From: Director, Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs

Division, Marine Corps Base, Camp Lejeune

To: Civilian Personnel Division (Attn: Employee Development

Superintendent)

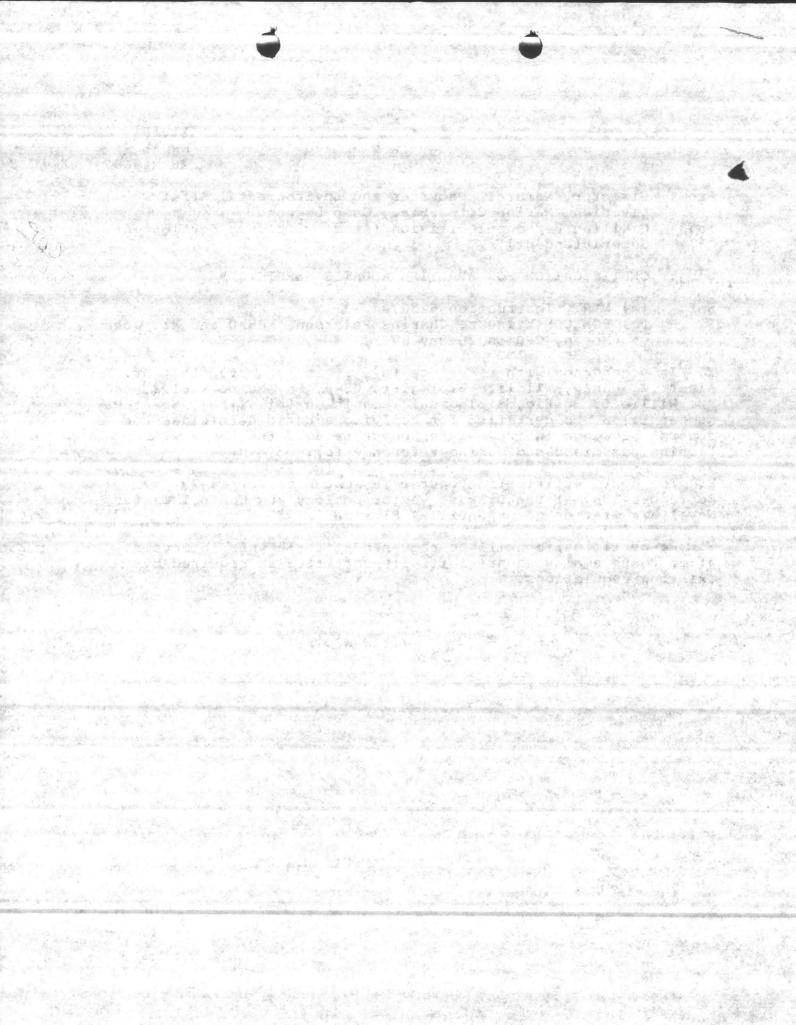
Subj: CERTIFICATION FOR APPLYING AQUATIC HERBICIDES

Ref: (a) NAVFAC Instruction 6250.4

- (b) FONECON btwn Mr. Charles Peterson, NREAD and Mr. John Moran, CPD on 26 May 87
- 1. In accordance with reference (a), it is requested that Mr. Albert C. Henry, Wildlife Biologist, GS-9, Pay Number 18192, and Mr. Willie G. Bostic, Biological Technician (Wildlife), GS-8, Pay Number 11108, be certified for applying aquatic herbicides for control of weeds in fresh water ponds managed for recreational fishing, as discussed during reference (b).
- 2. The next certification course is scheduled for 14-29 September 1987 at the Disease Vector Ecology and Control Center, Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida.
- Re-certification will be required at three year intervals after these employees are initially certified as required by existing regulations.

J. I. WOOTEN

COR Why!



11015 NREAD 28 May 87

From: Director, Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs

Division, Marine Corps Base, Camp Lejeune

To: Civilian Personnel Officer, Marine Corps Base, Camp Lejeune

Subj: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDOUS DIFFERENTIAL

Ref: (a) FONECON btwn Mr. D. Brown, CPD and Mr. Charles Peterson, NREAD, on 21 May 87

(b) FONECON btwn Mr. Moran, CPD and Mr. Charles Peterson, NREAD, on 26 May 87

Encl: (1) Aquathol and Aquathol Plus Herbicide Brochure

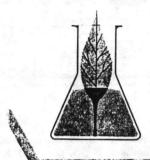
- 1. Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Division, engaged in the management of fresh water ponds for recreational fishing, have recently applied herbicide for the control of aquatic vegetation in fish ponds aboard base. The herbicide, Aquathol Plus was mixed/applied in accordance with directions contained in the enclosure for Water Lily control.
- 2. The herbicide was applied by Mr. Albert Henry, Wildlife Biologist, and Mr. Willie Bostic, Biological Technician, under the general certification control of Insect Vector, Base Maintenance Division. Their time was carried on time cards for environmental hazardous differential pay which was disapproved by Civilian Payroll.
- 3. It is requested that existing regulations be reviewed relative to environmental hazardous duty differential for these employees when applying herbicides for aquatic weed control in fresh water ponds as discussed during reference (a).
- 4. Both employees are being scheduled to attend the Disease Vector Ecology and Control Center, Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida on 14 29 September 1987 for certification, as discussed during reference (b).

J. I. WOOTEN

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# AQUATHOL® and AQUATHOL PLUS

for aquatic weed control

## Two products give broad spectrum control

Two products...AQUATHOL and AQUATHOL PLUS have been developed to give effective control of aquatic weed problems without harm to fish or wildlife. Both products comply with the United States Department of Agriculture regulations and food and drug laws. AQUATHOL controls 15 varieties of weeds found in ponds and lakes. AQUATHOL PLUS broadens the spectrum of control to 24 weed varieties. For best results both products should be applied when plants are young and growing vigorously. Water temperatures should be 65° or warmer.

### Aquathol and Aquathol plus formulations

Liquid AQUATHOL contains the active ingredient endothall in the form of sodium salt. AQUATHOL Granular is the potassium salt. AQUATHOL PLUS contains endothall as well as silvex — both as potassium salts. This product combines the contact type herbicide with a hormone type herbicide. AQUATHOL and AQUATHOL PLUS are available as water soluble liquid formulations and granular formulations. For both products the liquid comes in 5-gallon containers or 30-gallon drums. Granular products are packaged in 50-lb. bags.

#### Kill weeds . Keep fish

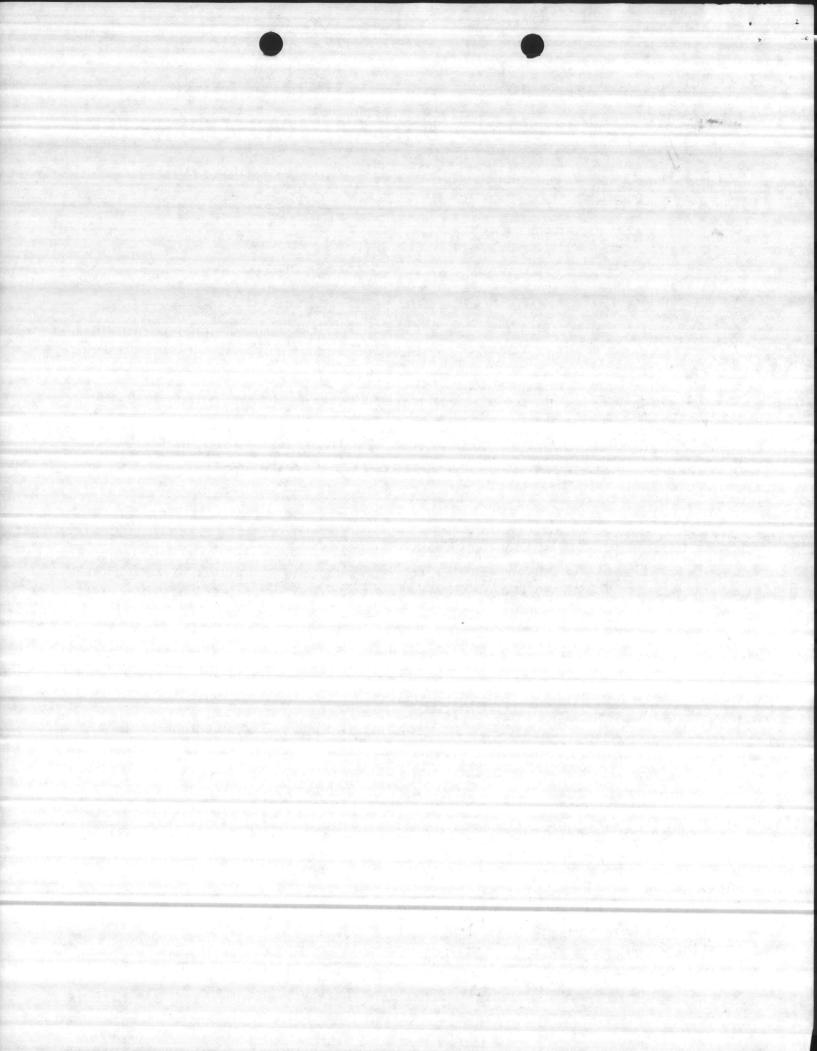
AQUATHOL herbicides offer pond owners, resort owners, park and golf course superintendents and farmers these advantages:

Kills Weeds — AQUATHOL products diffuse readily in water and go to work on weeds immediately. When properly applied they are effective on susceptible weeds.

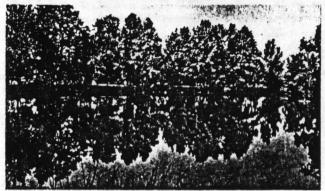
Keeps Fish — There is no harm to fish at the recommended dosage. Tests show that AQUATHOL products would have to be applied at about 20 times the maximum recommended dosage in order to reach a toxic level for most fish. Three days after treatment of water, fish can be used for food. Water containing heavy vegetation should be treated in sections 5 to 7 days apart to prevent suffocation of fish, since decaying weeds remove oxygen from the water.

Easy to Apply — Formulations of the liquid can be applied from the container or diluted with water as a surface spray or injected under water. Granular products can be applied with various mechanical spreaders or broadcast by hand scoop for spot treatment in small areas around piers or docks. AQUATHOL products are non-hazardous for the applicator when used according to directions.

**Economical** — The cost of treating one acre foot of water at 1 ppm with liquid AQUATHOL is \$8.70 and with liquid AQUATHOL PLUS is \$6.25.



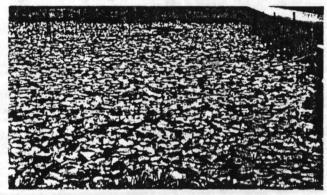
The lake above was so heavily infested with Bushy Pondweed that a boat could not paddle through it.



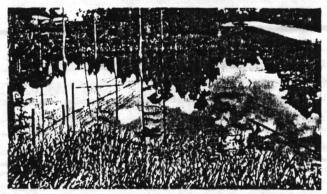
Here's the same lake three weeks after AQUATHOL treatment. It is now a favorite fishing haunt.

# AQUATHOL

Here is a proven aquatic weed killer for many submerged weeds. AQUATHOL works as a contact weed killer. Initial weed kill is generally effected in from 3 to 7 days with complete weed disintegration following. This, of course, depends on the weed species involved plus other factors such as water temperature, microflora of the water and pH. Highly saline waters usually take longer for weed disintegration. Treated water may be used for watering turf immediately. Water may be used for swimming and recreational purposes 24 hours after treatment. Seven days after treatment it may be used for irrigation, agricultural sprays, watering of livestock and domestic purposes. See charts at right for weeds controlled and dosage rates.



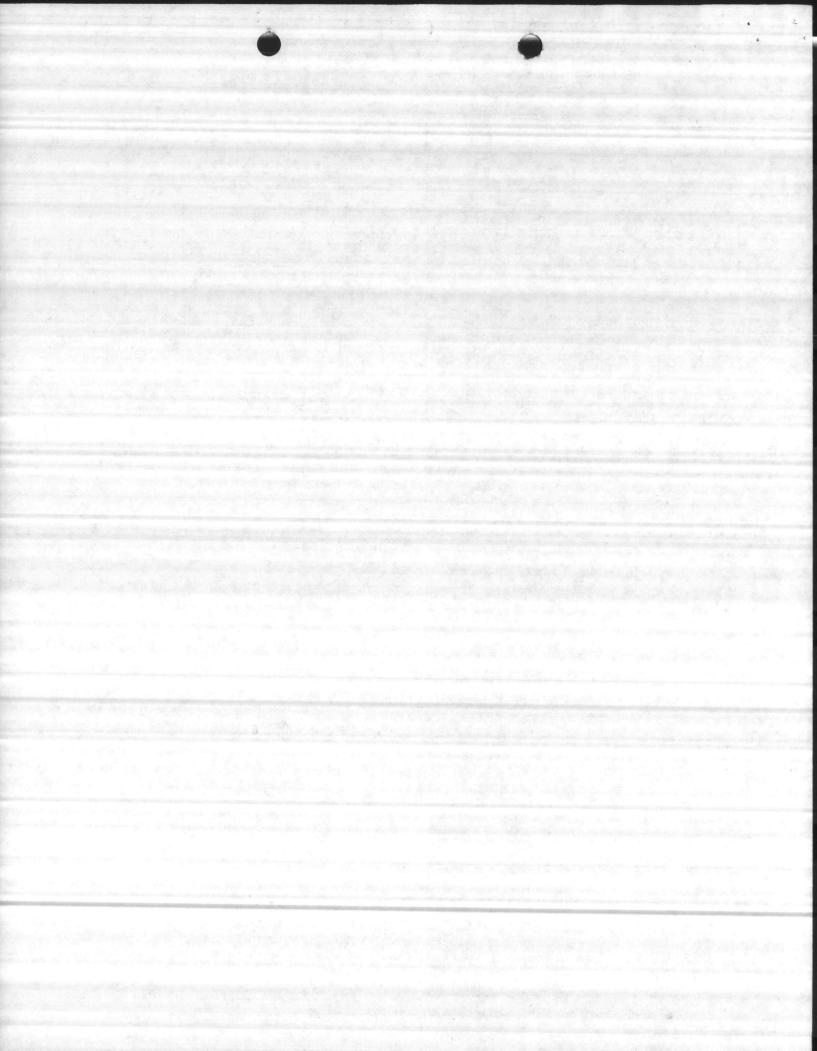
Before AQUATHOL PLUS was applied this 15-acre pond was totally infested with water lilies.



This picture taken five weeks after treatment with AQUATHOL PLUS shows water completely clear of weeds.

### AQUATHOL PLUS

This product is a new addition to the Aquathol line of aquatic weed killers. AQUATHOL PLUS kills a larger number of water weeds, including some emergent weeds in addition to submerged weeds. Some weeds are killed by contact action and some by systemic action. Weeds killed by systemic action die more slowly (2 to 4 weeks); consequently all susceptible weeds will not disappear at the same time. Treated water may be used for swimming and recreational purposes after 24 hours. However, due to presence of a hormone type herbicide it should not be used for irrigation, agricultural sprays, domestic water or watering dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. See charts at right for weeds controlled and dosage rates.



#### These charts will help you easily and accurately determine the amount of Aquation products to use.

(Refer to back page of bulletin for instructions on using charts)

#### CHART 1: AQUATHOL CONTROLS THESE WEEDS WITH THESE PPM\* CONCENTRATIONS

Common Name	Latin Name	Entire Pond or Large Area Treatment
Bass Weed	Potamogeton amplifolius	2-3 ppm
Bur Reed	Sparganium spp.	3-4 ppm
Coontail	Ceratophyllum spp.	1-2 ppm
Milfoil	Myriophyllum spp.	2-3 ppm
Pondweed		44
Bushy	Naias spp.	0.5-1.5 ppm
	Potamogeton nodosus	2-3 ppm
Curly-Leaf	Potamogeton crispus	0.5-1.5 ppm
	Potamogeton diversifolius	1-2 ppm
e calling the Line	Potamogeton filiformis	2-3 ppm
Flat-Stem	Potamogeton zosteriformis	2-3 ppm
Floating-Leaf	Potamogeton natans	1-2 ppm
	Potamogeton pusillus	1-2 ppm
Horned	Zannichellia spp.	1-2 ppm
Sago	Potamogeton pectinatus	1-2 ppm
Water Star Grass	Heteranthera spp.	2-3 ppm

\*ppm indicates 1 part Aquathol to 1,000,000 parts of water. For control of weeds along lake margins, use 3-5 ppm.

#### CHART 2: GALLONS OF AQUATHOL\* TO USE PER ACRE (209' x 209')

AVERAGE DEPTH	PPM CONCENTRATION						
	1 ppm	2 ppm	3 ppm	4 ppm	5 ppm		
1 Ft.	1.3 gal.	2.6 gal.	3.9 gal.	5.2 gal.	6.5 gal.		
2 Ft.	2.6 gal.	5.2 gal.	7.8 gal.	10.4 gal.	13.0 gal.		
4 Ft.	5.2 gal.	10.7 gal.	15.6 gal.	20.8 gal.	26.0 gal.		
6' Ft.	7.8 gal.	15.6 gal.	23.4 gal.	31.2 gal.	39.0 gal.		

"Contains 19.2% disodium salt of endothall or 15.5% endothall (acid) 1.8 lb. disodium salt of endothall or 1.46 lb. endothall (acid) per U. S. gallon

#### **CHART 3: POUNDS OF AQUATHOL GRANULAR\*** TO USE PER 1,000 SQ. FT.

AVERAGE DEPTH	PPM CONCENTRATION						
	1 ppm	2 ppm	3 ppm	4 ppm	5 ppm		
1 ft.	0.6 lbs.	1.2 lbs.	1.9 lbs.	2.5 lbs.	3.1 lbs.		
2 ft.	1.2 lbs.	2.5 lbs.	3.7 lbs.	4.9 lbs.	6.2 lbs.		
4 ft.	2.5 lbs.	4.9 lbs.	7.4 lbs.	9.9 lbs.	12.4 lbs.		
6 ft.	3.7 lbs.	7.4 lbs.	11.1 lbs.	14.8 lbs.	18.5 lbs.		

#### CHART 1A: AQUATHOL PLUS CONTROLS THESE WEEDS WITH THESE PPM\* CONCENTRATIONS

Common Name	Latin Name	Entire Pond of Large Area Treatment	
	SUBMERGED	Part of 2	
Bass Weed	Potamogeton amplifolius	1-2 ppm	
Coontail	Ceratophyllum spp.	1-2 ppm	
Fanwort	Cabomba spp.	2-3 ppm	
Milfoil .	Myriophyllum spp.	2-3 ppm	
Pondweed Bushy	Naias spp.	2-3 ppm	
Curly Leaf	Potamogeton crispus	1-1.5 ppm	
Flat-Stem	Potamogeton zosteriformis	2-3 ppm	
Floating-Leaf	Potamogeton natans	1-2 ppm	
Horned	Zannichellia spp.	1-2 ppm	
Sago	Potamogeton pectinatus	1-2 ppm	
and the same of the same of	Potamogeton nodosus	2-3 ppm	
	Potamogeton diversifolius	1-2 ppm	
	Potamogeton filiformis	2-3 ppm	
	Potamogeton pusillus	1-2 ppm	
Water Cress	Nasturtium spp.	2-3 ppm	
Water Star Grass	Heterenthera spp.	2-3 ppm	
Waterweed **	Elodea spp.	1-2 ppm	
	EMERGENT AND FREE-FLOATING		
Arrowhead	Sagittaria spp.	2-3 ppm	
Bur Reed	Sparganium spp.	3-4 ppm	
Lotus	Nelumbo spp.	2-3 ppm	
Spike Rush	Eleocharis spp.	2-3 ppm	
Water Hyacinth	Eichornia spp.	2-4 ppm	
Water Lily ***	Nuphar spp. (Spatterdock, Cow Lily)	2-3 ppm	
Water Primrose	Jussiaea spp.	2-3 ppm	

For control of weeds along lake margins use 4-6 ppm.

\*ppm indicates 1 part Aquathol Plus to 1,000,000 parts of water.

\*For some species and under some conditions, 2-3 ppm may be required.

\*\*\*Two applications required at recommended rates 30 days apart.

#### CHART 2A: GALLONS OF AQUATHOL PLUS\* TO USE PER ACRE (209' x 209')

AVERAGE	PPM CONCENTRATION						
DEPTH	1 ppm	2 ppm	3 ppm	4 ppm	5 ppm		
1 Ft.	0.5 gal.	1.0 gal.	1.7 gal.	2.1 gal.	2.7 gal.		
2 Ft.	1.0 gal.	2.1 gal.	3.25 gal.	4.25 gal.	5.3 gal.		
4 Ft.	2.1 gal.	4.25 gal.	6.3 gal.	8.5 gal.	10.7 gal.		
6 Ft.	3.25 gal.	6.3 gal.	9.7 gal.	12.8 gal.	16.0 gal.		

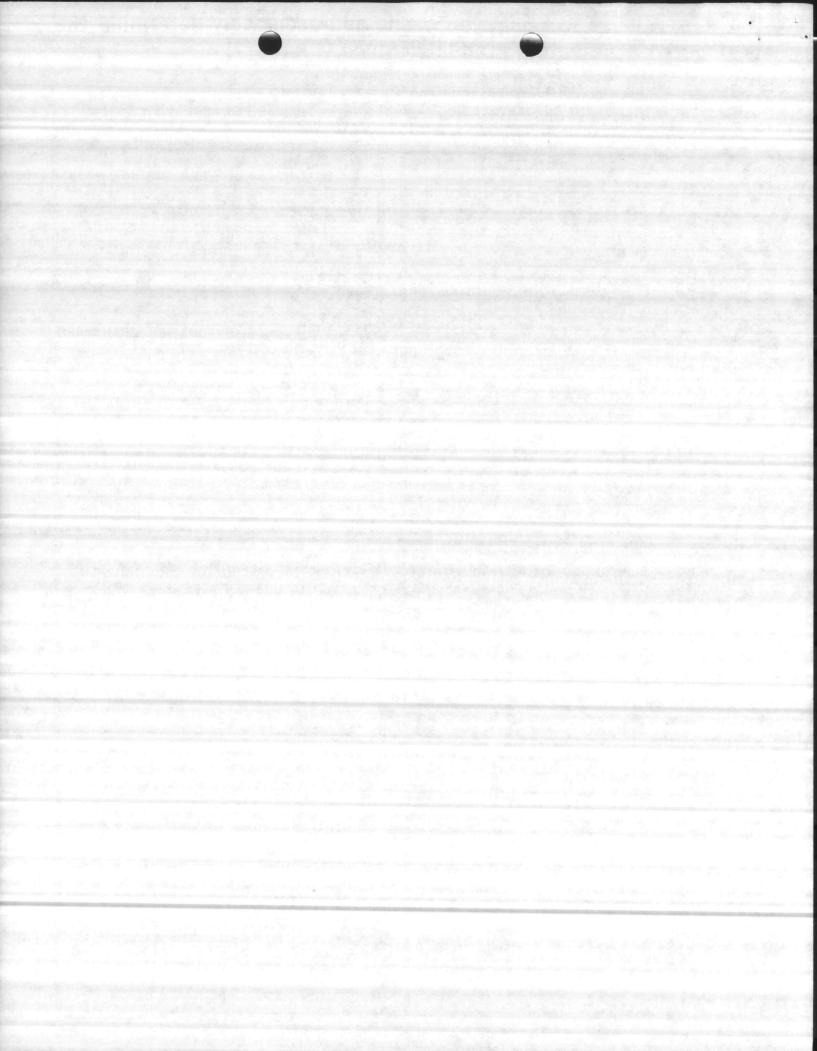
\*Contains 22.1% dipotassium salt of endothall or 15.7% endothall (acid) and 25.3% dipotassium salt of silvex or 22.2% silvex (acid)

2.4 lb. dipotassium salt of endothall or 1.7 lb. endothall (acid) and 2.7 lb. dipotassium salt of silvex or 2.4 lb. silvex (acid) per U. S. gallon

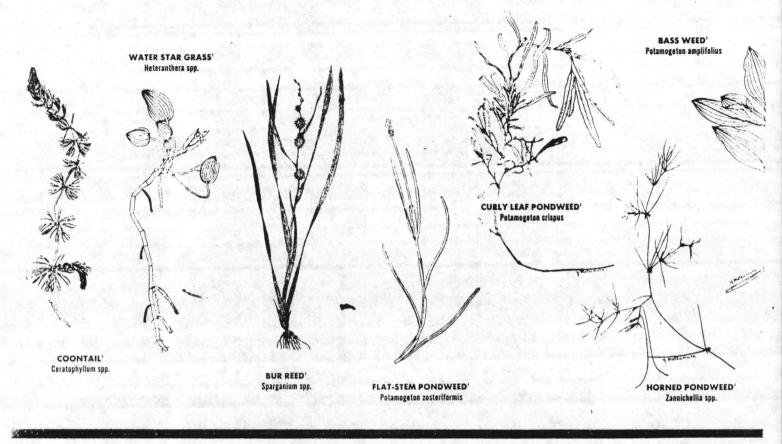
#### CHART 3A: POUNDS OF AQUATHOL PLUS GRANULAR\* TO USE PER 1,000 SQ. FT.

The State	00014	d server	6.77		Part and a second		
AVERAGE DEPTH 1.0 ppm	PPM CONCENTRATION						
	2.0 ppm	3.0 ppm	4.0 ppm	5.0 ppm	6.0 ppm		
1 Ft.	0.6 lbs.	1.2 lbs.	1.8 lbs.	2.4 lbs.	3.0 lbs.	3.5 lbs.	
2 Ft.	1.2 lbs.	2.4 lbs.	3.5 lbs.	4.7 lbs.	5.9 lbs.	7.1 lbs.	
4 Ft.	2.4 lbs.	4.7 lbs.	7.1 lbs.	9.4 lbs.	11.8 lbs.	14.2 lbs.	
6 Ft.	3.5 lbs.	7.1 lbs.	10.6 lbs.	14.2 lbs.	17.7 lbs.	21.2 lbs.	

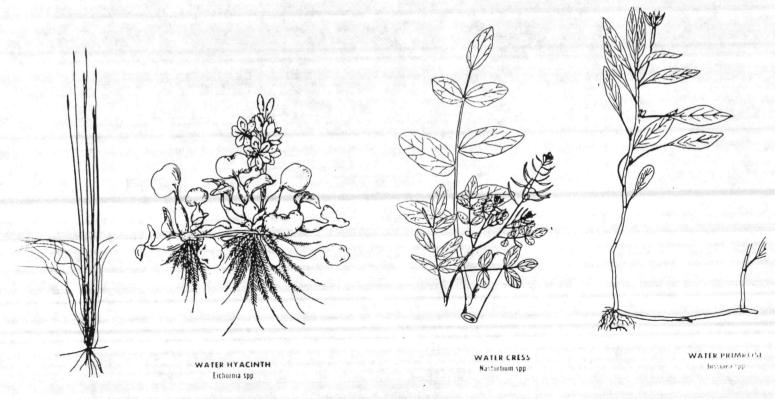
\*Contains 5.1% dipotassium salt of endothall or 3.6% endothall (acid) 5.6% dipotassium salt of silvex or 5.0% silvex (acid)

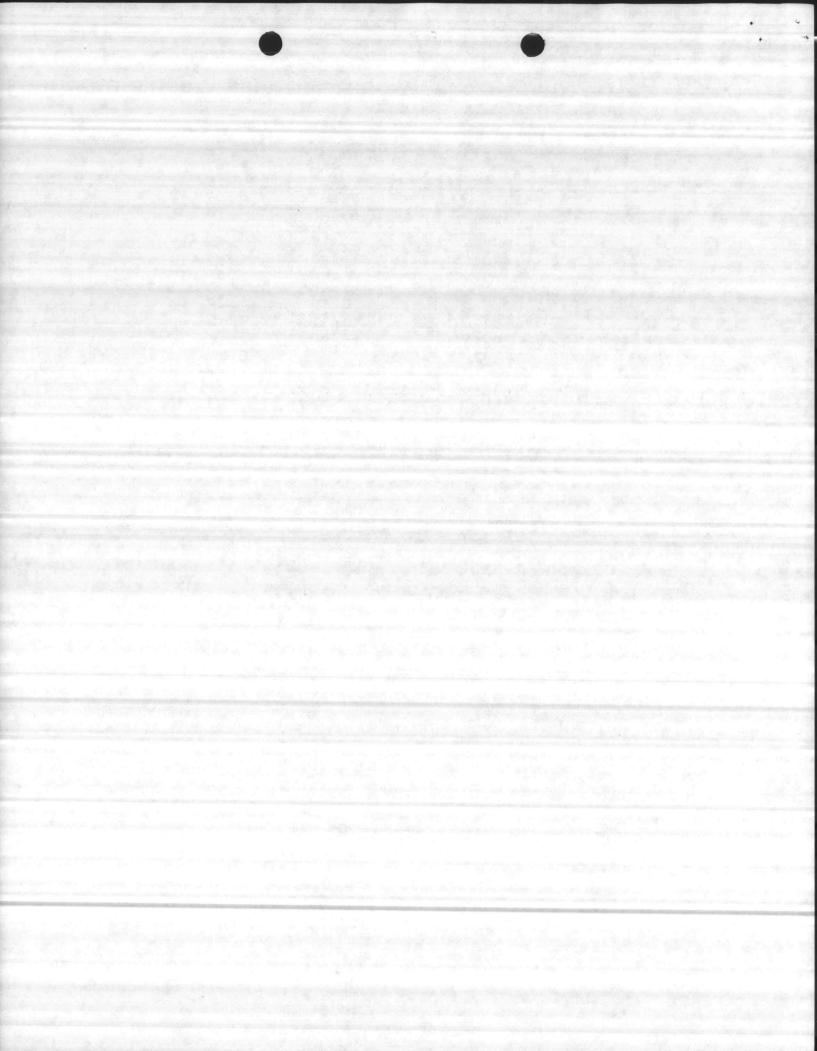


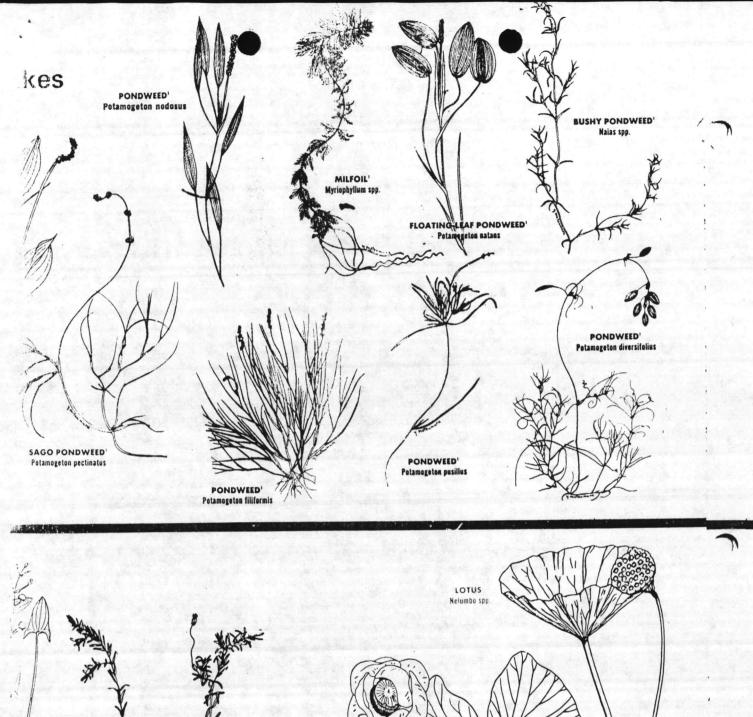
#### AQUATHOL will effectively control these weeds in ponds

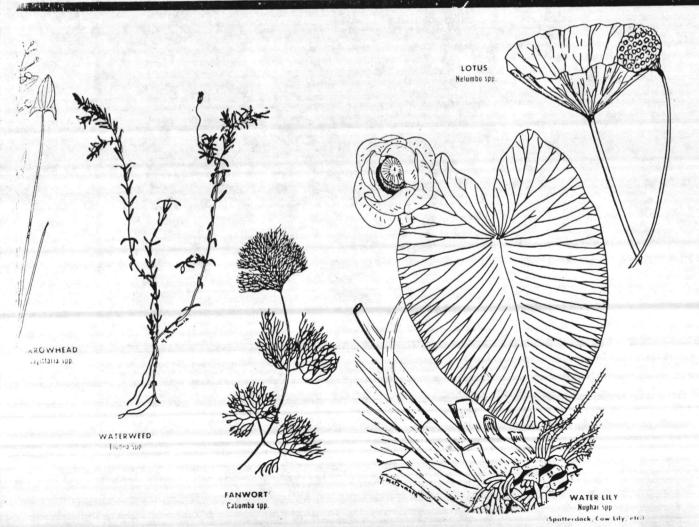


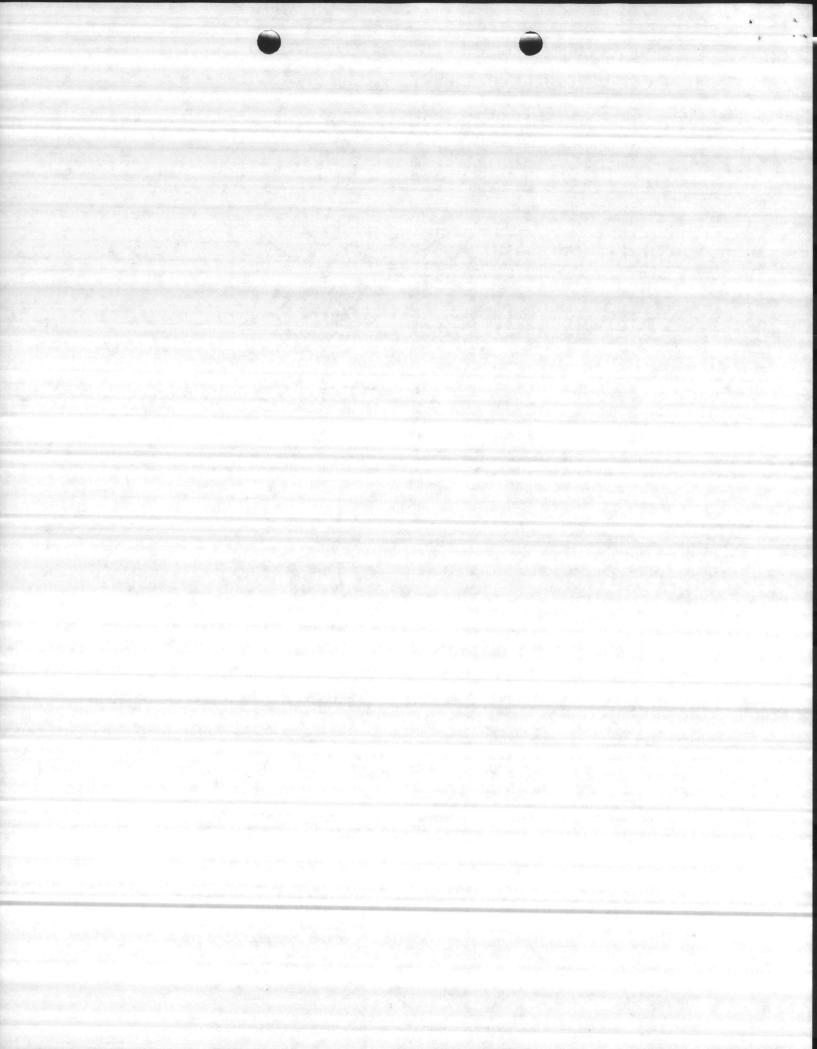
### AQUATHOL PLUS controls these additional weeds











Here's how to determine amount of Aquathol to apply using charts is side this bulletin.

- 1. Identify aquatic weeds correctly
- 2. Determine surface area of water
- 3. Compute average depth of water

For Example: You want to control Coontail with liquid AQUATHOL PLUS in a pond with a surface area of 2 acres and an average depth of 4 feet. In chart 1A you will find that 1-2 ppm concentration is necessary to control Coontail. Then, referring to chart 2A, you read across the 4 ft. average depth line to vertical 2 ppm column. The amount of AQUATHOL PLUS to use is 4.25 gallons for *one* acre or 8.5 gallons for the complete two-acre pond . . . using the higher 2 ppm concentration figure. (If AQUATHOL were to be used in this example, then charts 1 and 2 would be used in a similar manner.)

AVERAGE	PPM CONCENTRATION OF AQUATHOL PLUS						
DEPTH	1 ppm	2 ppm	3 ppm	4 ppm	5 ppm		
1 Ft.	.5 gal.	1.0 gal.	1.7 gal.	2.1 gal.	2.7 gal.		
2 Ft.	1.0 gal.	2.1 gal.	3.25 gal.	4.25 gal.	5.3 gal.		
4 Ft.	2.1 gal.	<b>4.25</b> gal.	6.3 gal.	8.5 gal.	10.7 gal.		
6 Ft.	3.25 gal.	6.3 gal.	9.7 gal.	12.8 gal.	16.0 gal.		



READ AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS — For best results with Aquathol products, read and follow directions and precautions on the container label before using. Apply the proper amount of Aquathol at the correct time for maximum control.

Pennsalt Chemicals Corporation makes no representation or warranty, expressed or implied, concerning this material, except that it conforms to the chemical description on the label. It shall not be held responsible in any manner for any personal injury or property damage or other type of loss resulting from the handling, storage or use of this material.

