112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. CON. RES. 34

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

- Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate 1
- concurring),
- SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET
- 4 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2012.
- 5 (a) Declaration.—The Congress determines and
- 6 declares that this concurrent resolution establishes the

- 1 budget for fiscal year 2012 and sets forth appropriate
- 2 budgetary levels for fiscal years 2013 through 2021.
- 3 (b) Table of Contents for
- 4 this resolution is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2012.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

- Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.
- Sec. 102. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2030, 2040, AND 2050

Sec. 201. Policy statement on long-term budgeting.

TITLE III—RESERVES AND CONTINGENCIES

- Sec. 301. Costs of the global war on terrorism.
- Sec. 302. Effective date.
- Sec. 303. Reserve fund for health care reform.
- Sec. 304. Reserve fund for the sustainable growth rate of the Medicare program.
- Sec. 305. Reserve fund for deficit-neutral revenue measures.
- Sec. 306. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for rural counties and schools.

TITLE IV—BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 401. Discretionary spending limits.
- Sec. 402. Limitation on advance appropriations.
- Sec. 403. Concepts and definitions.
- Sec. 404. Adjustments of aggregates and allocations for legislation.
- Sec. 405. Limitation on long-term spending.
- Sec. 406. Budgetary treatment of certain transactions.
- Sec. 407. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
- Sec. 408. Fair value estimates.
- Sec. 409. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

TITLE V—POLICY

- Sec. 501. Policy Statement on Medicare.
- Sec. 502. Policy Statement on Social Security.
- Sec. 503. Policy statement on budget enforcement.

TITLE VI—SENSE OF THE HOUSE PROVISIONS

- Sec. 601. Sense of the House on a responsible deficit reduction plan must consider all programs, including those at the Pentagon and the other national security agencies.
- Sec. 602. Sense of the House regarding the importance of child support enforcement.

1 TITLE I—RECOMMENDED 2 LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

3	SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.
4	The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
5	each of fiscal years 2012 through 2021:
6	(1) Federal revenues.—For purposes of the
7	enforcement of this resolution:
8	(A) The recommended levels of Federal
9	revenues are as follows:
10	Fiscal year 2012: \$1,866,454,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2013: \$2,127,981,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2014: \$2,324,503,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2015: \$2,425,363,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2016: \$2,522,695,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2017: \$2,693,493,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2018: \$2,807,893,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2019: \$2,958,678,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2020: \$3,119,794,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2021: \$3,286,942,000,000.
20	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
21	levels of Federal revenues should be changed
22	are as follows:
23	Fiscal year 2012: -\$25,000,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2013: -\$227,000,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2014: -\$346,000,000,000.

- 1 Fiscal year 2015: -\$406,000,000,000.
- 2 Fiscal year 2016: -\$448,000,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017: -\$482,000,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2018: -\$527,000,000,000.
- 5 Fiscal year 2019: -\$544,000,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2020: -\$561,000,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021: -\$597,000,000,000.
- 8 (2) New Budget Authority.—For purposes
- 9 of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
- levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
- 11 Fiscal year 2012: \$2,858,545,000,000.
- 12 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,835,737,000,000.
- 13 Fiscal year 2014: \$2,905,952,000,000.
- 14 Fiscal year 2015: \$2,970,061,000,000.
- 15 Fiscal year 2016: \$3,114,578,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,224,937,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,330,942,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,490,088,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,639,728,000,000.
- 20 Fiscal year 2021: \$3,767,274,000,000.
- 21 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
- 22 enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
- of total budget outlays are as follows:
- 24 Fiscal year 2012: \$2,947,916,000,000.
- 25 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,915,241,000,000.

- 1 Fiscal year 2014: \$2,902,944,000,000.
- 2 Fiscal year 2015: \$2,949,301,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016: \$3,097,060,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,193,477,000,000.
- 5 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,271,881,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,450,742,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020: \$3,587,701,000,000.
- 8 Fiscal year 2021: \$3,726,564,000,000.
- 9 (4) Deficits (on-budget).—For purposes of
- the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of
- the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:
- 12 Fiscal year 2012: \$1,081,462,000,000.
- 13 Fiscal year 2013: \$787,260,000,000.
- 14 Fiscal year 2014: \$578,441,000,000.
- 15 Fiscal year 2015: \$523,938,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2016: \$574,365,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2017: \$499,984,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2018: \$463,988,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2019: \$492,064,000,000.
- 20 Fiscal year 2020: \$467,907,000,000.
- 21 Fiscal year 2021: \$439,622,000,000.
- 22 (5) Debt subject to limit.—Pursuant to
- section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act
- of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are
- as follows:

- 1 Fiscal year 2012: \$16,204,000,000,000.
- 2 Fiscal year 2013: \$17,177,000,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2014: \$17,951,000,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2015: \$18,697,000,000,000.
- 5 Fiscal year 2016: \$19,503,000,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2017: \$20,245,000,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018: \$20,968,000,000,000.
- 8 Fiscal year 2019: \$21,699,000,000,000.
- 9 Fiscal year 2020: \$22,408,000,000,000.
- 10 Fiscal year 2021: \$23,102,000,000,000.
- 11 (6) Debt held by the public.—The appro-
- priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:
- 13 Fiscal year 2012: \$11,418,000,000,000.
- 14 Fiscal year 2013: \$12,216,000,000,000.
- 15 Fiscal year 2014: \$12,797,000,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2015: \$13,319,000,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2016: \$13,876,000,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2017: \$14,351,000,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2018: \$14,787,000,000,000.
- 20 Fiscal year 2019: \$15,242,000,000,000.
- 21 Fiscal year 2020: \$15,673,000,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021; \$16,068,000,000,000.
- 23 SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
- 24 The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
- 25 propriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for

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fiscal years 2011 through 2021 for each major functional
 1
 2
    category are:
 3
             (1) National Defense (050):
 4
                  Fiscal year 2012:
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  $582,626,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $593,580,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2013:
 8
                                       budget
 9
                               New
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
10
                  $600,283,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $597,211,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2014:
12
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
13
                       (A)
                               New
14
                  $616,451,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $606,903,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2015:
16
17
                               New
                                       budget
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
18
                  $628,847,000,000.
19
                       (B) Outlays, $618,837,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2016:
20
21
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                  $641,976,000,000.
22
23
                       (B) Outlays, $635,475,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2017:
24
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1	(A) New budget authority,				
2	\$653,695,000,000.				
3	(B) Outlays, \$643,275,000,000.				
4	Fiscal year 2018:				
5	(A) New budget authority,				
6	\$665,679,000,000.				
7	(B) Outlays, \$650,246,000,000.				
8	Fiscal year 2019:				
9	(A) New budget authority,				
10	\$677,884,000,000.				
11	(B) Outlays, \$666,959,000,000.				
12	Fiscal year 2020:				
13	(A) New budget authority,				
14	\$690,273,000,000.				
15	(B) Outlays, \$679,088,000,000.				
16	Fiscal year 2021:				
17	(A) New budget authority,				
18	\$702,903,000,000.				
19	(B) Outlays, \$691,494,000,000.				
20	(2) International Affairs (150):				
21	Fiscal year 2012:				
22	(A) New budget authority,				
23	\$36,575,000,000.				
24	(B) Outlays, \$36,102,000,000.				
25	Fiscal year 2013:				

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$35,653,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$34,545,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2014:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$31,694,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$34,178,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2015:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$30,316,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$32,613,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2016:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$29,356,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$32,161,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2017:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$30,729,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$31,926,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2018:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$31,978,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$31,594,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2019:

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2		\$32,824,	,000,000.		
3		(B)	Outlays,	\$30,487,000,	000.
4		Fiscal ye	ear 2020:		
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6		\$33,698,	,000,000.		
7		(B)	Outlays,	\$30,123,000,	000.
8		Fiscal ye	ear 2021:		
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,
10		\$34,572,	,000,000.		
11		(B)	Outlays,	\$30,740,000,	000.
12	(3)	General	Science,	Space, and	Technology
13	(250):				
14		Fiscal ye	ear 2012:		
15		(A)	New	budget	authority,
16		\$27,452,	,000,000.		
17		(B)	Outlays,	\$29,798,000,	000.
18		Fiscal ye	ear 2013:		
19		(A)	New	budget	authority,
20		\$27,316,	,000,000.		
21		(B)	Outlays,	\$28,242,000,	000.
22		Fiscal ye	ear 2014:		
23		(A)	New	budget	authority,
24		\$27,312,	,000,000.		
25		(B)	Outlays,	\$27,763,000,	000.

1	Fiscal year 2015:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$27,312,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$27,469,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2016:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$27,311,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$27,506,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2017:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$27,652,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$27,646,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2018:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$28,341,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$28,114,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2019:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$29,049,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$28,684,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2020:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$29,758,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$29,344,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2021:

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(A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
 1
 2
                  $30,472,000,000.
 3
                      (B) Outlays, $29,946,000,000.
             (4) Energy (270):
 4
                  Fiscal year 2012:
 5
                       (A)
                                       budget
 6
                                                   authority,
                               New
                  $6,996,000,000.
 7
 8
                       (B) Outlays, $16,174,000,000.
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                       (A)
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
10
                               New
11
                  $3,850,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $10,053,000,000.
12
                  Fiscal year 2014:
13
                                                   authority,
14
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                  $1,215,000,000.
15
                       (B) Outlays, $4,547,000,000.
16
                  Fiscal year 2015:
17
18
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
19
                  $1,101,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $1,360,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2016:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
23
                  $1,021,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $340,000,000.
24
                  Fiscal year 2017:
25
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1	(A) New budget authority,				
2	\$1,010,000,000.				
3	(B) Outlays, \$460,000,000.				
4	Fiscal year 2018:				
5	(A) New budget authority,				
6	\$1,075,000,000.				
7	(B) Outlays, \$539,000,000.				
8	Fiscal year 2019:				
9	(A) New budget authority,				
10	\$1,211,000,000.				
11	(B) Outlays, \$497,000,000.				
12	Fiscal year 2020:				
13	(A) New budget authority,				
14	\$1,179,000,000.				
15	(B) Outlays, \$470,000,000.				
16	Fiscal year 2021:				
17	(A) New budget authority,				
18	\$1,195,000,000.				
19	(B) Outlays, \$476,000,000.				
20	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):				
21	Fiscal year 2012:				
22	(A) New budget authority,				
23	\$31,921,000,000.				
24	(B) Outlays, \$36,818,000,000.				
25	Fiscal year 2013:				

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$29,414,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$33,386,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2014:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$25,296,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$28,943,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2015:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$26,893,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$29,271,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2016:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$25,231,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$26,070,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2017:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$26,156,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$26,307,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2018:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$26,618,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$25,308,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2019:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$26,956,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$25,439,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2020:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$27,787,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$25,990,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2021:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$27,756,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$25,992,000,000.
12	(6) Agriculture (350):
13	Fiscal year 2012:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$19,819,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$19,559,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2013:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$18,396,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$21,989,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2014:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$16,717,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$16,469,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2015:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$17,355,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$16,688,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2016:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$17,235,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$16,505,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2017:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$16,859,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$16,069,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2018:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$17,025,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$16,180,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2019:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$17,159,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$16,283,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2020:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$17,469,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$16,579,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2021:

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budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $17,755,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $16,873,000,000.
 4
             (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
                  Fiscal year 2012:
 5
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
 6
                               New
                                        budget
                  $14,317,000,000.
 7
 8
                       (B) Outlays, $16,275,000,000.
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
10
                               New
                                        budget
11
                  $4,040,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $2,611,000,000.
12
                  Fiscal year 2014:
13
14
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  $508,000,000.
15
                       (B) Outlays, -$13,986,000,000.
16
                  Fiscal year 2015:
17
18
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
19
                  -$2,609,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, -$19,417,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2016:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  -$3,260,000,000.
23
                       (B) Outlays, -$23,459,000,000.
24
25
                  Fiscal year 2017:
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budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  -$293,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, -$23,592,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2018:
 4
                                        budget
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  -$261,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, -$25,981,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  -$222,000,000.
10
11
                       (B) Outlays, -$17,547,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
14
                  -$128,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, -$17,992,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  -$196,000,000.
19
                       (B) Outlays, -$19,650,000,000.
             (8) Transportation (400):
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2012:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
23
                  $64,316,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $80,431,000,000.
24
                  Fiscal year 2013:
25
```

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$64,515,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$71,264,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2014:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$64,265,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$67,722,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2015:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$60,377,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$66,084,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2016:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$68,563,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$65,957,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2017:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$65,916,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$67,036,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2018:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$70,578,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$67,451,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2019:

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2		\$66,719,	,000,000.		
3		(B)	Outlays,	\$69,869,00	0,000.
4		Fiscal ye	ear 2020:		
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6		\$67,472	,000,000.		
7		(B)	Outlays,	\$71,551,00	0,000.
8		Fiscal ye	ear 2021:		
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,
10		\$68,936	,000,000.		
11		(B)	Outlays,	\$76,853,00	0,000.
12	(9)	Commun	nity and	Regional	Development
13	(450):				
14		Fiscal ye	ear 2012:		
15		(A)	New	budget	authority,
16		\$11,572	,000,000.		
17		(B)	Outlays,	\$23,559,00	0,000.
18		Fiscal ye	ear 2013:		
19		(A)	New	budget	authority,
20		\$11,344,	,000,000.		
21		(B)	Outlays,	\$20,609,00	0,000.
22		Fiscal ye	ear 2014:		
23		(A)	New	budget	authority,
24		\$11,280	,000,000.		
25		(B)	Outlays,	\$18,127,00	0,000.

1	Fiscal ye	ear 2015:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$11,206	,000,000.		
4	(B)	Outlays,	\$14,176,000,	000.
5	Fiscal ye	ear 2016:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$11,117,	,000,000.		
8	(B)	Outlays,	\$12,257,000,	000.
9	Fiscal ye	ear 2017:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$11,219	,000,000.		
12	(B)	Outlays,	\$11,231,000,	000.
13	Fiscal ye	ear 2018:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$11,497	,000,000.		
16	(B)	Outlays,	\$10,860,000,	000.
17	Fiscal ye	ear 2019:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$11,779	,000,000.		
20	(B)	Outlays,	\$11,028,000,	000.
21	Fiscal ye	ear 2020:		
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$12,065	,000,000.		
24	(B)	Outlays,	\$11,294,000,	000.
25	Fiscal ye	ear 2021:		

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                              New
 2
                  $12,354,000,000.
 3
                      (B) Outlays, $11,524,000,000.
 4
             (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
        Social Services (500):
 5
 6
                  Fiscal year 2012:
 7
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  $67,122,000,000.
 8
 9
                      (B) Outlays, $100,012,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2013:
10
11
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
12
                  $63,887,000,000.
13
                       (B) Outlays, $73,071,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2014:
14
                      (A)
                              New
                                       budget
15
                                                   authority,
16
                  $66,076,000,000.
17
                      (B) Outlays, $68,044,000,000.
18
                  Fiscal year 2015:
19
                       (A)
                              New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  $69,446,000,000.
20
21
                      (B) Outlays, $70,450,000,000.
22
                  Fiscal year 2016:
23
                                       budget
                       (A)
                              New
                                                   authority,
                  $73,314,000,000.
24
25
                      (B) Outlays, $73,310,000,000.
```

1	Fiscal year 2017:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$75,371,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$75,665,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2018:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$76,798,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$77,013,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2019:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$78,314,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$78,385,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2020:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$79,629,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$79,806,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$80,952,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$81,047,000,000.
21	(11) Health (550):
22	Fiscal year 2012:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$341,873,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$346,636,000,000.

1	Fisca	al year 2	2013:		
2		(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$343	3,733,00	00,000.		
4		(B) Out	tlays, \$34	40,608,000,0	000.
5	Fisca	al year 2	2014:		
6		(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$338	8,064,00	00,000.		
8		(B) Out	tlays, \$32	20,444,000,0	000.
9	Fisca	al year 2	2015:		
10		(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$327	7,012,00	00,000.		
12		(B) Out	tlays, \$31	15,117,000,0	000.
13	Fisca	al year 2	2016:		
14		(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$320	,409,00	00,000.		
16		(B) Out	tlays, \$32	25,200,000,0	000.
17	Fisca	al year 2	2017:		
18		(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$339	0,663,00	00,000.		
20		(B) Out	tlays, \$34	42,703,000,0	000.
21	Fisca	al year 2	2018:		
22		(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$349	,840,00	00,000.		
24		(B) Out	tlays, \$34	47,303,000,0	000.
25	Fisca	al year 2	2019:		

1	1 (A) New budg	get authority,				
2	\$371,826,000,000.	\$371,826,000,000.				
3	3 (B) Outlays, \$368,558	(B) Outlays, \$368,558,000,000.				
4	4 Fiscal year 2020:					
5	5 (A) New budg	get authority,				
6	\$395,908,000,000.					
7	7 (B) Outlays, \$382,056	3,000,000.				
8	8 Fiscal year 2021:					
9	9 (A) New budg	get authority,				
10	\$404,674,000,000.					
11	1 (B) Outlays, \$400,682	2,000,000.				
12	2 (12) Medicare (570):					
13	Fiscal year 2012:					
14	4 (A) New budg	get authority,				
15	\$481,521,000,000.					
16	6 (B) Outlays, \$481,816	(B) Outlays, \$481,816,000,000.				
17	Fiscal year 2013:					
18	8 (A) New budg	get authority,				
19	\$519,903,000,000.					
20	0 (B) Outlays, \$520,400	3,000,000.				
21	1 Fiscal year 2014:					
22	2 (A) New budg	get authority,				
23	\$550,105,000,000.					
24	4 (B) Outlays, \$550,248	3,000,000.				
25	Fiscal year 2015:					

1	1 (A) New	budget	authority,		
2	\$573,252,000,000.	\$573,252,000,000.			
3	3 (B) Outlays, \$573	(B) Outlays, \$573,333,000,000.			
4	4 Fiscal year 2016:				
5	5 (A) New	budget	authority,		
6	\$618,945,000,000.				
7	7 (B) Outlays, \$619	9,385,000,0	000.		
8	Fiscal year 2017:				
9	9 (A) New	budget	authority,		
10	\$637,938,000,000.				
11	1 (B) Outlays, \$638	8,059,000,0	000.		
12	Fiscal year 2018:				
13	3 (A) New	budget	authority,		
14	\$657,067,000,000.				
15	5 (B) Outlays, \$65°	7,111,000,0	000.		
16	Fiscal year 2019:				
17	7 (A) New	budget	authority,		
18	8 \$711,486,000,000.				
19	9 (B) Outlays, \$71	1,897,000,0	000.		
20	Fiscal year 2020:				
21	1 (A) New	budget	authority,		
22	\$758,271,000,000.				
23	3 (B) Outlays, \$750	8,376,000,0	000.		
24	Fiscal year 2021:				

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$809,106,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$809,201,000,000.
4	(13) Income Security (600):
5	Fiscal year 2012:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$501,664,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$501,006,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2013:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$487,498,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$487,248,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2014:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$457,308,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$456,072,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2015:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$431,150,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$429,143,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2016:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$436,659,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$438,896,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2017:

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $436,985,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $434,795,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2018:
                                       budget
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  $441,467,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $434,302,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
10
                  $457,183,000,000.
11
                       (B) Outlays, $454,448,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
14
                  $468,308,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, $465,565,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                               New
                                       budget
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
18
                  $480,687,000,000.
19
                       (B) Outlays, $477,942,000,000.
             (14) Social Security (650):
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2012:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
23
                  $54,439,000,000.
24
                       (B) Outlays, $54,624,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2013:
25
```

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budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $29,096,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $29,256,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2014:
 4
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                  $32,701,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $32,776,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2015:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  $36,261,000,000.
10
                      (B) Outlays, $36,311,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2016:
12
                                       budget
13
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  $40,171,000,000.
14
                      (B) Outlays, $40,171,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2017:
16
17
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  $44,263,000,000.
19
                      (B) Outlays, $44,263,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2018:
20
21
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                  $48,717,000,000.
22
                      (B) Outlays, $48,717,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2019:
24
```

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$53,508,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$53,508,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2020:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$58,552,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$58,552,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2021:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$64,053,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$64,053,000,000.
12	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
13	Fiscal year 2012:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$128,339,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$127,140,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2013:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$130,024,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$130,025,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2014:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$134,143,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$134,055,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2015:

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
2	\$138,167,000	0,000.			
3	(B) Out	(B) Outlays, \$137,851,000,000.			
4	Fiscal year 2	016:			
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
6	\$147,410,000	0,000.			
7	(B) Out	lays, \$	3146,868,000,	000.	
8	Fiscal year 2	017:			
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
10	\$146,323,000	0,000.			
11	(B) Out	lays, \$	3145,704,000,	000.	
12	Fiscal year 2	018:			
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
14	\$145,412,000	0,000.			
15	(B) Out	lays, \$	3144,751,000,	000.	
16	Fiscal year 2	019:			
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
18	\$155,091,000	0,000.			
19	(B) Out	lays, \$	3154,407,000,	000.	
20	Fiscal year 2	020:			
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
22	\$159,680,000	0,000.			
23	(B) Out	lays, \$	3158,979,000,	000.	
24	Fiscal year 2	021:			

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $164,381,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $163,622,000,000.
 4
             (16) Administration of Justice (750):
                  Fiscal year 2012:
 5
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
 6
                               New
                                        budget
                  $56,946,000,000.
 7
 8
                       (B) Outlays, $53,931,000,000.
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                       (A)
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
10
                               New
                  $45,326,000,000.
11
                       (B) Outlays, $50,482,000,000.
12
                  Fiscal year 2014:
13
14
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  $45,093,000,000.
15
16
                       (B) Outlays, $48,664,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2015:
17
18
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
19
                  $44,928,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $47,337,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2016:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
23
                  $47,009,000,000.
24
                       (B) Outlays, $48,519,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2017:
25
```

```
budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                       (A)
                               New
 2
                  $45,731,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $46,650,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2018:
                                       budget
 5
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  $46,669,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, $46,957,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
10
                  $47,768,000,000.
11
                       (B) Outlays, $47,649,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
14
                  $50,848,000,000.
                      (B) Outlays, $50,415,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                               New
                                       budget
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
18
                  $52,863,000,000.
19
                       (B) Outlays, $52,407,000,000.
             (17) General Government (800):
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2012:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                       budget
                                                   authority,
23
                  $22,762,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, $27,205,000,000.
24
                  Fiscal year 2013:
25
```

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$22,185,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$23,460,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2014:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$22,232,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$22,619,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2015:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$22,183,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$22,021,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2016:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$22,217,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$21,643,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2017:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$22,453,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$21,718,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2018:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$22,979,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$22,016,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2019:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$23,559,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$22,295,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2020:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$23,915,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$22,606,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2021:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$24,356,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$23,024,000,000.
12	(18) Net Interest (900):
13	Fiscal year 2012:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$372,558,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$372,558,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2013:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$435,109,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$435,109,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2014:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$508,435,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$508,435,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2015:

1	1 (A) New k	oudget	authority,		
2	\$578,063,000,000.				
3	(B) Outlays, \$578	(B) Outlays, \$578,063,000,000.			
4	Fiscal year 2016:				
5	5 (A) New k	oudget	authority,		
6	\$648,083,000,000.				
7	(B) Outlays, \$648	8,083,000,0	000.		
8	Fiscal year 2017:				
9	(A) New k	oudget	authority,		
10	\$712,300,000,000.				
11	(B) Outlays, \$712	2,300,000,0	000.		
12	Fiscal year 2018:				
13	3 (A) New k	oudget	authority,		
14	\$769,605,000,000.				
15	(B) Outlays, \$769	0,605,000,0	000.		
16	Fiscal year 2019:				
17	7 (A) New k	oudget	authority,		
18	\$818,115,000,000.				
19	(B) Outlays, \$818	3,115,000,0	000.		
20	Fiscal year 2020:				
21	1 (A) New k	oudget	authority,		
22	\$864,371,000,000.				
23	(B) Outlays, \$864	4,371,000,0	000.		
24	Fiscal year 2021:				

```
(A)
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                               New
 2
                  $899,690,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, $899,690,000,000.
 4
             (19) Allowances (920):
                  Fiscal year 2012:
 5
                       (A)
                                                   authority,
 6
                               New
                                        budget
                  -$6,299,000,000.
 7
                       (B) Outlays, -$2,626,000,000.
 8
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                       (A)
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
10
                               New
                  -$4,386,000,000.
11
                       (B) Outlays, -$5,545,000,000.
12
                  Fiscal year 2014:
13
14
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  -$10,247,000,000.
15
                       (B) Outlays, -$11,263,000,000.
16
                  Fiscal year 2015:
17
18
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
19
                  -$16,340,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, -$16,946,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2016:
                                        budget
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                                   authority,
23
                  -$22,243,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, -$22,809,000,000.
24
25
                  Fiscal year 2017:
```

```
(A)
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                               New
 2
                  -$27,786,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, -$27,637,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2018:
                       (A)
                                        budget
 5
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  -$33,072,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, -$32,959,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  -$38,404,000,000.
10
                       (B) Outlays, -$38,286,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  -$43,684,000,000.
14
                       (B) Outlays, -$43,594,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  -$49,060,000,000.
19
                       (B) Outlays, -$48,947,000,000.
             (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2012:
22
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
23
                  -$84,517,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, -$84,517,000,000.
24
                  Fiscal year 2013:
25
```

```
(A)
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                               New
 2
                  -$81,449,000,000.
 3
                       (B) Outlays, -$81,449,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2014:
                       (A)
                                        budget
 5
                               New
                                                   authority,
                  -$82,695,000,000.
 6
                       (B) Outlays, -$82,695,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2015:
 8
 9
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  -$84,857,000,000.
10
                       (B) Outlays, -$84,857,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2016:
12
13
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                       (A)
                               New
                  -$85,946,000,000.
14
                       (B) Outlays, -$85,946,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2017:
16
17
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
18
                  -$91,248,000,000.
                       (B) Outlays, -$91,248,000,000.
19
                  Fiscal year 2018:
20
21
                       (A)
                               New
                                        budget
                                                   authority,
                  -$97,099,000,000.
22
                       (B) Outlays, -$97,099,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2019:
24
```

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	-\$101,718	3,000,000.		
3	(B) (Outlays, -	8101,718,00	0,000.
4	Fiscal yea	ar 2020:		
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	-\$105,645	5,000,000.		
7	(B) (Outlays, -\$	3105,645,00	0,000.
8	Fiscal yea	ar 2021:		
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	-\$110,174	4,000,000.		
11	(B) (Outlays, -\$	3110,174,00	0,000.
12	(21) Global W	var on Te	rrorism and	l related ac-
13	tivities (970):			
14	Fiscal yea	ar 2012:		
15	(A)	New	budget	authority,
16	\$126,544	,000,000.		
17	(B) (Outlays, \$	117,835,000	0,000.
18	Fiscal yea	ar 2013:		
19	(A)	New	budget	authority,
20	\$50,000,0	000,000.		
21	(B) (Outlays, \$	92,661,000,	000.
22	Fiscal yea	ar 2014:		
23	(A)	New	budget	authority,
24	\$50,000,0	000,000.		
25	(B) (Outlays, \$	64,878,000,	000.

1	Fiscal ye	ear 2015:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$50,000,	000,000.		
4	(B)	Outlays,	\$54,401,000,	.000.
5	Fiscal ye	ear 2016:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$50,000,	000,000.		
8	(B)	Outlays,	\$50,929,000,	.000.
9	Fiscal ye	ear 2017:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$50,000,	000,000.		
12	(B)	Outlays,	\$50,147,000,	,000.
13	Fiscal ye	ear 2018:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$50,000,	000,000.		
16	(B)	Outlays,	\$49,851,000,	,000.
17	Fiscal ye	ear 2019:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$50,000,	000,000.		
20	(B)	Outlays,	\$49,784,000,	.000
21	Fiscal ye	ear 2020:		
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$50,000,	000,000.		
24	(B)	Outlays,	\$49,769,000,	.000
25	Fiscal ye	ear 2021:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$50,000,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$49,769,000,000.
4	TITLE II—RECOMMENDED LEV-
5	ELS AND AMOUNTS FOR FIS-
6	CAL YEARS 2030, 2040, AND
7	2050
8	SEC. 201. POLICY STATEMENT ON LONG-TERM BUDGETING.
9	The following are the recommended budget levels for
10	each of fiscal years 2030, 2040, and 2050 as a percent
11	of the gross domestic product of the United States:
12	(1) Federal revenues.—The appropriate lev-
13	els of Federal revenues are as follows:
14	Fiscal year 2030: 19 percent.
15	Fiscal year 2040: 19 percent.
16	Fiscal year 2050: 19 percent.
17	(2) Budget outlays.—The appropriate levels
18	of total budget outlays are as follows:
19	Fiscal year 2030: 20.75 percent.
20	Fiscal year 2040: 18.75 percent.
21	Fiscal year 2050: 14.75 percent.
22	(3) Deficits.—The appropriate amounts of
23	deficits are as follows:
24	Fiscal year 2030: -1.75 percent.
25	Fiscal year 2040: 0.25 percent.

- 1 Fiscal year 2050: 4.25 percent. 2 (4) Debt Held by the Public.—The appro-3 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows: 4 Fiscal year 2030: 64 percent. 5 Fiscal year 2040: 48 percent. 6 Fiscal year 2050: 10 percent. TITLE III—RESERVES AND 7 CONTINGENCIES 8 SEC. 301. COSTS OF THE GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM. 10 In the House, if any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or conference report makes appropriations for fiscal year 12 2012 for the global war on terrorism and other activities and such amounts are so designated pursuant to this paragraph, then the allocation to the House Committee on Ap-14 propriations and the discretionary spending limits set forth in section 401 may be adjusted by the amounts pro-16 vided in such legislation for that purpose up to the 18 amounts of budget authority specified in section 102(21) for fiscal year 2012 and the new outlays resulting there-19 20 from.
- 21 SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- Section 3(c) of House Resolution 5 (112th Congress)
- 23 shall have force and effect through May 31, 2011.

1 SEC. 303. RESERVE FUND FOR HEALTH CARE REFORM.

- 2 In the House, the chairman of the Committee on the
- 3 Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other
- 4 appropriate levels in this resolution for the budgetary ef-
- 5 fects of any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or con-
- 6 ference report that repeals the Patient Protection and Af-
- 7 fordable Care Act or the Health Care and Education Rec-
- 8 onciliation Act of 2010.

9 SEC. 304. RESERVE FUND FOR THE SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

- 10 RATE OF THE MEDICARE PROGRAM.
- In the House, the chairman of the Committee on the
- 12 Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other
- 13 appropriate levels in this resolution for the budgetary ef-
- 14 fects of any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or con-
- 15 ference report that includes provisions amending or super-
- 16 seding the system for updating payments under section
- 17 1848 of the Social Security Act, if such measure does not
- 18 increase the deficit in the period of fiscal years 2012
- 19 through 2021.
- 20 SEC. 305. RESERVE FUND FOR DEFICIT-NEUTRAL REVENUE
- 21 **MEASURES.**
- 22 If any bill reported by the Committee on Ways and
- 23 Means, or amendment thereto or conference report there-
- 24 on, decreases revenue, the chair of the Committee on the
- 25 Budget may adjust the allocations and aggregates of this
- 26 concurrent resolution, if such measure would not increase

1	the deficit over the period of fiscal years 2012 through
2	2021.
3	SEC. 306. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR RURAL
4	COUNTIES AND SCHOOLS.
5	In the House, the chairman of the Committee on the
6	Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or com-
7	mittees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and lim-
8	its in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-
9	tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that
10	make changes to or provide for the reauthorization of the
11	Secure Rural Schools and Community Self Determination
12	Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–393) or make changes to
13	the Payments in Lieu of Taxes Act of 1976 (Public Law
14	94–565), or both, by the amounts provided by that legisla-
15	tion for those purposes, provided that such legislation
16	would not increase the deficit or direct spending over ei-
17	ther the period of the total of fiscal years 2012 through
18	2021 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2012
19	through 2016, or for fiscal year 2012.
20	TITLE IV—BUDGET
21	ENFORCEMENT
22	SEC. 401. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.
23	(a) Discretionary Spending Limits.—Spending
24	limits for total discretionary Federal spending are—
25	fiscal year 2012—

```
(1)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           new
 2
             $1,019,402,000,000; and
 3
                  (2) outlays, $1,170,384,000,000;
 4
             fiscal year 2013—
 5
                  (1)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                           new
 6
             $1,027,896,000,000; and
                  (2) outlays, $1,113,298,000,000;
 7
             fiscal year 2014—
 8
 9
                                      budget
                  (1)
                           new
                                                   authority,
10
             $1,038,537,000,000; and
11
                  (2) outlays, $1,094,740,000,000;
             fiscal year 2015—
12
13
                                                   authority,
                  (1)
                                      budget
                           new
14
             $1,046,680,000,000; and
                  (2) outlays, $1,089,081,000,000;
15
             fiscal year 2016—
16
17
                  (1)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                           new
18
             $1,055,779,000,000; and
19
                  (2) outlays, $1,093,043,000,000;
             fiscal year 2017—
20
21
                  (1)
                           new
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
22
             $1,067,794,000,000; and
23
                  (2) outlays, $1,098,357,000,000;
             fiscal year 2018—
24
```

1	(1)	new	budget	authority,
2	\$1,085,25	9,000,000;	and	
3	(2) o	utlays, \$1,1	05,668,000,00	00;
4	fiscal year	· 2019—		
5	(1)	new	budget	authority,
6	\$1,103,80	2,000,000;	and	
7	(2) o	utlays, \$1,1	26,521,000,00	00;
8	fiscal year	• 2020—		
9	(1)	new	budget	authority,
10	\$1,122,61	1,000,000;	and	
11	(2) or	utlays, \$1,1	45,102,000,00	00; and
12	fiscal year	· 2021—		
13	(1)	new	budget	authority,
14	\$1,141,64	0,000,000;	and	
15	(2) o	utlays, \$1,1	67,939,000,00	00.
16	(b) Enforcem	IENT.—In	the House, it	shall not be
17	in order to consider	any bill or	joint resolution	on, or amend-
18	ment thereto or con	ference repo	ort thereon, th	at causes dis-
19	cretionary budget a	authority to	exceed any le	evel set forth
20	in subsection (a).			
21	SEC. 402. LIMITATIO	N ON ADVAN	NCE APPROPRI	IATIONS.
22	(a) In General	AL.—In the	House, excep	t as provided
23	in subsection (b), as	ny bill, joint	resolution, a	n amendment
24	thereto or conference	e report the	ereon making	a general an-

- 1 propriation or continuing appropriation may not provide
- 2 for advance appropriations.
- 3 (b) Exceptions.—An advance appropriation may be
- 4 provided for programs, projects, activities, or accounts re-
- 5 ferred to in subsection (c)(1) or identified in the report
- 6 to accompany this resolution or the joint explanatory
- 7 statement of managers to accompany this resolution under
- 8 the heading "Accounts Identified for Advance Appropria-
- 9 tions".
- 10 (c) Limitations.—For fiscal year 2013, the aggre-
- 11 gate amount of advance appropriation shall not exceed—
- 12 (1) \$52,541,000,000 for the following programs
- in the Department of Veterans Affairs—
- 14 (A) Medical Services;
- 15 (B) Medical Support and Compliance; and
- 16 (C) Medical Facilities accounts of the Vet-
- erans Health Administration; and
- 18 (2) \$28,852,000,000 in new budget authority
- 19 for all other programs.
- 20 (d) Definition.—In this section, the term "advance
- 21 appropriation" means any new discretionary budget au-
- 22 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making gen-
- 23 eral appropriations or any new discretionary budget au-
- 24 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making con-
- 25 tinuing appropriations for fiscal year 2013.

- 1 (e) Adjustments.—The chairman of the Committee
- 2 on the Budget may adjust the list referred to in subsection
- 3 (b) or the amount set forth in subsection (c)(2) to accom-
- 4 modate the enactment of general or continuing appropria-
- 5 tion Acts for fiscal year 2011.

6 SEC. 403. CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

- 7 Upon the enactment of any bill or joint resolution
- 8 providing for a change in budgetary concepts or defini-
- 9 tions, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget may
- 10 adjust any appropriate levels and allocations in this resolu-
- 11 tion accordingly.
- 12 SEC. 404. ADJUSTMENTS OF AGGREGATES AND ALLOCA-
- 13 TIONS FOR LEGISLATION.
- 14 (a) Enforcement.—For purposes of enforcing this
- 15 resolution, the revenue levels shall be those set forth in
- 16 the March 2011 Congressional Budget Office baseline.
- 17 The total amount of adjustments made under subsection
- 18 (b) may not cause revenue levels to be below the levels
- 19 set forth in paragraph (1)(A) of section 101 for fiscal year
- 20 2012 and the period comprising fiscal years 2012 to 2021.
- 21 (b) Adjustments.—(1) The chairman of the Com-
- 22 mittee on the Budget may adjust the allocations and ag-
- 23 gregates of this concurrent resolution for—

1	(A) the budgetary effects of measures extending
2	the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation
3	Act of 2001;
4	(B) the budgetary effects of measures extending
5	the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act
6	of 2003;
7	(C) the budgetary effects of measures that ad-
8	just the Alternative Minimum Tax exemption
9	amounts to prevent a larger number of taxpayers as
10	compared with tax year 2008 from being subject to
11	the Alternative Minimum Tax or of allowing the use
12	of nonrefundable personal credits against the Alter-
13	native Minimum Tax, or both as applicable;
14	(D) the budgetary effects of extending the es-
15	tate, gift, and generation-skipping transfer tax pro-
16	visions of title III of the Tax Relief, Unemployment
17	Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of
18	2010;
19	(E) the budgetary effects of measures providing
20	a 20 percent deduction in income to small busi-
21	nesses;
22	(F) the budgetary effects of measures imple-
23	menting trade agreements;
24	(G) the budgetary effects of measures repealing
25	the tax increases set forth in the Patient Protection

1	and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and
2	Education Affordability Reconciliation Act of 2010;
3	(H) the budgetary effects of measures reform-
4	ing the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
5	and the Health Care and Education Affordability
6	Reconciliation Act of 2010; and
7	(I) the budgetary effects of measures reforming
8	the tax code and lowering tax rates.
9	(2) A measure does not qualify for adjustments under
10	paragraph (1)(H) if it—
11	(A) increases the deficit over the period of fiscal
12	years 2012 through 2021; or
13	(B) increases revenues over the period of fiscal
14	years 2012 through 2021, other than by—
15	(i) repealing or modifying the individual
16	mandate (codified as section 5000A of the In-
17	ternal Revenue Code of 1986); or
18	(ii) modifying the subsidies to purchase
19	health insurance (codified as section 36B of the
20	Internal Revenue Code of 1986).
21	(c) Other Adjustments.—If a committee other
22	than the Committee on Appropriations reports a bill or
23	joint resolution, or an amendment thereto or a conference
24	report thereon, providing for a decrease in direct spending
25	(budget authority and outlays flowing therefrom) for any

- 1 fiscal year and also provides for an authorization of appro-
- 2 priations for the same purpose, upon the enactment of
- 3 such measure, the chairman of the Committee on the
- 4 Budget may decrease the allocation to such committee and
- 5 increase the allocation of discretionary spending (budget
- 6 authority and outlays flowing therefrom) to the Committee
- 7 on Appropriations for fiscal year 2012 and the applicable
- 8 discretionary spending limits by an amount equal to the
- 9 new budget authority (and the outlays flowing therefrom)
- 10 provided for in a bill or joint resolution making appropria-
- 11 tions for the same purpose.

12 SEC. 405. LIMITATION ON LONG-TERM SPENDING.

- 13 (a) In General.—In the House, it shall not be in
- 14 order to consider a bill or joint resolution reported by a
- 15 committee (other than the Committee on Appropriations),
- 16 or an amendment thereto or a conference report thereon,
- 17 if the provisions of such measure have the net effect of
- 18 increasing mandatory spending in excess of
- 19 \$5,000,000,000 for any period described in subsection (b).
- 20 (b) Time Periods.—(1) The applicable periods for
- 21 purposes of this section are any of the first four consecu-
- 22 tive 10-fiscal-year periods beginning with the first fiscal
- 23 year following the last fiscal year for which the applicable
- 24 concurrent resolution on the budget sets forth appropriate
- 25 budgetary levels.

- 1 (2) In this paragraph, the applicable concurrent reso-
- 2 lution on the budget is the one most recently adopted be-
- 3 fore the date on which a committee first reported the bill
- 4 or joint resolution described in paragraph (1).
- 5 SEC. 406. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TRANS-
- 6 ACTIONS.
- 7 (a) In General.—Notwithstanding section
- 8 302(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sec-
- 9 tion 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, and
- 10 section 4001 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
- 11 of 1989, the joint explanatory statement accompanying
- 12 the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the
- 13 budget shall include in its allocation under section 302(a)
- 14 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committee
- 15 on Appropriations amounts for the discretionary adminis-
- 16 trative expenses of the Social Security Administration and
- 17 the United States Postal Service.
- 18 (b) Special Rule.—For purposes of applying sec-
- 19 tion 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, esti-
- 20 mates of the level of total new budget authority and total
- 21 outlays provided by a measure shall include any off-budget
- 22 discretionary amounts.
- 23 (c) Adjustments.—The chairman of the Committee
- 24 on the Budget may adjust allocations and aggregates for
- 25 legislation reported by the Committee on Oversight and

- 1 Government Reform that reforms the Federal retirement
- 2 system, but does not cause a net increase in the deficit
- 3 for fiscal year 2012 and the period comprising fiscal years
- 4 2012 to 2021.

5 SEC. 407. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-

- 6 CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.
- 7 (a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations
- 8 and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—
- 9 (1) apply while that measure is under consider-
- 10 ation;
- 11 (2) take effect upon the enactment of that
- measure; and
- 13 (3) be published in the Congressional Record as
- soon as practicable.
- 15 (b) Effect of Changed Allocations and Ag-
- 16 GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
- 17 from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-
- 18 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-
- 19 tions and aggregates included in this resolution.
- 20 (c) Budget Committee Determinations.—For
- 21 purposes of this resolution, the levels of new budget au-
- 22 thority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement author-
- 23 ity, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or
- 24 period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of
- 25 estimates made by the Committee on the Budget.

- 1 (d) Exemptions.—Any legislation for which the
- 2 chairman of the Committee on the Budget makes adjust-
- 3 ments in the allocations and aggregates of this concurrent
- 4 resolution on the budget and complies with the Congres-
- 5 sional Budget Act of 1974 shall not be subject to the
- 6 points of order set forth in clause 10 of rule XXI of the
- 7 Rules of the House of Representatives or section 405.

8 SEC. 408. FAIR VALUE ESTIMATES.

- 9 (a) Request for Supplemental Estimates.—
- 10 Upon the request of the chairman or ranking member of
- 11 the Committee on the Budget, any estimate prepared for
- 12 a measure under the terms of title V of the Congressional
- 13 Budget Act of 1974, "credit reform", as a supplement to
- 14 such estimate of the Congressional Budget Office shall,
- 15 to the extent practicable, also provide an estimate of the
- 16 current actual or estimated market values representing
- 17 the "fair value" of assets and liabilities affected by such
- 18 measure.
- 19 (b) Enforcement.—If the Congressional Budget
- 20 Office provides an estimate pursuant to subsection (a), the
- 21 chairman of the Committee on the Budget may use such
- 22 estimate to determine compliance with the Congressional
- 23 Budget Act of 1974 and other budgetary enforcement con-
- 24 trols.

56 SEC. 409. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS. 2 (a) In General.—The House adopts the provisions 3 of this title— 4 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of 5 the House of Representatives and as such they shall 6 be considered as part of the rules of the House, and 7 these rules shall supersede other rules only to the 8 extent that they are inconsistent with other such 9 rules; and 10 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional 11 right of the House of Representatives to change 12 those rules at any time, in the same manner, and to 13 the same extent as in the case of any other rule of 14 the House of Representatives. 15 (b) LIMITATION ON APPLICATION.—The following provisions of H. Res. 5 (112th Congress) shall no longer have force or effect: 17 18 (1) Section 3(e) relating to advance appropria-19 tions. 20 (2) Section 3(f) relating to the treatment of off-21 budget administrative expenses. 22 (3) Section 3(g) relating to a long-term spend-23 ing point of order.

24 TITLE V—POLICY

- 25 SEC. 501. POLICY STATEMENT ON MEDICARE.
- 26 (a) FINDINGS.—The House finds the following:

- (1) More than 46 million Americans depend on
 Medicare for their health security.
 - (2) The Medicare Trustees report has repeatedly recommended that Medicare's long-term financial challenges be addressed soon. Each year without reform, the financial condition of Medicare becomes more precarious and the threat to those in and near retirement becomes more pronounced. According to the Congressional Budget Office—
 - (A) the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund will be exhausted in 2020 and unable to pay scheduled benefits; and
 - (B) Medicare spending is growing faster than the economy. Medicare outlays are currently rising at a rate of 7.2 percent per year, and under CBO's alternative fiscal scenario, mandatory spending on Medicare is projected to reach 7 percent of GDP by 2035 and 14 percent of GDP by 2080.
 - (3) Failing to address this problem will leave millions of American seniors without adequate health security and younger generations burdened with enormous debt to pay for spending levels that cannot be sustained.

1	(b) Policy on Medicare Reform.—It is the policy
2	of this resolution to protect those in and near retirement
3	from any disruptions to their Medicare benefits and offer
4	future beneficiaries the same health care options available
5	to Members of Congress.
6	(c) Assumptions.—This resolution assumes reform
7	of the Medicare program such that:
8	(1) Current Medicare benefits are preserved for
9	those in and near retirement, without changes.
10	(2) For future generations, when they reach eli-
11	gibility, Medicare is reformed to provide a premium
12	support payment and a selection of guaranteed
13	health coverage options from which recipients can
14	choose a plan that best suits their needs.
15	(3) Medicare will provide additional assistance
16	for lower-income beneficiaries and those with greater
17	health risks.
18	(4) Medicare spending is put on a sustainable
19	path and the Medicare program becomes solvent
20	over the long-term.
21	SEC. 502. POLICY STATEMENT ON SOCIAL SECURITY.
22	(a) FINDINGS.—The House finds the following:
23	(1) More than 50 million retirees and individ-
24	uals with a disability depend on Social Security for
25	a key part of their income. Since enactment, Social

- Security has served as a vital leg on the "three-legged stool" of retirement security, which includes employer provided pensions as well as personal savings.
 - (2) The Social Security Trustees report has repeatedly recommended that Social Security's long-term financial challenges be addressed soon. Each year without reform, the financial condition of Social Security becomes more precarious and the threat to seniors and those receiving Social Security disability benefits becomes more pronounced:
 - (A) In 2018, the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund will be exhausted and will be unable to pay scheduled benefits.
 - (B) In 2037, the combined Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund will be exhausted, and will be unable to pay scheduled benefits.
 - (C) With the exhaustion of the Trust Funds in 2037, benefits will be cut 22 percent across the board, devastating those currently in or near retirement and those who rely on Social Security the most.

- 1 (3) The current recession has exacerbated the 2 crisis to Social Security. The most recent CBO pro-3 jections find that Social Security has entered into 4 permanent cash deficits.
 - (4) Lower-income Americans rely on Social Security for a larger proportion of their retirement income. Therefore, reforms should take into consideration the need to protect lower-income Americans' retirement security.
 - (5) Americans deserve action by their elected officials on Social Security reform. It is critical that the Congress and the administration work together in a bipartisan fashion to address the looming insolvency of Social Security. In this spirit, this resolution creates a bipartisan opportunity to find solutions by requiring policymakers to ensure that Social Security remains a critical part fo the safety net.

(b) Policy on Social Security.—It is the policy

- of this resolution that Congress should work on a bipartisan basis to make Social Security permanently solvent. This resolution assumes reform of a current law trigger, such that—
- 23 (1)(A) if in any year the Board of Trustees of 24 the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust 25 Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust

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- 1 Fund in its annual Trustees' Report determines that 2 the 75-year actuarial balance of the Social Security 3 Trust Funds is in deficit, and the annual balance of the Social Security Trust Funds in the 75th year is 5 in deficit, the Board of Trustees should, not later 6 than September 30 of the same calendar year, sub-7 mit to the President recommendations for statutory 8 reforms necessary to achieve a positive 75-year actu-9 arial balance and a positive annual balance in the 10 75th year; and
 - (B) such recommendations provided to the President should be agreed upon by both Public Trustees of the Board of Trustees;
 - (2)(A) not later than December 1 of the same calendar year in which the Board of Trustees submits its recommendations, the President shall promptly submit implementing legislation to both Houses of Congress, including recommendations necessary to achieve a positive 75-year actuarial balance and a positive annual balance in the 75th year; and
 - (B) the Majority Leader of the Senate and the Majority Leader of the House should introduce such legislation upon receipt;
- 24 (3) within 60 days of the President submitting 25 legislation, the committees of jurisdiction to which

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1	the legislation has been referred should report such
2	legislation, which should be considered by the full
3	House or Senate under expedited procedures; and
4	(4) legislation submitted by the President
5	should—
6	(A) protect those in and near retirement;
7	(B) preserve the safety net for those who
8	rely on Social Security, including survivors and
9	those with disabilities;
10	(C) improve fairness for participants; and
11	(D) reduce the burden on, and provide cer-
12	tainty for, future generations.
13	SEC. 503. POLICY STATEMENT ON BUDGET ENFORCEMENT.
	(a) FINDINGS.—The House finds the following:
14	(a) I indings.—The House mids the following.
14 15	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget re-
15	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget re-
15 16	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget requests a \$13 trillion increase in the debt subject to
15 16 17	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget requests a \$13 trillion increase in the debt subject to limit over the period of years covered by the budget.
15 16 17 18	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget requests a \$13 trillion increase in the debt subject to limit over the period of years covered by the budget. (2) Under the President's fiscal year 2012
15 16 17 18	 (1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget requests a \$13 trillion increase in the debt subject to limit over the period of years covered by the budget. (2) Under the President's fiscal year 2012 budget, according to the Congressional Budget Of-
115 116 117 118 119 220	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget requests a \$13 trillion increase in the debt subject to limit over the period of years covered by the budget. (2) Under the President's fiscal year 2012 budget, according to the Congressional Budget Office, debt held by the public will rise to 69 percent
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget requests a \$13 trillion increase in the debt subject to limit over the period of years covered by the budget. (2) Under the President's fiscal year 2012 budget, according to the Congressional Budget Office, debt held by the public will rise to 69 percent of gross domestic product in 2011 and will reach
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) The President's fiscal year 2012 budget requests a \$13 trillion increase in the debt subject to limit over the period of years covered by the budget. (2) Under the President's fiscal year 2012 budget, according to the Congressional Budget Office, debt held by the public will rise to 69 percent of gross domestic product in 2011 and will reach 87.4 percent of gross domestic product by 2021.

- sibility and Reform, and ten former Chairmen of the Council of Economic Advisors all concluded that debt is growing at unsustainable rates and must be brought under control.
 - (4) Admiral Mike Mullen, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, stated, "Our national debt is our biggest national security threat.".
 - (5) According to the Congressional Budget Office, if entitlements are not reformed, entitlement spending on Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid will exceed the historical average of revenue collections as a share of the economy within forty years.
 - (6) According to the Congressional Budget Office, under current policies, debt would reach levels that the economy could no longer sustain in 2037 and a fiscal crisis is likely to occur well before that date.
 - (7) To avoid a fiscal crisis, Congress must enact legislation that makes structural reforms to entitlement programs.
 - (8) Instead of automatic debt increases (the "Gephardt rule" was repealed by the House in House Resolution 5) and automatic spending increases, Congress needs to put limits on spending

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- with automatic reductions if spending limits are not met.
- (9) The adoption of a conference report on this
 concurrent resolution will not cause the automatic
 passage of an increase in the debt limit by the
 House of Representatives.
 - (10) Changes in debt levels assumed in this resolution are contingent upon its proposed spending reductions being achieved.
- 10 (11) From 1990 to 2002, there were statutory 11 enforceable limits on discretionary spending.
 - (12) The budget lacks controls over spending in the short-term and the long-term. Greater transparency and controls, particularly for entitlement spending in the long-term, are needed to provide Congress with tools to tackle this growing threat of a fiscal crisis.
- 18 (b) Policy on Debt Controls.—It is the policy of 19 this concurrent resolution on the budget that in order to 20 begin to bring debt under control the following statutory 21 spending and debt controls are needed:
- 22 (1) Enforceable statutory caps on discretionary 23 spending at levels set forth in this fiscal year 2012 24 concurrent resolution on the budget for the period of 25 fiscal years 2012 through 2021.

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1	(2) Any increase in the statutory debt limit be
2	accompanied by the enactment of a budget enforce-
3	ment mechanism to ensure that if spending reduc-
4	tions are not achieved there would be—
5	(A) an across-the-board reduction in
6	spending at the end of the year;
7	(B) a fast-track process or failsafe mecha-
8	nism to give Congress the ability to expedite
9	consideration of legislation to reduce spending
10	and avoid the automatic across-the-board
11	spending reductions; and
12	(C) an exemption of Social Security from
13	these enforcement mechanisms, with Social Se-
14	curity solvency ensured as provide in section
15	502.
16	(3) Limits on total spending with long-term
17	structural reforms that—
18	(A) require—
19	(i) the Office of Management and
20	Budget and the Congressional Budget Of-
21	fice to make long-term budget projections
22	(similar to the timeframes of projections
23	made by the Social Security and Medicare
24	trustees);

1	(ii) the inclusion of the estimated
2	long-term fiscal impact of the President's
3	budget in the President's annual budget
4	submission;
5	(iii) in the Congressional Budget Of-
6	fice's reestimate of the President's budget,
7	an estimate of the long-term impact of the
8	President's budget; and
9	(iv) in Congressional Budget Office
10	estimates on legislation, an estimate of the
11	long-term impact of legislation that has a
12	significant impact on the long-term budgets
13	(B) require enactment of enforceable caps
14	on total spending as a share of gross domestic
15	product as set forth in this resolution;
16	(C) require the review by Congress of Con-
17	gressional Budget Office projections relative to
18	the statutory caps and enactment of legislation
19	to reduce spending to meet those caps;
20	(D) require enactment of an enforcement
21	mechanism to ensure that if these spending re-
22	ductions are not achieved, there would be an
23	across-the-board reduction in spending at the
24	end of the year;

1	(E) require enactment of a fast-track proc-
2	ess or failsafe mechanism to provide Congress
3	with the ability to expedite consideration of leg-
4	islation to reduce spending and avoid the auto-
5	matic across-the-board spending reductions; and
6	(F) exempt Social Security from these en-
7	forcement mechanisms, with Social Security sol-
8	vency ensured as provided in section 501.
9	TITLE VI—SENSE OF THE HOUSE
10	PROVISIONS
11	SEC. 601. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON A RESPONSIBLE DEF-
12	ICIT REDUCTION PLAN MUST CONSIDER ALL
13	PROGRAMS, INCLUDING THOSE AT THE PEN-
14	TAGON AND THE OTHER NATIONAL SECU-
15	RITY AGENCIES.
16	It is the sense of the House that the Nation's debt
17	is an immense security threat to our country, just as Ad-
18	miral Mullen, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, has
19	stated; the Government Accountability Office has recently
20	issued a report documenting billions of dollars of waste
21	and duplication at Government agencies, including the De-
22	partment of Defense, and the Department of Defense has
23	never passed a clean audit; the bipartisan National Com-
24	mission on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform and the bi-
25	partisan Rivlin-Domenici Debt Reduction Task Force

1	were correct in concluding that all programs, including na				
2	tional security, should be "on the table" as part of a det				
3	icit reduction plan; and any budget plan serious about re				
4	ducing the deficit must follow this precept to consider a				
5	programs, including national security programs, the large				
6	est segment of discretionary spending.				
7	SEC. 602. SENSE OF THE HOUSE REGARDING THE IMPOR				
8	TANCE OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT.				
9	It is the sense of the House that—				
10	(1) additional legislative action is needed to en				
11	sure that States have the necessary resources to co				
12	lect all child support that is owed to families an				
13	allow them to pass 100 percent of support on t				
14	families without financial penalty; and				
15	(2) when 100 percent of child support payments				
16	are passed to the child, rather than administrative				
17	expenses, program integrity is improved and child				
18	support participation increases.				
	Passed the House of Representatives April 15, 2011				
	Attest:				

Clerk.

112TH CONGRESS H. CON. RES. 34

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Establishing the budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2012 and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2013 through 2021.