## 112тн CONGRESS <br> 2d Session <br> H. CON. RES.

Establishing the budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2013 and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2012 and fiscal years 2014 through 2022.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Garrett submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on $\qquad$

## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Establishing the budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2013 and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2012 and fiscal years 2014 through 2022. FOR FISCAL YEAR 2013.
(a) Declaration.-Congress declares that the con6 current resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2013 is 7 hereby established and that the appropriate budgetary lev-

## 1 els for fiscal year 2012 and for fiscal years 2014 through

22022 are set forth.

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## TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

## SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

The following budgetary levels are appropriate for each of fiscal years 2012 through 2022:
(1) Federal revenues.-For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution:
(A) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 2012: \$1,887,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2013: $\$ 2,059,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2014: \$2,249,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: $\$ 2,459,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2016: \$2,627,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$2,770,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: $\$ 2,892,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2019: $\$ 3,021,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2020: $\$ 3,173,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2021: $\$ 3,332,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2022: \$3,499,000,000,000.
(B) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be changed are as follows:

Fiscal year 2012: -\$12,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2013: -\$234,000,000,000.

Fiscal year 2014: -\$303,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: -\$357,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: -\$389,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: -\$424,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: - $\$ 461,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2019: - $\$ 498,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2020: - $\$ 535,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2021: -\$574,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: -\$617,000,000,000.
(2) New budget authority.-For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
Fiscal year 2012: $\$ 3,069,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2013: $\$ 2,663,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2014: $\$ 2,512,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2015: \$2,561,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: $\$ 2,632,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2017: $\$ 2,698,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2018: $\$ 2,788,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2019: $\$ 2,923,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2020: $\$ 3,035,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2021: \$3,141,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$3,289,000,000,000.
(3) Budget outlays.-For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 2012: \$3, 120,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2013: $\$ 2,818,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2014: $\$ 2,653,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2015: \$2,654,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: $\$ 2,713,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2017: \$2,764,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: $\$ 2,834,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2019: \$2,970,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: $\$ 3,081,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2021: \$3,186,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: $\$ 3,340,000,000,000$.
(4) Deficits (on-budget).-For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:

Fiscal year 2012: -\$1,233,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2013: -\$759,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2014: -\$405,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: -\$195,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: -\$86,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: $\$ 6,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2018: $\$ 58,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2019: $\$ 51,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2020: \$92,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: $\$ 146,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2022: $\$ 159,000,000,000$.
(5) Debt subject to limit.-Pursuant to section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 2012: $\$ 16,076,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2013: $\$ 17,003,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2014: $\$ 17,586,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2015: $\$ 17,967,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2016: \$18,266,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: $\$ 18,520,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2018: $\$ 18,737,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2019: $\$ 18,954,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2020: $\$ 19,129,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2021: $\$ 19,252,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2022: $\$ 19,352,000,000,000$.
(6) Debt held by the public.-The appropriate levels of debt held by the public are as follows: Fiscal year 2012: $\$ 11,359,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2013: $\$ 12,191,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2014: \$12,677,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: $\$ 12,950,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2016: $\$ 13,110,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2017: $\$ 13,178,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2018: $\$ 13,186,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2019: $\$ 13,202,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2020: $\$ 13,189,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2021: $\$ 13,135,000,000,000$.
Fiscal year 2022: $\$ 13,088,000,000,000$.

## SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.

The Congress determines and declares that the appropriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal years 2012 through 2022 for each major functional category are:
(1) National Defense (050):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 687,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 679,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 659,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 673,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 619,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 659,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2015:

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(A) New budget authority, $\$ 633,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 640,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 647,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 647,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 619,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 608,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 635,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 618,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 653,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 639,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 672,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 657,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 690,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 675,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 709,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 699,000,000,000$.
(2) International Affairs (150):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
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Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
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(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(3) General Science, Space, and Technology (250):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
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Fiscal year 2016:
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Fiscal year 2020:
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(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(4) Energy (270):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
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(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

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Fiscal year 2020:
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Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300): Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(6) Agriculture (350):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2021:
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Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2021:
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Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920.
(8) Transportation (400):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920.
(9) Community and Regional Development (450):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2020:
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Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920.
(10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount
to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(11) Health (550):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
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Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(12) Medicare (570):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(13) Income Security (600):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(14) Social Security (650):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived
from function 920 .
Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(16) Administration of Justice (750):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(17) General Government (800):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920.

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount
to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920.
(18) Net Interest (900):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 224,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 224,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 234,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 234,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 249,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 249,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 287,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 287,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 340,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 340,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 391,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 391,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 435,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 435,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 471,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 471,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 499,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 499,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 514,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 514,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 528,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 528,000,000,000$.
(19) Allowances (920):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 2,109,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 3,120,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 1,770,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,911,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 1,644,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,745,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, \$1,641,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,727,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 1,645,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,726,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, \$1,688,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,765,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, \$1,718,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,781,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, \$1,799,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,860,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 1,864,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,925,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, \$1,937,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 1,997,000,000,000$.

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, $\$ 2,052,000,000,000$.
(B) Outlays, $\$ 2,113,000,000,000$.
(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(21) Global War on Terrorism and related activities (970):

Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 . Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, an amount to be derived from function 920 .
(B) Outlays, an amount to be derived from function 920 .

# II—RECONCILIATION SUBMISSIONS 

## SEC. 201. RECONCILIATION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(a) Submissions to Slow the Growth in Mandatory Spending and to Achieve Deficit Reduc-tion.-(1) Not later than September 15, 2012, the House committees named in paragraph (2) shall submit their recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives. After receiving those recommendations, the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives shall report to the House a reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision.
(2) Instructions.-
(A) Committee on agriculture.-The Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the level of direct spending for that committee by $\$ 54,000,000,000$ in outlays for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
(B) Committee on education and the workforce.-The Committee on Education and the Workforce of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction suffi-
cient to reduce the level of direct spending for that committee by $\$ 24,000,000,000$ in outlays for fiscal year 2013 and by $\$ 204,000,000,000$ in outlays for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
(C) Cominttee on energy and com-merce.-The Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the level of direct spending for that committee by $\$ 32,000,000,000$ in outlays for fiscal year 2013 and by $\$ 2,872,000,000,000$ in outlays for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
(D) Committee on financlal services.The Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the level of direct spending for that committee by $\$ 3,000,000,000$ in outlays for fiscal year 2013 and by $\$ 45,000,000,000$ in outlays for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
(E) Committee on natural resources.The Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the level of direct spending for that committee by
$\$ 10,000,000,000$ in outlays for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
(F) Committee on oversight and government reform.-The Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the level of direct spending for that committee by $\$ 8,000,000,000$ in outlays for fiscal year 2013 and by $\$ 172,000,000,000$ in outlays for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
(b) Submission Providing for Changes in Revenue to Prevent Tax Increases and Enact H.R. 3400.-The Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives shall report a reconciliation bill not later than September 15, 2012, that consists of changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce revenues by not more than $\$ 234,000,000,000$ for fiscal year 2013 and by not more than $\$ 4,392,000,000,000$ for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
(c) Revision of Allocations.-(1) Upon the submission to the Committee on the Budget of the House of a recommendation that has complied with its reconciliation instructions solely by virtue of section 310(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the chairman of that committee may file with the House appropriately revised
allocations under section 302(a) of such Act and revised functional levels and aggregates.
(2) Upon the submission to the House of a conference report recommending a reconciliation bill or resolution in which a committee has complied with its reconciliation instructions solely by virtue of this section, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the House may file with the House appropriately revised allocations under section 302(a) of such Act and revised functional levels and aggregates.
(3) Allocations and aggregates revised pursuant to this subsection shall be considered to be allocations and aggregates established by the concurrent resolution on the budget pursuant to section 301 of such Act.

SEC. 202. SUBMISSION OF REPORTS ON MANDATORY SAVINGS.

In the House, not later than September 15, 2012, all House committees shall identify savings amounting to one percent of total mandatory spending under its jurisdiction from activities that are determined to be wasteful, unnecessary, or lower-priority. For purposes of this section, the reports by each committee shall be inserted in the Congressional Record by the chairman of the Committee on the Budget not later than September 15, 2012.

## TITLE III—BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

## SEC. 301. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.

(a) Discretionary Spending Limits.-Spending limits for total discretionary Federal spending are as follows:

Fiscal year 2013: $\$ 931,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2014: $\$ 931,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2015: $\$ 931,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2016: $\$ 931,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2017: $\$ 931,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2018: $\$ 950,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2019: $\$ 969,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2020: $\$ 988,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2021: $\$ 1,008,000,000,000$ in new budget authority.

Fiscal year 2022: \$1,028,000,000,000 in new budget authority.
(b) Enforcement.-In the House, it shall not be in order to consider any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that causes discretionary budget authority to exceed any level set forth in subsection (a).

## SEC. 302. RESTRICTIONS ON ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) In General.-(1) In the House, except as provided in subsection (b), an advance appropriation may not be reported in a bill or joint resolution making a general appropriation or continuing appropriation, and may not be in order as an amendment thereto.
(2) Managers on the part of the House may not agree to a Senate amendment that would violate paragraph (1) unless specific authority to agree to the amendment first is given by the House by a separate vote with respect thereto.
(b) Exception.-In the House, an advance appropriation may be provided for fiscal year 2013 and fiscal years 2014 for programs, projects, activities or accounts identified in the joint explanatory statement of managers accompanying this resolution under the heading "Accounts Identified for Advance Appropriations" in an ag-
gregate amount not to exceed $\$ 23,565,000,000$ in new budget authority.
(c) Definition.-In this section, the term "advance appropriation" means any discretionary new budget authority in a bill or joint resolution making general appropriations or continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2013 that first becomes available for any fiscal year after 2013.

## SEC. 303. EMERGENCY SPENDING.

(a) Designations.-
(1) Guidance.-In the House, if a provision of legislation is designated as an emergency requirement under this section, the committee report and any statement of managers accompanying that legislation shall include an explanation of the manner in which the provision meets the criteria in paragraph (2). If such legislation is to be considered by the House without being reported, then the committee shall cause the explanation to be published in the Congressional Record in advance of floor consideration.
(2) Criteria.-
(A) In general.-Any such provision is an emergency requirement if the underlying situation poses a threat to life, property, or national security and is-
(i) sudden, quickly coming into being, and not building up over time;
(ii) an urgent, pressing, and compelling need requiring immediate action;
(iii) subject to subparagraph (B), unforeseen, unpredictable, and unanticipated; and
(iv) not permanent, temporary in nature.
(B) Unforeseen.-An emergency that is part of an aggregate level of anticipated emergencies, particularly when normally estimated in advance, is not unforeseen.
(b) Enforcement.-It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment or conference report that contains an emergency designation unless that designation meets the criteria set out in subsection (a)(2).
(c) Enforcement in the House of Representa-tives.-It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider a rule or order that waives the application of subsection (b).
(d) Disposition of Points of Order in the House.-As disposition of a point of order under subsection (b) or subsection (c), the Chair shall put the ques-
tion of consideration with respect to the proposition that is the subject of the point of order. A question of consideration under this section shall be debatable for 10 minutes by the Member initiating the point of order and for 10 minutes by an opponent of the point of order, but shall otherwise be decided without intervening motion except one that the House adjourn or that the Committee of the Whole rise, as the case may be.

## SEC. 304. Changes in allocations and aggregates RESULTING FROM REALISTIC SCORING OF measures affecting revenues.

(a) Whenever the House considers a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion or conference report, including measures filed in compliance with section 201(b), that propose to change Federal revenues, the impact of such measure on Federal revenues shall be calculated by the Joint Committee on Taxation in a manner that takes into ac-count-
(1) the impact of the proposed revenue changes on-
(A) Gross Domestic Product, including the growth rate for the Gross Domestic Product;
(B) total domestic employment;
(C) gross private domestic investment;
(D) general price index;
(E) interest rates; and
(F) other economic variables; and
(2) the impact on Federal Revenue of the changes in economic variables analyzed under paragraph (1).
(b) The chairman of the Committee on the Budget may make any necessary changes to allocations and aggregates in order to conform this concurrent resolution with the determinations made by the Joint Committee on Taxation pursuant to subsection (a).

## SEC. 305. ALLOCATION OF NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY FOR

 FISCAL YEAR 2013.For the purposes of budget enforcement, the allocation of new budget authority to the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives for fiscal year 2013 is $\$ 931,000,000,000$. Such allocation shall be the allocation made pursuant to section 302(a)(1)(A) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and shall be enforceable under section 302(f)(1) of that Act.

SEC. 306. PROHIBITION ON USING REVENUE INCREASES TO COMPLY WITH BUDGET ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.
(a) For the purpose of enforcing this concurrent resolution in the House, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall not take into account the provisions of
any piece of legislation which propose to increase revenue or offsetting collections if the net effect of the bill is to increase the level of revenue or offsetting collections beyond the level assumed in this concurrent resolution.
(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to any provision of a piece of legislation that proposes a new or increased fee for the receipt of a defined benefit or service (including insurance coverage) by the person or entity paying the fee. SEC. 307. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.
(a) Application.-Any adjustments of allocations and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall-
(1) apply while that measure is under consideration;
(2) take effect upon the enactment of that measure; and
(3) be published in the Congressional Record as soon as practicable.
(b) Effect of Changed Allocations and Ag-gregates.-Revised allocations and aggregates resulting from these adjustments shall be considered for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as allocations and aggregates contained in this resolution.
(c) Budget Cominttee Determinations.-For purposes of this resolution-
(1) the levels of new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the appropriate Committee on the Budget; and
(2) such chairman may make any other necessary adjustments to such levels to carry out this resolution.

## SEC. 308. BUDGET PROTECTION MANDATORY ACCOUNT.

(a)(1) The chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall maintain an account to be known as the "Budget Protection Mandatory Account". The Account shall be divided into entries corresponding to the allocations under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget, except that it shall not include the Committee on Appropriations.
(2) Each entry shall consist only of amounts credited to it under subsection (b). No entry of a negative amount shall be made.
(b)(1) Upon the engrossment of a House bill or joint resolution or a House amendment to a Senate bill or joint resolution (other than an appropriation bill), the chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall-
(A) credit the applicable entries of the Budget Protection Mandatory Account by the amounts specified in paragraph (2); and
(B) reduce the applicable section 302(a) allocations by the amount specified in paragraph (2).
(2) Each amount specified in paragraph (1)(A) shall be the net reduction in mandatory budget authority (either under current law or proposed by the bill or joint resolution under consideration) provided by each amendment that was adopted in the House to the bill or joint resolution.
(c)(1) If an amendment includes a provision described in paragraph (2), the chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall, upon the engrossment of a House bill or joint resolution or a House amendment to a Senate bill or joint resolution, other than an appropriation bill, reduce the level of total revenues set forth in the applicable concurrent resolution on the budget for the fiscal year or for the total of that first fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal years in an amount equal to the net reduction in mandatory authority (either under current law or proposed by a bill or joint resolution under consideration) provided by each amendment adopted by the House to the bill or joint resolution. Such adjustment shall be in addition to the adjustments described in subsection (b).
(2)(A) The provision specified in paragraph (1) is as follows: "The amount of mandatory budget authority reduced by this amendment may be used to offset a decrease in revenues."
(B) All points of order are waived against an amendment including the text specified in subparagraph (A) provided the amendment is otherwise in order.
(d) As used in this rule, the term-
(1) "appropriation bill" means any general or special appropriation bill, and any bill or joint resolution making supplemental, deficiency, or continuing appropriations through the end of fiscal year 2008 or any subsequent fiscal year, as the case may be.
(2) "mandatory budget authority" means any entitlement authority as defined by, and interpreted for purposes of, the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.
(e) During the consideration of any bill or joint resolution, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall maintain a running tally, which shall be available to all Members, of the amendments adopted reflecting increases and decreases of budget authority in the bill or joint resolution.
appropriations bill, reduce the level of total revenues set forth in the applicable concurrent resolution on the budget for the fiscal year or for the total of that first fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal years in an amount equal to the net reduction in discretionary budget authority provided by each amendment that was adopted by the House to the bill or joint resolution. Such adjustment shall be in addition to the adjustments described in subsection (b).
(2)(A) The provision specified in paragraph (1) is as follows: "The amount of discretionary budget authority reduced by this amendment may be used to offset a decrease in revenues."
(B) All points of order are waived against an amendment including the text specified in subparagraph (A) provided the amendment is otherwise in order.
(d) As used in this rule, the term "appropriation bill" means any general or special appropriation bill, and any bill or joint resolution making supplemental, deficiency, or continuing appropriations through the end of fiscal year 2013 or any subsequent fiscal year, as the case may be.
(e) During the consideration of any bill or joint resolution, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall maintain a running tally, which shall be available to all Members, of the amendments adopted reflecting increases
and decreases of budget authority in the bill or joint resolution.

## SEC. 310. TREATMENT OF RESCISSION BILLS IN THE HOUSE.

(a)(1) By February 1, May 1, July 30, and November 11 of each session of Congress, the majority leader shall introduce a rescission bill. If such bill is not introduced by that date, then whenever a rescission bill is introduced during a session on or after that date, a motion to discharge the committee from its consideration shall be privileged after the 10 -legislative day period beginning on that date for the first 5 such bills.
(2) It shall not be in order to offer any amendment to a rescission bill except an amendment that increases the amount of budget authority that such bill rescinds.
(b) Whenever a rescission bill passes the House, the Committee on the Budget shall immediately reduce the applicable allocations under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 by the total amount of reductions in budget authority and in outlays resulting from such rescission bill.
(c)(1) It shall not be in order to consider any rescission bill, or conference report thereon or amendment thereto, unless-
(A) in the case of such bill or conference report thereon, it is made available to Members and the general public on the Internet for at least 48 hours before its consideration; or
(B)(i) in the case of an amendment to such rescission bill made in order by a rule, it is made available to Members and the general public on the Internet within one hour after the rule is filed; or
(ii) in the case of an amendment under an open rule, it is made available to Members and the general public on the Internet immediately after being offered; in a format that is searchable and sortable.
(2) No amendment to an amendment to a rescission bill shall be in order unless germane to the amendment to which it is offered.
(d) As used in this section, the term "rescission bill" means a bill or joint resolution which only rescinds, in whole or in part, budget authority and which includes only titles corresponding to the most recently enacted appropriation bills that continue to include unobligated balances.

## SEC. 311. SENSE OF THE HOUSE REGARDING BASELINE REVENUE PROJECTIONS.

For purposes of constructing its baseline revenue projections, the Congressional Budget Office should assume that any tax provision which is scheduled to expire under current law will be extended through the duration of any budget forecast by Congressional Budget Office so as to ensure that expiring tax provisions and expiring spending programs (other than direct appropriations) are treated in like fashion.

## SEC. 312. SENSE OF THE HOUSE REGARDING LONG-TERM

 BUDGET PROJECTIONS.For purposes of constructing its ten-year and longterm budget projection reports, the Congressional Budget Office should include an alternative scenario that assumes that mandatory spending programs grow at the same rate as average, projected nominal gross domestic product (GDP).

## SEC. 313. MAKE IT EASIER TO AMEND APPROPRIATION

 BILLS.The first sentence of clause 2(c) of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by inserting ", except to the extent that it is a germane amendment to an authorizing provision or a line item appropriation of the bill under consideration" after "changing existing law".

## TITLE IV-EARMARK MORATORIUM

## SEC. 401. EARMARK MORATORIUM.

(a) Point of Order.-It shall not be in order to consider-
(1) a bill or joint resolution reported by any committee, or any amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that includes a congressional earmark, limited tax benefit, or limited tariff benefit; or
(2) a bill or joint resolution not reported by any committee, or any amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that includes a congressional earmark, limited tax benefit, or limited tariff benefit.
(b) Definitions.-For the purposes of this resolution, the terms "congressional earmark", "limited tax benefit", and "limited tariff benefit" have the meaning given those terms in clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.
(c) Speclal Rule.-The point of order under subsection (a) shall only apply to legislation providing or authorizing discretionary budget authority, credit authority, or other spending authority, providing a Federal tax deduction, credit, or exclusion, or modifying the Harmonized Tariff Schedule in fiscal year 2012 or fiscal year 2013.
(d) Inapplicability.-This resolution shall not apply to any authorization of appropriations to a Federal entity if such authorization is not specifically targeted to a State, locality, or congressional district.

SEC. 402. LIMITATION OF AUTHORITY OF THE HOUSE COMmittee on rules.

The House Committee on Rules may not report a rule or order that would waive the point of order set forth in the first section of this resolution. TITLE V—POLICY

SEC. 501. POLICY Statement on health care law repeal.

It is the policy of this resolution that the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152) should be repealed.

SEC. 502. POLICY STATEMENT ON BAILOUTS OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

It is the policy of this resolution that the Federal Government should not bailout State and local governments, including State and local government employee pension plans and other post-employment benefit plans. SEC. 503. POLICY STATEMENT ON MEANS-TESTED WELFARE PROGRAMS.
(a) Findings.-The House finds that:
(1) In 1996, President Bill Clinton and congressional Republicans enacted reforms that have moved families off of Federal programs and enabled them to provide for themselves.
(2) According to the most recent projections, over the next 10 years we will spend approximately $\$ 10$ trillion on means-tested welfare programs.
(3) Today, there are approximately 70 Federal programs that provide benefits specifically to poor and low-income Americans.
(4) Taxpayers deserve clear and transparent information on how well these programs are working, and how much the Federal Government is spending on means-tested welfare.
(b) Policy on Means-Tested Welfare Pro-grams.-It is the policy of this resolution that the President's budget should disclose, in a clear and transparent manner, the aggregate amount of Federal welfare expenditures, as well as an estimate of State and local spending for this purpose, over the next ten years.

SEC. 504. POLICY STATEMENT ON REFORMING THE FEDERAL BUDGET PROCESS.

It is the policy of this resolution that the Federal budget process should be reformed so that it is easier to reduce Federal spending than it is to increase it by enact-
ing reforms included in the Spending, Deficit, and Debt Control Act of 2009 (H.R. 3964, 111th Congress).

## SEC. 505. POLICY STATEMENT ON REFORMING FEDERAL

 REGULATION.It is the policy of this resolution that the cost of regulations on job creators should be reduced by enacting title II of the Jobs Through Growth Act (H.R. 3400), as introduced on November 10, 2011.

## SEC. 506. POLICY STATEMENT ON MEDICARE.

(a) Findings.-The House finds the following:
(1) More than 50 million Americans depend on Medicare for their health security.
(2) The Medicare Trustees Report has repeatedly recommended that Medicare's long-term financial challenges be addressed soon. Each year without reform, the financial condition of Medicare becomes more precarious and the threat to those in and near retirement becomes more pronounced. According to the Congressional Budget Office-
(A) the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund will be exhausted in 2022 and unable to pay scheduled benefits; and
(B) Medicare spending is growing faster than the economy and Medicare outlays are currently rising at a rate of 6.3 percent per
year, and under the Congressional Budget Office's alternative fiscal scenario, direct spending on Medicare is projected to reach 7 percent of GDP by 2035 and 14 percent of GDP by 2085 .
(3) Failing to address this problem will leave millions of American seniors without adequate health security and younger generations burdened with enormous debt to pay for spending levels that cannot be sustained.
(b) Policy on Medicare Reform.-It is the policy of this resolution to protect those in and near retirement from any disruptions to their Medicare benefits and offer future beneficiaries the same health care options available to Members of Congress.
(c) Assumptions.-This resolution assumes reform of the Medicare program such that:
(1) Current Medicare benefits are preserved for those in and near retirement, without changes.
(2) For future generations, when they reach eligibility, Medicare is reformed to provide a premium support payment and a selection of guaranteed health coverage options from which recipients can choose a plan that best suits their needs.
(3) Medicare will provide additional assistance for lower-income beneficiaries and those with greater health risks.
(4) Medicare spending is put on a sustainable path and the Medicare program becomes solvent over the long-term.

## SEC. 507. POLICY STATEMENT ON DEFICIT REDUCTION

THROUGH THE CANCELLATION OF UNOBLIGATED BALANCES.
(a) Findings.-The House finds the following:
(1) According to the Office of Management and Budget, Federal agencies will hold $\$ 698$ billion in unobligated balances at the close of fiscal year 2013.
(2) These funds represent direct and discretionary spending made available by Congress that remain available for expenditure beyond the fiscal year for which they are provided.
(3) In some cases, agencies are granted funding and it remains available for obligation indefinitely.
(4) The Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 requires the Office of Management and Budget to make funds available to agencies for obligation and prohibits the Administration from withholding or cancelling unobligated funds unless approved by an act of Congress.
(5) Greater congressional oversight is required to review and identify potential savings from unneeded balances of funds.
(b) Policy on Deficit Reduction Through the Cancellation of Unobligated Balances.-Congressional committees shall through their oversight activities identify and achieve savings through the cancellation or rescission of unobligated balances that neither abrogate contractual obligations of the Federal Government nor reduce or disrupt Federal commitments under programs such as Social Security, veterans' affairs, national security, and Treasury authority to finance the national debt.
(c) Deficit Reduction.-Congress, with the assistance of the Government Accountability Office, the Inspectors General, and other appropriate agencies should make it a high priority to review unobligated balances and identify savings for deficit reduction.

SEC. 508. POLICY STATEMENT ON BLOCK GRANTING MEDICAID.

It is the policy of this resolution that Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) should be block granted to the states by enacting the State Health Flexibility Act of 2012 (H.R. 4160) as introduced on March 7, 2012.

