# 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1840

To amend the Food Security Act of 1985 to encourage owners and operators of privately-held farm and ranch land to voluntarily make their land available for access by the public under programs administered by States.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

#### NOVEMBER 7, 2003

Mr. CONRAD (for himself, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. ENZI, Mr. KERRY, Mr. HAR-KIN, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. REID, and Mr. NELSON of Nebraska) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

# A BILL

- To amend the Food Security Act of 1985 to encourage owners and operators of privately-held farm and ranch land to voluntarily make their land available for access by the public under programs administered by States.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the "Voluntary Public Ac5 cess and Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program Act of
6 2003".

## 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds that—

3	(1) according to the United States Fish and
4	Wildlife Service, in 2001, 82,000,000 individuals in
5	the United States aged 16 years and older partici-
6	pated in wildlife-related recreation, including
7	34,000,000 individuals who hunted, and more than
8	66,000,000 who engaged in wildlife-related recre-
9	ation such as observing, feeding, or photographing
10	wildlife, in the United States;
11	(2) individuals who participated in wildlife-re-
12	lated activities in 2001 spent an estimated
13	\$108,000,000,000, including—
14	(A) more than \$35,000,000,000 on fishing;
15	(B) nearly \$21,000,000,000 on hunting;
16	and
17	(C) more than \$28,000,000,000 on food,
18	lodging, and transportation;
19	(3) the growing public demand for outdoor rec-
20	reational opportunities is increasingly constrained by
21	the limits on both public and private land resources;
22	(4) limited public access on private land has
23	often frustrated and disappointed hunters and other
24	naturalists, and undermined the relationship be-
25	tween land owners and the general public;

1	(5) several States have established successful
2	but modest walk-in programs to encourage public ac-
3	cess on private farm and ranch land, yet the demand
4	for such voluntary access programs remains largely
5	unfulfilled;
6	(6) traditional agricultural markets have in re-
7	cent years offered limited income opportunities for
8	farm and ranch land owners and operators; and
9	(7) current proposals to reform world agricul-
10	tural trade favor the development of new methods to
11	support the income of agricultural producers that
12	have minimal impact on agricultural production and
13	prices.
14	SEC. 3. VOLUNTARY PUBLIC ACCESS AND HABITAT INCEN-
15	TIVE PROGRAM.
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of subtitle D of title
17	XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb
18	et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"SEC. 1240Q. VOLUNTARY PUBLIC ACCESS AND HABITAT IN-
20	CENTIVE PROGRAM.
21	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a
22	voluntary public access program under which States may
23	apply for grants to encourage owners and operators of pri-

land available for access by the public under programs ad ministered by the States.

3 "(b) APPLICATIONS.—In submitting applications for
4 a grant under the program, a State shall describe—

5 "(1) the benefits that the State intends to
6 achieve by encouraging public access on private farm
7 and ranch land, through such activities as hunting,
8 fishing, bird watching, and related outdoor activities;
9 and

10 "(2) the methods that will be used to achieve11 those benefits.

12 "(c) PRIORITY.—In approving applications and
13 awarding grants under the program, the Secretary shall
14 give priority to States that propose—

15 "(1) to maximize participation by offering a
16 program the terms of which are likely to meet with
17 widespread acceptance among landowners;

18 "(2) to ensure that land enrolled under the19 State program has appropriate wildlife habitat;

"(3) to strengthen wildlife habitat improvement
efforts on land enrolled in a special conservation reserve enhancement program described in 1234(f)(4)
by providing incentives to increase public access on
that land; and

"(4) to use additional Federal, State, or private
 resources in carrying out the program.

3 "(d) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in
4 this section preempts a State law (including any State li5 ability law).

6 "(e) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate
7 such regulations as are necessary to carry out this sec8 tion.".

9 (b) FUNDING.—Section 1241(a) of the Food Security
10 Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841(a)) is amended by adding
11 at the end the following:

"(8) The voluntary public access program
under section 1240Q, using, to the maximum extent
practicable, \$50,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2003
through 2007.".

### 16 SEC. 4. PREVENTION OF EXCESS BASE ACRES.

Section 1101(g)(2) of the Farm Security and Rural
Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 7911(g)(2)) is amended
by striking subparagraph (C).

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