

Charlotte
New Bern Wilmington Wilson

## Generator Systems

## Submittal Data

PROJECT: New River Air Station
DATE : March 12, 1984

CUSTOMER: Harris Electric Company
P. 0. \# : 15841

## Bill of Materials

Covington Model CD 425, diesel generator set rated 300 ( 375 KVA ), prime 0.8 PF , 480 volts, 3 phase, 4 wire, 60 hertz. Voltage Regulation $\pm \frac{1}{2} \%$ no load to full load. Frequency Regulation: 3 hertz droop. Frequency stability $0.25 \%$ steady state.

| Description | Data Ref. | Description | Data Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Typical Assembly | $\begin{aligned} & 840702-1 \\ & 840902-1 \end{aligned}$ | Generator | Lima Ser Bulletin <br> Lima Performance |
| Certification Letter | Covington Letterhead |  | Letter <br> Letter Dept. of Navy |
| Engine | 5SA107 |  |  |
| BMEP Calculation | Covington Letterhead | Regulator | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SB-3 } \\ & \text { SPD-3 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Cranking Time | Covington Letterhead | Engine H.P. Curve Standby | E4-7125-32-4 |
| Governor | $\begin{aligned} & F-18080 \\ & F-18087-1 \end{aligned}$ | Engine H.P. Curve, Prime | E4-7125-32-2 |
| Manufacturer's Data | Covington Letterhead | Speed Calculations | Torsonial Anal. |
| Fuel Filter | AC (Pg. 1-3) | Manual Voltage Control | SRK-1 |
| Silencer | Nelson Bulletin | Control Panel | $847-0183-2$ $847-0183-3$ |
|  |  |  | 9906200 |
| Flex Exhaust Connector | Dwg. \#SK-32180 |  | 843-0182-3 |
| Block Heater | EBH-1-4-82 | Remote Control Panel | $\begin{aligned} & 842-0184-2 \\ & 842-0184-3 \end{aligned}$ |
| Vibration Isolators | PTVI-3-16-82 |  |  |
|  | Bulletin K23E | Interconnection Dwg. \# | 842-0184-4 |

$\qquad$
DETROIT DIESEL ALLISON

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| Description | Data Ref. | Description | Data Ref. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Circuit Breaker | $843-0182-2$ |  |  |$\quad$ Battery Charger $\quad$ Bulletin 374-2

# HARRIS ELECTRIC CO. OF WILMIMGTON <br> BOX 4487, WILM., N.C. 28406 

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$\qquad$

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Nissan
$\square$ White/Hercules

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$\square$ reliabilt Components - 10 major items
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IF YOU DESIRE FURTHER INFORMATION ON OUR PRODUCTS OR SERVICES, PLEASE CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX ON REVERSE; PROVIDE YOUR NAME \& ADDRESS, FOLD, STAPLE AND MAIL

## Covington Power Selection Chart


-




## Certification Letter

A. 1- V.A. Hospital

2- Seymour Johnson AFB
B. 1- V.A. Hospital - Fayetteville, N. C.

2- Seymour Johnson AFB - Goldsboro, N. C.
C. 1- V.A. Hospital - March 1977

2- Seymour Johnson A.F.B. - Apri1 1977
D. These units have been in operation for standby purposes since the above dates. I have no record of KW hours available.
E. 1- 498.46 H.P. -350 KW - 1800 RPM

2- 445.45 H.P. - $300 \mathrm{KW}-1800 \mathrm{RPM}$
F. 1- 128.7 BMEP

2- 115BMEP
G. $4.25 \times 5-12$ cylinder - VEE
$4.25 \times 5-12$ cylinder - VEE
mwnte

## Detid Diesel Alisol PRIME FOWER GENERATOB SETS



## STANDARD EQUIPMENT:

Air cleaner: Dry Type.
Automatic Voltage Regulator: Regulation from no load to full load plus/minus $1 \%$.
Base: Fabricated channel steel base.
Electrical Equipment: 24 volt starting motor.
Engine Cooling Pump: Centrifugal type, gear driven.
Exhaust: Exhaust Manifold and outlet flange.
Fan: Axial blower type with wire guard.
Fuel Oil Filter: Replaceable full flow, spin-on paper element type.
Fuel Pump: Gear type.
Generator: AC Brushless, class F insulation or better throughout; meets NEMA, IEEE, ANSI and British Standards.
Governor: Weotwath int

Harness: Wiring harness, switches, terminal block and enclosure.
Injectors: Needle valve, cam operated unit injectors.
Instrument Panel: Includes lube oil pressure gauge, water temperature gauge and starter switch.
Lifting Brackets: Adequate eye brackets provided.
Lube Oil Filter: Replaceable full flow, spin-on paper element type.
Lube Pump: Gear type.
Radiator: Heavy duty type designed for $110^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ( $43.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) ambient.
Shutdown: Automatic for high water temperature, low oil pressure and overspeed.

Optional Equipment Available Upon Request

SPECIFICATIONS:

|  | 60 Hertz | 50 Hertz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime Power Output* |  |  |
| With Fan: |  |  |
| kW at 0.8 PF | 360 | 315 |
| kVA | 450 | 393.75 |
| Without Fan: |  |  |
| kW at 0.8 PF | 380 | 325 |
| kVA | 475 | 406.25 |
| Governed RPM | 1800 | 1500 |
| Engine Type | Two Cycle | Two Cycle |
| Number of Cylinders | 12 | 12 |
| Bore \& Stroke in. | $4.25 \times 5$ 10795 | $4.25 \times 5$ 10795 |
| mm | $\begin{aligned} & 107.95 \\ & \times 127 \end{aligned}$ | 107.95 $\times 127$ |
| Piston Displacement cu. in. | 851.2 | 851.2 |
| litres | 14.0 | 14.0 |
| Compression Ratio | 17:1 | 17:1 |
| Net Weight (Dry) with |  |  |
| Standard Equipment |  |  |
| $\square \mathrm{lbs}$. | 10,040 | 10,150 |
| kg | 4554 | 4604 |
| Shipping Volume cu. ft. | 325 | 325 |
| cu. m. | 9.21 | 9.21 |

The ratings apply for conditions specified in the following International Standards for Declaration of Power: ISO 3046, BS 5514, DIN 6270, BS649-1958, JIS D1005-1976. The "prime power" ratings apply to utility type diesel generator set systems with normally varying load factors. In this application the unit may be operated continuously (24 hours per day) with no deration.
The rating provides for a nominal $15 \%$ reserve overload capability (under the above International Standards) which can be used continuously for an intermittent power requirement.


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## APPLICATION DATA:



BMEP Calculation
$\frac{\mathrm{KW}}{.746 \times \mathrm{Eg}}=$ Required H．P．＋Parasitic（Fan）
4.26

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{300}{.746 \times 94.3}+426.45+19=445.45 \text { H.P. Required } \\
& \frac{\text { BHP } \times 396000}{\text { CID } \times \text { RPM }}=\text { BMEP }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\frac{445.45 \times 396000}{852 \times 1800}=115.02 \text { BMEP }
$$

Cranking Time
$\frac{\text { Amp } \mathrm{Hr} \times 60}{\text { Starter Rolling Current }}=$ Total crank minutes

$$
\frac{205 \times 60}{880}=13.97 \text { Minutes }
$$

## DYNA Power Controls

## Plus 1 or Plus 4 Actuator <br> General

The DYNA Plus 1 or Plus 4 actuator can be operated with any of the DYNA controllers to provide an engine governor for speed and power control of piston and gas turbine engines or steam and water turbines. The actuators can also be used in remote positioning and load control systems.

The actuator is basically a simple, proportional electric solenoid having a sliding armature whose magnetic force is proportional to input coil current. Balanced between the force of its return spring and the magnetic force, the armature glides on anti-friction bearings, providing a hysteresis-free linear movement. Linear motion is converted to an output shaft rotation by a bell crank.

## Typical Applications

- Speed governing
- Tandem engine governing
- No-break engine governing
- Fuel, smoke, torque limiting
- Tailshaft governing
- Remote throttle control
- Test stand throttle control
- Remote valve control
- Remote damper control
- Remote propeller pitch control


## Standard Actuator Features

- All-electric
- All engine compatibility
- Mounts in any position
- Engine mounted
- High reliability due to few moving parts
- Proportional actuator
- No hydraulic or oil line
- No special maintenance
- Spring returns output shaft to minimum position on removal of power or loss of magnetic pickup signal
- Precise repeatability


## Available Actuator Models

- Plus 1 units with clockwise output shaft rotation: DYNC 11000 Standard
DYNC 11001 Actuator head rotated $180^{\circ}$
DYNC 11002 Actuator head rotated $90^{\circ}$
counterclockwise
- Plus 1 units with counterclockwise output shaft rotation:
DYNC 11004 Standard
DYNC 11005 Actuator head rotated $90^{\circ}$ clockwise DYNC 11006 Actuator head rotated $180^{\circ}$

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## Specifications

## - Operating Voltages

Plus 1: 12,24 or 32 VDC; $\pm 20 \%$.
Plus 4: 24 or 32 VDC; $\pm 20 \%$.

## - Ambient Operating Temperature

$-65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $+255^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

- Mechanical Vibration Tested 5 to 500 Hz @ 25G's
- Sealing Unit is oil, water and dust tight.

| ACTUATOR |  | Plus 1 | Plus 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Work | Joules | 1.6 | 5.8 |
|  | Foot-pounds | 1.2 | 4.3 |
| Torque | Newton-Meters | 1.9 | 7.3 |
|  | Pound-foot | 1.4 | 5.4 |
| Output | Rotary | $45^{\circ}$ | $45^{\circ}$ |
| Weight | Kilograms | 5 | 12.2 |
|  | Pounds | 11.0 | 27 |
| Current <br> @12 Vdc | Maximum Amperes@Stall | 11.0 | - |
|  | Nominal Steady State Amperes | 2.5 | - |
| Current <br> (a) 24 Vdc | Maximum Amperes@Stall | 13.5 | 13.0 |
|  | Nominal Steady State Amperes | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| Current <br> @ 32 Vdc | Maximum Amperes@Stall | 12.5 | 11.5 |
|  | Nominal Steady State Amperes | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Nominal Response Time for $\mathbf{6 3 \%}$ of Stroke (Seconds) |  | 0.045 | 0.104 |

## Caution

As a safety measure, Barber-Colman Company recommends that all engines and turbines be equipped with an independent overspeed shutdown device.


Standard Plus 1 Actuator Clockwise Rotation


Plus 4 Actuator


Standard Plus 1 Actuator Counterclockwise Rotation

Typical Installation Diagram


Typical Engine Panel \& Terminal Strip (Not Supplied by Barber-Colman)

Typical +1 or +4 Basic Governor Wiring


Actuator +1 or +4
*The white wire from Pin C must not be connected to the same terminal as the black wire from Pin C.
$\dagger$ Power switch wiring is shown for a negative ground system. When a positive ground system is being wired, the installer should switch (break) both the positive and negative leads.

In Europe contact: Colman Nederland B. V., Maalderij 30, 1185 ZC Amstelveen, The Netherlands. Phone: (020) 4551 57, Telex: 15419 COL NE NL.

## Barber-Colman Companu PRECISION DYNAMICS DIVISION

1300 Rock Street, Rockford, Illinois, U.S.A., 61101 Phone: (815) 877-0241, Telex: 257419

## DYNA Controllers

## GENERAL

The controllers for the DYNA governor series are all solid state design that measures three parameters to provide precise engine control. Separate circuits measure the proportional (amount of offspeed), integral (time of offspeed) and derivative (rate of change of offspeed) values. These three circuits provide control that results in fast, stable engine response to offspeed changes and precise speed regulation.
To provide a governing system these controllers must be used with one of the following DYNA actuators. The actuator specification can be obtained from the product information sheet.


## SPEED SENSING

The DYNA all-electric governor requires a frequency signal to read engine speed. Typically, a hole is drilled and tapped in the flywheel housing perpendicular to the crankshaft, and a magnetic pickup is inserted into it so it senses the teeth on the flywheel. Many other techniques may be used to obtain a speed reference signal.

## SPEED CONTROL RANGE

The governed speed control range for the DYNA I Controller can be as much as 10 to 1 . The actual range attainable depends upon the type of engine, controller and load

## REMOTE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

A remote speed adjustment can be added to any DYNA controller by simply connecting a remote speed potentiometer to the three electrical wires provided in the Barber-Colman standard wiring harness. The Barber-Colman part number for the remote speed potentiometer is DYNS-10000

## FAILSAFE

The DYNA Governor has two failsafe modes: 1) If d-c power to the governor is interrupted, the armature spring automatically moves the output shaft to the "minimum fuel" position. 2) If the speed reference signal is lost, a failsafe circuit in the control instantly removes d-c power from the governor actuator, returning the output shaft to the "minimum fuel" position.

## CAUTION

As a safety measure, Barber-Colman Company recommends that all engines and turbines be equipped with an independent overspeed shutdown device.


## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Speed governing
Tandem engine governing No-break engine governing Propulsion engine governing Tandem propulsion governing Wide speed range governing Tailshaft governing

## STANDARD CONTROLLER FEATURES

All-electric
All engine compatibility
Mounts in any position
Engine mounted or can be off mounted
High reliability
No special maintenance
Temperature stable

## ALL-ENGINE COMPATIBILITY

Since the DYNA all-electric governor requires no mechanical drive or oil supply, it can be used on any engine, even if the engine never had a precision governor before or, for that matter, never had a governor at all. Newly-built engines may be ordered without a governor drive for a substantial savings.

## DIRECT ENGINE INSTALLATION

The DYNA governor and control mount directly on the engine, usually with a simple bracket, and withstand the temperatures usually common to this environment. Since no mechanical drive or hydraulic oil lines are needed, simple electrical wiring permits mounting the governor in any location in any position convenient to connect to the fuel control linkage.
$\bullet$

## SPECIFICATIONS

Available Operating Voltages 12,24 or 32 volts, $\pm 20 \%$. ther voltages on special request.

## mput Signal Frequency

Engine RPM $\times$ Number of Gear
Input Signal $\frac{\begin{array}{c}\text { Teeth on Flywheel }\end{array}}{60 \text { Seconds }}$
Select your controller for the correct input signal frequency range generated by the magnetic pickup at the maximum engine operated (RPM) speed.

## Steady State Speed Band

$\pm 0.2$ percent, isochronous control.

## Ambient Operating Temperature

$-65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $+200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(+95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
Temperature Stability Better than $\pm 0.5$ percent over a temperature range of -55 to $95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-65^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Speed Regulation (Droop) Adjustable from 0 to 15 percent. Remote adjustment optional
Mechanical Vibration Tested 5 to 500 Hz @ 25 G's (peak level on the governor).
Output Signal Pulse width modulated current to DYNA actuator. Maximum output current is 14 amperes.
Circuit Boards Boards are covered with a heavy conformal coating for moisture and vibration protection.

Enclosure Aluminum extrusion.
Meight 635 grams ( 1.4 lbs .).

## DIMENSIONS



Dimensions in mm Inches in Brackets [

## SPEED GOVERNING

DYNA controllers are available for engine governing for speed and power control of piston and gas turbine engines where the fuel is controlled by the governor's output shaft. The controllers are also applicable for controlling steam and water turbines.

## TANDEM ENGINE GOVERNING

DYNA controllers are available for tandem engine operation. The controller provides the precise positioning required for accurate tracking of two governor actuators used for controlling tandem-coupled engines.

## NO-BREAK ENGINE GOVERNING

DYNA controllers are available for no-break operation. The controller is designed to provide dual-mode operation. The controller functions with fixed gain when the engine is declutched and with an adjustable high gain when the engine is coupled to the load.

## PROPULSION GOVERNING

DYNA controllers are available for engine governing of propulsion engine applications. The control has an adjustable low limit feature which is required to maintain correct engine operation due to the loading characteristics of the propeller. The same controller should be used on tandem-coupled propulsion engine applications.

## WIDE SPEED RANGE GOVERNING

DYNA controllers are available for wide speed range governing for speed and power control of piston and gas turbine engines where the fuel is controlled by the governor's output shaft. The controller is designed to provide improved governor performance and control over a wider speed range than the


## AVAILABLE DYNA CONTROLLER PART NUMBERS

Specify voltage 12,24 or 32 volt d-c when ordering

## Speed Controllers

## Part Number

DYN1 10002-2
DYN1 10003-2
DYN1 10004-2
DYN1 10006-2

Configuration A Input Signal Frequency

250 to 1200 Hz
1200 to 2500 Hz
2500 to 5000 Hz 5000 to 9500 Hz

Adjustments available: A, Gain, D, I, L, Droop and Speed (under controller cover).

## Tandem Controller

Part Number
DYN1 10008-2

## No-Break Controller

Part Number
DYN1 10010

## Propulsion Controllers

Part Number
DYN1 10024-2
DYN1 10025-2
DYN1 10026-2

## Configuration A

 Input Signal Frequency2500 to 5000 Hz
Configuration A Input Signal Frequency 2500 to 5000 Hz

Configuration B Input Signal Frequency

250 to 1200 Hz 1200 to 2500 Hz 2500 to 5000 Hz

Adjustments available: A, Gain, D, I, Droop, High Limit, Low Limit and Speed (under controller cover).

## Speed Controllers

## Part Number

DYN1 10112-0
DYN1 10113-0
DYN1 10114-0
DYN1 10116-0

Configuration C Input Signal Frequency
250 to 1500 Hz
1200 to 3000 Hz
2500 to 6000 Hz
5000 to 10000 Hz

Adjustments available: I, Droop and Speed (under controller cover); Stability and Speed Trim (on side of controller).

## Speed Controllers

## Part Number

DYN1 10212-0
DYN1 10213-0
DYN1 10214-0
DYN1 10216-0

Configuration D Input Signal Frequency

$$
250 \text { to } 1500 \mathrm{~Hz}
$$

$$
1200 \text { to } 3000 \mathrm{~Hz}
$$

$$
2500 \text { to } 6000 \mathrm{~Hz}
$$

$$
5000 \text { to } 10000 \mathrm{~Hz}
$$

Adjustments available: Gain, I, Droop and Speed (under controller cover).

Wide Speed Range Controllers Configuration E

Part Number
DYN1 10312-0
DYN1 1.0313-0
DYN1 10314-0
DYN1 10316-0

Input Signal Frequency
250 to 1500 Hz
500 to 3000 Hz 1000 to 6000 Hz 2000 to 12000 Hz

Adjustments available: Gain, D, I, Droop and Speed (under controller cover).


Configuration A


Configuration B


Configuration C


Configuration D


Configuration E


## Modify speed with respect to:

Remote Speed Setting
Time (Ramp Generator)
Electrical Load Change (Load Pulse)
Electrical Load (Isochronous Load Sharing)
Electrical Phase Angle (Synchronizer)
In Pump Applications: Sutput Pressure Output Temperature Liquid Level
(Controller/Recorder Output)

## FEATURES ARE EASY TO ADD

It is easy to add features to the electric governor to provide benefits the customer needs. Remote speed setting, isochronous load sharing, automatic synchronizing, ramp generator, single phase load pulse and KW limits can be added at the time of initial governor installation or, just as easily, added later when the need arises. No modification to the basic governor is required when these features are added. In fact, if the prewired harness is used, the wires necessary to add these features are often already provided, so it is indeed easy to add features.

## AUXILIARY CONTROL MODULES

Four auxiliary control modules are available: Isochronous Load Sharing Control, Auto-Synchronizer, Ramp Generator, and Single Phase Load Pulse Control. These and other auxiliary 'functions can be installed at the time of the initial governor installation or, just as easily, added later when the need arises. No modification is required to the basic governor when these modules are added.

In Europe contact: Colman Nederland B.V., Maalderij 30, 1185 ZC Amstelveen, The Netherlands. Phone: (020) 4551 57, Telex: 15419 COL NE NL.

## Barber-Colman Compan4 precision dynamics division

1300 Rock Street, Rockford, Illinois, U.S.A. 61101
Phone: (815) 877-0241, TELEX: 257-419


## Manufacturer's Data

1. No foot valve will be furnished in the underground tank.

A solenoid valve will be furnished on the inlet side of the day tank.
2. The $12 \mathrm{~V}-71 \mathrm{~T}$ engine has a primary and secondary A.C. fuel filter. See attached for additional information.
3. Battery charger will operate on 277 volt single phase.

## FUEL STRAINER AND FUEL FILTER

## (Spin-On Type)

A spin-on type fuel strainer and fuel filter (Fig. 5) is ed on certain engines. The spin-on filter cartridge nsists of a shell, element and gasket combined into a unitized replacement assembly (Fig. 6). No separate springs or seats are required to support the filters.

The filter covers incorporate a threaded sleeve to accept the spin-on filter cartridges. The word "Primary" is cast on the fuel strainer cover and the word "Secondary" is cast on the fuel filter cover for identification.

No drain cocks are provided on the spin-on filters. Where water is a problem, it is recommended that a water separator be installed. Otherwise, residue may be drained by removing and inverting the filter. Refill the filter with clean fuel oil before reinstalling it.

Filter Replacement
A $1^{11}$ diameter twelve-point nut on the bottom of the filter is provided to facilitate removal and installation.

Replace the filter as follows:

1. Unscrew the filter (or strainer) and discard it.
2. Fill a new filter replacement cartridge about twothirds full with clean fuel oil. Coat the seal gasket lightly with clean fuel oil.
3. Install the new filter assembly and tighten it to onehalf of a turn beyond gasket contact.
4. Start the engine and check for leaks.


Fig. 5 - Typical Spin-On Filter Mounting


Fig. 6 - Spin-On Filter Details

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y
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and supply has reached all of the turbocharger moving parts. A good indicator that all the moving parts are getting lubrication is when the oil pressure gage registers pressure ( $10 \mathrm{psi}-69 \mathrm{kPa}$ at idle speed).

CAUTION: Do not hold the compressor wheel, for any reason, while the engine is running. This could result in personal injury.

If the engine is equipped with a governor oil filter, change the element every 1,000 hours or 30,000 miles.

Check for oil leaks after starting the engine.

## Item 13 - Fuel Strainer and Filter

Install new elements every 300 hours or 9,000 miles or when plugging is indicated.

A method of determining when elements are plugged to the extent that they should be changed is based on the fuel pressure at the cylinder head fuel inlet manifold and the inlet restriction at the fuel pump. In a clean system, the maximum pump inlet restriction must not exceed 6 inches of mercury ( 20.3 kPa ). With 6 and 8 V non-turbocharged engines, at normal operating speed and with .080 " restriction fittings, the fuel pressure is $45-70 \mathrm{psi}(310-483 \mathrm{kPa})$. With 16 V non-turbocharged engines, at normal operating speeds and with $.070^{\prime \prime}$ restriction fittings, the fuel pressure is $30-65 \mathrm{psi}(207-448 \mathrm{kPa})$. With turbocharged engines, at normal operating speeds and with either .080 " or $.070 "$ restriction fittings, the fuel pressure is $50-70 \mathrm{psi}$ ( $345-483 \mathrm{kPa}$ ). Change the fuel filter elements


Item 13
whenever the inlet restriction (suction) at the fuel pump reaches 12 inches of mercury ( 41 kPa ) at normal operating speeds and whenever the fuel pressure at the inlet manifold falls to the minimum fuel pressure shown above. Refer to the chart.

## Item 14 - Coolant Filter

If the cooling system is protected by a coolant filter and conditioner, the filter element should be changed every 500 hours or 15,000 miles. Select the proper coolant filter element in accordance with the instructions given in Engine Coolant in this section. Use a new filter cover gasket when installing the filter element. After replacing the filter and cover gaskets, start the engine and check for leaks.

## Item 15 - Starting Motor

The electrical starting motor is lubricated at the time of original assembly. Oil can be added to the oil wicks, which project through each bushing and contact the armature shaft, by removing the pipe plugs on the outside of the motor. The wicks should be lubricated whenever the starting motor is taken off the engine or disassembled.

The Sprag overrunning clutch drive mechanism should be lubricated with a few drops of light engine oil whenever the starting motor is overhauled.

## Item 16-Air System

Check all of the connections in the air system to be sure they are tight. Check all hoses for punctures or other damage and replace, if necessary.

## Item 17-Exhaust System

Check the exhaust manifold retaining nuts, exhaust flange clamp and other connections for tightness. Check for proper operation of the exhaust pipe rain cap, if one is used.

## Item 18-Air Box Drain Tube

With the engine running, check for flow of air from the air box drain tubes every 1,000 hours or 30,000 miles. If the tubes are clogged, remove, clean and reinstall the tubes. The air box drain tubes should be cleaned periodically even though a clogged condition is not apparent.

If the engine is equipped with an air box drain tank, drain the sediment periodically.

[^1]

# Residential "200" Level Exhaust Silencers 

TYPICAL ATTENUATION CURVE dB(A)


## Application:

Nelson Residential Level Silencers are designed oo reduce total engine exhaust noise 18-25 $\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$. These silencers are recommended where moderate silencing is required.

## Construction:

Mild Steel: Nelson silencers over 26.1 O.D. are fabricated of mild steel as standard material. Maximum operating temperature is $1100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
Aluminized Steel: Nelson silencers through 26.1 O.D. are fabricated of aluminized steel as standard materials. This material has superior corrosion resistance as compared to mild steel. Maximum operating temperature is $1250^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
Silicon Aluminum Paint: Nelson silencers through 26.1 O.D. are given a coat of high heat resisting silicon aluminum paint.
Gray Primer: Nelson silencers over 26.1 O.D. are given a coat of high heat resisting gray primer as standard paint.

" F " Mounting Flange
Standard in sizes $4^{\prime \prime}$ to $14^{\prime \prime}$. Drilling matches 125/150\# ASA standard.

## "P"' Pipe Ends

NPT ends offered in sizes $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ through $4^{\prime \prime}$.

Companion flanges available for $4^{\prime \prime}$ to $14^{\prime \prime}$. Threaded flanges available for $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ through $4^{\prime \prime}$.

PRESSURE DROP:


## Sample Specification:

The silencer is to be a Nelson Residential " 200 " Level Silencer constructed of aluminized steel ( 26.1 inch body diameter and smaller) or mild steel (larger than 26.1 inch body diameter) with all welded construction and suitable for mounting in any position. The silencer shall be complete with the following Nelson accessories:

TYPE 1


TYPE 3


| Model Number | $\stackrel{\text { A }}{\text { Nominal }}$ Inlet Dia. | B. Body Dia. OD. | C <br> Body Length | D. <br> Over All Length | Offset To C/L | F. To C/L | G Inlet Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41207 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 4.2 | 14.3 | 17.3 | 0 | 0 | 1.5 |
| 41210 | 1 " | 5.0 | 16.0 | 20.0 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 41213 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 5.6 | 20.8 | 24.8 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 41215 | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7.6 | 22.6 | 26.6 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 41220 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | 8.1 | 31.6 | 35.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| 41225 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 9.0 | 37.8 | 42.8 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.5 |
| 41230 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 38.0 | 44.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 |
| 41235 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 44.0 | 50.0 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.0 |
| 41240 | $4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 49.0 | 55.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| 41250 | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | 14.1 | 43.4 | 51.4 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| 41260 | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | 14.1 | 57.4 | 65.4 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| 41280 | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | 22.1 | 56.0 | 64.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 41282 | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | 22.1 | 84.0 | 92.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 41284 | 12" | 26.1 | 79.0 | 87.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 41286 | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | 36.1 | 94.0 | 101.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 41288 | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | 42.1 | 107.0 | 115.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 1299 | 18" | 42.1 | 107.0 | 115.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 41221 | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | 48.3 | 133.0 | 140.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 41222 | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | 54.3 | 135.0 | 143.0 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 |

TYPE 2


| Model Number | $\stackrel{\text { A. }}{\text { Nominal }}$ Inlet Dia. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B. } \\ & \text { Body } \\ & \text { Dia } \\ & \text { O.D. } \end{aligned}$ | C <br> Body Length | D. All Length | $\underset{\text { Offset }}{\text { E. }}$ To C/L | $\stackrel{F}{\text { F.fiset }}$ To C/L | G Inlet Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42207 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 4.2 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| 42210 | 1" | 5.0 | 15.9 | 15.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| 42213 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 5.6 | 20.7 | 20.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| 42215 | 111/2" | 7.6 | 22.6 | 22.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| 42220 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | 8.1 | 31.6 | 31.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.0 |
| 42225 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 9.0 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 2.5 |
| 42230 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 |
| 42235 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 44.0 | 44.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| 42240 | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.0 |
| 42250 | 5 " | 14.1 | 43.4 | 43.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 4.0 |
| 2260 | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | 14.1 | 57.4 | 57.4 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 4.0 |


| Model Number |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { B } \\ \text { Body } \\ \text { Dia } \\ \text { O.D. } \end{gathered}$ | C <br> Body Length |  | Offset To C/L | $\stackrel{\text { F }}{\text { Offset }}$ To C/L | G Inlet Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43207 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 4.2 | 14.3 | 15.8 | 1.9 | 0 | 1.5 |
| 43210 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 5.0 | 15.9 | 17.9 | 2.0 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 43213 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 5.6 | 20.7 | 22.7 | 2.2 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 43215 | 11/2" | 7.6 | 22.6 | 24.6 | 2.6 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 43220 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | 8.1 | 31.6 | 33.6 | 3.3 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 43225 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 9.0 | 37.8 | 40.3 | 3.9 | 1.5 | 2.5 |
| 43230 | $3{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 38.0 | 41.0 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 3.0 |
| 43235 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 44.0 | 47.0 | 4.5 | 2.1 | 3.0 |
| 43240 | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 49.0 | 52.0 | 5.0 | 0 | 3.0 |
| 43250 | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | 14.1 | 43.4 | 47.4 | 5.7 | 2.5 | 4.0 |
| 43260 | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | 14.1 | 57.4 | 61.4 | 6.7 | 3.0 | 4.0 |
| 43280 | 8' | 22.1 | 56.0 | 60.0 | 11.0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 43282 | 10" | 22.1 | 84.0 | 88.0 | 11.0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 43284 | 12" | 26.1 | 79.0 | 83.0 | 12.5 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 43286 | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | 36.1 | 93.7 | 102.3 | 14.8 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 43288 | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | 42.1 | 102 | 106 | 16 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 43299 | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 42.1 | 107 | 110 | 19 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 43221 | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | 48.3 | 133 | 137 | 20 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 43222 | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | 54.3 | 135 | 139 | 21 | 0 | 4.0 |

## TYPE 4



| Model Number | $\stackrel{\text { A. }}{\text { Nomal }}$ Inlet Dia. | $\begin{gathered} \text { B. } \\ \text { Body } \\ \text { Dia } \\ \text { O.D. } \end{gathered}$ | C. <br> Body <br> Length | Diver All Length | Offset To C/L | Offset <br> Offse <br> C/L | G Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44640 | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | 10.1 | 49.7 | 52.4 | 24.9 | 0 | 3.0 |
| 44650 | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | 14.1 | 43.8 | 47.6 | 21.9 | 2.6 | 4.0 |
| 44660 | 6" | 14.1 | 57.8 | 61.6 | 28.9 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 44680 | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | 22.1 | 55.9 | 60.0 | 28.0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 44682 | 10" | 22.1 | 84.0 | 88.0 | 42.0 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 44684 | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 26.1 | 79.0 | 83.0 | 39.5 | 0 | 4.0 |
| 44686 | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | 36.1 | 87.7 | 91.3 | 43.8 | 0 | 4.0 |

P.O. Box 428 - HWY 51 West

Stoughton, WI 53589
Area (608) 873-4200
Telex 265-433


NOTE: DASHED LINES : WIRING BY OTHERS


WATTS $1-4000$

$\bullet$


## WHY USE ELASTOMER*VIBRATION ISOLATORS?

Korfund Elastomer isolators provide low cost vibration isolation. Standard deflection designs provide up to $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ deflection, and double deflection designs provide up to $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deflection. Most dynamic machines generate high frequency disturbances which we perceive as noise; these isolators are excellent in preventing structural noise transmission.

Korfund mounts are neoprene which is resistant to oils, acids and alkalis commonly encountered in industry. Normal temperature tolerance $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. These mounts are so designed as to provide features of shear and compression for highest isolation efficiency, and for protection against shock overload. In addition, steel plates are molded in the mount's top and bottom surfaces to distribute loads more efficiently.
The basic resilient element of Korfund Elastomer mounts is available in both a floor-mounted design (SERIES F) and in a hanger mounted design (SERIES H), with all dimensions, loading, and deflection characteristics being the same in both design series. Each series is available in two static deflection ranges which are a function of mounting height, and in a broad range of loading capacities which are a function of mount size and elastomer durometer.

SERIES F mountings (floor mounts) are used in the same manner as vibration isolating pad-type materials, beneath a very wide variety of air conditioning, industrial, and business machines. In addition to providing isolation, they also speed machine installations by eliminating, in most cases, bolting to floors, due to the very effective ribbed construction of the non-skid base plate.
SERIES H mountings (hangers) are used to eliminate the transmission of vibration and structure-borne noise from suspended equipment and piping. The hangers may be fastened to the ceiling, or inserted in the hanger rods. A special feature (sizes $A, A A, B \& B B$ ) is the tapering of the housing sides, permitting easier access to fastening bolts.

SERIES AH ceiling hangers have been designed specifically for use with suspended ceilings. They control impact noise, vibration and sound transmitted through floor-ceiling constructions by decoupling and isolating ceilings from floors. They also reduce the possibility of developing cracks in the ceiling by allowing relative movement between ceiling and floor. Optional fastening devices such as hook rods, eye straps or eye rods are offered to meet varying installation requirements.

## HOW TO SELECT KORFUND ELASTOMER MOUNTS

Example: Select isolators for a floor-mounted compressor located in a basement on a heavy concrete floor. SPEED: 1200 rpm . WEIGHT: 2400 pounds.

1) Assuming uniform weight distribution at four points, load per mount is 600 pounds.
2) From Table 1, select the mount with the required load capacity (Load capacity shown is maximum for static load; not to be exceeded. Dynamic load application requires reduction of load capacity.) Example: FCC-720 (Red) or FC-720 (Red) can be used.
3) To determine deflection of isolator under static load, divide load per mount by the mount static constant. Example: FCC-720 (Red) $600 \div 1440=$ $0.416^{\prime \prime}$ or for FC-720 (Red) $600 \div 2880=0.208^{\prime \prime}$.
4) To determine isolation efficiency, use this formula:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \quad \% \text { efficiency }=100+\frac{100}{1-\left(\frac{\mathrm{fd}}{188}\right)^{2} \frac{\Delta_{s}}{\mathrm{C}}} \\
& \mathrm{fd}=\text { disturbing frequency (rpm) } \\
& \Delta_{s}=\text { static deflection (see step 3) } \\
& \mathrm{C}=\text { dynamic conversion coef. (from Table II) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Example:


Do not use mounts whose efficiency is negative or greater than $100 \%$.

## HOW TO SPECIFY KORFUND ELASTOMER MOUNTS

[^2](Insert pertinent deflection from Korfund Bulletin K23). Mountings shall be Korfund Series F Elastomer Vibration Isolators.
SERIES H: The isolation hangers shall consist of a steel housing and a one-piece elastomeric isolation unit having all metallic surfaces covered with elastomer material to resist corrosion. They shall be capable of static deflections not less than inches at rated load. (Insert pertinent deflection from Korfund Bulletin K23). Hangers shall be Korfund Series H Elastomer Vibration Isolators.


TABLE I


HOW TO ORDER KORFUND ELASTOMER MOUNTS
A complete designation for ordering mounts consists of: USE-CODE, SIZE-CODE and LOADING-CODE. (The COLOR CODE - not needed when ordering - refers to the color in which the full designation is stamped on the mounting.)


Single letter denotes standard deflection; double letter denotes double deflection.

5000
LOADING-CODE Denotes maximum allowable loading.

WHITE COLOR-CODE For convenience For convenience

Winding Card No: 818
Phase: 3 RPM: 1800
Insulation Class: F Stator; H Rotor

Frame Size: 680
Hertz: 60

Voltage: 240/480
No. of Leads: 12
Armourtisseur Winding: Full

Ratings at 0.8 Power Factor [PF], $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Ambient Temperature

| $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ RISE: | $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ | KW | $\mathbf{3 7 5}$ | KVA |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ RISE: | $\mathbf{4 0 0}$ | KW | $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ | KVA |
| $130^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ RISE: | 450 | KW | $\mathbf{5 6 2}$ | KVA |

Efficiencies

| LOAD | VOLTAGE | 300 KW | 400 KW | 450 KW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FULL LOAD | $240 / 480$ | 94.3 | 93.7 | 93.2 |
| $3 / 4$ LOAD | $240 / 480$ | 94.2 | 94.1 | 93.8 |

Load Acceptance/Rejection Data

|  | KW | voltage | LOAD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \%VOLTAGEDIP } \\ & \text { (L.B.O.) } \end{aligned}$ | RECOVERY TIME (Sec.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACCEPTANCE W/ STANDARD VOLTAGE REGULATOR | 300 | 240/480 | Full | 15.2 | . 5 |
|  | 400 | 240/480 | Full | 19.4 | 5 |
|  | 450 | 240/480 | Full | 21.2 | . 6 |
| REJECTION W/ STANDARD vOLTAGE REGULATOR | 300 | 240/480 | Full | 16.0 | . 5 |
|  | 400 | 240/480 | Full | 20.5 | . 5 |
|  | 450 | 240/480 | Full | 22.0 | . 6 |

L.B.O. -Light Beam Oscillograph Measurement.

## Exciter Data

Type: ROTATING BRUSHLESS
Rectifier: : 3 PHASE-FULL WAVE BRIDGE
NUMBER OF POLES: 6

| EXCITATION@ |  | VDC N.L | VDC F.L. | AMPS N.L. | AMPS F.L. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | KW | 28.5 | 114.2 | .73 | 2.28 |
| 400 | KW | 28.5 | 142.2 | .73 | 2.84 |
| 450 | KW | 28.5 | 163.6 | .73 | 3.27 |

Resistances: $\quad\left(0 \mathrm{HMS} 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ )

Main Stator: . 007
Main Rotor: . 777

Exciter Stator: 38
Exciter Rotor: . 101
$\bullet$

| W.C. 818 | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \mathrm{KW} \\ & 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { RISE } \end{aligned}$ | 400 KW <br> $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ RISE | $\begin{gathered} 450 \mathrm{KW} \\ 130^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { RISE } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SHORT CIRCUIT RATIO | . 673 | . 505 | . 449 |
| TELEPHONE INFLUENCE FACTOR OPEN CIRCUIT ( 1960 WEIGHTINGS) | LESS THAN 50 | LESS THAN 50 | LESS THAN 50 |
| MAXIMUM TOTAL RMS HARMONIC DISTORTION WYE CONNECTED, LINE TO LINE, FULL LOAD, 0.8 PF | 5\% | 5\% | 5\% |
| MAXIMIUM SINGLE HARMONIC, WYE CONNECTED LINE TO LINE, FULL LOAD, 0.8 PF | 3\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| DIRECT AXIS REACTANCES: Per Unit (PU) |  |  |  |
| SYNCHRONOUS (Xd) | 2.202 | 2.935 | 3.302 |
| $\text { TRANSIENT } \quad\left(X^{\prime} \mathrm{d}\right)$ | . 180 | . 240 | . 270 |
| SUBTRANSIENT ( $\mathrm{X}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ ) | . 106 | . 141 | . 159 |
| NEGATIVE SEQUENCE ( $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ ) | . 107 | . 143 | . 160 |
| ZERO SEQUENCE ( $\mathrm{X}_{0}$ ) | . 012 | . 016 | . 018 |

Note: This data is "typical" and may vary slightly for a specific unit.


The Lima Electric Co., Inc.
A Condec Company P.O. Box 918 Lima, OH 45802 (419) 227-7327

TLX 24-2433 LIMA ELEC LIM

January 10, 1984

Mr. Dean Lankford
COVINGTON DIESEL, INC.
I40 \& Sampson Road P.O. Box 9418

Greensboro, NC 27408
REFERENCE: Dept. of the Navy, New River Contract N62470-83-B-5840

Dear Mr. Lankford:
The Lima generator, Model 818 type SER, quoted for the above referenced contract meets or exceeds the performance and quality requirements of the solicitation and conforms to the below listed specification.

ITEM 1 - Lima mode1 0818, type A.C. Electrical Generator -300 KW, $375 \mathrm{KVA}, 0.8 \mathrm{PF}, 3 / 60,480 \mathrm{~V}, 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient $/ 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rise, Class F insulation, 1800 RPM, single bearing, open enclosure, Lima 680 frame generator is capable of $10 \%$ overload as required without exceeding $80^{\circ}$ temperature rise.

ITEM 2 - Voltage Regulator \& Accessory Package * Basler SR-8F automatic regulator, $1 / 2 \%$ voltage regulation, single phase sensing, remote rheostat, and EMI Suppressed conforming to MIL-STD-461B radiated and conducted. * Basler UFOV260 under frequency over voltage module complete with breaker.

* Basler MVC-300 manual voltage control for remote mounting as required.

Lima Electric generators in lieu of fused diodes utilize a"state of the art" rectifier design oversizing diodes so that exciter cannot excite beyond diode rating.
$\bullet$

Lima's Quality Procedures are based on MIL-I-45208A as approved by resident in-house DCAS representative.

Lima Electric's approval letter by the Naval Sea Systems Command, Washington, D.C. for the utilization of type SER generators in Naval installations is attached.

Thank you for quoting Lima. We look forward to being of future service. Sincerely,


MES: dak

## CC: Don Swartz Swart Sales

Attachment

Gentlemen:
Your application for the Naval Sea Systems Command's Master Bidders List has been under review by the cognizant engineering offices for the items you selected.

Listed on the reverse are those items that our engineers believe your firm to be qualified for as a potential source. Also listed are any items rejected by our engineers, together with any comments provided to this office. You may request re-evaluation of any rejected item or evaluation of new selection by supplying further documentation of your capabilities to fulfill such requirements. Insufficient information to determine capabilities is the most common reason provided for rejection.

We are currently in the process of putting our Master Bidders List (MBL) on a new Automated Data Processing (ADP) system, which will cause same delay in your firm being placed on our permanent Master Bidders List. Due to the large number of firms that may be listed for certain commodity areas, it is sometimes necessary for us to rotate our lists. Therefore we cannot guarantee that your fin will receive a copy of every solicitation. It is strongly recommended that your firm still review solicitations that are posted in our office or that are synopsized in the Commerce Business Daily.

Your interest in being of service to the Naval Sea Systems Command is appreciated. If you have any further questions please contact the undersigned or Mrs. Cheryl Treires.

## Maitue M. tanker <br> MARIE M. HANKINS

 HEAD, INDUSTRY LIAISON AND BIDDERS LIST BRANCH CONTRACTS DIRECTORATE By Direction of Commander NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMANDTelephone: 202-692-7505
202-692-7508

Lima Electric Company, Incorporated

Your current, omplete listing on our Master Bidders List is as follows:

ITEM: 0017, Lima Electric Co., Inc. Type Ser and Mac Electrical Generators


## Class 100 Equipment SR-F STATIC VOHAGE RECULATRRS



SR-F Series Voltage Regulators are applicable to any size or type of alternator system where extremely precise regulation and ultra reliable operation is required.

## FEATURES:

- Designed for ultra-reliable operation.
- Incorporates advanced semi-conductor technology.
- Undamaged by most installation wiring errors.
- Integrated circuit error detector stage.
- Extremely conservative semi-conductor ratings.
- Solid-state "build-up" circuit.
- Inherent overvoltage limiting.
- Withstands extended under-frequency operation.
- Shorting output does not damage regulator.
- Thermally protected power semi-conductors.
- Fully adjustable, wide range stability circuit.
- Built in electro-magnetic interference (EMI) suppression.
- All sensing voltages through 600 volts brought to terminal board.
- Shock tested to 20G.
- Vibration tested at 5 G up to 260 Hz .
- Mount in any plane without derating.
- Very low thermal drift.
- Precise regulation.
- Class 100 , utility type regulator.
- Designed for 30 years operating life.
- CSA Approved.


## DESCRIPTION:

Performance and reliability are the terms by which any power system is measured. As the requirements for reliable and quality power become more stringent, the demands on the control system, particularly the voltage regulator, become very difficult to meet. Basler Electric Company has developed the SR-F series of regulators to fulfill the need for ultra-reliability and extreme precision.

The SR-F series utilizes advanced electronic components to achieve performance levels unmatched by any other commercially available equipment.

New concepts in component selection and derating have been applied during the design stages to assure the ultimate in reliability at reasonable cost. In addition, the design incorporates integral features for the protection of both the regulator and the generating system. SR-F regulators are available for 62.5 and 125 volt exciter fields and are applicable to either 50 or 60 Hertz operation (see Table 1).
$\bullet$

TABLE 1

| MODEL | POWER INPUT (1) |  |  | OUTPUT RATING |  |  |  | SENSING (2) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PARALLEL } \\ & \text { COMP. } \end{aligned}$ |  | FIELDRESISTANCEOHMS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | VOLT | FREQ. (Hz) | VA* | MAX. CONT. |  | MAX. FORCING |  |  |  | AMPS(INPUT) | VA BURDEN |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | VOLT | AMP | VOLT | AMP | VOLT |  |  |  | MIN. | MAX. |
| SR4F1 | 120 | 50/60 | 840 | 63 | 7.0 | 90 | 10 | NEMA-STD. | 10 | 5 | 5 | 9 | 400 |
| SR4F3 | 120 | 50/60 | 840 | 63 | 7.0 | 90 | 10 | 120/208/ | 10 | 5 | 5 | 9 | 400 |
| SR8F1 | 240 | 50/60 | 1680 | 125 | 7.0 | 180 | 10 | 240/416/ | 10 | 5 | 5 | 18 | 400 |
| SR8F3 | 240 | 50/60 | 1680 | 125 | 7.0 | 180 | 10 | 480/600 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 18 | 400 |

NOTES: * INPUT VA IS EQUAL TO THE DC OUTPUT CURRENT TIMES INPUT VOLTAGE.
(1) IF CORRECT VOLTAGE IS NOT AVAILABLE FOR POWER INPUT, A SUITABLE POWER TRANSFORMER MUST BE SELECTED. (SEE BULLETIN SP-2)
(2) LAST DIGIT IN MODEL NUMBER (1 OR 3) DENOTES EITHER SINGLE OR THREE PHASE SENSING.

- REGULATION ACCURACY: Less than $\pm 1 / 4 \%$.
- REGULATOR RESPONSE: Less than 17 milli-seconds.
- REGULATOR DRIFT: Less than $\pm 1 / 2 \%$ for $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(90^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ temperature change (including warm-up).
- REGULATOR SENSING: Both single and three phase sensing models are available.
- VOLTAGE ADJUST RANGE: Minimum $\pm 10 \%$ of nominal voltage.
- EMI SUPPRESSION LEVEL: MIL-STD-461, Class III B, conducted or radiated.

AMBIENT OPERATING TEMPERATURE: From $-67^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ without derating.

## ACCESSORY DEVICES:

- POWER ISOLATION TRANSFORMERS: Basler Electric Company has available power isolation transformers designed specifically for use with power generating systems. Table 2 gives the proper transformer for each SR-F regulator model for application on alternators of 600 volts or less. Complete power isolation transformer information is given in Bulletin SP-2.
- SERIES BOOST OPTION (SBO): Many applications require the support of higher than normal output regulator currents for either motor starting (inrush) or selective tripping of circuit breakers under fault conditions. The Basler patented Series Boost Option (U.S. Patent No. $3,316,479$ ) is an all static device which provides the regulator with a relatively constant input voltage from both the alternator output voltage and current. Table 2 gives the proper reservoir assembly for each SR-F regulator. Power Current transformers are available for virtually all alternator-exciter-regulator combinations. Bulletin SP-1 contains further information on the Series Boost Option.
- UNDERFREQUENCY/OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION: Basler has developed underfrequency/overvoltage protective modules for use with the SR-F series of Regulators. These devices operate through the sensing stage of the regulator and automatically protect the regulator-
- STORAGE TEMPERATURE RANGE: From $-85^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ with no degradation of components.
- POWER DISSIPATION: Less than 60 watts at continuous rating.
- PARALLEL COMPENSATION: 5 amps at 5 VA , droop adjustable to approximately $5 \%$.
- MOUNTING: Designed to operate when mounted directly on electric motor, gasoline, diesel or turbine-driven generator systems.
- VIBRATION: Tested to withstand 1.3 G 's from 5 to 26 Hz , $0.036^{\prime \prime}$ displacement, from 26 to 52 Hz and 5 G's from 52 to 260 Hz .
- WEIGHT: 50 pounds.
exciter-alternator combination from the effects of underfrequency operation. Overvoltage protection is provided by installing the circuit breaker in the input power lines of the regulator. Underfrequency can occur during engine adjustment or engine warm-up and cool-down. Further description and characteristics are given in Bulletin SPD-3.
- MANUAL VOLTAGE CONTROL: In applications where manual voltage control is required Basler has available a complete line of these controls for use with the SR-F series of regulators. These modules contain the correct switching arrangement to completely isolate and protect the regulator during manual control operation. For further information on the Manual Voltage Control Modules, see Bulletin SPC-2.
- LOW VOLTAGE PARALLEL LOAD DIVISION CURRENT TRANSFORMERS: Basler has available, from stock, a complete line of low voltage parallel load division current transformers for use with the SR-F series of regulators controlling three phase paralleled generators. These CT's have been selected to satisfy most of the parallel load division requirements of the generating systems. Bulletin SPB-3 contains further information on the current transformers.
- 


## DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION:

Each of the SR-F series of voltage regulators operates in the same basic manner. The individual regulators differ in power output levels from the power stage. The operation of these regulators is described by the following block diagram.

## SR-F VOLTAGE REGULATOR



## FIGURE 1

The regulator continuously monitors the output voltage of the alternator via the sensing leads. The sensing stage provides a DC signal, proportional to this voltage, to the integrated circuit (error detector stage) on the etched circuit board. Additional circuitry on the board utilizes this signal to control the phase angle at which the firing signal is applied to the SCR's. The output from the power controller provides the exciter field current and thereby controls the alternator output voltage. A feedback signal, taken from the power controller, provides system voltage stability. During parallel operation, a signal proportional to load current is injected into the sensing stage to provide reactive load compensation.

## SAMPLE SPECIFICATION:

The voltage regulator shall be a completely static device utilizing thyristors (SCR's) and diodes as the power control stage and an integrated circuit employed as a combination reference-error detector-error amplifier. The regulator will control the generator exciter field as required to maintain a constant and stable generator output voltage within $\pm 1 / 4$ of $1 \%$ of nominal for all steady state loads from no load to full load including a $5 \%$ variation in frequency and the effects of field heating. The regulator shall have (single) (three) phase sensing with the sensing input isolated from the power stage internally in the regulator. Paralleling provisions will be an integral part of the regulator and will
operate with the external current transformer wired for either droop or cross-current compensation mode. Electromagnetic interference suppression shall be an integral part of the regulator. Thermal protection for power semi-conductors, inherent over-voltage protection and fuse protection for extreme over current shall be provided internally in the regulator. Stability and voltage range adjustments shall be provided on the circuit board. No electrolytic capacitors, vacuum tubes or electro-mechanical relays will be permitted.
The regulator shall be a Basler type SR-F or approved equal.

CHOOSE FROM A COMPLETE LINE
OF
ACCESSORIES FOR SR-F REGULATORS

| Available from Stock |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {A }}$ Available Upon Special Request |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Power Isolation Transformer <br> (1) | Underfreq./ Overvoltage Protective Modules (2) | Parallel Current Transformer <br> (3) | Series Boost Options <br> (4) | Manual Voltage Control Modules (5) | Volts-PerCycle Module | Wide <br> Range Voltage Adjust Modules | 60 Hz Power 400 Hz Sensing Modules | DC Modules |
| SR4F1 SR4F3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UFOV-260 } \\ & \& \\ & \text { UFOV-250 } \end{aligned}$ | (See Product Bulletin SPB-2) |  |  | (Consult Factory) | (Consult Factory) $\qquad$ | (Consult Factory) | (Consult Factory) , |
| SR8F1 SR8F3 |  | $1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For further information ask for:
(1) Product Bulletin SP-2
(4) Product Bulletin SP-1
(2) Product Bulletin SPD-3
(5) Product Bulletin SPC-2
(3) Product Bulletin SPB-3

TABLE 2


SR-F

## VOLIAGE REGULATOR

Eac fer bloc

## SENSING VOLTAGE

| PARALLEL |
| :--- |
| COMPENSA |
| POWER |
| INPUI |
| VOLTAGE |
| RHEOSTAT |
| FLASHING |
| FIELD |
| POWEF |
|  |
| SENSING |
| VOLTAGE |

FIGURE 3
TYPICAL INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM brushless rotary exciter AND SR_F REGULATOR
(GENERATOR

The pro cuit is a the Dur loar



## FEATURES:

- Designed for use with Basler SR-A, SR-F, and SR-H families of voltage regulators.
- Protects generator, voltage regulator, and associated equipment against underfrequency/ overvoltage* conditions.
- Models for both 50 and 60 Hz operation.
- Operates on NEMA standard voltages to 600 VAC.
- Overvoltage trip adjust.
- Compact, reliable, economical.
- Mechanically rugged.
- Available from stock.
- CSA approved.
*Overvoltage protection provided when companion circuit breaker is used.


## Chass 240 Enupment IFOV 250A/2604 UNDERERENUEMY/OVERYOLTAEE RROTEGIIVE MODNLES

## APPLICATIONS:

It is not unusual for power generating systems to operate below rated speed during periods of warm-up or prime mover maintenance. If the resultant underfrequency condition persists, damage may result to the electrical system as the SR voltage regulator attempts to maintain rated generator output voltage. The Basler UFOV 250 and UFOV 260 have been designed to protect the generating system against sustained low speed operation by reducing regulator output, and thereby generator voltage. By adding the optional overvoltage circuit breaker the generator-regulator system can be protected against overvoltage conditions. A typical application is presented pictorially in Figure 1.

## DESCRIPTION:

The UFOV 250 and UFOV 260 prevent the voltage regulator from maintaining rated generator output voltage when generator frequency decreases more than 4 to 7 Hertz below nominal value. When the underfrequency circuit assumes control, the reduction in generator output is proportional to the degree of the underfrequency condition. When the frequency returns to nominal the output of the SR regulator is automatically increased, thereby increasing generator output to nominal. To provide overvoltage protection, a circuit breaker is added to trip when the applied voltage exceeds a predetermined, adjustable value (125\%.150\% of nominal). The circuit breaker contacts are connected in series with the voltage regulator power input lines so that the SR regulator AC power (terminals 3 and 4) is removed when the breaker trips.


## SPECIFICATIONS:

## INPUT POWER:

Voltage..............120, 208, 240, 416, 480 or 600 VAC
Frequency. $\qquad$ Model UFOV 250-50 Hertz Model UFOV 260-60 Hertz
Phase $\qquad$ .Single

## UNDERFREQUENCY OPERATIONAL THRESHOLD:

4 to 7 Hz below nominal.

## UNDERFREQUENCY OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS:

See Figure 2.
OVERVOLTAGE ADJUST LIMITS: $125-150 \%$ of nominal.

## CIRCUIT BREAKER CONTACT RATING:

## P/N 05390-50 amp @ 480 VAC <br> P/N 05391-50 amp @ 250 VAC

AMBIENT OPERATING TEMPERATURE: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).
SHOCK: 15 G's in any plane.
DIMENSIONS: See Figures 3 and 4.
FINISH: Dark brown, lusterless, textured, baked enamel.
WEIGHT: 10 pounds net; 12 pounds shipping.


If the generator is operated at less than rated speed, regulator output current to the exciter field is reduced and generator output voltage is proportionately decreased. The graph indicates the percentage of generator outpur voltage that will be obtained for a specific reduction in frequency. As an example, if a 60 Hz generator is operating at 50 Hz , generator output voltage will be between $82 \%$ and $95 \%$ of nominal. The "spread" in the envelope (shaded area) is a function of operational temperature and normal tolerance in components.
*Data applies to Part Numbers 9105100100 (UFOV 260A) and 9105100 101 (UFOV 250A). Similar units of earlier design (Part numbers 9040000 100 and 9040000104 ), were also identified with Model Numbers UFOV $260 / 250$. Those units have an underfrequency operational threshold of 10 Hz below nominal. For further information regarding such units, contact the factory.

FIGURE 2 - UNDERFREQUENCY OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS

## HOW TO ORDER:

Refer to the following chart to determine your requirements.

| When using <br> any of these <br> Basler voltage <br> regulators | And desiring this protection | In a 60 Hertz power system, | ORDER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

*Select the double pole breaker if (1) terminal A- on the SR-A regulator is utilized or (2) if terminal FO on the SR-F and SR-H regulators is utilized.

## SAMPLE SPECIFICATION:

A device is required to protect the power generating system against underfrequency and overvoltage conditions. The unit shall have the capability of reducing regulator output when generator frequency decreases 4 to 7 Hertz below nominal. When the frequency returns to its nominal value the regulator output shall automatically increase to provide adequate field current for nominal generator output voltage. The device shall automatically open a circuit breaker controlling power input to the voltage regula-
tor if generator output voltage exceeds $140 \%$ of nominal. The module must be capable of 240 VAC, 60 Hertz operation. Environmentally, the device shall be capable of satisfactory operation in the temperature range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

The device shall be a Basler Model UFOV 260A Underfrequency/Overvoltage Protective Module with P/N 05390 Circuit Breaker.


FIGURE 3 - UFOV 250/260 OUTLINE DRAWING


FIGURE 4 - CIRCUIT BREAKER OUTLINE DRAWING


FIGURE 5 - TYPICAL INTERCONNECTION FOR UFOV AND SR4A/SR8A VOLTAGE REGULATOR
*Refer to instruction manual for proper interconnection of UFOV 250/260 with SR-F, SR-H, and SR-32A voltage regulators.

MODEL:
A PPLICATION: INJECTOR:
TURBOCHARGER:
RATING:
$12 \mathrm{~V}=71 \mathrm{~T}$
STANDBY POWER
N80-(1.460-PIMING) TV7101 (1.39 A/R HSG.)
WITHOUT FAN


AVERAGE FUEL CONSUMPTION


MODEL:
APPLICATION: INJECTORS: TURBOCHARGER: RATING:
$12 \mathrm{~V}-71 \mathrm{I}$
Electric Prime Power N70(1.460-Timing) TV7101(1.39 A/R HSG) Without Fan


AVERAGE FUEL CONSUMPTION


PG. 2 C 3




## FEATURES:

- Designed to operate with all Basler voltage regulators rated at 7 amperes continuous and below
- All solid state
- 120-240 Vac operation in a single unit
- Multiple field output ratings
- Automatic voltage build-up circuit
- Compact and economical
- CSA approved


## DESCRIPTION:

The Electronic Manual Voltage Control MVC-300 is a solid-state device enclosed by a wrap-around metal chassis designed to be mounted through a panel with controls accessible to an operator from the front of the panel. A terminal strip located on the rear of the device facilitates its installation. A manual voltage adjust potentiometer and a voltage control mode switch are provided.

The MVC-300 is designed to operate with Basler voltage regulators powered from 120 or 240 volt nominal ac sources. The output of the MVC-300 is designed to operate with 32,63 or 125 volt fields.

## APPLICATION:

The Electronic Manual Voltage Control MVC-300 allows generator output voltage to be controlled manually or switched to the automatic voltage regulator. It is used as a back-up system to the automatic voltage regulator to provide manual voltage control in the event of voltage regulator failure. The unit can be mounted on a control panel in ground vehicles, stationary equipment or shipboard locations.


FIGURE 1 - APPLICATION DIAGRAM

## SPECIFICATIONS:

MVC-300 PATINGS
TABLE 1

| Voltage Regulator <br> Model | Apply MVC Input <br> Voltage to MVC <br> Terminals 23 and 24 | Jumper <br> Selection |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XR2001, XR2004 | 63 V | 240 Vac | Terminal X |
| KR7F, KR7FF, SR8A, <br> SR8F | 125 V | 240 VaC | Terminal 3 |
| SR4A, SR4F, KR4F, <br> KR4FF | 63 V | 120 Vac | Terminal 3 |
| KR2F, KR2FF | 32 V | 120 Vac | Terminal X |

Watts Dissipated
Minimum Residual Voltage for Build-Up
Ambient Operating Temperature
Storage Temperature
Shock
Vibration

30 Watts Maximum
6 Vac
$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
$-85^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $+212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
Withstands up to 15 G's in each of three mutually perpendicular axes
Withstands 5 to 27 Hz @ 1.3 G's; 27 to 52 Hz @ $0.036^{\prime \prime}$ double amplitude; 52 to 500 Hz @ 5 G's


Refer to Table 1
Input voltage to Terminals 23 and 24 must be the same as required for the voltage regulator per Table 1

Connection of internal jumper wire must be selected in accordance with Table 1

FIGURE 2 -
TYPICAL INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM


FRONT VIEW

3 lbs ( 1.360 Kg ) Net
5 lbs. ( 2.260 Kg ) Shipping
note: numbers in parentheses
ARE IN MILLIMETERS

FIGURE 3 - OUTLINE DRAWING


Basler Electric
Highland, Illinois

## DELCO BATTERIES Designed for

Diesel Cranking


No. 717

## Features

- HIGH PERFORMANCE PLATES
-maximum cranking power and long life.
DELCOLOY GRIDS
-outstanding resistance to corrosion and overcharge damage.
- POLY-LIFE SEPARATORS-Pure Microporous Polyvinyl Chloride-best in the industry for long, reliable service.
- THERMO-RIGID HARD RUBBER CASE
-heat and impact resistant.
- flame arrestor vent caps
-reduce electrolyte loss, and resist breakage.
- FLU̇ID LEVEL INDICATION
-makes servicing easy.
- PRECISION MANUFACTURING -highest uniform quality.

Additional Delco Batteries for Commercial Applications - Designed for commercial applications where the service requirements do not demand the long-life features provided by the famous DC- 250 High-Duty Series.


No. 719


No. 759


No. 761

SPECIFICATION CHART

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dry } \\ & \text { Cat. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | DIMENSIONAL GROUP SIZE |  | Volts | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Plates } \\ \text { Per } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Sepa- } \\ \text { rator } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Crank } \\ & \text { ing } \\ & \text { Power } \\ & \text { (a } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amps } \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { Load } \\ & \text { Test } \end{aligned}$ | Reserve Capacity (Minutes) | COLD CRANKING CURRENT S.A.E. SPEC. 1537h |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MAXIMUM } \\ \text { DOMESIINS } \\ (\mathbb{I N C H E S})^{*} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | approximate <br> WEIGHT (LBS.) |  | Qts. Electro lyte Req. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | B.C.I. | $\frac{\text { Delco }}{\text { S.A.E. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (a. } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & \text { (In } \\ & \text { Amps.) } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { @-200\% } \\ \text { (In } \\ \text { Ams.) } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Length (Incl. Flanges) | Width | Height (Incl. <br> Top Post) | Wet | Dry |  |
| 713 | 3 | 1M3 | 6 | 19 | PL | 2250 | 440 | 245 | 550 | 440 | 115/8 | 75/8 | 91/16 | 54 | 40 | 5.2 |
| 717 | 4 | 1M4 | 6 | 21 | PL | 2500 | 450 | 270 | 660 | 530 | 131/16 | 71/16 | 91/16 | 59 | 44 | 6.0 |
| 719 | 7 D | 6 T 3 | 6 | 27 | PL | 2950 | 450. | 430 | 900 | 650 | 1515/16 | 71/16 | 91/16 | 73 | 55 | 7.2 |
| 725 | 5D | 2H5 | 6 | 27 | PL | 2800 | 450 | 340 | 830 | 650 | 139/16 | 71/16 | 93/8 | 61 | 47 | 5.6 |
| 759 | 4D | 2074 | 12 | 19 | PL | 4500 | 450 | 285 | 640 | 450 | 207/8 | $811 / 16$ | $91 / 2$ | 115 | 86 | 10.8 |
| 761 | 80 | 2078 | 12 | 27 | PL | 5900 | 450 | 430 | 900 | 650 | 207/8 | 11 | $91 / 2$ | 153 | 117 | 14.0 |
| 769 | 40 | 20T4A | 12 | 19 | PL | - | 450 | 285 | 640 | 450 | $21^{13 / 16}$ | $83 / 4$ | $91 / 2$ | 118 | 90 | 10.8 |
| 771 | 8D | 20T8A | 12 | 27 | PL | - | 450 | 430 | 900 | 650 | 2113/16 | 11 | $91 / 2$ | 154 | 118 | 14.0 |

[^3]-

This Charger has been specifically designed for unattended applications requiring a highly regulated float charger. It will carry continuous or intermittent loads up to $100 \%$ of the charger rating.


## These Chargers provide:

- Automatic Float Operation-output is accurately regulated to meet battery demand.
- Current Limiting at rated capacity
- A.C. Line Voltage compensation
- D.C. Voltage regulation
- Two Rate, float-equalize toggle switch
- Completely solid state control


## FLOAT CHARGER SERVICE

A battery which is continuously connected to a bus, is said to "float" when the voltage of the charger is only slightly greater than the open-circuit voltage of the battery.
Chargers used for this type of service are termed "Float Chargers." When there is no load on the system, they supply only enough current to replace the power lost thru the internal leakage of the battery. When a load is applied to the system, a properly designed float charger will pick up this load, up to $100 \%$ of its rating. Any excess load will be supplied by the battery, but when the excess load is removed, the charger will continue to operate at a higher rate so as to recharge the battery.
Properly floated batteries provide an un-interruptable power supply for protective equipment, such as fire alarms, switch gear, etc. In the event of A.C. power failure, the battery will supply the total demand. Upon power restoration, the charger will supply the total demand with any excess, up to maximum charger rating, going toward charging the battery.
In order for a system of this type to operate at maximum efficiency, the voltage output of the charger must be very carefully controlled. The Model MBC7 Charger meets all of the above criteria.

## PRECISION-AUTOMATIC float battery charger

## CHARGER OPERATION

The model MBC7 is a completely solid state device, utilizing SCR control for regulating the charge current. The voltage control monitors battery voltage and compares it to a double regulated reference voltage. This results in output voltage regulation of $\pm 0.2 \%$ with line variations of $\pm 10 \%$. Operational amplifiers are of the high gain type so that output voltage regulation is within $\pm 0.2 \%$ from no load to full load. A current amplifier monitors the output current and compares it to a reference voltage so as to give precise current limiting.

## REMOTE SENSING

To utilize the full capabilities of the MBC7 Charger, remote sense terminals are provided so that the exact battery terminal voltage can be monitored. This eliminates charge lead voltage drop errors, increasing accuracy and reducing charge time.

## CURRENT LIMITING

Overloads or even short circuits on the output of the charge will not damage the charger since it current limits at rated capacity. Charger is polarity protected so that it will not be damaged if battery polarity is accidently reversed.

## EQUALIZING FEATURE

Floated batteries have a tendency to develop differences (inequalities) in the charge level among the individual cells. This condition can be corrected by applying an "equalizing" charge at periodic intervals by raising the charger output voltage by several tenths of a volt per cell for a specified time. A manual toggle switch is provided for this purpose.

## POWER FAILURE

The charger will not discharge the battery, even on extended periods of power failure.


TYPICAL CHARGE CURVE


## Construction Features:

- Voltmeter and Ammeter are standard
- Both A.C. and D.C. Fuses are provided
- All semiconductors and integrated circuits are silicon and hermetically sealed
- Modular construction (Plug-in printed circuit regulator board)
- Remote sensing terminals are provided
- Float and equalize voltage levels are factory preset for the specific battery type.
- No transformer tap settings are required
- Charge output is completely isolated from A.C. power


## CHARGER PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

MODE SWITCHING: Front—Panel Toggle Switch.
INPUT LINE REQUIREMENTS: Nominal 117V. A.C. at 60 Hertz. Range of input voltage: $105-125 \mathrm{~V}$. A.C.
RECOMMENDED BATTERY CAPACITY: 5.0 to 23.0 Times rated current.
The following specifications apply at $117-125 V$. A.C. input at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in either mode.
MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT: Current limited at rated current $\pm 10 \%$.
TEMPERATURE STABILITY: $0.088 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Maximum. OPEN CIRCUIT LEAKAGE: 50 mA Maximum.

|  | OUTPUT VOLTAGE | LIMITS: | Nominal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oalue | (Factory Set) |  |  |
| BATTERY TYPE: | LA | FL | NC |
|  |  | $(1.275 \mathrm{~S} . \mathrm{G})$. | $(1.220$ S.G.) | (High rate)

VOLTAGE REGULATION-LOAD: $\pm 0.2 \%$ Maximum-No Load to Full Load.
VOLTAGE REGULATION-LINE: $\pm 0.2 \%$ Maximum for $10 \%$ line change.
OUTPUT DRAIN (A.C. INPUT OFF): 10 mA Maximum.
OUTPUT TERMINAL VOLTAGE FOR CHARGER SHUTDOWN (WITH SHUTDOWN OPTION): + 4.0 Volts Maximum.

## MALFUNCTION ALARMS

Master Controls low voltage alarm option (LVA) provides a set of dry contacts, rated for 10 amperes @ 115V. A.C. which transfer in event of power failure, low battery voltage and loss of charger output. The low voltage sensing point is below the normal float voltage but above the normal full charged open circuit voltage. Upon loss of charge current the battery voltage will drop from float circuit to open circuit voltage causing the relay contacts to transfer. There will be some delay in sensing loss of charger output, depending on the battery load. Sensing A.C. power failure or blowing of the input fuse(s) is instantaneous. This scheme is recommended where battery loads are normally less
than charger rated output. Larger loads will cause an alarm.
Master Controls alarm option CFA operates in the same manner as the LVA above except that the low voltage sensing circuit is locked out during periods of high charge currents, thus preventing false alarms under these conditions. This scheme is recommended where battery loads occasionally exceed charger rated output and are not to cause an alarm.

High voltage alarm (HVA) can also be supplied where the application necessitates its use.

## Sample Specifications

The battery charger shall be a Master Control's Model MBC7 or approved equal. It shall be a completely solid state device, utilizing SCR control for regulating the charge current. The charger shall have two ranges (equalize and float). Voltage setting for both ranges shall be factory preset for the specific battery type and shall not be field adjustable. It shall maintain its rated output voltage within $\pm 0.2 \%$ with A.C. input variation of $\pm 10 \%$. Output voltage regulation between no load and full load shall be within $\pm 0.2 \%$.

## The Charger shall have:

- Automatic Overload Protection (Current Limiting)
- Semiconductors and integrated circuits to be silicon and hermetically sealed
- D.C. Voltmeter and Ammeter
- Fused A.C. input and D.C. output
- Shutdown when battery is fully charged


## Ordering Information:

- State Master Control's Model number
- A.C. input voltage, frequency and phase
- Number and type of battery cells
- For Nickel Cadmium specify whether high or low rate type
- Specific gravity of lead acid battery
- Ampere Hour Capacity of Battery
- Continuous D.C. Ioad
- Allowable Recharging Time from full discharge
- Indicate application i.e. Stationary, Mobile or Marine


## MODEL DESIGNATION

| CHARGER |  |  |  |  |  | BATTERY |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODEL NUMBER | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Listed } \\ & \text { List. } \end{aligned}$ | Nominal Output D.C. Volts | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rated } \\ \text { Output } \\ \text { D.C. Amp. } \end{gathered}$ | Max. A.C. Amps. Input at 120 VAC | Approx. Weight Lbs. (KG) | No. of <br> LA or FL <br> Cells | Recommendel Capacity Range (A.H.) |
| MBC7-12-5 (*) | X | 12 | 5 | 1.5 | 24 (11) | 6 | 25-115 |
| MBC7-12-10 (*) | X | 12 | 10 | 3 | 35 (16) | 6 | 50-230 |
| MBC7-12-20 (*) |  | 12 | 20 | 6 | 36 (16) | 6 | 100-460 |
| MBC7-24-5 (*) | x | 24 | 5 | 3 | 35 (16) | 12 | 25-115 |
| MBC7-24-10 (*) | X | 24 | 10 | 6 | 36 (16) | 12 | 50-230 |
| MBC7-24-20 (*) | X | 24 | 20 | 12 | 38 (17) | 12 | 100-460 |
| MBC7-30-5 (*) |  | 30 | 5 | 4 | 30 (14) | 15 | 25-115 |
| MBC7-30-10 (*) |  | 30 | 10 | 8 | 38 (17) | 15 | 50-230 |
| MBC7-32-5 (*) |  | 32 | 5 | 4 | 30 (14) | 16 | 25-115 |
| MBC7-32-10 (*) |  | 32 | 10 | 8 | 38 (17) | 16 | 50-230 |
| MBC7-36-5 (*) |  | 36 | 5 | 5 | 30 (14) | 18 | 25-115 |
| MBC7-36-10 (*) |  | 36 | 10 | 9 | 40 (18) | 18 | 50-230 |
| MBC7-48-2 (*) |  | 48 | $2^{1 / 2}$ | 3 | 26 (12) | 24 | 12-65 |
| MBC7-48-5 (*) |  | 48 | 5 | 6 | 36 (16) | 24 | 25-115 |
| MBC7-48-10 (*) |  | 48 | 10 | 12 | 38 (17) | 24 | 50-230 |
| MBC7-130-2 (*) |  | 130 | 21/2 | 7 | 39 (18) | 60 | 12-65 |
| MBC7-130-5 (*) |  | 130 | 5 | 15 | 46 (21) | 60 | 25-115 |
| MBC7-130-10(*) |  | 130 | 10 | 30 | 121 (55) | 60 | 50-230 |
| MBC7-130-20(*) |  | 130 | 20 | - | 186 (84) | 60 | 100-460 |

(*) Add Suffix (LA) to model number when charger is for use with automotive lead acid batteries having 1.265-1.285 sp. gr.
(*) Add Suffix (FL) to model number when charger is for use with float service lead acid batteries having 1.200-1.220 sp. gr.
(*) Add Suffix (NC) to model number when charger is for Nickel Cadmium Batteries.
Most battery manufacturers recommend that the equalizing current of the charger be not less than $\mathrm{C} / 20$ with C representing the ampere hour capacity of the battery. As an example, a 200 ampere hour battery would require that the charger have the capability of providing an equalizing current of 10 amperes. Charger output recommendations are based on this premise.

| LOUVER SELECTION | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { PANEL } \\ \hline \text { (A) } \mid \text { B } \mid \\ \hline \text { C }\rangle \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| XPANDED METAL | $\checkmark$ - |
| SRAVITY |  |
| MOTOR OPERATED |  |
| -IXED | $\sqrt{ } \sqrt{ }$ |
| SOLID PANEL |  |
| HINGED DOOR | $\sqrt{ } \sqrt{ } \sqrt{ }$ |

RADIATOR END


SIDE (Typical)


GENERATOR END


ROOF PITCH

1) ALL MATERIALIUGA.
2) PAINT: ZINC CHROMATE PRIMER POLYURETHANE FINISH
3) WELDED CONSTRUCTION (UNITIZED)
$0$

## TRAMONT DAY TANK SYSTEMS

 feature advanced, innovative design, both electrical and mechanical to achieve high reliability.Tramont engineers designed their Day Tanks to permit a wide choice of options which can easily custom specify a Day Tank to the specific application.

At Tramont, assembly is more than putting parts together-much more! The best design is no better than the skill and care used in manufacture. After final test each unit is fully inspected before shipment.
Not only are standard Day Tanks readily available, but custom units are designed and manufactured quickly. We've got what it takes!
EXCLUSIVE ELECTRICAL CONTROL MODULE (ECM) The ECM offers complete system flexibility. All electrical controls are provided within the NEMA/1 type enclosure. This means field modifications may be made quickly and easily.
All level controls and alarms are actuated using totally vertical switches. The most positive control system ever availablea TRAMONT design.

trawist
Tramont Corporation 200 South Water Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53204 Telephone: (414) 272-4601

Telex No. 26-0027

Heavy gauge steel tank epoxycoated inside, red oxide primer and finish painted outside in ASA No. 61 grey, removable top cover, fuel level gauge, $1 / 3 \mathrm{HP}, 115 \mathrm{VAC}, 1$ phase, 60 Hz thermally protected motor with 2 GPM high-lift gear pump, tank drain, five 1" NPT threaded pipe connections plus fuel inlet and $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ square inspection port. Also standard is Tramont's Electrical Control Module (ECM) containing heavyduty float switch. Press-To-Test switch, pump running indicator light and terminal strip. All plumbing and wiring pre-connected and marked.

|  | Mat'l. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Model | gal. | lit. | ga. | in. | cm. | in. | cm. | lb. | kg. |
| TR-10 | 10 | 38 | 14 | 20 | 51 | 12 | 30 | 70 | 31.7 |
| TR-25 | 25 | 95 | 14 | 32 | 81 | 12 | 30 | 105 | 47.6 |
| TR-50 | 50 | 189 | 12 | 39 | 99 | 18 | 46 | 150 | 68 |
| TR-75 | 75 | 284 | 12 | 52 | 132 | 18 | 46 | 190 | 86 |
| TR-100 | 100 | 379 | 12 | 52 | 132 | 24 | 61 | 230 | 1043 |
| TR-150 | 150 | 568 | 12 | 52 | 132 | 36 | 91 | 260 | 1179 |
| TR-200 | 200 | 757 | 12 | 52 | 132 | 40 | 102 | 275 | 1247 |
| TR-275 | 275 | 1041 | 12 | 52 | 132 | 66 | 168 | 375 | 1564 |
| TR-350 | 350 | 1325 | 12 | 52 | 132 | 84 | 213 | 455 | 2064 |
| TR-400 | 400 | 1514 | 12 | 60 | 152 | 81 | 206 | 494 | 2240 |
| TR-450 | 450 | 1703 | 12 | 60 | 152 | 61 | 155 | 503 | 2282 |
| TR-500 | 500 | 1893 | 12 | 60 | 152 | 68 | 173 | 521 | 2363 |
| TR-550 | 550 | 2082 | 10 | 60 | 152 | 74 | 188 | 768 | 3485 |
| TR-600 | 600 | 2271 | 10 | 60 | 152 | 81 | 206 | 816 | 3701 |

GENERAL DIMENSIONS



## ACCESSORIES



## PUMPS AND MOTORS

## Part No. Description

1007 GPM Pump. Requires a $1 / 2$ HP motor (options 150-163) Replaces standard 3 GPM pump.
1014 GPM Pump. Replaces standard 3 GPM pump.
110 Transformer, Step Down. 480 VAC to 115 VAC, 1 phase, 60 Hz For use with all 115 VAC motors.

120 1/4 HP, 12 VDC Motor
121 1/4 HP, 24-28 VDC motor
122 1/4 HP, 32-36 VDC Motor
$1231 / 4 \mathrm{HP}, 115$ VAC, single phase, 60 Hz explosion-proof Motor
130 1/3 HP, 12 VDC Motor
131 1/3 HP, 24-28 VDC Motor
132 1/3 HP, 24-28 VDC explosion-proof Motor
133 1/3 HP, 32-36 VDC Motor
$1341 / 3 \mathrm{HP}, 115$ VAC, single phase, 60 Hz Motor, totally enclosed, fan cooled
135 1/3 HP, 115 VAC, single phase, 60 Hz , explosion-proof Motor
136 1/3 HP, 115 VAC, single phase, 50 Hz Motor
138 1/3 HP, 230 VAC, single phase, 60 Hz Motor
139 1/3 HP, 230 VAC, single phase, 50 Hz Motor
$1401 / 3$ HP, 230/460 VAC, three phase, 60 Hz Motor (see 143)
141 1/3 HP, 230/460 VAC, three phase, 60 Hz Motor, totally enclosed, fan cooled (see 143)
143 Motor Starter and Control Transformer for option 140, 141
150 ½ HP, 12 VDC Motor
151 1/2 HP, 24-28 VDC Motor
152 1/2 HP, 24-28 VDC explosion-proof Motor
153 ½ HP, 32-36 VDC Motor
154 1/2 HP, 115 VAC, single phase, 60 Hz Motor

## PUMPS AND MOTORS (continued)

## Part No. Description

155 1/2 HP, 115 VAC, single phase, 60 Hz Motor, totally enclosed, fan cooled
156 1/2 HP, 115 VAC, single phase, 60 Hz , explosion-proof Motor
157 1/2 HP, 115 VAC, single phase, 50 Hz Motor
158 1/2 HP, 230 VAC, single phase, 60 Hz Motor
159 1/2 HP, 230 VAC, single phase, 50 Hz Motor
160 1/2 HP, 230/460 VAC, three phase, 60 Hz Motor (see 163)
$1611 / 2 \mathrm{HP}, 230 / 460$ VAC, three phase, 60 Hz Motor, totally enclosed, fan cooled (see 163)

163 Motor Starter and Contol Transformer for option 160, 161
170 Hand Pump, piston type. Top mounted 10 gallons/100 strokes. Normal rate of 50 strokes $/$ minute $=5 \mathrm{gpm}$.
171 Hand Pump, piston type. Side mounted 20 gallons/ 100 strokes. Normal rate of $\mathbf{5 0}$ strokes/minute $=\mathbf{1 0}$ gpm.
172 Hand Pump/rotary type. Side mounted 10 gallons/100 revolutions. Normal rate of 100 revolutions $/$ minute $=10 \mathrm{gpm}$.

175 Remote Pumping Unit Enclosure (NEMA/3R)

1. For Single Pump/Motor
2. For Duplex Pump/Motor

190 Second Standard Pump/Motor. $1 / 3$ HP, 115 VAC, 1 phase, 60 Hz motor with 3 gpm pump. Includes second float switch
192 Automatic Duplex Controller System. Automatically switches each pump/motor into the lead starting position. Includes a DPDT 3 position HOA switch, second $1 / 3$ HP, 115 VAC. 1 phase 60 Hz motor with 3 gpm pump, two check valves, second float switch and second pump running indicator light
194 Manual Duplex Controller System. Manual Switch to transfer each pump/motor into the lead starting position. Includes second $1 / 3 \mathrm{HP}, 115$ VAC, 1 phase, 60 Hz motor with 3 gpm pump, two check valves, second float switch and second pump running indicator light. Also includes two time running meters

## MECHANICAL

## Part No. Description

200 Manual Fuel Fill Cap, $\mathbf{2}^{\prime \prime}$ diameter
205 Auxiliary Inspection Port. Gasketed, 41/2" square
210 Wall Mounting Brackets. 10 and 25 gallon tanks
215 Pipe Stand, adapter only

1. TR 10, TR 25
2. TR 50, TR 75, TR 100

220 Fuel Filter, cartridge type (shipped loose)
225 Vent Cap. 1" NPT, for outdoor vent, screened plus sheds water
226 Vent Cap, Flame Arrestor type. 1" NPT, for outdoor vent 230 Sight Glass (plastic) with valve at lower end, includes guard 235 Extra 1" NPT Pipe Connections on tank
240 Weatherproof Cover
245 Drain, Petcock Valve. Replaces threaded plug in bottom of tank

## Part No. Description

250 Drain, nominal 10 gallons per minute. Manual valve to gravity drain day tank to main tank using existing plumbing
255 Drain, Emergency, for remote actuation. Nominal 10 gallons per minute. Signaled valve gravity drains day tank to main tank using existing plumbing. Indicator light on tank illuminates and pump motor disconnects
260 Check Valve. Installed on pump intake to prevent loss of pump prime
261 High Temperature Fuel Return. One inch NPT check valve and " $T$ " for fuel return to main tank
265 Solenoid Valve, AC Systems. Installed on pump intake to prevent loss of pump prime or tank flooding

1. Standard solenoid valve ( $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT)
2. Solenoid valve with manual operator ( $1 / 2{ }^{\prime \prime}$ NPT)

270 Solenoid Valve, DC Systems, specify voltage. Installed on pump intake to prevent loss of pump prime or tank flooding 1. Standard solenoid valve ( $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT)
2. Solenoid valve with manual operator ( $3 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ NPT)

275 Cut Off Valve, manual, mounted on fuel inlet for gravity fed day tanks
278 Float Valve, for gravity fed day tanks. Replaces basic float switch
280 Foot Valve, to prevent loss of pump prime. 1" NPT
285 Pressure Relief Valve for any Tramont motor driven pump
290 Rupture Basin. Open top

| 1. TR 10 | 5. TR 100 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. TR 25 | 6. TR 150 |
| 3. TR 50 | 7. TR 200 |
| 4. TR 75 | 8. TR 275 |

293 Rupture Basin Float Switch. Stops day tank pump/motor. Includes single form "C" contacts for remote annunciation
298 Earthquake Day Tank Systems (factory)

## ELECTRICAL

Part No. Description
300 Pilot Light, green. Indicates power available
301 Pilot Light, red. To indicate low fuel level in the remote main storage tank. Others to supply signal, specify voltage

303 "Pump Run-Off-Automatic" three position selector switch. Replaces Press-To-Test Switch. Includes option 300
311 Low Fuel Level Alarm. Separate float switch activates red light on control panel. Includes two form "C" contacts, rated $10 \mathrm{amps}, 120$ VAC, for remote annunciation (Specify Other Voltage)
313 Critical Low Fuel Alarm-engine shut down. Separate float switch activates red light on control panel, provides signal for remote annunciator. Prevents loss of engine fuel prime. Operates from engine starting battery. Specify voltage and engine type
316 High Fuel Level Alarm. Separate float switch activates red light on control panel. Includes two form "C" contacts, rated $10 \mathrm{amps}, 120 \mathrm{VAC}$, for remote annunciation (Specify Other Voltage)
326 Explosion-proof Float Switch. Replaces basic float switch
335 Circuit Breaker mounted on day tank

1. DC motors
2. Single-phase $A C$ motors
3. Three-phase AC motors

## DIESEL FUEL PLUMBING TYPICAL

NOTE: A SUBMERSIBLE PUMP TO BE USE BAY TANK FUEL SYSTEMX OF DAY TANK PUMIP

STANDARD FUEL SYSTEM

foot valve


NOTES:
(i) DAYTANK SHOULD NOT BE MÖRE THAN 20' ABOVE FUEL LEVEL OF MAIN TANK IF LIFT EXCEEDS IO' VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL RUN EXCEEDS $100^{\circ}$, A CHECK
(2) YALVE MUST BE INSTALLED IN DAYTANK INLET LINE
(2) 18 FUEL LEVEL OF MAW TANK IS HGHER THAN DAYTANK, A SOLENOID VALVE (3) DAYTANK VENT LINE MUST BE A MINIMUM OF $5^{\prime}$ HIGHER THAN ANY OTHER LINE INTHE SYSTEM. VENT SHOULO BE RUN TO THE OUTSIDE AND BE PROTECTED
FROM RAIN AND FOREIGN MATERIAL.
(4) BOTTOM END OF SUCTION LINE SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF $6^{\circ}$ ABOVE BOTTOM
(5) OF MAIN STORAGE TANK AND FITTED WITH A FOOT VALVE.

ENGINE RETURN AND SUCTION LINES MUST ALWAYS BE CONNECTED TO THE GENERATOR SET WITH FLEXIBLE LINES.
(6) WHEN REQUIRED, THE OVERFLOW LINE ALSO SERVES AS THE HOT FUEL RETURN.

NOTES:
(1) MAXIMUM LIFT OF STANDARD ENGINE FUEL PUMF:

CD MODELS - $36^{\circ}$ - 1500 ABOVE SEA LEVEL
CWD MODELS- $24^{\circ}$ I $1500^{\circ}$ ABOVE SEA LEVEL
IF VERTICAL LIFT EXCEEDS THESE LIMITS, A HIGH LIFT PUMP OR A
DAYTANK MUST BE USED
HGH LIFT PUMP MAXIMUM LIFT:
CD MODELS - $15^{\circ} \circ 1500^{\circ}$ ABOVE SEA LEVEL
CWO MODELS - $13^{\circ} 0$ 1500 ABOVE SEA LEVEL
IF VERTICAL
IS REQUIRED.
(3) IF HORIZONTAL RUN EXCEEDS 50; A DAYTANK SYSTEM IS REQUIRED
(4) BOTTOM ENO OF SUCTION LINE SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 6"ABOVE BOTTOM
(5) OF MAIN STORAGE TANK AND FITTED WITH A FOOT VALVE. ENGINE RETURN AND SUCTION LINES MUST
GENERATOR SET WITH FLEXIBLE LINES.

PIPE SIZE CHART

| LINE DESCRIPTION | ALL CWO MODELS | $\begin{aligned} & C D-40 Y O 315 \\ & C D-425,500 \end{aligned}$ | CD-385,565,655 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CO-765 TO } 1200 \\ & \text { CD-515 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A)PICK UP (INTAKE) | 1 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 ' | 1 |
| (B)OVERFLOW | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ! | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| (c) VENT |  |  |  | $1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| (DRETURN LINE | $\frac{8}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| E)SUCTION LINE | ${ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $\frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $1{ }^{\circ}$ |


(1) <br> \title{
XERXES ${ }^{\circ}$ <br> \title{
XERXES ${ }^{\circ}$ CENTURY-CAST ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ CENTURY-CAST ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ <br> <br> UNDERGROUND <br> <br> UNDERGROUND STORAGE TIANKS STORAGE TIANKS

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## FIBERGLASS TANKS ARE LESS EXPENSIVE THAN STEEL TANKS <br> because <br> THEY WON'T CORRODE

Major factors in the selection of underground storage tanks include tank durability and total cost. Don't be misled by lower initial cost of steel tanks. They can cost far more in the long run. It's much less expensive to prevent corrosion in the first place than to correct its costly consequences.

Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass underground tanks are the answer to durable, cost effective storage of petroleum products and most corrosive and noncorrosive chemical compounds.

## NATURAL FACTORS CAUSE STEEL TANKS TO CORRODE . . . BUT FIBERGLASS IS UNAFFECTED

Natural Factors That Cause Buried Steel Tanks To Corrode Are Difficult And Expensive To Detect Until The Damage is Done.
INTERNAL CORROSION Even though steel tanks may have external protective coating, about $1 / 3$ of steel tank failures are due to internal corrosion. A variety of conditions can cause internal corrosion. Some examples are: fuel detergents, humidity, bacteria, pollutants, salt, corrosive chemicals formed from sulpher and water in the fuel storage.

GALVANIC ACTION Metal particles are actually stripped from the external surface of steel tanks due to electrical currents through surrounding soil. Some conditions generating this current are: dissimilar soils, different concentrations of oxygen around the buried tank, or even a new steel tank installed next to an old one.
OTHER NATURAL FACTORS Corrosion of steel tanks can occur because of very acidic or alkaline soils, water collection due to poor drainage, or road salts that attack tank walls.


## DIFFERENT OXYGEN LEVELS



FOREIGN MATERIALS


## XERXES CENTURY-CAST FIBERGLASS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS - DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED FOR DURABILITY

Selection of the right tank is critical when you are faced with potentially high costs due to corroding tanks. The superior corrosion resistance of structural fiberglass reinforced plastic is a major reason you can rely on the durability of Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass tanks. Of equal importance are the Xerxes Century-Cast tank design and manufacturing process.

## Design

We have been designing corrosion resistant, durable underground tanks for almost a decade for storage of petroleum products and most corrosive and noncorrosive chemical compounds.

Xerxes Century-Cast standard fiberglass tanks are designed to provide a superior corrosion barrier for both internal and external tank surfaces. The tank fabrication process insures effective and durable laminate structure. Tank reinforcing ribs are designed to be integral to the tank body for greater structural rigidity. Tanks are manufactured in two sections with only an extra reinforced single bond to assure maximum strength and reliability.


## Manufacturing

The manufacturing process underscores our commitment to quality. Each stage of the tank fabrication is accomplished in accordance with our carefully engineered manufacturing procedures and monitored using digital resin flow meters.
The resin rich exterior tank wall corrosion barrier is applied to the inside of a constantly rotating contact mold as the first step of the continuous manufacturing process. Next, the structural fiberglass reinforced plastic is added, molding the reinforcing ribs intergally into the tank body. The final resin rich interior corrosion barrier is applied to assure a smooth interior surface. The tank wall is formed as a non layered laminate assuring maximum interior and exterior corrosion protection and structural strength.

Piping connections and lifting lugs are carefully fabricated into the tank to make them an integral part of the tank body. Tank section bonding (centered between the ribs) is a precise process carried out to achieve a unitized tank body.

TANK BEING FABRICATED INSIDE OF ROTATING MOLD


Quality and reliability are the primary considerations throughout the various stages of the manufacturing process. Tank walls are monitored for designed thickness by sonic testing. Hardness testing indicates tank wall resistance to damage.


Final testing for structural integrity and internal load is carried out prior to acceptance of each tank. Standard tanks are tested to 11.5 inches of mercury and 5 psi internal air pressure.

## FIBERGLASS TANKS ARE MAINTENANCE FREE

Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass tanks do not lose their corrosion resistance while buried in the ground. Steel tanks, on the other hand, require sacrificial anodes to divert the effects of galvanic action. When sacrificial anodes have spent their life, they must be removed and replaced or the tank will corrode and fail. Costs can be high to remove overbearing and concrete pads.
Since fiberglass tanks do not corrode, they can be placed in the ground permanently without ongoing maintenance worries. With steel tanks, there must be a monitoring test station at the surface to determine whether the sacrifical anode is working.


Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass underground storage tanks have a hard resin rich corrosion exterior barrier. No additional protective coating is required. Steel tanks, however require protective coatings to survive an extended period of time. These coatings can be scarred or chipped when steel tanks are transported or when they are put into the ground, allowing corrosion to occur at an accelerated rate.

Approximately $1 / 3$ of steel tank failures result from inside corrosion because most steel tanks are uncoated on the inside. Fiberglass tanks have a resin rich barrier on both inside and outside to prevent such corrosion.

## Tank Availability

Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass storage tanks are available in standard capacities from 550 to 50,000 gallons.

Our five plants are located in major regional sections of the United States -

Anaheim, California;<br>Bartow, Florida;<br>North Ridgeville, Ohio;<br>Penns Grove, New Jersey;<br>Seguin, Texas.

We can significantly reduce your transportation costs and shorten delivery time by delivering your tanks from our plant nearest your installation site.


## XERXES CENTURY-CAST FIBERGLASS TANKS IN SERVICE

Durability and total cost effectiveness are the reasons why so many Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass underground storage tanks are being installed each year.
Whether soil conditions create an extreme corrosion risk or only a moderate risk, it makes sense to be sure by specifying Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass tanks.
An extreme risk environment was encountered in Miami, Florida at a truck rental facility. A brackish water condition exists twelve to twenty four inches below ground surface. In this installation, seven Xerxes Century-Cast fuel storage tanks ranging from 1,000 to 6,000 gallon capacities were floated into position, then partially filled with water to sink them into place. The tanks were then secured by straps and clamped cables to concrete deadmen.
Not all soil conditions are that severe. Many times a decision to purchase Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass tanks is based mainly on total cost effectiveness. The Ohio Turnpike Authority purchased 112 tanks on bid as part of their long range program to replace aging steel tanks before corrosion problems created higher maintenance costs and interruptions in service.

EXTREME RISK ENVIRONMENT/BRACKISH WATER


FIBERGLASS TANKS REPLACE CORRODED STEEL TANKS


## CENTURY-CAST UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS

 STANDARD TANK DATA| CAPACITY | GALLONS) | Standard NPT Fittings |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { No. of } \\ \text { Straps }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Optional |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |$\}$

## NOTES - STANDARD TANKS

1. Gauge plate ( $12^{\prime \prime} \times 12^{\prime \prime} 12$ gauge) - Two plates are furnished on 6,000 through 20,000 gallon tanks. One plate on 550 through 4,000 gallon tanks. Locations are indicated.
2. Standard fittings are $4^{\prime \prime}$ NPT on $8^{\prime}$ dia. tanks. $10^{\prime}$ dia. tanks have four- $4^{\prime \prime}$ NPT fittings and two- $6^{\prime \prime}$ NPT fittings.
3. Hold down straps, if required, must be located over ribs indicated by manufacturer $>$.
4. Spherical tank has optional hold down clips as shown. Straps are not available.

## MADE TO ORDER TANKS

| CAPACITY <br> NOMINAL | (GALLONS) <br> ACTUAL | NOMINAL <br> WT (LBS) | TANK <br> DIAMETER | TANK <br> LENGTH | REQUIRED <br> NO. OF STRAPS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25,000 | 25,970 | 10,800 | $12^{\prime} 5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $32^{\prime} 3-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 8 |
| 30,000 | 30,623 | 12,100 | $12^{\prime} 5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $37^{\prime} 9-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 10 |
| 35,000 | 34,994 | 13,400 | $12^{\prime} 5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $42^{\prime \prime} 11-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 12 |
| 40,000 | 40,846 | 15,200 | $12^{\prime \prime} 5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $49^{\prime \prime} 10-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 12 |
| 48,000 | 48,390 | 17,100 | $12^{\prime \prime} 5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $58^{\prime \prime} 9-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 16 |
| 50,000 | 50,082 | 17,800 | $12^{\prime} 5-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $60^{\prime} 9-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 16 |

## 12' Diameter made to order tanks

1. All $12^{\prime}$ diameter tanks must have manways and FRP holddown straps.
2. Fittings, gauge/deflector plates and other accessories must be specified.
3. Fittings not allowed on sections denoted with

## . . . . TECHNICAL DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS 8' DIAMETER TANKS

## 12,000 GALLONS



10,000 GALLONS


## 8,000 GALLONS



## 6,000 GALLONS


$2^{\prime \prime}$ Typ. Rib Height -
$+-16^{3} / 4^{\prime \prime}$ O.C. Typ.

## 4,000 GALLONS

2,000 GALLONS

- $9^{\prime} \cdot 0^{1 / 22^{\prime \prime}} \mathrm{OAL}$ -



## CENTURY CAST UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS . . . .

25,000 GALLONS
32' 3-3/4" O.A.L.


35,000 GALLONS
42' 11-3/4" O.A.L.


48,000 GALLONS
58' 9-3/4" O.A.L.


## SYMBOL IDENTIFICATION:

Fittings cannot be installed
on locations marked

## . . . . TECHNICAL DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS 6' AND 4' DIAMETER TANKS

## 6,000 GALLONS



4,000 GALLONS


## 2,000 GALLONS



550 GALLONS


## 1,000 GALLONS SPHERICAL TANK



SYMBOL IDENTIFICATION:

- Location of $12^{\prime \prime}$ Sq. $\times 12$ Ga. plate
$\bullet \| \boldsymbol{H}$ Location of holdown straps on ribs
*Fitting location when
using optional manway


## . . . TECHNICAL DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS 10' DIAMETER TANKS

## 20,000 GALLONS



15,000 GALLONS


12,000 GALLONS


10,000 GALLONS


## . . . . TECHNICAL DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS 12' DIAMETER TANKS

30,000 GALLONS
37' 9-3/4" O.A.L.


40,000 GALLONS
49' 10-3/4" O.A.L.


50,000 GALLONS


- \||l Location of holdown straps on ribs

Fittings cannot be installed
on locations marked

## CENTURY-CAST FIBERGLASS TANK ACCESSORIES

## STEEL NPT FITTINGS

Steel NPT fittings are available in $2^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$, and $8^{\prime \prime}$ coupling sizes. The $2^{\prime \prime}$ size is a full coupling while the other sizes are half couplings. Two $2^{\prime \prime}$ or $4^{\prime \prime}$ fittings may be located between the same two ribs and on an axis that is perpendicular to the top longitudinal centerline of the tank. All other fittings are located on the centerline. Any deviation will void the UL label.


## FIBERGLASS FLANGED MANWAYS

Manways can be located over any of the ribs except for the end ribs, lifting lug or hold-down strap ribs. The manways are $22^{\prime \prime}, 30^{\prime \prime}$ and $36^{\prime \prime}$ inside diameter with carbon steel covers. Covers include gaskets and 24 plated $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ bolts, nuts and washers on a $22^{\prime \prime}$ dia. manway; 30 plated $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$ bolts, nuts and washers on a $30^{\prime \prime}$ dia. manway; and 32 plated $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} x$ $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ bolts, nuts and washers on a $36^{\prime \prime}$ dia. manway. FRP or painted steel extensions are available in two foot lengths and include the necessary gasket, nuts, bolts and washers.

## TANK LADDERS

Fiberglass tanks are available with a factory installed aluminum, fiberglass, or carbon steel ladder(s). Attached to the tank bottom with FRP brackets, the ladder is retained at the top with an FRP bar strapped to the manway. The ladder floats freely behind the FRP bar to allow for expansion.


## HELICAL HEATING COILS

For viscous products, helical heating coils are available. Attached to a standard painted carbon steel 22"I.D. manway cover, the $1 \frac{1}{4} 4^{\prime \prime}$ Schedule 40 carbon steel heating coil is installed to leave 8 " clearance from the bottom of the tank. Suction and return couplings can be installed in the manway lid (not included with heating coil).



## HOTWELLS

Hotwells consist of half sections of 24 " fiberglass pipe bonded longitudinally to the bottom wall of the fiberglass tank. The hotwell accommodates suction and return lines spaced $16{ }^{1 / 2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ apart and having a minimum 6 " clearance from bottom surface of hotwell. Manway required if hotwell is used. (Suction and return lines and couplings not furnished with hotwell.)


## FIBERGLASS SUMPS

Fiberglass sumps are available to facilitate condensation removal. Materials and thickness for sumps are the same as for the tank. Special installation procedures must be followed when installing tanks with sumps. Manway required if sump(s) ordered.


## 4" FIBERGLASS FILL TUBE

Fiberglass fill tubes screw into the bottom of a $6^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$ double-tapped reducer bushing which is inserted in a standard NPT fitting. The fill tube bottom is located a minimum of 4 " above the bottom of the tank with the end slanted $45^{\circ}$. A cast iron plug seals the top of the tube to facilitate shipment and testing.


## FRP HOLD DOWN STRAPS

Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass preshaped FRP straps are available when a tank must be anchored. Tanks should be anchored in locations with high water tables, or in installations where water could enter the hole.

$$
\begin{array}{lcl}
\text { Nominal } & \text { Tank } & \\
\text { Tank Size } & \text { O.D./Dia. No. of Straps }
\end{array}
$$



## FLANGED AND GUSSETED NOZZLE

Fiberglass flanged and conically gusseted nozzles are available in $4^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ and $8^{\prime \prime}$ diameters. It is rated at 1500 ft . lbs. for bending loads and 2000 ft . lbs. for torque loading. The nozzle has a standard 150\# ANSI flange and comes with required bolts, nuts, washers and a full-faced 40-50 durometer gasket complete for mounting.


## INSTALLATION SUMMARY

(see Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass tank installation instructions for complete information)

- Though fiberglass tanks are rugged, care should be taken to avoid dropping tanks or damaging them with sharp objects.
- Use lifting lugs when hoisting tanks; do not roll.
- Above ground testing against leaks to $5 \mathrm{psig}(35 \mathrm{KPa})$ prior to installation is required. ( 3 psig on $12^{\prime}$ dia.)
- Backfill material must be either pea gravel or stone crushings that meet ASTM C-33 para. 9.1 requirements. Backfill must be worked to assure no voids exist around the tank.
- For wet hole installation, tanks must be anchored to either a concrete base or to deadmen.
- All internal piping should be at least $4^{\prime \prime}$ from the bottom of tank.


## FIBERGLASS TANKS ARE LESS EXPENSIVE THAN STEEL TANKS BECAUSE THEY WON'T CORRODE

High leakage risk due to corroding metal tanks translates into potentially severe liability for all concerned with fuel and other petroleum products storage systems. When health hazards, property damage and product loss or contamination are the results of corroded metal tanks that leak product into surrounding soil, these factors must heavily influence tank selection.

Where the life of the tank needs to approach the effective life expectancy of the facility, the excellent chemical and corrosion resistant properties of Structural Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic must be considered. Also, where expensive maintenance costs such as sacrificial anode protection systems are a factor, the security of knowing you can bury a Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass tank and virtually forget it is easily converted into cost savings.
For maximum tank durability and overall cost effectiveness, the choice is clear
Xerxes Century-Cast fiberglass tanks.

## PERFORMANCE WARRANTY

Xerxes Corporation warrants that our underground storage tanks, when properly installed in accordance with our instructions, will:
(1) Meet our published specifications and will be free from material defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year following date of original shipment;
(2) Will not fail for a period of thirty (30) years from date of original shipment due to external corrosion;
(3) Will not fail for a period of thirty (30) years from date of original purchase due to internal corrosion, provided the tank is used solely for gasoline, gasohol ( $90 \%$ gasoline and $10 \%$ ethanol mixture), jet fuel, diesel fuel or potable water at ambient underground temperature; or used for fuel oil at temperatures not to exceed $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
Xerxes Corporation's sole liability for any defect, which it determines in its sole reasonable discretion to be covered by the above warranty, shall be, at Xerxes' option, to repair the tank, to replace the tank F.O.B. place of original delivery or to refund the original purchase price. In no event, shall Xerxes' liability under this warranty extend to labor, installation costs, or incidental or consequential damages or losses suffered or incurred in connection therewith.
This warranty is void if oral or written installation instructions are not followed or if the tank is abused or misused in any. manner.
THE WARRANTIES STATED HEREIN SHALL BE IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES BY XERXES CORPORATION, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR THE PARTICULAR PURPOSE INTENDED, ALL OF WHICH ARE HEREBY SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMED BY XERXES. NO PERSON ACTING OR SELLING ON BEHALF OF XERXES MAY AUTHORIZE ANY WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED HEREIN.


## RED JACKET

## "Extacta" wnes

 1/3 H.P. Model P33R1 \& $3 / 4$ H.P: Model P75S A new concept in simplicity of design
## These submersible pumps from Red Jacket. $\operatorname{ir} 1 / 3$ and $3 / 4$

 HP models $\quad$ offer a wholl y new design concept. Engineered Simplcity s rom top to bottom fever moving parts, efficienct Yeliability convenience and satety 10 the user it means al fhese pus nancescosts.
## INSTAUEATION SIMPECITY

SHed Jacket Extracta Pump amives at the 10 b site completely assembled ready for fast easy installation Remove if from the carton and screw it into a 4 4 tank opening No confusion or delays because al models are shipped complete with buit-in syphon at no extra cost. By making a motor control box unnecessary Engitieered Sim plicity further cats installation time and costs.
plosion proof housing. Removing lwo more no chine screws frees the extractable portion for removal Simple, quick, ant no flectricion ze quired to remove or replace the unit

These new Extracta Pumps, ike all pevious Red Jacket Extracta Pumps, are covered by an exChange plan which remains in effect for the liee of the pump.

## SERVIGE SIMPLICITY

Engmeered minto a sing e assembly small enough to holdin one hard areal of the functional ele ments of the Extacta Pump. The check valve rairelinmators exansion reliefvalve, syphon noz Ze and venturysyphomechevelvive and the pres sure testscrew can air beremoved as axumt by removing two machine screws The oil-filled capacitor, the electrical disconnect and the optional leak detector are all lo. cated on top of the discharge manifold, not on the side For maximum convenience in servicing, all of these can be reached by simply removing the manhole cover.
If it should be necessary to remove the pump as sembly, backing out one machine screw separates the bayonet type electrical connector in its ex-

## MOTOR SIMPLICITY

Engineered Simplicity has resulted in a new moto which runs smoother, draws less current and has 4 lower heat rise This permanent split-ct pacitor motor does not require a motor startiug xelay or starting capacitor, the two chief causes 0. Service problems. This in turn eliminates the need for a motor control box resuliting in lower installation and wiring costs.
The motor windings are hermetically sealed in stainless steel. For maximum protection, the overload protector is mounted within the windings. A real "plus" in protection is offered by this device which shuts off the motor, if there is no liquid in the tank.

The motors, available for single phase, 60 cycle, 208-250 volts, carry the Underwriters Laboratories approval. The $1 / 3$ H.P. model is suitable for most service stations and similar applies tions. The $3 / 4$ H.P. model is for use in large stations, airports, small bulk plants, marinas, and similar higher volume operations.


Table of dimensions and pump selection

| $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 'B' BURY } \\ \text { DEPTH } \end{gathered}\right.$ | ＂A＂TANK DIAMETER－ | $3^{\circ}+6^{\prime \prime}$ | $3^{\prime}-10^{\prime \prime}$ | $4^{\circ}-0^{\prime \prime}$ | $5^{\circ}-9^{\prime \prime}$ | $6^{\circ}-0^{\prime \prime}$ | $6^{\prime} \cdot 31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7＇00＇ | 7＇6＂ | 7＇－11＂ | $8 \cdot$ | $8^{\prime}-31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $9^{\prime}-0^{\prime \prime}$ | 10＇ $0^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\circ}-6^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| w | ＂C＂Pump Length ．．．． | 0409 | C050h | 0505： | 0609 | 0701 | 20709 | 0801： | 0809 | 0901 | $0 \% 01$ | 0909 | 1001 | －1108 | H109 |
| $2^{\prime}-0^{\prime \prime}-$ | ＂D＂Pump to Cover ．． | － 5 5\％ | 运5 | －720 | $\div 3$ | ． 7 | －3 | WT\％ | 5． | 6 | 7 | －$+3-10$ | \％ | －7 | 25\％ |
|  | ＂E＂Riser Length ．．．． | 3 8 | 㚅830 | 65 | 10 | 6 | －10 | 2\％ | 28 | 7 | 5 | $-10=$ | 5 6 | 66 | 5－8 |
|  | ＂C＂Pump Length ．．． | 05012 | 0508 | 0509 | 0701 | 0709 | 0801－ | ， | 0901 | 0909 | 0909 | 1001 | 1009 | 1109 | 1201 |
| $2^{\prime}-6^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | ＂D＂Pump to Cover ．． | 7 739 | －$x^{3}$ | 5 5－ | 5 | 5 | 级 5xis |  | 7 | 4 | （05x） | －5 | 5 | 5 | －T－ |
|  | ＂E＂Riser Length ．．． | 122 | －16－4 | 14： | 14 | 14 | 14．38 | － | 12 | 15 | $\times 14$ | 14 | 14 | 14 | －12 |
|  | ＂C＂Pump Length ．．． | 0509 | 0601 | 0601 |  | 0801 | 0809 | 0891 | 0909 | 1001 | 100r | $100 \%$ | 1101 | 1201 | 1209 |
| $3^{\prime}-0^{\prime \prime}$ | ＂D＂Pump to Cover ．． | －5， | 55 | － 7 |  | 7 | 3 |  | 5 | 6 |  | 3. | 7 | 7 | $1 \leqslant 5$ |
| － | ＂E＂Riser Length ．．． | 20 | 20 | 189 | 22 | 18 | 22 | 18, | 20 | 19 | 131 | 22 － | 18 | 18 | 20 |
|  | ＂C＂Pump Length ．．． | 0601 | 0609 | 0609 | 80801 | 9 | 0901 | 0909 | 1001 | 1002 | 1807 | ． 1101 | 1109 | 1209 | 1301 |
| $3^{\prime}-6^{\prime \prime}$ | ＂D＂Pump to Cover ．． | 7 | 3 3 3 | 35 |  |  | 5 | 5 | 7 |  | 5 | ． 5 | －5 | 5－3． | $\therefore 7$ |
|  | ＂E＂Riser Length ．．． | 24 | \％ 28 | 26 | 26 | 20 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 22． | 25 | 26 | 26 | 26 | －24 |
|  | ＂C＂Pump Length ．．． | 0609 | 0701 | 0701. | 0809 | 92015 | 0909 | 1001 | 1009 | 1102 | 1101 | 1109 | 1201 | 1301 | 1309. |
| $4^{\prime}-0^{\prime \prime}$ | ＂D＂Pump to Cover ．． | 5 | 7\％ 5 | 7 7 | 3. |  | 3 | 7 | 5 | $6 \times$ | 27 | 3 | I | T | 5 |
|  | ＂E＂Riser Length ．．． | 32. | － 32 | 30 | 34 | －30）$\times$ | 34 | 30 | 32 | $3 \mathrm{k} \times$ | 30 | － 34 | 30 | $-30$ | 32 |
|  | ＂C＂Pump Length ．． | 0701 | ． 0709 | 0709 | 0901 | 0909 | 1001 | 1009 | 1101 | 1108 | 1109 | 1201. | 1209 | 1309. | 1401 |
| 4＇．6＂ | ＂D＂Pump to Cover ．． | T． | －7 3 | 5 | 5 | \％ 5 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 4 | － 5 | 5 | 5. | 5. | 7 |
|  | ＂E＂Riser Length ．．．． | 36 | 40 | ＋ 38 | － 38 | ｜388 | 38 | 38 | 36 | 39： | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 1－36 |

Note：Pumps in yellow areas are $1 / 3$ H．P．Pumps in stock．Pumps in crossed areas are $1 / 3$ and $3 / 4$ H．P．pumps in stack． All other pumps are special and are built to order．

All Red Jacket EXTRACTA pumps are covered by U．S．Patent No．3，081，915 and Canadian Patent No．608，325

PERFORMANCE AND SELECTION CHART


## HOW TO ORDER YOUR RED JACKET SUBMERSIBLE PUMP

1. Select correct model from performance chart above.
2. Specify tank diameter.
3. Specify top of tank bury depth.

All models are single phase, 60 cycle, 208-250 volt, shipped complete with built-in syphon assembly, No. 65149 riser, and require $4^{\prime \prime}$ tank opening.

-880-029Contral Box
Available as an optional accessory where a convenient central wiring terminal is desired or required. Contains: disconnect switch with locking hasp, pilot
light, connections for external pilot light, provision for 115 volt control circuit to the island dispensers, and a magnetic contac-tor-type relay. Dimensions: $73 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high $x 71 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $3^{\prime \prime}$. deep. No. 116-11 Leak Detector
Heavy cast iron construction. Detects leaks between pump and dispensers. Can be mounted on top of Red Jacket models P33R1 and P75S1 pumps.

No. 60327 Manhole
Rectangular in shape, this manhole and cover is of heavy welded steel designed to carry the weight of fully loaded transports. The manhole is $10^{\prime \prime}$ deep and has a telescoping inner liner* which extends its depth to $19^{\prime \prime}$. No. 60327 is $20^{\prime \prime} \times 20^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\prime \prime}$. Shipping Weight: 87 pounds. *Optional Accessory - Extra



No. 116-11 Leak Detector


No. 60327 Manhole


## Conservation Breather Vent

PROTECTOSEAL SERIES No. 8540

## END-OF-LINE CONSERVATION bREATHER VENT

Protectoseal Series No. 8540 End-of-Line Breather Vents are intended for use where pressure and vacuum relief is required, but the fire protection afforded by flame arresters is not considered necessary. Pallets in the vent housing retard intake of air and escape of vapors as the tank normally breathes in and out. Pallets open and close to permit only that intake or outlet relief necessary to remain within permissible working pressures and avoid damage to tank.
Select the correct size vent to relieve the operating and thermal pressure buildups and provide adequate vacuum relief. Observe the Protectoseal air-flow curves for Protectoseal No. 8540 Vents on Pages 5, 6, and 7.

## Features of Construction

Standard construction is lightweight low copper content Aluminum. Series 8540 can also be furnished with ductile iron housing stainless steel valves, and painted steel weatherhood. Other materials of construction available upon request.
Protectoseal's unique Air Cushion Seating (Patented) is featured. Teflon is standard (see below); rubber or metal-to-metal seating can be furnished on special request. The pallets have peripheral guiding and center stabilizing stem to insure proper alignment and tight seating. Each unit is factory tested prior to shipment to Protectoseal's high standards.

The vent is protected from freezing, binding and clogging by self-draining housing body and drip rings which keep condensate away from seating surfaces. Design and lightweight of entire unit permits convenient easy handling for inspection and maintenance.

Standard pallet settings are $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. Units may be pressure loaded however, for use on blanketed tanks or other installations requiring higher settings.

Profectoseal Series 8540 Valve Pallets with Teflon Air Cushion Seat provide superior performance and replace the former standard metal-to-metal.

A flat, smooth film of FEP Teflon, the thickness depending upon the diameter of the valve pallet and its pressure loading, is supported an both sides of annular channel forming floating air seal with valve seat. Outer support rim assures proper seating and wrinkle-free film. Leakage on valve pallets at $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} . / \mathrm{sq}$. in. is less than $1 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. of stondard air per hour at $90 \%$ of valve opening. Teflon minimizes freezing and sticking due to atmospheric moisture and resinous vapors.

| Cat. <br> No. | $K$ <br> Dia. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A} \\ \mathrm{Ht} . \end{gathered}$ | B Width | C Length | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{D} \\ \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | G Dia. | E Dia. | No. N Holes | Approx. Ship. Wt., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8542 | 21/4" | 12" | $91 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 151/2" | $43 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 4 | 22 |
| 8543D | $31 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 131/4" | $11^{1 / 2 \prime \prime}$ | 171/2" | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | 71/2" | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 4 | 25 |
| 8544D | 41/2" | 14" | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 201/4" | 71/2" | $9{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 8 | 35 |
| 8546D | 61/4" | 191/4" | 17" | 261/2" | 91/2" | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | 7\%' | 8 | 50 |
| 8548D | 83/8" | 203/4" | $191 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $311 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 113/4" | 131/2" | $7 / 3^{\prime \prime}$ | 8 | 65 |
| 8550D | 10\%" | 221/4" | 231/4" | $371 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 141/4" | 16" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 12 | 100 |
| 8552D | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 261/2" | 251/2" | $41^{\prime \prime}$ | 17 " | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | 17 | 12 | 133 |

Add prefix " $E$ " for Aluminum Housing with Stcinless Steet Pallets.
Add prefix " C " for Ductile Iren Housing with Stainless Steel Pallets. Add prefix "F" for Stainless Steel Housing and Stainless Steel Paltets.

## AIR FLOW THROUGH PROTECTOSEAL SERIES 8540 BREATHER VENTS




Type 'A'
Type 'B'

| MODEL NO. | TYPE | 'D' | ' H ' | ' ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 'W' | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Cover } \\ \text { NO. } \end{array}\right.$ | SKIRT NO. | BODY NO. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MH0008 | ' $A$ ' | 8'1 | 7-9/16' |  |  | R7825 | R7860 | R7824 |  |
| MH001 A01 | ' $A$ ' | 9-3/8' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $\because 73 / 4$ |  |  | (R10091-01 | R10092 | R10090-21 | with product Identifier plate. |
| MH0115A01 | ' $A^{\prime}$ | $111^{\prime \prime}$ | $9-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  | N20852-0.3 | R12264 | T07378-10 | with product Identifier plate. |
| MH002O | 'B' |  | 10" | 20' | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | R12668-02 | T07944 | - |  |
| MH0024 | 'B' |  | 10-1/8" | 24" | $24^{\prime \prime}$ | V18895-01 | T08414 | - |  |
| MHCO2OA* | 'B' |  | 10' | 181/2 | $181 / 2$ | R12668-02 | 4-T09102-01 | - |  |
| MH0024A* | 'B' |  | 10" | $24^{\prime \prime}$ | 24" | N18895-02 | 4-T09102-02 | - |  |
| MH0024-30 | ' $B^{\prime}$ |  | 10-1/8' | 30'' | $24^{\prime \prime}$ | 2-N1 9495-02 | T09275 | - | with 1-K87377 'l' Beam. |



Underground Tank Information

1．Length of fuel transfer pump depth tube is $3^{\prime \prime}$ from tank bottom．

2．Tank access ports consist of 4－4＂threaded female openings．

3．The protectoseal pressure／vacuum vent meets the re－ quirements of the specifications．

4．A piece of $20^{\prime \prime} \times 20^{\prime \prime} \times \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Diamond Plate Steel will be provided．


$$
\hat{r}
$$



MAR $\cap 1984$






- OPTIONAL

FLAT CALEE CONNECTOR
PC BOARD CONNECTIONS
ROTE: CUSTOMER CONNETIONS LLG HTS FOR ACTUAL CONNECTIONS
REFER TO D.C. SCHEMATIC

MAR 9 1gat


AC Ammeters, self-contained

| Part No. | Range | Scale <br> Divisions | Approx. VA <br> Loss |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A:001 | 1 A | 50 | 0.6 VA |
| A4A.002 | 5 A | 50 | 0.6 VA |
| A4A.003 | 10 A | 50 | 0.6 VA |

AC Ammeters, for use with external current transformer

| Part No. | Rating | Full Scale <br> Marking | Scale <br> Divisions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A.101 |  | 15 A | 75 |
| A4A.102 |  | 20 A | 40 |
| A4A.103 |  | 30 A | 60 |
| A4A.104 |  | 40 A | 40 |
| A4A.105 |  | 50 A | 50 |
| A4A.106 |  | 60 A | 60 |
| A4A.107 |  | 75 A | 75 |
| A4A.108 | 5 A | 100 A | 50 |
| A4A.109 |  | 150 A | 75 |
| A4A.110 |  | 200 A | 40 |
| A4A.111 |  | 250 A | 50 |
| A4A.112 |  | 300 A | 60 |
| A4A.113 |  | 400 A | 40 |
| A4A.114 |  | 500 A | 50 |
| A4A.115 |  | 600 A | 60 |
| A4A.002-030 |  | 700 A | 70 |
| A4A.116 |  | 750 A | 75 |
| A4A.117 |  | 800 A | 40 |
| A4A.118 |  | 1000 A | 50 |
| A4A.119 |  | 1200 A | 60 |
| A4A.120 |  | 2000 A | 75 |
| A4A.121 |  | 2500 A | 40 |
| A4A.134 |  | 3000 A | 50 |
| A4A.133 |  | 4000 A | 60 |
| A4A.135 |  | 5000 A | 40 |
| A4A.136 |  | 6000 A | 50 |
| A4A.175 |  | 8000 A | 60 |
| A4A.002-021 |  | $10,000 \mathrm{~A}$ | 40 |
| A4A.002-034 |  |  | 50 |

AC Ammeters, Type A4A


Rectifier type circuits are used for AC current measurements that provide improved linearity, frequency characteristics, temperature influence.

These circuits employ an RMS non-linear converting circuit to improve the linearity of DC output with respect to $A C$ input. These circuits combined with a moving coil-type instrument movement result in uniform scale graduations and eliminate the need for specially calibrated scales to compensate for movement-circuit non-linearity.

## FEB 101984



## NOMENCLATURE

| AM | AMMETER |
| :--- | :--- |
| AVS | AMMETER VOLTMETER SWITCH |
| EG | ENGINE GAUGE |
| ETM | ELAPSED TIME METER |
| FM | FREQUENCY METER |
| PL | PANEL LIGHT |
| PLS | PANEL LIGHT SWITCH |
| RP | RESET PUSHBUTTON |
| VAR | VOLTAGE ADJUST RHEOSTAT |
| VM | VOLTMETER |

LIGHTS
LT1 HWTL-HIGH WATER TEMPERATURE LIGHT (RED)
LT2 LOPL-LOW OIL PRESSURE LIGHT (RED)
LT3 OCL-OVERCRANK LIGHT (RED)
LT4 OVERSPEED LIGHT (RED)

## NOTES

1) ENCLOSURE TO BE 9.5" DEEP WITH 4 SHOCK MOUNTS
2 LOCATED 1.25" FROM REAR 2 LOCATED $1.25^{\prime \prime}$ FROM REAR, 2) CONSTRUCTED OF 14 GA SHEET METAL.
2) PRIMED AND PAINTED ANSI-61 LIGHT GRAY.

4-SHOCK MOUNTS
25-20x. 5


BY


## NOMENCLATURE

```
AH ALARM HORN AM AMMETER
AMS AMMETER SWITCH
HSS HORN SILENCE SWITCH
LTS LAMP TEST SWITCH
``` CS CONTROL SWITCH


LIGHTS
LTI BOL-BREAKER OPEN LIGHT (GREEN)
LT2 BTL-BREAKER TRIPPED LIGHT (AMBER)
LT3 BCL-BREAKER CLOSED LIGHT (RED)
LT4 GRL-GEN. RUNNING LIGHT (RED) AMBE LT5 LFLL-LOW FUEL LEVEL LIGHT (RED)
LTG BCFL-BATTERY CHARGER
FAILURE LIGHT (RED)

NOTES
1) ENCLOSURE TO BE \(\mathrm{g}^{\prime \prime}\) DEEP WITH 4 SHOCK MOUNTS, 2 LOCATED 1.625" FROM REAR, 2 LOCATED 1.875" FROM FRONT
2) CONSTUCTED OF 14 GA SHEET METAL
3) PRIMED AND PAINTED ANSI-61 LIGHT GRAY.


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(\infty\) & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC corporation Batrond Onto U.EA.} \\
\hline \({ }^{\text {coute }}\) & & & nevalome & & * & 00x \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\({ }^{\text {Daxt }}\) 8-27-81} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\(\left.0^{\text {orn }} \mathrm{TH}\right|^{\text {cono }}\)} \\
\hline & 1 & NEW & STYLE METER & & TH & 8/27/81 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|r|}{DC ELAPSED TIME METER} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{1956600} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



APPROVEL VENDOK
GE MODEL" \(50 \cdot 250 \cdot 340 \square\)
TRANSFORMER-RATED
\(25-400 \mathrm{HZ} \quad 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) NOMINAL
0.5 AMPERES

PIVOT JEWEL, IRON VANE
BURDEN DATA O.5VA 05 POWER-FACTOR LAGGING
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { SCALE } \\
& \text { AMPS }
\end{aligned}
\] & LS PART Na & GE. MODEL Na \\
\hline 0.50 & 1962005 & 50-250-340 LS \\
\hline 0.75 & 1962075 & 50-250-340 LSPB \\
\hline 0.100 & 1962010 & 50-250-340 LSFK \\
\hline 0.200 & 1962020 & 50.250.340 LSRL \\
\hline 0.300 & 1962030 & 50-250-340 LSR \\
\hline 0.400 & 1962040 & 50-250-40 LSSC \\
\hline 0.500 & 1962050 & 50-250-540 LSS \\
\hline 0.600 & 1962060 & 50-250-340L5SJ \\
\hline 0.800 & 1962080 & 50. \(250 \cdot 340\) \\
\hline 0. 1000 & 1962100 & 50. \(2.50 \cdot 3 \not 0 L\) LSVA \\
\hline 0.1200 & 1962120 & 50. . \(50 \cdot 340\) L.5VB \\
\hline 0.1500 & 1962150 & 50- -50-24)LSVC \\
\hline 0.2000 & 1962200 & 50-50.5.40LSVE \\
\hline 0.300 & 1962300 & \(50.250 \cdot 340\) LS.V. \({ }^{\text {S }}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline SCALE VOLTAGE & L.S. PART No. & GE MODEL Na & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { TERMMINAL } \\
& \text { RISISTANCE }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline O-150 & 1961300 & 50-250-341 PZ PZ & 15,000 \\
\hline 0-300 & 1961030 & 50-250-344 PX RX & \(70.260 \Omega\) \\
\hline 0-600 & 1961060 & 50-250-344 SJSJ & \(140 \mathrm{~K} \Omega\) \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{|ll|}
\hline 0.300 & \text { RANGE } \\
0-600 & \text { SCALE }
\end{array}
\] & 1961036 & 50-250-344 RXRX & \\
\hline 0:300 range 0:600,0-300 scmi & 1961063 & 50-250-344 RXRX & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline INPUT VOLTAGE & SCALE FREG. & LS PART No & GE MODEL No. \\
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 120 \\
& \text { VAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} & 55.65 Hz & 1963060 & 50-254-350 ANAN \\
\hline & \(45-55 \mathrm{~Hz}\) & 1963050 & 50-254-350 AGAG \\
\hline & \(45-65 \mathrm{~Hz}\) & 1963055 & 50-254-350 AJAJ \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
290 \\
\hline 290 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(45-65 \mathrm{~Hz}\) & 1963255 & 50-254-350 D.JD \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


1. Characteristics curves showing \(1 / 3,3 / 4\) and \(11 / 2\) H.P. pumps, each operating individually and as two manifolded together.
2. Piping pressure loss - \(125^{\prime}\) of equivalent \(2^{\prime \prime}\) pipe and fittings.
3. Curves are based upon use of a typical automatic nozzle at middle setting.

HOW TO ORDER YOUR RED JACKET SUBMERSIBLE PUMP
1. Select correct model from performance chart above.
2. Specify tank diameter.
3. Specify fiberglass or steel tank.
4. Specify top of tank bury depth.

\section*{OUTSTANDING REPLACEMENT PROGRAM}

Red Jacket gives you the best pump/motor replacement program in the industry. Red Jacket replacement motors are directly interchangeable with all currently designed competitive submersible pumps. It is unnecessary to carry a large stock of different replacement units. You need to
stock only a \(1 / 3\) H.P. UMP33R1 or a \(3 / 4\) H.P. UMP75S1. And all replacement units are entirely new - not rebuilt.
What's more, stock in our field warehouses assures a ready supply of units and you have the advantage of the industry's largest network of trained service personnel.

RED JACKET* PUMPS
A Division of Wylain, Inc.
DISTRIBUTOR
GIST. ORDER NO.
WILMINGTON, NC
FACTORY NO.
TYPE OF EQUIPMENT
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline TRANSFORMER, SAFETY SWITCHES \\
\hline JOB \\
LOCATION & \\
ARCHITECT & REPLACE AUXILIARY GENERATOR \\
ENGINEER & \\
ALEC. CONTRACTOR & HARRIS ELECTRIC \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

FIELD ENGINEER
L. WILSON

HEADQUARTERS ENGINEER
S. NIZINSKI

\section*{HARRIS ELECTRIC CO. \\ OF} WILMINGTON BOX 4487, WILM., N.C. 28406 APPROVED
DISAPPROVED
APPROVED AS NOTED \(\qquad\)
RESUBMITTAL (IS) (IS, NOT) REQUIRED
checked bine bate \(12-2-83\) CONT. \(5840 \quad \operatorname{sPEC} 5840\)



SECONDARY 240 V. DELTA
6 TAPS
15 KVA THRU 300 KVA

SECONDARY 208Y/120 V.
6 TAPS

15 KVA THRU 300 KVA
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{\begin{tabular}{c} 
In Each Phase \\
Connect \\
\\
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} 
to Taps
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
PRIMARY \\
VOLTS
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c}
\(2-2.5 \%\) FCAN \\
\(2-2.5 \% ~ F C B N ~\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
2-2.5\% FCAN \\
\(4-2.5 \% ~ F C B N ~\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 504 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 492 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline 480 & 3 & 3 \\
\hline 468 & 4 & 4 \\
\hline 456 & 5 & 5 \\
\hline 444 & - & 6 \\
\hline 432 & - & 7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


480 VOLTS DELTA PRIMARY, 3 PHASE, 60 HERTZ, \(150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\). RISE ABOVE \(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\). AMBIENT
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{KVA} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CATALOG NUMBER} & \multicolumn{12}{|c|}{DIMENSIONS IN INCHES} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Guar. \\
Sound \\
Level \\
in DB'S
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Fig.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Wgt.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Av. \\
\% \\
z
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
208Y/120 V. \\
Secondary
\end{tabular} & 240 V. Delta Secondary & A & B & C & D & E & F & G & H & J & K & L & M & & & & \\
\hline 15 & 15 T 3 H & 15T6H & 23 & 22.25 & 15 & 20 & 11 & 8 & 17 & 4 & . 625 & 1.125 & - & 4.5 & 45 & 1 & 230 & 3.6 \\
\hline 30 & 30T3H & 30T6H & 23 & 22.25 & 15 & 20 & 11 & 8 & 17 & 4 & . 625 & 1.125 & - & 4.5 & 45 & 1 & 285 & 5.5 \\
\hline 45 & 45T3H & 45T6H & 26 & 24 & 15 & 22 & 11 & 8 & 18 & 4 & . 625 & 1.125 & - & 4.5 & 45 & 1 & 369 & 5.7 \\
\hline 75 & 75T3H & 75T6H & 30 & 30 & 20 & 28 & 15 & 11.25 & 24 & 9 & 5.5 & 1.125 & - & 5.0 & 50 & 1 & 590 & 5.2 \\
\hline 112.5 & 112 T 3 H & 112T6H & 37 & 30 & 20 & 28 & 15 & 11.25 & 24 & 10.5 & 1.250 & 1.125 & - & 7.5 & 50 & 2 & 690 & 6.9 \\
\hline 150 & 150T3H & 150T6H & 42 & 36 & 24 & 33 & 22 & - & 28 & 11 & 5 & - & 14 & 8.5 & 50 & 2 & 1050 & 6.7 \\
\hline 225 & 225 T 3 H & 225T6H & 42 & 36 & 24 & 33 & 22 & - & 28 & 11 & 5 & - & 14 & 8.5 & 55 & 2 & 1350 & 6.6 \\
\hline 300 & 300T3H & 300T6H & 48 & 48 & 29.5 & 45 & 28 & - & 40 & 13 & 5.75 & - & 13 & 10 & 55 & 2 & 2000 & 3.7 \\
\hline 500 & 500T68H & 500T63H & 58 & 48 & 29.5 & 45 & 28 & - & 40 & 13 & 5.75 & - & 13 & 10 & 60 & 2 & 2700 & 6.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Dry-Type Transformers \\ 480 Volts Delta Primary \\ Three Phase 60 HERTZ \\ 15 to 500 KVA}

UL Listed (4)


3-78 Replaces SSD-60G dated 9-70


\footnotetext{
12-82 Replaces SSD-30G dated 12-77
}

Water plant Director requested \(60 \mathrm{hp} \&\) 50 Hp lift Pumps be Connected to Generator. in lien of 100 Al


Revised Wiring Diagram - Bldg As-110
\[
83-5840
\]

WIRING DIAGRAM - AS -11O

Waten Plant

\section*{30 through 800 amperes}

\section*{single coil solenoid actuator, solid state logic}

\section*{Series S38 \({ }^{\text {m }}\) automatic transfer switches}

\section*{standard features}
- All Kohler transfer switches are UL-listed through 480 volts AC and CSA certified through 600 volts AC. They meet the voltage impulse withstand test in accordance with the proposed NEMA standard 1CS1-109 and voltage surge withstand capability in accordance with ANSI/IEEE C37.90-1978.
- Rated for all classes of load, both inductive and non-inductive.
- \(100 \%\) equipment rated. Suitable for continuous duty at the rated current, either open or enclosed, without derating.
- Adjustable close differential normal phase voltage sensing from 72 to \(100 \%\) of nominal for pickup and 70 to \(98 \%\) for dropout.
- Mechanically held on normal or emergency.
- True double throw construction, inherently mechanically and electrically interlocked.
- High speed transfer, \(1 / 6\) second or less, including relay operating time for all capacities.

\section*{HARRIS ELECTRIC CO. \\ OF \\ WILMINGTON}

BOX 4437, WILM., N.C.
28406
A-PRクVED
 flashed contacits.
- LEDs (Light Emitting Diodes) indicate switch status. Thep light asseach monitored function is complete. The LEDs also serve as a diagnostic aid
- urecomponents recognizedpaccessories avallable for field installation pIffactory installed. \(/ 20-84\)
- Accessory-Carafrekt tith pugg-in connector provides capacity for one additignal timingagtyseven sourceimonitaring fanctions? Accessonypirg-in. cards are key interlocked to prevent incorrect insertion.
- All relays, either standard or accessory, are of the plug-in type with spring retaining clips.

\section*{standard accessories}
\(\square\) For complete listing of standard accessories, see page 3.
 model in a NEMA 1 enclosure.

SAMPLE PART NUMBER

\section*{K-166341-0150}

VOLTAGE \& FREQUENCY
PHASE TO PHASE
240V AC MAX
Available in \(30-100\)
ampere sizes only.
\(21-110 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)
\(22-120 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)
\(23-220 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)
\(24-240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)
\(27-190 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)
\(28-208 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)
600 V AC MAX
\(60-600 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(61-110 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(62-120 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(63-220 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(64-240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(65-550 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(66-480 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(67-190 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(68-208 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)
\(69-440 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) 71 - 380V \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) \(73-416 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\)

NUMBER OF POLES
\begin{tabular}{cc}
\(2-2\) pole \(1 \varnothing\) & \(5-3\) pole \(3 \varnothing\) with \\
\(3-3\) pole \(3 \varnothing\) & overlapping neutral \\
\(4-3\) pole \(1 \varnothing\) & contacts
\end{tabular}

\section*{NUMBER OF WIRES}

\footnotetext{
2-2 Wire
3-3 Wire
4-4 Wire
}

TYPE OF ENCLOSURE
0 - Open
1 - NAMA 1
3 - NAMA 3R

\section*{AMPERES}

0030 - 30 amperes \(0225-225\) amperes
0070 - 70 amperes \(0260-260\) amperes
0100 - 100 amperes
0104 - 104 amperes
0150 - 150 ampere
0600 - 400 amperes
0600 - 600 amperes
0800 - 800 amperes

USE PART NUMBER CODE TO SPECIFY TYPE AND CAPACITY OF SWITCH
The code number for the Kohler switch you have chosen is (fill in the boxes). . .
 sories described, select the desired optional accessories from pages 3-4, and enter in the blanks below.

\section*{"Fares Electric}

\section*{supplied with Kohler switches \\ \section*{S38 \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) Series}}

All Kohler switches with solid state controls, 30 to 800 amperes, have the following accessories supplied as standard:
KA-01-A (TDNE) Time Delay Normal to Emergency (adjustable 0.6 to 60 seconds).

KA-02-E (TDES) Time Delay on Engine Starting (fixed at 3 seconds).
KA-03-C (TDEN) Time Delay Emergency to Normal (adjustable 1 to 30 minutes).
KA-05-B Frequency voltage relay for emergency source, nonadjustable. Monitors 1 phase only.

KA-06-A Test pushbutton for separate mounting. The
or momentary test switch will interrupt power to the normal source relay and simulate a power failure on normal as long as the switch is held in the test position.
KA-06-B Test pushbutton. Identical to 06-A except mounted on the enclosed door.
-KA-09-C Disconnect plug to prevent automatic operation.
KA-15-A Main shaft auxiliary contact closed on normal (for 600 volt maximum switches).

\section*{optional accessories}

\section*{Series S38 \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) automatic transfer switches}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Accessory Number & Description \\
\hline KA-02-AS \(\dagger\) & (TDES) Time Delay on Engine Starting (adjustable 3-20 seconds). TDES delays initiation of the engine start circuit in order to ignore momentary power outages or fluctuations. This timer begins timing when the normal source fails. It is intended for use when the emergency source is an engine generator, and does not affect the transfer switch's ability to transfer from normal to emergency. \\
\hline KA-04-CS & (TDEC) Time Delay for Engine Cool-off (adjustable 1-30 minutes). TDEC permits the generator to run under a noload condition after transfer from emergency to normal. This timer begins timing when the switch transfers to normal. \\
\hline KA-05-AS \(\dagger\) & Under frequency card for emergency source (adjustable 45-60 hertz). Monitors emergency source frequency (one phase only) and prevents transfer until that source reaches the preset level. If the emergency source fails or is outside of the card setting and normal is available, the switch will immediately transfer to normal. \\
\hline KA-05-CS \(\dagger\) & Over-frequency card for emergency source (adjustable \(50-65 \mathrm{~Hz}\) ) monitors generator frequency (one phase only). Similar in operation to accessory KA-05-AS. \\
\hline KA-05-ES \(\dagger\) & Over-voltage card for emergency source (adjustable, from 100 to \(115 \%\), nominally set at \(115 \%\) dropout unless otherwise specified). Monitors emergency source voltage (one phase only) and prevents transfer until that source reaches the preset level. If the emergency source fails or is outside of the card setting and normal is available, the switch will immediately transfer to normal. \\
\hline KA-05-FS \(\dagger\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Under-voltage card for emergency source. Monitors three phases, adjustable \(70-100 \%\). Similar in operation to accessory KA-05-E. \\
See Table 5 for voltage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-05-GS \(\dagger\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Over-voltage card for emergency source. Same as KA-05-E except monitors three phases. \\
See Table 5 for voltage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-06-C \(\dagger\) & Maintained test switch for separate mounting. Not UL listed. \\
\hline KA-06-DS & Maintained test switch. Identical to accessory KA-06-C except mounted on enclosure door. \\
\hline KA-07-C & Four position selector switch (selector switch with white light, for separate mounting). Permits four modes of switch operation: Test, Auto, Off and Engine Start. The Off position de-energizes the control circuitry and opens the engine start circuit. The transfer switch will not operate nor will the engine start on power failure. The Test position simulates a normal power failure. The Auto position returns the transfer switch to automatic operation. The Engine Start position closes the engine start circuit. The switch will not transfer unless the normal source fails. A white lamp will light in all positions except the Auto position. (Accessory 6 is omitted if accessory 7 is selected.) \\
\hline KA-07-DS & Four position selector switch, same as accessory KA-07-C, installed. (Accessory 6 is omitted if accessory 7 is selected.) \\
\hline KA-08-A \(\dagger\) & Pushbutton override to normal. Bypasses accessory KA-03-C and allows manual transfer at any time after normal power is restored. (For separate mounting.) See accessory 29 for pushbutton operation. \\
\hline KA-08-CS & Pushbutton retransfer to normal. (Same as KA-08-A except installed.) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Accessory Number & Description \\
\hline KA-10-A & Two-position selector switch permits selection of either the normal or emergency source as the preferred power source. The preferred source is the one the switch will always transfer to if that source is available. For use with one commercial power and one engine-generator, or two commercial power sources. (For separate mounting.) \\
\hline KA-10-BS & Two-position selector switch. (Identical to KA-10-A except mounted on the enclosure door.) \\
\hline KA-10-C & Two-position selector switch for separate mounting. (Same as KA-10-A except used when both sources are enginegenerators.) \\
\hline KA-10-DS & Two-position selector switch. Identical to KA-10-C, except installed. \\
\hline KA-12-A \(\dagger\) & Pilot light normal supply for separate mounting. Green lamp indicates transfer switch in normal position and normal power is supplying load. Up to four pilot lights can be paralleled. Does not require accessory 15. \\
\hline KA-12-B \(\dagger\) & Pilot light emergency supply for separate mounting. Red lamp indicates transfer switch in emergency position and emergency power is supplying load. Up to four pilot lights can be paralleled. Does not require accessory 15. \\
\hline KA-12-CS & Pilot light normal supply. Identical to KA-12-A, installed. \\
\hline KA-12-DS & Pilot light emergency supply. Identical to KA-12-B, installed. \\
\hline KA-12-E \(\dagger\) & Pilot light normal supply for separate mounting. White lamp indicates normal power is present. Up to four pilot lights can be paralleled. Does not require accessory 15. \\
\hline KA-12-F \(\dagger\) & Pilot light emergency supply for separate mounting. White lamp indicates emergency power is present. Up to four pilot lights can be paralleled. Does not require accessory 15. \\
\hline KA-12-GS & Pilot light normal supply. Identical to KA-12-E, installed. \\
\hline KA-12-HS & Pilot light emergency supply. Identical to KA-12-F, installed. \\
\hline KA-14-C \(\dagger\) & Relay auxiliary contact (normal source 2 NO and 2 NC ). Relay coil is energized as soon as the switch transfers to normal power. \\
\hline KA-14-D \(\dagger\) & Relay auxiliary contact (emergency source 2 NO and 2 NC ). Relay coil is energized as soon as emergency power is available. Suitable for use in operating louvers. \\
\hline KA-15-E & \begin{tabular}{l}
One additional main shaft auxiliary contact rated 10 amperes at 480 V (closed on normal). Not available on 240 volt maximum switches. \\
See Table 6 for amperage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-15-F & \begin{tabular}{l}
One main shaft auxiliary contact rated 10 ampere at 480 V (closed on emergency). Not available on 240 volt maximum switches. \\
See Table 6 for amperage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-15-G & \begin{tabular}{l}
Two additional main shaft auxiliary contacts rated 10 ampere at 480 V (closed on normal). Not available on 240 volt maximum switches. \\
See Table 6 for amperage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-15-H & \begin{tabular}{l}
Two main shaft auxiliary contacts rated 10 ampere at 480 V (closed on emergency). Not available on 240 volt maximum switches. \\
See Table 6 for amperage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-15-J & \begin{tabular}{l}
Three additional main shaft auxiliary contacts rated 10 ampere at 480 V (closed on normal). Not available on 240 volt maximum switches. \\
See Table 6 for amperage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\dagger\) Also available as a field installable kit.
}
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Accessory \\
Number
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{\(\quad\) Description }
\end{tabular}\(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{ll} 
& \begin{tabular}{l} 
Three main shaft auxiliary contacts rated 10 ampere at 480 \\
V (closed on emergency). Not available on 240 volt max- \\
imum switches. \\
See Table 6 for amperage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-18-G & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Frequency meter mounted in enclosure door (not available \\
with NEMA 3R enclosure).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-18-H & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Running time meter mounted in enclosure door (not \\
available with NEMA 3R enclosure).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-18-J & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Voltmeter, ammeter and selector switch mounted in enclos- \\
ed door (not available with NEMA 3R enclosure).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-18-K & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Padlockable enclosure NEMA 1 or 3R
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-21-A & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Non-standard terminals (refer to wire terminal data, page 4).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-23-C & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Plant exerciser for periodic exercising of the emergency \\
generator set. Timer is adjustable over a 336 hour (14 day) \\
period in increments of 30 minutes. Timer does not \\
simulate a normal source failure. The automatic transfer \\
switch is not affected. The generator set is signalled to run \\
unloaded for the set time period. \\
See Table 1 for voltage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Klant exerciser for periodic exercising under load. Identical \\
to accessory KA-23-C except simulates normal power \\
failure. Includes override circuit to provide immediate \\
retransfer to normal if emergency fails. \\
See Table 1 for voltage suffix.
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Accessory Number & Description \\
\hline KA-29-C & Pushbutton operation from emergency to normal. For separate mounting. PBEN provides automatic engine starting and transfer to emergency. Not UL listed. \\
\hline KA-29-DS & Pushbutton operation. Identical to accessory KA-29-B except mounted in the enclosure door. \\
\hline KA-29-ES & Pushbutton operation. Identical to KA-29-C except mounted in the enclosure door. \\
\hline KA-29-F & Pushbutton operation. Identical to KA-29-B plus a twoposition selector switch marked automatic/manual that provides either automatic or manual operation. For separate mounting. Not UL listed. \\
\hline KA-29-GS & Pushbutton operation. Identical to KA-29-F except mounted on the enclosure door. \\
\hline KA-29-H & Pushbutton operation. Identical to KA-29-C plus a twoposition selector switch marked automatic/manual that provides either automatic or manual operation. For separate mounting. Not UL listed. \\
\hline KA-29-JS & Pushbutton operation. Identical to KA-29-H except mounted on the enclosure door. \\
\hline KA-30-A & Cranking limiter. Opens the engine start circuit after its time delay is completed. It is initiated by an engine start contact closure. Adjustable from 30-200 seconds. \\
\hline KA-31-A & \begin{tabular}{l}
Audible alarm. Sounds alarm when the automatic transfer switch is in the emergency position. A silencing switch is included. For separate mounting. \\
See Table 3 for voltage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-31-B & \begin{tabular}{l}
Audible alarm. Identical to accessory KA-31-A except mounted in the enclosure. \\
See Table 3 for voltage suffix.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-34-A & Inphase monitor. Monitors the normal and emergency sources and will not permit transfer in either direction until the phase voltages are within \(\pm 15^{\circ}\) and have a frequency difference within \(\pm 2\) cycles. If the source supplying the load fails or drops below \(70 \%\), the monitor will override itself and permit immediate tranfer. See Table 4 for voltage suffix. \\
\hline KA-35-A & Load shedding contacts. Provides 1 NO and 1 NC contacts that operate 3 seconds before the automatic transfer switch transfers in either direction. \\
\hline KA-35-B & Load shedding contacts. Identical to accessory KA-35-A except that 2 NO and 2 NC contacts are furnished. \\
\hline KA-36-A & \begin{tabular}{l}
Overlapping neutral contact. Provides switched neutral contact for applications requiring a four-pole switch. Normal and emergency source neutrals are both connected to load during transfer for 100 milliseconds or less. \\
To specify accessory KA-36-A, refer to the "Number of Poles" section in the Part Number Key on page 2.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline KA-37-A & Five (5) foot extender wire harness for intelligence circuit. \\
\hline KA-37-B & Ten (10) foot extender wire harness for intelligence circuit. \\
\hline KA-37-C & Twenty (20) foot extender wire harness for intelligence circuit. \\
\hline KA-50-A & CSA nameplate identification (bilingual). \\
\hline KA-70-A & Non-standard accessories. This number is reserved for accessories specified for applications requiring a Kohler engineered system. \\
\hline & Bag of 5 dummy cards. The solid state accessory mounting board has seven slots. If all are not used, dummy cards should be inserted in the unused slot. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\dagger\) Also available as a field installable kit.

\section*{VOLTAGE AND AMPERAGE SUFFIXES}

The following tables present the suffix code numbers needed in some instances to complete the accessory part numbers. Refer to Tables 1 through 5 for the correct suffix indicating the phase-to-phase voltage and frequency you require, or Table 6 for the amperage code. Where applicable, the above accessory descriptions tell which table to use. Normally the voltage suffix should be the same as the switch voltage. If an accessory 23-plant exerciser, an accessory 24 -battery charger or an accessory 31 -audible alarm is required to be activated from a source other than the switch voltage, select the desired voltage from the table and add a note to the order stating: Do not factory wire input. All other accessories must have the switch voltage suffix.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{TABLE 1} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{TABLE 2} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{TABLE 3} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{TABLE 4} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{TABLE 5} & TABLE 6 \\
\hline Suffix & Voltage & Frequency & Suffix & Voltage & Frequency & Suffix & Voltage & Frequency & Suffix & Voltage & Frequency & Suffix & Voltage & Frequency & Amperage \\
\hline A & 110-120 & 60 HZ & C & 110-120 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & A & 110-120 & 50/60 HZ & B & 208 & 60 HZ & 1 & 208 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & Add suffix A for \\
\hline B & 208-240 & 60 HZ & D & 220-240 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & B & 190-208 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & C & 240 & 60 HZ & 2 & 480 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & 30-150 amperes \\
\hline C & 550-660 & 60 HZ & E & 208 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & C & 220-240 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & D & 480 & 60 HZ & 3 & 550-600 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & Add suffix B for \\
\hline D & 440-480 & 60 HZ & F & 480-600 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & D & 380-416 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & E & 220 & 50 HZ & 4 & 110/120 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & 225-400 amperes \\
\hline E & 380-440 & 50 HZ & G & 190-220 & 50 HZ & E & 440-480 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & F & 380 & 50 HZ & & 240 & & Add suffix C for \\
\hline F & 110-120 & 50 HZ & H & 380 & 50 HZ & F & 550-600 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & G & 416 & 50 HZ & 5 & 220/380 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & 600-800 amperes \\
\hline G & 208-240 & 50 HZ & J & 416 & 50 HZ & & & & H & 440 & 50 HZ & 6 & 240/416 & \(50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ}\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Sizes of AL-CU listed solderless screw type terminals for external power connections.
\begin{tabular}{cc|cc}
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
Switch Rating \\
(Amperes)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Range of \\
Wire Sizes
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Switch Rating \\
(Amperes)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Range of \\
Wire Sizes
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 30 & One \#14 to \#6 & 400 & Two \#1/0 to 250 MCM or \\
70 & One \#14 to 1/0 & One \#4 to 600 MCM \\
\(100-104\) & One \#14 to 2/0 & One \#8 to 3/0 & 600 \\
150 & One \#4 to 400 MCM & 800 & Two \#2 to 600 MCM \\
\(225-260\) & & & Three \#2 to 600 MCM \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{dimensions and weights}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Switch Rating in Amperes} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Number \\
of Poles
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Dimensions in Inches (Millimeters)} & & \\
\hline & & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Measurement of Contactor Only Open**} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Measurements of NEMA 1 Enclosure Enclosed (NEMA 1)} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Measurements of Outdoor Enclosure Outdoor (NEMA 3R)} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Nominal Weight Lbs. (kg)} \\
\hline & & Height & Width & Depth & Height & Width & Depth & Height & Width & Depth & Switching Device Plus Intelligence Circuit Open & \begin{tabular}{l}
NEMA 1 or \\
NEMA 3R Enclosed
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 30 & 2 & 87/8 (222) & 615/18 (173) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & 223/8 (584) & 1315/16 (348) & 36 (913) & 237/8 (597) & 141/2 (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 30 & 3 & 87/8 (222) & 71/16 (177) & \(43 / 4\) (121) & \(33^{3 / 4}\) (857) & \(22^{3} / 8\) (584) & 1315/16 (348) & 36 (913) & 2378 (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 30 & \(3 *\) & 87/8 (222) & 71316 (195) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & \(22^{3 / 8}\) (584) & \(13^{15 / 16}\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237/8 (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 70 & 2 & 87/8 (222) & 61/8 (160) & 4/3/4 (121) & \(333 / 4.857)\) & \(22^{3 / 8}(584)\) & 1315/16 (348) & 36 (913) & 237\% (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 70 & 3 & 87/8 (222) & 71/4 (179) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & \(22^{3 / 8}(584)\) & \(13^{15 / 16}\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237/8 (597) & 141/2 (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 70 & 3* & 87/8 (222) & 75/16 (198) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & \(22^{3 / 8}(584)\) & \(13^{15 / 16}\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237\% (597) & 141/2 (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 100 & 2 & 87/8 (222) & 61/8(160) & 43/4 (121) & \(3331 / 4\) (857) & \(22^{3 / 8}(584)\) & \(1315 / 16\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237\% (597) & \(14^{1 / 2}\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 100 & \(3{ }^{\text {* }}\) & 87/8 (222) & 71/4 (179) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & \(22^{3 / 8}\) (584) & \(13^{15 / 16}\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237/8 (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 100 & 3* & 87/8 (222) & 75/18 (198) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & \(22^{3 / 8}\) (584) & \(1315 / 16\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237/8 (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 104 & 2 & 87/8 (222) & 61/8 (160) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & \(22^{3 / 1}(584)\) & \(13^{15 / 16}\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237\% (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 104 & \(3{ }^{*}\) & 87/8 (222) & 71/4 (179) & \(43 / 4\) (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & 223/8 (584) & 1315/16 (348) & 36 (913) & 237/8 (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 150 & 3
2 & 87/8 (222) & 75/16(198) & 43/4 (121) & \(333 / 4\) (857) & 223/8 (584) & \(1315 / 16\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237/8 (597) & \(141 / 2\) (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 150 & 3 & 93/4 (248) & \(71 / 16\) (195) & 5 (127) & \(33^{3 / 4}\) (857) & \(223 / 3\) (584) & \(1315 / 16\) (348) & 36 (913) & 237\% (597) & 141/2 (368) & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 150 & 3* & 93/4 (248) & \(83 / 4\) (222) & 5 (127) & 33/4/4 (857) & \(22^{3 / 1}(584)\) & \(13^{15 / 15}\) (348) & & & & 61 (28) & 120 (55) \\
\hline 225 & 2,3 & 151/2 (394) & 11 (279) & 57\% (149) & 471/16 (1177) & \(233 / 8\) (584) & \(151 / 4\) (396) & 491/8 (1254) & 237\% (597) & \(16^{3 / 4}(425)\) & & 160 (73) \\
\hline 225 & 3* & 151/2 (394) & 13 (330) & 57\% (149) & 471/16 (1177) & \(233 / 8\) (584) & 151/4 (396) & \(491 / 8\) (1254) & \(237 / 8\) (597) & \(16^{3 / 4}(425)\) & 77 (35) & 160 (73) \\
\hline 260 & 2,3 & 151/2 (394) & 11 (279) & 57/8 (149) & 471/16 (1177) & \(23^{3 / 8}(584)\) & 151/4 (396) & 491/8 (1254) & \(237 / 8\) (597) & \(16^{3 / 4}(425)\) & 77 (35) & 160 (73) \\
\hline 260 & 3* & 151/2 (394) & 13 (330) & 57/3 (149) & 471/16 (1177) & \(233 / 6(584)\) & 151/4 (396) & 491\% (1254) & \(237 / 8\) (597) & \(16^{3 / 4}(425)\) & 77 (35) & 160 (73) \\
\hline 400 & 2,3 & 151/2 (394) & 11 (279) & \(63 / 4\) (172) & 471/16 (1177) & \(233 / 8(584)\) & 151/4 (396) & 491/8 (1254) & 237/8 (597) & \(16^{3 / 4}(425)\) & 77 (35) & 160 (73) \\
\hline 400 & 3* & 151/2 (394) & 14 (356) & \(63 / 4\) (172) & \(471 / 16\) (1177) & \(233 / 8\) (584) & 151/4 (396) & 491/8 (1254) & 237/8 (597) & 163/4 (425) & 77 (35) & 160 (73) \\
\hline 600 & 2,3 & 263/4 (680) & 191/4 (489) & 11 (279) & 641/4. (1606) & \(321 / 2\) (813) & 197\% (497) & 68 (1726) & \(323 / 16\) (825) & 21 (534) & 172 (78) & 425 (193) \\
\hline 600 & 3* & 263/4 (680) & \(22^{3 / 4}(578)\) & \(111 / 2\) (292) & 641/4 (1606) & \(321 / 2\) (813) & 197\% (497) & 68 (1726) & \(323 / 16\) (825) & 21 (534) & 172 (78) & 425 (193) \\
\hline 800 & 2,3 & 263/4 (680) & 1911/4 (489) & 11 (279) & 641/4 (1606) & \(321 / 2\) (813) & 197\% (497) & 68 (1726) & \(323 / 16\) (825) & 21 (534) & 172 (78) & 425 (193) \\
\hline 800 & \(3 *\) & 263/4 (680) & 223/4 (578) & 111/2 (292) & 6411/4 (1606) & \(3211 / 2\) (813) & 191/8 (497) & 68 (1726) & \(323 / 16\) (825) & 21 (534) & 172 (78) & 425 (193) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* 3 pole with overlapping neutral (accessory 36 )
}
**The intelligence circuit is \(18(457)\) wide by \(27.5(699)\) high and \(6(15)\) deep.

\section*{5 steps to proper selection}

To select the proper switch, only five simple steps are required.
1. Determine the proper phase-to-phase voltage, frequency, and number of poles.
2. Determine the current rating by totaling all lighting, motor, and other loads. With Kohler switches, lights can be tungsten, fluorescent, or other types such as sodium vapor. (The load may be \(100 \%\) tungsten for switches rated through 400 amperes, or \(30 \%\) or 400 amperes - whichever is greater - for switches rated 600 amperes and larger.) Motor loads are evaluated on the basis of full load running current only.
Note: The switch should match the capacity of the larger of the normal and emergency source protective devices.
3. Based on the above, and considering the system voltage, select the catalog number of the switch, adding desired optional accessories.
4. Determine the operating environment of the switch, whether indoors, outdoors, under dusty conditions, in an explosive atmosphere . . . and specify the appropriate cabinetry.
5. Check for conformance to the available withstand, closing and interrupting ratings that the switch must handle during a possible short circuit on the system, and other specification requirements.
know that all Kohler Automatic Transfer Switches meet or exceed test requirements of UL standards for public safety. Kohler switches far surpass UL standards, as indicated by the chart below.

\section*{Series \(\mathrm{S} 38^{\text {TM }}\) withstand, closing, and interrupting ratings}

* Design improvements have permitted higher withstand ratings for certain size switches.

For specific requirements consult Kohler Co. for certified ratings.
** Current limiting fuses may be of the Class J, K1, K5, R and L types.

This guide assumes proper application of the source protective device and the worst case conditions, i.e., zero impedance between the source protective device and the transfer switch and the short circuit currents would be those produced by a "bolted fault" connected directly to the switch's load terminals, and
that the available fault current is maximum possible with source protective selected. The fuses are listed based upon the maximum "umbrella" values permitted in the UL classification shown. Refer to your Kohler Co. Distributor for other applications.

\section*{DISTRIBUTOR NETWORK}

The availability of a broad range of service and immediate shipment of parts are vitally important in both standby and prime power installations. The sales and service of Kohler generator sets and transfer switches are handled by some 60 distributors and hundreds of dealers located throughout the United States and Canada. Kohler products are also sold internationally and backed up by a world-wide network of sales and service outlets. Single source supply covered by one overall warranty.

\section*{DISTRIBUTOR EXPERIENCE}

The knowledge a distributor can bring to a standby or prime power installation establishes him as an important adjunct to the architect/engineer/contractor team. The distributor's
knowledge and experience benefits the specifier intent on providing reliable electricity. The distributor has studied performance through regular servicing of many different types of generator installations and is an expert in this area. His reputation as a professional is backed up by long experience in standby power systems and regular participation in factory service schools.

\section*{WARRANTIES}

Kohler Co. warrants each transfer switch it manufactures for one (1) year from date of purchase. Warranty language differs depending on whether the product is for personal, family, or household use applications or commercial-industrial applications. Copies of these warranties are available from Kohler Co., Kohler, Wisconsin 53044.


Harris Electric Co. of Wilmington
P. O. Box 4487

Wilmington, N. C. 28406
Attn: Mr. Gene Harris
Dear Mr. Harris:
In response to your inquiry regarding, bolting the vibration isolators to the floor, we have not found it necessary, on stationary units, due to the construction of the base of the isolator.

I have enclosed a brochure from Korfund Dynamics Corp. with the pertinent data high lighted.

If we can be of further assistance do not hesitate to call.
Sincerely,
COVINGTON DIESEL, INC.
David Sister
David Hester
Power Systems Engineer
ap
cc: B. Troutman

Receipt Acknomledacio
\[
29 \text { Oct } 84
\]


\section*{WHY USE ELASTOMER*VIBRATION ISOLATORS?}

Korfund Elastomer isolators provide low cost vibration isolation. Standard deflection designs provide up to \(1 / 4^{\prime \prime}\) deflection, and double deflection designs provide up to \(1 / 2^{\prime \prime}\) deflection. Most dynamic machines generate high frequency disturbances which we perceive as noise; these isolators are excellent in preventing structural noise transmission.

Korfund mounts are neoprene which is resistant to oils, acids and alkalis commonly encountered in industry. Normal temperature tolerance \(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\) to \(+180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\). These mounts are so designed as to provide features of shear and compression for highest isolation efficiency, and for protection against shock overload. In addition, steel plates are molded in the mount's top and bottom surfaces to distribute loads more efficiently.

The basic resilient element of Korfund Elastomer mounts is available in both a floor-mounted design (SERIES F) and in a hanger mounted design (SERIES H), with all dimensions, loading, and deflection characteristics being the same in both design series. Each series is available in two static deflection ranges which are a function of mounting height, and in a broad range of loading capacities which are a function of mount size and elastomer durometer.

SERIES F mountings (floor mounts) are used in the same manner as vibration isolating pad-type materials, beneath a very wide variety of air conditioning, industrial, and business machines. In addition to providing isolation, they also speed machine installations by eliminating, in most cases, bolting to floors, due to the very effective ribbed construction of the non-skid base plate.

SERIES H mountings (hangers) are used to eliminate the transmission of vibration and structure-borne noise from suspended equipment and piping. The hangers may be fastened to the ceiling, or inserted in the hanger rods. A special feature (sizes \(A, A A, B \& B B\) ) is the tapering of the housing sides, permitting easier access to fastening bolts.

SERIES AH ceiling hangers have been designed specifically for use with suspended ceilings. They control impact noise, vibration and sound transmitted through floor-ceiling constructions by decoupling and isolating ceilings from floors. They also reduce the possibility of developing cracks in the ceiling by allowing relative movement between ceiling and floor. Optional fastening devices such as hook rods, eye straps or eye rods are offered to meet varying installation requirements.

\section*{HOW TO SELECT KORFUND ELASTOMER MOUNTS}

Example: Select isolators for a floor-mounted compressor located in a basement on a heavy concrete floor. SPEED: 1200 rpm. WEIGHT: 2400 pounds.
1) Assuming uniform weight distribution at four points, load per mount is 600 pounds.
2) From Table 1, select the mount with the required load capacity (Load capacity shown is maximum for static load; not to be exceeded. Dynamic load application requires reduction of load capacity.) Example: FCC-720 (Red) or FC-720 (Red) can be used.
3) To determine deflection of isolator under static load, divide load per mount by the mount static constant. Example: FCC-720 (Red) \(600 \div 1440=\) \(0.416^{\prime \prime}\) or for FC-720 (Red) \(600 \div 2880=0.208^{\prime \prime}\).
4) To determine isolation efficiency, use this formula:
\[
\% \text { efficiency }=100+\frac{100}{1-\left(\frac{\mathrm{fd}}{188}\right)^{2} \frac{\Delta_{s}}{\mathrm{C}}}
\]
\(\mathrm{fd}=\) disturbing frequency (rpm)
\(\Delta s=\) static deflection (see step 3)
\(\mathrm{C}=\) dynamic conversion coef. (from Table II)
Example:
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { FCC-720: \% Eff. }=100+\frac{100}{1-\left(\frac{1200}{188}\right)^{2} \frac{0.416}{1.75}}=88.5 \% \\
& \text { FC-720: \% Eff. }=100+\frac{100}{1-\left(\frac{1200}{188}\right)^{2} \frac{0.208}{1.75}}=74 \%
\end{aligned}
\]

Do not use mounts whose efficiency is negative or greater than \(100 \%\).

\section*{HOW TO SPECIFY KORFUND ELASTOMER MOUNTS}

SERIES F: The isolation mountings shall consist of a one-piece elastomeric unit having all metallic surfaces covered with elastomer material to resist corrosion. (Threads excluded). A non-skid tread shall be integrally molded into the top and bottom contact surfaces of all units (not on top surfaces for A and AA size) for maximum frictional effect when boiting is not required. Mountings shall have slotted base mounting holes to allow for misalignment of anchor bolts. They shall be capable of static deflections not less than.inches at rated load.
(Insert pertinent deflection from Korfund Bulletin K23). Mountings shall be Korfund Series F Elastomer Vibration Isolators.
SERIES H: The isolation hangers shall consist of a steel housing and a one-piece elastomeric isolation unit having all metallic surfaces covered with elastomer material to resist corrosion. They shall be capable of static deflections not less than
inches at rated load. (Insert pertinent deflection from Korfund Bulletin K23). Hangers shall be Korfund Series H Elastomer Vibration Isolators.


TABLE I
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Mount Size } \\
\text { and } \\
\text { Loading } \\
\text { Code }
\end{gathered}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Color Code} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Maximum
Recom-
mended
Load Pounds} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Maximum Static Deflection} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Mount Static Constant lbs. ("/in.)} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{A} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{B} & C & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{D} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{E} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{F} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{G} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{H} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Weight Pounds} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{J} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{K} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{L} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{M} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(N\)} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{P} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{R} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Weight \\
Pounds
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & & & sta. & Dob. & sta. & Dol. & & & Std, Dut. & & & & & & std. & Dы. & & & & & & & & Dbl. & sta, & Do. \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 35 \\
& 60 \\
& 95
\end{aligned}
\] & Green Blue Yellow & 35
60
95 & \(0.12^{\prime \prime}\) & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 292 \\
& 500 \\
& 792
\end{aligned}
\] & & & & & \(\stackrel{\infty}{\sim}\) & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
60 \\
80 \\
160
\end{array}
\] & Green Blue Yellow & 60
80
160 & - & 0.3 " & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 200 \\
& 267 \\
& 533
\end{aligned}
\] & 3 & 1\%6 & 7/6 11/2 & - & \(21 / 4\) & 11/2 & 11/8 & 1/21 & 19 & . 25 & \(33 / 8\) & 2 & 13/4 & 11/4 & 3/8 & \(3 / 32\) & 1 & 15/8 & . 56 & . 63 \\
\hline 110
190
260
470 & Green
Blue
Yellow
Red & 110
190
260
470 & 0.20" & 0.40" & \[
\begin{array}{r}
550 \\
950 \\
1300 \\
2350
\end{array}
\] & 275
475
650
1175 & \(33 / 4\) & 21/8 & \(11 / 817 / 8\) & ¢ & 3 & 3/8 & 1\%6 & 1/4 & - 38 & . 50 & 41/8 & 23/8 & 21/8 & \(11 / 2\) & 5/8 & \%/4 & 13/8 & 21/8 & 1.2 & 1.3 \\
\hline 300
500
720
1120 & Blue
Yellow
Red
White & 300
500
720
1120 & 0.25" & 0.50" & 1200
2000
2880
4480 & 600
1000
1440
2240 & 5 & 31/6 & \(13 / 823 / 4\) & \(\stackrel{m}{ \pm}\) & 4 & \%/6 & 25/6 & 3/8 & 1.4 & 1.6 & 55/8 & \(33 / 4\) & 31/6 & 33/6 & 1 & \%/4 & 1\%/8 & 3 & 3.3 & 3.6 \\
\hline 1800
3000
5000 & Yellow
Red
White & 1800
3000
5000 & 0.25" & 0.50" & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7200 \\
12000 \\
20000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3600 \\
& 6000 \\
& 10,000
\end{aligned}
\] & 71/8 & 45/8 & 15/623/4 & 戸 & 57/8 & 9/6 & \(37 / 8\) & 3/8 & 2.9 & 3.9 & 7 & \(51 / 2\) & 5 & 5 & 1 & \(1 / 2\) & 21/8 & 3114 & 12.7 & 13.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline DYNAMIC CONVERSION & MOUNTING COLOR CODE & GREEN & BLUE & YELLOW & RED & WHITE \\
\hline TABLE II & DYNAMIC
CONVERSION & 1.1 & 1.2 & 1.5 & 1.75 & 2.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{HOW TO ORDER KORFUND ELASTOMER MOUNTS}

A complete designation for ordering mounts consists of: USE-CODE, SIZE-CODE and LOADING-CODE.

\section*{PIPE HANGER SELECTOR}

At the right is a helpful selector table to facilitate choosing the proper size of Korfund Elastomer Hangers for 14 different diameters of piping.
1. The hanger selection is based upon clevis-type installations on 10 foot centers, for water-filled pipe without valves or couplings.
2. However, if valves or couplings are used within a section of piping, the extra weight of this equipment must be taken into consideration and the hanger selection altered accordingly.
3. If the hangers are spaced on centers other than 10 feet, the load per hanger is computed by multiplying the distance between hangers by the weight per foot of pipe filled with water, and the hangers selected accordingly.
4. For steam or gas filled piping, compute load per hanger as outlined in the above Step 3, using the weight per foot of dry or steam filled piping, from the selector.
5. When trapeze or roller type hangers are used, compute the load per trapeze and divide by two. Then select proper size Kortund Eiastomer Hanger.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{NOMINAL PIPE SIZE (INCHES)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{WEIGHT PER FOOT Standard Pipe} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{ISOLATOR SELECTION Based on 10' centers, water filled} \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{DRY OR STEAM FILLEDPOUNDS} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
WATER \\
FILLED- \\
POUNDS
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{SERIES H} \\
\hline & & & SINGLE DEFLECTION & DOUBLE oEfLECTION \\
\hline 3/4 & 1.13 & 1.36 & A-35 & AA-60 \\
\hline 1 & 1.68 & 2.06 & A-35 & AA-60 \\
\hline \(11 / 4\) & 2.28 & 2.93 & A-35 & AA-60 \\
\hline \(11 / 2\) & 2.73 & 3.62 & A-60 & AA-80 \\
\hline 2 & 3.68 & 5.15 & A-95 & AA-80 \\
\hline \(21 / 2\) & 5.82 & 7.91 & A-95 & AA-160 \\
\hline 3 & 7.62 & 10.85 & B-190 & BB-190 \\
\hline \(31 / 2\) & 9.20 & 13.52 & B-190 & BB-190 \\
\hline 4 & 10.89 & 16.45 & B-260 & BB-260 \\
\hline 5 & 14.81 & 23.55 & B-470 & BB-470 \\
\hline 6 & 19.18 & 31.8 & B-470 & BB-470 \\
\hline 8 & 28.6 & 50.5 & C-720 & CC-720 \\
\hline 10 & 40.5 & 75.0 & C-1120 & CC-1120 \\
\hline 12 & 49.6 & 39.0 & D-1800 & DD-1800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


AH HANGER


OPTIONAL FASTENING DEVICES


NUT. WASHER. AND FASTENING DEVICE FURNISHED ONLY UPON REQUEST AND AT ADDITIONAL COST.
- EYE Strap has flat surface for bolting

HOW TO SPECIFY KORFUND AH CEILING HANGERS The ceiling isolation hangers shall consist of a steel housing and a one-piece elastomeric isolation element. All metallic surfaces of the element to be covered with elastomer material to resist corrosion. They shall be capable of static deflections not less than ..... inches at rated load. (Insert pertinent deflection from Table 2.) Hangers shall be Korfund Series AH.

\section*{GENERAL}

The function of a Bypass-Isolation Switch is to enable personnel to inspect and maintain the Automatic Transfer Switch. By incorporating a Bypass-Isolation Switch in an emergency electrical system, the load will not be interrupted during periodical testing. This is critical for systems such as those for hospitals, computers, military installations and others where loads cannot be interrupted. Because the Automatic Transfer Switch is responsible for switching loads from a primary source to a secondary or standby source, a Bypass Isolation Switch helps to ensure reliability of the electrical system.

\section*{DESCRIPTION}

Lake Shore Electric Bypass-Isolation Switch is a multi-pole rotary switch with a positive spring-loaded, make-before-break contact arrangement (overlapping contact arrangement). Heavy duty silver/tungsten contacts allow for quick visual inspection. Manual bypass handle and normal indicating light are provided. One source design is arranged to bypass normal and isolate emergency, or bypass emergency and isolate normal. Bypass Isolation Switches are listed by UL 1008 (File 非E68465) to 1200 amperes and also meet FAA Specification E2083A.

\section*{CONSTRUCTION}

Minimum space requirements are not to be less than one (1) inch through air and two (2) inches over the surface of insulating material, which are maintained between any uninsulated live parts, and an uninsulated live part of the opposite polarity. Not less than one (1) inch measured over the shortest distance is maintained between any uninsulated live part and an uninsulated grounded part, exposed metal part or the walls of a metal enclosure, including fittings for conduit or armoured cable. Tolerances, unless specified otherwise, for all indicated dimensions are nominal. Corrosion protection includes all parts that are of corrosion resistant material, plated or painted as corrosion protection.

\section*{OPERATION}

A single operator (handle) accomplishes manual bypass and isolation of the source desired. When arranged to bypass emergency and isolate normal, the bypass switch is locked in the normal position until the automatic transfer switch is placed in the emergency position and energizes the solenoid lock. The solenoid is energized through the auxiliary contacts on the normal side of the automatic transfer switch from normal service. When emergency fails, the bypass switch must be returned to the normal source before the transfer switch.

HARRIS ELECTRIC \(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\)
When arranged to bypass normal and isolate emergency, the abovedperation is the same only the normal and emergency positions are reversed. WILMINGTON
BOX 4487, WILM., N.C. 28406
Lake Shore Electric Bypass Switches are recommended for additional reliability in an electrical system.

DISAPPROVED

1) NEMA 3R FLOOR-MOUNTED ENCLOSUR TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF 11 GA SHEET METAL
2) ENCLOSURE TO BE \(24^{\circ}\) DEEP
3) (1) REMOVABLE FRONT PANEL \& (1) HINGED FRONT DOOR WITH LOCKABLE HANDEL
4) FINISH PAIMED \& PAINTED ANSI-61 LINISH PRIM

\[
P 00003-600 A
\]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(\square\) & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC \\
COPPORATION \\
Bedford. Ohio U.S.A
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline tcale NONE & nevisions & r & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\({ }^{\text {0ant }} 05 / 15 / 84\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{On "TL \({ }^{\text {CKO }}\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{arvo} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{BPS NEMA 3R ENCLOSURE 225 THRU 600 AMP} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{** \({ }^{\text {BPS }} 9973500\)} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


NOTES
1) Bypass switch and automatic NORMAL POSTTION.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{AMPERE RATING} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{DIMENSIENS IM CM/IN} \\
\hline & A & 日 & c & D \\
\hline 100 & xx/xx & 36/14 & 30/11.5 & 55/21.5 \\
\hline \(2{ }^{2} 5\) & xz/x \({ }^{\text {x }}\) & 36/14 & 30/11.5 & 55/21.5 \\
\hline 408 & \(x \mathrm{x} / \mathrm{xx}\) & 38/14 & 32/12.5 & 55/21.5 \\
\hline 800 & x \(x / 8 x\). & 38/14. & 35/19.5 & 55/21.5 \\
\hline 800 & 147/58 & 41/16 & 49/17 & 75/29.5 \\
\hline 1000 & 147/58 & 41/16 & 43/17 & 75/29.5 \\
\hline 1200 & 147/E8 & 41/16 & 43/17 & 75/29.5 \\
\hline 1630 & xx/xx & 41/16 & 43/17 & 75/29.5 \\
\hline 2003 & \(x \mathrm{x} / \mathrm{x} \times\) & 41/15 & 43/17 & 75/29.5 \\
\hline 25c0 & xx/xx & 41/16 & 43/17 & 75/29.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
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[^0]:    - Plus 4 unit with through output shaft: DYNC 14000

[^1]:    Page 8

[^2]:    SERIES F: The isolation mountings shall consist of a one-piece elastomeric unit having all metallic surfaces covered with elastomer material to resist corrosion. (Threads excluded). A non-skid tread shall be integrally molded into the top and bottom contact surfaces of all units (not on top surfaces for A and AA size) for maximum frictional effect when bolting is not required. Mountings shall have slotted base mounting holes to allow for misalignment of anchor bolts. They shall be capable of static deflections not less than .....inches at rated load.

[^3]:    PL-POLY-LIFE-Pure Microporous Polywingl Chloride

