of House Resolution No. 988,
93d Congress, as enacted into law by Public Law 93–554 (2 U.S.C.
285b(1)).

12 SEC. 3. ENACTMENT OF TITLE 6, UNITED STATES CODE.

Certain general and permanent laws of the United States, related to domestic security, are revised, codified, and enacted as title 6, United States
Code, "Domestic Security", as follows:

16

TITLE 6—DOMESTIC SECURITY

Subtitle I—Homeland Security Organization

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Subtitle I—Homeland Security 1 Organization 2 **Chapter 101—General** 3 Sec. 10101. Definitions. 10102. Construction; relationship to other laws. §10101. Definitions 4 5 In this subtitle: (1) AMERICAN HOMELAND; HOMELAND.—Each of the terms "Amer-6 7 ican homeland" and "homeland" means the United States. 8 (2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appro-9 priate congressional committee" means a committee of the House of 10 Representatives or the Senate having legislative or oversight jurisdic-11 tion under the Rules of the House of Representatives or the Senate, 12 respectively, over the matter concerned. 13 (3) ASSETS.—The term "assets" includes contracts, facilities, prop-14 erty, records, unobligated or unexpended balances of appropriations, 15 and other funds or resources (other than personnel). (4) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" 16 17 has the meaning given that term in subsection (e) of the Critical Infra-18 structures Protection Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)). 19 (5) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department 20 of Homeland Security. 21 (6) EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS.—The term "emergency re-22 sponse providers" includes Federal, State, and local governmental and 23 nongovernmental emergency public safety, fire, law enforcement, emer-

1	gency response, emergency medical (including hospital emergency facili-
2	ties), and related personnel, agencies, and authorities.
3	(7) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "executive agency" means an
4	executive agency and a military department, as defined, respectively, in
5	sections 105 and 102 of title 5.
6	(8) FUNCTIONS.—The term "functions" includes authorities, powers,
7	rights, privileges, immunities, programs, projects, activities, duties, and
8	responsibilities.
9	(9) INTELLIGENCE COMPONENT OF THE DEPARTMENT.—The term
10	"intelligence component of the Department" means an element or en-
11	tity of the Department that collects, gathers, processes, analyzes, pro-
12	duces, or disseminates intelligence information within the scope of the
13	information sharing environment, including homeland security informa-
14	tion, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruction informa-
15	tion, or national intelligence, as defined under section 3(5) of the Na-
16	tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)), except—
17	(A) the United States Secret Service; and
18	(B) the Coast Guard, when operating under the direct authority
19	of the Secretary of Defense or Secretary of the Navy under section
20	3 of title 14, except that nothing in this paragraph shall affect or
21	diminish the authority and responsibilities of the Commandant of
22	the Coast Guard to command or control the Coast Guard as an
23	armed force or the authority of the Director of National Intel-
24	ligence with respect to the Coast Guard as an element of the intel-
25	ligence community (as defined under section 3(4) of the National
26	Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).
27	(10) Key resources.—The term "key resources" means publicly or
28	privately controlled resources essential to the minimal operations of the
29	economy and government.
30	(11) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "local government" means—
31	(A) a county, municipality, city, town, township, local public au-
32	thority, school district, special district, intrastate district, council
33	of governments (regardless of whether the council of governments
34	is incorporated as a nonprofit corporation under State law), re-
35	gional or interstate government entity, or agency or instrumental-
36	ity of a local government;
37	(B) an Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, or in Alas-
38	ka a Native village or Alaska Regional Native Corporation; and
39	(C) a rural community, unincorporated town or village, or other
40	public entity.
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1	(12) MAJOR DISASTER.—The term "major disaster" has the mean-
2	ing given in section 102(2) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief
3	and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122).
4	(13) PERSONNEL.—The term "personnel" means officers and em-
5	ployees.
6	(14) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of
7	Homeland Security.
8	(15) STATE.—The term "State" means a State, the District of Co-
9	lumbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the
10	Northern Mariana Islands, and a possession of the United States.
11	(16) TERRORISM.—The term "terrorism" means an activity that—
12	(A) involves an act that—
13	(i) is dangerous to human life or potentially destructive of
14	critical infrastructure or key resources; and
15	(ii) is a violation of the criminal laws of the United States
16	or of a State or other subdivision of the United States; and
17	(B) appears to be intended—
18	(i) to intimidate or coerce a civilian population;
19	(ii) to influence the policy of a government by intimidation
20	or coercion; or
21	(iii) to affect the conduct of a government by mass destruc-
22	tion, assassination, or kidnapping.
23	(17) UNITED STATES.—The term "United States" means the States,
24	the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam,
25	American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, a possession of the
26	United States, and waters within the jurisdiction of the United States.
27	(18) Voluntary preparedness standards.—The term "vol-
28	untary preparedness standards" means a common set of criteria for
29	preparedness, disaster management, emergency management, and busi-
30	ness continuity programs, such as the American National Standards
31	Institute's National Fire Protection Association Standard on Disaster/
32	Emergency Management and Business Continuity Programs (ANSI/
33	NFPA 1600).
34	§10102. Construction; relationship to other laws
35	(a) CONSTRUCTION; SEVERABILITY.—A provision of this subtitle held to
36	be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to a person or cir-
37	cumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the maximum effect permitted
38	by law, unless the holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability,
39	in which event the provision shall be deemed severable from this subtitle and
40	shall not affect the remainder of the subtitle, or the application of the provi-

sion to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar circum-stances.

3 (b) Relationship to Other Laws.—

4 (1) NATIONAL SECURITY RESPONSIBILITIES.—Nothing in this sub5 title (or an amendment made by the Homeland Security Act of 2002
6 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135)) shall supersede any authority
7 of the Secretary of Defense, the Director of Central Intelligence, or
8 other agency head, as authorized by law and as directed by the Presi9 dent, with regard to the operation, control, or management of national
10 security systems, as defined by section 3532(b)(2) of title 44.

(2) ATOMIC ENERGY ACT OF 1954.—Nothing in this subtitle shall supersede any requirement made by or under the Atomic Energy Act of
12 persede any requirement made by or under the Atomic Energy Act of
13 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.). Restricted data or formerly restricted
14 data shall be handled, protected, classified, downgraded, and declassified in conformity with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
16 2011 et seq.).

17 (3) STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY ACT.—Nothing in this subtitle 18 (or an amendment made by the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Pub-19 lic Law 107-296, 116 Stat. 2135)) affects the authority of the Na-20 tional Institute of Standards and Technology or the Department of 21 Commerce relating to the development and promulgation of standards 22 or guidelines under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 20(a) of the Na-23 tional Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-24 3(a)(1), (2)).

(4) IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY LAW.—Nothing in the definition
of "United States" in section 10101 of this title or another provision
of this subtitle shall be construed to modify the definition of "United
States" for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) or any other immigration or nationality law.

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Chapter 103—Department of Homeland Security

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Subchapter I—Organization

§ 10301. Establishment; mission; seal

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Department of Homeland Security is an exec-

4 utive department of the United States within the meaning of title 5.

5 (b) MISSION.—

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(1) IN GENERAL.—The primary mission of the Department is to—
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- (A) prevent terrorist attacks within the United States;
- 8 (B) reduce the vulnerability of the United States to terrorism;
- 9 (C) minimize the damage, and assist in the recovery, from ter-
- 10 rorist attacks that do occur within the United States;
- 11 (D) carry out all functions of entities transferred to the Depart-
- 12 ment, including by acting as a focal point regarding natural and
- 13 manmade crises and emergency planning;

1	(E) ensure that the functions of the agencies and subdivisions
2	within the Department that are not related directly to securing the
3	homeland are not diminished or neglected except by a specific ex-
4	plicit Act of Congress;
5	(F) ensure that the overall economic security of the United
6	States is not diminished by efforts, activities, and programs aimed
7	at securing the homeland;
8	(G) ensure that the civil rights and civil liberties of persons are
9	not diminished by efforts, activities, and programs aimed at secur-
10	ing the homeland; and
11	(H) monitor connections between illegal drug trafficking and
12	terrorism, coordinate efforts to sever the connections, and other-
13	wise contribute to efforts to interdict illegal drug trafficking.
14	(2) Responsibility for investigating and prosecuting ter-
15	RORISM.—Except as specifically provided by law with respect to entities
16	transferred to the Department under this subtitle, primary responsibil-
17	ity for investigating and prosecuting acts of terrorism shall be vested
18	not in the Department, but rather in Federal, State, and local law en-
19	forcement agencies with jurisdiction over the acts in question.
20	(c) SEAL.—The Department has a seal. The design of the seal is subject
21	to the approval of the President.
22	§10302. Secretary and other officers
23	(a) SECRETARY.—The Secretary of Homeland Security is the head of the
24	Department. The Secretary is appointed by the President, by and with the
25	advice and consent of the Senate.
26	(b) Deputy Secretary, Under Secretaries, Administrator, Di-
27	RECTORS, ASSISTANT SECRETARIES, AND GENERAL COUNSEL.—
28	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided under paragraph (2), the De-
29	partment of Homeland Security has the following officers. Each officer
30	is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of
31	the Senate:
32	(A) Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security, who shall be the
33	Secretary's first assistant for purposes of subchapter III of chap-
34	ter 33 of title 5.
35	
	(B) Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
36	(B) Under Secretary for Science and Technology.(C) Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
36 37	
	(C) Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
37	(C) Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.(D) Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management
37 38	(C) Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.(D) Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

1	(G) Director of the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement.
2	(H) Under Secretary responsible for overseeing critical infra-
3	structure protection, cybersecurity, and other related programs of
4	the Department.
5	(I) Not more than 12 Assistant Secretaries.
6	(J) General Counsel, who is the chief legal officer of the Depart-
7	ment.
8	(2) Assistant secretaries.—If any of the Assistant Secretaries
9	referred to under paragraph $(1)(I)$ is designated to be the Assistant
10	Secretary for Health Affairs, the Assistant Secretary for Legislative
11	Affairs, or the Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs, that Assistant
12	Secretary shall be appointed by the President without the advice and
13	consent of the Senate.
14	(3) Assistant secretary for cybersecurity and communica-
15	TIONS.—There is in the Department an Assistant Secretary for
16	Cybersecurity and Communications.
17	(4) UNITED STATES FIRE ADMINISTRATOR.—The Administrator of
18	the United States Fire Administration shall have a rank equivalent to
19	an assistant secretary of the Department.
20	(c) INSPECTOR GENERAL.—There is in the Department the Office of In-
21	spector General and an Inspector General at the head of the office, as pro-
22	vided in the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
23	(d) COMMANDANT OF THE COAST GUARD.—To assist the Secretary in
24	the performance of the Secretary's functions, there is a Commandant of the
25	Coast Guard, who shall be appointed as provided in section 44 of title 14,
26	and who shall report directly to the Secretary. In addition to duties provided
27	in this subtitle and as assigned to the Commandant by the Secretary, the
28	duties of the Commandant shall include those required by section 2 of title
29	14.
30	(e) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—There is in the Department a Chief Fi-
31	nancial Officer, as provided in chapter 9 of title 31.
32	(f) CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER.—There is in the Department a Chief Med-
33	ical Officer. The Chief Medical Officer is appointed by the President. The
34	individual appointed as Chief Medical Officer shall possess a demonstrated
35	ability in and knowledge of medicine and public health.
36	(g) Chief Human Capital Officer. There is in the Department a
37	CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICER.
38	(h) OTHER OFFICERS.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of the
39	Secretary's functions, there are the following officers, appointed by the
40	President:
41	(1) Director of the Secret Service.

1 (2) Chief Information Officer. 2 (3) Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties. 3 (4) Director for Domestic Nuclear Detection. 4 §10303. Office of Intelligence and Analysis 5 (a) THERE IS IN THE DEPARTMENT THE OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE AND 6 ANALYSIS. THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR INTELLIGENCE AND ANALYSIS IS 7 THE HEAD OF THE OFFICE. THE UNDER SECRETARY IS APPOINTED BY 8 THE PRESIDENT, BY AND WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE SEN-9 ATE, AND SERVES AS THE CHIEF INTELLIGENCE OFFICER OF THE DE-10 PARTMENT. (b) HOMELAND SECURITY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM. THE HOMELAND 11 12 SECURITY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM IN THE DEPARTMENT COORDINATES 13 THE INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES OF THE OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE AND 14 ANALYSIS THAT SERVE PREDOMINANTLY DEPARTMENT MISSIONS. 15 §10304. Office of Infrastructure Protection 16 There is in the Department the Office of Infrastructure Protection. The 17 Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection is the head of the Office. 18 The Assistant Secretary is appointed by the President. 19 §10305. Directorate of Science and Technology 20 There is in the Department the Directorate of Science and Technology. 21 The Under Secretary for Science and Technology is the head of the Direc-22 torate. 23 §10306. Directorate of Border and Transportation Security 24 There is in the Department the Directorate of Border and Transportation 25 Security. The Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security is 26 the head of the Directorate. 27 §10307. of Customs and Border Protection 28 There is in the Department the Bureau of Customs and Border Protec-29 tion, under the authority of the Under Secretary for Border and Transpor-30 tation Security. The Commissioner of Customs and Border Protection is the 31 head of the Bureau. The Commissioner is appointed by the President, by 32 and with the advice and consent of the Senate. §10308. Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement 33 34 There is in the Department the Bureau of Immigration and Customs En-35 forcement. The Assistant Secretary for Immigration and Customs Enforce-36 ment is the head of the Bureau. The Assistant Secretary reports directly 37 to the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security and shall 38 have a minimum of 5 years professional experience in law enforcement and 39 a minimum of 5 years of management experience.

1	§10309. Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services
2	There is in the Department the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration
3	Services. The Director of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Serv-
4	ices is the head of the Bureau. The Director reports directly to the Deputy
5	Secretary of Homeland Security, shall have a minimum of 5 years of man-
6	agement experience, and shall be paid at the same level as the Assistant
7	Secretary for Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
8	§10310. Federal Emergency Management Agency
9	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Federal Emer-
10	gency Management Agency.
11	(b) ADMINISTRATOR.—The Administrator of the Federal Emergency
12	Management Agency is the head of the Agency. The Administrator shall be
13	appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-
14	ate, from among individuals who have—
15	(1) a demonstrated ability in and knowledge of emergency manage-
16	ment and homeland security; and
17	(2) not less than 5 years of executive leadership and management
18	experience in the public or private sector.
19	(c) DEPUTY ADMINISTRATORS.—The President may appoint, by and with
20	the advice and consent of the Senate, not more than 4 Deputy Administra-
21	tors to assist the Administrator in carrying out chapter 111 of this title.
22	§10311. Transportation Security Administration
23	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Transportation
24	Security Administration.
25	(b) Administrator.—
26	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Transportation Security
27	Administration is the head of the Administration. The Administrator
28	shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent
29	of the Senate. The Administrator shall be a citizen of the United States
30	and have experience in a field directly related to transportation or secu-
31	rity.
32	(2) Term. The term of office of an individual appointed as
33	THE ADMINISTRATOR IS 5 YEARS.
34	(3) Limitation on ownership of stocks and bonds.—The Ad-
35	ministrator may not own stock in or bonds of a transportation or secu-
36	rity enterprise or an enterprise that makes equipment that could be
37	used for security purposes.
38	§10312. United States Secret Service
39	The United States Secret Service is a distinct entity in the Department.
40	The Secretary succeeds to the functions, personnel, assets, and obligations

1 of the Secret Service, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treas-2 ury relating to the Secret Service. 3 §10313. Coast Guard 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Coast Guard is a distinct entity in the Depart-5 ment. The Commandant reports directly to the Secretary without being re-6 quired to report through any other official of the Department. 7 (b) TRANSFER.— 8 (1) IN GENERAL.—The authorities, functions, personnel, and assets 9 of the Coast Guard, including the authorities and functions of the Sec-10 retary of Transportation relating to the Coast Guard, are transferred 11 to the Secretary. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, 12 the authorities, functions, and capabilities of the Coast Guard to per-13 form its missions shall be maintained intact and without significant re-14 duction, except as specified in Acts subsequent to the Homeland Secu-15 rity Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-296, 116 Stat. 2135). 16 (2) CERTAIN TRANSFERS PROHIBITED.—No mission, function, or 17 asset (including for purposes of this paragraph a ship, aircraft, or heli-18 copter) of the Coast Guard may be diverted to the principal and con-19 tinuing use of another organization, unit, or entity of the Department, 20 except for details or assignments that do not reduce the Coast Guard's 21 capability to perform its missions. 22 (c) CHANGES TO MISSIONS.— 23 (1) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary may not substantially or signifi-24 cantly reduce the missions of the Coast Guard or the Coast Guard's 25 capability to perform those missions, except as specified in Acts subse-26 quent to the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 27 116 Stat. 2135). 28 (2) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the restrictions under para-29 graph (1) for a period of not to exceed 90 days upon a declaration and 30 certification by the Secretary to Congress that a clear, compelling, and 31 immediate need exists for a waiver. A certification under this para-32 graph shall include a detailed justification for the declaration and cer-33 tification, including the reasons and specific information that dem-34 onstrate that the Nation and the Coast Guard cannot respond effec-35 tively if the restrictions under paragraph (1) are not waived. 36 (d) ANNUAL REVIEW.— 37 (1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection: 38 (A) HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—The term "homeland se-39 curity missions" means the following missions of the Coast Guard: 40 (i) Ports, waterways and coastal security. 41 (ii) Drug interdiction.

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1	(iii) Migrant interdiction.
2	(iv) Defense readiness.
3	(v) Other law enforcement.
4	(B) Non-homeland security missions.—The term "non-
5	homeland security missions" means the following missions of the
6	Coast Guard:
7	(i) Marine safety.
8	(ii) Search and rescue.
9	(iii) Aids to navigation.
10	(iv) Living marine resources (fisheries law enforcement).
11	(v) Marine environmental protection.
12	(vi) Ice operations.
13	(2) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department shall
14	conduct an annual review that shall assess thoroughly the performance
15	by the Coast Guard of all missions of the Coast Guard (including non-
16	homeland security missions and homeland security missions) with a
17	particular emphasis on examining the non-homeland security missions.
18	(3) REPORT.—The review conducted under paragraph (2) shall be
19	submitted to—
20	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
21	Affairs of the Senate;
22	(B) the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the
23	House of Representatives;
24	(C) the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the
25	House of Representatives;
26	(D) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation
27	of the Senate; and
28	(E) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the
29	House of Representatives.
30	(e) Nonapplicability to Operation as a Service in the Navy.—
31	None of the conditions and restrictions in this section shall apply when the
32	Coast Guard operates as a service in the Navy under section 3 of title 14.
33	§10314. Office for State and Local Government Coordina-
34	tion
35	There is in the Office of the Secretary the Office for State and Local
36	Government Coordination.
37	§10315. Office of Emergency Communications
38	There is in the Department the Office of Emergency Communications.
39	The Director for Emergency Communications is the head of the Office. The
40	Director reports to the Assistant Secretary for Cybersecurity and Commu-
41	nications.

1	§10316. Domestic Nuclear Detection Office
2	There is in the Department the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office. The
3	Director for Domestic Nuclear Detection is the head of the Office. The Di-
4	rector is appointed by the President.
5	§10317. Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement
6	(a) Office.—There is in the Department the Office of Counternarcotics
7	Enforcement. The Director is the head of the Office. The Director is ap-
8	pointed by the President.
9	(b) Assignment of Personnel.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall assign permanent staff to the
11	Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement, consistent with effective man-
12	agement of Department resources.
13	(2) LIAISONS.—The Secretary shall designate senior employees from
14	each appropriate subdivision of the Department that has significant
15	counternarcotics responsibilities to act as a liaison between that sub-
16	division and the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement.
17	(c) LIMITATION ON CONCURRENT EMPLOYMENT.—The Director of the
18	Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement shall not be employed by, assigned
19	to, or serve as the head of, another branch of the Federal Government, a
20	State or local government, or a subdivision of the Department other than
21	the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement.
22	(d) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Secretary shall direct the Director of the
23	Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement—
24	(1) to coordinate policy and operations within the Department, be-
25	tween the Department and other Federal departments and agencies,
26	and between the Department and State and local agencies with respect
27	to stopping the entry of illegal drugs into the United States;
28	(2) to ensure the adequacy of resources within the Department for
29	stopping the entry of illegal drugs into the United States;
30	(3) to recommend the appropriate financial and personnel resources
31	necessary to help the Department better fulfill its responsibility to stop
32	the entry of illegal drugs into the United States;
33	(4) in the Joint Terrorism Task Force construct, to track and sever
34	connections between illegal drug trafficking and terrorism; and
35	(5) to be a representative of the Department on all task forces, com-
36	mittees, or other entities whose purpose is to coordinate the counter-
37	narcotics enforcement activities of the Department and other Federal,
38	State or local agencies.
39	(e) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to au-
40	thorize direct control of the operations conducted by the Directorate of Bor-

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der and Transportation Security, the Coast Guard, or joint terrorism task
 forces.

3 (f) Reports to Congress.—

4 (1) ANNUAL BUDGET REVIEW.—The Director of the Office of Coun-5 ternarcotics Enforcement shall, not later than 30 days after the sub-6 mission by the President to Congress of a request for expenditures for 7 the Department, submit to the Committees on Appropriations and the 8 authorizing committees of jurisdiction of the House of Representatives 9 and the Senate a review and evaluation of the request. The review and 10 evaluation shall—

(A) identify a request or subpart of a request that affects or
may affect the counternarcotics activities of the Department or its
subdivisions, or that affects the ability of the Department or a
subdivision of the Department to meet its responsibility to stop
the entry of illegal drugs into the United States;

(B) describe with particularity how requested funds would be or could be expended in furtherance of counternarcotics activities; and

(C) compare the requests with requests for expenditures and amounts appropriated by Congress in the previous fiscal year.

(2) EVALUATION OF COUNTERNARCOTICS ACTIVITIES.—The Director of the Office of Counternarcotics Enforcement shall, not later than February 1 each year, submit to the Committees on Appropriations and the authorizing committees of jurisdiction of the House of Representatives and the Senate a review and evaluation of the counternarcotics activities of the Department for the previous fiscal year. The review and evaluation shall—

28 (A) describe the counternarcotics activities of the Department 29 and each subdivision of the Department (whether individually or 30 in cooperation with other subdivisions of the Department, or in co-31 operation with other branches of the Federal Government or with 32 State or local agencies), including the methods, procedures, and 33 systems (including computer systems) for collecting, analyzing, 34 sharing, and disseminating information concerning narcotics activ-35 ity within the Department and between the Department and other 36 Federal, State, and local agencies;

37 (B) describe the results of those activities, using quantifiable38 data whenever possible;

39 (C) state whether those activities were sufficient to meet the re40 sponsibility of the Department to stop the entry of illegal drugs
41 into the United States, including a description of the performance

1	measures of effectiveness that were used in making that deter-
2	mination; and
3	(D) recommend, where appropriate, changes to those activities
4	to improve the performance of the Department in meeting its re-
5	sponsibility to stop the entry of illegal drugs into the United
6	States.
7	(3) Classified or law enforcement sensitive information.—
8	Any content of a review and evaluation described in the reports re-
9	quired in this subsection that involves information classified under cri-
10	teria established by an Executive order, or whose public disclosure, as
11	determined by the Secretary, would be detrimental to the law enforce-
12	ment or national security activities of the Department or any other
13	Federal, State, or local agency, shall be presented to Congress sepa-
14	rately from the rest of the review and evaluation.
15	§10318. Office of International Affairs
16	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Office of the Secretary the Office
17	of International Affairs. The Director is the head of the Office. The Direc-
18	tor shall be a senior official appointed by the Secretary.
19	(b) DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR.—The Director shall have the following
20	duties:
21	(1) To promote information and education exchange with nations
22	friendly to the United States in order to promote sharing of best prac-
23	tices and technologies relating to homeland security. The exchange
24	shall include the following:
25	(A) Exchange of information on research and development on
26	homeland security technologies.
27	(B) Joint training exercises of first responders.
28	(C) Exchange of expertise on terrorism prevention, response,
29	and crisis management.
30	(2) To identify areas for homeland security information and training
31	exchange where the United States has a demonstrated weakness and
32	another friendly nation or nations have a demonstrated expertise.
33	(3) To plan and undertake international conferences, exchange pro-
34	grams, and training activities.
35	(4) To manage international activities in the Department in coordi-
36	nation with other Federal officials responsible for counter-terrorism
37	matters.
38	§10319. Office for National Capital Region Coordination
39	There is in the Office of the Secretary the Office of National Capital Re-
40	gion Coordination. The Director is the head of the Office. The Director is
41	appointed by the Secretary.

1 §10320. Office of Cargo Security Policy 2 There is in the Department the Office of Cargo Security Policy. The Di-3 rector is the head of the Office. The Director is appointed by the Secretary. 4 The Director reports to the Assistant Secretary for Policy. 5 §10321. Transportation Security Oversight Board (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Transportation 6 7 Security Oversight Board 8 (b) MEMBERSHIP.---9 (1) NUMBER. THE BOARD IS COMPOSED OF 7 MEMBERS AS FOLLOWS: 10 (A) The Secretary, or the Secretary's designee. (B) The Secretary of Transportation, or the Secretary of Trans-11 12 portation's designee. 13 (C) The Attorney General, or the Attorney General's designee. 14 (D) The Secretary of Defense, or the Secretary of Defense's 15 designee. 16 (E) The Secretary of the Treasury, or the Secretary of the 17 Treasury's designee. 18 (F) The Director of National Intelligence, or the Director's des-19 ignee. 20 (G) One member appointed by the President to represent the 21 National Security Council. 22 (2) CHAIRPERSON. THE SECRETARY IS THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE 23 BOARD. 24 (c) DUTIES.—The Board shall— 25 (1) review and ratify or disapprove a regulation or security directive 26 issued by the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administra-27 tion under section 11307(b) of this title within 30 days after the date 28 of issuance of the regulation or directive; (2) facilitate the coordination of intelligence, security, and law en-29 30 forcement activities affecting transportation; 31 (3) facilitate the sharing of intelligence, security, and law enforce-32 ment information affecting transportation among Federal agencies and 33 with carriers and other transportation providers as appropriate; 34 (4) explore the technical feasibility of developing a common 35 database of individuals who may pose a threat to transportation 36 or national security; 37 (5) review plans for transportation security; 38 (6) make recommendations to the Under Secretary regarding 39 matters reviewed under paragraph (5). 40 (d) QUARTERLY MEETINGS.—The Board shall meet at least quarterly.

1	(e) Consideration of Security Information.—A majority of the
2	Board may vote to close a meeting of the Board to the public, except that
3	meetings shall be closed to the public whenever classified, sensitive security
4	information, or information protected under section 40119(b) of title 49,
5	will be discussed.
6	§10322. Special Assistant to the Secretary
7	The Secretary shall appoint a Special Assistant to the Secretary. The
8	Special Assistant is responsible for—
9	(1) creating and fostering strategic communications with the private
10	sector to enhance the primary mission of the Department to protect the
11	American homeland;
12	(2) advising the Secretary on the impact of the Department's poli-
13	cies, regulations, processes, and actions on the private sector;
14	(3) interfacing with other relevant Federal agencies with homeland
15	security missions to assess the impact of these agencies' actions on the
16	private sector;
17	(4) creating and managing private-sector advisory councils composed
18	of representatives of industries and associations designated by the Sec-
19	retary to—
20	(A) advise the Secretary on private-sector products, applica-
21	tions, and solutions as they relate to homeland security challenges;
22	(B) advise the Secretary on homeland security policies, regula-
23	tions, processes, and actions that affect the participating indus-
24	tries and associations; and
25	(C) advise the Secretary on private-sector preparedness issues,
26	including effective methods for—
27	(i) promoting voluntary preparedness standards to the pri-
28	vate sector; and
29	(ii) assisting the private sector in adopting voluntary pre-
30	paredness standards;
31	(5) working with Federal laboratories, federally funded research and
32	development centers, other federally funded organizations, academia,
33	and the private sector to develop innovative approaches to address
34	homeland security challenges to produce and deploy the best available
35	technologies for homeland security missions;
36	(6) promoting existing public-private partnerships and developing
37	new public-private partnerships to provide for collaboration and mutual
38	support to address homeland security challenges;
39	(7) assisting in the development and promotion of private-sector best
40	practices to secure critical infrastructure;

1	(8) providing information to the private sector regarding voluntary
2	preparedness standards and the business justification for preparedness
3	and promoting to the private sector the adoption of voluntary prepared-
4	ness standards;
5	(9) coordinating industry efforts, with respect to functions of the De-
6	partment of Homeland Security, to identify private-sector resources
7	and capabilities that could be effective in supplementing Federal, State,
8	and local government agency efforts to prevent or respond to a terrorist
9	attack;
10	(10) coordinating with the Directorate of Border and Transportation
11	Security and the Assistant Secretary for Trade Development of the De-
12	partment of Commerce on issues related to the travel and tourism in-
13	dustries; and
14	(11) consulting with the Office for State and Local Government Co-
15	ordination on all matters of concern to the private sector, including the
16	tourism industry.
17	§10323. Border Enforcement Security Task Force
18	There is in the Department the Border Enforcement Security Task
19	Force.
20	Subchapter IIFunctions
21	§10331. In general
21 22	§10331. In general(a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFI-
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22	(a) Functions Vested in Secretary. All functions of all offi-
22 23	(a) Functions Vested in Secretary.All functions of all offi- cers, employees, and organizational units of the Department are
22 23 24	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFI- CERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate func-
22 23 24 25	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFI- CERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.—
22 23 24 25 26	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFI- CERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate func-
22 23 24 25 26 27	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or function established or required to be maintained by statute.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or function established or required to be maintained by statute. (c) PERFORMANCE OF FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the provisions of this
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or function established or required to be maintained by statute. (c) PERFORMANCE OF FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the provisions of this subtitle, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions speci-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or function established or required to be maintained by statute. (c) PERFORMANCE OF FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the provisions of this subtitle, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions specified by law for the official's office or prescribed by the Secretary.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or function established or required to be maintained by statute. (c) PERFORMANCE OF FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the provisions of this subtitle, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions specified by law for the official's office or prescribed by the Secretary.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or function established or required to be maintained by statute. (c) PERFORMANCE OF FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the provisions of this subtitle, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions specified by law for the official's office or prescribed by the Secretary. (d) REDELEGATION.—Unless otherwise provided in the delegation or by law, a function delegated under this subtitle may be redelegated to a subor-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (a) FUNCTIONS VESTED IN SECRETARY.ALL FUNCTIONS OF ALL OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS OF THE DEPARTMENT ARE VESTED IN THE SECRETARY. (b) REORGANIZATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate functions among the officers of the Department, and may establish, consolidate, alter, or discontinue organizational units within the Department, but only after the expiration of 60 days after providing notice of the action to the appropriate congressional committees, which shall include an explanation of the rationale for the action. (2) LIMITATION.—Authority under paragraph (1) does not extend to the abolition of an agency, entity, organizational unit, program, or function established or required to be maintained by statute. (c) PERFORMANCE OF FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the provisions of this subtitle, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions specified by law for the official's office or prescribed by the Secretary.

1	(1) except as otherwise provided by this subtitle, may delegate any
2	of the Secretary's functions to an officer, employee, or organizational
3	unit of the Department;
4	(2) shall have the authority to make contracts, grants, and coopera-
5	tive agreements, and to enter into agreements with other executive
6	agencies, as may be necessary and proper to carry out the Secretary's
7	responsibilities under this subtitle or otherwise provided by law;
8	(3) shall take reasonable steps to ensure that information systems
9	and databases of the Department are compatible with each other and
10	with appropriate databases of other Departments;
11	(4) shall ensure that there is effective and ongoing coordination of
12	Federal efforts to prevent, prepare for, and respond to acts of terror-
13	ism and other major disasters and emergencies among the divisions of
14	the Department, including the Office for State and Local Government
15	Coordination;
16	(5) shall ensure that the Department complies with the protections
17	for human research subjects, as described in part 46 of title 45, Code
18	of Federal Regulations, or in equivalent regulations as promulgated by
19	the Secretary, with respect to research that is conducted or supported
20	by the Department; and
21	(6) has the same authorities that the Secretary of Transportation
22	has with respect to the Department of Transportation under section
23	324 of title 49.
24	(f) Regulatory Authority.—
25	(1) Vesting and transfer of authority.Except as otherwise provided
26	in sections $10542(e)$ and $10705(e)$ of this title and section $1315(e)$ of
27	title 40, this subtitle—
28	(A) does not vest new regulatory authority in the Secretary or
29	another Federal official; and
30	(B) transfers to the Secretary or another Federal official only
31	the regulatory authority that—
32	(i) existed on November 25, 2002, in an agency, program,
33	or function transferred to the Department pursuant to the
34	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116
35	Stat. 2135); or
36	(ii) on November 25, 2002, was exercised by another offi-
37	cial of the executive branch with respect to the transferred
38	agency, program, or function.
39	(2) Restriction on exercise of transferred authority
40	Transferred authority may not be exercised by an official from whom
41	it is transferred on transfer of the agency, program, or function to the

1	Secretary or another Federal official pursuant to the Homeland Secu-
2	rity Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135).
3	(3) Alteration or diminution of authority.—The Act may not
4	be construed as altering or diminishing the regulatory authority of an-
5	other executive agency, except to the extent that the Act transfers the
6	authority from the agency.
7	(g) PREEMPTION OF STATE OR LOCAL LAW.—Except as otherwise pro-
8	vided in this subtitle, this subtitle preempts no State or local law, except
9	that authority to preempt State or local law vested in a Federal agency or
10	official transferred to the Department pursuant to the Homeland Security
11	Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135) shall be transferred to
12	the Department, effective on the date of the transfer to the Department of
13	that Federal agency or official.
14	(h) COORDINATION WITH NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES.—With respect to
15	homeland security, the Secretary shall coordinate through the Office for
16	State and Local Government Coordination (including the provision of train-
17	ing and equipment) with State and local government personnel, agencies,
18	and authorities, with the private sector, and with other entities, including
19	by—
20	(1) coordinating with State and local government personnel, agen-
21	cies, and authorities, and with the private sector, to ensure adequate
22	planning, equipment, training, and exercise activities;
23	(2) coordinating and, as appropriate, consolidating, the Federal Gov-
24	ernment's communications and systems of communications relating to
25	homeland security with State and local government personnel, agencies,
26	and authorities, the private sector, other entities, and the public; and
27	(3) distributing or, as appropriate, coordinating the distribution of
28	warnings and information to State and local government personnel,
29	agencies, and authorities and to the public.
30	(i) MEETINGS OF NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL.—The Secretary may,
31	subject to the direction of the President, attend and participate in meetings
32	of the National Security Council.
33	(j) ISSUANCE OF REGULATIONS.—The issuance of regulations by the Sec-
34	retary shall be governed by the provisions of chapter 5 of title 5, except as
35	specifically provided in this subtitle, in laws granting regulatory authorities
36	that are transferred by this subtitle, and in laws enacted after November
37	25, 2002.
38	(k) STANDARDS POLICY.—All standards activities of the Department
39	shall be conducted in accordance with section 12(d) of the National Tech-
40	nology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) and
41	Office of Management and Budget Circular A-119.

	22
1	§10332. Trade and customs revenue functions
2	(a) SUBTITLE III DEFINITIONS APPLY.—A term used in this section that
3	is defined in section 30101 of this title has the meaning set forth for the
4	term in that section.
5	(b) Trade and Customs Revenue Functions.—
6	(1) Designation of appropriate official.—The Secretary shall
7	designate an appropriate senior official in the Office of the Secretary
8	who shall—
9	(A) ensure that the trade and customs revenue functions of the
10	Department are coordinated within the Department and with
11	other Federal departments and agencies, and that the impact on
12	legitimate trade is taken into account in an action impacting the
13	functions; and
14	(B) monitor and report to Congress on the Department man-
15	date to ensure that the trade and customs revenue functions of the
16	Department are not diminished, including how spending, oper-
17	ations, and personnel related to these functions have kept pace
18	with the level of trade entering the United States.
19	(2) DIRECTOR OF TRADE POLICY.—There shall be in the Depart-
20	ment a Director of Trade Policy (in this subsection referred to as the
21	"Director"), who shall be subject to the direction and control of the
22	official designated under paragraph (1). The Director shall—
23	(A) advise the official designated under paragraph (1) regarding
24	all aspects of Department policies relating to the trade and cus-
25	toms revenue functions of the Department;
26	(B) coordinate the development of Department-wide policies re-
27	garding trade and customs revenue functions and trade facilita-
28	tion; and
29	(C) coordinate the trade and customs revenue-related policies of
30	the Department with the policies of other Federal departments
31	and agencies.
32	(c) Consultation on Trade and Customs Revenue Functions.—
33	(1) BUSINESS COMMUNITY CONSULTATIONS.—The Secretary shall
34	consult with representatives of the business community involved in
35	international trade, including seeking the advice and recommendations
36	of the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee, on Department
37	policies and actions that have a significant impact on international
38	trade and customs revenue functions.
39	(2) Congressional consultation and notification.—
40	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary
41	shall notify the appropriate congressional committees not later

1	than 30 days prior to the finalization of Department policies, ini-
2	tiatives, or actions that will have a major impact on trade and cus-
3	toms revenue functions. The notifications shall include a descrip-
4	tion of the proposed policies, initiatives, or actions and any com-
5	ments or recommendations provided by the Commercial Operations
6	Advisory Committee and other relevant groups regarding the pro-
7	posed policies, initiatives, or actions.
8	(B) EXCEPTION.—If the Secretary determines that it is impor-
9	tant to the national security interest of the United States to final-
10	ize any Department policies, initiatives, or actions prior to the
11	consultation described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall—
12	(i) notify and provide any recommendations of the Com-
13	mercial Operations Advisory Committee received to the appro-
14	priate congressional committees not later than 45 days after
15	the date on which the policies, initiatives, or actions are final-
16	ized; and
17	(ii) to the extent appropriate, modify the policies, initia-
18	tives, or actions based upon the consultations with the appro-
19	priate congressional committees.
20	(d) NOTIFICATION OF REORGANIZATION OF CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNC-
21	TIONS.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not less than 45 days prior to a change in the
23	organization of any of the customs revenue functions of the Depart-
24	ment, the Secretary shall notify the Committee on Appropriations, the
25	Committee on Finance, and the Committee on Homeland Security and
26	Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropria-
27	tions, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on
28	Ways and Means of the House of Representatives of the specific assets,
29	functions, or personnel to be transferred as part of the reorganization,
30	and the reason for the transfer. The notification shall also include—
31	(A) an explanation of how trade enforcement functions will be
32	impacted by the reorganization;
33	(B) an explanation of how the reorganization meets the require-
34	ments of section 10912(b) of this title that the Department not
35	diminish the customs revenue and trade facilitation functions for-
36	merly performed by the United States Customs Service; and
37	(C) any comments or recommendations provided by the Com-
38	mercial Operations Advisory Committee regarding the reorganiza-
39	tion.
40	(2) ANALYSIS.—A congressional committee referred to in paragraph
41	(1) may request that the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee

- 1 provide a report to the committee analyzing the impact of the reorga-
- 2 nization and providing any recommendations for modifying the reorga-
- 3 nization.

4 (3) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after a reorganization referred 5 to in paragraph (1) takes place, the Secretary, in consultation with the 6 Commercial Operations Advisory Committee, shall submit a report to 7 the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways 8 and Means of the House of Representatives. The report shall include 9 an assessment of the impact of, and any suggested modifications to, 10 the reorganization.

11 §10333. Military activities

12 Nothing in this subtitle shall confer upon the Secretary authority to en-13 gage in warfighting, the military defense of the United States, or other mili-14 tary activities, nor shall anything in this subtitle limit the existing authority 15 of the Department of Defense or the Armed Forces to engage in warfight-16 ing, the military defense of the United States, or other military activities.

17 §10334. Sensitive Security Information

(a) IN GENERAL. THE SECRETARY SHALL PROVIDE THAT EACH OFFICE
in the DEPARTMENT THAT HANDLES DOCUMENTS MARKED AS SENSITIVE
Security Information (in this section referred to as "SSI") has
at least 1 employee with authority to coordinate and make determinations on behalf of the Department that the documents
MEET THE CRITERIA FOR MARKING AS SSI.

(b) REPORT. THE SECRETARY SHALL, NOT LATER THAN JANUARY 31
EACH YEAR, PROVIDE A REPORT TO THE COMMITTEES ON APPROPRIATIONS
OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON THE TITLES
OF ALL DEPARTMENT DOCUMENTS THAT ARE DESIGNATED AS SSI IN
THEIR ENTIRETY DURING THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31 FOR THE PRECEDING YEAR.

30 (c) Guidance on Individual Categories of SSI Information.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall promulgate guidance that includes common but extensive examples of SSI that further define the
individual categories of information cited under 49 CFR 1520(b)(1)
through (16) and eliminates judgment by covered individuals in the application of the SSI marking.

36 (2) PURPOSE OF GUIDANCE.—The guidance shall serve as the pri37 mary basis and authority for the marking of Departmental information
38 as SSI by covered individuals.

39

Subchapter III—Acquisitions

- 40 §10341. Personal services
- 41 The Secretary—

1	(1) may procure the temporary or intermittent services of experts or
2	consultants (or organizations thereof) under section 3109 of title 5;
3	and
4	(2) may, whenever necessary due to an urgent homeland security
5	need, procure temporary (not to exceed 1 year) or intermittent personal
6	services, including the services of experts or consultants (or organiza-
7	tions thereof), without regard to the pay limitations of section 3109.
8	§10342. Prohibition on contracts with corporate expatriates
9	(a) Definitions and Special Rules.—
10	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
11	(A) DOMESTIC.—The term "domestic" has the meaning given
12	the term in section $7701(a)(4)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of
13	1986 (26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(4)).
14	(B) EXPANDED AFFILIATED GROUP.—The term "expanded af-
15	filiated group" means an affiliated group as defined in section
16	1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C.
17	1504(a)) (without regard to section $1504(b)$ of the Code (26
18	U.S.C. $1504(b)$), except that section 1504 of the Code (26 U.S.C.
19	1504) shall be applied by substituting "more than 50 percent" for
20	"at least 80 percent" each place it appears.
21	(C) FOREIGN.—The term "foreign" has the meaning given the
22	term in section $7701(a)(5)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
23	(26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(5)).
24	(D) FOREIGN INCORPORATED ENTITY.—The term "foreign in-
25	corporated entity" means an entity that is, or but for subsection
26	(c) would be, treated as a foreign corporation for purposes of the
27	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.).
28	(E) PERSON.—The term "person" has the meaning given the
29	term in section $7701(a)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
30	(26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(1)).
31	(2) RULES FOR APPLICATION OF SUBSECTION (C).—In applying sub-
32	section (c) for purposes of subsection (b), the following rules apply:
33	(A) CERTAIN STOCK DISREGARDED.—There shall not be taken
34	into account in determining ownership for purposes of subsection
35	(c)(2)—
36	(i) stock held by members of the expanded affiliated group
37	which includes the foreign incorporated entity; or
38	(ii) stock of the entity which is sold in a public offering re-
39	lated to the acquisition described in subsection $(c)(1)$.
40	(B) PLAN DEEMED IN CERTAIN CASES.—If a foreign incor-
41	porated entity acquires directly or indirectly substantially all of the

1	properties of a domestic corporation or partnership during the 4-
2	year period beginning on the date which is 2 years before the own-
3	ership requirements of subsection $(c)(2)$ are met, these actions
4	shall be treated as pursuant to a plan.
5	(C) CERTAIN TRANSFERS DISREGARDED.—The transfer of prop-
6	erties or liabilities (including by contribution or distribution) shall
7	be disregarded if the transfers are part of a plan a principal pur-
8	pose of which is to avoid the purposes of this section.
9	(D) Special rule for related partnerships.—For pur-
10	poses of applying subsection (c) to the acquisition of a domestic
11	partnership, except as provided in regulations, all domestic part-
12	nerships that are under common control (within the meaning of
13	section 482 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C.
14	482)) shall be treated as one partnership.
15	(E) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN RIGHTS.—The Secretary shall
16	prescribe regulations necessary to—
17	(i) treat warrants, options, contracts to acquire stock, con-
18	vertible debt instruments, and other similar interests as stock;
19	and
20	(ii) treat stock as not stock.
21	(b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may not enter into a contract with a
22	foreign incorporated entity that is treated as an inverted domestic corpora-
23	tion under subsection (c), or a subsidiary of the entity.
24	(c) INVERTED DOMESTIC CORPORATION.—For purposes of this section,
25	a foreign incorporated entity shall be treated as an inverted domestic cor-
26	poration if, pursuant to a plan (or a series of related transactions)—
27	(1) the entity completes before, on, or after November 25, 2002, the
28	direct or indirect acquisition of substantially all of the properties held
29	directly or indirectly by a domestic corporation or substantially all of
30	the properties constituting a trade or business of a domestic partner-
31	ship;
32	(2) after the acquisition at least 80 percent of the stock (by vote or
33	value) of the entity is held—
34	(A) in the case of an acquisition with respect to a domestic cor-
35	poration, by former shareholders of the domestic corporation by
36	reason of holding stock in the domestic corporation; or
37	(B) in the case of an acquisition with respect to a domestic
38	partnership, by former partners of the domestic partnership by
39	reason of holding a capital or profits interest in the domestic part-
40	nership; and

1 (3) the expanded affiliated group which after the acquisition includes 2 the entity does not have substantial business activities in the foreign 3 country in which or under the law of which the entity is created or or-4 ganized when compared to the total business activities of the expanded 5 affiliated group. 6 (d) WAIVERS.—The Secretary shall waive subsection (b) with respect to 7 a specific contract if the Secretary determines that the waiver is required 8 in the interest of national security. 9 §10343. Lead system integrator; financial interests 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to contracts entered into after July 1, 2007, and except as provided in subsection (b), no entity performing lead 11 12 system integrator functions in the acquisition of a major system by the De-13 partment of Homeland Security may have a direct financial interest in the 14 development or construction of an individual system or element of a system 15 of systems. 16 (b) EXCEPTION.—An entity described in subsection (a) may have a direct 17 financial interest in the development or construction of an individual system 18 or element of a system of systems if-19 (1) the Secretary certifies to the Committees on Appropriations of 20 the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Home-21 land Security of the House of Representatives, the Committee on 22 Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the 23 Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the 24 Senate, and the Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation 25 of the Senate that— 26 (A) the entity was selected by the Department as a contractor 27 to develop or construct the system or element concerned through 28 the use of competitive procedures; and 29 (B) the Department took appropriate steps to prevent an orga-30 nizational conflict of interest in the selection process; or 31 (2) the entity was selected by a subcontractor to serve as a lower-32 tier subcontractor, through a process over which the entity exercised 33 no control. 34 (c) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to pre-35 clude an entity described in subsection (a) from performing work necessary 36 to integrate two or more individual systems or elements of a system of sys-37 tems with each other. 38 (d) REGULATIONS UPDATE.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall 39 update the acquisition regulations of the Department to specify fully in the 40 regulations the matters with respect to lead system integrators set forth in 41

this section. The regulations shall include—

1	(1) a precise and comprehensive definition of the term "lead system
2	integrator", modeled after that used by the Department of Defense;
3	and
4	(2) a specification of various types of contracts and fee structures
5	that are appropriate for use by lead system integrators in the produc-
6	tion, fielding, and sustainment of complex systems.
7	Subchapter IV—Human Resources Management
8	§10351. Establishment of human resources management
9	system
10	(a) Positions Compensated in Accordance with Executive
11	SCHEDULE.—A person who, on the day preceding the person's date of
12	transfer pursuant to the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–
13	296, 116 Stat. 2135), held a position compensated in accordance with the
14	Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, and who, without a
15	break in service, is appointed in the Department to a position having duties
16	comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding the appointment
17	shall continue to be compensated in the new position at not less than the
18	rate provided for the position, for the duration of the service of the person
19	in the new position.
20	(b) COORDINATION RULE.—An exercise of authority under chapter 97 of
21	title 5, including under a system established under that chapter, shall be
22	in conformance with the requirements of this section.
23	§10352. Labor-management relations
24	(a) Limitation on Exclusionary Authority.—
25	(1) IN GENERAL.—An agency or subdivision of an agency transferred
26	to the Department pursuant to the Homeland Security Act of 2002
27	(Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135) shall not be excluded from the
28	coverage of chapter 71 of title 5, as a result of an order issued under
29	section 7103(b)(1) of title 5 after June 18, 2002, unless—
30	(A) the mission and responsibilities of the agency (or subdivi-
31	sion) materially change; and
32	(B) a majority of the employees within the agency (or subdivi-
33	sion) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence,
34	or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
35	(2) EXCLUSIONS ALLOWABLE.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall af-
36	fect the effectiveness of an order to the extent that the order excludes
37	a portion of an agency or subdivision of an agency as to which—
38	(A) recognition as an appropriate unit has never been conferred
39	for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5; or
40	(B) recognition has been revoked or otherwise terminated as a
41	result of a determination under subsection $(b)(1)$.

1	(b) Provisions Relating to Bargaining Units.—
2	(1) LIMITATION RELATING TO APPROPRIATE UNITS.—Each unit rec-
3	ognized as an appropriate unit for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5,
4	as of January 23, 2003, (and a subdivision of a unit) shall, if the unit
5	(or subdivision) is transferred to the Department pursuant to the
6	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-296, 116 Stat.
7	2135), continue to be so recognized for those purposes, unless—
8	(A) the mission and responsibilities of the unit (or subdivision)
9	materially change; and
10	(B) a majority of the employees within the unit (or subdivision)
11	have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or in-
12	vestigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
13	(2) Limitation relating to positions or employees.—A posi-
14	tion or employee within a unit (or subdivision of a unit) as to which
15	continued recognition is given under paragraph (1) shall not be ex-
16	cluded from the unit (or subdivision), for purposes of chapter 71 of
17	title 5, unless the primary job duty of the position or employee
18	(A) consists of intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative
19	work directly related to terrorism investigation; and
20	(B) materially changes (in the case of a position within a unit
21	(or subdivision) that is first established before January 24, 2003,
22	or to which the employee is first appointed before that date).
23	(c) WAIVER.—If the President determines that the application of sub-
24	sections (a), (b), and (d) would have a substantial adverse impact on the
25	ability of the Department to protect homeland security, the President may
26	waive the application of the subsections 10 days after the President has sub-
27	mitted to Congress a written explanation of the reasons for the determina-
28	tion.
29	(d) COORDINATION RULE.—No other provision of this subtitle or the
30	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135), or
31	of an amendment made by the Act, may be construed or applied in a man-
32	ner so as to limit, supersede, or otherwise affect the provisions of this sec-
33	tion, except to the extent that it does so by specific reference to this section.
34	(e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in section 9701(e) of
35	title 5 shall be considered to apply with respect to an agency or
36	subdivision of an agency, which is excluded from the coverage of
37	chapter 71 of title 5 by virtue of an order issued under section
38	7103(b) of the title and the preceding provisions of this section
39	(as applicable), or to an employees of the agency or subdivision
40	or to an individual or entity representing the employees or rep-
41	resentatives thereof.

1	§10353. Use of counternarcotics enforcement activities in
2	certain employee performance appraisals
3	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
4	(1) NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL PROGRAM AGENCY.—The term "Na-
5	tional Drug Control Program Agency" means—
6	(A) a National Drug Control Program Agency, as defined in
7	section 702(7) of the Office of National Drug Control Policy Re-
8	authorization Act of 1998 (21 U.S.C. 1701(7)); and
9	(B) a subdivision of the Department that has a significant coun-
10	ternarcotics responsibility, as determined by—
11	(i) the counternarcotics officer, appointed under section
12	10317 of this title; or
13	(ii) if applicable, the counternarcotics officer's successor in
14	function (as determined by the Secretary).
15	(2) Performance appraisal system.—The term "performance
16	appraisal system" means a system under which periodic appraisals of
17	job performance of employees are made, whether under chapter 43 of
18	title 5, or otherwise.
19	(b) IN GENERAL.—Each subdivision of the Department that is a National
20	Drug Control Program Agency shall include as one of the criteria in its per-
21	formance appraisal system, for each employee directly or indirectly involved
22	in the enforcement of Federal, State, or local narcotics laws, the perform-
23	ance of that employee with respect to the enforcement of Federal, State, or
24	local narcotics laws, relying to the greatest extent practicable on objective
25	performance measures, including
26	(1) the contribution of that employee to seizures of narcotics and ar-
27	rests of violators of Federal, State, or local narcotics laws; and
28	(2) the degree to which that employee cooperated with or contributed
29	to the efforts of other employees, either within the Department or other
30	Federal, State, or local agencies, in counternarcotics enforcement.
31	§10354. Compliance with laws protecting equal employment
32	opportunity and providing whistleblower protec-
33	tions
34	Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as exempting the Department
35	from requirements applicable with respect to executive agencies—
36	(1) to provide equal employment protection for employees of the De-
37	partment (including under section $2302(b)(1)$ of title 5 and the Notifi-
38	cation and Federal Employee Antidiscrimination and Retaliation Act of
39	2002 (Public Law 107–174, 5 U.S.C. 2301 note)); or
40	(2) to provide whistleblower protections for employees of the Depart-
41	ment (including under paragraphs (8) and (9) of section 2302(b) of

1	title 5 and the Notification and Federal Employee Antidiscrimination
2	and Retaliation Act of 2002(Public Law 107-174, 5 U.S.C. 2301
3	note)).
4	§10355. Homeland Security Rotation Program
5	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Homeland Secu-
6	rity Rotation Program (in this section referred to as the "Rotation Pro-
7	gram") for employees of the Department. The Rotation Program shall use
8	applicable best practices, including those from the Chief Human Capital Of-
9	ficers Council.
10	(b) GOALS.—The Rotation Program established by the Secretary shall—
11	(1) be established in accordance with the Human Capital Strategic
12	Plan of the Department;
13	(2) provide middle and senior level employees in the Department the
14	opportunity to broaden their knowledge through exposure to other com-
15	ponents of the Department;
16	(3) expand the knowledge base of the Department by providing for
17	rotational assignments of employees to other components;
18	(4) build professional relationships and contacts among the employ-
19	ees in the Department;
20	(5) invigorate the workforce with exciting and professionally reward-
21	ing opportunities;
22	(6) incorporate Department human capital strategic plans and activi-
23	ties, and address critical human capital deficiencies, recruitment and
24	retention efforts, and succession planning within the Federal workforce
25	of the Department; and
26	(7) complement and incorporate (but not replace) rotational pro-
27	grams within the Department in effect on October 4, 2006.
28	(c) Administration.—
29	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Chief Human Capital Officer shall admin-
30	ister the Rotation Program.
31	(2) Responsibilities—The Chief Human Capital Officer
32	SHALL—
33	(A) provide oversight of the establishment and implementation
34	of the Rotation Program;
35	(B) establish a framework that supports the goals of the Rota-
36	tion Program and promotes cross-disciplinary rotational opportuni-
37	ties;
38	(C) establish eligibility for employees to participate in the Rota-
39	tion Program and select participants from employees who apply;

1	(D) establish incentives for employees to participate in the Ro-
2	tation Program, including promotions and employment pref-
3	erences;
4	(E) ensure that the Rotation Program provides professional
5	education and training;
6	(F) ensure that the Rotation Program develops qualified em-
7	ployees and future leaders with broad-based experience throughout
8	the Department;
9	(G) provide for greater interaction among employees in compo-
10	nents of the Department; and
11	(H) coordinate with rotational programs within the Department
12	in effect on October 4, 2006.
13	(d) Allowances, Privileges, and Benefits.—All allowances, privi-
14	leges, rights, seniority, and other benefits of employees participating in the
15	Rotation Program shall be preserved.
16	§10356. Homeland Security Education Program
17	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
18	of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, shall establish a graduate-
19	level Homeland Security Education Program in the National Capital Region
20	to provide educational opportunities to senior Federal officials and selected
21	State and local officials with homeland security and emergency management
22	responsibilities. The Administrator shall appoint an individual to administer
23	the activities under this section.
24	(b) Leveraging of Existing Resources.—To maximize efficiency and
25	effectiveness in carrying out the Program, the Administrator shall use exist-
26	ing Department-reviewed Master's Degree curricula in homeland security,
27	including curricula pending accreditation, together with associated learning
28	materials, quality assessment tools, digital libraries, exercise systems and
29	other educational facilities, including the National Domestic Preparedness
30	Consortium, the National Fire Academy, and the Emergency Management
31	Institute. The Administrator may develop additional educational programs,
32	as appropriate.(C) STUDENT ENROLLMENT.—
33	(1) Sources.—The student body of the Program shall include offi-
34	cials from Federal, State, local, and tribal governments, and from other
35	sources designated by the Administrator.
36	(2) ENROLLMENT PRIORITIES AND SELECTION CRITERIA.—The Ad-
37	ministrator shall establish policies governing student enrollment prior-
38	ities and selection criteria that are consistent with the mission of the
39	Program.

1 (3) DIVERSITY.—The Administrator shall take reasonable steps to 2 ensure that the student body represents racial, gender, and ethnic di-3 versity. 4 (d) SERVICE COMMITMENT.— 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Before an employee selected for the Program may 6 be assigned to participate in the program, the employee shall agree in 7 writing-8 (A) to continue in the service of the agency sponsoring the em-9 ployee during the 2-year period beginning on the date on which 10 the employee completes the program, unless the employee is invol-11 untarily separated from the service of that agency for reasons 12 other than a reduction in force; and(B) TO PAY TO THE GOVERN-13 MENT THE AMOUNT OF THE ADDITIONAL EXPENSES INCURRED BY 14 THE GOVERNMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE EMPLOYEE'S EDU-CATION IF THE EMPLOYEE IS VOLUNTARILY SEPARATED FROM 15 16 THE SERVICE TO THE AGENCY BEFORE THE END OF THE PERIOD DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (A). 17 18 (2) PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.— 19 (A) EXEMPTION.—An employee who leaves the service of the 20 sponsoring agency to enter into the service of another agency in 21 any branch of the Government shall not be required to make a 22 payment under paragraph (1)(B), unless the head of the agency 23 that sponsored the education of the employee notifies that em-24 ployee before the date on which the employee enters the service 25 of the other agency that payment is required under that para-26 graph. 27 (B) AMOUNT OF PAYMENT.—If an employee is required to make 28 a payment under paragraph (1)(B), the agency that sponsored the 29 education of the employee shall determine the amount of the pay-30 ment, except that the amount may not exceed the pro rata share 31 of the expenses incurred for the time remaining in the 2-year pe-32 riod. 33 (3) RECOVERY OF PAYMENT.—If an employee who is required to make a payment under this subsection does not make the payment, a 34 35 sum equal to the amount of the expenses incurred by the Government 36 for the education of that employee is recoverable by the Government 37 from the employee or his estate by-38 (A) setoff against accrued pay, compensation, amount of retire-39

1	(B) another method provided by law for the recovery of amounts
2	owing to the Government.

3

29

Subchapter V—Miscellaneous Provisions

4 §10371. committees

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may establish, appoint members of, and 6 use the services of, advisory committees, that the Secretary considers nec-7 essary. An advisory committee established under this section may be ex-8 empted by the Secretary from Public Law 92-463 (5 U.S.C. App.), but 9 the Secretary shall publish notice in the Federal Register announcing the 10 establishment of the committee and identifying its purpose and membership. 11 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, members of an advisory committee 12 that is exempted by the Secretary under the preceding sentence who are 13 special Government employees (as that term is defined in section 202 of 14 title 18) shall be eligible for certifications under subsection (b)(3) of section 15 208 of title 18, for official actions taken as a member of the advisory com-16 mittee.

(b) TERMINATION.—An advisory committee established by the Secretary shall terminate 2 years after the date of its establishment, unless the Secretary makes a written determination to extend the advisory committee to a specified date, which shall not be more than 2 years after the date on which the determination is made. The Secretary may make any number of subsequent extensions consistent with this subsection.

23 §10372. Use of appropriated funds

(a) IN GENERAL.—Unless otherwise provided, funds may be used for the
following:
(1) Purchase of uniforms without regard to the general purchase

27 price limitation for the current fiscal year;
28 (2) Purchase of insurance for official motor vehicles operated in for-

30 (3) Entering into contracts with the Department of State to furnish
31 health and medical services to employees and their dependents serving
32 in foreign countries;

(4) Services authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United StatesCode.

(5) The hire and purchase of motor vehicles, as authorized by section1343 of title 31.

37 (b) POLICE-LIKE USE OF VEHICLES.—The purchase for police-type use
38 of passenger vehicles may be made without regard to the general purchase
39 price limitation for the current fiscal year.

40 (c) Disposal of Property.—

eign countries;

1	(1) STRICT COMPLIANCE.—If specifically authorized to dispose of
2	real property in this subtitle or any law, the Secretary shall exercise
3	this authority in strict compliance with subchapter IV of chapter 5 of
4	title 40.
5	(2) DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.—The Secretary shall deposit the pro-
6	ceeds of an exercise of property disposal authority into the miscellane-
7	ous receipts of the Treasury under section 3302(b) of title 31.
8	(d) GIFTS.—Except as authorized by section 10377 or 11122 of this title,
9	section 2601 of title 10, or section 93 of title 14, gifts or donations of serv-
10	ices or property of or for the Department may not be accepted, used, or
11	disposed of unless specifically permitted in advance in an appropriations Act
12	and only under the conditions and for the purposes specified in the appro-
13	priations Act.
14	(e) BUDGET REQUEST.—Under section 1105 of title 31, the President
15	shall submit to Congress a detailed budget request for the Department for
16	each fiscal year.
17	§10373. Reports and consultation addressing use of appro-
18	priated funds
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle,
20	a report, notification, or consultation addressing directly or indirectly the
21	use of appropriated funds and stipulated by this subtitle to be submitted
22	to, or held with, Congress or a Congressional committee shall also be sub-
23	mitted to, or held with, the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate
24	and the House of Representatives under the same conditions and with the
25	same restrictions as stipulated by this subtitle.
26	(b) Reprogramming and Transfer of Funds.—Notwithstanding any other
27	provision of law, notifications by the Department under an authority for re-
28	programming or transfer of funds shall be made solely to the Committees
29	on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
30	§10374. Buy America requirements
31	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "United States" includes the
32	possessions of the United States.
33	(b) REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e), funds
34	appropriated or otherwise available to the Department may not be used for
35	the procurement of an item described in subsection (c) under a contract en-
36	tered into by the Department of Homeland Security on and after August
37	16, 2009, if the item is not grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the
38	United States.
39	(c) COVERED ITEMS.—An item referred to in subsection (b) is an article
40	or item of any of the following, if the item is directly related to the national
41	security interests of the United States:

1	(1) Clothing and the materials and components of clothing, other
2	than sensors, electronics, or other items added to, and not normally as-
3	sociated with, clothing (and the materials and components of clothing).
4	(2) Tents, tarpaulins, covers, textile belts, bags, protective equipment
5	(including body armor), sleep systems, load carrying equipment (includ-
6	ing fieldpacks), textile marine equipment, parachutes, or bandages.
7	(3) Cotton and other natural fiber products, woven silk or woven silk
8	blends, spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth, synthetic fabric or coated
9	synthetic fabric (including all textile fibers and yarns that are for use
10	in the fabrics), canvas products, or wool (whether in the form of fiber
11	or yarn or contained in fabrics, materials, or manufactured articles).
12	(4) An item of individual equipment manufactured from or contain-
13	ing the fibers, yarns, fabrics, or materials.
14	(d) Applicability to Contracts and Subcontracts for Procure-
15	MENT OF COMMERCIAL ITEMS.—
16	(1) DEFINITION.—In this section, the word "commercial" has the
17	same meaning as in the Federal Acquisition Regulation—Part 2.
18	(2) IN GENERAL.—This section is applicable to contracts and sub-
19	contracts for the procurement of commercial items notwithstanding sec-
20	tion 1906 of title 41, with the exception of commercial items listed
21	under paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (c).
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22	(e) EXCEPTIONS.—
22	(e) EXCEPTIONS.—
22 23	(e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.—
22 23 24	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered
22 23 24 25	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-avail-
22 23 24 25 26	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104
22 23 24 25 26 27	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUAN-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Sec-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Secretary determines that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Secretary determines that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of an article or item described in subsection (c) grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Secretary determines that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of an article or item described in subsection (c) grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices. (2) DE MINIMIS NONCOMPLIANCE.—Notwithstanding subsection (b),
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Secretary determines that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of an article or item described in subsection (c) grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices. (2) DE MINIMIS NONCOMPLIANCE.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary may accept delivery of an item covered by subsection (c)
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Secretary determines that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of an article or item described in subsection (c) grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices. (2) DE MINIMIS NONCOMPLIANCE.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary may accept delivery of an item covered by subsection (c) that contains non-compliant fibers if the total value of non-compliant
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— (1) AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Secretary determines that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of an article or item described in subsection (c) grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices. (2) DE MINIMIS NONCOMPLIANCE.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary may accept delivery of an item covered by subsection (c) that contains non-compliant fibers if the total value of non-compliant fibers contained in the end item does not exceed 10 percent of the total
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (e) EXCEPTIONS.— AVAILABILITY.— (A) MATERIALS.—Subsection (b) does not apply to covered items that are, or include, materials determined to be non-available in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation 25.104 Nonavailable Articles. (B) UNSATISFACTORY QUALITY AND INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY.—Subsection (b) does not apply to the extent that the Secretary determines that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of an article or item described in subsection (c) grown, reproceessed, reused, or produced in the United States cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices. (2) DE MINIMIS NONCOMPLIANCE.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary may accept delivery of an item covered by subsection (c) that contains non-compliant fibers if the total value of non-compliant fibers contained in the end item.

1 (B) Emergency procurements.

2 (4) SMALL PURCHASES.—Subsection (b) does not apply to purchases
3 for amounts not greater than the simplified acquisition threshold re-

4 ferred to in section 2304(g) of title 10.

5 (f) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED WITHIN 7 DAYS AFTER CONTRACT AWARD 6 IF CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS APPLIED.—In the case of a contract for the pro-7 curement of an item described in subsection (c), if the Secretary applies an 8 exception set forth in subsection (e)(1) with respect to that contract, the 9 Secretary shall, not later than 7 days after the award of the contract, post 10 a notification that the exception has been applied on the Internet site maintained by the General Services Administration known as FedBizOps.gov (or 11 12 a successor site).

(g) INCLUSION OF INFORMATION IN NEW TRAINING PROGRAMS.—The
Secretary shall ensure that a training program for the acquisition workforce
includes comprehensive information on the requirements of this section and
the regulations implementing this section.

(h) CONSISTENCY WITH INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—This sectionshall be applied in a manner consistent with United States obligations underinternational agreements.

20 § 10375. Horse adoption program

None of the funds made available in any Act may be used to destroy or put out to pasture a horse or other equine belonging to a component or agency of the Department of Homeland Security that has become unfit for service, unless the trainer or handler is first given the option to take possession of the equine through an adoption program that has safeguards against slaughter and inhumane treatment.

27 §10376. Future Years Homeland Security Program

(a) IN GENERAL.—Each budget request submitted to Congress for the
Department under section 1105 of title 31, shall, at or about the same time,
be accompanied by a Future Years Homeland Security Program.

(b) CONTENTS.—The Future Years Homeland Security Program shall—
(1) include the same type of information, organizational structure,
and level of detail as the future years defense program submitted to
Congress by the Secretary of Defense under section 221 of title 10;

(2) set forth the homeland security strategy of the Department,
which shall be developed and updated as appropriate annually by the
Secretary, that was used to develop program planning guidance for the
Future Years Homeland Security Program; and

39 (3) include an explanation of how the resource allocations included
40 in the Future Years Homeland Security Program correlate to the
41 homeland security strategy set forth under paragraph (2).

1 §10377. Federal Law Enforcement Training Center

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The transfer of an authority or an agency under this 3 subtitle to the Department does not affect training agreements already en-4 tered into with the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center with respect 5 to the training of personnel to carry out that authority or the duties of that 6 transferred agency. 7 (b) CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS.—All activities of the Federal Law En-8 forcement Training Center transferred to the Department under this sub-9 title shall continue to be carried out at the locations the activities were car-10 ried out before the transfer. (c) ACCEPTANCE AND USE OF GIFTS.—The Federal Law Enforcement 11 12 Training Center may accept and use gifts of property, both real and per-13 sonal, and accept services, for authorized purposes. 14 (d) STAFFING ACCREDITATION FUNCTION.—The Center may accept 15 detailees from other Federal agencies, on a non-reimbursable basis, to staff 16 the accreditation function. (e) STUDENT HOUSING .- Students attending training at a Center site 17 18 shall reside in on-Center or Center-provided housing, insofar as available 19 and in accordance with Center policy. 20 (f) ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR TRAINING.—Funds appropriated to the De-21 partment under the heading "Federal Law Enforcement Training Center" 22 and the subheading "Salaries and Expenses" shall be available, at the dis-23 cretion of the Director, for the following: 24 (1) Training United States Postal Service law enforcement personnel 25 and Postal police officers. 26 (2) State and local government law enforcement training on a space-27 available basis. 28 (3) Training of foreign law enforcement officials on a space-available 29 basis with reimbursement of actual costs to the appropriation made 30 under the heading "Federal Law Enforcement Training Center" and 31 the subheading "Salaries and Expenses", except that reimbursement 32 may be waived by the Secretary for law enforcement training activities 33 in foreign countries undertaken under section 801 of the Antiterrorism 34 and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-132, 28 U.S.C. 509 note). 35 36 (4) Training of private-sector security officials on a space-available 37 basis with reimbursement of actual costs to this appropriation. 38 (5) Travel expenses of non-Federal personnel to attend course devel-39 opment meetings and training sponsored by the Center.

1	(g) Short-Term Medical Services for Students.—The Center may
2	provide short-term medical services for students undergoing training at the
3	Center.
4	§10378. Fees
5	(a) Fees for Credentialing and Background Investigations in
6	TRANSPORTATION.—The Secretary shall charge reasonable fees for provid-
7	ing credentialing and background investigations in the field of transpor-
8	tation. The establishment and collection of fees shall be subject to the fol-
9	lowing requirements:
10	(1) Fees, in the aggregate, shall not exceed the costs incurred by the
11	Department associated with providing the credential or performing the
12	background record checks.
13	(2) The Secretary shall charge fees in amounts that are reasonably
14	related to the costs of providing services in connection with the activity
15	or item for which the fee is charged.
16	(3) A fee may not be collected except to the extent the fee will be
17	expended to pay for—
18	(A) the costs of conducting or obtaining a criminal history
19	record check and a review of available law enforcement databases
20	and commercial databases and records of other governmental and
21	international agencies;
22	(B) reviewing and adjudicating requests for waiver and appeals
23	of agency decisions with respect to providing the credential, per-
24	forming the background record check, and denying requests for
25	waiver and appeals; and
26	(C) other costs related to providing the credential or performing
27	the background record check.
28	(4) A fee collected shall be available for expenditure only to pay the
29	costs incurred in providing services in connection with the activity or
30	item for which the fee is charged and shall remain available until ex-
31	pended.
32	(b) Recurrent Training of Aliens in Operation of Aircraft
33	(1) PROCESS FOR REVIEWING THREAT ASSESSMENTS.—Notwith-
34	standing section $40957(e)$ of this title, the Secretary shall establish a
35	process to ensure that an alien (as defined in section $101(a)(3)$ of the
36	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3)) applying for
37	recurrent training in the operation of an aircraft is properly identified
38	and has not, since the time of a prior threat assessment conducted
39	under section 40957(a) of this title, become a risk to aviation or na-
40	tional security.

1	(2) INTERRUPTION OF TRAINING.—If the Secretary determines, in
2	carrying out the process established under paragraph (1), that an alien
3	is a present risk to aviation or national security, the Secretary shall
4	immediately notify the person providing the training of the determina-
5	tion and that person shall not provide the training or, if training has
6	commenced, that person shall immediately terminate the training.
7	(3) FEES.—The Secretary may charge reasonable fees under sub-
8	section (a) for providing credentialing and background investigations
9	for aliens in connection with the process for recurrent training estab-
10	lished under paragraph (1). The fees shall be promulgated by notice
11	in the Federal Register.
12	(c) Collection of Fees from Non-Federal Participants in Meet-
13	INGS.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may collect fees from a non-Fed-
15	eral participant in a conference, seminar, exhibition, symposium, or
16	similar meeting conducted by the Department in advance of the con-
17	ference, either directly or by contract, and those fees shall be credited
18	to the appropriation or account from which the costs of the conference,
19	seminar, exhibition, symposium, or similar meeting are paid and shall
20	be available to pay the costs of the Department with respect to the con-
21	ference or to reimburse the Department for costs incurred with respect
22	to the conference.
23	(2) DEPOSIT OF EXCESS FEES.—If the total amount of fees collected
24	with respect to a conference exceeds the actual costs of the Department
25	with respect to the conference, the excess amount shall be deposited
26	into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.
27	(3) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary shall provide a report annually
28	to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of
29	Representatives, providing the level of collections and a summary by
30	agency of the purposes and levels of expenditures for the prior fiscal
31	year.
32	§10379. Reports to Committee on Commerce, Science, and
33	Transportation
34	The Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
35	shall receive the reports required by the following provisions of law in the
36	same manner and to the same extent that the reports are to be received
37	by the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the
38	Senate:
39	(1) Section $10501(b)(25)$ of this title.
40	(2) Section $12510(a)(3)(D)$ of this title.

1	(3) Section 7209(b)(1)(C) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism
2	Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-458, 8 U.S.C. 1185 note).
3	(4) Title III of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11
4	Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 296).
5	(5) Section 511(d) of the Implementing Recommendations of the $9/$
6	11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 323).
7	(6) Section $804(c)$ of the Implementing Recommendations of the $9/$
8	11 Commission Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 2000ee-3(c)).
9	(7) Section 901(b) of the Implementing Recommendations of the $9\!/$
10	11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 370).
11	§10380. National identification system not authorized
12	Nothing in this subtitle or the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public
13	Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135) shall be construed to authorize the develop-
14	ment of a national identification system or card.
15	§10381. Functions of Administrator of General Services not
16	affected
17	(a) Operation, Maintenance, and Protection of Federal Build-
18	INGS AND GROUNDS.—Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to affect
19	the functions or authorities of the Administrator of General Services with
20	respect to the operation, maintenance, and protection of buildings and
21	grounds owned or occupied by the Federal Government and under the juris-
22	diction, custody, or control of the Administrator. Except for the law enforce-
23	ment and related security functions transferred under section $10902(3)$ of
24	this title, the Administrator shall retain all powers, functions, and authori-
25	ties vested in the Administrator under chapters 1 (except section
26	121(e)(2)(A)) and 5 through 11 of title 40, and other provisions of law that
27	are necessary for the operation, maintenance, and protection of the build-
28	ings and grounds.
29	(b) Limitation on Collection and Use of Rents and Fees and
30	Federal Buildings Fund.—
31	(1) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subtitle may be
32	construed
33	(A) to direct the transfer of, or affect, the authority of the Ad-
34	ministrator of General Services to collect rents and fees, including
35	fees collected for protective services; or
36	(B) to authorize the Secretary or another official in the Depart-
37	ment to obligate amounts in the Federal Buildings Fund estab-
38	lished by section 592 of title 40.
39	(2) Use of transferred amounts.—Amounts transferred by the
40	Administrator of General Services to the Secretary out of rents and
41	fees collected by the Administrator shall be used by the Secretary solely

- 1 for the protection of buildings or grounds owned or occupied by the
- 2 Federal Government.
- 3 Chapter 105—Information Analysis and Infrastructure

Protection

Subchapter IDirectorate for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection

Sec.

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5 Subchapter I—Directorate for Information Analysis and

Infrastructure Protection

§ 10501. Information and analysis and infrastructure protec tion

- 9 (a) DISCHARGE OF RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Secretary shall ensure that
- 10 the responsibilities of the Department relating to information analysis and

1	infrastructure protection, including those described in subsection (b), are
2	carried out through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis or the
3	Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, as appropriate.
4	(b) Responsibilities of Secretary Relating to Intelligence and
5	ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—The responsibilities of the
6	Secretary relating to intelligence and analysis and infrastructure protection
7	shall be as follows:
8	(1) To access, receive, and analyze law enforcement information, in-
9	telligence information, and other information from agencies of the Fed-
10	eral Government, State and local government agencies (including law
11	enforcement agencies), and private-sector entities, and to integrate the
12	information, in support of the mission responsibilities of the Depart-
13	ment and the functions of the National Counterterrorism Center estab-
14	lished under section 119 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
15	U.S.C. 3056), in order to—
16	(A) identify and assess the nature and scope of terrorist threats
17	to the homeland;
18	(B) detect and identify threats of terrorism against the United
19	States; and
20	(C) understand the threats in light of actual and potential vul-
21	nerabilities of the homeland.
22	(2) To carry out comprehensive assessments of the vulnerabilities of
23	the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States, in-
24	cluding the performance of risk assessments to determine the risks
25	posed by particular types of terrorist attacks within the United States
26	(including an assessment of the probability of success of attacks and
27	the feasibility and potential efficacy of various countermeasures to the
28	attacks).
29	(3) To integrate relevant information, analysis, and vulnerability as-
30	sessments (regardless of whether the information, analysis or assess-
31	ments are provided by or produced by the Department) in order to-
32	(A) identify priorities for protective and support measures re-
33	garding terrorist and other threats to homeland security by the
34	Department, other agencies of the Federal Government, State, and
35	local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, and
36	other entities; and
37	(B) prepare finished intelligence and information products in
38	both classified and unclassified formats, as appropriate, whenever
39	reasonably expected to be of benefit to a State, local, or tribal gov-
40	ernment (including a State, local, or tribal law enforcement agen-
41	cy) or a private-sector entity.

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(4) To ensure, under section 10502 of this title, the timely and efficient access by the Department to all information necessary to discharge the responsibilities under this section, including obtaining the information from other agencies of the Federal Government.

(5) To develop a comprehensive national plan for securing the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States, including power production, generation, and distribution systems, information technology and telecommunications systems (including satellites), electronic financial and property record storage and transmission systems, emergency preparedness communications systems, and the physical and technological assets that support the systems.

(6) To recommend measures necessary to protect the key resources
and critical infrastructure of the United States in coordination with
other agencies of the Federal Government and in cooperation with
State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector,
and other entities.

(7) To review, analyze, and make recommendations for improvements to the policies and procedures governing the sharing of information within the scope of the information sharing environment established under section 10552 of this title, including homeland security information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruction information, and policies, guidelines, procedures, instructions, or standards established under that section.

(8) To disseminate, as appropriate, information analyzed by the Department within the Department, to other agencies of the Federal Government with responsibilities relating to homeland security, and to agencies of State and local governments and private-sector entities with equivalent responsibilities in order to assist in the deterrence, prevention, preemption of, or response to, terrorist attacks against the United States.

(9) To consult with the Director of National Intelligence and other
appropriate intelligence, law enforcement, or other elements of the Federal Government to establish collection priorities and strategies for information, including law enforcement-related information, relating to
threats of terrorism against the United States through such means as
the representation of the Department in discussions regarding requirements and priorities in the collection of the information.

(10) To consult with State and local governments and private-sector
entities to ensure appropriate exchanges of information, including law
enforcement-related information, relating to threats of terrorism
against the United States.

1	(11) To ensure that—
2	(A) material received pursuant to this subtitle is protected from
3	unauthorized disclosure and handled and used only for the per-
4	formance of official duties; and
5	(B) intelligence information under this subtitle is shared, re-
6	tained, and disseminated consistent with the authority of the Di-
7	rector of National Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and
8	methods under the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001
9	et seq.) and related procedures and, as appropriate, similar au-
10	thorities of the Attorney General concerning sensitive law enforce-
11	ment information.
12	(12) To request additional information from other agencies of the
13	Federal Government, State and local government agencies, and the pri-
14	vate sector relating to threats of terrorism in the United States, or re-
15	lating to other areas of responsibility assigned by the Secretary, includ-
16	ing the entry into cooperative agreements through the Secretary to ob-
17	tain the information.
18	(13) To establish and utilize, in conjunction with the chief informa-
19	tion officer of the Department, a secure communications and informa-
20	tion technology infrastructure, including data-mining and other ad-
21	vanced analytical tools, in order to access, receive, and analyze data
22	and information in furtherance of the responsibilities under this sec-
23	tion, and to disseminate information acquired and analyzed by the De-
24	partment, as appropriate.
25	(14) To ensure, in conjunction with the chief information officer of
26	the Department, that information databases and analytical tools devel-
27	oped or utilized by the Department—
28	(A) are compatible with one another and with relevant informa-
29	tion databases of other agencies of the Federal Government; and
30	(B) treat information in the databases in a manner that com-
31	plies with applicable Federal law on privacy.
32	(15) To coordinate training and other support to the elements and
33	personnel of the Department, other agencies of the Federal Govern-
34	ment, and State and local governments that provide information to the
35	Department, or are consumers of information provided by the Depart-
36	ment, in order to facilitate the identification and sharing of information
37	revealed in their ordinary duties and the optimal utilization of informa-
38	tion received from the Department.
39	(16) To coordinate with elements of the intelligence community and
40	with Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies, and the pri-
41	vate sector, as appropriate.

1	(17) To provide intelligence and information analysis and support to
2	other elements of the Department.
3	(18) To coordinate and enhance integration among the intelligence
4	components of the Department, including through strategic oversight of
5	the intelligence activities of the components.
6	(19) To establish the intelligence collection, processing, analysis, and
7	dissemination priorities, policies, processes, standards, guidelines, and
8	procedures for the intelligence components of the Department, consist-
9	ent with directions from the President and, as applicable, the Director
10	of National Intelligence.
11	(20) To establish a structure and process to support the missions
12	and goals of the intelligence components of the Department.
13	(21) To ensure that, whenever possible, the Department—
14	(A) produces and disseminates unclassified reports and analytic
15	products based on open-source information; and
16	(B) produces and disseminates the reports and analytic prod-
17	ucts contemporaneously with reports or analytic products concern-
18	ing the same or similar information that the Department produced
19	and disseminated in a classified format.
20	(22) To establish within the Office of Intelligence and Analysis an
21	internal continuity of operations plan.
22	(23) Based on intelligence priorities set by the President, and guid-
23	ance from the Secretary and, as appropriate, the Director of National
24	Intelligence—
25	(A) to provide to the heads of each intelligence component of
26	the Department guidance for developing the budget pertaining to
27	the activities of the component; and
28	(B) to present to the Secretary a recommendation for a consoli-
29	dated budget for the intelligence components of the Department,
30	together with comments from the heads of the components.
31	(24) To perform other duties relating to the responsibilities the Sec-
32	retary may provide.
33	(25) To prepare and submit to the Committee on Homeland Security
34	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Home-
35	land Security in the House of Representatives, and to other appropriate
36	congressional committees having jurisdiction over the critical infra-
37	structure or key resources, for each sector identified in the National
38	Infrastructure Protection Plan, a report on the comprehensive assess-
39	ments carried out by the Secretary of the critical infrastructure and
40	key resources of the United States, evaluating threat, vulnerability, and

1	consequence, as required under this subsection. Each report under this
2	paragraph
3	(A) shall contain, if applicable, actions or countermeasures rec-
4	ommended or taken by the Secretary or the head of another Fed-
5	eral agency to address issues identified in the assessments;
6	(B) shall be submitted annually and not later than 35 days
7	after the last day of the fiscal year covered by the report; and
8	(C) may be classified.
9	(c) STAFF.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide the Office of Intel-
11	ligence and Analysis and the Office of Infrastructure Protection with
12	a staff of analysts having appropriate expertise and experience to assist
13	the offices in discharging responsibilities under this section.
14	(2) PRIVATE-SECTOR ANALYSTS.—Analysts under this subsection
15	may include analysts from the private sector.
16	(3) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—Analysts under this subsection shall
17	possess security clearances appropriate for their work under this sec-
18	tion.
19	(d) Detail of Personnel.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to assist the Office of Intelligence and
21	Analysis and the Office of Infrastructure Protection in discharging re-
22	sponsibilities under this section, personnel of the agencies listed in
23	paragraph (2) may be detailed to the Department for the performance
24	of analytic functions and related duties.
25	(2) COVERED AGENCIES.—The agencies referred to in paragraph (1)
26	are as follows:
27	(A) The Department of State.
28	(B) The Central Intelligence Agency.
29	(C) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
30	(D) The National Security Agency.
31	(E) The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.
32	(F) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
33	(G) Any other agency of the Federal Government that the
34	President considers appropriate.
35	(3) Cooperative agreements.—The Secretary and the head of the
36	agency concerned may enter into cooperative agreements for the pur-
37	pose of detailing personnel under this subsection.
38	(4) Basis.—The detail of personnel under this subsection may be on
39	a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis.
40	(e) FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.—The Secretary succeeds to, and there is
41	assigned to the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the Office of Infra-

1	structure Protection, the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the
2	following entities:
3	(1) The National Infrastructure Protection Center of the Federal
4	Bureau of Investigation (other than the Computer Investigations and
5	Operations Section), including the functions of the Attorney General
6	relating thereto.
7	(2) The National Communications System of the Department of De-
8	fense, including the functions of the Secretary of Defense relating
9	thereto.
10	(3) The Critical Infrastructure Assurance Office of the Department
11	of Commerce, including the functions of the Secretary of Commerce re-
12	lating thereto.
13	(4) The National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center of
14	the Department of Energy and the energy security and assurance pro-
15	gram and activities of the Department, including the functions of the
16	Secretary of Energy relating thereto.
17	(5) The Federal Computer Incident Response Center of the General
18	Services Administration, including the functions of the Administrator
19	of General Services relating thereto.
20	§10502. Access to information
21	(a) IN GENERAL.—
22	(1) THREAT AND VULNERABILITY INFORMATION.—Except as
23	otherwise directed by the President, the Secretary shall have access the
24	Secretary considers necessary to all information, including reports, as-
25	sessments, analyses, and unevaluated intelligence relating to threats of
26	terrorism against the United States and to other areas of responsibility
27	assigned by the Secretary, and to all information concerning infrastruc-
28	ture or other vulnerabilities of the United States to terrorism, whether
29	or not the information has been analyzed, that may be collected, pos-
30	sessed, or prepared by an agency of the Federal Government.
31	(2) OTHER INFORMATION.—The Secretary also shall have access to
32	other information relating to matters under the responsibility of the
33	Secretary that may be collected, possessed, or prepared by an agency
34	of the Federal Government as the President may further provide.
35	(b) MANNER OF ACCESS.—Except as otherwise directed by the President,
36	
37	with respect to information to which the Secretary has access under this
	with respect to information to which the Secretary has access under this section—
38	
	section-
38	section— (1) the Secretary may obtain the material upon request, and may

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1	volving broad categories of material, access to electronic databases, or
2	both; and
3	(2) regardless of whether the Secretary has made a request or en-
4	tered into a cooperative arrangement under paragraph (1), all agencies
5	of the Federal Government shall promptly provide to the Secretary—
6	(A) all reports (including information reports containing intel-
7	ligence which has not been fully evaluated), assessments, and ana-
8	lytical information relating to threats of terrorism against the
9	United States and to other areas of responsibility assigned by the
10	Secretary;
11	(B) all information concerning the vulnerability of the infra-
12	structure of the United States, or other vulnerabilities of the
13	United States, to terrorism, whether or not the information has
14	been analyzed;
15	(C) all other information relating to significant and credible
16	threats of terrorism against the United States, whether or not the
17	information has been analyzed; and
18	(D) other information or material as the President may direct.
19	(c) TREATMENT UNDER CERTAIN LAWS.—The Secretary shall be deemed
20	to be a Federal law enforcement, intelligence, protective, national defense,
21	immigration, or national security official, and shall be provided with all in-
22	formation from law enforcement agencies that is required to be given to the
23	Director of Central Intelligence, under any provision of the following:
24	(1) The USA PATRIOT Act of 2001 (Public Law 107–56, 115 Stat.
25	272).
26	(2) Section $2517(6)$ of title 18.
27	(3) Rule $6(e)(3)(C)$ of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
28	(d) Access to Intelligence and Other Information.—
29	(1) Access by elements of federal government.—Nothing
30	in this chapter shall preclude an element of the intelligence community
31	(as that term is defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act
32	of 1947 (50 U.S.C. $3003(4)$), or any other element of the Federal Gov-
33	ernment with responsibility for analyzing terrorist threat information,
34	from receiving intelligence or other information relating to terrorism.
35	(2) SHARING OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary, in consultation
36	with the Director of Central Intelligence, shall work to ensure that in-
37	telligence or other information relating to terrorism to which the De-
38	partment has access is appropriately shared with the elements of the
39	Federal Government referred to in paragraph (1), as well as with State
40	and local governments, as appropriate.

1	§10503. Terrorist travel program
2	(a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—The Secretary, in consultation with
3	the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center and consistent with
4	the strategy developed under section 7201 of the Intelligence Reform and
5	Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–458, 50 U.S.C. 3056
6	note), shall establish a program to oversee the implementation of the Sec-
7	retary's responsibilities with respect to terrorist travel.
8	(b) HEAD OF THE PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall designate an official
9	of the Department to be responsible for carrying out the program. The offi-
10	cial shall be—
11	(1) the Assistant Secretary for Policy; or
12	(2) an official appointed by the Secretary who reports directly to the
13	Secretary.
14	(c) DUTIES.—The official designated under subsection (b) shall assist the
15	Secretary of in improving the Department's ability to prevent terrorists
16	from entering the United States or remaining in the United States unde-
17	tected by—
18	(1) developing relevant strategies and policies;
19	(2) reviewing the effectiveness of existing programs and recommend-
20	ing improvements, if necessary;
21	(3) making recommendations on budget requests and on the alloca-
22	tion of funding and personnel;
23	(4) ensuring effective coordination, with respect to policies, pro-
24	grams, planning, operations, and dissemination of intelligence and in-
25	formation related to terrorist travel—
26	(A) among appropriate subdivisions of the Department, as de-
27	termined by the Secretary and including the—
28	(i) Bureau of Customs and Border Protection;
29	(ii) Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement;
30	(iii) Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services;
31	(iv) Transportation Security Administration; and
32	(v) Coast Guard; and
33	(B) between the Department and other appropriate Federal
34	agencies; and
35	(5) serving as the Secretary's primary point of contact with the Na-
36	tional Counterterrorism Center for implementing initiatives related to
37	terrorist travel and ensuring that the recommendations of the Center
38	related to terrorist travel are carried out by the Department.
39	§10504. Homeland Security Advisory System
40	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall administer the Homeland Security
41	Advisory System under this section to provide advisories or warnings re-

1 garding the threat or risk that acts of terrorism will be committed on the 2 homeland to Federal, State, local, and tribal government authorities and to 3 the people of the United States, as appropriate. The Secretary shall exercise 4 primary responsibility for providing the advisories or warnings. 5 (b) REQUIRED ELEMENTS.—In administering the Homeland Security Ad-6 visory System, the Secretary shall— 7 (1) establish criteria for the issuance and revocation of the advisories 8 or warnings; 9 (2) develop a methodology, relying on the criteria established under 10 paragraph (1), for the issuance and revocation of the advisories or 11 warnings; 12 (3) provide, in each advisory or warning, specific information and ad-13 vice regarding appropriate protective measures and countermeasures 14 that may be taken in response to the threat or risk, at the maximum 15 level of detail practicable to enable individuals, government entities, 16 emergency response providers, and the private sector to act appro-17 priately; 18 (4) whenever possible, limit the scope of each advisory or warning 19 to a specific region, locality, or economic sector believed to be under 20 threat or at risk; and 21 (5) not, in issuing an advisory or warning, use color designations as 22 the exclusive means of specifying homeland security threat conditions 23 that are the subject of the advisory or warning. 24 §10505. Homeland security information sharing 25 (a) INFORMATION SHARING.—Consistent with section 11707 of this title, 26 the Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and 27 Analysis, shall integrate the information and standardize the format of the 28 products of the intelligence components of the Department containing home-29 land security information, terrorism information, weapons of mass destruc-30 tion information, or national intelligence (as defined in section 3(5) of the 31 National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)) except for internal secu-32 rity protocols or personnel information of the intelligence components, or 33 other administrative processes that are administered by any chief security 34 officer of the Department. 35 (b) INFORMATION SHARING AND KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT OFFI-36 CERS.—For each intelligence component of the Department, the Secretary

36 CERS.—For each intelligence component of the Department, the Secretary 37 shall designate an information sharing and knowledge management officer 38 who shall report to the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis re-39 garding coordinating the different systems used in the Department to gath-40 er and disseminate homeland security information or national intelligence

1	(as defined in section 3(5) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
2	3003(5)).
3	(c) STATE, LOCAL, AND PRIVATE-SECTOR SOURCES OF INFORMATION.—
4	(1) Establishment of business processes.—The Secretary, act-
5	ing through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis or the
6	Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, as appropriate,
7	shall—
8	(A) establish Department-wide procedures for the review and
9	analysis of information provided by State, local, and tribal govern-
10	ments and the private sector;
11	(B) as appropriate, integrate the information into the informa-
12	tion gathered by the Department and other departments and agen-
13	cies of the Federal Government; and
14	(C) make available the information, as appropriate, within the
15	Department and to other departments and agencies of the Federal
16	Government.
17	(2) FEEDBACK.—The Secretary shall develop mechanisms to provide
18	feedback regarding the analysis and utility of information provided by
19	an entity of State, local, or tribal government or the private sector that
20	provides the information to the Department.
21	(d) TRAINING AND EVALUATION OF EMPLOYEES.—
22	(1) TRAINING.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary
23	for Intelligence and Analysis or the Assistant Secretary for Infrastruc-
24	ture Protection, as appropriate, shall provide to employees of the De-
25	partment opportunities for training and education to develop an under-
26	standing of—
27	(A) the definitions of homeland security information and na-
28	tional intelligence (as defined in section 3(5) of the National Secu-
29	rity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)); and
30	(B) how information available to the employees as part of their
31	duties—
32	(i) might qualify as homeland security information or na-
33	tional intelligence; and
34	(ii) might be relevant to the Office of Intelligence and
35	Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department.
36	(2) EVALUATIONS.—The Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analy-
37	sis shall—
38	(A) on an ongoing basis, evaluate how employees of the Office
39	of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the
40	Department are utilizing homeland security information or na-
41	tional intelligence, sharing information within the Department, as

1	described in this title, and participating in the information sharing
2	environment established under section 11707 of this title; and
3	(B) provide to the appropriate component heads regular reports
4	regarding the evaluations under subparagraph (A).
5	(e) Receipt of information from United States Secret Service.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analy-
7	sis shall receive from the United States Secret Service homeland secu-
8	rity information, terrorism information, weapons of mass destruction
9	information (as these terms are defined in section 11707 of this title),
10	or national intelligence, as defined in Section 3(5) of the National Se-
11	curity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)), as well as suspect information
12	obtained in criminal investigations. The United States Secret Service
13	shall cooperate with the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis
14	with respect to activities under this section and section 10506 of this
15	title.
16	(2) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in the Implementing Recommenda-
17	tions of the $9\!/11$ Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121
18	Stat. 266) shall interfere with the operation of section 3056(g) of title
19	18, or with the authority of the Secretary or the Director of the United
20	States Secret Service regarding the budget of the United States Secret
21	Service.
22	§10506. Comprehensive information technology network ar-
23	chitecture
24	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Sec-
25	retary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall establish, consistent with the poli-
26	
	cies and procedures developed under section 11707 of this title, and consist-
27	cies and procedures developed under section 11707 of this title, and consist- ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in-
27 28	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and
28 29	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech-
28 29 30	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence
28 29 30 31	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department in order to promote internal information
28 29 30 31 32	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department in order to promote internal information sharing among the intelligence and other personnel of the Department.
28 29 30 31 32 33	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department in order to promote internal information sharing among the intelligence and other personnel of the Department. (b) COMPREHENSIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY NETWORK ARCHITEC-
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department in order to promote internal information sharing among the intelligence and other personnel of the Department. (b) COMPREHENSIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY NETWORK ARCHITEC- TURE DEFINED.—The term "comprehensive information technology network
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department in order to promote internal information sharing among the intelligence and other personnel of the Department. (b) COMPREHENSIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY NETWORK ARCHITEC- TURE DEFINED.—The term "comprehensive information technology network architecture" means an integrated framework for evolving or maintaining
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department in order to promote internal information sharing among the intelligence and other personnel of the Department. (b) COMPREHENSIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY NETWORK ARCHITEC- TURE DEFINED.—The term "comprehensive information technology network architecture" means an integrated framework for evolving or maintaining existing information technology and acquiring new information technology to
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	ent with the enterprise architecture of the Department, a comprehensive in- formation technology network architecture for the Office of Intelligence and Analysis that connects the various databases and related information tech- nology assets of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis and the intelligence components of the Department in order to promote internal information sharing among the intelligence and other personnel of the Department. (b) COMPREHENSIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY NETWORK ARCHITEC- TURE DEFINED.—The term "comprehensive information technology network architecture" means an integrated framework for evolving or maintaining

1	§10507. Coordination with information sharing environ-
2	ment
3	(a) GUIDANCE.—All activities to comply with sections 10504, 10505, and
4	10506 of this title shall be—
5	(1) consistent with policies, guidelines, procedures, instructions, or
6 7	standards established under section 11707 of this title; (2) implemented in coordination with, as appropriate, the program
8	
8 9	manager for the information sharing environment established under that section;
10	(3) consistent with applicable guidance issued by the Director of Na-
10	tional Intelligence; and
12	(4) consistent with applicable guidance issued by the Secretary relat-
12	ing to the protection of law enforcement information or proprietary in-
13	formation.
15	(b) Consultation.—In carrying out the duties and responsibilities
16	under this subchapter, the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis
17	shall take into account the views of the heads of the intelligence components
18	of the Department.
19	§ 10508. Intelligence components
20	Subject to the direction and control of the Secretary, and consistent with
21	applicable guidance issued by the Director of National Intelligence, the re-
22	sponsibilities of the head of each intelligence component of the Department
23	are as follows:
24	(1) To ensure that the collection, processing, analysis, and dissemi-
25	nation of information within the scope of the information sharing envi-
26	ronment, including homeland security information, terrorism informa-
27	tion, weapons of mass destruction information, and national intelligence
28	(as defined in section $3(5)$ of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
29	U.S.C. 3003(5)), are carried out effectively and efficiently in support
30	of the intelligence mission of the Department, as led by the Under Sec-
31	retary for Intelligence and Analysis.
32	(2) To otherwise support and implement the intelligence mission of
33	the Department, as led by the Under Secretary for Intelligence and
34	Analysis.
35	(3) To incorporate the input of the Under Secretary for Intelligence
36	and Analysis with respect to performance appraisals, bonus or award
37	recommendations, pay adjustments, and other forms of commendation.
38	(4) To coordinate with the Under Secretary for Intelligence and
39	Analysis in developing policies and requirements for the recruitment
40	and selection of intelligence officials of the intelligence component.

1	(5) To advise and coordinate with the Under Secretary for Intel-
2	ligence and Analysis on any plan to reorganize or restructure the intel-
3	ligence component that would, if implemented, result in realignments
4	of intelligence functions.
5	(6) To ensure that employees of the intelligence component have
6	knowledge of, and comply with, the programs and policies established
7	by the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis and other appro-
8	priate officials of the Department and that the employees comply with
9	all applicable laws and regulations.
10	(7) To perform other activities relating to the responsibilities as the
11	Secretary may provide.
12	§10509. Training for employees of intelligence components
13	The Secretary shall provide training and guidance for employees, officials,
14	and senior executives of the intelligence components of the Department to
15	develop knowledge of laws, regulations, operations, policies, procedures, and
16	programs that are related to the functions of the Department relating to
17	the collection, processing, analysis, and dissemination of information within
18	the scope of the information sharing environment, including homeland secu-
19	rity information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruction
20	information, or national intelligence (as the term is defined in section $3(5)$
20	
21	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)).
21	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)).
21 22	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and
21 22 23	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials
21 22 23 24	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary
21 22 23 24 25	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts,
21 22 23 24 25 26	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). § 10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal govern-
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts,
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21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). § 10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal govern- ment officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence cycle and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for
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21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). § 10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal govern- ment officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence cycle and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for senior level State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence cycle and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for senior level State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers. (b) TRAINING.—To the extent possible, the Federal Law Enforcement
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). § 10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence cycle and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for senior level State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers. (b) TRAINING.—To the extent possible, the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center and other existing Federal entities with the capacity and
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence cycle and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for senior level State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers. (b) TRAINING.—To the extent possible, the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center and other existing Federal entities with the capacity and expertise to train State, local, and tribal government officials based on the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence cycle and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for senior level State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers. (b) TRAINING.—To the extent possible, the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center and other existing Federal entities with the capacity and expertise to train State, local, and tribal government officials based on the curriculum developed under subsection (a) shall be used to carry out the
 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence eyele and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for senior level State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers. (b) TRAINING.—To the extent possible, the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center and other existing Federal entities with the capacity and expertise to train State, local, and tribal government officials based on the curriculum developed under subsection (a) shall be used to carry out the training programs created under this section. If the entities do not have the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)). §10510. Intelligence training development for State and local government officials (a) CURRICULUM.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, shall— (1) develop a curriculum for training State, local, and tribal government officials, including law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers, in the intelligence cycle and Federal laws, practices, and regulations regarding the development, handling, and review of intelligence and other information; and (2) ensure that the curriculum includes executive level training for senior level State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response providers. (b) TRAINING.—To the extent possible, the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center and other existing Federal entities with the capacity and expertise to train State, local, and tribal government officials based on the curriculum developed under subsection (a) shall be used to carry out the

1 (c) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the duties described in subsection 2 (a), the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis shall consult with the 3 Director of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, the Attorney 4 General, the Director of National Intelligence, the Administrator of the Fed-5 eral Emergency Management Agency, and other appropriate parties, such 6 as private industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit institutions, 7 and other intelligence agencies of the Federal Government. 8 §10511. Information sharing incentives 9 (a) AWARDS.—In making cash awards under chapter 45 of title 5, the 10 President or the head of an agency, in consultation with the program man-11 ager designated under section 11707 of this title, may consider the success 12 of an employee in appropriately sharing information within the scope of the 13 information sharing environment established under that section, including 14 homeland security information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass 15 destruction information, or national intelligence (as defined in section 3(5)) 16 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(5)), in a manner con-17 sistent with policies, guidelines, procedures, instructions, or standards estab-18 lished by the President or, as appropriate, the program manager of that en-19 vironment for the implementation and management of that environment. 20 (b) OTHER INCENTIVES.—The head of each department or agency de-21 scribed in section 11707(g), in consultation with the program manager designated under section 11707, shall adopt best practices regarding effective 22 23 ways to educate and motivate officers and employees of the Federal Govern-24 ment to participate fully in the information sharing environment, including 25 (1) promotions and other nonmonetary awards; and 26 (2) publicizing information sharing accomplishments by individual 27 employees and, where appropriate, the tangible end benefits that re-28 sulted. 29 §10512. Department of Homeland Security State, Local, and 30 **Regional Fusion Center initiative** 31 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 32 (1) FUSION CENTER.—The term "fusion center" means a collabo-33 rative effort of two or more Federal, State, local, or tribal government 34 agencies that combines resources, expertise, or information with the 35 goal of maximizing the ability of the agencies to detect, prevent, inves-36 tigate, apprehend, and respond to criminal or terrorist activity. 37 (2) INFORMATION SHARING ENVIRONMENT.—The term "information 38 sharing environment" means the information sharing environment es-39 tablished under section 11707 of this title. 40 (3) INTELLIGENCE ANALYST.—The term "intelligence analyst" 41 means an individual who regularly advises, administers, supervises, or

1	performs work in the collection, gathering, analysis, evaluation, report-
2	ing, production, or dissemination of information on political, economic,
3	social, cultural, physical, geographical, scientific, or military conditions,
4	trends, or forces in foreign or domestic areas that directly or indirectly
5	affect national security.
6	(4) INTELLIGENCE-LED POLICING.—The term "intelligence-led polic-
7	ing" means the collection and analysis of information to produce an in-
8	telligence end product designed to inform law enforcement decision
9	making at the tactical and strategic levels.
10	(5) TERRORISM INFORMATION.—The term "terrorism information"
11	has the meaning given that term in section 11707 of this title.
12	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, in consultation with the program
13	manager of the information sharing environment established under section
14	11707 of this title, the Attorney General, the Privacy Officer of the Depart-
15	ment, the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department,
16	and the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board established under sec-
17	tion 1061 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004
18	(Public Law 108–458, 5 U.S.C. 601 note), shall establish a Department of
19	Homeland Security State, Local, and Regional Fusion Center Initiative to
20	establish partnerships with State, local, and regional fusion centers.
21	(c) Department Support and Coordination.—Through the Depart-
22	ment of Homeland Security State, Local, and Regional Fusion Center Ini-
23	tiative, and in coordination with the principal officials of participating State,
24	local, or regional fusion centers and the officers designated as the Homeland
25	Security Advisors of the States, the Secretary shall—
26	(1) provide operational and intelligence advice and assistance to
27	State, local, and regional fusion centers;
28	(2) support efforts to include State, local, and regional fusion centers
29	into efforts to establish an information sharing environment;
30	(3) conduct tabletop and live training exercises to regularly assess
31	the capability of individual and regional networks of State, local, and
32	regional fusion centers to integrate the efforts of the networks with the
33	efforts of the Department;
34	(4) coordinate with other relevant Federal entities engaged in home-
35	land security-related activities;
36	(5) provide analytic and reporting advice and assistance to State,
37	local, and regional fusion centers;
38	(6) review information within the scope of the information sharing
39	environment, including homeland security information, terrorism infor-
40	mation, and weapons of mass destruction information, that is gathered

1	by State, local, and regional fusion centers, and to incorporate the in-
2	formation, as appropriate, into the Department's own information;
3	(7) provide management assistance to State, local, and regional fu-
4	sion centers;
5	(8) serve as a point of contact to ensure the dissemination of infor-
6	mation within the scope of the information sharing environment, in-
7	cluding homeland security information, terrorism information, and
8	weapons of mass destruction information;
9	(9) facilitate close communication and coordination between State,
10	local, and regional fusion centers and the Department;
11	(10) provide State, local, and regional fusion centers with expertise
12	on Department resources and operations;
13	(11) provide training to State, local, and regional fusion centers and
14	encourage the fusion centers to participate in terrorism threat-related
15	exercises conducted by the Department; and
16	(12) carry out other duties the Secretary determines are appropriate.
17	(d) Personnel Assignment.—
18	(1) IN GENERALTHE UNDER SECRETARY FOR INTELLIGENCE AND
19	ANALYSIS SHALL, TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE, ASSIGN
20	OFFICERS AND INTELLIGENCE ANALYSTS FROM COMPONENTS OF THE
21	DEPARTMENT TO PARTICIPATING STATE, LOCAL, AND REGIONAL FU-
22	SION CENTERS.
23	(2) PERSONNEL SOURCES.—Officers and intelligence analysts as-
24	signed to participating fusion centers under this subsection may be as-
25	signed from the following Department components, in coordination with
26	the respective component head and in consultation with the principal
27	officials of participating fusion centers:
28	(A) Office of Intelligence and Analysis.
29	(B) Office of Infrastructure Protection.
30	(C) Transportation Security Administration.
31	(D) Bureau of Customs and Border Protection.
32	(E) Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
33	(F) Coast Guard.
34	(G) Other components of the Department, as determined by the
35	Secretary.
36	(3) QUALIFYING CRITERIA.—
37	(A) In general.—The Secretary shall develop qualifying criteria
38	for a fusion center to participate in the assigning of Department
39	officers or intelligence analysts under this section.
40	(B) Criteria.—Criteria developed under subparagraph (A) may
41	include—

1	(i) whether the fusion center, through its mission and gov-
2	ernance structure, focuses on a broad counterterrorism ap-
3	proach, and whether that broad approach is pervasive
4	through all levels of the organization;
5	(ii) whether the fusion center has sufficient numbers of
6	adequately trained personnel to support a broad counter-
7	terrorism mission;
8	(iii) whether the fusion center has—
9	(I) access to relevant law enforcement, emergency re-
10	sponse, private sector, open source, and national security
11	data; and
12	(II) the ability to share and analytically utilize that
13	data for lawful purposes;
14	(iv) whether the fusion center is adequately funded by the
15	State, local, or regional government to support its counter-
16	terrorism mission; and
17	(v) the relevancy of the mission of the fusion center to the
18	particular source component of Department officers or intel-
19	ligence analysts.
20	(4) Prerequisite.—
21	(A) INTELLIGENCE ANALYSIS, PRIVACY, AND CIVIL LIBERTIES
22	TRAINING.—Before being assigned to a fusion center under this
23	section, an officer or intelligence analyst shall undergo
24	(i) appropriate intelligence analysis or information sharing
25	training using an intelligence-led policing curriculum that is
26	consistent with—
27	(I) standard training and education programs offered
28	to Department law enforcement and intelligence person-
29	nel; and
30	(II) the Criminal Intelligence Systems Operating Poli-
31	cies under part 23 of title 28, Code of Federal Regula-
32	tions (or a corresponding similar rule or regulation);
33	(ii) appropriate privacy and civil liberties training that is
34	developed, supported, or sponsored by the Privacy Officer and
35	the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Depart-
36	ment, in consultation with the Privacy and Civil Liberties
37	Oversight Board established under section 1061 of the Intel-
38	ligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public
39	Law 108–458, 5 U.S.C. 601 note); and
40	(iii) other training prescribed by the Under Secretary for
41	Intelligence and Analysis.

1	(B) PRIOR WORK EXPERIENCE IN AREA.—In determining the
2	eligibility of an officer or intelligence analyst to be assigned to a
3	fusion center under this section, the Under Secretary for Intel-
4	ligence and Analysis shall consider the familiarity of the officer or
5	intelligence analyst with the State, locality, or region, as deter-
6	mined by such factors as whether the officer or intelligence analyst
7	(i) has been previously assigned in the geographic area; or
8	(ii) has previously worked with intelligence officials or law
9	enforcement or other emergency response providers from that
10	State, locality, or region.
11	(5) EXPEDITED SECURITY CLEARANCE PROCESSING.—The Under
12	Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis—
13	(A) shall ensure that each officer or intelligence analyst as-
14	signed to a fusion center under this section has the appropriate
15	security clearance to contribute effectively to the mission of the fu-
16	sion center; and
17	(B) may request that security clearance processing be expedited
18	for each officer or intelligence analyst and may use available funds
19	for this purpose.
20	(6) ADDITIONAL QUALIFICATIONS.—Each officer or intelligence ana-
21	lyst assigned to a fusion center under this section shall satisfy any
22	other qualifications the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis
23	may prescribe.
24	(e) RESPONSIBILITIES.—An officer or intelligence analyst assigned to a
25	fusion center under this section shall—
26	(1) assist law enforcement agencies and other emergency response
27	providers of State, local, and tribal governments and fusion center per-
28	sonnel in using information within the scope of the information sharing
29	environment, including homeland security information, terrorism infor-
30	mation, and weapons of mass destruction information, to develop a
31	comprehensive and accurate threat picture;
32	(2) review homeland security-relevant information from law enforce-
33	ment agencies and other emergency response providers of State, local,
34	and tribal government;
35	(3) create intelligence and other information products derived from
36	the information and other homeland security-relevant information pro-
37	vided by the Department; and
38	(4) assist in the dissemination of the products, as coordinated by the
39	Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, to law enforcement
40	agencies and other emergency response providers of State, local, and

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1	tribal government, other fusion centers, and appropriate Federal agen-
2	cies.
3	(f) Border Intelligence Priority.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make it a priority to assign
5	officers and intelligence analysts under this section from the Bureau
6	of Customs and Border Protection, Bureau of Immigration and Cus-
7	toms Enforcement, and Coast Guard to participating State, local, and
8	regional fusion centers located in jurisdictions along land or maritime
9	borders of the United States in order to enhance the integrity of and
10	security at the borders by helping Federal, State, local, and tribal law
11	enforcement authorities to identify, investigate, and otherwise interdict
12	persons, weapons, and related contraband that pose a threat to home-
13	land security.
14	(2) BORDER INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS.—When performing the re-
15	sponsibilities described in subsection (e), officers and intelligence ana-
16	lysts assigned to participating State, local, and regional fusion centers
17	under this section shall have, as a primary responsibility, the creation
18	of border intelligence products that—
19	(A) assist State, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies in
20	deploying their resources most efficiently to help detect and inter-
21	dict terrorists, weapons of mass destruction, and related contra-
22	band at land or maritime borders of the United States;
23	(B) promote more consistent and timely sharing of border secu-
24	rity-relevant information among jurisdictions along land or mari-
25	time borders of the United States; and
26	(C) enhance the Department's situational awareness of the
27	threat of acts of terrorism at or involving the land or maritime
28	borders of the United States.
29	(g) DATABASE ACCESS.—To fulfill the objectives described under sub-
30	section (e), each officer or intelligence analyst assigned to a fusion center
31	under this section shall have appropriate access to all relevant Federal data-
32	bases and information systems, consistent with policies, guidelines, proce-
33	dures, instructions, or standards established by the President or, as appro-
34	priate, the program manager of the information sharing environment for the
35	implementation and management of that environment.
36	(h) Consumer Feedback.—
37	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall create a voluntary mechanism
38	for a State, local, or tribal law enforcement officer or other emergency
39	response provider who is a consumer of the intelligence or other infor-
40	mation products referred to in subsection (e) to provide feedback to the
41	Department on the quality and utility of the intelligence products.

1	(2) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit annually to the Committee
2	on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the
3	Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives a
4	report that includes a description of the consumer feedback obtained
5	under paragraph (1) and, if applicable, how the Department has ad-
6	justed its production of intelligence products in response to that con-
7	sumer feedback.
8	(i) Rule of Construction.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The authorities granted under this section shall
10	supplement the authorities granted under section 10501(b) of this title,
11	and nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate the authori-
12	ties granted under section 10501(b).
13	(2) PARTICIPATION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to
14	require a State, local, or regional government or entity to accept the
15	assignment of officers or intelligence analysts of the Department into
16	the fusion center of that State, locality, or region.
17	(j) GUIDELINES.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Attorney Gen-
18	eral, shall establish guidelines for fusion centers created and operated by
19	State and local governments, to include standards that a fusion center
20	shall—
21	(1) collaboratively develop a mission statement, identify expectations
22	and goals, measure performance, and determine effectiveness for that
23	fusion center;
24	(2) create a representative governance structure that includes law
25	enforcement officers and other emergency response providers and, as
26	appropriate, the private sector;
27	(3) create a collaborative environment for the sharing of intelligence
28	and information among Federal, State, local, and tribal government
29	agencies (including law enforcement officers and other emergency re-
30	sponse providers), the private sector, and the public, consistent with
31	policies, guidelines, procedures, instructions, or standards established
32	by the President or, as appropriate, the program manager of the infor-
33	mation sharing environment;
34	(4) leverage the databases, systems, and networks available from
35	public and private-sector entities, in accordance with all applicable
36	laws, to maximize information sharing;
37	(5) develop, publish, and adhere to a privacy and civil liberties policy
38	consistent with Federal, State, and local law;
39	(6) provide, in coordination with the Privacy Officer of the Depart-
40	ment and the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Depart-

1	ment, appropriate privacy and civil liberties training for all State, local,
2	tribal, and private-sector representatives at the fusion center;
3	(7) ensure appropriate security measures are in place for the facility,
4	data, and personnel;
5	(8) select and train personnel based on the needs, mission, goals, and
6	functions of that fusion center;
7	(9) offer a variety of intelligence and information services and prod-
8	ucts to recipients of fusion center intelligence and information; and
9	(10) incorporate law enforcement officers, other emergency response
10	providers, and, as appropriate, the private sector, into all relevant
11	phases of the intelligence and fusion process, consistent with the mis-
12	sion statement developed under paragraph (1), either through full time
13	representatives or liaison relationships with the fusion center to enable
14	the receipt and sharing of information and intelligence.
15	§10513. Homeland Security Information Sharing Fellows
16	Program
17	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Sec-
18	retary for Intelligence and Analysis, and in consultation with the Chief
19	Human Capital Officer, shall establish the Homeland Security Information
20	Sharing Fellows Program for the purpose of—
21	(1) detailing State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers and intel-
22	ligence analysts to the Department in accordance with subchapter VI of
23	chapter 33 of title 5, to participate in the work of the Office of Intelligence
24	and Analysis in order to become familiar with—
25	(A) the relevant missions and capabilities of the Department
26	and other Federal agencies; and
27	(B) the role, programs, products, and personnel of the Office of
28	Intelligence and Analysis; and
29	(2) promoting information sharing between the Department and
30	State, local, and tribal law enforcement officers and intelligence ana-
31	lysts by assigning the officers and analysts to—
32	(A) serve as a point of contact in the Department to assist in
33	the representation of State, local, and tribal information require-
34	ments;
35	(B) identify information within the scope of the information
36	sharing environment, including homeland security information, ter-
37	rorism information, and weapons of mass destruction information,
38	that is of interest to State, local, and tribal law enforcement offi-
39	cers, intelligence analysts, and other emergency response provid-
40	ers;

1	(C) assist Department analysts in preparing and disseminating
2	products derived from information within the scope of the informa-
3	tion sharing environment, including homeland security informa-
4	tion, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruction in-
5	formation, that are tailored to State, local, and tribal law enforce-
6	ment officers and intelligence analysts and designed to prepare for
7	and thwart acts of terrorism; and
8	(D) assist Department analysts in preparing products derived
9	from information within the scope of the information sharing envi-
10	ronment, including homeland security information, terrorism infor-
11	mation, and weapons of mass destruction information, that are
12	tailored to State, local, and tribal emergency response providers
13	and assist in the dissemination of the products through appro-
14	priate Department channels.
15	(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for selection as an Information Sharing
16	Fellow under the program under the Homeland Security Information Shar-
17	ing Fellows Program, an individual shall—
18	(1) have homeland security-related responsibilities;
19	(2) be eligible for an appropriate security clearance;
20	(3) possess a valid need for access to classified information, as deter-
21	mined by the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis;
22	(4) be an employee of—
23	(A) a State, local, or regional fusion center;
24	(B) a State or local law enforcement or other government entity
25	that serves a major metropolitan area, suburban area, or rural
26	area, as determined by the Secretary;
27	(C) a State or local law enforcement or other government entity
28	with port, border, or agricultural responsibilities, as determined by
29	the Secretary;
30	(D) a tribal law enforcement or other authority; or
31	(E) another entity the Secretary determines is appropriate; and
32	(5) have undergone appropriate privacy and civil liberties training
33	that is developed, supported, or sponsored by the Privacy Officer and
34	the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties, in consultation with the
35	Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board established under section
36	1061 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004
37	(5 U.S.C. 601 note).
38	(c) Optional Participation.—A State, local, or tribal law enforcement
39	or other government entity shall not be required to participate in the Home-
40	land Security Information Sharing Fellows Program.
41	(d) Procedures for Nomination and Selection.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analy-
2	sis shall establish procedures to provide for the nomination and selec-
3	tion of individuals to participate in the Homeland Security Information
4	Sharing Fellows Program.
5	(2) LIMITATIONS.—The Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analy-
6	sis shall—
7	(A) select law enforcement officers and intelligence analysts rep-
8	resenting a broad cross-section of State, local, and tribal agencies;
9	and
10	(B) ensure that the number of Information Sharing Fellows se-
11	lected does not impede the activities of the Office of Intelligence
12	and Analysis.
13	§10514. Rural Policing Institute
14	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "rural" means an area
15	(1) that is not located in a metropolitan statistical area, as defined
16	by the Office of Management and Budget; or
17	(2) that is located in a metropolitan statistical area and a county,
18	borough, parish, or area under the jurisdiction of an Indian tribe with
19	a population of not more than 50,000.
20	(b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a Rural Policing Insti-
21	tute, which shall be administered by the Federal Law Enforcement Training
22	Center, to target training to law enforcement agencies and other emergency
23	response providers located in rural areas. The Secretary, through the Rural
24	Policing Institute, shall—
25	(1) evaluate the needs of law enforcement agencies and other emer-
26	gency response providers in rural areas;
27	(2) develop expert training programs designed to address the needs
28	of law enforcement agencies and other emergency response providers in
29	rural areas as identified in the evaluation conducted under paragraph
30	(1), including training programs about intelligence-led policing and pro-
31	tections for privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties;
32	(3) provide the training programs developed under paragraph (2) to
33	law enforcement agencies and other emergency response providers in
34	rural areas; and
35	(4) conduct outreach efforts to ensure that local and tribal govern-
36	ments in rural areas are aware of the training programs developed
37	under paragraph (2) so they can avail themselves of the programs.
38	(c) Curricula.—The training at the Rural Policing Institute established
39	under subsection (a) shall—
40	(1) be configured in a manner so as not to duplicate or displace a
41	law enforcement or emergency response program of the Federal Law

1	Enforcement Training Center or a local or tribal government entity in
2	existence on August 3, 2007; and
3	(2) to the maximum extent practicable, be delivered in a cost-effec-
4	tive manner at facilities of the Department, on closed military installa-
5	tions with adequate training facilities, or at facilities operated by the
6	participants.
7	§10515. Interagency Threat Assessment and Coordination
8	Group
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—To improve the sharing of information within the
10	scope of the information sharing environment established under section
11	11707 of this title with State, local, tribal, and private-sector officials, the
12	Director of National Intelligence, through the program manager for the in-
13	formation sharing environment, in coordination with the Secretary, shall
14	coordinate and oversee the creation of an Interagency Threat Assessment
15	and Coordination Group (in this section referred to as "ITACG").
16	(b) COMPOSITION OF ITACG.—The ITACG shall consist of—
17	(1) an ITACG Advisory Council to set policy and develop processes
18	for the integration, analysis, and dissemination of federally-coordinated
19	information within the scope of the information sharing environment,
20	including homeland security information, terrorism information, and
21	weapons of mass destruction information; and
22	(2) an ITACG Detail comprised of State, local, and tribal homeland
23	security and law enforcement officers and intelligence analysts detailed
24	to work in the National Counterterrorism Center with Federal intel-
25	ligence analysts for the purpose of integrating, analyzing, and assisting
26	in the dissemination of federally-coordinated information within the
27	scope of the information sharing environment, including homeland se-
28	curity information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass de-
29	struction information, through appropriate channels identified by the
30	ITACG Advisory Council.
31	(c) Responsibilities of Program Manager.—The program manager
32	shall—
33	(1) monitor and assess the efficacy of the ITACG;
34	(2) submit annually to the Secretary, the Attorney General, the Di-
35	rector of National Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security
36	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Home-
37	land Security of the House of Representatives a report on the progress
38	of the ITACG; and
39	(3) in each report required by paragraph (2), include an assessment
40	of whether the detailees under subsection $(d)(5)$ have appropriate ac-
41	cess to all relevant information, as required by subsection $(g)(2)(C)$.

1 (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF SECRETARY.—The Secretary, or the Sec-2 retary's designee, in coordination with the Director of the National Counter-3 terrorism Center and the ITACG Advisory Council, shall—

4 (1) create policies and standards for the creation of information 5 products derived from information within the scope of the information 6 sharing environment, including homeland security information, terror-7 ism information, and weapons of mass destruction information, that 8 are suitable for dissemination to State, local, and tribal governments 9 and the private sector;

(2) evaluate and develop processes for the timely dissemination of
federally-coordinated information within the scope of the information
sharing environment, including homeland security information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruction information, to
State, local, and tribal governments and the private sector;

(3) establish criteria and a methodology for indicating to State, local,
and tribal governments and the private sector the reliability of information within the scope of the information sharing environment, including
homeland security information, terrorism information, and weapons of
mass destruction information, disseminated to them;

(4) educate the intelligence community about the requirements of the
State, local, and tribal homeland security, law enforcement, and other
emergency response providers regarding information within the scope
of the information sharing environment, including homeland security
information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruction
information;

(5) establish and maintain the ITACG Detail, which shall assign an
appropriate number of State, local, and tribal homeland security and
law enforcement officers and intelligence analysts to work in the National Counterterrorism Center who shall—

30 (A) educate and advise National Counterterrorism Center intel31 ligence analysts about the requirements of the State, local, and
32 tribal homeland security and law enforcement officers, and other
33 emergency response providers regarding information within the
34 scope of the information sharing environment, including homeland
35 security information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass
36 destruction information;

(B) assist National Counterterrorism Center intelligence analysts in integrating, analyzing, and otherwise preparing versions of
products derived from information within the scope of the information sharing environment, including homeland security information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruction in-

1	formation that are unclassified or classified at the lowest possible
2	level and suitable for dissemination to State, local, and tribal
3	homeland security and law enforcement agencies in order to help
4	deter and prevent terrorist attacks;
5	(C) implement, in coordination with National Counterterrorism
6	Center intelligence analysts, the policies, processes, procedures,
7	standards, and guidelines developed by the ITACG Advisory Coun-
8	cil;
9	(D) assist in the dissemination of products derived from infor-
10	mation within the scope of the information sharing environment,
11	including homeland security information, terrorism information,
12	and weapons of mass destruction information, to State, local, and
13	tribal jurisdictions only through appropriate channels identified by
14	the ITACG Advisory Council;
15	(E) make recommendations, as appropriate, to the Secretary or
16	the Secretary's designee, for the further dissemination of intel-
17	ligence products that could likely inform or improve the security
18	of a State, local, or tribal government, (including a State, local,
19	or tribal law enforcement agency) or a private-sector entity; and
20	(F) report directly to the senior intelligence official from the
21	Department under paragraph (6);
22	(6) detail a senior intelligence official from the Department of Home-
23	land Security to the National Counterterrorism Center, who shall—
24	(A) manage the day-to-day operations of the ITACG Detail;
25	(B) report directly to the Director of the National Counter-
26	terrorism Center or the Director's designee; and
27	(C) in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of
28	Investigation, and subject to the approval of the Director of the
29	National Counterterrorism Center, select a deputy from the pool
30	of available detailees from the Federal Bureau of Investigation in
31	the National Counterterrorism Center;
32	(7) establish, within the ITACG Advisory Council, a mechanism to
33	select law enforcement officers and intelligence analysts for placement
34	in the National Counterterrorism Center consistent with paragraph (5),
35	using criteria developed by the ITACG Advisory Council that shall en-
36	courage participation from a broadly representative group of State,
37	local, and tribal homeland security and law enforcement agencies;
38	(8) compile an annual assessment of the ITACG Detail's perform-
39	ance, including summaries of customer feedback, in preparing, dissemi-
40	nating, and requesting the dissemination of intelligence products in-

1	tended for State, local and tribal government (including State, local,
2	and tribal law enforcement agencies) and private-sector entities; and
3	(9) provide the assessment developed under paragraph (8) to the
4	program manager for use in the annual reports required by subsection
5	(c)(2).
6	(e) MEMBERSHIP.—The Secretary, or the Secretary's designee, shall serve
7	as the chair of the ITACG Advisory Council, which shall include—
8	(1) representatives of—
9	(A) the Department;
10	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
11	(C) the National Counterterrorism Center;
12	(D) the Department of Defense;
13	(E) the Department of Energy;
14	(F) the Department of State; and
15	(G) other Federal entities as appropriate;
16	(2) the program manager of the information sharing environment,
17	designated under section 11707(d) of this title, or the program man-
18	ager's designee; and
19	(3) executive level law enforcement and intelligence officials from
20	State, local, and tribal governments.
21	(f) CRITERIA.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of Na-
22	tional Intelligence, the Attorney General, and the program manager of the
23	information sharing environment established under section 11707 of this
24	title, shall—
25	(1) establish procedures for selecting members of the ITACG Advi-
26	sory Council and for the proper handling and safeguarding of products
27	derived from information within the scope of the information sharing
28	environment, including homeland security information, terrorism infor-
29	mation, and weapons of mass destruction information, by those mem-
30	bers; and
31	(2) ensure that at least 50 percent of the members of the ITACG
32	Advisory Council are from State, local, and tribal governments.
33	(g) Operations.—
34	(1) IN GENERAL.—The ITACG Advisory Council shall meet regu-
35	larly, but not less than quarterly, at the facilities of the National
36	Counterterrorism Center of the Office of the Director of National Intel-
37	ligence.
38	(2) Management.—Pursuant to section $119(f)(1)(E)$ of the Na-
39	tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. $3056(f)(1)(E)$), the Director of
40	the National Counterterrorism Center, acting through the senior intel-

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1	ligence official from the Department of Homeland Security detailed
2	pursuant to subsection (d)(6), shall ensure that—
3	(A) the products derived from information within the scope of
4	the information sharing environment, including homeland security
5	information, terrorism information, and weapons of mass destruc-
6	tion information, prepared by the National Counterterrorism Cen-
7	ter and the ITACG Detail for distribution to State, local, and trib-
8	al homeland security and law enforcement agencies reflect the re-
9	quirements of the agencies and are produced consistently with the
10	policies, processes, procedures, standards, and guidelines estab-
11	lished by the ITACG Advisory Council;
12	(B) in consultation with the ITACG Advisory Council and con-
13	sistent with sections $102A(f)(1)(B)(iii)$ and $119(f)(1)(E)$ of the
14	National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(f)(1)(B)(iii),
15	3056(f)(1)(E)), all products described in subparagraph (A) are
16	disseminated through existing channels of the Department and the
17	Department of Justice and other appropriate channels to State,
18	local, and tribal government officials and other entities;
19	(C) all detailees under subsection $(d)(5)$ have appropriate access
20	to all relevant information within the scope of the information
21	sharing environment, including homeland security information, ter-
22	rorism information, and weapons of mass destruction information,
23	available at the National Counterterrorism Center in order to ac-
24	complish the objectives under that paragraph;
25	(D) all detailees under subsection $(d)(5)$ have the appropriate
26	security clearances and are trained in the procedures for handling,
27	processing, storing, and disseminating classified products derived
28	from information within the scope of the information sharing envi-
29	ronment, including homeland security information, terrorism infor-
30	mation, and weapons of mass destruction information; and
31	(E) all detailees under subsection $(d)(5)$ complete appropriate
32	privacy and civil liberties training.
33	(h) INAPPLICABILITY OF THE FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—
34	The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the
35	ITACG or any subsidiary groups of the ITACG.
36	§10516. National asset database
37	(a) Establishment.—
38	(1) NATIONAL ASSET DATABASE.—The Secretary shall establish and

maintain a national database of each system or asset that-

(A) the Secretary, in consultation with appropriate homeland se-

curity officials of the States, determines to be vital and the loss,

1	interruption, incapacity, or destruction of which would have a neg-
2	ative or debilitating effect on the economic security, public health,
3	or safety of the United States, a State, or a local government; or
4	(B) the Secretary determines is appropriate for inclusion in the
5	database.
6	(2) PRIORITIZED CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE LIST.—In accordance
7	with Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7, as in effect on Janu-
8	ary 1, 2007, the Secretary shall establish and maintain a single classi-
9	fied prioritized list of systems and assets included in the database
10	under paragraph (1) that the Secretary determines would, if destroyed
11	or disrupted, cause national or regional catastrophic effects.
12	(b) USE OF DATABASE.—The Secretary shall use the database estab-
13	lished under subsection (a)(1) in the development and implementation of
14	Department plans and programs as appropriate.
15	(c) MAINTENANCE OF DATABASE.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall maintain and annually up-
17	date the database established under subsection (a)(1) and the list es-
18	tablished under subsection (a)(2), including—
19	(A) establishing data collection guidelines and providing the
20	guidelines to the appropriate homeland security official of each
21	State;
22	(B) regularly reviewing the guidelines established under sub-
23	paragraph (A), including by consulting with the appropriate home-
24	land security officials of States, to solicit feedback about the
25	guidelines, as appropriate;
26	(C) after providing the homeland security official of a State
27	with the guidelines under subparagraph (A), allowing the official
28	a reasonable amount of time to submit to the Secretary data sub-
29	missions recommended by the official for inclusion in the database
30	established under subsection (a)(1);
31	(D) examining the contents and identifying submissions made
32	by the official that are described incorrectly or that do not meet
33	the guidelines established under subparagraph (A); and
34	(E) providing to the appropriate homeland security official of
35	each relevant State a list of submissions identified under subpara-
36	graph (D) for review and possible correction before the Secretary
37	finalizes the decision of which submissions will be included in the
38	database established under subsection $(a)(1)$.
39	(2) ORGANIZATION OF INFORMATION IN DATABASE.—The Secretary
40	shall organize the contents of the database established under subsection
41	(a)(1) and the list established under subsection $(a)(2)$ as the Secretary

1	determines is appropriate. Any organizational structure of the contents
2	shall include the categorization of the contents—
3	(A) according to the sectors listed in National Infrastructure
4	Protection Plan developed pursuant to Homeland Security Presi-
5	dential Directive 7; and
6	(B) by the State and county of their location.
7	(3) PRIVATE-SECTOR INTEGRATION.—The Secretary shall identify
8	and evaluate methods, including the Department's Protected Critical
9	Infrastructure Information Program, to acquire relevant private-sector
10	information for the purpose of using that information to generate a
11	database or list, including the database established under subsection
12	(a)(1) and the list established under subsection $(a)(2)$.
13	(4) RETENTION OF CLASSIFICATION.—The classification of informa-
14	tion required to be provided to Congress, the Department, or another
15	department or agency under this section by a sector-specific agency, in-
16	cluding the assignment of a level of classification of the information,
17	shall be binding on Congress, the Department, and that other Federal
18	agency.
19	(d) Reports.—
20	(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall submit annually to the
21	Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the
22	Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Rep-
23	resentatives a report on the database established under subsection
24	(a)(1) and the list established under subsection $(a)(2)$.
25	(2) CONTENTS.—Each report shall include the following:
26	(A) The name, location, and sector classification of each of the
27	systems and assets on the list established under subsection $(a)(2)$.
28	(B) The name, location, and sector classification of each of the
29	systems and assets on the list that are determined by the Sec-
30	retary to be most at risk to terrorism.
31	(C) Any significant challenges in compiling the list of the sys-
32	tems and assets included on the list or in the database established
33	under subsection $(a)(1)$.
34	(D) Any significant changes from the preceding report in the
35	systems and assets included on the list or in the database.
36	(E) If appropriate, the extent to which the database and the list
37	have been used, individually or jointly, for allocating funds by the
38	Federal Government to prevent, reduce, mitigate, or respond to
39	acts of terrorism.
40	(F) The amount of coordination between the Department and
41	the private sector, through an entity of the Department that meets

1	with representatives of private-sector industries for purposes of co-
2	ordination, for the purpose of ensuring the accuracy of the data-
3	base and list.
4	(G) Other information the Secretary deems relevant.
5	(3) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—The report shall be submitted in
6	unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.
7	(e) NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION CONSORTIUM.—The Sec-
8	retary may establish a consortium to be known as the "National Infrastruc-
9	ture Protection Consortium". The Consortium may advise the Secretary on
10	the best way to identify, generate, organize, and maintain a database or list
11	of systems and assets established by the Secretary, including the database
12	established under subsection $(a)(1)$ and the list established under subsection
13	(a)(2). If the Secretary establishes the National Infrastructure Protection
14	Consortium, the Consortium may—
15	(1) be composed of national laboratories, Federal agencies, State and
16	local homeland security organizations, academic institutions, or na-
17	tional Centers of Excellence that have demonstrated experience working
18	with and identifying critical infrastructure and key resources; and
19	(2) provide input to the Secretary on any request pertaining to the
20	contents of the database or the list.
20	contents of the database of the list.
20 21	§10517. Classified Information Advisory Officer
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21 22	§10517. Classified Information Advisory Officer (a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—The Secretary shall identify and
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21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 \$10517. Classified Information Advisory Officer (a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—The Secretary shall identify and designate within the Department a Classified Information Advisory Officer. (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of the Classified Information Advisory Officer are as follows: (1) To develop and disseminate educational materials and to develop and administer training programs to assist State, local, and tribal governments (including State, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies) and private-sector entities— (A) in developing plans and policies to respond to requests related to classified information without communicating the information to individuals who lack appropriate security clearances; (B) regarding the appropriate procedures for challenging classification designations of information received by personnel of the entities; and (C) on the means by which personnel may apply for security clearances.

1	Subchapter II—Critical Infrastructure Information
2	§10531. Definitions
3	In this subchapter:
4	(1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the meaning given it in sec-
5	tion 551 of title 5.
6	(2) COVERED FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "covered Federal agen-
7	cy" means the Department of Homeland Security.
8	(3) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION.—The term "critical
9	infrastructure information" means information not customarily in the
10	public domain and related to the security of critical infrastructure or
11	protected systems, including
12	(A) actual, potential, or threatened interference with, attack on,
13	compromise of, or incapacitation of critical infrastructure or pro-
14	tected systems by either physical or computer-based attack or
15	other similar conduct (including the misuse of or unauthorized ac-
16	cess to all types of communications and data transmission sys-
17	tems) that violates Federal, State, or local law, harms interstate
18	commerce of the United States, or threatens public health or safe-
19	ty;
20	(B) the ability of critical infrastructure or a protected system
21	to resist interference, compromise, or incapacitation, including any
22	planned or past assessment, projection, or estimate of the vulner-
23	ability of critical infrastructure or a protected system, including
24	security testing, risk evaluation, risk management planning, or
25	risk audit; and
26	(C) a planned or past operational problem or solution regarding
27	critical infrastructure or a protected system, including repair, re-
28	covery, reconstruction, insurance, or continuity, to the extent it is
29	related to interference, compromise, or incapacitation.
30	(4) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION PROGRAM.—The term
31	"critical infrastructure protection program" means a component or bu-
32	reau of a covered Federal agency that has been designated by the
33	President or an agency head to receive critical infrastructure informa-
34	tion.
35	(5) INFORMATION SHARING AND ANALYSIS ORGANIZATION.—The
36	term "Information Sharing and Analysis Organization" means a formal
37	or informal entity or collaboration created or employed by public or pri-
38	vate-sector organizations, for purposes of—
39	(A) gathering and analyzing critical infrastructure information
40	in order to better understand security problems and interdepend-

1	encies related to critical infrastructure and protected systems, so
2	as to ensure the availability, integrity, and reliability thereof;
3	(B) communicating or disclosing critical infrastructure informa-
4	tion to help prevent, detect, mitigate, or recover from the effects
5	of an interference, compromise, or incapacitation problem related
6	to critical infrastructure or protected systems; and
7	(C) voluntarily disseminating critical infrastructure information
8	to its members, State, local, and Federal Governments, or other
9	entities that may be of assistance in carrying out the purposes
10	specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B).
11	(6) PROTECTED SYSTEM.—The term "protected system"—
12	(A) means a service, physical or computer-based system, proc-
13	ess, or procedure that directly or indirectly affects the viability of
14	a facility of critical infrastructure; and
15	(B) includes a physical or computer-based system, including a
16	computer, computer system, computer or communications network,
17	or any component hardware or element thereof, software program,
18	processing instructions, or information or data in transmission or
19	storage therein, irrespective of the medium of transmission or
20	storage.
21	(7) Voluntary.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "voluntary", in the case of a sub-
23	mittal of critical infrastructure information to a covered Federal
24	agency, means the submittal thereof in the absence of the agency's
25	exercise of legal authority to compel access to or submission of the
26	information and may be accomplished by a single entity or an In-
27	formation Sharing and Analysis Organization on behalf of itself or
28	its members.
29	(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "voluntary"—
30	(i) in the case of an action brought under the securities
31	laws as is defined in section $3(a)(47)$ of the Securities Ex-
32	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(47))—
33	(I) does not include information or statements con-
34	tained in documents or materials filed with the Securities
35	and Exchange Commission, or with Federal banking reg-
36	ulators, under section 12(i) of the Securities Exchange
37	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 781(i)); and
38	(II) with respect to the submittal of critical infrastruc-
39	ture information, does not include a disclosure or writing
40	that when made accompanied the solicitation of an offer
41	or a sale of securities; and

1	(ii) does not include information or statements submitted
2	or relied upon as a basis for making licensing or permitting
3	determinations, or during regulatory proceedings.
4	§10532. Designation of critical infrastructure protection
5	program
6	A critical infrastructure protection program may be designated as such
7	by one of the following:
8	(1) The President.
9	(2) The Secretary of Homeland Security.
10	§10533. Protection of voluntarily shared critical infrastruc-
11	ture information
12	(a) PROTECTION.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, criti-
14	cal infrastructure information (including the identity of the submitting
15	person or entity) that is voluntarily submitted to a covered Federal
16	agency for use by that agency regarding the security of critical infra-
17	structure and protected systems, analysis, warning, interdependency
18	study, recovery, reconstitution, or other informational purpose, when
19	accompanied by an express statement specified in paragraph (2) —
20	(A) shall be exempt from disclosure under section 552 of title
21	5 (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act);
22	(B) shall not be subject to agency rules or judicial doctrine re-
23	garding ex parte communications with a decision making official;
24	(C) shall not, without the written consent of the person or en-
25	tity submitting the information, be used directly by the agency,
26	another Federal, State, or local authority, or a third party, in a
27	civil action arising under Federal or State law if the information
28	is submitted in good faith;
29	(D) shall not, without the written consent of the person or en-
30	tity submitting the information, be used or disclosed by an officer
31	or employee of the United States for purposes other than the pur-
32	poses of this subchapter, except—
33	(i) in furtherance of an investigation or the prosecution of
34	a criminal act; or
35	(ii) when disclosure of the information would be—
36	(I) to either House of Congress, or to the extent of
37	matter within its jurisdiction, a committee or subcommit-
38	tee of Congress (including a joint committee or sub-
39	committee); or
40	(II) to the Comptroller General, or an authorized rep-
41	resentative of the Comptroller General, in the course of

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1	the performance of the duties of the Government Ac-
2	countability Office;
3	(E) shall not, if provided to a State or local government or gov-
4	ernment agency
5	(i) be made available pursuant to State or local law requir-
6	ing disclosure of information or records;
7	(ii) otherwise be disclosed or distributed to a party by the
8	State or local government or government agency without the
9	written consent of the person or entity submitting the infor-
10	mation; or
11	(iii) be used other than for the purpose of protecting criti-
12	cal infrastructure or protected systems, or in furtherance of
13	an investigation or the prosecution of a criminal act; and
14	(F) does not constitute a waiver of an applicable privilege or
15	protection provided under law, such as trade secret protection.
16	(2) EXPRESS STATEMENT.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term
17	"express statement", with respect to information or records, means—
18	(A) in the case of written information or records, a written
19	marking on the information or records substantially similar to the
20	following: "This information is voluntarily submitted to the Fed-
21	eral Government in expectation of protection from disclosure as
22	provided by the provisions of the Critical Infrastructure Informa-
23	tion Act of 2002."; or
24	(B) in the case of oral information, a similar written statement
25	submitted within a reasonable period following the oral commu-
26	nication.
27	(b) LIMITATION.—A communication of critical infrastructure information
28	to a covered Federal agency made pursuant to this subchapter shall not be
29	considered to be an action subject to the requirements of the Federal Advi-
30	sory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
31	(c) INDEPENDENTLY OBTAINED INFORMATION.—Nothing in this section
32	shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect the ability of a State, local,
33	or Federal Government entity, agency, or authority, or an third party,
34	under applicable law, to obtain critical infrastructure information in a man-
35	ner not covered by subsection (a), including information lawfully and prop-
36	erly disclosed generally or broadly to the public and to use the information
37	in any manner permitted by law. For purposes of this section, a permissible
38	use of independently obtained information includes the disclosure of the in-
39	formation under section $2302(b)(8)$ of title 5.
40	(d) TREATMENT OF VOLUNTARY SUBMITTAL OF INFORMATION.—The
41	voluntary submittal to the Government of information or records that are

1 protected from disclosure by this subchapter shall not be construed to con-2 stitute compliance with a requirement to submit the information to a Fed-3 eral agency under any other provision of law. 4 (e) PROCEDURES.— 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with appro-6 priate representatives of the National Security Council and the Office 7 of Science and Technology Policy, establish uniform procedures for the 8 receipt, care, and storage by Federal agencies of critical infrastructure 9 information that is voluntarily submitted to the Government. 10 (2) ELEMENTS.—The procedures established under paragraph (1) shall include mechanisms regarding 11 12 (A) the acknowledgement of receipt by Federal agencies of criti-13 cal infrastructure information that is voluntarily submitted to the 14 Government; 15 (B) the maintenance of the identification of the information as 16 voluntarily submitted to the Government for purposes of and sub-17 ject to the provisions of this subchapter; 18 (C) the care and storage of the information; and 19 (D) the protection and maintenance of the confidentiality of the 20 information so as to permit the sharing of the information within 21 the Federal Government and with State and local governments, 22 and the issuance of notices and warnings related to the protection 23 of critical infrastructure and protected systems, in a manner to 24 protect from public disclosure the identity of the submitting per-25 son or entity, or information that is proprietary, business sensitive, 26 relates specifically to the submitting person or entity, and is other-27 wise not appropriately in the public domain. 28 (f) PENALTIES.—Whoever, being an officer or employee of the United 29 States or of any department or agency thereof, knowingly publishes, di-30 vulges, discloses, or makes known in any manner or to any extent not au-31 thorized by law, any critical infrastructure information protected from dis-32 closure by this subchapter coming to him or her in the course of this em-33 ployment or official duties or by reason of any examination or investigation 34 made by, or return, report, or record made to or filed with, the department 35 or agency or officer or employee thereof, shall be fined under title 18, im-36 prisoned not more than 1 year, or both, and shall be removed from office 37 or employment. 38 (g) AUTHORITY TO ISSUE WARNINGS.—The Federal Government may 39 provide advisories, alerts, and warnings to relevant companies, targeted sec-40 tors, other governmental entities, or the general public regarding potential 41 threats to critical infrastructure as appropriate. In issuing a warning, the

1	Federal Government shall take appropriate actions to protect from disclo-
2	sure
3	(1) the source of voluntarily submitted critical infrastructure infor-
4	mation that forms the basis for the warning; or
5	(2) information that is proprietary, business sensitive, relates specifi-
6	cally to the submitting person or entity, or is otherwise not appro-
7	priately in the public domain.
8	(h) AUTHORITY TO DELEGATE.—The President may delegate authority
9	to a critical infrastructure protection program, designated under section
10	10522 of this title, to enter into a voluntary agreement to promote critical
11	infrastructure security, including with an Information Sharing and Analysis
12	Organization, or a plan of action as otherwise defined in section 708 of the
13	Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2158).
14	§10534. No private right of action
15	Nothing in this subchapter may be construed to create a private right of
16	action for enforcement of a provision of this subtitle.
17	Subchapter III—Information Security
18	§10541. Procedures for sharing information
19	The Secretary shall establish procedures on the use of information shared
20	under this chapter that—
21	(1) limit the re-dissemination of the information to ensure that it is
22	not used for an unauthorized purpose;
23	(2) ensure the security and confidentiality of the information;
24	(3) protect the constitutional and statutory rights of individuals who
25	are subjects of the information; and
26	(4) provide data integrity through the timely removal and destruc-
27	tion of obsolete or erroneous names and information.
28	§10542. Privacy officer
29	(a) Appointment and Responsibilities.—The Secretary shall appoint
30	a senior official in the Department, who shall report directly to the Sec-
31	retary, to assume primary responsibility for privacy policy, including
32	(1) assuring that the use of technologies sustain, and do not erode,
33	privacy protections relating to the use, collection, and disclosure of per-
34	sonal information;
35	(2) assuring that personal information contained in Privacy Act sys-
36	tems of records is handled in full compliance with fair information
37	practices as set out in the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a);
38	(3) evaluating legislative and regulatory proposals involving collec-
39	tion, use, and disclosure of personal information by the Federal Gov-
40	ernment;

1	(4) conducting a privacy impact assessment of proposed rules of the
2	Department or that of the Department on the privacy of personal in-
3	formation, including the type of personal information collected and the
4	number of people affected;
5	(5) coordinating with the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties
6	to ensure that—
7	(A) programs, policies, and procedures involving civil rights,
8	civil liberties, and privacy considerations are addressed in an inte-
9	grated and comprehensive manner; and
10	(B) Congress receives appropriate reports on the programs, poli-
11	cies, and procedures; and
12	(6) preparing a report to Congress on an annual basis on activities
13	of the Department that affect privacy, including complaints of privacy
14	violations, implementation of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a),
15	internal controls, and other matters.
16	(b) Authority To Investigate.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—The senior official appointed under subsection (a)
18	may—
19	(A) have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, docu-
20	ments, papers, recommendations, and other materials available to
21	the Department that relate to programs and operations with re-
22	spect to the responsibilities of the senior official under this section;
23	(B) make investigations and reports relating to the administra-
24	tion of the programs and operations of the Department that are,
25	in the senior official's judgment, necessary or desirable;
26	(C) subject to the approval of the Secretary, require by sub-
27	poena the production, by any person other than a Federal agency,
28	of all information, documents, reports, answers, records, accounts,
29	papers, and other data and documentary evidence necessary to
30	performance of the responsibilities of the senior official under this
31	section; and
32	(D) administer to or take from a person an oath, affirmation,
33	or affidavit, whenever necessary to performance of the responsibil-
34	ities of the senior official under this section.
35	(2) ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENAS.—A subpoena issued under para-
36	graph (1)(C) shall, in the case of contumacy or refusal to obey, be en-
37	forceable by order of an appropriate United States district court.
38	(3) EFFECT OF OATHS.—An oath, affirmation, or affidavit adminis-
39	tered or taken under paragraph $(1)(D)$ by or before an employee of the
40	Privacy Office designated for that purpose by the senior official ap-

1	pointed under subsection (a) shall have the same force and effect as
2	if administered or taken by or before an officer having a seal of office.
3	(c) SUPERVISION AND COORDINATION.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The senior official appointed under subsection (a)
5	shall—
6	(A) report to, and be under the general supervision of, the Sec-
7	retary; and
8	(B) coordinate activities with the Inspector General of the De-
9	partment in order to avoid duplication of effort.
10	(2) Coordination with inspector general.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the
12	senior official appointed under subsection (a) may investigate a
13	matter relating to possible violations or abuse concerning the ad-
14	ministration of a program or operation of the Department relevant
15	to the purposes under this section.
16	(B) Coordination.—
17	(i) Before initiating an investigation described under sub-
18	paragraph (A), the senior official shall refer the matter and
19	all related complaints, allegations, and information to the In-
20	spector General of the Department.
21	(ii) Not later than 30 days after the receipt of a matter
22	referred under clause (i), the Inspector General shall—
23	(I) make a determination regarding whether the In-
24	spector General intends to initiate an audit or investiga-
25	tion of the matter referred under clause (i); and
26	(II) notify the senior official of that determination.
27	(iii) If the Inspector General notifies the senior official that
28	the Inspector General intended to initiate an audit or inves-
29	tigation, but does not initiate that audit or investigation with-
30	in 90 days after providing that notification, the Inspector
31	General shall further notify the senior official that an audit
32	or investigation was not initiated. The further notification
33	under this clause shall be made not later than 3 days after
34	the end of that 90-day period.
35	(iv) The senior official may investigate a matter referred
36	under clause (i) if—
37	(I) the Inspector General notifies the senior official
38	under clause (ii) that the Inspector General does not in-
39	tend to initiate an audit or investigation relating to that
40	matter; or

1	(II) the Inspector General provides a further notifica-
2	tion under clause (iii) relating to that matter.
3	(v) An employee of the Office of Inspector General who au-
4	dits or investigates a matter referred under clause (i) shall
5	be required to receive adequate training on privacy laws,
6	rules, and regulations, to be provided by an entity approved
7	by the Inspector General in consultation with the senior offi-
8	cial appointed under subsection (a).
9	(d) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS ON REMOVAL.—If the Secretary re-
10	moves the senior official appointed under subsection (a) or transfers that
11	senior official to another position or location within the Department, the
12	Secretary shall—
13	(1) promptly submit a written notification of the removal or transfer
14	to Houses of Congress; and
15	(2) include in a notification the reasons for the removal or transfer.
16	(e) Reports by Senior Official to Congress.—The senior official
17	appointed under subsection (a) shall—
18	(1) submit reports directly to Congress regarding performance of the
19	responsibilities of the senior official under this section, without prior
20	comment or amendment by the Secretary, Deputy Secretary of Home-
21	land Security, or any other officer or employee of the Department or
22	the Office of Management and Budget; and
23	(2) inform the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
24	Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security of the
25	House of Representatives not later than—
26	(A) 30 days after the Secretary disapproves the senior official's
27	request for a subpoena under subsection $(b)(1)(C)$ or the Sec-
28	retary substantively modifies the requested subpoena; or
29	(B) 45 days after the senior official's request for a subpoena
30	under subsection $(b)(1)(C)$, if that subpoend has not either been
31	approved or disapproved by the Secretary.
32	§10543. Enhancement of Non-Federal cybersecurity
33	In carrying out the responsibilities under section 10501 of this title, the
34	Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis, in cooperation with the As-
35	sistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, shall—
36	(1) as appropriate, provide to State and local government entities,
37	and upon request to private entities that own or operate critical infor-
38	mation systems—
39	(A) analysis and warnings related to threats to, and vulnerabili-
40	ties of, critical information systems; and

1	(B) crisis management support in response to threats to, or at-
2	tacks on, critical information systems; and
3	(2) as appropriate, provide technical assistance, upon request, to the
4	private sector and other government entities, with respect to emergency
5	recovery plans to respond to major failures of critical information sys-
6	tems.
7	§10544. NET Guard
8	The Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection may establish a na-
9	tional technology guard, to be known as "NET Guard", comprised of local
10	teams of volunteers with expertise in relevant areas of science and tech-
11	nology, to assist local communities to respond and recover from attacks on
12	information systems and communications networks.
13	Subchapter IV—Supporting Anti—Terrorism by Fostering
14	Effective Technologies
15	§10551. Definitions
16	In this subchapter:
17	(1) ACT OF TERRORISM.—The term "act of terrorism" means an act
18	that the Secretary determines meets all of the following requirements,
19	as the requirements are further defined and specified by the Secretary:
20	(A) The act is unlawful.
21	(B) The act causes harm to a person, property, or entity, in the
22	United States, or in the case of a domestic United States air car-
23	rier or a United States-flag vessel (or a vessel based principally
24	in the United States on which United States income tax is paid
25	and whose insurance coverage is subject to regulation in the
26	United States), in or outside the United States.
27	(C) The act uses or attempts to use instrumentalities, weapons
28	or other methods designed or intended to cause mass destruction,
29	injury or other loss to citizens or institutions of the United States.
30	(2) INSURANCE CARRIER.—The term "insurance carrier" means a
31	corporation, association, society, order, firm, company, mutual, part-
32	nership, individual aggregation of individuals, or another legal entity
33	that provides commercial property and casualty insurance, including an
34	affiliate of a commercial insurance carrier.
35	(3) LIABILITY INSURANCE.—The term "liability insurance" means
36	insurance for legal liabilities incurred by the insured resulting from—
37	(A) loss of or damage to property of others;
38	(B) ensuing loss of income or extra expense incurred because
39	of loss of or damage to property of others;
40	(C) bodily injury (including) to persons other than the insured
41	or its employees; or

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1	(D) loss resulting from debt or default of another.
2	(4) Loss.—The term "loss" means death, bodily injury, or loss of
3	or damage to property, including business interruption loss.
4	(5) Non-Federal government customers.—The term "non-Fed-
5	eral Government customers" means a customer of a Seller that is not
6	an agency or instrumentality of the United States Government with au-
7	thority under Public Law 85–804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) to provide
8	for indemnification under certain circumstances for third-party claims
9	against its contractors, including State and local authorities and com-
10	mercial entities.
11	(6) QUALIFIED ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY.—The term "quali-
12	fied anti-terrorism technology" means a product, equipment, service
13	(including support services), device, or technology (including informa-
14	tion technology) designed, developed, modified, or procured for the spe-
15	cific purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of
16	terrorism or limiting the harm the acts might otherwise cause, that is
17	designated as such by the Secretary.
18	§10552. Administration
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is responsible for the administration of
20	this subchapter.
21	(b) Designation of Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technologies.—
22	The Secretary may designate anti-terrorism technologies that qualify for
23	protection under the system of risk management set forth in this subchapter
24	in accordance with criteria that shall include the following:
25	(1) Prior United States Government use or demonstrated substantial
26	utility and effectiveness.
27	(2) Availability of the technology for immediate deployment in public
28	and private settings.
29	(3) Existence of extraordinarily large or extraordinarily unquantifi-
30	able potential third party liability risk exposure to the Seller or other
31	provider of the anti-terrorism technology.
32	(4) Substantial likelihood that the anti-terrorism technology will not
33	be deployed unless protections under the system of risk management
34	provided under this subchapter are extended.
35	(5) Magnitude of risk exposure to the public if the anti-terrorism
36	technology is not deployed.
37	(6) Evaluation of all scientific studies that can be feasibly conducted
38	in order to assess the capability of the technology to substantially re-
39	duce risks of harm.

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1 (7) Anti-terrorism technology that would be effective in facilitating 2 the defense against acts of terrorism, including technologies that pre-3 vent, defeat or respond to the acts.

4 (c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may issue regulations, after notice 5 and comment under section 553 of title 5, necessary to carry out this subchapter. 6

7 §10553. Litigation management

(a) Federal Cause of Action.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall exist a Federal cause of action for 10 claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism 11 when qualified anti-terrorism technologies have been deployed in de-12 fense against or response or recovery from the act and the claims result 13 or may result in loss to the Seller. The substantive law for decision in 14 any action shall be derived from the law, including choice of law prin-15 ciples, of the State in which the act of terrorism occurred, unless the 16 law is inconsistent with or preempted by Federal law. The Federal 17 cause of action shall be brought only for claims for injuries that are 18 proximately caused by sellers that provide qualified anti-terrorism tech-19 nology to Federal and non-Federal government customers.

20 (2) JURISDICTION.—An appropriate district court of the United 21 States shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction over all actions for 22 any claim for loss of property, personal injury, or death arising out of, 23 relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism when qualified anti-24 terrorism technologies have been deployed in defense against or re-25 sponse or recovery from the act and the claims result or may result 26 in loss to the Seller.

27 (b) SPECIAL RULES.—In an action brought under this section for dam-28 ages the following provisions apply:

29 (1) PUNITIVE DAMAGES; INTEREST.—No punitive damages intended 30 to punish or deter, exemplary damages, or other damages not intended 31 to compensate a plaintiff for actual losses may be awarded, nor shall 32 any party be liable for interest prior to the judgment.

(2) NONECONOMIC DAMAGES.

34 (A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "noneconomic 35 damages" means damages for losses for physical and emotional 36 pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, mental an-37 guish, disfigurement, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of society and 38 companionship, loss of consortium, hedonic damages, injury to 39 reputation, and any other nonpecuniary losses.

(B) WHEN AWARDED.NONECONOMIC DAMAGES MAY BE AWARD-40 41 ED AGAINST A DEFENDANT ONLY IN AN AMOUNT DIRECTLY PRO-

1PORTIONAL TO THE PERCENTAGE OF RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DE-2FENDANT FOR THE HARM TO THE PLAINTIFF, AND NO PLAINTIFF3MAY RECOVER NONECONOMIC DAMAGES UNLESS THE PLAINTIFF4SUFFERED PHYSICAL HARM.

5 (c) COLLATERAL SOURCES.—Any recovery by a plaintiff in an action 6 under this section shall be reduced by the amount of collateral source com-7 pensation, if any, that the plaintiff has received or is entitled to receive as 8 a result of the act of terrorism that results or may result in loss to the Sell-9 er.

10 (d) GOVERNMENT CONTRACTOR DEFENSE.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Should a product liability or other lawsuit be filed 12 for claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terror-13 ism when qualified anti-terrorism technologies approved by the Sec-14 retary, as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, have 15 been deployed in defense against or response or recovery from the act 16 and the claims result or may result in loss to the Seller, there shall 17 be a rebuttable presumption that the government contractor defense 18 applies in the lawsuit. This presumption shall only be overcome by evi-19 dence showing that the Seller acted fraudulently or with willful mis-20 conduct in submitting information to the Secretary during the course 21 of the Secretary's consideration of the technology under this subsection. 22 This presumption of the government contractor defense shall apply re-23 gardless of whether the claim against the Seller arises from a sale of 24 the product to Federal Government or non-Federal Government cus-25 tomers.

26 (2) EXCLUSIVE RESPONSIBILITY.—The Secretary is exclusively re-27 sponsible for the review and approval of anti-terrorism technology for 28 purposes of establishing a government contractor defense in any prod-29 uct liability lawsuit for claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting 30 from an act of terrorism when qualified anti-terrorism technologies ap-31 proved by the Secretary, as provided in this paragraph and paragraph 32 (3), have been deployed in defense against or response or recovery from 33 the act and the claims result or may result in loss to the Seller. Upon the Seller's submission to the Secretary for approval of anti-terrorism 34 35 technology, the Secretary shall conduct a comprehensive review of the 36 design of the technology and determine whether it will perform as in-37 tended, conforms to the Seller's specifications, and is safe for use as 38 intended. The Seller shall conduct safety and hazard analyses on the 39 technology and shall supply the Secretary with all such information/the 40 analyses.

1	(3) CERTIFICATE.—For anti-terrorism technology reviewed and ap-
2	proved by the Secretary, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of con-
3	formance to the Seller and place the anti-terrorism technology on an
4	Approved Product List for Homeland Security.
5	(e) EXCLUSION.—Nothing in this section shall in any way limit the ability
6	of any person to seek any form of recovery from any person, government,
7	or other entity that—
8	(1) attempts to commit, knowingly participates in, aids and abets,
9	or commits any act of terrorism, or any criminal act related to or re-
10	sulting from the act of terrorism; or
11	(2) participates in a conspiracy to commit an act of terrorism or a
12	criminal act.
13	§10554. Risk management
14	(a) IN GENERAL.—
15	(1) LIABILITY INSURANCE REQUIRED.—A person or entity that sells
16	or otherwise provides a qualified anti-terrorism technology to Federal
17	and non-Federal Government customers (in this section referred to as
18	the "Seller") shall obtain liability insurance of the types and in the
19	amounts as required under this section and certified by the Secretary
20	to satisfy otherwise compensable third-party claims arising out of, re-
21	lating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism when qualified anti-ter-
22	rorism technologies have been deployed in defense against or response
23	or recovery from the act.
24	(2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—For the total claims related to one act of
25	terrorism, the Seller is not required to obtain liability insurance of
26	more than the maximum amount of liability insurance reasonably avail-
27	able from private sources on the world market at prices and terms that
28	will not unreasonably distort the sales price of Seller's anti-terrorism
29	technologies.
30	(3) SCOPE OF COVERAGE.—Liability insurance obtained under this
31	subsection shall, in addition to the Seller, protect the following, to the
32	extent of their potential liability for involvement in the manufacture,
33	qualification, sale, use, or operation of qualified anti-terrorism tech-
34	nologies deployed in defense against or response or recovery from an
35	act of terrorism:
36	(A) Contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, vendors and cus-
37	tomers of the Seller.
38	(B) Contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and vendors of the
39	customer.
40	(4) THIRD PARTY CLAIMS.—The liability insurance under this sec-
41	tion shall provide coverage against third party claims arising out of,

1	relating to, or resulting from the sale or use of anti-terrorism tech-
2	nologies.
3	(b) RECIPROCAL WAIVER OF CLAIMS.—The Seller shall enter into a re-
4	ciprocal waiver of claims with its contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, ven-
5	dors and customers, and contractors and subcontractors of the customers,
6	involved in the manufacture, sale, use or operation of qualified anti-terror-
7	ism technologies, under which each party to the waiver agrees to be respon-
8	sible for losses, including business interruption losses, that it sustains, or
9	for losses sustained by its own employees resulting from an activity result-
10	ing from an act of terrorism when qualified anti-terrorism technologies have
11	been deployed in defense against or response or recovery from the act.
12	(c) EXTENT OF LIABILITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
13	liability for all claims against a Seller arising out of, relating to, or resulting
14	from an act of terrorism when qualified anti-terrorism technologies have
15	been deployed in defense against or response or recovery from the act and
16	the claims result or may result in loss to the Seller, whether for compen-
17	satory or punitive damages or for contribution or indemnity, shall not be
18	in an amount greater than the limits of liability insurance coverage required
19	to be maintained by the Seller under this section.
20	Subchapter V—Secure Handling of Ammonium Nitrate
21	§10561. Definitions
22	In this subchapter:
23	(1) AMMONIUM NITRATE.—The term "ammonium nitrate" means—
24	(A) solid ammonium nitrate that is chiefly the ammonium salt
25	of nitric acid and contains not less than 33 percent nitrogen by
26	weight; and
27	(B) a mixture containing a percentage of ammonium nitrate
28	that is equal to or greater than the percentage determined by the
29	Secretary under section 10552(b) of this title.
30	(2) Ammonium nitrate facility.—The term "ammonium nitrate
31	facility" means an entity that produces, sells or otherwise transfers
32	ownership of, or provides application services for ammonium nitrate.
33	(3) Ammonium nitrate purchaser.—The term "ammonium ni-
34	trate purchaser' means a person who purchases ammonium nitrate
35	from an ammonium nitrate facility.
36	§10562. Regulation of the sale and transfer of ammonium
37	nitrate
38	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall regulate the sale and transfer of
39	ammonium nitrate by an ammonium nitrate facility in accordance with this
40	subchapter to prevent the misappropriation or use of ammonium nitrate in
41	an act of terrorism.

1	(b) AMMONIUM NITRATE MIXTURES.—The Secretary, in consultation
2	with the heads of appropriate Federal departments and agencies (including
3	the Secretary of Agriculture), shall, after notice and an opportunity for
4	comment, establish a threshold percentage for ammonium nitrate in a sub-
5	stance.
6	(c) Registration of Owners of Ammonium Nitrate Facilities.—
7	(1) PROCESS.—The Secretary shall establish a process by which a
8	person that—
9	(A) owns an ammonium nitrate facility is required to register
10	with the Department; and
11	(B) registers under subparagraph (A) is issued a registration
12	number for purposes of this subchapter.
13	(2) INFORMATION.—A person applying to register under paragraph
14	(1) shall submit to the Secretary—
15	(A) the name, address, and telephone number of each ammo-
16	nium nitrate facility owned by that person;
17	(B) the name of the person designated by that person as the
18	point of contact for each facility, for purposes of this subchapter;
19	and
20	(C) other information the Secretary determines is appropriate.
21	(d) Registration of Ammonium Nitrate Purchasers.—
22	(1) PROCESS.—The Secretary shall establish a process by which a
23	person that—
24	(A) intends to be an ammonium nitrate purchaser is required
25	to register with the Department; and
26	(B) after registration under subparagraph (A), is issued a reg-
27	istration number for purposes of this subchapter.
28	(2) INFORMATION.—A person applying to register under paragraph
29	(1) as an ammonium nitrate purchaser shall submit to the Secretary—
30	(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the applicant;
31	and
32	(B) the intended use of ammonium nitrate to be purchased by
33	the applicant.
34	(e) Records.—
35	(1) MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS.—The owner of an ammonium ni-
36	trate facility shall—
37	(A) maintain a record of each sale or transfer of ammonium ni-
38	trate, during the two-year period beginning on the date of that
39	sale or transfer; and
40	(B) include in the record the information described in para-
41	graph (2).

1	(2) Specific information required.—For each sale or transfer
2	of ammonium nitrate, the owner of an ammonium nitrate facility
3	shall—
4	(A) record the name, address, telephone number, and registra-
5	tion number issued under subsection (c) or (d) of each person that
6	purchases ammonium nitrate, in a manner prescribed by the Sec-
7	retary;
8	(B) if applicable, record the name, address, and telephone num-
9	ber of an agent acting on behalf of the person described in sub-
10	paragraph (A), at the point of sale;
11	(C) record the date and quantity of ammonium nitrate sold or
12	transferred; and
13	(D) verify the identity of the persons described in subpara-
14	graphs (A) and (B), as applicable, in accordance with a procedure
15	established by the Secretary.
16	(3) PROTECTION OF INFORMATION.—In maintaining records under
17	paragraph (1), the owner of an ammonium nitrate facility shall take
18	reasonable actions to ensure the protection of the information included
19	in the records.
20	(f) EXEMPTION FOR EXPLOSIVE PURPOSES.—The Secretary may exempt
21	from this subchapter a person producing, selling, or purchasing ammonium
22	nitrate exclusively for use in the production of an explosive under a license
23	or permit issued under chapter 40 of title 18.
24	(g) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall
25	consult with the Secretary of Agriculture, States, and appropriate private-
26	sector entities, to ensure that the access of agricultural producers to ammo-
27	nium nitrate is not unduly burdened.
28	(h) Data Confidentiality.—
29	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 552 of title 5 or the
30	USA PATRIOT ACT (Public Law 107–56, 115 Stat. 272), and except
31	as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary may not disclose to any
32	person any information obtained under this subchapter.
33	(2) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary may disclose information obtained
34	by the Secretary under this subchapter to—
35	(A) an officer or employee of the United States, or a person
36	that has entered into a contract with the United States, who has
37	a need to know the information to perform the duties of the offi-
38	cer, employee, or person; or
39	(B) to a State agency under section 10554 of this title, under
40	appropriate arrangements to ensure the protection of the informa-
41	tion.

1	(i) Registration Procedures and Check of Terrorist Screening
2	DATABASE.—
3	(1) Registration Procedures.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish procedures to
5	efficiently receive applications for registration numbers under this
6	subchapter, conduct the checks required under paragraph (2), and
7	promptly issue or deny a registration number.
8	(B) INITIAL 6-MONTH REGISTRATION PERIOD.—The Secretary
9	shall take steps to maximize the number of registration applica-
10	tions that are submitted and processed during the 6-month period
11	described in section 10566(e) of this title.
12	(2) CHECK OF TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.—
13	(A) CHECK REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall conduct a check of
14	appropriate identifying information of a person seeking to register
15	with the Department under subsection (c) or (d) against identify-
16	ing information that appears in the terrorist screening database of
17	the Department.
18	(B) AUTHORITY TO DENY REGISTRATION NUMBER.—If the
19	identifying information of a person seeking to register with the
20	Department under subsection (c) or (d) appears in the terrorist
21	screening database of the Department, the Secretary may deny is-
22	suance of a registration number under this subchapter.
23	(3) Expedited review of applications.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—Following the six-month period described in
25	section 10566(e) of this title, the Secretary shall, to the extent
26	practicable, issue or deny registration numbers under this sub-
27	chapter not later than 72 hours after the time the Secretary re-
28	ceives a complete registration application, unless the Secretary de-
29	termines, in the interest of national security, that additional time
30	is necessary to review an application.
31	(B) NOTICE OF APPLICATION STATUS.—In all cases, the Sec-
32	retary shall notify a person seeking to register with the Depart-
33	ment under subsection (c) or (d) of the status of the application
34	of that person not later than 72 hours after the time the Secretary
35	receives a complete registration application.
36	(4) Expedited appeals process.—
37	(A) REQUIREMENT.—
38	(i) The Secretary shall establish an expedited appeals proc-
39	ess for persons denied a registration number under this sub-
40	chapter.

1	(ii) The Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, resolve
2	appeals not later than 72 hours after receiving a complete re-
3	quest for appeal unless the Secretary determines, in the inter-
4	est of national security, that additional time is necessary to
5	resolve an appeal.
6	(B) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary, in developing the appeals
7	process under subparagraph (A), shall consult with appropriate
8	stakeholders.
9	(C) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall provide guidance regard-
10	ing the procedures and information required for an appeal under
11	subparagraph (A) to any person denied a registration number
12	under this subchapter.
13	(5) Restrictions on use and maintenance of information.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—Information constituting grounds for denial
15	of a registration number under this section shall be maintained
16	confidentially by the Secretary and may be used only for making
17	determinations under this section.
18	(B) SHARING OF INFORMATION.—Notwithstanding any other
19	provision of this subchapter, the Secretary may share information
20	with Federal, State, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies, as
21	appropriate.
21	
21	(6) Registration information .—
22	(6) Registration information .—
22 23	(6) Registration information.—(A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary
22 23 24	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under
22 23 24 25	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the
22 23 24 25 26	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section.
22 23 24 25 26 27	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require persons issued a registration under this subchapter to
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require persons issued a registration under this subchapter to update registration information submitted to the Secretary under this subchapter, as appropriate. (7) RE-CHECKS AGAINST TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate, recheck
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require persons issued a registration under this subchapter to update registration information submitted to the Secretary under this subchapter, as appropriate. (7) RE-CHECKS AGAINST TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate, recheck persons provided a registration number pursuant to this sub-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require persons issued a registration under this subchapter to update registration information submitted to the Secretary under this subchapter, as appropriate. (7) RE-CHECKS AGAINST TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate, recheck persons provided a registration number pursuant to this subchapter against the terrorist screening database of the Depart-
 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require persons issued a registration under this subchapter to update registration information submitted to the Secretary under this subchapter, as appropriate. (7) RE-CHECKS AGAINST TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate, recheck persons provided a registration number pursuant to this subchapter against the terrorist screening database of the Department, and may revoke the registration number if the Secretary de-
 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require persons issued a registration under this subchapter to update registration information submitted to the Secretary under this subchapter, as appropriate. (7) RE-CHECKS AGAINST TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate, recheck persons provided a registration number pursuant to this subchapter against the terrorist screening database of the Department, and may revoke the registration number if the Secretary determines the person may pose a threat to national security.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (6) Registration information.— (A) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require a person applying for a registration number under this subchapter to submit information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section. (B) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require persons issued a registration under this subchapter to update registration information submitted to the Secretary under this subchapter, as appropriate. (7) RE-CHECKS AGAINST TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate, recheck persons provided a registration number pursuant to this subchapter against the terrorist screening database of the Department, and may revoke the registration number if the Secretary determines the person may pose a threat to national security. (B) NOTICE OF REVOCATION.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate

1 §10563. Inspection and auditing of records 2 The Secretary shall establish a process for the periodic inspection and au-3 diting of the records maintained by owners of ammonium nitrate facilities 4 for the purpose of monitoring compliance with this subchapter or for the 5 purpose of deterring or preventing the misappropriation or use of ammo-6 nium nitrate in an act of terrorism. 7 §10564. Administrative provisions 8 (a) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary— 9 (1) may enter into a cooperative agreement with the Secretary of Ag-10 riculture, or the head of any State department of agriculture or its des-11 ignee involved in agricultural regulation, in consultation with the State 12 agency responsible for homeland security, to carry out the provisions 13 of this subchapter; and 14 (2) wherever possible, shall seek to cooperate with State agencies or 15 their designees that oversee ammonium nitrate facility operations when 16 seeking cooperative agreements to implement the registration and en-17 forcement provisions of this subchapter. 18 (b) DELEGATION.-19 (1) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may delegate to a State the author-20 ity to assist the Secretary in the administration and enforcement of 21 this subchapter. 22 (2) DELEGATION REQUIRED.—At the request of a Governor of a 23 State, the Secretary shall delegate to that State the authority to carry 24 out functions under sections 10562 and 10563 of this title, if the Sec-25 retary determines that the State is capable of satisfactorily carrying 26 out the functions. 27 (3) FUNDING.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, if the 28 Secretary delegates functions to a State under this subsection, the Sec-29 retary shall provide to that State sufficient funds to carry out the dele-30 gated functions. 31 (c) PROVISION OF GUIDANCE AND NOTIFICATION MATERIALS TO AMMO-32 NIUM NITRATE FACILITIES.— 33 (1) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall make available to each owner 34 of an ammonium nitrate facility registered under section 10562(c) of 35 this title guidance on-36 (A) the identification of suspicious ammonium nitrate purchases 37 or transfers or attempted purchases or transfers; 38 (B) the appropriate course of action to be taken by the ammo-39 nium nitrate facility owner with respect to such a purchase or 40 transfer or attempted purchase or transfer, including-

1	(i) exercising the right of the owner of the ammonium ni-
2	trate facility to decline sale of ammonium nitrate; and
3	(ii) notifying appropriate law enforcement entities; and
4	(C) additional subjects determined appropriate to prevent the
5	misappropriation or use of ammonium nitrate in an act of terror-
6	ism.
7	(2) Use of materials and programs.—In providing guidance
8	under this subsection, the Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, le-
9	verage relevant materials and programs.
10	(3) NOTIFICATION MATERIALS.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make available materials
12	suitable for posting at locations where ammonium nitrate is sold.
13	(B) DESIGN.—Materials made available under subparagraph
14	(A) shall be designed to notify prospective ammonium nitrate pur-
15	chasers of—
16	(i) the record-keeping requirements under section 10562 of
17	this title; and
18	(ii) the penalties for violating the requirements.
19	§10565. Theft reporting requirement
20	A person who is required to comply with section 10562(e) of this title
21	who has knowledge of the theft or unexplained loss of ammonium nitrate
22	shall report the theft or loss to the appropriate Federal law enforcement au-
23	thorities not later than one calendar day of the date on which the person
24	becomes aware of the theft or loss. Upon receipt of the report, the relevant
25	Federal authorities shall inform State, local, and tribal law enforcement en-
26	tities, as appropriate.
27	§10566. Prohibitions and penalty
28	(a) PROHIBITIONS.—
29	(1) TAKING POSSESSION.—A person may not purchase ammonium
30	nitrate from an ammonium nitrate facility unless the person is reg-
31	istered under subsection (c) or (d) of section 10562 of this title, or is
32	an agent of a person registered under subsection (c) or (d) of section
33	10562.
34	(2) TRANSFERRING POSSESSION.—An owner of an ammonium ni-
35	trate facility shall not transfer possession of ammonium nitrate from
36	the ammonium nitrate facility to an ammonium nitrate purchaser who
37	is not registered under subsection (c) or (d) of section 10562 of this
38	title, or to an agent acting on behalf of an ammonium nitrate pur-
39	chaser when the purchaser is not registered under subsection (c) or (d)
40	of section 10562.
41	(3) OTHER PROHIBITIONS.—A person may not—

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1	(A) purchase ammonium nitrate without a registration number
2	required under subsection (c) or (d) of section 10562 of this title;
3	(B) own or operate an ammonium nitrate facility without a reg-
4	istration number required under section 10562(c) of this title; or
5	(C) fail to comply with a requirement or violate another prohibi-
6	tion under this subchapter.
7	(b) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person that violates this subchapter may be as-
8	sessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than \$50,000 per viola-
9	tion.
10	(c) PENALTY CONSIDERATIONS.—In determining the amount of a civil
11	penalty under this section, the Secretary shall consider—
12	(1) the nature and circumstances of the violation;
13	(2) with respect to the person who commits the violation, any history
14	of prior violations, the ability to pay the penalty, and any effect the
15	penalty is likely to have on the ability of the person to do business;
16	and
17	(3) any other matter that the Secretary determines that justice re-
18	quires.
19	(d) Notice and Opportunity for a Hearing.—A civil penalty may
20	not be assessed under this subchapter unless the person liable for the pen-
21	alty has been given notice and an opportunity for a hearing on the violation
22	for which the penalty is to be assessed in the county, parish, or incorporated
23	city of residence of that person.
24	(e) Delay in Application of Prohibition.—Paragraphs (1) and (2)
25	of subsection (a) shall apply on and after the date that is 6 months after
26	the date that the Secretary issues a final rule implementing this subchapter.
27	§10567. Protection from civil liability
28	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an owner
29	of an ammonium nitrate facility that in good faith refuses to sell or transfer
30	ammonium nitrate to a person, or that in good faith discloses to the Depart-
31	ment or to appropriate law enforcement authorities an actual or attempted
32	purchase or transfer of ammonium nitrate, based upon a reasonable belief
33	that the person seeking purchase or transfer of ammonium nitrate may use
34	the ammonium nitrate to create an explosive device to be employed in an
35	act of terrorism (as defined in section 3077 of title 18), or to use ammo-
36	nium nitrate for any other unlawful purpose, shall not be liable in any civil
37	action relating to that refusal to sell ammonium nitrate or that disclosure.
28	(b) PEASONADLE RELIEF. A reasonable belief that a nerson may use

38 (b) REASONABLE BELIEF.—A reasonable belief that a person may use
39 ammonium nitrate to create an explosive device to be employed in an act
40 of terrorism under subsection (a) may not solely be based on the race, sex,

1 national origin, creed, religion, status as a veteran, or status as a member

of the Armed Forces of the United States of that person.

3 §10568. Preemption of other laws

4 (a) OTHER FEDERAL REGULATIONS.—Except as provided in section

5 10567 of this title, nothing in this subchapter affects a regulation issued

6 by an agency other than an agency of the Department.

7 (b) STATE LAW.—Subject to section 10567 of this title, this subchapter 8 preempts the laws of a State to the extent that the laws are inconsistent 9 with this subchapter, except that this subchapter shall not preempt any 10 State law that provides additional protection against the acquisition of am-11 monium nitrate by terrorists or the use of ammonium nitrate in explosives 12 in acts of terrorism or for other illicit purposes, as determined by the Sec-13 retary.

Chapter 107Science and Technology in Support of Homeland Security

Sec.

14

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27

10701. Responsibilities and authorities of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology.

- 10702. Functions transferred.
- 10703. Conduct of certain public health-related activities.
- 10704. Federally funded research and development centers.
- 10705. Miscellaneous provisions.
- 10706. Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency.
- 10707. Conduct of research, development, demonstration, testing and evaluation.
- 10708. Utilization of Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in support of homeland security activities.
- 10709. Transfer of Plum Island Animal Disease Center, Department of Agriculture.
- 10710. Homeland Security Science and Technology Advisory Committee.
- 10711. Homeland Security Institute.
- 10712. Technology clearinghouse to encourage and support innovative solutions to enhance homeland security.
- 10713. Enhancement of public safety communications interoperability.
- 10714. Office for Interoperability and Compatibility.
- 10715.Emergency communications interoperability research and development.
- 10716.National Biosurveillance Integration Center.

10717. Promoting antiterrorism through international cooperation program.

\$10701. Responsibilities and authorities of the Under Sec retary for Science and Technology

18 The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and Tech-

- 19 nology, is responsible for—
- 20 (1) advising the Secretary regarding research and development ef-
- 21 forts and priorities in support of the Department's missions;
- (2) developing, in consultation with other appropriate executive agencies, a national policy and strategic plan for, identifying priorities,
 goals, objectives and policies for, and coordinating the Federal Government's civilian efforts to identify and develop countermeasures to chemical, biological, and other emerging terrorist threats, including the de-

velopment of comprehensive, research-based definable goals for the ef-

1	forts and development of annual measurable objectives and specific tar-
2	gets to accomplish and evaluate the goals for the efforts;
3	(3) supporting the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis and
4	the Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, by assessing and
5	testing homeland security vulnerabilities and possible threats;
6	(4) conducting basic and applied research, development, demonstra-
7	tion, testing, and evaluation activities that are relevant to any or all
8	elements of the Department, through both intramural and extramural
9	programs, except that the responsibility does not extend to human
10	health-related research and development activities;
11	(5) establishing priorities for, directing, funding, and conducting na-
12	tional research, development, test and evaluation, and procurement of
13	technology and systems for—
14	(A) preventing the importation of chemical, biological, and relat-
15	ed weapons and material; and
16	(B) detecting, preventing, protecting against, and responding to
17	terrorist attacks;
18	(6) establishing a system for transferring homeland security develop-
19	ments or technologies to Federal, State, local government, and private-
20	sector entities;
21	(7) entering into work agreements, joint sponsorships, contracts, or
22	other agreements with the Department of Energy regarding the use of
23	the national laboratories or sites and support of the science and tech-
24	nology base at those facilities;
25	(8) collaborating with the Secretary of Agriculture and the Attorney
26	General as provided in section 212 of the Agricultural Bioterrorism
27	Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401);
28	(9) collaborating with the Secretary of Health and Human Services
29	and the Attorney General in determining any new biological agents and
30	toxins that shall be listed as "select agents" in Appendix A of part 72
31	of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 351A of
32	the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262a);
33	(10) supporting United States leadership in science and technology;
34	(11) establishing and administering the primary research and devel-
35	opment activities of the Department, including the long-term research
36	and development needs and capabilities for all elements of the Depart-
37	ment;
38	(12) coordinating and integrating all research, development, dem-
39	onstration, testing, and evaluation activities of the Department;

1	(12) coordinating with other approximate according correlating development
1 2	(13) coordinating with other appropriate executive agencies in devel- oping and carrying out the science and technology agenda of the De-
2	
4	partment to reduce duplication and identify unmet needs; and (14) developing and overseeing the administration of guidelines for
5	merit review of research and development projects throughout the De-
6	partment, and for the dissemination of research conducted or sponsored
7	by the Department.
8	§ 10702. Functions transferred
9	The Secretary succeeds to the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities
10	of the following entities:
11	(1) The following programs and activities of the Department of En-
12	ergy, including the functions of the Secretary of Energy relating there-
13	to (but not including programs and activities relating to the strategic
14	nuclear defense posture of the United States):
15	(A) The chemical and biological national security and support-
16	ing programs and activities of the nonproliferation and verification
17	research and development program.
18	(B) The nuclear smuggling programs and activities within the
19	proliferation detection program of the nonproliferation and ver-
20	ification research and development program. The programs and
21	activities described in this subparagraph may be designated by the
22	President either for transfer to the Department or for joint oper-
23	ation by the Secretary and the Secretary of Energy.
24	(C) The nuclear assessment program and activities of the as-
25	sessment, detection, and cooperation program of the international
26	materials protection and cooperation program.
27	(D) Life sciences activities of the biological and environmental
28	research program related to microbial pathogens designated by the
29	President for transfer to the Department.
30	(E) The Environmental Measurements Laboratory.
31	(F) The advanced scientific computing research program and
32	activities at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory.
33	(2) The National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center of the De-
34	partment of Defense, including the functions of the Secretary of De-
35	fense related thereto.
36	§10703. Conduct of certain public health-related activities
37	(a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to civilian human health-related research
38	and development activities relating to countermeasures for chemical, biologi-
39	cal, radiological, and nuclear and other emerging terrorist threats carried
40	out by the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public
41	Health Service), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall set pri-

1 orities, goals, objectives, and policies and develop a coordinated strategy for 2 the activities in collaboration with the Secretary of Homeland Security to 3 ensure consistency with the national policy and strategic plan developed 4 under section 10701 of this title. 5 (b) EVALUATION OF PROGRESS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Sec-6 retary of Health and Human Services shall collaborate with the Secretary 7 in developing specific benchmarks and outcome measurements for evaluating 8 progress toward achieving the priorities and goals described in the sub-9 section. 10 §10704. Federally funded research and development centers The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and Tech-11 12 nology, shall have the authority to establish or contract with one or more 13 federally funded research and development centers to provide independent 14 analysis of homeland security issues, or to carry out other responsibilities 15 under this subtitle, including coordinating and integrating both the extra-16 mural and intramural programs described in section 10707 of this title. 17 §10705. Miscellaneous provisions (a) CLASSIFICATION.—To the greatest extent practicable, research con-18 19 ducted or supported by the Department shall be unclassified. 20 (b) Construction.—Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to preclude 21 any Under Secretary of the Department from carrying out research, devel-22 opment, demonstration, or deployment activities, as long as the activities are 23 coordinated through the Under Secretary for Science and Technology. 24 (c) Regulations.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for 25 Science and Technology, may issue necessary regulations with respect to re-26 search, development, demonstration, testing, and evaluation activities of the 27 Department, including the conducting, funding, and reviewing of the activi-28 ties. 29 §10706. Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects 30 Agency 31 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 32 (1) FUND.—The term "Fund" means the Acceleration Fund for Re-33 search and Development of Homeland Security Technologies estab-34 lished in subsection (c). 35 (2) HOMELAND SECURITY RESEARCH.—The term "homeland secu-36 rity research" means research relevant to the detection of, prevention 37 of, protection against, response to, attribution of, and recovery from 38 homeland security threats, particularly acts of terrorism. 39 (3) HSARPA.—The term "HSARPA" means the Homeland Secu-40 rity Advanced Research Projects Agency established in subsection (b).

1	(4) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means
2	the Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
3	(b) Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency.—
4	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Homeland
5	Security Advanced Research Projects Agency.
6	(2) DirectorThe Director is the head of HSARPA. The
7	Director is appointed by the Secretary. The Director re-
8	PORTS TO THE UNDER SECRETARY.
9	(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Director shall administer the Fund to
10	award competitive, merit-reviewed grants, cooperative agreements or
11	contracts to public or private entities, including businesses, federally
12	funded research and development centers, and universities. The Direc-
13	tor shall administer the Fund to—
14	(A) support basic and applied homeland security research to
15	promote revolutionary changes in technologies that would promote
16	homeland security;
17	(B) advance the development, testing and evaluation, and de-
18	ployment of critical homeland security technologies; and
19	(C) accelerate the prototyping and deployment of technologies
20	that would address homeland security vulnerabilities.
21	(4) TARGETED COMPETITIONS.—The Director may solicit proposals
22	to address specific vulnerabilities identified by the Director.
23	(5) COORDINATION.—The Director shall ensure that the activities of
24	HSARPA are coordinated with those of other relevant research agen-
25	cies, and may run projects jointly with other agencies.
26	(6) PERSONNEL.—In hiring personnel for HSARPA, the Secretary
27	has the hiring and management authorities described in section 1101
28	of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
29	Year 1999 (Public Law 105–261, 5 U.S.C. 3104 note). The term of
30	appointments for employees under subsection $(c)(1)$ of that section may
31	not exceed 5 years before the granting of an extension under subsection
32	(c)(2) of that section.
33	(7) DEMONSTRATIONS.—The Director, periodically, shall hold home-
34	land security technology demonstrations to improve contact among
35	technology developers, vendors and acquisition personnel.
36	(c) FUND.—
37	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Acceleration
38	Fund for Research and Development of Homeland Security Tech-
39	nologies (in this subsection referred to as the "Acceleration Fund").
40	The Director administers the Acceleration Fund.

1	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—There is authorized to
2	be appropriated to the Acceleration Fund such sums as may be nec-
3	essary.
4	§10707. Conduct of research, development, demonstration,
5	testing and evaluation
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary
7	for Science and Technology, shall carry out the responsibilities under section
8	10701(4) of this title through both extramural and intramural programs.
9	(b) Extramural Programs.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Sec-
11	retary for Science and Technology, shall operate extramural research,
12	development, demonstration, testing, and evaluation programs so as
13	to—
14	(A) ensure that colleges, universities, private research institutes,
15	and companies (and consortia thereof) from as many areas of the
16	United States as practicable participate;
17	(B) ensure that the research funded is of high quality, as deter-
18	mined through merit review processes developed under section
19	10701(14) of this title; and
20	(C) distribute funds through grants, cooperative agreements,
21	and contracts.
22	(2) University-based centers for homeland security.—
23	(A) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Under
24	Secretary for Science and Technology, shall designate a university-
25	based center or several university-based centers for homeland secu-
26	rity. The purpose of the center or these centers shall be to estab-
27	lish a coordinated, university-based system to enhance the Na-
28	tion's homeland security.
29	(B) CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATION.—Criteria for the designation
30	of colleges or universities as a center for homeland security, shall
31	include demonstrated expertise in—
32	(i) The training of first responders.
33	(ii) Responding to incidents involving weapons of mass de-
34	struction and biological warfare.
35	(iii) Emergency and diagnostic medical services.
36	(iv) Chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear counter-
37	measures or detection.
38	(v) Animal and plant health and diagnostics.
39	(vi) Food safety.
40	(vii) Water and wastewater operations.
41	(viii) Port and waterway security.

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1	(ix) Multi-modal transportation.
2	(x) Information security and information engineering.
3	(xi) Engineering.
4	(xii) Educational outreach and technical assistance.
5	(xiii) Border transportation and security.
6	(xiv) The public policy implications and public dissemina-
7	tion of homeland security related research and development.
8	(C) DISCRETION OF SECRETARY.—To the extent that exercising
9	discretion is in the interest of homeland security, and with respect
10	to the designation of any given university-based center for home-
11	land security, the Secretary may except certain criteria as speci-
12	fied in subsection (b)(2)(B) and consider additional criteria be-
13	youd those specified in subsection $(b)(2)(B)$. On designation of a
14	university-based center for homeland security, the Secretary shall
15	that day publish in the Federal Register the criteria that were ex-
16	cepted or added in the selection process and the justification for
17	the set of criteria that were used for that designation.
18	(D) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall report annu-
19	ally to Congress concerning the implementation of this section.
20	The report shall indicate which center or centers have been des-
21	ignated and how the designation or designations enhance home-
22	land security, as well as report any decisions to revoke or modify
23	the designations.
24	(E) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized
25	to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out
26	this paragraph.
27	(c) INTRAMURAL PROGRAMS.—
28	(1) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the duties under section 10701
29	of this title, the Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for
30	Science and Technology, may draw upon the expertise of any labora-
31	tory of the Federal Government, whether operated by a contractor or
32	the Government.
33	(2) LABORATORIES.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Sec-
34	retary for Science and Technology, may establish a headquarters lab-
35	oratory for the Department at any laboratory or site and may establish
36	additional laboratory units at other laboratories or sites.
37	(3) CRITERIA FOR HEADQUARTERS LABORATORY.—If the Secretary
38	chooses to establish a headquarters laboratory under paragraph (2), the
39	Secretary shall do the following:

1	(A) Establish criteria for the selection of the headquarters lab-
2	oratory in consultation with the National Academy of Sciences, ap-
3	propriate Federal agencies, and other experts.
4	(B) Publish the criteria in the Federal Register.
5	(C) Evaluate all appropriate laboratories or sites against the
6	criteria.
7	(D) Select a laboratory or site on the basis of the criteria.
8	(E) Report to the appropriate congressional committees on
9	which laboratory was selected, how the selected laboratory meets
10	the published criteria, and what duties the headquarters labora-
11	tory shall perform.
12	(4) LIMITATION ON OPERATION OF LABORATORIES.—A laboratory
13	may not begin operating as the headquarters laboratory of the Depart-
14	ment until at least 30 days after the transmittal of the report required
15	by paragraph (3)(E).
16	§10708. Utilization of Department of Energy national lab-
17	oratories and sites in support of homeland secu-
18	rity activities
19	(a) Authority to Utilize National Laboratories and Sites.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the missions of the Department,
21	the Secretary may utilize the Department of Energy national labora-
22	tories and sites through one or more of the following methods, as the
23	Secretary considers appropriate:
24	(A) A joint sponsorship arrangement referred to in subsection
25	(b).
26	(B) A direct contract between the Department and the applica-
27	ble Department of Energy laboratory or site, subject to subsection
28	(c).
29	(C) A "work for others" basis made available by that laboratory
30	or site.
31	(D) Any other method provided by law.
32	(2) Acceptance and performance by labs and sites.—Not-
33	withstanding any other law governing the administration, mission, use,
34	or operations of Department of Energy national laboratories and sites,
35	the laboratories and sites may accept and perform work for the Sec-
36	retary, consistent with resources provided, and perform work on an
37	equal basis to other missions at the laboratory and not on a noninter-
38	ference basis with other missions of the laboratory or site.
39	(b) JOINT SPONSORSHIP ARRANGEMENTS.—
40	(1) LABORATORIES.—The Department may be a joint sponsor, under
41	a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the Department of

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Energy, of one or more Department of Energy national laboratories in

2 the performance of work.

3 (2) SITES.—The Department may be a joint sponsor of a Depart4 ment of Energy site in the performance of work as if the site were a
5 federally funded research and development center and the work were
6 performed under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the
7 Department.

(3) PRIMARY SPONSOR.—The Department of Energy shall be the primary sponsor under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement referred to in paragraph (1) or (2).

(4) LEAD AGENT.—The Secretary of Energy shall act as the lead
agent in coordinating the formation and performance of a joint sponsorship arrangement under this subsection between the Department
and a Department of Energy national laboratory or site.

(5) COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—Work
performed by a Department of Energy national laboratory or site under
a joint sponsorship arrangement under this subsection shall comply
with the policy on the use of federally funded research and development
centers under the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(6) FUNDING.—The Department shall provide funds for work at the
Department of Energy national laboratories or sites, as the case may
be, under a joint sponsorship arrangement under this subsection under
the same terms and conditions as apply to the primary sponsor of a
national laboratory under section 3303(a)(1)(C) of title 41 or of a site
to the extent the section applies to the site as a federally funded research and development center by reason of this subsection.

27 (c) SEPARATE CONTRACTING.—To the extent that programs or activities 28 transferred by the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public. Law 107-296, 29 116 Stat. 2135) from the Department of Energy to the Department of 30 Homeland Security are being carried out through direct contracts with the 31 operator of a national laboratory or site of the Department of Energy, the 32 Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Energy shall ensure 33 that direct contracts for the programs and activities between the Depart-34 ment of Homeland Security and the operator are separate from the direct 35 contracts of the Department of Energy with the operator.

(d) AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS AND LICENSING AGREEMENTS.—In connection
with utilization of Department of Energy national laboratories and sites
under this section, the Secretary may permit the director of a national laboratory or site to enter into cooperative research and development agreements or to negotiate licensing agreements with any person, any agency or

1 instrumentality, of the United States, any unit of State or local government, 2 and any other entity under the authority granted by section 12 of the Ste-3 venson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a). 4 Technology may be transferred to a non-Federal party to an agreement con-5 sistent with the provisions of sections 11 and 12 of that Act (15 U.S.C. 6 3710, 3710a). 7 (e) REIMBURSEMENT OF COSTS.—In the case of an activity carried out 8 by the operator of a Department of Energy national laboratory or site in 9 connection with the utilization of the laboratory or site under this section, 10 the Department of Homeland Security shall reimburse the Department of 11 Energy for costs of the activity through a method under which the Secretary 12 of Energy waives any requirement for the Department of Homeland Secu-13 rity to pay administrative charges or personnel costs of the Department of 14 Energy or its contractors in excess of the amount that the Secretary of En-15 ergy pays for an activity carried out by the contractor and paid for by the 16 Department of Energy. 17 (f) LABORATORY-DIRECTED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BY THE DE-18 PARTMENT OF ENERGY .-- No funds authorized to be appropriated or other-19 wise made available to the Department in a fiscal year may be obligated 20 or expended for laboratory directed research and development activities car-21 ried out by the Department of Energy unless the activities support the mis-22 sions of the Department. 23 (g) OFFICE FOR NATIONAL LABORATORIES.—There is in the Directorate 24 of Science and Technology the Office for National Laboratories. The Office 25 is responsible for the coordination and utilization of the Department of En-26 ergy national laboratories and sites under this section in a manner to create 27 a networked laboratory system for the purpose of supporting the missions 28 of the Department. 29 (h) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY COORDINATION ON HOMELAND SECURITY-30 RELATED RESEARCH.—The Secretary of Energy shall ensure that research, 31 development, test, and evaluation activities conducted within the Depart-32 ment of Energy that are directly or indirectly related to homeland security 33 are fully coordinated with the Secretary to minimize duplication of effort 34 and maximize the effective application of Federal budget resources. 35 §10709. Transfer of Plum Island Animal Disease Center, De-36 partment of Agriculture 37 (a) IN GENERAL.— The Secretary succeeds the Secretary of Agriculture 38 as head of the Plum Island Animal Disease Center of the Department of 39 Agriculture, including the assets and liabilities of the Center. 40 (b) CONTINUED DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ACCESS.-On comple-41 tion of the transfer of the Plum Island Animal Disease Center under sub-

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1	section (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Agri-
2	culture shall enter into an agreement to ensure that the Department of Ag-
3	riculture is able to carry out research, diagnostic, and other activities of the
4	Department of Agriculture at the Center.
5	(c) DIRECTION OF ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall con-
6	tinue to direct the research, diagnostic, and other activities of the Depart-
7	ment of Agriculture at the Center described in subsection (b).
8	(d) NOTIFICATION.—At least 180 days before a change in the biosafety
9	level at the Plum Island Animal Disease Center, the President shall notify
10	Congress of the change and describe the reasons for the change.
11	(e) Relocation of National Bio- and Agro-Defense Facility.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the
13	Secretary determines that the National Bio- and Agro-defense Facility
14	should be located at a site other than Plum Island, New York, the Sec-
15	retary shall ensure that the Administrator of General Services sells
16	through public sale all real and related personal property and transpor-
17	tation assets that support Plum Island operations, subject to terms and
18	conditions necessary to protect Government interests and meet program
19	requirements.
20	(2) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—The proceeds of the sale described in sub-
21	section (a) shall be deposited as offsetting collections into the Depart-
22	ment of Homeland Security Science and Technology "Research, Devel-
23	opment, Acquisition, and Operations" account and, subject to appro-
24	priation, shall be available until expended, for site acquisition, construc-
25	tion, and costs related to the construction of the National Bio- and
26	Agro-defense Facility, including the costs associated with the sale, in-
27	cluding due diligence requirements, necessary environmental remedi-
28	ation at Plum Island, and reimbursement of expenses incurred by the
29	General Services Administration.
30	§10710. Homeland Security Science and Technology Advi-
31	sory Committee
32	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department a Homeland Security
33	Science and Technology Advisory Committee (in this section referred to as
34	the "Advisory Committee"). The Advisory Committee shall make recom-
35	mendations with respect to the activities of the Under Secretary for Science
36	and Technology, including identifying research areas of potential importance
37	to the security of the Nation.
38	(b) Membership.—
39	(1) APPOINTMENT.—The Advisory Committee consists of 20 mem-
40	bers appointed by the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, in-
41	cluding emergency first-responders or representatives of organizations

1	or associations of emergency first-responders. The Advisory Committee
2	also shall include representatives of citizen groups, including economi-
3	cally disadvantaged communities. The individuals appointed as mem-
4	bers of the Advisory Committee—
5	(A) shall be eminent in fields such as emergency response, re-
6	search, engineering, new product development, business, and man-
7	agement consulting;
8	(B) shall be selected solely on the basis of established records
9	of distinguished service;
10	(C) shall not be employees of the Federal Government; and
11	(D) shall be selected to provide representation of a cross-section
12	of the research, development, demonstration, and deployment ac-
13	tivities supported by the Under Secretary for Science and Tech-
14	nology.
15	(2) NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL.—The Under Secretary for
16	Science and Technology may enter into an arrangement for the Na-
17	tional Research Council to select members of the Advisory Committee,
18	but only if the panel used by the National Research Council reflects
19	the representation described in paragraph (1).
20	(c) TERMS OF OFFICE.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
22	the term of office of each member of the Advisory Committee shall be
23	3 years.
24	(2) VACANCIES.—A member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring be-
25	fore the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was
26	appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of the term.
27	(d) ELIGIBILITY.—A person who has completed two consecutive full terms
28	of service on the Advisory Committee is ineligible for appointment during
29	the 1-year period following the expiration of the second term.
30	(e) MEETINGS.—The Advisory Committee shall meet at least quarterly at
31	the call of the Chair or whenever one-third of the members request a meet-
32	ing in writing. Each member shall be given appropriate notice of the call
33	of each meeting, whenever possible not less than 15 days before the meet-
34	ing.
35	(f) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the Advisory Committee not
36	having a conflict of interest in the matter being considered by the Advisory
37	Committee constitutes a quorum.
38	(g) Conflict of Interest Rules.—The Advisory Committee shall es-
39	tablish rules for determining when one of its members has a conflict of in-
40	terest in a matter being considered by the Advisory Committee.
41	(h) REPORTS.—

1	(1) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Advisory Committee shall render an an-
2	nual report to the Under Secretary for Science and Technology for
3	transmittal to Congress on or before January 31 each year. The report
4	shall describe the activities and recommendations of the Advisory Com-
5	mittee during the previous year.
6	(2) Additional reports.—The Advisory Committee may render to
7	the Under Secretary for transmittal to Congress additional reports on
8	specific policy matters it considers appropriate.
9	(i) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT EXEMPTION.—Section 14 of
10	the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the
11	Advisory Committee.
12	§10711. Homeland Security Institute
13	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Homeland Secu-
14	rity Institute (in this section referred to as the "Institute"), established as
15	a federally funded research and development center.
16	(b) Administration.—The Institute shall be administered as a separate
17	entity by the Secretary.
18	(c) DUTIES.—The duties of the Institute shall be determined by the Sec-
19	retary, and may include the following:
20	(1) Systems analysis, risk analysis, and simulation and modeling to
21	determine the vulnerabilities of the Nation's critical infrastructures and
22	the effectiveness of the systems deployed to reduce those vulnerabilities.
23	(2) Economic and policy analysis to assess the distributed costs and
24	benefits of alternative approaches to enhancing security.
25	(3) Evaluation of the effectiveness of measures deployed to enhance
26	the security of institutions, facilities, and infrastructure that may be
27	terrorist targets.
28	(4) Identification of instances when common standards and protocols
29	could improve the interoperability and effective utilization of tools de-
30	veloped for field operators and first responders.
31	(5) Assistance for Federal agencies and departments in establishing
32	test beds to evaluate the effectiveness of technologies under development
33	and to assess the appropriateness of the technologies for deployment.
34	(6) Design of metrics and use of those metrics to evaluate the effec-
35	tiveness of homeland security programs throughout the Federal Gov-
36	ernment, including all national laboratories.
37	(7) Design of and support for the conduct of homeland security-re-
38	lated exercises and simulations.
39	(8) Creation of strategic technology development plans to reduce vul-
40	nerabilities in the Nation's critical infrastructure and key resources.

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1	(d) CONSULTATION ON INSTITUTE ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the du-
2	ties described in subsection (c), the Institute shall consult widely with rep-
3	resentatives from private industry, institutions of higher education, non-
4	profit institutions, other Government agencies, and federally funded re-
5	search and development centers.
6	(e) USE OF NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE SIMULATION AND ANALYSIS
7	CENTERS.—The Institute shall utilize the capabilities of the National Infra-
8	structure Simulation and Analysis Center.
9	(f) ANNUAL REPORTS.—The Institute shall transmit to the Secretary and
10	Congress an annual report on the activities of the Institute under this sec-
11	tion.
12	§10712. Technology clearinghouse to encourage and sup-
13	port innovative solutions to enhance homeland se-
14	curity
15	(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary, acting through the
16	Under Secretary for Science and Technology, shall establish and promote
17	a program to encourage technological innovation in facilitating the mission
18	of the Department (as described in section 10301 of this title).
19	(b) ELEMENTS OF PROGRAM.—The program described in subsection (a)
20	shall include the following components:
21	(1) The establishment of a centralized Federal clearinghouse for in-
22	formation relating to technologies that would further the mission of the
23	Department for dissemination, as appropriate, to Federal, State, and
24	local government and private-sector entities for additional review, pur-
25	chase, or use.
26	(2) The issuance of announcements seeking unique and innovative
27	technologies to advance the mission of the Department.
28	(3) The establishment of a technical assistance team to assist in
29	screening, as appropriate, proposals submitted to the Secretary (except
30	as provided in subsection $(c)(2)$) to assess the feasibility, scientific and
31	technical merits, and estimated cost of the proposals, as appropriate.
32	(4) The provision of guidance, recommendations, and technical as-
33	sistance, as appropriate, to assist Federal, State, and local government
34	and private-sector efforts to evaluate and implement the use of tech-
35	nologies described in paragraph (1) or (2).
36	(5) The provision of information for persons seeking guidance on
37	how to pursue proposals to develop or deploy technologies that would
38	enhance homeland security, including information relating to Federal
39	funding, regulation, or acquisition.
40	(c) MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as authoriz-
2	ing the Secretary or the technical assistance team established under sub-
3	section (b)(3) to set standards for technology to be used by the Department,
4	another executive agency, a State or local government entity, or a private-
5	sector entity.
6	(2) CERTAIN PROPOSALS.—The technical assistance team established
7	under subsection (b)(3) shall not consider or evaluate proposals submit-
8	ted in response to a solicitation for offers for a pending procurement
9	or for a specific agency requirement.
10	(3) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall
11	coordinate with the Technical Support Working Group (organized
12	under the April 1982 National Security Decision Directive Numbered
13	30).
14	§10713. Enhancement of public safety communications
15	interoperability
16	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "interoperable communica-
17	tions" means the ability of emergency response providers and relevant Fed-
18	eral, State, and local government agencies to communicate with each other
19	as necessary, through a dedicated public safety network utilizing informa-
20	tion technology systems and radio communications systems, and to exchange
21	voice, data, and video with one another on demand, in real time, as nec-
22	essary.
23	(b) Coordination of Public Safety Interoperable Communica-
24	TIONS PROGRAMS.—
25	(1) PROGRAM.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of
26	Commerce and the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commis-
27	sion, shall establish a program to enhance public safety interoperable
28	communications at all levels of government. The program shall—
29	(A) establish a comprehensive national approach to achieving
30	public safety interoperable communications;
31	(B) coordinate with other Federal agencies in carrying out sub-
32	paragraph (A);
33	(C) develop, in consultation with other appropriate Federal
34	agencies and State and local authorities, appropriate minimum ca-
35	pabilities for communications interoperability for Federal, State,
36	and local public safety agencies;
37	(D) accelerate, in consultation with other Federal agencies, in-
38	cluding the National Institute of Standards and Technology, the
39	private sector, and nationally recognized standards organizations
40	as appropriate, the development of national voluntary consensus

1	standards for public safety interoperable communications, rec-
2	ognizing
3	(i) the value, life cycle, and technical capabilities of existing
4	communications infrastructure;
5	(ii) the need for cross-border interoperability between
6	States and nations;
7	(iii) the unique needs of small, rural communities; and
8	(iv) the interoperability needs for daily operations and cata-
9	strophic events;
10	(E) encourage the development and implementation of flexible
11	and open architectures incorporating, where possible, technologies
12	that currently are commercially available, with appropriate levels
13	of security, for short-term and long-term solutions to public safety
14	communications interoperability;
15	(F) assist other Federal agencies in identifying priorities for re-
16	search, development, and testing and evaluation with regard to
17	public safety interoperable communications;
18	(G) identify priorities within the Department of Homeland Se-
19	curity for research, development, and testing and evaluation with
20	regard to public safety interoperable communications;
21	(H) establish coordinated guidance for Federal grant programs
22	for public safety interoperable communications;
23	(I) provide technical assistance to State and local public safety
24	agencies regarding planning, acquisition strategies, interoperability
25	architectures, training, and other functions necessary to achieve
26	public safety communications interoperability;
27	(J) develop and disseminate best practices to improve public
28	safety communications interoperability; and
29	(K) develop appropriate performance measures and milestones
30	to systematically measure the Nation's progress toward achieving
31	public safety communications interoperability, including the devel-
32	opment of national voluntary consensus standards.
33	(2) Office for interoperability and compatibility.—
34	(A) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—The Secretary may establish
35	an Office for Interoperability and Compatibility within the Direc-
36	torate of Science and Technology to carry out this subsection.
37	(B) FUNCTIONS.—If the Secretary establishes an office, the
38	Secretary shall, through the office—
39	(i) carry out Department of Homeland Security responsibil-
40	ities and authorities relating to the SAFECOM Program; and
41	(ii) carry out section 11111 of this title.

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1	(c) INTERNATIONAL INTEROPERABILITY.—The President shall establish a
2	mechanism for coordinating cross-border interoperability issues between—
3	(1) the United States and Canada; and
4	(2) the United States and Mexico.
5	(d) Multiyear Interoperability Grants.—
6	(1) MULTIYEAR COMMITMENTS.—In awarding grants to a State, re-
7	gion, local government, or Indian tribe for the purposes of enhancing
8	interoperable communications capabilities for emergency response pro-
9	viders, the Secretary may commit to obligate Federal assistance beyond
10	the current fiscal year, subject to the limitations and restrictions in this
11	subsection.
12	(2) RESTRICTIONS.—
13	(A) TIME LIMIT.—No multiyear interoperability commitment
14	may exceed 3 years in duration.
15	(B) AMOUNT OF COMMITTED FUNDS.—The total amount of as-
16	sistance the Secretary has committed to obligate for a future fiscal
17	year under paragraph (1) may not exceed \$150,000,000.
18	(3) Letters of intent.—
19	(A) ISSUANCE.—Under paragraph (1), the Secretary may issue
20	a letter of intent to an applicant committing to obligate from fu-
21	ture budget authority an amount, not more than the Federal Gov-
22	ernment's share of the project's cost, for an interoperability com-
23	munications project (including interest costs and costs of formulat-
24	ing the project).
25	(B) Schedule.—A letter of intent under this paragraph shall
26	establish a schedule under which the Secretary will reimburse the
27	applicant for the Federal Government's share of the project's
28	costs, as amounts become available, if the applicant, after the Sec-
29	retary issues the letter, carries out the project before receiving
30	amounts under a grant issued by the Secretary.
31	(C) NOTICE TO SECRETARY.—An applicant that is issued a let-
32	ter of intent under this subsection shall notify the Secretary of the
33	applicant's intent to carry out a project pursuant to the letter be-
34	fore the project begins.
35	(D) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall transmit a
36	written notification to Congress no later than 3 days before the
37	issuance of a letter of intent under this section.
38	(E) LIMITATIONS.—A letter of intent issued under this section
39	is not an obligation of the Government under section 1501 of title
40	31, and is not deemed to be an administrative commitment for fi-
41	nancing. An obligation or administrative commitment may be

1	made only as amounts are provided in authorization and appro-
2	priations laws.
3	(F) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection
4	shall be construed
5	(i) to prohibit the obligation of amounts pursuant to a let-
6	ter of intent under this subsection in the same fiscal year as
7	the letter of intent is issued; or
8	(ii) to apply to, or replace, Federal assistance intended for
9	interoperable communications that is not provided pursuant
10	to a commitment under this subsection.
11	(e) INTEROPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS PLANS.—An applicant requesting
12	funding assistance from the Secretary for interoperable communications for
13	emergency response providers shall submit an Interoperable Communica-
14	tions Plan to the Secretary for approval. A plan shall—
15	(1) describe the current state of communications interoperability in
16	the applicable jurisdictions among Federal, State, and local emergency
17	response providers and other relevant private resources;
18	(2) describe the available and planned use of public safety frequency
19	spectrum and resources for interoperable communications within the
20	jurisdictions;
21	(3) describe how the planned use of spectrum and resources for
22	interoperable communications is compatible with surrounding capabili-
23	ties and interoperable communications plans of Federal, State, and
24	local governmental entities, military installations, foreign governments,
25	critical infrastructure, and other relevant entities;
26	(4) include a 5-year plan for the dedication of Federal, State, and
27	local government and private resources to achieve a consistent, secure,
28	and effective interoperable communications system, including planning,
29	system design and engineering, testing and technology development,
30	procurement and installation, training, and operations and mainte-
31	nance;
32	(5) describe how the 5-year plan meets or exceeds applicable stand-
33	ards and grant requirements established by the Secretary;
34	(6) include information on the governance structure used to develop
35	the plan, including this information about all agencies and organiza-
36	tions that participated in developing the plan and the scope and time-
37	frame of the plan; and
38	(7) describe the method by which multi-jurisdictional, multidisci-
39	plinary input is provided from all regions of the jurisdiction, including
40	high-threat urban areas located in the jurisdiction, and the process for
41	continuing to incorporate input.

1	(f) Expanded Reporting Requirement.—In addition to the committees
2	specifically enumerated to receive reports under title XII of the Implement-
3	ing Recommendations Of The 9/11 Commission Act Of 2007 (Public Law
4	110–53, 121 Stat. 381), any report transmitted under the provisions of that
5	Title shall also be transmitted to the appropriate congressional committees.
6	§ 10714. Office for Interoperability and Compatibility
7	(a) CLARIFICATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Director of the Office
8	for Interoperability and Compatibility shall—
9	(1) assist the Secretary in developing and implementing the science
10	and technology aspects of the program described in subparagraphs (D),
11	(E), (F), and (G) of section 10713(b)(1) of this title;
12	(2) in coordination with the Federal Communications Commission,
13	the National Institute of Standards and Technology, and other Federal
14	departments and agencies with responsibility for standards, support the
15	creation of national voluntary consensus standards for interoperable
16	emergency communications;
17	(3) establish a comprehensive research, development, testing, and
18	evaluation program for improving interoperable emergency communica-
19	tions;
20	(4) establish, in coordination with the Director for Emergency Com-
21	munications, requirements for interoperable emergency communications
22	capabilities, which shall be nonproprietary where standards for the ca-
23	pabilities exist, for all public safety radio and data communications sys-
24	tems and equipment purchased using homeland security assistance ad-
25	ministered by the Department, excluding an alert and warning device,
26	technology, or system;
27	(5) carry out the Department's responsibilities and authorities relat-
28	ing to research, development, testing, evaluation, or standards-related
29	elements of the SAFECOM Program;
30	(6) evaluate and assess new technology in real-world environments
31	to achieve interoperable emergency communications capabilities;
32	(7) encourage more efficient use of existing resources, including
33	equipment, to achieve interoperable emergency communications capa-
34	bilities;
35	(8) test public safety communications systems that are less prone to
36	failure, support new nonvoice services, use spectrum more efficiently,
37	and cost less than existing systems;
38	(9) coordinate with the private sector to develop solutions to improve
39	emergency communications capabilities and achieve interoperable emer-
40	gency communications capabilities; and

1	(10) conduct pilot projects, in coordination with the Director for
2	Emergency Communications, to test and demonstrate technologies, in-
3	cluding data and video, that enhance
4	(A) the ability of emergency response providers and relevant
5	government officials to continue to communicate in the event of
6	natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters;
7	and
8	(B) interoperable emergency communications capabilities.
9	(b) COORDINATION.—The Director of the Office for Interoperability and
10	Compatibility shall coordinate with the Director for Emergency Communica-
11	tions with respect to the SAFECOM program.
12	(c) SUFFICIENCY OF RESOURCES.—The Secretary shall provide the Office
13	for Interoperability and Compatibility the resources and staff necessary to
14	carry out the responsibilities under this section.
15	§10715. Emergency communications interoperability re-
16	search and development
17	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "interoperable emergency
18	communications" has the meaning given the term "interoperable commu-
19	nications" under section 10713(a) of this title.
20	(b) In General.—The Secretary, acting though the Under Secretary for
21	Science and Technology and the Director of the Office for Interoperability
22	and Compatibility, shall establish a comprehensive research and development
23	program to support and promote
24	(1) the ability of emergency response providers and relevant govern-
25	ment officials to continue to communicate in the event of natural disas-
26	ters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters; and
27	(2) interoperable emergency communications capabilities among
28	emergency response providers and relevant government officials, includ-
29	ing by—
30	(A) supporting research on a competitive basis, including
31	through the Directorate of Science and Technology and Homeland
32	Security Advanced Research Projects Agency; and
33	(B) considering the establishment of a Center of Excellence
34	under the Department of Homeland Security Centers of Excel-
35	lence Program focused on improving emergency response provid-
36	ers' communication capabilities.
37	(c) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the program established under sub-
38	section (b) include—
39	(1) supporting research, development, testing, and evaluation on
40	emergency communication capabilities;

1	(2) understanding the strengths and weaknesses of the public safety
2	communications systems in use;
3	(3) examining how current and emerging technology can make emer-
4	gency response providers more effective, and how Federal, State, local,
5	and tribal government agencies can use this technology in a coherent
6	and cost-effective manner;
7	(4) investigating technologies that could lead to long-term advance-
8	ments in emergency communications capabilities and supporting re-
9	search on advanced technologies and potential systemic changes to dra-
10	matically improve emergency communications; and
11	(5) evaluating and validating advanced technology concepts, and fa-
12	cilitating the development and deployment of interoperable emergency
13	communication capabilities.
14	§10716. National Biosurveillance Integration Center
15	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
16	(1) BIOLOGICAL AGENT.—The term "biological agent" has the mean-
17	ing given that term in section 178 of title 18.
18	(2) BIOLOGICAL EVENT OF NATIONAL CONCERN.—The term "bio-
19	logical event of national concern' means—
20	(A) an act of terrorism involving a biological agent or toxin; or
21	(B) a naturally occurring outbreak of an infectious disease that
22	may result in a national epidemic.
23	(3) HOMELAND SECURITY INFORMATION.—The term "homeland se-
24	curity information" has the meaning given that term in section 11706
25	of this title.
26	(4) MEMBER AGENCY.—The term "Member Agency" means any
27	Federal department or agency that, at the discretion of the head of
28	that department or agency, has entered into a memorandum of under-
29	standing regarding participation in the NBIC.
30	(5) PRIVACY OFFICER.—The term "Privacy Officer" means the Pri-
31	vacy Officer appointed under section 10532 of this title.
32	(6) TOXIN.—The term "toxin" has the meaning given that term in
33	section 178 of title 18.
34	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish, operate, and main-
35	tain a National Biosurveillance Integration Center (in this section referred
36	to as the "NBIC"), which shall be headed by a Directing Officer, under an
37	office or directorate of the Department that is in existence as of August 3,
38	2007.
39	(c) PRIMARY MISSION.—The primary mission of the NBIC is to—
40	(1) enhance the capability of the Federal Government to—

1	(A) rapidly identify, characterize, localize, and track a biological
2	event of national concern by integrating and analyzing data relat-
3	ing to human health, animal, plant, food, and environmental mon-
4	itoring systems (both national and international); and
5	(B) disseminate alerts and other information to Member Agen-
6	cies and, in coordination with (and where possible through) Mem-
7	ber Agencies, to agencies of State, local, and tribal governments,
8	as appropriate, to enhance the ability of the agencies to respond
9	to a biological event of national concern; and
10	(2) oversee development and operation of the National Biosurveil-
11	lance Integration System.
12	(d) REQUIREMENTS.—The NBIC shall detect, as early as possible, a bio-
13	logical event of national concern that presents a risk to the United States
14	or the infrastructure or key assets of the United States, including by-
15	(1) consolidating data from all relevant surveillance systems main-
16	tained by Member Agencies to detect biological events of national con-
17	cern across human, animal, and plant species;
18	(2) seeking private sources of surveillance, both foreign and domes-
19	tic, when the sources would enhance coverage of critical surveillance
20	gaps;
21	(3) using an information technology system that uses the best avail-
22	able statistical and other analytical tools to identify and characterize
23	biological events of national concern in as close to real-time as is prac-
24	ticable;
25	(4) providing the infrastructure for such?? integration, including in-
26	formation technology systems and space, and support for personnel
27	from Member Agencies with sufficient expertise to enable analysis and
28	interpretation of data;
29	(5) working with Member Agencies to create information technology
30	systems that use the minimum amount of patient data necessary and
31	consider patient confidentiality and privacy issues at all stages of devel-
32	opment and apprise the Privacy Officer of these efforts; and
33	(6) alerting Member Agencies and, in coordination with (and where
34	possible through) Member Agencies, public health agencies of State,
35	local, and tribal governments regarding an incident that could develop
36	into a biological event of national concern.
37	(e) Responsibilities of the Directing Officer of the NBIC.—
38	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Directing Officer of the NBIC shall—
39	(A) on an ongoing basis, monitor the availability and appro-
40	priateness of surveillance systems used by the NBIC and those

1	systems that could enhance biological situational awareness or the
2	overall performance of the NBIC;
3	(B) on an ongoing basis, review and seek to improve the statis-
4	tical and other analytical methods used by the NBIC;
5	(C) receive and consider other relevant homeland security infor-
6	mation, as appropriate; and
7	(D) provide technical assistance, as appropriate, to all Federal,
8	regional, State, local, and tribal government entities and private-
9	sector entities that contribute data relevant to the operation of the
10	NBIC.
11	(2) Assessments.—The Directing Officer of the NBIC shall—
12	(A) on an ongoing basis, evaluate available data for evidence of
13	a biological event of national concern; and
14	(B) integrate homeland security information with NBIC data to
15	provide overall situational awareness and determine whether a bio-
16	logical event of national concern has occurred.
17	(3) Information sharing.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Directing Officer of the NBIC shall—
19	(i) establish a method of real-time communication with the
20	National Operations Center;
21	(ii) in the event that a biological event of national concern
22	is detected, notify the Secretary and disseminate results of
23	NBIC assessments relating to that biological event of national
24	concern to appropriate Federal response entities and, in co-
25	ordination with relevant Member Agencies, regional, State,
26	local, and tribal governmental response entities in a timely
27	manner;
28	(iii) provide any report on NBIC assessments to Member
29	Agencies and, in coordination with relevant Member Agencies,
30	an affected regional, State, local, or tribal government, and
31	any private-sector entity considered appropriate that may en-
32	hance the mission of the Member Agencies, governments, or
33	entities or the ability of the Nation to respond to biological
34	events of national concern; and
35	(iv) share NBIC incident or situational awareness reports,
36	and other relevant information, consistent with the informa-
37	tion sharing environment established under section 11707 of
38	this title and policies, guidelines, procedures, instructions, or
39	standards established under that section.
40	(B) CONSULTATION.—The Directing Officer of the NBIC shall
41	implement the activities described in subparagraph (A) consistent

1	with the policies, guidelines, procedures, instructions, or standards
2	established under section 11707 of this title and in consultation
3	with the Director of National Intelligence, the Under Secretary for
4	Intelligence and Analysis, and other offices or agencies of the Fed-
5	eral Government, as appropriate.
6	(f) Responsibilities of the NBIC Member Agencies.—Each Mem-
7	ber Agency shall—
8	(1) use its best efforts to integrate biosurveillance information into
9	the NBIC, with the goal of promoting information sharing between
10	Federal, State, local, and tribal governments to detect biological events
11	of national concern;
12	(2) provide timely information to assist the NBIC in maintaining bi-
13	ological situational awareness for accurate detection and response pur-
14	poses;
15	(3) enable the NBIC to receive and use biosurveillance information
16	from member agencies to carry out its requirements under subsection
17	(c);
18	(4) connect the biosurveillance data systems of that Member Agency
19	to the NBIC data system under mutually agreed protocols that are
20	consistent with subsection $(c)(5)$;
21	(5) participate in the formation of strategy and policy for the oper-
22	ation of the NBIC and its information sharing;
23	(6) provide personnel to the NBIC under an interagency personnel
24	agreement and consider the qualifications of the personnel necessary to
25	provide human, animal, and environmental data analysis and interpre-
26	tation support to the NBIC; and
27	(7) retain responsibility for the surveillance and intelligence systems
28	of that department or agency, if applicable.
29	(g) Administrative Authorities.—
30	(1) HIRING OF EXPERTS.—The Directing Officer of the NBIC shall
31	hire individuals with the necessary expertise to develop and operate the
32	NBIC.
33	(2) DETAIL OF PERSONNEL.—Upon the request of the Directing Of-
34	ficer of the NBIC, the head of a Federal department or agency may
35	detail, on a reimbursable basis, personnel of the department or agency
36	to the Department to assist the NBIC in carrying out this section.
37	(h) NBIC INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP.—The Directing Officer of the
38	NBIC shall—
39	(1) establish an interagency working group to facilitate interagency
40	cooperation and to advise the Directing Officer of the NBIC regarding

1	recommendations to enhance the biosurveillance capabilities of the De-
2	partment; and
3	(2) invite Member Agencies to serve on that working group.
4	(i) Relationship to Other Departments and Agencies.—The au-
5	thority of the Directing Officer of the NBIC under this section shall not
6	affect the authority or responsibility of another department or agency of the
7	Federal Government with respect to biosurveillance activities under a pro-
8	gram administered by that department or agency.
9	(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be ap-
10	propriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.
11	§10717. Promoting antiterrorism through international co-
12	operation program
13	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14	(1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director selected
15	under subsection $(b)(2)$.
16	(2) INTERNATIONAL COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.—The term "inter-
17	national cooperative activity" includes—
18	(A) coordinated research projects, joint research projects, or
19	joint ventures;
20	(B) joint studies or technical demonstrations;
21	(C) coordinated field exercises, scientific seminars, conferences,
22	symposia, and workshops;
23	(D) training of scientists and engineers;
24	(E) visits and exchanges of scientists, engineers, or other appro-
25	priate personnel;
26	(F) exchanges or sharing of scientific and technological informa-
27	tion; and
28	(G) joint use of laboratory facilities and equipment.
29	(b) Science and Technology Homeland Security International
30	Cooperative Programs Office.—
31	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Science and
32	Technology Homeland Security International Cooperative Programs Of-
33	fice.
34	(2) DIRECTOR.—The Office shall be headed by a Director, who—
35	(A) shall be selected, in consultation with the Assistant Sec-
36	retary for International Affairs, by and shall report to the Under
37	Secretary for Science and Technology; and
38	(B) may be an officer of the Department serving in another po-
39	sition.
40	(3) Responsibilities.—

1 (A) DEVELOPMENT OF MECHANISMS.—The Director is respon-2 sible for developing, in coordination with the Department of State 3 and, as appropriate, the Department of Defense, the Department 4 of Energy, and other Federal agencies, understandings and agree-5 ments to allow and to support international cooperative activity in support of homeland security. 6 7 (B) PRIORITIES.—The Director is responsible for developing, in 8 coordination with the Office of International Affairs and other 9 Federal agencies, strategic priorities for international cooperative 10 activity for the Department in support of homeland security. (C) ACTIVITIES.—The Director shall facilitate the planning, de-11 12 velopment, and implementation of international cooperative activ-13 ity to address the strategic priorities developed under subpara-14 graph (B) through mechanisms the Under Secretary considers ap-15 propriate, including grants, cooperative agreements, or contracts 16 to or with foreign public or private entities, governmental organi-17 zations, businesses (including small businesses and socially and 18 economically disadvantaged small businesses (as those terms are 19 defined in sections 3 and 8 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 20 632 and 637), respectively)), federally funded research and devel-21 opment centers, and universities. 22 (D) IDENTIFICATION OF PARTNERS.—The Director shall facili-23 tate the matching of United States entities engaged in homeland 24 security research with non-United States entities engaged in home-25 land security research so that they may partner in homeland secu-26 rity research activities. 27 (4) COORDINATION.—The Director shall ensure that the activities 28 under this subsection are coordinated with the Office of International 29 Affairs and the Department of State and, as appropriate, the Depart-30 ment of Defense, the Department of Energy, and other relevant Fed-31 eral agencies or interagency bodies. The Director may enter into joint 32 activities with other Federal agencies. 33 (c) MATCHING FUNDING.— 34 (1) In general. 35 (A) EQUITABILITY.—The Director shall ensure that funding 36 and resources expended in international cooperative activity will be 37 equitably matched by the foreign partner government or other en-38 tity through direct funding, funding of complementary activities, 39 or the provision of staff, facilities, material, or equipment. 40 (B) GRANT MATCHING AND REPAYMENT.—

1	(i) The Secretary may require a recipient of a grant under
2	this section—
3	(I) to make a matching contribution of not more than
4	50 percent of the total cost of the proposed project for
5	which the grant is awarded; and
6	(II) to repay to the Secretary the amount of the grant
7	(or a portion thereof), interest on the amount at an ap-
8	propriate rate, and charges for administration of the
9	grant the Secretary determines appropriate.
10	(ii) The Secretary may not require that repayment under
11	clause (i)(II) be more than 150 percent of the amount of the
12	grant, adjusted for inflation on the basis of the Consumer
13	Price Index.
14	(2) Foreign partners.—Partners may include Israel, the United
15	Kingdom, Canada, Australia, Singapore, and other allies in the global
16	war on terrorism as determined to be appropriate by the Secretary and
17	the Secretary of State.
18	(3) LOANS OF EQUIPMENT.—The Director may make or accept loans
19	of equipment for research and development and comparative testing
20	purposes.
21	(d) FOREIGN REIMBURSEMENTS.—If the Science and Technology Home-
22	land Security International Cooperative Programs Office participates in an
23	international cooperative activity with a foreign partner on a cost-sharing
24	basis, reimbursements or contributions received from that foreign partner
25	to meet its share of the project may be credited to appropriate current ap-
26	propriations accounts of the Directorate of Science and Technology.
27	(e) Report to Congress on International Cooperative Activi-
28	TIES.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and
29	Technology and the Director, shall submit to Congress every five years a
30	report containing
31	(1) a brief description of each grant, cooperative agreement, or con-
32	tract made or entered into under subsection $(b)(3)(C)$, including the
33	participants, goals, and amount and sources of funding; and
34	(2) a list of international cooperative activities underway, including
35	the participants, goals, expected duration, and amount and sources of
36	funding, including resources provided to support the activities in lieu
37	of direct funding.
38	(f) ANIMAL AND ZOONOTIC DISEASES.—As part of the international co-
39	operative activities authorized in this section, the Under Secretary, in co-
40	ordination with the Chief Medical Officer, the Department of State, and ap-
41	propriate officials of the Department of Agriculture, the Department of De-

1	fense, and the Department of Health and Human Services, may enter into
2	cooperative activities with foreign countries, including African nations, to
3	strengthen American preparedness against foreign animal and zoonotic dis-
4	eases overseas that could harm the Nation's agricultural and public health
5	sectors if they were to reach the United States.
6	(g) Construction; Authorities of the Secretary of State
7	Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter or affect the following
8	provisions of law:
9	(1) Section $112b(c)$ of title 1.
10	(2) Title V of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Year
11	1979 (22 U.S.C. 2656a et seq.).
12	(3) Section 1(e)(2) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act
13	of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(e)(2)).
14	(4) Sections 2 and 27 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
15	2752, 2767).
16	(5) Section 622(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
17	2382(c)).
18	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be ap-
19	propriated to carry out this section such sums as are necessary.
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Subchapter IDirectorate of Border and Transportation

Security

3 §10901. Responsibilities

- 4 The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Border and5 Transportation Security, is responsible for the following:
- 6 (1) Preventing the entry of terrorists and the instruments of terror-7 ism into the United States.
- 8 (2) Securing the borders, territorial waters, ports, terminals, water9 ways, and air, land, and sea transportation systems of the United
 10 States, including managing and coordinating those functions trans11 ferred to the Department at ports of entry.
- (3) Carrying out the immigration enforcement functions vested by
 statute in, or performed by, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization (or an officer, employee, or component of the Immigration
 and Naturalization Service) immediately before the date on which the
 transfer of functions specified under section 10931 of this title takes
 effect.
- (4) Establishing and administering rules, under section 10972
 of this title, governing the granting of visas or other forms of permission, including parole, to enter the United States to individuals
 who are not a citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent
 residence in the United States.
- (5) Establishing national immigration enforcement policies and prior-ities.
- 25 (6) Except as provided in subchapter III, administering the customs26 laws of the United States.
- (7) Conducting the inspection and related administrative functions of
 the Department of Agriculture transferred to the Secretary of Homeland Security under section 10903 of this title.
- 30 (8) In carrying out the foregoing responsibilities, ensuring the31 speedy, orderly, and efficient flow of lawful traffic and commerce.

1	§10902. Functions transferred
2	The Secretary succeeds to the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities
3	of—
4	(1) the United States Customs Service of the Department of the
5	Treasury, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury re-
6	lating thereto;
7	(2) the Transportation Security Administration of the Department of
8	Transportation, including the functions of the Secretary of Transpor-
9	tation, and of the Under Secretary of Transportation for Security, re-
10	lating thereto;
11	(3) the Federal Protective Service of the General Services Adminis-
12	tration, including the functions of the Administrator of General Serv-
13	ices relating thereto;
14	(4) the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center of the Depart-
15	ment of the Treasury; and
16	(5) the Office for Domestic Preparedness of the Office of Justice
17	Programs, including the functions of the Attorney General relating
18	thereto.
19	§10903. Transfer of certain agricultural inspection func-
20	tions of the Department of Agriculture
21	(a) EXCLUSION OF QUARANTINE ACTIVITIES.—In this section, the term
22	"functions" does not include quarantine activities carried out under the laws
23	specified in subsection (c).
24	(b) TRANSFER OF AGRICULTURAL IMPORT AND ENTRY INSPECTION
25	FUNCTIONS.—The Secretary succeeds to the functions of the Secretary of
26	Agriculture relating to agricultural import and entry inspection activities
27	under the laws specified in subsection (c).
28	(c) Covered Animal and Plant Protection Laws.—The laws re-
29	ferred to in subsection (b) are the following:
30	(1) The 8th paragraph under the heading "Bureau of Animal Indus-
31	try" in the Act of March 4, 1913 (commonly known as the Virus-
32	Serum-Toxin Act) (21 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).
33	(2) Section 1 of the Act of August 31, 1922 (commonly known as
34	the Honeybee Act) (7 U.S.C. 281).
35	(3) Title III of the Federal Seed Act (7 U.S.C. 1581 et seq.).
36	(4) The Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.).
37	(5) The Animal Health Protection Act (subtitle E of title X of Public
38	Law 107–171; 7 U.S.C. 8301 et seq.).
39	(6) The Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.).
40	(7) Section 11 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
41	1540).

1 (d) Effect of Transfer.— 2 (1) COMPLIANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE REGULA-3 TIONS.—The authority transferred under subsection (b) shall be exer-4 cised by the Secretary in accordance with the regulations, policies, and 5 procedures issued by the Secretary of Agriculture regarding the administration of the laws specified in subsection (c). 6 7 (2) RULEMAKING COORDINATION.—The Secretary of Agriculture 8 shall coordinate with the Secretary whenever the Secretary of Agri-9 culture prescribes regulations, policies, or procedures for administering 10 the functions transferred under subsection (b) under a law specified in 11 subsection (c). 12 (3) EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary, in consultation 13 with the Secretary of Agriculture, may issue directives and guidelines 14 necessary to ensure the effective use of personnel of the Department 15 to carry out the functions transferred under subsection (a). 16 (e) PERIODIC TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND 17 SECURITY .---18 (1) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—Out of funds collected by fees authorized 19 under sections 2508 and 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, 20 and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136, 136a), the Secretary of Agri-21 culture shall transfer, from time to time to the Secretary funds for ac-22 tivities carried out by the Secretary for which fees were collected. 23 (2) LIMITATION.—The proportion of fees collected under sections 24 2508 and 2509 that are transferred to the Secretary under this sub-25 section may not exceed the proportion of the costs incurred by the Sec-26 retary to all costs incurred to carry out activities funded by the fees. 27 §10904. Office for Domestic Preparedness 28 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Office for Domestic Preparedness is in the 29 Directorate of Border and Transportation Security. There is a Director of 30 the Office for Domestic Preparedness. The Director is appointed by the 31 President. The Director reports directly to the Under Secretary for Border 32 and Transportation Security. 33 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Office for Domestic Preparedness has the 34 primary responsibility in the executive branch for the preparedness of the 35 United States for acts of terrorism, including 36 (1) coordinating preparedness efforts at the Federal level, and work-37 ing with all State, local, tribal, parish, and private-sector emergency re-38 sponse providers on all matters pertaining to combating terrorism, in-39 cluding training, exercises, and equipment support;

1	(2) coordinating or, as appropriate, consolidating communications
2	and systems of communications relating to homeland security at all lev-
3	els of government;
4	(3) directing and supervising terrorism preparedness grant programs
5	of the Federal Government (other than those programs administered by
6	the Department of Health and Human Services) for all emergency re-
7	sponse providers;
8	(4) incorporating the Strategy priorities into planning guidance on
9	an agency level for the preparedness efforts of the Office for Domestic
10	Preparedness;
11	(5) providing agency-specific training for agents and analysts within
12	the Department, other agencies, and State and local agencies and inter-
13	national entities;
14	(6) as the lead executive branch agency for preparedness of the
15	United States for acts of terrorism, cooperating closely with the Fed-
16	eral Emergency Management Agency, which shall have the primary re-
17	sponsibility within the executive branch to prepare for and mitigate the
18	effects of nonterrorist-related disasters in the United States;
19	(7) assisting and supporting the Secretary, in coordination with
20	other Directorates and entities outside the Department, in conducting
21	appropriate risk analysis and risk management activities of State, local,
22	and tribal governments consistent with the mission and functions of the
23	Directorate of Border and Transportation Security;
24	(8) administering those elements of the Office of National Prepared-
25	ness of the Federal Emergency Management Agency that relate to ter-
26	rorism, which shall be consolidated within the Department in the Office
27	for Domestic Preparedness; and
28	(9) helping to ensure the acquisition of interoperable communication
29	technology by State and local governments and emergency response
30	providers.
31	§10905. Limitation on reorganization of functions and units
32	The authority provided by section 1502 of the Homeland Security Act of
33	2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2308) may be used to reorganize
34	functions or organizational units in the Bureau of Immigration and Cus-
35	toms Enforcement or the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services,
36	but may not be used to recombine the 2 Bureaus into a single agency or
37	otherwise to combine, join, or consolidate functions or organizational units
38	of the 2 Bureaus with each other.

1	Subchapter IICustoms and Border Protection
2	§10911. Definition
3	In this subchapter, the term "customs revenue function" means the fol-
4	lowing:(1)Assessing and collecting customs duties (including antidumping
5	and countervailing duties and duties imposed under safeguard provisions),
6	excise taxes, fees, and penalties due on imported merchandise, including
7	classifying and valuing merchandise for purposes of assessment.
8	(2) Processing and denial of entry of persons, baggage, cargo, and
9	mail, with respect to the assessment and collection of import duties.
10	(3) Detecting and apprehending persons engaged in fraudulent prac-
11	tices designed to circumvent the customs laws of the United States.
12	(4) Enforcing section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
13	1337) and provisions relating to import quotas and the marking of im-
14	ported merchandise, and providing Customs Recordations for copy-
15	rights, patents, and trademarks.
16	(5) Collecting accurate import data for compilation of international
17	trade statistics.
18	(6) Enforcing reciprocal trade agreements.
19	(7) Functions performed by the following personnel, and associated
20	support staff, of the United States Customs Service on January 23,
21	2003:
22	(A) Import Specialists.
23	(B) Entry Specialists.
24	(C) Drawback Specialists.
25	(D) National Import Specialists.
26	(E) Fines and Penalties Specialists.
27	(F) Attorneys of the Office of Regulations and Rulings.
28	(G) Customs Auditors.
29	(H) International Trade Specialists.
30	(I) Financial Systems Specialists.2(8) Functions performed by
31	the following offices, with respect to any function described in any
32	of paragraphs (1) through (7), and associated support staff, of the
33	United States Customs Service on January 23, 2003:
34	(A) Office of Information and Technology.
35	(B) Office of Laboratory Services.
36	(C) Office of the Chief Counsel.
37	(D) Office of Congressional Affairs.
38	(E) Office of International Affairs.
39	(F) Office of Training and Development.

\$10912. Retention of customs revenue functions by Sec retary of the Treasury

3 (a)

(a)
Retention of Customs Revenue Functions by Secretary of the Treasury.—
(1) RETENTION OF AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding section 10902(1)
of this title, authority related to customs revenue functions that was
vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by law before January 24,
2003, under those provisions of law set forth in paragraph (2) shall
not be transferred to the Secretary by reason of the Homeland Security
Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135) and, on and after
January 24, 2004, the Secretary of the Treasury may delegate any
such authority to the Secretary at the discretion of the Secretary of
the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury shall consult with the Sec-
retary regarding the exercise of authority not delegated to the Sec-
retary.
(2) STATUTES.—The provisions of law referred to in paragraph (1)
are the following:
(A) The Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1202 et seq.).
(B) Section 249 of the Revised Statutes of the United States
(19 U.S.C. 3).
(C) Section 2 of the Act of March 4, 1923 (19 U.S.C. 6).
(D) Section 13031 of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Rec-
onciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c).
(E) Section 251 of the Revised Statutes of the United States
(19 U.S.C. 66).
(F) Section 1 of the Act of June 26, 1930 (19 U.S.C. 68).
(G) The Foreign Trade Zones Act (19 U.S.C. 81a et seq.).
(H) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1911 (19 U.S.C. 198).
(I) The Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.).
(J) The Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (Public Law 96–39, 93
Stat. 144).
(K) The North American Free Trade Area Implementation Act
(Public Law 103–182, 107 Stat. 2057).
(L) The Uruguay Round Agreements Act (Public Law 103–465,
108 Stat. 4809).
(M) The Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (Public Law
98–67, 97 Stat. 384).
(N) The Andean Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3201 et
seq.).
(O) The African Growth and Opportunity Act (Public Law 106–
200, 114 Stat. 252).

1	
1	(P) Any other provision of law vesting customs revenue func-
2	tions in the Secretary of the Treasury.
3	(b) MAINTENANCE OF CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNCTIONS.—
4	(1) MAINTENANCE OF FUNCTIONS.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
5	vision of this subtitle, the Secretary may not consolidate, discontinue,
6 7	or diminish those functions described in paragraph (2) performed by
7 °	the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection on or after January 24,
8 9	2003, reduce the staffing level, or reduce the resources attributable to the functions, and the Secretary shall argue that an appropriate map
9 10	the functions, and the Secretary shall ensure that an appropriate man- agement structure is implemented to carry out the functions.
10	(2) FUNCTIONS.—The functions referred to in paragraph (1) are
11	those functions performed by the following personnel, and associated
12	support staff, of the United States Customs Service on January 23,
13	2003:
14	(A) Import Specialists.
15	(B) Entry Specialists.
10	(C) Drawback Specialists.
18	(D) National Import Specialists.
19	(E) Fines and Penalties Specialists.
20	(F) Attorneys of the Office of Regulations and Rulings.
21	(G) Customs Auditors.
22	(H) International Trade Specialists.
23	(I) Financial Systems Specialists.
24	(c) NEW PERSONNEL.—The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to
25	appoint up to 20 new personnel to work with personnel of the Department
26	in performing customs revenue functions.
27	§10913. Preservation of customs funds
28	Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, no funds available
29	to the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection or collected under section
30	13031(a) (1) through (8) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconcili-
31	ation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. $58c(a)(1)$ through (8)) may be transferred
32	for use by another agency or office in the Department.
33	§10914. Separate budget request for Bureau of Customs and
34	Border Protection
35	(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall include in each budget transmit-
36	ted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31 a separate budget request
37	for the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection.
38	(b) FIVE-YEAR PLAN FOR LAND BORDER PORT OF ENTRY PROJECTS.—
39	The annual budget submission of the Bureau of Customs and Border Pro-
40	tection for "Construction and Facilities Management" shall, in consultation
41	with the General Services Administration, include a detailed 5-year plan for

1	all Federal land border port of entry projects, with a yearly update of total
2	projected future funding needs delineated by land port of entry.
3	§10915. Allocation of resources by the Secretary
4	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "customs revenue services"
5	means those customs revenue functions described in section 10911(1)
6	through (6) and (8) of this title.
7	(b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that adequate staffing is
8	provided to assure that levels of customs revenue services provided on Janu-
9	ary 23, 2003, shall continue to be provided.
10	(c) NOTIFICATION OF CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall notify the Com-
11	mittee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Com-
12	mittee on Finance of the Senate at least 90 days prior to taking an action
13	that would—
14	(1) result in a significant reduction in customs revenue services, in-
15	cluding hours of operation, provided at an office within the Department
16	or a port of entry;
17	(2) eliminate or relocate an office of the Department that provides
18	customs revenue services; or
19	(3) eliminate a port of entry.
20	§10916. Reports to Congress
21	The Bureau of Customs and Border Protection shall continue to submit
21 22	The Bureau of Customs and Border Protection shall continue to submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and
22	to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and
22 23	to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January
22 23 24	to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law.
22 23 24 25	to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. §10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precur-
22 23 24 25 26	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. §10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precur- sor chemicals
22 23 24 25 26 27	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. § 10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor sor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. §10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precur- sor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. \$10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of opti-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. §10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers of the chemicals.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. §10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precur- sor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl- propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of opti- cal isomers of the chemicals. (b) COMPLIANCE WITH PERFORMANCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—As part
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. §10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precur- sor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl- propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of opti- cal isomers of the chemicals. (b) COMPLIANCE WITH PERFORMANCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—As part of the annual performance plan required in the budget submission of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. \$10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers of the chemicals. (b) COMPLIANCE WITH PERFORMANCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—As part of the annual performance plan required in the budget submission of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection under section 1115 of title 31,
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. \$10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precurs sor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers of the chemicals. (b) COMPLIANCE WITH PERFORMANCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—As part of the annual performance plan required in the budget submission of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection under section 1115 of title 31, the Commissioner shall establish performance indicators relating to the seiter.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. \$10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers of the chemicals. (b) COMPLIANCE WITH PERFORMANCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—As part of the annual performance plan required in the budget submission of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection under section 1115 of title 31, the Commissioner shall establish performance indicators relating to the seizure of methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals in
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. \$10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers of the chemicals. (b) COMPLIANCE WITH PERFORMANCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—As part of the annual performance plan required in the budget submission of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection under section 1115 of title 31, the Commissioner shall establish performance indicators relating to the seizure of methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals in order to evaluate the performance goals of the Bureau of Customs and Border
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate any report required, on January 23, 2003, to be so submitted under any provision of law. \$10917. Methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "methamphetamine precursor chemicals" means the chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenyl-propanolamine, including each of the salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers of the chemicals. (b) COMPLIANCE WITH PERFORMANCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—As part of the annual performance plan required in the budget submission of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection under section 1115 of title 31, the Commissioner shall establish performance indicators relating to the seizure of methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals in order to evaluate the performance goals of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection of illegal drugs entering the

1	(1) ANALYSIS.—The Commissioner shall, on an ongoing basis, ana-
2	lyze the movement of methamphetamine and methamphetamine precur-
3	sor chemicals into the United States. In conducting the analysis, the
4	Commissioner shall—
5	(A) consider the entry of methamphetamine and methamphet-
6	amine precursor chemicals through ports of entry, between ports
7	of entry, through international mails, and through international
8	courier services;
9	(B) examine the export procedures of each foreign country
10	where the shipments of methamphetamine and methamphetamine
11	precursor chemicals originate and determine if changes in the
12	country's customs over time provisions would alleviate the export
13	of methamphetamine and methamphetamine precursor chemicals;
14	and
15	(C) identify emerging trends in smuggling techniques and strat-
16	egies.
17	(2) REPORT.—Not later than September 30 of each odd-numbered
18	year, the Commissioner, in the consultation with the Attorney General,
19	United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement, the United
20	States Drug Enforcement Administration, and the United States De-
21	partment of State, shall submit a report to the Committee on Finance
22	of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the
23	Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, the Committee on Ways and
24	Means of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Af-
25	fairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the Judi-
26	ciary of the House of Representatives, that includes—
27	(A) a comprehensive summary of the analysis described in para-
28	graph (1); and
29	(B) a description of how the Bureau of Customs and Border
30	Protection utilized the analysis described in paragraph (1) to tar-
31	get shipments presenting a high risk for smuggling or circumven-
32	tion of the Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005
33	(Public Law 109–177, title VII, 120 Stat. 256).
34	(3) AVAILABILITY OF ANALYSIS.—The Commissioner shall ensure
35	that the analysis described in paragraph (1) is made available in a
36	timely manner to the Secretary of State to facilitate the Secretary in
37	fulfilling the Secretary's reporting requirements in section 722 of the
38	Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–
39	177, title VII, 120 Stat. 268).

1	§10918. Polygraph and background examinations for law
2	enforcement personnel of Bureau of Customs and
3	Border Protection
4	The Secretary shall ensure that—
5	(1) all applicants for law enforcement positions with the Bureau of
6	Customs and Border Protection receive polygraph examinations before
7	being hired for a position; and
8	(2) the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection initiates all peri-
9	odic background reinvestigations for all law enforcement personnel of
10	the Bureau who should receive periodic background reinvestigations
11	pursuant to relevant policies of the Bureau in effect on January 3,
12	2011.
13	§10919. Fees authorized for Advanced Training Center
14	The Bureau of Customs and Border Protection's Advanced Training Cen-
15	ter may charge fees for a service and/or thing of value it provides to Federal
16	Government or non-government entities or individuals, so long as the fees
17	charged do not exceed the full costs associated with the service or thing of
18	value provided Notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302(b), fees collected by the Ad-
19	vanced Training Center—
20	(1) shall be deposited in a separate account entitled "Advanced
21	Training Center Revolving Fund;
22	(2) are available, without further appropriations, for necessary ex-
23	penses of the Advanced Training Center program; and
24	(3) remain available until expended.
25	Subchapter III—Immigration Enforcement Functions
26	§10931. Transfer of functions to Under Secretary for Border
27	and Transportation Security
28	The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Border and
29	Transportation Security, succeeds to the functions, personnel, assets, and li-
30	abilities of the following programs of the Commissioner of Immigration and
31	Naturalization:
32	(1) The Border Patrol program.
33	(2) The detention and removal program.
34	(3) The intelligence program.
35	(4) The investigations program.
36	(5) The inspections program.
37	§10932. Responsibilities of Bureau of Immigration and Cus-
38	toms Enforcement officials
39	(a) Assistant Secretary of Immigration and Customs Enforce-
40	MENT.—

	104
1	(1) FUNCTIONS.—The Assistant Secretary of Immigration and Cus-
2	toms Enforcement—
3	(A) shall establish the policies for performing functions—
4	(i) transferred to the Under Secretary for Border and
5	Transportation Security by section 10931 of this title and
6	delegated to the Assistant Secretary by the Under Secretary;
7	or
8	(ii) otherwise vested in the Assistant Secretary by law;
9	(B) shall oversee the administration of the policies; and
10	(C) shall advise the Under Secretary for Border and Transpor-
11	tation Security with respect to a policy or operation of the Bureau
12	of Immigration and Customs Enforcement that may affect the Bu-
13	reau of Citizenship and Immigration Services established under
14	subchapter IV of this chapter, including potentially conflicting
15	policies or operations.
16	(2) Program to collect information relating to foreign
17	STUDENTS.—The Assistant Secretary of Immigration and Customs En-
18	forcement is responsible for administering the program to collect infor-
19	mation relating to nonimmigrant foreign students and other exchange
20	program participants described in section 641 of the Illegal Immigra-
21	tion Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C.
22	1372), including the Student and Exchange Visitor Information System
23	established under that section, and shall use the information to carry
24	out the enforcement functions of the Bureau.
25	(3) MANAGERIAL ROTATION PROGRAM.—The Assistant Sec-
26	retary of Immigration and Customs Enforcement shall design and
27	implement a managerial rotation program under which employees
28	of the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement holding
29	positions involving supervisory or managerial responsibility and
30	classified, in accordance with chapter 51 of title 5, as a GS-14 or
31	above, shall—
32	(A) gain some experience in all the major functions performed
33	by the Bureau; and
34	(B) work in at least one local office of the Bureau.
35	(b) Chief of Policy and Strategy.—
36	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is a Chief of Policy and Strategy for the
37	Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
38	(2) FUNCTIONS.—In consultation with Bureau of Immigration and
39	Customs Enforcement personnel in local offices, the Chief of Policy and
40	Strategy is responsible for—

1	(A) making policy recommendations and performing policy re-
2	search and analysis on immigration enforcement issues; and
3	(B) coordinating immigration policy issues with the Chief of
4	Policy and Strategy for the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigra-
5	tion Services, as appropriate.
6	(c) LEGAL ADVISOR.—There is a principal legal advisor to the Assistant
7	Secretary of Immigration and Customs Enforcement. The legal advisor shall
8	provide specialized legal advice to the Assistant Secretary and shall rep-
9	resent the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement in all exclu-
10	sion, deportation, and removal proceedings before the Executive Office for
11	Immigration Review.
12	§10933. Professional responsibility and quality review
13	The Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security is respon-
14	sible for—
15	(1) conducting investigations of noncriminal allegations of mis-
16	conduct, corruption, and fraud involving an employee of the Bureau of
17	Immigration and Customs Enforcement that are not subject to inves-
18	tigation by the Inspector General for the Department;
19	(2) inspecting the operations of the Bureau of Immigration and Cus-
20	toms Enforcement and providing assessments of the quality of the op-
21	erations of the Bureau as a whole and each of its components; and
22	(3) providing an analysis of the management of the Bureau of Immi-
23	gration and Customs Enforcement.
24	§10934. Employee discipline
25	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Under Secretary for Bor-
26	der and Transportation Security may impose disciplinary action, including
27	termination of employment, pursuant to policies and procedures applicable
28	to employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, on an employee of the
29	Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement who willfully deceives
30	Congress or agency leadership on any matter.
31	§10935. Annual report on cross-border tunnels
32	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit an annual report to the
33	congressional committees set forth in subsection (b) that includes a descrip-
34	tion of—
35	(1) the cross-border tunnels along the border between Mexico and
36	the United States discovered during the preceding fiscal year; and
37	(2) the needs of the Department to effectively prevent, investigate
38	and prosecute border tunnel construction along the border between
39	Mexico and the United States.
40	(b) Congressional Committees.—The congressional committees set
41	forth in this subsection are—

1	(1) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs
2	of the Senate;
3	(2) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;
4	(3) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
5	(4) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Represent-
6	atives;
7	(5) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;
8	and
9	(6) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
10	tives.
11	Subchapter IVCitizenship and Immigration Services
12	§10941. Transfer of functions to Director of Bureau of Citi-
13	zenship and Immigration Services
14	The Director of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services suc-
15	ceeds to the following functions of the Commissioner of Immigration and
16	Naturalization, and all personnel, infrastructure, and funding provided to
17	the Commissioner in support of the functions immediately before March 1,
18	2003:
19	(1) Adjudications of immigrant visa petitions.
20	(2) Adjudications of naturalization petitions.
21	(3) Adjudications of asylum and refugee applications.
22	(4) Adjudications performed at service centers.
23	(5) All other adjudications performed by the Immigration and Natu-
24	ralization Service immediately before March 1, 2003.
25	§10942. Responsibilities of Bureau of Citizenship and Immi-
26	gration Services officials
27	(a) Director of Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Serv-
28	ICES.—
29	(1) FUNCTIONS.—The Director of the Bureau of Citizenship and Im-
30	migration Services—
31	(A) shall establish the policies for performing the functions
32	transferred to the Director by this section, the Homeland Security
33	Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135), or otherwise
34	vested in the Director by law;
35	(B) shall oversee the administration of the policies;
36	(C) shall advise the Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security
37	with respect to a policy or operation of the Bureau of Citizenship
38	and Immigration Services that may affect the Bureau of Immigra-
39	tion and Customs Enforcement, including potentially conflicting
40	policies or operations;

1	(D) shall establish national immigration services policies and
2	priorities;
3	(E) shall meet regularly with the Ombudsman described in sec-
4	tion 10943 of this title to correct serious service problems identi-
5	fied by the Ombudsman; and
6	(F) shall establish procedures requiring a formal response to
7	recommendations submitted in the Ombudsman's annual report to
8	Congress within 3 months after its submission to Congress.
9	(2) MANAGERIAL ROTATION PROGRAM.—The Director of the Bureau
10	of Citizenship and Immigration Services shall design and implement a
11	managerial rotation program under which employees of the Bureau
12	holding positions involving supervisory or managerial responsibility and
13	classified, in accordance with chapter 51 of title 5, as a GS-14 or
14	above, shall—
15	(A) gain some experience in all the major functions performed
16	by the Bureau; and
17	(B) work in at least one field office and one service center of
18	the Bureau.
19	(3) PILOT INITIATIVES FOR BACKLOG ELIMINATION.—The Director
20	of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services may implement
21	innovative pilot initiatives to eliminate a remaining backlog in the proc-
22	essing of immigration benefit applications, and to prevent a backlog in
23	the processing of applications from recurring, under section 204(a) of
24	the Immigration Services and Infrastructure Improvements Act of
25	2000 (8 U.S.C. 1573(a)). Initiatives may include measures such as in-
26	creasing personnel, transferring personnel to focus on areas with the
27	largest potential for backlog, and streamlining paperwork.
28	(b) CHIEF OF POLICY AND STRATEGY.—
29	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is a Chief of Policy and Strategy for the
30	Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.
31	(2) FUNCTIONS.—In consultation with Bureau of Citizenship and
32	Immigration Services personnel in field offices, the Chief of Policy and
33	Strategy is responsible for—
34	(A) making policy recommendations and performing policy re-
35	search and analysis on immigration services issues; and
36	(B) coordinating immigration policy issues with the Chief of
37	Policy and Strategy for the Bureau of Immigration and Customs
38	Enforcement.
39	(c) LEGAL ADVISOR.—
40	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is a principal legal advisor to the Director
41	of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.

1	(2) FUNCTIONS.—The legal advisor is responsible for—
2	(A) providing specialized legal advice, opinions, determinations,
3	regulations, and other assistance to the Director of the Bureau of
4	Citizenship and Immigration Services with respect to legal matters
5	affecting the Bureau; and
6	(B) representing the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration
7	Services in visa petition appeal proceedings before the Executive
8	Office for Immigration Review.
9	(d) Budget Officer.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is a Budget Officer for the Bureau of Citi-
11	zenship and Immigration Services.
12	(2) Functions.—The Budget Officer is responsible for—
13	(A) formulating and executing the budget of the Bureau of Citi-
14	zenship and Immigration Services;
15	(B) financial management of the Bureau of Citizenship and Im-
16	migration Services; and
17	(C) collecting all payments, fines, and other debts for the Bu-
18	reau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.
19	(e) Chief of Office of Citizenship.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is a Chief of the Office of Citizenship for
21	the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.
22	(2) FUNCTIONS.—The Chief of the Office of Citizenship for the Bu-
23	reau of Citizenship and Immigration Services is responsible for promot-
24	ing instruction and training on citizenship responsibilities for aliens in-
25	terested in becoming naturalized citizens of the United States, includ-
26	ing the development of educational materials.
27	(f) Office of FBI Liaison.—
28	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is in the Department the Office of the FBI
29	Liaison.
30	(2) Functions.—The Office of the FBI Liaison shall monitor the
31	progress of the functions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the
32	naturalization process to assist in the expeditious completion of the
33	functions pertaining to naturalization applications filed by, or on behalf
34	of—
35	(A) current or former members of the Armed Forces under sec-
36	tion 328 or 329 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
37	1439, 1440);
38	(B) current spouses of United States citizens who are currently
39	serving on active duty in the Armed Forces, who qualify for natu-
40	ralization under section 319(b) of the Immigration and Nationality
41	Act (8 U.S.C. 1430(b)), and surviving spouses and children who

1	qualify for naturalization under section 319(d) of the Act (8
2	U.S.C. 1430(d)); or
3	(C) a deceased individual who is eligible for posthumous citizen-
4	ship under section 329A of the Immigration and Nationality Act
5	(8 U.S.C. 1440-1).
6	(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to
7	be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this sub-
8	section.
9	§10943.Citizenship and Immigration Services Ombudsman
10	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is in the Department a Citizenship and Immi-
11	gration Services Ombudsman (in this section referred to as the "Ombuds-
12	man"). The Ombudsman shall report directly to the Deputy Secretary of
13	Homeland Security. The Ombudsman shall have a background in customer
14	service as well as immigration law.
15	(b) Functions.—The Ombudsman—
16	(1) shall assist individuals and employers in resolving problems with
17	the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services;
18	(2) shall identify areas in which individuals and employers have
19	problems in dealing with the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration
20	Services; and
21	(3) to the extent possible, shall propose changes in the administrative
22	practices of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services to
23	mitigate problems identified under paragraph (2).
24	(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—
25	(1) Objectives.—Not later than June 30 each year, the Ombuds-
26	man shall report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of
27	Representatives and the Senate on the objectives of the Office of the
28	Ombudsman for the fiscal year beginning in that year. The report shall
29	contain full and substantive analysis, in addition to statistical informa-
30	tion, and—
31	(A) shall identify the recommendations the Office of the Om-
32	budsman has made on improving services and responsiveness of
33	the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services;
34	(B) shall contain a summary of the most pervasive and serious
35	problems encountered by individuals and employers, including a
36	description of the nature of the problems;
37	(C) shall contain an inventory of the items described in sub-
38	paragraphs (A) and (B) for which action has been taken and the
39	result of the action;
40	(D) shall contain an inventory of the items described in sub-
41	paragraphs (A) and (B) for which action remains to be completed

1	and the period during which each item has remained on the inven-
2	tory;
3	(E) shall contain an inventory of the items described in sub-
4	paragraphs (A) and (B) for which no action has been taken, the
5	period during which each item has remained on the inventory, the
6	reasons for the inaction, and shall identify any official of the Bu-
7	reau of Citizenship and Immigration Services who is responsible
8	for inaction;
9	(F) shall contain recommendations for administrative action ap-
10	propriate to resolve problems encountered by individuals and em-
11	ployers, including problems created by excessive backlogs in the
12	adjudication and processing of immigration benefit petitions and
13	applications; and
14	(G) shall include other information the Ombudsman may deem
15	advisable.
16	(2) Report to be submitted directly to committees.—Each
17	report required under this subsection shall be provided directly to the
18	committees described in paragraph (1) without prior comment or
19	amendment from the Secretary, the Deputy Secretary of Homeland Se-
20	curity, the Director of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration
21	Services, or another officer or employee of the Department or the Of-
22	fice of Management and Budget.
23	(d) OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Ombudsman—
24	(1) shall monitor the coverage and geographic allocation of local of-
25	fices of the Ombudsman;
26	(2) shall develop guidance to be distributed to all officers and em-
27	ployees of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services outlin-
28	ing the criteria for referral of inquiries to local offices of the Ombuds-
29	man;
30	(3) shall ensure that the local telephone number for each local office
31	of the Ombudsman is published and available to individuals and em-
32	ployers served by the office; and
33	(4) shall meet regularly with the Director of the Bureau of Citizen-
34	ship and Immigration Services to identify serious service problems and
35	to present recommendations for administrative action appropriate to re-
36	solve problems encountered by individuals and employers.
37	(e) Personnel Actions.—
38	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Ombudsman has the responsibility and au-
39	thority
40	(A) to appoint local ombudsmen and make available at least one
41	ombudsman for each State; and

1	(B) to evaluate and take personnel actions (including dismissal)
2	with respect to an employee of a local office of the Ombudsman.
3	(2) Consultation.—The Ombudsman may consult with the appro-
4	priate supervisory personnel of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigra-
5	tion Services in carrying out the Ombudsman's responsibilities under
6	this subsection.
7	(f) Responsibilities of Director of Bureau of Citizenship and
8	IMMIGRATION SERVICES.—The Director of the Bureau of Citizenship and
9	Immigration Services shall establish procedures requiring a formal response
10	to all recommendations submitted to the Director by the Ombudsman within
11	3 months after submission.
12	(g) Operation of Local Offices.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each local ombudsman—
14	(A) shall report to the Ombudsman or the delegate thereof;
15	(B) may consult with the appropriate supervisory personnel of
16	the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services regarding the
17	daily operation of the local office of the Ombudsman;
18	(C) shall, at the initial meeting with an individual or employer
19	seeking the assistance of the local office, notify the individual or
20	employer that the local offices of the Ombudsman operate inde-
21	pendently of any other component of the Department and report
22	directly to Congress through the Ombudsman; and
23	(D) at the local ombudsman's discretion, may determine not to
24	disclose to the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services
25	contact with, or information provided by, the individual or em-
26	ployer.
27	(2) MAINTENANCE OF INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS.—Each local
28	office of the Ombudsman shall maintain a phone, facsimile, and other
29	means of electronic communication access, and a post office address,
30	that is separate from those maintained by the Bureau of Citizenship
31	and Immigration Services, or any component of the Bureau.
32	§10944. Professional responsibility and quality review
33	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immi-
34	gration Services is responsible for—
35	(1) conducting investigations of noncriminal allegations of mis-
36	conduct, corruption, and fraud involving an employee of the Bureau of
37	Citizenship and Immigration Services that are not subject to investiga-
38	tion by the Inspector General for the Department;
39	(2) inspecting the operations of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immi-
40	gration Services and providing assessments of the quality of the oper-
41	ations of the Bureau as a whole and each of its components; and

1 (3) providing an analysis of the management of the Bureau of Citi-2 zenship and Immigration Services. 3 (b) Special Considerations.—In providing assessments under subsection 4 (a)(2) with respect to a decision of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigra-5 tion Services, or of its components, consideration shall be given to-6 (1) the accuracy of the findings of fact and conclusions of law used 7 in rendering the decision; 8 (2) fraud or misrepresentation associated with the decision; and 9 (3) the efficiency with which the decision was rendered. 10 §10945. Employee discipline 11 The Director of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services may, 12 notwithstanding any other provision of law, impose disciplinary action, in-13 cluding termination of employment, pursuant to policies and procedures ap-14 plicable to employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, on an em-15 ployee of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services who willfully 16 deceives Congress or agency leadership on any matter. 17 §10946. Transition 18 (a) REFERENCES.—With respect to a function transferred by this sub-19 chapter to, and exercised on or after March 1, 2003 by, the Director of the 20 Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, a reference in any other 21 Federal law, Executive order, rule, regulation, delegation of authority, or 22 document of or pertaining to a component of government from which the 23 function is transferred— 24 (1) to the head of the component is deemed to refer to the Director 25 of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services; or 26 (2) to the component is deemed to refer to the Bureau of Citizenship 27 and Immigration Services. 28 (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, 29 a Federal official to whom a function is transferred by this subchapter may, 30 for purposes of performing the function, exercise all authorities under any 31 other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance 32 of that function to the official responsible for the performance of the func-33 tion immediately before March 1, 2003. 34 §10947. Application of Internet-based technologies 35 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TRACKING SYSTEM.—The Secretary, in consulta-36 tion with the Technology Advisory Committee established under subsection 37 (c), shall establish an Internet-based system, that will permit a person, em-38 ployer, immigrant, or nonimmigrant who has filings with the Secretary for 39 a benefit under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et 40 seq.), access to online information about the processing status of the filing 41 involved.

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1	(b) Feasibility Study for Online Filing and Improved Process-
2	ING.—
3	(1) ONLINE FILING.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Tech-
4	nology Advisory Committee established under subsection (c), shall con-
5	duct a feasibility study on the online filing of the filings described in
6	subsection (a). The study shall include a review of computerization and
7	technology of the Immigration and Naturalization Service relating to
8	the immigration services and processing of filings relating to immigrant
9	services. The study shall also include an estimate of the timeframe and
10	cost and shall consider other factors in implementing such a filing sys-
11	tem, including the feasibility of fee payment online.
12	(2) REPORT.—A report on the study under this subsection shall be
13	submitted to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
14	resentatives and the Senate not later than January 24, 2004.
15	(c) Technology Advisory Committee.—
16	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Technology
17	Advisory Committee to assist the Secretary in—
18	(A) establishing the tracking system under subsection (a); and
19	(B) conducting the study under subsection (b).
20	(2) CONSULTATION.—The Technology Advisory Committee shall be
21	established after consultation with the Committees on the Judiciary of
22	the House of Representatives and the Senate.
23	(3) COMPOSITION.—The Technology Advisory Committee shall be
24	composed of representatives from high technology companies capable of
25	establishing and implementing the system in an expeditious manner,
26	and representatives of persons who may use the tracking system de-
27	scribed in subsection (a) and the online filing system described in sub-
28	section (b)(1).
29	Subchapter V—General Immigration Provisions
30	§ 10961. Director of Shared Services
31	(a) IN GENERAL. THERE IS IN THE OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY SECRETARY
32	OF HOMELAND SECURITY A DIRECTOR OF SHARED SERVICES.
33	(b) FUNCTIONS.—The Director of Shared Services is responsible for the
34 25	coordination of resources for the Bureau of Immigration and Customs En-
35 36	forcement and the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, includ-
36 37	ing (1) information resources management including computer data
38	(1) information resources management, including computer data- bases and information technology;
38 39	(2) records and file management; and
39 40	(2) records and me management; and (3) forms management.
40	(5) forms management.

1 §10962. Separation of funding

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—There are in the Treasury separate accounts for ap-3 propriated funds and other deposits available for the Bureau of Citizenship 4 and Immigration Services and the Bureau of Immigration and Customs En-5 forcement. 6 (b) SEPARATE BUDGETS.—To ensure that the Bureau of Citizenship and 7 Immigration Services and the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforce-8 ment are funded to the extent necessary to fully carry out their respective 9 functions, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall sepa-10 rate the budget requests for each entity. 11 (c) FEES.—Fees imposed for a particular service, application, or benefit 12 shall be deposited in the account established under subsection (a) that is 13 for the Bureau with jurisdiction over the function to which the fee relates. 14 (d) FEES NOT TRANSFERABLE.—A fee may not be transferred between 15 the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services and the Bureau of Im-16 migration and Customs Enforcement for purposes not authorized by section 17 286 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356). 18 §10963. Annual immigration functions report 19 (a) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit a report annually to

the President, to the Committees on the Judiciary and Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and to the Committees on the Judiciary and Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, on the impact the transfers made by Subtitle F of Title IV of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135) has had on immigration functions.

- (b) CONTENT.—The report shall address the following with respect to theperiod covered by the report:
- (1) The aggregate number of all immigration applications and peti-tions received, and processed, by the Department.

(2) Region-by-region statistics on the aggregate number of immigration applications and petitions filed by an alien (or filed on behalf of
an alien) and denied, disaggregated by category of denial and application or petition type.

34 (3) The quantity of backlogged immigration applications and peti35 tions that have been processed, the aggregate number awaiting process36 ing, and a detailed plan for eliminating the backlog.

37 (4) The average processing period for immigration applications and38 petitions, disaggregated by application or petition type.

39 (5) The number and types of immigration-related grievances filed
40 with an official of the Department of Justice, and if those grievances
41 were resolved.

1	(6) Plans to address grievances and improve immigration services.
2	(7) Whether immigration-related fees were used consistent with legal
3	requirements regarding their use.
4	(8) Whether immigration-related questions conveyed by customers to
5	the Department (whether conveyed in person, by telephone, or by
6	means of the Internet) were answered effectively and efficiently.
7	Subchapter VI—Miscellaneous Provisions
8	§10971. Coordination of information and information tech-
9	nology
10	(a) Definition.—In this section, the term "affected agency" means—
11	(1) the Department;
12	(2) the Department of Agriculture;
13	(3) the Department of Health and Human Services; and
14	(4) any other department or agency determined to be appropriate by
15	the Secretary.
16	(b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of
17	Agriculture, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the head of
18	each other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Sec-
19	retary, shall ensure that appropriate information (as determined by the Sec-
20	retary) concerning inspections of articles that are imported or entered into
21	the United States, and are inspected or regulated by one or more affected
22	agencies, is timely and efficiently exchanged between the affected agencies.
23	§10972. Visa issuance
24	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "consular officer" has the
25	meaning given that term under section $101(a)(9)$ of the Immigration and
26	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(9)).
27	(b) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 104(a) of the Immigration
28	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104(a)) or any other provision of law, and
29	except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the Secretary—
30	(1) shall be vested exclusively with all authorities to issue regulations
31	with respect to, administer, and enforce the provisions of the Act, and
32	of all other immigration and nationality laws, relating to the functions
33	of consular officers of the United States in connection with the grant-
34	ing or refusal of visas, and shall have the authority to refuse visas in
35	accordance with law and to develop programs of homeland security
36	training for consular officers (in addition to consular training provided
37	by the Secretary of State), which authorities shall be exercised through
38	the Secretary of State, except that the Secretary shall not have author-
39	ity to alter or reverse the decision of a consular officer to refuse a visa
40	to an alien; and

1	(2) shall have authority to confer or impose upon an officer or em-
2	ployee of the United States, with the consent of the head of the execu-
3	tive agency under whose jurisdiction the officer or employee is serving,
4	any of the functions specified in paragraph (1).
5	(c) Authority of the Secretary of State.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary of
7	State may direct a consular officer to refuse a visa to an alien if the
8	Secretary of State deems the refusal necessary or advisable in the for-
9	eign policy or security interests of the United States.
10	(2) CONSTRUCTION REGARDING AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this sec-
11	tion, consistent with the Secretary of Homeland Security's authority to
12	refuse visas in accordance with law, shall be construed as affecting the
13	authorities of the Secretary of State under the following provisions of
14	law:
15	(A) Section 101(a)(15)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality
16	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(A)).
17	(B) Section 204(d)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
18	(8 U.S.C. 1154) (as it will take effect upon the entry into force
19	of the Convention on Protection of Children and Cooperation in
20	Respect to Inter-Country adoption).
21	(C) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb) of the Immigration and Na-
22	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb)).
23	(D) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI) of the Immigration and Nation-
24	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI)).
25	(E) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II) of the Immigration and Na-
26	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II)).
27	(F) Section 212(a)(3)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality
28	Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(C)).
29	(G) Section 212(a)(10)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality
30	Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)(C)).
31	(H) Section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
32	U.S.C. 1182(f)).
33	(I) Section 219(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
34	U.S.C. 1189(a)).
35	(J) Section 237(a)(4)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality
36	Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(C)).
37	(K) Section 401 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidar-
38	ity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6091).
39	(L) Section 616 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and
40	State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act,
41	1999 (section 101(b) of division A of the Omnibus Consolidated

1	and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999, Public
2	Law 105–277, 112 Stat. 2681–114).
3	(M) Section 103(f) of the Chemical Weapons Convention Imple-
4	mentation Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6713(f)).
5	(N) Section 801 of the Admiral James W. Nance and Meg
6	Donovan Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2000
7	and 2001 (8 U.S.C. 1182e).
8	(O) Section 568 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing,
9	and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2002 (Public Law
10	107–115).
11	(P) Section 51 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act
12	of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2723).
13	(d) Consular Officers and Chiefs of Missions.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section may be construed to alter
15	or affect—
16	(A) the employment status of consular officers as employees of
17	the Department of State; or
18	(B) the authority of a chief of mission under section 207 of the
19	Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3927).
20	(2) Construction regarding delegation of authority.—
21	Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any delegation of
22	authority to the Secretary of State by the President pursuant to any
23	proclamation issued under section 212(f) of the Immigration and Na-
24	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)), consistent with the Secretary of
25	Homeland Security's authority to refuse visas in accordance with law.
26	(e) Assignment of Homeland Security Employees to Diplomatic
27	and Consular Posts.—
28	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may assign employees of the De-
29	partment to each diplomatic and consular post at which visas are is-
30	sued, unless the Secretary determines that an assignment at a particu-
31	lar post would not promote homeland security.
32	(2) FUNCTIONS.—Employees assigned under paragraph (1) shall
33	perform the following functions:
34	(A) Provide expert advice and training to consular officers re-
35	garding specific security threats relating to the adjudication of in-
36	dividual visa applications or classes of applications.
37	(B) Review applications, either on the initiative of the employee
38	of the Department or upon request by a consular officer or other
39	person charged with adjudicating applications.
40	(C) Conduct investigations with respect to consular matters
41	under the jurisdiction of the Secretary

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(3) EVALUATION OF CONSULAR OFFICERS.—The Secretary of State shall evaluate, in consultation with the Secretary, as considered appropriate by the Secretary, the performance of consular officers with respect to the processing and adjudication of applications for visas in accordance with performance standards developed by the Secretary for these procedures.

(4) REPORT.—The Secretary shall, on an annual basis, submit a report to Congress that describes the basis for each determination under paragraph (1) that the assignment of an employee of the Department at a particular diplomatic post would not promote homeland security.

11 (5) PERMANENT ASSIGNMENT; PARTICIPATION IN TERRORIST LOOK-12 OUT COMMITTEE.—When appropriate, employees of the Department as-13 signed to perform functions described in paragraph (2) may be as-14 signed permanently to overseas diplomatic or consular posts with coun-15 try-specific or regional responsibility. If the Secretary so directs, an 16 employee, when present at an overseas post, shall participate in the ter-17 rorist lookout committee established under section 304 of the Enhanced 18 Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1733). 19 (6) TRAINING AND HIRING.—

20 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure, to the extent 21 possible, that employees of the Department assigned to perform 22 functions under paragraph (2) and, as appropriate, consular offi-23 cers, shall be provided the necessary training to enable them to 24 carry out the functions, including training in foreign languages, 25 interview techniques, and fraud detection techniques, in conditions 26 in the particular country where each employee is assigned, and in 27 other appropriate areas of study.

(B) USE OF CENTER.—The Secretary is authorized to use the
National Foreign Affairs Training Center (George P. Shultz National Foreign Affairs Training Center), on a reimbursable basis,
to obtain the training described in subparagraph (A).

(f) NO CREATION OF PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or authorize a private right of action to
challenge a decision of a consular officer or other United States official or
employee to grant or deny a visa.

36 (g) VISA ISSUANCE PROGRAM FOR SAUDI ARABIA.—On-site personnel of
37 the Department shall review all visa applications for Saudi Arabia prior to
38 adjudication.

1 §10973. Information on visa denials required to be entered 2 into electronic data system 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever a consular officer of the United States de-4 nies a visa to an applicant, the consular officer shall enter the fact and the 5 basis of the denial and the name of the applicant into the interoperable elec-6 tronic data system implemented under section 202(a) of the Enhanced Bor-7 der Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1722(a)). 8 (b) PROHIBITION.—In the case of an alien with respect to whom a visa 9 has been denied under subsection (a)— 10 (1) no subsequent visa may be issued to the alien unless the consular 11 officer considering the alien's visa application has reviewed the infor-12 mation concerning the alien placed in the interoperable electronic data 13 system, has indicated on the alien's application that the information 14 has been reviewed, and has stated for the record why the visa is being 15 issued or a waiver of visa ineligibility recommended in spite of that in-16 formation; and 17 (2) the alien may not be admitted to the United States without a 18 visa issued in accordance with the procedures described in paragraph 19 (1).20 §10974. Purpose and responsibilities of Office of Cargo Se-21 curity Policy 22 (a) PURPOSES.—The Office of Cargo Security Policy— 23 (1) coordinates all Department policies relating to cargo security; 24 and 25 (2) consults with stakeholders and coordinate with other Federal 26 agencies in the establishment of standards and regulations and to pro-27 mote best practices. 28 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR. THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF 29 CARGO SECURITY POLICY-30 (1) advises the Assistant Secretary for Policy in the development of 31 Department-wide policies regarding cargo security; 32 (2) coordinates all policies relating to cargo security among the agen-33 cies and offices within the Department relating to cargo security; and 34 (3) coordinates the cargo security policies of the Department with 35 the policies of other executive agencies. 36 (c) RELATIONSHIP WITH COAST GUARD.—Nothing in this section shall be 37 construed to affect— 38 (1) the authorities, functions, or capabilities of the Coast Guard to 39 perform its missions; or 40 (2) the requirement under section 10313 of this title that those au-41 thorities, functions, and capabilities be maintained intact.

1	§10975. Purpose, composition, and operation of Border En-
2	forcement Security Task Force
3	(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Border Enforcement Security Task
4	Force (in this section referred to as "BEST") is to establish units to en-
5	hance border security by addressing and reducing border security threats
6	and violence by—
7	(1) facilitating collaboration among Federal, State, local, tribal, and
8	foreign law enforcement agencies to execute coordinated activities in
9	furtherance of border security, and homeland security; and
10	(2) enhancing information-sharing, including the dissemination of
11	homeland security information among these agencies.
12	(b) Composition and Establishment of Units.—
13	(1) Composition.—BEST units may be comprised of personnel
14	from—
15	(A) the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement;
16	(B) the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection;
17	(C) the Coast Guard;
18	(D) other Department personnel, as appropriate;
19	(E) other Federal agencies, as appropriate;
20	(F) appropriate State law enforcement agencies;
21	(G) foreign law enforcement agencies, as appropriate;
22	(H) local law enforcement agencies from affected border cities
23	and communities; and
24	(I) appropriate tribal law enforcement agencies.
25	(2) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary may establish BEST units in
26	jurisdictions in which the units can contribute to BEST missions, as
27	appropriate. Before establishing a BEST unit, the Secretary shall con-
28	sider—
29	(A) whether the area in which the BEST unit would be estab-
30	lished is significantly impacted by cross-border threats;
31	(B) the availability of Federal, State, local, tribal, and foreign
32	law enforcement resources to participate in the BEST unit;
33	(C) the extent to which border security threats are having a sig-
34	nificant harmful impact in the jurisdiction in which the BEST
35	unit is to be established, and other jurisdictions in the country;
36	and
37	(D) whether or not an Integrated Border Enforcement Team al-
38	ready exists in the area in which the BEST unit would be estab-
39	lished.
40	(3) DUPLICATION OF EFFORTS.—In determining whether to establish
41	a new BEST unit or to expand an existing BEST unit in a given juris-

1	diction, the Secretary shall ensure that the BEST unit under consider-
2	ation does not duplicate the efforts of other existing interagency task
3	forces or centers within that jurisdiction.
4	(c) OPERATION.—After determining the jurisdictions in which to establish
5	BEST units under subsection (b)(2), and in order to provide Federal assist-
6	ance to the jurisdictions, the Secretary may—
7	(1) direct the assignment of Federal personnel to BEST, subject to
8	the approval of the head of the department or agency that employs
9	such personnel; and
10	(2) take other actions to assist Federal, State, local, and tribal enti-
11	ties to participate in BEST, including providing financial assistance, as
12	appropriate, for operational, administrative, and technological costs as-
13	sociated with the participation of Federal, State, local, and tribal law
14	enforcement agencies in BEST
15	(e) REPORT.—Not later than June 5, 2013, and annually thereafter for
16	the following 5 years, the Secretary shall submit a report to Congress that
17	describes the effectiveness of BEST in enhancing border security and reduc-
18	ing the drug trafficking, arms smuggling, illegal alien trafficking and smug-
19	gling, violence, and kidnapping along and across the international borders
20	of the United States, as measured by crime statistics, including violent
20	deaths, incidents of violence, and drug-related arrests.Chapter 111 — Na-
21	tional Emergency Management
22	Sec.
	11101. Definitions.11102. Federal Emergency Management Agency.
	11102. Federal Emergency Management Agency. 11103. Authority and responsibilities.
	11104. Preparedness programs.
	11105. Functions transferred.11106. Preserving the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
	11107. Regional Offices.
	11108. National Advisory Council.
	11109. National Integration Center.
	11110. Credentialing and typing.11111. The National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center.
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	11116. Nuclear incident response.
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	11121. Voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program.
	11122. Acceptance of gifts.
23	§11101. Definitions
24	In this chapter:
25	(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—the term "Administrator" means the Admin-

26 istrator of the Agency.

1 (2) AGENCY.—The term "Agency" means the Federal Emergency 2 Management Agency. 3 (3) CATASTROPHIC INCIDENT.—The term "catastrophic incident" 4 means a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made disaster 5 that results in extraordinary levels of casualties or damage or disruption severely affecting the population (including mass evacuations), in-6 7 frastructure, environment, economy, national morale, or government 8 functions in an area. 9 (4) CREDENTIALED; CREDENTIALING.—The terms "credentialed" 10 and "credentialing" ean having provided, or providing, respectively, 11 documentation that identifies personnel and authenticates and verifies 12 the qualifications of the personnel by ensuring that the personnel pos-13 sess a minimum common level of training, experience, physical and 14 medical fitness, and capability appropriate for a particular position in 15 accordance with standards created under section 11110 of this title. 16 (5) FEDERAL COORDINATING OFFICER.—The term "Federal coordi-17 nating officer" means a Federal coordinating officer as described in 18 section 302 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency 19 Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5143). 20 (6) INTEROPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS.—The term "interoperable 21 communications" has the meaning given the term "interoperable com-22 munications" under section 10713(a) of this title. 23 (7) NATIONAL INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.—The term "Na-24 tional Incident Management System" means a system to enable effec-25 tive, efficient, and collaborative incident management. 26 (8) NATIONAL RESPONSE PLAN.—The term "National Response 27 Plan" means the National Response Plan or a successor plan prepared 28 under section 11104(a)(6) of this title. 29 (9) NUCLEAR INCIDENT RESPONSE TEAM.—The term "Nuclear Inci-30 dent Response Team" means a resource that includes-31 (A) those entities of the Department of Energy that perform 32 nuclear or radiological emergency support functions (including ac-33 cident response, search response, advisory, and technical oper-34 ations functions), radiation exposure functions at the medical as-35 sistance facility known as the Radiation Emergency Assistance 36 Center/Training Site (REAC/TS), radiological assistance func-37 tions, and related functions; and 38 (B) those entities of the Environmental Protection Agency that 39 perform such support functions (including radiological emergency

40 response functions) and related functions.

1	(10) REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Regional Adminis-
2	trator" means Regional Administrator appointed under section 11107
3	of this title.
4	(11) REGIONAL OFFICE.—The term "Regional Office" means a Re-
5	gional Office established under section 11107 of this title.
6	(12) RESOURCES.—The term "resources" means personnel and
7	major items of equipment, supplies, and facilities available or poten-
8	tially available for responding to a natural disaster, act of terrorism,
9	or other man-made disaster.
10	(13) SURGE CAPACITY.—The term "surge capacity" means the abil-
11	ity to rapidly and substantially increase the provision of search and res-
12	cue capabilities, food, water, medicine, shelter and housing, medical
13	care, evacuation capacity, staffing (including disaster assistance em-
14	ployees), and other resources necessary to save lives and protect prop-
15	erty during a catastrophic incident.
16	(14) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "tribal government" means
17	the government of an entity described in section $10101(11)(B)$ of this
18	title.
19	(15)TYPED; TYPING.—The terms "typed" and "typing" mean having
20	evaluated, or evaluating, respectively, a resource in accordance with
21	standards created under section 11110 of this title.
22	§11102. Federal Emergency Management Agency
23	(a) MISSION.—
24	(1) PRIMARY MISSION.—The primary mission of the Agency is to re-
25	duce the loss of life and property and protect the Nation from all haz-
26	ards, including natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-
27	made disasters, by leading and supporting the Nation in a risk-based,
28	comprehensive emergency management system of preparedness, protec-
29	tion, response, recovery, and mitigation.
30	(2) Specific activities.—In support of the primary mission of the
31	Agency, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall—
32	(A) lead the Nation's efforts to prepare for, protect against, re-
33	spond to, recover from, and mitigate against the risk of natural
34	
	disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters, includ-
35	disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters, includ- ing catastrophic incidents;
36	ing catastrophic incidents; (B) partner with State, local, and tribal governments and emer-
	ing catastrophic incidents;(B) partner with State, local, and tribal governments and emergency response providers, with other Federal agencies, with the
36	ing catastrophic incidents;(B) partner with State, local, and tribal governments and emergency response providers, with other Federal agencies, with the private sector, and with nongovernmental organizations to build a
36 37	ing catastrophic incidents;(B) partner with State, local, and tribal governments and emergency response providers, with other Federal agencies, with the

1	spond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made
2	disasters, including catastrophic incidents;
3	(C) develop a Federal response capability that, when necessary
4	and appropriate, can act effectively and rapidly to deliver assist-
5	ance essential to saving lives or protecting or preserving property
6	or public health and safety in a natural disaster, act of terrorism,
7	or other man-made disaster;
8	(D) integrate the Agency's emergency preparedness, protection,
9	response, recovery, and mitigation responsibilities to confront ef-
10	fectively the challenges of a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or
11	other man-made disaster;
12	(E) develop and maintain robust Regional Offices that will work
13	with State, local, and tribal governments, emergency response pro-
14	viders, and other appropriate entities to identify and address re-
15	gional priorities;
16	(F) under the leadership of the Secretary, coordinate with the
17	Commandant of the Coast Guard, the Commissioner of Customs
18	and Border Protection, the Assistant Secretary for Immigration
19	and Customs Enforcement, the National Operations Center, and
20	other agencies and offices in the Department to take full advan-
21	tage of the substantial range of resources in the Department;
22	(G) provide funding, training, exercises, technical assistance,
23	planning, and other assistance to build tribal, local, State, re-
24	gional, and national capabilities (including communications capa-
25	bilities), necessary to respond to a natural disaster, act of terror-
26	ism, or other man-made disaster; and
27	(H) develop and coordinate the implementation of a risk-based,
28	all-hazards strategy for preparedness that builds those common
29	capabilities necessary to respond to natural disasters, acts of ter-
30	rorism, and other man-made disasters while also building the
31	unique capabilities necessary to respond to specific types of inci-
32	dents that pose the greatest risk to our Nation.
33	(b) Administrator.—
34	(1) REPORTING.—The Administrator shall report to the Secretary,
35	without being required to report through another official of the Depart-
36	ment.
37	(2) PRINCIPAL ADVISOR ON EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.—
38	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator is the principal advisor to
39	the President, the Homeland Security Council, and the Secretary
40	for all matters relating to emergency management in the United
41	States.

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1	(B) Advice and recommendations.—
2	(i) RANGE OF OPTIONS.—In presenting advice with respect
3	to a matter to the President, the Homeland Security Council,
4	or the Secretary, the Administrator shall, as the Adminis-
5	trator considers appropriate, inform the President, the Home-
6	land Security Council, or the Secretary, as the case may be,
7	of the range of emergency preparedness, protection, response,
8	recovery, and mitigation options with respect to that matter.
9	(ii) Advice on a particular matter.—The Adminis-
10	trator, as the principal advisor on emergency management,
11	shall provide advice to the President, the Homeland Security
12	Council, or the Secretary on a particular matter when the
13	President, the Homeland Security Council, or the Secretary
14	requests advice.
15	(iii) Recommendations.—After informing the Secretary,
16	the Administrator may make recommendations to Congress
17	relating to emergency management the Administrator consid-
18	ers appropriate.
19	(3) Cabinet status.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President may designate the Adminis-
21	trator to serve as a member of the Cabinet in the event of natural
22	disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made disasters.
23	(B) RETENTION OF AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this paragraph
24	shall be construed as affecting the authority of the Secretary
25	under this subtitle.
26	§11103. Authority and responsibilities
27	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
28	shall provide Federal leadership necessary to prepare for, protect against,
29	respond to, recover from, or mitigate against a natural disaster, act of ter-
30	rorism, or other man-made disaster, including—
31	(1) helping to ensure the effectiveness of emergency response provid-
32	ers to terrorist attacks, major disasters, and other emergencies;
33	(2) with respect to the Nuclear Incident Response Team (regardless
34	of whether it is operating as an organizational unit of the Department
35	pursuant to this chapter)—
36	(A) establishing standards and certifying when those standards
37	have been met;
38	(B) conducting joint and other exercises and training and evalu-
39	ating performance; and

1	(C) providing funds to the Department of Energy and the Envi-
2	ronmental Protection Agency, as appropriate, for homeland secu-
3	rity planning, exercises and training, and equipment;
4	(3) providing the Federal Government's response to terrorist attacks
5	and major disasters, including
6	(A) managing the response;
7	(B) directing the Domestic Emergency Support Team and
8	(when operating as an organizational unit of the Department pur-
9	suant to this chapter) the Nuclear Incident Response Team;
10	(C) overseeing the Metropolitan Medical Response System; and
11	(D) coordinating other Federal response resources, including re-
12	quiring deployment of the Strategic National Stockpile, in the
13	event of a terrorist attack or major disaster;
14	(4) aiding the recovery from terrorist attacks and major disasters;
15	(5) building a comprehensive national incident management system
16	with Federal, State, and local government personnel, agencies, and au-
17	thorities, to respond to attacks and disasters;
18	(6) consolidating existing Federal Government emergency response
19	plans into a single, coordinated national response plan;
20	(7) helping ensure the acquisition of operable and interoperable com-
21	munications capabilities by Federal, State, local, and tribal govern-
22	ments and emergency response providers;
23	(8) assisting the President in carrying out the functions under the
24	Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act $\left(42\right.$
25	U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) and carrying out all functions and authorities
26	given to the Administrator under that Act;
27	(9) carrying out the mission of the Agency to reduce the loss of life
28	and property and protect the Nation from all hazards by leading and
29	supporting the Nation in a risk-based, comprehensive emergency man-
30	agement system of—
31	(A) mitigation, by taking sustained actions to reduce or elimi-
32	nate long-term risks to people and property from hazards and
33	their effects;
34	(B) preparedness, by planning, training, and building the emer-
35	gency management profession to prepare effectively for, mitigate
36	against, respond to, and recover from a hazard;
37	(C) response, by conducting emergency operations to save lives
38	and property through positioning emergency equipment, personnel,
39	and supplies, through evacuating potential victims, through provid-
40	ing food, water, shelter, and medical care to those in need, and
41	through restoring critical public services; and

1	(D) recovery, by rebuilding communities so individuals, busi-
2	nesses, and governments can function on their own, return to nor-
3	mal life, and protect against future hazards;
4	(10) increasing efficiencies, by coordinating efforts relating to pre-
5	paredness, protection, response, recovery, and mitigation;
6	(11) helping to ensure the effectiveness of emergency response pro-
7	viders in responding to a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other
8	man-made disaster;
9	(12) supervising grant programs administered by the Agency;
10	(13) administering and ensuring the implementation of the National
11	Response Plan, including coordinating and ensuring the readiness of
12	each emergency support function under the National Response Plan;
13	(14) coordinating with the National Advisory Council established
14	under section 11108 of this title;
15	(15) preparing and implementing the plans and programs of the
16	Federal Government for—
17	(A) continuity of operations;
18	(B) continuity of government; and
19	(C) continuity of plans;
20	(16) minimizing, to the extent practicable, overlapping planning and
21	reporting requirements applicable to State, local, and tribal govern-
22	ments and the private sector;
23	(17) maintaining and operating within the Agency the National Re-
24	sponse Coordination Center or its successor;
25	(18) developing a national emergency management system that is ca-
26	pable of preparing for, protecting against, responding to, recovering
27	from, and mitigating against catastrophic incidents;
28	(19) assisting the President in carrying out the functions under the
29	national preparedness goal and the national preparedness system and
30	carrying out all functions and authorities of the Administrator under
31	the national preparedness system;
32	(20) carrying out all authorities of the Federal Emergency Manage-
33	ment Agency and the Directorate of Preparedness of the Department
34	as transferred under section 11105 of this title; and
35	(21) otherwise carrying out the mission of the Agency as described
36	in section 11102(a) of this title.
37	(b) All-Hazards Approach.—In carrying out the responsibilities under
38	this section, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall coordi-
39	nate the implementation of a risk-based, all-hazards strategy that builds
40	those common capabilities necessary to prepare for, protect against, respond
41	to, recover from, or mitigate against natural disasters, acts of terrorism,

1	and other man-made disasters, while also building the unique capabilities
2	necessary to prepare for, protect against, respond to, recover from, or miti-
3	gate against the risks of specific types of incidents that pose the greatest
4	risk to the Nation.
5	§11104. Preparedness programs
6	Notwithstanding any other provision of Federal law, the Secretary, acting
7	through the Administrator, is responsible for the radiological emergency pre-
8	paredness program and the chemical stockpile emergency preparedness pro-
9	gram.
10	§11105. Functions transferred
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), there are trans-
12	ferred to the Agency the following:
13	(1) AGENCY.—All functions of the Agency, including existing respon-
14	sibilities for emergency alert systems and continuity of operations and
15	continuity of government plans and programs as constituted on June
16	1, 2006, including all of its personnel, assets, components, authorities,
17	grant programs, and liabilities, and including the functions of the
18	former Under Secretary for Federal Emergency Management relating
19	to the Agency.
20	(2) DIRECTORATE.—The former Directorate of Preparedness, as
21	constituted on June 1, 2006, including all of its functions, personnel,
22	assets, components, authorities, grant programs, and liabilities, and in-
23	cluding the functions of the Under Secretary for Preparedness relating
24	to the Directorate.
25	(b) EXCEPTIONS.—The following in the former Directorate of Prepared-
26	ness shall not be transferred:
27	(1) The Office of Infrastructure Protection.
28	(2) The National Communications System.
29	(3) The National Cybersecurity Division.
30	(4) The Office of the Chief Medical Officer.
31	(5) The functions, personnel, assets, components, authorities, and li-
32	abilities of each component described under paragraphs (1) through
33	(4).
34	§11106. Preserving the Federal Emergency Management
35	Agency
36	(a) T4Distinct Entity.—The Agency shall be maintained as a distinct en-
37	tity in the Department.
38	(b) T4Reorganization.—Section 10331(b) of this title shall not apply to
39	the Agency, including any function or organizational unit of the Agency.
40	(c) Prohibition on Changes to Missions.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may not substantially or signifi-
2	cantly reduce the authorities, responsibilities, or functions of the Agen-
3	cy or the capability of the Agency to perform those missions, authori-
4	ties, responsibilities, except as otherwise specifically provided in an Act
5	enacted after October 4, 2006.
6	(2) CERTAIN TRANSFERS PROHIBITED.—No asset, function, or mis-
7	sion of the Agency may be diverted to the principal and continuing use
8	of another organization, unit, or entity of the Department, except for
9	details or assignments that do not reduce the capability of the Agency
10	to perform its missions.
11	(d) Reprogramming and Transfer of Funds.—In reprogramming or
12	transferring funds, the Secretary shall comply with applicable provisions of
13	any Act making appropriations for the Department for any fiscal year relat-
14	ing to the reprogramming or transfer of funds.
15	§11107. Regional Offices
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—There are in the Agency 10 regional offices, as identi-
17	fied by the Secretary, acting through the Administrator.
18	(b) Management of Regional Offices.—
19	(1) REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR.—Each Regional Office shall be
20	headed by a Regional Administrator, who shall be appointed by the Ad-
21	ministrator, after consulting with State, local, and tribal government
22	officials in the region. Each Regional Administrator shall report di-
23	rectly to the Administrator and be in the Senior Executive Service.
24	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—
25	(A) IN GENERAL.—Each Regional Administrator shall be ap-
26	pointed from among individuals who have a demonstrated ability
27	in and knowledge of emergency management and homeland secu-
28	rity.
29	(B) Considerations.—In selecting a Regional Administrator
30	for a Regional Office, the Administrator shall consider the famili-
31	arity of an individual with the geographical area and demographic
32	characteristics of the population served by the Regional Office.
33	(c) Responsibilities.—
34	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Regional Administrator shall work in part-
35	nership with State, local, and tribal governments, emergency managers,
36	emergency response providers, medical providers, the private sector,
37	nongovernmental organizations, multijurisdictional councils of govern-
38	ments, and regional planning commissions and organizations in the
39	geographical area served by the Regional Office to carry out the re-
40	sponsibilities of a Regional Administrator under this section.

1	(2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of a Regional Adminis-
2	trator include—
3	(A) ensuring effective, coordinated, and integrated regional pre-
4	paredness, protection, response, recovery, and mitigation activities
5	and programs for natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other
6	man-made disasters (including planning, training, exercises, and
7	professional development);
8	(B) assisting in the development of regional capabilities needed
9	for a national catastrophic response system;
10	(C) coordinating the establishment of effective regional operable
11	and interoperable emergency communications capabilities;
12	(D) staffing and overseeing one or more strike teams within the
13	region under subsection (f), to serve as the focal point of the Fed-
14	eral Government's initial response efforts for natural disasters,
15	acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters within that re-
16	gion, and otherwise building Federal response capabilities to re-
17	spond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made
18	disasters within that region;
19	(E) designating an individual responsible for the development of
20	strategic and operational regional plans in support of the National
21	Response Plan;
22	(F) fostering the development of mutual aid and other coopera-
23	tive agreements;
24	(G) identifying critical gaps in regional capabilities to respond
25	to populations with special needs;
26	(H) maintaining and operating a Regional Response Coordina-
27	tion Center or its successor;
28	(I) coordinating with the private sector to help ensure private-
29	sector preparedness for natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and
30	other man-made disasters;
31	(J) assisting State, local, and tribal governments, where appro-
32	priate, to pre-identify and evaluate suitable sites where a multi-
33	jurisdictional incident command system may quickly be established
34	and operated from, if the need for a system arises; and
35	(K) performing other duties relating to these responsibilities the
36	Administrator may require.
37	(3) Training and exercise requirements.—
38	(A) TRAINING.—The Administrator shall require each Regional
39	Administrator to undergo specific training periodically to com-
40	plement the qualifications of the Regional Administrator. The
41	training, as appropriate, shall include training with respect to the

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1	National Incident Management System, the National Response
2	Plan, and other subjects determined by the Administrator.
3	(B) EXERCISES.—The Administrator shall require each Re-
4	gional Administrator to participate as appropriate in regional and
5	national exercises.
6	(d) Area Offices.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is an Area Office for the Pacific and an
8	Area Office for the Caribbean, as components in the appropriate Re-
9	gional Offices.
10	(2) ALASKA.—The Administrator shall establish an Area Office in
11	Alaska, as a component in the appropriate Regional Office.
12	(e) Regional Advisory Council.—
13	(1) Establishment.—Each Regional Administrator shall establish
14	a Regional Advisory Council.
15	(2) Nominations.—A State, local, or tribal government located
16	within the geographic area served by the Regional Office may nominate
17	officials, including Adjutants General and emergency managers, to
18	serve as members of the Regional Advisory Council for that region.
19	(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Each Regional Advisory Council shall—
20	(A) advise the Regional Administrator on emergency manage-
21	ment issues specific to that region;
22	(B) identify geographic, demographic, or other characteristics
23	peculiar to a State, local, or tribal government within the region
24	that might make preparedness, protection, response, recovery, or
25	mitigation more complicated or difficult; and
26	(C) advise the Regional Administrator of weaknesses or defi-
27	ciencies in preparedness, protection, response, recovery, and miti-
28	gation for a State, local, and tribal government within the region
29	of which the Regional Advisory Council is aware.
30	(f) Regional Office Strike Teams.—
31	(1) IN GENERAL.—In coordination with other relevant Federal agen-
32	cies, each Regional Administrator shall oversee multi-agency strike
33	teams authorized under section 303 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster
34	Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5144) that shall con-
35	sist of—
36	(A) a designated Federal coordinating officer;
37	(B) personnel trained in incident management;
38	(C) public affairs, response and recovery, and communications
39	support personnel;
40	(D) a defense coordinating officer;
41	(E) liaisons to other Federal agencies;

1	(F) Other personnel the Administrator or Regional Adminis-
2	trator determines appropriate; and
3	(G) individuals from the agencies with primary responsibility for
4	each of the emergency support functions in the National Response
5	Plan.
6	(2) OTHER DUTIES TO BE CONSISTENT.—The duties of an individual
7	assigned to a Regional Office strike team from another relevant agency
8	when the individual is not functioning as a member of the strike team
9	shall be consistent with the emergency preparedness activities of the
10	agency that employs the individual.
11	(3) LOCATION OF MEMBERS.—The members of each Regional Office
12	strike team, including representatives from agencies other than the De-
13	partment, shall be based primarily within the region that corresponds
14	to that strike team.
15	(4) COORDINATION.—Each Regional Office strike team shall coordi-
16	nate the training and exercises of that strike team with the State, local,
17	and tribal governments and private-sector and nongovernmental entities
18	that the strike team shall support when a natural disaster, act of ter-
19	rorism, or other man-made disaster occurs.
20	(5) PREPAREDNESS.—Each Regional Office strike team shall be
21	trained as a unit on a regular basis and equipped and staffed to be
22	well prepared to respond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and
23	other man-made disasters, including catastrophic incidents.
24	(6) AUTHORITIES.—If the Administrator determines that statutory
25	authority is inadequate for the preparedness and deployment of individ-
26	uals in strike teams under this subsection, the Administrator shall re-
27	port to Congress regarding the additional statutory authorities that the
28	Administrator determines are necessary.
29	§11108. National Advisory Council
30	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the National Advisory
31	Council, established as an advisory body under section 10371(a) of this title
32	to ensure effective and ongoing coordination of Federal preparedness, pro-
33	tection, response, recovery, and mitigation for natural disasters, acts of ter-
34	rorism, and other man-made disasters.
35	(b) Responsibilities.—
36	(1) IN GENERAL.—The National Advisory Council shall advise the
37	Administrator on all aspects of emergency management. The National
38	Advisory Council shall incorporate State, local, and tribal government
39	and private-sector input in the development and revision of the national
40	preparedness goal, the national preparedness system, the National Inci-

1	dent Management System, the National Response Plan, and other re-
2	lated plans and strategies.
3	(2) CONSULTATION ON GRANTS.—To ensure input from and coordi-
4	nation with State, local, and tribal governments and emergency re-
5	sponse providers, the Administrator shall regularly consult and work
6	with the National Advisory Council on the administration and assess-
7	ment of grant programs administered by the Department, including
8	with respect to the development of program guidance and the develop-
9	ment and evaluation of risk-assessment methodologies, as appropriate.
10	(c) Membership.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—The members of the National Advisory Council
12	shall be appointed by the Administrator, and shall, to the extent prac-
13	ticable, represent a geographic (including urban and rural) and sub-
14	stantive cross section of officials, emergency managers, and emergency
15	response providers from State, local, and tribal governments, the pri-
16	vate sector, and nongovernmental organizations, including as appro-
17	priate
18	(A) members selected from the emergency management field
19	and emergency response providers, including fire service, law en-
20	forcement, hazardous materials response, emergency medical serv-
21	ices, and emergency management personnel, or organizations rep-
22	resenting these individuals;
23	(B) health scientists, emergency and inpatient medical provid-
24	ers, and public health professionals;
25	(C) experts from Federal, State, local, and tribal governments,
26	and the private sector, representing standards-setting and accred-
27	iting organizations, including representatives from the voluntary
28	consensus codes and standards development community, particu-
29	larly those with expertise in the emergency preparedness and re-
30	sponse field;
31	(D) State, local, and tribal government officials with expertise
32	in preparedness, protection, response, recovery, and mitigation, in-
33	cluding Adjutants General;
34	(E) elected State, local, and tribal government executives;
35	(F) experts in public and private-sector infrastructure protec-
36	tion, cybersecurity, and communications;
37	(G) representatives of individuals with disabilities and other
38	populations with special needs; and
39	(H) other individuals the Administrator determines to be appro-
40	priate.

1	(2) Coordination with departments of health and human
2	SERVICES AND TRANSPORTATION.—In the selection of members of the
3	National Advisory Council who are health or emergency medical serv-
4	ices professionals, the Administrator shall work with the Secretary of
5	Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Transportation.
6	(3) Ex officio members.—The Administrator shall designate one
7	or more officers of the Federal Government to serve as ex officio mem-
8	bers of the National Advisory Council.
9	(4) TERMS OF OFFICE.—The term of office of each member of the
10	National Advisory Council shall be 3 years.
11	(d) Applicability of Federal Advisory Committee Act.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 10371(a) of this title
13	and subject to paragraph (2), the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 $$
14	U.S.C. App.), including section $10(a)$, (b) , and (d) , and section $552b(c)$
15	of title 5, apply to the National Advisory Council.
16	(2) TERMINATION.—Section $14(a)(2)$ of the Federal Advisory Com-
17	mittee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) does not apply to the National Advisory
18	Council.
19	§11109. National Integration Center
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is in the Agency the National Integration Cen-
21	ter.
22	(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
24	and the National Integration Center, and in consultation with other
25	Federal departments and agencies and the National Advisory Council,
26	shall ensure ongoing management and maintenance of the National In-
27	cident Management System, the National Response Plan, and a succes-
28	sor to the system or plan.
29	(2) REVIEW AND REVISION OF SYSTEM AND PLAN.—The National
30	Integration Center shall periodically review, and revise as appropriate,
31	the National Incident Management System and the National Response
32	Plan, including
33	(A) establishing, in consultation with the Director of the Cor-
34	poration for National and Community Service, a process to better
35	use volunteers and donations;
36	(B) improving the use of Federal, State, local, and tribal re-
37	sources and ensuring the effective use of emergency response pro-
38	viders at emergency scenes; and
39	
40	(C) revising the Catastrophic Incident Annex, finalizing and re- leasing the Catastrophic Incident Supplement to the National Re-

1	sponse Plan, and ensuring that both effectively address response
2	requirements in the event of a catastrophic incident.
3	(c) Incident Management.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—
5	(A) NATIONAL RESPONSE PLAN.—The Secretary, acting
6	through the Administrator, shall ensure that the National Re-
7	sponse Plan provides for a clear chain of command to lead and
8	coordinate the Federal response to a natural disaster, act of ter-
9	rorism, or other man-made disaster.
10	(B) ADMINISTRATOR.—The chain of the command specified in
11	the National Response Plan shall provide for a role for—
12	(i) the Administrator consistent with the role of the Admin-
13	istrator as the principal emergency management advisor to
14	the President, the Homeland Security Council, and the Sec-
15	retary under section $11102(b)(2)$ of this title and the respon-
16	sibility of the Administrator under the Post-Katrina Emer-
17	gency Management Reform Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–
18	295, 120 Stat. 1394), and the amendments made by that
19	Act, relating to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other
20	man-made disasters; and
21	(ii) the Federal Coordinating Officer consistent with the re-
22	sponsibilities under section 302(b) of the Robert T. Stafford
23	Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
24	5143(b)).
25	(2) Principal federal official.—The Principal Federal Official
26	(or the successor to the Official) shall not—
27	(A) direct or replace the incident command structure established
28	at the incident; or
29	(B) have directive authority over the Senior Federal Law En-
30	forcement Official, Federal Coordinating Officer, or other Federal
31	and State officials.
32	§11110. Credentialing and typing
33	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
34	shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the administrators
35	of the Emergency Management Assistance Compact, State, local, and tribal
36	governments, and organizations that represent emergency response provid-
37	ers, to collaborate on developing standards for deployment capabilities, in-
38	cluding for credentialing and typing of incident management personnel,
39	emergency response providers, and other personnel (including temporary
40	personnel) and resources likely needed to respond to natural disasters, acts
41	of terrorism, and other man-made disasters.

1	(b) DISTRIBUTION.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
3	shall provide the standards developed under subsection (a), including
4	detailed written guidance, to—
5	(A) each Federal agency that has responsibilities under the Na-
6	tional Response Plan to aid that agency with credentialing and
7	typing incident management personnel, emergency response pro-
8	viders, and other personnel (including temporary personnel) and
9	resources likely needed to respond to a natural disaster, act of ter-
10	rorism, or other man-made disaster; and
11	(B) State, local, and tribal governments, to aid the governments
12	with credentialing and typing of State, local, and tribal incident
13	management personnel, emergency response providers, and other
14	personnel (including temporary personnel) and resources likely
15	needed to respond to a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other
16	man-made disaster.
17	(2) Assistance.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
18	shall provide expertise and technical assistance to aid Federal, State,
19	local, and tribal government agencies with credentialing and typing in-
20	cident management personnel, emergency response providers, and other
21	personnel (including temporary personnel) and resources likely needed
22	to respond to a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made
23	disaster.
24	(c) Credentialing and Typing of Personnel.—Each Federal agency
25	with responsibilities under the National Response Plan shall ensure that in-
26	cident management personnel, emergency response providers, and other per-
27	sonnel (including temporary personnel) and resources likely needed to re-
28	spond to a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other manmade disaster are
29	credentialed and typed under this section.
30	(d) CONSULTATION ON HEALTH CARE STANDARDS.—In developing
31	standards for credentialing health care professionals under this section, the
32	Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall consult with the Sec-
33	retary of Health and Human Services.
34	§11111. The National Infrastructure Simulation and Analy-
35	sis Center
36	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is in the Department the National Infrastruc-
37	ture Simulation and Analysis Center established under section 1016(d) of
38	the USA PATRIOT Act (42 U.S.C. $5195c(d)$) which shall serve as a source
39	of national expertise to address critical infrastructure protection and con-
40	tinuity through support for activities related to—
41	(1) counterterrorism, threat assessment, and risk mitigation; and

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1	(2) a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made disaster.
2	(b) INFRASTRUCTURE MODELING.—
3	(1) PARTICULAR SUPPORT.—The support provided under subsection
4	(a) includes modeling, simulation, and analysis of the systems and as-
5	sets comprising critical infrastructure, to enhance preparedness, protec-
6	tion, response, recovery, and mitigation activities.
7	(2) Relationship with other agencies.—Each Federal agency
8	and department with critical infrastructure responsibilities under
9	Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7, or a successor to the Di-
10	rective, shall establish a formal relationship, including an agreement re-
11	garding information sharing, between the elements of the agency or de-
12	partment and the National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis
13	Center, through the Department.
14	(3) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the relationship under paragraph (2)
15	is to permit each Federal agency and department described in para-
16	graph (2) to take full advantage of the capabilities of the National In-
17	frastructure Simulation and Analysis Center (particularly vulnerability
18	and consequence analysis), consistent with its work load capacity and
19	priorities, for real-time response to reported and projected natural dis-
20	asters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters.
21	(4) RECIPIENT OF CERTAIN SUPPORTModeling, simulation, and
22	analysis provided under this subsection shall be provided to relevant
23	Federal agencies and departments, including Federal agencies and de-
24	partments with critical infrastructure responsibilities under Homeland
25	Security Presidential Directive 7, or a successor to the Directive.
26	§11112. Evacuation plans and exercises
27	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and sub-
28	ject to subsection (d), grants made to States or local or tribal governments
29	by the Department through the State Homeland Security Grant Program
30	or the Urban Area Security Initiative may be used to—
31	(1) establish programs for the development and maintenance of mass
32	evacuation plans under subsection (b) in the event of a natural disas-
33	ter, act of terrorism, or other man-made disaster;
34	(2) prepare for the execution of the plans, including the development
35	of evacuation routes and the purchase and stockpiling of necessary sup-
36	plies and shelters; and
37	(3) conduct exercises of the plans.
38	(b) PLAN DEVELOPMENT.—In developing the mass evacuation plans au-
39	thorized under subsection (a), each State, local, or tribal government shall,
40	to the maximum extent practicable—
41	(1) establish incident command and decision making processes;

1	(2) ensure that State, local, and tribal government plans, including
2	evacuation routes, are coordinated and integrated;
3	(3) identify primary and alternative evacuation routes and methods
4	to increase evacuation capabilities along the routes, such as conversion
5	of two-way traffic to one-way evacuation routes;
6	(4) identify evacuation transportation modes and capabilities, includ-
7	ing the use of mass and public transit capabilities, and coordinating
8	and integrating evacuation plans for all populations including for those
9	individuals located in hospitals, nursing homes, and other institutional
10	living facilities;
11	(5) develop procedures for informing the public of evacuation plans
12	before and during an evacuation, including individuals—
13	(A) with disabilities or other special needs, including the elderly;
14	(B) with limited English proficiency; or
15	(C) who might otherwise have difficulty in obtaining informa-
16	tion; and
17	(6) identify shelter locations and capabilities.
18	(c) Assistance.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
20	may establish guidelines, standards, or requirements determined appro-
21	priate to administer this section and to ensure effective mass evacua-
22	tion planning for State, local, and tribal areas.
23	(2) Requested Assistance.—The Secretary, acting through the
24	Administrator, shall make assistance available upon request of a State,
25	local, or tribal government to assist hospitals, nursing homes, and other
26	institutions that house individuals with special needs to establish, main-
27	tain, and exercise mass evacuation plans that are coordinated and inte-
28	grated into the plans developed by that State, local, or tribal govern-
29	ment under this section.
30	(d) Multipurpose Funds.—Nothing in this section may be construed
31	to preclude a State, local, or tribal government from using grant funds in
32	a manner that enhances preparedness for a natural or man-made disaster
33	unrelated to an act of terrorism, if the use assists the government in build-
34	ing capabilities for terrorism preparedness.
35	§11113. Disability Coordinator
36	(a) IN GENERAL.—After consultation with organizations representing in-
37	dividuals with disabilities, the National Council on Disabilities, and the
38	Interagency Coordinating Council on Preparedness and Individuals with
39	Disabilities, established under Executive Order No. 13347 (July 22, 2004,
40	69 Fed. Reg. 44573), the Administrator shall appoint a Disability Coordina-
41	tor. The Disability Coordinator shall report directly to the Administrator,

1	in order to ensure that the needs of individuals with disabilities are being
2	properly addressed in emergency preparedness and disaster relief.
3	(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Disability Coordinator is responsible for—
4	(1) providing guidance and coordination on matters related to indi-
5	viduals with disabilities in emergency planning requirements and relief
6	efforts in the event of a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other
7	man-made disaster;
8	(2) interacting with the staff of the Agency, the National Council on
9	Disabilities, the Interagency Coordinating Council on Preparedness and
10	Individuals with Disabilities established under Executive Order No.
11	13347 (69 Fed. Reg. 44573), other agencies of the Federal Govern-
12	ment, and State, local, and tribal government authorities regarding the
13	needs of individuals with disabilities in emergency planning require-
14	ments and relief efforts in the event of a natural disaster, act of terror-
15	ism, or other man-made disaster;
16	(3) consulting with organizations that represent the interests and
17	rights of individuals with disabilities about the needs of individuals with
18	disabilities in emergency planning requirements and relief efforts in the
19	event of a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made disas-
20	ter;
21	(4) ensuring the coordination and dissemination of best practices and
22	model evacuation plans for individuals with disabilities;
23	(5) ensuring the development of training materials and a curriculum
24	for training of emergency response providers, State, local, and tribal
25	government officials, and others on the needs of individuals with dis-
26	abilities;
27	(6) promoting the accessibility of telephone hotlines and websites re-
28	garding emergency preparedness, evacuations, and disaster relief;
29	(7) working to ensure that video programming distributors, including
30	broadcasters, cable operators, and satellite television services, make
31	emergency information accessible to individuals with hearing and vision
32	disabilities;
33	(8) ensuring the availability of accessible transportation options for
34	individuals with disabilities in the event of an evacuation;
35	(9) providing guidance and implementing policies to ensure that the
36	rights and wishes of individuals with disabilities regarding post-evacua-
37	tion residency and relocation are respected;
38	(10) ensuring that meeting the needs of individuals with disabilities
39	are included in the components of the national preparedness system es-
40	tablished under section 644 of the Post-Katrina Emergency Manage-
41	ment Reform Act of 2006; and

1	(11) other duties assigned by the Administrator.
2	§11114. National Operations Center
3	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "situational awareness"
4	means information gathered from a variety of sources that, when commu-
5	nicated to emergency managers and decision makers, can form the basis for
6	incident management decisionmaking.
7	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The National Operations Center is the principal
8	operations center for the Department and shall—
9	(1) provide situational awareness and a common operating picture
10	for the entire Federal Government, and for State, local, and tribal gov-
11	ernments as appropriate, in the event of a natural disaster, act of ter-
12	rorism, or other man-made disaster; and
13	(2) ensure that critical terrorism and disaster-related information
14	reaches government decision-makers.
15	(c) STATE AND LOCAL FIRE SERVICE REPRESENTATION.—
16	(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF POSITION.—The Secretary shall, in con-
17	sultation with the Administrator of the United States Fire Administra-
18	tion, establish a fire service position at the National Operations Center
19	established under subsection (b) to ensure the effective sharing of in-
20	formation between the Federal Government and State and local fire
21	services.
22	(2) DESIGNATION OF POSITION.—The Secretary shall designate, on
23	a rotating basis, a State or local fire service official for the position
24	described in paragraph (1).
25	(3) MANAGEMENT.—The Secretary shall manage the position estab-
26	lished under paragraph (1) in accordance with the rules, regulations,
27	and practices that govern other similar rotating positions at the Na-
28	tional Operations Center.
29	§11115. Responsibilities of Chief Medical Officer
30	The Chief Medical Officer has the primary responsibility in the Depart-
31	ment for medical issues related to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and
32	other man-made disasters, including
33	(1) serving as the principal advisor to the Secretary and the Admin-
34	istrator on medical and public health issues;
35	(2) coordinating the biodefense activities of the Department;
36	(3) ensuring internal and external coordination of all medical pre-
37	paredness and response activities of the Department, including train-
38	ing, exercises, and equipment support;
39	(4) serving as the Department's primary point of contact with the
40	Department of Agriculture, the Department of Defense, the Depart-
41	ment of Health and Human Services, the Department of Transpor-

1 tation, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and other Federal depart-2 ments or agencies, on medical and public health issues; 3 (5) serving as the Department's primary point of contact for State, 4 local, and tribal governments, the medical community, and others with-5 in and outside the Department, with respect to medical and public 6 health matters; 7 (6) discharging, in coordination with the Under Secretary for Science 8 and Technology, the responsibilities of the Department related to 9 Project Bioshield; and 10 (7) performing other duties relating to these responsibilities the Sec-11 retary may require. 12 §11116. Nuclear incident response 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—At the direction of the Secretary (in connection with 14 an actual or threatened terrorist attack, major disaster, or other emergency 15 in the United States), the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall operate 16 as an organizational unit of the Department. While so operating, the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall be subject to the direction, authority, 17 18 and control of the Secretary. 19 (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.-Nothing in this chapter shall be con-20 strued to limit the ordinary responsibility of the Secretary of Energy and 21 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency for organizing, 22 training, equipping, and utilizing their respective entities in the Nuclear In-23 cident Response Team, or (subject to the provisions of this chapter) from 24 exercising direction, authority, and control over them when they are not op-25 erating as a unit of the Department. §11117. Conduct of certain public health-related activities 26 27 (a) In General.—With respect to all public health-related activities to im-28 prove State, local, and hospital preparedness and response to chemical, bio-29 logical, radiological, and nuclear and other emerging terrorist threats car-30 ried out by the Department of Health and Human Services (including the 31 Public Health Service), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall 32 set priorities and preparedness goals and further develop a coordinated 33 strategy for these activities in collaboration with the Secretary. 34 (b) Evaluation of Progress.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary 35 of Health and Human Services shall collaborate with the Secretary in devel-36 oping specific benchmarks and outcome measurements for evaluating 37 progress toward achieving the priorities and goals described in subsection 38 (a).

2

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§11118. Use of national private-sector networks in emergency response

To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall use national private-sector networks and infrastructure for emergency response to chemical,
biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive disasters, and other major disasters.

§ 11119. Model standards and guidelines for critical infra structure workers

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—In coordination with appropriate national professional 10 organizations, Federal, State, local, and tribal government agencies, and pri-11 vate-sector and nongovernmental entities, the Secretary, acting through the 12 Administrator, shall establish model standards and guidelines for credential-13 ing critical infrastructure workers that may be used by a State to credential 14 critical infrastructure workers that may respond to a natural disaster, act 15 of terrorism, or other man-made disaster.

(b) Distribution and Assistance.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall provide the standards developed under subsection (a), including detailed written guidance, to State, local, and tribal governments, and provide expertise and technical assistance to aid the governments with
credentialing critical infrastructure workers that may respond to a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other manmade disaster.

22 §11120. Guidance and recommendations

(a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with their responsibilities and authorities
under law, as of August 2, 2007, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, and the Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, in consultation with the private sector, may develop guidance or recommendations
and identify best practices to assist or foster action by the private sector
in—

29 (1) identifying potential hazards and assessing risks and impacts;

30 (2) mitigating the impact of a wide variety of hazards, including31 weapons of mass destruction;

32 (3) managing necessary emergency preparedness and response re-33 sources;

(4) developing mutual aid agreements;

(5) developing and maintaining emergency preparedness and re-sponse plans, and associated operational procedures;

37 (6) developing and conducting training and exercises to support and
38 evaluate emergency preparedness and response plans and operational
39 procedures;

1	(7) developing and conducting training programs for security guards
2	to implement emergency preparedness and response plans and oper-
3	ations procedures; and
4	(8) developing procedures to respond to requests for information
5	from the media or the public.
6	(b) ISSUANCE AND PROMOTION.—Any guidance or recommendations de-
7	veloped or best practices identified under subsection (a) shall be—
8	(1) issued through the Secretary, acting through the Administrator;
9	and
10	(2) promoted by the Secretary to the private sector.
11	(c) SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.—In developing guidance or recom-
12	mendations or identifying best practices under subsection (a), the Secretary,
13	acting through the Administrator, and the Assistant Secretary for Infra-
14	structure Protection shall take into consideration small business concerns
15	(under the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Small Business Act
16	(15 U.S.C. 632)), including a need for separate guidance or recommenda-
17	tions or best practices, as necessary and appropriate.
18	(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed
19	to supersede a requirement established under any other provision of law.
20	§11121. Voluntary private-sector preparedness accredita-
21	tion and certification program
21 22	tion and certification program (a) Establishment.—
22	(a) Establishment.—
22 23	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer des-
22 23 24	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the vol-
22 23 24 25	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification pro-
22 23 24 25 26	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section.
22 23 24 25 26 27	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under
 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated secret designated designate designated designated designate designated designated designate designated designated designated designated designated designated designate designated designate designated designated designate designated designate designate designate designate designate designate designate designate designate designated designate des
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of—
 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of— (i) the expertise of the Administrator in emergency man-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of— (i) the expertise of the Administrator in emergency management and preparedness in the United States; and
 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of— (i) the expertise of the Administrator in emergency management and preparedness in the United States; and (ii) the responsibilities of the Administrator as the prin-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of— (i) the expertise of the Administrator in emergency management and preparedness in the United States; and (ii) the responsibilities of the Administrator as the principal advisor to the President for all matters relating to emer-
 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of— (i) the expertise of the Administrator in emergency management and preparedness in the United States; and (ii) the responsibilities of the Administrator as the principal advisor to the President for all matters relating to emergency management in the United States.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of— (i) the expertise of the Administrator in emergency management and preparedness in the United States; and (ii) the responsibilities of the Administrator as the principal advisor to the President for all matters relating to emergency management in the United States. (B) The Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection,
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the officer designated under paragraph (2), shall establish and implement the voluntary private-sector preparedness accreditation and certification program under this section. (2) DESIGNATION OF OFFICER.—The Secretary shall designate an officer responsible for the accreditation and certification program under this section. The officer (in this section referred to as the "designated officer") shall be one of the following: (A) The Administrator, based on consideration of— (i) the expertise of the Administrator in emergency management and preparedness in the United States; and (ii) the responsibilities of the Administrator as the principal advisor to the President for all matters relating to emergency management in the United States. (B) The Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, based on consideration of the expertise of the Assistant Secretary

1	(iii) interacting with the private sector on the issues de-
2	scribed in clauses (i) and (ii).
3	(C) The Under Secretary for Science and Technology, based on
4	consideration of the expertise of the Under Secretary in, and re-
5	sponsibilities associated with, standards.
6	(3) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the accreditation and certifi-
7	cation program under this section, the designated officer shall coordi-
8	nate with—
9	(A) the other officers of the Department referred to in para-
10	graph (2), using the expertise and responsibilities of the officers;
11	and
12	(B) the Special Assistant to the Secretary for the private-sector,
13	based on consideration of the expertise of the Special Assistant in,
14	and responsibilities for, interacting with the private-sector.
15	(b) Voluntary Private Sector Preparedness Standards; Vol-
16	UNTARY ACCREDITATION AND CERTIFICATION PROGRAM FOR THE PRIVATE
17	SECTOR.—
18	(1) ACCREDITATION AND CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.—The designated
19	officer shall—
20	(A) begin supporting the development and updating, as nec-
21	essary, of voluntary preparedness standards through appropriate
22	organizations that coordinate or facilitate the development and use
23	of voluntary consensus standards and voluntary consensus stand-
24	ards development organizations; and
25	(B) in consultation with representatives of appropriate organiza-
26	tions that coordinate or facilitate the development and use of vol-
27	untary consensus standards, appropriate voluntary consensus
28	standards development organizations, each private sector advisory
29	council created under section 10322(4) of this title, appropriate
30	representatives of State and local governments, including emer-
31	gency management officials, and appropriate private-sector advi-
32	sory groups, such as sector coordinating councils and information
33	sharing and analysis centers—
34	(i) develop and promote a program to certify the prepared-
35	ness of private-sector entities that voluntarily choose to seek
36	certification under the program; and
37	(ii) implement the program under this subsection through
38	an entity with which the designated officer enters into an
39	agreement under paragraph $(3)(A)$, which shall accredit third
40	parties to carry out the certification process under this sec-
41	tion.

1	(2) Program elements.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—
3	(i) The program developed and implemented under this
4	subsection shall assess whether a private-sector entity com-
5	plies with voluntary preparedness standards.
6	(ii) In developing the program under this subsection, the
7	designated officer shall develop guidelines for the accredita-
8	tion and certification processes established under this sub-
9	section.
10	(B) STANDARDS.—The designated officer, in consultation with
11	representatives of appropriate organizations that coordinate or fa-
12	cilitate the development and use of voluntary consensus standards,
13	representatives of appropriate voluntary consensus standards de-
14	velopment organizations, each private-sector advisory council cre-
15	ated under section $10322(4)$ of this title, appropriate representa-
16	tives of State and local governments, including emergency manage-
17	ment officials, and appropriate private-sector advisory groups such
18	as sector coordinating councils and information sharing and analy-
19	sis centers—
20	(i) shall adopt one or more appropriate voluntary prepared-
21	ness standards that promote preparedness, which may be tai-
22	lored to address the unique nature of various sectors within
23	the private sector, as necessary and appropriate, that shall be
24	used in the accreditation and certification program under this
25	subsection; and
26	(ii) after the adoption of one or more standards under
27	clause (i), may adopt additional voluntary preparedness
28	standards or modify or discontinue the use of voluntary pre-
29	paredness standards for the accreditation and certification
30	program, as necessary and appropriate to promote prepared-
31	ness.
32	(C) SUBMISSION OF RECOMMENDATIONS.—In adopting one or
33 34	more standards under subparagraph (B), the designated officer
34 35	may receive recommendations from an entity described in that subparagraph relating to appropriate voluntary preparedness
35 36	subparagraph relating to appropriate voluntary preparedness standards, including appropriate sector specific standards, for
37	adoption in the program.
38	(D) SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.—The designated officer and
39	an entity with which the designated officer enters into an agree-
40	ment under paragraph (3)(A) shall establish separate classifica-
41	tions and methods of certification for small business concerns

1	(under the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Small
2	Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632)) for the program under this sub-
3	section.
4	(E) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing and implementing the
5	program under this subsection, the designated officer shall—
6	(i) consider the unique nature of various sectors within the
7	private sector, including preparedness standards, business
8	continuity standards, or best practices, established
9	(I) under any other provision of Federal law; or
10	(II) by a sector-specific agency, as defined under
11	Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7; and
12	(ii) coordinate the program, as appropriate, with—
13	(I) other Department private-sector-related programs;
14	and
15	(II) preparedness and business continuity programs in
16	other Federal agencies.
17	(3) Accreditation and certification processes.—
18	(A) AGREEMENT.—
19	(i) The designated officer shall enter into one or more
20	agreements with a highly qualified nongovernmental entity
21	with experience or expertise in coordinating and facilitating
22	the development and use of voluntary consensus standards
23	and in managing or implementing accreditation and certifi-
24	cation programs for voluntary consensus standards, or a simi-
25	larly qualified private-sector entity, to carry out accreditations
26	and oversee the certification process under this subsection. An
27	entity entering into an agreement with the designated officer
28	under this clause (in this section referred to as a "selected
29	entity") shall not perform certifications under this subsection.
30	(ii) A selected entity shall manage the accreditation process
31	and oversee the certification process in accordance with the
32	program established under this subsection and accredit quali-
33	fied third parties to carry out the certification program estab-
34	lished under this subsection.
35	(B) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCREDITATION
36	AND CERTIFICATION.—
37	(i) A selected entity shall collaborate to develop procedures
38	and requirements for the accreditation and certification proc-
39	esses under this subsection, in accordance with the program
40	established under this subsection and guidelines developed
41	under paragraph (2)(A)(ii).

1	(ii) The procedures and requirements developed under
2	clause (i) shall—
3	(I) ensure reasonable uniformity in accreditation and
4	certification processes if there is more than one selected
5	entity; and
6	(II) be used by a selected entity in conducting accredi-
7	tations and overseeing the certification process under
8	this subsection.
9	(iii) A disagreement among selected entities in developing
10	procedures under clause (i) shall be resolved by the des-
11	ignated officer.
12	(C) DESIGNATION.—A selected entity may accredit a qualified
13	third party to carry out the certification process under this sub-
14	section.
15	(D) DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS INVOLVEMENT.—In accrediting
16	qualified third parties to carry out the certification process under
17	this subsection, a selected entity shall ensure, to the extent prac-
18	ticable, that the third parties include qualified small, minority,
19	women-owned, or disadvantaged business concerns when appro-
20	priate. The term "disadvantaged business concern" means a small
21	business that is owned and controlled by socially and economically
22	disadvantaged individuals, as defined in section 124 of title 13,
23	Code of Federal Regulations.
24	(E) TREATMENT OF OTHER CERTIFICATIONS.—At the request
25	of an entity seeking certification, a selected entity may consider,
26	as appropriate, other relevant certifications acquired by the entity
27	seeking certification. If the selected entity determines that the
28	other certifications are sufficient to meet the certification require-
29	ment or aspects of the certification requirement under this section,
30	the selected entity may give credit to the entity seeking certifi-
31	cation, as appropriate, to avoid unnecessarily duplicative certifi-
32	cation requirements.
33	(F) THIRD PARTIES.—To be accredited under subparagraph
34	(C), a third party shall—
35	(i) demonstrate that the third party has the ability to cer-
36	tify private-sector entities in accordance with the procedures
37	and requirements developed subparagraph (B);
38	(ii) agree to perform certifications in accordance with the
39	procedures and requirements;
40	(iii) agree not to have a beneficial interest in or direct or
41	indirect control over—

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- 1	1	0

1	(I) a private-sector entity for which that third party
2	conducts a certification under this subsection; or
3	(II) an organization that provides preparedness con-
4	sulting services to private-sector entities;
5	(iv) agree not to have any other conflict of interest with re-
6	spect to a private-sector entity for which the third party con-
7	ducts a certification under this subsection;
8	(v) maintain liability insurance coverage at policy limits in
9	accordance with the requirements developed under subpara-
10	graph (B); and
11	(vi) enter into an agreement with the selected entity ac-
12	crediting that third party to protect proprietary information
13	of a private-sector entity obtained under this subsection.
14	(G) Monitoring.—
15	(i) The designated officer and an selected entity shall regu-
16	larly monitor and inspect the operations of a third party con-
17	ducting certifications under this subsection to ensure that the
18	third party is complying with the procedures and require-
19	ments established under subparagraph (B) and all other ap-
20	plicable requirements.
21	(ii) If the designated officer or a selected entity determines
22	that a third party is not meeting the procedures or require-
23	ments established under subparagraph (B), the selected entity
24	shall—
25	(I) revoke the accreditation of that third party to con-
26	duct certifications under this subsection; and
27	(II) review the certification conducted by that third
28	party, as necessary and appropriate.
29	(4) ANNUAL REVIEW.—
30	(A) IN GENERAL.—The designated officer, in consultation with
31	representatives of appropriate organizations that coordinate or fa-
32	cilitate the development and use of voluntary consensus standards,
33	appropriate voluntary consensus standards development organiza-
34	tions, appropriate representatives of State and local governments,
35	including emergency management officials, and each private-sector
36	advisory council created under section $10322(4)$ of this title, shall
37	annually review the voluntary accreditation and certification pro-
38	gram established under this subsection to ensure the effectiveness
39	of the program (including the operations and management of the
40	program by a selected entity and the selected entity's inclusion of
41	qualified disadvantaged business concerns under paragraph

1	(3)(D)) and make improvements and adjustments to the program
2	as necessary and appropriate.
3	(B) Review of standards.—Each review under subparagraph (A)
4	shall include an assessment of the voluntary preparedness stand-
5	ard or standards used in the program under this subsection.
6	(5) Voluntary participation.—Certification under this sub-
7	section shall be voluntary for a private-sector entity.
8	(6) Public listing .—The designated officer shall maintain and
9	make public a listing of any private-sector entity certified as being in
10	compliance with the program established under this subsection, if that
11	private-sector entity consents to the listing.
12	(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed
13	as—
14	(1) a requirement to replace preparedness, emergency response, or
15	business continuity standards, requirements, or best practices estab-
16	lished
17	(A) under any other provision of federal law; or
18	(B) by a sector-specific agency, as those agencies are defined
19	under Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7; or
20	(2) exempting a private-sector entity seeking certification or meeting
21	certification requirements under subsection (b) from compliance with
22	all applicable statutes, regulations, directives, policies, and industry
23	codes of practice.
24	§11122. Acceptance of gifts
25	(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may accept and use gifts of property,
26	both real and personal, and may accept gifts of services, including from
27	guest lecturers, for otherwise authorized activities of the Center for Domes-
28	tic Preparedness that are related to efforts to prevent, prepare for, protect
29	against, or respond to a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-
30	made disaster, including the use of a weapon of mass destruction.
31	(b) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary may not accept a gift under this sec-
32	tion if the Secretary determines that the use of the property or services
33	would compromise the integrity or appearance of integrity of—
34	(1) a program of the Department; or
35	(2) an individual involved in a program of the Department.
36	(c) Report.—
37	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on
38	Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee
39	on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate an an-
40	nual report disclosing

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1	(A) gifts that were accepted under this section during the year	
2	covered by the report;	
3	(B) how the gifts contribute to the mission of the Center for	
4	Domestic Preparedness; and	
5	(C) the amount of Federal savings that were generated from the	
6	acceptance of the gifts.	
7	(2) PUBLICATION.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall	
8	be made publicly available.	
9	Chapter 113 —Transportation Security Administration	
	 Sec. 11301. Functions. 11302. National emergency responsibilities. 11303. Management of security information. 11304. View of National Transportation Safety Board. 11305. Acquisitions. 11306. Transfers of funds. 11307. Regulations. 11308. Personnel and services. 11300. Personnel management system. 11310. Authority of Inspector General. 11311. Law enforcement powers. 11312. Authority to exempt. 11313. Nondisclosure of security activities. 11314. Transportation security strategic planning. 11315. Transportation Security Information Sharing Plan. 11316. Enforcement of certain regulations and orders of the Secretary. 11317. Administrative; indemnification; registered traveler fee. 11318. Withholding information. 11319. Enhanced security measures. 	
10	§11301. Functions	
11	(a) FUNCTIONS.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the	
12	Transportation Security Administration (in this chapter referred to as the	
13	"Administrator"), is responsible for security in all modes of transportation,	
14	including	
15	(1) carrying out chapter 409 of this title relating to civil aviation se-	
16	curity, and related research and development activities; and	
17	(2) security responsibilities over other modes of transportation that	
18	were exercised by the Department of Transportation prior to March 1,	
19	2003.	
20	(b) Screening Operations.—The Secretary shall—	
21	(1) be responsible for day-to-day Federal security screening oper-	
22	ations for passenger air transportation and intrastate air transpor-	
23	tation under sections 40911 and 40953 of this title;	
24	(2) develop standards for the hiring and retention of security screen-	
25	ing personnel;	
26	(3) train and test security screening personnel; and	

(4) be responsible for hiring and training personnel to provide secu-rity screening at all airports in the United States where screening is

1	required under section 40911 of this title, in consultation with the Sec-
2	retary of Transportation and the heads of other appropriate Federal
3	agencies and departments.
4	(c) Additional Duties and Powers.—In addition to carrying out the
5	functions specified in subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary shall—
6	(1) receive, assess, and distribute intelligence information related to
7	transportation security;
8	(2) assess threats to transportation;
9	(3) develop policies, strategies, and plans for dealing with threats to
10	transportation security;
11	(4) make other plans related to transportation security, including co-
12	ordinating countermeasures with appropriate departments, agencies,
13	and instrumentalities of the United States Government;
14	(5) serve as the primary liaison for transportation security to the in-
15	telligence and law enforcement communities;
16	(6) on a day-to-day basis, manage and provide operational guidance
17	to the field security resources of the Administration, including Federal
18	Security Managers as provided by section 40951 of this title;
19	(7) enforce security-related regulations and requirements;
20	(8) identify and undertake research and development activities nec-
21	essary to enhance transportation security;
22	(9) inspect, maintain, and test security facilities, equipment, and sys-
23	tems;
24	(10) ensure the adequacy of security measures for the transportation
25	of cargo;
26	(11) oversee the implementation, and ensure the adequacy, of secu-
27	rity measures at airports and other transportation facilities;
28	(12) require background checks for airport security screening person-
29	nel, individuals with access to secure areas of airports, and other trans-
30	portation security personnel;
31	(13) work in conjunction with the Administrator of the Federal Avia-
32	tion Administration with respect to actions or activities that may affect
33	aviation safety or air carrier operations;
34	(14) work with the International Civil Aviation Organization and ap-
35	propriate aeronautic authorities of foreign governments under section
36	40917 of this title, to address security concerns on passenger flights
37	by foreign air carriers in foreign air transportation; and
38	(15) carry out other duties, and exercise other powers, relating to
39	transportation security the Secretary considers appropriate, to the ex-
40	tent authorized by law.

1 §11302. National emergency responsibilities

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the direction and control of the Secretary,
the Administrator, during a national emergency, has the following responsibilities:

5 (1) To coordinate domestic transportation, including aviation, rail,
6 and other surface transportation, and maritime transportation (includ7 ing port security).

8 (2) To coordinate and oversee the transportation-related responsibil-9 ities of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government 10 other than the Department of Defense and the military departments. (3) To coordinate and provide notice to other departments and agen-11 12 cies of the Federal Government, and appropriate agencies of State and 13 local governments, including departments and agencies for transpor-14 tation, law enforcement, and border control, about threats to transpor-15 tation.

(4) To carry out other duties, and exercise other powers, relating to
transportation during a national emergency the Secretary shall prescribe.

(b) AUTHORITY OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—The authority of the Secretary under this subsection shall not supersede the authority
of another department or agency of the Federal Government under law with
respect to transportation or transportation-related matters, whether or not
during a national emergency.

(c) CIRCUMSTANCES.—The Secretary shall prescribe the circumstances
 constituting a national emergency for purposes of this section.

26 §11303. Management of security information

In consultation with the Transportation Security Oversight Board, theSecretary, acting through the Administrator, shall—

(1) enter into memoranda of understanding with Federal agencies or
other entities to share or otherwise cross-check as necessary data on
individuals identified on Federal agency databases who may pose a risk
to transportation or national security;

(2) establish procedures for notifying the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, appropriate State and local law enforcement officials, and airport or airline security officers of the identity of
individuals known to pose, or suspected of posing, a risk of air piracy
or terrorism or a threat to airline or passenger safety;

(3) in consultation with other appropriate Federal agencies and air
carriers, establish policies and procedures requiring air carriers—

1	(A) to use information from government agencies to identify in-
2	dividuals on passenger lists who may be a threat to civil aviation
3	or national security; and
4	(B) if such an individual is identified, notify appropriate law en-
5	forcement agencies, prevent the individual from boarding an air-
6	craft, or take other appropriate action with respect to that individ-
7	ual; and
8	(4) consider requiring passenger air carriers to share passenger lists
9	with appropriate Federal agencies for the purpose of identifying indi-
10	viduals who may pose a threat to aviation safety or national security.
11	§11304 View of National Transportation Safety Board
12	In taking an action under this section that could affect safety, the Sec-
13	retary, acting through the Administrator, shall give great weight to the
14	timely views of the National Transportation Safety Board.
15	§11305. Acquisitions
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
17	may—
18	(1) acquire (by purchase, lease, condemnation, or otherwise) real
19	property, or an interest therein, within and outside the continental
20	United States, the Secretary considers necessary;
21	(2) acquire (by purchase, lease, condemnation, or otherwise) and to
22	construct, repair, operate, and maintain personal property (including
23	office space and patents), or an interest therein, within and outside the
24	continental United States, the Secretary considers necessary;
25	(3) lease to others the real and personal property and to provide by
26	contract or otherwise for necessary facilities for the welfare of its em-
27	ployees and to acquire, maintain, and operate equipment for these fa-
28	cilities;
29	(4) acquire services, including personal services the Secretary deter-
30	mines necessary, and to acquire (by purchase, lease, condemnation, or
31	otherwise) and to construct, repair, operate, and maintain research and
32	testing sites and facilities; and
33	(5) in cooperation with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation
34	Administration, utilize the research and development facilities of the
35	Federal Aviation Administration.
36	(b) TITLE.—Title to property or an interest in property acquired under
37	this subsection shall be held by the Government of the United States.
38	(c) Charge for Lease of Real and Personal Property.—Notwith-
39	standing section 3302 of title 31, the Secretary may impose a reasonable
40	charge for the lease of real and personal property to Transportation Secu-
41	rity Administration employees and for use by Transportation Security Ad-

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1	ministration employees and may credit amounts received to the appropria-
2	tion or fund initially charged for operating and maintaining the property.
3	The amounts are available, without fiscal year limitation, for expenditure for
4	property management, operation, protection, construction, repair, alteration,
5	and related activities.
6	§11306 Transfers of funds
7	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may accept transfers of
8	unobligated balances and unexpended balances of funds appropriated to
9	other Federal agencies (as the term is defined in section $551(1)$ of title 5)
10	to carry out functions transferred, on or after November 19, 2001, by law
11	to the Secretary.
12	§11307. Regulations
13	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may
14	issue, rescind, and revise regulations as necessary to carry out the functions
15	of the Administration.
16	(b) Emergency Procedures.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law or ex-
18	ecutive order (including an executive order requiring a cost-benefit
19	analysis), if the Secretary determines that a regulation or security di-
20	rective must be issued immediately in order to protect transportation
21	security, the Secretary shall issue the regulation or security directive
22	without providing notice or an opportunity for comment.
23	(2) Review by transportation security oversight board.—A regulation
24	or security directive issued under this subsection shall be subject to re-
25	view by the Transportation Security Oversight Board established under
26	section 10321 of this title. A regulation or security directive issued
27	under this subsection shall remain effective for a period not to exceed
28	90 days unless ratified or disapproved by the Board or rescinded by
29	the Secretary.
30	(c) FACTORS TO CONSIDER.—In determining whether to issue, rescind,
31	or revise a regulation under this chapter, the Secretary shall consider, as
32	a factor in the final determination, whether the costs of the regulation are
33	excessive in relation to the enhancement of security the regulation will pro-
34	vide. The Secretary may waive requirements for an analysis that estimates
35	the number of lives that will be saved by the regulation and the monetary
36	value of lives if the Secretary determines that it is not feasible to make an
37	estimate.
38	(d) Airworthiness Objections by Federal Aviation Administra-
39	TION.—
40	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall not take an aviation security
41	action under this title if the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Ad-

1 ministration notifies the Secretary that the action could adversely af-

2 fect the airworthiness of an aircraft.

3 (2) REVIEW BY SECRETARY.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the
4 Secretary may take such an action, after receiving a notification con5 cerning the action from the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Ad6 ministration under paragraph (1), if the Secretary subsequently approves the action.

8 §11308. Personnel and services

9 (a) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY.—In carrying out the functions of the
10 Administration, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, has the
11 same authority as is provided to the Administrator of the Federal Aviation
12 Administration under subsections (l) and (m) of section 106 of title 49.

(b) AUTHORITY OF AGENCY HEADS.—The head of a Federal agency shall
have the same authority to provide services, supplies, equipment, personnel,
and facilities to the Secretary as the head has to provide services, supplies,
equipment, personnel, and facilities to the Administrator of the Federal
Aviation Administration under section 106(m) of title 49.

18 §11309. Personnel management system

(a) IN GENERAL. THE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ESTABLISHED
BY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION
UNDER SECTION 40122 OF TITLE 49 APPLIES TO EMPLOYEES OF THE
TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

(b) MODIFICATIONS.SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 40122
OF TITLE 49, THE SECRETARY, ACTING THROUGH THE ADMINISTRATOR,
MAY MAKE MODIFICATIONS TO THE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
WITH RESPECT TO SUCH EMPLOYEES AS THE SECRETARY CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE, SUCH AS ADOPTING ASPECTS OF OTHER PERSONNEL SYSTEMS
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

29 §11310. Authority of Inspector General

The Transportation Security Administration is subject to the Inspector
General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) and other laws relating to the authority of the Inspector General of the Department.

33 §11311. Law enforcement powers

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may
designate an employee of the Transportation Security Administration or
other Federal agency to serve as a law enforcement officer.

(b) POWERS.—While engaged in official duties of the Administration as
required to fulfill the responsibilities under this section, a law enforcement
officer designated under paragraph (1) may—

40 (1) carry a firearm;

1 (2) make an arrest without a warrant for any offense against the 2 United States committed in the presence of the officer, or for any fel-3 ony cognizable under the laws of the United States if the officer has 4 probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested has committed 5 or is committing the felony; and (3) seek and execute warrants for arrest or seizure of evidence issued 6 7 under the authority of the United States upon probable cause that a 8 violation has been committed. 9 (c) GUIDELINES ON EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—The authority provided 10 by this section shall be exercised in accordance with guidelines prescribed 11 by the Secretary, in consultation with the Attorney General of the United 12 States, and shall include adherence to the Attorney General's policy on use 13 of deadly force. 14 (d) REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF AUTHORITY.-The powers author-15 ized by this section may be rescinded or suspended should the Attorney 16 General determine that the Secretary has not complied with the guidelines 17 prescribed in paragraph (3) and conveys the determination in writing to the 18 Secretary. 19 §11312. Authority to exempt 20 The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may grant an exemp-21 tion from a regulation prescribed in carrying out this chapter if the Sec-22 retary determines that the exemption is in the public interest. 23 §11313. Nondisclosure of security activities 24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 552 of title 5, the Secretary, 25 acting through the Administrator, shall prescribe regulations prohibiting the 26 disclosure of information obtained or developed in carrying out security 27 under authority of chapter 409 of this title or the Aviation and Transpor-28 tation Security Act (Public Law 107-71, 115 Stat. 597) if the Secretary 29 decides that disclosing the information would-30 (1) be an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy; 31 (2) reveal a trade secret or privileged or confidential commercial or 32 financial information; or 33 (3) be detrimental to the security of transportation. 34 (b) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION TO CONGRESS.—Subsection (a) does 35 not authorize information to be withheld from a committee of Congress au-36 thorized to have the information. 37 (c) LIMITATION ON TRANSFERABILITY OF DUTIES.—Except as otherwise 38 provided by law, the Secretary may not transfer a duty or power under this 39 section to another department, agency, or instrumentality of the United 40 States.

1	(d) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this section, or any other provision of law,
2	shall be construed to authorize the designation of information as sensitive
3	security information (as defined in section 1520.5 of title 49, Code of Fed-
4	eral Regulations)—
5	(1) to conceal a violation of law, inefficiency, or administrative error;
6	(2) to prevent embarrassment to a person, organization, or agency;
7	(3) to restrain competition; or
8	(4) to prevent or delay the release of information that does not re-
9	quire protection in the interest of transportation security, including
10	basic scientific research information not clearly related to transpor-
11	tation security.
12	§11314. Transportation security strategic planning
13	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop, prepare, implement, and
14	update, as needed—
15	(1) a National Strategy for Transportation Security; and
16	(2) transportation modal security plans addressing security risks, in-
17	cluding threats, vulnerabilities, and consequences, for aviation, railroad,
18	ferry, highway, maritime, pipeline, public transportation, over-the-road
19	bus, and other transportation infrastructure assets.
20	(b) ROLE OF SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION.—The Secretary shall
21	work jointly with the Secretary of Transportation in developing, revising,
22	and updating the documents required by paragraph (1).
23	(c) Contents of National Strategy for Transportation Secu-
24	RITY.—The National Strategy for Transportation Security shall include the
25	following:
26	(1) An identification and evaluation of the transportation assets in
27	the United States that, in the interests of national security and com-
28	merce, must be protected from attack or disruption by terrorist or
29	other hostile forces, including modal security plans for aviation, bridge
30	and tunnel, commuter rail and ferry, highway, maritime, pipeline, rail,
31	mass transit, over-the-road bus, and other public transportation infra-
32	structure assets that could be at risk of attack or disruption.
33	(2) The development of risk-based priorities, based on risk assess-
34	ments conducted or received by the Secretary (including assessments
35	conducted under the Implementing Recommendations of the $9/11$ Com-
36	mission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-53, 121 Stat. 266)), across all
37	transportation modes and realistic deadlines for addressing security
38	needs associated with those assets referred to in paragraph (1).
39	(3) The most appropriate, practical, and cost-effective means of de-
40	fending those assets against threats to their security.

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1 (4) A forward-looking strategic plan that sets forth the agreed upon 2 roles and missions of Federal, State, regional, local, and tribal authori-3 ties and establishes mechanisms for encouraging cooperation and par-4 ticipation by private sector entities, including nonprofit employee labor 5 organizations, in the implementation of the plan.

(5) A comprehensive delineation of prevention, response, and recovery responsibilities and issues regarding threatened and executed acts of terrorism within the United States and threatened and executed acts of terrorism outside the United States to the extent the acts affect United States transportation systems.

11 (6) A prioritization of research and development objectives that sup-12 port transportation security needs, giving a higher priority to research 13 and development directed toward protecting vital transportation assets. 14 Transportation security research and development projects shall be 15 based, to the extent practicable, on the prioritization. Nothing in the 16 preceding sentence shall be construed to require the termination of a 17 research or development project initiated by the Secretary of Homeland 18 Security or the Secretary of Transportation before August 3, 2007.

(7) A 3- and 10-year budget for Federal transportation security programs that will achieve the priorities of the National Strategy for
Transportation Security.

(8) Methods for linking the individual transportation modal security
plans and the programs contained therein, and a plan for addressing
the security needs of intermodal transportation.

25 (9) Transportation modal security plans described in subsection 26 (a)(2), including operational recovery plans to expedite, to the maxi-27 mum extent practicable, the return to operation of an adversely af-28 fected transportation system following a major terrorist attack on that 29 system or other incident. These plans shall be coordinated with the re-30 sumption of trade protocols required under section 30502 of this title 31 and the National Maritime Transportation Security Plan required 32 under section 70103(a) of title 46.

(d) Submissions of Plans to Congress.—

(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of
the Senate.

1	(2) BIENNIAL STRATEGY REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit the
2	National Strategy for Transportation Security, including the transpor-
3	tation modal security plans and any revisions to the National Strategy
4	for Transportation Security and the transportation modal security
5	plans, to appropriate congressional committees not less frequently than
6	April 1 of each even-numbered year.
7	(3) Periodic progress report.—
8	(A) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—Each year, in conjunction
9	with the submission of the budget to Congress under section
10	1105(a) of title 31, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate
11	congressional committees an assessment of the progress made on
12	implementing the National Strategy for Transportation Security,
13	including the transportation modal security plans.
14	(B) CONTENT.—Each progress report submitted under this
15	paragraph shall include, at a minimum, the following:
16	(i) Recommendations for improving and implementing the
17	National Strategy for Transportation Security and the trans-
18	portation modal and intermodal security plans that the Sec-
19	retary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Sec-
20	retary of Transportation, considers appropriate.
21	(ii) An accounting of all grants for transportation security,
22	including grants and contracts for research and development,
23	awarded by the Secretary in the most recent fiscal year and
24	a description of how the grants accomplished the goals of the
25	National Strategy for Transportation Security.
26	(iii) An accounting of all—
27	(I) funds requested in the President's budget submit-
28	ted pursuant to section 1105 of title 31 for the most re-
29	cent fiscal year for transportation security, by mode;
30	(II) personnel working on transportation security by
31	mode, including the number of contractors; and
32	(III) information on the turnover in the previous year
33	among senior staff of the Department, including compo-
34	nent agencies, working on transportation security issues.
35	The information shall include the number of employees
36	who have permanently left the office, agency, or area in
37	which they worked, and the amount of time that they
38	worked for the Department.
39	(C) WRITTEN EXPLANATION OF TRANSPORTATION SECURITY
40	ACTIVITIES NOT DELINEATED IN THE NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR
41	TRANSPORTATION SECURITY.—At the end of each fiscal year, the

1	Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees
2	a written explanation of a Federal transportation security activity
3	that is inconsistent with the National Strategy for Transportation
4	Security, including the amount of funds to be expended for the ac-
5	tivity and the number of personnel involved.
6	(4) Classified Material.—Any part of the National Strategy for
7	Transportation Security or the transportation modal security plans that
8	involve information that is properly classified under criteria established
9	by Executive order shall be submitted to the appropriate congressional
10	committees separately in a classified format.
11	(e) Priority Status.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The National Strategy for Transportation Secu-
13	rity shall be the governing document for Federal transportation secu-
14	rity efforts.
15	(2) OTHER PLANS AND REPORTS.—The National Strategy for Trans-
16	portation Security shall include, as an integral part or as an appendix
17	(A) the current National Maritime Transportation Security Plan
18	under section 70103 of title 46;
19	(B) the report required by section 40956 of this title;
20	(C) transportation modal security plans required under this
21	chapter;
22	(D) the transportation sector specific plan required under
23	Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7; and
24	(E) another transportation security plan or report that the Sec-
25	retary determines appropriate for inclusion.
26	(f) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the responsibilities under this sec-
27	tion, the Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation,
28	shall consult, as appropriate, with Federal, State, and local agencies, tribal
29	governments, private sector entities (including nonprofit employee labor or-
30	ganizations), institutions of higher learning, and other entities.
31	(g) PLAN DISTRIBUTION.—The Secretary shall make available and appro-
32	priately publicize an unclassified version of the National Strategy for Trans-
33	portation Security, including its component transportation modal security
34	plans, to Federal, State, regional, local and tribal authorities, transportation
35	system owners or operators, private sector stakeholders, including nonprofit
36	employee labor organizations representing transportation employees, institu-
37	tions of higher learning, and other appropriate entities.
38	§11315. Transportation Security Information Sharing Plan
39	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

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1	(1) Appropriate congressional committees.—The term "appro-
2	priate congressional committees" has the meaning given that term in
3	section 11314 of this title.

4 (2) PLAN.—The term "Plan" means the Transportation Security In5 formation Sharing Plan established under subsection (b).

6 (3) PUBLIC AND PRIVATE STAKEHOLDERS.—The term "public and
7 private stakeholders" means Federal, State, and local agencies, tribal
8 governments, and appropriate private entities, including nonprofit em9 ployee labor organizations representing transportation employees.

(4) TRANSPORTATION SECURITY INFORMATION.—The term "transportation security information" means information relating to the risks
to transportation modes, including aviation, public transportation, railroad, ferry, highway, maritime, pipeline, and over-the-road bus transportation, and may include specific and general intelligence products,
as appropriate.

16 (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PLAN.—The Secretary, acting through the Ad-17 ministrator and in consultation with the program manager of the informa-18 tion sharing environment established under section 11707 of this title, the 19 Secretary of Transportation, and public and private stakeholders, shall es-20 tablish a Transportation Security Information Sharing Plan. In establishing 21 the Plan, the Secretary shall gather input on the development of the Plan 22 from private and public stakeholders and the program manager of the infor-23 mation sharing environment established under section 11707 of this title. 24 (c) PURPOSE OF PLAN.—The Plan shall promote sharing of transpor-25 tation security information between the Department of Homeland Security 26 and public and private stakeholders.

(d) CONTENT OF PLAN.—The Plan shall include—

(1) a description of how intelligence analysts within the Department
will coordinate their activities and with other Federal, State, and local
agencies, and tribal governments, including coordination with existing
modal information sharing centers and the center described in section
40507 of this title;

33 (2) the establishment of a point of contact, which may be a single 34 point of contact within the Department, for each mode of transpor-35 tation for the sharing of transportation security information with public 36 and private stakeholders, including an explanation and justification to 37 the appropriate congressional committees if the point of contact estab-38 lished under this paragraph differs from the agency within the Depart-39 ment that has the primary authority, or has been delegated the author-40 ity by the Secretary, to regulate the security of that transportation 41 mode;

1	(3) a reasonable deadline by which the Plan will be implemented; and
2	(4) a description of resource needs for fulfilling the Plan.
3	(e) Coordination with Information Sharing.—The Plan shall be—
4	(1) implemented in coordination, as appropriate, with the program
5	manager for the information sharing environment established under
6	section 11707 of this title; and
7	(2) consistent with the establishment of the information sharing en-
8	vironment and policies, guidelines, procedures, instructions, or stand-
9	ards established by the President or the program manager for the im-
10	plementation and management of the information sharing environment.
11	(f) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall, not later than Decem-
12	ber 31 each year, submit to the appropriate congressional committees, a re-
13	port containing the Plan.
14	(g) Comptroller General Survey and Report.—
15	(1) BIENNIAL SURVEY.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a bi-
17	ennial survey of the satisfaction of recipients of transportation in-
18	telligence reports disseminated under the Plan.
19	(B) INFORMATION SOUGHT.—The survey conducted under sub-
20	paragraph (A) shall seek information about the quality, speed, reg-
21	ularity, and classification of the transportation security informa-
22	tion products disseminated by the Department of Homeland Secu-
23	rity to public and private stakeholders.
24	(2) REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall, each even-numbered
25	year, submit to the appropriate congressional committees, a report on
26	the results of the survey conducted under paragraph (1). The Comp-
27	troller General shall also provide a copy of the report to the Secretary.
28	(h) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The Secretary shall, to the greatest extent
29	practicable, take steps to expedite the security clearances needed for des-
30	ignated public and private stakeholders to receive and obtain access to clas-
31	sified information distributed under this section, as appropriate.
32	(i) CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIAL.—The Secretary, to the greatest extent
33	practicable, shall provide designated public and private stakeholders with
34	transportation security information in an unclassified format.
35	(j) Stakeholder Semiannual Report.—
36	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Sec-
37	retary shall provide a semiannual report to the appropriate congres-
38	sional committees that includes—
39	(A) the number of public and private stakeholders who were
40	provided with each report on the Plan;

1	(B) a description of the measures the Secretary has taken,
2	under subsection (g) or otherwise, to ensure proper treatment and
3	security for classified information to be shared with the public and
4	private stakeholders under the Plan; and
5	(C) an explanation of the reason for the denial of transportation
6	security information to a stakeholder who had previously received
7	the information.
8	(2) WHEN REPORT NOT REQUIRED.—The Secretary is not required
9	to provide a semiannual report under paragraph (1) if no stakeholders
10	have been added to or removed from the group of persons with whom
11	transportation security information is shared under the plan since the
12	end of the period covered by the last preceding semiannual report.
13	\$11316. Enforcement of certain regulations and orders of
14	the Secretary
15	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
16	(1) Person. The term "person" does not include—
17	(A) the United States Postal Service; or
18	(B) the Department of Defense.
19	(2) SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN.—The term "small business concern"
20	has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Small Business
21	Act (15 U.S.C. 632).
22	(b) Applicability of Section.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—This section applies to the enforcement of regula-
24	tions prescribed, and orders issued, by the Secretary, acting through
25	the Administrator, under a provision of chapter 701 of title 46 or
26	under a provision of title 49 other than a provision of former chapter
27	449 (in this section referred to as an "applicable provision of title 49").
28	(2) VIOLATIONS OF FORMER CHAPTER 449 OF TITLE 49.—The pen-
29	alties under subchapter V of chapter 409 of this title apply to viola-
30	tions of regulations prescribed and orders issued by the Secretary
31	under former chapter 449 of title 49.
32	(3) Non-applicability to certain violations.—
33	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subsections (c) through (f) do not apply to
34	violations of regulations prescribed, and orders issued, by the Sec-
35	retary under a provision of title 49—
36	(i) involving the transportation of personnel or shipments
37	of materials by contractors where the Department of Defense
38	has assumed control and responsibility;
39	(ii) by a member of the armed forces of the United States
40	when performing official duties; or

	1 V 1
1	(iii) by a civilian employee of the Department of Defense
2	when performing official duties.
3	(B) ALTERNATIVE PENALTIES.—Violations described in clause
4	(i), (ii), or (iii) of subparagraph (A) shall be subject to penalties
5	as determined by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary's des-
6	ignee.
7	(c) CIVIL PENALTY.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—A person is liable to the United States Govern-
9	ment for a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for a violation of
10	a regulation prescribed, or order issued, by the Secretary under an ap-
11	plicable provision of title 49.
12	(2) REPEAT VIOLATIONS.—A separate violation occurs under this
13	subsection for each day the violation continues.
14	(d) 5ADMINISTRATIVE IMPOSITION OF CIVIL PENALTIES.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may impose a civil penalty for a
16	violation of a regulation prescribed, or order issued, under an applica-
17	ble provision of title 49. The Secretary shall give written notice of the
18	finding of a violation and the penalty.
19	(2) SCOPE OF CIVIL ACTION.—In a civil action to collect a civil pen-
20	alty imposed by the Secretary under this section, a court may not re-
21	examine issues of liability or the amount of the penalty.
22	(3) JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the United States shall
23	have exclusive jurisdiction of civil actions to collect a civil penalty im-
24	posed by the Secretary under this section if—
25	(A) the amount in controversy is more than—
26	(i) \$400,000, if the violation was committed by a person
27	other than an individual or small business concern; or
28	(ii) \$50,000 if the violation was committed by an individual
29	or small business concern;
30	(B) the action is in rem or another action in rem based on the
31	same violation has been brought; or
32	(C) another action has been brought for an injunction based on
33	the same violation.
34	(4) MAXIMUM PENALTY.—The maximum civil penalty the Secretary
35	administratively may impose under this subsection is—
36	(A) \$400,000, if the violation was committed by a person other
37	than an individual or small business concern; or
38	(B) \$50,000, if the violation was committed by an individual or
39	small business concern.

1	(5) Notice and opportunity to request hearing.—Before im-
2	posing a penalty under this chapter the Secretary shall provide to the
3	person against whom the penalty is to be imposed
4	(A) written notice of the proposed penalty; and
5	(B) the opportunity to request a hearing on the proposed pen-
6	alty, if the Secretary receives the request not later than 30 days
7	after the date on which the person receives notice.
8	(e) Compromise and Setoff.—
9	(1) Compromise.—The Secretary may compromise the amount of a
10	civil penalty imposed under this section.
11	(2) SETOFF.—The United States Government may deduct the
12	amount of a civil penalty imposed or compromised under this section
13	from amounts it owes the person liable for the penalty.
14	(f) Investigations and Proceedings. Subchapter IV of chapter
15	409 OF THIS TITLE APPLIES TO INVESTIGATIONS AND PROCEEDINGS
16	BROUGHT UNDER THIS SECTION TO THE SAME EXTENT THAT CHAPTER 461
17	OF TITLE 49 APPLIES TO INVESTIGATIONS AND PROCEEDINGS BROUGHT
18	WITH RESPECT TO AVIATION SECURITY DUTIES DESIGNATED TO BE CAR-
19	RIED OUT BY THE SECRETARY.
20	(g) Enforcement Transparency.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, not later than December 31
22	each year—
23	(A) provide an annual summary to the public of all enforcement
24	actions taken by the Secretary under this section; and
25	(B) include in each summary the docket number of each en-
26	forcement action, the type of alleged violation, the penalty or pen-
27	alties proposed, and the final assessment amount of each penalty.
28	(2) ELECTRONIC AVAILABILITY.—Each summary under this sub-
29	section shall be made available to the public by electronic means.
30	(3) Relationship to freedom of information act and privacy
31	ACT.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require disclo-
32	sure of information or records that are exempt from disclosure under
33	section 552 or 552a of title 5.
34	§11317. Administrative; indemnification; registered traveler
35	fee
36	(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—The Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
37	trator, may take action the Secretary considers necessary to carry out this
38	chapter and chapter 409 of this title, including conducting investigations,
39	prescribing regulations, standards, and procedures, and issuing orders.
40	(b) INDEMNIFICATION.—The Secretary may indemnify an officer or em-
41	ployee of the Transportation Security Administration against a claim or
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1	judgment arising out of an act under this chapter or chapter 409 of this
2	title that the Secretary decides was committed within the scope of the offi-
3	cial duties of the officer or employee.
4	(c) REGISTERED TRAVELER FEE.—Notwithstanding section 553 of title
5	5, the Secretary shall impose a fee for a registered traveler program under-
6	taken by the Department by notice in the Federal Register, and may modify
7	the fee from time to time by notice in the Federal Register. Fees shall not
8	exceed the aggregate costs associated with the program, shall be credited
9	to the Transportation Security Administration registered traveler fee ac-
10	count, and are available until expended.
11	§11318. Withholding information
12	(a) Objections to Disclosure.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—A person may object to the public disclosure of
14	information—
15	(A) in a record filed under this chapter or chapter 409 of this
16	title; or
17	(B) obtained under this chapter or chapter 409 of this title by
18	the Secretary, acting through the Administrator.
19	(2) Form of objection; action by secretary.—An objection
20	must be in writing and must state the reasons for the objection. The
21	Secretary shall order the information withheld from public disclosure
22	when the Secretary decides that disclosure of the information would—
23	(A) prejudice the United States Government in preparing and
24	presenting its position in international negotiations; or
25	(B) have an adverse effect on the competitive position of an air
26	carrier in foreign air transportation.
27	(b) WITHHOLDING INFORMATION FROM CONGRESS.—This section does
28	not authorize information to be withheld from a committee of Congress au-
29	thorized to have the information.
30	§11319. Enhanced security measures
31	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may
32	take the following actions:
33	(1) Require effective 911 emergency call capability for telephones
34	serving passenger aircraft and passenger trains.
35	(2) Establish a uniform system of identification for all State and
36	local law enforcement personnel for use in obtaining permission to
37	carry weapons in aircraft cabins and in obtaining access to a secured
38	area of an airport, if otherwise authorized to carry the weapons.
39	(3) Establish requirements to implement trusted passenger programs
40	and use available technologies to expedite the security screening of pas-
41	sengers who participate in the programs, thereby allowing security

1	screening personnel to focus on those passengers who should be subject
2	to more extensive screening.
3	(4) In consultation with the Commissioner of the Food and Drug
4	Administration, develop alternative security procedures under which a
5	medical product to be transported on a flight of an air carrier would
6	not be subject to an inspection that would irreversibly damage the
7	product.
8	(5) Provide for the use of technologies, including wireless and wire
9	line data technologies, to enable the private and secure communication
10	of threats to aid in the screening of passengers and other individuals
11	on airport property who are identified on any State or Federal security-
12	related data base for the purpose of having an integrated response co-
13	ordination of various authorized airport security forces.
14	(6) In consultation with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation
15	Administration, consider whether to require all pilot licenses to incor-
16	porate a photograph of the license holder and appropriate biometric im-
17	prints.
18	(7) Provide for the use of voice stress analysis, biometric, or other
19	technologies to prevent a person who might pose a danger to air safety
20	or security from boarding the aircraft of an air carrier or foreign air
21	carrier in air transportation or intrastate air transportation.
22	(8) Provide for the use of technology that will permit enhanced in-
23	stant communications and information between airborne passenger air-
24	craft and appropriate individuals or facilities on the ground.
25	(9) Require that air carriers provide flight attendants with a dis-
26	creet, hands-free, wireless method of communicating with the pilots.
27	(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Until the Secretary has implemented or decided
28	not to take each of the actions specified in subsection (a), the Secretary
29	shall transmit to Congress by May 19 each year a report on the progress
30	of the Secretary in evaluating and taking the actions, including legislative
31	recommendations that the Secretary may have for enhancing transportation
32	security.
33	Chapter 115—Management
	Sec. 11501. Under Secretary for Management. 11502. Chief Financial Officer. 11503. Chief Information Officer.

- 11504. Chief Human Capital Officer.

11505. Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties.

11506. Quadrennial homeland security review.

34 §11501. Under Secretary for Management

35 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for Management serves as the

36 Chief Management Officer and principal advisor to the Secretary on matters

1	relating to the management of the Department, including management inte-
2	gration and transformation in support of homeland security operations and
3	programs. The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Manage-
4	ment, is responsible for the management and administration of the Depart-
5	ment, including the following:
6	(1) The budget, appropriations, expenditures of funds, accounting,
7	and finance.
8	(2) Procurement.
9	(3) Human resources and personnel.
10	(4) Information technology and communications systems.
11	(5) Facilities, property, equipment, and other material resources.
12	(6) Security for personnel, information technology and communica-
13	tions systems, facilities, property, equipment, and other material re-
14	sources.
15	(7) Strategic management planning and annual performance plan-
16	ning and identification and tracking of performance measures relating
17	to the responsibilities of the Department.
18	(8) Grants and other assistance management programs.
19	(9) The management integration and transformation process, as well
20	as the transition process, to ensure an efficient and orderly consolida-
21	tion of functions and personnel in the Department and transition, in-
22	cluding
23	(A) the development of a management integration strategy for
24	the Department, and
25	(B) before December 1 of a year in which a Presidential election
26	is held, the development of a transition and succession plan, to be
27	made available to the incoming Secretary and Under Secretary for
28	Management, to guide the transition of management functions to
29	a new Administration.
30	(10) The conduct of internal audits and management analyses of the
31	programs and activities of the Department.
32	(11) Any other management duties that the Secretary may des-
33	ignate.
34	(b) Immigration.—
35	(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the responsibilities described in
36	subsection (a), the Under Secretary for Management is responsible for
37	the following:
38	(A) Maintenance of all immigration statistical information of
39	the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement and the
40	Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services. Statistical infor-
41	mation shall include information and statistics of the type con-

1	tained in the publication entitled "Statistical Yearbook of the Im-
2	migration and Naturalization Service" prepared by the Immigra-
3	tion and Naturalization Service (as in effect immediately before
4	March 1, 2003, including region-by-region statistics on the aggre-
5	gate number of applications and petitions filed by an alien (or
6	filed on behalf of an alien) and denied by the Bureau of Immigra-
7	tion and Customs Enforcement, and the reasons for the denials,
8	disaggregated by category of denial and application or petition
9	type.
10	(B) Establishment of standards of reliability and validity for im-
11	migration statistics collected by the Bureaus.
12	(2) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—The Under Secretary for Manage-
13	ment succeeds to all functions performed immediately before the trans-
14	fer occurred by the Statistics Branch of the Office of Policy and Plan-
15	ning of the Immigration and Naturalization Service with respect to the
16	following programs:
17	(A) The Border Patrol program.
18	(B) The detention and removal program.
19	(C) The intelligence program.
20	(D) The investigations program.
21	(E) The inspections program.
22	(F) Adjudication of immigrant visa petitions.
23	(G) Adjudication of naturalization petitions.
24	(H) Adjudication of asylum and refugee applications.
25	(I) Adjudications performed at service centers.
26	(J) All other adjudications performed by the Immigration and
27	Naturalization Service.
28	(c) APPOINTMENT AND EVALUATION.—The Under Secretary for Manage-
29	ment—
30	(1) is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and con-
31	sent of the Senate, from among individuals who have—
32	(A) extensive executive level leadership and management experi-
33	ence in the public or private sector;
34	(B) strong leadership skills;
35	(C) a demonstrated ability to manage large and complex organi-
36	zations; and
37	(D) a proven record in achieving positive operational results;
38	(2) shall enter into an annual performance agreement with the Sec-
39	retary that shall set forth measurable individual and organizational
40	goals; and

1	(3) is subject to an annual performance evaluation by the Secretary,
2	who shall determine as part of each evaluation whether the Under Sec-
3	retary for Management has made satisfactory progress toward achiev-
4	ing the goals set out in the performance agreement required under
4 5	
	paragraph (2).
6 7	\$ 11502. Financial Officer
7	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Chief Financial Officer shall—
8	(1) perform functions as specified in chapter 9 of title 31; and
9	(2) report to the Under Secretary for Management with respect to
10	those functions described in paragraph (1) and other responsibilities
11	that may be assigned.
12	(b) Program Analysis and Evaluation Function.—
13	(1) Establishment of office of program analysis and eval-
14	UATION.—The Secretary shall establish an Office of Program Analysis
15	and Evaluation within the Department (in this section referred to as
16	the "Office").
17	(2) Responsibilities.—The Office performs the following functions:
18	(A) Analyze and evaluate plans, programs, and budgets of the
19	Department in relation to United States homeland security objec-
20	tives, projected threats, vulnerability assessments, estimated costs,
21	resource constraints, and the most recent homeland security strat-
22	egy developed under section $10376(b)(2)$ of this title.
23	(B) Develop and perform analyses and evaluations of alternative
24	plans, programs, personnel levels, and budget submissions for the
25	Department in relation to United States homeland security objec-
26	tives, projected threats, vulnerability assessments, estimated costs,
27	resource constraints, and the most recent homeland security strat-
28	egy developed under section $10376(b)(2)$ of this title.
29	(C) Establish policies for, and oversee the integration of, the
30	planning, programming, and budgeting system of the Department.
31	(D) Review and ensure that the Department meets perform-
32	ance-based budget requirements established by the Office of Man-
33	agement and Budget.
34	(E) Provide guidance for, and oversee the development of, the
35	Future Years Homeland Security Program of the Department, as
36	specified under section 10376(b)(2) of this title.
37	(F) Ensure that the costs of Department programs, including
38	classified programs, are presented accurately and completely.
39	(G) Oversee the preparation of the annual performance plan for
40	the Department and the program and performance section of the
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1	annual report on program performance for the Department, con-
2	sistent with sections 1115 and 1116, respectively, of title 31.
2	(H) Provide leadership in developing and promoting improved
4	analytical tools and methods for analyzing homeland security plan-
5	ning and the allocation of resources.
5 6	
	(I) Other responsibilities delegated by the Secretary consistent
7	with an effective program analysis and evaluation function.
8	(3) DIRECTOR OF PROGRAM ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION.—There is
9	a Director of Program Analysis and Evaluation. The Director—
10	(A) is a principal staff assistant to the Chief Financial Officer
11	of the Department for program analysis and evaluation; and
12	(B) shall report to an official no lower than the Chief Financial
13	Officer.
14	(4) REORGANIZATION.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may allocate or reallocate the
16	functions of the Office, or discontinue the Office, under section
17	10331(b)(1) of this title.
18	(B) EXEMPTION FROM LIMITATIONS.—Section 10331(b)(2) of
19	this title does not apply to an action by the Secretary under this
20	paragraph.
21	(c) NOTIFICATION REGARDING TRANSFER OR REPROGRAMMING OF
22	Funds.—In a case in which appropriations available to the Department or
23	an officer of the Department are transferred or reprogrammed and notice
24	of the transfer or reprogramming is submitted to Congress (including an
25	officer, office, or Committee of Congress), the Chief Financial Officer shall
26	simultaneously submit the notice to the Committee on Homeland Security
27	and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of
28	Representatives, and to the Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-
29	mental Affairs of the Senate.
30	§11503. Chief Information Officer
31	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Chief Information Officer shall report to the Sec-
32	retary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may di-
33	rect.
34	(b) Geospatial Information Functions.—
35	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
36	(A) GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION.—The term "geospatial infor-
37	mation" means graphical or digital data depicting natural or man-
38	made physical features, phenomena, or boundaries of the earth
39	and information related thereto, including surveys, maps, charts,
40	remote sensing data, and images.
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1	(B) GEOSPATIAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term "geospatial tech-
2	nology' means technology utilized by analysts, specialists, survey-
3	ors, photogrammetrists, hydrographers, geodesists, cartographers,
4	architects, or engineers for the collection, storage, retrieval, or dis-
5	semination of geospatial information, including
6	(i) global satellite surveillance systems;
7	(ii) global position systems;
8	(iii) geographic information systems;
9	(iv) mapping equipment;
10	(v) geocoding technology; and
11	(vi) remote sensing devices.
12	(2) Office of geospatial management.—
13	(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Office of the Chief In-
14	formation Officer the Office of Geospatial Management.
15	(B) GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION OFFICER.—
16	(i) The Geospatial Information Officer administers the Of-
17	fice of Geospatial Management. The Geospatial Information
18	Officer is appointed by the Secretary. The Geospatial Infor-
19	mation Officer serves under the direction of the Chief Infor-
20	mation Officer.
21	(ii) The Geospatial Information Officer assists the Chief
22	Information Officer in carrying out all functions under this
23	section and in coordinating the geospatial information needs
24	of the Department.
25	(C) COORDINATION OF GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION.—The Chief
26	Information Officer shall establish and carry out a program to
27	provide for the efficient use of geospatial information, which shall
28	include—
29	(i) providing necessary geospatial information to implement
30	the critical infrastructure protection programs;
31	(ii) providing leadership and coordination in meeting the
32	geospatial information requirements of those responsible for
33	planning, prevention, mitigation, assessment and response to
34	emergencies, critical infrastructure protection, and other
35	functions of the Department; and
36	(iii) coordinating with users of geospatial information with-
37	in the Department to ensure interoperability and prevent un-
38	necessary duplication.
39	(D) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out this subsection, the
40	responsibilities of the Chief Information Officer include—

(i) coordinating the geospatial information needs and ac-
tivities of the Department;
(ii) implementing standards, as adopted by the Director of
the Office of Management and Budget under the processes
established under section 216 of the E-Government Act of
2002 (Public Law 107–347, 44 U.S.C. 3501 note), to facili-
tate the interoperability of geospatial information pertaining
to homeland security among all users of the information with-
in—
(I) the Department;
(II) State and local government; and
(III) the private sector;
(iii) coordinating with the Federal Geographic Data Com-
mittee and carrying out the responsibilities of the Department
pursuant to Office of Management and Budget Circular A-16
and Executive Order 12906 (59 Fed. Reg. 17671, 43 U.S.C.
1457 note); and
(iv) making recommendations to the Secretary and the Ex-
ecutive Director of the Office for State and Local Government
Coordination and Preparedness on awarding grants to—
(I) fund the creation of geospatial data; and
(II) execute information sharing agreements regarding
geospatial data with State, local, and tribal governments.
(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to
be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this sub-
section for each fiscal year.
§11504. Chief Human Capital Officer
The Chief Human Capital Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to an-
other official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct, and shall en-
sure that all employees of the Department are informed of their rights and
remedies under chapters 12 and 23 of title 5, by—
(1) participating in the 2302(c) Certification Program of the Office
of Special Counsel;
(2) achieving certification from the Office of Special Counsel of the
Department's compliance with section 2302(c) of title 5; and
(3) informing Congress of the certification.
§11505. Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties
(a) In General.—The Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties, who
shall report directly to the Secretary, shall—

1	(1) review and assess information concerning abuses of civil rights,
2	civil liberties, and profiling on the basis of race, ethnicity, or religion,
3	by employees and officials of the Department;
4	(2) make public through the Internet, radio, television, or newspaper
5	advertisements information on the responsibilities and functions of, and
6	how to contact, the Officer;
7	(3) assist the Secretary, directorates, and offices of the Department
8	to develop, implement, and periodically review Department policies and
9	procedures to ensure that the protection of civil rights and civil liberties
10	is appropriately incorporated into Department programs and activities;
11	(4) oversee compliance with constitutional, statutory, regulatory, pol-
12	icy, and other requirements relating to the civil rights and civil liberties
13	of individuals affected by the programs and activities of the Depart-
14	ment;
15	(5) coordinate with the Privacy Officer to ensure that—
16	(A) programs, policies, and procedures involving civil rights,
17	civil liberties, and privacy considerations are addressed in an inte-
18	grated and comprehensive manner; and
19	(B) Congress receives appropriate reports regarding the pro-
20	grams, policies, and procedures; and
21	(6) investigate complaints and information indicating possible abuses
22	of civil rights or civil liberties, unless the Inspector General of the De-
23	partment determines that the complaint or information should be inves-
24	tigated by the Inspector General.
25	(b) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the President of the Senate,
26	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the appropriate commit-
27	tees and subcommittees of Congress on an annual basis a report—
28	(1) on the implementation of this section, including the use of funds
29	appropriated to carry out this section; and
30	(2) detailing all egations of abuses described under subsection $(a)(1)$
31	and actions taken by the Department in response to the allegations.
32	§11506. Quadrennial homeland security review
33	(a) REQUIREMENT.—
34	(1) QUADRENNIAL REVIEWS REQUIRED.—In fiscal year 2013, and
35	every 4 years thereafter, the Secretary shall conduct a review of the
36	homeland security of the Nation (in this section referred to as a "quad-
37	rennial homeland security review").
38	(2) Scope of review.—Each quadrennial homeland security review
39	shall be a comprehensive examination of the homeland security strategy
40	of the Nation, including recommendations regarding the long-term
41	strategy and priorities of the Nation for homeland security and guid-

1	ance on the programs, assets, capabilities, budget, policies, and authori-
2	ties of the Department.
3	(3) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall conduct each quadrennial
4	homeland security review under this subsection in consultation with—
5	(A) the heads of other Federal agencies, including the Attorney
6	General, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Sec-
7	retary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of the Treas-
8	ury, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Director of National In-
9	telligence;
10	(B) key officials of the Department; and
11	(C) other relevant governmental and nongovernmental entities,
12	including State, local, and tribal government officials, members of
13	Congress, private-sector representatives, academics, and other pol-
14	icy experts.
15	(4) Relationship with future years homeland security pro-
16	GRAM.—The Secretary shall ensure that each review conducted under
17	this section is coordinated with the Future Years Homeland Security
18	Program required under section 10376 of this title.
19	(b) CONTENTS OF REVIEW.—In each quadrennial homeland security re-
20	view, the Secretary shall—
21	(1) delineate and update, as appropriate, the national homeland se-
22	curity strategy, consistent with appropriate national and Department
23	strategies, strategic plans, and Homeland Security Presidential Direc-
24	tives, including the National Strategy for Homeland Security, the Na-
25	tional Response Plan, and the Department Security Strategic Plan;
26	(2) outline and prioritize the full range of the critical homeland secu-
27	rity mission areas of the Nation;
28	(3) describe the interagency cooperation, preparedness of Federal re-
29	sponse assets, infrastructure, budget plan, and other elements of the
30	homeland security program and policies of the Nation associated with
31	the national homeland security strategy, required to execute success-
32	fully the full range of missions called for in the national homeland se-
33	curity strategy described in paragraph (1) and the homeland security
34	mission areas outlined under paragraph (2);
35	(4) identify the budget plan required to provide sufficient resources
36	to successfully execute the full range of missions called for in the na-
37	tional homeland security strategy described in paragraph (1) and the
38	homeland security mission areas outlined under paragraph (2);
39	(5) include an assessment of the organizational alignment of the De-
40	partment with the national homeland security strategy referred to in

1	paragraph (1) and the homeland security mission areas outlined under
2	paragraph (2); and
3	(6) review and assess the effectiveness of the mechanisms of the De-
4	partment for executing the process of turning the requirements devel-
5	oped in the quadrennial homeland security review into an acquisition
6	strategy and expenditure plan within the Department.
7	(c) Reporting.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31 of the year in which
9	a quadrennial homeland security review is conducted, the Secretary
10	shall submit to Congress a report regarding that quadrennial homeland
11	security review.
12	(2) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—Each report submitted under para-
13	graph (1) shall include—
14	(A) the results of the quadrennial homeland security review;
15	(B) a description of the threats to the assumed or defined na-
16	tional homeland security interests of the Nation that were exam-
17	ined for the purposes of that review;
18	(C) the national homeland security strategy, including a prior-
19	itized list of the critical homeland security missions of the Nation;
20	(D) a description of the interagency cooperation, preparedness
21	of Federal response assets, infrastructure, budget plan, and other
22	elements of the homeland security program and policies of the Na-
23	tion associated with the national homeland security strategy, re-
24	quired to execute successfully the full range of missions called for
25	in the applicable national homeland security strategy referred to
26	in subsection $(b)(1)$ and the homeland security mission areas out-
27	lined under subsection $(b)(2)$;
28	(E) an assessment of the organizational alignment of the De-
29	partment with the applicable national homeland security strategy
30	referred to in subsection $(b)(1)$ and the homeland security mission
31	areas outlined under subsection (b)(2), including the Department's
32	organizational structure, management systems, budget and ac-
33	counting systems, human resources systems, procurement systems,
34	and physical and technical infrastructure;
35	(F) a discussion of the status of cooperation among Federal
36	agencies in the effort to promote national homeland security;
37	(G) a discussion of the status of cooperation between the Fed-
38	eral Government and State, local, and tribal governments in pre-
39	venting terrorist attacks and preparing for emergency response to
40	threats to national homeland security;

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- 1 (H) an explanation of underlying assumptions used in conduct-
- 2 ing the review; and
 - (I) any other matter the Secretary considers appropriate.
 - (3) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall, consistent with the
- 5 protection of national security and other sensitive matters, make each
- 6 report submitted under paragraph (1) publicly available on the Internet
- 7 website of the Department.
- 8 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be ap-
- 9 propriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

10 Chapter 117Coordination With Other Entities

- Sec.
- 11701. Responsibilities of Office for State and Local Government Coordination.
- 11702. Responsibilities of Office for National Capital Region Coordination.
- 11703. Joint Interagency Task Force.
- 11704. Coordination with the Department of Health and Human Services under the Public Health Service Act.
- 11705. Aviation security.
- $11706.\$ Investigation of violent acts, shootings, and mass killings.
- 11707. Facilitating homeland security information sharing procedures.
- 11708. Information sharing.
- 11709. Limitation of liability.

\$11701. Responsibilities of Office for State and Local Gov ernment Coordination

13 The Office for State and Local Government Coordination oversees and co-

14 ordinates departmental programs for and relationships with State and local

15 governments. The Office shall—

16 (1) coordinate the activities of the Department relating to State and

- 17 local government;
- (2) assess, and advocate for, the resources needed by State and local
 government to implement the national strategy for combating terrorism;
- (3) provide State and local government with regular information, re-search, and technical support to assist local efforts at securing the
- 23 homeland; and

(4) develop a process for receiving meaningful input from State and
local government to assist the development of the national strategy for
combating terrorism and other homeland security activities.

\$11702. Responsibilities of Office for National Capital Re gion Coordination

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Office for National Capital Region Coordination
oversees and coordinates Federal programs for and relationships with State,
local, and regional authorities in the National Capital Region, as defined
under section 2674(f)(2) of title 10.

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1	(b) Cooperation With National Capital Region Officials.—The
2	Secretary shall cooperate with the Mayor of the District of Columbia, the
3	Governors of Maryland and Virginia, and other State, local, and regional
4	officers in the National Capital Region to integrate the District of Colum-
5	bia, Maryland, and Virginia into the planning, coordination, and execution
6	of the activities of the Federal Government for the enhancement of domestic
7	preparedness against the consequences of terrorist attacks.
8	(c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Office for National Capital Region Coordi-
9	nation shall—
10	(1) coordinate the activities of the Department relating to the Na-
11	tional Capital Region, including cooperation with the Office for State
12	and Local Government Coordination;
13	(2) assess, and advocate for, the resources needed by State, local,
14	and regional authorities in the National Capital Region to implement
15	efforts to secure the homeland;
16	(3) provide State, local, and regional authorities in the National Cap-
17	ital Region with regular information, research, and technical support
18	to assist the efforts of State, local, and regional authorities in the Na-
19	tional Capital Region in securing the homeland;
20	(4) develop a process for receiving meaningful input from State,
21	local, and regional authorities and the private sector in the National
22	Capital Region to assist in the development of the homeland security
23	plans and activities of the Federal Government;
24	(5) coordinate with Federal agencies in the National Capital Region
25	on terrorism preparedness, to ensure adequate planning, information
26	sharing, training, and execution of the Federal role in domestic pre-
27	paredness activities;
28	(6) coordinate with Federal, State, local, and regional agencies, and
29	the private sector in the National Capital Region on terrorism pre-
30	paredness to ensure adequate planning, information sharing, training,
31	and execution of domestic preparedness activities among these agencies
32	and entities; and
33	(7) serve as a liaison between the Federal Government and State,
34	local, and regional authorities, and private-sector entities in the Na-
35	tional Capital Region to facilitate access to Federal grants and other
36	programs.
37	(d) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Office for National Capital Region Coordina-
38	tion shall submit an annual report to Congress that includes—
39	(1) the identification of the resources required to fully implement
40	homeland security efforts in the National Capital Region;

1	(2) an assessment of the progress made by the National Capital Re-
2	gion in implementing homeland security efforts; and
3	(3) recommendations to Congress regarding the additional resources
4	needed to fully implement homeland security efforts in the National
5	Capital Region.
6	(e) LIMITATION.—Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as
7	limiting the power of State and local governments.
8	§11703. Joint Interagency Task Force
9	The Secretary may establish and operate a permanent Joint Interagency
10	Homeland Security Task Force composed of representatives from military
11	and civilian agencies of the United States Government for the purposes of
12	anticipating terrorist threats against the United States and taking appro-
13	priate actions to prevent harm to the United States.
14	§11704. Coordination with the Department of Health and
15	Human Services under the Public Health Service
16	Act
17	(a) IN GENERAL.—The annual Federal response plan developed by the
18	Department shall be consistent with section 319 of the Public Health Serv-
19	ice Act (42 U.S.C. 247d).
20	(b) DISCLOSURES AMONG RELEVANT AGENCIES.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Full disclosure among relevant agencies shall be
22	made under this subsection.
23	(2) PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—During the period in which the
24	Secretary of Health and Human Services has declared the existence of
25	a public health emergency under section 319(a) of the Public Health
26	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(a)), the Secretary of Health and Human
27	Services shall keep relevant agencies, including the Department of
28	Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bu-
29	reau of Investigation, fully and currently informed.
30	(3) POTENTIAL PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—In cases involving,
31	or potentially involving, a public health emergency, but in which no de-
32	termination of an emergency by the Secretary of Health and Human
33	Services under section $319(a)$ of the Public Health Service Act (42
34	U.S.C. 247d(a)) has been made, all relevant agencies, including the De-
35	partment of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the
36	Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall keep the Secretary of Health
37	and Human Services and the Director of the Centers for Disease Con-
38	trol and Prevention fully and currently informed.
39	§11705. Aviation security
40	(a) Consultation with Federal Aviation Administration.—The
41	Secretary and other officials in the Department shall consult with the Ad-

1 ministrator of the Federal Aviation Administration before taking an action 2 that might affect aviation safety, air carrier operations, aircraft airworthi-3 ness, or the use of airspace. The Secretary shall establish a liaison office 4 in the Department to consult with the Administrator of the Federal Avia-5 tion Administration. (b) LIMITATIONS ON STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.— 6 7 (1) GRANT OF AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this subtitle may be con-8 strued to vest in the Secretary or another official in the Department 9 authority over transportation security that is not vested in the Under 10 Secretary of Transportation for Security, or in the Secretary of Trans-11 portation under chapter 449 of title 49, on November 24, 2002. 12 (2) OBLIGATION OF AIP FUNDS.—Nothing in this subtitle may be 13 construed to authorize the Secretary or any other official in the De-14 partment to obligate amounts made available under section 48103 of 15 title 49. 16 §11706. Investigation of violent acts, shootings, and mass 17 killings 18 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 19 (1) MASS KILLINGS.—The term "mass killings" means 3 or more 20 killings in a single incident. 21 (2) PLACE OF PUBLIC USEK.—THE TERM "PLACE OF PUBLIC USE" 22 HAS THE MEANING GIVEN THAT TERM UNDER SECTION 2332F(E)(6) OF 23 TITLE 18. 24 (b) Providing AssistanceK.—At the request of an appropriate 25 LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL OF A STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, THE 26 SECRETARY, THROUGH DEPLOYMENT OF THE SECRET SERVICE OR UNITED 27 STATES IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT, MAY ASSIST IN THE 28 INVESTIGATION OF VIOLENT ACTS AND SHOOTINGS OCCURRING IN A PLACE 29 OF PUBLIC USE, AND IN THE INVESTIGATION OF MASS KILLINGS AND AT-30 TEMPTED MASS KILLINGS. ANY ASSISTANCE PROVIDED BY THE SECRETARY 31 UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE PRESUMED TO BE WITHIN THE SCOPE 32 OF FEDERAL OFFICE OR EMPLOYMENT. 33 §11707. Facilitating homeland security information sharing 34 procedures 35 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 36 (1) HOMELAND SECURITY INFORMATION.—The term "homeland se-37 curity information" means information possessed by a Federal, State, 38 or local agency that— 39 (A) relates to the threat of terrorist activity; 40 (B) relates to the ability to prevent, interdict, or disrupt terror-41 ist activity;

1	(C) would improve the identification or investigation of a sus-
2	pected terrorist or terrorist organization; or
3	(D) would improve the response to a terrorist act.
4	(2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term "intelligence commu-
5	nity" has the meaning given the term in section 3(4) of the National
6	Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).
7	(3) STATE AND LOCAL PERSONNEL.—The term "State and local per-
8	sonnel" means any of the following persons involved in prevention,
9	preparation, or response for terrorist attack:
10	(A) State Governors, mayors, and other locally elected officials.
11	(B) State and local law enforcement personnel and firefighters.
12	(C) Public health and medical professionals.
13	(D) Regional, State, and local emergency management agency
14	personnel, including State adjutant generals.
15	(E) Other appropriate emergency response agency personnel.
16	(F) Employees of private-sector entities that affect critical in-
17	frastructure, cyber, economic, or public health security, as des-
18	ignated by the Federal Government in procedures developed under
19	this section.
20	(b) Procedures for Determining Extent of Sharing of Home-
21	LAND SECURITY INFORMATION.—
22	(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURES.—The President shall pre-
23	scribe and implement procedures under which relevant Federal agen-
24	cies—
25	(A) share relevant and appropriate homeland security informa-
26	tion with other Federal agencies, including the Department, and
27	appropriate State and local personnel;
28	(B) identify and safeguard homeland security information that
29	is sensitive but unclassified; and
30	(C) to the extent the information is in classified form, determine
31	whether, how, and to what extent to remove classified information,
32	as appropriate, and with which personnel it may be shared after
33	the information is removed.
34	(2) APPLICABILITY.—The President shall ensure that the procedures
35	apply to all agencies of the Federal Government.
36	(3) NO CHANGE IN SUBSTANTIVE REQUIREMENTS.—The procedures
37	shall not change the substantive requirements for the classification and
38	safeguarding of classified information.
39	(4) NO CHANGE IN PROTECTIVE AUTHORITIES.—The procedures
40	shall not change the requirements and authorities to protect sources
41	and methods.

1	(c) PROCEDURES FOR SHARING OF HOMELAND SECURITY INFORMA-
2	TION.—
3	(1) IN GENERAL.—Under procedures prescribed by the President, all
4	appropriate agencies, including the intelligence community, shall,
5	through information sharing systems, share homeland security informa-
6	tion with Federal agencies and appropriate State and local personnel
7	to the extent the information may be shared, as determined under sub-
8	section (b), together with assessments of the credibility of the informa-
9	tion.
10	(2) System capabilities.—Each information sharing system
11	through which information is shared under paragraph (1) shall—
12	(A) have the capability to transmit unclassified or classified in-
13	formation, though the procedures and recipients for each capabil-
14	ity may differ;
15	(B) have the capability to restrict delivery of information to
16	specified subgroups by geographic location, type of organization,
17	position of a recipient within an organization, or a recipient's need
18	to know the information;
19	(C) be configured to allow the efficient and effective sharing of
20	information; and
21	(D) be accessible to appropriate State and local personnel.
22	(3) USE CONDITIONS.—The procedures prescribed under paragraph
23	(1) shall establish conditions on the use of information shared under
24	paragraph (1)—
25	(A) to limit the re-dissemination of the information to ensure
26	that the information is not used for an unauthorized purpose;
27	(B) to ensure the security and confidentiality of the informa-
28	tion;
29	(C) to protect the constitutional and statutory rights of individ-
30	uals who are subjects of the information; and
31	(D) to provide data integrity through the timely removal and
32	destruction of obsolete or erroneous names and information.
33	(4) Inclusion of existing systems.—The procedures prescribed
34	under paragraph (1) shall ensure, to the greatest extent practicable,
35	that the information sharing system through which information is
36	shared under that paragraph include existing information sharing sys-
37	tems, including the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications
38	System, the Regional Information Sharing System, and the Terrorist
39	Threat Warning System of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
40	(5) AGENCY ACCESS.—Each appropriate Federal agency, as deter-
41	mined by the President, shall have access to each information sharing

1	system through which information is shared under paragraph (1), and
2	shall therefore have access to all information, as appropriate, shared
3	under that paragraph.
4	(6) SHARING INFORMATION.—The procedures prescribed under para-
5	graph (1) shall ensure that appropriate State and local personnel are
6	authorized to use the information sharing systems—
7	(A) to access information shared with the personnel; and
8	(B) to share, with others who have access to the information
9	sharing systems, the homeland security information of their own
10	jurisdictions, which shall be marked appropriately as pertaining to
11	potential terrorist activity.
12	(7) Assessment and integration of information.—Under pro-
13	cedures prescribed jointly by the Director of Central Intelligence and
14	the Attorney General, each appropriate Federal agency, as determined
15	by the President, shall review and assess the information shared under
16	paragraph (6) and integrate the information with existing intelligence.
17	(d) Sharing of Classified Information and Sensitive but Un-
18	CLASSIFIED INFORMATION WITH STATE AND LOCAL PERSONNEL.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall prescribe procedures under
20	which Federal agencies may, to the extent the President considers nec-
21	essary, share with appropriate State and local personnel homeland se-
22	curity information that remains classified or otherwise protected after
23	the determinations prescribed under the procedures set forth in sub-
24	section (b).
25	(2) Training program.—
26	(A) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish a program to
27	provide appropriate training to officials described in subparagraph
28	(B) in order to assist the officials in—
29	(i) identifying sources of potential terrorist threats through
30	the methods the Secretary determines are appropriate;
31	(ii) reporting information relating to the potential terrorist
32	threats to the appropriate Federal agencies in the appropriate
33	form and manner;
34	(iii) assuring that all reported information is systematically
35	submitted to and passed on by the Department for use by ap-
36	propriate Federal agencies; and
37	(iv) understanding the mission and roles of the intelligence
38	community to promote more effective information sharing
39	among Federal, State, and local officials and representatives
40	of the private sector to prevent terrorist attacks against the
41	United States.

1	(B) TRAINING COVERAGE.—The officials referred to in subpara-
2	graph (A) are officials of State and local government agencies and
3	representatives of private-sector entities with responsibilities relat-
4	ing to the oversight and management of first responders, counter-
5	terrorism activities, or critical infrastructure.
6	(C) Consultation with attorney general.—The Secretary
7	shall consult with the Attorney General to ensure that the training
8	program established in subparagraph (A) does not duplicate the
9	training program established in section 908 of the USA PA-
10	TRIOT Act (Public Law 107–56, 28 U.S.C. 509 note).
11	(D) OTHER CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall carry out this
12	paragraph in consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence
13	and the Attorney General.
14	(e) RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS.—For each affected Federal agency, the
15	head of the agency shall designate an official to administer this subtitle with
16	respect to the agency.
17	(f) FEDERAL CONTROL OF INFORMATION.—Under procedures prescribed
18	under this section, information obtained by a State or local government
19	from a Federal agency under this section shall remain under the control of
20	the Federal agency, and a State or local law authorizing or requiring a gov-
21	ernment to disclose information shall not apply to the information.
22	(g) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as au-
23	thorizing a department, bureau, agency, officer, or employee of the Federal
24	Government to request, receive, or transmit to another Government entity
25	or personnel, or transmit to a State or local entity or personnel otherwise
26	authorized by the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296,
27	116 Stat. 2135) to receive homeland security information, information col-
28	lected by the Federal Government solely for statistical purposes in violation
29	of any other provision of law relating to the confidentiality of the informa-
30	tion.
31	§11708. Information sharing
32	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
33	(1) HOMELAND SECURITY INFORMATION.—The term "homeland se-
34	curity information" has the meaning given that term in section
35	11706(a) of this title.
36	(2) INFORMATION SHARING COUNCIL.—The term "Information Shar-
37	ing Council" means the Information Sharing Council established by
38	Executive Order 13388, or any successor body designated by the Presi-
39	dent, and referred to under subsection (e).
40	(3) INFORMATION SHARING ENVIRONMENT; ISE.—The terms "infor-
41	mation sharing environment" and "ISE" mean an approach that facili-

1	tates the sharing of terrorism and homeland security information,
2	which may include any method determined necessary and appropriate
3	for carrying out this section.
4	(4) PROGRAM MANAGER.—The term "program manager" means the
5	program manager designated under subsection (d).
6	(5) TERRORISM INFORMATION.—The term "terrorism informa-
7	tion"—
8	(A) means all information, whether collected, produced, or dis-
9	tributed by intelligence, law enforcement, military, homeland secu-
10	rity, or other activities relating to—
11	(i) the existence, organization, capabilities, plans, inten-
12	tions, vulnerabilities, means of finance or material support, or
13	activities of foreign or international terrorist groups or indi-
14	viduals, or of domestic groups or individuals involved in
15	transnational terrorism;
16	(ii) threats posed by the groups or individuals to the
17	United States, United States persons, or United States inter-
18	ests, or to those of other nations;
19	(iii) communications of or by the groups or individuals; or
20	(iv) other groups or individuals reasonably believed to be
21	assisting or associated with the groups or individuals; and
22	(B) includes weapons of mass destruction information.
23	(6) WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION INFORMATION.—The term
24	"weapons of mass destruction information" means information that
25	could reasonably be expected to assist in the development, proliferation,
26	or use of a weapon of mass destruction (including a chemical, biologi-
27	cal, radiological, or nuclear weapon) that could be used by a terrorist
28	or a terrorist organization against the United States, including infor-
29	mation about the location of a stockpile of nuclear materials that could
30	be exploited for use in a weapon that could be used by a terrorist or
31	a terrorist organization against the United States.
32	(b) Information Sharing Environment.—
33	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall—
34	(A) create an information sharing environment for the sharing
35	of terrorism information in a manner consistent with national se-
36	curity and with applicable legal standards relating to privacy and
37	civil liberties;
38	(B) designate the organizational and management structures
39	that will be used to operate and manage the ISE; and
40	(C) determine and enforce the policies, directives, and rules that
41	will govern the content and usage of the ISE.

1	(2) ATTRIBUTES.—The President shall, through the structures de-
2	scribed in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (1), ensure that
3	the ISE provides and facilitates the means for sharing terrorism infor-
4	mation among all appropriate Federal, State, local, and tribal entities,
5	and the private sector through the use of policy guidelines and tech-
6	nologies. The President shall, to the greatest extent practicable, ensure
7	that the ISE provides the functional equivalent of, or otherwise sup-
8	ports, a decentralized, distributed, and coordinated environment that—
9	(A) connects existing systems, where appropriate, provides no
10	single points of failure, and allows users to share information
11	among agencies, between levels of government, and, as appro-
12	priate, with the private sector;
13	(B) ensures direct and continuous online electronic access to in-
14	formation;
15	(C) facilitates the availability of information in a form and man-
16	ner that facilitates its use in analysis, investigations and oper-
17	ations;
18	(D) builds upon existing systems capabilities currently in use
19	across the Government;
20	(E) employs an information access management approach that
21	controls access to data rather than just systems and networks,
22	without sacrificing security;
23	(F) facilitates the sharing of information at and across all levels
24	of security;
25	(G) provides directory services, or the functional equivalent, for
26	locating people and information;
27	(H) incorporates protections for individuals' privacy and civil
28	liberties;
29	(I) incorporates strong mechanisms to enhance accountability
30	and facilitate oversight, including audits, authentication, and ac-
31	cess controls;
32	(J) integrates the information within the scope of the informa-
33	tion sharing environment, including information in legacy tech-
34	nologies;
35	(K) integrates technologies, including all legacy technologies,
36	through Internet-based services, consistent with appropriate secu-
37	rity protocols and safeguards, to enable connectivity among re-
38	quired users at the Federal, State, and local levels;
39	(L) allows the full range of analytic and operational activities
40	without the need to centralize information within the scope of the
41	information sharing environment;

1	(M) permits analysts to collaborate both independently and in
2	a group (commonly known as "collective and noncollective collabo-
3	ration"), and across multiple levels of national security informa-
4	tion and controlled unclassified information;
5	(N) provides a resolution process that enables changes by au-
6	thorized officials regarding rules and policies for the access, use,
7	and retention of information within the scope of the information
8	sharing environment; and
9	(O) incorporates continuous, real-time, and immutable audit ca-
10	pabilities, to the maximum extent practicable.
11	(c) GUIDELINES AND REQUIREMENTS.—The President shall—
12	(1) leverage all ongoing efforts consistent with establishing the ISE
13	and issue guidelines for acquiring, accessing, sharing, and using infor-
14	mation, including guidelines to ensure that information is provided in
15	its most shareable form, such as by using tearlines to separate out data
16	from the sources and methods by which the data are obtained;
17	(2) in consultation with the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight
18	Board established under section 1061 of the Act of December 17, 2004
19	(Public Law 108–458, 5 U.S.C. 601 note), issue guidelines that—
20	(A) protect privacy and civil liberties in the development and
21	use of the ISE; and
22	(B) shall be made public, unless nondisclosure is clearly nec-
23	essary to protect national security; and
24	(3) require the heads of Federal departments and agencies to pro-
25	mote a culture of information sharing by—
26	(A) reducing disincentives to information sharing, including
27	over-classification of information and unnecessary requirements
28	for originator approval, consistent with applicable laws and regula-
29	tions; and
30	(B) providing affirmative incentives for information sharing.
31	(d) Program Manager.—
32	(1) DESIGNATION.—The President shall designate an individual as
33	the program manager responsible for information sharing across the
34	Federal Government. The individual designated as the program man-
35	ager shall serve as program manager until removed from service or re-
36	placed by the President (at the President's sole discretion). The pro-
37	gram manager, in consultation with the head of an affected department
38	or agency, shall have and exercise government-wide authority over the
39	sharing of information within the scope of the information sharing en-
40	vironment, including homeland security information, terrorism informa-
41	tion, and weapons of mass destruction information, by all Federal de-

1	partments, agencies, and components, irrespective of the Federal de-
2	partment, agency, or component in which the program manager may
3	be administratively located, except as otherwise expressly provided by
4	law.
5	(2) Duties and responsibilities.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—The program manager shall, in consultation
7	with the Information Sharing Council—
8	(i) plan for and oversee the implementation of, and man-
9	age, the ISE;
10	(ii) assist in the development of policies, as appropriate, to
11	foster the development and proper operation of the ISE;
12	(iii) consistent with the direction and policies issued by the
13	President, the Director of National Intelligence, and the Di-
14	rector of the Office of Management and Budget, issue govern-
15	ment-wide procedures, guidelines, instructions, and functional
16	standards, as appropriate, for the management, development,
17	and proper operation of the ISE;
18	(iv) identify and resolve information sharing disputes be-
19	tween Federal departments, agencies, and components; and
20	(v) assist, monitor, and assess the implementation of the
21	ISE by Federal departments and agencies to ensure adequate
22	progress, technological consistency and policy compliance; and
23	regularly report the findings to Congress.
24	(B) Content of Policies, procedures, guidelines, rules,
25	AND STANDARDS.—The policies, procedures, guidelines, rules, and
26	standards under clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (A) shall—
27	(i) take into account the varying missions and security re-
28	quirements of agencies participating in the ISE;
29	(ii) address development, implementation, and oversight of
30	technical standards and requirements;
31	(iii) take into account ongoing and planned efforts that
32	support development, implementation and management of the
33	ISE;
34	(iv) address and facilitate information sharing between and
35	among departments and agencies of the intelligence commu-
36	nity, the Department of Defense, the homeland security com-
37	munity and the law enforcement community;
38	(v) address and facilitate information sharing between Fed-
39	eral departments and agencies and State, tribal, and local
40	governments;

1	(vi) address and facilitate, as appropriate, information
2	sharing between Federal departments and agencies and the
3	private sector;
4	(vii) address and facilitate, as appropriate, information
5	sharing between Federal departments and agencies with for-
6	eign partners and allies; and
7	(viii) ensure the protection of privacy and civil liberties.
8	(e) Information Sharing Council.—
9	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Information
10	Sharing Council that assists the President and the program manager
11	in their duties under this section. The Information Sharing Council
12	serves until removed from service or replaced by the President (at the
13	sole discretion of the President) with a successor body.
14	(2) Specific duties.—In assisting the President and the program
15	manager in their duties under this section, the Information Sharing
16	Council shall—
17	(A) advise the President and the program manager in develop-
18	ing policies, procedures, guidelines, roles, and standards necessary
19	to establish, implement, and maintain the ISE;
20	(B) work to ensure coordination among the Federal depart-
21	ments and agencies participating in the ISE in the establishment,
22	implementation, and maintenance of the ISE;
23	(C) identify and, as appropriate, recommend the consolidation
24	and elimination of current programs, systems, and processes used
25	by Federal departments and agencies to share information, and
26	recommend, as appropriate, the redirection of existing resources to
27	support the ISE;
28	(D) identify gaps, if any, between existing technologies, pro-
29	grams and systems used by Federal departments and agencies to
30	share information and the parameters of the proposed information
31	sharing environment;
32	(E) recommend solutions to address gaps identified under sub-
33	paragraph (D);
34	(F) recommend means by which the ISE can be extended to
35	allow interchange of information between Federal departments and
36	agencies and appropriate authorities of State and local govern-
37	ments;
38	(G) assist the program manager in identifying and resolving in-
39	formation sharing disputes between Federal departments, agen-
40	cies, and components;

1	(H) identify appropriate personnel for assignment to the pro-
2	gram manager to support staffing needs identified by the program
3	manager; and
4	(I) recommend whether or not, and by which means, the ISE
5	should be expanded so as to allow future expansion encompassing
6	other relevant categories of information.
7	(3) Consultation.—In performing its duties, the Information
8	Sharing Council shall consider input from persons and entities outside
9	the Federal Government having significant experience and expertise in
10	policy, technical matters, and operational matters relating to the ISE.
11	(4) INAPPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The
12	Information Sharing Council (including a subsidiary group of the
13	Council) is not subject to the requirements of the Federal Advisory
14	Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
15	(5) DETAILEES.—On a request by the Director of National Intel-
16	ligence, the departments and agencies represented on the Information
17	Sharing Council shall detail to the program manager, on a reimburs-
18	able basis, appropriate personnel identified under paragraph (2)(H).
19	(f) Performance Management Reports.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 30 each year, the President
21	shall submit to Congress a report on the state of the ISE and of infor-
22	mation sharing across the Federal Government.
23	(2) CONTENT.—Each report under this subsection shall include—
24	(A) a progress report on the extent to which the ISE has been
25	implemented, including how the ISE has fared on the performance
26	measures and whether the performance goals set in the preceding
27	year have been met;
28	(B) objective system-wide performance goals for the following
29	year;
30	(C) an accounting of how much was spent on the ISE in the
31	preceding year;
32	(D) actions taken to ensure that procurement of and invest-
33	ments in systems and technology are consistent with the imple-
34	mentation plan for the ISE;
35	(E) the extent to which all terrorism watch lists are available
36	for combined searching in real time through the ISE and whether
37	there are consistent standards for placing individuals on, and re-
38	moving individuals from, the watch lists, including the availability
39	of processes for correcting errors;
40	(F) the extent to which State, tribal, and local officials are par-
41	ticipating in the ISE;

1	(G) the extent to which private-sector data, including informa-
2	tion from owners and operators of critical infrastructure, is incor-
3	porated in the ISE, and the extent to which individuals and enti-
4	ties outside the government are receiving information through the
5	ISE;
6	(H) the measures taken by the Federal government to ensure
7	the accuracy of information in the ISE, in particular the accuracy
8	of information about individuals;
9	(I) an assessment of the privacy and civil liberties protections
10	of the ISE, including actions taken in the preceding year to imple-
11	ment or enforce privacy and civil liberties protections; and
12	(J) an assessment of the security protections used in the ISE.
13	(g) AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES.—The head of each department or agency
14	that possesses or uses intelligence or terrorism information, operates a sys-
15	tem in the ISE, or otherwise participates (or expects to participate) in the
16	ISE shall—
17	(1) ensure full department or agency compliance with information
18	sharing policies, procedures, guidelines, rules, and standards estab-
19	lished under subsections (b) and (f);
20	(2) ensure the provision of adequate resources for systems and ac-
21	tivities supporting operation of and participation in the ISE;
22	(3) ensure full department or agency cooperation in the development
23	of the ISE to implement government-wide information sharing; and
24	(4) submit, at the request of the President or the program manager,
25	reports on the implementation of the requirements of the ISE within
26	the department or agency.
27	(h) ADDITIONAL POSITIONS.—The program manager is authorized to hire
28	not more than 40 full-time employees to assist the program manager in—
29	(1) activities associated with the implementation of the information
30	sharing environment, including
31	(A) implementing the requirements under subsection (b)(2); and
32	(B) any additional implementation initiatives to enhance and ex-
33	pedite the creation of the information sharing environment; and
34	(2) identifying and resolving information sharing disputes between
35	Federal departments, agencies, and components under subsection
36	(d)(2)(A)(iv).
37	§11709. Limitation of liability
38	A person who has completed a security awareness training course ap-
39	proved by or operated under a cooperative agreement with the Department
40	using funds made available in fiscal year 2006 and thereafter or in any
41	prior appropriations Acts, who is enrolled in a program recognized or ac-

- 1 knowledged by an Information Sharing and Analysis Center, and who re-
- 2 ports a situation, activity or incident pursuant to that program to an appro-
- 3 priate authority, shall not be liable for damages in an action brought in a
- 4 Federal or State court which result from an act or omission unless the per-
- 5 son is guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct.

6

Chapter 119—Homeland Security Council

Sec.

- 11901. Establishment.
- 11902. Membership.
- 11903. Functions and activities
- 11904. Staff.11905. Relation to the National Security Council.

7 §11901. Establishment

- 8 There is in the Executive Office of the President the Homeland Security
- 9 Council to advise the President on homeland security matters.

10 §11902. Membership

- 11 (a) Members.—The members of the Homeland Security Council are the
- 12 following:

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- (1) The President.
- 14 (2) The Vice President.
- 15 (3) The Secretary of Homeland Security.
- 16 (4) The Attorney General.
- 17 (5) The Secretary of Defense.
- 18 (6) Other individuals who may be designated by the President.
- 19 (b) Attendance of Chairman of Joint Chiefs of Staff at Meet-
- 20 INGS.—The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (or, in the absence of
- 21 the Chairman, the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff) may, in the
- 22 role of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff as principal military ad-
- 23 viser to the Homeland Security Council and subject to the direction of the
- 24 President, attend and participate in meetings of the Council.

25 §11903. Functions and activities

- To effectively coordinate the policies and functions of the United States
 Government relating to homeland security, the Homeland Security Council
 shall—
- (1) assess the objectives, commitments, and risks of the United
 States in the interest of homeland security and to make resulting recommendations to the President;
- 32 (2) oversee and review homeland security policies of the Federal Gov33 ernment and to make resulting recommendations to the President; and
 34 (3) perform other functions the President may direct.

1 §11904. Staff

- 2 (a) HEADED BY EXECUTIVE SECRETARY.—The Homeland Security
- 3 Council has a staff, the head of which is a civilian Executive Secretary ap-
- 4 pointed by the President.
- 5 (b) PAY OF EXECUTIVE SECRETARY.—The President shall fix the pay of
- 6 the Executive Secretary at a rate not to exceed the rate of pay payable to
- 7 the Executive Secretary of the National Security Council.

8 §11905. Relation to the National Security Council

- 9 The President may convene joint meetings of the Homeland Security
- 10 Council and the National Security Council with participation by members
- 11 of either Council or as the President may otherwise direct.

12

Chapter 121—Emergency Communications

Sec.

12101.	Definition;	rule of	construction.	
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- 12102. Responsibilities of Director for Emergency Communications.
- 12103. National Emergency Communications Plan.
- 12104. Assessments and reports.
- 12105. Coordination of Department emergency communications grant programs.
- 12106. Regional Emergency Communications Coordination.
- 12107. Emergency Communications Preparedness Center.
- 12108. Urban and other high risk area communications capabilities.
- 12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program.

13 § 12101. Definition; rule of construction

14 (a) DEFINITION.—In this chapter, the terms "interoperable communica-

15 tions" and "interoperable emergency communications" have the meaning

16 given the term "interoperable communications" under section 10713(a) of

17 this title.

18 (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.— Nothing in this chapter or in sections

19 10714 or 10715 of this title shall be construed to transfer to the Office of

20 Emergency Communications any function, personnel, asset, component, au-

21 thority, grant program, or liability of the Federal Emergency Management

22 Agency as constituted on June 1, 2006.

\$12102. Responsibilities of Director for Emergency Communications

25 (a) In General.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall—

(1) assist the Secretary in developing and implementing the program
described in section 10713(b)(1) of this title, except as provided in section 10714 of this title;

(2) administer the Department's responsibilities and authorities relating to the SAFECOM Program, excluding elements related to research, development, testing, and evaluation and standards;

32 (3) administer the Department's responsibilities and authorities re33 lating to the Integrated Wireless Network program;

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(4) conduct extensive, nationwide outreach to support and promote
 the ability of emergency response providers and relevant government
 officials to continue to communicate in the event of natural disasters,
 acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters;

(5) conduct extensive, nationwide outreach and foster the development of interoperable emergency communications capabilities by State, regional, local, and tribal governments and public safety agencies, and by regional consortia thereof;

9 (6) provide technical assistance to State, regional, local, and tribal
10 government officials with respect to use of interoperable emergency
11 communications capabilities;

(7) coordinate with the Regional Administrators regarding the activities of Regional Emergency Communications Coordination Working
Groups under section 12106 of this title;

(8) promote the development of standard operating procedures and
best practices with respect to use of interoperable emergency communications capabilities for incident response, and facilitate the sharing
of information on best practices for achieving, maintaining, and enhancing interoperable emergency communications capabilities for response;

(9) coordinate, in cooperation with the National Communications System, the establishment of a national response capability with initial and ongoing planning, implementation, and training for the deployment of communications equipment for relevant State, local, and tribal governments and emergency response providers in the event of a catastrophic loss of local and regional emergency communications services;

(10) assist the President, the National Security Council, the Homeland Security Council, and the Director of the Office of Management
and Budget in ensuring the continued operation of the telecommunications functions and responsibilities of the Federal Government, excluding spectrum management;

(11) establish, in coordination with the Director of the Office for
Interoperability and Compatibility, requirements for interoperable
emergency communications capabilities, which shall be nonproprietary
where standards for the capabilities exist, for all public safety radio
and data communications systems and equipment purchased using
homeland security assistance administered by the Department, excluding any alert and warning device, technology, or system;

(12) review, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary for Grants
and Training, all interoperable emergency communications plans of
Federal, State, local, and tribal governments, including Statewide and

1	tactical interoperability plans, developed pursuant to homeland security
2	assistance administered by the Department, but excluding spectrum al-
3	location and management related to the plans;
4	(13) develop and update periodically, as appropriate, a National
5	Emergency Communications Plan under section 12103 of this title;
6	(14) perform other duties of the Department necessary to support
7	and promote the ability of emergency response providers and relevant
8	government officials to continue to communicate in the event of natural
9	disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters; and
10	(15) perform other duties of the Department necessary to achieve
11	the goal of and maintain and enhance interoperable emergency commu-
12	nications capabilities.
13	(b) Performance of Previously Transferred Functions.—The
14	Secretary shall administer through the Director for Emergency Communica-
15	tions the following programs and responsibilities:
16	(1) The SAFECOM Program, excluding elements related to re-
17	search, development, testing, and evaluation and standards.
18	(2) The responsibilities of the Chief Information Officer related to
19	the implementation of the Integrated Wireless Network.
20	(3) The Interoperable Communications Technical Assistance Pro-
21	gram.
22	(c) COORDINATION.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall
23	coordinate—
24	(1) as appropriate, with the Director of the Office for Interoper-
25	ability and Compatibility with respect to the responsibilities described
26	in section 10714 of this title; and
27	(2) with the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management
28	Agency with respect to the responsibilities described in this chapter.
29	§12103. National Emergency Communications Plan
30	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director for Emer-
31	gency Communications, and in cooperation with the National Communica-
32	tions System Office of the Department (as appropriate), shall, in coopera-
33	tion with State, local, and tribal governments, Federal departments and
34	agencies, emergency response providers, and the private sector, develop, and
35	periodically update, a National Emergency Communications Plan to provide
36	recommendations regarding how the United States should—
37	(1) support and promote the ability of emergency response providers
38	and relevant government officials to continue to communicate in the
39	event of natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made dis-
40	asters; and

1	(2) ensure, accelerate, and attain interoperable emergency commu-
2	nications nationwide.
3	(b) COORDINATION.—The Emergency Communications Preparedness
4	Center under section 12107 of this title shall coordinate the development
5	of the Federal aspects of the National Emergency Communications Plan.
6	(c) CONTENTS.—The National Emergency Communications Plan shall—
7	(1) include recommendations developed in consultation with the Fed-
8	eral Communications Commission and the National Institute of Stand-
9	ards and Technology for a process for expediting national voluntary
10	consensus standards for emergency communications equipment for the
11	purchase and use by public safety agencies of interoperable emergency
12	communications equipment and technologies;
13	(2) identify the appropriate capabilities necessary for emergency re-
14	sponse providers and relevant government officials to continue to com-
15	municate in the event of natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other
16	man-made disasters;
17	(3) identify the appropriate interoperable emergency communications
18	capabilities necessary for Federal, State, local, and tribal governments
19	in the event of natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-
20	made disasters;
21	(4) recommend both short-term and long-term solutions for ensuring
22	that emergency response providers and relevant government officials
23	can continue to communicate in the event of natural disasters, acts of
24	terrorism, and other man-made disasters;
25	(5) recommend both short-term and long-term solutions for deploy-
26	ing interoperable emergency communications systems for Federal,
27	State, local, and tribal governments throughout the Nation, including
28	through the provision of existing and emerging technologies;
29	(6) identify how Federal departments and agencies that respond to
30	natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters can
31	work effectively with State, local, and tribal governments, in all States,
32	and with other entities;
33	(7) identify obstacles to deploying interoperable emergency commu-
34	nications capabilities nationwide and recommend short-term and long-
35	term measures to overcome those obstacles, including recommendations
36	for multijurisdictional coordination among Federal, State, local, and
37	tribal governments;
38	(8) recommend goals and timeframes for the deployment of emer-
39	gency, command-level communications systems based on new and exist-
40	ing equipment across the United States and develop a timetable for the

1	deployment of interoperable emergency communications systems nation-
2	wide;
3	(9) recommend appropriate measures that emergency response pro-
4	viders should employ to ensure the continued operation of relevant gov-
5	ernmental communications infrastructure in the event of natural disas-
6	ters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made disasters; and
7	(10) set a date, including interim benchmarks, as appropriate, by
8	which State, local, and tribal governments, Federal departments and
9	agencies, and emergency response providers expect to achieve a baseline
10	level of national interoperable communications, as that term is defined
11	under section 10713(a) of this title.
12	§12104. Assessments and reports
13	(a) BASELINE ASSESSMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Director
14	for Emergency Communications, shall conduct an assessment of Federal,
15	State, local, and tribal governments every 5 years, that—
16	(1) defines the range of capabilities needed by emergency response
17	providers and relevant government officials to continue to communicate
18	in the event of natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-
19	made disasters;
20	(2) defines the range of interoperable emergency communications ca-
21	pabilities needed for specific events;
22	(3) assesses the current available capabilities to meet the commu-
23	nications needs;
24	(4) identifies the gap between current capabilities and defined re-
25	quirements; and
26	(5) includes a national interoperable emergency communications in-
27	ventory to be completed by the Secretary, the Secretary of Commerce,
28	and the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission that—
29	(A) identifies for each Federal department and agency
30	(i) the channels and frequencies used;
31	(ii) the nomenclature used to refer to each channel or fre-
32	quency used; and
33	(iii) the types of communications systems and equipment
34	used; and
35	(B) identifies the interoperable emergency communications sys-
36	tems in use by public safety agencies in the United States.
37	(b) CLASSIFIED ANNEX.—The baseline assessment under this section
38	may include a classified annex, including information provided under sub-
39	section $(a)(5)(A)$.

1	(c) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—In conducting the baseline assessment under this
2	section, the Secretary may incorporate findings from assessments conducted
3	before, or ongoing on, October 4, 2006.
4	(d) PROGRESS REPORTS.—The Secretary, acting through the Director for
5	Emergency Communications, shall submit to Congress every 2 years a re-
6	port on the progress of the Department in achieving the goals of, and carry-
7	ing out its responsibilities under, this chapter, including
8	(1) a description of the findings of the most recent baseline assess-
9	ment conducted under subsection (a);
10	(2) a determination of the degree to which interoperable emergency
11	communications capabilities have been attained to date and the gaps
12	that remain for interoperability to be achieved;
13	(3) an evaluation of the ability to continue to communicate and to
14	provide and maintain interoperable emergency communications by
15	emergency managers, emergency response providers, and relevant gov-
16	ernment officials in the event of—
17	(A) natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made dis-
18	asters, including Incidents of National Significance declared by the
19	Secretary under the National Response Plan; and
20	(B) a catastrophic loss of local and regional communications
21	services;
22	(4) a list of best practices relating to the ability to continue to com-
23	municate and to provide and maintain interoperable emergency commu-
24	nications in the event of natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other
25	man-made disasters; and
26	(5) an evaluation of the feasibility and desirability of the Department
27	developing, on its own or in conjunction with the Department of De-
28	fense, a mobile communications capability, modeled on the Army Signal
29	Corps, that could be deployed to support emergency communications at
30	the site of natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made dis-
31	asters.
32	§12105. Coordination of Department emergency commu-
33	nications grant programs
34	(a) COORDINATION OF GRANTS AND STANDARDS PROGRAMS.—The Sec-
35	retary, acting through the Director for Emergency Communications, shall
36	
27	ensure that grant guidelines for the use of homeland security assistance ad-
37	ministered by the Department relating to interoperable emergency commu-
38	ministered by the Department relating to interoperable emergency commu- nications are coordinated and consistent with the goals and recommenda-
38 39	ministered by the Department relating to interoperable emergency commu- nications are coordinated and consistent with the goals and recommenda- tions in the National Emergency Communications Plan under section 12103
38	ministered by the Department relating to interoperable emergency commu- nications are coordinated and consistent with the goals and recommenda-

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Assistant Sec-
2	retary for Grants and Planning, and in consultation with the Director
3	for Emergency Communications, may prohibit any State, local, or trib-
4	al government from using homeland security assistance administered by
5	the Department to achieve, maintain, or enhance emergency commu-
6	nications capabilities, if—
7	(A) the government has not complied with the requirement to
8	submit a Statewide Interoperable Communications Plan as re-
9	quired by section 10713(e) of this title;
10	(B) the government has proposed to upgrade or purchase new
11	equipment or systems that do not meet or exceed any applicable
12	national voluntary consensus standards and has not provided a
13	reasonable explanation of why the equipment or systems will serve
14	the needs of the applicant better than equipment or systems that
15	meet or exceed the standards; and
16	(C) as of the date that is 3 years after the date of the comple-
17	tion of the initial National Emergency Communications Plan
18	under section 12103 of this title, national voluntary consensus
19	standards for interoperable emergency communications capabilities
20	have not been developed and promulgated.
21	(2) STANDARDS.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Federal
22	Communications Commission, the National Institute of Standards and
23	Technology, and other Federal departments and agencies responsible
24	for standards, shall support the development, promulgation, and updat-
25	ing as necessary of national voluntary consensus standards for inter-
26	operable emergency communications.
27	§12106. Regional Emergency Communications Coordination
28	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is in each Regional Office a Regional Emer-
29	gency Communications Coordination Working Group (in this section re-
30	ferred to as an "RECC Working Group"). Each RECC Working Group
31	shall report to the relevant Regional Administrator and coordinate its activi-
32	ties with the relevant Regional Advisory Council.
33	(b) MEMBERSHIP.—Each RECC Working Group consists of the following:
34	(1) Organizations representing the interests of the following:
35	(A) State officials.
36	(B) Local government officials, including sheriffs.
37	(C) State police departments.
38	(D) Local police departments.
39	(E) Local fire departments.
40	(F) Public safety answering points (9-1-1 services).

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1	(G) State emergency managers, homeland security directors, or
2	representatives of State Administrative Agencies.
3	(H) Local emergency managers or homeland security directors.
4	(I) Other emergency response providers as appropriate.
5	(2) Representatives from the Department, the Federal Communica-
6	tions Commission, and other Federal departments and agencies with
7	responsibility for coordinating interoperable emergency communications
8	with or providing emergency support services to State, local, and tribal
9	governments.
10	(c) COORDINATION.—Each RECC Working Group shall coordinate its ac-
11	tivities with the following:
12	(1) Communications equipment manufacturers and vendors (includ-
13	ing broadband data service providers).
14	(2) Local exchange carriers.
15	(3) Local broadcast media.
16	(4) Wireless carriers.
17	(5) Satellite communications services.
18	(6) Cable operators.
19	(7) Hospitals.
20	(8) Public utility services.
21	(9) Emergency evacuation transit services.
22	(10) Ambulance services.
23	(11) HAM and amateur radio operators.
24	(12) Representatives from other private-sector entities and non-
25	governmental organizations as the Regional Administrator determines
26	appropriate.
27	(d) DUTIES.—The duties of each RECC Working Group include—
28	(1) assessing the survivability, sustainability, and interoperability of
29	local emergency communications systems to meet the goals of the Na-
30	tional Emergency Communications Plan;
31	(2) reporting annually to the relevant Regional Administrator, the
32	Director for Emergency Communications, the Chairman of the Federal
33	Communications Commission, and the Assistant Secretary for Commu-
34	nications and Information of the Department of Commerce on the
35	status of its region in building robust and sustainable interoperable
36	voice and data emergency communications networks and, not later than
37	60 days after the completion of the initial National Emergency Com-
38	munications Plan under section 12103 of this title, on the progress of
39	the region in meeting the goals of the plan;
40	(3) ensuring a process for the coordination of effective multijuris-
41	dictional, multi-agency emergency communications networks for use

1	during natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disas-
2	ters through the expanded use of emergency management and public
3	safety communications mutual aid agreements; and
4	(4) coordinating the establishment of Federal, State, local, and tribal
5	support services and networks designed to address the immediate and
6	critical human needs in responding to natural disasters, acts of terror-
7	ism, and other man-made disasters.
8	§12107. Emergency Communications Preparedness Center
9	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is the Emergency Communications Pre-
10	paredness Center.
11	(b) OPERATION.—The Secretary, the Chairman of the Federal Commu-
12	nications Commission, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce,
13	the Attorney General, and the heads of other Federal departments and
14	agencies or their designees shall jointly operate the Emergency Communica-
15	tions Preparedness Center in accordance with the Memorandum of Under-
16	standing entitled, "Emergency Communications Preparedness Center
17	(ECPC) Charter".
18	(c) FUNCTIONS.—The Emergency Communications Preparedness Center
19	shall—
20	(1) serve as the focal point for interagency efforts and as a clearing-
21	house with respect to all relevant intergovernmental information to sup-
22	port and promote (including specifically by working to avoid duplica-
23	tion, hindrances, and counteractive efforts among the participating
24	Federal departments and agencies)—
25	(A) the ability of emergency response providers and relevant
26	government officials to continue to communicate in the event of
27	natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters;
28	and
29	(B) interoperable emergency communications;
30	(2) prepare and submit to Congress annually a strategic assessment
31	regarding the coordination efforts of Federal departments and agencies
32	to advance
33	(A) the ability of emergency response providers and relevant
34	government officials to continue to communicate in the event of
35	natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters;
36	and
37	(B) interoperable emergency communications;
38	(3) consider, in preparing the strategic assessment under paragraph
39	(2), the goals stated in the National Emergency Communications Plan
40	under section 12103 of this title; and

1	(4) perform other functions provided in the ECPC Charter described
2	in subsection (b).
3	§12108. Urban and other high risk area communications ca-
4	pabilities
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Chairman of
6	the Federal Communications Commission and the Secretary of Defense, and
7	with appropriate State, local, and tribal government officials, shall provide
8	technical guidance, training, and other assistance, as appropriate, to sup-
9	port the rapid establishment of consistent, secure, and effective interoper-
10	able emergency communications capabilities in the event of an emergency
11	in urban and other areas determined by the Secretary to be at consistently
12	high levels of risk from natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-
13	made disasters.
14	(b) MINIMUM CAPABILITIES.—The interoperable emergency communica-
15	tions capabilities established under subsection (a) shall ensure the ability of
16	all levels of government, emergency response providers, the private sector,
17	and other organizations with emergency response capabilities—
18	(1) to communicate with each other in the event of an emergency;
19	(2) to have appropriate and timely access to the Information Sharing
20	Environment described in section 11111 of this title; and
21	(3) to be consistent with any applicable State or Urban Area home-
21 22	(3) to be consistent with any applicable State or Urban Area home- land strategy or plan.
22	land strategy or plan.
22 23	land strategy or plan. §12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant
22 23 24	land strategy or plan. §12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program
22 23 24 25	land strategy or plan. § 12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable
22 23 24 25 26	 land strategy or plan. § 12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters.
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters. (b) POLICY.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall ensure that a grant awarded to a State under this section is consistent with the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters. (b) POLICY.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall ensure that a grant awarded to a State under this section is consistent with the policies established pursuant to the responsibilities and authorities of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters. (b) POLICY.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall ensure that a grant awarded to a State under this section is consistent with the policies established pursuant to the responsibilities and authorities of the Office of Emergency Communications under this chapter, including ensuring
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters. (b) POLICY.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall ensure that a grant awarded to a State under this section is consistent with the policies established pursuant to the responsibilities and authorities of the Office of Emergency Communications under this chapter, including ensuring that activities funded by the grant—
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters. (b) POLICY.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall ensure that a grant awarded to a State under this section is consistent with the policies established pursuant to the responsibilities and authorities of the Office of Emergency Communications under this chapter, including ensuring that activities funded by the grant— (1) comply with the statewide plan for that State required by section 10713(e) of this title; and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 land strategy or plan. \$12109. Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program to make grants to States to carry out initiatives to improve local, tribal, statewide, regional, national and, where appropriate, international interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters. (b) POLICY.—The Director for Emergency Communications shall ensure that a grant awarded to a State under this section is consistent with the policies established pursuant to the responsibilities and authorities of the Office of Emergency Communications under this chapter, including ensuring that activities funded by the grant— (1) comply with the statewide plan for that State required by section 10713(e) of this title; and (2) comply with the National Emergency Communications Plan

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Emergency
2	Management Agency shall administer the Interoperable Emergency
3	Communications Grant Program pursuant to the responsibilities and
4	authorities of the Administrator under chapter 111 of this title.
5	(2) Guidance.—In administering the grant program, the Adminis-
6	trator shall ensure that the use of grants is consistent with guidance
7	established by the Director of Emergency Communications under sec-
8	tion $10713(b)(1)(H)$ of this title.
9	(d) USE OF FUNDS.—A State that receives a grant under this section
10	shall use the grant to implement that State's Statewide Interoperability
11	Plan required under section 10713(e) of this title and approved under sub-
12	section (e), and to assist with activities determined by the Secretary to be
13	integral to interoperable emergency communications.
14	(e) Approval of Plans.—
15	(1) Approval as condition of grant.—Before a State may re-
16	ceive a grant under this section, the Director of Emergency Commu-
17	nications shall approve the State's Statewide Interoperable Communica-
18	tions Plan required under section 10713(e) of this title.
19	(2) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—In approving a plan under this sub-
20	section, the Director of Emergency Communications shall ensure that
21	the plan—
22	(A) is designed to improve interoperability at the city, county,
23	regional, State and interstate level;
24	(B) considers any applicable local or regional plan; and
25	(C) complies, to the maximum extent practicable, with the Na-
26	tional Emergency Communications Plan under section 12103 of
27	this title.
28	(3) APPROVAL OF REVISIONS.—The Director of Emergency Commu-
29	nications may approve revisions to a State's plan if the Director deter-
30	mines that doing so is likely to further interoperability.
31	(f) Limitations on Uses of Funds.—
32	(1) IN GENERAL.—The recipient of a grant under this section may
33	not use the grant—
34	(A) to supplant State or local funds;
35	(B) for any State or local government cost-sharing contribution;
36	or
37	(C) for recreational or social purposes.
38	(2) PENALTIES.—In addition to other remedies currently available,
39	the Secretary may take necessary actions to ensure that recipients of
40	grant funds are using the funds for the purpose for which they were
41	intended.

1	(g) Limitations on Award of Grants.—
2	(1) NATIONAL EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS PLAN REQUIRED.—
3	The Secretary may not award a grant under this section before the
4	date on which the Secretary completes and submits to Congress the
5	National Emergency Communications Plan required under section
6	12103 of this title.
7	(2) VOLUNTARY CONSENSUS STANDARDS.—The Secretary may not
8	award a grant to a State under this section for the purchase of equip-
9	ment that does not meet applicable voluntary consensus standards, un-
10	less the State demonstrates that there are compelling reasons for the
11	purchase.
12	(h) Award of Grants.—In approving applications and awarding grants
13	under this section, the Secretary shall consider—
14	(1) the risk posed to each State by natural disasters, acts of terror-
15	ism, or other manmade disasters, including
16	(A) the likely need of a jurisdiction within the State to respond
17	to the risk in nearby jurisdictions;
18	(B) the degree of threat, vulnerability, and consequences related
19	to critical infrastructure (from all critical infrastructure sectors)
20	or key resources identified by the Administrator or the State
21	homeland security and emergency management plans, including
22	threats to, vulnerabilities of, and consequences from damage to
23	critical infrastructure and key resources in nearby jurisdictions;
24	(C) the size of the population and density of the population of
25	the State, including appropriate consideration of military, tourist,
26	and commuter populations;
27	(D) whether the State is on or near an international border;
28	(E) whether the State encompasses an economically significant
29	border crossing; and
30	(F) whether the State has a coastline bordering an ocean, a
31	major waterway used for interstate commerce, or international wa-
32	ters; and
33	(2) the anticipated effectiveness of the State's proposed use of grant
34	funds to improve interoperability.
35	(i) OPPORTUNITY TO AMEND APPLICATIONS.—In considering applications
36	for grants under this section, the Administrator shall provide applicants
37	with a reasonable opportunity to correct defects in the application, if any,
38	before making final awards.
39 40	(j) MINIMUM GRANT AMOUNTS.—
40	(1) STATES.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary
41	shall ensure that for each fiscal year, except as provided in paragraph

1	(2), no State receives a grant in an amount that is less than 0.35 per-
2	cent of the total amount appropriated for grants under this section for
3	that fiscal year.
4	(2) TERRITORIES.—In awarding grants under this section, the Sec-
5	retary shall ensure that for each fiscal year, American Samoa, the
6	Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the Virgin Islands each receive
7	grants in amounts that are not less than 0.08 percent of the total
8	amount appropriated for grants under this section for that fiscal year.
9	(k) CERTIFICATION.—Each State that receives a grant under this section
10	shall certify that the grant is used for the purpose for which the funds were
11	intended and in compliance with the State's approved Statewide Interoper-
12	able Communications Plan.
13	(1) STATE RESPONSIBILITIES.—
14	(1) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS TO LOCAL AND TRIBAL GOVERN-
15	MENTS.—Not later than 45 days after receiving grant funds, a State
16	that receives a grant under this section shall obligate or otherwise
17	make available to local and tribal governments—
18	(A) not less than 80 percent of the grant funds;
19	(B) with the consent of local and tribal governments, eligible ex-
20	penditures having a value of not less than 80 percent of the
21	amount of the grant; or
22	(C) grant funds combined with other eligible expenditures hav-
23	ing a total value of not less than 80 percent of the amount of the
24	grant.
25	(2) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—A State that receives a grant under
26	this section shall allocate grant funds to tribal governments in the
27	State to assist tribal communities in improving interoperable commu-
28	nications, in a manner consistent with the Statewide Interoperable
29	Communications Plan. A State may not impose unreasonable or unduly
30	burdensome requirements on a tribal government as a condition of pro-
31	viding grant funds or resources to the tribal government.
32	(3) PENALTIES.—If a State violates the requirements of this sub-
33	section, in addition to other remedies available to the Secretary, the
34	Secretary may terminate or reduce the amount of the grant awarded
35	to that State or transfer grant funds previously awarded to the State
36	directly to the appropriate local or tribal government.
37	(m) Reports.—
38	(1) ANNUAL REPORTS BY STATE GRANT RECIPIENTS.—A State that
39	receives a grant under this section shall annually submit to the Direc-
40	tor of Emergency Communications a report on the progress of the
41	State in implementing that State's Statewide Interoperable Commu-

1	nications Plans required under section 10714(e) of this title and
2	achieving interoperability at the city, county, regional, State, and inter-
3	state levels. The Director shall make the reports publicly available, in-
4	cluding by making them available on the Internet website of the Office
5	of Emergency Communications, subject to any redactions that the Di-
6	rector determines are necessary to protect classified or other sensitive
7	information.
8	(2) ANNUAL REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—At least once each year, the
9	Director of Emergency Communications shall submit to Congress a re-
10	port on the use of grants awarded under this section and any progress
11	in implementing Statewide Interoperable Communications Plans and
12	improving interoperability at the city, county, regional, State, and
13	interstate level, as a result of the award of the grants.
14	(n) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed
15	or interpreted to preclude a State from using a grant awarded under this
16	section for interim or long-term Internet Protocol-based interoperable solu-
17	tions.
18	(o) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be ap-
19	propriated for grants under this section such sums as may be necessary.
20	Chapter 123—Domestic Nuclear Detection Office
20	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel.
20	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities.
	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture.
21	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission
21 22	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
21 22 23	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Na-
21 22 23 24	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317
21 22 23 24 25	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d).
21 22 23 24 25 26	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d). (2) ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER-
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d). (2) ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Asian American and Native American
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d). (2) ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution" has the meaning given the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d). (2) ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 320 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 See. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d). (2) ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 320 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059g).
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 Sec. 12301. Mission. 12302. Technology research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radiological detection. 12303. Testing authority. 12304. Personnel. 12305. Relationship to other department entities and Federal agencies. 12306. Contracting and grant making authorities. 12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear detection architecture. § 12301. Mission (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d). (2) ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution" has the meaning given the term in section 320 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

1	(4) HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Hispanic-serving
2	institution" has the meaning given that term in section 502 of the
3	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1101a).
4	(5) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term
5	"historically Black college or university" has the meaning given the
6	term "part B institution" in section 322(2) of the Higher Education
7	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061(2)).
8	(6) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College or
9	University" has the meaning given that term in section 316(b) of the
10	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)).
11	(b) MISSION.—The Domestic Nuclear Detection Office is responsible for
12	coordinating Federal efforts to detect and protect against the unauthorized
13	importation, possession, storage, transportation, development, or use of a
14	nuclear explosive device, fissile material, or radiological material in the
15	United States, and to protect against attack using such devices or materials
16	against the people, territory, or interests of the United States and, to this
17	end, shall—
18	(1) serve as the primary entity of the United States Government to
19	further develop, acquire, and support the deployment of an enhanced
20	domestic system to detect and report on attempts to import, possess,
21	store, transport, develop, or use an unauthorized nuclear explosive de-
22	vice, fissile material, or radiological material in the United States, and
23	improve that system over time;
24	(2) enhance and coordinate the nuclear detection efforts of Federal,
25	State, local, and tribal governments and the private sector to ensure
26	a managed, coordinated response;
27	(3) establish, with the approval of the Secretary and in coordination
28	with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary
29	of Energy, additional protocols and procedures for use within the
30	United States to ensure that the detection of unauthorized nuclear ex-
31	plosive devices, fissile material, or radiological material is promptly re-
32	ported to the Attorney General, the Secretary, the Secretary of De-
33	fense, the Secretary of Energy, and other appropriate officials or their
34	respective designees for appropriate action by law enforcement, mili-
35	tary, emergency response, or other authorities;
36	(4) develop, with the approval of the Secretary and in coordination
37	with the Attorney General, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of De-
38	fense, and the Secretary of Energy, an enhanced global nuclear detec-
39	tion architecture with implementation under which—

1	(A) the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office will be responsible
2	for the implementation of the domestic portion of the global archi-
3	tecture;
4	(B) the Secretary of Defense will retain responsibility for imple-
5	mentation of Department of Defense requirements within and out-
6	side the United States; and
7	(C) the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, and the
8	Secretary of Energy will maintain their respective responsibilities
9	for policy guidance and implementation of the portion of the global
10	architecture outside the United States, which will be implemented
11	consistent with applicable law and relevant international arrange-
12	ments;
13	(5) ensure that the expertise necessary to accurately interpret detec-
14	tion data is made available in a timely manner for all technology de-
15	ployed by the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office to implement the
16	global nuclear detection architecture;
17	(6) conduct, support, coordinate, and encourage an aggressive, expe-
18	dited, evolutionary, and transformational program of research and de-
19	velopment to generate and improve technologies to detect and prevent
20	the illicit entry, transport, assembly, or potential use within the United
21	States of a nuclear explosive device or fissile or radiological material,
22	and coordinate with the Under Secretary for Science and Technology
23	on basic and advanced or transformational research and development
24	efforts relevant to the mission of both organizations;
25	(7) carry out a program to test and evaluate technology for detecting
26	a nuclear explosive device and fissile or radiological material, in coordi-
27	nation with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, as
28	appropriate, and establish performance metrics for evaluating the effec-
29	tiveness of individual detectors and detection systems in detecting such
30	devices or material—
31	(A) under realistic operational and environmental conditions;
32	and
33	(B) against realistic adversary tactics and countermeasures;
34	(8) support and enhance the effective sharing and use of appropriate
35	information generated by the intelligence community, law enforcement
36	agencies, counterterrorism community, other government agencies, and
37	foreign governments, as well as provide appropriate information to the
38	entities;
39	(9) further enhance and maintain continuous awareness by analyzing
40	information from all Domestic Nuclear Detection Office mission-related
41	detection systems;

1	(10) lead the development and implementation of the national strate-
2	gic five-year plan for improving the nuclear forensic and attribution ca-
3	pabilities of the United States required under section 1036 of the Na-
4	tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law
5	111-84, 123 Stat. 2450);
6	(11) establish in the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office the National
7	Technical Nuclear Forensics Center to provide centralized stewardship,
8	planning, assessment, gap analysis, exercises, improvement, and inte-
9	gration for all Federal nuclear forensics and attribution activities—
10	(A) to ensure an enduring national technical nuclear forensics
11	capability to strengthen the collective response of the United
12	States to nuclear terrorism or other nuclear attacks; and
13	(B) to coordinate and implement the national strategic five-year
14	plan referred to in paragraph (10);
15	(12) establish a National Nuclear Forensics Expertise Development
16	Program, which—
17	(A) is devoted to developing and maintaining a vibrant and en-
18	during academic pathway from undergraduate to post-doctorate
19	study in nuclear and geochemical science specialties directly rel-
20	evant to technical nuclear forensics, including radiochemistry, geo-
21	chemistry, nuclear physics, nuclear engineering, materials science,
22	and analytical chemistry;
23	(B) shall—
24	(i) make available for undergraduate study student scholar-
25	ships, with a duration of up to 4 years per student, which
26	shall include, if possible, at least one summer internship at
27	a national laboratory or appropriate Federal agency in the
28	field of technical nuclear forensics during the course of the
29	student's undergraduate career;
30	(ii) make available for doctoral study student fellowships,
31	with a duration of up to 5 years per student, which shall—
32	(I) include, if possible, at least two summer intern-
33	ships at a national laboratory or appropriate Federal
34	agency in the field of technical nuclear forensics during
35	the course of the student's graduate career; and
36	(II) require each recipient to commit to serve for 2
37	years in a post-doctoral position in a technical nuclear
38	forensics-related specialty at a national laboratory or ap-
39	propriate Federal agency after graduation;

1	(iii) make available to faculty awards, with a duration of
2	3 to 5 years each, to ensure faculty and their graduate stu-
3	dents have a sustained funding stream; and
4	(iv) place a particular emphasis on reinvigorating technical
5	nuclear forensics programs while encouraging the participa-
6	tion of undergraduate students, graduate students, and uni-
7	versity faculty from historically Black colleges and univer-
8	sities, Hispanic-serving institutions, Tribal Colleges and Uni-
9	versities, Asian American and Native American Pacific Is-
10	lander-serving institutions, Alaska Native-serving institutions,
11	and Hawaiian Native-serving institutions; and
12	(C) shall—
13	(i) provide for the selection of individuals to receive schol-
14	arships or fellowships under this section through a competi-
15	tive process primarily on the basis of academic merit and the
16	nuclear forensics and attribution needs of the United States
17	Government;
18	(ii) provide for the setting aside of up to 10 percent of the
19	scholarships or fellowships awarded under this section for in-
20	dividuals who are Federal employees to enhance the education
21	of the employees in areas of critical nuclear forensics and at-
22	tribution needs of the United States Government, for doctoral
23	education under the scholarship on a full-time or part-time
24	basis;
25	(iii) provide that the Secretary may enter into a contrac-
26	tual agreement with an institution of higher education under
27	which the amounts provided for a scholarship under this sec-
28	tion for tuition, fees, and other authorized expenses are paid
29	directly to the institution with respect to which the scholar-
30	ship is awarded;
31	(iv) require scholarship recipients to maintain satisfactory
32	academic progress; and
33	(v) require that—
34	(I) a scholarship recipient who fails to maintain a high
35	level of academic standing, as defined by the Secretary,
36	who is dismissed for disciplinary reasons from the edu-
37	cational institution the recipient is attending, or who vol-
38	untarily terminates academic training before graduation
39	from the educational program for which the scholarship
40	was awarded is liable to the United States for repayment
41	within 1 year after the date of default of all scholarship

1	funds paid to the recipient and to the institution of high-
2	er education on the behalf of the recipient, provided that
3	the repayment period may be extended by the Secretary
4	if the Secretary determines it necessary, as established
5	by regulation; and
6	(II) a scholarship recipient who, for any reason except
7	death or disability, fails to begin or complete the post-
8	doctoral service requirements in a technical nuclear
9	for ensics-related specialty at a national laboratory or ap-
10	propriate Federal agency after completion of academic
11	training is liable to the United States for an amount
12	equal to—
13	(aa) the total amount of the scholarship received
14	by the recipient under this section; and
15	(bb) the interest on the amounts which would be
16	payable if at the time the scholarship was received
17	the scholarship was a loan bearing interest at the
18	maximum legally prevailing rate;
19	(13) provide an annual report to Congress on the activities carried
20	out under paragraphs (10), (11), and (12); and
21	(14) perform other duties assigned by the Secretary.
22	§12302. Technology research and development investment
23	strategy for nuclear and radiological detection
24	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary
25	of Defense, and the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to Con-
26	gress a research and development investment strategy for nuclear and radio-
27	logical detection.
28	(b) CONTENTS.—The strategy under subsection (a) shall include—
29	(1) a long term technology roadmap for nuclear and radiological de-
30	tection applicable to the mission needs of the Department, the Depart-
31	
	ment of Energy, the Department of Defense, and the Office of the Di-
32	ment of Energy, the Department of Defense, and the Office of the Di- rector of National Intelligence;
32 33	
	rector of National Intelligence;
33	rector of National Intelligence; (2) budget requirements necessary to meet the roadmap; and
33 34	rector of National Intelligence; (2) budget requirements necessary to meet the roadmap; and (3) documentation of how the Department, the Department of En-
33 34 35	 rector of National Intelligence; (2) budget requirements necessary to meet the roadmap; and (3) documentation of how the Department, the Department of Energy, the Department of Defense, and the Office of the Director of Na-
33 34 35 36	rector of National Intelligence; (2) budget requirements necessary to meet the roadmap; and (3) documentation of how the Department, the Department of En- ergy, the Department of Defense, and the Office of the Director of Na- tional Intelligence will execute this strategy.
33 34 35 36 37	 rector of National Intelligence; (2) budget requirements necessary to meet the roadmap; and (3) documentation of how the Department, the Department of Energy, the Department of Defense, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will execute this strategy. (c) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Director for Domestic Nuclear Detection and
 33 34 35 36 37 38 	 rector of National Intelligence; (2) budget requirements necessary to meet the roadmap; and (3) documentation of how the Department, the Department of Energy, the Department of Defense, and the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will execute this strategy. (c) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Director for Domestic Nuclear Detection and the Under Secretary for Science and Technology jointly and annually shall

objectives, and policies for coordinating the Federal Government's civilian
 efforts to identify and develop countermeasures to terrorist threats from
 weapons of mass destruction that are required under section 10701(2) of
 this title.

5 §12303. Testing authority

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director for Do-7 mestic Nuclear Detection, shall coordinate with the responsible Federal 8 agency or other entity to facilitate the use by the Domestic Nuclear Detec-9 tion Office, by its contractors, or by other persons or entities, of existing 10 Government laboratories, centers, ranges, or other testing facilities for the testing of materials, equipment, models, computer software, and other items 11 12 as may be related to the missions identified in section 12301 of this title. 13 Use of Government facilities shall be carried out in accordance with all ap-14 plicable laws, regulations, and contractual provisions, including those gov-15 erning security, safety, and environmental protection, including, when appli-16 cable, the provisions of section 10708 of this title. The Domestic Nuclear 17 Detection Office may direct that private-sector entities utilizing Government 18 facilities under this section pay an appropriate fee to the agency that owns 19 or operates those facilities to defray additional costs to the Government re-20 sulting from private-sector use.

(b) CONFIDENTIALITY OF TEST RESULTS.—The results of tests performed with services made available shall be confidential and shall not be
disclosed outside the Federal Government without the consent of the persons for whom the tests are performed.

(c) FEES.—Fees for services made available under this section shall not
exceed the amount necessary to recoup the direct and indirect costs involved, such as direct costs of utilities, contractor support, and salaries of
personnel that are incurred by the United States to provide for the testing.
(d) USE OF FEES.—Fees received for services made available under this
section may be credited to the appropriation from which funds were expended to provide the services.

32 §12304. Personnel

(a) HIRING.—In hiring personnel for the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office, the Secretary has the hiring and management authorities provided in
section 1101 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act
for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105–261, 5 U.S.C. 3104 note). The term
of appointments for employees under subsection (c)(1) of that section may
not exceed 5 years before granting any extension under subsection (c)(2)
of that section.

(b) DETAIL.—The Secretary may request that the Secretary of Defense,
the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the

1	Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and the directors of other Federal agen-
2	cies, including elements of the Intelligence Community, provide for the reim-
3	bursable detail of personnel with relevant expertise to the Domestic Nuclear
4	Detection Office.
5	§12305. Relationship to other department entities and Fed-
6	eral agencies
7	The authority of the Secretary exercised by the Director for Domestic
8	Nuclear Detection under this chapter shall not affect the authorities or re-
9	sponsibilities of any officer of the Department or of any officer of any other
10	department or agency of the United States with respect to the command,
11	control, or direction of the functions, personnel, funds, assets, and liabilities
12	of any entity within the Department or any Federal department or agency.
13	§12306. Contracting and grant making authorities
14	The Secretary, acting through the Director for Domestic Nuclear Detec-
15	tion, in carrying out the responsibilities under paragraphs (6) and (7) of
16	subsection (a) of section 12301 of this title shall—
17	(1) operate extramural and intramural programs and distribute
18	funds through grants, cooperative agreements, and other transactions
19	and contracts;
20	(2) ensure that activities under paragraphs (6) and (7) of paragraph
21	(a) include investigations of radiation detection equipment in configura-
22	tions suitable for deployment at seaports, which may include under-
23	water or water surface detection equipment and detection equipment
24	that can be mounted on cranes and straddle cars used to move shipping
25	containers; and
26	(3) have the authority to establish or contract with one or more fed-
27	erally funded research and development centers to provide independent
28	analysis of homeland security issues and carry out other responsibilities
29	under this chapter.
30	12307. Joint annual interagency review of global nuclear
31	detection architecture
32	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "global nuclear detection ar-
33	chitecture' means the global nuclear detection architecture developed under
34	section 12301 of this title.
35	(b) Annual review.—
36	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, the Attorney General, the Sec-
37	retary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and
38	the Director of National Intelligence shall jointly ensure interagency co-
39	ordination on the development and implementation of the global nu-
40	clear detection architecture by ensuring that, not less frequently than
41	once each year—

1	(A) each relevant agency, office, or entity—
2	(i) assesses its involvement, support, and participation in
3	the development, revision, and implementation of the global
4	nuclear detection architecture; and
5	(ii) examines and evaluates components of the global nu-
6	clear detection architecture (including associated strategies
7	and acquisition plans) relating to the operations of that agen-
8	cy, office, or entity, to determine whether the components in-
9	corporate and address current threat assessments, scenarios,
10	or intelligence analyses developed by the Director of National
11	Intelligence or other agencies regarding threats relating to
12	nuclear or radiological weapons of mass destruction;
13	(B) each agency, office, or entity deploying or operating any nu-
14	clear or radiological detection technology under the global nuclear
15	detection architecture—
16	(i) evaluates the deployment and operation of nuclear or
17	radiological detection technologies under the global nuclear
18	detection architecture by that agency, office, or entity;
19	(ii) identifies performance deficiencies and operational or
20	technical deficiencies in nuclear or radiological detection tech-
21	nologies deployed under the global nuclear detection architec-
22	ture; and
23	(iii) assesses the capacity of that agency, office, or entity
24	to implement the responsibilities of that agency, office, or en-
25	tity under the global nuclear detection architecture; and
26	(C) the Director of the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office and
27	each of the relevant departments that are partners in the National
28	Technical Forensics Center—
29	(i) include, as part of the assessments, evaluations, and re-
30	views required under this paragraph, each office's or depart-
31	ment's activities and investments in support of nuclear
32	forensics and attribution activities and specific goals and ob-
33	jectives accomplished during the previous year pursuant to
34	the national strategic five-year plan for improving the nuclear
35	forensic and attribution capabilities of the United States re-
36	quired under section 1036 of the National Defense Authoriza-
37	tion Act for Fiscal Year 2010;
38	(ii) attach, as an appendix to the Joint Interagency Annual
39	Review, the most current version of the strategy and plan;
40	and

1	(iii) include a description of new or amended bilateral and
2	multilateral agreements and efforts in support of nuclear
3	forensics and attribution activities accomplished during the
4	previous year.
5	(2) TECHNOLOGY.—Not less frequently than once each year, the
6	Secretary shall examine and evaluate the development, assessment, and
7	acquisition of radiation detection technologies deployed or implemented
8	in support of the domestic portion of the global nuclear detection archi-
9	tecture.
10	(c) ANNUAL REPORT ON JOINT INTERAGENCY REVIEW.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 31 each year, the Sec-
12	retary, the Attorney General, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of
13	Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Director of National Intel-
14	ligence, shall jointly submit a report regarding the implementation of
15	this section and the results of the reviews required under subsection
16	(a) to—
17	(A) the President;
18	(B) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed
19	Services, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee
20	on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
21	and
22	(C) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed
23	Services, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the
24	Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Science
25	and Technology of the House of Representatives.
26	(2) FORM.—The annual report submitted under paragraph (1) shall
27	be submitted in unclassified form to the maximum extent practicable,
28	but may include a classified annex.
29	Chapter 125—Homeland Security Grants
	Sec.
	12501. Definitions.

- 12502.~ Homeland security grant programs.
- 12503. Urban Area Security Initiative.
- 12504. State Homeland Security Grant Program.
- $12505. \ \ \, \mbox{Grants}$ to directly eligible tribes.
- 12506. Terrorism prevention.
- 12507. Prioritization.
- 12508. Use of funds.
- 12509. Administration and coordination.
- 12510. Accountability.
- 12511. Identification of reporting redundancies and development of performance metrics.

30 **§ 12501. Definitions**

- 31 In this chapter:
- 32 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Admin-
- 33 istrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

1	(2) Appropriate committees of congress.—The term "appro-
2	priate committees of Congress" means—
3	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
4	Affairs of the Senate; and
5	(B) those committees of the House of Representatives that the
6	Speaker of the House of Representatives determines appropriate.
7	(3) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SECTORS.—The term "critical infra-
8	structure sectors" means the following sectors, in both urban and rural
9	areas:
10	(A) Agriculture and food.
11	(B) Banking and finance.
12	(C) Chemical industries.
13	(D) Commercial facilities.
14	(E) Commercial nuclear reactors, materials, and waste.
15	(F) Dams.
16	(G) The defense industrial base.
17	(H) Emergency services.
18	(I) Energy.
19	(J) Government facilities.
20	(K) Information technology.
21	(L) National monuments and icons.
22	(M) Postal and shipping.
23	(N) Public health and health care.
24	(O) Telecommunications.
25	(P) Transportation systems.
26	(Q) Water.
27	(4) DIRECTLY ELIGIBLE TRIBE.—The term "directly eligible tribe"
28	means—
29	(A) an Indian tribe—
30	(i) that is located in the continental United States;
31	(ii) that operates a law enforcement or emergency response
32	agency with the capacity to respond to calls for law enforce-
33	ment or emergency services;
34	(iii) that—
35	(I) is located on or near an international border or a
36	coastline bordering an ocean (including the Gulf of Mex-
37	ico) or international waters;
38	(II) is located within 10 miles of a system or asset in-
39	cluded on the prioritized critical infrastructure list estab-
40	lished under section $10516(a)(2)$ of this title or has such
41	a system or asset within its territory;

1	(III) is located within or contiguous to one of the 50
2	most populous metropolitan statistical areas in the
3	United States; or
4	(IV) has jurisdiction over not less than 1,000 square
5	miles of Indian country, as that term is defined in sec-
6	tion 1151 of title 18; and
7	(iv) that certifies to the Secretary that a State has not pro-
8	vided funds under section 12503 or 12504 of this title to the
9	Indian tribe or consortium of Indian tribes for the purpose
10	for which direct funding is sought; and
11	(B) a consortium of Indian tribes, if each tribe satisfies the re-
12	quirements of subparagraph (A).
13	(5) ELIGIBLE METROPOLITAN AREA.—The term "eligible metropoli-
14	tan area" means any of the 100 most populous metropolitan statistical
15	areas in the United States.
16	(6) HIGH-RISK URBAN AREA.—The term "high-risk urban area"
17	means a high-risk urban area designated under section $12503(b)(3)(A)$
18	of this title.
19	(7) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given
20	that term in section $4(e)$ of the Indian Self-Determination Act (25
21	U.S.C. 450b(e)).
22	(8) METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA.—The term "metropolitan
23	statistical area" means a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by
24	the Office of Management and Budget.
25	(9) NATIONAL SPECIAL SECURITY EVENT.—The term "National Spe-
26	cial Security Event" means a designated event that, by virtue of its po-
27	litical, economic, social, or religious significance, may be the target of
28	terrorism or other criminal activity.
29	(10) POPULATION.—The term "population" means population ac-
30	cording to the most recent United States census population estimates
31	available at the start of the relevant fiscal year.
32	(11) POPULATION DENSITY.—The term "population density" means
33	population divided by land area in square miles.
34	(12) QUALIFIED INTELLIGENCE ANALYST.—The term "qualified in-
35	telligence analyst" means an intelligence analyst (as that term is de-
36	fined in section 10512(a) of this title), including law enforcement per-
37	sonnel—
38	(A) who has successfully completed training to ensure base-
39	line proficiency in intelligence analysis and production, as de-
40	termined by the Secretary, which may include training using
41	a curriculum developed under section 10510 of this title; or

1	(B) whose experience ensures baseline proficiency in intelligence
2	analysis and production equivalent to the training required under
3	subparagraph (A), as determined by the Secretary.
4	(13) TARGET CAPABILITIES.—The term "target capabilities" means
5	the target capabilities for Federal, State, local, and tribal government
6	preparedness for which guidelines are required to be established under
7	section 20506 of this title.
8	(14) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "tribal government" means
9	the government of an Indian tribe.
10	§12502. Homeland security grant programs
11	(a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
12	trator, may award grants under sections 12503 and 12504 of this title to
13	State, local, and tribal governments.
14	(b) PROGRAMS NOT AFFECTED.—This chapter shall not be construed to
15	affect any of the following Federal programs:
16	(1) Firefighter and other assistance programs authorized under the
17	Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 2201 et
18	seq.).
19	(2) Grants authorized under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief
20	and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).
21	(3) Emergency Management Performance Grants under the amend-
22	ments made by title II of the Implementing Recommendations of the
23	9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 294).
24	(4) Grants to protect critical infrastructure, including port security
25	grants authorized under section 70107 of title 46, and grants author-
26	ized under titles XIV and XV of the Implementing Recommendations
27	of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat.
28	400, 422) and the amendments made by those titles.
29	(5) The Metropolitan Medical Response System authorized under
30	section 20304 of this title.
31	(6) The Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program
32	authorized under title XVIII of the Implementing Recommendations of
33	the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 491).
34	(7) Grant programs other than those administered by the Depart-
35	ment.
36	(c) Relationship to Other Laws.—
37	(1) IN GENERAL.—The grant programs authorized under sections
38	12503 and 12504 of this title supersede all grant programs authorized
39	under section 1014 of the USA PATRIOT Act (42 U.S.C. 3714).

1	(2) ALLOCATION.—The allocation of grants authorized under sec-
2	tions 12503 and 12504 of this title is governed by the terms of this
3	chapter and not by any other provision of law.
4	§12503. Urban Area Security Initiative
5	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department the Urban Area Secu-
6	rity Initiative to provide grants to assist high-risk urban areas in prevent-
7	ing, preparing for, protecting against, and responding to acts of terrorism.
8	(b) Assessment and Designation of High-Risk Urban Areas.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall designate high-risk urban
10	areas to receive grants under this section based on procedures under
11	this subsection.
12	(2) INITIAL ASSESSMENT.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—For each fiscal year, the Secretary shall con-
14	duct an initial assessment of the relative threat, vulnerability, and
15	consequences from acts of terrorism faced by each eligible metro-
16	politan area, including consideration of—
17	(i) the factors set forth in subparagraphs (A) through (H)
18	and (K) of section 12507(a)(1) of this title; and
19	(ii) information and materials submitted under subpara-
20	graph (B).
21	(B) Submission of information by eligible metropolitan
22	AREAS.—Prior to conducting each initial assessment under sub-
23	paragraph (A), the Secretary shall provide each eligible metropoli-
24	tan area with, and shall notify each eligible metropolitan area of,
25	the opportunity to—
26	(i) submit information that the eligible metropolitan area
27	believes to be relevant to the determination of the threat, vul-
28	nerability, and consequences it faces from acts of terrorism;
29	and
30	(ii) review the risk assessment conducted by the Depart-
31	ment of that eligible metropolitan area, including the bases
32	for the assessment by the Department of the threat, vulner-
33	ability, and consequences from acts of terrorism faced by that
34	eligible metropolitan area, and remedy erroneous or incom-
35	plete information.
36	(3) Designation of high-risk urban areas.—
37	(A) DESIGNATION.—
38	(i) For each fiscal year, after conducting the initial assess-
39	ment under paragraph (2), and based on that assessment, the
40	Secretary shall designate high-risk urban areas that may sub-
41	mit applications for grants under this section.

1	(ii) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the Secretary may—
2	(I) in any case where an eligible metropolitan area
3	consists of more than one metropolitan division (as that
4	term is defined by the Office of Management and Budg-
5	et) designate more than one high-risk urban area within
6	a single eligible metropolitan area; and
7	(II) designate an area that is not an eligible metropoli-
8	tan area as a high-risk urban area based on the assess-
9	ment by the Secretary of the relative threat, vulner-
10	ability, and consequences from acts of terrorism faced by
11	the area.
12	(iii) Nothing in this subsection may be construed to require
13	the Secretary to—
14	(I) designate all eligible metropolitan areas that sub-
15	mit information to the Secretary under paragraph
16	(2)(B)(i) as high-risk urban areas; or
17	(II) designate all areas within an eligible metropolitan
18	area as part of the high-risk urban area.
19	(B) JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED IN HIGH-RISK URBAN AREAS.—
20	(i) In designating high-risk urban areas under subpara-
21	graph (A), the Secretary shall determine which jurisdictions,
22	at a minimum, shall be included in each high-risk urban area.
23	(ii) A high-risk urban area designated by the Secretary
24	may, in consultation with the State or States in which the
25	high-risk urban area is located, add additional jurisdictions to
26	the high-risk urban area.
27	(c) APPLICATION.—
28	(1) IN GENERAL.—An area designated as a high-risk urban area
29	under subsection (b) may apply for a grant under this section.
30	(2) MINIMUM CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.—In an application for a
31	grant under this section, a high-risk urban area shall submit—
32	(A) a plan describing the proposed division of responsibilities
33	and distribution of funding among the local and tribal govern-
34	ments in the high-risk urban area;
35	(B) the name of an individual to serve as a high-risk urban area
36	liaison with the Department and among the various jurisdictions
37	in the high-risk urban area; and
38	(C) information in support of the application the Secretary may
39	reasonably require.
40	(3) ANNUAL APPLICATIONS.—Applicants for grants under this sec-
41	tion shall apply or reapply on an annual basis.

1	(4) STATE REVIEW AND TRANSMISSION.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—To ensure consistency with State homeland
3	security plans, a high-risk urban area applying for a grant under
4	this section shall submit its application to each State within which
5	any part of that high-risk urban area is located for review before
6	submission of the application to the Department.
7	(B) DEADLINE.—Not later than 30 days after receiving an ap-
8	plication from a high-risk urban area under subparagraph (A), a
9	State shall transmit the application to the Department.
10	(C) Opportunity for state comment.—If the Governor of
11	a State determines that an application of a high-risk urban area
12	is inconsistent with the State homeland security plan of that
13	State, or otherwise does not support the application, the Governor
14	shall—
15	(i) notify the Secretary, in writing, of that fact; and
16	(ii) provide an explanation of the reason for not supporting
17	the application at the time of transmission of the application.
18	(5) Opportunity to amend.—In considering applications for
19	grants under this section, the Secretary shall provide applicants with
20	a reasonable opportunity to correct defects in the application, if any,
21	before making final awards.
22	(d) Distribution of Awards.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary approves the application of a
24	high-risk urban area for a grant under this section, the Secretary shall
25	distribute the grant funds to the State or States in which that high-
26	risk urban area is located.
27	(2) STATE DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—
28	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after the date that
29	a State receives grant funds under paragraph (1), that State shall
30	provide the high-risk urban area awarded that grant not less than
31	80 percent of the grant funds. Any funds retained by a State shall
32	be expended on items, services, or activities that benefit the high-
33	risk urban area.
34	(B) FUNDS RETAINED.—A State shall provide each relevant
35	high-risk urban area with an accounting of the items, services, or
36	activities on which any funds retained by the State under subpara-
37	graph (A) were expended.
38	(3) INTERSTATE URBAN AREAS.—If parts of a high-risk urban area
39	awarded a grant under this section are located in two or more States,
40	the Secretary shall distribute to each State—

1	(A) a portion of the grant funds in accordance with the pro-
2	posed distribution set forth in the application; or
3	(B) if no agreement on distribution has been reached, a portion
4	of the grant funds determined by the Secretary to be appropriate.
5	(4) Certifications regarding distribution of grant Funds
6	TO HIGH-RISK URBAN AREAS.—A State that receives grant funds under
7	paragraph (1) shall certify to the Secretary that the State has made
8	available to the applicable high-risk urban area the required funds
9	under paragraph (2).
10	(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be ap-
11	propriated for grants under this section such sums as may be necessary.
12	§ 12504. State Homeland Security Grant Program
13	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Department a State Homeland Se-
14	curity Grant Program to assist State, local, and tribal governments in pre-
15	venting, preparing for, protecting against, and responding to acts of terror-
16	ism.
17	(b) Application.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State may apply for a grant under this sec-
19	tion, and shall submit information in support of the application the
20	Secretary may reasonably require.
21	(2) MINIMUM CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.—The Secretary shall re-
22	quire that each State include in its application, at a minimum
23	(A) the purpose for which the State seeks grant funds and the
24	reasons why the State needs the grant to meet the target capabili-
25	ties of that State;
26	(B) a description of how the State plans to allocate the grant
27	funds to local governments and Indian tribes; and
28	(C) a budget showing how the State intends to expend the grant
29	funds.
30	(3) ANNUAL APPLICATIONS.—Applicants for grants under this sec-
31	tion shall apply or reapply on an annual basis.
32	(c) DISTRIBUTION TO LOCAL AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.—
33	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after receiving grant
34	funds, any State receiving a grant under this section shall make avail-
35	able to local and tribal governments, consistent with the applicable
36	State homeland security plan
37	(A) not less than 80 percent of the grant funds;
38	(B) with the consent of local and tribal governments, items,
39	services, or activities having a value of not less than 80 percent
40	of the amount of the grant; or

1	(C) with the consent of local and tribal governments, grant
2	funds combined with other items, services, or activities having a
3	total value of not less than 80 percent of the amount of the grant.
4	(2) Certifications regarding distribution of grant funds
5	TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—A State shall certify to the Secretary that
6	the State has made the distribution to local and tribal governments re-
7	quired under paragraph (1).
8	(3) EXTENSION OF PERIOD.—The Governor of a State may request
9	in writing that the Secretary extend the period under paragraph (1)
10	for an additional period of time. The Secretary may approve a request
11	if the Secretary determines that the resulting delay in providing grant
12	funding to the local and tribal governments is necessary to promote ef-
13	fective investments to prevent, prepare for, protect against, or respond
14	to acts of terrorism.
15	(4) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) does not apply to the District of
16	Columbia, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Is-
17	lands, Guam, or the Virgin Islands.
18	(5) DIRECT FUNDING.—If a State fails to make the distribution to
19	local or tribal governments required under paragraph (1) in a timely
20	fashion, a local or tribal government entitled to receive the distribution
21	may petition the Secretary to request that grant funds be provided di-
22	rectly to the local or tribal government.
23	(d) Multistate applications.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Instead of, or in addition to, any application for
25	a grant under subsection (b), two or more States may submit an appli-
26	cation for a grant under this section in support of multistate efforts
27	to prevent, prepare for, protect against, and respond to acts of terror-
28	ism.
29	(2) Administration of grant.—If a group of States applies for
30	a grant under this section, the States shall submit to the Secretary at
31	the time of application a plan describing
32	(A) the division of responsibilities for administering the grant;
33	and
34	(B) the distribution of funding among the States that are par-
35	ties to the application.
36	(e) MINIMUM ALLOCATION.—
37	(1) IN GENERAL.—In allocating funds under this section, the Sec-
38	retary shall ensure that—
39	(A) except as provided in subparagraph (B), each State receives
40	for each fiscal year, from the funds appropriated for the State
41	Homeland Security Grant Program established under this section,

1	not less than 0.35 percent of the total funds appropriated for
2	grants under this section and section 2003; and
3	(B) for each fiscal year, American Samoa, the Northern Mari-
4	ana Islands, Guam, and the Virgin Islands each receive, from the
5	funds appropriated for the State Homeland Security Grant Pro-
6	gram established under this section, not less than an amount
7	equal to 0.08 percent of the total funds appropriated for grants
8	under this section and section 2003.
9	(2) Effect of multistate award on state minimum.—Any por-
10	tion of a multistate award provided to a State under subsection (d)
11	shall be considered in calculating the minimum State allocation under
12	this subsection.
13	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be ap-
14	propriated for grants under this section such sums as may be necessary.
15	§12505. Grants to directly eligible tribes
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 12504(b) of this title, the
17	Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may award grants to directly
18	eligible tribes under section 12504.
19	(b) TRIBAL APPLICATIONS.—A directly eligible tribe may apply for a
20	grant under section 12504 of this title by submitting an application to the
21	Secretary that includes, as appropriate, the information required for an ap-
22	plication by a State under section 12504(b).
23	(c) Consistency with State Plans.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—To ensure consistency with any applicable State
25	homeland security plan, a directly eligible tribe applying for a grant
26	under section 12504 of this title shall provide a copy of its application
27	to each State within which any part of the tribe is located for review
28	before the tribe submits the application to the Department.
29	(2) OPPORTUNITY FOR COMMENT.—If the Governor of a State deter-
30	mines that the application of a directly eligible tribe is inconsistent
31	with the State homeland security plan of that State, or otherwise does
32	not support the application, not later than 30 days after the date of
33	receipt of that application the Governor shall—
34	(A) notify the Secretary, in writing, of that fact; and
35	(B) provide an explanation of the reason for not supporting the
36	application.
37	(d) FINAL AUTHORITY.—The Secretary shall have final authority to ap-
38	prove any application of a directly eligible tribe. The Secretary shall notify
39	each State within the boundaries of which any part of a directly eligible
40	tribe is located of the approval of an application by the tribe.

1 (e) PRIORITIZATION.—The Secretary shall allocate funds to directly eligi-2 ble tribes in accordance with the factors applicable to allocating funds 3 among States under section 12507 of this title. 4 (f) DISTRIBUTION OF AWARDS TO DIRECTLY ELIGIBLE TRIBES.—If the 5 Secretary awards funds to a directly eligible tribe under this section, the 6 Secretary shall distribute the grant funds directly to the tribe and not 7 through any State. 8 (g) MINIMUM ALLOCATION.— 9 (1) IN GENERAL.—In allocating funds under this section, the Sec-10 retary shall ensure that, for each fiscal year, directly eligible tribes col-11 lectively receive, from the funds appropriated for the State Homeland 12 Security Grant Program established under section 12503 of this title, 13 not less than an amount equal to 0.1 percent of the total funds appro-14 priated for grants under sections 12503 and 12504 of this title. 15 (2) EXCEPTION.—This subsection shall not apply in any fiscal year 16 in which the Secretary— 17 (A) receives fewer than five applications under this section; or 18 (B) does not approve at least two applications under this sec-19 tion. 20 (h) TRIBAL LIAISON.—A directly eligible tribe applying for a grant under 21 section 12504 of this title shall designate an individual to serve as a tribal 22 liaison with the Department and other Federal, State, local, and regional 23 government officials concerning preventing, preparing for, protecting 24 against, and responding to acts of terrorism. 25 (i) ELIGIBILITY FOR OTHER FUNDS.—A directly eligible tribe that re-26 ceives a grant under section 12504 of this title may receive funds for other 27 purposes under a grant from the State or States within the boundaries of 28 which any part of the tribe is located and from any high-risk urban area 29 of which it is a part, consistent with the homeland security plan of the State 30 or high-risk urban area. 31 (j) STATE OBLIGATIONS.— 32 (1) IN GENERAL.—States are responsible for allocating grant funds 33 received under section 12504 of this title to tribal governments in order 34 to help those tribal communities achieve target capabilities not achieved 35 through grants to directly eligible tribes. 36 (2) DISTRIBUTION OF GRANT FUNDS.—With respect to a grant to 37 a State under section 12504, an Indian tribe shall be eligible for fund-38 ing directly from that State, and shall not be required to seek funding 39 from any local government. 40 (3) IMPOSITION OF REQUIREMENTS.—A State may not impose un-41 reasonable or unduly burdensome requirements on an Indian tribe as

1	a condition of providing the Indian tribe with grant funds or resources
2	under section 12504.
3	(k) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed
4	to affect the authority of an Indian tribe that receives funds under this
5	chapter.
6	§12506. Terrorism prevention
7	(a) Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall
9	ensure that not less than 25 percent of the total combined funds appro-
10	priated for grants under sections 12503 and 12504 of this title is used for
11	law enforcement terrorism prevention activities.
12	(2) Law enforcement terrorism prevention activities.—Law
13	enforcement terrorism prevention activities include—
14	(A) information sharing and analysis;
15	(B) target hardening;
16	(C) threat recognition;
17	(D) terrorist interdiction;
18	(E) overtime expenses consistent with a State homeland security
19	plan, including for the provision of enhanced law enforcement op-
20	erations in support of Federal agencies, including for increased
21	border security and border crossing enforcement;
22	(F) establishing, enhancing, and staffing with appropriately
23	qualified personnel State, local, and regional fusion centers that
24	comply with the guidelines established under section $10512(a)$ of
25	this title;
26	(G) paying salaries and benefits for personnel, including individ-
27	uals employed by the grant recipient on the date of the relevant
28	grant application, to serve as qualified intelligence analysts;
29	(H) any other activity permitted under the Fiscal Year 2007
30	Program Guidance of the Department for the Law Enforcement
31	Terrorism Prevention Program; and
32	(I) any other terrorism prevention activity authorized by the
33	Secretary.
34	(3) Participation of underrepresented communities in fu-
35	SION CENTERS.—The Secretary shall ensure that grant funds described
36	in paragraph (1) are used to support the participation, as appropriate,
37	of law enforcement and other emergency response providers from rural
38	and other underrepresented communities at risk from acts of terrorism
39	in fusion centers.
40	(b) Office for State and Local Law Enforcement.—

1	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Policy Directorate of the De-
2	partment the Office for State and Local Law Enforcement.
3	(2) Assistant secretary for state and local law enforce-
4	MENT.— The Assistant Secretary for State and Local Law Enforce-
5	ment—
6	(A) is the head of the Office for State and Local Law Enforce-
7	ment; and
8	(B) shall have an appropriate background with experience in
9	law enforcement, intelligence, and other counterterrorism func-
10	tions.
11	(3) Assignment of personnel.—The Secretary shall assign to the
12	Office for State and Local Law Enforcement permanent staff and, as
13	appropriate and consistent with sections 10312, 10313(b)(2), and
14	11106(c)(2) of this title, other appropriate personnel detailed from
15	other components of the Department to carry out the responsibilities
16	under this subsection.
17	(4) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for State and
18	Local Law Enforcement shall—
19	(A) lead the coordination of Department-wide policies relating
20	to the role of State and local law enforcement in preventing, pre-
21	paring for, protecting against, and responding to natural disasters,
22	acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters within the United
23	States;
24	(B) serve as a liaison between State, local, and tribal law en-
25	forcement agencies and the Department;
26	(C) coordinate with the Office of Intelligence and Analysis to
27	ensure the intelligence and information sharing requirements of
28	State, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies are being ad-
29	dressed;
30	(D) work with the Secretary to ensure that law enforcement and
31	terrorism-focused grants to State, local, and tribal government
32	agencies, including grants under sections 12503 and 12504 of this
33	title, the Commercial Equipment Direct Assistance Program, and
34	other grants administered by the Department to support fusion
35	centers and law enforcement-oriented programs, are appropriately
36	focused on terrorism prevention activities;
37	(E) coordinate with the Science and Technology Directorate, the
38	Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Department of Jus-
39	tice, the National Institute of Justice, law enforcement organiza-
40	tions, and other appropriate entities to support the development,
41	promulgation, and updating, as necessary, of national voluntary

1	consensus standards for training and personal protective equip-
2	ment to be used in a tactical environment by law enforcement offi-
-	cers; and
4	(F) conduct, jointly with the Secretary, a study to determine the
5	efficacy and feasibility of establishing specialized law enforcement
6	deployment teams to assist State, local, and tribal governments in
7	responding to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-
8	made disasters and report on the results of that study to the ap-
9	propriate committees of Congress.
10	(5) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be
11	construed to diminish, supercede, or replace the responsibilities, au-
12	thorities, or role of the Secretary.
13	§12507. Prioritization
14	(a) IN GENERAL.—In allocating funds among States and high-risk urban
15	areas applying for grants under section 12503 or 12504 of this title, the
16	Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall consider, for each State
17	or high-risk urban area
18	(1) its relative threat, vulnerability, and consequences from acts of
19	terrorism, including consideration of—
20	(A) its population, including appropriate consideration of mili-
21	tary, tourist, and commuter populations;
22	(B) its population density;
23	(C) its history of threats, including whether it has been the tar-
24	get of a prior act of terrorism;
25	(D) its degree of threat, vulnerability, and consequences related
26	to critical infrastructure (for all critical infrastructure sectors) or
27	key resources identified by the Secretary or the State homeland
28	security plan, including threats, vulnerabilities, and consequences
29	related to critical infrastructure or key resources in nearby juris-
30	dictions;
31	(E) the most current threat assessments available to the De-
32	partment;
33	(F) whether the State has, or the high-risk urban area is lo-
34	cated at or near, an international border;
35	(G) whether it has a coastline bordering an ocean (including the
36	Gulf of Mexico) or international waters;
37	(H) its likely need to respond to acts of terrorism occurring in
38	nearby jurisdictions;
39	(I) the extent to which it has unmet target capabilities;
40	(J) in the case of a high-risk urban area, the extent to which
41	that high-risk urban area includes—

1	(i) those incorporated municipalities, counties, parishes,
2	and Indian tribes within the relevant eligible metropolitan
3	area, the inclusion of which will enhance regional efforts to
4	prevent, prepare for, protect against, and respond to acts of
5	terrorism; and
6	(ii) other local and tribal governments in the surrounding
7	area that are likely to be called upon to respond to acts of
8	terrorism within the high-risk urban area; and
9	(K) such other factors as are specified in writing by the Sec-
10	retary; and
11	(2) the anticipated effectiveness of the proposed use of the grant by
12	the State or high-risk urban area in increasing the ability of that State
13	or high-risk urban area to prevent, prepare for, protect against, and
14	respond to acts of terrorism, to meet its target capabilities, and to
15	otherwise reduce the overall risk to the high-risk urban area, the State,
16	or the Nation.
17	(b) TYPES OF THREAT.—In assessing threat under this section, the Sec-
18	retary shall consider the following types of threat to critical infrastructure
19	sectors and to populations in all areas of the United States, urban and
20	rural:
21	(1) Biological.
22	(2) Chemical.
23	(3) Cyber.
24	(4) Explosives.
25	(5) Incendiary.
26	(6) Nuclear.
27	(7) Radiological.
28	(8) Suicide bombers.
29	(9) Other types of threat determined relevant by the Secretary.
30	§12508. Use of funds
31	(a) PERMITTED USES.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
32	shall permit the recipient of a grant under section 12503 or 12504 of this
33	title to use grant funds to achieve target capabilities related to preventing,
34	preparing for, protecting against, and responding to acts of terrorism, con-
35	sistent with a State homeland security plan and relevant local, tribal, and
36	regional homeland security plans, through—
37	(1) developing and enhancing homeland security, emergency manage-
38	ment, or other relevant plans, assessments, or mutual aid agreements;
39	(2) designing, conducting, and evaluating training and exercises, in-
40	cluding training and exercises conducted under section 11112 and
41	20508 of this title;

1	(3) protecting a system or asset included on the prioritized critical
2	infrastructure list established under section 10516(a)(2) of this title;
3	(4) purchasing, upgrading, storing, or maintaining equipment, in-
4	cluding computer hardware and software;
5	(5) ensuring operability and achieving interoperability of emergency
6	communications;
7	(6) responding to an increase in the threat level under the Homeland
8	Security Advisory System, or to the needs resulting from a National
9	Special Security Event;
10	(7) establishing, enhancing, and staffing with appropriately qualified
11	personnel State, local, and regional fusion centers that comply with the
12	guidelines established under section 10512(j) of this title;
13	(8) enhancing school preparedness;
14	(9) supporting public safety answering points;
15	(10) paying salaries and benefits for personnel, including individuals
16	employed by the grant recipient on the date of the relevant grant appli-
17	cation, to serve as qualified intelligence analysts, regardless of whether
18	the analysts are current or new full-time employees or contract employ-
19	ees;
20	(11) paying expenses directly relating to administration of the grant,
21	except that expenses may not exceed three percent of the amount of
22	the grant;
23	(12) any activity permitted under the Fiscal Year 2007 Program
24	Guidance of the Department for the State Homeland Security Grant
25	Program, the Urban Area Security Initiative (including activities per-
26	mitted under the full-time counterterrorism staffing pilot), or the Law
27	Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program; and
28	(13) any other appropriate activity, as determined by the Secretary.
29	(b) Limitations on Use of Funds.—
30	(1) IN GENERAL.—Funds provided under section 12503 or 12504 of
31	this title may not be used—
32	(A) to supplant State or local funds, except that nothing in this
33	paragraph shall prohibit the use of grant funds provided to a
34	State or high-risk urban area for otherwise permissible uses under
35	subsection (a) on the basis that a State or high-risk urban area
36	has previously used State or local funds to support the same or
37	similar uses; or
38	(B) for any State or local government cost-sharing contribution.
39	(2) Personnel.—
40	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not more than 50 percent of the amount
41	awarded to a grant recipient under section 12503 or 12504 of this

1	title in any fiscal year may be used to pay for personnel, including
2	overtime and backfill costs, in support of the permitted uses under
3	subsection (a).
4	(B) WAIVER.—At the request of the recipient of a grant under
5	section 12503 or 12504, the Secretary may grant a waiver of the
6	limitation under subparagraph (A).
7	(3) Limitations on discretion.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the use of amounts awarded
9	to a grant recipient under section 12503 or 12504 for personnel
10	costs under paragraph (2) of this subsection, the Secretary may
11	not—
12	(i) impose a limit on the amount of the award that may
13	be used to pay for personnel, or personnel-related, costs that
14	is higher or lower than the percent limit imposed in para-
15	graph $(2)(A)$; or
16	(ii) impose any additional limitation on the portion of the
17	funds of a recipient that may be used for a specific type, pur-
18	pose, or category of personnel, or personnel-related, costs.
19	(B) ANALYSTS.—If amounts awarded to a grant recipient under
20	section 12503 or 12504 are used for paying salary or benefits of
21	a qualified intelligence analyst under subsection (a)(10), the Sec-
22	retary shall make the amounts available without time limitations
23	placed on the period of time that the analyst can serve under the
24	grant.
25	(4) CONSTRUCTION.—
26	(A) IN GENERAL.—A grant awarded under section 12503 or
27	12504 may not be used to acquire land or to construct buildings
28	or other physical facilities.
29	(B) EXCEPTIONS.—
30	(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A),
31	nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the use of a grant
32	awarded under section 12503 or 12504 to achieve target ca-
33	pabilities related to preventing, preparing for, protecting
34	against, or responding to acts of terrorism, including through
35	the alteration or remodeling of existing buildings for the pur-
36	pose of making the buildings secure against acts of terrorism.
37	(ii) Requirements for exception.—No grant awarded
38	undersection 12503 or 12504 may be used for a purpose de-
39	scribed in clause (i) unless—
40	(I) specifically approved by the Secretary;

1	(II) any construction work occurs under terms and
2	conditions consistent with the requirements under section
3	611(j)(9) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
4	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5196(j)(9)); and
5	(III) the amount allocated for purposes under clause
6	(i) does not exceed the greater of \$1,000,000 or 15 per-
7	cent of the grant award.
8	(5) RECREATION.—Grants awarded under this chapter may not be
9	used for recreational or social purposes.
10	(c) MULTIPLE-PURPOSE FUNDS.—Nothing in this chapter shall be con-
11	strued to prohibit State, local, or tribal governments from using grant funds
12	under section 12503 or 12504 of this title in a manner that enhances pre-
13	paredness for disasters unrelated to acts of terrorism, if the use assists the
14	governments in achieving target capabilities related to preventing, preparing
15	for, protecting against, or responding to acts of terrorism.
16	(d) Reimbursement of Costs.—
17	(1) PAID-ON-CALL OR VOLUNTEER REIMBURSEMENT.—In addition to
18	the activities described in subsection (a), a grant under section 12503
19	or 12504 of this title may be used to provide a reasonable stipend to
20	paid-on-call or volunteer emergency response providers who are not
21	otherwise compensated for travel to or participation in training or exer-
22	cises related to the purposes of this chapter. Any reimbursement shall
23	not be considered compensation for purposes of rendering an emer-
24	gency response provider an employee under the Fair Labor Standards
25	Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
26	(2) PERFORMANCE OF FEDERAL DUTY.—An applicant for a grant
27	under section 12503 or 12504 may petition the Secretary to use the
28	funds from its grants under those sections for the reimbursement of
29	the cost of any activity relating to preventing, preparing for, protecting
30	against, or responding to acts of terrorism that is a Federal duty and
31	usually performed by a Federal agency, and that is being performed
32	by a State or local government under agreement with a Federal agency.
33	(e) Flexibility in Unspent Homeland Security Grant Funds.—
34	Upon request by the recipient of a grant under section 12503 or 12504 of
35	this title, the Secretary may authorize the grant recipient to transfer all or
36	part of the grant funds from uses specified in the grant agreement to other
37	uses authorized under this section, if the Secretary determines that the
38	transfer is in the interests of homeland security.
39	(f) Equipment Standards.—If an applicant for a grant under section
40	12503 or 12504 of this title proposes to upgrade or purchase, with assist-
41	ance provided under that grant, new equipment or systems that do not meet

2631 or exceed any applicable national voluntary consensus standards developed 2 under section 20507 of this title, the applicant shall include in its applica-3 tion an explanation of why the equipment or systems will serve the needs 4 of the applicant better than equipment or systems that meet or exceed the 5 standards. §12509. Administration and coordination 6 7 (a) REGIONAL COORDINATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Ad-8 ministrator, shall ensure that-9 (1) all recipients of grants administered by the Department to pre-10 vent, prepare for, protect against, or respond to natural disasters, acts 11 of terrorism, or other man-made disasters (excluding assistance pro-12 vided under section 203, title IV, or title V of the Robert T. Stafford 13 Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133, 5170 14 et seq., 5191 et seq.)) coordinate, as appropriate, their prevention, pre-15 paredness, and protection efforts with neighboring State, local, and 16 tribal governments; and 17 (2) all high-risk urban areas and other recipients of grants adminis-18 tered by the Department to prevent, prepare for, protect against, or 19 respond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made dis-20 asters (excluding assistance provided under section 203, title IV, or 21 title V of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assist-22 ance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133, 5170 et seq., 5191 et seq.)) that include 23 or substantially affect parts or all of more than one State coordinate, 24 as appropriate, across State boundaries, including, where appropriate, 25 through the use of regional working groups and requirements for re-26 gional plans. 27 (b) Planning Committees.— 28 (1) IN GENERAL.—Any State or high-risk urban area receiving a 29 grant under section 12503 or 12504 of this title shall establish a plan-30

grant under section 12503 or 12504 of this title shall establish a planning committee to assist in preparation and revision of the State, regional, or local homeland security plan and to assist in determining effective funding priorities for grants under sections 12503 and 12504.
(2) COMPOSITION.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—The planning committee shall include representatives of significant stakeholders, including
(i) local and tribal government officials; and
(ii) emergency response providers, which shall include rep-

resentatives of the fire service, law enforcement, emergency
medical response, and emergency managers.
(B) GEOGRAPHIC REPRESENTATION.—The members of the

planning committee shall be a representative group of individuals

1	from the counties, cities, towns, and Indian tribes within the State
2	or high-risk urban area, including, as appropriate, representatives
3	of rural, high-population, and high-threat jurisdictions.
4	(3) EXISTING PLANNING COMMITTEES.—Nothing in this subsection
5	may be construed to require that any State or high-risk urban area cre-
6	ate a planning committee if that State or high-risk urban area has es-
7	tablished and uses a multijurisdictional planning committee or commis-
8	sion that meets the requirements of this subsection.
9	(c) INTERAGENCY COORDINATION.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
11	the Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and Human Services,
12	and the heads of other agencies providing assistance to State, local,
13	and tribal governments for preventing, preparing for, protecting
14	against, and responding to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and
15	other man-made disasters, shall jointly—
16	(A) compile a comprehensive list of Federal grant programs for
17	State, local, and tribal governments for preventing, preparing for,
18	protecting against, and responding to natural disasters, acts of
19	terrorism, and other man-made disasters;
20	(B) compile the planning, reporting, application, and other re-
21	quirements and guidance for the grant programs described in sub-
22	paragraph (A);
23	(C) develop recommendations, as appropriate, to—
24	(i) eliminate redundant and duplicative requirements for
25	State, local, and tribal governments, including onerous appli-
26	cation and ongoing reporting requirements;
27	(ii) ensure accountability of the programs to the intended
28	purposes of the programs;
29	(iii) coordinate allocation of grant funds to avoid duplica-
30	tive or inconsistent purchases by the recipients;
31	(iv) make the programs more accessible and user friendly
32	to applicants; and
33	(v) ensure the programs are coordinated to enhance the
34	overall preparedness of the Nation;
35	(D) submit the information and recommendations under sub-
36	paragraphs (A), (B), and (C) to the appropriate committees of
37	Congress; and
38	(E) provide the appropriate committees of Congress, the Comp-
39	troller General, and any officer or employee of the Government Ac-
40	countability Office with full access to any information collected or
41	reviewed in preparing the submission under subparagraph (D).

1	(2) SCOPE OF TASK.—Nothing in this subsection shall authorize the
2	elimination, or the alteration of the purposes, as delineated by statute,
3	regulation, or guidance, of a grant program that existed on August 3,
4	2007, nor authorize the review or preparation of proposals on the elimi-
5	nation, or the alteration of the purposes, of such a grant program.
6	\$ 12510. Accountability
7	(a) Audits of Grant Programs.—
8	(a) AUDITS OF ORANT I ROGRAMS.— (1) COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS.—
9	(A) AUDIT REQUIREMENTS.—Each recipient of a grant adminis-
10	tered by the Department that expends not less than \$500,000 in
10	Federal funds during its fiscal year shall submit to the Secretary,
11	through the Administrator, a copy of the organization-wide finan-
12	
	cial and compliance audit report required under chapter 75 of title
14	31. (B) Accurate the Different and each re-
15	(B) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—The Department and each re-
16	cipient of a grant administered by the Department shall provide
17	the Comptroller General and any officer or employee of the Gov-
18	ernment Accountability Office with full access to information re-
19	garding the activities carried out related to any grant administered
20	by the Department.
21	(C) IMPROPER PAYMENTS.—Consistent with the Improper Pay-
22	ments Information Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–300, 31 U.S.C.
23	3321 note), for each of the grant programs under sections 12503,
24	12504, and 20522 of this title, the Secretary shall specify policies
25	and procedures for—
26	(i) identifying activities funded under a grant program that
27	are susceptible to significant improper payments; and
28	(ii) reporting any improper payments to the Department.
29	(2) Agency program review.—
30	(A) In general.—The Secretary shall biennially conduct, for
31	each State and high-risk urban area receiving a grant adminis-
32	tered by the Department, a programmatic and financial review of
33	all grants awarded by the Department to prevent, prepare for,
34	protect against, or respond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism,
35	or other man-made disasters, excluding assistance provided under
36	section 203, title IV, or title V of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster
37	Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133, 5170 et
38	seq., and 5191 et seq.).
39	(B) CONTENTS.—Each review under subparagraph (A) shall, at
40	a minimum, examine

1	(i) whether the funds awarded were used in accordance
2	with the law, program guidance, and State homeland security
3	plans or other applicable plans; and
4	(ii) the extent to which funds awarded enhanced the ability
5	of a grantee to prevent, prepare for, protect against, and re-
6	spond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-
7	made disasters.
8	(C) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to any
9	other amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary,
10	there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for reviews
11	under this paragraph such sums as my be necessary.
12	(3) Office of inspector general performance audits.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—To ensure the effective and appropriate use
14	of grants administered by the Department, the Inspector General
15	of the Department each year shall conduct audits of a sample of
16	States and high-risk urban areas that receive grants administered
17	by the Department to prevent, prepare for, protect against, or re-
18	spond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made
19	disasters, excluding assistance provided under section 203, title
20	IV, or title V of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-
21	gency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133, 5170 et seq., and 5191 et
22	seq.).
23	(B) DETERMINING SAMPLES.—The sample selected for audits
24	under subparagraph (A) shall be—
25	(i) of an appropriate size to—
26	(I) assess the overall integrity of the grant programs
27	described in subparagraph (A); and
28	(II) act as a deterrent to financial mismanagement;
29	and
30	(ii) selected based on—
31	(I) the size of the grants awarded to the recipient;
32	(II) the past grant management performance of the
33	recipient;
34	(III) concerns identified by the Secretary, including
35	referrals from the Secretary; and
36	(IV) other factors as determined by the Inspector Gen-
37	eral of the Department.
38	(C) Comprehensive auditing.—During the 7-year period be-
39	ginning on August 3, 2007, the Inspector General of the Depart-
40	ment shall conduct not fewer than one audit of each State that

1	receives funds under a grant under section 12503 or 12504 of this
2	title.
3	(D) Report by inspector general.—
4	(i) The Inspector General of the Department shall submit
5	to the appropriate committees of Congress an annual consoli-
6	dated report regarding the audits completed during the fiscal
7	year before the date of that report.
8	(ii) Each report submitted under clause (i) shall describe,
9	for the fiscal year before the date of that report—
10	(I) the audits conducted under subparagraph (A);
11	(II) the findings of the Inspector General with respect
12	to the audits conducted under subparagraph (A);
13	(III) whether the funds awarded were used in accord-
14	ance with the law, program guidance, and State home-
15	land security plans and other applicable plans; and
16	(IV) the extent to which funds awarded enhanced the
17	ability of a grantee to prevent, prepare for, protect
18	against, and respond to natural disasters, acts of terror-
19	ism and other man-made disasters.
20	(iii) For each year, the report required under clause (i)
21	shall be submitted not later than December 31.
22	(E) Public availability on website.—The Inspector Gen-
23	eral of the Department shall make each audit conducted under
24	subparagraph (A) available on the website of the Inspector Gen-
25	eral, subject to redaction as the Inspector General determines nec-
26	essary to protect classified and other sensitive information.
27	(F) Provision of information to secretary.—The Inspec-
28	tor General of the Department shall provide to the Secretary any
29	findings and recommendations from audits conducted under sub-
30	paragraph (A).
31	(G) Evaluation of grants management and oversight
32	The Inspector General of the Department shall review and evalu-
33	ate the grants management and oversight practices of the Federal
34	Emergency Management Agency, including assessment of and rec-
35	ommendations relating to—
36	(i) the skills, resources, and capabilities of the workforce;
37	and
38	(ii) any additional resources and staff necessary to carry
39	out the management and oversight.
40	(H) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to any
41	other amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Inspector Gen-

1	eral of the Department, there is authorized to be appropriated to
2	the Inspector General of the Department for audits under sub-
3	paragraph (A) such sums as may be necessary.
4	(4) PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT.—In order to ensure that States
5	and high-risk urban areas are using grants administered by the De-
6	partment appropriately to meet target capabilities and preparedness
7	priorities, the Secretary shall—
8	(A) ensure that each State or high-risk urban area conducts or
9	participates in exercises under section 20508(b) of this title;
10	(B) use performance metrics in accordance with the comprehen-
11	sive assessment system under section 20509 of this title and en-
12	sure that each State or high-risk urban area regularly tests its
13	progress against the metrics through the exercises required under
14	subparagraph (A);
15	(C) use the remedial action management program under section
16	20510 of this title; and
17	(D) ensure that each State receiving a grant administered by
18	the Department submits a report to the Secretary on its level of
19	preparedness, as required by section 20512(c) of this title.
20	(5) Consideration of assessments.—In conducting program re-
21	views and performance audits under paragraphs (2) and (3), the Sec-
22	retary and the Inspector General of the Department shall take into ac-
23	count the performance assessment elements required under paragraph
24	(4).
25	(6) RECOVERY AUDITS.—The Secretary shall conduct a recovery
26	audit under section 2(h) of the Improper Payments Elimination and
27	Recovery Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-204, 31 U.S.C. 3321 note) for
28	any grant administered by the Department with a total value of not
29	less than \$1,000,000, if the Secretary finds that—
30	(A) a financial audit has identified improper payments that can
31	be recouped; and
32	(B) it is cost effective to conduct a recovery audit to recapture
33	the targeted funds.
34	(7) Remedies for noncompliance.—
35	(A) IN GENERAL.—If, as a result of a review or audit under this
36	subsection or otherwise, the Secretary finds that a recipient of a
37	grant under this chapter has failed to substantially comply with
38	any provision of law or with any regulations or guidelines of the
39	Department regarding eligible expenditures, the Secretary shall—

1	(i) reduce the amount of payment of grant funds to the re-
2	cipient by an amount equal to the amount of grants funds
3	that were not properly expended by the recipient;
4	(ii) limit the use of grant funds to programs, projects, or
5	activities not affected by the failure to comply;
6	(iii) refer the matter to the Inspector General of the De-
7	partment for further investigation;
8	(iv) terminate any payment of grant funds to be made to
9	the recipient; or
10	(v) take other actions the Secretary determines appro-
11	priate.
12	(B) DURATION OF PENALTY.—The Secretary shall apply an ap-
13	propriate penalty under subparagraph (A) until the Secretary de-
14	termines that the grant recipient is in full compliance with the law
15	and with applicable guidelines or regulations of the Department.
16	(b) Reports by Grant Recipients.—
17	(1) Quarterly reports on homeland security spending.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—As a condition of receiving a grant under
19	section 12503 or 12504 of this title., a State, high-risk urban
20	area, or directly eligible tribe shall, not later than 30 days after
21	the end of each Federal fiscal quarter, submit to the Secretary a
22	report on activities performed using grant funds during that fiscal
23	quarter.
24	(B) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted under subparagraph
25	(A) shall at a minimum include, for the applicable State, high–risk
26	urban area, or directly eligible tribe, and each subgrantee there-
27	of—
28	(i) the amount obligated to that recipient under section
29	12503 or 12504 in that quarter;
30	(ii) the amount of funds received and expended under sec-
31	tion 12503 or 12504 by that recipient in that quarter; and
32	(iii) a summary description of expenditures made by that
33	recipient using the funds, and the purposes for which the ex-
34	penditures were made.
35	(C) END-OF-YEAR REPORT.—The report submitted under sub-
36	paragraph (A) by a State, high–risk urban area, or directly eligible
37	tribe relating to the last quarter of any fiscal year shall include—
38	(i) the amount and date of receipt of all funds received
39	under the grant during that fiscal year;
40	(ii) the identity of, and amount provided to, any subgrantee
41	for that grant during that fiscal year;

1	(iii) the amount and the dates of disbursements of funds
2	expended in compliance with section 12509(a)(1) of this title
3	or under mutual aid agreements or other sharing arrange-
4	ments that apply within the State, high-risk urban area, or
5	directly eligible tribe, as applicable, during that fiscal year;
6	and
7	(iv) how the funds were used by each recipient or sub-
8	grantee during that fiscal year.
9	(2) ANNUAL STATE PREPAREDNESS REPORT.—Any State applying
10	for a grant under section 12504 shall submit to the Secretary annually
11	a State preparedness report, as required by section 20512(c) of this
12	title.
13	(3) ANNUAL REPORT ON EXPENDITURES.—
14	(A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "homeland secu-
15	rity grant" means any grant made or administered by the Depart-
16	ment, including
17	(i) the State Homeland Security Grant Program;
18	(ii) the Urban Area Security Initiative Grant Program;
19	(iii) the Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program;
20	(iv) the Citizen Corps; and
21	(v) the Metropolitan Medical Response System.
22	(B) LIST OF EXPENDITURES.—Not later than 12 months after
23	the date of receipt of the grant, and every 12 months after until
24	all funds provided under the grant are expended, each State or
25	local government that receives a homeland security grant shall
26	submit a report to the Secretary that contains a list of all expendi-
27	tures made by the State or local government using funds from the
28	grant.
29	(c) Reports by the Secretary.—
30	(1) FEDERAL PREPAREDNESS REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit
31	to the appropriate committees of Congress annually the Federal Pre-
32	paredness Report required under section 20512(a) of this title.
33	(2) RISK ASSESSMENT.—
34	(A) IN GENERAL.—For each fiscal year, the Secretary shall pro-
35	vide to the appropriate committees of Congress a detailed and
36	comprehensive explanation of the methodologies used to calculate
37	risk and compute the allocation of funds for grants administered
38	by the Department, including
39	(i) all variables included in the risk assessment and the
40	weights assigned to each variable;

1	(ii) an explanation of how each variable, as weighted, cor-
2	relates to risk, and the basis for concluding there is a correla-
3	tion; and
4	(iii) any change in the methodologies from the previous fis-
5	cal year, including changes in variables considered, weighting
6	of those variables, and computational methods.
7	(B) CLASSIFIED ANNEX.—The information required under sub-
8	paragraph (A) shall be provided in unclassified form to the great-
9	est extent possible, and may include a classified annex if nec-
10	essary.
11	(C) DEADLINE.—For each fiscal year, the information required
12	under subparagraph (A) shall be provided on the earlier of—
13	(i) October 31; or
14	(ii) 30 days before the issuance of any program guidance
15	for grants administered by the Department.
16	(3) TRIBAL FUNDING REPORT.—At the end of each fiscal year, the
17	Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a re-
18	port setting forth the amount of funding provided during that fiscal
19	year to Indian tribes under any grant program administered by the De-
20	partment, whether provided directly or through a sub–grant from a
21	State or high–risk urban area.
21 22	State or high–risk urban area. §12511. Identification of reporting redundancies and devel-
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22	§12511. Identification of reporting redundancies and devel-
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 § 12511. Identification of reporting redundancies and development of performance metrics (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "covered grants" means grants awarded under section 12503 of this title, grants awarded under section 12504 of this title, and any other grants specified by the Secretary, acting through the Administrator. (b) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than January 10, 2011, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that includes— (1) an assessment of redundant reporting requirements imposed by the Secretary on State, local, and tribal governments in connection with the awarding of grants, including— (A) a list of each discrete item of data requested by the Secretary from grant recipients as part of the process of administering covered grants; (B) identification of the items of data from the list described in subparagraph (A) that are required to be submitted by grant
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 § 12511. Identification of reporting redundancies and development of performance metrics (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "covered grants" means grants awarded under section 12503 of this title, grants awarded under section 12504 of this title, and any other grants specified by the Secretary, acting through the Administrator. (b) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than January 10, 2011, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that includes— (1) an assessment of redundant reporting requirements imposed by the Secretary on State, local, and tribal governments in connection with the awarding of grants, including— (A) a list of each discrete item of data requested by the Secretary from grant recipients as part of the process of administering covered grants; (B) identification of the items of data from the list described in subparagraph (A) that are required to be submitted by grant recipients on multiple oceasions or to multiple systems; and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 § 12511. Identification of reporting redundancies and development of performance metrics (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "covered grants" means grants awarded under section 12503 of this title, grants awarded under section 12504 of this title, and any other grants specified by the Secretary, acting through the Administrator. (b) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than January 10, 2011, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that includes— (1) an assessment of redundant reporting requirements imposed by the Secretary on State, local, and tribal governments in connection with the awarding of grants, including— (A) a list of each discrete item of data requested by the Secretary from grant recipients as part of the process of administering covered grants; (B) identification of the items of data from the list described in subparagraph (A) that are required to be submitted by grant

1	for the Secretary to effectively and efficiently administer the pro-
2	grams under which covered grants are awarded;
2	(2) a plan, including a specific timetable, for eliminating any redun-
4	dant and unnecessary reporting requirements identified under para-
5	graph (1); and
6	(3) a plan, including a specific timetable, for promptly developing a
7	set of quantifiable performance measures and metrics to assess the ef-
8	fectiveness of the programs under which covered grants are awarded.
9	(c) BIENNIAL REPORTS.—Not later than January 10, 2012, and once
10	every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate com-
11	mittees of Congress a grants management report that includes—
12	(1) the status of efforts to eliminate redundant and unnecessary re-
12	porting requirements imposed on grant recipients, including
13	(A) progress made in implementing the plan required under
14	subsection (b)(2);
16	(B) a reassessment of the reporting requirements to identify
17	and eliminate redundant and unnecessary requirements;
18	(2) the status of efforts to develop quantifiable performance meas-
19	ures and metrics to assess the effectiveness of the programs under
20	which the covered grants are awarded, including
20	(A) progress made in implementing the plan required under
22	subsection (b)(3); and
23	(B) progress made in developing and implementing additional
24	performance metrics and measures for grants, including as part of
25	the comprehensive assessment system required under section
26	20509 of this title; and
20	(3) a performance assessment of each program under which the cov-
28	ered grants are awarded, including
29	(A) a description of the objectives and goals of the program;
30	(B) an assessment of the extent to which the objectives and
31	goals described in subparagraph (A) have been met, based on the
32	quantifiable performance measures and metrics required under
33	this section, and sections $12510(a)(4)$ and 20509 of this title;
34	(C) recommendations for any program modifications to improve
35	the effectiveness of the program, to address changed or emerging
36	conditions; and
37	(D) an assessment of the experience of recipients of covered
38	grants, including the availability of clear and accurate information,
39	the timeliness of reviews and awards, and the provision of tech-
40	nical assistance, and recommendations for improving that experi-
41	ence.

1	(d) Grants Program Measurement Study.—
2	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall implement—
3	(A) quantifiable performance measures and metrics to assess
4	the effectiveness of grants administered by the Department, as re-
5	quired under this section and section 20509 of this title; and
6	(B) the plan required under subsection (b)(3).
7	(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to
8	be appropriated to the Secretary such sums as may be necessary to
9	carry out this subsection.
10	Subtitle II—National Emergency
11	Management
12	Chapter 201—General
	Sec.
10	20101. Definitions.
13	§20101. Definitions
14	In this subtitle:
15	(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Admin-
16	istrator of the Agency.
17	(2) AGENCY.—The term "Agency" means the Federal Emergency
18	Management Agency.
19	(3) Appropriate committees of congress.—The term "appropriate
20	committees of Congress' means—
21	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
22	Affairs of the Senate; and
23	(B) those committees of the House of Representatives that the
24	Speaker of the House of Representatives determines appropriate.
25	(4) CATASTROPHIC INCIDENT.—The term "catastrophic incident"
26	means any natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made disas-
27	ter that results in extraordinary levels of casualties or damage or dis-
28	ruption severely affecting the population (including mass evacuations),
29	infrastructure, environment, economy, national morale, or government
30	functions in an area.
31	(5) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department
32	of Homeland Security.
33	(6) EMERGENCY; MAJOR DISASTER.—The terms "emergency" and
34	"major disaster" have the meanings given the terms in section 102 of
35	the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act
36	(42 U.S.C. 5122).
37	(7) EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.—The term "emergency manage-
38	ment" means the governmental function that coordinates and inte-
39	grates all activities necessary to build, sustain, and improve the capa-

1	bility to prepare for, protect against, respond to, recover from, or miti-
2	gate against threatened or actual natural disasters, acts of terrorism,
3	or other man-made disasters.
4	(8) EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDER.—The term "emergency re-
5	sponse provider" has the meaning given the term in section 10101 of
6	this title.
7	(9) Federal coordinating officer.—The term "Federal coordi-
8	nating officer" means a Federal coordinating officer as described in
9	section 302 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
10	Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5143).
11	(10) INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY.—The term "individual with a
12	disability" has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the Ameri-
13	cans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102).
14	(11) LOCAL GOVERNMENT; STATE.—The terms "local government"
15	and "State" have the meaning given the terms in section 10101 of this
16	title.
17	(12) NATIONAL INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.—The term "Na-
18	tional Incident Management System" means a system to enable effec-
19	tive, efficient, and collaborative incident management.
20	(13) NATIONAL RESPONSE PLAN.—The term "National Response
21	Plan" means the National Response Plan or any successor plan pre-
22	pared under section $11103(a)(6)$ of this title.
23	(14) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of
24	Homeland Security.
25	(15) SURGE CAPACITY.—The term "surge capacity" means the abil-
26	ity to rapidly and substantially increase the provision of search and res-
27	cue capabilities, food, water, medicine, shelter and housing, medical
28	care, evacuation capacity, staffing (including disaster assistance em-
29	ployees), and other resources necessary to save lives and protect prop-
30	erty during a catastrophic incident.
31	(16) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "tribal government" means
32	the government of an Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, or
33	in Alaska a Native village or Alaska Regional Native Corporation.
34	Chapter 203—Emergency Management Capabilities
	Sec.20301. Surge Capacity Force.20302. Evacuation preparedness technical assist- ance.20303. Urban Search and Rescue Response System.20304. Metropolitan Medical Response Program.20305. Logistics.20306. Prepositioned equipment program.20307. Basic life supporting first aid and education.20308. Improve- ments to information technology systems.20309. Disclosure of certain informa- tion to law enforcement agencies.

35 §20301. Surge Capacity Force

36 (a) Establishment.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
2	shall prepare and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a
3	plan to establish and implement a Surge Capacity Force for deploy-
4	ment of individuals to respond to natural disasters, acts of terrorism,
5	and other man-made disasters, including catastrophic incidents.
6	(2) Authority.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the
8	plan shall provide for individuals in the Surge Capacity Force to
9	be trained and deployed under the authorities set forth in the Rob-
10	ert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act
11	(42U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).
12	(B) EXCEPTION.—If the Secretary determines that the existing
13	authorities are inadequate for the training and deployment of indi-
14	viduals in the Surge Capacity Force, the Secretary shall report to
15	Congress as to the additional statutory authorities that the Sec-
16	retary determines necessary.
17	(b) Employees Designated To Serve.—The plan shall include proce-
18	dures under which the Secretary shall designate employees of the Depart-
19	ment who are not employees of the Agency and shall, in conjunction with
20	the heads of other Executive agencies, designate employees of those other
21	Executive agencies, as appropriate, to serve on the Surge Capacity Force.
22	(c) CAPABILITIES.—The plan shall ensure that the Surge Capacity
23	Force—
24	(1) includes a sufficient number of individuals credentialed under
25	section 11110 of this title that are capable of deploying rapidly and ef-
26	ficiently after activation to prepare for, respond to, and recover from
27	natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters, in-
28	cluding catastrophic incidents; and
29	(2) includes a sufficient number of full-time, highly trained individ-
30	uals credentialed under section 11110 to lead and manage the Surge
31	Capacity Force.
32	(d) TRAINING.—The plan shall ensure that the Secretary provides appro-
33	priate and continuous training to members of the Surge Capacity Force to
34	ensure the personnel are adequately trained on the Agency's programs and
35	policies for natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disas-
36	ters.
37	(e) NO IMPACT ON AGENCY PERSONNEL CEILING.—Surge Capacity
38	Force members shall not be counted against any personnel ceiling applicable
39	to the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
40	(f) EXPENSES.—The Secretary may provide members of the Surge Ca-
41	pacity Force with travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence,

1	at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter
2	57 of title 5, for the purpose of participating in any training that relates
3	to service as a member of the Surge Capacity Force.
4	(g) Immediate Implementation of Surge Capacity Force Involv-
5	ING FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—The Secretary shall develop and implement—
6	(1) the procedures under subsection (b); and
7	(2) other elements of the plan needed to establish the portion of the
8	Surge Capacity Force consisting of individuals designated under those
9	procedures.
10	§20302. Evacuation preparedness technical assistance
11	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with
12	the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall provide evacuation
13	preparedness technical assistance to State, local, and tribal governments, in-
14	cluding the preparation of hurricane evacuation studies and technical assist-
15	ance in developing evacuation plans, assessing storm surge estimates, evacu-
16	ation zones, evacuation clearance times, transportation capacity, and shelter
17	capacity.
18	§20303. Urban Search and Rescue Response System
19	There is in the Agency the Urban Search and Rescue Response System.
20	§20304. Metropolitan Medical Response Program
21	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is in the Agency the Metropolitan Medical Re-
22	sponse Program.
23	(b) PURPOSES.—The Metropolitan Medical Response Program shall in-
24	clude each purpose of the Program as it existed on June 1, 2006.
25	§20305. Logistics
26	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall develop an effi-
27	cient, transparent, and flexible logistics system for procurement and delivery
28	of goods and services necessary for an effective and timely response to natu-
29	ral disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters and for real-
30	time visibility of items at each point throughout the logistics system.
31	§20306. Prepositioned equipment program
32	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
33	shall establish a prepositioned equipment program to preposition standard-
34	ized emergency equipment in at least 11 locations to sustain and replenish
35	critical assets used by State, local, and tribal governments in response to
36	(or rendered inoperable by the effects of) natural disasters, acts of terror-
37	ism, and other man-made disasters.
38	(b) NOTICE.—The Secretary shall notify State, local, and tribal officials
39	in an area in which a location for the prepositioned equipment program will
40	be closed not later than 60 days before the date of closure.

1 § 20307. Basic life supporting first aid and education

2 The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall enter into agree-

3 ments with organizations to provide funds to emergency response providers

4 to provide education and training in life supporting first aid to children.

5 § 20308. Improvements to information technology systems

The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with
the Chief Information Officer of the Department, shall take appropriate
measures to update and improve the information technology systems of the
Agency, including measures to—

10 (1) ensure that the multiple information technology systems of the 11 Agency (including the National Emergency Management Information 12 System, the Logistics Information Management System III, and the 13 Automated Deployment Database) are, to the extent practicable, fully 14 compatible and can share and access information, as appropriate, from 15 each other;

(2) ensure technology enhancements reach the headquarters and regional offices of the Agency in a timely fashion, to allow seamless integration;

(3) develop and maintain a testing environment that ensures that all
system components are properly and thoroughly tested before their release;

(4) ensure that the information technology systems of the Agency
have the capacity to track disaster response personnel, mission assignments task orders, commodities, and supplies used in response to a
natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made disaster;

(5) make appropriate improvements to the National Emergency
Management Information System to address shortcomings in the system on October 4, 2006; and

(6) provide training, manuals, and guidance on information technology systems to personnel, including disaster response personnel, to
help ensure employees can properly use information technology systems.

\$20309. Disclosure of certain information to law enforce ment agencies

If circumstances require an evacuation, sheltering, or mass relocation, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may disclose information in any individual assistance database of the Agency under section 552a(b) of title 5 to any law enforcement agency of the Federal Government or a State, local, or tribal government in order to identify illegal conduct or address public safety or security issues, including compliance with sex offender notification laws.Chapter 205—Comprehensive Preparedness System

Subchapter I-National Preparedness System

Sec.

- 20501.Definitions.
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- 20521. Emergency Management Assistance Compact grants.
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- National Emergency Family Registry and Locator System. 20535.

Subchapter I—National Preparedness System

§20501. Definitions

In this chapter:

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(1) CAPABILITY.—The term "capability" means the ability to provide the means to accomplish one or more tasks under specific conditions and to specific performance standards. A capability may be achieved with any combination of properly planned, organized, equipped, trained, and exercised personnel that achieves the intended outcome.

9 (2) CREDENTIALED; CREDENTIALING.—The terms "credentialed" 10 and "credentialing" have the meanings given those terms in section 11 11101 of this title.

12 (3) HAZARD.—The term "hazard" has the meaning given that term 13 under section 602(a)(1) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and 14 Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5195a).

15 (4) MISSION ASSIGNMENT.—The term "mission assignment" means 16 a work order issued to a Federal agency by the Agency, directing completion by that agency of a specified task and setting forth funding, 17 18 other managerial controls, and guidance.

19 (5) NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS GOAL.—The term "national prepared-20 ness goal" means the national preparedness goal established under sec-21 tion 20503 of this title.

1	(6) NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS SYSTEM.—The term "national pre-
2	paredness system" means the national preparedness system established
3	under section 20504 of this title.
4	(7) NATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM.—The term "national training
5	program" means the national training program established under sec-
6	tion 20508(a) of this title.
7	(8) OPERATIONAL READINESS.—The term "operational readiness"
8	means the capability of an organization, an asset, a system, or equip-
9	ment to perform the missions or functions for which it is organized or
10	designed.
11	(9) Performance measure.—The term "performance measure"
12	means a quantitative or qualitative characteristic used to gauge the re-
13	sults of an outcome compared to its intended purpose.
14	(10) Performance metric.—The term "performance metric"
15	means a particular value or characteristic used to measure the outcome
16	that is generally expressed in terms of a baseline and a target.
17	(11) PREVENTION.—The term "prevention" means any activity
18	undertaken to avoid, prevent, or stop a threatened or actual act of ter-
19	rorism.
20	(12) RESOURCES.—The term "resources" has the meaning given
21	that term in section 11101 of this title.
22	(13) Type.—The term "type" means a classification of resources
23	that refers to the capability of a resource.
24	(14) TYPED; TYPING.—The terms "typed" and "typing" have the
25	meanings given those terms in section 11101 of this title.
26	§20502. Development of national preparedness goal and na-
27	tional development system
28	To prepare the Nation for all hazards, including natural disasters, acts
29	of terrorism, and other man-made disasters, the President, consistent with
30	the declaration of policy under section 601 of the Robert T. Stafford Disas-
31	ter Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5195) and chapter 111
32	of this title, shall develop a national preparedness goal and a national pre-
33	paredness system.
34	§20503. National preparedness goal
35	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President, acting through the Administrator,
36	shall complete, revise, and update, as necessary, a national preparedness
37	goal that defines the target level of preparedness to ensure the Nation's
38	ability to prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate against natural
39	disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters.
40	(b) Consistent With National Incident Management System and
41	NATIONAL RESPONSE PLAN.—The national preparedness goal, to the great-

1	est extent practicable, shall be consistent with the National Incident Man-
2	agement System and the National Response Plan.
3	§20504. National preparedness system
4	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President, acting through the Administrator,
5	shall develop a national preparedness system to enable the Nation to meet
6	the national preparedness goal.
7	(b) COMPONENTS.—The national preparedness system shall include the
8	following components:
9	(1) Target capabilities and preparedness priorities.
10	(2) Equipment and training standards.
11	(3) Training and exercises.
12	(4) Comprehensive assessment system.
13	(5) Remedial action management program.
14	(6) Federal response capability inventory.
15	(7) Reporting requirements.
16	(8) Federal preparedness.
17	(c) NATIONAL PLANNING SCENARIOS.—The national preparedness system
18	may include national planning scenarios.
19	§20505. National planning scenarios
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and
21	in coordination with the heads of appropriate Federal agencies and the Na-
22	tional Advisory Council, may develop planning scenarios to reflect the rel-
23	ative risk requirements presented by all hazards, including natural disasters,
24	acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters, to provide the foundation
25	for the flexible and adaptive development of target capabilities and the iden-
26	tification of target capability levels to meet the national preparedness goal.
27	(b) DEVELOPMENT.—In developing, revising, and replacing national plan-
28	ning scenarios, the Secretary shall ensure that the scenarios—
29	(1) reflect the relative risk of all hazards and illustrate the potential
30	scope, magnitude, and complexity of a broad range of representative
31	hazards; and
32	(2) provide the minimum number of representative scenarios nec-
33	essary to identify and define the tasks and target capabilities required
34	to respond to all hazards.
35	§20506. Target capabilities and preparedness priorities
36	(a) Establishment of Guidelines on Target Capabilities.—The
37	Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the
38	heads of appropriate Federal agencies, the National Council on Disability,
39	and the National Advisory Council, shall complete, revise, and update, as
40	necessary, guidelines to define risk-based target capabilities for Federal,
41	State, local, and tribal government preparedness that will enable the Nation

1	to prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate against all hazards, in-
2	cluding natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters.
3	(b) DISTRIBUTION OF GUIDELINES.—The Secretary shall ensure that the
4	guidelines are provided promptly to the appropriate committees of Congress
5	and the States.
6	(c) OBJECTIVES.—The Secretary shall ensure that the guidelines are spe-
7	cific, flexible, and measurable.
8	(d) TERRORISM RISK ASSESSMENT.—With respect to analyzing and
9	assessing the risk of acts of terrorism, the Secretary shall consider—
10	(1) the variables of threat, vulnerability, and consequences related to
11	population (including transient commuting and tourist populations),
12	areas of high population density, critical infrastructure, coastline, and
13	international borders; and
14	(2) the most current risk assessment available from the Chief Intel-
15	ligence Officer of the Department of the threats of terrorism against
16	the United States.
17	(e) PREPAREDNESS PRIORITIES.—In establishing the guidelines under
18	subsection (a), the Secretary shall establish preparedness priorities that ap-
19	propriately balance the risk of all hazards, including natural disasters, acts
20	of terrorism, and other man-made disasters, with the resources required to
21	prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate against the hazards.
22	(f) MUTUAL AID AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may provide support for
23	the development of mutual aid agreements in States.
24	§20507. Equipment and training standards
25	(a) Equipment Standards.—
26	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
27	and in coordination with the heads of appropriate Federal agencies and
28	the National Advisory Council, shall support the development, promul-
29	gation, and updating, as necessary, of national voluntary consensus
30	standards for the performance, use, and validation of equipment used
31	by Federal, State, local, and tribal governments and nongovernmental
32	emergency response providers.
33	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The national voluntary consensus standards
34	shall—
35	(A) be designed to achieve equipment and other capabilities con-
36	sistent with the national preparedness goal, including the safety
37	
	and health of emergency response providers;
38	and health of emergency response providers; (B) to the maximum extent practicable, be consistent with exist-

1	(C) take into account, as appropriate, threats that may not have
2	been contemplated when the existing standards were developed;
3	and
4	(D) focus on maximizing operability, interoperability, interchange-
5	ability, durability, flexibility, efficiency, efficacy, portability, sustain-
6	ability, and safety.
7	(b) TRAINING STANDARDS.—The Secretary shall—
8	(1) support the development, promulgation, and regular updating, as
9	necessary, of national voluntary consensus standards for training; and
10	(2) ensure that the training provided under the national training
11	program is consistent with the standards.
12	(c) Consultation With Standards Organizations.—In carrying out
13	this section, the Secretary shall consult with representatives of relevant pub-
14	lic and private-sector national voluntary consensus standards development
15	organizations.
16	§ 20508. Training and exercises
17	(a) National Training Program.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
19	and in coordination with the heads of appropriate Federal agencies, the
20	National Council on Disability, and the National Advisory Council,
21	shall carry out a national training program to implement the national
22	preparedness goal, National Incident Management System, National
23	Response Plan, and other related plans and strategies.
24	(2) TRAINING PARTNERS.—In developing and implementing the na-
25	tional training program, the Secretary shall—
26	(A) work with government training facilities, academic institu-
27	tions, private organizations, and other entities that provide special-
28	ized, state-of-the-art training for emergency managers or emer-
29	gency response providers; and
30	(B) utilize, as appropriate, training courses provided by commu-
31	nity colleges, State and local public safety academies, State and
32	private universities, and other facilities.
33	(b) NATIONAL EXERCISE PROGRAM.—
34	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with the heads of
35	appropriate Federal agencies, the National Council on Disability, and
36	the National Advisory Council, shall carry out a national exercise pro-
37	gram to test and evaluate the national preparedness goal, National In-
38	cident Management System, National Response Plan, and other related
39	plans and strategies.
40	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The national exercise program—
41	(A) shall be—

1	(i) as realistic as practicable, based on current risk assess-
2	ments, including credible threats, vulnerabilities, and conse-
3	quences, and designed to stress the national preparedness
4	system;
5	(ii) designed, as practicable, to simulate the partial or com-
6	plete incapacitation of a State, local, or tribal government;
7	(iii) carried out, as appropriate, with a minimum degree of
8	notice to involved parties regarding the timing and details of
9	the exercises, consistent with safety considerations;
10	(iv) designed to provide for the systematic evaluation of
11	readiness and enhance operational understanding of the inci-
12	dent command system and relevant mutual aid agreements;
13	(v) designed to address the unique requirements of popu-
14	lations with special needs, including the elderly; and
15	(vi) designed to promptly develop after-action reports and
16	plans for quickly incorporating lessons learned into future op-
17	erations; and
18	(B) shall include a selection of model exercises that State, local,
19	and tribal governments can readily adapt for use and provide as-
20	sistance to State, local, and tribal governments with the design,
21	implementation, and evaluation of exercises (whether a model exer-
22	cise program or an exercise designed locally) that—
23	(i) conform to the requirements under subparagraph (A);
24	(ii) are consistent with any applicable State, local, or tribal
25	strategy or plan; and
26	(iii) provide for systematic evaluation of readiness.
27	(3) NATIONAL LEVEL EXERCISES.—The Secretary shall periodically,
28	but not less than biennially, perform national exercises to test and
29	evaluate the following:
30	(A) The capability of Federal, State, local, and tribal govern-
31	ments to detect, disrupt, and prevent threatened or actual cata-
32	strophic acts of terrorism, especially those involving weapons of
33	mass destruction.
34	(B) The readiness of Federal, State, local, and tribal govern-
35	ments to respond and recover in a coordinated and unified manner
36	to catastrophic incidents.
37	§20509. Comprehensive assessment system
38	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
39	and in coordination with the National Council on Disability and the Na-
40	tional Advisory Council, shall establish a comprehensive system to assess,

1	on an ongoing basis, the Nation's prevention capabilities and overall pre-
2	paredness, including operational readiness.
3	(b) Performance Metrics and Measures.—The Secretary shall en-
4	sure that each component of the national preparedness system, National In-
5	cident Management System, National Response Plan, and other related
6	plans and strategies, and the reports required under section 20512 of this
7	title is developed, revised, and updated with clear and quantifiable perform-
8	ance metrics, measures, and outcomes.
9	(c) CONTENTS.—The assessment system established under subsection (a)
10	shall assess
11	(1) compliance with the national preparedness system, National Inci-
12	dent Management System, National Response Plan, and other related
13	plans and strategies;
14	(2) capability levels at the time of assessment against target capabil-
15	ity levels defined pursuant to the guidelines established under section
16	20506(a) of this title;
17	(3) resource needs to meet the desired target capability levels defined
18	pursuant to the guidelines established under section 20506(a); and
19	(4) performance of training, exercises, and operations.
20	§20510. Remedial action management program
21	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with
22	the National Council on Disability and the National Advisory Council, shall
23	establish a remedial action management program to—
24	(1) analyze training, exercises, and real-world events to identify and
25	disseminate lessons learned and best practices;
26	(2) generate and disseminate, as appropriate, after action reports to
27	participants in exercises and real-world events; and
28	(3) conduct remedial action tracking and long-term trend analysis.
29	§20511. Federal response capability inventory
30	(a) IN GENERAL.—Under section 611(h)(1)(C) of the Robert T. Stafford
31	Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5196(h)(1)(C)),
32	the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall accelerate the com-
33	pletion of the inventory of Federal response capabilities.
34	(b) CONTENTS.—For each Federal agency with responsibilities under the
35	National Response Plan, the inventory shall include—
36	(1) for each capability
37	(A) the performance parameters of the capability;
38	(B) the timeframe within which the capability can be brought
39	to bear on an incident; and

1	(C) the readiness of the capability to respond to all hazards, in-
2	cluding natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made
3	disasters;
4	(2) a list of personnel credentialed under section 11110 of this title;
5	(3) a list of resources typed under section 11110; and
6	(4) emergency communications assets maintained by the Federal
7	Government and, if appropriate, State, local, and tribal governments
8	and the private sector.
9	(c) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—The Secretary, in coordination with the
10	Secretary of Defense, shall develop a list of organizations and functions
11	within the Department of Defense that may be used, pursuant to the au-
12	thority provided under the National Response Plan and sections 402, 403,
13	and 502 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assist-
14	ance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170a, 5170b, 5192), to provide support to civil au-
15	thorities during natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made
16	disasters.
17	(d) DATABASE.—The Secretary shall establish an inventory database to
18	allow—
19	(1) real-time exchange of information regarding
20	(A) capabilities;
21	(B) readiness;
22	(C) the compatibility of equipment;
23	(D) credentialed personnel; and
24	(E) typed resources;
25	(2) easy identification and rapid deployment of capabilities, cre-
26	dentialed personnel, and typed resources during an incident; and
27	(3) the sharing of the inventory described in subsection (a) with
28	other Federal agencies, as appropriate.
29	§20512. Reporting requirements
30	(a) Federal Preparedness Report.—
31	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
32	and in coordination with the heads of appropriate Federal agencies,
33	shall submit annually to the appropriate committees of Congress a re-
34	port on the Nation's level of preparedness for all hazards, including
35	natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters.
36	(2) Contents.—Each report shall include—
37	(A) an assessment of how Federal assistance supports the na-
38	tional preparedness system;
39	(B) the results of the comprehensive assessment carried out
40	under section 20509 of this title;

1	(C) a review of the inventory described in section 20511 of this
2	title, including the number and type of credentialed personnel in
3	each category of personnel trained and ready to respond to a natu-
4	ral disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made disaster;
5	(D) an assessment of resource needs to meet preparedness pri-
6	orities established under section 20506(e) of this title, including
7	(i) an estimate of the amount of Federal, State, local, and
8	tribal expenditures required to attain the preparedness prior-
9	ities; and
10	(ii) the extent to which the use of Federal assistance dur-
11	ing the preceding fiscal year achieved the preparedness prior-
12	ities;
13	(E) an evaluation of the extent to which grants administered by
14	the Department, including grants under chapter 125 of this title—
15	(i) have contributed to the progress of State, local, and
16	tribal governments in achieving target capabilities; and
17	(ii) have led to the reduction of risk from natural disasters,
18	acts of terrorism, or other man-made disasters nationally and
19	in State, local, and tribal jurisdictions; and
20	(F) a discussion of whether the list of credentialed personnel of
21	the Agency described in section 20511(b)(2) of this title—
22	(i) complies with the strategic human capital plan devel-
23	oped under section 10102 of title 5; and
24	(ii) is sufficient to respond to a natural disaster, act of ter-
25	rorism, or other man-made disaster, including a catastrophic
26	incident.
27	(b) Catastrophic Resource Estimate.—
28	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop and submit annually
29	to the appropriate committees of Congress an estimate of the resources
30	of the Agency and other Federal agencies needed for and devoted spe-
31	cifically to developing the capabilities of Federal, State, local, and tribal
32	governments necessary to respond to a catastrophic incident.
33	(2) CONTENTS.—Each estimate shall include the resources both nec-
34	essary for and devoted to—
35	(A) planning;
36	(B) training and exercises;
37	(C) Regional Office enhancements;
38	(D) staffing, including for surge capacity during a catastrophic
39	incident;
40	(E) additional logistics capabilities;

1	(F) other responsibilities under the catastrophic incident annex
2	and the catastrophic incident supplement of the National Response
3	Plan;
4	(G) State, local, and tribal government catastrophic incident
5	preparedness; and
6	(H) increases in the fixed costs or expenses of the Agency, in-
7	cluding rent or property acquisition costs or expenses, taxes, con-
8	tributions to the working capital fund of the Department, and se-
9	curity costs for the year after the year in which the estimate is
10	submitted.
11	(c) State Preparedness Report.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—A State receiving Federal preparedness assistance
13	administered by the Department annually shall submit a report to the
14	Secretary on the State's level of preparedness.
15	(2) CONTENTS.—Each report shall include—
16	(A) an assessment of State compliance with the national pre-
17	paredness system, National Incident Management System, Na-
18	tional Response Plan, and other related plans and strategies;
19	(B) an assessment of current capability levels and a description
20	of target capability levels; and
21	(C) a discussion of the extent to which target capabilities identi-
22	fied in the applicable State homeland security plan and other ap-
23	plicable plans remain unmet and an assessment of resources need-
24	ed to meet the preparedness priorities established under section
25	20506(e) of this title, including
26	(i) an estimate of the amount of expenditures required to
27	attain the preparedness priorities; and
28	(ii) the extent to which the use of Federal assistance dur-
29	ing the preceding fiscal year achieved the preparedness prior-
30	ities.
31	§20513. Federal preparedness
32	(a) AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY.—In support of the national preparedness
33	system, the President shall ensure that each Federal agency with respon-
34	sibilities under the National Response Plan—
35	(1) has the operational capability to meet the national preparedness
36	goal, including
37	(A) the personnel to make and communicate decisions;
38	B) organizational structures that are assigned, trained, and ex-
39	ercised for the missions of the agency;
40	(C) sufficient physical resources; and

1	(D) the command, control, and communication channels to
2	make, monitor, and communicate decisions;
3	(2) complies with the National Incident Management System, includ-
4	ing credentialing of personnel and typing of resources likely needed to
5	respond to a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made dis-
6	aster under section 11110 of this title;
7	(3) develops, trains, and exercises rosters of response personnel to
8	be deployed when the agency is called on to support a Federal re-
9	sponse;
10	(4) develops deliberate operational plans and the corresponding capa-
11	bilities, including crisis planning, to respond effectively to natural dis-
12	asters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters in support of
13	the National Response Plan to ensure a coordinated Federal response;
14	and
15	(5) regularly updates, verifies the accuracy of, and provides to the
16	Secretary the information in the inventory required under section
17	20511 of this title.
18	(b) Operational Plans.—An operations plan developed under sub-
19	section (a)(4) shall meet the following requirements:
20	(1) The operations plan shall be coordinated under a unified system
21	with a common terminology, approach, and framework.
22	(2) The operations plan shall be developed, in coordination with
23	State, local, and tribal government officials, to address both regional
24	and national risks.
25	(3) The operations plan shall contain, as appropriate, the following
26	elements:
27	(A) Concepts of operations.
28	(B) Critical tasks and responsibilities.
29	(C) Detailed resource and personnel requirements, together with
30	sourcing requirements.
31	(D) Specific provisions for the rapid integration of the resources
32	and personnel of the agency into the overall response.
33	(4) The operations plan shall address, as appropriate, the following
34	matters:
35	(A) Support of State, local, and tribal governments in conduct-
36	ing mass evacuations, including
37	(i) transportation and relocation;
38	(ii) short- and long-term sheltering and accommodation;
39	(iii) provisions for populations with special needs, keeping
40	families together, and expeditious location of missing chil-
41	dren; and

1	(iv) policies and provisions for pets.
2	(B) The preparedness and deployment of public health and med-
3	ical resources, including resources to address the needs of evacuees
4	and populations with special needs.
5	(C) The coordination of interagency search and rescue oper-
6	ations, including land, water, and airborne search and rescue oper-
7	ations.
8	(D) The roles and responsibilities of the Senior Federal Law
9	Enforcement Official with respect to other law enforcement enti-
10	ties.
11	(E) The protection of critical infrastructure.
12	(F) The coordination of maritime salvage efforts among relevant
13	agencies.
14	(G) The coordination of Department of Defense and National
15	Guard support of civilian authorities.
16	(H) To the extent practicable, the utilization of Department of
17	Defense, National Air and Space Administration, National Oceanic
18	and Atmospheric Administration, and commercial aircraft and sat-
19	ellite remotely sensed imagery.
20	(I) The coordination and integration of support from the private
21	sector and nongovernmental organizations.
22	(J) The safe disposal of debris, including hazardous materials,
23	and, when practicable, the recycling of debris.
24	(K) The identification of the required surge capacity.
25	(L) Specific provisions for the recovery of affected geographic
26	areas.
27	(c) MISSION ASSIGNMENTS.—To expedite the provision of assistance
28	under the National Response Plan, the President shall ensure that the Ad-
29	ministrator, in coordination with Federal agencies with responsibilities
30	under the National Response Plan, develops pre-scripted mission assign-
31	ments, including logistics, communications, mass care, health services, and
32	public safety.
33	(d) CERTIFICATION.—The President shall certify to the Committee on
34	Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
35	mittee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Transportation and In-
36	frastructure of the House of Representatives on an annual basis that each
37	Federal agency with responsibilities under the National Response Plan com-
38	plies with subsections (a) and (b).
39	(e) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit
40	the authority of the Secretary of Defense with regard to—

1	(1) the command, control, training, planning, equipment, exercises,
2	or employment of Department of Defense forces; or
3	(2) the allocation of Department of Defense resources.
4	§20514. Use of existing resources
5	In establishing the national preparedness goal and national preparedness
6	system, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall use existing
7	preparedness documents, planning tools, and guidelines to the extent prac-
8	ticable and consistent with this subtitle.
9	Subchapter II—Additional Preparedness
10	§20521. Emergency Management Assistance Compact grants
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may
12	make grants to administer the Emergency Management Assistance Compact
13	consented to by the Joint Resolution entitled "Joint Resolution granting the
14	consent of Congress to the Emergency Management Assistance Compact"
15	(Public Law 104–321, 110 Stat. 3877).
16	(b) USES.—A grant under this section shall be used—
17	(1) to carry out recommendations identified in the Emergency Man-
18	agement Assistance Compact after-action reports for the 2004 and
19	2005 hurricane season;
20	(2) to administer compact operations on behalf of all member States
21	and territories;
22	(3) to continue coordination with the Agency and appropriate Fed-
23	eral agencies;
24	(4) to continue coordination with State, local, and tribal government
25	entities and their respective national organizations; and
26	(5) to assist State and local governments, emergency response pro-
27	viders, and organizations representing the providers with credentialing
28	emergency response providers and the typing of emergency response re-
29	sources.
30	(c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall consult with the Administrator
31	of the Emergency Management Assistance Compact to ensure effective co-
32	ordination of efforts in responding to requests for assistance.
33	§20522. Emergency Management Performance Grants Pro-
34	gram
35	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
36	(1) Program.—The term "program" means the emergency manage-
37	ment performance grants program described in subsection (b).
38	(2) STATE.—The term "State" as the meaning given that term in
39	section 102 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
40	Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122).

	231
1	(b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
2	shall continue implementation of an emergency management performance
3	grants program to make grants to States to assist State, local, and tribal
4	governments in preparing for all hazards, as authorized by the Robert T.
5	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et
6	seq.).
7	(c) FEDERAL SHARE.—Except as otherwise specifically provided by title
8	VI of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act
9	(42 U.S.C. 5195 et seq.), the Federal share of the cost of an activity carried
10	out using funds made available under the program shall not exceed 50 per-
11	cent.
12	(d) APPORTIONMENT.—The Secretary shall apportion the amounts appro-
13	priated each fiscal year to carry out the program among the States as fol-
14	lows:
15	(1) The Secretary shall first apportion 0.25 percent of the amounts
16	to each of American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and
17	the Virgin Islands and 0.75 percent of the amounts to each of the re-
18	maining States.
19	(2) Remainder.—The Secretary shall apportion the remainder of the
20	amounts in the ratio that—
21	(A) the population of each State; bears to
21 22	(A) the population of each State; bears to(B) the population of all States.
22	(B) the population of all States.
22 23	(B) the population of all States.§20523. Training for emergency response providers from
22 23 24	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or pri-
22 23 24 25	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities
22 23 24 25 26	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PRO-
22 23 24 25 26 27	 (B) the population of all States. §20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (B) the population of all States. § 20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIM-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION,
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION, FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH AMOUNTS IN THE ACCOUNT MAY BE EX-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION, FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH AMOUNTS IN THE ACCOUNT MAY BE EXPENDED.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION, FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH AMOUNTS IN THE ACCOUNT MAY BE EXPENDED. (b) TRAINING NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PRIMARY MISSION. THE HEAD
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL.THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION, FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH AMOUNTS IN THE ACCOUNT MAY BE EXPENDED. (b) TRAINING NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PRIMARY MISSION.THE HEAD OF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS SHALL ENSURE THAT ANY
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION, FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH AMOUNTS IN THE ACCOUNT MAY BE EXPENDED. (b) TRAINING NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PRIMARY MISSION. THE HEAD OF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS SHALL ENSURE THAT ANY TRAINING PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL. THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION, FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH AMOUNTS IN THE ACCOUNT MAY BE EXPENDED. (b) TRAINING NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PRIMARY MISSION. THE HEAD OF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS SHALL ENSURE THAT ANY TRAINING PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH THE PRIMARY MISSION OF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS TO DOMESTIC
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (B) the population of all States. \$20523. Training for emergency response providers from Federal Government, foreign governments, or private entities (a) IN GENERAL THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS MAY PROVIDE TRAINING TO EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, OR PRIVATE ENTITIES IF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS IS REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF THE TRAINING. ANY REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE ACCOUNT FROM WHICH THE EXPENDITURE BEING REIMBURSED WAS MADE AND IS AVAILABLE, WITHOUT FISCAL YEAR LIMITATION, FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH AMOUNTS IN THE ACCOUNT MAY BE EXPENDED. (b) TRAINING NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PRIMARY MISSION. THE HEAD OF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS SHALL ENSURE THAT ANY TRAINING PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH THE PRIMARY MISSION OF THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS TO TRAIN STATE AND LOCAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS.

1	THE CENTER FOR DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS FROM PROVIDING TRAINING
2	TO EMPLOYEES OF THE AGENCY IN EXISTING CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RA-
3	DIOLOGICAL, NUCLEAR, EXPLOSIVES, MASS CASUALTY, AND MEDICAL SURGE
4	COURSES PURSUANT TO 5 U.S.C. 4103 WITHOUT REIMBURSEMENT FOR THE
5	COST OF THE TRAINING.
6	§20524. National exercise simulation center
7	The President shall establish a national exercise simulation center that—
8	(1) uses a mix of live, virtual, and constructive simulations to—
9	(A) prepare elected officials, emergency managers, emergency
10	response providers, and emergency support providers at all levels
11	of government to operate cohesively
12	(B) provide a learning environment for the homeland security
13	personnel of all Federal agencies;
14	(C) assist in the development of operational procedures and ex-
15	ercises, particularly those based on catastrophic incidents; and
16	(D) allow incident commanders to exercise decision-making in a
17	simulated environment; and
18	(2) uses modeling and simulation for training, exercises, and com-
19	mand and control functions at the operational level.
20	Subchapter III—Miscellaneous Authorities
21	§20531. National Disaster Recovery Strategy
21 22	§20531. National Disaster Recovery Strategy(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and
22 23	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the
22 23 24	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag-
22 23 24 25	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the
22 23 24 25 26	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad-
22 23 24 25 26 27	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad- ministration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad- ministration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State,
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad- ministration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advi-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad- ministration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advi- sory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organiza-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad- ministration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advi- sory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organiza- tions, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad- ministration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advi- sory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organiza- tions, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery Strategy to serve as a guide to recovery efforts after major disasters and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Ag- riculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Ad- ministration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advi- sory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organiza- tions, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery Strategy to serve as a guide to recovery efforts after major disasters and emergencies.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advisory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organizations, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery Strategy to serve as a guide to recovery efforts after major disasters and emergencies. (b) CONTENTS.—The National Disaster Recovery Strategy shall—
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advisory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organizations, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery Strategy to serve as a guide to recovery efforts after major disasters and emergencies. (b) CONTENTS.—The National Disaster Recovery Strategy shall— (1) outline the most efficient and cost-effective Federal programs
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advisory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organizations, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery Strategy to serve as a guide to recovery efforts after major disasters and emergencies. (b) CONTENTS.—The National Disaster Recovery Strategy shall— (1) outline the most efficient and cost-effective Federal programs that will meet the recovery needs of States, local and tribal govern-
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, State, local, and tribal government officials (including through the National Advisory Council), and representatives of appropriate nongovernmental organizations, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a National Disaster Recovery Strategy to serve as a guide to recovery efforts after major disasters and emergencies. (b) CONTENTS.—The National Disaster Recovery Strategy shall— (1) outline the most efficient and cost-effective Federal programs that will meet the recovery needs of States, local and tribal governments, and individuals and households affected by a major disaster;

1	(3) promote the use of the most appropriate and cost-effective build-
2	ing materials (based on the hazards present in an area) in an area af-
3	fected by a major disaster, with the goal of encouraging the construc-
4	tion of disaster-resistant buildings; and
5	(4) describe in detail the programs that may be offered by the agen-
6	cies described in paragraph (2), including
7	(A) discussing funding issues;
8	(B) detailing how responsibilities under the National Disaster
9	Recovery Strategy will be shared; and
10	(C) addressing other matters concerning the cooperative effort
11	to provide recovery assistance.
12	(c) Report.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit to the appropriate
14	committees of Congress a report describing in detail the National Dis-
15	aster Recovery Strategy and any additional authorities necessary to im-
16	plement any portion of the National Disaster Recovery Strategy.
17	(2) UPDATE.—The Secretary shall submit to the appropriate com-
18	mittees of Congress a report updating the report submitted under para-
19	graph (1) —
20	(A) on the same date that any change is made to the National
21	Disaster Recovery Strategy; and
22	(B) on a periodic basis after the submission of the report under
23	paragraph (1), but not less than once every 5 years after the date
24	of the submission.
25	§20532. National Disaster Housing Strategy
26	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and
27	in coordination with representatives of the Federal agencies, governments,
28	and organizations listed in subsection (b)(2) of this section, the National
29	Advisory Council, the National Council on Disability, and other entities at
30	the Secretary's discretion, shall develop, coordinate, and maintain a Na-
31	tional Disaster Housing Strategy.
32	(b) CONTENTS.—The National Disaster Housing Strategy shall—
33	(1) outline the most efficient and cost effective Federal programs
34	that will best meet the short-term and long-term housing needs of indi-
35	viduals and households affected by a major disaster;
36	(2) clearly define the role, programs, authorities, and responsibilities
37	of each entity in providing housing assistance in the event of a major
38	disaster, including—
39	(A) the Agency;
40	(B) the Department of Housing and Urban Development;
41	(C) the Department of Agriculture;

1	(D) the Department of Veterans Affairs;
2	(E) the Department of Health and Human Services;
3	(F) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
4	(G) any other Federal agency that may provide housing assist-
5	ance in the event of a major disaster;
6	(H) the American Red Cross; and
7	(I) State, local, and tribal governments;
8	(3) describe in detail the programs that may be offered by the enti-
9	ties described in paragraph (2), including
10	(A) outlining any funding issues;
11	(B) detailing how responsibilities under the National Disaster
12	Housing Strategy will be shared; and
13	(C) addressing other matters concerning the cooperative effort
14	to provide housing assistance during a major disaster;
15	(4) consider methods through which housing assistance can be pro-
16	vided to individuals and households where employment and other re-
17	sources for living are available;
18	(5) describe programs directed to meet the needs of special needs
19	and low-income populations and ensure that a sufficient number of
20	housing units are provided for individuals with disabilities;
21	(6) describe plans for the operation of clusters of housing provided
22	to individuals and households, including access to public services, site
23	management, security, and site density;
24	(7) describe plans for promoting the repair or rehabilitation of exist-
25	ing rental housing, including through lease agreements or other means,
26	in order to improve the provision of housing to individuals and house-
27	holds under section 408 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
28	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5174); and
29	(8) describe any additional authorities necessary to carry out any
30	portion of the strategy.
31	(c) Guidance.—The Secretary should develop and make publicly available
32	guidance on—
33	(1) types of housing assistance available under the Robert T. Staf-
34	ford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121
35	et seq.) to individuals and households affected by an emergency or
36	major disaster;
37	(2) eligibility for assistance (including, where appropriate, the con-
38	tinuation of assistance); and
39	(3) application procedures for assistance.
40	(d) Report.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit to the appropriate
2	committees of Congress a report describing in detail the National Dis-
3	aster Housing Strategy, including programs directed to meeting the
4	needs of special needs populations.
5	(2) Update.—The Secretary shall submit to the appropriate commit-
6	tees of Congress a report updating the report submitted under para-
7	graph (1)—
8	(A) on the same date that any change is made to the National
9	Disaster Housing Strategy; and
10	(B) on a periodic basis after the submission of the report under
11	paragraph (1), but not less than once every 5 years after the date
12	of the submission.
13	§20533. Individuals with disabilities guidelines
14	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator and in coordination with
15	the National Advisory Council, the National Council on Disability, the Inter-
16	agency Coordinating Council on Preparedness and Individuals With Disabil-
17	ities established under Executive Order No. 13347 (69 Fed. Reg. 44573),
18	and the Disability Coordinator (established under section 11113 of this
19	title), shall develop guidelines to accommodate individuals with disabilities,
20	which shall include guidelines for—
21	(1) the accessibility of, and communications and programs in, shel-
22	ters, recovery centers, and other facilities; and
23	(2) devices used in connection with disaster operations, including
24	first aid stations, mass feeding areas, portable payphone stations, port-
25	able toilets, and temporary housing.
26	§20534. Reunification
27	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
28	(1) CHILD LOCATOR CENTER.—The term "Child Locator Center"
29	means the National Emergency Child Locator Center established under
30	subsection (b).
31	(2) DECLARED EVENT.—The term "declared event" means a major
32	disaster or emergency.
33	(3) DISPLACED ADULT.—The term "displaced adult" means an indi-
34	vidual 21 years of age or older who is displaced from the habitual resi-
35	dence of that individual as a result of a declared event.
36	(4) DISPLACED CHILD.—The term "displaced child" means an indi-
37	vidual under 21 years of age who is displaced from the habitual resi-
38	dence of that individual as a result of a declared event.
39	(b) NATIONAL EMERGENCY CHILD LOCATOR CENTER.—
40	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
41	and in coordination with the Attorney General of the United States,

1	shall establish in the National Center for Missing and Exploited Chil-
2	dren the National Emergency Child Locator Center. In establishing the
3	Child Locator Center, the Secretary shall establish procedures to make
4	all relevant information available to the Child Locator Center in a time-
5	ly manner to facilitate the expeditious identification and reunification
6	of children with their families.
7	(2) Purposes.—The purposes of the Child Locator Center are to—
8	(A) enable individuals to provide to the Child Locator Center
9	the name of and other identifying information about a displaced
10	child or a displaced adult who may have information about the lo-
11	cation of a displaced child;
12	(B) enable individuals to receive information about other
13	sources of information about displaced children and displaced
14	adults; and
15	(C) assist law enforcement in locating displaced children.
16	(3) Responsibilities and duties.—The responsibilities and duties of
17	the Child Locator Center are to—
18	(A) establish a toll-free telephone number to receive reports of
19	displaced children and information about displaced adults that
20	may assist in locating displaced children;
21	(B) create a website to provide information about displaced chil-
22	dren;
23	(C) deploy its staff to the location of a declared event to gather
24	information about displaced children;
25	(D) assist in the reunification of displaced children with their
26	families;
27	(E) provide information to the public about additional resources
28	for disaster assistance;
29	(F) work in partnership with Federal, State, and local law en-
30	forcement agencies;
31	(G) provide technical assistance in locating displaced children;
32	(H) share information on displaced children and displaced
33	adults with governmental agencies and nongovernmental organiza-
34	tions providing disaster assistance;
35	(I) use its resources to gather information about displaced chil-
36	dren;
37	(J) refer reports of displaced adults to—
38	(i) an entity designated by the Attorney General to provide
39	technical assistance in locating displaced adults; and
40	(ii) the National Emergency Family Registry and Locator
41	System established under section 20535(b) of this title;

1	(K) enter into cooperative agreements with Federal and State agen-
2	cies and other organizations such as the American Red Cross as nec-
3	essary to implement the mission of the Child Locator Center; and
4	(L) develop an emergency response plan to prepare for the activation
5	of the Child Locator Center.
6	§20535. National Emergency Family Registry and Locator
7	System
8	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "displaced individual" means
9	an individual displaced by an emergency or major disaster.
10	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
11	shall establish a National Emergency Family Registry and Locator System
12	to help reunify families separated after an emergency or major disaster.
13	(c) OPERATION.—The National Emergency Family Registry and Locator
14	System shall—
15	(1) allow a displaced adult (including medical patients) to voluntarily
16	register (and allow an adult that is the parent or guardian of a dis-
17	placed child to register the child), by submitting personal information
18	to be entered into a database (such as the name, current location of
19	residence, and any other relevant information that could be used by
20	others seeking to locate that individual);
21	(2) ensure that information submitted under paragraph (1) is acces-
22	sible to those individuals named by a displaced individual and to those
23	law enforcement officials;
24	(3) be accessible through the Internet and through a toll-free num-
25	ber, to receive reports of displaced individuals; and
26	(4) include a means of referring displaced children to the National
27	Emergency Child Locator Center established under section 20534 of
28	this title.
29	(d) INFORMING THE PUBLIC.—The Secretary shall establish a mechanism
30	to inform the public about the National Emergency Family Registry and
31	Locator System and its potential usefulness for assisting to reunite dis-
32	placed individuals with their families.
33	(e) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall enter a memorandum of under-
34	standing with the Department of Justice, the National Center for Missing
35	and Exploited Children, the Department of Health and Human Services,
36	and the American Red Cross and other relevant private organizations that
37	will enhance the sharing of information to facilitate reuniting displaced indi-
38	viduals (including medical patients) with their families.

Chapter 207Prevention of Fraud, Waste, and Abuse

Sec.20701. Advance contracting.20702. Limitations on tiering of subcontractors.20703. Oversight and accountability of Federal disaster expenditures.20704. Limitation on length of certain noncompetitive contracts.20705. Fraud, waste, and abuse controls.20706. Registry of disaster response contractors.20707. Fraud prevention training program.

2 §20701. Advance contracting

3 (a) Entering Into Contracts.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, 5 shall enter into one or more contracts for recurring disaster response 6 requirements, including specific goods and services, for which the Agen-7 cy is capable of contracting for in advance of a natural disaster or act 8 of terrorism or other man-made disaster in a cost effective manner, 9 using a contracting strategy that maximizes the use of advance con-10 tracts to the extent practical and cost-effective. A previously awarded 11 contract for goods or services may be maintained in fulfilling this re-12 quirement.

(2) CONSIDERED FACTORS.—Before entering into any contract under
this subsection, the Secretary shall consider section 307 of the Robert
T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
5150).

(3) PRE-NEGOTIATED FEDERAL CONTRACTS FOR GOODS AND SERVICES.—The Secretary, in coordination with State and local governments and other Federal agencies, shall establish a process to ensure
that Federal pre-negotiated contracts for goods and services are coordinated with State and local governments, as appropriate.

(4) PRE-NEGOTIATED STATE AND LOCAL CONTRACTS FOR GOODS
AND SERVICES.—The Secretary shall encourage State and local governments to establish pre-negotiated contracts with vendors for goods and
services in advance of natural disasters and acts of terrorism or other
man-made disasters.

(b) MAINTENANCE OF CONTRACTS.—The Secretary is responsible for
maintaining contracts for appropriate levels of goods and services in accordance with a contracting strategy that maximizes the use of advance contracts to the extent practical and cost-effective.

(c) REPORT ON CONTRACTS NOT USING COMPETITIVE PROCEDURES.—
At the end of each fiscal quarter, the Secretary shall submit a report on
each disaster assistance contract entered into by the Agency by other than
competitive procedures to the appropriate committees of Congress.

35 § **20702.** Limitations on tiering of subcontractors

(a) APPLICATION.—This section applies to any cost-reimbursement type
 contract or task or delivery order in an amount greater than the simplified

1	acquisition threshold (as defined by section 134 of title 41) entered into by
2	the Department to facilitate response to or recovery from a natural disaster
3	or act of terrorism or other man-made disaster.
4	(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate regulations applica-
5	ble to contracts described in subsection (a) to minimize the excessive use
6	by contractors of subcontractors or tiers of subcontractors to perform the
7	principal work of the contract.
8	(c) Specific Requirement.—At a minimum, the regulations promul-
9	gated under subsection (b) shall preclude a contractor from using sub-
10	contracts for more than 65 percent of the cost of the contract or the cost
11	of any individual task or delivery order (not including overhead and profit),
12	unless the Secretary determines that this requirement is not feasible or
13	practicable.
14	§20703. Oversight and accountability of Federal disaster ex-
15	penditures
16	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "oversight funds" means
17	funds referred to in subsection (b) that are designated for use in performing
18	oversight activities.
19	(b) Authority of Secretary To Designate Funds for Oversight
20	ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may des-
21	ignate up to one percent of the total amount provided to a Federal agency
22	for a mission assignment as oversight funds to be used by the recipient
23	agency for performing oversight of activities carried out under the Agency
24	reimbursable mission assignment process. The funds are available until ex-
25	pended.
26	(c) Use of Funds.—
27	(1) TYPES OF OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES.—Oversight funds may be
28	used for the following types of oversight activities related to Agency
29	mission assignments:
30	(A) Monitoring, tracking, and auditing expenditures of funds.
31	(B) Ensuring that sufficient management and internal control
32	mechanisms are available so that Agency funds are spent appro-
33	priately and in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.
34	(C) Reviewing selected contracts and other activities.
35	(D) Investigating allegations of fraud involving Agency funds.
36	(E) Conducting and participating in fraud prevention activities
37	with other Federal, State, and local government personnel and
38	contractors.
39	(2) PLANS AND REPORTS.—Oversight funds may be used to issue the
40	plans required under subsection (f) and the reports required under sub-
41	section (g).

1	(d) RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Oversight funds may not be used
2	to finance existing agency oversight responsibilities related to direct agency
3	appropriations used for disaster response, relief, and recovery activities.
4	(e) Methods of Oversight Activities.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Oversight activities may be carried out by an
6	agency under this section either directly or by contract. The activities
7	may include evaluations and financial and performance audits.
8	(2) COORDINATION OF OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES.—To the extent prac-
9	ticable, evaluations and audits under this section shall be performed by
10	the inspector general of the agency.
11	(f) Development of Oversight Plans.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—If an agency receives oversight funds for a fiscal
13	year, the head of the agency shall prepare a plan describing the over-
14	sight activities for disaster response, relief, and recovery anticipated to
15	be undertaken during the subsequent fiscal year.
16	(2) Selection of oversight activities.—In preparing the plan,
17	the head of the agency shall select oversight activities based upon a
18	risk assessment of those areas that present the greatest risk of fraud,
19	waste, and abuse.
20	(3) Schedule.—The plan shall include a schedule for conducting
21	oversight activities, including anticipated dates of completion.
22	(g) Federal Disaster Assistance Accountability Reports.—An
23	agency receiving oversight funds under this section shall submit annually to
24	the Secretary and the appropriate committees of Congress a consolidated re-
25	port regarding the use of the funds, including information summarizing
26	oversight activities and the results achieved.
27	§20704. Limitation on length of certain noncompetitive con-
28	tracts
29	(a) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate regulations applica-
30	ble to contracts described in subsection (c) to restrict the contract period
31	of a contract entered into using procedures other than competitive proce-
32	dures pursuant to the exception provided in section $3304(a)(2)$ of title 41
33	to the minimum contract period necessary—
34	(1) to meet the urgent and compelling requirements of the work to
35	be performed under the contract; and
36	(2) to enter into another contract for the required goods or services
37	through the use of competitive procedures.
38	(b) Specific Contract Period.—The regulations promulgated under
39	subsection (a) shall require the contract period to not exceed 150 days, un-
40	less the Secretary determines that exceptional circumstances apply.

1	(c) COVERED CONTRACTS.—This section applies to any contract in an
2	amount greater than the simplified acquisition threshold (as defined by sec-
3	tion 134 of title 41) entered into by the Department to facilitate response
4	to or recovery from a natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made
5	disaster.
6	§20705. Fraud, waste, and abuse controls
7	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
8	shall ensure that—
9	(1) all programs within the Agency administering Federal disaster
10	relief assistance develop and maintain proper internal management con-
11	trols to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse;
12	(2) application databases used by the Agency to collect information
13	on eligible recipients record disbursements;
14	(3) tracking to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse is de-
15	signed to highlight and identify ineligible applications; and
16	(4) the databases used to collect information from applications for
17	assistance are integrated with disbursements and payment records.
18	(b) AUDITS AND REVIEWS REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall ensure that
19	any database or similar application processing system for Federal disaster
20	relief assistance programs administered by the Agency undergoes a review
21	by the Inspector General of the Department to determine the existence and
22	implementation of internal controls required under this section and the
23	amendments made by this section.
24	§20706. Registry of disaster response contractors
25	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "small business concern",
26	"small business concern owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans",
27	"small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically
28	disadvantaged individuals", and "small business concern owned and con-
29	trolled by women" and have the meanings given those terms under the
30	Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.).
31	(b) Registry.—
32	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
33	shall establish and maintain a registry of contractors who are willing
34	to perform debris removal, distribution of supplies, reconstruction, and
35	other disaster or emergency relief activities.
36	(2) CONTENTS.—The registry shall include, for each business con-
37	cern—
38	(A) the name of the business concern;
39	(B) the location of the business concern;
40	(C) the area served by the business concern;

1	(D) the type of good or service provided by the business con-
2	cern;
3	(E) the bonding level of the business concern; and
4	(F) whether the business concern is—
5	(i) a small business concern;
6	(ii) a small business concern owned and controlled by so-
7	cially and economically disadvantaged individuals;
8	(iii) a small business concern owned and controlled by
9	women; or
10	(iv) a small business concern owned and controlled by serv-
11	ice-disabled veterans.
12	(3) Source of information.—
13	(A) Submission.—Information maintained in the registry shall
14	be submitted on a voluntary basis and be kept current by the sub-
15	mitting business concerns.
16	(B) ATTESTATION.—Each business concern submitting informa-
17	tion to the registry shall submit—
18	(i) an attestation that the information is true; and
19	(ii) documentation supporting the attestation.
20	(C) VERIFICATION.—The Secretary shall verify that the docu-
21	mentation submitted by each business concern supports the infor-
22	mation submitted by that business concern.
23	(4) AVAILABILITY.—The registry shall be made generally available
24	on the Internet site of the Agency.
25	(5) Consultation of registry as part of acquisition plan-
26	NING.—A Federal agency shall consult the registry as part of the ac-
27	quisition planning for contracting for debris removal, distribution of
28	supplies in a disaster, reconstruction, and other disaster or emergency
29	relief activities.
30	§20707. Fraud prevention training program
31	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall develop and imple-
32	ment a program to provide training on the prevention of waste, fraud, and
33	abuse of Federal disaster relief assistance relating to the response to or re-
34	covery from natural disasters and acts of terrorism or other man-made dis-
35	asters and ways to identify potential waste, fraud, and abuse.
36	Subtitle III— Port Security and
37	Accountability
38	Chapter 301—General
	Sec. 30101. Definitions.

1	§30101. Definitions
2	In this subtitle:
3	(1) Appropriate congressional committees.—Except as other-
4	wise provided, the term "appropriate congressional committees"
5	means—
6	(A) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
7	(B) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation
8	of the Senate;
9	(C) the Committee on Finance of the Senate;
10	(D) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
11	Affairs of the Senate;
12	(E) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-
13	resentatives;
14	(F) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Rep-
15	resentatives;
16	(G) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the
17	House of Representatives;
18	(H) the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Rep-
19	resentatives; and
20	(I) other congressional committees, as appropriate.
21	(2) Commercial operations advisory committee.—The term
22	"Commercial Operations Advisory Committee" means the Advisory
23	Committee established under section 9503(c) of the Omnibus Budget
24	Reconciliation Act of 1987 (Public Law 100–203, 19 U.S.C. 2071
25	note) or any successor committee.
26	(3) Commercial seaport personnel.—The term "commercial
27	seaport personnel" includes any person engaged in an activity relating
28	to the loading or unloading of cargo or passengers, the movement or
29	tracking of cargo, the maintenance and repair of intermodal equipment,
30	the operation of cargo-related equipment (whether or not integral to
31	the vessel), and the handling of mooring lines on the dock when a ves-
32	sel is made fast or let go in the United States.
33	(4) COMMISSIONER.—The term "Commissioner" means the Commis-
34	sioner responsible for the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection.
35	(5) CONTAINER.—The term "container" has the meaning given the
36	term in the International Convention for Safe Containers, with an-
37	nexes, done at Geneva, December 2, 1972 (29 UST 3707).
38	(6) CONTAINER SECURITY DEVICE.—The term "container security
39	device" means a device, or system—
40	(A) designed, at a minimum
41	(i) to identify positively a container;

1	(ii) to detect and record unauthorized intrusion into a con-
2	tainer; and
3	(iii) to secure a container against tampering throughout
4	the supply chain; and
5	(B) that has a low false alarm rate, as determined by the Sec-
6	retary.
7	(7) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department
8	of Homeland Security.
9	(8) EXAMINATION.—The term "examination" means an inspection of
10	cargo to detect the presence of mis-declared, restricted, or prohibited
11	items that utilizes nonintrusive imaging and detection technology.
12	(9) INSPECTION.—The term "inspection" means the comprehensive
13	process used by the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection—
14	(A) to assess goods entering the United States to appraise them
15	for duty purposes, to detect the presence of restricted or prohib-
16	ited items, and to ensure compliance with all applicable laws; and
17	(B) that may include screening, conducting an examination, or
18	conducting a search.
19	(10) INTERNATIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN.—The term "international sup-
20	ply chain" means the end-to-end process for shipping goods to or from
21	the United States beginning at the point of origin (including manufac-
22	turer, supplier, or vendor) through a point of distribution to the des-
23	tination.
24	(11) RADIATION DETECTION EQUIPMENT.—The term "radiation de-
25	tection equipment" means any technology that is capable of detecting
26	or identifying nuclear and radiological material or nuclear and radio-
27	logical explosive devices.
28	(12) SCAN.—The term "scan" means utilizing nonintrusive imaging
29	equipment, radiation detection equipment, or both, to capture data, in-
30	cluding images of a container.
31	(13) Screening.—The term "screening" means a visual or auto-
32	mated review of information about goods, including manifest or entry
33	documentation accompanying a shipment being imported into the
34	United States, to determine the presence of mis-declared, restricted, or
35	prohibited items and assess the level of threat posed by the affected
36	cargo.
37	(14) SEARCH.—The term "search" means an intrusive examination
38	in which a container is opened and its contents are devanned and vis-
39	ually inspected for the presence of mis-declared, restricted, or prohib-
40	ited items.

- 1 (15) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of 2 Homeland Security. 3 (16) TRANSPORTATION DISRUPTION.—The term "transportation dis-4 ruption" means any significant delay, interruption, or stoppage in the 5 flow of trade caused by a natural disaster, heightened threat level, act of terrorism, or transportation security incident. 6 7 (17) TRANSPORTATION SECURITY INCIDENT.—The term "transpor-8 tation security incident" has the meaning given the term in section 9 70101(6) of title 46. 10 **Chapter 303Security of United States Seaports** Sec. 30301. Port Security Exercise Program. 30302. Facility exercise requirements. 30303. Domestic radiation detection and imaging. 30304. Integration of detection equipment and technologies. 30305 Inspection of car ferries entering from abroad.
 - 30306. Random searches of containers.
 - 30307. Threat assessment screening of port truck drivers.
 - 30308. Center of Excellence for Maritime Domain Awareness.

11 § 30301. Port Security Exercise Program

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Commandant 13 of the Coast Guard, shall establish a Port Security Exercise Program (in 14 this section referred to as the "Exercise Program") to test and evaluate the 15 capabilities of Federal, State, local, and foreign governments, commercial 16 seaport personnel and management, governmental and nongovernmental 17 emergency response providers, the private sector, or any other organization 18 or entity, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, to prevent, prepare 19 for, mitigate against, respond to, and recover from acts of terrorism, natural 20 disasters, and other emergencies at facilities required to submit a plan 21 under section 70103(c) of title 46.

- (b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Exercise Pro-gram—
- (1) conducts, on a periodic basis, port security exercises at the facilities that are—
- (A) scaled and tailored to the needs of each facility;
 (B) live, in the case of the most at-risk facilities;
 (C) as realistic as practicable and based on current risk assessments, including credible threats, vulnerabilities, and consequences;
 (D) consistent with the National Incident Management System,
- the National Response Plan, the National Infrastructure Protection Plan, the National Preparedness Guidance, the National Preparedness Goal, the National Maritime Transportation Security
 Plan, and other national initiatives;

1	(E) evaluated against clear and consistent performance meas-
2	ures;
3	(F) assessed to learn best practices, which shall be shared with
4	appropriate Federal, State, and local officials, commercial seaport
5	personnel and management, governmental and nongovernmental
6	emergency response providers, and the private sector; and
7	(G) followed by remedial action in response to lessons learned;
8	and
9	(2) assists State and local governments and facilities in designing,
10	implementing, and evaluating exercises that—
11	(A) conform to the requirements of paragraph (1); and
12	(B) are consistent with any applicable Area Maritime Transpor-
13	tation Security Plan and State or Urban Area Homeland Security
14	Plan.
15	(c) IMPROVEMENT PLAN.—The Secretary shall establish a port security
16	exercise improvement plan process to—
17	(1) identify and analyze each port security exercise for lessons
18	learned and best practices;
19	(2) disseminate lessons learned and best practices to participants in
20	the Exercise Program;
21	(3) monitor the implementation of lessons learned and best practices
22	by participants in the Exercise Program; and
23	(4) conduct remedial action tracking and long-term trend analysis.
24	§30302. Facility exercise requirements
25	The Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating
26	shall require each high-risk facility to conduct live or full-scale exercises de-
27	scribed in section 105.220(c) of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, not
28	less frequently than once every 2 years, in accordance with the facility secu-
29	rity plan required under section 70103(c) of title 46.
30	§30303. Domestic radiation detection and imaging
31	(a) SCANNING CONTAINERS.—Subject to section 318 of the Tariff Act of
32	1930 (19 U.S.C. 1318), all containers entering the United States through
33	the 22 ports through which the greatest volume of containers enter the
34	United States by vessel shall be scanned for radiation. To the extent prac-
35	ticable, the Secretary shall deploy next-generation radiation detection tech-
36	nology.
37	(b) STRATEGY.—The Secretary shall develop and implement a strategy
38	for the deployment of radiation detection capabilities that includes—
39	(1) a risk-based prioritization of ports of entry at which radiation
40	detection equipment will be deployed;

1	(2) a proposed timeline of when radiation detection equipment will
2	be deployed at each port of entry identified under paragraph (1);
3	(3) the type of equipment to be used at each port of entry identified
4	under paragraph (1), including the joint deployment and utilization of
5	radiation detection equipment and nonintrusive imaging equipment;
6	(4) standard operating procedures for examining containers with the
7	equipment, including sensor alarming, networking, and communications
8	and response protocols;
9	(5) operator training plans;
10	(6) an evaluation of the environmental health and safety impacts of
11	nonintrusive imaging technology and a radiation risk reduction plan, in
12	consultation with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Occupa-
13	tional Safety and Health Administration, and the National Institute for
14	Occupational Safety and Health, that seeks to minimize radiation expo-
15	sure of workers and the public to levels as low as reasonably achievable;
16	(7) the policy of the Department for using nonintrusive imaging
17	equipment in tandem with radiation detection equipment; and
18	(8) a classified annex that—
19	(A) details plans for covert testing; and
20	(B) outlines the risk-based prioritization of ports of entry iden-
21	tified under paragraph (1).
22	(c) Expansion to Other United States Ports of Entry.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall expand the strategy devel-
24	oped under subsection (b), in a manner consistent with the require-
25	ments of subsection (b), to provide for the deployment of radiation de-
26	tection capabilities at all other United States ports of entry not covered
27	by the strategy developed under subsection (b).
28	(2) RISK ASSESSMENT.—In expanding the strategy under paragraph
29	(1), the Secretary shall identify and assess the risks to those other
30	ports of entry in order to determine what equipment and practices will
31	best mitigate the risks.
32	(d) STANDARDS.—The Secretary, acting through the Director for Domes-
33	tic Nuclear Detection and in collaboration with the National Institute of
34	Standards and Technology, shall publish technical capability standards and
35	recommended standard operating procedures for the use of nonintrusive im-
36	aging and radiation detection equipment in the United States. The stand-
37	ards and procedures—
38	(1) should take into account relevant standards and procedures uti-
39	lized by other Federal departments or agencies as well as those devel-
40	oped by international bodies; and

1	(2) shall not be designed so as to endorse specific companies or cre-
2	ate sovereignty conflicts with participating countries.
3	(e) INTERMODAL RAIL RADIATION DETECTION TEST CENTER.—
4	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—In accordance with subsection (b), and in
5	order to comply with this section, the Secretary shall establish an
6	Intermodal Rail Radiation Detection Test Center (in this subsection re-
7	ferred to as the "Test Center").
8	(2) PROJECTS.—The Secretary shall conduct multiple, concurrent
9	projects at the Test Center to rapidly identify and test concepts specific
10	to the challenges posed by on-dock rail.
11	(3) LOCATION.—The Test Center shall be located within a public
12	port facility at which a majority of the containerized cargo is directly
13	laden from (or unladen to) on-dock, intermodal rail.
14	§30304. Integration of detection equipment and tech-
15	nologies
16	The Secretary is responsible for ensuring that domestic chemical, biologi-
17	cal, radiological, and nuclear detection equipment and technologies are inte-
18	grated, as appropriate, with other border security systems and detection
19	technologies.
20	§30305. Inspection of car ferries entering from abroad
21	The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, in coordination with the
22	Secretary of State, and in cooperation with ferry operators and appropriate
23	foreign government officials, shall seek to develop a plan for the inspection
24	of passengers and vehicles before the passengers board, or the vehicles are
25	loaded onto, a ferry bound for a United States facility required to submit
26	a plan under section 70103(c) of title 46.
27	§30306. Random searches of containers
28	The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall develop and imple-
29	ment a plan, utilizing best practices for empirical scientific research design
30	and random sampling, to conduct random searches of containers in addition
31	to any targeted or pre-shipment inspection of the containers required by law
32	or regulation or conducted under any other program conducted by the Sec-
33	retary. Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that implementa-
34	tion of the random sampling plan precludes additional searches of contain-
35	ers not inspected pursuant to the plan.
36	§30307. Threat assessment screening of port truck drivers
37	The Secretary shall implement a threat assessment screening, including
38	name-based checks against terrorist watch lists and immigration status
39	check, for all port truck drivers with access to secure areas of a port who
40	have a commercial driver's license but do not have a current and valid haz-
41	ardous materials endorsement issued under part 1572 of title 49, Code of

1	Federal Regulations, that is the same as the threat assessment screening
2	required for facility employees and longshoremen by the Commandant of the
3	Coast Guard under Coast Guard Notice USCG-2006-24189 (71 Fed. Reg.
4	25066).
5	§30308. Center of Excellence for Maritime Domain Aware-
6	ness
7	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a university-based
8	Center for Excellence for Maritime Domain Awareness following the merit-
9	review processes and procedures that have been established by the Secretary
10	for selecting university program centers of excellence.
11	(b) DUTIES.—The Center established under subsection (a) shall—
12	(1) prioritize its activities based on the "National Plan To Improve
13	Maritime Domain Awareness" published by the Department in October
14	2005;
15	(2) recognize the extensive previous and ongoing work and existing
16	competence in the field of maritime domain awareness at numerous
17	academic and research institutions, such as the Naval Postgraduate
18	School;
19	(3) leverage existing knowledge and continue development of a broad
20	base of expertise in academia and industry in maritime domain aware-
21	ness; and
22	(4) provide educational, technical, and analytical assistance to Fed-
23	eral agencies with responsibilities for maritime domain awareness, in-
24	cluding the Coast Guard, to focus on the need for interoperability, in-
25	formation sharing, and common information technology standards and
26	architecture.Chapter 305—Security of the International Supply Chain
	Subchapter I—General Provisions
	Sec. 30501. Strategic plan to enhance the security of the international supply chain.

- appiy
- 30502. Post-incident resumption of trade.
- 30503. Automated targeting system.
- 30504. Container security standards and procedures.
- 30505. Container Security Initiative.

Subchapter II—Customs-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism

- 30511. Establishment.
- 30512. Eligible entities.
- 30513. Minimum requirements.
- 30514. Tier 1 participants.
- 30515. Tier 2 participants.
- 30516. Tier 3 participants.
- 30517. Consequences for lack of compliance.
- 30518. Revalidation.
- 30519. Noncontainerized cargo.
- 30520. Program management.

Subchapter IIIMiscellaneous Provisions

- 30531. Screening and scanning of cargo containers.
- 30532. $\,$ International cooperation and coordination.
- 30533. Information sharing relating to supply chain security cooperation.

1	Subchapter I—General Provisions
2	§30501. Strategic plan to enhance the security of the inter-
3	national supply chain
4	(a) Strategic Plan.—The Secretary, in consultation with appropriate
5	Federal, State, local, and tribal government agencies and private-sector
6	stakeholders responsible for security matters that affect or relate to the
7	movement of containers through the international supply chain, shall de-
8	velop, implement, and update, as appropriate, a strategic plan to enhance
9	the security of the international supply chain.
10	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The strategic plan required under subsection (a)
11	shall—
12	(1) describe the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of Federal,
13	State, local, and tribal government agencies and private-sector stake-
14	holders that relate to the security of the movement of containers
15	through the international supply chain;
16	(2) identify and address gaps and unnecessary overlaps in the roles,
17	responsibilities, or authorities described in paragraph (1);
18	(3) identify and make recommendations regarding legislative, regu-
19	latory, and organizational changes necessary to improve coordination
20	among the entities or to enhance the security of the international sup-
21	ply chain;
22	(4) provide measurable goals, including objectives, mechanisms, and
23	a schedule, for furthering the security of commercial operations from
24	point of origin to point of destination;
25	(5) build on available resources and consider costs and benefits;
26	(6) provide incentives for additional voluntary measures to enhance
27	cargo security, as recommended by the Commissioner;
28	(7) consider the impact of supply chain security requirements on
29	small- and medium-sized companies;
30	(8) include a process for sharing intelligence and information with
31	private-sector stakeholders to assist in their security efforts;
32	(9) identify a framework for prudent and measured response in the
33	event of a transportation security incident involving the international
34	supply chain;
35	(10) provide protocols for the expeditious resumption of the flow of
36	trade under section 30502 of this title;
37	(11) consider the linkages between supply chain security and security
38	programs in other systems of movement, including travel security and
39	terrorism finance programs; and
40	(12) expand on and relate to existing strategies and plans, including
41	the National Response Plan, the National Maritime Transportation Se-

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1 curity Plan, the National Strategy for Maritime Security, and the 8

supporting plans of the Strategy, as required by Homeland Security Presidential Directive 13.

3 Presidential Directive 13.
4 (c) CONSULTATION.—In developing

4 (c) CONSULTATION.—In developing protocols under subsection (b)(10),
5 the Secretary shall consult with Federal, State, local, and private-sector
6 stakeholders, including the National Maritime Security Advisory Committee
7 and the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee.

8 (d) COMMUNICATION.—To the extent practicable, the strategic plan devel-9 oped under subsection (a) shall provide for coordination with, and lines of 10 communication among, appropriate Federal, State, local, and private-sector 11 stakeholders on law enforcement actions, intermodal rerouting plans, and 12 other strategic infrastructure issues resulting from a transportation security 13 incident or transportation disruption.

(e) UTILIZATION OF ADVISORY COMMITTEES.—As part of the consultations described in subsection (a), the Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, utilize the Homeland Security Advisory Committee, the National
Maritime Security Advisory Committee, and the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee to review, as necessary, the strategic plan and any subsequent updates to the strategic plan.

20 (f) INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.—In furtherance of the 21 strategic plan required under subsection (a), the Secretary is encouraged to 22 consider proposed or established standards and practices of foreign govern-23 ments and international organizations, including the International Maritime 24 Organization, the World Customs Organization, the International Labor Or-25 ganization, and the International Organization for Standardization, as ap-26 propriate, to establish standards and best practices for the security of con-27 tainers moving through the international supply chain.

28 § 30502. Post-incident resumption of trade

(a) In General.—The Secretary shall develop and update, as necessary,
protocols for the resumption of trade under section 30501(b)(10) of this
title in the event of a transportation disruption or a transportation security
incident. The protocols shall include—

(1) the identification of the appropriate initial incident commander,
if the Commandant of the Coast Guard is not the appropriate individual, and lead departments, agencies, or offices to execute the protocols;
(2) a plan to redeploy resources and personnel, as necessary, to reestablish the flow of trade;

(3) a plan to provide training for the periodic instruction of personnel of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, the Coast Guard,
and the Transportation Security Administration in trade resumption
functions and responsibilities; and

1	(4) appropriate factors for establishing prioritization of vessels and
2	cargo determined by the President to be critical for response and recov-
3	ery, including factors relating to public health, national security, and
4	economic need.
5	(b) VESSELS.—In determining the prioritization of vessels accessing fa-
6	cilities (as defined under section 70101 of title 46), the Commandant of the
7	Coast Guard may, to the extent practicable and consistent with the proto-
8	cols and plans required under this section to ensure the safe and secure
9	transit of vessels to ports in the United States after a transportation secu-
10	rity incident, give priority to a vessel
11	(1) that has an approved security plan under section $70103(c)$ of
12	title 46, or a valid international ship security certificate, as provided
13	under part 104 of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations;
14	(2) that is manned by individuals who are described in section
15	70105(b)(2)(B) of title 46; and
16	(3) that is operated by validated participants in the Customs-Trade
17	Partnership Against Terrorism program.
18	(c) CARGO.—In determining the prioritization of the resumption of the
19	flow of cargo and consistent with the protocols established under this sec-
20	tion, the Commissioner may give preference to cargo—
21	(1) entering a port of entry directly from a foreign seaport des-
22	ignated under the Container Security Initiative;
23	(2) from the supply chain of a validated C-TPAT participant and
24	other private-sector entities, as appropriate; or
25	(3) that has undergone
26	(A) a nuclear or radiological detection scan;
27	(B) an x-ray, density, or other imaging scan; and
28	(C) a system to positively identify the container at the last port
29	of departure prior to arrival in the United States, which data has
30	been evaluated and analyzed by personnel of the Bureau of Cus-
31	toms and Border Protection.
32	(d) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that there is appropriate
33	coordination among the Commandant of the Coast Guard, the Commis-
34	sioner, and other Federal officials following a maritime disruption or mari-
35	time transportation security incident in order to provide for the resumption
36	of trade.
37	(e) Communication.—Consistent with section 30501 of this title, the
38 20	Commandant of the Coast Guard, the Commissioner, and other appropriate
39 40	Federal officials shall promptly communicate any revised procedures or in-
40	structions intended for the private sector following a maritime disruption or
41	maritime transportation security incident.

1	§ 30503. Automated targeting system
2	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner,
3	shall—
4	(1) identify and seek the submission of data related to the movement
5	of a shipment of cargo through the international supply chain; and
6	(2) analyze the data described in paragraph (1) to identify high-risk
7	cargo for inspection.
8	(b) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner,
9	shall require the electronic transmission to the Department of additional
10	data elements for improved high-risk targeting, including appropriate secu-
11	rity elements of entry data, as determined by the Secretary, to be provided
12	as advanced information with respect to cargo destined for importation into
13	the United States prior to loading of the cargo on vessels at foreign sea-
14	ports.
15	(c) CONSIDERATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner,
16	shall—
17	(1) consider the cost, benefit, and feasibility of—
18	(A) requiring additional non-manifest documentation;
19	(B) reducing the time period allowed by law for revisions to a
20	container cargo manifest;
21	(C) reducing the time period allowed by law for submission of
22	certain elements of entry data, for vessel or cargo; and
23	(D) other actions the Secretary considers beneficial for improv-
24	ing the information relied upon for the Automated Targeting Sys-
25	tem and any successor targeting system in furthering the security
26	and integrity of the international supply chain; and
27	(2) consult with stakeholders, including the Commercial Operations
28	Advisory Committee, and identify to them the need for the information,
29	and the appropriate timing of its submission.
30	(d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate regulations to carry
31	out this section. In promulgating regulations, the Secretary shall adhere to
32	the parameters applicable to the development of regulations under section
33	343(a) of the Trade Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–210, 19 U.S.C. 2071
34	note), including provisions relating to consultation, technology, analysis, use
35	of information, confidentiality, and timing requirements.
36	(e) System Improvements.—The Secretary, acting through the Com-
37	missioner, shall—
38	(1) conduct, through an independent panel, a review of the effective-
39	ness and capabilities of the Automated Targeting System;
40	(2) consider future iterations of the Automated Targeting System,
41	which would incorporate smart features, such as more complex algo-

1	rithms and real-time intelligence, instead of relying solely on rule sets
2	that are periodically updated;
3	(3) ensure that the Automated Targeting System has the capability
4	to electronically compare manifest and other available data for cargo
5	entered into or bound for the United States to detect any significant
6	anomalies between the data and facilitate the resolution of the anoma-
7	lies;
8	(4) ensure that the Automated Targeting System has the capability
9	to electronically identify, compile, and compare select data elements for
10	cargo entered into or bound for the United States following a maritime
11	transportation security incident, in order to efficiently identify cargo
12	for increased inspection or expeditious release; and
13	(5) develop a schedule to address the recommendations of the Comp-
14	troller General of the United States, the Inspector General of the De-
15	partment of the Treasury, and the Inspector General of the Depart-
16	ment with respect to the operation of the Automated Targeting System.
17	(f) Secure Transmission of Certain Information.—All information
18	required by the Department from supply chain partners shall be transmitted
19	in a secure fashion, as determined by the Secretary, so as to protect the
20	information from unauthorized access.
20	
20	§30504. Container security standards and procedure
21	§30504. Container security standards and procedure
21 22	§ 30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—
21 22 23	 \$30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceed-
21 22 23 24	 § 30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish minimum standards and procedures for securing con-
21 22 23 24 25	 § 30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish minimum standards and procedures for securing containers in transit to the United States.
21 22 23 24 25 26	 § 30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish minimum standards and procedures for securing containers in transit to the United States. (2) DEADLINE FOR ENFORCEMENT.—
 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 §30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish minimum standards and procedures for securing containers in transit to the United States. (2) DEADLINE FOR ENFORCEMENT.— (A) ENFORCEMENT OF RULE.—Not later than 2 years after the
 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 \$30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish minimum standards and procedures for securing containers in transit to the United States. (2) DEADLINE FOR ENFORCEMENT.— (A) ENFORCEMENT OF RULE.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the standards and procedures are established under
 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	 § 30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish minimum standards and procedures for securing containers in transit to the United States. (2) DEADLINE FOR ENFORCEMENT.— (A) ENFORCEMENT OF RULE.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the standards and procedures are established under paragraph (1), all containers bound for ports of entry in the
 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 	 \$30504. Container security standards and procedure (a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish minimum standards and procedures for securing containers in transit to the United States. (2) DEADLINE FOR ENFORCEMENT.— (A) ENFORCEMENT OF RULE.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the standards and procedures are established under paragraph (1), all containers bound for ports of entry in the United States shall meet the standards and procedures.
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1 (b) REVIEW AND ENHANCEMENT.—The Secretary shall regularly review 2 and enhance the standards and procedures established under subsection (a), 3 as appropriate, based on tests of technologies as they become commercially 4 available to detect container intrusion and the highest consequence threats, 5 particularly weapons of mass destruction. 6 (c) INTERNATIONAL CARGO SECURITY STANDARDS.—The Secretary, in 7 consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, and other 8 Federal Government officials, as appropriate, and with the Commercial Op-9 erations Advisory Committee, the Homeland Security Advisory Committee, 10 and the National Maritime Security Advisory Committee, is encouraged to 11 promote and establish international standards for the security of containers 12 moving through the international supply chain with foreign governments 13 and international organizations, including the International Maritime Orga-14 nization, the International Organization for Standardization, the Inter-15 national Labor Organization, and the World Customs Organization. 16 (d) INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS.—In carrying out 17 this section, the Secretary shall consult with appropriate Federal departments and agencies and private-sector stakeholders and ensure that actions 18 19 under this section do not violate international trade obligations or other 20 international obligations of the United States. 21 §30505. Container Security Initiative 22 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, 23 shall establish and implement a program (in this section referred to as the 24 "Container Security Initiative") to identify and examine or search maritime 25 containers that pose a security risk before loading the containers in a for-26 eign port for shipment to the United States, either directly or through a 27 foreign port. 28 (b) ASSESSMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, may 29 designate foreign seaports to participate in the Container Security Initiative 30 after the Secretary has assessed the costs, benefits, and other factors associ-31 ated with the designation, including 32 (1) the level of risk for the potential compromise of containers by 33 terrorists, or other threats as determined by the Secretary; 34 (2) the volume of cargo being imported to the United States directly 35 from, or being transshipped through, the foreign seaport; 36 (3) the results of the Coast Guard assessments conducted under sec-37 tion 70108 of title 46; 38 (4) the commitment of the government of the country in which the

foreign seaport is located to cooperating with the Department in sharing critical data and risk management information and to maintain
programs to ensure employee integrity; and

1	(5) the potential for validation of security practices at the foreign
2	seaport by the Department.
3	(c) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall notify the appropriate congres-
4	sional committees of the designation of a foreign port under the Container
5	Security Initiative or the revocation of a designation before notifying the
6	public of the designation or revocation.
7	(d) NEGOTIATIONS.—The Secretary, in cooperation with the Secretary of
8	State and in consultation with the United States Trade Representative, may
9	enter into negotiations with the government of each foreign nation in which
10	a seaport is designated under the Container Security Initiative to ensure full
11	compliance with the requirements under the Container Security Initiative.
12	(e) Overseas Inspections.—
13	(1) REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall—
14	(A) establish minimum technical capability criteria and standard
15	operating procedures for the use of nonintrusive inspection and
16	nuclear and radiological detection systems in conjunction with the
17	Container Security Initiative;
18	(B) require each port designated under the Container Security
19	Initiative to operate nonintrusive inspection and nuclear and radio-
20	logical detection systems in accordance with the technical capabil-
21	ity criteria and standard operating procedures established under
22	subparagraph (A);
23	(C) continually monitor the technologies, processes, and tech-
24	niques used to inspect cargo at ports designated under the Con-
25	tainer Security Initiative to ensure adherence to the criteria and
26	the use of the procedures; and
27	(D) consult with the Secretary of Energy in establishing the
28	minimum technical capability criteria and standard operating pro-
29	cedures established under subparagraph (A) pertaining to radi-
30	ation detection technologies to promote consistency in detection
31	systems at foreign ports designated under the Container Security
32	Initiative.
33	(2) CONSTRAINTS.—The criteria and procedures established under
34	paragraph (1)(A)—
35	(A) shall be consistent, as practicable, with relevant standards
36	and procedures utilized by other Federal departments or agencies,
37	or developed by international bodies if the United States consents
38	to the standards and procedures;
39	(B) shall not apply to activities conducted under the Megaports
40	Initiative of the Department of Energy; and

1	(C) shall not be designed to endorse the product or technology
2	of any specific company or to conflict with the sovereignty of a
3	country in which a foreign seaport designated under the Container
4	Security Initiative is located.
5	(f) SAVINGS PROVISION.—The authority of the Secretary under this sec-
6	tion shall not affect any authority or duplicate any efforts or responsibilities
7	of the Federal Government with respect to the deployment of radiation de-
8	tection equipment outside of the United States.
9	(g) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall—
10	(1) coordinate with the Secretary of Energy, as necessary, to provide
11	radiation detection equipment required to support the Container Secu-
12	rity Initiative through the Department of Energy's Second Line of De-
13	fense Program and Megaports Initiative; or
14	(2) work with the private sector or host governments, when possible,
15	to obtain radiation detection equipment that meets the Department's
16	and the Department of Energy's technical specifications for the equip-
17	ment.
18	(h) STAFFING.—The Secretary shall develop a human capital manage-
19	ment plan to determine adequate staffing levels in the United States and
20	in foreign seaports including, as appropriate, the remote location of person-
21	nel in countries in which foreign seaports are designated under the Con-
22	tainer Security Initiative.
23	(i) ANNUAL DISCUSSIONS.—The Secretary, in coordination with the ap-
24	propriate Federal officials, shall hold annual discussions with foreign gov-
25	ernments of countries in which foreign seaports designated under the Con-
26	tainer Security Initiative are located regarding best practices, technical as-
27	sistance, training needs, and technological developments that will assist in
28	ensuring the efficient and secure movement of international cargo.
29	(j) LESSER RISK PORT.—The Secretary, acting through the Commis-
30	sioner, may treat cargo loaded in a foreign seaport designated under the
31	Container Security Initiative as presenting a lesser risk than similar cargo
32	loaded in a foreign seaport that is not designated under the Container Secu-
33	rity Initiative, for the purpose of clearing the cargo into the United States.
34	(k) Prohibition.—
35	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall issue a "do not load" order,
36	using existing authorities, to prevent the onload of any cargo loaded
37	at a port designated under the Container Security Initiative that has
38	been identified as high risk, including by the Automated Targeting Sys-
39	tem, unless the cargo is determined to no longer be high risk
40	through—

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1	(A) a scan of the cargo with nonintrusive imaging equipment
2	and radiation detection equipment;
3	(B) a search of the cargo; or
4	(C) additional information received by the Department.
5	(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be
6	construed to interfere with the ability of the Secretary to deny entry
7	of any cargo into the United States.
8	(l) Coordination of Assessments.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the
10	Coast Guard is operating shall, to the extent practicable, conduct the
11	assessments required by the following provisions of law concurrently, or
12	develop a process by which they are integrated and conducted by the
13	Coast Guard:
14	(A) This section.
15	(B) Section 30514 of this title.
16	(C) Section 70108 of title 46.
17	(2) LIMITATION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed to af-
18	fect or diminish the Secretary's authority or discretion—
19	(A) to conduct an assessment of a foreign port at any time;
20	(B) to compel the Secretary to conduct an assessment of a for-
21	eign port so as to ensure that 2 or more assessments are con-
22	ducted concurrently; or
23	(C) to cancel an assessment of a foreign port if the Secretary
24	is unable to conduct 2 or more assessments concurrently.
25	(3) MULTIPLE ASSESSMENT REPORT.—The Secretary shall provide
26	written notice to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
27	tation of the Senate and the Committees on Transportation and Infra-
28	structure and Homeland Security of the House of Representatives
29	whenever the Secretary conducts 2 or more assessments of the same
30	port within a 3-year period.
31	Subchapter IICustoms-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism
32	§30511. Establishment
33	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, may
34	establish a voluntary government-private sector program (to be known as
35	the "Customs-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism" or "C-TPAT") to
36	strengthen and improve the overall security of the international supply chain
37	and United States border security, and to facilitate the movement of secure
38	cargo through the international supply chain, by providing benefits to par-
39	ticipants meeting or exceeding the program requirements. Participants in C-
40	TPAT shall include Tier 1 participants, Tier 2 participants, and Tier 3 par-
41	ticipants.

1	(b) Review of Minimum Security Requirements.—The Secretary,
2	acting through the Commissioner, shall review the minimum security re-
3	quirements of C-TPAT at least once every year and update requirements
4	as necessary.
5	§ 30512. Eligible entities
6	Importers, customs brokers, forwarders, air, sea, land carriers, contract
7	logistics providers, and other entities in the international supply chain and
8	intermodal transportation system are eligible to apply to voluntarily enter
9	into partnerships with the Department under C-TPAT.
10	§30513. Minimum requirements
11	An applicant seeking to participate in C-TPAT shall—
12	(1) demonstrate a history of moving cargo in the international sup-
13	ply chain;
14	(2) conduct an assessment of its supply chain based upon security
15	criteria established by the Secretary, acting through the Commissioner,
16	including
17	(A) business partner requirements;
18	(B) container security;
19	(C) physical security and access controls;
20	(D) personnel security;
21	(E) procedural security;
22	(F) security training and threat awareness; and
23	(G) information technology security;
24	(3) implement and maintain security measures and supply chain se-
25	curity practices meeting security criteria established by the Commis-
26	sioner; and
27	(4) meet all other requirements established by the Commissioner, in
28	consultation with the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee.
29	§30514. Tier 1 participants
30	(a) BENEFITS.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
31	offer limited benefits to a Tier 1 participant who has been certified in ac-
32	cordance with the guidelines referred to in subsection (b). Benefits may in-
33	clude a reduction in the score assigned pursuant to the Automated Target-
34	ing System of not greater than 20 percent of the high-risk threshold estab-
35	lished by the Secretary.
36	(b) GUIDELINES.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
37	update the guidelines for certifying a C-TPAT participant's security meas-
38	ures and supply chain security practices under this section. The guidelines
39	shall include a background investigation and extensive documentation re-
40	view.

1	(c) TIMEFRAME.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary, acting
2	through the Commissioner, shall complete the Tier 1 certification process
3	within 90 days of receipt of an application for participation in C-TPAT.
4	§30515. Tier 2 participants
5	(a) VALIDATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
6	validate the security measures and supply chain security practices of a Tier
7	1 participant in accordance with the guidelines referred to in subsection (c).
8	The validation shall include on-site assessments at appropriate foreign loca-
9	tions utilized by the Tier 1 participant in its supply chain and shall, to the
10	extent practicable, be completed not later than 1 year after certification as
11	a Tier 1 participant.
12	(b) BENEFITS.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
13	extend benefits to each C-TPAT participant that has been validated as a
14	Tier 2 participant under this section, which may include—
15	(1) reduced scores in the Automated Targeting System;
16	(2) reduced examinations of cargo; and
17	(3) priority searches of cargo.
18	(c) GUIDELINES.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
19	develop a schedule and update the guidelines for validating a participant's
20	security measures and supply chain security practices under this section.
21	§30516. Tier 3 participants
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
23	establish a third tier of C-TPAT participation that offers additional benefits
24	to participants who demonstrate a sustained commitment to maintaining se-
25	curity measures and supply chain security practices that exceed the guide-
26	lines established for validation as a Tier 2 participant in C-TPAT under
27	section 30515 of this title.
28	(b) CRITERIA.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
29	designate criteria for validating a C-TPAT participant as a Tier 3 partici-
30	pant under this section. Criteria may include—
31	(1) compliance with any additional guidelines established by the Sec-
32	retary that exceed the guidelines established under section 30515 of
33	this title for validating a C-TPAT participant as a Tier 2 participant,
34	particularly with respect to controls over access to cargo throughout
35	the supply chain;
36	(2) submission of additional information regarding cargo prior to
37	loading, as determined by the Secretary;
38	(3) utilization of container security devices, technologies, policies, or
39	practices that meet standards and criteria established by the Secretary;
40	and

1	(4) compliance with any other cargo requirements established by the
2	Secretary.
3	(c) BENEFITS.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, in con-
4	sultation with the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee and the Na-
5	tional Maritime Security Advisory Committee, shall extend benefits to each
6	C-TPAT participant that has been validated as a Tier 3 participant under
7	this section, which may include—
8	(1) the expedited release of a Tier 3 participant's cargo in destina-
9	tion ports within the United States during all threat levels designated
10	by the Secretary;
11	(2) further reduction in examinations of cargo;
12	(3) priority for examinations of cargo; and
13	(4) further reduction in the risk score assigned pursuant to the
14	Automated Targeting System; and
15	(5) inclusion in joint incident management exercises, as appropriate.
16	§30517. Consequences for lack of compliance
17	(a) IN GENERAL.—If at any time a C-TPAT participant's security meas-
18	ures and supply chain security practices fail to meet any of the require-
19	ments under this subchapter, the Commissioner may deny the participant
20	benefits otherwise available under this subchapter in whole or in part. The
21	Commissioner shall develop procedures that provide appropriate protections
22	to C-TPAT participants before benefits are revoked. The procedures may
23	not limit the ability of the Commissioner to take actions to protect the na-
24	tional security of the United States.
25	(b) FALSE OR MISLEADING INFORMATION.—If a C-TPAT participant
26	knowingly provides false or misleading information to the Commissioner
27	during the validation process provided for under this subchapter, the Com-
28	missioner shall suspend or expel the participant from C-TPAT for an appro-
29	priate period of time. The Commissioner, after the completion of the process
30	under subsection (c), may publish in the Federal Register a list of partici-
31	pants who have been suspended or expelled from C-TPAT under this sub-
32	section, and may make the list available to C-TPAT participants.
33	(c) Right of Appeal.—
34	(1) APPEAL OF DENIAL OF BENEFITS.—A C-TPAT participant may
35	appeal a decision of the Commissioner under subsection (a). The appeal
36	shall be filed with the Secretary not later than 90 days after the date
37	of the decision, and the Secretary shall issue a determination not later
38	than 180 days after the appeal is filed.
39	(2) Appeals of suspension or expulsion.—A C-TPAT partici-
40	pant may appeal a decision of the Commissioner under subsection (b).

1	The appeal shall be filed with the Secretary not later than 30 days
2	after the date of the decision, and the Secretary shall issue a deter-
3	mination not later than 180 days after the appeal is filed.
4	§30518. Revalidation
5	The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall develop and imple-
6	ment—
7	(1) a revalidation process for Tier 2 and Tier 3 participants;
8	(2) a framework based upon objective criteria for identifying partici-
9	pants for periodic revalidation not less frequently than once during
10	each 4-year period following the initial validation; and
11	(3) an annual plan for revalidation that includes—
12	(A) performance measures;
13	(B) an assessment of the personnel needed to perform the re-
14	validations; and
15	(C) the number of participants that will be revalidated during
16	the following year.
17	§30519. Noncontainerized cargo
18	The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall consider the po-
19	tential for participation in C-TPAT by importers of noncontainerized car-
20	goes that otherwise meet the requirements under this suchapter.
21	§30520. Program management
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall
23	establish sufficient internal quality controls and record management to sup-
24	port the management systems of C-TPAT. In managing the program, the
25	Secretary shall ensure that the program includes the following:
26	(1) A 5-year plan to identify outcome-based goals and performance
27	measures of the program.
28	(2) An annual plan for each fiscal year designed to match available
29	resources to the projected workload.
30	(3) A standardized work program to be used by agency personnel to
31	carry out the certifications, validations, and revalidations of partici-
32	pants. The Secretary shall keep records and monitor staff hours associ-
33	ated with the completion of each review.
34	(b) DOCUMENTATION OF REVIEWS.—The Secretary, acting through the
35	Commissioner, shall maintain a record management system to document de-
36	terminations on the reviews of each C-TPAT participant, including certifi-
37	cations, validations, and revalidations.
38	(c) Confidential Information Safeguards.—In consultation with
39	the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee, the Secretary, acting
40	through the Commissioner, shall develop and implement procedures to en-
41	sure the protection of confidential data collected, stored, or shared with gov-

1	ernment agencies or as part of the application, certification, validation, and
2	revalidation processes.
3	(d) RESOURCE MANAGEMENT STAFFING PLAN.—The Secretary, acting
4	through the Commissioner, shall—
5	(1) develop a staffing plan to recruit and train staff (including a for-
6	malized training program) to meet the objectives identified in the stra-
7	tegic plan of the C-TPAT program; and
8	(2) provide cross-training in postincident trade resumption for per-
9	sonnel who administer the C-TPAT program.
10	(e) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—In connection with the President's annual
11	budget submission for the Department, the Secretary shall report to the ap-
12	propriate congressional committees on the progress made by the Commis-
13	sioner to certify, validate, and revalidate C-TPAT participants. The report
14	shall be due on the same date that the President's budget is submitted to
15	the Congress.
16	Subchapter IIIMiscellaneous Provisions
17	§30531. Screening and scanning of cargo containers
18	(a) One Hundred Percent Screening of Cargo Containers and
19	100 Percent Scanning of High-Risk Containers.—
20	(1) Screening of cargo containers.—The Secretary shall ensure
21	that 100 percent of the cargo containers originating outside the United
22	States and unloaded at a United States seaport undergo a screening
23	to identify high-risk containers
24	(2) Scanning of high-risk containers.—The Secretary shall en-
25	sure that 100 percent of the containers that have been identified as
26	high-risk under paragraph (1), or through other means, are scanned
27	or searched before the containers leave a United States seaport facility.
28	(b) Full-scale Implementation.—
29	(1) IN GENERAL.—A container that was loaded on a vessel in a for-
30	eign port shall not enter the United States (either directly or via a for-
31	eign port) unless the container was scanned by nonintrusive imaging
32	equipment and radiation detection equipment at a foreign port before
33	it was loaded on a vessel.
34	(2) APPLICATION.—Paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to con-
35	tainers loaded on a vessel in a foreign country on or after the earlier
36	of—
37	(A) July 1, 2012; or
38	(B) another date established by the Secretary under paragraph
39	(3).
40	(3) Establishment of earlier deadline.—The Secretary shall
41	establish a date under paragraph (2)(B) pursuant to the lessons

1	learned through the pilot integrated scanning systems established
2	under section 231 of the Act of October 13, 2006 (Public Law 109–
3	347, 120 Stat. 1915).
4	(4) EXTENSIONS.—The Secretary may extend the date specified in
5	subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2) for 2 years, and may renew
6	the extension in additional 2-year increments, for containers loaded in
7	a port or ports, if the Secretary certifies to Congress that at least 2
8	of the following conditions exist:
9	(A) Systems to scan containers under paragraph (1) are not
10	available for purchase and installation.
11	(B) Systems to scan containers under paragraph (1) do not
12	have a sufficiently low false alarm rate for use in the supply chain.
13	(C) Systems to scan containers under paragraph (1) cannot be
14	purchased, deployed, or operated at ports overseas, including, if
15	applicable, because a port does not have the physical characteris-
16	tics to install a system.
17	(D) Systems to scan containers under paragraph (1) cannot be
18	integrated, as necessary, with existing systems.
19	(E) Use of systems that are available to scan containers under
20	paragraph (1) will significantly impact trade capacity and the flow
21	of cargo.
22	(F) Systems to scan containers under paragraph (1) do not ade-
23	quately provide an automated notification of questionable or high-
24	risk cargo as a trigger for further inspection by appropriately
25	trained personnel.
26	(5) EXEMPTION FOR MILITARY CARGO.—Notwithstanding any other
27	provision of this section, supplies bought by the Secretary of Defense
28	and transported in compliance with section 2631 of title 10, United
29	States Code, and military cargo of foreign countries are exempt from
30	the requirements of this section.
31	(6) REPORT ON EXTENSIONS.—An extension under paragraph
32	(4) for a port takes effect on the expiration of the 60-day period
33	beginning on the date the Secretary provides a report to Congress
34	that—
35	(A) states what container traffic will be affected by the exten-
36	sion;
37	(B) provides supporting evidence to support the Secretary's cer-
38	tification of the basis for the extension; and
39	(C) explains what measures the Secretary is taking to ensure
40	that scanning can be implemented as early as possible at the port
41	or ports that are the subject of the report.

1	(7) REPORT ON RENEWAL OF EXTENSION.—If an extension under
2	paragraph (4) takes effect, the Secretary shall, after 1 year, submit a
3	report to Congress on whether the Secretary expects to seek to renew
4	the extension.
5	(8) SCANNING TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS.—In implementing para-
6	graph (1), the Secretary shall—
7	(A) establish technological and operational standards for sys-
8	tems to scan containers;
9	(B) ensure that the standards are consistent with the global nu-
10	clear detection architecture developed under the Homeland Secu-
11	rity Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135); and
12	(C) coordinate with other Federal agencies that administer
13	scanning or detection programs at foreign ports.
14	(9) INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS.—In carrying
15	out this subsection, the Secretary shall consult with appropriate Fed-
16	eral departments and agencies and private-sector stakeholders, and en-
17	sure that actions under this section do not violate international trade
18	obligations, and are consistent with the World Customs Organization
19	framework, or other international obligations of the United States.
20	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the submission of a report
21	under 231(d) of the Act of October 13, 2006 (Public Law 109–347, 120
22	Stat. 1916), and every 6 months thereafter, the Secretary shall submit a
23	report to the appropriate congressional committees describing the status of
24	full-scale deployment under subsection (b) and the cost of deploying the sys-
25	tem at each foreign port at which the integrated scanning systems are de-
26	ployed.
27	§30532. International cooperation and coordination
28	(a) Inspection Technology and Training.—The Secretary, in coordination
29	with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, and appropriate rep-
30	resentatives of other Federal agencies, may provide technical assistance,
31	equipment, and training to facilitate the implementation of supply chain se-
32	curity measures at ports designated under the Container Security Initiative.
33	(b) ACQUISITION AND TRAINING.—Unless otherwise prohibited by law,
34	the Secretary may—
35	(1) lease, loan, provide, or otherwise assist in the deployment of non-
36	intrusive inspection and radiation detection equipment at foreign land
37	and sea ports under terms and conditions the Secretary prescribes, in-
38	cluding nonreimbursable loans or the transfer of ownership of equip-
39	ment; and
40	(2) provide training and technical assistance for domestic or foreign
41	personnel responsible for operating or maintaining the equipment.

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1	§30533. Information sharing relating to supply chain secu-
2	rity cooperation
3	(a) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are—
4	(1) to establish continuing liaison and to provide for supply chain se-
5	curity cooperation between Department and the private sector; and
6	(2) to provide for regular and timely interchange of information be-
7	tween the private sector and the Department concerning developments
8	and security risks in the supply chain environment.
9	(b) DEVELOPMENT OF SYSTEM.—The Secretary shall develop a system
10	to collect from and share appropriate risk information related to the supply
11	chain with the private-sector entities determined appropriate by the Sec-
12	retary.
13	(c) CONSULTATION.—In developing the system under subsection (b), the
14	Secretary shall consult with the Commercial Operations Advisory Committee
15	and a broad range of public and private-sector entities likely to utilize the
16	system, including importers, exporters, carriers, customs brokers, and
17	freight forwarders, among other parties.
18	(d) INDEPENDENTLY OBTAINED INFORMATION.—Nothing in this section
19	shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect the ability of a Federal, State,
20	or local government entity, under applicable law, to obtain supply chain se-
21	curity information, including information lawfully and properly disclosed
22	generally or broadly to the public, and to use the information in any manner
23	permitted by law.
24	(e) AUTHORITY TO ISSUE WARNINGS.—The Secretary may provide advi-
25	sories, alerts, and warnings to relevant companies, targeted sectors, other
26	governmental entities, or the general public regarding potential risks to the
27	supply chain as appropriate. In issuing a warning, the Secretary shall take
28	appropriate actions to protect from disclosure
29	(1) the source of any voluntarily submitted supply chain security in-
30	formation that forms the basis for the warning; and
31	(2) information that is proprietary, business sensitive, relates specifi-
32	cally to the submitting person or entity, or is otherwise not appro-
33	priately in the public domain.
34	Chapter 307—Administration
	Sec. 30701. Designation of liaison office of Department of State.

30701. Designation of liaison office of Department of State.

30702. Homeland Security Science and Technology Advisory Committee.

30703. Research, development, test, and evaluation efforts in furtherance of maritime and cargo security.

 The Secretary of State shall designate a liaison office in the Department of State to assist the Secretary, as appropriate, in negotiating cargo security-related international agreements. § 30702. Homeland Security Science and Technology Advisory Committee The Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall utilize the Home land Security Science and Technology Advisory Committee, as appropriate to provide outside expertise in advancing cargo security technology. § 30703. Research, development, test, and evaluation efforts in furtherance of maritime and cargo security (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall— (1) direct research, development, testing, and evaluation efforts in furtherance of maritime and cargo security; (2) coordinate with public and private-sector entities to develop and test technologies, and process innovations in furtherance of these object tives; and (3) evaluate the technologies. (b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, the Assistant Secretary for Policy, the secretary for Science and Technology, the Assistant Secretary for Policy, the secretary for Science and Technology.
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19 (b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Under Sec
20 retary for Science and Tachnology the Assistant Sacratary for Policy the
20 rectary for science and recimology, the Assistant secretary for rolley, the
21 Commandant of the Coast Guard, the Director for Domestic Nuclear Detec
22 tion, the Chief Financial Officer, and the heads of other appropriate offices
23 or entities of the Department, shall ensure that—
24 (1) research, development, testing, and evaluation efforts funded by
25 the Department in furtherance of maritime and cargo security are
26 coordinated within the Department and with other appropriate Federa
27 agencies to avoid duplication of efforts; and
28 (2) the results of the efforts are shared throughout the Department
29 and with other Federal, State, and local agencies, as appropriate.
30 Subtitle IV—Transportation Security
31 Chapter 401—General
Sec.
40101. Definitions. 32 § 40101. Definitions
 (a) DEPARTMENT.—In chapters 403 through 407, the term "Depart ment" means the Department of Homeland Security.
34 ment means the Department of Hometand Security.35 (b) SECRETARY.—In this subtitle, the term "Secretary" means the Sec
35 (b) SECRETARY.—In this subtrue, the term secretary means the sec36 retary of Homeland Security.

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Chapter 403—Transportation Security Planning,

Information Sharing, and Enhancements

Subchapter ISecurity Planning and Information Sharing

Sec. 403

0301.	National	Domestic	Preparedness	Consortium.

- 40302. National Transportation Security Center of Excellence.
- 40303. Immunity for reports of suspected terrorist activity or suspicious behavior and response.

Subchapter IISecurity Enhancements

- 40311. Definitions.
- 40312. Authorization of Visible Intermodal Prevention and Response teams.
- 40313. Surface transportation security inspectors.
- 40314. Surface transportation security technology information sharing.
- 40315. Transportation Security Administration personnel limitations.
- 40316. National explosives detection canine team training program.
- 40317. Roles of the Department of Homeland Security and the Department of Transportation.

3 Subchapter ISecurity Planning and Information Sharing

4 §40301. National Domestic Preparedness Consortium

- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may establish, operate, and maintain
- 6 a National Domestic Preparedness Consortium in the Department.
- 7 (b) MEMBERS.—The National Domestic Preparedness Consortium con 8 sists of—
 - (1) the Center for Domestic Preparedness;
- 10 (2) the National Energetic Materials Research and Testing Center,
- 11 New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology;
- (3) the National Center for Biomedical Research and Training, Lou-isiana State University
- (4) the National Emergency Response and Rescue Training Center,
 Texas A&M University;
- 16 (5) the National Exercise, Test, and Training Center, Nevada Test17 Site;
- (6) the Transportation Technology Center, Incorporated, in Pueblo,Colorado; and
- 20 (7) the National Disaster Preparedness Training Center, University21 of Hawaii.
- (c) DUTIES.—The National Domestic Preparedness Consortium shall
 identify, develop, test, and deliver training to State, local, and tribal emergency response providers, provide on-site and mobile training at the performance and management and planning levels, and facilitate the delivery
 of training by the training partners of the Department.
- \$40302. National Transportation Security Center of Excel lence
- 29 (a)

1	ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a National Transpor-
2	tation Security Center of Excellence to conduct research and education ac-
3	tivities, and to develop or provide professional security training, including
4	the training of transportation employees and transportation professionals.
5	(b) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary shall select one of the institutions
6	identified in subsection (c) as the lead institution responsible for coordi-
7	nating the National Transportation Security Center of Excellence.
8	(c) Member Institutions.—
9	(1) CONSORTIUM.—The institution of higher education selected
10	under subsection (b) shall execute agreements with the other institu-
11	tions of higher education identified in this subsection and other institu-
12	tions designated by the Secretary to develop a consortium to assist in
13	accomplishing the goals of the Center.
14	(2) Members.—The National Transportation Security Center of Ex-
15	cellence consists of—
16	(A) Texas Southern University in Houston, Texas;
17	(B) the National Transit Institute at Rutgers, The State Uni-
18	versity of New Jersey;
19	(C) Tougaloo College;
20	(D) the Connecticut Transportation Institute at the University
21	of Connecticut;
22	(E) the Homeland Security Management Institute, Long Island
23	University;
24	(F) the Mack-Blackwell National Rural Transportation Study
25	Center at the University of Arkansas; and
26	(G) any additional institutions or facilities designated by the
27	Secretary.
28	(3) CERTAIN INCLUSIONS.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary
29	shall ensure that an appropriate number of additional consortium col-
30	leges or universities designated by the Secretary under this subsection
31	are Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Hispanic Serving In-
32	stitutions, and Indian Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities.
33	\$40303. Immunity for reports of suspected terrorist activity
34	or suspicious behavior and response
35	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
36	(1) AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL.—The term "authorized official"
37	means—
38	(A) an employee or agent of a passenger transportation system
39	or other person with responsibilities relating to the security of the
40	system;

1	(B) an officer, employee, or agent of the Department of Home-
2	land Security, the Department of Transportation, or the Depart-
3	ment of Justice with responsibilities relating to the security of pas-
4	senger transportation systems; or
5	(C) a Federal, State, or local law enforcement officer.
6	(2) COVERED ACTIVITY.—The term "covered activity" means a sus-
7	picious transaction, activity, or occurrence that involves, or is directed
8	against, a passenger transportation system or vehicle or its passengers
9	indicating that an individual may be engaging, or preparing to engage,
10	in a violation of law relating to—
11	(A) a threat to a passenger transportation system or passenger
12	safety or security; or
13	(B) an act of terrorism (as that term is defined in section 3077
14	of title 18.
15	(3) PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION.—The term "passenger transpor-
16	tation" means—
17	(A) public transportation, as defined in section 5302 of title 49;
18	(B) transportation by over-the-road bus, as defined in section
19	40701 of this title, and school bus transportation;
20	(C) intercity rail passenger transportation, as defined in section
21	24102 of title 49;
22	(D) the transportation of passengers onboard a passenger ves-
23	sel, as defined in section 2101 of title 46;
24	(E) other regularly scheduled waterborne transportation service
25	of passengers by vessel of at least 20 gross tons; and
26	(F) air transportation, as defined in section 40102 of title 49,
27	of passengers.
28	(4) PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM.—The term "passenger
29	transportation system" means an entity or entities organized to provide
30	passenger transportation using vehicles, including the infrastructure
31	used to provide the transportation.
32	(5) VEHICLE.—The term "vehicle" has the meaning given that term
33	in section $1992(d)(16)$ of title 18.
34	(b) Immunity for Reports of Suspected Terrorist Activity or
35	Suspicious Behavior.—
36	(1) IN GENERAL.—A person who, in good faith and based on objec-
37	tively reasonable suspicion, makes, or causes to be made, a voluntary
38	report of covered activity to an authorized official shall be immune
39	from civil liability under Federal, State, and local law for the report.

1	(2) FALSE REPORTS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any report
2	that the person knew to be false or was made with reckless disregard
3	for the truth at the time that person made that report.
4	(c) Immunity for Response.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—An authorized official who observes, or receives
6	a report of, covered activity and takes reasonable action in good faith
7	to respond to the activity has qualified immunity from civil liability for
8	the action, consistent with applicable law in the relevant jurisdiction.
9	An authorized official (as defined by subsection $(a)(1)(A)$) not entitled
10	to assert the defense of qualified immunity is immune from civil liabil-
11	ity under Federal, State, and local law if the authorized official takes
12	reasonable action, in good faith, to respond to the reported activity.
13	(2) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this subsection affects the ability
14	of an authorized official to assert any defense, privilege, or immunity
15	that would otherwise be available, and this subsection shall not be con-
16	strued as affecting the defense, privilege, or immunity.
17	(d) ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS.—A person or authorized official found
18	to be immune from civil liability under this section is entitled to recover
19	from the plaintiff all reasonable costs and attorney fees.
20	Subchapter IISecurity Enhancements
20 21	Subchapter IISecurity Enhancements § 40311. Definitions
21	§40311. Definitions
21 22	§ 40311. Definitions In this subchapter:
21 22 23	§ 40311. DefinitionsIn this subchapter:(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appro-
21 22 23 24	 \$40311. Definitions In this subchapter: (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appropriate congressional committee" means the Committee on Commerce,
21 22 23 24 25	 § 40311. Definitions In this subchapter: APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appropriate congressional committee" means the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
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21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 \$40311. Definitions In this subchapter: APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appropriate congressional committee" means the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House.
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21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 §40311. Definitions In this subchapter: APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appropriate congressional committee" means the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House. STATE.—The term "State" means a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and any other territory (including a possession) of the United States.
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 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 	 \$40311. Definitions In this subchapter: APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appropriate congressional committee" means the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House. STATE.—The term "State" means a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and any other territory (including a possession) of the United States. TERRORISM.—The term "terrorism" has the meaning that term has in section 10101 of this title. UNITED STATES.—The term "United States" means the States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands,

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§40312. Authorization of Visible Intermodal Prevention and Response teams

The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, may develop Visible Intermodal Prevention and Response (in this section referred to as "VIPR") teams to augment the security of any mode of transportation at any location within the United States. In forming a VIPR team, the Secretary—

8 (1) may use any asset of the Department, including Federal air mar9 shals, surface transportation security inspectors, canine detection
10 teams, and advanced screening technology;

(2) may determine when a VIPR team shall be deployed, as well asthe duration of the deployment;

(3) shall, prior to and during the deployment, consult with local security and law enforcement officials in the jurisdiction where the VIPR
team is or will be deployed, to develop and agree upon the appropriate
operational protocols and provide relevant information about the mission of the VIPR team, as appropriate; and

(4) shall, prior to and during the deployment, consult with all transportation entities directly affected by the deployment of a VIPR team,
as appropriate, including railroad carriers, air carriers, airport owners,
over-the-road bus operators and terminal owners and operators, motor
carriers, public transportation agencies, owners or operators of highways, port operators and facility owners, vessel owners and operators
and pipeline operators.

25 §40313. Surface transportation security inspectors

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of
the Transportation Security Administration, may train, employ, and utilize
surface transportation security inspectors.

(b) MISSION.—The Secretary shall use surface transportation security inspectors to assist surface transportation carriers, operators, owners, entities,
and facilities to enhance their security against terrorist attack and other security threats and to assist the Secretary in enforcing applicable surface
transportation security regulations and directives

34 (c) AUTHORITIES.—Surface transportation security inspectors employed
35 under this section shall be authorized powers and delegated responsibilities
36 the Secretary determines appropriate, subject to subsection (e).

37 (d) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall require that surface transpor38 tation security inspectors have relevant transportation experience and other
39 security and inspection qualifications, as determined appropriate.

40 (e) LIMITATIONS.—

1 (1) INSPECTORS.—Surface transportation inspectors shall be prohib-2 ited from issuing fines to public transportation agencies (as defined in 3 section 40501 of this title) for violations of the Department's regula-4 tions or orders except through the process described in paragraph (2). 5 (2) CIVIL PENALTIES.—The Secretary shall be prohibited from assessing civil penalties against public transportation agencies (as defined 6 7 in section 40501 of this title) for violations of the Department's regula-8 tions or orders, except in accordance with the following: 9 (A) In the case of a public transportation agency that is found 10 to be in violation of a regulation or order issued by the Secretary, the Secretary shall seek correction of the violation through a writ-11 12 ten notice to the public transportation agency and shall give the 13 public transportation agency reasonable opportunity to correct the 14 violation or propose an alternative means of compliance acceptable 15 to the Secretary. 16 (B) If the public transportation agency does not correct the vio-17 lation or propose an alternative means of compliance acceptable to 18 the Secretary within a reasonable time period that is specified in 19 the written notice, the Secretary may take any action authorized 20 in chapter 113 of this title. 21 (3) LIMITATION ON SECRETARY.—The Secretary shall not initiate 22 civil enforcement actions for violations of administrative and procedural 23 requirements pertaining to the application for, and expenditure of, 24 funds awarded under transportation security grant programs under the 25 Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 26 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 266). 27 (f) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the mission of the 28 surface transportation security inspectors is consistent with any relevant 29 risk assessments required by the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/ 30 11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-53, 121 Stat. 266) or com-31 pleted by the Department, the modal plans required under section 11314 32 of this title, the Memorandum of Understanding between the Department 33 and the Department of Transportation on Roles and Responsibilities, dated September 28, 2004, and all subsequent annexes to this Memorandum of 34 35 Understanding, and other relevant documents setting forth the Depart-36 ment's transportation security strategy, as appropriate. 37 (g) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall periodically consult with the 38 surface transportation entities that are or may be inspected by the surface 39 transportation security inspectors, including, as appropriate, railroad car-40 riers, over-the-road bus operators and terminal owners and operators, motor

1	carriers, public transportation agencies, owners or operators of highways,
2	and pipeline operators on—
3	(1) the inspectors' duties, responsibilities, authorities, and mission;
4	and
5	(2) strategies to improve transportation security and to ensure com-
6	pliance with transportation security requirements.
7	§40314. Surface transportation security technology infor-
8	mation sharing
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—
10	(1) INFORMATION SHARING.—The Secretary, in consultation with
11	the Secretary of Transportation, shall establish a program to provide
12	appropriate information that the Department has gathered or devel-
13	oped on the performance, use, and testing of technologies that may be
14	used to enhance railroad, public transportation, and surface transpor-
15	tation security to surface transportation entities, including railroad car-
16	riers, over-the-road bus operators and terminal owners and operators,
17	motor carriers, public transportation agencies, owners or operators of
18	highways, pipeline operators, and State, local, and tribal governments
19	that provide security assistance to the entities.
20	(2) Designation of qualified antiterrorism technologies.—
21	The Secretary shall include in the information provided in paragraph
22	(1) whether the technology is designated as a qualified antiterrorism
23	technology under the Support Anti-terrorism by Fostering Effective
24	Technologies Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, title VIII, subtitle G,
25	116 Stat. 2238), as appropriate.
26	(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the program is to assist eligible grant re-
27	cipients under this subtitle and others, as appropriate, to purchase and use
28	the best technology and equipment available to meet the security needs of
29	the Nation's surface transportation system.
30	(c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the program estab-
31	lished under this section makes use of and is consistent with other Depart-
32	ment technology testing, information sharing, evaluation, and standards-set-
33	ting programs, as appropriate.
34	§40315. Transportation Security Administration personnel
35	limitations
36	Any statutory limitation on the number of employees in the Transpor-
37	tation Security Administration does not apply to employees carrying out this
38	chapter, chapters 401, 405, and 407 of this title, and titles XII through
39	XV of the Implementing Recommendations of the $9/11$ Commission Act of
40	2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 381).

1	§40316. National explosives detection canine team training
2	program
3	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "explosives detection canine
4	team" means a canine and a canine handler that are trained to detect explo-
5	sives, radiological materials, chemical, nuclear or biological weapons, or
6	other threats as defined by the Secretary.
7	(b) IN GENERAL.—
8	(1) INCREASED CAPACITY.—The Secretary shall—
9	(A) begin to increase the number of explosives detection canine
10	teams certified by the Transportation Security Administration for
11	the purposes of transportation-related security by up to 200 ca-
12	nine teams annually by the end of 2010; and
13	(B) encourage State, local, and tribal governments and private
14	owners of high-risk transportation facilities to strengthen security
15	through the use of highly trained explosives detection canine
16	teams.
17	(2) WAYS TO INCREASE NUMBER OF EXPLOSIVES DETECTION CA-
18	NINE TEAMS.—The Secretary shall increase the number of explosives
19	detection canine teams by—
20	(A) using the Transportation Security Administration's Na-
21	tional Explosives Detection Canine Team Training Center, includ-
22	ing expanding and upgrading existing facilities, procuring and
23	breeding additional canines, and increasing staffing and oversight
24	commensurate with the increased training and deployment capa-
25	bilities;
26	(B) partnering with other Federal, State, or local agencies, non-
27	profit organizations, universities, or the private sector to increase
28	the training capacity for canine detection teams;
29	(C) procuring explosives detection canines trained by nonprofit
30	organizations, universities, or the private sector provided they are
31	trained in a manner consistent with the standards and require-
32	ments developed under subsection (c) or other criteria developed
33	by the Secretary; or
34	(D) a combination of subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), as ap-
35	propriate.
36	(c) Standards for Explosives Detection Canine eams.—
37	(1) IN GENERAL.—Based on the feasibility in meeting the ongoing
38	demand for quality explosives detection canine teams, the Secretary
39	shall establish criteria, including canine training curricula, performance
40	standards, and other requirements approved by the Transportation Se-
41	curity Administration necessary to ensure that explosives detection ca-

1	nine teams trained by nonprofit organizations, universities, and private-
2	sector entities are adequately trained and maintained.
3	(2) EXPANSION.—In developing and implementing the curricula, per-
4	formance standards, and other requirements, the Secretary shall—
5	(A) coordinate with key stakeholders, including international,
6	Federal, State, and local officials, and private sector and academic
7	entities to develop best practice guidelines for a standardized pro-
8	gram, as appropriate;
9	(B) require that explosives detection canine teams trained by
10	nonprofit organizations, universities, or private-sector entities that
11	are used or made available by the Secretary be trained consistent
12	with specific training criteria developed by the Secretary; and
13	(C) review the status of the private-sector programs on at least
14	an annual basis to ensure compliance with training curricula, per-
15	formance standards, and other requirements.
16	(d) DEPLOYMENT.—The Secretary shall—
17	(1) use the additional explosives detection canine teams as part of
18	the Department's efforts to strengthen security across the Nation's
19	transportation network, and may use the canine teams on a more lim-
20	ited basis to support other homeland security missions, as determined
21	appropriate by the Secretary;
22	(2) make available explosives detection canine teams to all modes of
23	transportation, for high-risk areas or to address specific threats, on an
24	as-needed basis and as otherwise determined appropriate by the Sec-
25	retary;
26	(3) encourage, but not require, any transportation facility or system
27	to deploy TSA-certified explosives detection canine teams developed
28	under this section; $and(4)$ consider specific needs and training require-
29	ments for explosives detection canine teams to be deployed across the
30	Nation's transportation network, including in venues of multiple modes
31	of transportation, as appropriate.
32	(e) CANINE PROCUREMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
33	trator of the Transportation Security Administration, shall work to ensure
34	that explosives detection canine teams are procured as efficiently as possible
35	and at the best price, while maintaining the needed level of quality, includ-
36	ing, if appropriate, through increased domestic breeding.
37	§40317. Roles of the Department of Homeland Security and
38	the Department of Transportation
39	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is the principal Federal official respon-
40	sible for transportation security.

1	(b) Equivalent Roles and Responsibilities.—In carrying out this
2	chapter, chapters 401, 405, and 407 of this title, and titles XII through
3	XV of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of
4	2007 Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 381), the roles and responsibilities of
5	the Department of Homeland Security and the Department of Transpor-
6	tation are the same as their roles and responsibilities under the following:
7	(1) The Aviation and Transportation Security Act (Public Law
8	107–71, 115 Stat. 597).
9	(2) The Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of
10	2004 (Public Law 108–458, 118 Stat. 3638).
11	(3) The National Infrastructure Protection Plan required by
12	Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7.
13	(4) The Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296,
14	116 Stat. 2135).
15	(5) The National Response Plan.
16	(6) Executive Order No. 13416: Strengthening Surface Trans-
17	portation Security, dated December 5, 2006 (71 Fed. Reg.
18	71033).
19	(7) The Memorandum of Understanding between the Depart-
20	ment of Homeland Security and the Department of Transpor-
21	tation on Roles and Responsibilities, dated September 28, 2004,
22	and any and all subsequent annexes to this Memorandum of Un-
23	derstanding and other relevant agreements between the two De-
24	partments.
25	Chapter 405—Public Transportation Security
	 See. 40501. Definitions. 40502. National Strategy for Public Transportation Security. 40503. Security assessments and plans. 40504. Public transportation security improvement grants. 40505. Security exercises. 40506. Public transportation security training program. 40507. Public transportation research and development. 40508. Information sharing. 40509. Reporting requirements. 40510. Public transportation employee protections. 40511. Security background checks of covered individuals for public transportation. 40512. Limitation on fines and civil penalties.
26	§40501. Definitions
27	In this chapter:
28	(1) Appropriate congressional committee.—The term "appro-
29	priate congressional committee" means the Committee on Banking,
30	Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Homeland Security
31	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Home-

1	land Security and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure
2	of the House.
3	(2) DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERN.—The term "disadvan-
4	taged business concern" means a small business that is owned and con-
5	trolled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals as de-
6	fined in part 124, title 13, Code of Federal Regulations.
7	(3) FRONTLINE EMPLOYEE.—The term "frontline employee" means
8	an employee of a public transportation agency who is a transit vehicle
9	driver or operator, dispatcher, maintenance and maintenance support
10	employee, station attendant, customer service employee, security em-
11	ployee, or transit police, or any other employee who has direct contact
12	with riders on a regular basis, and any other employee of a public
13	transportation agency that the Secretary determines should receive se-
14	curity training under section 40505 of this title.
15	(4) Public transportation agency.—The term "public transpor-
16	tation agency" means a publicly owned operator of public transpor-
17	tation eligible to receive Federal assistance under chapter 53 of title
18	49.
19	§40502. National Strategy for Public Transportation Secu-
20	rity
21	(a) NATIONAL STRATEGY.—Based on the previous and ongoing security
22	assessments conducted by the Department and the Department of Trans-
23	portation, the Secretary, consistent with and as required by section 11314
24	
24	of this title, shall develop and implement the modal plan for public transpor-
24 25	of this title, shall develop and implement the modal plan for public transpor- tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security"
25	tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security"
25 26	tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy").
25 26 27	tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security"(in this section referred to as the "Strategy").(b) PURPOSE.—
25 26 27 28	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall es-
25 26 27 28 29	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that—
25 26 27 28 29 30	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems;
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems; and
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems; and (B) maximize the abilities of public transportation systems to
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems; and (B) maximize the abilities of public transportation systems to mitigate damage resulting from terrorist attack or other major in-
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems; and (B) maximize the abilities of public transportation systems to mitigate damage resulting from terrorist attack or other major incident. (2) ASSESSMENTS AND CONSULTATIONS.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall—
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems; and (B) maximize the abilities of public transportation systems to mitigate damage resulting from terrorist attack or other major incident. (2) ASSESSMENTS AND CONSULTATIONS.—In developing the Strat-
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems; and (B) maximize the abilities of public transportation systems to mitigate damage resulting from terrorist attack or other major incident. (2) ASSESSMENTS AND CONSULTATIONS.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall— (A) use established and ongoing public transportation security assessments as the basis of the Strategy; and
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 tation, entitled the "National Strategy for Public Transportation Security" (in this section referred to as the "Strategy"). (b) PURPOSE.— (1) Guidelines.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall establish guidelines for public transportation security that— (A) minimize security threats to public transportation systems; and (B) maximize the abilities of public transportation systems to mitigate damage resulting from terrorist attack or other major incident. (2) ASSESSMENTS AND CONSULTATIONS.—In developing the Strategy, the Secretary shall— (A) use established and ongoing public transportation security

public transportation employees, emergency responders, public
safety officials, and other relevant parties.
(c) CONTENTS.—In the Strategy, the Secretary shall describe prioritized
goals, objectives, policies, actions, and schedules to improve the security of
public transportation.
(d) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Secretary shall include in the Strategy a de-
scription of the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of Federal, State, and
local agencies, tribal governments, and appropriate stakeholders. The Strat-
egy shall also include—
(1) the identification of, and a plan to address, gaps and unneces-
sary overlaps in the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of Federal
agencies; and
(2) a process for coordinating existing or future security strategies
and plans for public transportation, including
(A) the National Infrastructure Protection Plan required by
Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7;
(B) Executive Order No. 13416: Strengthening Surface Trans-
portation Security dated December 5, 2006 (71 Fed. Reg. 71033);
(C) the Memorandum of Understanding between the Depart-
ment and the Department of Transportation on Roles and Respon-
sibilities dated September 28, 2004, and subsequent annexes and
agreements.
(e) ADEQUACY OF EXISTING PLANS AND STRATEGIES.—In developing the
Strategy, the Secretary shall use relevant existing risk assessments and
strategies developed by the Department or other Federal agencies, including
those developed or implemented under section 11314 of this title or Home-
land Security Presidential Directive 7.175§ 40503. Security assessments
and plans
(a) Public Transportation Security Assessments.—
(1) SUBMISSION.—The Administrator of the Federal Transit Admin-
istration shall submit all public transportation security assessments and
all other relevant information to the Secretary.
(2) Secretarial review.—Not later than 60 days after receiving
the submission under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall review and
augment the security assessments received, and conduct additional se-
curity assessments as necessary to ensure that at a minimum, all high
risk public transportation agencies, as determined by the Secretary, will
have a completed security assessment.
(3) CONTENT.—The Secretary shall ensure that each completed se-
curity assessment includes—

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1	(A) identification of critical assets, infrastructure, and systems
2	and their vulnerabilities; and
3	(B) identification of any other security weaknesses, including
4	weaknesses in emergency response planning and employee train-
5	ing.
6	(b) BUS AND RURAL PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS.—The Sec-
7	retary shall—
8	(1) conduct security assessments, based on a representative
9	sample, to determine the specific needs of—
10	(A) local bus-only public transportation systems; and
11	(B) public transportation systems that receive funds under sec-
12	tion 5311 of title 49; and
13	(2) make the representative assessments available for use by simi-
14	larly situated systems.
15	(c) Security Plans.—
16	(1) Requirement for plan.—
17	(A) HIGH RISK AGENCIES.—The Secretary shall require public
18	transportation agencies determined by the Secretary to be at high
19	risk for terrorism to develop a comprehensive security plan. The
20	Secretary shall provide technical assistance and guidance to public
21	transportation agencies in preparing and implementing security
22	plans under this section.
23	(B) OTHER AGENCIES.—Subject to subparagraph (C), the Sec-
24	retary may also establish a security program for public transpor-
25	tation agencies not designated high risk by the Secretary, to assist
26	those public transportation agencies that request assistance, in-
27	eluding
28	(i) guidance to assist agencies in conducting security as-
29	sessments and preparing and implementing security plans;
30	and
31	(ii) a process for the Secretary to review and approve as-
32	sessments and plans, as appropriate.
33	(C) PLAN NOT REQUIRED.—A public transportation agency that
34	has not been designated high risk may not be required to develop
35	a security plan.
36	(2) CONTENT.—The Secretary shall ensure that security plans in-
37	clude, as appropriate
38	(A) a prioritized list of all items included in the public transpor-
39	tation agency's security assessment that have not yet been ad-
	dressed;

1	(B) a detailed list of any additional capital and operational im-
2	provements identified by the Department or the public transpor-
3	tation agency and a certification of the public transportation agen-
4	cy's technical capacity for operating and maintaining security
5	equipment that may be identified in the list;
6	(C) specific procedures to be implemented or used by the public
7	transportation agency in response to a terrorist attack, including
8	evacuation and passenger communication plans and appropriate
9	evacuation and communication measures for the elderly and indi-
10	viduals with disabilities;
11	(D) a coordinated response plan that establishes procedures for
12	appropriate interaction with State and local law enforcement agen-
13	cies, emergency responders, and Federal officials in order to coor-
14	dinate security measures and plans for response in the event of
15	a terrorist attack or other major incident;
16	(E) a strategy and timeline for conducting training under sec-
17	tion 40506 of this title;
18	(F) plans for providing redundant and other appropriate backup
19	systems necessary to ensure the continued operation of critical ele-
20	ments of the public transportation system in the event of a terror-
21	ist attack or other major incident;
22	(G) plans for providing service capabilities throughout the sys-
23	tem in the event of a terrorist attack or other major incident in
24	the city or region which the public transportation system serves;
25	(H) methods to mitigate damage within a public transportation
26	system in case of an attack on the system, including a plan for
27	communication and coordination with emergency responders; and
28	(I) other actions or procedures as the Secretary determines are
29	appropriate to address the security of the public transportation
30	system.
31	(3) REVIEW.—Not later than 6 months after receiving the plans re-
32	quired under this section, the Secretary shall—
33	(A) review each security plan submitted;
34	(B) require the public transportation agency to make any
35	amendments needed to ensure that the plan meets the require-
36	ments of this section; and
37	(C) approve any security plan that meets the requirements of
38	this section.
39	(4) EXEMPTION.—The Secretary may not require a public transpor-
40	tation agency to develop a security plan under paragraph (1) if the
41	agency does not receive a grant under section 40504 of this title.

1	(5) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the exemption provided in
2	paragraph (4) to require a public transportation agency to develop a
3	security plan under paragraph (1) in the absence of grant funds under
4	section 40504 of this title if not less than 3 days after making the de-
5	termination the Secretary provides the appropriate congressional com-
6	mittees and the public transportation agency written notification detail-
7	ing the need for the security plan, the reasons grant funding has not
8	been made available, and the reason the agency has been designated
9	high risk.
10	(d) CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER PLANS.—The Secretary shall ensure that
11	the security plans developed by public transportation agencies under this
12	section are consistent with the security assessments developed by the De-
13	partment and the National Strategy for Public Transportation Security de-
14	veloped under section 40502 of this title.
15	(e) UPDATES.—The Secretary annually shall—
16	(1) update the security assessments referred to in subsection (a);
17	(2) update the security improvement priorities required under sub-
18	section (f); and
19	(3) require public transportation agencies to update the security
20	plans required under subsection (c) as appropriate.
21	(f) Security Improvement Priorities.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each fiscal year, the Secretary, after consultation
23	with management and nonprofit employee labor organizations rep-
24	resenting public transportation employees as appropriate, and with ap-
25	propriate State and local officials, shall utilize the information devel-
26	oped or received in this section to establish security improvement prior-
27	ities unique to each individual public transportation agency that has
28	been assessed.
29	(2) Allocations.—The Secretary shall use the security improve-
30	ment priorities established in paragraph (1) as the basis for allocating
31	risk-based grant funds under section 40504 of this title, unless the Sec-
32	retary notifies the appropriate congressional committees that the Sec-
33	retary has determined an adjustment is necessary to respond to an ur-
34	gent threat or other significant national security factors.
35	(g) SHARED FACILITIES.—The Secretary shall encourage the development
36	and implementation of coordinated assessments and security plans to the ex-
37	tent a public transportation agency shares facilities (such as tunnels,
38	bridges, stations, or platforms) with another public transportation agency,
39	a freight or passenger railroad carrier, or over-the-road bus operator that
40	are geographically close or otherwise co-located.
41	(h) Nondisclosure of Information.—

1	(1) SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION TO CONGRESS.—Nothing in this
2	section shall be construed as authorizing the withholding of any infor-
3	mation from Congress.
4	(2) Disclosure of independently furnished information.—
5	Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting any authority
6	or obligation of a Federal agency to disclose any record or information
7	that the Federal agency obtains from a public transportation agency
8	under any other Federal law.
9	(i) DETERMINATION.—In response to a petition by a public transpor-
10	tation agency or at the discretion of the Secretary, the Secretary may recog-
11	nize existing procedures, protocols, and standards of a public transportation
12	agency that the Secretary determines meet all or part of the requirements
13	of this section regarding security assessments or security plans.
14	§40504. Public transportation security improvement grants
15	(a) Security Assistance Program.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program for mak-
17	ing grants to eligible public transportation agencies for security im-
18	provements described in subsection (b).
19	(2) ELIGIBILITY.—A public transportation agency is eligible for a
20	grant under this section if the Secretary has performed a security as-
21	sessment or the agency has developed a security plan under section
22	40503 of this title. Grant funds shall only be awarded for permissible
23	uses under subsection (b) to—
24	(A) address items included in a security assessment; or
25	(B) further a security plan.
26	(b) USES OF FUNDS.—A recipient of a grant under subsection (a) shall
27	use the grant funds for one or more of the following:
28	(1) Capital uses of funds, including
29	(A) tunnel protection systems;
30	(B) perimeter protection systems, including access control, in-
31	stallation of improved lighting, fencing, and barricades;
32	(C) redundant critical operations control systems;
33	(D) chemical, biological, radiological, or explosive detection sys-
34	tems, including the acquisition of canines used for detection;
35	(E) surveillance equipment;
36	(F) communications equipment, including mobile service equip-
37	ment to provide access to wireless Enhanced 911 (E911) emer-
38	gency services in an underground fixed guideway system;
39	(G) emergency response equipment, including personal protec-
40	tive equipment;
41	(H) fire suppression and decontamination equipment;

1	(I) global positioning or tracking and recovery equipment, and
2	other automated-vehicle-locator-type system equipment;
3	(J) evacuation improvements;
4	(K) purchase and placement of bomb-resistant trash cans
5	throughout public transportation facilities, including subway exits,
6	entrances, and tunnels;
7	(L) capital costs associated with security awareness, security
8	preparedness, and security response training, including training
9	under section 40506 of this title and exercises under section
10	40505 of this title;
11	(M) security improvements for public transportation systems,
12	including extensions thereto, in final design or under construction;
13	(N) security improvements for stations and other public trans-
14	portation infrastructure, including stations and other public trans-
15	portation infrastructure owned by State or local governments; and
16	(O) other capital security improvements determined appropriate
17	by the Secretary.
18	(2) Operating uses of funds, including
19	(A) security training, including training under section 40506 of
20	this title and training developed by institutions of higher education
21	and by nonprofit employee labor organizations, for public trans-
22	portation employees, including frontline employees;
23	(B) live or simulated exercises under section 40505 of this title;
24	(C) public awareness campaigns for enhanced public transpor-
25	tation security;
26	(D) canine patrols for chemical, radiological, biological, or explo-
27	sives detection;
28	(E) development of security plans under section 40503 of this
29	title;
30	(F) overtime reimbursement including reimbursement of State,
31	local, and tribal governments, for costs for enhanced security per-
32	sonnel during significant national and international public events;
33	(G) operational costs, including reimbursement of State, local,
34	and tribal governments for costs for personnel assigned to full-
35	time or part-time security or counterterrorism duties related to
36	public transportation, provided that this expense totals no more
37	than 10 percent of the total grant funds received by a public
38	transportation agency in any 1 year; and
39	(H) other operational security costs determined appropriate by
40	the Secretary, excluding routine, ongoing personnel costs, other
41	than those set forth in this section.

1 (c) SECRETARY'S RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the responsibilities 2 under subsection (a), the Secretary shall— 3 (1) determine the requirements for recipients of grants under this 4 section, including application requirements; 5 (2) under subsection (a)(2), select the recipients of grants based solely on risk; and 6 7 (3) under subsection (b), establish the priorities for which grant 8 funds may be used under this section. 9 (d) DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS.—The Secretary and the Secretary of 10 Transportation shall determine the most effective and efficient way to dis-11 tribute grant funds to the recipients of grants determined by the Secretary 12 under subsection (a). Subject to the determination made by the Secretaries, 13 the Secretary may transfer funds to the Secretary of Transportation for the 14 purposes of disbursing funds to the grant recipient. 15 (e) GRANT SUBJECT TO CERTAIN TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—Except as 16 otherwise specifically provided in this section, a grant provided under this 17 section is subject to the terms and conditions applicable to a grant made 18 under section 5307 of title 49, as in effect on January 1, 2007, and other 19 terms and conditions determined necessary by the Secretary. 20 (f) LIMITATION ON USES OF FUNDS.-Grants made under this section 21 may not be used to make any State or local government cost-sharing con-22 tribution under any other Federal law. 23 (g) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Each recipient of a grant under this section 24 shall report annually to the Secretary on the use of the grant funds. 25 (h) GUIDELINES ON USE OF CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS.-26 Before distribution of funds to recipients of grants, the Secretary shall issue 27 guidelines to ensure that, to the extent that recipients of grants under this 28 section use contractors or subcontractors, the recipients shall use small, mi-29 nority, women-owned, or disadvantaged business concerns as contractors or 30 subcontractors to the extent practicable. 31 (i) COORDINATION WITH STATE HOMELAND SECURITY PLANS.-In es-32 tablishing security improvement priorities under section 40503 of this title 33 and in awarding grants for capital security improvements and operational 34 security improvements under subsection (b), the Secretary shall act consist-35 ently with relevant State homeland security plans. 36 (j) MULTISTATE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS.—In cases in which a public 37 transportation system operates in more than one State, the Secretary shall 38 give appropriate consideration to the risks of the entire system, including 39 those portions of the States into which the system crosses, in establishing 40 security improvement priorities under section 40503 of this title and in

1	awarding grants for capital security improvements and operational security
2	improvements under subsection (b).
3	(k) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 3 days before the
4	award of any grant under this section, the Secretary shall notify simulta-
5	neously the appropriate congressional committees of the intent to award the
6	grant.
7	(1) RETURN OF MISSPENT GRANT FUNDS.—The Secretary shall establish
8	a process to require the return of any misspent grant funds received under
9	this section determined to have been spent for a purpose other than those
10	specified in the grant award.
11	§ 40505. Security exercises
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program for conduct-
13	ing security exercises for public transportation agencies for the purpose of
14	assessing and improving the capabilities of entities described in subsection
15	(b) to prevent, prepare for, mitigate against, respond to, and recover from
16	acts of terrorism.
17	(b) COVERED ENTITIES.—Entities to be assessed under the program in-
18	clude—
19	(1) Federal, State, and local agencies and tribal governments;
20	(2) public transportation agencies;
21	(3) governmental and nongovernmental emergency response provid-
22	ers and law enforcement personnel, including transit police; and
23	(4) any other organization or entity that the Secretary determines
24	appropriate.
25	(c) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall ensure that the program—
26	(1) requires, for public transportation agencies that the Secretary
27	considers appropriate, exercises to be conducted that are—
28	(A) scaled and tailored to the needs of specific public transpor-
29	tation systems, and include taking into account the needs of the
30	elderly and individuals with disabilities;
31	(B) live;
32	(C) coordinated with appropriate officials;
33	(D) as realistic as practicable and based on current risk assess-
34	ments, including credible threats, vulnerabilities, and conse-
35	quences;
36	(E) inclusive, as appropriate, of frontline employees and man-
37	agers; and
38	(F) consistent with the National Incident Management System,
39	the National Response Plan, the National Infrastructure Protec-
40	tion Plan, the National Preparedness Guidance, the National Pre-
41	paredness Goal, and other national initiatives of this type;

1 (2) provides that exercises described in paragraph (1) will be-2 (A) evaluated by the Secretary against clear and consistent perform-3 ance measures; 4 (B) assessed by the Secretary to learn best practices, which 5 shall be shared with appropriate Federal, State, local, and tribal officials, governmental and nongovernmental emergency response 6 7 providers, law enforcement personnel, including railroad and tran-8 sit police, and appropriate stakeholders; and 9 (C) followed by remedial action by covered entities in response 10 to lessons learned; 11 (3) involves individuals in neighborhoods around the infrastructure 12 of a public transportation system; and 13 (4) assists State, local, and tribal governments and public transpor-14 tation agencies in designing, implementing, and evaluating exercises 15 that conform to the requirements of paragraph (2). 16 (d) NATIONAL EXERCISE PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall ensure that the exercise program developed under subsection (a) is a component of the Na-17 18 tional Exercise Program established under section 20508 of this title. 19 (e) FERRY SYSTEM EXEMPTION.—This section does not apply to a ferry 20 system for which drills are required to be conducted under section 70103 21 of title 46 22 §40506. Public transportation security training program 23 (a) APPLICABILITY.—A public transportation agency that receives a grant 24 award under this chapter shall develop and implement a security training 25 program under this section. 26 (b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop and issue detailed final 27 regulations for a public transportation security training program to prepare 28 public transportation employees, including frontline employees, for potential 29 security threats and conditions. 30 (c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall develop the final regulations 31 under subsection (b) in consultation with-32 (1) appropriate law enforcement, fire service, security, and terrorism 33 experts; 34 (2) representatives of public transportation agencies; and 35 (3) nonprofit employee labor organizations representing public trans-36 portation employees or emergency response personnel. 37 (d) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The final regulations developed under sub-38 section (b) shall require security training programs to include, at a mini-39 mum, elements to address the following: 40 (1) Determination of the seriousness of any occurrence or threat. 41 (2) Crew and passenger communication and coordination.

1	(3) Appropriate responses to defend oneself, including using non-
2	lethal defense devices.
3	(4) Use of personal protective devices and other protective equip-
4	ment.
5	(5) Evacuation procedures for passengers and employees, including
6	individuals with disabilities and the elderly.
7	(6) Training related to behavioral and psychological understanding
8	of, and responses to, terrorist incidents, including the ability to cope
9	with hijacker behavior, and passenger responses.
10	(7) Live situational training exercises regarding various threat condi-
11	tions, including tunnel evacuation procedures.
12	(8) Recognition and reporting of dangerous substances and sus-
13	picious packages, persons, and situations.
14	(9) Understanding security incident procedures, including procedures
15	for communicating with governmental and nongovernmental emergency
16	response providers and for on scene interaction with emergency re-
17	sponse providers.
18	(10) Operation and maintenance of security equipment and systems.
19	(11) Other security training activities that the Secretary deems ap-
20	propriate.
21	(e) Required Programs.—
22	(1) DEVELOPMENT AND SUBMISSION TO SECRETARY.—Not later
23	than 90 days after a public transportation agency meets the require-
24	ments under subsection (a), the public transportation agency shall de-
25	velop a security training program in accordance with the regulations
26	developed under subsection (b) and submit the program to the Sec-
27	retary for approval.
28	(2) APPROVAL.—Not later than 60 days after receiving a security
29	training program proposal under this subsection, the Secretary shall
30	approve the program or require the public transportation agency that
31	developed the program to make any revisions to the program that the
32	Secretary determines necessary for the program to meet the require-
33	ments of the regulations. A public transportation agency shall respond
34	to the Secretary's comments within 30 days after receiving them.
35	(3) TRAINING.—Not later than 1 year after the Secretary approves
36	a security training program proposal under this subsection, the public
37	transportation agency that developed the program shall complete the
38	training of all employees covered under the program.
39	(4) UPDATES OF REGULATIONS AND PROGRAM REVISIONS.—The
40	Secretary shall periodically review and update, as appropriate, the
41	training regulations issued under subsection (b) to reflect new or

1 changing security threats. Each public transportation agency shall re-2 vise its training program accordingly and provide additional training as 3 necessary to its workers within a reasonable time after the regulations 4 are updated. 5 (f) LONG-TERM TRAINING REQUIREMENT.—A public transportation 6 agency required to develop a security training program under this section 7 shall provide routine and ongoing training for employees covered under the 8 program, regardless of whether the public transportation agency receives 9 subsequent grant awards. 10 (g) NATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall ensure that the training program developed under subsection (b) is a component of the Na-11 12 tional Training Program established under section 20508 of this title. 13 (h) FERRY EXEMPTION.—This section shall not apply to a ferry system for which training is required to be conducted under section 70103 of title 14 15 46. 16 §40507. Public transportation research and development 17 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.—The 18 Secretary shall carry out, through the Homeland Security Advanced Re-19 search Projects Agency in the Science and Technology Directorate and in 20 consultation with the Transportation Security Administration and the Fed-21 eral Transit Administration, a research and development program to im-22 prove the security of transportation systems. 23 (b) AWARDING OF GRANTS AND CONTRACTS.—The Secretary shall award 24 grants or contracts to public or private entities to conduct research and 25 demonstrate technologies and methods to reduce and deter terrorist threats 26 or mitigate damages resulting from terrorist attacks against public trans-27 portation systems. 28 (c) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants or contracts awarded under this section— 29 (1) shall be coordinated with activities of the Homeland Security Ad-30 vanced Research Projects Agency; and 31 (2) may be used to— 32 (A) research chemical, biological, radiological, or explosive detection systems that do not significantly impede passenger access; 33 34 (B) research imaging technologies; 35 (C) conduct product evaluations and testing; 36 (D) improve security and redundancy for critical communica-37 tions, electrical power, and computer and train control systems; 38 (E) develop technologies for securing tunnels, transit bridges 39 and aerial structures; 40 (F) research technologies that mitigate damages in the event of 41 a cyber attack; and

1	(G) research other technologies or methods for reducing or de-
2	terring terrorist attacks against public transportation systems, or
3	mitigating damage from attacks.
4	(d) Privacy and Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Issues.—
5	(1) Consultation.—In carrying out research and development
6	projects under this section, the Secretary shall consult with the Chief
7	Privacy Officer of the Department and the Officer for Civil Rights and
8	Civil Liberties of the Department, as appropriate, and in accordance
9	with section 10542 of this title.
10	(2) Privacy impact assessments.—In accordance with sections 10542
11	and 11505 of this title, the Chief Privacy Officer shall conduct privacy
12	impact assessments and the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties
13	shall conduct reviews, as appropriate, for research and development ini-
14	tiatives developed under this section.
15	(e) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Each entity that is awarded a grant or
16	contract under this section shall report annually to the Department on the
17	use of grant or contract funds received under this section to ensure that
18	the awards made are expended in accordance with the purposes of this
19	chapter and the priorities developed by the Secretary.
20	(f) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the research is con-
21	sistent with the priorities established in the National Strategy for Public
22	Transportation Security and is coordinated, to the extent practicable, with
23	other Federal, State, local, tribal, and private-sector public transportation,
24	railroad, commuter railroad, and over-the-road bus research initiatives to le-
25	verage resources and avoid unnecessary duplicative efforts.
26	(g) RETURN OF MISSPENT GRANT OR CONTRACT FUNDS.—If the Sec-
27	retary determines that a grantee or contractor used any portion of the grant
28	or contract funds received under this section for a purpose other than the
29	allowable uses specified under subsection (c), the grantee or contractor shall
30	return that amount to the Treasury.
31	§40508. Information sharing
32	(a) INTELLIGENCE SHARING.—The Secretary shall ensure that the De-
33	partment of Transportation receives appropriate and timely notification of
34	all credible terrorist threats against public transportation assets in the
35	United States.
36	(b) Information Sharing Analysis Center.—
37	(1) Authorization.—The Secretary shall provide for the reasonable
38	costs of the Information Sharing and Analysis Center for Public Trans-
39	portation (in this subsection referred to as the "ISAC").
40	(2) Participation.—The Secretary—

1	(A) shall require public transportation agencies that the Sec-
2	retary determines to be at high risk of terrorist attack to partici-
3	pate in the ISAC;
4	(B) shall encourage all other public transportation agencies to
5	participate in the ISAC;
6	(C) shall encourage the participation of nonprofit employee
7	labor organizations representing public transportation employees,
8	as appropriate; and
9	(D) shall not charge a fee for participating in the ISAC.
10	§40509. Reporting requirements
11	(a) ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 31 each year, the Secretary
13	shall submit a report, containing the information described in para-
14	graph (2), to the appropriate congressional committees.
15	(2) CONTENTS.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall in-
16	elude—
17	(A) a description of the implementation of the provisions of this
18	chapter;
19	(B) the amount of funds appropriated to carry out the provi-
20	sions of this chapter that have not been expended or obligated;
21	(C) the National Strategy for Public Transportation Security
22	required under section 40502 of this title;
23	(D) an estimate of the cost to implement the National Strategy
24	for Public Transportation Security, which shall break out the ag-
25	gregated total cost of needed capital and operational security im-
26	provements for fiscal years 2008 through 2018; and
27	(E) the state of public transportation security in the United
28	States, which shall include detailing the status of security assess-
29	ments, the progress being made around the country in developing
30	prioritized lists of security improvements necessary to make public
31	transportation facilities and passengers more secure, the progress
32	being made by agencies in developing security plans and how those
33	plans differ from the security assessments and a prioritized list of
34	security improvements being compiled by other agencies, as well
35	as a random sample of an equal number of large- and small-scale
36	projects currently underway.
37	(3) FORMAT.—The Secretary may submit the report in both classi-
38	fied and redacted formats if the Secretary determines that it is appro-
39	priate or necessary.
40	(b) ANNUAL REPORT TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 31 each year, the Secretary
2	shall submit a report to the chief executive officer of each State with
3	a public transportation agency that has received a grant under this
4	chapter.
5	(2) CONTENTS.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall
6	specify
7	(A) the amount of grant funds distributed to each public trans-
8	portation agency; and
9	(B) the use of the grant funds.
10	§ 40510. Public transportation employee protections
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—A public transportation agency, a contractor or a sub-
12	contractor of the agency, or an officer or employee of the agency, shall not
13	discharge, demote, suspend, reprimand, or in any other way discriminate
14	against an employee if the discrimination is due, in whole or in part, to the
15	employee's lawful, good faith act done, or perceived by the employer to have
16	been done or about to be done—
17	(1) to provide information, directly cause information to be provided,
18	or otherwise directly assist in any investigation regarding any conduct
19	that the employee reasonably believes constitutes a violation of any
20	Federal law, rule, or regulation relating to public transportation safety
21	or security, or fraud, waste, or abuse of Federal grants or other public
22	funds intended to be used for public transportation safety or security,
23	if the information or assistance is provided to, or an investigation stem-
24	ming from the provided information is conducted by—
25	(A) a Federal, State, or local regulatory or law enforcement
26	agency (including an office of the Inspector General under the In-
27	spector General Act of 1978 (Public Law 95–452, 5 U.S.C. App.);
28	(B) a member of Congress, a committee of Congress, or the
29	Government Accountability Office; o
30	(C) an individual with supervisory authority over the employee
31	or another individual who has the authority to investigate, dis-
32	cover, or terminate the misconduct;
33	(2) to refuse to violate or assist in the violation of any Federal law,
34	rule, or regulation relating to public transportation safety or secu-
35	rity;(3) to file a complaint or directly cause to be brought a proceeding
36	relating to the enforcement of this section or to testify in that proceed-
37	ing;
38	(4) to cooperate with a safety or security investigation by the Sec-
39	retary of Transportation, the Secretary, or the National Transportation
40	Safety Board; or

1	(5) to furnish information to the Secretary of Transportation, the
2	Secretary, the National Transportation Safety Board, or another Fed-
3	eral, State, or local regulatory or law enforcement agency as to the
4	facts relating to any accident or incident resulting in injury or death
5	to an individual or damage to property occurring in connection with
6	public transportation.
7	(b) Hazardous Safety or Security Conditions.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—A public transportation agency, a contractor or
9	a subcontractor of the agency, or an officer or employee of the agency,
10	shall not discharge, demote, suspend, reprimand, or in any other way
11	discriminate against an employee for—
12	(A) reporting a hazardous safety or security condition;
13	(B) refusing to work when confronted by a hazardous safety or
14	security condition related to the performance of the employee's du-
15	ties, if the conditions described in paragraph (2) exist; or
16	(C) refusing to authorize the use of any safety- or security-relat-
17	ed equipment, track, or structures, if the employee is responsible
18	for the inspection or repair of the equipment, track, or structures,
19	when the employee believes that the equipment, track, or struc-
20	tures are in a hazardous safety or security condition, if the condi-
21	tions described in paragraph (2) exist.
22	(2) PROTECTED REFUSAL.—A refusal is protected under subpara-
23	graphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (1) if—
24	(A) the refusal is made in good faith and no reasonable alter-
25	native to the refusal is available to the employee;
26	(B) a reasonable individual in the circumstances then confront-
27	ing the employee would conclude that—
28	(i) the hazardous condition presents an imminent danger of
29	death or serious injury; and
30	(ii) the urgency of the situation does not allow sufficient
31	time to eliminate the danger without the refusal; and
32	(C) the employee, where possible, has notified the public trans-
33	portation agency of the existence of the hazardous condition and
34	the intention not to perform further work, or not to authorize the
35	use of the hazardous equipment, track, or structures, unless the
36	condition is corrected immediately or the equipment, track, or
37	structures are repaired properly or replaced.
38	(3) LIMITED APPLICABILITY.—Only paragraph (1)(A) applies to se-
39	curity personnel, including transit police, employed or utilized by a pub-
40	lic transportation agency to protect riders, equipment, assets, or facili-
41	ties.

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1 (c) Enforcement Action.—

2 (1) FILING AND NOTIFICATION.—An individual who believes that he 3 or she has been discharged or otherwise discriminated against by a per-4 son in violation of subsection (a) or (b) may, not later than 180 days 5 after the date on which the violation occurs, file (or have a person file 6 on his or her behalf) a complaint with the Secretary of Labor alleging 7 the discharge or discrimination. On receipt of a complaint filed under 8 this paragraph, the Secretary of Labor shall notify, in writing, the indi-9 vidual named in the complaint and the individual's employer of the fil-10 ing of the complaint, the allegations contained in the complaint, the 11 substance of evidence supporting the complaint, and the opportunities 12 that will be afforded to the individual under paragraph (2).

(2) INVESTIGATION; PRELIMINARY ORDER.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of re-14 15 ceipt of a complaint filed under paragraph (1) and after affording 16 the individual named in the complaint an opportunity to submit 17 to the Secretary of Labor a written response to the complaint and 18 an opportunity to meet with a representative of the Secretary of 19 Labor to present statements from witnesses, the Secretary of 20 Labor shall conduct an investigation and determine whether there 21 is reasonable cause to believe that the complaint has merit and no-22 tify, in writing, the complainant and the person alleged to have 23 committed a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of the Secretary of 24 Labor's findings. If the Secretary of Labor concludes that there 25 is a reasonable cause to believe that a violation of subsection (a) 26 or (b) has occurred, the Secretary of Labor shall accompany the 27 Secretary of Labor's findings with a preliminary order providing 28 the relief prescribed by paragraph (3)(B). Not later than 30 days 29 after the date of notification of findings under this paragraph, ei-30 ther the person alleged to have committed the violation or the 31 complainant may file objections to the findings or preliminary 32 order, or both, and request a hearing on the record. The filing of 33 objections shall not operate to stay a reinstatement remedy con-34 tained in the preliminary order. Hearings shall be conducted expe-35 ditiously. If a hearing is not requested in the 30-day period, the 36 preliminary order shall be deemed a final order that is not subject 37 to judicial review.

(B) Requirements.—

39 (i) REQUIRED SHOWING BY COMPLAINANT.—The Secretary
40 of Labor shall dismiss a complaint filed under this subsection
41 and shall not conduct an investigation otherwise required

1	under subparagraph (A) unless the complainant makes a
2	prima facie showing that any behavior described in subsection
3	(a) or (b) was a contributing factor in the unfavorable per-
4	sonnel action alleged in the complaint.
5	(ii) Showing by Employer.—Notwithstanding a finding
6	by the Secretary of Labor that the complainant has made the
7	showing required under clause (i), no investigation otherwise
8	required under paragraph (A) shall be conducted if the em-
9	ployer demonstrates, by clear and convincing evidence, that
10	the employer would have taken the same unfavorable person-
11	nel action in the absence of that behavior.
12	(iii) Criterion for determination by secretary of
13	LABOR.—The Secretary of Labor may determine that a viola-
14	tion of subsection (a) or (b) has occurred only if the com-
15	plainant demonstrates that any behavior described in sub-
16	section (a) or (b) was a contributing factor in the unfavorable
17	personnel action alleged in the complaint.
18	(iv) Prohibition.—Relief may not be ordered under para-
19	graph (A) if the employer demonstrates by clear and convinc-
20	ing evidence that the employer would have taken the same
21	unfavorable personnel action in the absence of that behavior.
22	(3) FINAL ORDER.—
23	(A) Deadline for issuance; settlement agreements.—
24	Not later than 120 days after the date of conclusion of a hearing
25	under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Labor shall issue a final
26	order providing the relief prescribed by this paragraph or denying
27	the complaint. At any time before issuance of a final order, a pro-
28	ceeding under this subsection may be terminated on the basis of
29	a settlement agreement entered into by the Secretary of Labor,
30	the complainant, and the person alleged to have committed the
31	violation.
32	(B) REMEDY.—If, in response to a complaint filed under para-
33	graph (1), the Secretary of Labor determines that a violation of
34	subsection (a) or (b) has occurred, the Secretary of Labor shall
35	order the person who committed the violation to—
36	(i) take affirmative action to abate the violation; and
37	(ii) provide the remedies described in subsection (d).
38	(C) ORDER.—If an order is issued under subparagraph (B), the
39	Secretary of Labor, at the request of the complainant, shall assess
40	against the person against whom the order is issued a sum equal
41	to the aggregate amount of all costs and expenses (including attor-

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1	ney and expert witness fees) reasonably incurred, as determined
2	by the Secretary of Labor, by the complainant for, or in connec-
3	tion with, bringing the complaint on which the order was issued.
4	(D) FRIVOLOUS COMPLAINTS.—If the Secretary of Labor finds
5	that a complaint under paragraph (1) is frivolous or has been
6	brought in bad faith, the Secretary of Labor may award to the
7	prevailing employer reasonable attorney fees not exceeding \$1,000.
8	(4) REVIEW.—
9	(A) APPEAL TO COURT OF APPEALS.—A person adversely af-
10	fected or aggrieved by an order issued under paragraph (3) may
11	obtain review of the order in the United States Court of Appeals
12	for the circuit in which the violation, with respect to which the
13	order was issued, allegedly occurred or the circuit in which the
14	complainant resided on the date of the violation. The petition for
15	review must be filed not later than 60 days after the date of the
16	issuance of the final order of the Secretary of Labor. Review shall
17	conform to chapter 7 of title 5. The commencement of proceedings
18	under this subparagraph shall not, unless ordered by the court,
19	operate as a stay of the order.
20	(B) LIMITATION ON COLLATERAL ATTACK.—An order of the
21	Secretary of Labor with respect to which review could have been
22	obtained under subparagraph (A) shall not be subject to judicial
23	review in any criminal or other civil proceeding.
24	(5) Enforcement of order by secretary of labor.—When a
25	person fails to comply with an order issued under paragraph (3), the
26	Secretary of Labor may file a civil action in the United States district
27	court for the district in which the violation was found to occur to en-
28	force the order. In actions brought under this paragraph, the district
29	courts have jurisdiction to grant all appropriate relief including injunc-
30	tive relief and compensatory damages.
31	(6) Enforcement of order by parties.—
32	(A) COMMENCEMENT OF ACTION.—An individual on whose be-
33	half an order was issued under paragraph (3) may commence a
34	civil action against the person to whom the order was issued to
35	require compliance with the order. The appropriate United States
36	district court has jurisdiction, without regard to the amount in
37	controversy or the citizenship of the parties, to enforce the order.
38	(B) ATTORNEY FEES.—The court, in issuing a final order under
39	this paragraph, may award costs of litigation (including reasonable
40	attorney and expert witness fees) to any party when the court de-
41	termines an award is appropriate.

1	(7) DE NOVO REVIEW.—With respect to a complaint under para-
2	graph (1), if the Secretary of Labor has not issued a final decision
3	within 210 days after the filing of the complaint and if the delay is
4	not due to the bad faith of the employee, the employee may bring an
5	original action at law or equity for de novo review in the appropriate
6	district court of the United States, which has jurisdiction over the ac-
7	tion without regard to the amount in controversy, and which action
8	shall, at the request of either party to the action, be tried by the court
9	with a jury. The action shall be governed by the same legal burdens
10	of proof specified in paragraph (2)(B) for review by the Secretary of
11	Labor.
12	(d) Remedies.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—An employee prevailing in any action under sub-
14	section (c) is entitled to all relief necessary to make the employee
15	whole.
16	(2) DAMAGES.—Relief in an action under subsection (c) (including
17	an action described in subsection $(c)(7)$ includes—
18	(A) reinstatement with the same seniority status that the em-
19	ployee would have had, but for the discrimination;
20	(B) any backpay, with interest; and
21	(C) compensatory damages, including compensation for any spe-
22	cial damages sustained as a result of the discrimination, including
23	litigation costs, expert witness fees, and reasonable attorney fees.
24	(3) Possible relief.—Relief in an action under subsection (c) may
25	include punitive damages in an amount not to exceed \$250,000.
26	(e) ELECTION OF REMEDIES.—An employee may not seek protection
27	under both this section and another provision of law for the same allegedly
28	unlawful act of the public transportation agency.
29	(f) NO PREEMPTION.—Nothing in this section preempts or diminishes
30	any other safeguards against discrimination, demotion, discharge, suspen-
31	sion, threats, harassment, reprimand, retaliation, or other manner of dis-
32	crimination provided by Federal or State law.
33	(g) RIGHTS RETAINED BY EMPLOYEE.—Nothing in this section shall be
34	construed to diminish the rights, privileges, or remedies of an employee
35	under Federal or State law or under a collective bargaining agreement. The
36	rights and remedies in this section may not be waived by an agreement, pol-
37	icy, form, or condition of employment.
38	(h) DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITY.—
39	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), or with the
40	written consent of the employee, the Secretary of Transportation or the

1	Secretary may not disclose the name of an employee who has provided
2	information described in subsection (a)(1).
3	(2) EXCEPTION.— The Secretary of Transportation or the Secretary
4	shall disclose to the Attorney General the name of an employee de-
5	scribed in paragraph (1) if the matter is referred to the Attorney Gen-
6	eral for enforcement. The Secretary making the disclosure shall provide
7	reasonable advance notice to the affected employee if disclosure of that
8	individual's identity or identifying information is to occur.
9	(i) PROCESS FOR REPORTING SECURITY PROBLEMS TO THE DEPART-
10	MENT.—
11	(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCESS.—The Secretary shall establish
12	through regulations after an opportunity for notice and comment, and
13	provide information to the public regarding, a process by which a per-
14	son may submit a report to the Secretary regarding public transpor-
15	tation security problems, deficiencies, or vulnerabilities.
16	(2) ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT.—If a report submitted under
17	paragraph (1) identifies the person making the report, the Secretary
18	shall respond promptly to the person and acknowledge receipt of the
19	report.
20	(3) STEPS TO ADDRESS PROBLEM.—The Secretary shall review and
21	consider the information provided in a report submitted under para-
22	graph (1) and shall take appropriate steps to address any problems or
23	deficiencies identified.
24	§40511. Security background checks of covered individuals
24 25	§40511. Security background checks of covered individuals for public transportation
	for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
25	for public transportation
25 26	for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
25 26 27	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency.
25 26 27 28	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or sub-
25 26 27 28 29	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency.
25 26 27 28 29 30	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency. SECURITY BACKGROUND CHECK.—The term "security back-
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency. SECURITY BACKGROUND CHECK.—The term "security background check" means reviewing the following for the purpose of identi-
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency. SECURITY BACKGROUND CHECK.—The term "security background check" means reviewing the following for the purpose of identifying an individual who may pose a threat to transportation security,
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency. SECURITY BACKGROUND CHECK.—The term "security background check" means reviewing the following for the purpose of identifying an individual who may pose a threat to transportation security, national security, or of terrorism:
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency. SECURITY BACKGROUND CHECK.—The term "security background check" means reviewing the following for the purpose of identifying an individual who may pose a threat to transportation security, national security, or of terrorism: Relevant criminal history databases.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency. SECURITY BACKGROUND CHECK.—The term "security background check" means reviewing the following for the purpose of identifying an individual who may pose a threat to transportation security, national security, or of terrorism: Relevant criminal history databases. In the case of an alien (as defined in section 101 of the
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25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 for public transportation (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means an employee of a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency. SECURITY BACKGROUND CHECK.—The term "security background check" means reviewing the following for the purpose of identifying an individual who may pose a threat to transportation security, national security, or of terrorism: Relevant criminal history databases. (B) In the case of an alien (as defined in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3))), the relevant databases to determine the status of the alien under the immigration laws of the United States. (C) Other relevant information or databases, as determined by

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Guidance, recommendations, suggested action 2 items, and other widely disseminated voluntary action items issued by 3 the Secretary to a public transportation agency or a contractor or sub-4 contractor of a public transportation agency relating to performing a 5 security background check of a covered individual shall contain recom-6 mendations on the appropriate scope and application of a security 7 background check, including the time period covered, the types of dis-8 qualifying offenses, and a redress process for adversely impacted cov-9 ered individuals consistent with subsections (c) and (d).

10 (2) ADEQUATE REDRESS PROCESS.—If a public transportation agen-11 cy or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency 12 performs a security background check on a covered individual to fulfill 13 guidance issued by the Secretary under paragraph (1), the Secretary 14 shall not consider the guidance fulfilled unless an adequate redress 15 process as described in subsection (d) is provided to covered individ-16 uals.

17 (c) REQUIREMENTS.—If the Secretary issues a rule, regulation or direc-18 tive requiring a public transportation agency or contractor or subcontractor 19 of a public transportation agency to perform a security background check 20 of a covered individual, then the Secretary shall prohibit a public transpor-21 tation agency or contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation 22 agency from making an adverse employment decision, including removal or 23 suspension of the employee, due to the rule, regulation, or directive with re-24 spect to a covered individual unless the public transportation agency or con-25 tractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency determines that 26 the covered individual—

(1) has been convicted of, has been found not guilty of by reason
of insanity, or is under want, warrant, or indictment for a permanent
disqualifying criminal offense listed in part 1572 of title 49, Code of
Federal Regulations;

(2) was convicted of or found not guilty by reason of insanity of an
interim disqualifying criminal offense listed in part 1572 of title 49,
Code of Federal Regulations, within 7 years of the date that the public
transportation agency or contractor or subcontractor of the public
transportation agency performs the security background check; or

(3) was incarcerated for an interim disqualifying criminal offense
listed in part 1572 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, and released from incarceration within 5 years of the date that the public
transportation agency or contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency performs the security background check.

(d) REDRESS PROCESS.—If the Secretary issues a rule, regulation, or di rective requiring a public transportation agency or contractor or subcontrac tor of a public transportation agency to perform a security background
 check of a covered individual, the Secretary shall—

5 (1) provide an adequate redress process for a covered individual sub-6 jected to an adverse employment decision, including removal or suspen-7 sion of the employee, due to the rule, regulation, or directive that is 8 consistent with the appeals and waiver process established for appli-9 cants for commercial motor vehicle hazardous materials endorsements 10 and transportation workers at ports, as required by section 70105(c) 11 of title 46; and

(2) have the authority to order an appropriate remedy, including reinstatement of the covered individual, should the Secretary determine
that a public transportation agency or contractor or subcontractor of
a public transportation agency wrongfully made an adverse employment
decision regarding a covered individual pursuant to the rule, regulation,
or directive.

18 (e) FALSE STATEMENTS.—A public transportation agency or a contractor 19 or subcontractor of a public transportation agency may not knowingly mis-20 represent to an employee or other relevant person, including an arbiter in-21 volved in a labor arbitration, the scope, application, or meaning of rules, 22 regulations, directives, or guidance issued by the Secretary related to secu-23 rity background check requirements for covered individuals when conducting 24 a security background check. The Secretary shall issue a regulation that 25 prohibits a public transportation agency or a contractor or subcontractor of 26 a public transportation agency from knowingly misrepresenting to an em-27 ployee or other relevant person, including an arbiter involved in a labor arbi-28 tration, the scope, application, or meaning of rules, regulations, directives, 29 or guidance issued by the Secretary related to security background check 30 requirements for covered individuals when conducting a security background 31 check.

32 (f) RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Nothing in this section shall be 33 construed to abridge a public transportation agency's or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency's rights or responsibilities 34 35 to make adverse employment decisions permitted by other Federal, State, 36 or local laws. Nothing in the section shall be construed to abridge rights 37 and responsibilities of covered individuals, a public transportation agency, 38 or a contractor or subcontractor of a public transportation agency under 39 any other Federal, State, or local laws or collective bargaining agreement. 40 (g) NO PREEMPTION OF FEDERAL OR STATE LAW.—Nothing in this sec-41 tion shall be construed to preempt a Federal, State, or local law that re-

1	quires criminal history background checks, immigration status checks, or
2	other background checks of covered individuals.
3	(h) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be con-
4	strued to affect the process for review established under section $70105(c)$
5	of title 46, including regulations issued under that section.
6	§40512. Limitation on fines and civil penalties
7	(a) INSPECTORS.—Surface transportation inspectors shall be prohibited
8	from issuing fines to public transportation agencies for violations of the De-
9	partment's regulations or orders except through the process described in
10	subsection (b)
11	(b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—The Secretary shall be prohibited from assessing
12	civil penalties against public transportation agencies for violations of the
13	Department's regulations or orders, except in accordance with the following:
14	(1) VIOLATION OF REGULATION OR ORDER.—In the case of a public
15	transportation agency that is found to be in violation of a regulation
16	or order issued by the Secretary, the Secretary shall seek correction of
17	the violation through a written notice to the public transportation agen-
18	cy and shall give the public transportation agency reasonable oppor-
19	tunity to correct the violation or propose an alternative means of com-
20	pliance acceptable to the Secretary.
21	(2) No correction or proposed alternative complianc.—If
22	the public transportation agency does not correct the violation or pro-
23	pose an alternative means of compliance acceptable to the Secretary
24	within a reasonable time period that is specified in the written notice,
25	the Secretary may take an action authorized in chapter 113 of this
26	title.
27	(c) LIMITATION ON SECRETARY.—The Secretary shall not initiate civil
28	enforcement actions for violations of administrative and procedural require-
29	ments pertaining to the application for and expenditure of funds awarded
30	under transportation security grant programs under this chapter.
31	Chapter 407—Surface Transportation Security
	Sec.
	Subchapter I—General
	40701. Definitions.40702. Oversight and grant procedures.
	Subchapter II—Railroad Security
	40711. Railroad transportation security risk assessment and National Strategy.
	40712. Railroad carrier assessments and plans.40713. Railroad security assistance.
	40714. Systemwide Amtrak security upgrades.

- 40715. Railroad carrier exercises.
- 40716. Railroad security training program.
- 40717. Railroad security research and development.
- 40718. Railroad tank car security testing.
- 40719. Security background checks of covered individuals.

40720. International railroad security program.

Subchapter III—Over-the-Road Bus Security

- 40731. Assessments and plans.
- 40732. Assistance.
- 40733. Exercises.
- 40734. Training program.
- 40735. Research and development.

Subchapter IV—Hazardous Material and Pipeline Security

- 40741. Railroad routing of security-sensitive materials.
- 40742. Railroad security-sensitive material tracking.
- 40743. Motor carrier security-sensitive material tracking.
- 40744. Use of transportation security card in hazmat licensing.
- 40745. $\,$ Pipeline security inspections and enforcement.
- 40746. Pipeline security and incident recovery plan.

Subchapter I—General Provisions

2 **§ 40701. Definitions**

3 In this chapter:

4 (1) AMTRAK.—The term "Amtrak" means the National Railroad
5 Passenger Corporation.
6 (2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term "appro7 priate congressional committee" means the Committee on Commerce,
8 Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Homeland Security
9 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Home10 land Security and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

- 11 of the House.
- (3) DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERN.—The term "disadvantaged business concern" means a small business that is owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals as defined in part 124, title 13, Code of Federal Regulations.
- 16 (4) OVER-THE-ROAD BUS.—The term "over-the-road bus" means a
 17 bus characterized by an elevated passenger deck located over a baggage
 18 compartment.

(5) OVER-THE-ROAD BUS FRONTLINE EMPLOYEE.—The term "overthe-road bus frontline employee" means an over-the-road bus driver, security personnel, dispatcher, maintenance and maintenance support
personnel, ticket agent, other terminal employee, and any other employee of an over-the-road bus operator or terminal owner or operator
that the Secretary determines should receive security training under
this title.

- (6) RAILROAD.—The term "railroad" has the meaning that term has
 in section 20102 of title 49.
- (7) RAILROAD CARRIER.—The term "railroad carrier" has the meaning that term has in section 20102 of title 49.
- 30 (8) RAILROAD FRONTLINE EMPLOYEE.—The term "railroad frontline
 31 employee" means a security personnel, dispatcher, locomotive engineer,

1	conductor, trainman, other onboard employee, maintenance and main-
2	tenance support personnel, bridge tender, and any other employee of
3	a railroad carrier that the Secretary determines should receive security
4	training under chapter 407 of this title.
5	(9) Security-sensitive material.—The term "security-sensitive
6	material" means a material, or a group or class of material, in a par-
7	ticular amount and form that the Secretary, in consultation with the
8	Secretary of Transportation, determines, through a rulemaking with
9	opportunity for public comment, poses a significant risk to national se-
10	curity while being transported in commerce due to the potential use of
11	the material in an act of terrorism. In making a designation, the Sec-
12	retary shall, at a minimum, consider the following:
13	(A) Class 7 radioactive materials.
14	(B) Division 1.1, 1.2, or 1.3 explosives.
15	(C) Materials poisonous or toxic by inhalation, including Divi-
16	sion 2.3 gases and Division 6.1 materials.
17	(D) A select agent or toxin regulated by the Centers for Disease
18	Control and Prevention under part 73 of title 42, Code of Federal
19	Regulations.
20	(10) STATE.—The term "State" means a State, the District of Co-
21	lumbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands,
22	Guam, American Samoa, and any other territory (including a posses-
23	sion) of the United States.
24	(11) TERRORISM.—The term "terrorism" has the meaning that term
25	has in section 10101 of this title.
26	(12) TRANSPORTATION.—The term "transportation", as used with
27	respect to an over-the-road bus, means the movement of passengers or
28	property by an over-the-road bus—
29	(A) in the jurisdiction of the United States between a place in
30	a State and a place outside the State (including a place outside
31	the United States); or
32	(B) in a State that affects trade, traffic, and transportation de-
33	scribed in subparagraph (A).
34	(13) UNITED STATES.—The term "United States" means the States,
35	the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands,
36	the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and any other territory
37	(including a possession) of the United States.
38	§40702. Oversight and grant procedures
39	(a) Secretarial Oversight.—The Secretary, in coordination with the
40	Secretary of Transportation for grants awarded to Amtrak, shall establish
41	necessary procedures, including monitoring and audits, to ensure that

grants made under this chapter are expended in accordance with the pur poses of this chapter and the priorities and other criteria developed by the
 Secretary.

4 (b) ADDITIONAL AUDITS AND REVIEWS.—The Secretary, and the Sec5 retary of Transportation for grants awarded to Amtrak, may award con6 tracts to undertake additional audits and reviews of the safety, security,
7 procurement, management, and financial compliance of a recipient of
8 amounts under this chapter.

9 (c) PROCEDURES FOR GRANT AWARD.—The Secretary shall prescribe 10 procedures and schedules for the awarding of grants under this chapter, in-11 cluding application and qualification procedures, and a record of decision on 12 applicant eligibility. The procedures shall include the execution of a grant 13 agreement between the grant recipient and the Secretary and shall be con-14 sistent, to the extent practicable, with the grant procedures established 15 under section 70107(i) and (j) of title 46.

16 (d) Additional Authority.—

(1) ISSUANCE.—The Secretary may issue non-binding letters of intent to recipients of a grant under this chapter, to commit funding
from future budget authority of an amount, not more than the Federal
Government's share of the project's cost, for a capital improvement
project.

(2) SCHEDULE.—The letter of intent under this subsection shall establish a schedule under which the Secretary will reimburse the recipient for the Government's share of the project's costs, as amounts become available, if the recipient, after the Secretary issues that letter,
carries out the project without receiving amounts under a grant issued
under this chapter.

(3) NOTICE TO SECRETARY.—A recipient that has been issued a letter of intent under this section shall notify the Secretary of the recipient's intent to carry out a project before the project begins.

31 (4) Notice to congress.—The Secretary shall transmit to the appro32 priate congressional committees a written notification at least 5 days
33 before the issuance of a letter of intent under this subsection.

(5) Limitations.—A letter of intent issued under this subsection is
not an obligation of the Federal Government under section 1501 of
title 31, and the letter is not deemed to be an administrative commitment for financing. An obligation or administrative commitment may
be made only as amounts are provided in authorization and appropriations laws.

40 (e) RETURN OF MISSPENT GRANT FUNDS.—As part of the grant agree41 ment under subsection (c), the Secretary shall require grant applicants to

1	return misspent grant funds received under this chapter that the Secretary
2	considers to have been spent for a purpose other than those specified in the
3	grant award. The Secretary shall take all necessary actions to recover those
4	funds.
5	(f) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 5 days before the
6	award of a grant is made under this chapter, the Secretary shall notify the
7	appropriate congressional committees of the intent to award the grant.
8	(g) GUIDELINES.—The Secretary shall ensure, to the extent practicable,
9	that grant recipients under this chapter who use contractors or subcontrac-
10	tors use small, minority, women-owned, or disadvantaged business concerns
11	as contractors or subcontractors when appropriate.
12	Subchapter II—Railroad Security
13	§40711. Railroad transportation security risk assessment
14	and National Strategy
15	(a) RISK ASSESSMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a Federal task
16	force, including the Transportation Security Administration and other agen-
17	cies within the Department, the Department of Transportation, and other
18	appropriate Federal agencies, to complete a nationwide risk assessment of
19	a terrorist attack on railroad carriers. The assessment shall include—
20	(1) a methodology for conducting the risk assessment, including
21	timelines, that addresses how the Department will work with the enti-
22	ties described in subsection (c) and make use of existing Federal exper-
23	tise within the Department, the Department of Transportation, and
24	other appropriate agencies;
25	(2) identification and evaluation of critical assets and infrastructure,
26	including tunnels used by railroad carriers in high-threat urban areas;
27	(3) identification of risks to those assets and infrastructure;
28	(4) identification of risks that are specific to the transportation of
29	hazardous materials via railroad;
30	(5) identification of risks to passenger and cargo security, transpor-
31	tation infrastructure protection systems, operations, communications
32	systems, and any other area identified by the assessment;
33	(6) an assessment of employee training and emergency response
34	planning;
35	(7) an assessment of public and private operational recovery plans,
36	taking into account the plans for the maritime sector required under
37	section 70103 of title 46, to expedite, to the maximum extent prac-
38	ticable, the return of an adversely affected railroad transportation sys-
39	tem or facility to its normal performance level after a major terrorist
40	attack or other security event on that system or facility; and
	- v v,

 vate entities to address identified railroad security issues and an assessment of the effective integration of the actions. (b) NATIONAL STRATEGY.— (1) REQUIREMENT.—Based upon the assessment conducted under subsection (a), the Secretary, consistent with and as required by section 11314 of this title, shall develop and implement the modal plan for railroad transportation, entitled the "National Strategy for Railroad Transportation Security". (2) CONTENTS.—The modal plan shall include prioritized goals, actions, objectives, policies, mechanisms, and schedules for, at a minimum— (A) improving the security of railroad tunnels, railroad bridges, railroad switching and car storage areas, other railroad infrastructure and facilities, information systems, and other areas identified by the Secretary as posing significant railroad-related risks to public safety and the movement of interstate commerce, taking into account the impact that a proposed security measure might have on the provision of railroad service or on operations served or otherwise affected by railroad service; (B) deploying equipment and personnel to detect security threats, including those posed by explosives and hazardous chemical, biological, and radioactive substances, and appropriate countermeasures; (C) consistent with section 40716 of this title, training railroad employees in terrorism prevention, preparedness, passenger evacuation, and response activities; (B) providing additional railroad security support for railroads at high or severe threat levels of alert; (F) ensuring, in coordination with freight and intercity and form at terrorist attack on railroad security and the public on how to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from a terrorist attack on railroad security and momenter passenger railroads, the continued movement of freight and passengers in the event of an attack affecting the railroad system, including the possibility of rerouting traffic du	1	(8) an account of actions taken or planned by both public and pri-
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41 (f) assessing	41	(H) assessing

1	(i) the usefulness of covert testing of railroad security sys-
2	tems;
3	(ii) the ability to integrate security into infrastructure de-
4	sign; and
5	(iii) the implementation of random searches of passengers
6	and baggage; and
7	(I) identifying the immediate and long-term costs of measures
8	that may be required to address those risks and public and pri-
9	vate-sector sources to fund the measures.
10	(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Secretary shall include in the modal
11	plan a description of the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of Fed-
12	eral, State, and local agencies, government-sponsored entities, tribal
13	governments, and appropriate stakeholders described in subsection (c).
14	The plan also shall include—
15	(A) the identification of, and a plan to address, gaps and unnec-
16	essary overlaps in the roles, responsibilities, and authorities de-
17	scribed in this paragraph;
18	(B) a methodology for how the Department will work with the
19	entities described in subsection (c), and make use of existing Fed-
20	eral expertise within the Department, the Department of Trans-
21	portation, and other appropriate agencies;
22	(C) a process for facilitating security clearances for the purpose
23	of intelligence and information sharing with the entities described
24	in subsection (c), as appropriate;
25	(D) a strategy and timeline, coordinated with the research and
26	development program established under section 40717 of this title,
27	for the Department, the Department of Transportation, other ap-
28	propriate Federal agencies and private entities to research and de-
29	velop new technologies for securing railroad systems; and
30	(E) a process for coordinating existing or future security strate-
31	gies and plans for railroad transportation, including
32	(i) the National Infrastructure Protection Plan required by
33	Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7;
34	(ii) Executive Order No. 13416: "Strengthening Surface
35	Transportation Security" dated December 5, 2006 (71 Fed.
36	Reg. 71033);
37	(iii) the Memorandum of Understanding between the De-
38	partment and the Department of Transportation on Roles
39	and Responsibilities dated September 28, 2004, subsequent
40	annexes to this Memorandum of Understanding, and other
41	relevant agreements between the two Departments.

1	(c) Consultation with Stakeholders.—In developing the National
2	Strategy required under this section, the Secretary shall consult with rail-
3	road management, nonprofit employee organizations representing railroad
4	employees, owners or lessors of railroad cars used to transport hazardous
5	materials, emergency responders, offerors of security-sensitive materials,
6	public safety officials, and other relevant parties.
7	(d) ADEQUACY OF EXISTING PLANS AND STRATEGIES.—In developing
8	the risk assessment and National Strategy required under this section, the
9	Secretary shall utilize relevant existing plans, strategies, and risk assess-
10	ments developed by the Department or other Federal agencies, including
11	those developed or implemented under section 11314 of this title, or Home-
12	land Security Presidential Directive 7, and, as appropriate, assessments de-
13	veloped by other public and private stakeholders.
14	(e) Report.—
15	(1) CONTENTS.—The Secretary shall transmit to the appropriate
16	congressional committees a report containing
17	(A) the assessment and the National Strategy required by this
18	section; and
19	(B) an estimate of the cost to implement the National Strategy.
20	(2) FORMAT.—The Secretary may submit the report in both classi-
21	fied and redacted formats if the Secretary determines that it is appro-
22	priate or necessary.
23	(f) ANNUAL UPDATES.—Consistent with the requirements of section
24	11314 of this title, the Secretary shall update the assessment and National
25	Strategy each year and transmit a report, which may be submitted in both
26	classified and redacted formats, to the appropriate congressional committees
27	containing the updated assessment and recommendations.
28	§40712. Railroad carrier assessments and plans
29	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall issue regulations that—
30	(1) require each railroad carrier assigned to a high-risk tier under
31	this section to—
32	(A) conduct a vulnerability assessment under subsections (c)
33	and (d); and
34	(B) prepare, submit to the Secretary for approval, and imple-
35	ment a security plan under this section that addresses security
36	performance requirements; and
37	(2) establish standards and guidelines, based on and consistent with
38	the risk assessment and National Strategy for Railroad Transportation
39	Security developed under section 40711 of this title, for developing and
40	implementing the vulnerability assessments and security plans for rail-
41	road carriers assigned to high-risk tiers.

1	(b) Non High-Risk Programs.—The Secretary may establish a security
2	program for railroad carriers not assigned to a high-risk tier, including
3	(1) guidance for the carriers in conducting vulnerability assessments
4	and preparing and implementing security plans, as determined appro-
5	priate by the Secretary; and
6	(2) a process to review and approve the assessments and plans, as
7	appropriate.
8	(c) SUBMISSION OF ASSESSMENTS AND SECURITY PLANS.—The vulner-
9	ability assessments and security plans required by the regulations for rail-
10	road carriers assigned to a high-risk tier shall be completed and submitted
11	to the Secretary for review and approval.
12	(d) Vulnerability Assessments.—
13	(1) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall provide technical assist-
14	ance and guidance to railroad carriers in conducting vulnerability as-
15	sessments under this section and shall require that each vulnerability
16	assessment of a railroad carrier assigned to a high-risk tier under this
17	section, include, as applicable—
18	(A) identification and evaluation of critical railroad carrier as-
19	sets and infrastructure, including platforms, stations, intermodal
20	terminals, tunnels, bridges, switching and storage areas, and infor-
21	mation systems as appropriate;
22	(B) identification of the vulnerabilities to those assets and infra-
23	structure;
24	(C) identification of strengths and weaknesses in—
25	(i) physical security;
26	(ii) passenger and cargo security, including the security of
27	security-sensitive materials being transported by railroad or
28	stored on railroad property;
29	(iii) programmable electronic devices, computers, or other
30	automated systems which are used in providing the transpor-
31	tation;
32	(iv) alarms, cameras, and other protection systems;
33	(v) communications systems and utilities needed for rail-
34	road security purposes, including dispatching and notification
35	systems;
36	(vi) emergency response planning;
37	(vii) employee training; and
38	(viii) other matters the Secretary determines appropriate;
39	and
40	(D) identification of redundant and backup systems required to
41	ensure the continued operation of critical elements of a railroad

1	carrier's system in the event of an attack or other incident, includ-
2	ing disruption of commercial electric power or communications
3	network.
4	(2) THREAT INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall provide in a timely
5	manner to the appropriate employees of a railroad carrier, as des-
6	ignated by the railroad carrier, threat information that is relevant to
7	the carrier when preparing and submitting a vulnerability assessment
8	and security plan, including an assessment of the most likely methods
9	that could be used by terrorists to exploit weaknesses in railroad secu-
10	rity.
11	(e) Security Plans.—
12	(1) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall provide technical as-
13	sistance and guidance to railroad carriers in preparing and imple-
14	menting security plans under this section, and shall require that
15	each security plan of a railroad carrier assigned to a high-risk tier
16	under this section include, as applicable—
17	(A) identification of a security coordinator having authority
18	(i) to implement security actions under the plan;
19	(ii) to coordinate security improvements; and
20	(iii) to receive immediate communications from appropriate
21	Federal officials regarding railroad security;
22	(B) a list of needed capital and operational improvements;
23	(C) procedures to be implemented or used by the railroad car-
24	rier in response to a terrorist attack, including evacuation and
25	passenger communication plans that include individuals with dis-
26	abilities as appropriate;
27	(D) identification of steps taken with State and local law en-
28	forcement agencies, emergency responders, and Federal officials to
29	coordinate security measures and plans for response to a terrorist
30	attack;
31	(E) a strategy and timeline for conducting training under sec-
32	tion 40716 of this title;
33	(F) enhanced security measures to be taken by the railroad car-
34	rier when the Secretary declares a period of heightened security
35	risk;
36	(G) plans for providing redundant and backup systems required
37	to ensure the continued operation of critical elements of the rail-
38	road carrier's system in the event of a terrorist attack or other
39	incident;
40	(H) a strategy for implementing enhanced security for ship-
41	ments of security-sensitive materials, including plans for quickly

1	locating and securing the shipments in the event of a terrorist at-
2	tack or security incident; and
3	(I) other actions or procedures the Secretary determines are ap-
4	propriate to address the security of railroad carriers.
5	(2) Security coordinator requirements.—The Secretary shall
6	require that the individual serving as the security coordinator identified
7	in paragraph (1)(A) is a citizen of the United States. The Secretary
8	may waive this requirement with respect to an individual if the Sec-
9	retary determines that it is appropriate to do so based on a background
10	check of the individual and a review of the consolidated terrorist watch-
11	list.
12	(3) Consistency with other plans.—The Secretary shall ensure
13	that the security plans developed by railroad carriers under this section
14	are consistent with the risk assessment and National Strategy for Rail-
15	road Transportation Security developed under section 40711 of this
16	title.
17	(f) Deadline for Review Process.—Not later than 6 months after re-
18	ceiving the assessments and plans required under this section, the Secretary
19	shall—
20	(1) review each vulnerability assessment and security plan submitted
21	to the Secretary under subsection (c);
22	(2) require amendments to a security plan that does not meet the
23	requirements of this section; and
24	(3) approve a vulnerability assessment or security plan that meets
25	the requirements of this section.
26	(g) TIER ASSIGNMENT.—
27	(1) IN GENERAL.—Utilizing the risk assessment and National Strat-
28	egy for Railroad Transportation Security required under section 40711
29	of this title, the Secretary shall assign each railroad carrier to a risk-
30	based tier established by the Secretary.
31	(2) Providing information.—The Secretary may request, and a
32	railroad carrier shall provide, information necessary for the Secretary
33	to assign a railroad carrier to the appropriate tier under this sub-
34	section.
35	(3) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date a railroad
36	carrier is assigned to a tier under this subsection, the Secretary shall
37	notify the railroad carrier of the tier to which it is assigned and the
38	reasons for the assignment.
39	(4) HIGH-RISK TIERS.—At least one of the tiers established by the
40	Secretary under this subsection shall be designated a tier for high-risk
41	railroad carriers.

1	(5) REASSIGNMENT.—The Secretary may reassign a railroad carrier
2	to another tier, as appropriate, in response to changes in risk. The Sec-
3	retary shall notify the railroad carrier not later than 60 days after the
4	reassignment and provide the railroad carrier with the reasons for the
5	reassignment.
6	(h) Nondisclosure of Information.—
7	(1) SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION TO CONGRESS.—Nothing in this
8	section shall be construed as authorizing the withholding of information
9	from Congress.
10	(2) Disclosure of independently furnished information.—
11	Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the authority or
12	obligation of a Federal agency to disclose a record or information that
13	the Federal agency obtains from a railroad carrier under another Fed-
14	eral law.
15	(i) Existing Procedures, Protocols and Standards.—
16	(1) Determination.—In response to a petition by a railroad carrier
17	or at the discretion of the Secretary, the Secretary may determine that
18	existing procedures, protocols, and standards meet all or part of the
19	requirements of this section, including regulations issued under sub-
20	section (a), regarding vulnerability assessments and security plans.
21	(2) ELECTION.—Upon review and written determination by the Sec-
22	retary that existing procedures, protocols, or standards of a railroad
23	carrier satisfy the requirements of this section, the railroad carrier may
24	elect to comply with those procedures, protocols, or standards instead
25	of the requirements of this section.
26	(3) PARTIAL APPROVAL.—If the Secretary determines that the exist-
27	ing procedures, protocols, or standards of a railroad carrier satisfy only
28	part of the requirements of this section, the Secretary may accept the
29	submission, but shall require submission by the railroad carrier of addi-
30	tional information relevant to the vulnerability assessment and security
31	plan of the railroad carrier to ensure that the remaining requirements
32	of this section are fulfilled.
33	(4) NOTIFICATION.—If the Secretary determines that particular ex-
34	isting procedures, protocols, or standards of a railroad carrier under
35	this subsection do not satisfy the requirements of this section, the Sec-
36	retary shall provide to the railroad carrier a written notification that
37	includes an explanation of the determination.
38	(5) REVIEW.—Nothing in this subsection shall relieve the Secretary
39	of the obligation—
40	(A) to review the vulnerability assessment and security plan
41	submitted by a railroad carrier under this section; and

1	(B) to approve or disapprove each submission on an individual
2	basis.
3	(j) Periodic Evaluation by Railroad Carriers Required.—
4	(1) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 3 years after the date on which
5	a vulnerability assessment or security plan required to be submitted to
6	the Secretary under subsection (c) is approved, and at least once every
7	5 years after the approval (or on another schedule the Secretary may
8	establish by regulation), a railroad carrier who submitted a vulner-
9	ability assessment and security plan and who is still assigned to the
10	high-risk tier must submit to the Secretary an evaluation of the ade-
11	quacy of the vulnerability assessment and security plan that includes
12	a description of material changes made to the vulnerability assessment
13	or security plan.
14	(2) REVIEW.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which an
15	evaluation is submitted, the Secretary shall review the evaluation and
16	notify the railroad carrier submitting the evaluation of the Secretary's
17	approval or disapproval of the evaluation.
18	(k) SHARED FACILITIES.—The Secretary may permit under this section
19	the development and implementation of coordinated vulnerability assess-
20	ments and security plans to the extent that a railroad carrier shares facili-
21	ties with, or is co-located with, other transportation entities or providers
22	that are required to develop vulnerability assessments and security plans
23	under Federal law.
24	(1) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall con-
25	sult with railroad carriers, nonprofit employee labor organizations represen-
26	tation railroad employees, and public safety and law enforcement officials.
27	§ 40713. Railroad security assistance
28	(a) Security Improvement Grants.—
29	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-
30	trator of the Transportation Security Administration and other appro-
31	priate agencies or officials, may make grants to railroad carriers, the
32	Alaska Railroad, security-sensitive materials offerors who ship by rail-
33	road, owners of railroad cars used in the transportation of security-sen-
34	sitive materials, State and local governments (for railroad passenger fa-
35	cilities and infrastructure not owned by Amtrak), and Amtrak for
36	intercity passenger railroad and freight railroad security improvements
37	described in subsection (b) as approved by the Secretary.
38	(2) GRANT ELIGIBILITY.—A railroad carrier is eligible for a grant
39	under this section if the carrier has completed a vulnerability assess-
40	ment and developed a security plan that the Secretary has approved
41	under section 40712 of this title.

1 (3) USE OF GRANTS.—A recipient of a grant under this section may 2 use grant funds only for permissible uses under subsection (b) to fur-3 ther a railroad security plan that meets the requirements of paragraph 4 (2).5 (4) GRANTS FOR ASSESSMENTS AND PLANS.—Notwithstanding the requirement for eligibility and uses of funds in paragraphs (2) and (3), 6 7 a railroad carrier is eligible for a grant under this section if the carrier 8 uses the funds solely for the development of assessments or security 9 plans under section 40712. 10 (b) USES OF FUNDS.—A recipient of a grant under this section shall use the grant funds for one or more of the following: 11 12 (1) SECURITY AND REDUNDANCY FOR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS, 13 COMPUTER, AND TRAIN CONTROL SYSTEMS ESSENTIAL FOR SECURE 14 RAILROAD OPERATIONS. 15 (2) Accommodation of railroad cargo or passenger security 16 INSPECTION FACILITIES, RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE, AND OPER-17 ATIONS AT OR NEAR UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL BORDERS OR 18 OTHER PORTS OF ENTRY. 19 (3) The security of security-sensitive materials transpor-20 TATION BY RAILROAD. 21 (4) Chemical, Biological, Radiological, or explosive detec-22 TION, INCLUDING CANINE PATROLS FOR DETECTION. 23 (5) The security of intercity passenger railroad stations, 24 TRAINS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE, INCLUDING SECURITY CAPITAL IM-25 PROVEMENT PROJECTS THAT THE SECRETARY DETERMINES ENHANCE 26 RAILROAD STATION SECURITY. 27 (6) TECHNOLOGIES TO REDUCE THE VULNERABILITIES OF RAIL-28 ROAD CARS, INCLUDING STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION OF RAILROAD 29 CARS TRANSPORTING SECURITY-SENSITIVE MATERIALS TO IMPROVE 30 THEIR RESISTANCE TO ACTS OF TERRORISM. 31 (7) The sharing of intelligence and information about se-32 CURITY THREATS. 33 (8) TO OBTAIN TRAIN TRACKING AND COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT, 34 INCLUDING EQUIPMENT THAT IS INTEROPERABLE WITH FEDERAL, 35 STATE, AND LOCAL AGENCIES AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS. 36 (9) TO HIRE, TRAIN, AND EMPLOY POLICE AND SECURITY OFFICERS, 37 INCLUDING CANINE UNITS, ASSIGNED TO FULL-TIME SECURITY OR 38 COUNTERTERRORISM DUTIES RELATED TO RAILROAD TRANSPOR-39 TATION. 40 (10) OVERTIME REIMBURSEMENT, INCLUDING REIMBURSEMENT OF 41 STATE, LOCAL, AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS FOR COSTS, FOR EN-

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1	HANCED SECURITY PERSONNEL ASSIGNED TO DUTIES RELATED TO
2	RAILROAD SECURITY DURING PERIODS OF HIGH OR SEVERE THREAT
3	LEVELS AND NATIONAL SPECIAL SECURITY EVENTS OR OTHER PERI-
4	ODS OF HEIGHTENED SECURITY AS DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY.
5	(11) Perimeter protection systems, including access con-
6	TROL, INSTALLATION OF IMPROVED LIGHTING, FENCING, AND BARRI-
7	CADES AT RAILROAD FACILITIES.
8	(12) TUNNEL PROTECTION SYSTEMS.
9	(13) Passenger evacuation and evacuation-related capital
10	IMPROVEMENTS.
11	(14) Railroad security inspection technologies, including
12	VERIFIED VISUAL INSPECTION TECHNOLOGIES USING HAND-HELD
13	READERS.
14	(15) SURVEILLANCE EQUIPMENT.
15	(16) CARGO OR PASSENGER SCREENING EQUIPMENT.
16	(17) Emergency response equipment, including fire sup-
17	PRESSION AND DECONTAMINATION EQUIPMENT, PERSONAL PROTEC-
18	TIVE EQUIPMENT, AND DEFIBRILLATORS.
19	(18) Operating and capital costs associated with security
20	AWARENESS, PREPAREDNESS, AND RESPONSE TRAINING, INCLUDING
21	TRAINING UNDER SECTION 40716 OF THIS TITLE, AND TRAINING DE-
22	VELOPED BY UNIVERSITIES, INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION,
23	AND NONPROFIT EMPLOYEE LABOR ORGANIZATIONS, FOR RAILROAD
24	EMPLOYEES, INCLUDING FRONTLINE EMPLOYEES.
25	(19) LIVE OR SIMULATED EXERCISES, INCLUDING EXERCISES DE-
26	SCRIBED IN SECTION 40715 OF THIS TITLE.
27	(20) Public awareness campaigns for enhanced railroad se-
28	CURITY.
29	(21) Development of assessments or security plans under
30	SECTION 40712 OF THIS TITLE.
31	(22) Other security improvements—
32	(A) identified, required, or recommended under sections 40711
33	and 40712 of this title, including infrastructure, facilities, and
34	equipment upgrades; or
35	(B) that the Secretary considers appropriate.
36	(c) Departmental Responsibilities.—In carrying out the responsibil-
37	ities under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—
38	(1) determine the requirements for recipients of grants;
39	(2) establish priorities for uses of funds for grant recipients;

1	(3) award the funds authorized by this section based on risk, as
2	identified by the plans required under sections 40711 and 40712 of
3	this title;
4	(4) take into account whether stations or facilities are used by com-
5	muter railroad passengers as well as intercity railroad passengers in re-
6	viewing grant applications;
7	(5) encourage non-Federal financial participation in projects funded
8	by grants; and
9	(6) not later than 5 business days after awarding a grant to Amtrak
10	under this section, transfer grant funds to the Secretary of Transpor-
11	tation to be disbursed to Amtrak.
12	(d) Multiyear Awards.—Grant funds awarded under this section may
13	be awarded for projects that span multiple years.
14	(e) LIMITATION ON USES OF FUNDS.—A grant made under this section
15	may not be used to make a State or local government cost-sharing contribu-
16	tion under any other Federal law.
17	(f) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Each recipient of a grant under this section shall
18	report annually to the Secretary on the use of grant funds.
19	(\mathbf{g})
20	Subject to Certain Standards.—A recipient of a grant under this section
21	and section 40714 of this title shall be required to comply with the stand-
22	ards of section 24312 of title 49, as in effect on January 1, 2007, with re-
23	spect to the project, in the same manner as Amtrak is required to comply
24	with the standards for construction work financed under an agreement
25	made under section 24308(a) of title 49.
26	§40714. Systemwide Amtrak security upgrades
27	(a) IN GENERAL.—
28	(1) GRANTS.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary, in consulta-
29	tion with the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administra-
30	tion, may make grants to Amtrak under this section.
31	(2) GENERAL PURPOSES.—The Secretary may make grants for the
32	purposes of—
33	(A) protecting underwater and underground assets and systems;
34	(B) protecting high-risk and high-consequence assets identified
35	through system-wide risk assessments;
36	(C) providing counterterrorism or security training;
37	(D) providing both visible and unpredictable deterrence; and
38	(E) conducting emergency preparedness drills and exercises.
39	(3) Specific projects.—The Secretary shall make grants—
40	(A) to secure major tunnel access points and ensure tunnel in-
41	tegrity in New York, New Jersey, Maryland, and Washington, DC;

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1	(B) to secure Amtrak trains;
2	(C) to secure Amtrak stations;
3	(D) to obtain a watchlist identification system approved by the
4	Secretary;
5	(E) to obtain train tracking and interoperable communications
6	systems that are coordinated with Federal, State, and local agen-
7	cies and tribal governments to the maximum extent possible;
8	(F) to hire, train, and employ police and security officers, in-
9	cluding canine units, assigned to full-time security or counter-
10	terrorism duties related to railroad transportation;
11	(G) for operating and capital costs associated with security
12	awareness, preparedness, and response training, including training
13	under section 40716 of this title, and training developed by univer-
14	sities, institutions of higher education, and nonprofit employee
15	labor organizations, for railroad employees, including frontline em-
16	ployees; and
17	(H) for live or simulated exercises, including exercises described
18	in section 40715 of this title.
19	(b) CONDITIONS.—The Secretary shall award grants to Amtrak under
20	this section for projects contained in a system-wide security plan approved
21	by the Secretary developed under section 40712 of this title. Not later than
22	5 business days after awarding a grant to Amtrak under this section, the
23	Secretary shall transfer the grant funds to the Secretary of Transportation
24	to be disbursed to Amtrak.
25	(c) Equitable Geographic Allocation.—The Secretary shall ensure
26	that, subject to meeting the highest security needs on Amtrak's entire sys-
27	tem and consistent with the risk assessment required under section 40711
28	of this title and Amtrak's vulnerability assessment and security plan devel-
29	oped under section 40712 of this title, stations and facilities located outside
30	of the Northeast Corridor receive an equitable share of the security funds
31	authorized by this section.
32	§40715. Railroad carrier exercises
33	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program for conduct-
34	ing security exercises for railroad carriers for the purpose of assessing and
35	improving the capabilities of entities described in subsection (b) to prevent,
36	prepare for, mitigate, respond to, and recover from acts of terrorism.
37	(b) COVERED ENTITIES.—Entities to be assessed under the program in-
38	clude—
39	(1) Federal, State, and local agencies and tribal governments;
40	(2) railroad carriers;

1	(3) governmental and nongovernmental emergency response provid-
2	ers, law enforcement agencies, and railroad and transit police, as ap-
3	propriate; and
4	(4) any other organization or entity that the Secretary determines
5	appropriate.
6	(c) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall ensure that the program—
7	(1) consolidates existing security exercises for railroad carriers ad-
8	ministered by the Department and the Department of Transportation,
9	as jointly determined by the Secretary and the Secretary of Transpor-
10	tation, unless the Secretary waives this consolidation requirement as
11	appropriate;
12	(2) consists of exercises that are—
13	(A) scaled and tailored to the needs of the carrier, including ad-
14	dressing the needs of the elderly and individuals with disabilities;
15	(B) live, in the case of the most at-risk facilities to a terrorist
16	attack;
17	(C) coordinated with appropriate officials;
18	(D) as realistic as practicable and based on current risk assess-
19	ments, including credible threats, vulnerabilities, and conse-
20	quences;
21	(E) inclusive, as appropriate, of railroad frontline employees;
22	and
23	(F) consistent with the National Incident Management System,
24	the National Response Plan, the National Infrastructure Protec-
25	tion Plan, the National Preparedness Guidance, the National Pre-
26	paredness Goal, and other national initiatives of this type;
27	(3) provides that exercises described in paragraph (2) will be—
28	(A) evaluated by the Secretary against clear and consistent per-
29	formance measures;
30	(B) assessed by the Secretary to identify best practices, which
31	shall be shared, as appropriate, with railroad carriers, nonprofit
32	employee organizations that represent railroad carrier employees,
33	Federal, State, local, and tribal officials, governmental and non-
34	governmental emergency response providers, law enforcement per-
35	sonnel, including railroad carrier and transit police, and other
36	stakeholders; and
37	(C) used to develop recommendations, as appropriate, from the
38	Secretary to railroad carriers on remedial action to be taken in re-
39	sponse to lessons learned;
40	(4) allows for proper advanced notification of communities and local
41	governments in which exercises are held, as appropriate; and

1	(5) assists State, local, and tribal governments and railroad carriers
2	in designing, implementing, and evaluating additional exercises that
3	conform to the requirements of paragraph (1).
4	(d) NATIONAL EXERCISE PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall ensure that the
5	exercise program developed under subsection (c) is a component of the Na-
6	tional Exercise Program established under section 20508 of this title.
7	§40716. Railroad security training program
8	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop and issue regulations for
9	a training program to prepare railroad frontline employees for potential se-
10	curity threats and conditions. The regulations shall take into consideration
11	current security training requirements or best practices.
12	(b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall develop the regulations under
13	subsection (a) in consultation with—
14	(1) appropriate law enforcement, fire service, emergency response,
15	security, and terrorism experts;
16	(2) railroad carriers;
17	(3) railroad shippers; and
18	(4) nonprofit employee labor organizations representing railroad em-
19	ployees or emergency response personnel.
20	(c) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The regulations developed under subsection
21	(a) shall require security training programs described in subsection (a) to
22	include, at a minimum, elements to address the following, as applicable:
23	(1) Determination of the seriousness of an occurrence or threat.
24	(2) Crew and passenger communication and coordination.
25	(3) Appropriate responses to defend or protect oneself.
26	(4) Use of personal and other protective equipment.
27	(5) Evacuation procedures for passengers and railroad employees, in-
28	cluding individuals with disabilities and the elderly.
29	(6) Psychology, behavior, and methods of terrorists, including obser-
30	vation and analysis.
31	(7) Training related to psychological responses to terrorist incidents,
32	including the ability to cope with hijacker behavior and passenger re-
33	sponses.
34	(8) Live situational training exercises regarding various threat condi-
35	tions, including tunnel evacuation procedures.
36	(9) Recognition and reporting of dangerous substances, suspicious
37	packages, and situations.
38	(10) Understanding security incident procedures, including proce-
39	dures for communicating with governmental and nongovernmental
40	emergency response providers and for on-scene interaction with emer-
41	gency response providers.

(11) Operation and maintenance of security equipment and systems.
 (12) Other security training activities that the Secretary considers

3 appropriate.

4 (d) SUBMITTING PROGRAM TO SECRETARY FOR APPROVAL.-Each rail-5 road carrier shall develop a security training program under this section and 6 submit the program to the Secretary for approval. Not later than 60 days 7 after receiving a security training program proposal under this subsection, 8 the Secretary shall approve the program or require the railroad carrier that 9 developed the program to make revisions to the program that the Secretary 10 considers necessary for the program to meet the requirements of this section. A railroad carrier shall respond to the Secretary's comments within 30 11 12 days after receiving them.

(e) TRAINING.—Not later than 1 year after the Secretary approves a security training program under subsection (d), the railroad carrier that developed the program shall complete the training of all railroad frontline employees who were hired by a carrier more than 30 days preceding the approval date. For employees employed less than 30 days by a carrier preceding the approval date, training shall be completed within the first 60 days
of employment.

(f) UPDATES OF REGULATIONS AND PROGRAM REVISIONS.—The Secretary periodically shall review and update as appropriate the training regulations issued under subsection (a) to reflect new or changing security threats. Each railroad carrier shall revise its training program accordingly and provide additional training as necessary to its frontline employees within a reasonable time after the regulations are updated.

(g) PROGRAM COMPONENT OF NATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM.—The
Secretary shall ensure that the training program developed under subsection
(a) is a component of the National Training Program established under section 20508 of this title.

30 (h) OTHER EMPLOYEES.—The Secretary shall issue guidance and best
31 practices for a railroad shipper employee security program containing the
32 elements listed under subsection (c).

33 §40717. Railroad security research and development

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.—The
Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and Technology
and the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, shall
carry out a research and development program for the purpose of improving
the security of railroad transportation systems.

(b) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—The research and development program mayinclude projects—

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1	(1) to reduce the vulnerability of passenger trains, stations, and
2	equipment to explosives and hazardous chemical, biological, and radio-
3	active substances, including the development of technology to screen
4	passengers in large numbers at peak commuting times with minimal in-
5	terference and disruption;
6	(2) to test new emergency response and recovery techniques and
7	technologies, including those used at international borders;
8	(3) to develop improved railroad security technologies, including—
9	(A) technologies for sealing or modifying railroad tank cars;
10	(B) automatic inspection of railroad cars;
11	(C) communication-based train control systems;
12	(D) emergency response training, including training in a tunnel
13	environment;
14	(E) security and redundancy for critical communications, elec-
15	trical power, computer, and train control systems; and
16	(F) technologies for securing bridges and tunnels;
17	(4) to test wayside detectors that can detect tampering;
18	(5) to support enhanced security for the transportation of security-
19	sensitive materials by railroad;
20	(6) to mitigate damages in the event of a cyberattack; and
21	(7) to address other vulnerabilities and risks identified by the Sec-
22	retary.
23	(c) COORDINATION WITH OTHER RESEARCH INITIATIVES.—The Sec-
24	retary—
25	(1) shall ensure that the research and development program is con-
26	sistent with the National Strategy for Railroad Transportation Security
27	developed under section 40711 of this title and other transportation se-
28	curity research and development programs required by this subtitle;
29	(2) shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate the research and de-
30	velopment activities of the Department with other ongoing research and
31	development security-related initiatives, including research being con-
32	ducted by—
33	(A) the Department of Transportation, including University
34	Transportation Centers and other institutes, centers, and simula-
35	tors funded by the Department of Transportation;
36	(B) the National Academy of Sciences;
37	(C) the Technical Support Working Group;
38	(D) other Federal departments and agencies; and
39	(E) other Federal and private research laboratories, research
40	entities, and universities and institutions of higher education, in-
41	cluding Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Hispanic

1	Serving Institutions, or Indian Tribally Controlled Colleges and
2	Universities;
3	(3) shall carry out a research and development project authorized by
4	this section through a reimbursable agreement with an appropriate
5	Federal agency, if the agency—
6	(A) is currently sponsoring a research and development project
7	in a similar area; or
8	(B) has a unique facility or capability that would be useful in
9	carrying out the project;
10	(4) may award grants to, or enter into cooperative agreements, con-
11	tracts, other transactions, or reimbursable agreements with, the entities
12	described in paragraph (2) and eligible grant recipients under section
13	40713 of this title; and
14	(5) shall make reasonable efforts to enter into memoranda of under-
15	standing, contracts, grants, cooperative agreements, or other trans-
16	actions with railroad carriers willing to contribute both physical space
17	and other resources.
18	(d) Privacy and Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Issues.—
19	(1) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out research and development
20	projects under this section, the Secretary shall consult with the Chief
21	Privacy Officer of the Department and the Officer for Civil Rights and
22	Civil Liberties of the Department as appropriate and under section
23	10532 of this title.
24	(2) PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENTS.—In accordance with sections
25	10532 and 11505 of this title, the Chief Privacy Officer shall conduct
26	privacy impact assessments and the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil
27	Liberties shall conduct reviews, as appropriate, for research and devel-
28	opment initiatives developed under this section that the Secretary de-
29	termines could have an impact on privacy, civil rights, or civil liberties.
30	§40718. Railroad tank car security testing
31	(a) Vulnerability Assessment.—
32	(1) LIKELY METHODS AND SUCCESS.—The Secretary shall assess the
33	likely methods of a deliberate terrorist attack against a railroad tank
34	car used to transport toxic-inhalation-hazard materials, and for each
35	method assessed, the degree to which it may be successful in causing
36	death, injury, or serious adverse effects to human health, the environ-
37	ment, critical infrastructure, national security, the national economy, or
38	public welfare.
39	(2) THREATS.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
40	consider the most current threat information as to likely methods of

1	a successful terrorist attack on a railroad tank car transporting toxic-
2	inhalation-hazard materials, and may consider the following:
3	(A) Explosive devices placed along the tracks or attached to a
4	railroad tank car.
5	(B) The use of missiles, grenades, rockets, mortars, or other
6	high-caliber weapons against a railroad tank car.
7	(3) Physical testing.—In developing the assessment required
8	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall conduct physical testing of the
9	vulnerability of railroad tank cars used to transport toxic-inhalation-
10	hazard materials to different methods of a deliberate attack, using
11	technical information and criteria to evaluate the structural integrity
12	of railroad tank cars.
13	(b) Dispersion Modeling.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the National Infra-
15	structure Simulation and Analysis Center, shall conduct an air disper-
16	sion modeling analysis of release scenarios of toxic-inhalation-hazard
17	materials resulting from a terrorist attack on a loaded railroad tank
18	car carrying these materials in urban and rural environments.
19	(2) CONSIDERATIONS.—The analysis under this subsection shall take
20	into account the following considerations:
21	(A) The most likely means of attack and the resulting dispersal
22	rate.
23	(B) Different times of day, to account for differences in cloud
24	coverage and other atmospheric conditions in the environment
25	being modeled.
26	(C) Differences in population size and density.
27	(D) Historically accurate wind speeds, temperatures, and wind
28	directions.
29	(E) Differences in dispersal rates or other relevant factors relat-
30	ed to whether a railroad tank car is in motion or stationary.
31	(F) Emergency response procedures by local officials.
32	(G) Other considerations the Secretary believes would develop
33	an accurate, plausible dispersion model for toxic-inhalation-hazard
34	materials released from a railroad tank car as a result of a terror-
35	ist act.
36	(3) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the dispersion modeling under
37	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Trans-
38	portation, hazardous materials experts, railroad carriers, nonprofit em-
39	ployee labor organizations representing railroad employees, appropriate
40	State, local, and tribal officials, and other Federal agencies, as appro-
41	priate.

1	(4) INFORMATION SHARING.—Upon completion of the analysis re-
2	quired under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall share the information
3	developed with the appropriate stakeholders, given appropriate informa-
4	tion protection provisions as may be required by the Secretary.
5	§40719. Security background checks of covered individuals
6	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
7	(1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means
8	an employee of a railroad carrier or a contractor or subcontractor of
9	a railroad carrier.
10	(2) Security background check.—The term "security back-
11	ground check" means for the purpose of identifying individuals who
12	may pose a threat to transportation security or national security, or of
13	terrorism—
14	(A) relevant criminal history databases;
15	(B) in the case of an alien (as defined in the Immigration and
16	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3)), the relevant databases to
17	determine the status of the alien under the immigration laws of
18	the United States; and
19	(C) other relevant information or databases, as determined by
20	the Secretary.
21	(b) GUIDANCE.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Guidance, recommendations, suggested action
23	items, and other widely disseminated voluntary action items issued by
24	the Secretary to a railroad carrier or a contractor or subcontractor of
25	a railroad carrier relating to performing a security background check
26	of a covered individual shall contain recommendations on the appro-
27	priate scope and application of a security background check, including
28	the time period covered, the types of disqualifying offenses, and a re-
29	dress process for adversely impacted covered individuals consistent with
30	subsections (c) and (d).
31	(2) UPDATE OF EXISTING GUIDANCE.—Guidance, recommendations,
32	suggested action items, and other widely disseminated voluntary action
33	items issued by the Secretary prior to August, 3, 2007, to a railroad
34	carrier or a contractor or subcontractor of a railroad carrier relating
35	to performing a security background check of a covered individual shall
36	be updated in compliance with paragraph (1).
37	(3) NECESSARY REDRESS PROCEDURE.—If a railroad carrier or a
38	contractor or subcontractor of a railroad carrier performs a security
39	background check on a covered individual to fulfill guidance issued by
40	the Secretary under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary shall not con-

1	sider the guidance fulfilled unless an adequate redress process as de-
2	scribed in subsection (d) is provided to covered individuals.
3	(c) REQUIREMENTS.—If the Secretary issues a rule, regulation, or direc-
4	tive requiring a railroad carrier or contractor or subcontractor of a railroad
5	carrier to perform a security background check of a covered individual, the
6	Secretary shall prohibit the railroad carrier or contractor or subcontractor
7	of a railroad carrier from making an adverse employment decision, including
8	removal or suspension of the covered individual, due to the rule, regulation,
9	or directive with respect to a covered individual unless the railroad carrier
10	or contractor or subcontractor of a railroad carrier determines that the cov-
11	ered individual—
12	(1) has been convicted of, has been found not guilty by reason of
13	insanity, or is under want, warrant, or indictment for a permanent dis-
14	qualifying criminal offense listed in part 1572 of title 49, Code of Fed-
15	eral Regulations;
16	(2) was convicted of or found not guilty by reason of insanity of an
17	interim disqualifying criminal offense listed in part 1572 of title 49,
18	Code of Federal Regulations, within 7 years of the date that the rail-
19	road carrier or contractor or subcontractor of a railroad carrier per-
20	forms the security background check; or
21	(3) was incarcerated for an interim disqualifying criminal offense
22	listed in part 1572 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, and re-
23	leased from incarceration within 5 years of the date that the railroad
24	carrier or contractor or subcontractor of a railroad carrier performs the
25	security background check.
26	(d) REDRESS PROCESS.—If the Secretary issues a rule, regulation, or di-
27	rective requiring a railroad carrier or contractor or subcontractor of a rail-
28	road carrier to perform a security background check of a covered individual,
29	the Secretary shall—
30	(1) provide an adequate redress process for a covered individual sub-
31	jected to an adverse employment decision, including removal or suspen-
32	sion of the employee, due to the rule, regulation, or directive that is
33	consistent with the appeals and waiver process established for appli-
34	cants for commercial motor vehicle hazardous materials endorsements
35	and transportation employees at ports, as required by section $70105(c)$
36	of title 46; and
37	(2) have the authority to order an appropriate remedy, including re-
38	instatement of the covered individual, should the Secretary determine
39	that a railroad carrier or contractor or subcontractor of a railroad car-
40	rier wrongfully made an adverse employment decision regarding a cov-
41	ered individual pursuant to the rule, regulation, or directive.

1 (e) FALSE STATEMENTS.—A railroad carrier or a contractor or sub-2 contractor of a railroad carrier may not knowingly misrepresent to an em-3 ployee or other relevant person, including an arbiter involved in a labor arbi-4 tration, the scope, application, or meaning of rules, regulations, directives, 5 or guidance issued by the Secretary related to security background check 6 requirements for covered individuals when conducting a security background 7 check. The Secretary shall issue a regulation that prohibits a railroad car-8 rier or a contractor or subcontractor of a railroad carrier from knowingly 9 misrepresenting to an employee or other relevant person, including an arbi-10 ter involved in a labor arbitration, the scope, application, or meaning of 11 rules, regulations, directives, or guidance issued by the Secretary related to 12 security background check requirements for covered individuals when con-13 ducting a security background check.

14 (f) RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Nothing in this section shall be 15 construed to abridge a railroad carrier's or a contractor or subcontractor 16 of a railroad carrier's rights or responsibilities to make adverse employment 17 decisions permitted by other Federal, State, or local laws. Nothing in the 18 section shall be construed to abridge rights and responsibilities of covered 19 individuals, a railroad carrier, or a contractor or subcontractor of a railroad 20 carrier, under other Federal, State, or local laws or under a collective bar-21 gaining agreement.

(g) NO PREEMPTION OF FEDERAL OR STATE LAW.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to preempt a Federal, State, or local law that requires criminal history background checks, immigration status checks, or
other background checks, of covered individuals.

(h) PROCESS FOR REVIEW NOT AFFECTEDNOTHING IN THIS SECTION
SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT THE PROCESS FOR REVIEW ESTABLISHED UNDER SECTION 70105(C) OF TITLE 46, INCLUDING REGULATIONS ISSUED UNDER THAT SECTION.

30 §40720. International railroad security program

31 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) INSPECTION.—The term "inspection" means the comprehensive
process used by the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection to assess goods entering the United States to appraise them for duty purposes, to detect the presence of restricted or prohibited items, and to
ensure compliance with all applicable laws.

(2) INTERNATIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN.—The term "international supply chain" means the end-to-end process for shipping goods to or from
the United States, beginning at the point of origin (including manufacturer, supplier, or vendor) through a point of distribution to the destination.

1	(3) Radiation detection equipment.—The term "radiation detection
2	equipment" means technology that is capable of detecting or identifying
3	nuclear and radiological material or nuclear and radiological explosive
4	devices.
5	(b) In General.—
6	(1) DETECTION SYSTEM.—The Secretary shall develop a system to
7	detect both undeclared passengers and contraband, with a primary
8	focus on the detection of nuclear and radiological materials entering
9	the United States by railroad.
10	(2) System requirements.—In developing the system under para-
11	graph (1), the Secretary may, in consultation with the Domestic Nu-
12	clear Detection Office, Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, and
13	Transportation Security Administration—
14	(A) deploy radiation detection equipment and nonintrusive im-
15	aging equipment at locations where railroad shipments cross an
16	international border to enter the United States;
17	(B) consider the integration of radiation detection technologies
18	with other nonintrusive inspection technologies where feasible;
19	(C) ensure appropriate training, operations, and response proto-
20	cols are established for Federal, State, and local personnel;
21	(D) implement alternative procedures to check railroad ship-
22	ments at locations where the deployment of nonintrusive inspection
23	imaging equipment is determined to not be practicable;
24	(E) ensure, to the extent practicable, that the technologies de-
25	ployed can detect terrorists or weapons, including weapons of mass
26	destruction; and
27	(F) take other actions, as appropriate, to develop the system.
28	(c) Additional Information.—The Secretary shall—
29	(1) identify and seek the submission of additional data elements for
30	improved high-risk targeting related to the movement of cargo through
31	the international supply chain utilizing a railroad prior to importation
32	into the United States;
33	(2) utilize data collected and maintained by the Secretary of Trans-
34	portation in the targeting of high-risk cargo identified under paragraph
35	(1); and
36	(3) analyze the data provided in this subsection to identify high-risk
37	cargo for inspection.
38	Subchapter III—Over-the-Road Bus Security
39	§40731. Assessments and plans
40	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall issue regulations that—

1	(1) require each over-the-road bus operator assigned to a high-risk
2	tier under this section—
3	(A) to conduct a vulnerability assessment under subsections (c)
4	and (d); and
5	(B) to prepare, submit to the Secretary for approval, and imple-
6	ment a security plan under subsection (e); and
7	(2) establish standards and guidelines for developing and implement-
8	ing the vulnerability assessments and security plans for carriers as-
9	signed to high-risk tiers consistent with this section.
10	(b) Non High-Risk Programs.—The Secretary may establish a security
11	program for over-the-road bus operators not assigned to a high-risk tier, in-
12	cluding
13	(1) guidance for operators in conducting vulnerability assessments
14	and preparing and implementing security plans, as determined appro-
15	priate by the Secretary; and
16	(2) a process to review and approve the assessments and plans, as
17	appropriate.
18	(c) Submission of Assessments and Security Plans.—The vulner-
19	ability assessments and security plans required by the regulations for over-
20	the-road bus operators assigned to a high-risk tier shall be completed and
21	submitted to the Secretary for review and approval.
22	(d) Vulnerability Assessments.—
23	(1) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall provide technical assist-
24	ance and guidance to over-the-road bus operators in conducting vulner-
25	ability assessments under this section and shall require that each vul-
26	nerability assessment of an operator assigned to a high-risk tier under
27	this section includes, as appropriate
28	(A) identification and evaluation of critical assets and infra-
29	structure, including platforms, stations, terminals, and information
30	systems;
31	(B) identification of the vulnerabilities to those assets and infra-
32	structure; and
33	(C) identification of weaknesses in—
34	(i) physical security;
35	(ii) passenger and cargo security;
36	(iii) the security of programmable electronic devices, com-
37	puters, or other automated systems which are used in provid-
38	ing over-the-road bus transportation;
39	(iv) alarms, cameras, and other protection systems;
40	(v) communications systems and utilities needed for over-
41	the-road bus security purposes, including dispatching systems;

2 (vii) employee training; and 3 (viii) Other matters the Secretary determines appropriate. 4 (2) THREAT INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall provide in a timely 5 manner to the appropriate employees of an over-the-road bus operator, 6 as designated by the over-the-road bus operator, threat information 7 that is relevant to the operator when preparing and submitting a vul- 8 nerability assessment and security plan, including an assessment of the 9 most likely methods that could be used by terrorists to exploit weak- 10 nesses in over-the-road bus security. 11 (e) SECURTY PLANS.— 12 (1) REQUINEMENTS.—The Secretary shall provide technical assist- 13 ance and guidance to over-the-road bus operator assigned to a high-risk 14 tier under this section includes, as appropriate 15 security plan of an over-the-road bus security coordinator having authority 18 (i) to implement security actions under the plan; 19 (ii) to coordinate security inprovements; and 20 (iii) to coordinate security inprovements; 21 officials regarding over-the-road bus security; 22 (B) a list of neceded capital and operational improvements;<	1	(vi) emergency response planning
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40 (H) other actions or procedures the Secretary determines are		
41 appropriate to address the security of over-the-road bus operators.		
	41	appropriate to address the security of over-the-road bus operators.

1	(2) Security coordinator requirements.—The Secretary shall
2	require that the individual serving as the security coordinator identified
3	in paragraph (1)(A) is a citizen of the United States. The Secretary
4	may waive this requirement with respect to an individual if the Sec-
5	retary determines that it is appropriate to do so based on a background
6	check of the individual and a review of the consolidated terrorist watch-
7	list.
8	(f) DEADLINE FOR REVIEW PROCESS.—Not later than 6 months after re-
9	ceiving the assessments and plans required under this section, the Secretary
10	shall—
11	(1) review each vulnerability assessment and security plan submitted
12	to the Secretary under subsection (c);
13	(2) require amendments to a security plan that does not meet the
14	requirements of this section; and
15	(3) approve a vulnerability assessment or security plan that meets
16	the requirements of this section.
17	(g) TIER ASSIGNMENT.—The Secretary shall assign each over-the-road
18	bus operator to a risk-based tier established by the Secretary:
19	(1) PROVIDING INFORMATION.—The Secretary may request, and an
20	over-the-road bus operator shall provide, information necessary for the
21	Secretary to assign an over-the-road bus operator to the appropriate
22	tier under this subsection.
23	(2) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date an over-
24	the-road bus operator is assigned to a tier under this section, the Sec-
25	retary shall notify the operator of the tier to which it is assigned and
26	the reasons for the assignment.
27	(3) HIGH-RISK TIERS.—At least one of the tiers established by the
28	Secretary under this section shall be a tier designated for high-risk
29	over-the-road bus operators.
30	(4) REASSIGNMENT.—The Secretary may reassign an over-the-road
31	bus operator to another tier, as appropriate, in response to changes in
32	risk and the Secretary shall notify the over-the-road bus operator with-
33	in 60 days after the reassignment and provide the operator with the
34	reasons for the reassignment.
35	(h) Existing Procedures, Protocols, and Standards.—
36	(1) DETERMINATION.—In response to a petition by an over-the-road
37	bus operator or at the discretion of the Secretary, the Secretary may
38	determine that existing procedures, protocols, and standards meet all
39	or part of the requirements of this section regarding vulnerability as-
40	sessments and security plans.

1	(2) Election.—On review and written determination by the Sec-
2	retary that existing procedures, protocols, or standards of an over-the-
3	road bus operator satisfy the requirements of this section, the over-the-
4	road bus operator may elect to comply with those procedures, protocols,
5	or standards instead of the requirements of this section.
6	(3) PARTIAL APPROVAL.—If the Secretary determines that the exist-
7	ing procedures, protocols, or standards of an over-the-road bus opera-
8	tor satisfy only part of the requirements of this section, the Secretary
9	may accept a submission, but shall require submission by the operator
10	of additional information relevant to the vulnerability assessment and
11	security plan of the operator to ensure that the remaining requirements
12	of this section are fulfilled.
13	(4) NOTIFICATION.—If the Secretary determines that particular ex-
14	isting procedures, protocols, or standards of an over-the-road bus oper-
15	ator under this subsection do not satisfy the requirements of this sec-
16	tion, the Secretary shall provide to the operator a written notification
17	that includes an explanation of the reasons for non-acceptance.
18	(5) REVIEW.—Nothing in this subsection shall relieve the Secretary
19	of the obligation—
20	(A) to review the vulnerability assessment and security plan
21	submitted by an over-the-road bus operator under this section; and
22	(B) to approve or disapprove each submission on an individual
23	basis.
24	(i) Periodic Evaluation by Over-the-Road Bus Provider Re-
25	QUIRED.—
26	(1) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 3 years after the date on which
27	a vulnerability assessment or security plan required to be submitted to
28	the Secretary under subsection (c) is approved, and at least once every
29	5 years thereafter (or on another schedule the Secretary may establish
30	by regulation), an over-the-road bus operator who submitted a vulner-
31	ability assessment and security plan and who is still assigned to the
32	high-risk tier shall also submit to the Secretary an evaluation of the
33	adequacy of the vulnerability assessment and security plan that in-
34	cludes a description of material changes made to the vulnerability as-
35	sessment or security plan.
36	(2) REVIEW.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which an
37	evaluation is submitted, the Secretary shall review the evaluation and
38	notify the over-the-road bus operator submitting the evaluation of the
39	Secretary's approval or disapproval of the evaluation.
40	(j) SHARED FACILITIES.—The Secretary may permit under this section
41	the development and implementation of coordinated vulnerability assess-

1	ments and security plans to the extent that an over-the-road bus operator
2	shares facilities with, or is co-located with, other transportation entities or
3	providers that are required to develop vulnerability assessments and security
4	plans under Federal law.
5	(k) Nondisclosure of Information.—
6	(1) SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION TO CONGRESS.—Nothing in this
7	section shall be construed as authorizing the withholding of information
8	from Congress.
9	(2) Disclosure of independently furnished information.—
10	Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the authority or
11	obligation of a Federal agency to disclose a record or information that
12	the Federal agency obtains from an over-the-road bus operator under
13	any other Federal law.
14	§40732. Assistance
15	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program for making
16	grants to eligible private operators providing transportation by an over-the-
17	road bus for security improvements described in subsection (b).
18	(b) USES OF FUNDS.—A recipient of a grant received under subsection
19	(a) shall use the grant funds for one or more of the following:
20	(1) Constructing and modifying terminals, garages, and facilities, in-
21	cluding terminals and other over-the-road bus facilities owned by State
22	or local governments, to increase their security.
23	(2) Modifying over-the-road buses to increase their security.
24	(3) Protecting or isolating the driver of an over-the-road bus.
25	(4) Acquiring, upgrading, installing, or operating equipment, soft-
26	ware, or accessorial services for collection, storage, or exchange of pas-
27	senger and driver information through ticketing systems or other
28	means and for information links with government agencies, for security
29	purposes.
30	(5) Installing cameras and video surveillance equipment on over-the-
31	road buses and at terminals, garages, and over-the-road bus facilities.
32	(6) Establishing and improving an emergency communications sys-
33	tem linking drivers and over-the-road buses to the recipient's oper-
34	ations center or linking the operations center to law enforcement and
35	emergency personnel.
36	(7) Implementing and operating passenger screening programs for
37	weapons and explosives.
38	(8) Public awareness campaigns for enhanced over-the-road bus se-
39	curity.
40	(9) Operating and capital costs associated with over-the-road bus se-
41	curity awareness, preparedness, and response training, including train-

1 ing under section 40734 of this title and training developed by institu-2 tions of higher education and by nonprofit employee labor organiza-3 tions, for over-the-road bus employees, including frontline employees. 4 (10) Chemical, biological, radiological, or explosive detection, includ-5 ing canine patrols for detection. (11) Overtime reimbursement, including reimbursement of State, 6 7 local, and tribal governments for costs, for enhanced security personnel 8 assigned to duties related to over-the-road bus security during periods 9 of high or severe threat levels, National Special Security Events, or 10 other periods of heightened security as determined by the Secretary. 11 (12) Live or simulated exercises, including those described in section 12 40733 of this title. 13 (13) Operational costs to hire, train, and employ police and security 14 officers, including canine units, assigned to full-time security or 15 counterterrorism duties related to over-the-road bus transportation, in-16 cluding reimbursement of State, local, and tribal government costs for 17 the personnel. 18 (14) Development of assessments or security plans under section 19 40731 of this title. 20 (15) Other improvements the Secretary considers appropriate. 21 (c) DUE CONSIDERATION.—In making grants under this section, the Sec-22 retary shall prioritize grant funding based on security risks to bus pas-23 sengers and the ability of a project to reduce, or enhance response to, that 24 risk, and shall not penalize private operators of over-the-road buses that 25 took measures to enhance over-the-road bus transportation security prior to 26 September 11, 2001. 27 (d) DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the responsibil-28 ities under subsection (a), the Secretary shall— 29 (1) determine the requirements for recipients of grants under this 30 section, including application requirements; 31 (2) select grant recipients; 32 (3) award the funds authorized by this section based on risk, as identified by the plans required under section 40731 of this title or as-33 sessment or plan described in subsection (f)(2); and 34 35 (4) under subsection (c), establish priorities for the use of funds for 36 grant recipients. 37 (e) DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS.—The Secretary and the Secretary of 38 Transportation shall determine the most effective and efficient way to dis-

37 Transportation shall determine the most effective and efficient way to dis 39 tribute grant funds to the recipients of grants determined by the Secretary

40 under subsection (a). Subject to the determination made by the Secretaries,

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1 the Secretary may transfer funds to the Secretary of Transportation for the

purposes of disbursing funds to the grant recipient.

3 (f) ELIGIBILITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A private operator providing transportation by an
over-the-road bus is eligible for a grant under this section if the operator has completed a vulnerability assessment and developed a security
plan that the Secretary has approved under section 40731 of this title.
Grant funds may only be used for permissible uses under subsection
(b) to further an over-the-road bus security plan.

10 (2) INTERIM ELIGIBILITY.—Notwithstanding the requirements for 11 eligibility and uses in paragraph (1), the Secretary may award grants 12 under this section for over-the-road bus security improvements listed 13 under subsection (b) based on over-the-road bus vulnerability assess-14 ments and security plans that the Secretary considers sufficient for the 15 purposes of this section but have not been approved by the Secretary 16 under section 40731 of this title

(g) GRANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—Except as otherwise specifically
provided in this section, a grant made under this section shall be subject
to the terms and conditions applicable to subrecipients who provide overthe-road bus transportation under 5311(f) of title 49 and other terms and
conditions the Secretary determines are necessary.

(h) LIMITATION ON USES OF FUNDS.—A grant made under this section
may not be used to make a State or local government cost-sharing contribution under any other Federal law.

(i) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Each recipient of a grant under this section shall
report annually to the Secretary on the use of the grant funds.

(j) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall consult with over-the-road bus operators and nonprofit employee labor organizations representing over-the-road bus employees, public safety and law enforcement officials.

31 §40733. Exercises

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(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program for conducting security exercises for over-the-road bus transportation for the purpose
of assessing and improving the capabilities of entities described in subsection (b) to prevent, prepare for, mitigate, respond to, and recover from
acts of terrorism.

(b) COVERED ENTITIES.—Entities to be assessed under the program in-clude—

(1) Federal, State, and local agencies and tribal governments;

40 (2) over-the-road bus operators and over-the-road bus terminal own41 ers and operators;

	000
1	(3) governmental and nongovernmental emergency response provid-
2	ers and law enforcement agencies; and
3	(4) other organizations or entities that the Secretary determines ap-
4	propriate.
5	(c) Requirements.—The Secretary shall ensure that the program—
6	(1) consolidates existing security exercises for over-the-road bus op-
7	erators and terminals administered by the Department and the Depart-
8	ment of Transportation, as jointly determined by the Secretary and the
9	Secretary of Transportation, unless the Secretary waives this consolida-
10	tion requirement, as appropriate;
11	(2) consists of exercises that are—
12	(A) scaled and tailored to the needs of the over-the-road bus op-
13	erators and terminals, including addressing the needs of the elder-
14	ly and individuals with disabilities;
15	(B) live, in the case of the most at-risk facilities to a terrorist
16	attack;
17	(C) coordinated with appropriate officials;
18	(D) as realistic as practicable and based on current risk assess-
19	ments, including credible threats, vulnerabilities, and conse-
20	quences;
21	(E) inclusive, as appropriate, of over-the-road bus frontline em-
22	ployees; and
23	(F) consistent with the National Incident Management System,
24	the National Response Plan, the National Infrastructure Protec-
25	tion Plan, the National Preparedness Guidance, the National Pre-
26	paredness Goal, and other such national initiatives;
27	(3) provides that exercises described in paragraph (2) will be—
28	(A) evaluated by the Secretary against clear and consistent per-
29	formance measures;
30	(B) assessed by the Secretary to identify best practices, which
31	shall be shared, as appropriate, with operators providing over-the-
32	road bus transportation, nonprofit employee organizations that
33	represent over-the-road bus employees, Federal, State, local, and
34	tribal officials, governmental and nongovernmental emergency re-
35	sponse providers, and law enforcement personnel; and
36	(C) used to develop recommendations, as appropriate, provided
37	to over-the-road bus operators and terminal owners and operators
38	on remedial action to be taken in response to lessons learned;
39	(4) allows for proper advanced notification of communities and local
40	governments in which exercises are held, as appropriate; and

1	(5) assists State, local, and tribal governments and over-the-road bus
2	operators and terminal owners and operators in designing, implement-
3	ing, and evaluating additional exercises that conform to the require-
4	ments of paragraph (2).
5	(d) Consistent With National Exercise Program.—The Secretary
6	shall ensure that the exercise program developed under subsection (c) is
7	consistent with the National Exercise Program established under section
8	20508 of this title.
9	§40734.Training program
10	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop and issue regulations for
11	an over-the-road bus training program to prepare over-the-road bus front-
12	line employees for potential security threats and conditions. The regulations
13	shall take into consideration current security training requirements or best
14	practices.
15	(b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall develop regulations under sub-
16	section (a) in consultation with—
17	(1) appropriate law enforcement, fire service, emergency response,
18	security, and terrorism experts;
19	(2) operators providing over-the-road bus transportation; and
20	(3) nonprofit employee labor organizations representing over-the-road
21	bus employees and emergency response personnel.
22	(c) Program Elements.—The regulations developed under subsection
23	(a) shall require security training programs, to include, at a minimum, ele-
24	ments to address the following, as applicable:
25	(1) Determination of the seriousness of an occurrence or threat.
26	(2) Driver and passenger communication and coordination.
27	(3) Appropriate responses to defend or protect oneself.
28	(4) Use of personal and other protective equipment.
29	(5) Evacuation procedures for passengers and over-the-road bus em-
30	ployees, including individuals with disabilities and the elderly.
31	(6) Psychology, behavior, and methods of terrorists, including obser-
32	vation and analysis.
33	(7) Training related to psychological responses to terrorist incidents,
34	including the ability to cope with hijacker behavior and passenger re-
35	sponses.
36	(8) Live situational training exercises regarding various threat condi-
37	tions, including tunnel evacuation procedures.
38	(9) Recognition and reporting of dangerous substances, suspicious
39	packages, and situations.

1	(10) Understanding security incident procedures, including proce-
2	dures for communicating with emergency response providers and for
3	on-scene interaction with emergency response providers.
4	(11) Operation and maintenance of security equipment and systems.
5	(12) Other security training activities that the Secretary considers
6	appropriate.
7	(d) Required Programs.—
8	(1) DEVELOPMENT AND SUBMISSION TO SECRETARY.—Not later
9	than 90 days after the Secretary issues the regulations under sub-
10	section (a), each over-the-road bus operator shall develop a security
11	training program in accordance with the regulations and submit the
12	program to the Secretary for approval.
13	(2) APPROVAL.—Not later than 60 days after receiving a security
14	training program proposal under this subsection, the Secretary shall

(2) APPROVAL.—Not later than 60 days after receiving a security
training program proposal under this subsection, the Secretary shall
approve the program or require the over-the-road bus operator that developed the program to make revisions to the program that the Secretary considers necessary for the program to meet the requirements
of the regulations. An over-the-road bus operator shall respond to the
Secretary's comments not later than 30 days after receiving them.

(3) TRAINING.—Not later than 1 year after the Secretary approves
a security training program under this subsection, the over-the-road
bus operator that developed the program shall complete the training of
all over-the-road bus frontline employees who were hired by the operator more than 30 days preceding the approval date. For employees employed less than 30 days by an operator preceding the approval date,
training shall be completed within the first 60 days of employment.

(4) UPDATES OF REGULATIONS AND PROGRAM REVISIONS.—The
Secretary shall periodically review and update, as appropriate, the
training regulations issued under subsection (a) to reflect new or
changing security threats. Each over-the-road bus operator shall revise
its training program accordingly and provide additional training as necessary to its employees within a reasonable time after the regulations
are updated.

(e) NATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall ensure that the
training program developed under subsection (a) is a component of the National Training Program established under section 20508 of this title.

37 § 40735. Research and development

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary
for Science and Technology and the Administrator of the Transportation
Security Administration, shall carry out a research and development program for the purpose of improving the security of over-the-road buses.

1	(b) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—The research and development program may
2	include projects—
3	(1) to reduce the vulnerability of over-the-road buses, stations, termi-
4	nals, and equipment to explosives and hazardous chemical, biological,
5	and radioactive substances, including the development of technology to
6	screen passengers in large numbers with minimal interference and dis-
7	ruption;
8	(2) to test new emergency response and recovery techniques and
9	technologies, including those used at international borders;
10	(3) to develop improved technologies, including those for—
11	(A) emergency response training, including training in a tunnel
12	environment, if appropriate; and
13	(B) security and redundancy for critical communications, elec-
14	trical power, computer, and over-the-road bus control systems; and
15	(4) to address other vulnerabilities and risks identified by the Sec-
16	retary.
17	(c) Coordination with Other Research Initiatives.—The Sec-
18	retary—
19	(1) shall ensure that the research and development program is con-
20	sistent with the other transportation security research and development
21	programs required by this subtitle;
22	(2) shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate the research and de-
23	velopment activities of the Department with other ongoing research and
24	development security-related initiatives, including research being con-
25	ducted by—
26	(A) the Department of Transportation, including University
27	Transportation Centers and other institutes, centers, and simula-
28	tors funded by the Department of Transportation;
29	(B) the National Academy of Sciences;
30	(C) the Technical Support Working Group;
31	(D) other Federal departments and agencies; and
32	(E) other Federal and private research laboratories, research
33	entities, and institutions of higher education, including Historically
34	Black Colleges and Universities, Hispanic Serving Institutions,
35	and Indian Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities;
36	(3) shall carry out a research and development project authorized by
37	this section through a reimbursable agreement with an appropriate
38 20	Federal agency, if the agency
39 40	(A) is currently sponsoring a research and development project
40	in a similar area; or

1	(B) has a unique facility or capability that would be useful in
2	carrying out the project;
3	(4) may award grants and enter into cooperative agreements, con-
4	tracts, other transactions, or reimbursable agreements to the entities
5	described in paragraph (2) and eligible recipients under section 40732
6	of this title; and
7	(5) shall make reasonable efforts to enter into memoranda of under-
8	standing, contracts, grants, cooperative agreements, or other trans-
9	actions with private operators providing over-the-road bus transpor-
10	tation willing to contribute assets, physical space, and other resources.
11	(d) PRIVACY AND CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES ISSUES.—
12	(1) Consultation.—In carrying out research and development
13	projects under this section, the Secretary shall consult with the Chief
14	Privacy Officer of the Department and the Officer for Civil Rights and
15	Civil Liberties of the Department as appropriate and under section
16	10532 of this title.
17	(2) Privacy impact assessments.—In accordance with sections 10532
18	and 11505 of this title, the Chief Privacy Officer shall conduct privacy
19	impact assessments and the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties
20	shall conduct reviews, as appropriate, for research and development ini-
21	tiatives developed under this section that the Secretary determines
22	could have an impact on privacy, civil rights, or civil liberties.
23	Subchapter IV—Hazardous Material and Pipeline Security
24	§40741. Railroad routing of security-sensitive materials
25	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
26	(1) HIGH-CONSEQUENCE TARGET.—The term "high-consequence tar-
27	get" means a property, natural resource, location, area, or other target
28	designated by the Secretary that is a viable terrorist target of national
29	significance, which may include a facility or specific critical infrastruc-
30	ture, the attack of which by railroad could result in—
31	(A) catastrophic loss of life;
32	(B) significant damage to national security or defense capabili-
33	ties; or
34	(C) national economic harm.
35	(2) ROUTE.—The term "route" includes storage facilities and track-
36	age used by railroad cars in transportation in commerce.
37	(b) Security-Sensitive Materials Commodity Data.—The Secretary
38	of Transportation shall, by regulation, require each railroad carrier trans-
39	porting security-sensitive materials in commerce to, no later than 90 days
40	after the end of each calendar year, compile security-sensitive materials
	commodity data. The data must be collected by route, line segment, or se-

1	ries of line segments, as aggregated by the railroad carrier. Within the rail-
2	road carrier selected route, the commodity data must identify the geo-
3	graphic location of the route and the total number of shipments by the
4	United Nations identification number for the security-sensitive materials.
5	(c) RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION ROUTE ANALYSIS FOR SECURITY-SEN-
6	SITIVE MATERIALS.—The Secretary of Transportation shall ensure that the
7	regulation issued under this section requires each railroad carrier transport-
8	ing security-sensitive materials in commerce to, for each calendar year, pro-
9	vide a written analysis of the safety and security risks for the transportation
10	routes identified in the security-sensitive materials commodity data collected
11	as required by subsection (b). The safety and security risks present shall
12	be analyzed for the route, railroad facilities, railroad storage facilities, and
13	high-consequence targets along or in proximity to the route.
14	(d) Alternative Route Analysis for Security-Sensitive Mate-
15	RIALS.—The Secretary of Transportation shall ensure that the regulation is-
16	sued under this section requires each railroad carrier transporting security-
17	sensitive materials in commerce to—
18	(1) for each calendar year—
19	(A) identify practicable alternative routes over which the rail-
20	road carrier has authority to operate as compared to the current
21	route for a shipment analyzed under subsection (c); and
22	(B) perform a safety and security risk assessment of the alter-
23	native route for comparison to the route analysis specified in sub-
24	section (c);
25	(2) ensure that the analysis under paragraph (1) includes—
26	(A) identification of safety and security risks for an alternative
27	route;
28	(B) comparison of those risks identified under subparagraph
29	(A) to the primary railroad transportation route, including the risk
30	of a catastrophic release from a shipment traveling along the alter-
31	nate route compared to the primary route;
32	(C) remediation or mitigation measures implemented on the pri-
33	mary or alternative route; and
34	(D) potential economic effects of using an alternative route; and
35	(3) consider when determining the practicable alternative routes
36	under paragraph $(1)(A)$ the use of interchange agreements with other
37	railroad carriers.
38	(e) ALTERNATIVE ROUTE SELECTION FOR SECURITY-SENSITIVE MATE-
39	RIALS.—The Secretary of Transportation shall ensure that the regulation is-
40	sued under this section requires each railroad carrier transporting security-
41	sensitive materials in commerce to use the analysis required by subsections

(c) and (d) to select the safest and most secure route to be used in trans-porting security-sensitive materials.

3 (f) REVIEW.—The Secretary of Transportation shall ensure that the regu-4 lation issued under this section requires each railroad carrier transporting 5 security-sensitive materials in commerce to annually review and select the 6 practicable route posing the least overall safety and security risk under this 7 section. The railroad carrier must retain in writing all route review and se-8 lection decision documentation and restrict the distribution, disclosure, and 9 availability of information contained in the route analysis to appropriate 10 persons. This documentation should include, but is not limited to, compara-11 tive analyses, charts, graphics, or railroad system maps.

12 (g) RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS.—The Secretary of Transportation shall 13 ensure that the regulation issued under this section requires each railroad 14 carrier transporting security-sensitive materials in commerce to, not less 15 than once every 3 years, analyze the route selection determinations required 16 under this section. The analysis shall include a comprehensive, system-wide 17 review of all operational changes, infrastructure modifications, traffic ad-18 justments, changes in the nature of high-consequence targets located along 19 or in proximity to the route, or other changes affecting the safety and secu-20 rity of the movements of security-sensitive materials that were implemented 21 since the previous analysis was completed.

(h) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out subsection (c), railroad carriers
transporting security-sensitive materials in commerce shall seek relevant information from State, local, and tribal officials, as appropriate, regarding
security risks to high-consequence targets along or in proximity to a route
used by a railroad carrier to transport security-sensitive materials.

27 §40742. Railroad security-sensitive material tracking

(a) IN GENERAL.— In conjunction with the research and development
program established under section 40717 of this title and consistent with
the results of research relating to wireless and other tracking technologies,
the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Transportation
Security Administration, shall develop a program that will encourage the
equipping of railroad cars transporting security-sensitive materials, as defined in section 40701 of this title, with technology that provides—

- 35 (1) car position location and tracking capabilities; and
- (2) notification of railroad car depressurization, breach, unsafe tem perature, or release of hazardous materials, as appropriate.

(b) Coordination.In developing the program required by sub-section (a), the Secretary shall—

1	(1) consult with the Secretary of Transportation to coordinate the
2	program with ongoing or planned efforts for railroad car tracking at
3	the Department of Transportation; and
4	(2) endure that the program is consistent with recommendations and
5	findings of the Department of Homeland Security's hazardous material
6	railroad tank car tracking pilot programs.
7	§40743. Motor carrier security-sensitive material tracking
8	(a) Communications.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the findings of the Transpor-
10	tation Security Administration's hazardous materials truck security
11	pilot program, the Secretary, through the Administrator of the Trans-
12	portation Security Administration and in consultation with the Sec-
13	retary of Transportation, shall develop a program to facilitate the
14	tracking of motor carrier shipments of security-sensitive materials and
15	to equip vehicles used in the shipments with technology that provides—
16	(A) frequent or continuous communications;
17	(B) vehicle position location and tracking capabilities; and
18	(C) a feature that allows a driver of the vehicles to broadcast
19	an emergency distress signal.
20	(2) Considerations.—In developing the program required by para-
21	graph (1), the Secretary shall—
22	(A) consult with the Secretary of Transportation to coordinate
23	the program with ongoing or planned efforts for motor carrier or
24	security-sensitive materials tracking at the Department of Trans-
25	portation;
26	(B) take into consideration the recommendations and findings
27	of the report on the hazardous material safety and security oper-
28	ational field test released by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Ad-
29	ministration on November 11, 2004; and
30	(C) evaluate
31	(i) new information related to the costs and benefits of de-
32	ploying, equipping, and utilizing tracking technology, includ-
33	ing portable tracking technology, for motor carriers transport-
34	ing security-sensitive materials not included in the hazardous
35	material safety and security operational field test report re-
36	leased by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration on
37	November 11, 2004;
38	(ii) the ability of tracking technology to resist tampering
39	and disabling;

(iii) the capability of tracking technology to collect, display,
and store information regarding the movement of shipments
of security-sensitive materials by commercial motor vehicles;
(iv) the appropriate range of contact intervals between the
tracking technology and a commercial motor vehicle trans-
porting security-sensitive materials;
(v) technology that allows the installation by a motor car-
rier of concealed electronic devices on commercial motor vehi-
cles that can be activated by law enforcement authorities to
disable the vehicle or alert emergency response resources to
locate and recover security-sensitive materials in the event of
loss or theft of the materials;
(vi) whether installation of the technology described in
clause (v) should be incorporated into the program under
paragraph (1);
(vii) the costs, benefits, and practicality of the technology
described in clause (v) in the context of the overall benefit to
national security, including commerce in transportation; and
(viii) other systems and information the Secretary deter-
mines appropriate.
(b) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may not mandate the installation or uti-
lization of a technology described under this section without additional con-
gressional authority provided after August 3, 2007.
§40744. Use of transportation security card in hazmat li-
censing
(a) BACKGROUND CHECK.—An individual who has a valid transportation
employee identification card issued by the Secretary under section 70105 of
title 46, is deemed to have met the background records check required
under section 5103a of title 49.
(b) STATE REVIEW.—Nothing in this subsection prevents or preempts a
State from conducting a criminal records check of an individual that has
applied for a license to operate a motor vehicle transporting in commerce
a hazardous material.
§40745. Pipeline security inspections and enforcement
(a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the Annex to the Memorandum of
Understanding executed on August 9, 2006, between the Department of
Transportation and the Department, the Secretary, in consultation with the
Secretary of Transportation, shall establish a program for reviewing pipeline
operator adoption of recommendations of the September 5, 2002, Depart-
ment of Transportation Research and Special Programs Administration's

1 Pipeline Security Information Circular, including the review of pipeline secu-

2 rity plans and critical facility inspections.

3 (b) REVIEW AND INSPECTION.—The Secretary and the Secretary of 4 Transportation shall develop and implement a plan for reviewing the pipe-5 line security plans and an inspection of the critical facilities of the 100 most 6 critical pipeline operators covered by the September 5, 2002, circular, where 7 the facilities have not been inspected for security purposes since September 8 5, 2002, by either the Department or the Department of Transportation. 9 (c) COMPLIANCE REVIEW METHODOLOGY.—In reviewing pipeline opera-10 tor compliance under subsections (a) and (b), risk assessment methodologies 11 shall be used to prioritize risks and to target inspection and enforcement 12 actions to the highest risk pipeline assets.

13 (d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary and the Secretary of Transportation 14 shall develop and transmit to pipeline operators security recommendations 15 for natural gas and hazardous liquid pipelines and pipeline facilities. If the 16 Secretary determines that regulations are appropriate, the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Transportation on the extent of risk and ap-17 18 propriate mitigation measures, and the Secretary or the Secretary of Trans-19 portation, consistent with the Annex to the Memorandum of Understanding 20 executed on August 9, 2006, shall promulgate regulations and carry out 21 necessary inspection and enforcement actions. Regulations shall incorporate 22 the guidance provided to pipeline operators by the September 5, 2002, De-23 partment of Transportation Research and Special Programs Administra-24 tion's Pipeline Security Information Circular and contain additional require-25 ments as necessary based upon the results of the inspections performed 26 under subsection (b). The regulations shall include the imposition of civil 27 penalties for noncompliance.

28 §40746. Pipeline security and incident recovery plan

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of
Transportation and the Administrator of the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, and in accordance with the Annex to the Memorandum of Understanding executed on August 9, 2006, the National Strategy for Transportation Security, and Homeland Security Presidential Directive 7, shall develop a pipeline security and incident recovery protocols plan.
The plan shall include—

(1) for the Government to provide increased security support to the
most critical interstate and intrastate natural gas and hazardous liquid
transmission pipeline infrastructure and operations as determined
under section 40745 of this title when—

40 (A) under severe security threat levels of alert; or

	405
1	(B) under specific security threat information relating to the
2	pipeline infrastructure or operations exists; and
3	(2) an incident recovery protocol plan, developed in conjunction with
4	interstate and intrastate transmission and distribution pipeline opera-
5	tors and terminals and facilities operators connected to pipelines, to de-
6	velop protocols to ensure the continued transportation of natural gas
7	and hazardous liquids to essential markets and for essential public
8	health or national defense uses in the event of an incident affecting the
9	interstate and intrastate natural gas and hazardous liquid transmission
10	and distribution pipeline system, including protocols for restoring es-
11	
	sential services supporting pipelines and granting access to pipeline op-
12	erators for pipeline infrastructure repair, replacement, or bypass follow-
13	ing an incident.
14	(b) Existing Private and Public Sector Efforts.—The plan shall
15	take into account actions taken or planned by both private and public enti-
16	ties to address identified pipeline security issues and assess the effective in-
17	tegration of the actions.
18	(c) CONSULTATION.—In developing the plan under subsection (a), the
19	Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Transportation, interstate and
20	intrastate transmission and distribution pipeline operators, nonprofit em-
21	ployee organizations representing pipeline employees, emergency responders,
22	offerors, State pipeline safety agencies, public safety officials, and other rel-
23	evant parties.
24	Chapter 409—Air Transportation Security
	Sec.
	Subchapter I—Title 49 Definitions
	40901. Use of title 49 definitions.
	Subchapter II—Requirements
	40911. Screening passengers and property.40912. Refusal to transport passengers and property.
	40913. Air transportation security.
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	40927. Federal air marshals and training of law enforcement personnel.

- 40928. Crew training.
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- 40932. Airport security improvement projects.
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Subchapter VI — Special Aircraft Jurisdiction of the United States

41011. Definitions.

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- 41012. Aircraft piracy.
- 41013. Interference with security screening personnel.
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- 41015. Carrying a weapon or explosive on an aircraft.
- 41016. Application of certain criminal laws to acts on aircraft.
- 41017. False information and threats.

Subchapter I—Title 49 Definitions

2 § 40901. Use of title 49 definitions.

3 Unless otherwise specifically provided, the definitions in section 40102 of

4 title 49 apply to this chapter.

Subchapter II—Requirements

6 § 40911. Screening passengers and property

- 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of
- 8 the Transportation Security Administration, shall provide for the screening
- 9 of all passengers and property, including United States mail, cargo, carry-

1 on and checked baggage, and other articles, that will be carried aboard a 2 passenger aircraft operated by an air carrier or foreign air carrier in air 3 transportation or intrastate air transportation. In the case of flights and 4 flight segments originating in the United States, the screening shall take 5 place before boarding and shall be carried out by a Federal Government em-6 ployee (as defined in section 2105 of title 5), except as otherwise provided 7 in section 40930 of this title and except for identifying passengers and bag-8 gage for screening under the CAPPS and known shipper programs and con-9 ducting positive bag-match programs. 10 (b) SUPERVISION OF SCREENING.—All screening of passengers and prop-11 erty at airports in the United States where screening is required under this 12 section shall be supervised by uniformed Federal personnel of the Transpor-13 tation Security, who shall have the power to order the dismissal of an indi-14 vidual performing screening. 15 (c) CHECKED BAGGAGE DEADLINE.—A system must be in operation to 16 screen all checked baggage at all airports in the United States as soon as 17 practicable. (d) Explosives Detection Systems.— 18 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall take all necessary action to 20 ensure that-21 (A) explosives detection systems are deployed as soon as pos-22 sible to ensure that all United States airports described in section 23 40913(c) of this title have sufficient explosives detection systems 24 to screen all checked baggage and that as soon as the systems are 25 in place at an airport, all checked baggage at the airport is 26 screened by those systems; 27 (B) all systems deployed under subparagraph (A) are fully uti-28 lized; and 29 (C) if explosives detection equipment at an airport is unavail-30 able, all checked baggage is screened by an alternative means. 31 (2) Preclearance Airports.— 32 (A) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph: 33 (i) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The term "Assistant Sec-34 retary" means the Assistant Secretary (Transportation Secu-35 rity Administration). 36 (ii) AVIATION SECURITY PRECLEARANCE AGREEMENT.-37 The term "aviation security preclearance agreement" means 38 an agreement that delineates and implements security stand-39 ards and protocols that are determined by the Assistant Sec-40 retary, in coordination with the Bureau of Customs and Bor-

der Protection, to be comparable to those of the United

1	States and therefore sufficiently effective to enable passengers
2	to deplane into sterile areas of airports in the United States.
3	(B) IN GENERAL.—For a flight or flight segment originating at an
4	airport outside the United States and traveling to the United States
5	with respect to which checked baggage has been screened in accordance
6	with an aviation security preclearance agreement between the United
7	States and the country in which the airport is located, the Assistant
8	Secretary may, in coordination with the Bureau of Customs and Border
9	Protection, determine whether the baggage must be re-screened in the
10	United States by an explosives detection system before the baggage
11	continues on any additional flight or flight segment.
12	(C) REPORT.—The Assistant Secretary shall submit to the
13	Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives,
14	the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
15	Senate, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-
16	mental Affairs of the Senate an annual report on the re-screening
17	of baggage under this paragraph. Each report shall include the
18	following for the year covered by the report:
19	(i) A list of airports outside the United States from which
20	a flight or flight segment traveled to the United States for
21	which the Assistant Secretary determined, in accordance with
22	the authority under subparagraph (B), that checked baggage
23	was not required to be re-screened in the United States by
24	an explosives detection system before the baggage continued
25	on an additional flight or flight segment.
26	(ii) The amount of Federal savings generated from the ex-
27	ercise of the authority.
28	(e) CARGO DEADLINE.—A system must be in operation to screen, inspect,
29	or otherwise ensure the security of all cargo that is to be transported in
30	all-cargo aircraft in air transportation and intrastate air transportation as
31	soon as practicable.
32	(f) Air Cargo on Passenger Aircraft.—
33	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "screening" means a
34	physical examination or non-intrusive methods of assessing whether
35	cargo poses a threat to transportation security, including x-ray sys-
36	tems, explosives detection systems, explosives trace detection, explosives
37	detection canine teams certified by the Administration, or a physical
38	search together with manifest verification.
39	(2) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a system to screen
40	100 percent of cargo transported on passenger aircraft operated by an
41	air carrier or foreign air carrier in air transportation or intrastate air

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1	transportation to ensure the security of all passenger aircraft carrying
2	cargo.
3	(3) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—The system referred to in paragraph (2)
4	shall require, at a minimum, that equipment, technology, procedures,
5	personnel, or other methods approved by the Secretary, are used to
6	screen cargo carried on passenger aircraft described in paragraph (2)
7	to provide a level of security commensurate with the level of security
8	for the screening of passenger checked baggage.
9	(4) Additional cargo screening methods.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may approve additional meth-
11	ods to ensure that the cargo does not pose a threat to transpor-
12	tation security and to assist in meeting the requirements of this
13	subsection.
14	(B) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The additional cargo screening
15	methods shall not include solely performing a review of informa-
16	tion about the contents of cargo or verifying the identity of a ship-
17	per of the cargo that is not performed in conjunction with other
18	security methods authorized under this subsection, including
19	whether a known shipper is registered in the known shipper data-
20	base.
21	(C) CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.—The additional cargo screening
22	methods may include a program to certify the security methods
23	used by shippers under paragraphs (2) and (3) and alternative
24	screening methods pursuant to exemptions referred to in sub-
25	section (b) of section 1602 of the Implementing Recommendations
26	of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53, 121
27	Stat. 479).
28	(5) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall, by regulation, implement
29	this subsection in accordance with the provisions of chapter 5 of title
30	5.
31	(g) Deployment of Armed Law Enforcement Personnel.—
32	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall order the deployment of law
33	enforcement personnel authorized to carry firearms at each airport se-
34	curity screening location to ensure passenger safety and national secu-
35	rity.
36	(2) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—Except at airports required to enter
37	into agreements under subsection (c), the Secretary shall order the de-
38	ployment of at least one law enforcement officer at each airport secu-
39	rity screening location. At the 100 largest airports in the United
40	States, in terms of annual passenger enplanements for the most recent
41	calendar year for which data are available, the Secretary shall order

1	the deployment of additional law enforcement personnel at airport secu-
2	rity screening locations if the Secretary determines that the additional
3	deployment is necessary to ensure passenger safety and national secu-
4	rity.
5	(h) EXEMPTIONS AND ADVISING CONGRESS ON REGULATIONS.—The Sec-
6	retary—
7	(1) may exempt from this section air transportation operations, ex-
8	cept scheduled passenger operations of an air carrier providing air
9	transportation under a certificate issued under section 41102 of title
10	49 or a permit issued under section 41302 of that title; and
11	(2) shall advise Congress of a regulation to be prescribed under this
12	section at least 30 days before the effective date of the regulation, un-
13	less the Secretary decides an emergency exists requiring the regulation
14	to become effective in fewer than 30 days and notifies Congress of that
15	decision.
16	(i) Blast-resistant Cargo Containers.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—
18	(A) evaluate the results of the blast-resistant cargo container
19	pilot program that was initiated before August 3, 2007; and
20	(B) prepare and distribute through the Aviation Security Advi-
21	sory Committee to the appropriate Committees of Congress and
22	air carriers a report on that evaluation which may contain non-
23	classified and classified sections.
24	(2) Acquisition, maintenance, and replacement.—Upon completion
25	and consistent with the results of the evaluation that paragraph $(1)(A)$
26	requires, the Secretary shall—
27	(A) develop and implement a program, as the Secretary deter-
28	mines appropriate, to acquire, maintain, and replace blast-resist-
29	ant cargo containers;
30	(B) pay for the program; and
31	(C) make available blast-resistant cargo containers to air car-
32	riers under paragraph (3).
33	(3) DISTRIBUTION TO AIR CARRIERS.—The Secretary shall make
34	available blast-resistant cargo containers to air carriers for use on a
35	risk managed basis as determined by the Secretary.
36	(j) GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORT SECURITY PROGRAM.—
37	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—
38	(A) develop a standardized threat and vulnerability assessment
39	program for general aviation airports (as defined in section
40	47134(m) of title 49); and

1	(B) implement a program to perform the assessments on a risk-
2	managed basis at general aviation airports.
3	(2) GRANT PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall complete a study of the
4	feasibility of a program, based on a risk-managed approach, to provide
5	grants to operators of general aviation airports (as defined in section
6	47134(m) of title 49) for projects to upgrade security at the airports.
7	If the Secretary determines that a program is feasible, the Secretary
8	shall establish a program.
9	(3) Required submissions by general aviation aircraft.—The
10	Secretary shall develop a risk-based system under which—
11	(A) general aviation aircraft, as identified by the Secretary, in
12	coordination with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Ad-
13	ministration, are required to submit passenger information and
14	advance notification requirements for U.S. Customs and Border
15	Protection before entering United States airspace; and
16	(B) the information is checked against appropriate databases.
17	(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to
18	be appropriated to the Secretary such sums as may be necessary to
19	carry out paragraphs (2) and (3).
20	(k) Limitations on Use of Advanced Imaging Technology for
21	Screening Passengers.—
22	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
23	(A) ADVANCED IMAGING TECHNOLOGY.—The term "advanced
24	imaging technology''—
25	(i) means a device used in the screening of passengers that
26	creates a visual image of an individual showing the surface
27	of the skin and revealing other objects on the body; and
28	(ii) may include devices using backscatter x-rays or milli-
29	meter waves and devices referred to as "whole-body imaging
30	technology" or "body scanning machines".
31	(B) Appropriate congressional committees.—The term
32	"appropriate congressional committees" means—
33	(i) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
34	tation and the Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-
35	mental Affairs of the Senate; and
36	(ii) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
37	Representatives.
38	(C) AUTOMATIC TARGET RECOGNITION SOFTWARE.—The term
39	"automatic target recognition software" means software installed
40	on an advanced imaging technology that produces a generic image

1	of the individual being screened that is the same as the images
2	produced for all other screened individuals.
3	(2) Use of advanced imaging technology.—Beginning June 1,
4	2012, the Secretary shall ensure that an advanced imaging technology
5	used for the screening of passengers under this section—
6	(A) is equipped with and employs automatic target recognition
7	software; and
8	(B) complies with other requirements the Secretary determines
9	necessary to address privacy considerations.
10	(3) Extension.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may extend the deadline spec-
12	ified in paragraph (2), if the Secretary determines that—
13	(i) an advanced imaging technology equipped with auto-
14	matic target recognition software is not substantially as effec-
15	tive at screening passengers as an advanced imaging tech-
16	nology without the software; or
17	(ii) additional testing of the software is necessary.
18	(B) DURATION OF EXTENSIONS—THE SECRETARY MAY ISSUE
19	ONE OR MORE EXTENSIONS UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (A). THE DU-
20	RATION OF EACH EXTENSION MAY NOT EXCEED ONE YEAR.
21	(4) Reports.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 31, 2012, and not later
23	than 60 days after the date on which the Secretary issues any ex-
24	tension under paragraph (3), the Secretary shall submit to the ap-
25	propriate congressional committees a report on the implementation
26	of this subsection.
27	(B) ELEMENTS.—A report submitted under subparagraph (A)
28	shall include the following:
29	(i) A description of all matters the Secretary considers rel-
30	evant to the implementation of the requirements of this sub-
31	section.
32	(ii) The status of compliance by the Administration with
33	such requirements.
34	(iii) If the Administration is not in full compliance with
35	such requirements—
36	(I) the reasons for the noncompliance; and
37	(II) a timeline depicting when the Secretary expects
38	the Administration to achieve full compliance.
39	(C) Security classification.—To the greatest extent prac-
40	ticable, a report prepared under subparagraph (A) shall be submit-

 a classified annex. \$40912. Refusal to transport passengers and property (a) MANDATORY REFUSAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Admini 	
4 (a) MANDATORY REFUSAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Admini	
5 trator of the Transportation Security Administration, shall prescribe regula	
6 tions requiring an air carrier, intrastate air carrier, or foreign air carrier	r
7 to refuse to transport—	
8 (1) a passenger who does not consent to a search under section	n
9 40911(a) of this title establishing whether the passenger is carryin	g
10 unlawfully a dangerous weapon, explosive, or other destructive su)-
11 stance; or	
12 (2) property of a passenger who does not consent to a search of the	е
13 property establishing whether the property unlawfully contains a dam	l-
14 gerous weapon, explosive, or other destructive substance.	
15 (b) PERMISSIVE REFUSAL.—Subject to regulations of the Secretary, a	n
16 air carrier, intrastate air carrier, or foreign air carrier may refuse to tran	5-
17 port a passenger or property the carrier decides is, or might be, inimic	ıl
18 to safety.	
19 (c) Agreeing to Consent to Search.—An agreement to carry pa	5-
20 sengers or property in air transportation or intrastate air transportation b	у
21 an air carrier, intrastate air carrier, or foreign air carrier is deemed to in	L-
22 clude an agreement that the passenger or property will not be carried if con	1-
23 sent to search the passenger or property for a purpose referred to in th	\mathbf{s}
24 section is not given.	
25 §40913. Air transportation security	
26 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "law enforcement personnel" means in	-
27 dividuals—	
28 (1) authorized to carry and use firearms;	
29 (2) vested with the degree of the police power of arrest the Secretar	у
30 considers necessary to carry out this section; and	
31 (3) identifiable by appropriate indicia of authority.	
32 (b) PROTECTION AGAINST VIOLENCE AND PIRACY.—The Secretary, ac	;-
33 ing through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administra	
34 tion, shall prescribe regulations to protect passengers and property on a	n
35 aircraft operating in air transportation or intrastate air transportation	n
36 against an act of criminal violence or aircraft piracy. When prescribing	a
37 regulation under this subsection, the Secretary shall—	
38 (1) consult with the Secretary of Transportation, the Attorney Gen	l-
39 eral, the heads of other departments, agencies, and instrumentalities	\mathbf{f}
40 the United States Government, and State and local authorities;	
41 (2) consider whether a proposed regulation is consistent with—	

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1	(A) protecting passengers; and
2	(B) the public interest in promoting air transportation and
3	intrastate air transportation;
4	(3) to the maximum extent practicable, require a uniform procedure
5	for searching and detaining passengers and property to ensure
6	(A) their safety; and
7	(B) courteous and efficient treatment by an air carrier, an
8	agent or employee of an air carrier, and Government, State, and
9	local law enforcement personnel carrying out this section; and
10	(4) consider the extent to which a proposed regulation will carry out
11	this section.
12	(c) Security Programs.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations under
14	subsection (b) that require each operator of an airport regularly serving
15	an air carrier holding a certificate issued by the Secretary of Transpor-
16	tation to establish an air transportation security program that provides
17	a law enforcement presence and capability at each of those airports
18	that is adequate to ensure the safety of passengers. The regulations
19	shall authorize the operator to use the services of qualified State, local,
20	and private law enforcement personnel. When the Secretary decides,
21	after being notified by an operator in the form the Secretary pre-
22	scribes, that not enough qualified State, local, and private law enforce-
23	ment personnel are available to carry out subsection (b), the Secretary
24	may authorize the operator to use, on a reimbursable basis, personnel
25	employed by the Secretary, or by another department, agency, or in-
26	strumentality of the Government with the consent of the head of the
27	department, agency, or instrumentality, to supplement State, local, and
28	private law enforcement personnel. When deciding whether additional
29	personnel are needed, the Secretary shall consider the number of pas-
30	sengers boarded at the airport, the extent of anticipated risk of crimi-
31	nal violence or aircraft piracy at the airport or to the air carrier air-
32	craft operations at the airport, and the availability of qualified State
33	or local law enforcement personnel at the airport.
34	(2) Inclusion of Airport tenant security program.—
35	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may approve a security pro-
36	gram of an airport operator, or an amendment in an existing pro-
37	gram, that incorporates a security program of an airport tenant
38	(except an air carrier separately complying with part 108 or 129
39	of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations) having access to a se-
40	cured area of the airport, if the program or amendment incor-
41	porates

(i) the measures the tenant will use, within the tenant's leased areas or areas designated for the tenant's exclusive use under an agreement with the airport operator, to carry out the security requirements imposed by the Secretary on the airport operator under the access control system requirements of section 107.14 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or under other requirements of part 107 of title 14; and
(ii) the methods the airport operator will use to monitor and audit the tenant's compliance with the security requirements and provides that the tenant will be required to pay monetary penalties to the airport operator if the tenant fails to carry out a security requirement under a contractual provision or requirement imposed by the airport operator.
(B) OPERATOR NOT IN VIOLATION.—If the Secretary approves a program or amendment described in subparagraph (A) of this

a program or amendment described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the airport operator may not be found to be in violation of a requirement of this subsection or subsection (b) when the airport operator demonstrates that the tenant or an employee, permittee, or invitee of the tenant is responsible for the violation and that the airport operator has complied with all measures in its security program for securing compliance with its security program by the tenant.

(C) MAXIMUM USE OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPON DE TECTION EQUIPMENT.—The Secretary may require airports to
 maximize the use of technology and equipment that is designed to
 detect or neutralize potential chemical or biological weapons.

(3) PILOT PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall establish pilot programs
in no fewer than 20 airports to test and evaluate new and emerging
technology for providing access control and other security protections
for closed or secure areas of the airports. The technology may include
biometric or other technology that ensures only authorized access to secure areas.

(d) AUTHORIZING INDIVIDUALS TO CARRY FIREARMS AND MAKE ARRESTS.—With the approval of the Attorney General and the Secretary of
State, the Secretary may authorize an individual who carries out air transportation security duties—

(1) to carry firearms; and

(2) to make arrests without warrant for an offense against the
United States committed in the presence of the individual or for a felony under the laws of the United States, if the individual reasonably

1	believes the individual to be arrested has committed or is committing
2	a felony.
3	(e) Exclusive Responsibility over Passenger Safety.—The Sec-
4	retary has the exclusive responsibility to direct law enforcement activity re-
5	lated to the safety of passengers on an aircraft involved in an offense under
6	section 46502 of title 49 from the moment all external doors of the aircraft
7	are closed following boarding until those doors are opened to allow pas-
8	sengers to leave the aircraft. When requested by the Secretary, other de-
9	partments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government shall provide
10	assistance necessary to carry out this subsection.
11	(f) GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRY CONSORTIA.—The Secretary may estab-
12	lish at airports consortia of government and aviation industry representa-
13	tives to provide advice on matters related to aviation security and safety.
14	The consortia shall not be considered Federal advisory committees for pur-
15	poses of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
16	(g) Improvement of Secured-Area Access Control.—
17	(1) Employee sanctions.—
18	(A) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall publish in the Federal
19	Register a list of sanctions for use as guidelines in the discipline
20	of employees for infractions of airport access control requirements.
21	(B) DISCIPLINARY APPROACH.—The guidelines shall incorporate
22	a progressive disciplinary approach that relates proposed sanctions
23	to the severity or recurring nature of the infraction and shall in-
24	clude measures such as remedial training, suspension from secu-
25	rity-related duties, suspension from all duties without pay, and
26	termination of employment.
27	(C) USE.—Each airport operator, air carrier, and security
28	screening company shall include the list of sanctions published by
29	the Secretary in its security program. The security program shall
30	include a process for taking prompt disciplinary action against an
31	employee who commits an infraction of airport access control re-
32	quirements.
33	(2) ACTIONS TO IMPROVE ACCESS CONTROL.—The Secretary shall—
34	(A) work with airport operators and air carriers to implement
35	and strengthen existing controls to eliminate airport access control
36	weaknesses;
37	(B) require airport operators and air carriers to develop and im-
38	plement comprehensive and recurring training programs that
39	teach employees their roles in airport security, the importance of
40	their participation, how their performance will be evaluated, and
41	what action will be taken if they fail to perform;

1	(C) require airport operators and air carriers to develop and im-
2	plement programs that foster and reward compliance with airport
3	access control requirements and discourage and penalize non-
4	compliance in accordance with guidelines issued by the Secretary
5	to measure employee compliance;
6	(D) on an ongoing basis, assess and test for compliance with
7	access control requirements, report annually findings of the assess-
8	ments, and assess the effectiveness of penalties in ensuring compli-
9	ance with security procedures and take other appropriate enforce-
10	ment actions when noncompliance is found;
11	(E) improve and better administer the Secretary's security data-
12	base to ensure its efficiency, reliability, and usefulness for identi-
13	fication of systemic problems and allocation of resources;
14	(F) improve the execution of the Secretary's quality control pro-
15	gram; and
16	(G) work with airport operators to strengthen access control
17	points in secured areas (including air traffic control operations
18	areas, maintenance areas, crew lounges, baggage handling areas,
19	concessions, and catering delivery areas) to ensure the security of
20	passengers and aircraft and consider the deployment of biometric
21	or similar technologies that identify individuals based on unique
22	personal characteristics.
23	(h) Improved Airport Perimeter Access Security.—
24	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
25	(A) BIOMETRIC IDENTIFIER.—The term "biometric identifier"
26	means a technology that enables the automated identification, or
27	verification of the identity, of an individual based on biometric in-
28	formation.
29	(B) Biometric identifier information.—The term "biometric
30	identifier information" means the distinct physical or behavioral
31	characteristics of an individual that are used for unique identifica-
32	tion, or verification of the identity, of an individual.
33	(C) FAILURE TO ENROLL.—The term "failure to enroll" means
34	the inability of an individual to enroll in a biometric identifier sys-
35	tem due to an insufficiently distinctive biometric sample, the lack
36	of a body part necessary to provide the biometric sample, a system
37	design that makes it difficult to provide consistent biometric iden-
38	tifier information, or other factors.
39	(D) FALSE MATCH.—The term "false match" means the incor-
40	rect matching of one individual's biometric identifier information

1	to another individual's biometric identifier information by a bio-
2	metric identifier system.
3	(E) FALSE NON-MATCH.—The term "false non-match" means
4	the rejection of a valid identity by a biometric identifier system.
5	(F) Secure area of an airport.—The term "secure area of
6	an airport" means the sterile area and the Secure Identification
7	Display Area of an airport (as the terms are defined in section
8	1540.5 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, or a successor
9	regulation to that section).
10	(2) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the airport
11	operator and law enforcement authorities, may order the deployment of
12	necessary personnel at a secure area of the airport to counter the risk
13	of criminal violence, the risk of aircraft piracy at the airport, the risk
14	to air carrier aircraft operations at the airport, or to meet national se-
15	curity concerns.
16	(3) Consideration of security of aircraft and ground ac-
17	CESS TO SECURE AREAS.—In determining where to deploy the person-
18	nel, the Secretary shall consider the physical security needs of air traf-
19	fic control facilities, parked aircraft, aircraft servicing equipment, air-
20	craft supplies (including fuel), automobile parking facilities within air-
21	port perimeters or adjacent to secured facilities, and access and transi-
22	tion areas at airports served by other means of ground or water trans-
23	portation.
24	(4) Deployment of federal law enforcement personnel.—
25	The Secretary may enter into a memorandum of understanding or
26	other agreement with the Attorney General or the head of another ap-
27	propriate Federal law enforcement agency to deploy Federal law en-
28	forcement personnel at an airport in order to meet aviation safety and
29	security concerns.
30	(5) AIRPORT PERIMETER SCREENING.—The Secretary shall—
31	(A) require screening or inspection of all individuals, goods,
32	property, vehicles, and other equipment before entry into a secured
33	area of an airport in the United States described in subsection (c);
34	(B) prescribe specific requirements for the screening and inspec-
35	tion that will assure at least the same level of protection as will
36	result from screening of passengers and their baggage;
37	(C) establish procedures to ensure the safety and integrity of—
38	(i) all persons providing services with respect to aircraft
39	providing passenger air transportation or intrastate air trans-
40	portation and facilities of those persons at an airport in the
41	United States described in subsection (c);

1	(ii) all supplies, including catering and passenger amen-
2	ities, placed aboard the aircraft, including the sealing of sup-
3	plies to ensure easy visual detection of tampering; and
4	(iii) all persons providing the supplies and facilities of those
5	persons;
6	(D) require vendors having direct access to the airfield and air-
7	craft to develop security programs; and
8	(E) issue guidance for the use of biometric or other technology
9	that positively verifies the identity of each employee and law en-
10	forcement officer who enters a secure area of an airport.
11	(6) Use of biometric technology in airport access control
12	SYSTEMS.—In issuing guidance under paragraph (5)(E), the Secretary
13	in consultation with representatives of the aviation industry, the bio-
14	metric identifier industry, and the National Institute of Standards and
15	Technology, shall establish, at a minimum
16	(A) comprehensive technical and operational system require-
17	ments and performance standards for the use of biometric identi-
18	fier technology in airport access control systems (including airport
19	perimeter access control systems) to ensure that the biometric
20	identifier systems are effective, reliable, and secure;
21	(B) a list of products and vendors that meet the requirements
22	and standards set forth in subparagraph (A);
23	(C) procedures for implementing biometric identifier systems—
24	(i) to ensure that individuals do not use an assumed iden-
25	tity to enroll in a biometric identifier system; and
26	(ii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false
27	non-matches; and
28	(D) best practices for incorporating biometric identifier tech-
29	nology into airport access control systems in the most effective
30	manner, including a process to best utilize existing airport access
31	control systems, facilities, and equipment and existing data net-
32	works connecting airports.
33	(7) Use of biometric technology for armed law enforce-
34	MENT TRAVEL.—
35	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the At-
36	torney General, shall—
37	(i) implement this section by publication in the Federal
38	Register, and
39	(ii) establish a national registered armed law enforcement
40	program, that shall be federally managed, for law enforce-

1	ment officers needing to be armed when traveling by commer-
2	cial aircraft.
3	(B) Program requirements.—The program shall—
4	(i) establish a credential or a system that incorporates bio-
5	metric technology and other applicable technologies;
6	(ii) establish a system for law enforcement officers who
7	need to be armed when traveling by commercial aircraft on
8	a regular basis and for those who need to be armed during
9	temporary travel assignments;
10	(iii) comply with other uniform credentialing initiatives, in-
11	cluding the Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12;
12	(iv) apply to all Federal, State, local, tribal, and territorial
13	government law enforcement agencies; and
14	(v) establish a process by which the travel credential or sys-
15	tem may be used to verify the identity, using biometric tech-
16	nology, of a Federal, State, local, tribal, or territorial law en-
17	forcement officer seeking to carry a weapon on board a com-
18	mercial aircraft, without unnecessarily disclosing to the public
19	that the individual is a law enforcement officer.
20	(C) PROCEDURES.—In establishing the program, the Secretary
21	shall develop procedures—
22	(i) to ensure that a law enforcement officer of a Federal,
23	State, local, tribal, or territorial government flying armed has
23 24	State, local, tribal, or territorial government flying armed has a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within
24	a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within
24 25	a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer;
24 25 26	a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer;(ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforce-
24 25 26 27	a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer;(ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer;
24 25 26 27 28	a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer;(ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer;(iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false
24 25 26 27 28 29	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system;
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system; (iv) to determine the method of issuance of the biometric
 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system; (iv) to determine the method of issuance of the biometric credential to law enforcement officers needing to be armed
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system; (iv) to determine the method of issuance of the biometric credential to law enforcement officers needing to be armed when traveling by commercial aircraft;
 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system; (iv) to determine the method of issuance of the biometric credential to law enforcement officers needing to be armed when traveling by commercial aircraft; (v) to invalidate a law enforcement travel credential or system
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system; (iv) to determine the method of issuance of the biometric credential to law enforcement officers needing to be armed when traveling by commercial aircraft; (v) to invalidate a law enforcement travel credential or system that is lost, stolen, or no longer authorized for use;
 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system; (iv) to determine the method of issuance of the biometric credential to law enforcement officers needing to be armed when traveling by commercial aircraft; (v) to invalidate a law enforcement travel credential or system that is lost, stolen, or no longer authorized for use; (vi) to coordinate the program with the Federal Air Mar-
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 a specific reason for flying armed and the reason is within the scope of the duties of the officer; (ii) to preserve the anonymity of the armed law enforcement officer; (iii) to resolve failures to enroll, false matches, and false nonmatches relating to the use of the law enforcement travel credential or system; (iv) to determine the method of issuance of the biometric credential to law enforcement officers needing to be armed when traveling by commercial aircraft; (v) to invalidate a law enforcement travel credential or system that is lost, stolen, or no longer authorized for use; (vi) to coordinate the program with the Federal Air Marshal Service, including the force multiplier program of the

1	agent population before expanding to other law enforcement
2	populations.
3	(i) Authority To Arm Flight Deck Crew With Less-Than-Lethal
4	WEAPONS.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary, after receiving the recommenda-
6	tions of the National Institute of Justice, determines, with the approval
7	of the Attorney General and the Secretary of State, that it is appro-
8	priate and necessary and would effectively serve the public interest in
9	avoiding air piracy, the Secretary may authorize members of the flight
10	deck crew on an aircraft providing air transportation or intrastate air
11	transportation to carry a less-than-lethal weapon while the aircraft is
12	engaged in providing the transportation.
13	(2) USAGE.—If the Secretary grants authority under paragraph (1)
14	for flight deck crew members to carry a less-than-lethal weapon while
15	engaged in providing air transportation or intrastate air transportation,
16	the Secretary shall—
17	(A) prescribe rules requiring that the crew member be trained
18	in the proper use of the weapon; and
19	(B) prescribe guidelines setting forth the circumstances under
20	which weapons may be used.
21	(3) Request of air carriers to use less-than-lethal weap-
22	ONS.—If the Secretary receives a request from an air carrier for au-
23	thorization to allow pilots of the air carrier to carry less-than-lethal
24	weapons, the Secretary shall respond to that request within 90 days.
25	(j) Short-Term Assessment and Deployment of Emerging Secu-
26	RITY TECHNOLOGIES AND PROCEDURES.—
27	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "secure area of an
28	airport" means the sterile area and the Secure Identification Display
29	Area of an airport (as the terms are defined in section 1540.5 of title
30	49, Code of Federal Regulations, or a successor regulation to that sec-
31	tion).
32	(2) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall recommend to airport opera-
33	tors commercially available measures or procedures to prevent access
34	to secure airport areas by unauthorized persons. As part of a 6-month
35	assessment, the Secretary shall—
36	(A) review the effectiveness of biometrics systems currently in
37	use at several United States airports, including San Francisco
38	International;
39	(B) review the effectiveness of increased surveillance at access
40	points;

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1	(C) review the effectiveness of card- or keypad-based access sys-
2	tems;
3	(D) review the effectiveness of airport emergency exit systems
4	and determine whether those that lead to secure areas of the air-
5	port should be monitored or how breaches can be swiftly re-
6	sponded to; and
7	(E) specifically target the elimination of the "piggy-backing"
8	phenomenon, where another person follows an authorized person
9	through the access point.
10	(3) Deployment strategy for available technology; review
11	OF REDUCTIONS IN UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS.—The 6-month assessment
12	shall include a 12-month deployment strategy for currently available
13	technology at all category X airports, as defined in the Federal Avia-
14	tion Administration approved air carrier security programs required
15	under part 108 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations. After the as-
16	sessment, the Secretary of Transportation shall conduct a review of re-
17	ductions in unauthorized access at these airports.
18	(4) Computer-assisted passenger prescreening system.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Com-
20	puter-Assisted Passenger Prescreening System, or a successor sys-
21	tem—
22	(i) is used to evaluate all passengers before they board an
23	aircraft; and
24	(ii) includes procedures to ensure that individuals selected
25	by the system and their carry-on and checked baggage are
26	adequately screened.
27	(B) MODIFICATIONS.—The Secretary may modify a requirement
28	under the Computer-Assisted Passenger Prescreening System for
29	flights that originate and terminate within the same State, if the
30	Secretary determines that—
31	(i) the State has extraordinary air transportation needs or
32	concerns due to its isolation and dependence on air transpor-
33	tation; and
34	(ii) the routine characteristics of passengers, given the na-
35	ture of the market, regularly triggers primary selectee status.
36	(C) Advanced Airline passenger prescreening.—
37	(i) The Secretary, or the designee of the Secretary, shall
38	commence testing of an advanced passenger prescreening sys-
39	tem that will allow the Department to assume the perform-
40	ance of comparing passenger information, as defined by the
41	Secretary, to the automatic selectee and no fly lists, utilizing

1	all appropriate records in the consolidated and integrated ter-
2	rorist watchlist maintained by the Federal Government.
3	(ii) After completion of testing under clause (i), the Sec-
4	retary, or the designee of the Secretary, shall begin to assume
5	the performance of the passenger prescreening function of
6	comparing passenger information to the automatic selectee
7	and no fly lists and utilize all appropriate records in the con-
8	solidated and integrated terrorist watchlist maintained by the
9	Federal Government in performing that function.
10	(iii) In assuming performance of the function under clause
11	(ii), the Secretary shall—
12	(I) establish a procedure to enable airline passengers,
13	who are delayed or prohibited from boarding a flight be-
14	cause the advanced passenger prescreening system deter-
15	mined that they might pose a security threat, to appeal
16	a determination and correct information contained in the
17	system;
18	(II) ensure that Federal Government databases that
19	will be used to establish the identity of a passenger
20	under the system will not produce a large number of
21	false positives;
22	(III) establish an internal oversight board to oversee
23	and monitor the manner in which the system is being
24	implemented;
25	(IV) establish sufficient operational safeguards to re-
26	duce the opportunities for abuse;
27	(V) implement substantial security measures to pro-
28	tect the system from unauthorized access;
29	(VI) adopt policies establishing effective oversight of
30	the use and operation of the system; and
31	(VII) ensure that there are no specific privacy con-
32	cerns with the technological architecture of the system.
33	(iv) After the completion of the testing of the advanced
34	passenger prescreening system, the Secretary, by order or in-
35	terim final rule—
36	(I) shall require air carriers to supply to the Secretary
37	the passenger information needed to begin implementing
38	the advanced passenger prescreening system; and
39	(II) shall require entities that provide systems and
40	services to air carriers in the operation of air carrier res-
41	ervations systems to provide to air carriers passenger in-

1	formation in possession of the entities, but only to the
2	extent necessary to comply with subclause (I).
3	(v) The Secretary, in coordination with the Terrorist
4	Screening Center, shall include on the No Fly List an individ-
5	ual who was a detainee held at the Naval Station, Guanta-
6	namo Bay, Cuba, unless the President certifies in writing to
7	Congress that the detainee poses no threat to the United
8	States, its citizens, or its allies. For purposes of this clause,
9	the term "detainee" means an individual in the custody or
10	under the physical control of the United States as a result
11	of armed conflict.
12	(D) Screening of employees against watchlist.—The
13	Secretary in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation
14	and the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration,
15	shall ensure that individuals are screened against all appropriate
16	records in the consolidated and integrated terrorist watchlist main-
17	tained by the Federal Government before—
18	(i) being certificated by the Federal Aviation Administra-
19	tion;
20	(ii) being granted unescorted access to the secure area of
21	an airport; or
22	(iii) being granted unescorted access to the air operations
23	area (as defined in section 1540.5 of title 49, Code of Federal
24	Regulations, or a successor regulation to that section) of an
25	airport.
26	(E) AIRCRAFT CHARTER CUSTOMER AND LESSEE PRE-
27	SCREENING.—
28	(i) The Secretary shall establish a process by which opera-
29	tors of aircraft to be used in charter air transportation with
30	a maximum takeoff weight greater than 12,500 pounds and
31	lessors of aircraft with a maximum takeoff weight greater
32	than 12,500 pounds may—
33	(I) request the Department to use the advanced pas-
34	senger pre-screening system to compare information
35	about an individual seeking to charter an aircraft with
36	a maximum takeoff weight greater than 12,500 pounds,
37	a passenger proposed to be transported aboard the air-
38	craft, and an individual seeking to lease an aircraft with
39	a maximum takeoff weight greater than 12,500 pounds
40	to the automatic selectee and no fly lists, utilizing all ap-
41	propriate records in the consolidated and integrated ter-

1	rorist watchlist maintained by the Federal Government;
2	and
3	(II) refuse to charter or lease an aircraft with a maxi-
4	mum takeoff weight greater than 12,500 pounds to or
5	transport aboard the aircraft persons identified on the
6	watch list.
7	(ii) The requirements of subparagraph (C)(iii) shall apply
8	to this subparagraph.
9	(iii) The Secretary, in consultation with the Terrorist
10	Screening Center, shall design and review, as necessary,
11	guidelines, policies, and operating procedures for the collec-
12	tion, removal, and updating of data maintained, or to be
13	maintained, in the no fly and automatic selectee lists.
14	(F) Applicability.—Section 607 of the Vision 100—Century
15	of Aviation Reauthorization Act (Public Law 108–176, 117 Stat.
16	2568) does not apply to the advanced passenger prescreening sys-
17	tem established under subparagraph (C).
18	(G) Appeal procedures.—
19	(i) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a
20	timely and fair process for individuals identified as a threat
21	under one or more of subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E) to ap-
22	peal to the Transportation Security Administration the deter-
23	mination and correct erroneous information.
24	(ii) Maintenance of record of misidentified individ-
25	UALS.—The process shall include the establishment of a
26	method by which the Secretary will be able to maintain a
27	record of air passengers and other individuals who have been
28	misidentified and have corrected erroneous information. To
29	prevent repeated delays of misidentified passengers and other
30	individuals, the Transportation Security Administration
31	record shall contain information determined by the Secretary
32	to authenticate the identity of such a passenger or individual.
33	(k) Limitation on Liability for Acts to Thwart Criminal Vio-
34	LENCE OR AIRCRAFT PIRACY.AN INDIVIDUAL IS NOT LIABLE FOR DAMAGES
35	IN AN ACTION BROUGHT IN A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ARISING OUT OF
36	THE ACTS OF THE INDIVIDUAL IN ATTEMPTING TO THWART AN ACT OF
37	CRIMINAL VIOLENCE OR PIRACY ON AN AIRCRAFT IF THAT INDIVIDUAL REA-
38	SONABLY BELIEVED THAT AN ACT OF CRIMINAL VIOLENCE OR PIRACY WAS
39	OCCURRING OR WAS ABOUT TO OCCUR.
40	(1) Air Charter Program.—

4261 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall implement an aviation secu-2 rity program for charter air carriers with a maximum certificated takeoff weight of more than 12,500 pounds. 3 4 (2) Exemption for armed forces charters.— 5 (A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "armed forces" has the meaning given that term by section 101(a)(4) of title 10. 6 7 (B) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) and the other requirements 8 of this chapter do not apply to passengers and property carried 9 by aircraft when employed to provide charter transportation to 10 members of the armed forces. (C) SECURITY PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Defense, in 11 12 consultation with the Secretary and the Secretary of Transpor-13 tation, shall establish security procedures relating to the operation 14 of aircraft when employed to provide charter transportation to 15 members of the armed forces to or from an airport described in 16 subsection (c). 17 (m) Security Screening for Members of the Armed Forces.-18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Depart-19 ment of Defense, shall develop and implement a plan to provide expe-20 dited security screening services for a member of the armed forces, 21 and, to the extent possible, an accompanying family member, if the 22 member of the armed forces, while in uniform, presents documentation 23 indicating official orders for air transportation departing from a pri-24 mary airport (as defined in section 47102 of title 49). 25 (2) PROTOCOLS.—In developing the plan, the Secretary shall con-26 sider-27 (A) leveraging existing security screening models used to reduce 28 passenger wait times; 29 (B) establishing standard guidelines for the screening of mili-30 tary uniform items, including combat boots; and 31 (C) incorporating new screening protocols into an existing trust-32 ed passenger program, as established under section 109(a)(3) of 33 the Aviation and Transportation Security Act (49 U.S.C. 114 34 note), or into the development of a new credential or system that 35 incorporates biometric technology and other applicable technologies 36 to verify the identity of individuals traveling in air transportation. 37 (3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection affects the 38 authority of the Secretary to require additional screening of a member 39 of the armed forces if intelligence or law enforcement information indi-40 cates that additional screening is necessary.

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1	(4) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the appropriate com-
2	mittees of Congress a report on the implementation of the plan.
3	(n) Passenger Exit Points From Sterile Area.—
4	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "sterile area" has the
5	same meaning given that term in section 1540.5 of title 49, Code of
6	Federal Regulations or any corresponding similar regulation or ruling.
7	(2) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Transpor-
8	tation Security Administration is responsible for monitoring passenger
9	exit points from the sterile area of airports at which the Transportation
10	Security Administration provided the monitoring as of December 1,
11	2013.
12	§40914. Domestic air transportation system security
13	(a) Assessing Threats.—The Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
14	trator of the Transportation Security Administration, and the Director of
15	the Federal Bureau of Investigation jointly shall assess current and poten-
16	tial threats to the domestic air transportation system. The assessment shall
17	include consideration of the extent to which there are individuals with the
18	capability and intent to carry out terrorist or related unlawful acts against
19	that system and the ways in which those individuals might carry out those
20	acts. The Secretary and the Director jointly shall decide on and carry out
21	the most effective method for continuous analysis and monitoring of security
22	threats to that system.
23	(b) Assessing Security.—In coordination with the Director of the Fed-
24	eral Bureau of Investigation, the Secretary shall carry out periodic threat
25	and vulnerability assessments on security at each airport that is part of the
26	domestic air transportation system. Each assessment shall include consider-
27	ation of—
28	(1) the adequacy of security procedures related to the handling and
29	transportation of checked baggage and cargo;
30	(2) space requirements for security personnel and equipment;
31	(3) separation of screened and unscreened passengers, baggage, and
32	cargo;
33	(4) separation of the controlled and uncontrolled areas of airport fa-
34	cilities; and
35	(5) coordination of the activities of security personnel of the Trans-
36	portation Security Administration, the Bureau of Customs and Border
37	Protection, the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and
38	air carriers, and of other law enforcement personnel.
39	(c) MODAL SECURITY PLAN FOR AVIATION.—In addition to the require-
40	ments set forth in paragraphs (2) through (6) of section 11314(c) of this

1 title, the modal security plan for aviation prepared under section 11314 2 shall— 3 (1) establish a damage mitigation and recovery plan for the aviation 4 system in the event of a terrorist attack; and 5 (2) include a threat matrix document that outlines each threat to the 6 United States civil aviation system and the corresponding layers of se-7 curity in place to address the threat. 8 (d) OPERATIONAL CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall issue operational cri-9 teria to protect airport infrastructure and operations against the threats 10 identified in the plans prepared under 11314(a) of this title and shall ap-11 prove best practices guidelines for airport assets. 12 (e) IMPROVING SECURITY.—The Secretary shall take necessary actions to 13 improve domestic air transportation security by correcting deficiencies in 14 that security discovered in the assessments, analyses, and monitoring car-15 ried out under this section. 16 §40915. Information about threats to civil aviation 17 (a) PROVIDING INFORMATION.—Under guidelines the Secretary pre-18 scribes, an air carrier, airport operator, ticket agent, or individual employed 19 by an air carrier, airport operator, or ticket agent, receiving information 20 (except a communication directed by the United States Government) about 21 a threat to civil aviation shall provide the information promptly to the Sec-22 retary. 23 (b) FLIGHT CANCELLATION.—If a decision is made that a particular 24 threat cannot be addressed in a way adequate to ensure, to the extent fea-25 sible, the safety of passengers and crew of a particular flight or series of 26 flights, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transpor-27 tation Security Administration, shall cancel the flight or series of flights. 28 (c) GUIDELINES ON PUBLIC NOTICE.— 29 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall develop guidelines for ensur-30 ing that public notice is provided in appropriate cases about threats to 31 civil aviation. The guidelines shall identify officials responsible for-32 (A) deciding, on a case-by-case basis, if public notice of a threat 33 is in the best interest of the United States and the traveling pub-34 lic; 35 (B) ensuring that public notice is provided in a timely and effec-36 tive way, including the use of a toll-free telephone number; and 37 (C) canceling the departure of a flight or series of flights under 38 subsection (b). 39 (2) CONTENTS.—The guidelines shall provide for consideration of— 40 (A) the specificity of the threat;

1	(B) the credibility of intelligence information related to the
2	threat;
3	(C) the ability to counter the threat effectively;
4	(D) the protection of intelligence information sources and meth-
5	ods;
6	(E) cancellation, by an air carrier or the Secretary, of a flight
7	or series of flights instead of public notice;
8	(F) the ability of passengers and crew to take steps to reduce
9	the risk to their safety after receiving public notice of a threat;
10	and
11	(G) other factors the Secretary considers appropriate.
12	(d) GUIDELINES ON NOTICE TO CREWS.—The Secretary shall develop
13	guidelines for ensuring that notice in appropriate cases of threats to the se-
14	curity of an air carrier flight is provided to the flight crew and cabin crew
15	of that flight.
16	(e) Limitation on Notice to Selective Travelers.—Notice of a
17	threat to civil aviation may be provided to selective potential travelers only
18	if the threat applies only to those travelers.
19	(f) RESTRICTING ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—In cooperation with the de-
20	partments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government that collect,
21	receive, and analyze intelligence information related to aviation security, the
22	Secretary shall develop procedures to minimize the number of individuals
23	who have access to information about threats. However, a restriction on ac-
24	cess to that information may be imposed only if the restriction does not di-
25	minish the ability of the Government to carry out its duties and powers re-
26	lated to aviation security effectively, including providing notice to the public
20 27	and flight and cabin crews under this section.
28	(g) DISTRIBUTION OF GUIDELINES.—The guidelines developed under this
20 29	section shall be distributed for use by appropriate officials of the Depart-
30	ment of Transportation, the Department of State, the Department of Jus-
31	tice, and air carriers.
32	\$40916. Foreign air carrier security programs
33	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation
33 34	
	Security Administration, shall continue in effect the requirement of section
35	129.25 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, that a foreign air carrier
36	must adopt and use a security program approved by the Secretary. The Sec-
37	retary shall not approve a security program of a foreign air carrier under
38	section 129.25, or a successor regulation, unless the security program re-
39	quires the foreign air carrier in its operations to and from airports in the
40	United States to adhere to the identical security measures that the Sec-
41	retary requires air carriers serving the same airports to adhere to. The fore-

1	going requirement shall not be interpreted to limit the ability of the Sec-
2	retary to impose additional security measures on a foreign air carrier or an
3	air carrier when the Secretary determines that a specific threat warrants
4	additional measures. The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to carry out
5	this section.
6	§40917. Security standards at foreign airports
7	(a) Assessment.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—At intervals the Secretary considers necessary,
9	the Secretary shall assess the effectiveness of the security measures
10	maintained at—
11	(A) a foreign airport—
12	(i) served by an air carrier;
13	(ii) from which a foreign air carrier serves the United
14	States; or
15	(iii) that poses a high risk of introducing danger to inter-
16	national air travel; and
17	(B) other foreign airports the Secretary considers appropriate.
18	(2) Means of assessment.—The Secretary shall conduct an as-
19	sessment under paragraph (1)—
20	(A) in consultation with appropriate aeronautic authorities of
21	the government of a foreign country concerned and each air car-
22	rier serving the foreign airport for which the Secretary is conduct-
23	ing the assessment;
24	(B) to establish the extent to which a foreign airport effectively
25	maintains and carries out security measures; and
26	(C) by using a standard that will result in an analysis of the
27	security measures at the airport based at least on the standards
28	and appropriate recommended practices contained in Annex 17 to
29	the Convention on International Civil Aviation in effect on the
30	date of the assessment.
31	(3) REPORT.—Each report to Congress required under section
32	40956(b) of this title shall contain a summary of the assessments con-
33	ducted under this subsection.
34	(b) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall
35	consult with the Secretary of State—
36	(1) on the terrorist threat that exists in each country; and
37	(2) to establish which foreign airports are not under the de facto
38	control of the government of the foreign country in which they are lo-
39	cated and pose a high risk of introducing danger to international air
40	travel.

1	(c) NOTIFYING FOREIGN AUTHORITIES.—When the Secretary, after con-
2	ducting an assessment under subsection (a) , decides that an airport does
3	not maintain and carry out effective security measures, the Secretary, after
4	advising the Secretary of State, shall notify the appropriate authorities of
5	the government of the foreign country of the decision and recommend the
6	steps necessary to bring the security measures in use at the airport up to
7	the standard used by the Secretary in making the assessment.
8	(d) Actions When Airports Not Maintaining and Carrying Out
9	Effective Security Measures.—
10	(1) IDENTIFICATION OF AIRPORT.—When the Secretary decides
11	under this section that an airport does not maintain and carry out ef-
12	fective security measures—
13	(A) the Secretary shall—
14	(i) publish the identity of the airport in the Federal Reg-
15	ister;
16	(ii) have the identity of the airport posted and displayed
17	prominently at all United States airports at which scheduled
18	air carrier operations are provided regularly; and
19	(iii) notify the news media of the identity of the airport;
20	(B) each air carrier and foreign air carrier providing transpor-
21	tation between the United States and the airport shall provide
22	written notice of the decision, on or with the ticket, to each pas-
23	senger buying a ticket for transportation between the United
24	States and the airport;
25	(C) notwithstanding section $40105(b)$ of title 49, the Secretary
26	of Transportation, after consulting with the appropriate aeronautic
27	authorities of the foreign country concerned and each air carrier
28	serving the airport and with the approval of the Secretary of
29	State, may withhold, revoke, or prescribe conditions on the operat-
30	ing authority of an air carrier or foreign air carrier that uses that
31	airport to provide foreign air transportation; and
32	(D) the President may prohibit an air carrier or foreign air car-
33	rier from providing transportation between the United States and
34	any other foreign airport that is served by aircraft flying to or
35	from the airport with respect to which a decision is made under
36	this section.
37	(2) Effectiveness.—
38	(A) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) becomes effective
39	(i) 90 days after the government of a foreign country is no-
40	tified under subsection (c) if the Secretary finds that the gov-
41	ernment has not brought the security measures at the airport

1	up to the standard the Secretary used in making an assess-
2	ment under subsection (a); or
3	(ii) immediately on the decision of the Secretary under sub-
4	section (c) if the Secretary decides, after consulting with the
5	Secretary of State, that a condition exists that threatens the
6	safety or security of passengers, aircraft, or crew traveling to
7	or from the airport.
8	(B) STATE DEPARTMENT NOTICE.—The Secretary immediately
9	shall notify the Secretary of State of a decision under subpara-
10	graph (A)(ii) of this paragraph so that the Secretary of State may
11	issue a travel advisory required under section 40918(a) of this
12	title.
13	(3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary promptly shall submit to
14	Congress a report (and classified annex if necessary) on action taken
15	under paragraph (1) or (2), including information on attempts made
16	to obtain the cooperation of the government of a foreign country in
17	meeting the standard the Secretary used in assessing the airport under
18	subsection (a).
19	(4) TERMINATION OF ACTION.—An action required under paragraph
20	(1)(A) and (B) is no longer required only if the Secretary, in consulta-
21	tion with the Secretary of State, decides that effective security meas-
22	ures are maintained and carried out at the airport. The Secretary shall
23	notify Congress when the action is no longer required to be taken.
24	(e) SUSPENSIONS.—Notwithstanding sections $40105(b)$ and $40106(b)$ of
25	title 49, the Secretary of Transportation, with the approval of the Secretary
26	of State and without notice or a hearing, shall suspend the right of an air
27	carrier or foreign air carrier to provide foreign air transportation, and the
28	right of a person to operate aircraft in foreign air commerce, to or from
29	a foreign airport when the Secretary of Homeland Security decides that—
30	(1) a condition exists that threatens the safety or security of pas-
31	sengers, aircraft, or crew traveling to or from that airport; and
32	(2) the public interest requires an immediate suspension of transpor-
33	tation between the United States and that airport.
34	(f) CONDITION OF CARRIER AUTHORITY.—This section is a condition to
35	authority the Secretary of Transportation grants under part A of subtitle
36	VII of title 49 to an air carrier or foreign air carrier.
37	§40918. Travel advisory and suspension of foreign assist-
38	ance
39	(a) TRAVEL ADVISORIES.—On being notified by the Secretary that the
40	Secretary has decided under section 40917(d)(2)(A)(ii) of this title that a
41	condition exists that threatens the safety or security of passengers, aircraft,

1	or crew traveling to or from a foreign airport that the Secretary has decided
2	under section 40917 does not maintain and carry out effective security
3	measures, the Secretary of State—
4	(1) immediately shall issue a travel advisory for that airport; and
5	(2) shall publicize the advisory widely.
6	(b) SUSPENDING ASSISTANCE.—The President shall suspend assistance
7	provided under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) $$
8	or the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) to a country in
9	which is located an airport with respect to which section $40917(d)(1)$ be-
10	comes effective if the Secretary of State decides the country is a high terror-
11	ist threat country. The President may waive this subsection if the President
12	decides, and reports to Congress, that the waiver is required because of na-
13	tional security interests or a humanitarian emergency.
14	(c) ACTIONS NO LONGER REQUIRED.—An action required under this sec-
15	tion is no longer required only if the Secretary has made a decision as pro-
16	vided under section $40917(d)(4)$ of this title. The Secretary shall notify
17	Congress when the action is no longer required to be taken.
18	§40919. Passenger manifests
19	(a) Air Carrier Requirements.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall require each air carrier to
21	provide a passenger manifest for a flight to an appropriate representa-
22	tive of the Secretary of State—
23	(A) not later than one hour after that carrier is notified of an
24	aviation disaster outside the United States involving that flight; or
25	(B) if it is not technologically feasible or reasonable to comply
26	with clause (A) of this paragraph, then as expeditiously as pos-
27	sible, but not later than 3 hours after the carrier is so notified.
28	(2) CONTENTS.—The passenger manifest should include the follow-
29	ing information:
30	(A) The full name of each passenger.
31	(B) The passport number of each passenger, if required for
32	travel.
33	(C) The name and telephone number of a contact for each pas-
34	senger.
35	(3) Consideration of requirement to collect informa-
36	TION.—In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall consider the
37	necessity and feasibility of requiring air carriers to collect passenger
38	manifest information as a condition for passengers boarding a flight of
39	the carrier.

1	(b) FOREIGN AIR CARRIER REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall con-
2	sider imposing a requirement on foreign air carriers comparable to that im-
3	posed on air carriers under subsection $(a)(1)$ and (2) .
4	(c) FLIGHTS IN FOREIGN AIR TRANSPORTATION TO THE UNITED
5	STATES.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each air carrier and foreign air carrier operating
7	a passenger flight in foreign air transportation to the United States
8	shall provide to the Commissioner of Customs and Border Protection
9	by electronic transmission a passenger and crew manifest containing
10	the information specified in paragraph (2). Carriers may use the ad-
11	vanced passenger information system established under section 431 of
12	the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1431) to provide the information
13	required by the preceding sentence.
14	(2) CONTENTS.—A passenger and crew manifest for a flight required
15	under paragraph (1) shall contain the following information:
16	(A) The full name of each passenger and crew member.
17	(B) The date of birth and citizenship of each passenger and
18	crew member.
19	(C) The sex of each passenger and crew member.
20	(D) The passport number and country of issuance of each pas-
21	senger and crew member if required for travel.
22	(E) The United States visa number or resident alien card num-
23	ber of each passenger and crew member, as applicable.
24	(F) Other information the Secretary, acting through the Admin-
25	istrator of the Transportation Security Administration in consulta-
26	tion with the Commissioner of Customs and Bureau Protection,
27	determines is reasonably necessary to ensure aviation safety.
28	(3) PASSENGER NAME RECORDS.—The carriers shall make passenger
29	name record information available to the Bureau of Customs and Bor-
30	der Protection on request.
31	(4) Transmission of manifest.—Subject to paragraphs (5) and (6),
32	a passenger and crew manifest required for a flight under paragraph
33	(1) shall be transmitted to the Bureau of Customs and Border Protec-
34	tion in advance of the aircraft landing in the United States in the man-
35	ner, time, and form the Bureau prescribes.
36	(5) TRANSMISSION OF MANIFESTS TO OTHER FEDERAL AGEN-
37	CIES.—On request, information provided to the Secretary or the
38	Bureau of Customs and Border Protection under this subsection
39	may be shared with other Federal agencies for the purpose of pro-
40	tecting national security
41	(6) PRESCREENING INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, or the designee of the Sec-
2	retary, shall issue a notice of proposed rulemaking that will allow
3	the Department to compare passenger information for an inter-
4	national flight to or from the United States against the consoli-
5	dated and integrated terrorist watchlist maintained by the Federal
6	Government before departure of the flight.
7	(B) Appeal procedures.—
8	(i) The Secretary shall establish a timely and fair process
9	for individuals identified as a threat under subparagraph (A)
10	to appeal to the Department the determination and correct
11	erroneous information.
12	(ii) The process shall include the establishment of a method
13	by which the Secretary will be able to maintain a record of
14	air passengers and other individuals who have been
15	misidentified and have corrected erroneous information. To
16	prevent repeated delays of misidentified passengers and other
17	individuals, the Department record shall contain information
18	determined by the Secretary to authenticate the identity of
19	such a passenger or individual.
20	§40920. Agreements on aircraft sabotage, aircraft hijacking,
21	and airport security
22	The Secretary of State shall seek multilateral and bilateral agreement on
23	strengthening enforcement measures and standards for compliance related
24	to aircraft sabotage, aircraft hijacking, and airport security.
25	§40921. Intelligence
25	, 10021. Intelligence
25 26	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the in-
26	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the in-
26 27	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the in- telligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the
26 27 28	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the in- telligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government:
26 27 28 29	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State.
26 27 28 29 30	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense.
26 27 28 29 30 31	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense. (3) Department of the Treasury.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense. (3) Department of the Treasury. (4) Department of Energy.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense. (3) Department of the Treasury. (4) Department of Energy. (5) Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense. (3) Department of the Treasury. (4) Department of Energy. (5) Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. (6) Central Intelligence Agency.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense. (3) Department of the Treasury. (4) Department of Energy. (5) Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. (6) Central Intelligence Agency. (7) National Security Agency.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense. (3) Department of Defense. (3) Department of the Treasury. (4) Department of Energy. (5) Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. (6) Central Intelligence Agency. (7) National Security Agency. (8) Defense Intelligence Agency.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: Department of State. Department of Defense. Department of the Treasury. Department of Energy. Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. Central Intelligence Agency. National Security Agency. Defense Intelligence Agency. Federal Bureau of Investigation. Drug Enforcement Administration. (b) POLICIES AND PROCEDURES ON REPORT AVAILABILITY.—The head
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "intelligence community" means the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following units of the United States Government: (1) Department of State. (2) Department of Defense. (3) Department of the Treasury. (4) Department of Energy. (5) Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. (6) Central Intelligence Agency. (7) National Security Agency. (8) Defense Intelligence Agency. (9) Federal Bureau of Investigation. (10) Drug Enforcement Administration.

1 as appropriate, to the heads of other units in the intelligence community, 2 the Secretary, and the Administrator of the Transportation Security Admin-3 istration. 4 (c) UNIT FOR STRATEGIC PLANNING ON TERRORISM.—The heads of the 5 units in the intelligence community shall place greater emphasis on strategic 6 intelligence efforts by establishing a unit for strategic planning on terrorism. 7 (d) DESIGNATION OF INTELLIGENCE OFFICER.—At the request of the 8 Secretary, the Director of Central Intelligence shall designate at least one 9 intelligence officer of the Central Intelligence Agency to serve in a senior 10 position in the Office of the Secretary. (e) WRITTEN WORKING AGREEMENTS.—The heads of units in the intel-11 12 ligence community, the Secretary, and the Administrator shall review and, 13 as appropriate, revise written working agreements between the intelligence 14 community and the Secretary. 15 §40922. Research and development 16 (a) PROGRAM REQUIREMENT.— 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator 18 of the Transportation Security Administration, shall establish and 19 carry out a program to accelerate and expand the research, develop-20 ment, and implementation of technologies and procedures to counteract 21 terrorist acts against civil aviation. The program shall provide for de-22 veloping and having in place new equipment and procedures necessary 23 to meet the technological challenges presented by terrorism. The pro-24 gram shall include research on, and development of, technological im-25 provements and ways to enhance human performance. 26 (2) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—In designing and carrying out the pro-27 gram established under this subsection, the Secretary shall— 28 (A) consult and coordinate activities with other departments, 29 agencies, and instrumentalities of the United States Government 30 doing similar research; 31 (B) identify departments, agencies, and instrumentalities that 32 would benefit from that research; and 33 (C) seek cost-sharing agreements with those departments, agen-34 cies, and instrumentalities. 35 (3) ANNUAL REPORTS.—In carrying out the program established 36 under this subsection, the Secretary shall review and consider the an-37 nual reports the Secretary of Transportation submits to Congress on 38 transportation security and intelligence. 39 (4) Designation of responsible individual.— 40 (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program established 41 under this subsection, the Secretary shall designate an individual

1	to be responsible for engineering, research, and development with
2	respect to security technology under the program.
3	(B) DECISION-MAKING.—The individual designated under sub-
4	paragraph (A) shall use appropriate systems engineering and risk
5	management models in making decisions regarding the allocation
6	of funds for engineering, research, and development with respect
7	to security technology under the program.
8	(C) ANNUAL REPORT.—The individual designated under sub-
9	paragraph (A) shall, on an annual basis, submit to the Federal
10	Aviation Administration Research, Engineering and Development
11	Advisory Committee a report on activities under this paragraph
12	during the preceding year. Each report shall include, for the year
13	covered by the report, information on—
14	(i) progress made in engineering, research, and develop-
15	ment with respect to security technology;
16	(ii) the allocation of funds for engineering, research, and
17	development with respect to security technology; and
18	(iii) engineering, research, and development with respect to
19	technologies drawn from other agencies, including the ration-
20	ale for engineering, research, and development with respect to
21	the technologies.
22	(5) GRANTS.—The Secretary may—
23	(A) make grants to institutions of higher learning and other ap-
24	propriate research facilities with demonstrated ability to carry out
25	research described in paragraph (1), and fix the amounts and
26	terms of the grants; and
27	(B) make cooperative agreements with governmental authorities
28	the Secretary decides are appropriate.
29	(b) REVIEW OF THREATS.—
30	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary periodically shall review
31	threats to civil aviation, with particular focus on-
32	(A) a comprehensive systems analysis (employing vulnerability
33	analysis, threat attribute definition, and technology roadmaps) of
34	the civil aviation system, including
35	(i) the destruction, commandeering, or diversion of civil air-
36	craft or the use of civil aircraft as a weapon; and
37	(ii) the disruption of civil aviation service, including by
38	cyber attack;
39	(B) explosive material that presents the most significant threat
40	to civil aircraft;

1	(C) the minimum amounts, configurations, and types of explo-
2	sive material that can cause, or would reasonably be expected to
3	cause, catastrophic damage to aircraft in air transportation;
4	(D) the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material
5	that can be detected reliably by existing, or reasonably anticipated,
6	near-term explosive detection technologies;
7	(E) the potential release of chemical, biological, or similar weap-
8	ons or devices either within an aircraft or within an airport;
9	(F) the feasibility of using various ways to minimize damage
10	caused by explosive material that cannot be detected reliably by
11	existing, or reasonably anticipated, near-term explosive detection
12	technologies;
13	(G) the ability to screen passengers, carry-on baggage, checked
14	baggage, and cargo; and
15	(H) the technologies that might be used in the future to at-
16	tempt to destroy or otherwise threaten commercial aircraft and the
17	way in which those technologies can be countered effectively.
18	(2) Program focus and priorities.—The Secretary shall use the
19	results of the review under this subsection to develop the focus and pri-
20	orities of the program established under subsection (a).
21	(c) Scientific Advisory Panel.—
22	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a scientific ad-
23	visory panel, as a subcommittee of the Research, Engineering, and De-
24	velopment Advisory Committee, to review, comment on, advise the
25	progress of, and recommend modifications in, the program established
26	under subsection (a), including the need for long-range research pro-
27	grams to detect and prevent catastrophic damage to commercial air-
28	craft, commercial aviation facilities, commercial aviation personnel and
29	passengers, and other components of the commercial aviation system
30	by the next generation of terrorist weapons.
31	(2) PANEL MEMBERS.—
32	(A) QUALIFICATIONS.—The advisory panel shall consist of indi-
33	viduals who have scientific and technical expertise in—
34	(i) the development and testing of effective explosive detec-
35	tion systems;
36	(ii) aircraft structure and experimentation to decide on the
37	type and minimum weights of explosives that an effective ex-
38	plosive detection technology must be capable of detecting;
• •	
39	(iii) technologies involved in minimizing airframe damage

1	(iv) other scientific and technical areas the Secretary con-
2	siders appropriate.
3	(B) Considerations.—In appointing individuals to the advi-
4	sory panel, the Secretary should consider individuals from aca-
5	demia and the national laboratories, as appropriate.
6	(3) Organization as teams.—The Secretary shall organize the ad-
7	visory panel into teams capable of undertaking the review of policies
8	and technologies upon request.
9	(4) BIENNIAL REVIEW.—The Secretary shall review the composition
10	of the advisory panel every 2 years to ensure that the expertise of the
11	individuals on the panel is suited to the current and anticipated duties
12	of the panel.
13	(d) Security and Research and Development Activities.—
14	(1) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall conduct re-
15	search (including behavioral research) and development activities ap-
16	propriate to develop, modify, test, and evaluate a system, procedure, fa-
17	cility, or device to protect passengers and property against acts of
18	criminal violence, aircraft piracy, and terrorism and to ensure security.
19	(2) Transfers of duties and powers prohibited.—Except as
20	otherwise provided by law, the Secretary may not transfer a duty or
21	power under this subsection to another department, agency, or instru-
22	mentality of the United States Government.
22 23	
	mentality of the United States Government.
23	mentality of the United States Government. § 40923. Explosive detection
23 24	 mentality of the United States Government. § 40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.—
23 24 25	 mentality of the United States Government. § 40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection
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23 24 25 26 27 28	 mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Secu-
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	 mentality of the United States Government. §40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of
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 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 	mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Sec- retary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Secu- rity Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic air carrier operating conditions the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material that would likely be used to cause catastrophic damage to commercial aircraft. The Secretary shall base the certification on the results of
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 	mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Sec- retary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Secu- rity Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic air carrier operating conditions the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material that would likely be used to cause catastrophic damage to commercial aircraft. The Secretary shall base the certification on the results of tests conducted under protocols developed in consultation with expert
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 	mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Sec- retary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Secu- rity Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic air carrier operating conditions the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material that would likely be used to cause catastrophic damage to commercial aircraft. The Secretary shall base the certification on the results of tests conducted under protocols developed in consultation with expert scientists outside of the Transportation Security Administration.
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 	 mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic air carrier operating conditions the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material that would likely be used to cause catastrophic damage to commercial aircraft. The Secretary shall base the certification on the results of tests conducted under protocols developed in consultation with expert scientists outside of the Transportation Security Administration. (2) FACILITATING DEPLOYMENT.—Until the Secretary determines
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 	 mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic air carrier operating conditions the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material that would likely be used to cause catastrophie damage to commercial aircraft. The Secretary shall base the certification on the results of tests conducted under protocols developed in consultation with expert scientists outside of the Transportation Security Administration. FACILITATING DEPLOYMENT.—Until the Secretary determines that equipment certified under paragraph (1) is commercially available
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 	 mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic air carrier operating conditions the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material that would likely be used to cause catastrophic damage to commercial aircraft. The Secretary shall base the certification on the results of tests conducted under protocols developed in consultation with expert scientists outside of the Transportation Security Administration. (2) FACILITATING DEPLOYMENT.—Until the Secretary determines that equipment certified under paragraph (1) is commercially available and has successfully completed operational testing as provided in para-
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 	 mentality of the United States Government. \$40923. Explosive detection (a) DEPLOYMENT AND PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT.— IN GENERAL.—A deployment or purchase of explosive detection equipment under section 108.7(b)(8) or 108.20 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or similar regulation is required only if the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, certifies that the equipment alone, or as part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic air carrier operating conditions the amounts, configurations, and types of explosive material that would likely be used to cause catastrophic damage to commercial aircraft. The Secretary shall base the certification on the results of tests conducted under protocols developed in consultation with expert scientists outside of the Transportation Security Administration. FACILITATING DEPLOYMENT.—Until the Secretary determines that equipment certified under paragraph (1) is commercially available and has successfully completed operational testing as provided in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall facilitate the deployment of approved

1	require that equipment deployed under this paragraph be replaced by
2	equipment certified under paragraph (1) when equipment certified
3	under paragraph (1) becomes commercially available. The Secretary is
4	authorized, based on operational considerations at individual airports,
5	to waive the required installation of commercially available equipment
6	under paragraph (1) in the interests of aviation security. The Secretary
7	may permit the requirements of this paragraph to be met at airports
8	by the deployment of dogs or other appropriate animals to supplement
9	equipment for screening passengers, baggage, mail, or cargo for explo-
10	sives or weapons.
11	(3) PURCHASES BY SECRETARY.—This subsection does not prohibit
12	the Secretary from purchasing or deploying explosive detection equip-
13	ment described in paragraph (1).
14	(b) GRANTS.—The Secretary may provide grants to continue the Explo-
15	sive Detection K-9 Team Training Program to detect explosives at airports
16	and on aircraft.
17	§40924. Airport construction guidelines
18	In consultation with air carriers, airport authorities, and others the Sec-
19	retary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Ad-
20	ministration, considers appropriate, the Secretary shall develop guidelines
21	for airport design and construction to allow for maximum security enhance-
22	ment. In developing the guidelines, the Secretary shall consider the results
23	of the assessment carried out under section 40914(a) of this title.
24	§40925. Alaska exemptions
25	The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation
26	Security Administration, may exempt from sections 40911, 40913(a)
27	through (c) and (e), 40916, 40953, and 40954 of this title airports in Alas-
28	ka served only by air carriers that—
29	(1) hold certificates issued under section 41102 of title 49;
30	(2) operate aircraft with certificates for a maximum gross takeoff
31	weight of less than 12,500 pounds; and
32	(3) board passengers, or load property intended to be carried in an
33	aircraft cabin, that will be screened under section 40911 of this title
34	at another airport in Alaska before the passengers board, or the prop-
35	erty is loaded on, an aircraft for a place outside Alaska.
36	§40926. Assessments and evaluations
37	(a) PERIODIC ASSESSMENTS.—The Secretary, acting through the Admin-
38	istrator of the Transportation Security Administration, shall require each
39	air carrier and airport (including the airport owner or operator in coopera-
40	tion with the air carriers and vendors serving each airport) that provides
41	for intrastate, interstate, or foreign air transportation to conduct periodic

1	vulnerability assessments of the security systems of that air carrier or air-
2	port, respectively. The Transportation Security Administration shall perform
3	periodic audits of the assessments.
4	(b) INVESTIGATIONS.—The Secretary shall conduct periodic and unan-
5	nounced inspections of security systems of airports and air carriers to deter-
6	mine the effectiveness and vulnerabilities of the systems. To the extent al-
7	lowable by law, the Secretary may provide for anonymous tests of those se-
8	curity systems.
9	§40927. Federal air marshals and training of law enforce-
10	ment personnel
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of
12	the Transportation Security Administration and under the authority pro-
13	vided by section 40913(d) of this title—
14	(1) may provide for deployment of Federal air marshals on every
15	passenger flight of air carriers in air transportation or intrastate air
16	transportation;
17	(2) shall provide for deployment of Federal air marshals on every
18	flight determined by the Secretary to present high security risks;
19	(3) shall provide for appropriate training, supervision, and equip-
20	ment of Federal air marshals;
21	(4) shall require air carriers providing flights described in paragraph
22	(1) to provide seating for a Federal air marshal on the flight without
23	regard to the availability of seats on the flight and at no cost to the
24	United States Government or the marshal;
25	(5) may require air carriers to provide, on a space-available basis,
26	to an off-duty Federal air marshal a seat on a flight to the airport
27	nearest the marshal's home at no cost to the marshal or the United
28	States Government if the marshal is traveling to that airport after
29	completing his or her security duties;
30	(6) may enter into agreements with Federal, State, and local agen-
31	cies under which appropriately-trained law enforcement personnel from
32	the agencies, when traveling on a flight of an air carrier, will carry a
33	firearm and be prepared to assist Federal air marshals;
34	(7) shall establish procedures to ensure that Federal air marshals
35	are made aware of armed or unarmed law enforcement personnel on
36	board an aircraft; and
37	(8) may appoint as a Federal air marshal, regardless of age (if the
38	individual otherwise meets the background and fitness qualifications re-
39	quired for Federal air marshals)—
40	(A) an individual who is a retired law enforcement officer; and
41	(B) an individual who is a retired member of the Armed Forces.

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1 (b) LONG DISTANCE FLIGHTS.—In making the determination under sub-2 section (a)(2), nonstop, long distance flights, such as those targeted on Sep-3 tember 11, 2001, should be a priority. 4 (c) CONTINUATION OF INITIATIVES TO PROTECT ANONYMITY OF FED-5 ERAL AIR MARSHALS.—The Director of the Federal Air Marshal Service 6 shall continue operational initiatives to protect the anonymity of Federal air 7 marshals. 8 (d) TRAINING FOR FEDERAL AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSON-9 NEL.-10 (1) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—The Assistant Secretary for 11 Immigration and Customs Enforcement and the Director of the Fed-12 eral Air Marshal Service shall make available, as practicable, appro-13 priate information on in-flight counterterrorism and weapons handling 14 procedures and tactics training to Federal law enforcement officers who

16 (2) Identification of Fraudulent Documents.—The Assistant Sec-17 retary for Immigration Services and the Director of the Federal Air 18 Marshal Service, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary (Trans-19 portation Security Administration), shall ensure that Transportation 20 Security Administration screeners and Federal law marshals receive 21 training in identifying fraudulent identification documents, including 22 fraudulent or expired visas and passports. The training also shall be 23 made available to other Federal law enforcement agencies and local law 24 enforcement agencies located in a State that borders Canada or Mexico. 25 (e) TRAINING FOR FOREIGN LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL.

fly while in possession of a firearm.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration and
Customs Enforcement, after consultation with the Secretary of State,
may direct the Federal Air Marshal Service to provide appropriate air
marshal training to law enforcement personnel of foreign countries.

(2) WATCHLIST SCREENING.—The Federal Air Marshal Service may
only provide appropriate air marshal training to law enforcement personnel of foreign countries after comparing the identifying information
and records of law enforcement personnel of foreign countries against
all appropriate records in the consolidated and integrated terrorist
watchlists maintained by the Federal Government.

(3) FEES.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration and Customs
Enforcement shall establish reasonable fees and charges to pay expenses incurred in carrying out this subsection. Funds collected under
this subsection shall be credited to the account in the Treasury from
which the expenses were incurred and shall be available to the Assist-

1	ant Secretary for purposes for which amounts in the account are avail-
2	able.
3	§40928. Crew training
4	(a) Basic Security Training.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each air carrier providing scheduled passenger
6	air transportation shall carry out a training program for flight and
7	cabin crew members to prepare the crew members for potential threat
8	conditions.
9	(2) Program elements.—An air carrier training program under
10	this subsection shall include, at a minimum, elements that address each
11	of the following:
12	(A) Recognizing suspicious activities and determining the seri-
13	ousness of an occurrence.
14	(B) Crew communication and coordination.
15	(C) The proper commands to give passengers and attackers.
16	(D) Appropriate responses to defend oneself.
17	(E) Use of protective devices assigned to crew members (to the
18	extent devices are required by the Secretary, acting through the
19	Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration).
20	(F) Psychology of terrorists to cope with hijacker behavior and
21	passenger responses.
22	(G) Situational training exercises regarding various threat con-
23	ditions.
24	(H) Flight deck procedures or aircraft maneuvers to defend the
25	aircraft and cabin crew responses to the procedures and maneu-
26	vers.
27	(I) The proper conduct of a cabin search, including explosive de-
28	vice recognition.
29	(J) Other subject matter considered appropriate by the Sec-
30	retary.
31	(3) APPROVAL.—An air carrier training program under this sub-
32	section shall be subject to approval by the Secretary.
33	(4) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—The Secretary may establish minimum
34	standards for the training provided under this subsection and for recur-
35	rent training.
36	(5) PROGRAMS TO CONTINUE IN EFFECT.—Notwithstanding para-
37	graphs (3) and (4), a training program of an air carrier to prepare
38	flight and cabin crew members for potential threat conditions that was
39	approved by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration
40	or the Secretary before December 12, 2003, may continue in effect
41	until disapproved or ordered modified by the Secretary.

1	(6) MONITORING.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-
2	trator of the Federal Aviation Administration, shall monitor air carrier
3	training programs under this subsection and periodically shall review
4	an air carrier"s training program to ensure that the program is ade-
5	quately preparing crew members for potential threat conditions. In de-
6	termining when an air carrier's training program should be reviewed
7	under this paragraph, the Secretary shall consider complaints from
8	crew members. The Secretary shall ensure that employees responsible
9	for monitoring the training programs have the necessary resources and
10	knowledge.
11	(7) UPDATES.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-
12	trator of the Federal Aviation Administration, shall order air carriers
13	to modify training programs under this subsection to reflect new or dif-
14	ferent security threats.
15	(b) Advanced Self-defense Training.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop and provide a vol-
17	untary training program for flight and cabin crew members of air car-
18	riers providing scheduled passenger air transportation.
19	(2) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The training program under this sub-
20	section shall include both classroom and effective hands-on training in
21	the following elements of self-defense:
22	(A) Deterring a passenger who might present a threat.
23	(B) Advanced control, striking, and restraint techniques.
24	(C) Training to defend oneself against edged or contact weap-
25	ons.
26	(D) Methods to subdue and restrain an attacker.
27	(E) Use of available items aboard the aircraft for self-defense.
28	(F) Appropriate and effective responses to defend oneself, in-
29	cluding the use of force against an attacker.
30	(G) Other elements of training that the Secretary considers ap-
31	propriate.
32	(3) Participation not required—A crew member shall not
33	BE REQUIRED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE TRAINING PROGRAM UNDER
34	THIS SUBSECTION.
35	(4) COMPENSATION.—Neither the Federal Government nor an air
36	carrier shall be required to compensate a crew member for participat-
37	ing in the training program under this subsection.
38	(5) FEES.—A crew member is not required to pay a fee for the
39	training program under this subsection.
40	(6) CONSULTATION.—In developing the training program under this
41	subsection, the Secretary shall consult with law enforcement personnel

1	and security experts who have expertise in self-defense training, terror-
2	ism experts, representatives of air carriers, the director of self-defense
3	training in the Federal Air Marshal Service, flight attendants, labor or-
4	ganizations representing flight attendants, and educational institutions
5	offering law enforcement training programs.
6	(7) Designation of transportation security administration
7	OFFICIAL.—The Secretary shall designate an official in the Transpor-
8	tation Security Administration to be responsible for implementing the
9	training program under this subsection. The official shall consult with
10	air carriers and labor organizations representing crew members before
11	implementing the program to ensure that it is appropriate for situa-
12	tions that may arise on board an aircraft during a flight.
13	(c) LIMITATION.—Actions by crew members under this section shall be
14	subject to the provisions of section 40913(k) of this title.
15	§40929. Security screening program
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—An operator of an airport may submit to the Sec-
17	retary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Ad-
18	ministration, an application to have the screening of passengers and prop-
19	erty at the airport under section 40911 of this title be carried out by the
20	screening personnel of a qualified private screening company under a con-
21	tract entered into with the Secretary.
22	(b) Approval of Applications.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of receipt
24	of an application submitted by an airport operator under subsection
25	(a), the Secretary shall approve or deny the application.
26	(2) STANDARDS.—The Secretary shall approve an application sub-
27	mitted by an airport operator under subsection (a) if the Secretary de-
28	termines that the approval would not compromise security or detrimen-
29	tally affect the cost-efficiency or the effectiveness of the screening of
30	passengers or property at the airport.
31	(3) Reports on denials of applications.—
32	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary denies an application sub-
33	mitted by an airport operator under subsection (a), the Secretary
34	shall provide to the airport operator, not later than 60 days follow-
35	ing the date of the denial, a written report that sets forth—
36	(i) the findings that served as the basis for the denial;
37	(i) the results of cost or security analysis conducted in
38	considering the application; and
39	(iii) recommendations on how the airport operator can ad-
40	dress the reasons for the denial.
10	

1	(B) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall submit to
2	the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
3	Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
4	Representatives a copy of a report provided to an airport operator
5	under subparagraph (A).
6	(c) QUALIFIED PRIVATE SCREENING COMPANY.—A private screening
7	company is qualified to provide screening services at an airport under this
8	section if the company will only employ individuals to provide the services
9	who meet all the requirements of this chapter applicable to Federal Govern-
10	ment personnel who perform screening services at airports under this chap-
11	ter and will provide compensation and other benefits to the individuals that
12	are not less than the level of compensation and other benefits provided to
13	the Federal Government personnel in accordance with this chapter.
14	(d) Standards for Private Screening Companies.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may enter into a contract with a
16	private screening company to provide screening at an airport under this
17	section only if the Secretary determines and certifies to Congress
18	that—
19	(A) the level of screening services and protection provided at the
20	airport under the contract will be equal to or greater than the level
21	that would be provided at the airport by Federal Government per-
22	sonnel under this chapter; and
23	(B) the private screening company is owned and controlled by
24	a citizen of the United States, to the extent that the Secretary de-
25	termines that there are private screening companies owned and
26	controlled by citizens of the United States.
27	(2) WAIVERS.—The Secretary may waive the requirement of para-
28	graph (1)(B) for a company that is a United States subsidiary with
29	a parent company that has implemented a foreign ownership, control,
30	or influence mitigation plan that has been approved by the Defense Se-
31	curity Service of the Department of Defense prior to the submission
32	of the application. The Secretary has complete discretion to reject any
33	application from a private screening company to provide screening serv-
34	ices at an airport that requires a waiver under this paragraph.
35	(e) SUPERVISION OF SCREENED PERSONNEL.—The Secretary shall pro-
36 27	vide Federal Government supervisors to oversee all screening at each airport at which according against an apprication and married Ead
37 29	at which screening services are provided under this section and provide Fed-
38 20	eral Government law enforcement officers at the airport pursuant to this
39 40	chapter.
40 41	(f) TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS.—The Secretary may terminate a con- tract entered into with a private generating company to provide generating
41	tract entered into with a private screening company to provide screening

1	services at an airport under this section if the Secretary finds that the com-
2	pany has failed repeatedly to comply with a standard, regulation, directive,
3	order, law, or contract applicable to the hiring or training of personnel to
4	provide services or to the provision of screening at the airport.
5	(g) OPERATOR NOT LIABLE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
6	law, an operator of an airport is not liable for a claim for damages filed
7	in State or Federal court (including a claim for compensatory, punitive, con-
8	tributory, or indemnity damages) relating to—
9	(1) the airport operator's decision—
10	(A) to submit an application to the Secretary under subsection
11	(a) or section 44919 of title 49 (49 U.S.C. 44919 (2012 ed.)); o
12	(B) not to submit an application; and
13	(2) an act of negligence, gross negligence, or intentional wrongdoing
14	by—
15	(A) a qualified private screening company or its employees in
16	a case in which the qualified private screening company is acting
17	under a contract entered into with the Secretary or the Secretary's
18	designee; or
19	(B) employees of the Federal Government providing passenger
20	and property security screening services at the airport.
21	(h) Recommendations of Airport Operator.—As part of any sub-
22	mission of an application for a private screening company to provide screen-
23	ing services at an airport, the airport operator shall provide to the Secretary
24	a recommendation as to which company would best serve the security
25	screening and passenger needs of the airport, along with a statement ex-
26	plaining the basis of the operator's recommendation.
27	(i) OPERATOR LIABILITY.—Nothing in this section shall relieve an airport
28	operator from liability for its own acts or omissions related to its security
29	responsibilities. Except as may be provided by subchapter IV of chapter 117
30	of this title, nothing in this section shall relieve a qualified private screening
31	company or its employees from liability related to its own acts of negligence,
32	gross negligence, or intentional wrongdoing.
33	§40930. Federal flight deck officer program
34	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
35	(1) AIR TRANSPORTATION.—The term "air transportation" includes
36	all-cargo air transportation.
37	(2) PILOT.—The term "pilot" means an individual who has final au-
38	thority and responsibility for the operation and safety of the flight or
39	another flight deck crew member.
40	(b) EXEMPTION.—This section does not apply to air carriers operating
41	under part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and to pilots em-

1	ployed by the carriers to the extent that the carriers and pilots are covered
2	by section 135.119 of title 14 or a successor to that section.
3	(c) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
4	of the Transportation Security Administration, shall establish a program to
5	deputize volunteer pilots of air carriers providing air transportation or intra-
6	state air transportation as Federal law enforcement officers to defend the
7	flight decks of aircraft of air carriers against acts of criminal violence or
8	air piracy. The officers shall be known as "Federal flight deck officers".
9	(d) Procedural Requirements.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish procedural require-
11	ments to carry out the program under this section
12	(2) Commencement of program.—The Secretary shall undertake
13	the process of training and deputizing pilots who are qualified to be
14	Federal flight deck officers as Federal flight deck officers under the
15	program.
16	(3) Issues to be addressed.—The procedural requirements estab-
17	lished under paragraph (1) shall address the following issues:
18	(A) The type of firearm to be used by a Federal flight deck offi-
19	cer.
20	(B) The type of ammunition to be used by a Federal flight deck
21	officer.
22	(C) The standards and training needed to qualify and re-qualify
23	as a Federal flight deck officer.
24	(D) The placement of the firearm of a Federal flight deck offi-
25	cer on board the aircraft to ensure both its security and its ease
26	of retrieval in an emergency.
27	(E) An analysis of the risk of catastrophic failure of an aircraft
28	as a result of the discharge (including an accidental discharge) of
29	a firearm to be used in the program into the avionics, electrical
30	systems, or other sensitive areas of the aircraft.
31	(F) The division of responsibility between pilots in the event of
32	an act of criminal violence or air piracy if only one pilot is a Fed-
33	eral flight deck officer and if both pilots are Federal flight deck
34	officers.
35	(G) Procedures for ensuring that the firearm of a Federal flight
36	deck officer does not leave the cockpit if there is a disturbance in
37	the passenger cabin of the aircraft or if the pilot leaves the cockpit
38	for personal reasons.
39	(H) Interaction between a Federal flight deck officer and a Fed-
40	eral air marshal on board the aircraft.

1	(I) The process for selection of pilots to participate in the pro-
2	gram based on their fitness to participate in the program, includ-
3	ing whether an additional background check should be required be-
4	yond that required by section $40954(a)(1)$ of this title.
5	(J) Storage and transportation of firearms between flights, in-
6	cluding international flights, to ensure the security of the firearms,
7	focusing particularly on whether security would be enhanced by re-
8	quiring storage of the firearm at the airport when the pilot leaves
9	the airport to remain overnight away from the pilot's base airport.
10	(K) Methods for ensuring that security personnel will be able
11	to identify whether a pilot is authorized to carry a firearm under
12	the program.
13	(L) Methods for ensuring that pilots (including Federal flight
14	deck officers) will be able to identify whether a passenger is a law
15	enforcement officer who is authorized to carry a firearm aboard
16	the aircraft.
17	(M) Other issues that the Secretary considers necessary.
18	(4) PREFERENCE.—In selecting pilots to participate in the program,
19	the Secretary shall give preference to pilots who are former military or
20	law enforcement personnel.
21	(5) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—Notwithstanding section 552 of title
22	5 but subject to section 40119 of title 49 , information developed under
23	paragraph $(3)(E)$ shall not be disclosed.
24	(6) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall provide notice to
25	the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of
26	Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
27	portation of the Senate after completing the analysis required by para-
28	graph $(3)(E)$.
29	(7) MINIMIZATION OF RISK.—If the Secretary determines as a result
30	of the analysis under paragraph $(3)(E)$ that there is a significant risk
31	of the catastrophic failure of an aircraft as a result of the discharge
32	of a firearm, the Secretary shall take necessary actions to minimize
33	that risk.
34	(8) REVIEW STANDARD.—The Secretary's decisions regarding the
35	methods for implementing each of the procedural requirements speci-
36	fied in paragraph (3) shall be subject to review only for abuse of discre-
37	tion.
38	(e) TRAINING, SUPERVISION, AND EQUIPMENT.—
39	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall only be obligated to provide
40	the training, supervision, and equipment necessary for a pilot to be a

1	Federal flight deck officer under this section at no expense to the pilot
2	or the air carrier employing the pilot.
3	(2) TRAINING.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall base the requirements
5	for the training of Federal flight deck officers under subsection (d)
6	on the training standards applicable to Federal air marshals; ex-
7	cept that the Secretary shall take into account the differing roles
8	and responsibilities of Federal flight deck officers and Federal air
9	marshals.
10	(B) ELEMENTS.—The training of a Federal flight deck officer
11	shall include, at a minimum, the following elements:
12	(i) Training to ensure that the officer achieves the level of
13	proficiency with a firearm required under subparagraph
14	(C)(i).
15	(ii) Training to ensure that the officer maintains exclusive
16	control over the officer's firearm at all times, including train-
17	ing in defensive maneuvers.
18	(iii) Training to assist the officer in determining when it
19	is appropriate to use the officer's firearm and when it is ap-
20	propriate to use less than lethal force.
21	(C) TRAINING IN USE OF FIREARMS.—
22	(i) LEVEL OF PROFICIENCY.—To be deputized as a Federal
23	flight deck officer, a pilot must achieve a level of proficiency
24	with a firearm that is required by the Secretary. The level
25	shall be comparable to the level of proficiency required of
26	Federal air marshals.
27	(ii) Training by secretary or firearms training fa-
28	CILITY.—The training of a Federal flight deck officer in the
29	use of a firearm may be conducted by the Secretary or by a
30	firearms training facility approved by the Secretary.
31	(iii) REQUALIFICATION.—The Secretary shall require a
32	Federal flight deck officer to re-qualify to carry a firearm
33	under the program. The requalification shall occur at an in-
34	terval required by the Secretary.
35	(f) DEPUTIZATION.—
36	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may deputize, as a Federal flight
37	deck officer under this section, a pilot who submits to the Secretary
38	a request to be such an officer and whom the Secretary determines is
39	qualified to be such an officer.
40	(2) QUALIFICATION.—A pilot is qualified to be a Federal flight deck
41	officer under this section if—

1	(A) the pilot is employed by an air carrier;
2	(B) the Secretary determines (in the Secretary's discretion) that
3	the pilot meets the standards established by the Secretary for
4	being such an officer; and
5	(C) the Secretary determines that the pilot has completed the
6	training required by the Secretary.
7	(3) Deputization by other federal agencies.—The Secretary
8	may request another Federal agency to deputize, as Federal flight deck
9	officers under this section, those pilots that the Secretary determines
10	are qualified to be such officers.
11	(4) REVOCATION.—The Secretary may revoke the deputization
12	of a pilot as a Federal flight deck officer if the Secretary finds
13	that the pilot is no longer qualified to be such an officer.
14	(g) COMPENSATION.—Pilots participating in the program under this sec-
15	tion shall not be eligible for compensation from the Federal Government for
16	services provided as a Federal flight deck officer. The Federal Government
17	and air carriers shall not be obligated to compensate a pilot for participat-
18	ing in the program or for the pilot's training or qualification and requali-
19	fication to carry firearms under the program.
20	(h) Authority To Carry Firearms.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall authorize a Federal flight
22	deck officer to carry a firearm while engaged in providing air transpor-
23	tation or intrastate air transportation. Notwithstanding subsection
24	(e)(1), the officer may purchase a firearm and carry that firearm
25	aboard an aircraft of which the officer is the pilot under this section
26	if the firearm is of a type that may be used under the program.
27	(2) PREEMPTION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of Federal
28	or State law, a Federal flight deck officer, whenever necessary to par-
29	ticipate in the program, may carry a firearm in a State and from one
30	State to another State.
31	(3) CARRYING FIREARMS OUTSIDE UNITED STATES.—In consultation
32	with the Secretary of State, the Secretary may take necessary action
33	to ensure that a Federal flight deck officer may carry a firearm in a
34	foreign country whenever necessary to participate in the program.
35	(i) AUTHORITY TO USE FORCE.—Notwithstanding section 40913(d) of
36	this title, the Secretary shall prescribe the standards and circumstances
37	under which a Federal flight deck officer may use, while the program under
38	this section is in effect, force (including lethal force) against an individual
39	in the defense of the flight deck of an aircraft in air transportation or intra-
40	state air transportation.
41	(j) Limitation on Liability.—

1	(1) AIR CARRIERS.—An air carrier is not liable for damages in an
2	action brought in a Federal or State court arising out of a Federal
3	flight deck officer's use of or failure to use a firearm.
4	(2) FEDERAL FLIGHT DECK OFFICERS.—A Federal flight deck offi-
5	cer is not liable for damages in an action brought in a Federal or State
6	court arising out of the acts or omissions of the officer in defending
7	the flight deck of an aircraft against acts of criminal violence or air
8	piracy unless the officer is guilty of gross negligence or willful mis-
9	conduct.
10	(3) FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—For purposes of an action against the
11	United States with respect to an act or omission of a Federal flight
12	deck officer in defending the flight deck of an aircraft, the officer shall
13	be treated as an employee of the Federal Government under chapter
14	171 of title 28, relating to tort claims procedure.
15	(k) PROCEDURES FOLLOWING ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGES.—If an acciden-
16	tal discharge of a firearm under the pilot program results in the injury or
17	death of a passenger or crew member on an aircraft, the Secretary—
18	(1) shall revoke the deputization of the Federal flight deck officer
19	responsible for that firearm if the Secretary determines that the dis-
20	charge was attributable to the negligence of the officer; and
21	(2) if the Secretary determines that a shortcoming in standards,
22	training, or procedures was responsible for the accidental discharge, the
23	Secretary may temporarily suspend the program until the shortcoming
24	is corrected.
25	(1) 4Limitation on Authority of Air Carriers.—An air carrier may not
26	prohibit or threaten a retaliatory action against a pilot employed by the air
27	carrier from/for becoming a Federal flight deck officer under this section.
28	An air carrier may not—
29	(1) prohibit a Federal flight deck officer from piloting an aircraft op-
30	erated by the air carrier; or
31	(2) terminate the employment of a Federal flight deck officer, solely
32	on the basis of his or her volunteering for or participating in the pro-
33	gram under this section.
34	§40931. Deputation of State and local law enforcement offi-
35	cers
36	(a) DEPUTATION AUTHORITY.—The Secretary, acting through the Ad-
37	ministrator of the Transportation Security Administration, may deputize a
38	State or local law enforcement officer to carry out Federal airport security
39	duties under this chapter.
40	(b) FULFILLMENT OF REQUIREMENTS.—A State or local law enforcement
41	officer who is deputized under this section shall be treated as a Federal law

1 enforcement officer for purposes of meeting the requirements of this chapter 2 and other provisions of law to provide Federal law enforcement officers to 3 carry out Federal airport security duties. 4 (c) AGREEMENTS.—To deputize a State or local law enforcement officer 5 under this section, the Secretary shall enter into a voluntary agreement with 6 the appropriate State or local law enforcement agency that employs the 7 State or local law enforcement officer. 8 (d) REIMBURSEMENT.---9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall reimburse a State or local 10 law enforcement agency for all reasonable, allowable, and allocable 11 costs incurred by the State or local law enforcement agency with re-12 spect to a law enforcement officer deputized under this section. 13 (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to 14 be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this sub-15 section. 16 (e) FEDERAL TORT CLAIMS ACT.—A State or local law enforcement offi-17 cer who is deputized under this section shall be treated as an "employee 18 of the Government" for purposes of sections 1346(b), 2401(b), and chapter 19 171 of title 28, while carrying out Federal airport security duties within the 20 course and scope of the officer's employment, subject to Federal supervision 21 and control, and under the terms of the deputation. 22 (f) STATIONING OF OFFICERS.-The Secretary may allow law en-23 forcement personnel to be stationed other than at the airport security 24 screening location if that would be preferable for law enforcement pur-25 poses and if the personnel would still be able to provide prompt respon-26 siveness to problems occurring at the screening location. 27 §40932. Airport security improvement projects 28 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "sponsor" has the meaning 29 given that term in section 47102 of title 49. 30 (b) GRANT AUTHORITY.—Subject to the requirements of this section, the 31 Secretary shall make grants to airport sponsors-32 (1) for projects to replace baggage conveyer systems related to avia-33 tion security; 34 (2) for projects to reconfigure terminal baggage areas as needed to 35 install explosive detection systems; 36 (3) for projects to enable the Secretary to deploy explosive detection 37 systems behind the ticket counter, in the baggage sorting area, or in 38 line with the baggage handling system; and 39 (4) for other airport security capital improvement projects.

(c) APPLICATIONS.—A sponsor seeking a grant under this section shall
 submit to the Secretary an application in the form and containing the infor mation the Secretary prescribes.

4 (d) APPROVAL.—The Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of 5 Transportation, may approve an application of a sponsor for a grant under 6 this section only if the Secretary determines that the project will improve 7 security at an airport or improve the efficiency of the airport without lessen-8 ing security.

9 (e) Letters of Intent.—

(1) ISSUANCE.—The Secretary shall issue a letter of intent to a
sponsor committing to obligate from future budget authority an
amount, not more than the Federal Government's share of the project's
cost, for an airport security improvement project (including interest
costs and costs of formulating the project).

(2) SCHEDULE.—A letter of intent under this subsection shall establish a schedule under which the Secretary will reimburse the sponsor
for the Government's share of the project's costs, as amounts become
available, if the sponsor, after the Secretary issues the letter, carries
out the project without receiving amounts under this section.

(3) NOTICE TO SECRETARY.—A sponsor that has been issued a letter
of intent under this subsection shall notify the Secretary of the sponsor's intent to carry out a project before the project begins.

(4) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall transmit to the
Committees on Appropriations and Transportation and Infrastructure
of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations
and Commerce, Science and Transportation of the Senate a written notification at least 3 days before the issuance of a letter of intent under
this section.

(5) LIMITATIONS.—A letter of intent issued under this subsection is
not an obligation of the Government under section 1501 of title 31,
and the letter is not deemed to be an administrative commitment for
financing. An obligation or administrative commitment may be made
only as amounts are provided in authorization and appropriations laws.
(6) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be

35 construed to prohibit the obligation of amounts pursuant to a letter of
36 intent under this subsection in the same fiscal year as the letter of in37 tent is issued.

38 (f) Federal Share.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Government's share of the cost of a project
under this section shall be 90 percent for a project at a medium or
large hub airport and 95 percent for a project at any other airport.

(2) LETTERS OF INTENT ISSUED BEFORE DECEMBER 12, 2003.—The
 Secretary shall revise letters of intent issued before December 12,
 2003, to reflect the cost share established in this subsection with re spect to grants made after September 30, 2003.

(g) APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements
that apply to grants and letters of intent issued under chapter 471 of title
49 (other than section 47102(3)) shall apply to grants and letters of intent
issued under this section.

9 (h) AVIATION SECURITY CAPITAL FUND.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Department the Avia-11 tion Security Capital Fund. The first \$250,000,000 from fees received 12 under section 40958(a) of this title in each of fiscal years 2004 13 through 2028 is available to be deposited in the Fund. The Secretary shall impose the fee authorized by section 40958(a) so as to collect at 14 15 least \$250,000,000 in each of the fiscal years for deposit into the 16 Fund. Amounts in the Fund are available to the Secretary to make 17 grants under this section.

(2) ALLOCATION.—Of the amount made available under paragraph
(1) for a fiscal year, not less than \$200,000,000 shall be allocated to
fulfill letters of intent issued under subsection (d).

(3) DISCRETIONARY GRANTS.—Of the amount made available under
paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, up to \$50,000,000 shall be used to
make discretionary grants, including other transaction agreements for
airport security improvement projects, with priority given to small hub
airports and nonhub airports.

(i) LEVERAGED FUNDING.—For purposes of this section, a grant under
subsection (b) to an airport sponsor to service an obligation issued by or
on behalf of that sponsor to fund a project described in subsection (b) is
considered to be a grant for that project.

30 § 40933. Repair station security

31 (a) SECURITY REVIEW AND AUDIT.—To ensure the security of mainte-32 nance and repair work conducted on air carrier aircraft and components at 33 foreign repair stations, the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator 34 of the Federal Aviation Administration, shall complete a security review and 35 audit of foreign repair stations that are certified by the Administrator under 36 part 145 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and that work on air car-37 rier aircraft and components. The review shall be completed no later than 38 6 months after the date on which the Secretary issues regulations under 39 subsection (f).

(b) ADDRESSING SECURITY CONCERNS.—The Secretary shall require a
 foreign repair station to address the security issues and vulnerabilities iden-

4561 tified in a security audit conducted under subsection (a) within 90 days of 2 providing notice to the repair station of the security issues and vulnerabili-3 ties so identified and shall notify the Administrator of the Federal Aviation 4 Administration that a deficiency was identified in the security audit. 5 (c) SUSPENSIONS AND REVOCATIONS OF CERTIFICATES.— 6 (1) FAILURE TO CARRY OUT EFFECTIVE SECURITY MEASURES.—If, 7 after the 90th day on which a notice is provided to a foreign repair 8 station under subsection (b), the Secretary determines that the foreign 9 repair station does not maintain and carry out effective security meas-10 ures, the Secretary shall notify the Administrator of the Federal Avia-11 tion Administration of the determination. On receipt of the determina-12 tion, the Administrator shall suspend the certification of the repair sta-13 tion until the Secretary determines that the repair station maintains 14 and carries out effective security measures and transmits the deter-15 mination to the Administrator. 16 (2) IMMEDIATE SECURITY RISK.—If the Secretary determines that a 17 foreign repair station poses an immediate security risk, the Secretary 18 shall notify the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration 19 of the determination. On receipt of the determination, the Adminis-20 trator shall revoke the certification of the repair station. 21 (3) PROCEDURES FOR APPEALS.—The Secretary, in consultation 22 with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, shall 23 establish procedures for appealing a revocation of a certificate under 24 this subsection. 25 (d) FAILURE TO MEET AUDIT DEADLINE.—If the security audits re-26 quired by subsection (a) are not completed on or before the date that is 27 6 months after the date on which the Secretary issues regulations under 28 subsection (f), the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration 29 shall be barred from certifying a foreign repair station (other than a station 30 that was previously certified, or is in the process of certification, by the Ad-31 ministrator under part A of subtitle VII of title 49 until the audits are com-32 pleted for existing stations. 33 (e) PRIORITY FOR AUDITS.—In conducting the audits described in sub-34 section (a), the Secretary and the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Ad-35 ministration shall give priority to foreign repair stations located in countries 36 identified by the Government as posing the most significant security risks. 37 (f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-38 trator of the Federal Aviation Administration, shall issue final regulations 39 to ensure the security of foreign and domestic aircraft repair stations.

1 §40934. Deployment and use of detection equipment at air-2 port screening checkpoints 3 (a) WEAPONS AND EXPLOSIVES.—The Secretary shall give a high priority 4 to developing, testing, improving, and deploying, at airport screening check-5 points, equipment that detects nonmetallic, chemical, biological, and radio-6 logical weapons, and explosives, in all forms, on individuals and in their per-7 sonal property. The Secretary shall ensure that the equipment alone, or as 8 part of an integrated system, can detect under realistic operating conditions 9 the types of weapons and explosives that terrorists would likely try to smug-10 gle aboard an air carrier aircraft. 11 (b) STRATEGIC PLAN FOR DEPLOYMENT AND USE OF EXPLOSIVE DE-12 TECTION EQUIPMENT AT AIRPORT SCREENING CHECKPOINTS.-13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit to the appropriate 14 congressional committees a strategic plan to promote the optimal utili-15 zation and deployment of explosive detection equipment at airports to 16 screen individuals and their personal property. Such equipment in-17 cludes walk-through explosive detection portals, document scanners, 18 shoe scanners, and backscatter x-ray scanners. The plan may be sub-19 mitted in a classified format. 20 (2) CONTENT.—The strategic plan shall include, at minimum— 21 (A) a description of current efforts to detect explosives in all 22 forms on individuals and in their personal property; 23 (B) a description of the operational applications of explosive de-24 tection equipment at airport screening checkpoints; 25 (C) a deployment schedule and a description of the quantities 26 of equipment needed to implement the plan; 27 (D) a description of funding needs to implement the plan, in-28 cluding a financing plan that provides for leveraging of non-Fed-29 eral funding; 30 (E) a description of the measures taken and anticipated to be 31 taken in carrying out subsection (d); and 32 (F) a description of any recommended legislative actions. 33 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be ap-34 propriated to the Secretary for the use of the Transportation Security Ad-35 ministration \$250,000,000, in addition to amounts otherwise authorized by 36 law, for research, development, and installation of detection systems and 37 other devices for the detection of biological, chemical, radiological, and ex-38 plosive materials. 39 (d) INTERIM ACTION.—Until measures are implemented that enable the 40 screening of all passengers for explosives, the Secretary shall provide, by

means the Secretary considers appropriate, explosives detection screening

1 for all passengers identified for additional screening and their personal 2 property that will be carried aboard a passenger aircraft operated by an air 3 carrier or foreign air carrier in air transportation or intrastate air transpor-4 tation. 5 §40935. Appeal and redress process for passengers wrongly delayed or prohibited from boarding a flight 6 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a timely and fair process 8 for individuals who believe they have been delayed or prohibited from board-9 ing a commercial aircraft because they were wrongly identified as a threat 10 under the regimes utilized by the Transportation Security Administration, the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, or another office or compo-11 12 nent of the Department. 13 (b) Office of Appeals and Redress.— 14 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish in the Depart-15 ment an Office of Appeals and Redress to implement, coordinate, and 16 execute the process established by the Secretary under subsection (a). 17 The Office shall include representatives from the Transportation Secu-18 rity Administration, the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, 19 and other offices and components of the Department the Secretary de-20 termines appropriate. 21 (2) RECORDS.—The process established by the Secretary under sub-22 section (a) shall include the establishment of a method by which the 23 Office, under the direction of the Secretary, will be able to maintain 24 a record of air carrier passengers and other individuals who have been 25 misidentified and have corrected erroneous information. 26 (3) INFORMATION.—To prevent repeated delays of an misidentified 27 passenger or other individual, the Office shall— 28 (A) ensure that the records maintained under this subsection 29 contain information determined by the Secretary to authenticate 30 the identity of the passenger or individual; 31 (B) furnish to the Transportation Security Administration, the 32 Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, or another appropriate 33 office or component of the Department, on request, information necessary to allow the office or component to assist air carriers 34 35 in improving their administration of the advanced passenger pre-36 screening system and reduce the number of false positives; and 37 (C) require that air carriers and foreign air carriers take action 38 to identify passengers determined, under the process established

39 under subsection (a), to have been wrongly identified.

1	(4) Handling of personally identifiable information.—The
2	Secretary, in conjunction with the Chief Privacy Officer of the Depart-
3	ment, shall—
4	(A) require that Federal employees of the Department handling
5	personally identifiable information of passengers (in this para-
6	graph referred to as "PII") complete mandatory privacy and secu-
7	rity training prior to being authorized to handle PII;
8	(B) ensure that the records maintained under this subsection
9	are secured by encryption, one-way hashing, other data
10	anonymization techniques, or other, equivalent security technical
11	protections the Secretary determines necessary;
12	(C) limit the information collected from misidentified passengers
13	or other individuals to the minimum amount necessary to resolve
14	a redress request;
15	(D) require that the data generated under this subsection shall
16	be shared or transferred via a secure data network, that has been
17	audited to ensure that the anti-hacking and other security related
18	software functions properly and is updated as necessary;
19	(E) ensure that an employee of the Department receiving the
20	data contained within the records handles the information under
21	the section 552a of title 5, and the Federal Information Security
22	Management Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135);
23	(F) only retain the data for as long as needed to assist the indi-
24	vidual traveler in the redress process; and
25	(G) conduct and publish a privacy impact assessment of the
26	process described within this subsection and transmit the assess-
27	ment to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
28	Representatives, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
29	Transportation of the Senate, and Committee on Homeland Secu-
30	rity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.
31	(5) INITIATION OF REDRESS PROCESS AT AIRPORTS.—The Office
32	shall establish at each airport at which the Department has a signifi-
33	cant presence a process to provide information to air carrier passengers
34	to begin the redress process established under subsection (a).
35	Subchapter IIIAdministration and Personnel
36	§40951 .Federal Security Managers
37	(a) Establishment, Designation, and Stationing.—The Secretary,
38	acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Adminis-
39	tration, shall establish the position of Federal Security Manager at each air-
40	port in the United States described in section 40913(c) of this title. The

1	Secretary shall designate individuals as Managers for, and station those
2	Managers at, those airports.
3	(b) DUTIES AND POWERS.—The Federal Security Manager at each air-
4	port shall—
5	(1) oversee the screening of passengers and property at the airport; and
6	(2) carry out other duties prescribed by the Secretary.
7	§40952. Foreign Security Liaison Officers
8	(a) Establishment, Designation, and Stationing.—The Secretary,
9	acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Adminis-
10	tration, shall establish the position of Foreign Security Liaison Officer for
11	each airport outside the United States at which the Secretary decides an
12	Officer is necessary for air transportation security. In coordination with the
13	Secretary of State, the Secretary shall designate an Officer for each of those
14	airports. In coordination with the Secretary, the Secretary shall designate
15	an Officer for each of those airports where extraordinary security measures
16	are in place. The Secretary shall give high priority to stationing those Offi-
17	cers.
18	(b) Duties and Powers. Each Federal Security Liaison Officer
19	REPORTS DIRECTLY TO THE SECRETARY. THE OFFICER AT EACH AIRPORT
20	SHALL—
21	(1) serve as the liaison of the Secretary to foreign security authori-
22	ties (including governments of foreign countries and foreign airport au-
23	thorities) in carrying out United States Government security require-
24	ments at that airport; and
25	(2) to the extent practicable, carry out duties and powers referred
26	to in section 40951(b) of this title.
27	(c) COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES.—The activities of each Foreign Secu-
28	rity Liaison Officer shall be coordinated with the chief of the diplomatic
29	mission of the United States to which the Officer is assigned. Activities of
30	an Officer under this section shall be consistent with the duties and powers
31	of the Secretary and the chief of mission to a foreign country under section
32	103 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22
33	U.S.C. 4802) and section 207 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
34	U.S.C. 3927).
35	§40953. Employment standards and training
36	(a) EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS.—The Secretary, acting through the Ad-
37	ministrator of the Transportation Security Administration, shall prescribe
38	standards for the employment and continued employment of, and contract-
39	ing for, air carrier personnel and, as appropriate, airport security personnel.
40	The standards shall include—
41	(1) minimum training requirements for new employees;
• •	(1) minimum visiting requirements for new employees,

1	(2) retraining requirements;
2	(3) minimum staffing levels;
3	(4) minimum language skills; and
4	(5) minimum education levels for employees, when appropriate.
5	(b) REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—In coordination with air carriers,
6	airport operators, and other interested persons, the Secretary shall review
7	issues related to human performance in the aviation security system to
8	maximize that performance. When the review is completed, the Secretary
9	shall recommend guidelines and prescribe appropriate changes in existing
10	procedures to improve that performance.
11	(c) Security Program Training, Standards, and Qualifica-
12	TIONS.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary—
14	(A) may train individuals employed to carry out a security pro-
15	gram under section 40913(c) of this title; and
16	(B) shall prescribe uniform training standards and uniform
17	minimum qualifications for individuals eligible for that training.
18	(2) Reimbursements.—The Secretary may authorize reimburse-
19	ment for travel, transportation, and subsistence expenses for security
20	training of non-United States Government domestic and foreign indi-
21	viduals whose services will contribute significantly to carrying out civil
22	aviation security programs. To the extent practicable, air travel reim-
23	bursed under this paragraph shall be on air carriers.
24	(d) Education and Training Standards for Security Coordina-
25	TORS, SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL, AND PILOTS.—
26	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall prescribe standards for edu-
27	cating and training
28	(A) ground security coordinators;
29	(B) security supervisory personnel; and
30	(C) airline pilots as in-flight security coordinators.
31	(2) ELEMENTS.—The standards shall include initial training, re-
32	training, and continuing education requirements and methods. Those
33	requirements and methods shall be used annually to measure the per-
34	formance of ground security coordinators and security supervisory per-
35	sonnel.
36	(e) Security Screeners.—
37	(1) TRAINING PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall establish a program
38	for the hiring and training of security screening personnel.
39	(2) Hiring.—
40	(A) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Secretary shall establish qualifica-
41	tion standards for individuals to be hired by the United States as

1	security screening personnel. Notwithstanding any other provision
2	of law, those standards shall require, at a minimum, an individ-
3	ual—
4	(i) to have a satisfactory or better score on a Federal secu-
5	rity screening personnel selection examination;
6	(ii) to be a citizen of the United States or a national of
7	the United States, as defined in section $101(a)(22)$ of the Im-
8	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22));
9	(iii) to meet, at a minimum, the requirements set forth in
10	subsection (f);
11	(iv) to meet other qualifications the Secretary may estab-
12	lish; and
13	(v) to have the ability to demonstrate daily a fitness for
14	duty without an impairment due to illegal drugs, sleep depri-
15	vation, medication, or alcohol.
16	(B) BACKGROUND CHECKS.—The Secretary shall require that
17	an individual to be hired as a security screener undergo an em-
18	ployment investigation (including a criminal history record check)
19	under section $40954(a)(1)$ of this title.
20	(C) DISQUALIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS WHO PRESENT NA-
21	TIONAL SECURITY RISKS.—The Secretary, in consultation with the
22	heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall establish proce-
23	dures, in addition to any background check conducted under sec-
24	tion 40954, to ensure that an individual who presents a threat to
25	national security is not employed as a security screener.
26	(3) EXAMINATION.—The Secretary shall develop a security screening
27	personnel examination for use in determining the qualification of indi-
28	viduals seeking employment as security screening personnel.
29	(4) Review of standards, rules, and regulations.—The Secretary shall
30	review, and revise as necessary, a standard, rule, or regulation govern-
31	ing the employment of individuals as security screening personnel.
32	(f) Employment Standards for Screening Personnel.—
33	(1) SCREENER REQUIREMENTS.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
34	sion of law, an individual may not be deployed as a security screener
35	unless that individual meets the following requirements:
36	(A) The individual possesses a high school diploma, a general
37	equivalency diploma, or experience that the Secretary has deter-
38	mined to be sufficient for the individual to perform the duties of
39	the position.

1	(B) The individual possesses basic aptitudes and physical abili-
2	ties, including color perception, visual and aural acuity, physical
3	coordination, and motor skills, to the following standards:
4	(i) Screeners operating screening equipment are able to dis-
5	tinguish on the screening equipment monitor the appropriate
6	imaging standard specified by the Secretary.
7	(ii) Screeners operating screening equipment are able to
8	distinguish each color displayed on every type of screening
9	equipment and explain what each color signifies.
10	(iii) Screeners are able to hear and respond to the spoken
11	voice and to audible alarms generated by screening equipment
12	in an active checkpoint environment.
13	(iv) Screeners performing physical searches or other related
14	operations are able to efficiently and thoroughly manipulate
15	and handle the baggage, containers, and other objects subject
16	to security processing.
17	(v) Screeners who perform pat-downs or hand-held metal
18	detector searches of individuals have sufficient dexterity and
19	capability to thoroughly conduct those procedures over an in-
20	dividual's entire body.
21	(C) The individual is able to read, speak, and write English well
22	enough to—
23	(i) carry out written and oral instructions regarding the
24	proper performance of screening duties;
25	(ii) read English language identification media, credentials,
26	airline tickets, and labels on items normally encountered in
27	the screening process;
28	(iii) provide direction to and understand and answer ques-
29	tions from English-speaking individuals undergoing screening;
30	and
31	(iv) write incident reports and statements and log entries
32	into security records in the English language.
33	(D) The individual has satisfactorily completed all initial, recur-
34	rent, and appropriate specialized training required by the security
35	program, except as provided in paragraph (3).
36	(2) VETERANS PREFERENCE.—The Secretary shall provide a pref-
37	erence for the hiring of an individual as a security screener if the indi-
38	vidual is a member or former member of the armed forces and if the
39	individual is entitled, under statute, to retired, retirement, or retainer
40	pay on account of service as a member of the armed forces.

1	(3) EXCEPTIONS.—An individual who has not completed the training
2	required by this section may be deployed during the on-the-job portion
3	of training to perform functions if that individual—
4	(A) is closely supervised; and
5	(B) does not make independent judgments as to whether indi-
6	viduals or property may enter a sterile area or aircraft without
7	further inspection.
8	(4) REMEDIAL TRAINING.—No individual employed as a security
9	screener may perform a screening function after that individual has
10	failed an operational test related to that function until that individual
11	has successfully completed the remedial training specified in the secu-
12	rity program.
13	(5) ANNUAL PROFICIENCY REVIEW.—The Secretary shall provide
14	that an annual evaluation of each individual assigned screening duties
15	is conducted and documented. An individual employed as a security
16	screener may not continue to be employed in that capacity unless the
17	evaluation demonstrates that the individual—
18	(A) continues to meet all qualifications and standards required
19	to perform a screening function;
20	(B) has a satisfactory record of performance and attention to
21	duty based on the standards and requirements in the security pro-
22	gram; and
23	(C) demonstrates the current knowledge and skills necessary to
24	courteously, vigilantly, and effectively perform screening functions.
25	(6) Operational testing.—In addition to the annual proficiency
26	review conducted under paragraph (5), the Secretary shall provide for
27	the operational testing of personnel.
28	(g) Training.—
29	(1) Use of other agencies.—The Secretary may enter into a
30	memorandum of understanding or other arrangement with another
31	Federal agency or department with appropriate law enforcement re-
32	sponsibilities, to provide personnel, resources, or other forms of assist-
33	ance in the training of security screening personnel.
34	(2) TRAINING PLAN.—The Secretary shall develop a plan for the
35	training of security screening personnel. The plan shall require, at a
36	minimum, that a security screener—
37	(A) has completed 40 hours of classroom instruction or success-
38	fully completed a program that the Secretary determines will train
39	individuals to a level of proficiency equivalent to the level that
40	would be achieved by the classroom instruction;
41	(B) has completed 60 hours of on-the-job instructions; and

1	(C) has successfully completed an on-the-job training examina-
2	tion prescribed by the Secretary.
3	(3) Equipment-specific training.—An individual employed as a
4	security screener may not use a security screening device or equipment
5	in the scope of that individual's employment unless the individual has
6	been trained on that device or equipment and has successfully com-
7	pleted a test on the use of the device or equipment.
8	(h) TECHNOLOGICAL TRAINING.—
9	(1) Definition. In this subsection, the term "dual-use item"
10	MEANS AN ITEM THAT MAY SEEM HARMLESS BUT THAT MAY BE USED
11	AS A WEAPON.
12	(2) IN GENERAL. THE SECRETARY SHALL REQUIRE TRAINING TO EN-
13	SURE THAT SCREENERS ARE PROFICIENT IN USING THE MOST UP-TO-
14	DATE NEW TECHNOLOGY AND TO ENSURE THEIR PROFICIENCY IN REC-
15	OGNIZING NEW THREATS AND WEAPONS.
16	(3) PERIODIC ASSESSMENTS.—The Secretary shall make periodic as-
17	sessments to determine if there are dual-use items and inform security
18	screening personnel of the existence of the items.
19	(4) CURRENT LISTS OF DUAL-USE ITEMS.—Current lists of dual-use
20	items shall be part of the ongoing training for screeners.
21	(i) LIMITATION ON RIGHT TO STRIKE.—An individual who screens pas-
22	sengers or property, or both, at an airport under this section may not par-
23	ticipate in a strike, or assert the right to strike, against the person (includ-
24	ing a governmental entity) employing the individual to perform the screen-
25	ing.
26	(j) UNIFORMS.—The Secretary shall require an individual who screens
27	passengers and property under section 40911 of this title to be attired while
28	on duty in a uniform approved by the Secretary.
29	(k) Accessibility of Computer-Based Training Facilities.—The
30	Secretary shall work with air carriers and airports to ensure that computer-
31	based training facilities intended for use by security screeners at an airport
32	regularly serving an air carrier holding a certificate issued by the Secretary
33	of Transportation are conveniently located for that airport and easily acces-
34	sible.
35	(I) Screener Personnel.—
36	(1) GENERAL AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY.—Except as provided in
37	paragraph (2), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
38	Secretary may employ, appoint, discipline, terminate, and fix the com-
39	pensation, terms, and conditions of employment of Federal service for
40	the number of individuals the Secretary determines to be necessary to
41	carry out the screening functions of the Secretary under section 40911

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1	of this title. The Secretary shall establish levels of compensation and
2	other benefits for the individuals employed.
3	(2) Uniformed services employment and reemployment
4	RIGHTS.—In carrying out the functions authorized under paragraph
5	(1), the Secretary is subject to the provisions set forth in chapter 43
6	of title 38.
7	§40954. Employment investigations and restrictions
8	(a) Employment Investigation Requirement.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—
10	(A) EMPLOYEE COVERAGE.—The Secretary, acting through the
11	Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, shall
12	require by regulation that an employment investigation, including
13	a criminal history record check and a review of available law en-
14	forcement data bases and records of other governmental and inter-
15	national agencies, to the extent determined practicable by the Sec-
16	retary, shall be conducted of each individual employed in, or apply-
17	ing for, a position as a security screener under section 40953(e)
18	of this title or a position in which the individual has unescorted
19	access, or may permit other individuals to have unescorted access,
20	to—
21	(i) aircraft of an air carrier or foreign air carrier; or
22	(ii) a secured area of an airport in the United States the
23	Secretary designates that serves an air carrier or foreign air
24	carrier.
25	(B) FURTHER COVERAGE.—The Secretary shall require by regu-
26	lation that an employment investigation (including a criminal his-
27	tory record check and a review of available law enforcement data
28	bases and records of other governmental and international agen-
29	cies, to the extent determined practicable by the Secretary) be con-
30	ducted for—
31	(i) individuals who are responsible for screening passengers
32	or property under section 40911 of this title;
33	(ii) supervisors of the individuals described in clause (i);
34	(iii) individuals who regularly have escorted access to air-
35	craft of an air carrier or foreign air carrier or a secured area
36	of an airport in the United States the Administrator des-
37	ignates that serves an air carrier or foreign air carrier; and
38	(iv) other individuals who exercise security functions associ-
39	ated with baggage or cargo that the Secretary determines is
40	necessary to ensure air transportation security.

1	(C) EXEMPTION.—An employment investigation, including a
2	criminal history record check, is not required under this subsection
3	for an individual who is exempted under section $107.31(m)(1)$ or
4	(2) of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on No-
5	vember 22, 2000. The Secretary shall work with the International
6	Civil Aviation Organization and with appropriate authorities of
7	foreign countries to ensure that individuals exempted under this
8	subparagraph do not pose a threat to aviation or national security.
9	(2) Employer Role.—An air carrier, foreign air carrier, airport op-
10	erator, or government that employs, or authorizes or makes a contract
11	for the services of, an individual in a position described in paragraph
12	(1) shall ensure that the investigation the Secretary requires is con-
13	ducted.
14	(3) PERIODIC AUDITS.—The Secretary shall provide for the periodic
15	audit of the effectiveness of criminal history record checks conducted
16	under paragraph (1).
17	(b) Prohibited Employment.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), an air car-
19	rier, foreign air carrier, airport operator, or government may not em-
20	ploy, or authorize or make a contract for the services of, an individual
21	in a position described in subsection (a)(1) if—
22	(A) the investigation of the individual required under this sec-
23	tion has not been conducted; or
24	(B) the results of that investigation establish that, in the 10-
25	year period ending on the date of the investigation, the individual
26	was convicted (or found not guilty by reason of insanity) of-
27	(i) a crime referred to in subchapter VI of this chapter,
28	section 40998 of this title, section 32 of title 18, or section
29	46306, 46308, 46312, or 46315 of title 49;
30	(ii) murder;
31	(iii) assault with intent to murder;
32	(iv) espionage;
33	(v) sedition;
34	(vi) treason;
35	(vii) rape;
36	(viii) kidnapping;
37	(ix) unlawful possession, sale, distribution, or manufacture
38	of an explosive or weapon;
39	(x) extortion;
40	(xi) armed or felony unarmed robbery;

1	(xii) distribution of, or intent to distribute, a controlled
2	substance;
3	(xiii) a felony involving a threat;
4	(xiv) a felony involving
5	(I) willful destruction of property;
6	(II) importation or manufacture of a controlled sub-
7	stance;
8	(III) burglary;
9	(IV) theft;
10	(V) dishonesty, fraud, or misrepresentation;
11	(VI) possession or distribution of stolen property;
12	(VII) aggravated assault;
13	(VIII) bribery; and
14	(IX) illegal possession of a controlled substance pun-
15	ishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more
16	than 1 year, or another crime classified as a felony that
17	the Secretary determines indicates a propensity for plac-
18	ing contraband aboard an aircraft in return for money;
19	OF
20	(xv) conspiracy to commit any of the acts referred to in
21	clauses (i) through (xiv).
22	(2) OTHER FACTORS.—The Secretary may specify other factors that
23	are sufficient to prohibit the employment of an individual in a position
24	described in subsection $(a)(1)$.
25	(3) ALTERNATE SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS.—An air carrier, foreign
26	air carrier, airport operator, or government may employ, or authorize
27	or contract for the services of, an individual in a position described in
28	subsection $(a)(1)$ without carrying out the investigation required under
29	this section, if the Secretary approves a plan to employ the individual
30	that provides alternate security arrangements.
31	(c) FINGERPRINTING AND RECORD CHECK INFORMATION.—
32	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary requires an identification and
33	criminal history record check, to be conducted by the Attorney General,
34	as part of an investigation under this section, the Secretary shall des-
35	ignate an individual to obtain fingerprints and submit those finger-
36	prints to the Attorney General. The Attorney General may make the
37	results of a check available to an individual the Secretary designates.
38	Before designating an individual to obtain and submit fingerprints or
39	receive results of a check, the Secretary shall consult with the Attorney
40	General. All Federal agencies shall cooperate with the Secretary and

1	the Secretary's designee in the process of collecting and submitting fin-
2	gerprints.
3	(2) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations on—
4	(A) procedures for taking fingerprints; and
5	(B) requirements for using information received from the Attor-
6	ney General under paragraph (1)—
7	(i) to limit the dissemination of the information; and
8	(ii) to ensure that the information is used only to carry out
9	this section.
10	(3) Access to investigation.—If an identification and criminal
11	history record check is conducted as part of an investigation of an indi-
12	vidual under this section, the individual—
13	(A) shall receive a copy of a record received from the Attorney
14	General; and
15	(B) may complete and correct the information contained in the
16	check before a final employment decision is made based on the
17	check.
18	(d) FEES AND CHARGES.—The Secretary and the Attorney General shall
19	establish reasonable fees and charges to pay expenses incurred in carrying
20	out this section. The employer of the individual being investigated shall pay
21	the costs of a record check of the individual. Money collected under this sec-
22	tion shall be credited to the account in the Treasury from which the ex-
23	penses were incurred and are available to the Secretary and the Attorney
24	General for those expenses.
25	(e) When Investigation or Record Check Not Required.—This
26	section does not require an investigation or record check when the investiga-
27	tion or record check is prohibited by a law of a foreign country.
28	§40955. Prohibition on transferring duties and powers
29	Except as specifically provided by law, the Secretary, acting through the
30	Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, may not
31	transfer a duty or power under section 40913(a), (b), (c), or (e), 40916,
32	40922(a) through (c), 40953(a) through (k), or 40954 of this title or sec-
33	tion 44938(b)(3) of title 49.
34	§40956. Reports
35	(a) TRANSPORTATION SECURITY.—Not later than March 31 each year,
36	the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on transportation security
37	with recommendations the Secretary considers appropriate. The report shall
38	be prepared in conjunction with the biennial report the Secretary submits
39	under subsection (b) in each year the Secretary submits the biennial report,
40	but may not duplicate the information submitted under subsection (b) or

1	section 40917(a)(3) of this title. The Secretary may submit the report in
2	classified and unclassified parts. The report shall include—
3	(1) an assessment of trends and developments in terrorist activities,
4	methods, and other threats to transportation;
5	(2) an evaluation of deployment of explosive detection devices;
6	(3) recommendations for research, engineering, and development ac-
7	tivities related to transportation security, except research engineering
8	and development activities related to aviation security to the extent
9	those activities are covered by the national aviation research plan re-
10	quired under section 44501(c) of title 49;
11	(4) identification and evaluation of cooperative efforts with other de-
12	partments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the United States Gov-
13	ernment;
14	(5) an evaluation of cooperation with foreign transportation and se-
15	curity authorities;
16	(6) the status of the extent to which the recommendations of the
17	President's Commission on Aviation Security and Terrorism have been
18	carried out and the reasons for delay in carrying out those recom-
19	mendations;
20	(7) an assessment of financial and staffing requirements, and attain-
21	ment of existing staffing goals, for carrying out duties and powers of
22	the Secretary related to security; and
23	(8) appropriate legislative and regulatory recommendations.
24	(b) Screening and Foreign Air Carrier and Airport Security.—
25	The Secretary shall submit biennially to Congress a report on the effective-
26	ness of procedures under section 40911 of this title that includes—
27	(1) a summary of the assessments conducted under section
28	40917(a)(1) and (2) of this title; and
29	(2) an assessment of the steps being taken, and the progress being
30	made, in ensuring compliance with section 40916 of this title for each
31	foreign air carrier security program at airports outside the United
32	States—
33	(A) at which the Secretary decides that Foreign Security Liai-
34	son Officers are necessary for air transportation security; and
35	(B) for which extraordinary security measures are in place.
36	§40957. Training to operate certain aircraft
37	(a) Waiting Period.—
38	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "training"—
39	(A) means training received from an instructor in an aircraft
40	or aircraft simulator; but

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1	(B) does not include recurrent training, ground training, or
2	demonstration flights for marketing purposes.
3	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A person operating as a flight instructor, pilot
4	school, or aviation training center or subject to regulation under part
5	A of subtitle VII of title 49 may provide training in the operation of
6	an aircraft having a maximum certificated takeoff weight of more than
7	12,500 pounds to an alien (as defined in section $101(a)(3)$ of the Im-
8	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3))) or to another in-
9	dividual specified by the Secretary only if—
10	(A) that person has first notified the Secretary that the alien
11	or individual has requested training and submitted to the Sec-
12	retary, in form the Secretary prescribes, the following information
13	about the alien or individual:
14	(i) Full name, including aliases used by the applicant or
15	variations in spelling of the applicant's name.
16	(ii) Passport and visa information.
17	(iii) Country of citizenship.
18	(iv) Date of birth.
19	(v) Dates of training.
20	(vi) Fingerprints collected by, or under the supervision of,
21	a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency or by an-
22	other entity approved by the Federal Bureau of Investigation
23	or the Secretary, including fingerprints taken by United
24	States Government personnel at a United States embassy or
25	consulate; and
26	(B) the Secretary has not directed, within 30 days after being
27	notified under subparagraph (A), that person not to provide the
28	requested training because the Secretary has determined that the
29	individual presents a risk to aviation or national security.
30	(b) INTERRUPTION OF TRAINING.—If the Secretary, more than 30 days
31	after receiving notification under subsection (a) from a person providing
32	training described in subsection (a), determines that the individual presents
33	a risk to aviation or national security, the Secretary shall immediately notify
34	the person providing the training of the determination and that person shall
35	immediately terminate the training.
36	(c) NOTIFICATION.—A person operating as a flight instructor, pilot
37	school, or aviation training center or subject to regulation under part A of
38	subtitle VII of title 49 may provide training in the operation of an aircraft
39	having a maximum certificated takeoff weight of 12,500 pounds or less to
40	an alien (as defined in section $101(a)(3)$ of the Immigration and Nationality
41	Act (8 U.S.C. $1101(a)(3)$)) or to another individual specified by the Sec-

1 retary only if that person has notified the Secretary that the individual has 2 requested the training and furnished the Secretary with that individual's 3 identification in the form the Secretary requires. 4 (d) EXPEDITED PROCESSING.—The Secretary shall establish a process to 5 ensure that the waiting period under subsection (a) shall not exceed 5 days 6 for an alien (as defined in section 101(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nation-7 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3))) who-8 (1) holds an airman's certification of a foreign country that is recog-9 nized by an agency of the United States, including a military agency, 10 that permits an individual to operate a multi-engine aircraft that has 11 a certificated takeoff weight of more than 12,500 pounds; 12 (2) is employed by a foreign air carrier that is certified under part 13 129 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and that has a security 14 program approved under section 1546 of title 49. Code of Federal Reg-15 ulations; 16 (3) is an individual that has unescorted access to a secured area of 17 an airport designated under section 40954(a)(1)(A)(ii) of this title; or 18 (4) is an individual that is part of a class of individuals that the Sec-19 retary has determined that providing aviation training to presents mini-20 mal risk to aviation or national security because of the aviation train-21 ing already possessed by the class of individuals. 22 (e) NONAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN FOREIGN MILITARY PILOTS.—The 23 procedures and processes required by subsections (a) through (d) do not 24 apply to a foreign military pilot endorsed by the Department of Defense for 25 flight training in the United States and seeking training described in sub-26 section (a)(1) in the United States. 27 (f) FEE.— 28 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may assess a fee for an investiga-29 tion under this section. The Secretary may adjust the maximum 30 amount of the fee to reflect the costs of an investigation. 31 (2) Offset.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, a fee collected 32 under this section— 33 (A) shall be credited to the account in the Treasury from which 34 the expenses were incurred and shall be available to the Secretary 35 for those expenses; and 36 (B) remains available until expended. 37 (g) INTERAGENCY COOPERATION.—The Attorney General, the Director of 38 Central Intelligence, and the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Admin-39 istration shall cooperate with the Secretary in implementing this section. 40 (h) SECURITY AWARENESS TRAINING FOR EMPLOYEES.—The Secretary 41 shall require flight schools to conduct a security awareness program for

1 flight school employees to increase their awareness of suspicious circum-

- 2 stances and activities of individuals enrolling in or attending flight school.
- 3 §40958. Security service fee

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4	(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—
5	(1) PASSENGER FEES.—The Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
6	trator of the Transportation Security Administration, shall impose a
7	uniform fee, on passengers of air carriers and foreign air carriers in
8	air transportation and intrastate air transportation originating at air-
9	ports in the United States, to pay for the following costs of providing
10	civil aviation security services:
11	(A) Salary, benefits, overtime, retirement and other costs of
12	screening personnel, their supervisors and managers, Federal law
13	enforcement personnel, and State and local law enforcement offi-
14	cers deputized under section 40931 of this title, who are deployed
15	at airport security screening locations under section 40911 of this
16	title.
17	(B) The costs of training personnel described in subparagraph
18	(A), and the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of equipment
19	used by the personnel.
20	(C) The costs of performing background investigations of per-
21	sonnel described in subparagraphs (A), (D), (F), and (G).
22	(D) The costs of the Federal air marshals program.
23	(E) The costs of performing civil aviation security research and
24	development under this title.
25	(F) The costs of Federal Security Managers under section
26	40913 of this title.
27	(G) The costs of deploying Federal law enforcement personnel
28	under section 40913(h) of this title.
29	(H) The costs of security-related capital improvements at air-
30	ports.
31	(I) The costs of training pilots and flight attendants under sec-
32	tions 40928 and 40930 of this title.

33 (2) DETERMINATION OF COSTS.—The amount of costs listed in paragraph (1) shall be determined by the Secretary and are not subject to 34 35 judicial review

36 (b) SCHEDULE OF FEES.—In imposing fees under subsection (a), the 37 Secretary shall ensure that the fees are reasonably related to the Transpor-38 tation Security Administration's costs of providing services rendered.

39 (c) LIMITATION ON FEE.—The fee imposed under subsection (a) is \$5.60 40 per one-way trip in air transportation or intrastate air transportation that 41 originates at an airport in the United States.

1 (d) Imposition of Fee.— 2 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 9701 of title 31 and the 3 procedural requirements of section 553 of title 5, the Secretary shall 4 impose the fee under subsection (a) through the publication of notice 5 of the fee in the Federal Register and begin collection of the fee as soon as possible. 6 7 (2) SPECIAL RULES FOR PASSENGER FEES.—A fee imposed under 8 subsection (a) through the procedures under paragraph (1) shall apply 9 only to tickets sold after the date on which the fee is imposed. If a 10 fee imposed under subsection (a) through the procedures under para-11 graph (1) on transportation of a passenger of a carrier described in 12 subsection (a) is not collected from the passenger, the amount of the 13 fee shall be paid by the carrier. 14 (3) SUBSEQUENT MODIFICATION OF FEE.—After imposing a fee 15 under paragraph (1), the Secretary may modify, from time to time 16 through publication of notice in the Federal Register, the imposition 17 or collection of the fee, or both. 18 (4) LIMITATION ON COLLECTION.—A fee may be collected under this 19 section, other than subsection (i), only to the extent that the expendi-20 ture of the fee to pay the costs of activities and services for which the 21 fee is imposed is provided for in advance in an appropriations Act or 22 in section 40932 of this title. 23 (e) Administration of Fees.— 24 (1) FEES PAYABLE TO SECRETARY.—All fees imposed and amounts 25 collected under this section are payable to the Secretary. 26 (2) FEES COLLECTED BY AIR CARRIER.—A fee imposed under sub-27 section (a)(1) shall be collected by the air carrier or foreign air carrier 28 that sells a ticket for transportation described in subsection (a). 29 (3) DUE DATE FOR REMITTANCE.—A fee collected under this section 30 shall be remitted on the last day of each calendar month by the carrier 31 collecting the fee. The amount to be remitted shall be for the calendar 32 month preceding the calendar month in which the remittance is made. 33 (4) INFORMATION.—The Secretary may require the provision of information the Secretary decides is necessary to verify that fees have 34 35 been collected and remitted at the proper times and in the proper 36 amounts. 37 (5) FEE NOT SUBJECT TO TAX.—For purposes of section 4261 of 38 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 4261), a fee imposed 39 under this section is not considered to be part of the amount paid for 40 taxable transportation.

1	(6) COST OF COLLECTING FEE.—No portion of the fee collected
2	under this section may be retained by the air carrier or foreign air car-
3	rier for the costs of collecting, handling, or remitting the fee, except
4	for interest accruing to the carrier after collection and before remit-
5	tance.
6	(f) RECEIPTS CREDITED AS OFFSETTING COLLECTIONS.—Notwithstand-
7	ing section 3302 of title 31, a fee collected under this section—
8	(1) shall be credited as offsetting collections to the account that fi-
9	nances the activities and services for which the fee is imposed;
10	(2) shall be available for expenditure only to pay the costs of activi-
11	ties and services for which the fee is imposed; and
12	(3) remains available until expended.
13	(g) REFUNDS.—The Secretary may refund a fee paid by mistake or an
14	amount paid in excess of that required.
15	(h) EXEMPTIONS.—The Secretary may exempt from the passenger fee
16	imposed under subsection (a) a passenger enplaning at an airport in the
17	United States that does not receive screening services under section 40911
18	of this title for that segment of the trip for which the passenger does not
19	receive screening.
20	(i) Deposit of Receipts.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Out of fees received in a fiscal year under sub-
22	section (a), after amounts are made available in the fiscal year under
23	section $40932(h)$, the next funds derived from the fees in the fiscal
24	year, in the amount specified for the fiscal year in paragraph (4), shall
25	be credited as offsetting receipts and deposited in the general fund of
26	the Treasury.
27	(2) FEE LEVELS.—The Secretary shall impose the fee authorized by
28	subsection (a) so as to collect in a fiscal year at least the amount speci-
29	fied in paragraph (4) for the fiscal year for making deposits under
30	paragraph (1).
31	(3) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROVISIONS.—Subsections (b) and (f)
32	do not apply to amounts to be used for making deposits under this sub-
33	section.
34	(4) FISCAL YEAR AMOUNTS.—For purposes of paragraphs (1) and
35	(2), the fiscal year amounts are as follows:
36	(A) \$390,000,000 for fiscal year 2014.
37	(B) \$1,190,000,000 for fiscal year 2015.
38	(C) \$1,250,000,000 for fiscal year 2016 (D) \$1,250,000,000 for fiscal year 2017
39 40	(D) \$1,280,000,000 for fiscal year 2017 (D) \$1,220,000,000 for fiscal year 2018
40	(E) \$1,320,000,000 for fiscal year 2018.
41	(F) \$1,360,000,000 for fiscal year 2019.

1	(G) \$1,400,000,000	for fiscal year 2020.
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- 2 (H) \$1,440,000,000 for fiscal year 2021.
- 3 (I) \$1,480,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
- 4 (J) \$1,520,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.

5 § 40959. Immunity for reporting suspicious activities

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—An air carrier or foreign air carrier or an employee 7 of an air carrier or foreign air carrier who makes a voluntary disclosure of 8 a suspicious transaction relevant to a possible violation of law or regulation, 9 relating to air piracy, a threat to aircraft or passenger safety, or terrorism, 10 as defined by section 3077 of title 18, to an employee or agent of the De-11 partment, the Department of Justice, a Federal, State, or local law enforce-12 ment officer, or an airport or airline security officer shall not be civilly liable 13 to any person under a law or regulation of the United States, or a constitu-14 tion, law, or regulation of a State or political subdivision of a State, for the 15 disclosure. 16 (b) APPLICATION.—Subsection (a) does not apply to— 17 (1) a disclosure made with actual knowledge that the disclosure was 18 false, inaccurate, or misleading; or 19 (2) a disclosure made with reckless disregard as to the truth or fal-20 sity of that disclosure. 21 §40960. Performance goals and objectives 22 (a) LONG-TERM RESULTS-BASED MANAGEMENT.—Each year, consistent 23 with the requirements of the Government Performance and Results Act of 24 1993 (in this section referred to as "GPR") (Public Law 103-62, 107 Stat.

285), the Secretary and the Administrator of the Transportation Security
Administration shall agree on a performance plan for the succeeding 5 years
that establishes measurable goals and objectives for aviation security. The
plan shall identify action steps necessary to achieve the goals.

(b) CLARIFICATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES.—In addition to meeting the requirements of GPRA, the performance plan should clarify the responsibilities of the Secretary, the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, and any other agency or organization that may have a role in ensuring the safety and security of the civil air transportation system.

(c) ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT.—Each year, consistent with the requirements of GPRA, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to Congress
an annual report, including an evaluation of the extent goals and objectives
were met. The report shall include the results achieved during the year relative to the goals established in the performance plan.

39 §40961. Performance management system

40 (a) ESTABLISHING A FAIR AND EQUITABLE SYSTEM FOR MEASURING
41 STAFF PERFORMANCE.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator

1 of the Transportation Security Administration, shall establish a performance 2 management system that strengthens the organization's effectiveness by 3 providing for the establishment of goals and objectives for managers, em-4 plovees, and organizational performance consistent with the performance 5 plan. 6 (b) ESTABLISHING MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTABILITY FOR MEETING PER-7 FORMANCE GOALS.— 8 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—Each year, the Secretary and the Adminis-9 trator of the Transportation Security Administration shall enter into 10 an annual performance agreement that shall set forth organizational 11 and individual performance goals for the Administrator. 12 (2) Senior managers.—Each year, the Administrator of the Trans-13 portation Security Administration and each senior manager who re-14 ports to the Administrator shall enter into an annual performance 15 agreement that sets forth organization and individual goals for those 16 managers. All other employees hired under the authority of the Trans-17 portation Security Administration shall enter into an annual perform-18 ance agreement that sets forth organization and individual goals for 19 those employees. 20 (c) PERFORMANCE-BASED SERVICE CONTRACTING.—To the extent con-21 tracts are used to implement the Aviation and Transportation Security Act 22 (Public Law 107-71, 115 Stat. 597), the Administrator shall, to the extent 23 practical, maximize the use of performance-based service contracts. These 24 contracts should be consistent with guidelines published by the Office of 25 Federal Procurement Policy. 26 § 40962. Voluntary provision of emergency services 27 (a) PROGRAM FOR PROVISION OF VOLUNTARY SERVICES.— 28 (1) PROGRAM.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of 29 the Transportation Security Administration, shall carry out a program 30 to permit qualified law enforcement officers, firefighters, and emer-31 gency medical technicians to provide emergency services on commercial 32 air flights during emergencies. 33 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall establish requirements for 34 qualifications of providers of voluntary services under the program 35 under paragraph (1), including training requirements, the Secretary 36 considers appropriate. 37 (3) CONFIDENTIALITY OF REGISTRY.—If as part of the program 38 under paragraph (1) the Secretary requires or permits registration of 39 law enforcement officers, firefighters, or emergency medical technicians 40 who are willing to provide emergency services on commercial flights 41 during emergencies, the Secretary shall take appropriate actions to en-

1	sure that the registry is available only to appropriate airline personnel
2	and otherwise remains confidential.
3	(4) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall consult with appropriate
4	representatives of the commercial airline industry, and organizations
5	representing community-based law enforcement, firefighters, and emer-
6	gency medical technicians, in carrying out the program under para-
7	graph (1) , including the actions taken under paragraph (3) .
8	(b) EXEMPTION FROM LIABILITY.—An individual is not liable for dam-
9	ages in an action brought in a Federal or State court that arises from an
10	act or omission of the individual in providing or attempting to provide as-
11	sistance in the case of an in-flight emergency in an aircraft of an air carrier
12	if the individual meets qualifications as the Secretary prescribes for pur-
13	poses of this section.
14	(c) EXCEPTION.—The exemption under subsection (b) shall not apply in
15	a case in which an individual provides, or attempts to provide, assistance
16	described in subsection (b) in a manner that constitutes gross negligence
17	or willful misconduct.
18	§40963. Disposition of unclaimed money and clothing
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—
20	(1) DISPOSITION OF UNCLAIMED MONEY.—Notwithstanding section
21	3302 of title 31, unclaimed money recovered at an airport security
22	checkpoint—
23	(A) shall be retained by the Transportation Security Adminis-
24	tration; and
25	(B) remains available until expended for the purpose of provid-
26	ing civil aviation security as required in this chapter.
27	(2) Disposition of unclaimed clothing.—
28	(A) IN GENERAL.—In disposing of unclaimed clothing recovered
29	at any airport security checkpoint, the Administrator of the
30	Transportation Security Administration shall make every reason-
31	
~ ~	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs,
32	
32 33	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs,
	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to transfer the clothing to the local airport authority or other local
33	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to transfer the clothing to the local airport authority or other local authorities for donation to charity, including local veterans organi-
33 34	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to transfer the clothing to the local airport authority or other local authorities for donation to charity, including local veterans organi- zations or other local charitable organizations for distribution to
33 34 35	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to transfer the clothing to the local airport authority or other local authorities for donation to charity, including local veterans organi- zations or other local charitable organizations for distribution to homeless or needy veterans and veteran families.
33 34 35 36	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to transfer the clothing to the local airport authority or other local authorities for donation to charity, including local veterans organi- zations or other local charitable organizations for distribution to homeless or needy veterans and veteran families. (B) AGREEMENTS.—In implementing paragraph (1), the Ad-
 33 34 35 36 37 	able effort, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to transfer the clothing to the local airport authority or other local authorities for donation to charity, including local veterans organi- zations or other local charitable organizations for distribution to homeless or needy veterans and veteran families. (B) AGREEMENTS.—In implementing paragraph (1), the Ad- ministrator of the Transportation Security Administration may

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1	ministration from donating unclaimed clothing to a charitable or-
2	ganization of their choosing.
3	(D) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this subsection creates a cost to
4	the Government.
5	(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator
6	of the Transportation Security Administration, shall transmit annually to
7	the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Rep-
8	resentatives; the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
9	tives; the Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation of the Sen-
10	ate; and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, a report that con-
11	tains a detailed description of the amount of unclaimed money recovered in
12	total and at each individual airport, and specifically how the unclaimed
13	money is being used to provide civil aviation security.
14	Subchapter IV—Investigations and Proceedings
15	§40971. Complaints and investigations
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—
17	(1) FILING COMPLAINT.—A person may file a complaint in writing
18	with the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transpor-
19	tation Security Administration, about a person violating this chapter or
20	a requirement prescribed under this chapter. Except as provided in
21	subsection (b), the Secretary shall investigate the complaint if a reason-
22	able ground appears to the Secretary for the investigation.
23	(2) CONDUCTING INVESTIGATION.—On the initiative of the Sec-
24	retary, the Secretary may conduct an investigation, if a reasonable
25	ground appears to the Secretary for the investigation, about—
26	(A) a person violating this chapter or a requirement prescribed
27	under this chapter; or
28	(B) any question that may arise under this chapter.
29	(3) DISMISSAL OF COMPLAINT.—The Secretary may dismiss a com-
30	plaint without a hearing when the Secretary is of the opinion that the
31	complaint does not state facts that warrant an investigation or action.
32	(4) HEARINGS AND ORDERS.—After notice and an opportunity for
33	a hearing and subject to section 40105(b) of title 49, the Secretary
34	shall issue an order to compel compliance with this chapter if the Sec-
35	retary finds in an investigation under this subsection that a person is
36	violating this chapter.
37	(b) Complaints Against Members of Armed Forces.—The Sec-
38	retary shall refer a complaint against a member of the armed forces of the
39	United States performing official duties to the Secretary of the department
40	concerned for action. Not later than 90 days after receiving the complaint,
41	the Secretary of that department shall inform the Secretary of the action

1	taken on the complaint, including any corrective or disciplinary action
2	taken.
3	§40972. Proceedings
4	(a) CONDUCTING PROCEEDINGS.—Subject to subchapter II of chapter 5
5	of title 5, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transpor-
6	tation Security Administration, may conduct proceedings in a way conducive
7	to justice and the proper dispatch of business.
8	(b) APPEARANCE.—A person may appear and be heard before the Sec-
9	retary in person or by an attorney.
10	(c) RECORDING AND PUBLIC ACCESS.—Official action taken by the Sec-
11	retary under this chapter shall be recorded. Proceedings before the Sec-
12	retary shall be open to the public on the request of an interested party un-
13	less the Secretary decides that secrecy is required because of national de-
14	fense.
15	(d) Conflicts of Interest.—The Secretary or an officer or employee
16	of the Transportation Security Administration may not participate in a pro-
17	ceeding referred to in subsection (a) of this section in which the individual
18	has a pecuniary interest.
19	§40973. Service of notice, process, and actions
20	(a) Designating Agents.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each air carrier and foreign air carrier shall des-
22	ignate an agent on whom service of notice and process in a proceeding
23	before, and an action of, the Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
24	trator of the Transportation Security Administration, may be made.
25	(2) FORM OF DESIGNATION; CHANGES.—The designation
26	(A) shall be in writing and filed with the Secretary; and
27	(B) may be changed in the same way as originally made.
28	(b) SERVICE.—
29	(1) METHOD OF SERVICE.—Service may be made—
30	(A) by personal service;
31	(B) on a designated agent; or
32	(C) by certified or registered mail to the person to be served or
33	the designated agent of the person.
34	(2) DATE OF SERVICE.—The date of service made by certified or
35	registered mail is the date of mailing.
36	(c) SERVING AGENTS.—Service on an agent designated under this section
37	shall be made at the office or usual place of residence of the agent. If an
38	air carrier or foreign air carrier does not have a designated agent, service
39	may be made by posting the notice, process, or action in the office of the
40	Secretary.

1 § 40974. Evidence

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—In conducting a hearing or investigation under this 3 chapter, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transpor-4 tation Security Administration, may-5 (1) subpena witnesses and records related to a matter involved in the 6 hearing or investigation from any place in the United States to the des-7 ignated place of the hearing or investigation; 8 (2) administer oaths; 9 (3) examine witnesses; and 10 (4) receive evidence at a place in the United States the Secretary 11 designates. 12 (b) COMPLIANCE WITH SUBPENAS.—If a person disobeys a subpena, the 13 Secretary or a party to a proceeding before the Secretary may petition a 14 court of the United States to enforce the subpena. A judicial proceeding to 15 enforce a subpena under this section may be brought in the jurisdiction in 16 which the proceeding or investigation is conducted. The court may punish 17 a failure to obey an order of the court to comply with the subpena as a 18 contempt of court. 19 (c) Depositions.— 20 (1) IN GENERAL.—In a proceeding or investigation, the Secretary 21 may order a person to give testimony by deposition and to produce 22 records. If a person fails to be deposed or to produce records, the order 23 may be enforced in the same way a subpena may be enforced under 24 subsection (b) of this section. 25 (2) TAKING OF DEPOSITION.—A deposition may be taken before an 26 individual designated by the Secretary and having the power to admin-27 ister oaths. 28 (3) NOTICE REQUIREMENTS.—Before taking a deposition, the party 29 or the attorney of the party proposing to take the deposition must give 30 reasonable notice in writing to the opposing party or the attorney of 31 record of that party. The notice shall state the name of the witness 32 and the time and place of taking the deposition. 33 (4) DEPOSITION PROCESS.—The testimony of a person deposed 34 under this subsection shall be under oath. The person taking the depo-35 sition shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, a transcript of the testi-36 mony taken. The transcript shall be subscribed by the deponent. Each 37 deposition shall be filed promptly with the Secretary. 38 (5) DEPOSITIONS ABROAD.—If the laws of a foreign country allow, 39 the testimony of a witness in that country may be taken by deposi-40 tion-

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1	(A) by a consular officer or an individual commissioned by the
2	Secretary or agreed on by the parties by written stipulation filed
3	with the Secretary; or

(B) under letters rogatory issued by a court of competent jurisdiction at the request of the Secretary.

6 (d) WITNESS FEES AND MILEAGE AND CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRY EX-7 PENSES.—A witness summoned before the Secretary or whose deposition is 8 taken under this section and the individual taking the deposition are each 9 entitled to the same fee and mileage that the witness and individual would 10 have been paid for those services in a court of the United States. Under 11 regulations of the Secretary, the Secretary shall pay the necessary expenses 12 incident to executing, in another country, a commission or letter rogatory 13 issued at the initiative of the Secretary.

14 (e) DESIGNATING EMPLOYEES TO CONDUCT HEARINGS.—When des-15 ignated by the Secretary, an employee appointed under section 3105 of title 16 5 may conduct a hearing, subpena witnesses, administer oaths, examine wit-17 nesses, and receive evidence at a place in the United States the Secretary 18 designates. On request of a party, the Secretary shall hear or receive argu-19 ment.

20 §40975. Regulations and orders

21 (a) EFFECTIVENESS OF ORDERS.—Except as provided in this chapter, a 22 regulation prescribed or order issued by the Secretary, acting through the 23 Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, takes effect 24 within a reasonable time prescribed by the Secretary. The regulation or 25 order remains in effect under its own terms or until superseded. Except as 26 provided in this chapter, the Secretary may amend, modify, or suspend an 27 order in the way, and by giving the notice, the Secretary decides.

28 (b) CONTENTS AND SERVICE OF ORDERS.—An order of the Secretary 29 shall include the findings of fact on which the order is based and shall be 30 served on the parties to the proceeding and the persons affected by the 31 order.

32 §40976. Enforcement by the Department

33 The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation 34 Security Administration, may bring a civil action against a person in a dis-35 trict court of the United States to enforce this chapter or a requirement 36 or regulation prescribed or order issued under this chapter. The action may 37 be brought in the judicial district in which the person does business or the 38 violation occurred.

1 § 40977. Enforcement by Attorney General

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—On request of the Secretary of Transportation or Ad-

3 ministrator of the Transportation Security Administration, the Attorney

4 General may bring a civil action in an appropriate court—

5 (1) to enforce this chapter or section 11317 or 11318 of this title
6 or a requirement or regulation prescribed or order issued under this
7 chapter or section 11317 or 11318 of this title; and

8 (2) to prosecute a person violating this chapter or section 11317 or
9 11318 of this title or a requirement or regulation prescribed or order
10 issued under this chapter or section 11317 or 11318 of this title.

(b) Costs and Expenses Paid Out of Appropriations for Court Expenses.—The costs and expenses of a civil action under this chapter or section 11317 or 11318 of this title shall be paid out of the appropriations
for the expenses of the courts of the United States.

(c) PARTICIPATION OF SECRETARY OR ADMINISTRATOR.—On request of
the Attorney General, the Secretary or Administrator of the Transportation
Security Administration may participate in a civil action under this chapter
or section 11317 or 11318 of this title.

19 § 40978. Joinder and intervention

A person interested in or affected by a matter under consideration in a proceeding before the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration, a civil action to enforce this chapter, or a requirement or regulation prescribed or order issued under this chapter may be joined as a party or permitted to intervene in the proceeding or civil action.

26 § 40979. Judicial review

27 (a) FILING AND VENUE.—A person disclosing a substantial interest in an 28 order issued by the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the 29 Transportation Security Administration, in whole or in part under this 30 chapter or sections 11307, 11314, 11317, or 11318 of this title, may apply 31 for review of the order by filing a petition for review in the United States 32 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit or in the court of ap-33 peals of the United States for the circuit in which the person resides or has 34 its principal place of business. The petition must be filed not later than 60 35 days after the order is issued. The court may allow the petition to be filed 36 after the 60th day only if there are reasonable grounds for not filing by 37 the 60th day.

(b) JUDICIAL PROCEDURES.—When a petition is filed under subsection
(a), the clerk of the court immediately shall send a copy of the petition to
the Secretary. The Secretary shall file with the court a record of any pro-

1	ceeding in which the order was issued, as provided in section 2112 of title
2	28.
3	(c) AUTHORITY OF COURT.—When the petition is sent to the Secretary,
4	the court has exclusive jurisdiction to affirm, amend, modify, or set aside
5	any part of the order and may order the Secretary to conduct further pro-
6	ceedings. After reasonable notice to the Secretary, the court may grant in-
7	terim relief by staying the order or taking other appropriate action when
8	good cause for its action exists. Findings of fact by the Secretary, if sup-
9	ported by substantial evidence, are conclusive.
10	(d) REQUIREMENT FOR PRIOR OBJECTION.—In reviewing an order under
11	this section, the court may consider an objection to an order of the Sec-
12	retary only if the objection was made in the proceeding conducted by the
13	Secretary or if there was a reasonable ground for not making the objection
14	in the proceeding.
15	(e) SUPREME COURT REVIEW.—A decision by a court under this section
16	may be reviewed only by the Supreme Court under section 1254 of title 28.
17	Subchapter V—Penalties
18	§40991. Civil penalties
19	(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "small business concern" has
20	the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 $$
21	U.S.C. 632).
22	(b) GENERAL PENALTY.—
23	(1) CHAPTER 409 VIOLATIONS; REGULATION VIOLATIONS.—A person
24	is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not
25	more than $$25,000$ (or $$1,100$ if the person is an individual or small
26	business concern) for violating
27	(A) chapter 409 (except sections 40912, 40913(d), 40914,
28	40917 (a) through (d)(1)(A) and (1)(C) through (f), and 40918)
29	of this title; or
30	(B) a regulation prescribed or order issued under any provision
31	to which subparagraph (A) applies.
32	(2) SEPARATE VIOLATIONS.—A separate violation occurs under this
33	subsection for each day the violation continues or, if applicable, for
34	each flight involving the violation.
35	(3) AVIATION SECURITY VIOLATIONS.—Notwithstanding paragraph
36	(1) of this subsection, the maximum civil penalty for violating chapter
37	409 shall be $$10,000$; except that the maximum civil penalty shall be
38	\$25,000 in the case of a person operating an aircraft for the transpor-
39	tation of passengers or property for compensation (except an individual
40	serving as an airman).

1	(4) Penalties applicable to individuals and small business
2	CONCERNS.—An individual (except an airman serving as an airman) or
3	small business concern is liable to the Government for a civil penalty
4	of not more than \$10,000 for violating
5	(A) chapter 409 (except sections 40912, 40913(d), 40914, and
6	40917 through 40919) of this title; or
7	(B) a regulation prescribed or order issued under any provision
8	to which subparagraph (A) applies.
9	(5) FAILURE TO COLLECT AIRPORT SECURITY BADGESNotwith-
10	standing paragraph (1), an employer (other than a governmental entity
11	or airport operator) who employs an employee to whom an airport secu-
12	rity badge or other identifier used to obtain access to a secure area of
13	an airport is issued and who does not collect or make reasonable efforts
14	to collect the badge from the employee on the date that the employ-
15	ment of the employee is terminated and does not notify the operator
16	of the airport of the termination within 24 hours of the date of the
17	termination is liable to the Government for a civil penalty not to exceed
18	\$10,000.
19	(c) PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Administra-
21	tors, may impose a civil penalty for the following violations only after
22	notice and an opportunity for a hearing:
23	(A) A violation of section 40919 of this title.
24	(B) A violation of a regulation prescribed or order issued under
25	any provision to which subparagraph (A) of this paragraph ap-
26	plies.
27	(2) WRITTEN NOTICE.—The Secretary shall give written notice of
28	the finding of a violation and the civil penalty under paragraph (1) of
29	this subsection.
30	(d) Administrative Imposition of Penalties.—
31	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
32	(A) FLIGHT ENGINEER.—The term "flight engineer" means an
33	individual who holds a flight engineer certificate issued under part
34	63 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.
35	(B) MECHANIC.—The term "mechanic" means an individual
36	who holds a mechanic certificate issued under part 65 of title 14,
37	Code of Federal Regulations.
38	(C) PILOT.—The term "pilot" means an individual who holds
39	a pilot certificate issued under part 61 of title 14, Code of Federal
40	Regulations.

1	(D) REPAIRMAN.—The term "repairman" means an individual
2	who holds a repairman certificate issued under part 65 of title 14,
3	Code of Federal Regulations.
4	(2) Penalty coverage.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may impose a civil penalty for
6	a violation of chapter 409 (except sections 40912, 40913(d),
7	40917 (a) through (d)(1)(A) and (1)(C) through (f), 40918, and
8	40919).
9	(B) WRITTEN NOTICE.—The Secretary shall give written notice
10	of the finding of a violation and the penalty.
11	(C) EXCEPTION.—In the case of a violation of section 40992 of
12	this title or a regulation prescribed or order issued under that pro-
13	vision, a penalty may not be imposed under this subsection for a
14	violation relating to section 41014 of this title.
15	(3) LIMIT ON REEXAMINATION.—In a civil action to collect a civil
16	penalty imposed by the Secretary under this subsection, the issues of
17	liability and the amount of the penalty may not be reexamined.
18	(4) DISTRICT COURT JURISDICTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph
19	(2) of this subsection, the district courts of the United States have ex-
20	clusive jurisdiction of a civil action involving a penalty the Secretary
21	initiates if—
22	(A) the amount in controversy is more than—
23	(i) \$50,000 if the violation was committed by any person
24	before December 12, 2003;
25	(ii) \$400,000 if the violation was committed by a person
26	other than an individual or small business concern on or after
27	that date; or
28	(iii) \$50,000 if the violation was committed by an individ-
29	ual or small business concern on or after that date;
30	(B) the action is in rem or another action in rem based on the
31	same violation has been brought;
32	(C) the action involves an aircraft subject to a lien that has
33	been seized by the Government; or
34	(D) another action has been brought for an injunction based on
35	the same violation.
36	(5) PENALTY MAXIMUM.—The maximum civil penalty the Secretary
37	may impose under this subsection is—
38	(A) \$50,000 if the violation was committed by any person before
39	December 12, 2003;

1	(B) \$400,000 if the violation was committed by a person other
2	than an individual or small business concern on or after that date;
3	or
4	(C) \$50,000 if the violation was committed by an individual or
5	small business concern on or after that date.
6	(6) LIMITATION.—This subsection applies only to a violation occur-
7	ring after August 25, 1992.
8	(e) Compromise and Setoff.—
9	(1) Compromise.—The Secretary may compromise the amount of a
10	civil penalty imposed for violating—
11	(A) chapter 409 (except sections 40912, 40913(d), 40914,
12	40917(a) through (d)(1)(A) and (1)(C) through (f), 40918, and
13	40919) of this title; or
14	(B) a regulation prescribed or order issued under any provision
15	to which subparagraph (A) of this paragraph applies.
16	(2) Setoff.—The United States Government may deduct the
17	amount of a civil penalty imposed or compromised under this sub-
18	section from amounts it owes the person liable for the penalty.
19	(f) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—An order of the Secretary imposing a civil pen-
20	alty may be reviewed judicially only under section 40979 of this title.
21	(g) Nonapplication.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—This section does not apply to the following when
23	performing official duties:
24	(A) a member of the armed forces of the United States.
25	(B) a civilian employee of the Department of Defense subject
26	to the Uniform Code of Military Justice.
27	(2) Report on action taken.—The appropriate military authority
28	is responsible for taking necessary disciplinary action and submitting
29	to the Secretary a timely report on action taken.
30	§40992. False information
31	(a) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person that, knowing the information to be false,
32	gives, or causes to be given, under circumstances in which the information
33	reasonably may be believed, false information about an alleged attempt
34	being made or to be made to do an act that would violate section 41012(a),
35	41014, 41015, or 41016 of this title is liable to the United States Govern-
36	ment for a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.
37	(b) Compromise and Setoff.—
38	(1) COMPROMISE.—The Secretary may compromise the amount of a
39	civil penalty imposed under subsection (a).

1	(2) SETOFF.—The United States Government may deduct the
2	amount of a civil penalty imposed or compromised under this section
3	from amounts it owes the person liable for the penalty.
4	§40993. Carrying a weapon
5	(a) CIVIL PENALTY.—An individual who, when on, or attempting to
6	board, an aircraft in, or intended for operation in, air transportation or
7	intrastate air transportation, has on or about the individual or the property
8	of the individual a concealed dangerous weapon that is or would be acces-
9	sible to the individual in flight is liable to the United States Government
10	for a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.
11	(b) Compromise and Setoff.—
12	(1) Compromise.—The Secretary may compromise the amount of a
13	civil penalty imposed under subsection (a).
14	(2) SETOFF.—The United States Government may deduct the
15	amount of a civil penalty imposed or compromised under this section
16	from amounts it owes the individual liable for the penalty.
17	(c) NONAPPLICATION.—This section does not apply to—
18	(1) a law enforcement officer of a State or political subdivision of
19	a State, or an officer or employee of the United States Government,
20	authorized to carry arms in an official capacity; or
21	(2) another individual the Secretary or the Administrator of the Fed-
22	eral Transportation Administration by regulation authorizes to carry
23	arms in an official capacity.
24	§40994. Actions to recover civil penalties
25	A civil penalty under this subchapter may be collected by bringing a civil
26	action against the person subject to the penalty, a civil action in rem
27	against an aircraft subject to a lien for a penalty, or both. The action shall
28	conform as nearly as practicable to a civil action in admiralty, regardless
29	of the place an aircraft in a civil action in rem is seized. However, a party
30	may demand a jury trial of an issue of fact in an action involving a civil
31	penalty under this subchapter if the value of the matter in controversy is
32	more than \$20. Issues of fact tried by a jury may be reexamined only under
33	common law rules.
34	§40995. Reporting and recordkeeping violations
35	An air carrier or an officer, agent, or employee of an air carrier shall
36	be fined under title 18 for intentionally—
37	(1) failing to make a report or keep a record under this chapter;
38	(2) falsifying, mutilating, or altering a report or record under this
39	chapter; or
40	(3) filing a false report or record under this chapter.

1	§40996. Unlawful disclosure of information
2	(a) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—The Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
3	trator, or an officer or employee of the Secretary, shall be fined under title
4	18, imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both, if the Secretary or em-
5	ployee knowingly and willfully discloses information that—
6	(1) the Secretary or employee acquires when inspecting the records
7	of an air carrier; or
8	(2) is withheld from public disclosure under section 11318 of this
9	title.
10	(b) NONAPPLICATION.—Subsection (a) does not apply if—
11	(1) the officer or employee is directed by the Secretary to disclose
12	information that the Secretary had ordered withheld; or
13	(2) the Secretary or employee is directed by a court of competent
14	jurisdiction to disclose the information.
15	(c) WITHHOLDING INFORMATION FROM CONGRESS.—This section does
16	not authorize the Secretary to withhold information from a committee of
17	Congress authorized to have the information.
18	§ 40997. Refusing to appear or produce records
19	A person not obeying a subpena or requirement of the Secretary, acting
20	through the Administrator, to appear and testify or produce records shall
21	be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.
22	§40998. Entering aircraft or airport area in violation of se-
23	curity requirements
24	(a) PROHIBITION.—A person may not knowingly and willfully enter, in
25	violation of security requirements prescribed under section 40911 , 40913 (b)
26	or (c), or 40916 of this title, an aircraft or an airport area that serves an
27	air carrier or foreign air carrier.
28	(b) Criminal Penalty.—
29	(1) IN GENERAL.—A person violating subsection (a) shall be fined
30	under title 18, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.
31	(2) INCREASED PENALTY.—A person violating subsection (a) with in-
32	tent to evade security procedures or restrictions or with intent to com-
33	mit, in the aircraft or airport area, a felony under a law of the United
34	
35	States or a State shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more
55	States or a State shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both.
36	
	than 10 years, or both.
36	than 10 years, or both. (c) NOTICE OF PENALTIES.—
36 37	 than 10 years, or both. (c) NOTICE OF PENALTIES.— (1) SIGNS.—Each operator of an airport in the United States that
36 37 38	 than 10 years, or both. (c) NOTICE OF PENALTIES.— (1) SIGNS.—Each operator of an airport in the United States that is required to establish an air transportation security program under
36 37 38 39	 than 10 years, or both. (c) NOTICE OF PENALTIES.— (1) SIGNS.—Each operator of an airport in the United States that is required to establish an air transportation security program under section 40913(c) of this title shall ensure that signs that meet require-

1	section $40991(b)(4)(A)$ of this title are displayed near all screening lo-
2	cations, all locations where passengers exit the sterile area, and other
3	locations at the airport the Secretary determines appropriate.
4	(2) EFFECT OF SIGNS ON PENALTIES.—An individual is subject to
5	a penalty imposed under subsection (b) or section $40991(b)(4)(A)$ of
6	this title without regard to whether signs are displayed at an airport
7	as required by paragraph (1).
8	§40999. General criminal penalty when specific penalty not
9	provided
10	(a) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Except as provided by subsection (b), when an-
11	other criminal penalty is not provided under this subchapter, a person that
12	knowingly and willfully violates this chapter, or a regulation prescribed or
13	order issued by the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, under this
14	chapter, shall be fined under title 18. A separate violation occurs for each
15	day the violation continues.
16	(b) NONAPPLICATION.—Subsection (a) does not apply to chapter 409 (ex-
17	cept sections 40912, 40913(d), 40914, and 40917 through 40919) of this
18	title.
19	§41000. Interference with cabin or flight crew
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—An individual who physically assaults or threatens to
21	physically assault a member of the flight crew or cabin crew of a civil air-
22	craft or any other individual on the aircraft, or takes any action that poses
23	an imminent threat to the safety of the aircraft or other individuals on the
24	aircUnited States raft is liable to the United States Government for a civil
25	penalty of not more than \$25,000.
26	(b) Compromise and Setoff.—
27	(1) COMPROMISE.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator,
28	may compromise the amount of a civil penalty imposed under this sec-
29	tion.
30	(2) Setoff.—The United States Government may deduct the amount
31	of a civil penalty imposed or compromised under this section from
32	amounts the Government owes the person liable for the penalty.
33	Subchapter VI—Special Aircraft Jurisdiction of the United
34	States
35	§41011. Definitions
36	In this subchapter:
37	(1) AIRCRAFT IN FLIGHT.—The term "aircraft in flight" means an
38	aircraft from the moment all external doors are closed following board-
39	ing—
40	(A) through the moment when one external door is opened to
41	allow passengers to leave the aircraft; or

1	(B) until, if a forced landing, competent authorities take over
2	responsibility for the aircraft and individuals and property on the
3	aircraft.
4	(2) Commit an offense.—The term "commit an offense" means,
5	in the case of an individual and for the purposes of the Convention for
6	the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft, when the individual,
7	when on an aircraft in flight
8	(A) by any form of intimidation, unlawfully seizes, exercises
9	control of, or attempts to seize or exercise control of, the aircraft;
10	or
11	(B) is an accomplice of an individual referred to in subpara-
12	graph (A).
13	(3) Special aircraft jurisdiction of the united states.—
14	The term "special aircraft jurisdiction of the United States" includes
15	any of the following aircraft in flight:
16	(A) A civil aircraft of the United States.
17	(B) An aircraft of the armed forces of the United States.
18	(C) Another aircraft in the United States.
19	(D) Another aircraft outside the United States—
20	(i) that has its next scheduled destination or last place of
21	departure in the United States, if the aircraft next lands in
22	the United States;
23	(ii) on which an individual commits an offense (as specified
24	in the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of
25	Aircraft) if the aircraft lands in the United States with the
26	individual still on the aircraft; or
27	(iii) against which an individual commits an offense (as
28	specified in subsection (d) or (e) of article I, section I of the
29	Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the
30	Safety of Civil Aviation) if the aircraft lands in the United
31	States with the individual still on the aircraft.
32	(E) Any other aircraft leased without crew to a lessee whose
33	principal place of business is in the United States or, if the lessee
34	does not have a principal place of business, whose permanent resi-
35	dence is in the United States.
36	§41012. Aircraft piracy
37	(a) Aircraft Piracy in Special Aircraft Jurisdiction.—
38	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "aircraft piracy"
39	means seizing or exercising control of an aircraft in the special aircraft
40	jurisdiction of the United States by force, violence, threat of force or
41	violence, or any form of intimidation, and with wrongful intent.

1	(2) When attempt to commit aircraft piracy deemed to be
2	IN SPECIAL AIRCRAFT JURISDICTION.—An attempt to commit aircraft
3	piracy is deemed to be in the special aircraft jurisdiction of the United
4	States, although the aircraft is not in flight at the time of the attempt,
5	if the aircraft would have been in the special aircraft jurisdiction of the
6	United States had the aircraft piracy been completed.
7	(3) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—An individual committing or attempting or
8	conspiring to commit aircraft piracy
9	(A) shall be imprisoned for at least 20 years; or
10	(B) notwithstanding section 3559(b) of title 18, if the death of
11	another individual results from the commission or attempt, shall
12	be put to death or imprisoned for life.
13	(b) Aircraft Piracy Outside Special Aircraft Jurisdiction.—
14	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "national of the
15	United States" has the meaning given the term in section $101(a)(22)$
16	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).
17	(2) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—An individual committing or conspiring to
18	commit an offense (as specified in the Convention for the Suppression
19	of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft) on an aircraft in flight outside the spe-
20	cial aircraft jurisdiction of the United States—
21	(A) shall be imprisoned for at least 20 years; or
22	(B) notwithstanding section 3559(b) of title 18, if the death of
23	another individual results from the commission or attempt, shall
24	be put to death or imprisoned for life.
25	(3) JURISDICTION.—There is jurisdiction over the offense in para-
26	graph (2) if—
27	(A) a national of the United States was aboard the aircraft;
28	(B) an offender is a national of the United States; or
29	(C) an offender is afterwards found in the United States.
30	§41013. Interference with security screening personnel
31	An individual in an area in a commercial service airport in the United
32	States who, by assaulting a Federal, airport, or air carrier employee who
33	has security duties in the airport, interferes with the performance of the du-
34	ties of the employee or lessens the ability of the employee to perform those
35	duties shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more than 10 years,
36	or both. If the individual uses a dangerous weapon in committing the as-
37	sault or interference, the individual may be imprisoned for any term of
38	years or for life.

1 §41014. Interference with flight crew members and attend-2 ants

3 An individual on an aircraft in the special aircraft jurisdiction of the 4 United States who, by assaulting or intimidating a flight crew member or 5 flight attendant of the aircraft, interferes with the performance of the duties 6 of the member or attendant or lessens the ability of the member or attend-7 ant to perform those duties, or attempts or conspires to do such an act, 8 shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or 9 both. If a dangerous weapon is used in assaulting or intimidating the mem-10 ber or attendant, the individual shall be imprisoned for any term of years 11 or for life.

12 §41015. Carrying a weapon or explosive on an aircraft

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "loaded firearm" means a
starter gun or a weapon designed or converted to expel a projectile through
an explosive, that has a cartridge, a detonator, or powder in the chamber,
magazine, cylinder, or clip.

(b) GENERAL CRIMINAL PENALTY.—An individual shall be fined under
title 18, imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both, if the individual—
(1) when on, or attempting to get on, an aircraft in, or intended for
operation in, air transportation or intrastate air transportation, has on
or about the individual or the property of the individual a concealed
dangerous weapon that is or would be accessible to the individual in
flight;

(2) has placed, attempted to place, or attempted to have placed a
loaded firearm on that aircraft in property not accessible to passengers
in flight; or

(3) has on or about the individual, or has placed, attempted to place,
or attempted to have placed on that aircraft, an explosive or incendiary
device.

(c) CRIMINAL PENALTY INVOLVING DISREGARD FOR HUMAN LIFE.—An
individual who willfully and without regard for the safety of human life, or
with reckless disregard for the safety of human life, violates subsection (b)
shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or
both, and, if death results to any person, shall be imprisoned for any term
of years or for life.

36 (d) NONAPPLICATION.—Subsection (b)(1) does not apply to—

37 (1) a law enforcement officer of a State or political subdivision of
38 a State, or an officer or employee of the United States Government,
39 authorized to carry arms in an official capacity;

1	(2) another individual the Secretary, acting through the Adminis-
2	trator, by regulation authorizes to carry a dangerous weapon in air
3	transportation or intrastate air transportation; or
4	(3) an individual transporting a weapon (except a loaded firearm) in
5	baggage not accessible to a passenger in flight if the air carrier was
6	informed of the presence of the weapon.
7	(e) CONSPIRACY.—If 2 or more individuals conspire to violate subsection
8	(b) or (c), and 1 or more of the individuals do any act to effect the object
9	of the conspiracy, each of the parties to the conspiracy shall be punished
10	as provided in subsection (b) or (c).
11	§41016. Application of certain criminal laws to acts on air-
12	craft
13	An individual on an aircraft in the special aircraft jurisdiction of the
14	United States who commits an act that—
15	(1) if committed in the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction
16	of the United States (as defined in section 7 of title 18) would violate
17	section 113, 114, 661, 662, 1111, 1112, 1113, or 2111 or chapter
18	109A of title 18, shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned under that
19	section or chapter, or both; or
20	(2) if committed in the District of Columbia would violate section 9
21	of the Act of July 29, 1892 (D.C. Code 22-1312), shall be fined under
22	title 18, imprisoned under section 9 of the Act, or both.
23	§41017. False information and threats
24	An individual shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more than
25	5 years, or both, if the individual—
26	(1) knowing the information to be false, willfully and maliciously or
27	with reckless disregard for the safety of human life, gives, or causes
28	to be given, under circumstances in which the information reasonably
29	may be believed, false information about an alleged attempt being made
30	or to be made to do an act that would violate section 41012(a), 41014,
31	41015, or 41016 of this title; or
32	(2) threatens to violate section $41012(a)$, 41014 , 41015 , or 41016 of this
33	title, or causes a threat to violate any of those sections to be made, and
34	has the apparent determination and will to carry out the threat.
35	Subtitle V—Border Infrastructure and
36	Technology Modernization
37	Chapter 501—General
	Sec.50101. Definitions.50102. Port of Entry Infrastructure Assessment Study.50103. Na-

tional Land Border Security Plan.50104. Port of entry technology demonstration program.50105. Authorization of appropriations.

1	§ 50101. Definitions
2	In this subtitle:
3	(1) COMMISSIONER.—The term "Commissioner" means the Commis-
4	sioner of Customs and Border Protection.
5	(2) NORTHERN BORDER.—The term "northern border" means the
6	international border between the United States and Canada.
7	(3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of
8	Homeland Security.
9	(4) Southern Border.—The term "southern border" means the
10	international border between the United States and Mexico.
11	§50102. Port of Entry Infrastructure Assessment Study
12	(a) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE.—Not later than January 31 every other
13	year, the Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, in consultation with
14	the Administrator of General Services shall—
15	(1) review—
16	(A) the Port of Entry Infrastructure Assessment Study pre-
17	pared by the former United States Customs Service, the former
18	Immigration and Naturalization Service, and the General Services
19	Administration in accordance with the matter relating to the ports
20	of entry infrastructure assessment set forth in the joint explana-
21	tory statement on page 67 of H. R. Rep. No. 106–319, accom-
22	panying the Treasury and General Government Appropriations
23	Act, 2000 (Public Law 106–58, 113 Stat. 430); and
24	(B) the nationwide strategy to prioritize and address the infra-
25	structure needs at the land ports of entry prepared by the Depart-
26	ment of Homeland Security and the General Services Administra-
27	tion in accordance with the committee recommendations on page
28	22 of S. Rep. No. 108-86, accompanying the Department of
29	Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2004 (Public Law 108-
30	90, 117 Stat. 1137);
31	(2) update the assessment of the infrastructure needs of all United
32	States land ports of entry; and
33	(3) submit an updated assessment of land port of entry infrastruc-
34	ture needs to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the
35	House of Representatives, the Senate Committee on Environment and
36	Public Works, the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Gov-
37	ernmental Affairs, the House Committee on Transportation and Infra-
38	structure, and the House Committee on Homeland Security.
39	(b) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the updated studies required under
40	subsection (a), the Secretary and the Administrator of General Services
41	shall consult with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget

1	and affected State and local agencies on the northern and southern borders
2	of the United States.
3	(c) CONTENT.—Each updated study required in subsection (a) shall—
4	(1) identify port of entry infrastructure and technology improvement
5	projects that would enhance border security and facilitate the flow of
6	legitimate commerce if implemented;
7	(2) include the projects identified in the National Land Border Secu-
8	rity Plan required by section 50105 of this title; and
9	(3) prioritize the projects described in paragraphs (1) and (2) based
10	on the ability of a project
11	(A) to enhance the ability of the Bureau of Customs and Border
12	Protection to achieve its mission and to support operations;
13	(B) to fulfill security requirements; and
14	(C) to facilitate trade across the borders of the United States.
15	(d) PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary, as appropriate, shall—
16	(1) implement the infrastructure and technology improvement
17	projects described in subsection (c) in the order of priority assigned to
18	each project under subsection $(c)(3)$; or
19	(2) forward the prioritized list of infrastructure and technology im-
20	provement projects to the Administrator of General Services for imple-
21	mentation in the order of priority assigned to each project under sub-
22	section $(c)(3)$.
23	(e) DIVERGENCE FROM PRIORITIES.—The Secretary may diverge from
24	the priority order if the Commissioner determines that significantly changed
25	circumstances, including immediate security needs, changes in infrastructure
26	in Mexico or Canada, or similar concerns, compellingly alter the need for
27	a project in the United States.
28	§50103. National Land Border Security Plan
29	(a) REQUIREMENT FOR PLAN.—Not later than January 31 every other
30	year, the Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, shall prepare a Na-
31	tional Land Border Security Plan and submit the plan to the Committees
32	on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Sen-
33	ate Committee on Environment and Public Works, the Senate Committee
34	on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Senate Committee on
35	the Judiciary, the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure,
36 27	the House Committee on Homeland Security, and the House Committee on
37 29	the Judiciary.
38 20	(b) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the plan required under subsection
39 40	(a), the Secretary shall consult with other appropriate Federal agencies, State and level law enforcement agencies, and private entities that are in
40 41	State and local law enforcement agencies, and private entities that are in-
41	volved in international trade across the northern or southern border.

1 (c) Vulnerability Assessment.— 2 (1) IN GENERAL.—The plan required under subsection (a) shall in-3 clude a vulnerability, risk, and threat assessment of each port of entry 4 located on the northern border or the southern border. 5 (2) PORT SECURITY COORDINATORS.—The Secretary may establish 6 one or more port security coordinators at each port of entry located 7 on the northern border or the southern border-8 (A) to assist in conducting a vulnerability assessment at the 9 port; and 10 (B) to provide other assistance with the preparation of the plan 11 required under subsection (a). 12 (d) COORDINATION WITH SECURE BORDER INITIATIVE.—The plan re-13 quired under subsection (a) shall include a description of activities under-14 taken during the previous year as part of the Secure Border Initiative and 15 actions planned for the coming year as part of the Secure Border Initiative. 16 § 50104. Port of entry technology demonstration program 17 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Commissioner, 18 shall carry out a technology demonstration program to test and evaluate 19 new port of entry technologies, refine port of entry technologies and oper-20 ational concepts, and train personnel under realistic conditions. 21 (b) TECHNOLOGY TESTED.—Under the demonstration program, the Sec-22 retary shall test technologies that enhance port of entry operations, includ-23 ing those related to inspections, communications, port tracking, identifica-24 tion of persons and cargo, sensory devices, personal detection, decision sup-25 port, and the detection and identification of weapons of mass destruction. 26 (c) DEMONSTRATION SITES.— 27 (1) NUMBER.—The Secretary shall carry out the demonstration pro-28 gram at not fewer than 3 sites and not more than 5 sites. 29 (2) LOCATION.—Of the sites selected under paragraph (1)— 30 (A) at least one shall be located on the northern border of the 31 United States; and 32 (B) at least one shall be located on the southern border of the 33 United States. 34 (3) SELECTION CRITERIA.—To ensure that one of the facilities se-35 lected as a port of entry demonstration site for the demonstration pro-36 gram has the most up-to-date design, contains sufficient space to con-37 duct the demonstration program, has a traffic volume low enough to 38 easily incorporate new technologies without interrupting normal proc-39 essing activity, and can efficiently carry out demonstration and port of 40 entry operations, one port of entry selected as a demonstration site 41 may-

1	(A) have been established not more than 15 years before De-
2	cember 26, 2007;
3	(B) consist of not less than 65 acres, with the possibility of ex-
4	pansion onto not less than 25 adjacent acres; and
5	(C) have serviced an average of not more than $50,000$ vehicles
6	per month during the 12 months preceding December 26, 2007.
7	(d) Relationship With Other Agencies.—The Secretary shall permit
8	personnel from appropriate Federal agencies to utilize a demonstration site
9	described in subsection (c) to test technologies that enhance port of entry
10	operations, including those relating to inspections, communications, port
11	tracking, identification of persons and cargo, sensory devices, personal de-
12	tection, decision support, and the detection and identification of weapons of
13	mass destruction.
14	(e) Report.—
15	(1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary annually shall submit to the
16	Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Rep-
17	resentatives, the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works,
18	the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Af-
19	fairs, the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and
20	the House Committee on Homeland Security a report on the activities
21	carried out at each demonstration site under the technology demonstra-
22	tion program established under this section.
23	(2) CONTENT.—The report shall include an assessment by the Sec-
24	retary of the feasibility of incorporating demonstrated technology for
25	use throughout the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection.
26	§ 50105. Authorization of appropriations
27	(a) IN GENERAL.—In addition to any funds otherwise available, there is
28	authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out
29	this subtitle for fiscal year 2013.
30	(b) INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—Funds authorized to be appro-
31	priated under this subtitle may be used for the implementation of projects
32	described in the Declaration on Embracing Technology and Cooperation to
33	Promote the Secure and Efficient Flow of People and Commerce across our
34	Shared Border between the United States and Mexico, agreed to March 22,
35	2002, Monterrey, Mexico (commonly known as the Border Partnership Ac-
36	tion Plan) or the Smart Border Declaration between the United States and
37	Canada, agreed to December 12, 2001, Ottawa, Canada that are consistent
38	with the provisions of this subtitle.
39	SEC. 4. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS.
40	(a) TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 5, United States Code, is
41	amended as follows:

1	(1) Section 5313 is amended by striking the following:
2	"The Under Secretary of Transportation for Security.".
3	(2) Section 5314 is amended by striking—
4	"Commissioner of Customs, Department of Homeland Security."
5	and substituting the following:
6	"Commissioner of Customs and Border Protection, Department of
7	Homeland Security.".
8	(3) Section 8331(3)(E)(ii) is amended by striking "Department of
9	Transportation" and substituting "Department of Homeland Security".
10	(4) Section 9701(g) is amended by striking "section 842 of the
11	Homeland Security Act of 2002" and substituting "section 10352 of
12	title 6".
13	(5) Section 10101 is amended—
14	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "section 602 of the Post-
15	Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006" and sub-
16	stituting "section 20101 of title 6"; and
17	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking "section 624 of the Post-
18	Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006" and sub-
19	stituting "section 20301 of title 6".
20	(6) Section 10103(b) is amended by striking "section 844 of the
21	Homeland Security Act of 2002" and substituting "section 10355 of
22	title 6".
23	(b) TITLE 8, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 7202(g)(2)(H) of the In-
24	telligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (8 U.S.C.
25	$1777(\mathrm{g})(2)(\mathrm{H}))$ is amended by striking "section $1016(\mathrm{b})$ " and substituting
26	"section 11707(b) of title 6, United States Code".
27	(c) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 130d of title 10, United
28	States Code, is amended by striking "section 892 of the Homeland Security
29	Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 482)" and substituting "section 11706 of title 6".
30	(d) TITLE 16, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 402(b)(1)(H) of the
31	Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C.
32	1881a(b)(1)(H) is amended by striking "section $888(a)(2)$ of the Homeland
33	Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 482(a)(2))" and substituting "section
34	10313(d)(1)(B) of title 6, United States Code".
35	(e) TITLE 19, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 19, United States Code, is
36	amended as follows:
37	(1) Section $13031(f)(2)$ of Public Law $99-272$ (19 U.S.C. $58e(f)(2)$)
38	is amended by striking "section 415 of the Homeland Security Act of
39 40	2002 (other than functions performed by the Office of International Δf_{0}^{α}
40	Affairs referred to in section $415(8)$ of that Act)" and substituting
41	"section 10911 of title 6, United States Code (other than functions

1	performed by the Office of International Affairs referred to in section				
2	10911(8) of title 6),".				
3	(2) Section 2(d)(2)(C)(ii) of the Act of March 3, 1927 (19 U.S.C.				
4	2072(d)(2)(C)(ii) is amended by striking "section 412(b) of the Home-				
5	land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 212(b))" and substituting "section				
6	10912(b) of title 6, United States Code,".				
7	(3) Section 301(h) of Public Law 99–272 (19 U.S.C 2075(h)) is				
8	amended—				
9	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "section $412(b)(2)$ of the				
10	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. $212(b)(2)$)" and "sec-				
11	tion 412(b)(1) of such Act" and substituting "section $10912(b)(2)$				
12	of title 6, United States Code" and "section 10912(b)(1) of such				
13	title", respectively; and				
14	(B) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "section 412(b) of the				
15	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 212(b))" and substitut-				
16	ing "section 10912(b) of title 6, United States Code,".				
17	(f) TITLE 26, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 4261(f) of the Internal				
18	Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 4261(f)) is amended by striking "44509				
19	or 44913(b)" and substituting "40923(b) of title 6, United States Code, or				
20	section 44509".				
21	(g) TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 3516(f)(3)(A) of title 31,				
22	United States Code, is amended by striking "section 874(b)(2) of the				
23	Homeland Security Act of 2002" and substituting "section 10376 of title				
24	6".				
25	(h) TITLE 33, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 303(b)(4) of Public Law				
26	105–384 (33 U.S.C 892a(b)(4)) is amended by striking ''section 641 of the				
27	Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 741)"				
28	and substituting "section 20501 of title 6, United States Code".				
29	(i) TITLE 38, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 8117(a)(2)(C) of title 38,				
30	United States Code, is amended by striking "section 502(6) of the Home-				
31	land Security Act of 2002" and substituting "section 11103(a)(6) of title				
32	6''.				
33	(j) TITLE 42, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 42, United States Code, is				
34	amended as follows:				
35	(1) Section $319F-1(a)(2)(A)$ of the Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C.				
36	247d–6a(a)(2)(A)) is amended by striking "sections $302(2)$ and $304(a)$				
37	of the Homeland Security Act of 2002" and substituting "sections				
38	10701(2) and 10703(a) of title 6, United States Code,".				
39	(2) Section 319F–2(c) of the Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 247d–				
40	6b(c)) is amended—				

1	(A) in paragraph $(1)(B)(i)(I)$, by striking "sections $302(2)$ and			
2	304(a) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002" and substituting			
3	"sections 10701(2) and 10703(a) of title 6, United States Code,";			
4	and			
5	(B) in paragraph (2)(D), by striking "section 202 of the Home-			
6	land Security Act of 2002" and substituting "section 10502 of			
7	title 6, United States Code".			
8	(3) Section 2801(a) of the Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 300hh(a))			
9	is amended by striking "section 502(6) of the Homeland Security Act			
10	of 2002" and substituting "section 11103(6) of title 6, United States			
11	Code".			
12	(4) Section 2802(a)(1) of the Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C.			
13	300hh-1(a)(1) is amended by striking "section $502(6)$ of the Home-			
14				
15	· ·			
16	(5) Section 1061(d) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Pre-			
17				
18	(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "subsections (d) and (f) of			
19				
20				
21	(B) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "subsections (d) and (f)			
22	of section 1016" and substituting "section 11707(c) and (d) of			
23				
24	(C) in paragraph $(2)(B)$, by striking "subsections (d) and (f) of			
25	section 1016" and substituting "section $11707(c)$ and (d) of title			
26	6, United States Code,".			
27	(6) Section 303(b) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and			
28	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5144(b)) is amended—			
29	(A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "section 507 of the Home-			
30	land Security Act of 2002" and substituting "section 11107 of			
31				
32	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "section 646(a) of the Post-			
33	Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006" and sub-			
34				
35	(C) in paragraph (4), by striking "section 652(a) of the Post-			
36	Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006" and sub-			
37	stituting "section 20512(a) of title 6, United States Code".			
38	(k) TITLE 46, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 46, United States Code, is			
39	amended as follows:			
40	(1) Section $70105(l)$ is amended by striking "section $2(1)$ of the			
41	SAFE Port Act" and substituting "section 30101 of title 6".			

1	(2) Section 70107A(b)(4) is amended—			
2	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "section 1016 of the Na-			
3				
4	tional Security Intelligence Reform Act of 2004 (6 U.S.C. 485) and the Homeland Security Information Sharing Act (6 U.S.C.			
5	• • • •			
6	481 et seq.)" and substituting "sections 11706 and 11707 of title 6" and			
7	6"; and (B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "section 201(b)(10) of the			
8	(B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "section 201(b)(10) of the SAFE Port Act" and substituting "section 30501(b) of title 6".			
9	(1) TITLE 49, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 49, United States Code, is			
10	amended as follows:			
11	(1) Section 106(g) is amended to read as follows:			
12	"(g) DUTIES AND POWERS OF ADMINISTRATOR.—The Administrator			
13	shall carry out—			
14	"(1) duties and powers of the Secretary of Transportation under			
15	subsection (f) of this section related to aviation safety (except those re-			
16	lated to transportation, packaging, marking, or description of hazard-			
17	ous material) and stated in sections 308(b), 1132(c) and (d), 40101(c),			
18	40103(b), 40106(a), 40108, 40109(b), 40113(a), 40113(c), 40113(d),			
19	40113(e), $40114(a)$, and 40119 , chapter 445 (except sections			
20	44501(b), 44502(a)(2), 44502(a)(3), 44502(a)(4), 44503, 44506,			
21	44509, 44510, 44514, and 44515), chapter 447 (except sections			
22	44717, 44718(a), 44718(b), 44719, 44720, 44721(b), 44722, and			
23	44723), chapter 451, chapter 453, sections 46104, 46301(d) and			
24	(h)(2), 46303(c), 46304-46308, 46310, 46311, and 46313-46316,			
25	chapter 465, and section 47504(b) (related to flight procedures),			
26	47508(a), and 48107 of this title; and			
27	"(2) additional duties and powers prescribed by the Secretary of			
28	Transportation.".			
29	(2) Chapter 51 is amended—			
30	(A) by inserting after section 5110 the following:			
31	"§5111. Hazardous material highway route plans			
32	"(a) ROUTE PLAN GUIDANCE.—Not later than August 3, 2008, the Sec-			
33	retary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland			
34	Security, shall—			
35	((1) document existing and proposed routes for the transportation			
36	of radioactive and nonradioactive hazardous materials by motor carrier,			
37	and develop a framework for using a geographic information system-			
38	based approach to characterize routes in the national hazardous mate-			
39	rials route registry;			
40	"(2) assess and characterize existing and proposed routes for the			
41	transportation of radioactive and nonradioactive hazardous materials			

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1	by motor carrier for the purpose of identifying measurable criteria for			
2	selecting routes based on safety and security concerns;			
3	"(3) analyze current route-related hazardous materials regulations in			
4				
5	ferences and conflicting regulations;			
6	"(4) document the safety and security concerns of the public, motor			
7	carriers, and State, local, territorial, and tribal governments about the			
8	highway routing of hazardous materials;			
9	"(5) prepare guidance materials for State officials to assist them in			
10	identifying and reducing both safety concerns and security risks when			
11	designating highway routes for hazardous materials consistent with the			
12	13 safety-based nonradioactive materials routing criteria and radio-			
13	active materials routing criteria in subpart C part 397 of title 49, Code			
14	of Federal Regulations;			
15	"(6) develop a tool that will enable State officials to examine poten-			
16	tial routes for the highway transportation of hazardous materials, as-			
17				
18				
19	9 "(7) transmit to the appropriate congressional committees (as de-			
20				
21	paragraphs (1) through (6) and any recommended changes to the rout-			
22	ing requirements for the highway transportation of hazardous materials			
23	in part 397 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.			
24	"(b) ROUTE PLANS.—			
25	"(1) Assessment.—Not later than August 3, 2008, the Secretary			
26	of Transportation shall complete an assessment of the safety and na-			
27	tional security benefits achieved under existing requirements for route			
28	plans, in written or electronic format, for explosives and radioactive			
29	materials. The assessment shall, at a minimum			
30	"(A) compare the percentage of Department of Transportation			
31	recordable incidents and the severity of the incidents for shipments			
32	of explosives and radioactive materials for which route plans are			
33	required with the percentage of recordable incidents and the sever-			
34	ity of the incidents for shipments of explosives and radioactive ma-			
35	terials not subject to route plans; and			
36	"(B) quantify the security and safety benefits, feasibility, and			
37	costs of requiring each motor carrier that is required to have a			
38	hazardous material safety permit under part 385 of title 49, Code			
39	of Federal Regulations, to maintain, follow, and carry a route plan			
40	that meets the requirements of section 397.101 of that title when			
41	transporting the type and quantity of hazardous materials de-			

1	scribed in section 385.403, taking into account the various seg-			
2	ments of the motor carrier industry, including tank truck, truck-			
3	load and less-than-truckload carriers.			
4	"(2) REPORT.—Not later than August 3, 2008, the Secretary of			
5	Transportation shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional			
6	committees containing the findings and conclusions of the assessment.			
7	"(c) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall require a motor carrier that			
8	has a hazardous material safety permit under part 385 of title 49, Code			
9	of Federal Regulations, to maintain, follow, and carry a route plan, in writ-			
10	ten or electronic format, that meets the requirements of section 397.101 of			
11	that title when transporting the type and quantity of hazardous materials			
12	described in section 385.403 if the Secretary determines, under the assess-			
13	ment required in subsection (b), that such a requirement would enhance se-			
14	curity and safety without imposing unreasonable costs or burdens upon			
15	motor carriers.";			
16	"(B) by inserting the following after section 5117:			
17	"§ 5118. Hazardous materials security inspections and study			
18	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation shall consult with			
19	the Secretary of Homeland Security to limit, to the extent practicable, dupli-			
20	cative reviews of the hazardous materials security plans required under part			
21	172, title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.			
22	"(b) TRANSPORTATION COSTS STUDY.—The Secretary of Transportation,			
23	in conjunction with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall study to what			
24	extent the insurance, security, and safety costs borne by railroad carriers,			
25	motor carriers, pipeline carriers, air carriers, and maritime carriers associ-			
26	ated with the transportation of hazardous materials are reflected in the			
27	rates paid by offerors of the commodities as compared to the costs and			
28	rates, respectively, for the transportation of nonhazardous materials.". and			
29	(C) by amending the chapter analysis for chapter 51—			
30	(i) by inserting the following after the item relating to sec-			
31	tion 5110: "5111 Hazardous metazial bichuran rente plane".			
32	"5111. Hazardous material highway route plans."; and			
33	(ii) by inserting the following after the item relating to sec-			
34	tion 5117:			
51	"5118. Hazardous materials security inspections and study.".			
35	(3) Chapter 401 is amended—			
36	(A) in section 40109—			
37	(i) in subsection (b), by striking ", 40119, 44901, 44903,			
38	44906, and 44935–44937" and inserting "and 40119"; and			

1	(ii) in subsection (c), by striking "sections 44909 and" and			
2	inserting "section";			
3	(B) in section 40113—			
4	(i) in subsection (a)—			
5	(I) by striking "the Under Secretary of Transpor-			
6	tation for Security with respect to security duties and			
7	powers designated to be carried out by the Under Sec-			
8	retary or"; and			
9	(II) by striking ", Under Secretary,"; and			
10	(ii) in subsection (d)—			
11	(I) by striking "Under Secretary of Transportation for			
12	Security or the";			
13	(II) by striking "Transportation Security Administra-			
14	tion or Federal Aviation Administration, as the case may			
15	be," and substituting "Federal Aviation Administration";			
16	and			
17	(III) by striking "Under Secretary or Administrator,			
18	as the case may be," and substituting "Administrator";			
19	and			
20	(C) in section 40119(a)—			
21	(i) by striking "Under Secretary of Transportation for Se-			
22	curity and the"; and			
23	(ii) by striking "each".			
24	(4) Section 45107 is amended—			
25	(A) by striking "Under Secretary of Transportation for Secu-			
26	rity" in subsection (a) and substituting "Secretary of Homeland			
27	Security"; and			
28	(B) by striking "The Under Secretary of Transportation for Se-			
29	curity, the Transportation Security Administration, and employ-			
30	ees" in subsection (b) and substituting "Employees".			
31	(5) Chapter 461 is amended—			
32	(A) by striking ", Under Secretary," each place it appears;			
33	(B) in section 46101(a)(1), by striking "the Under Secretary of			
34	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties and			
35	powers designated to be carried out by the Under Secretary or";			
36	(C) in section 46102—			
37	(i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Under Secretary of			
38	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties			
39	and powers designated to be carried out by the Under Sec-			
40	retary or"; and			

1	(ii) in subsection (d) as amended by subparagraph (A), by			
2	inserting a comma after "The Secretary";			
3	(D) in section 46103(a), by striking "the Under Secretary of			
4	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties and			
5	powers designated to be carried out by the Under Secretary or"			
6	(E) in section 46104—			
7	(i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Under Secretary of			
8	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties			
9	and powers designated to be carried out by the Under Sec-			
10	retary or"; and			
11	(ii) in subsection (b) as amended by subparagraph (A), by			
12	inserting a comma after "the Secretary" the first place it ap-			
13	pears;			
14	(F) in section 46105(a), by striking "the Under Secretary of			
15	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties and			
16	powers designated to be carried out by the Under Secretary or";			
17				
18	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties and			
19	powers designated to be carried out by the Under Secretary or";			
20	(H) in section 46107(b), by striking "the Under Secretary of			
21	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties and			
22	powers designated to be carried out by the Under Secretary or";			
23	and			
24	(I) in section 46110(a)—			
25	(i) by striking "the Under Secretary of Transportation for			
26	Security with respect to security duties and powers des-			
27	ignated to be carried out by the Under Secretary or"; and			
28	(ii) by striking "this part, part B, or subsection (l) or (s)			
29	of section 114" and substituting "this part or part B".			
30	(6) Chapter 463 is amended—			
31	(A) in section 46301—			
32	(i) in subsection $(a)(1)(A)$, by striking "chapter 449 (ex-			
33	cept sections 44902, 44903(d), 44904, 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A)			
34	and (d)(1)(C)–(f), and 44908),";			
35	(ii) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (4) and redes-			
36	ignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4);			
37	(iii) in subsection $(a)(4)(A)(i)$ as redesignated by clause			
38	(ii), by striking "chapter 447 (except sections 44717–44723),			
39	or chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44904, and			
40	$44907\mathchar`-44909"$ and substituting "or chapter 447 (except sec-			
41	tions 44717–44723)"			

1	(iv) in subsection $(c)(1)(A)$, by striking "subchapter II of			
2	chapter 421, or section 44909" and substituting "or sub-			
3	chapter II of chapter 421";			
4	(v) in subsection $(d)(2)$, by striking the last two sentences			
5	and substituting "The Administrator shall give written notice			
6	of the finding of a violation and the penalty.";			
7	(vi) in subsection (d)(3), by striking "Secretary of Home-			
8	land Security or";			
9	(vii) in subsection (d)(4), by striking "Secretary of Home-			
10	land Security or";			
11	(viii) in subsection (d)(8), by striking "Under Secretary,			
12	Administrator," and substituting "Administrator"; and			
13	(ix) in subsection $(f)(1)(A)(i)$, by striking "chapter 447			
14	(except sections 44717 and $44719-44723$), or chapter 449			
15				
16	and $(d)(1)(C)-(f)$, 44908, and 44909)" and substituting "or			
17	chapter 447 (except sections 44717 and 44719–44723)";			
18	(B) in section 46302—			
19	(i) in subsection (a), by striking "section 46502(a), 46504,			
20	46505, or 46506" and substituting "section 46504"; and			
21	(ii) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "The Secretary of			
22	Homeland Security and, for a violation relating to section			
23	46504, the Secretary of Transportation," and substituting			
24	"The Secretary of Transportation";			
25	(C) in section 46306(d), by striking "Commissioner of Cus-			
26	toms" and substituting "Commissioner of Customs and Border			
27	Enforcement";			
28	(D) in section 46311—			
29	(i) by striking ", Under Secretary," each place it appears;			
30) and			
31	(ii) in subsection (a), by striking " the Under Secretary of			
32	2 Transportation for Security with respect to security duties			
33	and powers designated to be carried out by the Under Sec-			
34	retary,";			
35	(E) in section 46313, by striking "the Under Secretary of			
36	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties and			
37	powers designated to be carried out by the Under Secretary or";			
38	an			
39	(F) in section 46316—			
40	(i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Under Secretary of			
41	Transportation for Security with respect to security duties			

1	and powers designated to be carried out by the Under Sec-			
2	retary or"; and			
3	(ii) in subsection (b), by striking "chapter 447 (except sec-			
4	tion 44718(a)), and chapter 449 (except sections 44902,			
5	44903(d), 44904, and 44907-44909)" and substituting "and			
6	chapter 447 (except section 44718(a))".			
7	(7) Section 46505(d)(2) is amended by striking "Under Secretary of			
8	Transportation for Security" and substituting "Secretary of Homeland			
9	Security".			
10	(8) Section 367 of Public Law 108-7 (49 U.S.C. 47110 note) is			
11	amended—			
12	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "Under Secretary of Trans-			
13	portation for Security" and substituting "Secretary of Homeland			
14	Security"; and			
15	(B) by striking "Under Secretary" each place it appears and			
16	substituting "Secretary".			
17	(9) Chapter 483 is repealed.			
18	3 (10) The table of contents for subtitle VII of title 49, United States			
19	Code, is amended as follows:			
20	(A) After the item for chapter 447, strike "1449. Security			
21	(B) After the item for chapter 482, strike "1483. Aviation Security Funding			
22	(m) TITLE 50, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 50, United States Code,			
23	is amended as follows:			
24	(1) Section 1414(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for			
25	Fiscal Year 1997 (50 U.S.C. 2314(b)) is amended by striking "section			
26	502(6) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002" and substituting "sec-			
27	tion 11103(6) of title 6, United States Code,".			
28	(2) Section 1415(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for			
29				
30				
31				
32	2 States Code".			
33	(3) Section $102A(f)(1)(B)(iii)$ of the Act of July 26, 1947 (50			
34	U.S.C. $3024(f)(1)(B)(iii))$ is amended by striking "sections 201 and			
35	892 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121, 482)" and			
36	substituting "sections 10501 and 11706 of title 6, United States			
37	Code".			
	Code''.			
38	Code". SEC. 5. TRANSITIONAL AND SAVINGS PROVISIONS.			

	000			
1	(1) Source provision.—The term "source provision" means a pro-			
2	vision of law that is replaced by a title 6 provision.			
3	(2) TITLE 6 PROVISION.—The term "title 6 provision" means a pro-			
4	vision of title 6, United States Code, that is enacted by section 1.			
5	(b) CUTOFF DATE.—The title 6 provisions replace certain provisions of			
6	law enacted on or before July 1, 20 If a law enacted after that date			
7	amends or repeals a source provision, that law is deemed to amend or re-			
8	peal, as the case may be, the corresponding title 6 provision. If a law en-			
9	acted after that date is otherwise inconsistent with a title 6 provision or a			
10	provision of this Act, that law supersedes the title 6 provision or provision			
11	of this Act to the extent of the inconsistency.			
12	(c) Original Date of Enactment Unchanged.—For purposes of de-			
13	termining whether one provision of law supersedes another based on enact-			
14	ment later in time, a title 6 provision is deemed to have been enacted on			
15	the date of enactment of the corresponding source provision.			
16	(d) Reference to Title 6 Provision.—A reference to a title 6 provi-			
17	sion is deemed to refer to the corresponding source provision.			
18	(e) Reference to Source Provision.—A reference to a source provi-			
19	sion, including a reference in a regulation, order, or other law, is deemed			
20	to refer to the corresponding title 6 provision.			
21	(f) Regulations, Oorders, and Other Administrative Actions.—			
22	A regulation, order, or other administrative action in effect under a source			
23	provision continues in effect under the corresponding title 6 provision.			
24	(g) Actions Taken and Offenses Committed.—An action taken or			
25	an offense committed under a source provision is deemed to have been taken			
26	or committed under the corresponding title 6 provision.			
27	SEC. 6. REPEALS.			
28	The following provisions of law are repealed, except with respect to the			
29	rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings			
30	that were begun before the date of enactment of this Act:			

Aet	Section	United States Code Former Classification
Aviation and Transportation Security Act (Public Law 107–71)	109 111(d)	49 U.S.C. 114 note. 49 U.S.C. 44935 note.
Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296)	2 2 3 4 101 102 103 201 203 203 204	

Schedule of Laws Repealed

Schedule of Laws Repealed—Continued

Act	Section	United States Code Former Classification
	205	6 U.S.C. 124b.
	206	6 U.S.C. 124c.
	207	6 U.S.C. 124d.
	208 209	6 U.S.C. 124e. 6 U.S.C. 124f.
	210	6 U.S.C. 1241.
	210A	6 U.S.C. 124h.
	210B	6 U.S.C. 124i.
	210C	6 U.S.C. 124j.
	210D 210E	6 U.S.C. 124k. 6 U.S.C. 124l.
	210F	6 U.S.C. 124m.
	212	6 U.S.C. 131.
	213	6 U.S.C. 132.
	214 215	6 U.S.C. 133. 6 U.S.C. 134.
	221	6 U.S.C. 141.
	222	6 U.S.C. 142.
	223	6 U.S.C. 143.
	224 301	6 U.S.C. 144. 6 U.S.C. 181.
	302	6 U.S.C. 181.
	303	6 U.S.C. 183.
	304	6 U.S.C. 184.
	305 306	6 U.S.C. 185. 6 U.S.C. 186.
	306	6 U.S.C. 186. 6 U.S.C. 187.
	308	6 U.S.C. 188.
	309	6 U.S.C. 189.
	310 311	6 U.S.C. 190.
	311 312	6 U.S.C. 191. 6 U.S.C. 192.
	313	6 U.S.C. 193.
	314	6 U.S.C. 195.
	315	6 U.S.C. 195a.
	316 317	6 U.S.C. 195b. 6 U.S.C. 195c.
	401	6 U.S.C. 201.
	402	6 U.S.C. 202.
	403	6 U.S.C. 203.
	411 412	6 U.S.C. 211. 6 U.S.C. 212.
	412	6 U.S.C. 212. 6 U.S.C. 213.
	414	6 U.S.C. 214.
	415	6 U.S.C. 215.
	416	6 U.S.C. 216.
	417 418	6 U.S.C. 217. 6 U.S.C. 218.
	421	6 U.S.C. 231.
	422	6 U.S.C. 232.
	423	6 U.S.C. 233.
	424 427	6 U.S.C. 234. 6 U.S.C. 235.
	428	6 U.S.C. 236.
	429	6 U.S.C. 237.
	430	6 U.S.C. 238.
	431 441	6 U.S.C. 239. 6 U.S.C. 251.
	442	6 U.S.C. 252.
	443	6 U.S.C. 253.
	444	6 U.S.C. 254.
	445 451	6 U.S.C. 255. 6 U.S.C. 271.
	452	6 U.S.C. 272.
	453	6 U.S.C. 273.
	454	6 U.S.C. 274.
	455 456	6 U.S.C. 275. 6 U.S.C. 276.
	459	6 U.S.C. 277.
	460	6 U.S.C. 278.
	461	6 U.S.C. 279.
	471 472	6 U.S.C. 291. 6 U.S.C. 292.
	472	6 U.S.C. 292. 6 U.S.C. 293.
	474	6 U.S.C. 294.
	475	6 U.S.C. 295.
	476	6 U.S.C. 296.
	477 478(a)	6 U.S.C. 297. 6 U.S.C. 298(a).
	501	6 U.S.C. 311.
	502	6 U.S.C. 312.
	503	6 U.S.C. 313.
	504 505	6 U.S.C. 314. 6 U.S.C. 315.
	506	6 U.S.C. 315. 6 U.S.C. 316.
	507	6 U.S.C. 317.

Schedule of Laws Repealed—Continued

Act	Section	United States Code Former Classification
	508	6 U.S.C. 318.
	509	6 U.S.C. 319.
	510	6 U.S.C. 320.
	511 512	6 U.S.C. 321. 6 U.S.C. 321a.
	513	6 U.S.C. 321a.
	514	6 U.S.C. 321c.
	515	6 U.S.C. 321d.
	516 517	6 U.S.C. 321e. 6 U.S.C. 321f.
	518	6 U.S.C. 321g.
	519	6 U.S.C. 321h.
	522	6 U.S.C. 321k.
	523 524	6 U.S.C. 3211. 6 U.S.C. 321m.
	525	6 U.S.C. 321n.
	701	6 U.S.C. 341.
	702	6 U.S.C. 342.
	703 704	6 U.S.C. 343. 6 U.S.C. 344.
	705	6 U.S.C. 345.
	706	6 U.S.C. 346.
	707	6 U.S.C. 347.
	801 821	6 U.S.C. 361.
	821 832	6 U.S.C. 381. 6 U.S.C. 392.
	834	6 U.S.C. 394.
	835	6 U.S.C. 395.
	841(b)	6 U.S.C. 411(b).
	842 843	6 U.S.C. 412. 6 U.S.C. 413.
	844	6 U.S.C. 414.
	845	6 U.S.C. 415.
	851	6 U.S.C. 421.
	852 853	6 U.S.C. 422.
	854	6 U.S.C. 423. 6 U.S.C. 424.
	855	6 U.S.C. 425.
	856	6 U.S.C. 426.
	857	6 U.S.C. 427.
	862 863	6 U.S.C. 441. 6 U.S.C. 442.
	864	6 U.S.C. 443.
	865	6 U.S.C. 444.
	871	6 U.S.C. 451.
	872 873	6 U.S.C. 452. 6 U.S.C. 453.
	874	6 U.S.C. 454.
	875	6 U.S.C. 455.
	876	6 U.S.C. 456.
	877 878	6 U.S.C. 457. 6 U.S.C. 458.
	879	6 U.S.C. 459.
	881	6 U.S.C. 461.
	882	6 U.S.C. 462.
	883 884	6 U.S.C. 463. 6 U.S.C. 464.
	885(a)	6 U.S.C. 465(a).
	887	6 U.S.C. 467.
	888	6 U.S.C. 468.
	892(a) through (c)(1), (c)(3) through (g).	6 U.S.C. $482(a)$ through (c)(1), (c)(3) through (g).
	893	6 U.S.C. 483.
	894	6 U.S.C. 484.
	899A	6 U.S.C. 488.
	899B	6 U.S.C. 488a.
	899C 899D	6 U.S.C. 488b. 6 U.S.C. 488c.
	899E	6 U.S.C. 488d.
	899F	6 U.S.C. 488e.
	899G	6 U.S.C. 488f.
	899H 899I	6 U.S.C. 488g. 6 U.S.C. 488h.
	899J	6 U.S.C. 488i.
	901	6 U.S.C. 491.
	902	6 U.S.C. 492.
	903	6 U.S.C. 493.
	904 905	6 U.S.C. 494. 6 U.S.C. 495.
	906	6 U.S.C. 495.
	1001(c)(1)(A), (2)	6 U.S.C. 511(1)(A), (2).
	1006	6 U.S.C. 512.
	1502	6 U.S.C. 542.
	1503 1513	6 U.S.C. 543. 6 U.S.C. 553.

Schedule of Laws Repealed—Continued

Act	Section	United States Code Former Classification
	1515 1714 1801 1802 1803 1804 1805 1806 1807 1808 1809 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2021(a) through (c) 2023	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ U.S.C. 555.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 103.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 571.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 571.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 572.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 573.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 573.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 574.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 575.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 576.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 577.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 578.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 579.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 591.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 591.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 592.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 593.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 594.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 595.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 596.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 596.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 601.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 603.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 604.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 605.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 605.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 606.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 608.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 608.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 609.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 611(a) \ through \ (e).\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 612.\\ 6 \ U.S.C. 613.\\ \end{array}$
Department of Homeland Security Ap- propriations Act, 2004 (Public Law 108–90)	505	 6 U.S.C. 453a. 6 U.S.C. 469. 6 U.S.C. 464b. 6 U.S.C. 464c. 6 U.S.C. 464d. 6 U.S.C. 464e.
Department of Homeland Security Ap- propriations Act, 2005 (Public Law 108–334)	515(b)	49 U.S.C. 44945 note.
Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Pre- vention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108– 458)	1016 7215 7303(a) through (c), (c) through (g), (i)(1). 7405 8306	 6 U.S.C. 485. 6 U.S.C. 123. 6 U.S.C. 194(a) through (c), (e) through (g), (i)(1). 6 U.S.C. 112 note. 6 U.S.C. 112 note.
Department of Homeland Security Ap- propriations Act, 2006 (Public Law 109–90)	503(e) 514 537 540 541	 6 U.S.C. 103 note. 49 U.S.C. 114 note. 6 U.S.C. 114. 49 U.S.C. 114 note. 6 U.S.C. 486.
Department of Homeland Security Ap- propriations Act, 2007 (Public Law 109–295)	558 602 624	6 U.S.C. 981a. 6 U.S.C. 701. 6 U.S.C. 711.

Schedule of Laws Repealed—Continued

Act	Section	United States Code Former Classification
Act	$\begin{array}{c} 632 \\ 634 \\ 635 \\ 635 \\ 636 \\ 637 \\ 639 \\ 640 \\ 640 \\ 640 \\ 640 \\ 641 \\ 642 \\ 643 \\ 644 \\ 645 \\ 644 \\ 645 \\ 644 \\ 645 \\ 646 \\ 647 \\ 648 \\ 649 \\ 650 \\ 651 \\ 652 \\ 652 \\ 653 \\ 654 \\ 661 \\ 662 \\ 663 \\$	
	$\begin{array}{c} 664 \\ 675 \\ 682 \\ 683 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 689 \\ 691 \\ 692 \\ 693 \\ 693 \\ 695 \\ 696 \\ 697 \\ 698 \\ 699 \\ 691 \\ 691 \\ 691 \\ 692 \\ 691 \\$	$ \begin{array}{l} 6 \; U.S.C. \; 764. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 571 \; note. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 771. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 772. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 773. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 774. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 775. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 776. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 776. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 777. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 791. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 791. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 792. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 793. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 794. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 795. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 795. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 797. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 797. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 797. \\ 6 \; U.S.C. \; 811. \\ \end{array} $
Security and Accountability for Every Port Act or Safe Port Act (Public Law 109–347)	2 114 115 121 122 123 125 128 201 202 203 204 205 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 231 222 223 233 234 235 236 301 (b) 302 (c) 303 401 502 612 702	$ \begin{array}{c} 6 \ U.S.C. \ 901. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 912. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 912. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 913. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 921. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 921. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 922. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 924. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 942. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 942. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 942. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 944. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 944. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 945. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 945. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 963. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 963. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 964. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 965. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 966. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 967. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 969. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 973. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 984. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 1001. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 115. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 115. \\ 6 \ U.S.C. \ 512a. \\ 512a. $

Act	Section	United States Code Former Classification
U.S. Troop Readiness, Veterans' Care, Katrina Recovery, and Iraq Account- ability Appropriations Act (Public Law 110–28) Implementing Recommendations of the	6405	6 U.S.C. 396.
Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–53)	$\begin{array}{c} 502 (b) & \dots & \\ 1104 & \dots & \\ 1201 & \dots & \\ 1203 (b) & \dots & \\ 1205 & \dots & \\ 1307 & \dots & \\ 1303 & \dots & \\ 1303 & \dots & \\ 1303 & \dots & \\ 1304 & \dots & \\ 1305 & \dots & \\ 1306 & \dots & \\ 1307 & \dots & \\ 1307 & \dots & \\ 1306 & \dots & \\ 1307 & \dots & \\ 1306 & \dots & \\ 1307 & \dots & \\ 1307 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1409 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1406 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1407 & \dots & \\ 1408 & \dots & \\ 1408$	$ \begin{array}{l} 6 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 124a \hspace{0.1cm} note. \\ 6 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 111 \hspace{0.1cm} 149 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 111 \hspace{0.1cm} 149 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1111 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1113 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1113 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1131 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1131 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1133 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1135 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1135 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1138 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1143 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1144 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1152 \hspace{0.1cm} 16 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} 1162 \hspace{0.1cm} U.S.C. \hspace{0.1cm} $
Border Infrastructure and Technology Modernization Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–161)	601	6 U.S.C. 1401. 6 U.S.C. 1402. 6 U.S.C. 1402. 6 U.S.C. 1402. 6 U.S.C. 1404. 6 U.S.C. 1405.
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–5)	604	6 U.S.C. 453b.
Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law 111–83)	554	6 U.S.C. 469a.

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Act	Section	United States Code Former Classification
International Port and Facility Inspec- tion Coordination Act (Public Law 111–281)	825	6 U.S.C. 945 note.
Anti-Border Corruption Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–376)	3	6 U.S.C. 221.
Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2012 (Public Law 112–74)	526 538 557	 6 U.S.C. 453c. 6 U.S.C. 190 note. 6 U.S.C. 222. 6 U.S.C. 214 note.
Border Tunnel Prevention Act of 2012 (Public Law 112–127)	8	6 U.S.C. 257.
Department of Homeland Security Ap- propriations Act, 2013 (Public Law 113-6)	div. D, title III	6 U.S.C. 763a.

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