[111H5894]

		(Original Signature of Member)
112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	

To authorize the Secretary of Education to make grants to promote the education of pregnant and parenting students.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Polis (for himself and Ms. Chu) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Education to make grants to promote the education of pregnant and parenting students.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Pregnant and Par-
- 5 enting Students Access to Education Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) There are approximately 750,000 teen preg-
2	nancies and 400,000 teen births annually in the
3	United States.
4	(2) Although teen pregnancy rates in the
5	United States have declined by about a third since
6	the early 1990s, 3 in 10 girls in the U.S. will be-
7	come pregnant before age 20, which is the highest
8	rate of teen pregnancy in the developed world.
9	(3) The teen pregnancy and birth rates in the
10	United States are higher than in any other Western
11	industrialized country.
12	(4) Fifty-two percent of Latina teens and 50
13	percent of African-American teen girls will become
14	pregnant at least once before they are 20 years old.
15	Birth rates among Latina and African-American
16	youth ages 15 through 17 are more than twice the
17	birth rates of Caucasian youth in the same age
18	range.
19	(5) Many pregnant and parenting students face
20	significant barriers in enrolling, attending, and suc-
21	ceeding in school, including—
22	(A) discrimination in violation of title IX
23	of the Education Amendments of 1972, includ-
24	ing stigmatization at school by administrators,
25	teachers, and peer students;

1	(B) a lack of consistent policies at the
2	State, district, and school levels that allow for
3	excused absences for prenatal and postnatal
4	health care appointments in order for teen par-
5	ents to successfully complete their education;
6	(C) difficulty maintaining academic
7	progress while out of school leading up to or
8	following the birth of a child;
9	(D) juggling school work with parenting
10	responsibilities;
11	(E) lack of access to affordable quality
12	child care and transportation to and from the
13	child care arrangement and school, which can,
14	as a practical matter, make it virtually impos-
15	sible for a parenting student to attend school
16	regularly; and
17	(F) stereotypes that future opportunities
18	for postsecondary education or careers are lim-
19	ited for pregnant and parenting students, which
20	can diminish students' motivation to stay en-
21	gaged in school.
22	(6) Only about half of teen mothers earned a
23	high school diploma by age 22 compared to 89 per-
24	cent of women who didn't have a teen birth.

1	(7) Only 2 percent of all teenagers who have a
2	baby before age 18 complete college by age 30.
3	(8) Studies of females and males who dropped
4	out of high school indicate that becoming a parent
5	played a role in their discontinuation of school, and
6	in many cases it played a major role. For example,
7	nearly half of all female dropouts and one-third of
8	male dropouts said that becoming a parent played a
9	role in their decision to leave school.
10	(9) Teen pregnancy prevention should address
11	subsequent pregnancies, which substantially increase
12	dropout risks for teen mothers and accounted for
13	85,000, or almost 20 percent, of all teen preg-
14	nancies.
15	(10) Because teen pregnancy and parenting are
16	significant risk factors for dropout, teen pregnancy
17	prevention can go a long way toward improving high
18	school graduation rates.
19	(11) Females who do not earn a high school di-
20	ploma are especially likely to face severe economic
21	consequences—to be unemployed, to earn very low
22	wages, and to have to rely on public support pro-
23	grams—that significantly affect not only individual
24	students and their families, but also our national
25	economy as a whole.

1	(12) Teen childbearing in the United States
2	cost taxpayers (Federal, State and local) at least
3	\$10.9 billion in 2008.
4	(13) Title IX of the Education Amendments of
5	1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) prohibits educational
6	institutions that receive Federal funding from dis-
7	criminating against pregnant and parenting stu-
8	dents, and its implementing regulations detail
9	schools' obligations to ensure that pregnant and par-
10	enting students have access to equal educational op-
11	portunities.
12	(14) Some States currently collect data about
13	the pregnancy and parenting status of secondary
14	school students, but most do not, and there is no na-
15	tionwide data collection on this important dimension
16	of the student population.
17	(15) Some local educational agencies are mak-
18	ing active efforts to engage and re-engage pregnant
19	and parenting youth in secondary education by im-
20	plementing voluntary programs that provide or ar-
21	range academic and support services for them, in-
22	cluding individualized graduation plans, flexible
23	scheduling, homebound instruction for extended ab-
24	sences, school-based child care, transportation assist-

1	ance, health and social service referrals, and parent
2	education courses.
3	(16) The responsibilities of pregnancy and par-
4	enting can also interfere with the attainment of a
5	college degree. 61 percent of women who have chil-
6	dren after enrolling in community college do not
7	graduate. Women who do not have children after en-
8	rollment graduate at a 65 percent higher rate than
9	women who do.
10	(17) Federal financial assistance to local edu-
11	cational agencies to start or expand voluntary stu-
12	dent academic and support service programs and ini-
13	tiatives for pregnant and parenting students is im-
14	perative to helping these students prepare for ca-
15	reers and post-secondary education opportunities,
16	and care for their children without need for long-
17	term public assistance.
18	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
19	(1) to ensure that each pregnant and parenting
20	student has equal access to the same free, appro-
21	priate, high-quality public education that is provided
22	to other students;
23	(2) to improve high school graduation rates, ca-
24	reer-readiness, access to postsecondary educational

1	opportunities, and outcomes for pregnant and par-
2	enting students and their children; and
3	(3) to assist each State and local educational
4	agency in improving its graduation rates and ful-
5	filling its responsibilities under title IX of the Edu-
6	cation Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et
7	seq.) with respect to pregnant and parenting stu-
8	dents.
9	SEC. 3. GRANTS FOR STATE AND LOCAL ACTIVITIES FOR
10	THE EDUCATION OF PREGNANT AND PAR-
11	ENTING STUDENTS.
12	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Education is au-
13	thorized to make grants to States to carry out the activi-
14	ties described in subsection (d). A grant made under this
15	section shall be for a minimum of three years, and the
16	Secretary shall have the discretion to renew the grant at
17	the end of the grant period.
18	(b) Application.—A State desiring to receive a
19	grant under this section shall submit an application to the
20	Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing
21	such information as the Secretary may reasonably require,
22	including, at a minimum, the State plan described in sub-
23	section (f).
24	(c) Allocation of Funds.—

1	(1) Reservation of funds for national
2	ACTIVITIES.—From the funds made available to
3	carry out this Act, the Secretary may reserve not
4	more than 5 percent for national activities.
5	(2) Allotment to the secretary of the
6	INTERIOR.—The amount allocated for payments
7	under this Act to the Secretary of the Interior for
8	any fiscal year shall be, as determined pursuant to
9	criteria established by the Secretary, the amount
10	necessary to meet the needs of—
11	(A) Indian children on reservations served
12	by secondary schools for Indian children oper-
13	ated or supported by the Department of the In-
14	terior; and
15	(B) out-of-State Indian children in elemen-
16	tary schools and secondary schools in local edu-
17	cational agencies under special contracts with
18	the Department of the Interior.
19	(3) FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES.—The Sec-
20	retary shall allocate to States having approved appli-
21	cations the funds remaining after the application of
22	paragraphs (1) and (2) based on the percentage of
23	the State's number of teen births compared to the
24	number of teen births nationally, except that the
25	minimum grant for a State shall be \$300,000.

1	(4) Supplement not supplant.—Grant
2	funds provided under paragraph (3) shall be used
3	only to supplement the funds that would, in the ab-
4	sence of such Federal funds, be made available from
5	non-Federal sources for the education of pupils par-
6	ticipating in programs assisted under this Act, and
7	not to supplant such funds.
8	(d) Use of Funds.—
9	(1) In general.—Funds made available to a
10	State under this Act shall be used for the following:
11	(A) To provide or enhance educational pro-
12	grams and related services that enable pregnant
13	and parenting students to enroll in, attend, and
14	succeed in school, and that are culturally and
15	linguistically competent.
16	(B) To designate a Coordinator for Edu-
17	cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in
18	the State educational agency to direct and man-
19	age the State educational agency's activities re-
20	lated to this Act, in collaboration with the
21	State's designated employee responsible for the
22	State's efforts to comply with and carry out, to
23	the fullest extent, its responsibilities under title
24	IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20
25	U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).

1	(C) To prepare and carry out a State plan
2	described in subsection (f).
3	(D) To develop and implement high-quality
4	professional development programs for local
5	educational agencies and school personnel.
6	(E) To direct grants to rural and other
7	local educational agencies without capacity to
8	prepare an application for funds.
9	(F) To ensure that information about the
10	program is disseminated to all local educational
11	agencies and made publicly and readily avail-
12	able on the State educational agency's website,
13	including—
14	(i) the name and contact information
15	for the individuals described in subpara-
16	graph (B);
17	(ii) a list of subgrantees; and
18	(iii) an explanation of the rights of
19	students and responsibilities of schools
20	under title IX of the Education Amend-
21	ments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.),
22	including investigation and complaint pro-
23	cedures as required under subsection (a)
24	and (b) of section 106.8 of title 34, Code

1	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the
2	date of the enactment of this Act).
3	(2) Reservation for state-level activi-
4	TIES.—From the funds made available to a State
5	under this Act, a State may reserve not more than
6	10 percent for State-level activities.
7	(3) Subgrants.—The State shall distribute at
8	least 90 percent of each State grant as subgrants to
9	local educational agencies in accordance with section
10	4.
11	(e) Coordinator for Education of Pregnant
12	AND PARENTING STUDENTS.—The Coordinator for Edu-
13	cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in the State
14	educational agency described in subsection $(d)(1)(B)$
15	shall—
16	(1) gather information on the nature and extent
17	of State and local efforts to prevent teen pregnancy
18	and the nature and extent of barriers to educational
19	access and success facing pregnant and parenting
20	students in the State, including information on re-
21	ported incidents of discrimination;
22	(2) develop and carry out the State plan de-
23	scribed in subsection (f);

1	(3) collect and report information to the Sec-
2	retary of Education, such as that which is listed in
3	subparagraphs (A) through (G) of section 6(a)(6);
4	(4) facilitate the coordination of services with
5	the State agencies responsible for administering pro-
6	grams affecting children, youth, and families (in-
7	cluding for the purposes of maximizing the
8	leveraging of resources from such agencies), includ-
9	ing—
10	(A) Temporary Assistance for Needy Fam-
11	ilies;
12	(B) Medicaid;
13	(C) Children's Health Insurance Program;
14	(D) teen pregnancy prevention, family
15	planning, and maternal and child health pro-
16	grams;
17	(E) Women, Infants and Children Food
18	and Nutrition Service;
19	(F) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
20	Program;
21	(G) child care;
22	(H) early childhood education, home visita-
23	tion, and child welfare programs;
24	(I) workforce investment programs and
25	postsecondary education; and

1	(J) housing assistance and homeless assist-
2	ance programs.
3	(5) coordinate and collaborate with educators,
4	service providers, and local educational agency preg-
5	nant and parenting student liaisons;
6	(6) provide technical assistance and training to
7	local educational agencies, including the dissemina-
8	tion of best practices; and
9	(7) report to the Secretary any complaints re-
10	ceived by the State about discrimination based on
11	pregnancy or parenting status and what actions
12	were taken to address those complaints.
13	(f) State Plan.—Pursuant to subsection (d)(1)(C),
14	each State shall submit a plan to provide for the education
15	of pregnant and parenting students. Such plan shall in-
16	clude the following:
17	(1) A description of how such students will be
18	given the opportunity to meet the same rigorous aca-
19	demic achievement and college and career-readiness
20	standards that all students are expected to meet.
21	(2) The policy, protocol, or procedure that each
22	district or State implements once a pregnancy has
23	been discovered on campus; including how each dis-
24	trict ensures the student understands his or her

1	rights under title IX of the Education Amendments
2	of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).
3	(3) A description of how the State will identify
4	such students.
5	(4) A description of training programs to raise
6	awareness of school personnel regarding the rights
7	and educational needs of pregnant and parenting
8	students.
9	(5) A description of procedures designed to en-
10	sure that students eligible for Federal, State, or
11	local food, housing, health care, or child care pro-
12	grams are enrolled and able to participate in such
13	programs.
14	(6) A description of procedures designed to en-
15	sure that students eligible for Federal, State, or
16	local after-school programs or supplemental edu-
17	cational services are enrolled in and able to partici-
18	pate in such programs.
19	(7) Strategies that respond to the problems
20	identified under subsection $(e)(1)$.
21	(8) A demonstration that the State and its local
22	educational agencies have developed, reviewed, and
23	revised policies to remove barriers to enrollment and
24	retention of pregnant and parenting students in
25	schools in the State.

1	(9) Assurances that—
2	(A) State educational agencies and local
3	educational agencies will not stigmatize, dis-
4	criminate against, or involuntarily segregate
5	students on the basis of pregnancy or par-
6	enting;
7	(B) local educational agencies will des-
8	ignate a pregnant and parenting student liaison
9	to communicate with the Coordinator for Edu-
10	cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in
11	the State educational agency and oversee the
12	provision of services at the local educational
13	agency and school levels; and
14	(C) State educational agencies and local
15	educational agencies will ensure that transpor-
16	tation is provided for students who have an in-
17	ability to pay for transportation and who—
18	(i) choose to attend programs for
19	pregnant and parenting students located
20	outside of their school of origin; or
21	(ii) need transportation to and from
22	school and the student's child care provider
23	for the student and the student's child, re-
24	spectively.

1	(10) Description of how the State will ensure
2	that local educational agencies comply with require-
3	ments of this Act.
4	(11) A description of technical assistance to be
5	provided to local educational agencies.
6	(g) Professional Development and Public
7	EDUCATION.—Each State and each local educational
8	agency shall include in professional development and pub-
9	lic education materials reference to, and shall ensure that
10	school personnel, students, and family members of stu-
11	dents are aware of title IX of the Education Amendments
12	of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) and its implementing
13	regulations, which set forth the Federal civil right to be
14	free from discrimination on the basis of a student's preg-
15	nancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of preg-
16	nancy, or recovery therefrom. This includes the right to
17	be free from harassment and stigmatization on those
18	bases, as well as the following:
19	(1) The right to enroll in any school or program
20	for which they would otherwise qualify.
21	(2) If enrolled into a special program or sepa-
22	rate school, the right to an education equal in qual-
23	ity to that offered to other students in the "main-
24	stream" or "originating" school.

- (3) The right to decline to participate in a specialized program or separate school.
 (4) The right to continue their education in the
 - (4) The right to continue their education in the school in which they were enrolled, or would have been enrolled, prior to the student's pregnancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom, including elementary or secondary schools, charter schools, honors and magnet programs, Advanced Placement and International Baccalaureate programs, career and technical education programs, special education and non-public school placements, alternative options or programs, migrant education, free and reduced lunch programs, services for English language learners, physical education programs, after-school academic programs, and any others for which they are otherwise qualified.
 - (5) The right to participate in school activities including graduations and other ceremonies; to receive awards or peer recognition; to participate on field trips, student clubs and councils, in after-school activities, including cheerleading or athletics teams; and in any other school-related programs, subject to providing a medical release if that is required of all students who have physical or emotional conditions

1	requiring the attention of medical personnel and who
2	want to continue participating.
3	(6) The right to the same benefits and services
4	offered to students with other temporary disabilities.
5	(7) The right to an excused absence for as long
6	as the student's physician deems it medically nec-
7	essary, without penalty, and automatic return to the
8	status the student held prior to the leave of absence.
9	(8) The right not to be retaliated against for
10	raising awareness of, complaining about, or report-
11	ing discrimination.
12	(h) Coordination for Support Services.—Local
13	educational agencies may coordinate with social services
14	agencies, public health agencies, youth services providers,
15	or other community-based organizations for the purposes
16	of ensuring that pregnant and parenting students have ac-
17	cess to the academic support services they need to con-
18	tinue their education; and to raise awareness among agen-
19	cies about pregnant and parenting students and their edu-
20	cational rights and opportunities.
21	(i) Pregnant and Parenting Student Liai-
22	son.—The duties of a local educational agency's pregnant
23	and parenting student liaison shall include—
24	(1) identification, by consulting with school per-
25	sonnel, and by self-reports, of pregnant and par-

1	enting students in need of services to help them stay
2	in school and succeed;
3	(2) gathering information on the nature and ex-
4	tent of barriers to educational access and success
5	facing pregnant and parenting students in the geo-
6	graphic area served by the local educational agency,
7	including information on reported incidents of dis-
8	crimination;
9	(3) ensuring and facilitating the continued en-
10	rollment of pregnant and parenting students in
11	school in an academic program that best meets the
12	educational goals of the student and his or her fam-
13	ily;
14	(4) ensuring that the educational and related
15	barriers faced by pregnant and parenting students
16	are addressed, and that any services and referrals
17	provided are culturally and linguistically competent;
18	(5) informing pregnant and parenting students
19	of educational and related services extended to preg-
20	nant and parenting students and of their right
21	under title IX of the Education Amendments of
22	$1972~(20~\mathrm{U.S.C.}~1681~\mathrm{et}~\mathrm{seq.})$ to continue their edu-
23	cation; and
24	(6) coordinating the provision of services in
25	conjunction with the Coordinator for Education of

1	Pregnant and Parenting Students in the State edu-
2	cational agency and with community organizations
3	and partners.
4	SEC. 4. LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY SUBGRANTS FOR
5	THE EDUCATION OF PREGNANT AND PAR-
6	ENTING STUDENTS.
7	(a) In General.—A State educational agency re-
8	ceiving a grant under section 3 shall make competitive
9	subgrants to local educational agencies for the purpose of
10	facilitating the enrollment, attendance, and success in
11	school of pregnant and parenting students. Services may
12	be provided on school grounds or at other facilities.
13	(b) APPLICATION.—Local educational agencies seek-
14	ing subgrants shall submit an application to the State edu-
15	cational agency in time and manner required by the State.
16	The application shall include—
17	(1) an assessment of the educational and re-
18	lated needs of pregnant and parenting students in
19	the local educational agency;
20	(2) a description of the local educational agen-
21	cy's plan for addressing those needs, and assurance
22	that the specific services and programs for which
23	subgrants are being sought are culturally and lin-
24	guistically competent;

1	(3) assurance of the local educational agency's
2	compliance with local educational agency require-
3	ments established in section 3; and
4	(4) a description of the local educational agen-
5	cy's plan for continuing specific services and pro-
6	grams for which subgrants are being sought in case
7	of the loss of or absence of Federal assistance.
8	(c) AWARDS.—Subgrants under this section shall be
9	awarded on the basis of need and the strength of the appli-
10	cation in meeting the requirements and goals of this Act.
11	Priority consideration shall be given to applications from
12	local educational agencies serving students in geographic
13	areas with—
14	(1) teen birth rates that are higher than the
15	State average; or
16	(2) teen birth rates below the State average but
17	having one or more racial or ethnic groups with teen
18	birth rates higher than the State average.
19	(d) Duration.—Subgrants under this section shall
20	be for periods not to exceed 3 years.
21	(e) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—Subgrant funds shall be
22	expended for activities that include—
23	(1) the provision of academic support services
24	for pregnant and parenting students, which may in-
25	clude, but are not limited to academic counseling,

1 the development of individualized graduation plans, 2 assistance with class scheduling, assistance with 3 planning for and gaining access to postsecondary educational opportunities, assistance securing tutor-4 5 ing or other academic support services, supplemental 6 instruction, homework assistance, tutoring, or other 7 educational services, such as homebound instruction 8 services to be provided during extended leaves of ab-9 sence due to pregnancy complications, childbirth, or 10 the illness of a student's child, to keep the student 11 on track to finish the student's classes and graduate; 12 (2) assistance to pregnant and parenting stu-13 dents in gaining access to quality, affordable child 14 care and early childhood education services; 15 (3) the provision of transportation services or 16 assistance so that parenting students and their chil-17 dren can get to and from school and child care, re-18 spectively, and so that pregnant students unable to 19 walk long distances can get to school if transpor-20 tation is not already provided for that student; 21 (4) the provision of services and programs to 22 attract, engage, and retain pregnant and parenting 23 students in school, including informing pregnant and 24 parenting teenagers and their family members and 25

caring adults of their right to continue their edu-

1	cation, the importance of doing so, and the con-
2	sequences of not doing so;
3	(5) the education of students, parents and com-
4	munity members about the educational rights of
5	pregnant and parenting students;
6	(6) the professional development of school per-
7	sonnel regarding the challenges facing pregnant and
8	parenting students and their educational rights;
9	(7) proactive outreach efforts to assist pregnant
10	and parenting teenagers with excessive absences and
11	to re-enroll pregnant or parenting teenagers who
12	have dropped out of school;
13	(8) the revision of school policies and practices
14	to remove barriers and to encourage pregnant and
15	parenting students to continue their education, such
16	as revising attendance policies to allow for students
17	to be excused from school for—
18	(A) attendance at pregnancy-related med-
19	ical appointments, including expectant fathers
20	who are students;
21	(B) fulfillment of the student's parenting
22	responsibilities, including arranging child care,
23	caring for the student's sick child or children,
24	and attending medical appointments for the
25	student's child or children; and

1	(C) such other situations beyond the con-
2	trol of the student as determined by the board
3	of education in each local educational agency,
4	or such other circumstances which cause rea-
5	sonable concern to student or the student's par-
6	ent for the safety or health of the student, for
7	example addressing circumstances resulting
8	from domestic or sexual violence;
9	(9) the provision to student parents, and at a
10	student's request, also to a non-student parent or
11	other family members and caring adults, of training
12	and support in parenting skills, healthy relationship
13	skills, and other life skills such as goal setting,
14	budgeting, time management, financial literacy, net-
15	working, job interviewing, applying for college and
16	securing financial aid; and
17	(10) the provision of educational and career
18	mentoring services and peer groups, whether during
19	school hours or after school.
20	(f) ALLOWABLE ACTIVITIES.—
21	(1) In general.—Subgrant funds may be ex-
22	pended for allowable activities such as—
23	(A) the provision of child care and early
24	childhood education for the child of the par-
25	enting student, either by providing these serv-

1	ices directly on school grounds or by other ar-
2	rangement, such as by providing financial as-
3	sistance to obtain such services at a child care
4	facility within a reasonable distance of the
5	school;
6	(B) the provision of case management
7	services to pregnant and parenting students,
8	such as assistance with applying for and access-
9	ing public benefits and Federal financial aid for
10	postsecondary education and training;
11	(C) the provision of, or referrals to, preg-
12	nancy prevention, primary health care, maternal
13	and child health, family planning, mental
14	health, substance abuse, housing assistance,
15	homeless assistance, legal aid services, including
16	paternity testing, establishing parental rights,
17	child custody arrangements, and other services
18	needed by the student;
19	(D) the provision of emergency financial or
20	in-kind assistance to a parenting student to ful-
21	fill the basic human needs of a student and the
22	student's child;
23	(E) efforts to create a positive school cli-
24	mate for pregnant and parenting students, in-
25	cluding addressing discrimination against, har-

1	assment and stigmatization of pregnant and
2	parenting students; and
3	(F) the provision of training practicums
4	for graduate students in social work to carry
5	out the purpose of the grant.
6	(2) Medically accurate and complete in-
7	FORMATION.—With respect to information provided
8	under subparagraph (C), whether provided by local
9	educational agencies or by contract or arrangement
10	as described in subsection (g), the information shall
11	be, where appropriate, medically accurate and com-
12	plete. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the
13	term "medically accurate and complete" means
14	verified or supported by the weight of research con-
15	ducted in compliance with accepted scientific meth-
16	ods and—
17	(A) published in peer-reviewed journals,
18	where applicable; or
19	(B) comprising information that leading
20	professional organizations and agencies with
21	relevant expertise in the field recognize as accu-
22	rate, objective, and complete.
23	(g) Activities of Nonprofit Community Organi-
24	ZATIONS.—Local educational agencies may provide and
25	expend subgrant funds on required activities authorized

1	in subsection (e) or allowable activities authorized in sub-
2	section (f) directly or by contract or arrangement with so-
3	cial services agencies, public health agencies, youth serv-
4	ices providers, or other nonprofit community-based organi-
5	zations with experience effectively assisting pregnant and
6	parenting students to stay in school by conducting the ac-
7	tivities described in subsections (e) and (f).
8	SEC. 5. CONVERSION TO CATEGORICAL PROGRAM IN
9	EVENT OF FAILURE OF STATE REGARDING
10	EXPENDITURE OF GRANTS.
11	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall, from the
12	amounts specified in subsection (b), make grants to local
13	educational agencies in a State described in subsection (b)
14	for the required activities specified in section 4(e) and the
15	allowable activities specified in section 4(f).
16	(b) Specification of Funds.—The amounts re-
17	ferred to in subsection (a) are any amounts that would
18	have been allocated to a State under section 3(c)(3) that
19	are not paid to the State as a result of—
20	(1) the failure of the State to submit an appli-
21	cation under section 3(b);
22	(2) the failure of the State, in the determina-
23	tion of the Secretary, to prepare the application in
24	accordance with such section or to submit the appli-
25	cation within a reasonable period of time; or

1	(3) the State informing the Secretary that the
2	State does not intend to expend the full amount of
3	such allocation.
4	SEC. 6. NATIONAL ACTIVITIES.
5	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Education shall
6	carry out the following activities:
7	(1) Review of State plans to ensure they ade-
8	quately address all of the elements listed in section
9	3(f) of this Act.
10	(2) Provide technical assistance to State edu-
11	cational agencies.
12	(3) Provide guidance to Federal programs and
13	grantees likely to have contact with pregnant and
14	parenting students and their family members and
15	caring adults regarding the educational rights of
16	pregnant and parenting students and the State edu-
17	cational agencies responsibilities, including the re-
18	sponsibilities under this Act.
19	(4) At the end of each 3-year grant period, con-
20	duct a rigorous, evidence-based, comprehensive eval-
21	uation of the local educational agency programs
22	funded by these grants and their effectiveness in im-
23	proving graduation rates and educational outcomes
24	for pregnant and parenting students, including ac-
25	ceptance and enrollment in higher education. The

1	findings of such evaluations shall be reported to
2	Congress.
3	(5) Conduct a one-time national evaluation of
4	pregnant and parenting student access to education
5	program service delivery models, directly or via con-
6	tract with an independent research institution. Iden-
7	tify and disseminate the findings and best practices
8	at the State and local levels, including models of
9	programs that are successful at, or show promise of,
10	serving specific racial or ethnic groups or have been
11	modified and tested with specific racial or ethnic
12	groups, and create an online best practices clearing-
13	house as a resource for other State educational
14	agencies and local educational agencies.
15	(6) Annually collect and disseminate nonperson-
16	ally identifiable data and information, in a manner
17	protective of student privacy, and disaggregated by
18	each school or alternative program identified pursu-
19	ant to subparagraph (B) and by whether services for
20	pregnant and parenting students are offered in
21	school or off-site, on—
22	(A) the number of pregnant and parenting
23	students enrolled in school;
24	(B) rates and participation of pregnant
25	and parenting students in mainstream or origi-

1	nating schools, rates and participation of preg-
2	nant and parenting students in alternative pro-
3	grams and, for each alternative program, an in-
4	dication as to whether it is offered in a main-
5	stream school or off-site;
6	(C) pregnant and parenting students' per-
7	formance on academic assessments;
8	(D) pregnant and parenting students'
9	graduation rates, dropout rates and transfer
10	rates;
11	(E) rates of usage by pregnant and par-
12	enting students of child care services or assist-
13	ance (if offered);
14	(F) rates of usage by pregnant or par-
15	enting students of other services offered (bro-
16	ken down by type of service); and
17	(G) such other data and information as the
18	Secretary determines to be necessary and rel-
19	evant.
20	(7) Coordinate data collection and dissemina-
21	tion with the agencies and entities that receive funds
22	under this Act and those that administer programs
23	in accordance with this Act.
24	(b) Reporting Rates.—Notwithstanding subsection
25	(a)(6)(B) through (F), if the number of pregnant and par-

- 1 enting students in a particular school or program is small-
- 2 er than the N size, it shall be reported by local educational
- 3 agency, and if the number of pregnant and parenting stu-
- 4 dents under the jurisdiction of the local educational agen-
- 5 cy is smaller than the N size, it should be reported by
- 6 State.

7 SEC. 7. EFFECT ON FEDERAL AND STATE NONDISCRIMINA-

- 8 TION LAWS.
- 9 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preempt,
- 10 invalidate, or limit rights, remedies, procedures, or legal
- 11 standards available to victims of discrimination or retalia-
- 12 tion under any other Federal law or a law of a State or
- 13 political subdivision of a State, including title VI of the
- 14 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title
- 15 IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C.
- 16 1681 et seq.), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of
- 17 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), the Americans with Disabilities Act
- 18 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), section 1557 of the
- 19 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (Pub-
- 20 lie Law 111–148), or section 1979 of the Revised Statutes
- 21 (42 U.S.C. 1983). The obligations imposed by this Act are
- 22 in addition to those imposed by title IX of the Education
- 23 Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), title VI
- 24 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.),
- 25 the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.

- 1 12101 et seq.), and section 1557 of the Patient Protection
- 2 and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–148).
- 3 SEC. 8. DEFINITION OF STATE.
- 4 For purposes of this Act, the term "State" means
- 5 each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Com-
- 6 monwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the
- 7 Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the
- 8 United States Virgin Islands, and any other territory or
- 9 possession of the United States.
- 10 SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 12 this Act \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2012 and such sums
- 13 as may be necessary for fiscal years 2013 through 2016.