RAÚL M. GRIJALVA 7th District of Arizona

COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES Subcommittee on Water and Power Subcommittee on Parks, Forests and Public Lands – Ranking Member

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND THE WORKFORCE Subcommittee on Early Childhood, Elementary and Secondary Education Subcommittee on Higher Education and Workforce Training

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The Honorable Eric Holder Attorney General, United States U.S. Department of Justice 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001

Dear Attorney General Eric Holder,

On behalf of the constituents of Arizona's 7th Congressional District, I am writing today to ask you to uphold a recent Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals decision on the Department of Energy's National Interest Electric Transmission Corridor (NIETC) program. The Arizona Corporation Commission, along with many of the other states within the designated NIETCs, were party to this lawsuit. On February 1, 2011, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals vacated the 2007 Department of Energy (DOE) designation of two National Interest Electric Transmission Corridors, ruling that the Department of Energy (DOE) violated the 2005 Energy Policy Act by failing to engage in a meaningful consultation process with states and to conduct environmental reviews as required by the National Environmental Policy Act prior to designating corridors.

In 2007, DOE designated two energy corridors over large portions of eight states in the Mid-Atlantic and California and Arizona. Three counties in Arizona—La Paz, Maricopa, and Yuma, including the city of Phoenix—were included in the 2007 designation of the Southwest Corridor. Specifically, the Kofa National Wildlife Refuge in Southwestern Arizona would have been drastically impacted by the designation. My office sent a letter on November 26, 2006, to then-Secretaries of Energy, Interior, and Agriculture requesting a robust consultation process and thorough environmental review of the corridor program. The Ninth Circuit's decision clarifies that DOE is required to conduct a thorough state consultation and environmental review prior to designating a corridor under section 1221 of the 2005 Energy Policy Act. This decision helps to ensure that federal eminent domain authority for transmission infrastructure can only used when it is necessary, when it compliments state energy policies, and when the environmental impacts of such projects have been thoroughly reviewed. With this in mind, I respectfully request that the Department of Justice not pursue a rehearing of this important and clarifying decision.

Member of Congress