SENATE

REPORT 111–226

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AND VETERANS AFFAIRS, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 2011

July 19, 2010.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Johnson, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany S. 3615]

The Committee on Appropriations reports the bill (S. 3615) making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, and for other purposes, reports favorably thereon and recommends that the bill do pass.

Amounts in new budget authority

CONTENTS

	Page
Background:	
Purpose of the Bill	4
Committee Recommendation	4
Overview and Summary of the Bill Military Construction: Investing in Infrastructure for Our Troops and	4
Their Femilies	5
Their Families	5
ment	6
Title I:	Ŭ
Military Construction:	
Items of Special Interest:	
Hearings	7
Summary of Committee Recommendations	7
Reprogramming Guidelines	7
Real Property Maintenance	7
Incremental Funding	7
Global Challenges	7
Military Construction, Army Military Construction, Navy and Marine Corps	16
Military Construction, Navy and Marine Corps	17
Military Construction, Air Force	18
Military Construction, Defense-Wide	19
Military Construction, Reserve Components	22
North Atlantic Treaty Organization	25
Family Housing Overview Family Housing Construction, Army	26
Family Housing Construction, Army	26
Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Army	27
Family Housing Construction, Navy and Marine Corps Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Navy and Marine	27
Corps	29
Family Housing Construction, Air Force	$\frac{1}{29}$
Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Air Force	30
Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide	30
Family Housing Improvement Fund	31
Homeowners Assistance Fund	31
Chemical Demilitarization Construction, Defense-Wide	32
Base Closure Account 1990	33
Base Closure Account 2005	33
Administrative Provisions	37
Title II:	
Department of Veterans Affairs:	
Items of Special Interest:	
Hearings	39
Summary of Committee Recommendation	39
Department Overview	39
Veterans Benefits Administration	40
Compensation and Pensions	41
Readjustment Benefits	42
Veterans Insurance and Indemnities	42
Veterans Housing Benefit Program Fund	43
Vocational Rehabilitation Loans Program Account	44
Native American Veteran Housing Loan Program Account	44
Veterans Health Administration	44
Medical Services	47
Medical Support and Compliance	51

	Page
Title II—Continued	
Department of Veterans Affairs—Continued	
Veterans Health Administration—Continued	
Medical Facilities	52
Medical and Prosthetic Research	53
Medical Care Cost Recovery Collections	54
Medical Care Collection Fund—Revenues Applied	54
National Cemetery Administration	55
Departmental Administration	55
General Operating Expenses, Veterans Benefits Administration	56
General Administration	58
Information Technology Systems	61
Office of Inspector General	61
Construction, Major Projects	63
Construction, Minor Projects	65
Grants for Construction of State Extended Care Facilities	66
Grants for Construction of State Veterans Cemeteries	67
Administrative Provisions	68
Title III:	
Related Agencies:	
American Battle Monuments Commission:	
Salaries and Expenses	70
Foreign Currency Fluctuations	70
U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims: Salaries and Expenses	71
Department of Defense—Civil: Cemeterial Expenses, Army: Salaries	
and Expenses	71
Armed Forces Retirement Home	73
Title IV:	
Overseas Contingency Operations:	
Military Construction, Army	74
Military Construction, Air Force	75
Military Construction, Defense-Wide	75
Title V: General Provisions	76
Compliance With Paragraph 7, Rule XVI, of the Standing Rules of the Sen-	
ate	77
Compliance With Paragraph 7(c), Rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the	=-
Senate	78
Compliance With Paragraph 12, Rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the	70
Senate	78
Budgetary Impact of Bill	79
Military Construction Project Listing by Location	80
Disclosure of Congressionally Directed Spending Items	107

BACKGROUND

PURPOSE OF THE BILL

The Military Construction, Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies appropriations bill provides necessary funding for the planning, design, construction, alteration, and improvement of military facilities worldwide, for both active and reserve forces. It also finances the cost of military family housing and the U.S. share of the NATO Security Investment Program. In addition, the bill provides funding to implement base closures and realignments authorized by law. The bill provides resources to the Department of Veterans Affairs for veterans benefits and healthcare and funding for U.S. cemeteries and battlefield monuments both in the United States and abroad, including Arlington National Cemetery; the U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims; and Armed Forces Retirement Homes. The bill also provides funding for Overseas Contingency Operations military construction and advance appropriations for veterans medical services.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends appropriations totaling \$143,530,131,000 for fiscal year 2011 military construction, family housing, base closure, veterans healthcare and benefits, fiscal year 2012 advance appropriations for veterans medical care, related agencies, and overseas contingency operations. This includes \$63,849,146,000 in mandatory funding and \$79,680,985,000 in discretionary funding. The table at the end of the report displays the Committee recommendation in comparison with the current fiscal year, and the President's fiscal year 2011 request.

OVERVIEW AND SUMMARY OF BILL

The Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies appropriations bill funds an array of programs that are vital to America's military personnel and their families, and to the Nations' veterans. For U.S. military forces and their families worldwide, the bill funds critical infrastructure, ranging from mission essential operational and training facilities to key quality of life facilities, including barracks, family housing, child care centers, schools and hospitals. For America's 23,100,000 veterans, the bill provides the necessary funding for veterans benefits and healthcare, from prescription drugs and clinical services to the construction of hospitals and other medical facilities throughout the Nation. The bill also provides funds for U.S. cemeteries and monuments both in the United States and overseas, the U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims, the Armed Forces Retirement Homes, and military construction for Overseas Contingency Operations.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION: INVESTING IN INFRASTRUCTURE FOR OUR TROOPS AND THEIR FAMILIES

Infrastructure provides the framework to support America's military forces and military families at home and overseas. New missions to meet 21st century threats, major base realignments and stationing shifts worldwide, significant increases in Army and Marine Corps troop strength, and the spike in expeditionary facilities needed to support combat forces in Afghanistan have brought a surge of military construction demands in recent years. At the same time, the military continues to be confronted with the need to replace aging infrastructure and provide quality housing and community support facilities for military troops and their families. It is imperative that the infrastructure needs of our troops and their families continue to keep pace with the persistent demand for new facilities—whether it is a need for an elementary school in

North Carolina or a barracks requirement in Afghanistan.

Over the past several years, the annual budget requests for military construction have rocketed due to the demand for additional facilities needed to support the BRAC 2005 program and the increase in end strength of the Army and Marine Corps. Due largely to the conclusion of BRAC 2005 construction funding in fiscal year 2011, the military construction budget request has dropped \$4,532,582,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level. With the spotlight again on the regular military construction program, the Committee is concerned that current mission requirements will continue to compete with emerging mission requirements for a smaller pool of available funding, and that efforts to replace aging infrastructure may lose out in the competition for funds. This scenario is particularly relevant in the case of the Air Force Reserve, whose budget request included only one military construction project. During the budget roll-out, it was acknowledged that the Air Force Reserve had fewer "new mission" requirements, leaving the Reserve component on the losing end of the resource allocation. These actions will continue if hard decisions are not made to identify and fund the critical infrastructure needs to support operational activities—whether those activities are new or old. Also stressing the regular military construction budget is the growing demand for infrastructure investment to support major installation realignments overseas in the European and Pacific theaters. Adequate planning and oversight from the Department is essential to manage these competing priorities in a time of budgetary restraint.

Because of the ongoing constraints on the regular military construction budget, the Committee has continued its practice of providing additional funding, where indicated, to supplement the President's budget request, with particular emphasis on mission critical and quality of life facilities. The Committee has vetted each of the military construction projects included in the Committee recommendation with the services and defense agencies to ensure that every project is a priority of the base commander, meets a military requirement, and is executable. Because the military construction accounts are project based, with funding earmarked by the President for specific projects, the additional funding provided by the Committee is also project specific. All major construction projects

funded through the military construction appropriations accounts are included in the President's budget request or the services' Future Years Defense Programs [FYDPs] and are consistent with the criteria for additional funding for military construction projects in section 2856 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337). Each of the major construction projects added to this bill is authorized in the Committee reported version of the Senate National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS: TRANSFORMATION TO A 21ST CENTURY DEPARTMENT

Today's VA is at a crossroads. With aging infrastructure and technology, pressing needs of an aging veteran population, and new combat veterans entering the system, the Department cannot afford to continue to do business in the same manner it has. The Secretary has made transforming the VA into a 21st century organization dedicated to veteran-centric processes his top priority. This includes harnessing technology to move the Veterans Benefits Administration from a paper driven, highly manual process to one that empowers veterans by utilizing computer-based technology. Similarly, the Veterans Health Administration must continue to recapitalize aging infrastructure and pave the way in its use of technology to deliver high-quality medical care. Today's medical treatment requires state-of-the-art hospitals and modern, efficient, and reliable technology. The VA is facing numerous challenges over the next decade, but the Committee is dedicated to providing the VA with the resources it needs to meet these challenges and transform into a 21st century organization.

TITLE I

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

ITEMS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

HEARINGS

The Subcommittee on Military Construction and Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies held two hearings related to the fiscal year 2011 military construction budget request. Witnesses included representatives of the Office of Secretary of Defense and of the active and reserve components of the Army, Navy and Air Force.

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS

The fiscal year 2011 budget request for military construction and family housing totals \$18,747,368,000. The request reflects a decrease of \$4,532,582,000 from the fiscal year 2010 enacted level. In addition to the military construction and family housing request, the President's budget request for fiscal year 2011 includes \$1,257,002,000 for overseas contingency operations. This request is reflected in title IV of the bill and report.

For title I, the Committee recommends \$18,747,368,000, equal to the budget request for military construction and family housing.

REPROGRAMMING GUIDELINES

The following reprogramming guidelines apply for all military construction and family housing projects. A project or account (including the sub-elements of an account) which has been specifically reduced by the Congress in acting on the budget request is considered to be a congressional interest item and as such, prior approval is required. Accordingly, no reprogrammings to an item specifically reduced below the threshold by the Congress are permitted.

The reprogramming criteria that apply to military construction projects (25 percent of the funded amount or \$2,000,000, whichever is less) continue to apply to new housing construction projects and to improvements over \$2,000,000. To provide the services the flexibility to proceed with construction contracts without disruption or delay, the costs associated with environmental hazard remediation such as asbestos removal, radon abatement, lead-based paint removal or abatement, and any other legislated environmental hazard remediation may be excluded, provided that such remediation requirements could not be reasonably anticipated at the time of the budget submission. This exclusion applies to projects authorized in this budget year, as well as projects authorized in prior years for which construction has not been completed.

Furthermore, in instances where prior approval to a reprogramming request for a project or account has been received from the Committee, the adjusted amount approved becomes the new base for any future increase or decrease via below-threshold reprogrammings (provided that the project or account is not a congressional interest item as defined above).

In addition to these guidelines, the services are directed to adhere to the guidance for military construction reprogrammings and notifications, including the pertinent statutory authorities contained in DOD Financial Management Regulation 7000.14–R and relevant updates and policy memoranda.

REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE

The Committee recommends a continuation of the following general rules for repairing a facility under "Operation and Maintenance" account funding:

—Components of the facility may be repaired by replacement, and such replacement may be up to current standards or code.

—Interior arrangements and restorations may be included as repair, but additions, new facilities, and functional conversions must be performed as military construction projects.

—Such projects may be done concurrent with repair projects, as long as the final conjunctively funded project is a complete and usable facility.

—The appropriate Service Secretary shall submit a 21-day notification prior to carrying out any repair project with an estimated cost in excess of \$7,500,000.

The Department is directed to continue to report on the real property maintenance backlog at all installations for which there is a requested construction project in future budget requests. This information is to be provided on the Form 1390. In addition, for all troop housing requests, the Form 1391 is to continue to show all real property maintenance conducted in the past 2 years and all future requirements for unaccompanied housing at that installation.

INCREMENTAL FUNDING

In general, the Committee supports full funding for military construction projects. However, it continues to be the practice of the Committee to provide incremental funding for certain large projects, despite administration policy to the contrary, to enable the services to more efficiently allocate military construction dollars among projects that can be executed in the year of appropriation. For fiscal year 2011, the Committee recommends incremental funding for the following projects: Aviation Task Force Complex, Fort Wainwright, Alaska; Technical Application Center, Patrick Air Force Base, Florida; Sensitive Compartmentalized Information Facility, Wiesbaden Air Base, Germany; and Ambulatory Care Center, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas.

GLOBAL CHALLENGES

The Committee remains concerned about the status, scope and cost of the Defense Department's global basing strategy, particularly in view of recent challenges facing the planned relocation of 8,000 U.S. marines from Okinawa to Guam, and departmental reviews of the current basing strategy in Europe and elsewhere. In

the past year, as a result of the 2010 Quadrennial Defense Review [QDR], the Department has launched several reviews of its global basing policy, including a "Front End Assessment" of global posture and other key investment areas in an effort to inform the fiscal

year 2012 to 2016 budget process.

The Committee welcomes these reviews and encourages the Department in particular to undertake comprehensive analyses of current basing plans in the European Command [EUCOM] and Pacific Command [PACOM], which are among the costliest and most complicated of the stationing plans now underway. The Committee also urges the Department to develop a long term mission plan and funding strategy for the Combined Joint Task Force—Horn of Africa [CJTF—HOA] in the Africa Command [AFRICOM].

Pending a review of the Department's global basing posture and other considerations, the Committee recommends deferring \$464,624,000 in funding requested in the fiscal year 2011 budget submission for overseas military construction in Djibouti, Germany,

Guam, Honduras, Japan, and Korea.

EUCOM.—The QDR has already had an impact on the European basing strategy, delaying a decision to return two Army brigade combat teams from Germany to the United States that was a key element of the 2004 global basing plan. According to the QDR, the Department will retain four brigade combat teams and a consolidated Army headquarters in Germany pending a review of the NATO Strategic Concept and an accompanying assessment of the U.S. defense posture in Europe. The NATO review is scheduled to be completed by November 2010.

The Army, however, is moving forward with a robust military construction program in Germany, including \$186,000,000 to support the planned consolidation of its European headquarters in Wiesbaden. In all, the fiscal year 2011 budget request includes \$371,729,000 for Army military construction and family housing in

Germany.

The Government Accountability Office [GAO] is conducting a review of the Army's transformation and consolidation of its forces and infrastructure in Europe. Based on preliminary information obtained by GAO, and the uncertainty of DOD's basing strategy in Europe resulting from the recent QDR decisions, the Committee believes that Army basing in Europe and the consolidation of the Army's European headquarters at Wiesbaden should be re-examined in light of the Department's evolving strategic global posture concept, and that the Secretary of Defense should conduct a comprehensive review of alternatives for stationing forces in Europe.

To ensure that all options have been considered and evaluated, the Committee has included bill language restricting the obligation or expenditure of fiscal year 2011 funding for Army military construction in Germany until the Department has completed an evaluation of the NATO Strategic Concept Review and an accompanying U.S. assessment of its defense posture in Europe, and a "Front End Assessment" of the Department's global posture for the fiscal year 2012 to 2016 program budget review cycle as directed by the Secretary of Defense in a May 11, 2010, memo to department heads. The Committee has also conditioned the funding on the submission to the congressional defense committees of a com-

prehensive Army basing strategy for Europe based on those assessments, a project-based cost estimate and timeline to fully implement the strategy, and a certification of the requirement identified by the assessments for each of the Army military construction

projects in Germany funded in the fiscal year 2011 bill.

PACOM.—The Department has several major posture initiatives underway in the Pacific Command that collectively represent the largest restructuring and transformation of military posture in Asia since World War II. These initiatives, including the transformation of U.S. military forces and tour normalization in Korea, the Defense Policy Review Initiative [DPRI] in Japan, and the military buildup in Guam, will require billions in resource investments over many years if not decades to complete. These initiatives are complex projects with major sub-components, and involve the repositioning of the forward deployed U.S. military force structure, construction of hundreds of facilities, the movement of tens of thousands of military personnel and their families, and modifications to training resources and capacities throughout the Pacific region. In addition, the major components of each initiative are in some cases interrelated and interdependent to the extent that the successful completion of one component depends on the successful completion of other components of the initiative. Host nation contributions and host nation-led construction activities are expected to offset a large portion of the costs and produce many of the needed facilities, but those expected contributions and construction programs also cloud the transparency of the overall cost and schedule of the initiatives, create some uncertainty as to if and when the host nation-sponsored construction programs will be completed, and ultimately the potential financial requirements that the U.S. Government will be expected to support. These potential financial commitments span different appropriations, including military construction, operations and maintenance, and personnel accounts.

The Guam military buildup is by far the largest of the PACOM posture initiatives. While supportive of the realignment of U.S. marines from Okinawa to Guam, the Committee continues to be concerned about the cost and magnitude of the construction program, the potential environmental impact on Guam, and the timeline to

complete the realignment.

The DPRI agreement between the United States and Japan is based on a strategy to consolidate U.S. forces on Japan to include relinquishing Marine Corps Air Station Futenma and moving a number of the associated units to Camp Schwab, on the northern coast of Okinawa. In addition, the agreement includes the move of 8,000 marines and their estimated 9,000 dependants to Guam. According to the DPRI agreement, completion of the move to Guam and consolidation of units to Camp Schwab is scheduled to be concluded by the fall of 2014. However, given the delay in initiating the realignment, that deadline will be difficult, if not impossible, to meet. Recently, the political tensions on Okinawa regarding the move of U.S. marines to Camp Schwab proved to be the downfall of the Japanese prime minister when he failed to develop an alternative plan for the relocation and complete removal of U.S. forces from Okinawa. The newly appointed prime minister has faced political protest from the residents and elected officials in Okinawa

for acknowledging that the current agreement must go forward. However, Japan's ruling party suffered heavy losses in recent parliamentary elections, due largely to economic concerns, which could weaken its ability to govern, and the Okinawa gubernatorial election scheduled for November could further cloud the future of the realignment process. As part of the move to Schwab, the Japanese have agreed to construct a new runway, also known as the Futenma Replacement Facility [FRF], along the coast of Henoko. The site, however, is currently underwater. The Japanese plan calls for the reclamation of land via landfill to build the new airstrip. In order to proceed with the airfield, the Governor of Okinawa must sign a landfill agreement. According to the DPRI, the United States will only take action to move the marines to Guam upon tangible progress being made to replace Futenma. The Department of Defense views the signing of the landfill agreement, which it considers tangible progress toward the completion of the FRF, as the linchpin for entire plan. The landfill permit was originally expected to be issued in August, but according the Defense Department officials, the permit will likely be delayed until after the gubernatorial election in November, and could be delayed into

Additional challenges exist on Guam relative to the move. The Committee continues to be concerned about the impact that the massive amount of planned construction will have on the already inadequate water, electrical, road, and wastewater infrastructure on the island. In addition, in June 2009, GAO reported that Guam's existing utility infrastructure is not sufficient to meet DOD's projected utility requirements without further upgrades. While funding and planning for the military portion of the buildup has been programmed, there continues to be a lack of funding resources to address these deficiencies in the civilian arena. The Committee's concerns were echoed by the Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] when its review of the draft environmental impact statement [DEIS] was released in February. The EPA rated the Navy's plan as "environmentally unsatisfactory." The EPA also pointed out the negative impacts that will result with the buildup, specifically the impact dredging will have on the coral reef at Apra Harbor, and the increase in pollution levels on the island, most notably the increase in runoff from the multiple construction projects. The Navy has indicated that it is working with the EPA to address and mitigate EPA's concerns before issuing the final EIS. Only after the EIS has been completed can the Navy sign the Record of Decision [ROD], which would potentially allow construction to begin, subject to possible legal challenges.

To date, Congress has appropriated \$363,800,000 for the Guam move while the Government of Japan has contributed \$336,000,000. It is expected that the Japanese government will provide an additional \$497,900,000, approved by the parliament earlier this year, in the near future. The President's fiscal year 2011 budget request for the Guam buildup is \$452,200,000. However, of the \$1,197,000,000 in United States and Japanese funding appropriated or approved for appropriation through fiscal year 2010, only \$50,900,000 for planning and design has been obligated. No military construction can be initiated until the ROD is signed,

and therefore none of the \$300,200,000 in U.S. funding already appropriated for military construction has been obligated or expended. In light of the current delay in the obligation of previously appropriated funds for the Guam buildup, the Committee believes that providing additional funding in fiscal year 2011 for several of the requested projects is premature. For example, although the budget request includes \$172,900,000 for the second increment of the North Ramp utilities and parking projects at Andersen Air Force Base, the Committee notes that \$110,300,000 in U.S. funding was appropriated for the first increment of those projects in fiscal year 2010 and has yet to be obligated. In addition, the Government of Japan provided \$27,000,000 for the projects in fiscal year 2009, which also has not been obligated. Additionally, the budget request includes \$147,200,000 for site preparation and utilities for the new marine cantonment area at South Finegayan. The Government of Japan provided \$124,800,000 for the project in fiscal year 2009. However, additional land is still required to complete the overall Finegayan construction plan. Based on these concerns, the Committee has deferred funding for the follow on increments of the North Ramp projects at Anderson and the utilities project at Finegayan.

To address the environmental and utility infrastructure needs "outside the gate" that are not under the direct auspices of the Navy, the Committee directs the Department of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, with the fiscal year 2012 budget request, a report outlining the non-military infrastructure projects needed to support the temporary influx of workers and the permanent addition of military personnel and dependants on Guam, detailing the cost by project, the funding source for each

project, and the planned timetable for each project.

The Committee is equally concerned about the potential impact of the Korea Transformation Plan, which includes the consolidation of U.S. forces south of Seoul, the relocation of U.S. Forces Korea [USFK] headquarters from Yongson to Camp Humphries, and the "tour normalization" plan to transition U.S. military deployments to Korea from 1-year unaccompanied tours to 3-year accompanied tours. According to testimony provided by the Commander, U.S. Forces Korea, and information provided through a Committee-sponsored GAO review of the U.S. global posture in Asia, USFK officials have estimated that the end-state expectation of tour normalization is that the 28,500 troops currently serving in Korea will be joined by 41,500 dependents, and 14,200 non-military personnel and their dependents, which would result in a need to support a total DOD population in Korea of approximately 84,000. Tour normalization is a three-phase plan, with the first phase to bring 4,100 families to Korea expected to be completed by the end of 2011. There is no timeline associated with the remaining two phases.

To support tour normalization, the Army has developed a type of public/private housing plan, called the Humphries Housing Opportunity Plan, similar to military housing privatization in the United States. The Air Force plans to use military construction for family housing at Osan Air Force Base. Regardless of the plan, the ultimate cost of providing military family housing for the number of families expected to be stationed in Korea by the end of tour nor-

malization is a major unknown, as is the extent and cost of providing supporting facilities, such as schools, hospitals, clinics, child care centers, and commissaries.

The Committee recognizes the importance of maintaining a strong U.S. military presence in Korea to promote regional stability and serve as a deterrent to North Korea. The Committee also recognizes the Department's long-term goal to phase out unaccompanied tours in Korea. However, the Committee is concerned that the Department not embark on a piecemeal approach to tour normalization without having an end-state master plan and cost estimate for all of the elements of the initiative, including military construction, family housing, operations and maintenance, and personnel costs, before proceeding beyond the initial stage.

In order to provide Congress with comprehensive and routine information on the status of these major DOD posture initiatives in a manner that can be used to provide the appropriate context for budget deliberations and oversight, the Committee directs the Department to provide detailed annual updates on the status of posture restructuring initiatives in Korea, Japan, Guam, and the initiative that will address training capabilities and capacity in the Pacific region as an appendix to the annual DOD Global Posture

Report.

These initiative status updates should be provided annually, beginning with the submission of the fiscal year 2012 budget request, until the restructuring initiatives are complete and/or funding requirements to support them are satisfied. The initiative status up-

dates should address the following areas:

—Initiative Description—an overall description of each initiative, the major components of the initiative, the relationships between each component and the overall successful completion of the initiative, a program baseline that provides an estimated total cost of the initiative, expected completion date, and the basis for pursuing the initiative that is clearly linked to specific DOD strategic goals and objectives defined by the Secretary of Defense, Military Departments, Combatant Commander, or Service Component Commands.

-DOD organization responsible for managing and executing the

initiative.

-Schedule Status—a comparison of the current estimated timeframe to complete the overall initiative and major components of the initiative with original baseline estimates and the currently approved schedule. An explanation of changes in the estimated completion date or changes in the approved schedule

should be provided.

—Facilities Requirements—a comparison of the baseline and current projected number of facilities required to provide appropriate work space, housing, and support services to the population DOD anticipates it will be supporting, including facilities, family housing, commissaries/post exchanges, schools, child care, clinics and hospitals, and any other facility that will be needed to support the military, civilian employee, local national employees, contractor, and retiree population.

—Cost and Funding Status

—Cost Summary—a comparison of the baseline, approved program, and current estimated costs by appropriation; expressed in base year and then-year dollars, addressing all costs associated with establishing, modifying, and sustaining DOD's posture under this initiative, including costs such as the housing allowance provided to military service members and families that are then paid to external organizations for housing

—Funding Summary—a listing of the funding profile, by appropriation, for the initiative, based on the current year President's Budget detailing prior years, current year, future years defense program, and costs to complete; expressed in then-year dollars. All funding requirements associated with the initiative should be addressed, including, but not limited to military construction, operations and support, and per-

sonnel appropriations

—Initiative Estimate Assumptions—the key assumptions that drive initiative cost and schedule estimates, including:

—Population, including the number of military, civilian, non-DOD personnel, command sponsored families and dependants, non-command sponsored families and dependants, and

military retirees affected by the initiative.

—Housing, including the use of public/private partnerships to provide necessary facilities, percentage of personnel and dependents expected to reside in base housing and off the base or installation, availability of host nation land for construction of facilities, and the anticipated host nation funded and/or provided housing construction.

 Cost Estimating, including modeling used to predict costs, inflation estimates used for then-year dollar projections, and

contracting strategy.

—Financial, including the funding that will be available and provided by military services and other DOD agencies affected by the initiative to cover their respective costs, including the expected overseas base housing allowance that will

be provided to military families.

—Medical, including extent to which each military base or installation will have stand-alone medical treatment facilities, will share medical treatment facilities or capacity, the services provided (medical, dental, vision), dates new facilities will be available for use, ratio of primary care providers to population, and any other element that drives the number of medical treatment facilities and associated infrastructure or personnel required to support the population.

-Education, including the estimated number of children per family, student distribution by grade level, tuition assistance that will be required/provided, assumptions used to develop related Department of Defense Education Activity [DODEA] cost factors, and any other element that drives the number of schools and associated infrastructure or personnel re-

quired to support the population.

—Support Services, including capacities of commissaries, exchanges, USO, Red Cross or other support services or organizations, necessary modifications to their existing facilities,

and sources of funding necessary to pay for any needed im-

provements or new construction.

—Local Community Support, including the extent to which local business, housing, medical treatment, education, and other support services will be available and necessary to support the expected DOD population.

—Host Nation Agreements, including any specific agreements with host nations or legal issues that establish or drive specific timeframes for completion of the initiative or major com-

ponents of the initiatives.

AFRICOM.—The Committee understands that Camp Lemonier, Djibouti, has been identified as an enduring location for the Africa Command [AFRICOM] by the Secretary of Defense and as such is eligible for infrastructure improvements to support an enduring operation. However, the Committee is concerned about the future role of the Combined Joint Task Force-Horn of Africa [CJTF-HOA] and its impact on military construction requirements at Camp Lemonier. CJTF-HOA is the largest tenant at Camp Lemonier, encompassing about 52 percent of the camp's personnel. According to DOD guidance, joint task forces are established to address specific, limited objectives, and are normally dissolved when their mission has been achieved or is no longer required. In an April 10, 2010, Government Accountability Office [GAO] report, "DOD Needs to Determine the Future of its Horn of Africa Task Force," (GAO-10-504), GAO noted that AFRICOM "has not yet made decisions on the future of the task force—including whether CJTF-HOA should continue to exist as a joint task force" and is continuing to evaluate whether changes are necessary to its mission, structure, or resources to support AFRICOM's mission of sustained security engagement in Africa. GAO also noted a number of challenges facing ČJTF–HOA, including sustainable funding for its activities, African cultural issues, and interagency collaboration. According to the re-"the task force's sustainability is uncertain because AFRICOM, in concert with the Department of Defense and the Navy, has not developed options for funding the task force over the long term." GAO concluded that, "Until AFRICOM takes steps to examine feasible long-term funding options and develops a solution to increase the effectiveness and continuity of efforts among CJTF-HOA's frequently rotating staff, the command cannot ensure that its task force is supporting U.S. efforts in Africa with the appropriate resources and trained personnel.

In response to the issues raised by GAO, the Defense Department asserted that it has identified a critical need for the task force and therefore does not need to determine whether it should be retained. DOD further noted that CJTF-HOA's mission of countering violent extremism will remain its top priority for "years to come," and said that the Department is working with the Navy and the Office of Management and Budget on long term funding options for the task force and Camp Lemonier. However, the Department did not establish a timeline or identify a plan to determine costs and future funding options for CJTF-HOA. The Committee therefore directs the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, with submission of the fiscal year 2012 budget request, a comprehensive plan for the future of CJTF-HOA at

Camp Lemonier, including an updated evaluation of its mission, structure and resources; a future years funding plan, and a list, by project, of military construction needed to support the CJTF-HOA

presence at Camp Lemonier through 2016.

The Committee notes that the fiscal year 2011 budget request includes funding for two headquarters at Camp Lemonier, one for a Camp Lemonier Headquarters Facility and one for a CJTF-HOA Joint Operations Center and Headquarters. The Committee believes that it is both unnecessary and duplicative to build separate headquarters to support both missions on the same installation, not only in light of the uncertainty surrounding the future of CJTF-HOA but also because of the unique link between Camp Lemonier and CJTF-HOA. As GAO reported, "AFRICOM and CJTF-HOA officials told us that Camp Lemonier and CJFGT-HOA are separate entities and that the camp could very well endure even if the task force does not, but the two are integrally linked.' It would seem to the Committee that a joint headquarters would facilitate that operational link.

During budget briefings on the fiscal year 2011 AFRICOM military construction budget request, the Committee directed AFRICOM to submit a plan for a single headquarters to accommodate both the Camp Lemonier enduring operations and the CJTF-HOA operations. The Committee has yet to receive the plan, and thus has denied funding for a separate headquarters to accommo-

date the current CJTF-HOA mission.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

Appropriations, 2010	\$3,719,419,000
Budget estimate, 2011	4,078,798,000
Committee recommendation	3,797,521,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The military construction appropriation for the Army provides for acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, facilities, and real property for the Army. This appropriation also provides for facilities required as well as funds for infrastructure projects and programs required to support bases and installations around the world.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$3,797,521,000 for the Army for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$78,102,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level, and \$281,277,000 below the budget request. Further detail of the Committee's recommendation is provided in

the State table at the end of this report.

*Museum Support Facilities.—The budget request included \$74,800,000 for three museum operations support buildings at Army installations. The Committee recognizes the need to preserve Army artifacts and make them available for display in publically accessible museums. However, the Committee notes that there are no museums at the installations for which the museum support facilities are proposed. The Committee believes that museum support centers should be collocated with privately funded museums on

Army installations in order to fulfill their dual mission of preservation and education. The Committee, therefore, recommends deferring funding for these facilities until the Army can coordinate with private entities for the construction of museums at these locations.

SOUTHCOM Commissary.—The budget request included \$19,000,000 to build a commissary at the U.S. Southern Command [SOUTHCOM] headquarters in the city of Doral in Miami-Dade County, Florida. The Committee eliminated funding for this project, noting that, according to SOUTHCOM, there are approximately 80 grocery stores, ranging from specialty markets to big box stores, within close proximity to the SOUTHCOM headquarters, and there are no barracks and no family housing at SOUTHCOM headquarters. In general, commissary construction and operations are funded through the Defense Commissary Agency [DECA] surcharge fund. However, the use of those funds is constrained by certain regulations. The Committee is concerned that those regulations may be too restrictive and directs the Secretary of Defense to review the policies of the DECA with regard to the construction of new commissaries on existing installations.

The Committee fully expects contracts for the following projects

to be awarded as early in fiscal year 2011 as practical:

Defense Access Road, Pohakuloa Training Area, Hawaii.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,200,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

Physical Fitness Center, Fort Richardson, Alaska.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,700,000 be made available for the design of this fa-

cility.

Chapel, Sand Hill, Fort Benning, Georgia.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$550,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

Appropriations, 2010	\$3,769,003,000
Budget estimate, 2011	3,879,104,000
Committee recommendation	3,667,922,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The military construction appropriation for the Navy and Marine Corps provides for acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, naval installations, facilities, and real property for the Navy and the Marine Corps. This appropriation also provides for facilities required as well as funds for infrastructure projects and programs required to support bases and installations around the world.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$3,667,922,000 for Navy and Marine Corps military construction for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$101,081,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level, and \$211,182,000 below the budget request. Further detail of the Committee's recommendation is provided in the State table at the end of this report.

The Committee fully expects a contract for the following project to be awarded as early in fiscal year 2011 as practical:

Security Upgrades, NAS Fallon, Nevada.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that

\$1,480,000 be made available for this project.

USNS Comfort.— Prior to making a determination to shift USNS Comfort's homeport, the Navy shall conduct a cost-benefit analysis and study of the impact of such a shift on USNS Comfort's wartime and humanitarian missions and the manning of the military medical facilities which provide USNS Comfort's medical staff. The Secretary of the Navy shall certify that a homeport shift does not negatively impact cost, mission, or medical staffing flexibility. The Navy shall provide this study to the congressional defense committees

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

Appropriations, 2010	\$1,450,426,000
Budget estimate, 2011	1,311,385,000
Committee recommendation	1,378,688,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The military construction appropriation for the Air Force provides for acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, facilities, and real property for the Air Force. This appropriation also provides for facilities required as well as funds for infrastructure projects and programs required to support bases and installations around the world.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$1,378,688,000 for the Air Force in fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$71,738,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level, and \$67,303,000 above the budget request. Further detail of the Committee's recommendation is provided in the State table at the end of this report.

The Committee fully expects contracts for the following projects

to be awarded as early in fiscal year 2011 as practical:

Civil Engineer Complex, Mountain Home AFB, Idaho.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,000,000 be made available for the construction of this project.

Simulation Facility Expansion, Minneapolis-St. Paul IAP, Minnesota.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,900,000 be made available for

the construction of this project.

Facility Repair/Fitness Recreation Center, Nellis Air Force Base, Nevada.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$867,000 be made available for the construction of this facility.

Fire Station, Altus Air Force Base, Oklahoma.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,000,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriations, 2010	\$3,093,679,000
Budget estimate, 2011	3,118,062,000
Committee recommendation	3.241.601.000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The military construction appropriation for the Department of Defense provides for acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, facilities, and real property Defense-Wide. This appropriation also provides for facilities required as well as funds for infrastructure projects and programs required to support bases and installations around the world.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$3,241,601,000 for projects considered within the "Defense-Wide" account in fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$147,922,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$123,539,000 above the budget request. Further detail of the Committee's recommendation is provided in the State table at the end of this report.

The Committee fully expects a contract for the following project

to be awarded as early in fiscal year 2011 as practical:

Health Clinic Replacement, Gulfport, Mississippi.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,700,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

CONTINGENCY CONSTRUCTION

The Committee has provided \$10,000,000 for the Secretary of Defense "Contingency Construction" account, equal to the request. This account provides funds which may be used by the Secretary of Defense for unforeseen facility requirements and military exercises, including those related to overseas contingency operations.

ENERGY CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM

The Committee recommends \$290,000,000 for the Energy Conservation Investment Program [ECIP] plus \$10,000,000 for planning and design. This amount is \$180,000,000 above the budget re-

quest, including planning and design.

The Department of Defense accounts for nearly 80 percent of the Federal Government's total energy consumption. Energy consumption on military installations makes up approximately 25 percent of that total. According to testimony before this Committee on March 11, 2010, by Dr. Dorothy Robyn, Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Installations and Environment, the Department spent \$3,800,000,000 in 2009 to power its installations, including non-tactical vehicles used at installations. Although installation energy consumption represents only 28 percent of the Department's total energy costs, installations produce nearly 40 percent of DOD's greenhouse gas emissions.

ECIP is the only dedicated funding stream for installation energy projects and was originally intended as a mechanism to fund numerous small energy conservation projects with a rapid payback period and strong savings to investment ratio. Although military construction and sustainment, restoration, and modernization funding can be—and is being—used for more costly renewable energy projects, it remains a fact that energy related projects face stiff competition from mission critical and quality of life projects for those funds.

The Committee strongly supports investment in ECIP as a means to reduce energy consumption and greenhouse gas production on military installations, and to promote energy security and investment in renewable energy. In the past 2 years, the Committee has more than doubled the amount of funding requested for ECIP, providing a total of \$394,209,000. Although the budget requests for ECIP have been generally growing over the past several years, reaching \$120,000,000 for fiscal year 2011, the funding level remains inadequate to fully support the ambitious installation-based energy efficiency goals of the Department, which include the goal of reducing energy use by 30 percent by fiscal year 2015, and meeting 25 percent of installation energy needs with renewable en-

ergy sources by 2025.

The Committee is encouraged by the Department's investment of a portion of the fiscal year 2011 funding requested for ECIP into energy test bed projects, intended to demonstrate next generation technologies being developed by industry, university, and Department of Energy laboratories. The Committee also commends the Department for partnering with the Department of Energy [DOE] to produce a memorandum of understanding [MOU] identifying strategies to strengthen and coordinate efforts to enhance national energy security. The intent of the collaboration is to accelerate the deployment of DOE technologies and expertise, using DOD installations as test beds to demonstrate and create a market for innovative energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies coming out of DOE laboratories. A specific goal of the MOU is to develop joint initiatives, including pilot or demonstration projects on DOD installations, to address both military and national energy security needs.

Although the MOU does not identify a funding source for either agency, the Committee believes that ECIP would be a logical source of funds to leverage DOD's investment in joint DOD-DOE projects. The Committee is aware of many energy efficiency, renewable energy, and greenhouse gas reduction projects throughout the Department and the services, ranging from major solar, wind, and geothermal power generation plants to photovoltaic and green roof projects to net zero energy buildings. In an effort to facilitate a holistic approach to assessing best practices, applying today's best technologies, and fielding next generation technologies, the Committee directs that of the additional funding provided in this account, the top priority for its use shall be the establishment of installation-wide demonstration projects on one or more bases. These demonstration projects should include, but not be limited to, on-site renewable energy production or purchasing; solar thermal and solar photovoltaic applications; electrical and thermal storage;

micro grid and smart grid technologies; green and white roof technologies; metering of utilities; digital control and sensors on new equipment systems; energy information management systems for control, data collection and analysis, including transmission of energy data via network infrastructure, such as wirelessly over commercially available digital cellular networks, if appropriate; and emerging energy efficiency, water conservation, and clean energy technologies from DOE, industry, or university laboratories, with the goal of achieving a carbon friendly, and if possible, net zero energy installation. The Secretary of Defense is to submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive plan, including project details; description of participation with DOE or other laboratories; energy efficiency and greenhouse gas reduction goals; performance measurements; timeline, and cost estimate for the demonstration project or projects no later than 180 days after enactment of this act.

Green Building Technologies.—The Committee strongly supports the efforts of the Department to incorporate green building technologies into both new construction and renovations of buildings. As noted in the past, the Committee believes that these technologies should be a fundamental consideration in the design or retrofit of all military construction projects. Although federally mandated sustainable design policies and energy efficiency goals are standard elements of military construction design, the Committee encourages the Department and the services to exceed the basic standards and incorporate leading edge technologies into the construction program. In particular, the Committee believes that the Department should maximize the use of energy efficient, ecofriendly roofing technologies for new construction and renovations, including family housing construction and renovation. These technologies include, but are not limited to, photovoltaic panels, solar thermal roof coatings, green roofs, and cool roofs. The Committee commends the U.S. Marine Corps for establishing a policy that, beginning with the 2012 military construction program, all new building construction and renovations involving complete roof replacements will incorporate roof-top solar, thermal, photovoltaic, and energy reducing coating technologies into the project. In an effort to capture the most innovative of these technologies, the Committee encourages the Department and the services to monitor new technologies emerging from government, industry, or university research and development programs.

In the report accompanying the fiscal year 2010 military construction bill, the Committee directed the Secretary of Defense to submit, with the fiscal 2011 budget request, a report on the steps being taken to incorporate new roofing technologies into the fiscal year 2010 and 2011 military construction program. The Committee understands that the required data are not readily available but will be included in the fiscal year 2010 Annual Energy Management Report, which is due in January 2011. The Committee directs the Department to transmit a copy of that report to the congres-

sional defense committees immediately upon availability.

DODEA School Initiative.—The President's budget request includes \$345,142,000 for the construction of 10 Department of Defense Educational Activity [DODEA] elementary and high schools as part of a major initiative to recapitalize the Department's network of aging and inadequate schools on a number of military installations in the United States and overseas. In addition to the schools included in the fiscal year 2011 budget request, the Department has embarked on an ambitious program to replace or renovate an additional 106 schools through fiscal year 2015. The Committee views this initiative as a unique opportunity to incorporate advanced energy efficiency features, including the orientation of buildings and sources of light to optimize energy efficiency; water and wastewater conservation measures; renewable energy resources including solar, geothermal, and wind power where possible; smart grid technologies, and green and white roof technologies, as both a contribution to the Department's energy efficiency and carbon reduction goals and as a teaching tool and learning laboratory for the Department of Defense educational community. The Committee directs DODEA to provide, within 60 days of enactment of this act, a detailed description of the energy efficiency and carbon reduction technologies incorporated into the design of the schools funded in the fiscal year 2011 request. Additionally, DODEA is directed to provide, with the submission of the fiscal year 2012 budget request, a detailed plan for incorporating into each school included in the request site-specific advanced energy and water efficiency measures, including, but not limited to, renewable energy opportunities, smart grid technologies, green roof and other carbon reduction measures, and an assessment of the feasibility of constructing a net zero energy facility.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, RESERVE COMPONENTS

Appropriations, 2010	\$1,622,991,000
Budget estimate, 2011	1,438,214,000
Committee recommendation	1.739.831.000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The military construction appropriation for Reserve components provides for acquisition, construction, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Reserve components. This appropriation also provides for facilities required as well as funds for infrastructure projects and programs required to support bases and installations.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$1,739,831,000 for military construction projects for the Guard and Reserve components for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$116,840,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$301,617,000 above the budget request. Further detail of the Committee's recommendation is provided in the State table at the end of this report.

The Committee recommends approval of military construction, Reserve components, as outlined in the following table:

RESERVE COMPONENTS

[In thousands of dollars]

Component	Budget request	Committee recommendation
Army National Guard	873,664	980,072
Air National Guard	176,986	337,454
Army Reserve	318,175	347,916
Navy Reserve	61,557	61,557
Air Force Reserve	7,832	12,832
Total	1,438,214	1,739,831

The Committee fully expects contracts for the following projects to be awarded, as early in fiscal year 2011 as practical:

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

Regional Training Institute, Camp Robinson, Arkansas.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,900,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

Photovoltaic Solar Power System, Mather AASF, California.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,466,000 be made available for this project.

Photovoltaic Solar Power System, Ventura AFRC, California.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,466,000 be made available for this project.

Photovoltaic Solar Power System, Los Alamitos AFRĆ, California.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,466,000 be made available for this project.

Photovoltaic Solar Power System, Banning RC, California.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,466,000 be made available for this project.

Add/Alter Security Police Facility—Bud Day Field, Sioux City, Iowa.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,950,000 be made available for the construction of this facility.

Renovation and Alteration, Chicopee Armory, Massachusetts.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,554,000 be made available for this project to accommodate the stationing of the C/1–20th Special Forces Group.

Add/Alter Armory, Bloomington, Minnesota.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,986,000 be made available for the construction of this facility.

Range Modernization, Nellis Air Force Base, Nevada.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,000,000 be made available for this project.

Road Infrastructure, Joint Forces Headquarters, Omaha, Nebraska.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$240,000 be made available for the design of this project.

Battalion Readiness Center, Quonset State Airport, Rhode Island.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this ac-

count, the Committee directs that \$3,729,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

Armory Addition, Middletown, Rhode Island.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$302,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

Firing Range and Support Facilities, Sioux Falls, South Dakota.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$151,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

Modification of Army Aviation Support Facility, Fort Lewis, Washington.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$473,000 be made available for the construction of this facility.

Emergency Generator and Supporting Facilities, Eleanor ARNG Complex, West Virginia.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,000,000 be made available for this project.

Mail/ID Center, Camp Dawson, West Virginia.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,990,000 be made available for the construction of this facility.

Utility Upgrade, Camp Dawson, West Virginia.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,980,000 be made available for the construction of this project.

JITEC Emergency Power Generator and Supporting Facilities, Camp Dawson, West Virginia.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,999,000 be made available for the construction of this project.

Parachute Rigging Facility, Morgantown, West Virginia.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,000,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

Field Maintenance Shop, Buckhannon, West Virginia.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$1,500,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR NATIONAL GUARD

Road Infrastructure, Joint Forces Headquarters, Omaha, Nebraska.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$210,000 be made available for the design of this project.

Renovations for Building 2, Blue Ash ANG Station, Ohio.—Of the funds provided for minor construction in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,000,000 be made available for this project.

Alert Facility, Joint Reserve Base, New Orleans.—Of the funds provided for planning and design in this account, the Committee directs that \$2,000,000 be made available for the design of this facility.

NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION

SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM

Appropriations, 2010	\$197,414,000
Budget estimate, 2011	258,884,000
Committee recommendation	258,884,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The North Atlantic Treaty Organization [NATO] appropriation provides for the U.S. cost share of the NATO Security Investment Program for the acquisition and construction of military facilities and installations (including international military headquarters) and for related expenses for the collective defense of the NATO Treaty area.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$258,884,000 for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program [NSIP] for fiscal year 2011 as requested. This amount is \$61,470,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

The Committee recognizes the importance and multiplier effect of NATO common funding for joint-use military construction projects in Europe and the United States as well as in support of the war in Afghanistan. It is noteworthy that approximately one-half of the current NSIP budget is directed toward investments to support NATO military operations in Afghanistan. However, the Committee is concerned about the growing proportion of the annual NSIP budget that is being devoted to nonconstruction items, such as communications equipment, information technology systems, and mobile tracking systems.

The primary purpose of NSIP is to provide a common funding source to share the burden of costly construction projects that contribute to the security of the Alliance. According to current NSIP expenditure documents, however, approximately 50 percent of annual NSIP funding is being used for nonconstruction purposes. Although NSIP funds may be used for a wide array of NATO support functions, the Committee is concerned that the current trend may allow scarce construction funds to be siphoned off for other activities, thus delaying funding for needed military construction projects. In addition, this Committee does not have oversight over nonconstruction expenditures or requirements, and therefore cannot determine if the NSIP funding being used for these activities is a validated common funding requirement or is duplicative of other investments.

The Committee believes that it may be more transparent and appropriate to provide funding for NSIP construction and nonconstruction activities in separate accounts under the jurisdiction of the appropriate subcommittees. The Committee therefore directs the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report to accompany the fiscal year 2012 budget request on the proportion of construction vs. nonconstruction funding in the fiscal year 2012 NSIP budget request and a recommendation for funding nonconstruction activities that ensures both transparency and accountability.

FAMILY HOUSING OVERVIEW

Appropriations, 2010	\$2,258,698,000
Budget estimate, 2011	1,823,191,000
Committee recommendation	1,823,191,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Family Housing appropriation provides funds for military family housing construction activities, operation and maintenance, the Family Housing Improvement Fund, and the Homeowners Assistance Program. Construction accounts provide funding for new construction, improvements and the Federal Government share of housing privatization. Operation and maintenance accounts fund costs associated with the maintenance and leasing of military family housing, including utilities, services, management and furnishings.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$1,823,191,000 for family housing construction, operations and maintenance, and the Department's family housing improvement and homeowners assistance funds for fiscal year 2011.

FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

Appropriations, 2010	\$273,236,000
Budget estimate, 2011	92,369,000
Committee recommendation	92,369,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing appropriation for the Army provides for expenses of family housing for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension, and alteration. This appropriation provides for the financing of all costs for construction, improvements and leasing of all Army housing. In addition to quality of life enhancements, the program contains initiatives to reduce operating costs and conserve energy by upgrading or replacing facilities which can be made more efficient through relatively modest investments in improvements. The Department of Defense is authorized to use limited partnerships, make direct and guaranteed loans, and convey Department-owned property to stimulate the private sector to increase the availability of affordable, quality housing for the Army.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$92,369,000 for family housing construction, Army, including construction improvements, in fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$180,867,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

CONSTRUCTION

The Committee recommends \$57,369,000 for new construction, as shown below:

ARMY FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION

[In thousands of dollars]

Location	Installation	Project title	Budget request	Committee recommendation
	Fort Wainwright Baumholder Various Locations	Family Housing Replacement Construction	21,000 34,329 2,040	21,000 34,329 2,040
Total			57,369	57,369

CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS

The following projects are to be accomplished within the amounts provided for construction improvements:

ARMY CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS

[In thousands of dollars]

Location	Installation	Project title	Budget request	Committee recommendation
Pennsylvania Virginia		Family Housing PrivatizationFamily Housing Privatization	15,000 20,000	15,000 20,000
Total			35,000	35,000

FAMILY HOUSING OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Appropriations, 2010	\$523,418,000
Budget estimate, 2011	518,140,000
Committee recommendation	518,140,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing operation and maintenance appropriation for the Army provides for the operation and maintenance of family housing. This includes debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums of Army family housing.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$518,140,000 for family housing operation and maintenance, Army for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$5,278,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

Family Housing Construction, Navy and Marine Corps

Appropriations, 2010	\$146,569,000
Budget estimate, 2011	186,444,000
Committee recommendation	186,444,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing appropriation for the Navy and Marine Corps provides for expenses of family housing for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension, and alteration. This appropriation provides for the financing of all costs for construction, improvements, and leasing of all Navy and Marine Corps housing. In addition to quality of life enhancements, the pro-

gram contains initiatives to reduce operating costs and conserve energy by upgrading or replacing facilities which can be made more efficient through relatively modest investments in improvements. The Department of Defense is authorized to use limited partnerships, make direct and guaranteed loans, and convey Department-owned property to stimulate the private sector to increase the availability of affordable, quality housing for the Navy and Marine Corps.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$186,444,000 for family housing construction, Navy and Marine Corps, including construction improvements, in fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$39,875,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

CONSTRUCTION

The Committee recommends \$40,424,000 for new construction, as shown below:

NAVY AND MARINE CORPS FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION

[In thousands of dollars]

Location	Installation	Project title	Budget request	Committee recommendation
Cuba	Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay.	Replace Base Housing, 71 Units at Various Sites.	37,169	37,169
Worldwide	Various Locations	Planning and Design	3,255	3,255
Total			40,424	40,424

CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS

The following projects are to be accomplished within the amounts provided for construction improvements:

NAVY AND MARINE CORPS CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS

[In thousands of dollars]

Location	Installation	Project title	Budget request	Committee recommendation
California	MCB Camp Pen- dleton.	Camp Pendleton PPV Phase 8	26,748	26,748
North Carolina	Camp Lejuene	Camp Lejeune PPV Phase 7 with DODDS addition.	79,908	79,908
Washington, D.C.	Marine Barracks 8th & I.	Replace Interior Passenger Lift Quarters #6	100	100
Japan	CFA Sasebo	Revitalization of Family Housing Town- homes.	10,769	10,769
Japan	CFA Yokosuka	Revitalization of Family Housing Apart- ments.	17,479	17,479
Japan	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni.	Whole House Revitalization Midrise 906	11,016	11,016
Total			146,020	146,020

Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Navy and Marine Corps

Appropriations, 2010	\$368,540,000
Budget estimate, 2011	366,346,000
Committee recommendation	366,346,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing operation and maintenance appropriation for the Navy and Marine Corps provides for the operation and maintenance of family housing. This includes debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums of Navy and Marine Corps family housing.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$366,346,000 for family housing operation and maintenance, Navy and Marine Corps, in fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$2,194,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

Appropriations, 2010	\$66,101,000
Budget estimate, 2011	78,025,000
Committee recommendation	78,025,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing appropriation for the Air Force provides for expenses of family housing for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension, and alteration. This appropriation provides for the financing of all costs for construction, improvements and leasing of all Air Force housing. In addition to quality of life enhancements, the program contains initiatives to reduce operating costs and conserve energy by upgrading or replacing facilities which can be made more efficient through relatively modest investments in improvements. The Department of Defense is authorized to use limited partnerships, make direct and guaranteed loans, and convey Department-owned property to stimulate the private sector to increase the availability of affordable, quality housing for the Air Force.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$78,025,000 for family housing construction, Air Force, in fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$11,924,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS

The following projects are to be accomplished within the amounts provided for construction improvements:

AIR FORCE FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS

[In thousands of dollars]

Location	Installation	Project title	Budget request	Committee recommendation
Japan	Kadena AB	Improve Family Housing, Phase 11 (403 units).	73,800	73,800
Worldwide	Various	Planning and Design	4,225	4,225
Total			78,025	78,025

FAMILY HOUSING OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE

Appropriations, 2010	\$502,936,000
Budget estimate, 2011	513,792,000
Committee recommendation	513,792,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing operation and maintenance appropriation for the Air Force provides for the operation and maintenance of family housing. This includes debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums of Air Force family housing.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$513,792,000 for family housing operation and maintenance, Air Force, in fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$10,856,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level, and equal to the budget request.

FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE

Appropriations, 2010	\$2,859,000
Budget estimate, 2011	
Committee recommendation	

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends no funding for family housing construction, Defense-Wide, in fiscal year 2011 as requested by the President.

FAMILY HOUSING OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE

Appropriations, 2010	\$49,214,000
Budget estimate, 2011	50,464,000
Committee recommendation	50,464,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing operation and maintenance appropriation for Defense-Wide provides for the operation and maintenance of family housing. This includes debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums of Defense family housing.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$50,464,000 for family housing operation and maintenance, Defense-Wide for fiscal year 2011. This

amount is \$1,250,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND

Appropriations, 2010	\$2,600,000
Budget estimate, 2011	1,096,000
Committee recommendation	1.096.000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The family housing improvement appropriation provides for the Department of Defense to undertake housing initiatives and to provide an alternative means of acquiring and improving military family housing and supporting facilities. This account provides seed money for housing privatization initiatives.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$1,096,000 for the Family Housing Improvement Fund for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$1,504,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

Homeowners Assistance Fund

Appropriations, 2010	\$323,225,000
Budget estimate, 2011	16,515,000
Committee recommendation	16,515,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Homeowners Assistance Program [HAP] provides funds to assist eligible military personnel and civilian Federal employee homeowners who sustain a loss on the sale of their primary residence due to a declining residential real estate market attributable to the closure or realignment of a military installation. In 2009, the HAP was expanded to provide mortgage relief to wounded warriors and spouses of fallen warriors, and to provide temporary mortgage relief to all military and qualified civilian personnel required by the Department to relocate who sustained losses on the sale of their homes due to the mortgage crisis. Program expenses include payments to homeowners for losses on private sales; cost of judicial foreclosure; property acquisition by liquidating and/or assuming outstanding mortgages; partial payment of homeowners' lost equity on Government acquisitions; retirement of debt after sale of properties when the Government assumes mortgages; and administrative expenses.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$16,515,000 for the Homeowners Assistance Program for fiscal year 2011. This amount is equal to the budget request. In response to the current mortgage crisis, Public Law 111–5, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, included a provision to temporarily expand the HAP through 2012 to military and certain civilian personnel and their families who receive orders to relocate and cannot sell their homes or face steep losses as a result of the severe national economic

downturn, not solely because of a BRAC action. The provision also extends the program permanently to wounded warriors who must relocate for medical reasons or to surviving spouses of fallen warriors.

Through the ARRA and the fiscal year 2010 military construction appropriations bill, the Committee has provided a total of \$855,000,000 to fully fund the projected cost of the expanded HAP program. However, given the popularity of the program, the higher than anticipated individual claim awards, and the continued weakness in the housing market, the Committee is concerned about the accuracy of the funding projections and the adequacy of the current funding level, particularly in light of the fact that the Department did not request any additional funds for the expanded HAP program in its fiscal year 2011 budget submission. Therefore, the Committee directs the Secretary of Defense to provide to the congressional defense committees, within 60 days of enactment of this act, a comprehensive report on the status of the expanded HAP program through the end of fiscal year 2010. The report shall provide the following information: (1) the number of claims filed and the number adjudicated; (2) the total dollar amount of claims filed, and the total dollar amount of payments against those claims; (3) the unobligated balances remaining available for the payments of expanded HAP benefits; (4) the projected expenditure of the unobligated funds by category (e.g. permanent change of station, wounded warrior, BRAC impact waiver) and timeline; (5) an updated projection of the number of claims expected through 2012; (6) the estimated cost to fully fund the program through 2012 at the optimal level of benefits; and (7) the projected shortfall in funds, if any, to provide the optimal level of benefits.

CHEMICAL DEMILITARIZATION CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE

Appropriations, 2010	\$151,541,000
Budget estimate, 2011	124,971,000
Committee recommendation	124,971,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

This account provides funding for design and construction of full-scale chemical disposal facilities and associated projects to upgrade installation support facilities and infrastructure required to support the Chemical Demilitarization Program. This account was established starting in fiscal year 2005 to comply with section 141(b) of the fiscal year 2003 National Defense Authorization Act.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$124,971,000 for chemical demilitarization construction projects for fiscal year 2011, a decrease of \$26,570,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the President's budget request.

The Committee continues to urge the Department to take all necessary and appropriate steps to dispose of the U.S. chemical weapons stockpile by the 2012 Chemical Weapons Convention deadline and, under no circumstances, later than 2017 consistent with section 8119 of Public Law 110–116. In light of the need for the Department to carry out its mission promptly and safely it will need

to provide close oversight over the execution of contracts at the chemical demilitarization sites to ensure funds are spent prudently and efficiently. The Committee will continue to monitor closely the Department's compliance with both deadlines.

Base Closure Account 1990

Appropriations, 2010	\$496,768,000
Budget estimate, 2011	360,474,000
Committee recommendation	360,474,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The base closure appropriation (1990) provides for clean up and disposal of property consistent with the four closure rounds required by the base closure acts of 1988 and 1990.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends a total of \$360,474,000 for the Base Closure Account 1990 for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$136,294,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the President's budget request.

BASE CLOSURE ACCOUNT 1990 ENVIRONMENTAL OVERVIEW

From fiscal year 1990 through fiscal year 2010, a total of \$24,971,667,000 has been appropriated for the environmental clean up of military installations closed or realigned under prior BRAC rounds. The total amount appropriated for BRAC 1990, combined with the Committee recommendation for fiscal year 2011, is \$25,332,141,000.

In appropriating these funds, the Committee continues to provide the Department with broad flexibility to allocate funds by service, function, and installation. The following table displays the total amount appropriated for each round of base closure, including amounts recommended for fiscal year 2011 for BRAC 1990.

BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACCOUNT, 1990

[Total funding, fiscal year 1990 through fiscal year 2011]

		Fisca		
	1990–2009	2010 enacted	2011 Committee recommendation	Total
Part I	\$2,684,577,000 4,915,636,000 7,269,267,000 9,605,419,000	(1) (1) (1) (1) \$496,768,000	(1) (1) (1) (360,474,000	\$2,684,577,000 4,915,636,000 7,269,267,000 10,462,661,000
Total	24,474,899,000	496,768,000	360,474,000	25,322,141,000

¹ Not Applicable.

Base Closure Account 2005

Appropriations, 2010	\$7,455,498,000
Budget estimate, 2011	2,354,285,000
Committee recommendation	2 354 285 000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The base realignment and closure appropriation for 2005 provides for clean up and disposal of property consistent with the 2005 closure round required by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2687 note).

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends a total of \$2,354,285,000 for the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 2005 for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$5,101,213,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

The following chart details projects to be carried out using BRAC 2005 funding. The Committee continues to direct that any above-threshold cost or scope variation, any cancellation of projects, or any transfer of funds among construction projects associated with the BRAC 2005 projects identified in the table following this narrative be subject to the standard reprogramming and notification requirements that apply to the regular military construction appropriation.

BRAC 2005 PROJECTS [Dollars in thousands]

35									
Amount	\$7,600 20,000 93,941 83,328 63,637 5,610	274,116	73,511 15,201 19,555	108,267	887,231 321,888 99,570 476,764	1,785,453	1,456	2,733	51,678 3,601 6,853
Project	Traffic Mitigation, Increment 2 Defense Access Roads—Medical Center Entrance San Antonio Military Medical Center (North), Increment 4 NGA Headquarters Facility Hospital Replacement, Increment 5 Office Complex, Increment 4		Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental		Operation and Maintenance		Military Personnel Moves Military Personnel Moves Military Personnel Moves Military Personnel Moves		Other
Commission recommendation	169 169 172 168 169								
Location	Bethesda (WRNMMC)		Various		Various		Various		Various
Service	Agency—TMA Agency—TMA Agency—TMA Agency—TMA Agency—TMA		Army Navy Air Force Defense-wide		Army Navy Air Force Defense-wide		Army Navy Air Force Defense-wide		Army
State	Maryland Maryland Rexs Virginia Virginia Virginia	Total MILCON	Various Variou	Total Environmental	Various Variou	Total Operation and Maintenance	Various Various Various Various Various Various Various	Total MilPers PCS	Various

BRAC 2005 PROJECTS—Continued [Dollars in thousands]

Amount	121,584	183,716	2,354,285
Project	Other		
Commission recommendation			
Location	Various		
Service	Defense-wide		
State	Various	Total Other	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2011 FUNDING FOR BRAC 2005.

Administrative Provisions

SEC. 101. The Committee includes a provision that restricts payments under a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract for work, except in cases of contracts for environmental restoration at base closure sites.

SEC. 102. The Committee includes a provision that permits use of funds for hire of passenger motor vehicles.

SEC. 103. The Committee includes a provision that permits use

of funds for defense access roads.

SEC. 104. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits construction of new bases inside the continental United States for which specific appropriations have not been made.

SEC. 105. The Committee includes a provision that limits the use

of funds for purchase of land or land easements. SEC. 106. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits the use of funds to acquire land, prepare a site, or install utilities for any family housing except housing for which funds have been made

Sec. 107. The Committee includes a provision that limits the use of minor construction funds to transfer or relocate activities among installations.

Sec. 108. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits the procurement of steel unless American producers, fabricators, and manufacturers have been allowed to compete.

SEC. 109. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits pay-

ments of real property taxes in foreign nations.

SEC. 110. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits construction of new bases overseas without prior notification.

SEC. 111. The Committee includes a provision that establishes a threshold for American preference of \$500,000 relating to architect and engineering services for overseas projects.

SEC. 112. The Committee includes a provision that establishes preference for American contractors for military construction in the United States territories and possessions in the Pacific, and on Kwajalein Atoll, or in countries bordering the Arabian Sea.

SEC. 113. The Committee includes a provision that requires notification of military exercises involving construction in excess of \$100,000.

Sec. 114. The Committee includes a provision that limits obligations during the last 2 months of the fiscal year.

SEC. 115. The Committee includes a provision that permits funds appropriated in prior years to be available for construction authorized during the current session of Congress.

SEC. 116. The Committee includes a provision that permits the use of expired or lapsed funds to pay the cost of supervision for any

project being completed with lapsed funds.
SEC. 117. The Committee includes a provision that permits obligation of funds from more than 1 fiscal year to execute a construction project, provided that the total obligation for such project is consistent with the total amount appropriated for the project.

SEC. 118. The Committee includes a provision that directs the Department to report annually on actions taken to encourage other nations to assume a greater share of the common defense burden. SEC. 119. The Committee includes a provision that allows transfer of proceeds from earlier base closure accounts to the continuing

base closure account (1990, parts I–IV).

SEC. 120. The Committee includes a provision that permits the transfer of funds from Family Housing Construction accounts to the DOD Family Housing Improvement Fund and from Military Construction accounts to the DOD Military Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund.

Sec. 121. The Committee includes a provision that requires the service secretaries to notify the congressional defense committees of all family housing privatization solicitations and agreements which contain any clause providing consideration for base realignment

and closure, force reductions and extended deployments.

SEC. 122. The Committee includes a provision that provides

transfer authority to the Homeowners Assistance Fund.

SEC. 123. The Committee includes a provision that requires that all acts making appropriations for military construction be the sole funding source of all operation and maintenance for family housing, including flag and general officer quarters, and limits the repair on flag and general officer quarters to \$35,000 per unit per year without prior notification to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 124. The Committee includes a provision that provides authority to expend funds from the "Ford Island Improvement" ac-

count.

SEC. 125. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits the expenditure of funds at installations or for projects no longer necessary as a result of BRAC 2005.

SEC. 126. The Committee includes a provision that allows the transfer of expired funds to the Foreign Currency Fluctuation, Con-

struction, Defense Account.

SEC. 127. The Committee includes a provision that allows the reprogramming of military construction and family housing construction funds among projects and activities within the account in which they are funded.

TITLE II

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

ITEMS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

HEARINGS

The Subcommittee on Military Construction and Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies held one hearing related to the fiscal year 2011 Department of Veterans Affairs [VA] budget request on April 15, 2010. The subcommittee heard testimony from the Honorable Eric Shinseki, Secretary of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

Additionally, on May 20, 2010, the subcommittee held a joint hearing with the Subcommittee on Transportation, Housing and Urban Development related to homeless veteran programs administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommendation includes \$123,270,764,000 for the Department of Veterans Affairs for fiscal year 2011, including \$63,849,146,000 in mandatory spending and \$59,421,618,000 in discretionary spending.

DEPARTMENT OVERVIEW

The Veterans Administration was established on July 21, 1930, as an independent agency by Executive Order 5398, in accordance with the Act of July 3, 1930 (46 Stat. 1016). This act authorized the President to consolidate and coordinate Federal agencies specially created for or concerned with the administration of laws providing benefits to veterans, including the Veterans' Bureau, the Bureau of Pensions, and the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers. On March 15, 1989, the Veterans Administration was elevated to Cabinet-level status as the Department of Veterans Affairs.

The VA's mission is to serve America's veterans and their families as their principal advocate in ensuring they receive the care, support, and recognition they have earned in service to the Nation. As of September 30, 2009, there were an estimated 23.1 million living veterans, with 23 million of them residing in the United States and Puerto Rico. There were an estimated 35.2 million dependents (spouses and dependent children) of living veterans in the United States and Puerto Rico, and there were over 530,000 survivors of deceased veterans receiving VA survivor benefits in the United States and Puerto Rico. Thus, more than 58.7 million people, or 18.9 percent of the total estimated resident population of the United States and Puerto Rico, were recipients or potential recipi-

ents of veterans benefits from the Federal Government. The VA's operating units include the Veterans Benefits Administration, Veterans Health Administration, National Cemetery Administration, and staff support offices.

The Veterans Benefits Administration [VBA] provides an integrated program of nonmedical veterans benefits. The VBA administers a broad range of benefits to veterans and other eligible beneficiaries through 57 regional offices and a records processing center in St. Louis, Missouri. The benefits provided include: compensation for service-connected disabilities; pensions for wartime, needy, and totally disabled veterans; vocational rehabilitation assistance; educational and training assistance; home buying assistance; estate protection services for veterans under legal disability; information and assistance through personalized contacts; and six life insurance programs.

The Veterans Health Administration [VHA] develops, maintains, and operates a national healthcare delivery system for eligible veterans; carries out a program of education and training of healthcare personnel; conducts medical research and development; and furnishes health services to members of the Armed Forces during periods of war or national emergency. A system of 153 hospitals, 1,031 outpatient clinics, 135 nursing homes, and 90 VA residential rehabilitation treatment programs is maintained to meet the VA's medical mission.

The National Cemetery Administration [NCA] provides for the interment of the remains of eligible deceased servicemembers and discharged veterans in any national cemetery with available grave space; permanently maintains these graves; provides headstones and markers for the graves of eligible persons in national and private cemeteries; administers the grant program for aid to States in establishing, expanding, or improving State veterans cemeteries; and provides certificates to families of deceased veterans recognizing their contributions and service to the Nation. The National Cemetery Administration includes 164 cemeterial installations and activities.

Staff support offices include the Office of Inspector General, Boards of Contract Appeals and Veterans Appeals, and General Administration offices, which support the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, Under Secretary for Benefits, Under Secretary for Health, Under Secretary for Memorial Affairs, and General Counsel.

VETERANS BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION

Appropriations, 2010	\$56,734,419,000
Budget estimate, 2011	64,013,884,000
Committee recommendation	64.013.884.000

ADMINISTRATION OVERVIEW

The Veterans Benefits Administration [VBA] is responsible for the payment of compensation and pension benefits to eligible service-connected disabled veterans, as well as education benefits and housing loan guarantees.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$64,013,884,000 for the Veterans Benefits Administration. This amount is composed of \$53,492,234,000 for Compensation and pensions; \$10,440,245,000 for Readjustment benefits; \$62,589,000 for Veterans insurance and indemnities; \$19,078,000 for the Veterans housing benefit program fund, with \$165,000,000 in credit subsidies and \$163,646,000 for administrative expenses; \$48,000 for the Vocational rehabilitation loans program account, with \$337,000 for administrative expenses; and \$707,000 for the Native American veteran housing loan program account.

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriations, 2010	\$47,396,106,000
Budget estimate, 2011	53,492,234,000
Committee recommendation	53,492,234,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Compensation is payable to living veterans who have suffered impairment of earning power from service-connected disabilities. The amount of compensation is based upon the impact of disabilities on a veteran's earning capacity. Death compensation or dependency and indemnity compensation is payable to the surviving spouses and dependents of veterans whose deaths occur while on active duty or result from service-connected disabilities. A clothing allowance may also be provided for service-connected veterans who use a prosthetic or orthopedic device. In fiscal year 2011, the Department estimates that the Compensation program will provide payments to 3,434,556 veterans, 380,525 survivors, and 1,213 dependents receiving special benefits.

Pensions are an income security benefit payable to needy wartime veterans who are precluded from gainful employment due to non-service-connected disabilities which render them permanently and totally disabled. Public Law 107–103, the Veterans Education and Benefits Expansion Act of 2001, restored the automatic presumption of permanent and total nonservice connected disability for purposes of awarding a pension to veterans age 65 and older, subject to the income limitations that apply to all pensioners. Death pensions are payable to needy surviving spouses and children of deceased wartime veterans. The rate payable for both disability and death pensions is determined on the basis of the annual income of the veteran or their survivors. In fiscal year 2011, the Department estimates that the Pensions program will provide benefits to 308,829 veterans and 194,210 survivors.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$53,492,234,000 for Compensation and pensions. This is an increase of \$6,096,128,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

The appropriation includes \$30,423,000 in payments to the General operating expenses, veterans benefits administration; Medical support and compliance; and Information technology systems ac-

counts for expenses related to implementing provisions of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990, the Veterans' Benefits Act of 1992, the Veterans' Benefits Improvements Act of 1994, and the Veterans' Benefits Improvements Act of 1996.

READJUSTMENT BENEFITS

Appropriations, 2010	 \$9,232,369,000
Budget estimate, 2011	 10,440,245,000
Committee recommendation	 10,440,245,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Readjustment benefits appropriation finances the education and training of veterans and servicemembers under chapters 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 41, 42 and 43 of title 38, United States Code. These benefits include the All-Volunteer Force Educational Assistance Program (Montgomery GI bill) and the Post 9/11 Educational Assistance Program. Basic benefits are funded through appropriations made to the readjustment benefits appropriation and by transfers from the Department of Defense. This account also finances vocational rehabilitation, specially adapted housing grants, specially adapted automobile grants for certain disabled veterans, and educational assistance allowances for eligible dependents of those veterans who died from service-connected causes or who have a total permanent service-connected disability, as well as dependents of servicemembers who were captured or missing in action.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$10,440,245,000 for Readjustment benefits. This is an increase of \$1,207,876,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

VETERANS INSURANCE AND INDEMNITIES

Appropriations, 2010	\$49,288,000
Budget estimate, 2011	62,589,000
Committee recommendation	62,589,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Veterans insurance and indemnities appropriation consists of the former appropriations for military and naval insurance, applicable to World War I veterans; National Service Life Insurance, applicable to certain World War II veterans; Servicemen's indemnities, applicable to Korean conflict veterans; and veterans mortgage life insurance to individuals who have received a grant for specially adapted housing.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$62,589,000 for Veterans insurance and indemnities. This is an increase of \$13,301,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request. The Department estimates there will be 7,051,185 policies in force in fiscal year 2011 with a value of \$1,336,891,000,000.

VETERANS HOUSING BENEFIT PROGRAM FUND

	Program account	Administrative expenses
Appropriations, 2010	\$23,553,000 19,078,000 19,078,000	\$165,082,000 163,646,000 163,646,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Veterans housing benefit program fund provides for all costs associated with the VA's direct and guaranteed housing loan programs, with the exception of the Native American veteran housing loan program.

VA loan guaranties are made to servicemembers, veterans, reservists, and unremarried surviving spouses for the purchase of homes, condominiums, and manufactured homes, and for refinancing loans. VA guarantees part of the total loan, permitting the purchaser to obtain a mortgage with a competitive interest rate, even without a downpayment, if the lender agrees. The VA requires that a downpayment be made for a manufactured home. With a VA guaranty, the lender is protected against loss up to the amount of the guaranty if the borrower fails to repay the loan.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends such sums as may be necessary for funding subsidy payments, estimated to total \$19,078,000; and \$163,646,000 for administrative expenses for fiscal year 2011. Bill language limits gross obligations for direct loans for specially-adapted housing to \$500,000.

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

	Program account	Administrative expenses
Appropriations, 2010	\$29,000 48,000 48,000	\$328,000 337,000 337,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Vocational rehabilitation loans program account covers the cost of direct loans for vocational rehabilitation of eligible veterans and, in addition, includes administrative expenses necessary to carry out the direct loan program. Loans of up to \$1,095 (based on the indexed chapter 31 subsistence allowance rate) are currently available to service-connected disabled veterans enrolled in vocational rehabilitation programs, as provided under 38 U.S.C. chapter 31, when the veteran is temporarily in need of additional assistance. Repayment is made in 10 monthly installments, without interest, through deductions from future payments of compensation, pension, subsistence allowance, educational assistance allowance, or retirement pay. Virtually all loans are repaid in full and most in less than 1 year.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$48,000 for program costs and \$337,000 for administrative expenses for the Vocational rehabilitation loans program account. The administrative expenses may be transferred to and merged with the General operating expenses, veterans benefits administration account. Bill language is included limiting program direct loans to \$3,042,272. It is estimated that the VA will make 3,286 loans in fiscal year 2011, with an average amount of \$926.

NATIVE AMERICAN VETERAN HOUSING LOAN PROGRAM ACCOUNT

Appropriations, 2010	\$664,000
Budget estimate, 2011	707,000
Committee recommendation	707,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Native American Veteran Housing Loan Program is authorized by 38 U.S.C. chapter 37, section 3761 to provide direct loans to Native American veterans living on trust lands. The loans are available to purchase, construct, or improve homes to be occupied as veteran residences, or to refinance a loan previously made under this program in order to lower the interest rate. The principal amount of a loan under this authority is limited to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation's single-family conventional conforming loan limit. Veterans pay a funding fee of 1.25 percent of the loan amount, although veterans with a service-connected disability are exempt from paying the fee. Before a direct loan can be made, the veteran's tribal organization must sign a memorandum of understanding with the VA regarding the terms and conditions of the loan. The Native American Veteran Housing Loan Program began as a pilot program in 1993 and was made permanent by Public Law 109–233, the Veterans Housing Opportunity and Benefits Act of 2006.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$707,000 for administrative expenses associated with this program. This is \$43,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Appropriations, 2010	\$45,077,500,000
Appropriations, 2011	
Budget estimate, 2011	590,000,000
Budget estimate, advance appropriation, 2012	50,610,985,000
Committee recommendation, 2011	710,000,000
Committee recommendation, advance appropriation, 2012	50,610,985,000

ADMINISTRATION OVERVIEW

The Veterans Health Administration [VHA] operates the largest Federal medical care delivery system in the country, with 153 hospitals, 90 VA residential rehabilitation treatment programs, 135 nursing homes, and 1,031 outpatient clinics, which include independent, satellite, community-based, and rural outreach clinics.

The Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Care Collections Fund [MCCF] was established by the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (Public Law 105–33). In fiscal year 2004, Public Law 108–199 allowed the Department to deposit first-party and pharmaceutical copayments; third-party insurance payments and enhanced use collections; long-term care co-payments; Compensated Work Therapy Program collections; Compensation and Pension Living Expenses Program collections; and Parking Program fees into the MCCF.

The Parking Program provides funds for the construction, alteration, and acquisition (by purchase or lease) of parking garages at VA medical facilities authorized by 38 U.S.C. 8109. The Secretary is required under certain circumstances to establish and collect fees for the use of such garages and parking facilities. Receipts from the parking fees are to be deposited into the MCCF and are used for medical services activities.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$710,000,000 for the Veterans Health Administration for fiscal year 2011, without collections. This amount is composed of \$100,000,000 for Medical services; \$20,000,000 for Medical facilities; and \$590,000,000 for Medical and prosthetic research. Medical care collections are expected to be \$3,393,000,000. Additionally, the Committee provided an advance appropriation of \$48,183,000,000 for veterans medical care for fiscal year 2011 in the fiscal year 2010 bill. Therefore, VHA will have total resources of \$52,286,000,000, plus any carryover from fiscal year 2010, available in fiscal year 2011. In addition, the Committee recommendation also includes an advance appropriation of \$50,610,985,000 for veterans medical care for fiscal year 2012.

AREAS OF INTEREST

VA Nursing Academy.—The Committee commends the VA for addressing the nursing shortage through the Veterans Affairs Nursing Academy. This 5-year pilot program is designed to establish partnerships with competitively selected nursing schools to expand the number of teaching faculty in VA facilities and affiliated nursing schools in order to increase student enrollment in baccalaureate nursing programs. The Committee also urges the VA to continue its collaboration with the Department of Defense through the Uniformed Services University of the Health Services by providing nurse faculty and nursing students in graduate nursing education programs.

Advanced Nursing Education.—The Committee urges the VA, in conjunction with accredited schools of nursing, to explore the development of a fast track doctoral training program which would facilitate completion of a doctorate in nursing by qualified nurses employed within the VA network who possess a bachelor of science in

nursing.

Licensing Requirements at DOD/VA Collocated Facilities.—The Committee supports efforts to eliminate additional burdens placed on healthcare providers by requiring two different licensing processes at collocated facilities for the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs. Providing the highest quality of healthcare for service men and women, and veterans is the Com-

mittee's number one priority. In an effort to ensure that providers are able to efficiently and effectively care for their patients without imposing additional burdens on health providers, the Committee directs the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs to examine ways in which duplicative licensing requirements may be eliminated at collocated facilities and to report these findings to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of

Congress no later than March 18, 2011.

Services for Women Veterans.—The Committee is aware that the percentage of women veterans receiving care at the VA is expected to double in the next 5 years. Many of these women veterans have experienced combat and will present needs that VA has likely not seen before in this population. The Committee remains dedicated to ensuring that the evolving needs of women veterans are met. Accordingly, the Committee encourages the VA to continue and expand their ongoing study of women's issues, develop and provide a capital plan for facility upgrades, and expand outreach to ensure these veterans are aware of the benefits they have earned.

Infrastructure Improvements.—In May 2010, the Department of Veterans Affairs announced the Surgical Complexity Initiative to ensure that VA medical centers with inpatient surgical programs have the best available infrastructure in relation to the complexity of the surgical procedures being performed. While the Committee is pleased with this initiative to enhance patient safety, the Department must ensure that this initiative does not result in limitations on specialty of care or quality of care. The Committee is concerned that campus-style facilities in small and mid-sized cities, including the medical centers in Danville, Illinois; Des Moines, Iowa; Wichita, Kansas; Spokane, Washington; Sioux Falls, South Dakota; and Salem, Virginia, have not received necessary infrastructure improvements critical to the care of their patient populations. Not later than 90 days after enactment of this act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall report to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress ways in which infrastructure improvements at small and mid-sized medical centers may be used to expand access for rural veterans to specialty care and improve overall quality of care.

Outreach to Rural Veterans.—The Committee urges the Department to partner with State and local organizations to conduct outreach to veterans in underserved areas in order to find and support veterans living in rural and highly rural areas to ensure they re-

ceive the care and benefits to which they are entitled.

Toxic Exposures.—The Committee directs the Department to take all necessary and appropriate steps in coordination with the Department of Defense to identify and treat veterans suffering ill effects from potential exposure to dangerous chemical agents during their military service. The Department must ensure that healthcare providers at all levels are knowledgeable of occupational and environmental health threats in locations in which their patients have served. The Committee encourages the Department to systematically update providers on specific issues developing in deployed areas and ensure that providers document confirmed and possible exposures in individual medical records and make use of registry programs for long-term medical follow-up and surveillance.

Cost Saving Initiative.—Over the past decade, the Department has undertaken an effort to modernize its medical facilities through new construction and renovation. This recapitalization effort is imperative to the delivery of high quality medical care. Often when a new surgical ward or other treatment facility undergoes construction, the VA has to find alternative areas for treatment or contract care to non-VA medical providers. The Committee believes that the VA could achieve cost savings during renovation or construction by either leasing or purchasing mobile units. The Committee encourages the Department to launch a pilot project in at least two VISNs that have renovation or construction projects underway, to lease or purchase mobile surgical units through a full and open competition while construction is underway. Additionally, the VA should develop metrics for a cost benefit analysis to determine whether this approach has achieved savings versus contracting care through local medical providers.

Rural Telehealth/Electronic Health Records.—The Committee is aware that the Health Resources and Services Administration [HRSA] within the Department of Health and Human Services has begun an initiative to provide rural healthcare providers with telehealth equipment and electronic health record systems that will complement the VA's Rural Health Initiative. The Committee urges the VA to collaborate with HRSA to ensure that both initiatives succeed in improving the health of veterans in remote and rural areas.

Blind Rehabilitative Services.—The Committee cautions that private providers for blind rehabilitation may not have the full specialized nursing, physical therapy, pain management, speech pathology, pharmacy services, lab or radiology support services, along with ophthalmology, optometry, and other important surgery specialists to provide the clinical care necessary for the returning combat eye injured or wounded. The Committee urges that any non-VA medical providers treating veterans demonstrate peer reviewed quality outcome measurements that are a standard part of the Veterans Health Administration's Blind Rehabilitative Service. In cases where it is necessary to refer a visually impaired or blinded veteran to a non-VA blind rehabilitative center, VA should ensure that the center be accredited by either the National Accreditation Council for Agencies Serving the Blind and Visually Handicapped or the Commission For Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, and that the employed specialists be certified by the Academy for Certification of Vision Rehabilitation and Education Professionals.

MEDICAL SERVICES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriations, 2010	37,136,000,000
Budget estimate, advance appropriation, 2012	
Committee recommendation, 2011	100,000,000
Committee recommendation, advance appropriation, 2012	39.649.985.000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Medical services account provides for medical services of enrolled eligible veterans and certain dependent beneficiaries in VA medical centers, VA outpatient clinics, contract hospitals, State homes, and outpatient programs on a fee basis. Hospital and outpatient care is also provided by the private sector for certain dependents and survivors of veterans under the civilian health and medical programs for the VA.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

In fiscal year 2010, the Committee provided an advance appropriation of \$37,136,000,000 for fiscal year 2011. This year, the Committee recommends an additional \$100,000,000 for the Medical services account. When combined, this amount is \$2,528,500,000 over the fiscal year 2010 enacted level. In addition, the VA has the authority to retain co-payments and third-party collections, estimated to total \$3,393,000,000 in fiscal year 2011.

The Committee recommendation also includes an advance appropriation of \$39,649,985,000 for Medical Services for fiscal year 2012. This is \$2,413,985,000 above the level for fiscal year 2011

and equal to the fiscal year 2012 budget request.

The recommendation along with the advance appropriation provided in last year's bill fully funds the Department's estimate for Medical Services, which includes: \$5,235,402,000 for mental healthcare; \$2,574,756,000 to provide medical care to Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom veterans; \$179,000,000 for readjustment counseling; \$1,998,368,000 for pros-

thetics; and \$799,210,000 for homeless programs.

The Committee has also provided additional funds to implement new requirements carried in Public Law 111–163, the Caregivers and Veterans Omnibus Health Services Act of 2010, which was signed by the President on May 5, 2010. This includes an additional \$24,576,000, as well as \$35,424,000 included in the base estimate, for a total of \$60,000,000, for caregiver support; \$36,000,000 for provisions relating to women veteran healthcare; \$3,000,000 for grants to Veteran Service Organizations to transport veterans in highly rural areas to VA medical centers; and \$23,424,000 for other new requirements contained in Public Law 111–163. The Committee is aware that the VA is currently developing regulations to implement these new requirements and directs the VA to include the budget resources necessary for fiscal year 2012 in the fiscal year 2012 budget request.

The recommendation also includes an additional \$3,000,000 for the Homeless Grant and Per Diem Program and \$10,000,000 to open new vet centers across the country and on Native American

reservations.

Homeless Veterans.—According to the VA, roughly 107,000 veterans are homeless on any given night. The average homeless veteran served in the post-Vietnam era (1975–1990), is 51, male, single, and has an income of less than \$125 per week. Female veterans are the fastest growing segment of the homeless population, and minority veterans represent 53 percent of the total homeless population. Over the past year, the VA has elevated the plight of

homeless veterans by making the elimination of homelessness a central goal of the Department. The Committee applauds this effort and has provided \$3,400,944,000, including \$799,210,000 to support VA's direct homeless programs, within the fiscal year 2011 appropriation. Further, the Committee has provided an additional \$3,000,000 for the homeless grant and per diem program and \$10,000,000 within the Minor Construction account to support the Department's renovation efforts on VA campuses of underutilized and surplus buildings for the conversion into housing options for homeless veterans.

The Committee remains concerned that the nutritional, housing, medical, and social work needs of homeless veterans living in rural areas are not adequately being addressed by current VA programs, especially in areas where the VA lacks services, leading to an underestimation of the number of homeless veterans requiring care and services. The Committee directs the Secretary to conduct an assessment of the needs of homeless veterans living in these areas and to submit a plan to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress within 180 days after enactment of this act. The plan should address alternative means of service delivery, if appropriate, in areas where VA services are unavailable, such as

reimbursing local providers for these services.

Vet Centers.—The Committee recommendation includes an additional \$10,000,000 for the Department to establish new vet centers across the country. The Committee is concerned that Native American veterans often have to travel long distances to receive the care in which they are entitled. Over the past several years, the Committee has encouraged greater collaboration between the VA and the Indian Health Service [IHS] to ensure that these veterans do not fall through the cracks. The Committee believes that this collaboration should continue and expand. However, the Department must do a better job at providing Native American veterans access to VA facilities. For instance, there are currently only three Vet Centers operating on Native American reservations. The goal of Vet Centers is to provide a broad range of counseling, outreach, and referral services to eligible veterans in order to help them make a satisfying post-war readjustment to civilian life. These centers play a vital role in providing services to veterans. Therefore, within these funds, the Committee directs the VA to work with American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian organizations to open additional vet centers in Native communities.

Women Veterans Healthcare Technology.—The Committee is aware of the advances in medical technologies, specifically advances in digital colposcopy. This device allows medical providers to detect cervical cancer at an earlier stage, which can greatly improve prognosis. Some digital colposcopies on the market today are compatible with the VA's electronic medical record, which can allow providers to compare abnormalities from visit to visit. The Committee urges the VA to move as quickly as possible to acquire this technology and implement it in the field and directs the Department to report back to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress by January 21, 2011, on the number of devices

acquired and the locations of their use.

Virtual Colonoscopy.—Virtual colonoscopy utilizes noninvasive technology to detect colorectal cancer. The high prevalence of colorectal cancer in the veterans population, coupled with the fact that fewer than one-half of those age 50 and older who should be screened for the disease opt to receive the traditional exams, points to a need for the VA to more actively utilize this noninvasive procedure. The Committee urges the VA to acquire virtual colonoscopy

technology and deploy it as quickly as possible.

Guide and Service Dog Program.—The Committee directs the Department of Veterans Affairs to fully and rapidly implement section 1714 of title 38, United States Code, regarding the provision of guide dogs and service dogs to qualified veterans seeking such services. Additionally, the Committee directs the Department to continue assisting those veterans with mental illnesses, including Post Traumatic Stress Disorder, who would benefit from having a service dog. The Committee urges the Department to consult with nonprofit organizations with expertise in the training and provision of service dogs and education in the use of service dogs in order to review current policies and regulations. The Department is directed to report back to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress by February 25, 2011, on the status of implementing section 1714 of title 38.

Northern Rockies and the Dakotas Polytrauma Network Site.— The Committee is aware that there is no Department of Veterans Affairs Polytrauma Rehabilitation Center or Polytrauma Network Site for the care of wounded veterans with traumatic brain injuries in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Idaho, or Wyoming. This area encompasses approximately 740,000 square miles. The vastness of this area imposes significant hardships on veterans who require care within the Department of Veterans Affairs Polytrauma System of Care and who wish to live close to home and their families while receiving care. Therefore, the Committee directs the Department of Veterans Affairs to submit to Congress a report on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a Polytrauma Rehabilitation Center or Polytrauma Network Site in the Northern Rockies or the Dakotas.

Tissue Sample Tracking.—The Committee is aware the VA may not be using the most current and efficient methods for handling tissue samples for testing. As more veterans with complex needs are entering the VA system, it is critical the tissue samples are handled using best practices to minimize errors within the system. The Committee urges the VA to review its tissue handling process and encourages the Department to examine commercial methods in order to ensure it is using the most efficient and exact system.

Age-related Hearing Loss.—The Committee recognizes the incidence and severity of hearing loss due to faulty sensory nerves, known as sensorineural hearing loss, and that the associated costs are increasing at dramatic rates. Currently, there are no approved therapeutics that either prevent or treat sensorineural hearing loss, a leading and costly cause of disability within the VA system. The Committee encourages the VA to examine and support the development and clinical testing of therapeutics aimed at preventing and treating sensorineural, age-related, noise-induced, and drug-induced hearing loss.

Weber Valley, Utah.—The Committee is aware of the lack of access to readjustment counseling, including vet center services, for veterans living in and around Weber County, Utah, and directs the Department to report back to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress by October 30, 2010, on how it will meet the readjustment counseling needs of Weber County-area veterans. The study should include the following: veterans current and future needs for readjustment counseling in and around Weber County; the feasibility of establishing a vet center in Ogden, Utah; and the frequency that the Salt Lake City vet center, or any other VA asset, provides on-site counselors to veterans in and around Weber County.

Infection Control and Injection Safety Practices.—The Committee is deeply concerned with the rise in the number of disease outbreaks in the U.S. healthcare system related to the reuse of medical equipment, including syringes, scopes, and multi-dose vials. In the January 2009 edition of the Annals of Internal Medicine, an article published by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention [CDC] revealed the occurrence of 33 outbreaks of viral hepatitis in healthcare settings over the last decade, and during the last 3 years, reports have revealed widespread problems in both the DOD and VA healthcare systems in which thousands of veterans and servicemembers were potentially exposed to hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV, and blood borne diseases. The most recent occurrence was in March of this year at the St. Louis VA Medical Center, where an internal inspection led to the discovery that dental equipment had not been cleaned using standard operating procedures or manufacturer's guidelines. The Committee encourages the Department of Veterans Affairs to work with the CDC to educate and raise awareness for infection control and injection safety practices across the VA healthcare network.

National Center for Post Traumatic Stress Disorder.—The Committee remains supportive of efforts being developed by the National Center for Post Traumatic Stress Disorder in advancing the agenda for research and education on post traumatic stress disorder [PTSD]. At a time when independent and Government experts in the area of PTSD are warning of the likelihood that large numbers of returning combat troops from Iraq and Afghanistan are suffering from mental disorders and PTSD, the Department should ensure that sufficient funding is provided for the Center. The Committee directs that the Department submit to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress by October 1, 2010, a detailed plan outlining the resources being provided to the Center and any expected increases in fiscal year 2011. Further, the Committee directs that the Center's budget be listed as a selected program highlight in future budget requests.

MEDICAL SUPPORT AND COMPLIANCE

Appropriations, 2010	\$4,930,000,000
Appropriations, 2011	5,307,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	
Budget estimate, advance appropriation, 2012	5,535,000,000
Committee recommendation, 2011	
Committee recommendation, advance appropriation, 2012	5,535,000,000

The Medical support and compliance account provides funds for management, security, and administrative expenses within the VA healthcare system, in addition to providing costs associated with the operation of VA medical centers and clinics, VISN offices, and the VHA Central Office in Washington, DC. This appropriation also covers Chief of Staff and Facility Director operations, quality of care oversight, legal services, billing and coding activities, procurement, financial management, security, and human resource management.

The President's 2011 submission for Medical Support and Compliance is based on an actuarial analysis founded on the current and projected veteran population, enrollment projections of demand, and case mix changes associated with current veteran pa-

tients.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

In fiscal year 2010, the Committee provided an advance appropriation of \$5,307,000,000 for fiscal year 2011 for the Medical support and compliance account. This is \$377,000,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level. Additionally, the Committee recommendation includes an advance appropriation of \$5,535,000,000 for Medical support and compliance for fiscal year 2012, which is \$228,000,000 above the level for fiscal year 2011 and equal to the budget request for fiscal year 2012.

MEDICAL FACILITIES

Appropriations, 2010	\$4,859,000,000
Appropriations, 2011	5,740,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	
Budget estimate, advance appropriation, 2012	5,426,000,000
Committee recommendation, 2011	20,000,000
Committee recommendation, advance appropriation, 2012	

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Medical facilities account provides funds for the operation and maintenance of the VA healthcare system's vast capital infrastructure. This appropriation provides for costs associated with utilities, engineering, capital planning, leases, laundry, groundskeeping, housekeeping, facility repair, and property disposition and acquisition.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

In fiscal year 2010, the Committee provided an advance appropriation of \$5,740,000,000 for fiscal year 2011 for the Medical facilities account. The Committee recommends an additional \$20,000,000 for the medical facilities account. When combined, this amount is \$901,000,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level. Additionally, the Committee recommendation includes an advance appropriation of \$5,426,000,000 for Medical facilities for fiscal year 2012. This is \$334,000,000 below the level for fiscal year 2011 and equal to the fiscal year 2012 budget request.

Rural Clinic Initiative.—Last year, the Committee provided the Department \$30,000,000 for the VA to open new Community Based Outpatient Clinics [CBOC] in rural areas. CBOCs are an integral

part of the VA's healthcare delivery system. Often these clinics serve as the only link to direct VA medical care for veterans who reside in areas where there are no VA hospitals. While the Department has done a better job over the past several years in opening new CBOCs, the Committee was disappointed that the budget request did not include additional funds to establish new clinics in rural and highly rural areas. Therefore, the Committee has provided an additional \$10,000,000 for the establishment of CBOCs in rural and highly rural markets. The Committee directs the Department to provide to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress a detailed expenditure plan for this funding no later than March 1, 2011. The plan should also include a list of all current clinics, regardless of size or contractual arrangements, which provide healthcare services in an outpatient setting. The Committee understands that the Department funds new outpatient clinics through the Medical Services account as well as the Medical Facilities account and reminds the Department that it may reprogram funds between these accounts for this initiative.

Port Angeles Community Based Outpatient Clinic.—The Committee is aware there is a need for more medical practitioners to provide services at the Port Angeles CBOC. We are concerned about sufficient access to primary care, mental health, and specialty care for the veterans living in Clallam and Jefferson Counties. While we are pleased at the VA's effort to improve the availability of care for those living on the Olympic Peninsula, we urge the VA to ensure it is adequately staffed in order to meet the crit-

ical needs of these deserving veterans.

MEDICAL AND PROSTHETIC RESEARCH

Appropriations, 2010	\$581,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	590,000,000
Committee recommendation	590,000,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Medical and prosthetic research account provides funds for medical, rehabilitative, and health services research. Medical research supports basic and clinical studies that advance knowledge leading to improvements in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of diseases and disabilities. Rehabilitation research focuses on rehabilitation engineering problems in the fields of prosthetics, orthotics, adaptive equipment for vehicles, sensory aids and related areas. Health services research focuses on improving the effectiveness and economy of the delivery of health services.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$590,000,000 for Medical and prosthetic research. This is \$9,000,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

The Committee remains highly supportive of this program, and recognizes its importance both in improving healthcare services to veterans and recruiting and retaining high-quality medical professionals in the Veterans Health Administration. Through the Department's research and development program, the VA has implemented a comprehensive research agenda to develop new treat-

ments and tools for clinicians to ease the physical and psychological pain of men and women returning from war zones, to improve access to VA healthcare services, and to accelerate discoveries and applications, especially for neurotrauma, sensory loss, amputation,

polytrauma, and related prosthetic needs.

Nursing Research Program.—The Committee supports the Veterans Affairs Nursing Research Program, which facilitates research on the specific nursing needs of combat veterans and aging veterans. The Committee strongly supports continuation of this program. The Committee also encourages collaboration between VA nurses and recipients of Tri Service Nursing Research Program awards in the exploration of research proposals that improve the

health and well-being of their shared beneficiary population.

Longitudinal Study.—On September 14, 2009, the Secretary announced that the VA would fulfill its mandate carried in section 212 of Public Law 106–419, the Veterans Benefits and Health Care Improvement Act of 2000, by soliciting bids for the National Vietnam Veterans Longitudinal Study. This follow-up study will provide long awaited data on long-term effects of combat-related post traumatic stress disorder [PTSD] among Vietnam veterans, regardless of whether these veterans were utilizing the VA system, and the effectiveness of VA medical care in treating PTSD. The Committee is pleased to learn that the VA is undertaking this independent follow-up study; however, it is concerned about the length of time it is taking the Department to move forward. Sufficient resources have been provided within Medical and prosthetic research to enter into a contract with an appropriate entity to carry out a study on post-traumatic stress disorder as mandated in Public Law 106–419. The Committee directs the Department to report back to the Committees on Appropriations no later than October 1, 2010, on the progress made in executing this legal requirement.

Gulf War Illness.—The Committee directs the Department of Veterans Affairs to report to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress not later than 90 days after enactment of this act on specific research efforts related to gulf war illness and the ways in which the Department's research efforts are coordinated with similar programs at the Department of Defense, the In-

stitute of Medicine and other Federal agencies.

MEDICAL CARE COST RECOVERY COLLECTIONS

MEDICAL CARE COLLECTION FUND

Appropriations, 2010	\$2,954,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	2,405,000,000
Committee recommendation	3,393,000,000

MEDICAL CARE COLLECTION FUND—REVENUES APPLIED

Appropriations, 2010	-\$2,954,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	-2,405,000,000
Committee recommendation	-3,393,000,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Medical Care Collection Fund [MCCF] was established by the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (Public Law 105–33). In fiscal year 2004, Public Law 108–199 allowed the Department of Veterans Affairs to deposit first party and pharmacy co-payments; third party insurance payments and enhanced use collections; long-term care co-payments; Compensated Work Therapy Program collections; and Parking Program fees into the MCCF. The Secretary of Veterans Affairs has the authority to transfer funds from the MCCF to the Medical services account.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommendation includes the authority to retain co-payments and third-party collections, estimated to total \$3,393,000,000 in fiscal year 2011.

NATIONAL CEMETERY ADMINISTRATION

Appropriations, 2010	\$250,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	250,504,000
Committee recommendation	250.504.000

ADMINISTRATION OVERVIEW

The National Cemetery Administration [NCA] was established in accordance with Public Law 93–94, the National Cemeteries Act of 1973. It has a four-fold mission: to provide for the interment in any national cemetery of the remains of eligible deceased servicemembers and discharged veterans, together with their spouses and certain dependents, and to permanently maintain their graves; to provide headstones for, and to mark graves of, eligible persons in national, State, and private cemeteries; to administer the grant program for aid to States in establishing, expanding, or improving State veterans cemeteries; and to administer the Presidential Memorial Certificate Program.

In 2010, cemeterial activities will encompass a total of 164 cemeterial installations in 39 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. The Committee's recommendation for NCA provides funds for all of these cemeterial installations.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$250,504,000 for the National Cemetery Administration. This is an increase of \$504,000 from the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

The Committee has included bill language to make available through September 30, 2012, up to \$25,500,000 of the National Cemetery Administration appropriation.

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

Appropriations, 2010	\$7,545,707,000
Budget estimate, 2011	7,754,492,000
Committee recommendation	7,661,807,000

ADMINISTRATION OVERVIEW

Departmental Administration provides for the administration of veterans benefits through the Veterans Benefits Administration [VBA], the executive direction of the Department, several top level supporting offices, the Board of Contract Appeals, and the Board of Veterans' Appeals.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$7,661,807,000 for Departmental administration. The amount is composed of \$2,148,776,000 for Genoperating expenses, veterans benefits administration; \$439,613,000 for General administration; \$3,147,000,000 for information technology systems; \$111,867,000 for the Office of the Inspector General; \$1,197,586,000 for Construction, major projects; \$485,965,000 for Construction, minor projects; \$85,000,000 for Grants for construction of State extended care facilities; and \$46,000,000 for Grants for the construction of State veterans cemeteries.

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

Appropriations, 2010	\$2,086,707,000
Budget estimate, 2011	2,588,389,000
Committee recommendation ¹	

¹Funding for General Operating Expenses is provided for in the General Operating Expenses, Veterans Benefits Administration; and General Administration accounts.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The administration's budget request proposes that funding for the administrative expenses associated with the Veterans Benefits Administration and all Department-wide offices be included within one single appropriation account. The Committee recommendation includes funding for these functions in two separate accounts: General operating expenses, Veterans Benefits Administration; and General administration, as opposed to one account as proposed in the budget request. The Committee believes that differences in the mission and purpose of the Department's executive offices and the Veterans Benefits Administration justify providing funding in two separate accounts. Further, separating these two broad categories will provide the Congress with greater visibility of budgetary resources and oversight of expenditures for these two vital missions.

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES, VETERANS BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION

Appropriations, 2010 ¹	(\$1.689.207.000)
Budget estimate, 2011 ²	
Committee recommendation	2,148,776,000

¹\$1,689,207,000 was provided for the Veterans Benefits Administration's administrative expenses under the General Operating Expenses account in fiscal year 2010.

The budget request includes \$2,148,776,000 for the Veterans Benefits Administration's ad-

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The General Operating Expenses, Veterans Benefits Administration account provides funding for the Veterans Benefits Administration to administer entitlement programs such as service-connected disability compensation, education benefits, and vocational rehabilitation services.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$2,148,776,000 for General Operating Expenses, Veterans Benefits Administration. The Committee

ministrative expenses within the General Operating Expenses account.

has proposed creating this new account to provide increased visibility and oversight of expenditures associated with VBA. This amount is \$459,569,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request. The recommendation fully funds the budget request for VBA to address increasing disability claims and the workload associated with Agent Orange presumption claims. The Department estimates that the increase above the fiscal year 2010 level will provide 4,048 permanent jobs for claims processors. The Committee has included bill language to make available through September 30, 2012, up to \$108,008,000 for Gen-

eral operating expenses, veterans benefits administration.

Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment.—The budget request included \$12,000,000 for supplies associated with the "printer on every desk" initiative. However, subsequent to the submission of the budget request, the Department determined that implementation costs of this nationwide initiative significantly outweighed the benefits and has informed the Committee that no funding will be expended on this initiative in fiscal year 2011. The Committee directs the Department to utilize the \$12,000,000 associated within this account for the "printer on every desk" initiative to hire an additional 100 Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment [VR&E] counselors and coordinators. The VR&E program has experienced a substantial increase in workload over the last several years, growing from 87,485 in 2007 to an estimated 110,983 in 2010. The Department anticipates more than 122,000veterans and servicemembers will receive services from the VR&E program in 2011. However, staffing within the program, namely counselors and employment coordinators, has increased only moderately over that same period, from 1,020 in 2007 to 1,155 in 2010. The Committee believes the VR&E program is a critical component in the Department's efforts to help veterans who have service-connected disabilities obtain employment or live independently in their homes and in their communities if employment is not currently feasible for

Staff and skill shortages in the VR&E workforce, as well as organizational weaknesses in the program as a whole, were documented by the Government Accountability Office in January 2009. Therefore, the Committee directs the Department to submit to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress a strategic workforce plan for the VR&E program, which should include the following: (1) using relevant data to determine what the workforce's target caseload should be over the next 5 years; (2) using relevant data to identify current and future human capital needs, such as the appropriate number of employees to handle the estimated workload, how they are to be deployed across the organization, and what percentage of cases are likely to require extended evaluations and thus more manpower; and (3) identifying the critical skills and competencies staff will need to achieve the organization's mission and goals. The Committee directs the Department to submit this strategic workforce plan before obligating these additional funds.

Claims Processing.—The Committee remains committed to ensuring that the VA has the resources necessary to provide timely processing of disability claims. From 2000 to 2009, the VA has seen annual new claim filings increase by 75 percent, from 578,773 in

2000 to 1,013,712 in 2009. In fiscal year 2011, the VA is expecting to receive 1,318,753 new compensation and pension claims, a 30 percent increase from 2009. Currently, the average time a veteran must wait to have a claim processed is 161 days. However, the recent decision by the Department to provide compensation benefits to veterans and survivors for three diseases presumed to be connected to service in Vietnam and exposure to Agent Orange, will push the average waiting time to 190 days. Claims adjudicators spend far too much time managing paper rather than rating claims. While the Committee's recommendation includes the requested funding for new claims processors, the VA must do a better job of harnessing new technology to expedite this process. This includes converting paper records to digital format, utilizing commercial off the shelf technology, and developing new Information Technology solutions to accommodate digital formats. To assist the Department in accomplishing these goals, the Committee has provided funding within the Information Technology Systems [IT] account for the VBA's Innovation Initiative, as well as the requested funding for the Paperless Delivery of Veterans Benefits Initiative.

Outreach Efforts in Rural Areas.—It is imperative that the Department provide widespread outreach efforts to inform veterans of their benefits, particularly education benefits to which they may be entitled. The Committee remains concerned that in rural and highly rural areas and on Native American reservations outreach efforts are lacking. The Committee directs the Department to submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress by March 4, 2011, detailing outreach efforts underway to promote the Post 9/11 Educational Assistance Program on Native American reservations and highly rural areas, such as Alaska and Hawaii. Where appropriate the report should include what cultural sensitivity training the VA is providing to its personnel as part of these efforts.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriations, 2010 1	(\$397,500,000)
Budget estimate, 2011 ²	(439,613,000)
Committee recommendation	439,613,000

 $^{^1\$397,\!500,\!000}$ was provided for general administration under the General Operating Expenses account in fiscal year 2010. 2 The budget request includes $\$439,\!613,\!000$ for general administration within the General Operating

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The General administration account provides funding for the Office of the Secretary, six Assistant Secretaries and three independent staff offices. The budget request proposes funding these operations within the General operating expenses account, which includes funding for the administrative functions of the Veterans Benefits Administration.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$439,613,000 for General administration. This amount is \$42,113,000 above the fiscal year 2010 en-

erating Expenses account.

acted level and equal to the budget request. To provide the Secretary with the flexibility to address any emerging needs, the recommendation includes bill language providing transfer authority between line offices, as well as to General operating expenses, Veterans Benefits Administration. The Committee has included bill language to make available through September 30, 2012, up to \$22,000,000 for General administration. The funding recommendation for each line office is provided in the table below.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

[In thousands of dollars]

Department	Fiscal year 2011 budget request	Committee recommendation
Office of the Secretary	10,808	10,808
Office of Veterans Appeals	75,198	75,198
Office of the General Counsel	91,049	91,049
Office of Management	48,557	48,557
Office of Human Resources	76,177	76,177
Office of Policy and Planning	28,783	28,783
Office of Operations Security and Preparedness	22,091	22,091
Office of Public and Intergovernmental Affairs	23,705	23,705
Office of Congressional Affairs and Legislative Affairs	7,247	7,247
Office of Acquisition, Logistics and Construction	55,998	55,998
Total	439,613	439,613

Reducing Improper Payments.—Beginning in 1982, the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act has required Government agency heads to establish controls that safeguard Government assets against fraud, waste, and abuse when the Federal Government makes payments to individuals and businesses as program beneficiaries, grantees, or contractors. The Veterans Health Administration's [VHA] Fee Care Program pays non-VA medical providers to treat eligible veterans when medical services are not available at VA facilities or in emergencies when delays are hazardous to life or health, including the delivery of inpatient, outpatient, prescription, and long-term care services. The Fee Care Program has experienced rapid growth in the past 8 years, from \$890,000,000 in 2002 to \$3,800,000,000 in 2009.

VHA's Chief Business Office oversees the Fee Care Program and provides policy, training, and program support to fee offices, which processed about 5 million claims in 2009. Four Veterans Integrated Service Networks [VISNs] have established consolidated fee offices that process all claims within their respective regions; however, in the remaining 13 VISNs, local medical centers are responsible for processing their own fee claims from non-VA medical providers, including the organization, staffing, and management controls for their respective fee offices. Due to the highly decentralized nature of fee offices, the VA Office of Inspector General estimated that VHA improperly made \$225,000,000 in overpayments for outpatient fee claims in 2008 and concluded that VHA lacks internal controls to assess the risk of fraud, waste, and abuse in its Fee Care Program. While it is worth noting that 87 percent of VA fee claims are pre-authorized by local medical centers, likely reducing the risk of intentional fraud, the prevalence of pre-authorized

claims within VA's fee claim workload does not necessarily reduce

the risk of waste and abuse, such as overpayments.

The Department's 2011 budget request includes \$1,600,000 for the Office of Management to increase its audit capacity of fee care offices. With these funds, the Department anticipates conducting comprehensive audits of approximately 7 sites, or 10 to 12 fee offices. The Committee strongly supports these efforts and directs the Department to provide up to an additional \$1,850,000 from any anticipated carryover from fiscal year 2010 to fiscal year 2011 to increase the number of audits. These additional funds will allow the Department to conduct 14 comprehensive audits covering 20 to 25 fee offices. Furthermore, because these audit reviews are an inherently governmental function, the Committee directs the Department to develop the organic expertise and technological capabilities within the VA.

Federally Funded Research and Development Center Study.— Within the available funds provided to General administration, including available carryover from fiscal year 2010, the Committee directs the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to award a grant or contract to the National Academy of Public Administration, an independent, nonpartisan organization that was chartered by Congress to assist Federal, State, and local governments in improving their effectiveness, efficiency, and accountability, to conduct a study on improvements to management structures of the Fee Care Program. The study should examine the following: the feasibility and advisability of consolidating fee offices within VHA's Fee Care Program; what cost-savings, if any, would be realized if such consolidation occurred; and whether such consolidation would allow for sufficient management controls to reduce improper payments within the Fee Care Program. The review should also include a best practices comparison of such activities conducted by other healthcare payment organizations, such as the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Department of Defense TRICARE Management Activity, and the VA's Consolidated Patient Account Centers for third-party billing.

Report Requirement.—On March 20, 2010, the President issued a memorandum directing agency heads to expand Payment Recapture Audits to the extent permitted by law and where cost effective. A Payment Recapture Audit, as defined in the memorandum, is a type of recovery audit whereby accountants identify improper payments made to contractors or other entities to uncover such problems as duplicate payments, payments for services not rendered, overpayments, and fictitious vendors. The memorandum references one approach that has worked effectively to identify and reduce improper payments in Government programs: having highly skilled accounting specialists and fraud examiners use new technology to recover improper payments, with their compensation tied to the identification of misspent funds. The Committee directs the Department to report to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress by October 30, 2010, on what steps have been taken to adopt Payment Recapture Audits as a means of reducing and recovering improper payments.

Franchise Fund.—The Franchise Fund was established in 1997 as a pilot program and made permanent in fiscal year 2006 under

Public Law 109–114. The Committee directs the Department to provide a report on the Franchise Fund's business plan for fiscal year 2011. This plan should include a list of services, customers, overhead expenses, funds collected for services, and the unobligated balance from the previous fiscal year. The VA shall submit this report to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress no later than 60 days following enactment of this act.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS

Appropriations, 2010	\$3,307,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	3,307,000,000
Committee recommendation	3,147,000,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Information Technology [IT] appropriation, along with reimbursements, funds the costs of all IT staff salaries and expenses, the operations and maintenance of all existing information technology systems, and the development of new projects and programs designed to improve the delivery of service to veterans. This appropriation also funds the costs associated with the Office of Information and Technology, which oversees the functions highlighted above.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$3,147,000,000 for the Information Technology Systems account. This amount is \$160,000,000 below the fiscal year 2010 level and the budget request.

The Committee recommendation includes \$966,000,000 for staff salaries and expenses, \$1,453,685,000 for the operation and maintenance of existing programs, and \$727,315,000 for new program development, all according to the Department's fiscal year 2011

budget submission.

On June 19, 2009, the Secretary announced the Program Management Accountability System [PMAS], a new Department-wide management approach to IT projects which centers on incremental development with frequent milestones. PMAS is intended to eliminate long-term program failures by focusing customers, vendors, and programmers on near-term, small deliveries. While the Committee remains very supportive of these new internal governance and accountability steps, implementation has caused the VA to slow projects that are not meeting milestones. This has led to large unobligated balances within the IT account associated with program development, changing the resources needed in fiscal year 2011 for this activity. As a result, the Committee has reduced the development request by \$160,000,000 rather than provide funding which is not needed.

To continue to increase oversight into IT system development, the Committee has included bill language that restricts the obligation of IT development funds until the Secretary or the Chief Information Officer submits a certification letter to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress identifying which project/program is to receive funding in fiscal year 2011 and for how much. To maximize the Secretary's flexibility, the certification letters may be submitted incrementally, and upon submission,

these letters will serve as the reprogramming threshold for devel-

opment programs.

Further, the Office of Information Technology is directed to provide an IT expenditure report to the Committees on Appropriations on a monthly basis. This report shall include a comparison to the project costs included in the certifications letter submitted to the Congress, and provide an explanation for any differences in excess of \$1,000,000.

Innovation Initiative.—On June 7, 2010, the Secretary announced the opening of the Industry Innovation Initiative Competition, the most recent effort under the VA Innovation Initiative [VAi 2]. VAi 2 is a Department-wide program aimed at bringing the most promising innovations to VA's most important challenges by involving employees and the private sector in the creation of visionary solutions in service to veterans. This recent competition targets advancement in innovative housing technology to address veteran homelessness; telehealth; new models of dialysis and renal disease prevention; improvement of polytrauma care; reduction of adverse drug events; and an integrated veterans business accelerator designed to assist in the launch, maintenance and long-term success of veteran-owned businesses. The Committee is very supportive of these efforts being made to incorporate new solutions and commercial off the shelf technology to solve these problems. In fiscal year 2011, the Department has requested \$40,000,000 within the Information Technology Systems account for VBA Innovation Initiatives. The Committee directs the Department to utilize a portion of these funds for an open competition to utilize commercial off the shelf technology to develop a decision support system and automate the VBA's Veterans Schedule for Rating Disabilities. The Committee further directs that upon award of a contract and development of this automated tool that it be piloted in at least one regional office and that metrics for evaluating its success be implemented.

DOD/VA Information Technology Interoperability.—The Committee supports the efforts of the Department of Veterans Affairs and Department of Defense to integrate programs and medical record systems at the Captain James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center, the first totally integrated Federal healthcare facility in the country. The Committee recognizes the significant challenges facing the Departments in their efforts to fully integrate all information management/information technology systems, especially with orders portability, and urges the Departments to take all necessary and appropriate steps to rapidly develop and deploy capacity to integrate information management/information technology systems.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

Appropriations, 2010	\$109,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	109,367,000
Committee recommendation	111.867.000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Office of Inspector General [OIG] was established by the Inspector General Act of 1978 and is responsible for the audit, inves-

tigation, and inspection of all Department of Veterans Affairs programs and operations.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$111,867,000 for the Office of Inspector General. This is \$2,867,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$2,500,000 above the budget request. The Committee has included bill language to make available through September 30, 2012, up to \$6,000,000 for the Office of the Inspector General.

CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR PROJECTS

Appropriations, 2010	\$1,194,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	1,151,036,000
Committee recommendation	1.197.586.000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Construction, major projects account provides for constructing, altering, extending, and improving any of the facilities (including parking projects) under the jurisdiction or for the use of the VA, including planning, architectural and engineering services, Capital Asset Realignment Enhanced Services [CARES] activities, assessment, and site acquisition where the estimated cost of a project is more than the amount set forth in 38 U.S.C. 8104(a)(3)(A). Proceeds realized from Enhanced Use Lease activities may be deposited into the Construction, major projects and Construction, minor projects accounts.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,197,586,000 for the construction of major projects. This is \$3,586,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$46,550,000 above the budget request.

The following table reflects the President's budget request for major construction projects and activities, and the corresponding Committee recommendations.

[In thousands of dollars]

Location and description	Fiscal year 2011 request	Committee recommendation
Veterans Health Administration [VHA]:		
New Orleans, LA—New Medical Facility	310,000	310,000
Denver, CO—New Medical Facility	450,700	450,700
Palo Alto, CA—Polytrauma/Ambulatory Care Replacement	30,000	30,000
Alameda Point, CA—Outpatient Clinic and Columbarium (Design)	17,332	17,332
Omaha, NE—Hospital Replacement Facility (Design)	56,000	56,000
Beckley, WV—Nursing Home Care Unit		46,550
Advanced Planning Fund—Various Locations	89,750	89,750
Facility Security Projects—Various Locations	41,390	41,390
Judgment Fund—Various Locations	6,000	6,000
BRAC Land Acquisition—Various Locations	13,000	13,000
Resident Engineers for Major Construction—Various Locations	23,964	23,964
Total VHA	1,038,136	1,084,686

[In thousands of dollars]

Location and description	Fiscal year 2011 request	Committee recommendation
National Cemetery Administration [NCA]: Indiantown Gap, PA—Gravesite Expansion and Cemetery Improvements— Phase 4 Los Angeles, CA—Columbarium Expansion Tahoma, WA—Gravesite Expansion and Cemetery Improvements—Phase 2 Advanced Planning Fund—Various Locations NCA Land Acquisition Fund—Various Locations	23,500 27,600 25,800 20,000 10,000	23,500 27,600 25,800 20,000 10,000
Total NCA	106,900	106,900
General Administration—Staff Offices Department Advance Planning Fund	6,000	6,000
Total construction, major projects	1,151,036	1,197,586

Strategic Capital Investment Planning.—The Committee is aware that the Department has recently undertaken a review and new strategic approach to address the problem of aging infrastructure in poor condition, underutilized properties, and/or a lack of sufficient infrastructure. The goal of this new planning approach is to provide senior decisionmakers with a 10- to 20-year view of all capital needs based on clearly stated standards, an assessment of current facilities, and an analysis of gaps between the standards and the current condition and location of VA facilities. According to the Department, this process will drive future major construction, minor construction and recurring and non-recurring budget requests. This review is anticipated to be completed in fiscal year 2011, in order to inform the 2012 budget request. The Committee believes that such a review should lead to a comprehensive capital plan with current and future cost estimates of all capital needs, by fiscal year, similar to the Department of Defense's Future Years Defense Plan, which helps define allocation of funding for military construction projects. Therefore, the Committee directs the Department to submit with the fiscal year 2012 budget request all findings associated with this review.

Energy Efficiency.—The Committee recognizes VA's initiative and accomplishments to date in greening the agency, and wishes to ensure that VA continues these efforts at a level that will allow both short- and long-term sustainability goals to be achieved. The recommendation includes \$272,396,000 in resources for the Green Management Program in fiscal year 2011. The Committee's desire is to provide green management program funding—covering renewable energy, energy efficiency, environmental management, greenhouse gas pollution reduction, sustainable building, and vehicle fleet management efforts—sufficient to provide VA the means for continuing achievements in these areas. Therefore the Committee directs the VA to submit to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress, within 60 days of enactment of this act, a "Greening VA" operating plan that addresses all program components. The plan should include resource levels for all agency components and administrations for fiscal year 2011.

Assessment of Real Estate Inventory.—The Committee endorses the administration's recently announced effort to dispose of unneeded Federal real estate. The Committee wants to ensure that VA has a comprehensive plan and effort to manage its portfolio of real estate at an optimal level in support of serving veterans. VA should use all available tools, including public-private ventures, to reduce the amount of unneeded assets. The Committee wants to ensure that all VA mission requirements, including efforts to provide supportive services and housing options for homeless veterans, are fully addressed in VA's plan to reduce unneeded assets. The Committee directs the Department to provide a report within 60 days of enactment of this act to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress, detailing all surplus and underutilized buildings within the VA real estate portfolio. The report should include any recommendation for future use consistent with the VA's mission, and if appropriate, any plans for disposal of the facility.

Joint Facilities.—The Department of Defense [DOD] and Department of Veterans Affairs are currently undertaking a joint venture in North Chicago, where VA and DOD are consolidating their medical missions into one integrated hospital. The Committee has been supportive of this effort and has provided bill language to allow the VA to transfer money into a joint account with DOD. Both Departments believe significant cost savings can be achieved through this effort. The Committee believes that the VA should develop a strategic capital plan that addresses future joint ventures with DOD, as well with other Federal healthcare providers and academic affiliates. The Committee directs the Department to submit a joint venture strategic capital plan to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress by March 25, 2011, outlining what future collaborative efforts with the DOD, other Federal providers and academic affiliates are planned. This plan should include capital cost estimates, the degree to which integration will occur, and potential cost savings.

CONSTRUCTION, MINOR PROJECTS

Appropriations, 2010	\$703,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	467,700,000
Committee recommendation	485,965,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Construction, minor projects account provides for constructing, altering, extending, and improving any of the facilities (including parking) under the jurisdiction or for the use of the VA, including planning, CARES activities, assessment of needs, architectural and engineering services, and site acquisition, where the estimated cost of a project is equal to or less than \$10,000,000. Public Law 106–117, the Veterans Millennium Health Care and Benefits Act of 1999, gave the VA the authority to make capital contributions from minor construction in enhanced-use leases. Proceeds realized from enhanced-use lease activities may be deposited into the Construction, major projects and Construction, minor projects accounts.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$485,965,000 for minor construction. This is \$217,035,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$18,265,000 above the budget request.

The Committee has provided an additional \$8,265,000 for construction and renovation needs associated with the hiring of new claims processors. The recommendation includes \$386,977,000 for the Veterans Health Administration, \$43,573,000 for the National Cemetery Administration, \$22,625,000 for General Administration—Staff Offices, and \$22,790,000 for the Veterans Benefits Administration. The Committee directs the Department to provide an expenditure plan within 30 days of enactment of this act for the

amount appropriated for minor construction.

Family Friendly Homeless Veterans Housing Initiative.—The recommendation includes an additional \$10,000,000 for the VA's building reuse initiative. This new initiative is a fast-track process that identifies and evaluates underutilized buildings in VA's inventory for potential reuse. Once identified, opportunities will be pursued through either Enhanced Use Lease agreements, minor construction or a sharing agreement to bring services, including homeless programs, to veterans in the quickest manner possible. The review is also identifying buildings for demolition where land could then be redeveloped for homeless housing. In fiscal year 2010, the VA utilized a portion of the \$50,000,000 provided by Congress last year for minor construction needs to serve homeless veterans. These funds are being used to bring identified buildings up to code by remediating environmental and safety deficiencies, including asbestos abatement, enabling reuse development design and construction to move forward. The Committee directs that the additional funds included in the recommendation be used for conversion of surplus or underutilized buildings on VA campuses for housing homeless veterans and their families, with a particular emphasis on women veterans as well as veterans at risk for homelessness. The Committee further directs that a portion of these funds be used for renovation and construction at medical centers that serve rural or highly rural populations. The Department is directed to submit an expenditure plan for this initiative within 60 days of enactment of the act, to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF STATE EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES

Appropriations, 2010	\$100,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	85,000,000
Committee recommendation	85,000,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

This account is used to provide grants to assist States in acquiring or constructing State home facilities for furnishing domiciliary or nursing home care to veterans, and to expand, remodel or alter existing buildings for furnishing domiciliary, nursing home, or hospital care to veterans in State homes. The grant may not exceed 65 percent of the total cost of the project. Public Law 102–585 granted permanent authority for this program, and Public Law 106–117 provided greater specificity in directing VA to prescribe regulations for the number of beds for which grant assistance may be furnished. This program has been a successful partnership between the States and the VA in meeting the long-term care needs of elderly veterans for decades.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$85,000,000 for grants for the construction of State extended care facilities. This is \$15,000,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget

request.

Long-term Care.—The Committee is concerned about the VA's ability to plan for and meet the long-term care needs of America's veterans. The Committee is aware that the VA has decreased Community Living Center [CLC] capacity and that 65 percent of patient workload is now being met by community and State veterans homes. In light of the projected increase in elderly veterans in future years, additional State veterans homes will need to be built. However, given the ongoing budget deficits being experienced by State governments across the country, the Committee is concerned that the States will be unable to contribute the requisite 35 percent of total construction costs needed to obtain Federal matching funds. Accordingly, the Committee urges the VA to explore alternative financing mechanisms to ensure that a sufficient number of State veterans homes are available to meet the needs of future patients.

Walla Walla State Veterans Home.—The Committee is aware of the collaborative efforts of the Walla Walla VA Medical Center and the Washington State Department of Veterans Affairs to meet the long-term care needs of veterans in southeast Washington and northern Oregon by building a long-term care facility on the Walla Walla VA Medical Center grounds. The Committee supports the creation of a jointly operated veterans home in Walla Walla, Washington. The establishment of this new veterans home will complement the expanded Community Based Outpatient Clinic in Walla Walla offering a variety of specialty services and providing great value to the adjacent home. The Committee is also supportive of the development of a tri-state compact allowing eligible residents in Oregon and Idaho access to the new State veterans home.

GRANTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF STATE VETERANS CEMETERIES

Appropriations, 2010	\$46,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	46,000,000
Committee recommendation	46,000,000

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Public Law 105–368 amended title 38 U.S.C. 2408 and established authority to provide aid to States for establishment, expansion, and improvement of State veterans cemeteries, which are operated and permanently maintained by the States. This statutory change increased the maximum Federal share from 50 percent to 100 percent in order to fund construction costs and the initial equipment expenses when the cemetery is established. The States remain responsible for providing the land and for paying all costs related to the operation and maintenance of the State cemeteries, including the costs for subsequent equipment purchases.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$46,000,000 for grants for the construction of State veterans cemeteries. This is equal to the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 201. The Committee includes a provision which outlines reprogramming authority and responsibilities for the Veterans Benefits Administration.

SEC. 202. The Committee includes a provision which outlines reprogramming authority and responsibilities for the Veterans Health Administration.

SEC. 203. The Committee includes a provision which outlines the use of the Salaries and expenses account.

SEC. 204. The Committee includes a provision mandating that only construction funds may be used for land procurement.

Sec. 205. The Committee includes a provision allowing for reimbursements to the Medical services account.

SEC. 206. The Committee includes a provision allowing for payments of prior year obligations.

SEC. 207. The Committee includes a provision which allows for the use of fiscal year 2010 funds for prior year obligations.

SEC. 208. The Committee includes a provision which allows for payments from the National Service Life Insurance Fund.

Sec. 209. The Committee includes a provision which outlines the use of funds from enhanced-use lease proceeds.

SEC. 210. The Committee includes a provision which provides for funds for the Office of Resolution Management and the Office of Employment Discrimination Complaint Adjudication.

SEC. 211. The Committee includes a provision which sets a limit on new leases without congressional approval.

SEC. 212. The Committee includes a provision which requires disclosure of third-party reimbursement information.

SEC. 213. The Committee includes a provision which allows for the transfer of revenue derived from enhanced use leases into the construction accounts.

SEC. 214. The Committee includes a provision which outlines authorized uses for medical services funds.

SEC. 215. The Committee includes a provision which allows funds in the Medical Care Collection Fund to be transferred into the Medical Services account.

SEC. 216. The Committee includes a provision which allows eligible veterans in the State of Alaska to obtain medical care services.

SEC. 217. The Committee includes a provision which allows for the transfer of funds into the construction accounts.

SEC. 218. The Committee includes a provision which allows for outreach and marketing to enroll new veterans.

SEC. 219. The Committee includes a provision requiring the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to submit quarterly financial reports on the Veterans Health Administration.

SEC. 220. The Committee includes a provision outlining transfer authority to the information technology systems account.

SEC. 221. The Committee includes a provision outlining limits on transfers within the information technology systems account.

SEC. 222 The Committee includes a provision allowing the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to transfer limited funds to the Department of Health and Human Services, Graduate Psychology Education Program.

SEC. 223. The Committee includes a provision prohibiting any funds to be used to contract out any functions performed by more

than 10 employees without a fair competition process.

SEC. 224. The Committee includes a provision limiting the amount of nonrecurring maintenance funds that can be obligated during the last 2 months of the fiscal year.

SEC. 225. The Committee includes a provision rescinding funds from certain accounts and appropriating additional amounts with

2-year authority.

SEC. 226. The Committee includes a provision allowing for the transfer of funds from certain accounts to the Joint Department of Defense/Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund, as authorized by Public Law 111–84.

SEC. 227. The Committee includes a provision allowing for the transfer of certain funds deposited in the Medical Care Collections Fund to the Joint Department of Defense/Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund, as authorized by Public Law 111–84.

SEC. 228. The Committee includes a provision allowing a minimum of \$15,000,000 to be transferred from Medical services, Medical support and compliance, and Medical facilities to the Department of Defense/Department of Veterans Affairs Health Care Sharing Incentive Fund, as authorized by section 8111 of title 38, United States Code.

SEC. 229. The Committee includes a provision providing an additional amount to the General administration account to increase the Department's acquisition workforce. This provision was included as title V general provision in the administration's budget submission. This provision only applies to the Department of Veterans Affairs; therefore, the Committee has included it as an administrative provision in title II.

ministrative provision in title II. SEC. 230. The Committee includes a provision requiring notifica-

tion of all bid savings for major construction projects.

SEC. 231. The Committee includes a provision for the construction of a major medical facility.

TITLE III

RELATED AGENCIES

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The American Battle Monuments Commission [ABMC] is responsible for the following: the maintenance and construction of U.S. monuments and memorials commemorating the achievements in battle of our Armed Forces since April 1917 (the date of the United States entry into World War I); the erection of monuments and markers by U.S. citizens and organizations in foreign countries; and the design, construction, and maintenance of permanent military cemetery memorials in foreign countries. The Commission maintains 24 military memorial cemeteries and 31 monuments, memorials, and markers in 15 countries around the world, including three memorials on U.S. soil.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriations, 2010	\$62,675,000
Budget estimate, 2011	64,200,000
Committee recommendation	67,200,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$67,200,000 for the Salaries and expenses account. This amount is \$4,525,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$3,000,000 above the budget request. The Committee has provided additional funds to support the expansion of ABMC's interpretive program and for nonrecurring maintenance needs.

FOREIGN CURRENCY FLUCTUATIONS

Appropriations, 2010	\$17,100,000
Budget estimate, 2011	20,200,000
Committee recommendation	20,200,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends an estimated \$20,200,000 for the Foreign currency fluctuation account. This amount is \$3,100,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

The Committee has again included language in the accompanying bill, as proposed by the administration, that would allow funding for this account on a "such sums as necessary" basis. Funding the account in this manner allows the Commission to maintain cemeteries regardless of the volatility of foreign currency fluctuations.

U.S. COURT OF APPEALS FOR VETERANS CLAIMS

OVERVIEW

The U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims was established by the Veterans' Judicial Review Act of 1988. The Court is an independent judicial tribunal with exclusive jurisdiction to review decisions of the Board of Veterans' Appeals. It has the authority to decide all relevant questions of law; interpret constitutional, statutory, and regulatory provisions; and determine the meaning or applicability of the terms of an action by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs. It is authorized to compel action by the Secretary. It is authorized to hold unconstitutional or otherwise unlawful and set aside decisions, findings, conclusions, rules and regulations issued or adopted by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Board of Veterans' Appeals, or the Chairman of the Board that are found to be arbitrary or capricious. The Court's principal office location is Washington, DC; however, it is a national court, empowered to sit anywhere in the United States.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriations, 2010	\$27,115,000
Budget estimate, 2011	90,147,000
Committee recommendation	53,297,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$53,297,000 for the U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims. This amount is an increase of \$26,182,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$36,850,000 below the budget request.

The Committee is aware that beginning in fiscal year 2011, the Administrative Office of the Courts will no longer provide support for the U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims electronic case management system. Therefore, the recommendation includes an additional \$150,000 for the Court to hire additional information technology staff to support the electronic case management system. The administration's budget request also included \$62,000,000, to be transferred to the General Services Administration [GSA], for the construction of a new courthouse. The Committee strongly supports construction of this facility and has provided \$25,000,000 as the first increment in funding. The Committee based this recommendation on several factors, including the amount of funds that could be obligated during fiscal year 2011. GSA has indicated that the final feasibility study will be completed and released to the Committee by the end of July. Depending on the results of the study, such as environmental remediation, costs could increase above the \$62,000,000 estimate contained in the budget request.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

CEMETERIAL EXPENSES, ARMY

OVERVIEW

The Secretary of the Army is responsible for the administration, operation and maintenance of Arlington National Cemetery and

the Soldiers' and Airmen's Home National Cemetery. In addition to its principal function as a national cemetery, Arlington is the site of approximately 3,200 nonfuneral ceremonies each year and has approximately 4 million visitors annually.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriations, 2010	\$39,850,000
Budget estimate, 2011	38,100,000
Committee recommendation	43,100,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$43,100,000 for the Cemeterial expenses, Army account. This amount is \$3,250,000 above the fiscal year 2010 enacted level and \$5,000,000 above the budget request.

The Committee is greatly concerned about the shocking mismanagement of Arlington National Cemetery [ANC] as revealed in the June 10, 2010, Army Inspector General report. As a sacred symbol of the sacrifices that America's military forces have made for this Nation since the Civil War, Arlington Cemetery must be held to the highest standards. Clearly, those standards have not been met for many years. The Committee welcomes the Army's swift actions to address the systemic failures identified in the report through the establishment of a new position of Executive Director for the cemetery, the appointment by the Department of Veterans Affairs [VA] of an interim Superintendent, and the creation of an independent Army National Cemeteries Advisory Commission, led by former Senator and World War II veteran Bob Dole and former Senator, Vietnam veteran, and current Secretary of the American Battle Monuments Commission Max Cleland. The Committee also commends the dedication of the Arlington National Cemetery workforce, which has carried out its responsibilities with professionalism and attentiveness to the families of America's war heroes and veterans under extraordinarily trying circumstances.

The Committee also welcomes the aggressive schedule that the new ANC management team has set to identify and correct deficiencies in the operation and management of the cemetery, including a lack of established policies and procedures, a failure to automate recordkeeping, and the misidentification of hundreds of gravesites at the cemetery. The Committee urges ANC to also examine cemeterial operations at the Soldiers' and Airmen's Home National Cemetery in Washington, DC, which ANC also operates, and provide recommendations for operational and management improvements if needed. Until the full scope of the deficiencies at Arlington Cemetery has been identified and ANC submits a comprehensive plan for corrective action, the Committee is reluctant to prescribe any policy changes. However, the Committee has provided an additional \$5,000,000 for cemetery operations for fiscal year 2011 to enable ANC to implement urgently needed management improvements, including the hiring of additional staff if needed and the automation of the cemetery's recordkeeping system. The Committee also encourages ANC to draw from the VA's expertise in cemeterial management, and to determine the feasibility of adapting the VA's automated recordkeeping information technology

system, which is a proven system available immediately, for use at the national cemeteries.

The Committee directs ANC to provide to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress an expenditure plan for the additional funds prior to obligation. The Committee also directs ANC to provide quarterly reports, beginning with the first quarter after enactment of this act, on the steps it is taking to correct deficiencies at the national cemeteries, funding requirements to implement those measures, and a progress report on the status of automating ANC's recordkeeping. Beginning with the submission of the fiscal year 2012 budget request, the Committee directs ANC to provide a breakdown by category (e.g., salaries, operation and maintenance, and information technology) of its budget request, and the amount of funding that is intended to be obligated within the fiscal year.

ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME

TRUST FUND

Appropriations, 2010	\$134,000,000
Budget estimate, 2011	71,200,000
Committee recommendation	71,200,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends authority to expend \$71,200,000 from the Armed Forces Retirement Home [AFRH] Trust Fund to operate and maintain the Armed Forces Retirement Home—Washington, DC, and the Armed Forces Retirement Home—Gulfport, Mississippi. This amount is \$62,800,000 below the fiscal year 2010 enacted level for the Trust Fund and equal to the budget request.

TITLE IV

OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

OVERVIEW

The President's fiscal year 2011 overseas contingency operations [OCO] request for military construction totals \$1,257,002,000 to support the realignment of U.S. forces into and within Afghanistan. The request includes funding for operational facilities, roads and bridges, utility infrastructure, force protection, logistics and support facilities, and environmental mitigation projects such as incinerators. The Committee recognizes the importance of providing adequate expeditionary facilities for U.S. combat forces in Afghanistan and supports the policy of the Department of Defense to carry out the minimum construction necessary to support operations and provide force protection.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

Appropriations, 2010	\$924,484,000
Budget estimate, 2011	929,996,000
Committee recommendation	1,045,676,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$1,045,676,000 for Army overseas contingency operations construction for fiscal year 2011. This amount is \$115,680,000 above the budget request. The Committee notes that a number of Army OCO projects for which funding was requested in the fiscal year 2011 budget submission have either been accelerated or cancelled, and has therefore deleted funding for those projects and substituted other projects in Afghanistan requested by the administration in the regular fiscal year 2011 budget request or by the Army in updated OCO project requests.

The Committee understands that changing strategic requirements on the ground and the cancellation or acceleration of funding for certain projects can alter the details of the OCO military construction budget request. The Committee has endeavored to accommodate those changes identified by the services, and thus the list of OCO military construction projects included in the table at the end of this report reflects both the original budget request and the updated requirements identified by the services. The Committee believes that all military construction in Afghanistan is related to the war effort, and has also shifted funding for military construction in Afghanistan that was included in the regular budget request to the OCO Committee recommendation.

The Committee recognizes the evolving nature of military construction needs in a war zone, and to give the services more flexi-

bility to meet unforeseen operational requirements has included an additional \$20,000,000 in unspecified minor construction funding for both the Army and the Air Force. For the past several years, the Department has sought to raise the spending limit on the use of operation and maintenance funds for unspecified minor military construction from \$750,000 to \$1,500,000 (or \$3,000,000 for projects to correct a life, safety, or health deficiency) when used for projects in support of a contingency, such as the war in Afghanistan. The Committee believes that, to the extent possible, military construction projects should be funded within military construction accounts and subject to military construction authorities and over-sight. The intent of the unspecified minor construction account is to give the services the flexibility to fund construction projects up to \$2,000,000, or \$3,000,000 to meet life, safety or health requirements, without the requirement to seek prior authorization. The Committee further urges the Department and the services to program adequate funding for OCO unspecified minor construction in future budget submissions to provide the degree of flexibility needed to respond to emerging wartime requirements.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

Appropriations, 2010	\$474,500,000
Budget estimate, 2011	280,506,000
Committee recommendation	164,826,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$164,826,000 for Air Force overseas contingency operations construction for fiscal year 2011, \$115,680,000 below the budget request. Within this amount, the Committee has adjusted funding for specific projects to reflect accelerations, cancellations, or cost changes.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE

Appropriations, 2010	
Budget estimate, 2011	\$46,500,000
Committee recommendation	46,500,000

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee recommends \$46,500,000 for Defense-Wide overseas contingency operations construction for fiscal year 2011, equal to the President's budget request.

Administrative Provision

SEC. 401. The Committee includes a provision regarding funding for this title.

TITLE V

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits the obligation of funds beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided.

so provided.
SEC. 502. The Committee includes a provision that requires pay

raises to be absorbed within the levels appropriated.

SEC. 503. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits the use of funds for programs, projects or activities not in compliance with Federal law relating to risk assessment, the protection of private property rights, or unfunded mandates.

SEC. 504. The Committee includes a provision that prohibits the use of funds to support or defeat legislation pending before Con-

gress.

SEC. 505. The Committee includes a provision that encourages

the expansion of E-commerce technologies and procedures.

SEC. 506. The Committee includes a provision that limits funds from being transferred from this appropriations measure to any instrumentality of the United States Government without authority from an appropriations act.

SEC. 507. The Committee includes a provision that specifies the congressional committees that are to receive all reports and

notifications.

COMPLIANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 7, RULE XVI, OF THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

Paragraph 7 of rule XVI requires that Committee reports accompanying general appropriations bills identify each recommended amendment which proposes an item of appropriation which is not made to carry out the provisions of an existing law, a treaty stipulation, or an act or resolution previously passed by the Senate during that session. The Committee is filing an original bill, which is not covered under this rule, but reports this information in the spirit of full disclosure. The Committee recommends funding for the following programs which currently lack authorization:

Title I: Department of Defense

Military Construction, Army

Military Construction, Navy and Marine Corps

Military Construction, Air Force

Military Construction, Defense-Wide

Military Construction, Army National Guard

Military Construction, Air National Guard

Military Construction, Army Reserve Military Construction, Navy Reserve

Military Construction, Air Force Reserve

North Atlantic Treaty Organization, Security Investment Pro-

Family Housing Construction, Army

Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Army

Family Housing Construction, Navy and Marine Corps

Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Navy and Marine Corps

Family Housing Construction, Air Force

Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Air Force Family Housing Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide

Department of Defense, Family Housing Improvement Fund Homeowners Assistance Fund

Chemical Demilitarization Construction, Defense-Wide

Base Realignment and Closure Account, 1990

Base Realignment and Closure Account, 2005

Title II: Department of Veterans Affairs

Veterans Health Administration

National Cemetery Administration

Departmental Administration

Title III: Related Agencies

American Battle Monuments Commission U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims

Cemeterial Expenses, Army

Armed Forces Retirement Home

Title IV: Overseas Contingency Operations

Military Construction, Army Military Construction, Air Force Military Construction, Defense-Wide

COMPLIANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 7(c), RULE XXVI OF THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

Pursuant to paragraph 7(c) of rule XXVI, on July 15, 2010, the Committee ordered reported en bloc an original bill (S. 3606) making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, and for other purposes; an original bill (S. 3607) making appropriations for the Department of Homeland Security for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011 and for other purposes; and an original bill (S. 3615) making appropriations military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, and for other purposes, with each subject to amendment and subject to the Committee Spending Guidance, and authorized the chairman of the committee or the chairman of the subcommittee to offer the text of the Senate-reported bill as a committee amendment in the nature of a substitute to the House companion measure, by a recorded vote of 17–12, a quorum being present. The vote was as follows:

Yeas	Nays
Chairman Inouye	Mr. Cochran
Mr. Leahy	Mr. Bond
Mr. Harkin	Mr. McConnell
Ms. Mikulski	Mr. Shelby
Mr. Kohl	Mr. Gregg
Mrs. Murray	Mr. Bennett
Mr. Dorgan	Mrs. Hutchison
Mrs. Feinstein	Mr. Brownback
Mr. Durbin	Mr. Alexander
Mr. Johnson	Ms. Collins
Ms. Landrieu	Mr. Voinovich
Mr. Reed	Ms. Murkowski
Mr. Lautenberg	
Mr. Nelson	

Mr. Pryor Mr. Tester Mr. Specter

COMPLIANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 12, RULE XXVI OF THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

Paragraph 12 of rule XXVI requires that Committee reports on a bill or joint resolution repealing or amending any statute or part of any statute include "(a) the text of the statute or part thereof which is proposed to be repealed; and (b) a comparative print of that part of the bill or joint resolution making the amendment and of the statute or part thereof proposed to be amended, showing by stricken-through type and italics, parallel columns, or other appropriate typographical devices the omissions and insertions which would be made by the bill or joint resolution if enacted in the form recommended by the committee."

The Committee bill as recommended contains no such provisions.

BUDGETARY IMPACT OF BILL

PREPARED IN CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE PURSUANT TO SEC. 308(a), PUBLIC LAW 93-344, AS AMENDED

[In millions of dollars]

	Budget authority		Outla	iys
	Committee guidance ¹	Amount of bill	Committee guidance ¹	Amount of bill
Comparison of amounts in the bill with Committee Spending Guidance to its subcommittees for 2011: Subcommittee on Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agen- cies:				
Mandatory	NA NA	69.297	NA	² 69.050
Discretionary	NA	77,253	NA	280,961
General purpose	75,996	75,996	NA	NA
Overseas deployment	1,258	1,257	NA	NA
Projection of outlays associated with the recommendation:				
2011				3 73,529
2012				10,030
2013				6,895
2014				2,761
2015 and future years				1,929
Financial assistance to State and local governments for				
2011	NA	201	NA	49

¹There is no section 302(a) allocation to the Commitee for fiscal year 2011. ²Includes outlays from prior-year budget authority. ³Excludes outlays from prior-year budget authority.

NA: Not applicable.

2			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
ALABAMA			
ARMY:			
FORT RUCKER:			
AVIATION COMPONENT MAINTENANCE SHOP	29,000	29,000	
AVIATION MAINTENANCE FACILITY	36,000	36,000	
TRAINING AIDS CENTER	4,650	4,650	
MOBILE:			
T-6 SOLO CAPABLE OUTLYING LANDING FIELD	29,082	29,082	
AIR FORCE:			
MAXWELL AFB:			
ADAL AIR UNIVERSITY LIBRARY	13,400	13,400	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
FORT MCCLELLAN:		E C2E	
LIVE FIRE SHOOT HOUSE		5,635	+ 5,63
MONTGOMERY REGIONAL AIRPORT ANGB:			
FUEL CELL AND CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR	7,472	7,472	
REPLACE SQUAD OPS FACILITY	,,,,_	7,500	+ 7,50
		•	,
TOTAL, ALABAMA	119,604	132,739	+ 13,13
ALASKA			
ARMY:			
FORT GREELY:			
FIRE STATION	26,000	26,000	
FORT RICHARDSON:			
BRIGADE COMPLEX, PH 1	67,038	67,038	
MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN RANGE	12,200	12,200	
SIMULATIONS CENTER	34,000	34,000	
FORT WAINWRIGHT:	20.000		20.0
AVIATION TASK FORCE COMPLEX, PH 1 INCR 2 AVIATION TASK FORCE COMPLEX, PH 2A INC 1	30,000		-30,0
(HANGAR)	142,650	92,650	-50,00
AVIATION TASK FORCE COMPLEX, PH 2B [COF]	27,000	27,000	
URBAN ASSAULT COURSE	3,350	3,350	
AIR FORCE:			
EIELSON AFB:			
REPAIR CENTRAL HEAT PLANT AND POWER PLANT BOIL-	20,000	20,000	
ERS ELMENDORF AFB:	28,000	28,000	
ADD/ALTER ASOS TRAINING FACILITY	4,749	4,749	
CONSTRUCT RAILHEAD OPERATIONS FACILITY	15,000	15,000	
DOD JOINT REGIONAL FIRE TRAINING FACILITY		6,600	+ 6,60
F-22 ADAL WEAPONS RELEASE SYSTEMS SHOP & AME	10,525	10,525	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
EIELSON AIR FORCE BASE:		0.500	
ADD/ALTER COMMUNICATIONS FACILITY		6,500	+ 6,50
TOTAL, ALASKA	400,512	333,612	-66,90
·	100,012	000,012	
ARIZONA			
NAVY:			
YUMA:		** ***	
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	63,280	63,280	
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGARCOMMUNICATIONS INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADE	40,600	40,600	
INTERMEDIATE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY FACILITY	63,730 21,480	63,730 21.480	
SIMULATOR FACILITY	36,060	,	

81

ţ			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
UTILITIES INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADESVAN PAD COMPLEX RELOCATION	44,320 15,590	44,320 15,590	
AIR FORCE: DAVIS-MONTHAN AFB:			
AMARG HANGAR	25,000	25,000	
HC-130 AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY	4,600	4,600	
HC-130J AERIAL CARGO FACILITY	10,700	10,700	
HC-130J PARTS STOREFORT HUACHUCA:	8,200	8,200	
TFI—PREDATOR LRE BEDDOWN	11,000	11,000	
DEFENSE-WIDE: YUMA:			
SOF MILITARY FREE FALL SIMULATORARMY NATIONAL GUARD: FLORENCE:	8,977	8,977	
READINESS CENTER	16,500	16,500	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD: DAVIS-MONTHAN AFB:			
TFI—PREDATOR FOC—ACTIVE DUTY ASSOCIATE	4,650	4,650	
TOTAL, ARIZONA	374,687	374,687	
ARKANSAS	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: CAMP ROBINSON:			
COMBINED SUPPORT MAINTENANCE SHOP	30,000	30,000	
COMBINED ARMS COLLECTIVE TRAINING FACILITY	19,000	19,000	
CONVOY LIVE FIRE/ENTRY CONTROL POINT RANGE		3,500	+ 3,500
LIVE FIRE SHOOT HOUSEAIR NATIONAL GUARD:	2,500	2,500	
LITTLE ROCK AIR FORCE BASE:			
FUEL CELL AND CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR		10,400	+ 10,400
TOTAL, ARKANSAS	51,500	65,400	+ 13,900
CALIFORNIA			
ARMY:			
PRESIDIO MONTEREY:			
ADVANCED INDIVIDUAL TRAINING BARRACKS	63,000	63,000	
GENERAL INSTRUCTION BUILDING	39,000	39,000	
SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS FACILITYNAVY:	38,000	38,000	
CAMP PENDLETON:			
BEQ—13 AREA	42,864	42,864	
BEQ—LAS FLORES	37,020	37,020	
CNATT/FRS—AVIATION TRAINING AND BEQ CONVEYANCE/WATER TREATMENT	66,110 100,700	66,110 100,700	
MALS-39 MAINTENANCE HANGAR EXPANSION	48,230	48,230	
MARINE CORPS ENERGY INITIATIVE	9,950	9,950	
NORTH REGION TERT TREAT PLANT, INCR 2	30,000	30,000	
SMALL ARMS MAGAZINE—EDSON RANGE	3,760	3,760	
TRUCK COMPANY OPERATIONS COMPLEX	53,490	53,490	
CORONADO: ROTARY HANGAR	67,160	67,160	
MIRAMAR:	07,100	07,100	
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	90,490	90,490	
HANGAR 4	33,620	33,620	
PARKING APRON/TAXIWAY EXPANSION	66,500	66,500	l

ţ			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
SAN DIEGO:			
BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS, HOMEPORT ASHORE	75,342	75,342	
BERTHING PIER 12 REPL & DREDGING, PHASE 1	108,414	108,414	
MARINE CORPS ENERGY INITIATIVE	9,950	9,950	
TWENTYNINE PALMS:			
BEQ AND PARKING STRUCTURE	53,158	53,158	
AIR FORCE:			
EDWARDS AFB: FLIGHTLINE FIRE STATION		15,500	+ 15,500
DEFENSE-WIDE:		15,500	+ 15,500
POINT LOMA ANNEX:			
REPLACE STORAGE FACILITY, INCR 3	20,000	20,000	
POINT MUGU:	20,000	20,000	
AIRCRAFT DIRECT FUELING STATION	3,100	3,100	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
CAMP ROBERTS:			
COMBINED ARMS COLLECTIVE TRAINING FACILITY	19,000	19,000	
ARMY RESERVE:			
FAIRFIELD: ARMY RESERVE CENTER	26,000	26,000	
FORT HUNTER LIGGETT:	20,000	20,000	
ECS TACTICAL EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE FACILITY	22,000	22,000	
ECS WAREHOUSE	15,000	15,000	
GRENADE LAUNCHER RANGE	1,400	1,400	
HAND GRENADE FAMILIARIZATION RANGE (LIVE)	1,400	1,400	
LIGHT DEMOLITION RANGE	2,700	2,700	
TACTICAL VEHICLE WASH RACK	9,500	9,500	
NAVY RESERVE: TWENTYNINE PALMS:			
TANK VEHICLE MAINTENANCE FACILITY	5,991	5,991	
TOTAL, CALIFORNIA	1,162,849	1,178,349	+ 15,500
COLORADO			
ARMY:			
FORT CARSON:			
AUTOMATED SNIPER FIELD FIRE RANGE	3,650	3,650	
BATTALION HEADQUARTERS	6,700	6,700	
BRIGADE COMPLEXSIMULATIONS CENTER	56,000 40,000	56,000 40,000	
AIR FORCE:	40,000	40,000	
BUCKLEY AIR FORCE BASE:			
LAND ACQUISITION		10,000	+10,000
SECURITY FORCES OPERATIONS FACILITY	12,160	12,160	
PETERSON AFB:			
RAIDRS SPACE CONTROL FACILITY	24,800	24,800	
U.S. AIR FORCE ACADEMY: CENTER FOR CHARACTER & LEADERSHIP DEVELOP-			
MENT	27,600	27,600	
DEFENSE-WIDE:	27,000	27,000	
FORT CARSON:			
SOF TACTICAL UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE HANGAR	3,717	3,717	
CHEMICAL DEMILITARIZATION CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE:			
PUEBLO DEPOT:			
AMMUNITION DEMILITARIZATION FACILITY, PH XII	65,569	65,569	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
COLORADO SPRINGS: READINESS CENTER	20,000	20,000	
FORT CARSON:	20,000	20,000	
REGIONAL TRAINING INSTITUTE	40,000	40,000	
	.,	.,	

<u></u>			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
GYPSUM:	20.000	20.000	
HIGH ALTITUDE SUPPORT FACILITYWINDSOR:	39,000	39,000	
READINESS CENTER	7,500	7,500	
TOTAL, COLORADO	346,696	356,696	+ 10,000
CONNECTICUT			
NAVY:			
NSB NEW LONDON: SUBMARINE GROUP TWO HEADQUARTERS		12,930	+ 12,930
READINESS CENTER (AVIATION)	41,000	41,000	
TOTAL, CONNECTICUT	41,000	53,930	+ 12,930
DELAWARE			
AIR FORCE:			
DOVER AFB: C-5M/C-17 MAINTENANCE TRAINING FACILITY, PH 2 ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	3,200	3,200	
NEW CASTLE: ARMED FORCES RESERVE CENTER [JFHQ]	27,000	27,000	
NEW CASTLE COUNTY AIRPORT: C-130 AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE SHOPS, PH 3	1,500	8,700 1,500	+ 8,700
TOTAL, DELAWARE	31,700	40,400	+ 8,700
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
AIR FORCE:			
BOLLING AFB: JOINT AIR DEFENSE OPERATIONS CENTER DEFENSE-WIDE:	13,200	13,200	
BOLLING AIR FORCE BASE: REPLACE PARKING STRUCTURE, PHASE 1	3,000	3,000	
TOTAL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	16,200	16,200	
FLORIDA			
ARMY:			
EGLIN AFB: CHAPEL	6,900	6,900	
MIAMI-DADE COUNTY (HOMESTEAD AFB):	,	,	
COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITY	41,000	41,000	
COMMISSARYNAVY:	19,000		-19,000
BLOUNT ISLAND MCSF:			
CONSOLIDATED WAREHOUSE FACILITY	17,260	17,260	
CONTAINER STAGING AND LOADING LOT CONTAINER STORAGE LOT	5,990	5,990	
HARDSTAND EXTENSION	4,910 17,930	4,910 17.930	
PAINT AND BLAST FACILITY	18,840	18,840	
WASHRACK EXPANSION	9,690	9,690	
NSA PANAMA CITY:		F 000	
LAND ACQUISITION (9 ACRES)	I	5,960	+ 5,960

84

ţ			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
TAMPA: JCSE VEHICLE PAINT FACILITY	2 200	2,300	
AIR FORCE:	2,300	2,300	
EGLIN AFB: F-35 FUEL CELL MAINTENANCE HANGAR	11,400	11,400	
HURLBURT FIELD: ADAL SPECIAL OPERATIONS SCHOOL FACILITY	6,170	6,170	
ADD TO VISITING QUARTERS (24 RM)	4,500	4,500	
BASE LOGISTICS FACILITYPATRICK AFB:	24,000	24,000	
AIR FORCE TECHNICAL APPLICATION CENTER INC 1	158,009	100,009	-58,00
RELOCATE MAIN GATE		8,000	+ 8,00
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
EGLIN AFB: SOF GROUND SUPPORT BATTALION DETACHMENT	6,030	6,030	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:	0,000	0,000	
JACKSONVILLE IAP:			
SECURITY FORCES TRAINING FACILITYARMY RESERVE:	6,700	6,700	
MIAMI:			
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	13,800	13,800	
ORLANDO: ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	10 200	10 200	
WEST PALM BEACH:	10,200	10,200	
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	10,400	10,400	
AIR FORCE RESERVE:			
PATRICK AFB: WEAPONS MAINTENANCE FACILITY	3,420	3,420	
	,	,	
TOTAL, FLORIDA	398,449	335,409	-63,04
GEORGIA			
ARMY:			
FORT BENNING: LAND ACQUISITION	12,200	12,200	
MUSEUM OPERATIONS SUPPORT BUILDING	32,000	12,200	-32,00
TRAINEE BARRACKS PH 2	51,000	51,000	
TRAINING BATTALION COMPLEX, PH 2TRAINING BATTALION COMPLEX, PH 2	14,600	14,600	
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	14,600 53,000	14,600 53,000	
FORT GORDON:	00,000	00,000	
QUALIFICATION TRAINING RANGE		8,100	+ 8,10
TRAINING AIDS CENTERFORT STEWART:	4,150	4,150	
AUTOMATED INFANTRY PLATOON BATTLE COURSE	6,200	6,200	
AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN RANGE	9,100	9,100	
AVIATION UNIT OPERATIONS COMPLEX	47,000	47,000	
BATTALION COMPLEX	18,000 8,200	18,000 8.200	
MODIFIED RECORD FIRE RANGE	3,750	3,750	
SIMULATIONS CENTER	26,000	26,000	
TRAINING AIDS CENTER	7,000	7,000	
NAVT: KINGS BAY:			
SECURITY ENCLAVE & VEHICLE BARRIERS	45,004	45,004	
WATERFRONT EMERGENCY POWER	15,660	15,660	
DEFENSE-WIDE: AUGUSTA:			
NSA/CSS GEORGIA TRAINING FACILITY	12,855	12,855	
NOAVOOD GEURGIA TRAINING FACILITY	12,800	12,805	I

ţ			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
FORT BENNING:			
DEXTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CONSTRUCT GYM	2,800	2,800	
SOF COMPANY SUPPORT FACILITY	20,441	20,441	
SOF MWD KENNEL COMPLEX	3,624	3,624	
FORT STEWART:	,	,	
HEALTH CLINIC ADDTION/ALTERATION	35,100	35,100	
HUNTER ANGS:			
FUEL UNLOAD FACILITY	2,400	2,400	
HUNTER ARMY AIRFIELD:	0.010	0.010	
SOF TEMF EXPANSION	3,318	3,318	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
CUMMING:	17 000	17 000	
READINESS CENTER	17,000	17,000	
READINESS CENTER ADD/ALT	10,400	10,400	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:	10,400	10,400	
SAVANNAH/HILTON HEAD IAP:			
RELOCATE ASOS FACILITY	7,450	7,450	
ARMY RESERVE:	7,100	7,100	
MACON:			
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	11,400	11,400	
	,	,	
TOTAL, GEORGIA	494,252	470,352	-23,900
HAWAII			
ARMY:			
FORT SHAFTER:			
COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITY, PH 1	58,000	58,000	
FLOOD MITIGATION	23,000	23,000	
BARRACKS	00 000	00 000	
BARRACKS	98,000 90,000	98,000 90,000	
TRAINING AIDS CENTER	24,000	24,000	
TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER:	24,000	24,000	
BARRACKS	28,000	28,000	
NAVY:	20,000	20,000	
CAMP SMITH:			
PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER	29,960	29,960	
KANEOHE BAY:			
BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS	90,530	90,530	
WATERFRONT OPERATIONS FACILITY	19,130	19,130	
PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE FACILITY:			
CONSTRUCT PRE-FABRICATED BRIDGE AT NOHILI		0.500	0.500
DITCH		3,560	+ 3,560
REPLACE NORTH LOOP ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYS-		0.100	. 0 100
TEM		9,100	+ 9,100
PEARL HARBOR:			
CENTER FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT/HUMANITARIAN: ASSISTANCE	9,140	9,140	
FIRE STATION, WEST LOCH	,	9,084	+ 9,084
WELDING SCHOOL SHOP CONSOLIDATION		8,500	+ 8,500
JOINT POW/MIA ACCOUNTING COMMAND	99,328	99,328	+ 6,300
DEFENSE-WIDE:	33,320	33,320	
HICKAM AFB:			
ALTER FUEL STORAGE TANKS	8,500	8,500	
PEARL HARBOR:	5,550	5,550	
NSWG3 COMMAND AND OPERATIONS FACILITY	28,804	28,804	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	,		
KALAELOA:			
COMBINED SUPPORT MAINTENANCE SHOP	38,000	38,000	l

[III tilousalius of ur	viidioj		
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
HICKAM AFB:	F 050	r 0r0	
TFI—F-22 BEDDOWN INTRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT TFI—F-22 HANGAR, SQUADRON OPERATIONS AND AMU TFI—F-22 UPGRADE MUNITIONS COMPLEX	5,950 48,250 17,250	5,950 48,250 17,250	
TOTAL, HAWAII	715,842	746,086	+ 30,244
IDAHO			
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
MOUNTAIN HOME AFB: REPLACE POL FUEL STORAGE TANKSARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	27,500	27,500	
GOWEN FIELD: BARRACKS [ORTC] PH 1	17,500	17,500	
MOUNTAIN HOME: TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM FACILITY	6,300	6,300	
TOTAL, IDAHO	51,300	51,300	
ILLINOIS	01,000	01,000	
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
SCOTT AIR FORCE BASE: FIELD COMMAND FACILITY UPGRADEARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	1,388	1,388	
SPRINGFIELD: COMBINED SUPPORT MAINTENANCE SHOP ADD/ALT AIR NATIONAL GUARD:	15,000	15,000	
CAPITAL MAP: TFI—CNAF BEDDOWN—UPGRADE FACILITIESARMY RESERVE:	16,700	16,700	
QUINCY: ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	12,200	12,200	
ROCKFORD USARC: UNITED STATES ARMY RESERVE CENTER		13,200	+ 13,200
TOTAL, ILLINOIS	45,288	58,488	+ 13,200
INDIANA	45,200	30,400	+ 13,200
AIR NATIONAL GUARD: HULMAN REGIONAL AIRPORT: TFI—ASOS BEDDOWN—UPGRADE FACILITIES	4,100	4,100	
MICHIGAN CITY: ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	15,500	15,500	
TOTAL, INDIANA	19,600	19,600	
IOWA			
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
CAMP DODGE: COMBINED ARMS COLLECTIVE TRAINING FACILITY AIR NATIONAL GUARD:		5,700	+ 5,700
DES MOINES: CORROSION CONTROL HANGARARMY RESERVE:		4,700	+ 4,700
DES MOINES: ARMY RESERVE CENTER	8,175	8,175	

[iii tilousanus oi u	uliaisj		
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
TOTAL, IOWAKANSAS	8,175	18,575	+ 10,400
ARMY:			
FORT LEAVENWORTH:			
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	7,100	7,100	
FORT RILEY:	, ·	,	
AUTOMATED INFANTRY SQUAD BATTLE COURSE	4,100	4,100	
AUTOMATED QUALIFICATION/TRAINING RANGE	14,800	14,800	
BATTALION COMPLEX, PH 1KNOWN DISTANCE RANGE	31,000	31,000 7,200	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	7,200	7,200	
FORBES FIELD:			
TAXIWAY ALTERATIONS		9,036	+ 9,036
WICHITA:			·
FIELD MAINTENANCE SHOP	24,000	24,000	
READINESS CENTER	43,000	43,000	
TOTAL, KANSAS	121 200	140,236	+ 9.036
	131,200	140,230	+ 3,030
KENTUCKY			
ARMY:			
FORT CAMPBELL:			
AUTOMATED SNIPER FIELD FIRE RANGE	1,500	1,500	
BRIGADE COMPLEX	67,000	67,000	
COMPANY OPERATIONS FACILITIES	25,000	25,000	
INFANTRY SQUAD BATTLE COURSERAPPELLING TRAINING AREA	5,600	3,000 5,600	+ 3,000
SHOOT HOUSE	3,000	3,300	+ 3.300
UNIT OPERATIONS FACILITIES	26,000	26,000	
URBAN ASSAULT COURSE	3,300	3,300	
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	15,500	15,500	
FORT KNOX:			
ACCESS CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS	6,000	6,000	
MOUT COLLECTIVE TRAINING FACILITYRAIL HEAD UPGRADE	12,800	12,800	+ 18,000
DEFENSE-WIDE:		18,000	+ 10,000
FORT CAMPBELL:			
LANDGRAF HANGAR ADDITION, 160TH SOAR		3,600	+ 3,600
SOF BATTALION OPS COMPLEX	38,095	38,095	
CHEMICAL DEMILITARIZATION CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE:			
BLUE GRASS ARMY DEPOT:	FO 400	FO 400	
AMMUNITION DEMILITARIZATION PH XIARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	59,402	59,402	
BURLINGTON:			
READINESS CENTER	19,500	19,500	
NEIDINESS SERIER	10,000	10,000	
TOTAL, KENTUCKY	279,697	307,597	+ 27,900
LOUISIANA			
ARMY:			
FORT POLK: BARRACKS	29,000	29,000	
EMERGENCY SERVICES CENTER	23,000	9,200	+ 9.200
HEAVY SNIPER RANGE	4,250	4,250	1 3,200
LAND ACQUISITION	6,000	6,000	
LAND ACQUISITION	24,000	24,000	
AIR FORCE:			
BARKSDALE AFB:	10175		
WEAPONS LOAD CREW TRAINING FACILITY	18,140	18,140	l

${\tt MILITARY\ CONSTRUCTION\ PROJECT\ LISTING\ BY\ LOCATION} \\ --{\tt Continued}$

ţ			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
FORT POLK: TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM FACILITY	5,500	5,500	
MINDEN: READINESS CENTER	28,000	28,000	
NAVY RESERVE: NEW ORLEANS:			
JOINT AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL FACILITY	16,281	16,281	
TOTAL, LOUISIANA	131,171	140,371	+ 9,200
MAINE			
NAVY:			
PORTSMOUTH NAVAL SHIPYARD: CONSOLIDATION OF STRUCTURAL SHOPS		17,240	+ 17,240
TOTAL, MAINE		17,240	+ 17,240
MARYLAND			
ARMY:			
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND: AUTOMOTIVE TECHNOLOGY EVALUATION FACILITY, PH 2	14,600	14,600	
FORT MEADE: INDOOR FIRING RANGE	7,600	7,600	
WIDEBAND SATCOM OPERATIONS CENTER	25,000	25,000	
NAVY: INDIAN HEAD:			
AGILE CHEMICAL FACILITY, PHASE 2	34,238	34,238	
PH 2		12,810	+ 12,810
PATUXENT RIVER: BROAD AREA MARITIME SURVEILLANCE T & E FACILITY	42,211	42,211	
DEFENSE-WIDE:	12,211	12,211	
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND: USAMRICD REPLACEMENT, INC 3	105,000	105,000	
ANDREWS AFB:	103,000	103,000	
REPLACE FUEL STORAGE & DISTRIBUTION FACILITY	14,000	14,000	
BETHESDA NAVAL HOSPITAL: NNMC PARKING EXPANSION	17,100	17,100	
TRANSIENT WOUNDED WARRIOR LODGING	62,900	62,900	
FORT DETRICK: CONSOLIDATED LOGISTICS FACILITY	23,100	23,100	
INFORMATION SERVICES FACILITY EXPANSION	4,300	4,300	
NIBC SECURITY FENCING AND EQUIPMENT	2,700	2,700	
SUPPLEMENTAL WATER STORAGE	3,700	3,700	
USAMRIID STAGE I, INC 5	17,400	17,400	
WATER TREATMENT PLANT REPAIR & SUPPLEMENT	11,900	11,900	
FORT MEADE:			
NORTH CAMPUS UTILITY PLANT	219,360	219,360	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: ST. INIGOES (WEBSTER FIELD):			
TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM FACILITY	5,500	5,500	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:	3,550	5,550	
MARTIN STATE AIRPORT:			
REPLACE OPS AND MEDICAL TRAINING FACILITY	11,400	11,400	
TOTAL, MARYLAND	622,009	634,819	+ 12,810

En management av a			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
MASSACHUSETTS			
DEFENSE-WIDE: HANSCOM AFB: MENTAL HEALTH CLINIC ADDITION	2,900	2,900	
HANSCOM AFB: ARMED FORCES RESERVE CENTER [JFHQ] PH 2AIR NATIONAL GUARD:	23,000	23,000	
BARNES MUNICIPAL AIRPORT: ADDITIONS AND RENOVATIONS TO BUILDING 15ARMY RESERVE:		6,000	+ 6,000
DEVENS RESERVE FORCES TRAINING AREA: AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE RANGE	4,700	4,700	
TOTAL, MASSACHUSETTS	30,600	36,600	+ 6,000
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: CAMP GRAYLING RANGE: BARRACKS REPLACEMENT, PH 2		17,102 19,000 1,595	+ 17,102 + + 1,595
REPLACE TROOP QUARTERS		9,600	+ 9,600
TOTAL, MICHIGAN	19,000	47,297	+ 28,297
MINNESOTA ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
ARDEN HILLS: FIELD MAINTENANCE SHOP	29,000	29,000	
CAMP RIPLEY: INFANTRY SQUAD BATTLE COURSE TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM FACILITY	4,300 4,450	4,300 4,450	
TOTAL, MINNESOTA	37,750	37,750	
NAVY: NCBC GULFPORT: BRANCH HEALTH CLINIC DEFENSE-WIDE:		11,870	+ 11,870
STENNIS SPACE CENTER: SOF WESTERN MANEUVER AREA, PH 2SOF WESTERN MANEUVER AREA, PH 3		9,000 8,000	+ 9,000 + 8,000
TOTAL, MISSISSIPPI		28,870	+ 28,870
MISSOURI			
ARMY: FORT LEONARD WOOD: BARRACKS. BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS	29,000 12,200 7,000 15,500 19,000	29,000 12,200 7,000 15,500 19,000	
TRANSIENT ADVANCED TRAINEE BARRACKS, PH 2			

•			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
FORT LEONARD WOOD:			
REGIONAL TRAINING INSTITUTE, PH 1		13,800	+ 13,800
ARMY RESERVE: KANSAS CITY:			
ARMY RESERVE CENTER	11,800	11,800	
	,		
TOTAL, MISSOURI	123,500	137,300	+ 13,800
MONTANA			
AIR FORCE:			
MALMSTROM AFB:			
PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER, PH 2		8,000	+ 8,000
TOTAL, MONTANA		8,000	+ 8,000
NEBRASKA			
AIR FORCE:			
OFFUTT AIR FORCE BASE:			
KENNEY/BELLEVUE GATES		11,000	+ 11,000
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
LINCOLN: READINESS CENTER ADD/ALT	3,300	3,300	
MEAD:	0,000	0,000	
READINESS CENTER	11,400	11,400	
TOTAL, NEBRASKA	14,700	25,700	+11,000
NEVADA			
AIR FORCE:			
CREECH AFB:			
UAS AIRFIELD FIRE/CRASH RESCUE STATION	11,710	11,710	
NELLIS AFB: COMMUNICATION NETWORK CONTROL CENTER		11,400	+ 11.400
F-35 ADAL 422 TEST EVALUATION SQUADRON FACILITY		7.870	T 11,400
F-35 ADAL FLIGHT TEST INSTRUMENTATION FACILITY		1,900	
F-35 FLIGHT SIMULATOR FACILITY	,	13,110	
F-35 MAINTENANCE HANGAR/AMU	28,760	28,760	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: LAS VEGAS ARNG:			
FIELD MAINTENANCE SHOP		22,998	+ 22,998
TOTAL, NEVADA	63,350	97,748	+ 34,398
NEW HAMPSHIRE	00,000	37,710	1 01,000
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
PEMBROKE:			
BARRACKS FACILITY (REGIONAL TRAINING INSTITUTE)	15,000	15,000	
CLASSROOM FACILITY (REGIONAL TRAINING INSTITUTE)	21,000	21,000	
TOTAL, NEW HAMPSHIRE	36,000	36,000	
NEW JERSEY		,	
AIR FORCE:			
MCGUIRE AFB:			
BASE OPS/COMMAND POST FACILITY [TFI]		8,000	
DORMITORY (120 RM)	18,440	18,440	l

Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
ATLANTIC CITY IAP:			
FUEL CELL MAINTENANCE DOCK AND CORROSION CON-		0.500	0.500
TROL		8,500	+ 8,500
TOTAL, NEW JERSEY	26,440	34,940	+ 8,500
·	20,	0 1,0 10	, 0,000
NEW MEXICO			
ARMY:			
WHITE SANDS:	20.000	00.000	
BARRACKS	29,000	29,000	
AIR FORCE: CANNON AFB:			
DORMITORY (96 RM)	14,000	14,000	
FAMILY SUPPORT CENTER	14,000	4,050	+ 4,050
UAS SQUADRON OPS FACILITY	20,000	20,000	
HOLLOMAN AFB:	20,000	20,000	
UAS ADD/ALTER MAINTENANCE HANGAR	15,470	15,470	
UAS MAINTENANCE HANGAR	22,500	22,500	
KIRTLAND AFB:			
AERIAL DELIVERY FACILITY ADDITION	3,800	3,800	
ARMAMENT SHOP	6,460	6,460	
H/MC-130 FUEL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE FACILITY	14,142	14,142	
MILITARY WORKING DOG FACILITY		4,400	+ 4,400
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
CANNON AFB:	12.007	12 207	
SOF ADD/ALT SIMULATOR FACILITY FOR MC-130 SOF AIRCRAFT PARKING APRON (MC-130J)	13,287	13,287	
SOF C-130 PARKING APRON PHASE I	12,636 26,006	12,636 26,006	
SOF HANGAR/AMU (MC-130J)	24,622	24,622	
SOF OPERATIONS AND TRAINING COMPLEX	39,674	39,674	
WHITE SANDS:	33,074	33,074	
HEALTH AND DENTAL CLINICS	22,900	22,900	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	,	,,	
FARMINGTON:			
READINESS CENTER ADD/ALT	8,500	8,500	
ARMY RESERVE:			
LAS CRUCES:			
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	11,400	11,400	
TOTAL, NEW MEXICO	284,397	292,847	+ 8,450
·	204,337	232,047	7 0,430
NEW YORK			
ARMY:			
FORT DRUM:			
AIRCRAFT FUEL STORAGE COMPLEX	14,600	14,600	
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	16,500	16,500	
BATTALION COMPLEX	61,000	61,000	
BRIGADE COMPLEX PH 1	55,000	55,000	
CONSTRUCT RAILHEAD LOADING AREA	0.000	7,600	+ 7,600
INFANTRY SQUAD BATTLE COURSE	8,200 18 500	8,200	
TRAINING AIDS CENTERTRAINING BARRACKS	18,500 55,000	18,500 55,000	
U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY:	55,000	55,000	
SCIENCE FACILITY, PH 2	130,624	130,624	
URBAN ASSAULT COURSE	1,700	1,700	
AIR FORCE:	1,700	1,700	
FORT DRUM:			
20TH AIR SUPPORT OPERATIONS SQUADRON COMPLEX	20,440	20,440	

Ę			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY:			
WEST POINT MS ADD/ALT	27,960	27,960	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
FORT DRUM:			
TFI—REAPER INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT	2,500	2,500	
STEWART IAP:			
BASE DEFENSE GROUP BEDDOWNARMY RESERVE:	14,250	14,250	
BINGHAMTON:			
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	13,400	13,400	
TOTAL, NEW YORK	439,674	447,274	+ 7,600
NORTH CAROLINA			
ARMY:			
FORT BRAGG:			
BATTALION COMPLEX	33,000	33,000	
BRIGADE COMPLEX	50,000	50,000	
BRIGADE COMPLEX	25,000	25,000	
BRIGADE COMPLEX	41,000	41,000	
COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITYCOMPANY OPERATIONS FACILITIES	53,000 12,600	53,000 12,600	
DINING FACILITY	11,200	11,200	
MURCHISON ROAD RIGHT OF WAY ACQUISITION	17,000	17,000	
STAGING AREA COMPLEX	14,600	14,600	
STUDENT BARRACKS	18,000	18,000	
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	28,000	28,000	
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	7,500	7,500	
NAVY:			
CAMP LEJEUNE: 2ND INTEL BN MAINTENANCE/OPS COMPLEX	90,270	90,270	
ARMORY—II MEF—WALLACE CREEK	12,280	12,280	
BEQ—CAMP JOHNSON	46,550	46,550	
BEQ—COURTHOUSE BAY	42,330	42,330	
BEQ—COURTHOUSE BAY	40,780	40,780	
BEQ—FRENCH CREEK	43,640	43,640	
BEQ—RIFLE RANGE	55,350	55,350	
BEQ—WALLACE CREEK	51,660	51,660	
BEQ—WALLACE CREEK NORTH EOD ADDITION—2ND MARINE LOGISTICS GROUP	46,290	46,290	
HANGAR	7,420 73,010	7,420 73,010	
MAINTENANCE HANGAR [HMLA]	74,260	74,260	
MAINTENANCE/OPS COMPLEX—2ND ANGLICO	36.100	36.100	
MARINE CORPS ENERGY INITIATIVE	9,950	9,950	
MESS HALL—FRENCH CREEK	25,960	25,960	
MESS HALL ADDITION—COURTHOUSE BAY	2,553	2,553	
MOTOR TRANSPORTATION/COMM MAINTENANCE FACIL-			
ITY	18,470	18,470	
UTILITY EXPANSION—FRENCH CREEK	56,050	56,050 56,470	
UTILITY EXPANSION—HADNOT POINT CHERRY POINT MARINE CORPS AIR STATION:	56,470	56,470	
BEQ	42,500	42,500	
MARINERS BAY LAND ACQUISITION—BOGUE	3,790	3,790	
MISSILE MAGAZINE	13,420	13,420	
STATION INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES	5,800	5,800	
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
CAMP LEJEUNE:			
TARAWA TERRACE I ES REPLACE SCHOOL	16,646	16,646	l

נווו נווטטאווטא טו ט	iviiaisj		
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
FORT BRAGG:			
MCNAIR ES—REPLACE SCHOOL	23,086	23,086	
MURRAY ES REPLACE SCHOOL	22,000	22,000	
SOF ADMIN/COMPANY OPERATIONS	10,347	10,347	
SOF BAFFLE CONTAINMENT FOR RANGE 19C		7,200	+ 7,200
SOF C4 FACILITY—JSOC	41,000	41,000	
SOF JOINT INTELLIGENCE BRIGADE FACILITY	32,000	32,000	
SOF MEDICAL CLINIC ADDITION		3,889	+ 3,889
SOF OPERATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS FACILITY		11,000	
SOF OPERATIONS ADDITIONS		15,795	
SOF OPERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY	13,465	13,465	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
HIGH POINT: READINESS CENTER ADD/ALT	1 551	1 551	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:	1,551	1,551	
STANLY COUNTY AIRPORT:			
UPGRADE ASOS FACILITIES	2.000	2,000	
of divibe 7000 molenies	2,000	2,000	
TOTAL, NORTH CAROLINA	1,354,693	1,365,782	+11,089
NORTH DAKOTA			
AIR FORCE:			
GRAND FORKS AFB:		10 500	. 10 500
CENTRAL DEPLOYMENT CENTERMINOT AFB:		16,500	+ 16,500
CONTROL TOWER/BASE OPERATIONS FACILITY	18,770	18,770	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	10,770	10,770	
CAMP GRAFTON:			
READINESS CENTER ADD/ALT	11,200	11,200	
TOTAL, NORTH DAKOTA	29,970	46,470	+ 16,500
OHIO			
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
COLUMBUS:			
REPLACE PUBLIC SAFETY FACILITY	7,400	7,400	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
TOLEDO AIRPORT:			
REPLACE SECURITY FORCES COMPLEX		7,300	+ 7,300
TOTAL, OHIO	7,400	14,700	+ 7,300
	7,400	14,700	7,300
OKLAHOMA			
ARMY:			
FORT SILL:			
GENERAL PURPOSE STORAGE BUILDING	13,800	13,800	
MUSEUM OPERATIONS SUPPORT BUILDING	12,800		-12,800
MCALESTER:			
IGLOO STORAGE, DEPOT LEVEL	3,000	3,000	
AIR FORCE:			
TINKER AFB: AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER		9.300	+ 9.300
UPGRADE BUILDING 3001 INFRASTRUCTURE, PH III	14,000	14,000	+ 9,300
of divide boilbing 3001 in mothodione, ill ill	14,000	14,000	
TOTAL, OKLAHOMA	43,600	40,100	-3,500

94

<u></u>			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
OREGON			
AIR NATIONAL GUARD: KINGSLEY FIELD ANG BASE, KLAMATH FALLS: REPLACE FIRE STATION		7,000	+ 7,000
TOTAL, OREGON		7.000	+7,000
PENNSYLVANIA		7,000	1 7,000
NAVY: NAVAL SUPPORT ACTIVITY MECHANICSBURG (PHILADELPHIA ANNEX):			
NORTH GATE SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS QUIET PROPULSION LOAD HOUSE DEFENSE-WIDE:		5,930 7,630	+ 5,930 + 7,630
NEW CUMBERLAND: REPLACE HEADQUARTERS FACILITYAIR NATIONAL GUARD:	96,000	96,000	
STATE COLLEGE ANGS: ADD/ALT AOS FACILITY	4,100	4,100	
TOTAL, PENNSYLVANIA	100,100	113,660	+ 13,560
RHODE ISLAND			·
NAVY:			
NEWPORT: ELECTROMAGNETIC SENSOR FACILITY	27,007	27,007	
GATE IMPROVEMENTSSUBMARINE PAYLOADS INTEGRATION LABORATORY		4,950 12,170	+ 4,950 + 12,170
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: EAST GREENWICH:		,	,
UNITED STATES PROPERTY AND FISCAL OFFICE	27,000	27,000	
C-130 PARKING APRON		1,800	+ 1,800
TOTAL, RHODE ISLAND	54,007	72,927	+ 18,920
SOUTH CAROLINA			
ARMY: FORT JACKSON: TRAINEE BARRACKS	28.000	28.000	
TRAINEE BARRACKS COMPLEX, PH 1	46,000	46,000	
TRAINING AIDS CENTER	17,000	17,000	
AICUZ LAND ACQUISITION	21,190	21,190	
AIRCRAFT HANGAR—VMFAT—502PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER	46,550 15,430	46,550 15,430	
TRAINING AND SIMULATOR FACILITY	46,240	46,240	
CHARLESTON AFB: CIVIL ENGINEER COMPLEX [TFI]—PHASE 1	15,000	15,000	
JOINT DEPLOYMENT PROCESSING AND READINESS CENTER		9,100	+ 9,100
TOTAL, SOUTH CAROLINA	235,410		

Lin thousands of d	uliaisj		
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
SOUTH DAKOTA			
AIR FORCE:			
ELLSWORTH AFB:			
MAINTENANCE TRAINING FACILITY		12,400	+ 12,400
AIR NATIONAL GUARD: JOE FOSS FIELD:			
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE SHOPS		12,800	+ 12,800
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
WATERTOWN: READINESS CENTER	25,000	25,000	
READINESS CENTER	23,000	23,000	
TOTAL, SOUTH DAKOTA	25,000	50,200	+ 25,200
TENNESSEE			
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
MCGHEE TYSON ANG BASE:			
HOBBS ROAD ACQUISITION		6,500	+ 6,500
NASHVILLE IAP: TFI—RENOVATE INTEL SQUADRON FACILITIES	F F00	r r00	
TRI—RENOVATE INTEL SQUADRON FACILITIES	5,500	5,500	
TOTAL, TENNESSEE	5,500	12,000	+ 6,500
TEXAS			
ARMY:			
FORT BLISS:			
AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN RANGE	6,700	6,700	
COMPANY OPERATIONS FACILITIES	18,500	18,500	
DIGITAL MULTIPURPOSE TRAINING RANGE HEAVY SNIPER RANGE	22,000	22,000 3,500	
INDOOR SWIMMING POOL	3,500 15,500	15.500	
LIGHT DEMOLITION RANGE	2,100	2,100	
LIVE FIRE EXERCISE SHOOTHOUSE	3,150	3,150	
SCOUT/RECCE GUNNERY COMPLEX	15,500	15,500	
SQUAD DEFENSE RANGETHAAD BATTERY COMPLEX	3,000 17,500	3,000 17,500	
TRANSIENT TRAINING COMPLEX	31,000	31,000	
URBAN ASSAULT COURSE	2,800	2,800	
VEHICLE BRIDGE OVERPASS	8,700	8,700	
FORT HOOD: BATTALION COMPLEX	40,000	40,000	
BRIGADE COMPLEX	38,000	38,000	
COMPANY OPERATIONS FACILITIES	4,300	4,300	
CONVOY LIVE FIRE	3,200	3,200	
LIVE FIRE EXERCISE SHOOTHOUSE	2,100	2,100	
UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM [UAS] HANGAR URBAN ASSAULT COURSE	55,000 2,450	55,000 2,450	
FORT SAM HOUSTON:	2,430	2,430	
SIMULATIONS CENTER	16,000	16,000	
TRAINING AIDS CENTER	6,200	6,200	
AIR FORCE: DYESS AFB:			
C-130J ADD/ALTER FLIGHT SIMULATOR FACILITY	4,080	4,080	
ELLINGTON FIELD:			
TFI—UPGRADE UAV MAINTENANCE HANGAR	7,000	7,000	
LACKLAND AFB: BMT SATELLITE CLASSROOM/DINING FACILITY NO. 2	32,000	32,000	
ONE-COMPANY FIRE STATION	5,500	5,500	
RECRUIT DORMITORY, PHASE 3	67,980	67,980	
RECRUIT/FAMILY INPROCESSING & INFO CENTER	21,800	21,800	

96

RANDOLPH AFB: FIRE CRASH RESCUE STATION 13,000 +13,				
FIRE CRASH RESCUE STATION	Installation and project			Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
DEFENSE-WIDE: FORT BLISS: HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT INCR 2 147,100 147,100 LACKLAND AFB: 162,500 120,000 -42, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: COMBAT PISTOL/MILITARY PISTOL QUALIFICATION C 2,500 2,500 CAMP MAXEY: COMBAT PISTOL/MILITARY PISTOL QUALIFICATION C 2,500 2,500 CAMP SWIFT: URBAN ASSAULT COURSE 2,600 2,600 ARMY RESERVE: DALLAS: 12,600 12,600 ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND 12,600 12,600 FORT HOOD: 15,500 +15, ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND 6,100 6,100 6,100 SAN MARCOS: ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND 8,500 8,500				
HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT INCR 2	DEFENSE-WIDE:		13,000	+ 13,000
AMBULATORY CARE CENTER PHASE 2 INC 1	HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT INCR 2	147,100	147,100	
CAMP MAXEY:		162,500	120,000	-42,500
COMBAT PISTOL/MILITARY PISTOL QUALIFICATION C				
URBAN ASSAULT COURSE	COMBAT PISTOL/MILITARY PISTOL QUALIFICATION C	2,500	2,500	
DALLAS: ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	URBAN ASSAULT COURSE	2,600	2,600	
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND				
FORT HOOD: ARMY RESERVE CENTER		12 600	12 600	
RIO GRANDE:	FORT HOOD:	12,000		
SAN MARCOS: ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND			15,500	+ 15,500
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND		6,100	6,100	
UTAH AIR FORCE: HILL AFB: CONSOLIDATED TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES, PH 1		8,500	8,500	
AIR FORCE: HILL AFB: CONSOLIDATED TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES, PH 1	TOTAL, TEXAS	797,460	783,460	-14,000
HILL AFB:	UTAH			
CONSOLIDATED TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES, PH 1	AIR FORCE:			
Total, vermont				
DEFENSE-WIDE:				+ 7,300
CNCI DATA CENTER INCREMENT 3		2,000	2,000	
TOTAL, UTAH				
VERMONT	CNCI DATA CENTER INCREMENT 3	398,358	398,358	
AIR NATIONAL GUARD: BURLINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT: UPGRADE TAXIWAYS AND REPLACE ARM/DISARM PADS, PH 1	TOTAL, UTAH	401,158	408,458	+ 7,300
BURLINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT: UPGRADE TAXIWAYS AND REPLACE ARM/DISARM PADS, PH 1	VERMONT			
UPGRADE TAXIWAYS AND REPLACE ARM/DISARM PADS, PH 1	AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
PH 1				
TOTAL, VERMONT			11 000	+ 11,000
VIRGINIA ARMY: FORT A.P. HILL: 1200 METER RANGE			•	
ARMY: FORT A.P. HILL: 1200 METER RANGE			11,000	+ 11,000
FORT A.P. HILL: 1200 METER RANGE 14,500 14,500	VIRGINIA			
1200 METER RANGE				
		1/1 500	14 500	
	INDOOR FIRING RANGE	6,200	6,200	
KNOWN DISTANCE RANGE		,	,	1
		65,000	65,000	
FORT EUSTIS: WARRIOR IN TRANSITION COMPLEX		18 000	18 000	
FORT LEE:		10,000	10,000	
.,				
		,		20.000
TRAINING AIRC OFFITER				-30,000

NORFOLK: PIER 1 UPGRADES TO BERTH USNS COMFORT PIERS 9 AND 10 UPGRADES FOR DDG 1000 PORTSMOUTH: SHIP REPAIR PIER REPLACEMENT, INCR 2 QUANTICO: ACADEMIC FACILITY ADDITION—SNCOA BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS—WTBN RESEARCH CENTER ADDITION—MCU STUDENT OFFICER QUARTERS—TBS AIR FORCE: LANGLEY AFB: F-22 ADD/ALTER HANGAR BAY LO/CR FACILITY—TFI DEFENSE-WIDE: CRANEY ISLAND: REPLACE FUEL PIER FORT BELVOIR: DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT PENTAGON: PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACIL- ITY POWER PLANT MODERNIZATION PHASE 3 SECURE ACCESS LANE—REMOTE VEHICLE SCREENING QUANTICO: NEW CONSOLIDATED ELEMETARY SCHOOL ARMY RESERVE: FORT A.P. HILL: ARMY RESERVE CENTER			
MISSILE SUPPORT FACILITY REPLACEMENT, PH 1 NORFOLK: PIER 1 UPGRADES TO BERTH USNS COMFORT			
NORFOLK: PIER 1 UPGRADES TO BERTH USNS COMFORT PIERS 9 AND 10 UPGRADES FOR DDG 1000			
PIER 1 UPGRADES TO BERTH USNS COMFORT PIERS 9 AND 10 UPGRADES FOR DDG 1000 PORTSMOUTH: SHIP REPAIR PIER REPLACEMENT, INCR 2 QUANTICO: ACADEMIC FACILITY ADDITION—SNCOA BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS—WTBN RESEARCH CENTER ADDITION—MCU STUDENT OFFICER QUARTERS—TBS AIR FORCE: LANGLEY AFB: F-22 ADD/ALTER HANGAR BAY LO/CR FACILITY—TFI DEFENSE-WIDE: CRANEY ISLAND: REPLACE FUEL PIER FORT BELVOIR: DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT PENTAGON: PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACIL- ITY POWER PLANT MODERNIZATION PHASE 3 SECURE ACCESS LANE—REMOTE VEHICLE SCREENING QUANTICO: NEW CONSOLIDATED ELEMETARY SCHOOL ARMY RESERVE: FORT A.P. HILL: ARMY RESERVE CENTER		9,730	+ 9,730
PIERS 9 AND 10 UPGRADES FOR DDG 1000	10,035	10,035	
PORTSMOUTH: SHIP REPAIR PIER REPLACEMENT, INCR 2	2,400	2,400	
QUANTICO: ACADEMIC FACILITY ADDITION—SNCOA BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS—WTBN	2,.00	2,.00	
ACADEMIC FACILITY ADDITION—SNCOA BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS—WTEN RESEARCH CENTER ADDITION—MCU STUDENT OFFICER QUARTERS—TBS AIR FORCE: LANGLEY AFB: F-22 ADD/ALTER HANGAR BAY LO/CR FACILITY—TFI DEFENSE-WIDE: CRANEY ISLAND: REPLACE FUEL PIER FORT BELVOIR: DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT PENTAGON: PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACILITY POWER PLANT MODERNIZATION PHASE 3 SECURE ACCESS LANE—REMOTE VEHICLE SCREENING QUANTICO: NEW CONSOLIDATED ELEMETARY SCHOOL ARMY RESERVE: FORT A.P. HILL: ARMY RESERVE CENTER	100,000	100,000	
BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS—WTBN	10.000	10.000	
RESEARCH CENTER ADDITION—MCU	12,080 37,810	12,080 37,810	
STUDENT OFFICER QUARTERS—TBS	37,920	37,920	
LANGLEY AFB: F-22 ADD/ALTER HANGAR BAY LO/CR FACILITY—TFI DEFENSE-WIDE: CRANEY ISLAND: REPLACE FUEL PIER	55,822	55,822	
F-22 ADD/ALTER HANGAR BAY LO/CR FACILITY—TFI DEFENSE-WIDE: CRANEY ISLAND: REPLACE FUEL PIER FORT BELVOIR: DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT PENTAGON: PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACILITY POWER PLANT MODERNIZATION PHASE 3 SECURE ACCESS LANE—REMOTE VEHICLE SCREENING QUANTICO: NEW CONSOLIDATED ELEMETARY SCHOOL ARMY RESERVE: FORT A.P. HILL: ARMY RESERVE CENTER	.		
DEFENSE-WIDE: CRANEY ISLAND: REPLACE FUEL PIER		0.000	
CRANEY ISLAND: REPLACE FUEL PIER FORT BELVOIR: DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT PENTAGON: PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACIL- ITY	8,800	8,800	
REPLACE FUEL PIER			
FORT BELVOIR: DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT PENTAGON: PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACIL- ITY POWER PLANT MODERNIZATION PHASE 3	58,000	58,000	
PENTAGON: PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACIL- ITY	, l	,	
PENTAGON METRO AND CORRIDOR 8 SCREENING FACIL- ITY	6,300	6,300	
ITY			
POWER PLANT MODERNIZATION PHASE 3	6,473	6,473	
SECURE ACCESS LANE—REMOTE VEHICLE SCREENING QUANTICO: NEW CONSOLIDATED ELEMETARY SCHOOL	51,928	51,928	
QUANTICO: NEW CONSOLIDATED ELEMETARY SCHOOLARMY RESERVE: FORT A.P. HILL: ARMY RESERVE CENTER	4,923	4,923	
ARMY RESERVE: FORT A.P. HILL: ARMY RESERVE CENTER	,	,	
FORT A.P. HILL: ARMY RESERVE CENTER	47,355	47,355	
ARMY RESERVE CENTER			
	15,500	15,500	
ROANOKE:	13,300	13,300	
ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	14,800	14,800	
VIRGINIA BEACH:			
ARMY RESERVE CENTER	11,000	11,000	
NAVY RESERVE: WILLIAMSBURG:			
NAVY ORDNANCE CARGO LOGISTICS TRAINING COM-			
PLEX	21,346	21,346	
TOTAL, VIRGINIA	662,492	642,222	-20,270
WASHINGTON			
ARMY:			
FORT LEWIS:			
BARRACKS	47,000	47,000	
BARRACKS COMPLEX	40,000	40,000	
RAPPELLING TRAINING AREA	5,300	5,300	
REGIONAL LOGISTIC SPT COMPLEX WAREHOUSE	16,500	16,500	
REGIONAL LOGISTIC SUPPORT COMPLEXYAKIMA:	63,000	63,000	
SNIPER FIELD FIRE RANGE	3,750	3.750	
NAVY:	-,,,,,,	5,.50	
BANGOR:			
CSDS-5 LABORATORY EXPANSION PHASE 1	16,170	16,170	
LIMITED AREA EMERGENCY POWER	15,810	15,810	
WATERFRONT RESTRICTED AREA EMERGENCY POWER BREMERTON:	24,913	2/1 (1) 1	l
LIMITED AREA PRODUCT/STRG CMPLX, INCR 7	2.,510	24,913	

Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
AIR FORCE:			
FAIRCHILD AFB: PRECISION MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT LABORATORY FA- CILITY		4,850	+ 4,850
MCCHORD AFB: COLLOCATED CHAPEL/FAMILY SUPPORT CENTER, PH 1 DEFENSE-WIDE:		10,400	+ 10,400
FORT LEWIS: PREVENTIVE MEDICINE FACILITYARMY NATIONAL GUARD:	8,400	8,400	
TACOMA: COMBINED SUPPORT MAINTENANCE SHOP	25,000	25,000	
YAKIMA: MARINE CORPS RESERVE CENTER	13,844	13,844	
TOTAL, WASHINGTON	298,803	314,053	+ 15,250
WEST VIRGINIA			
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: MOOREFIELD:			
READINESS CENTER	14,200	14,200	
READINESS CENTERAIR NATIONAL GUARD:	21,000	21,000	
YEAGER AIRBASE: COMMUNICATIONS TRAINING FACILITYFORCE PROTECTION/ANTITERRORISM		6,250 13,000	+ 6,250 + 13,000
TOTAL, WEST VIRGINIA	35,200	54,450	+ 19,250
WISCONSIN			
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: MADISON: AIRCRAFT PARKING	5,700	5,700	
GENERAL MITCHELL IAP: REPLACE FIRE STATIONARMY RESERVE:		8,300	+ 8,300
FORT MCCOY: AT/MOB BILLETING COMPLEX PHASE I	9,800 10,000	9,800 10,000	
TOTAL, WISCONSIN	25,500	33,800	+ 8,300
WYOMING			
AIR FORCE: CAMP GUERNSEY: NUCLEAR/SPACE SECURITY TACTICS TRAINING CENTER ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: LARAMIE:	4,650	4,650	
FIELD MAINTENANCE SHOP	14,400	14,400	
TOTAL, WYOMING	19,050	19,050	
AFGHANISTAN			
ARMY: BAGRAM AIR BASE: ARMY AVIATION HQ FACILITIES	19,000		_19,000

ţ			
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
BARRACKS	18,000 14,800 10,400 29,000 7,500 2,800		-18,000 -14,800 -10,400 -29,000 -7,500 -2,800
AIR FORCE: BAGRAM AIR BASE: CONSOLIDATED RIGGING FACILITY FIGHTER HANGAR MEDEVAC RAMP EXPANSION/FIRE STATION	9,900 16,480 16,580		-9,900 -16,480 -16,580
TOTAL, AFGHANISTAN	144,460		-144,460
BAHRAIN ISLAND			
NAVY: BAHRAIN NSA: NAVCENT AMMUNITION MAGAZINES OPERATIONS AND SUPPORT FACILITIES WATERFRONT DEVELOPMENT, PHASE 3 AIR FORCE:	89,280 60,002 63,871	89,280 60,002 63,871	
Shaikh isa ab: North apron expansion	45,000	45,000	
TOTAL, BAHRAIN ISLAND BELGIUM	258,153	258,153	
DEFENSE-WIDE: BRUSSELS: NATO HEADQUARTERS FACILITYREPLACE SHAPE MS/HS	31,863 67,311	31,863 67,311	
TOTAL, BELGIUM	99,174	99,174	
DJIBOUTI NAVY: CAMP LEMONIER: CAMP LEMONIER HQ FACILITY GENERAL WAREHOUSE HORN OF AFRICA JOINT OPERATIONS CENTER/HQ PAVE EXTERNAL ROADS TOTAL, DJIBOUTI	12,407 7,324 28,076 3,824 51,631	12,407 7,324 3,824 23,555	-28,076 -28,076
GERMANY ARMY:			
ARMIT: ANSBACH: PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP GRAFENWOEHR:	13,800 18,000	13,800 18,000	
BARRACKS BARRACKS BARRACKS BARRACKS BARRACKS	17,500 19,000 20,000 19,000	17,500 19,000 20,000 19,000	
RHINE ORDNANCE BARRACKS: BARRACKS COMPLEX	35,000	35,000	
SEMBACH AB: CONFINEMENT FACILITY	9,100	9,100	
COMMAND AND BATTLE CENTER, INCR 2	59,500	59,500	

100

[iii tilousalius of ut	maisj		
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
CONSTRUCT NEW ACPINFORMATION PROCESSING CENTERSENSITIVE COMPARTMENTED INFORMATION FACILITY	5,100 30,400 91,000	5,100 30,400 45,500	
AIR FORCE:	•		
Kapaun: Dormitory (128 RM)RAMSTEIN AB:	19,600	19,600	
CONSTRUCT C-130J FLIGHT SIMULATOR FACILITY DEICING FLUID STORAGE & DISPENSING FACILITY	8,800 2,754	8,800 2,754	
UAS SATCOM RELAY PADS & FACILITYVILSECK:	10,800	10,800	
AIR SUPPORT OPERATIONS SQUADRON [ASOS] COM- PLEX	12,900	12,900	
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
KATTERBACH: HEALTH/DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENTPANZER KASERNE:	37,100	37,100	
REPLACE BOEBLINGEN HS	48,968	48,968	
HEALTH CLINIC ADD/ALT	34,800	34,800	
TOTAL, GERMANY	513,122	467,622	-45,500
GUAM			
NAVY: GUAM:			
AAFB NORTH RAMP PARKING (PHASE 1, INC 2)	93,588		-93,588
AAFB NORTH RAMP UTILITIES (PHASE 1, INC 2)	79,350		-79,350
APRA HARBOR WHARVES IMP (PHASE 1, INC)	40,000	40,000	
DEFENSE ACCESS ROAD IMPROVEMENTSFINEGAYAN SITE PREP AND UTILITIES	66,730 147,210	66,730	-147,210
AIR FORCE:	147,210		-147,210
ANDERSEN AFB:			
GUAM STRIKE OPS GROUP & TANKER TASK FORCE:			
RENOVATION	9,100	9,100	
GUAM STRIKE SOUTH RAMP UTILITIES, PHASE 1 PRTC—COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS FACIL-	12,200	12,200	
TRIC—COMMAN COMMONICATIONS OF ENATIONS TACKED ITY PRTC—RED HORSE HEADQUARTERS/ENGINEERING FACIL-	9,200	9,200	
ITY	8,000	8,000	
PRTC—COMMANDO WARRIOR OPEN BAY STUDENT BAR- RACKS DEFENSE-WIDE:	11,800	11,800	
AGANA NAVAL AIR STATION: HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT, INCR 2	70,000	70,000	
BARRIGADA: COMBINED SUPPORT MAINT SHOP PH 1	19,000	19,000	
	566,178		
TOTAL, GUAM HONDURAS	300,176	246,030	-320,148
ARMY:			
SOTO CANO AB: BARRACKS	20,400		-20,400
TOTAL, HONDURAS	20,400		-20,400

101
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LISTING BY LOCATION—Continued
[In thousands of dollars]

Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
ITALY			
ARMY:			
VICENZA: BDE COMPLEX—BARRACKS/COMMUNITY, INCR 4BDE COMPLEX—OPERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY,	26,000	26,000	
INCR 4	25,000	25,000	
AVIANO AB: AIR SUPPORT OPERATIONS SQUADRON [ASOS] FACILITY DORMITORY (144 RM)	10,200 19,000	10,200 19,000	
TOTAL, ITALY	80,200	80,200	
JAPAN			
NAVY:			
ATSUGI: MH—60R/S TRAINER FACILITY DEFENSE-WIDE:	6,908	6,908	
Kadena ab: Install fuel filters—separators Misawa ab:	3,000	3,000	
HYDRANT FUEL SYSTEM	31,000		-31,000
TOTAL, JAPAN	40,908	9,908	-31,000
KOREA			
ARMY: CAMP WALKER: ELECTRICAL SYSTEM UPGRADE & NATURAL GAS SYSTEM	19,500	19,500	
AIR FORCE: KUNSAN AB: DMT FLIGHT SIMULATOR FACILITY DEFENSE-WIDE:	7,500	7,500	
CAMP CARROLL: HEALTH/DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT	19,500		-19,500
TOTAL, KOREA	46,500	27,000	-19,500
PUERTO RICO	40,300	27,000	-13,300
DEFENSE-WIDE: FORT BUCHANAN: ANTILLES ES/IS—REPLACE SCHOOL	58,708	58,708	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD: CAMP SANTIAGO:			
Live fire shoot house	3,100 9,200	3,100 9,200	
TOTAL, PUERTO RICO	71,008	71,008	
QATAR			
AIR FORCE: AL UDEID: BLATCHFORD-PRESTON COMPLEX PH III DEFENSE-WIDE:	62,300	62,300	
AL UDEID: NSA WAREHOUSE	1,961	1,961	
TOTAL, QATAR	64,261	64,261	

102
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LISTING BY LOCATION—Continued
[In thousands of dollars]

Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
SPAIN			
NAVY:			
ROTA:			
AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	23,190	23,190	
TOTAL, SPAIN	23,190	23,190	
UNITED KINGDOM	20,100	20,100	
AIR FORCE:			
RAF MILDENHALL: EXTEND TAXIWAY ALPHA	15,000	15,000	
DEFENSE-WIDE:	13,000	13,000	
MENWITH HILL STATION:			
MHS PSC CONSTRUCTION—GENERATORS 10 & 11	2,000	2,000	
RAF MILDENHALL:			
REPLACE HYDRANT FUEL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	15,900	15,900	
RAF ALCONBURY: ALCONBURY ES REPLACEMENT	30,308	30,308	
	,		
TOTAL, UNITED KINGDOM	63,208	63,208	
VIRGIN ISLANDS			
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
ST. CROIX:			
READINESS CENTER [JFHQ]	25,000	25,000	
TOTAL, VIRGIN ISLANDS	25,000	25,000	
NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM	258,884	258,884	
WORLDWIDE UNSPECIFIED			
ARMY:			
HOST NATION SUPPORT	28,000	28,000	
PLANNING AND DESIGN	221,636	230,308	+ 8,67
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	23,000	25,051	+ 2,05
NAVY:	100.050	104.140	
PLANNING AND DESIGN	120,050	124,148	+ 4,09
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	20,877	22,357	+ 1,48
PLANNING AND DESIGN	66,336	77,182	+ 10.84
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	18,000	22,717	+ 4,71
F-35 ACADEMIC TRAINING CENTER	54,150	54,150	l
F-35 SQUADRON OPERATIONS FACILITY	10,260	10,260	
F-35 FLIGHT SIMULATOR FACILITY	12,190	12,190	
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
CONTINGENCY CONSTRUCTION	10,000	10,000	
ENERGY CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM	120,000	290,000	+ 170,00
PLANNING AND DESIGN:	F. 000	F + 00:	
DEFENSE LEVEL ACTIVITIES	54,221	54,221	
DEFENSE SECURITY SERVICE	1,988	1,988	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DEPENDENT EDUCATION	79,763	79,763	
ENERGY CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM		10,000	+ 10,00
NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY	28,239	28,239	
SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND	30,836	35,686	+ 4,85
TRICARE MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY	230,300	230,300	
WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS SERVICE	6,270	6,270	
	-		

103
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LISTING BY LOCATION—Continued
[In thousands of dollars]

Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION:			
DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY	5,258	5,258	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DEPENDENT EDUCATION	13,841	13,841	
JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	8,210	8,210	
SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND	7,663	7,663	
TRICARE MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY	4,884	4,884	
DEFENSE LEVEL ACTIVITIES	3,000	3,000	
SUBTOTAL, UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	42,856	42,856	
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD:			
PLANNING AND DESIGN	25,663	35,876	+ 10,213
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	11,400	28,229	+ 16,829
AIR NATIONAL GUARD:			
PLANNING AND DESIGN	9,214	22,732	+ 13,518
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	8,000	10,000	+ 2,000
ARMY RESERVE:			
PLANNING AND DESIGN	25,900	26,941	+ 1,041
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	3,000	3,000	
NAVY RESERVE:			
PLANNING AND DESIGN	1,857	1,857	
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	2,238	2,238	
AIR FORCE RESERVE:			
PLANNING AND DESIGN	1,653	1,653	
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	2,759	7,759	+ 5,000
FAMILY HOUSING, ARMY			
ALASKA:			
FORT WAINWRIGHT:			
FAMILY HOUSING REPLACEMENT (110 UNITS)	21,000	21,000	
GERMANY:			
BAUMHOLDER:			
FAMILY HOUSING REPLACEMENT (64 UNITS)	34,329	34,329	
CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS	35,000	35.000	
PLANNING AND DESIGN	2,040	2,040	
SUBTOTAL, CONSTRUCTION	92,369	92,369	
,	92,309	92,309	
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE: UTILITIES ACCOUNT	COCEE	COCEE	
SERVICES ACCOUNT	69,655 15,372	69,655 15,372	
MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT	49,222	49,222	
MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNT	1,201	1,201	
FURNISHINGS ACCOUNT	31,548	31,548	
LEASING	203,184	203,184	
MAINTENANCE OF REAL PROPERTY	120,899	120,899	
PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT COSTS	27,059	27,059	
	,	,	
SUBTOTAL, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	518,140	518,140	
FAMILY HOUSING, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS			
GUANTANAMO:			
NAVAL STATION GUANTANAMO:			
REPLACE GTMO HOUSING (71 UNITS)	37,169	37,169	
CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS	146,020	146,020	
PLANNING AND DESIGN	3,255	3,255	
	,-30	-,-30	

104
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LISTING BY LOCATION—Continued
[In thousands of dollars]

LIN THOUSANDS O	i uullaisj		
Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE:			
UTILITIES ACCOUNT	59,919	59,919	
SERVICES ACCOUNT		16,790	
MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT	1	63,551	
MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNT		464	
FURNISHINGS ACCOUNT		14,478	
LEASING	, .	97,484	
MAINTENANCE OF REAL PROPERTY		87,134	
PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT COSTS		26,526	
	,	20,020	
SUBTOTAL, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	366,346	366,346	
FAMILY HOUSING, AIR FORCE			
CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS	73,800	73,800	
PLANNING AND DESIGN	4,225	4,225	
SUBTOTAL, CONSTRUCTION	78,025	78,025	
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE:			
UTILITIES ACCOUNT	89,245	89,245	
MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT		54,633	
SERVICES ACCOUNT	21,535	21,535	
FURNISHINGS ACCOUNT	35,399	35,399	
MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNT	1,710	1,710	
LEASING	95,671	95,671	
MAINTENANCE		161,696	
PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT COSTS	53,903	53,903	
SUBTOTAL, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	513,792	513,792	
FAMILY HOUSING, DEFENSE-WIDE			
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE:			
NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY:			
UTILITIES	10	10	
FURNISHINGS		50	
LEASING		10,293	
MAINTENANCE OF REAL PROPERTY		70	
DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY:			
FURNISHINGS	4,501	4,501	
LEASING	34,124	34,124	
DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY:			
UTILITIES		297	
FURNISHINGS		18	
SERVICES		29	
MANAGEMENT		365	
MAINTENANCE OF REAL PROPERTY	707	707	
SUBTOTAL, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	50,464	50,464	
DOD FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND	1,096	1,096	
HOMEOWNERS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	16,515	16,515	
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE			
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACCOUNT, 1990	360,474	360,474	
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACCOUNT, 1330		2,354,285	
	2,004,200	2,007,200	
RECAP			
ARMY	4,078,798	3,797,521	-281,2
RESCISSION			
NAVY AND MARINE CORPS	3,879,104	3,667,922	-211,1

105
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LISTING BY LOCATION—Continued
[In thousands of dollars]

Installation and project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate (+ or -)
RESCISSION			
AIR FORCE RESCISSION	1,311,385	1,378,688	+ 67,303
DEFENSE-WIDE RESCISSION	3,118,062	3,241,601	+ 123,539
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD RESCISSION	873,664	980,072	+ 106,408
AIR NATIONAL GUARD		337,454	+ 160,468
RESCISSION ARMY RESERVE	1,	347,916	+ 29,741
RESCISSION	61,557	61,557	
RESCISSION AIR FORCE RESERVE	7,832	12,832	+ 5,000
RESCISSION		258,884	
RESCISSION CHEMICAL DEMILITARIZATION CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE-WIDE	124,971	124,971	
RESCISSION DOD FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND	1,096	1,096	
RESCISSION HOMEOWNERS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM		16,515	
RESCISSION	610,509	610,509	
RESCISSION FAMILY HOUSING, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS	552,790	552,790	
RESCISSION	591,817	591,817	
RESCISSIONFAMILY HOUSING, DEFENSE-WIDE	50,464	50,464	
RESCISSION	2,714,759	2,714,759	
RESCISSION			
GRAND TOTAL	18,747,368	18,747,368	

106

OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS

	Budget request	Committee recommendation	Committee versus reque
AFGHANISTAN			
MY:			
AIRBORNE:			
ROTARY WING PARKING	1.200		-1,2
BAGRAM AIR BASE:			-,-
ARMY AVIATION HQ FACILITIES		19,000	+ 19,0
BARRACKS		18,000	+ 18,0
COMMAND & CONTROL FACILITY	13,600	13,600	
CONSOLIDATED COMMUNITY SUPPORT AREA	10,000	14,800	+ 14,
DFIP DETAINEE HOUSING	23.000	1,,000	- 23,
DINING FACILITY	2,650	6,000	+ 3,
EASTSIDE ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION	2,000	10,400	+ 10,
EASTSIDE UTILITIES INFRASTRUCTURE		29,000	+ 29,
ENTRY CONTROL POINT		7,500	+7,
JOINT DEFENSE OPERATIONS CENTER		2,800	+ 2,
C-IED TASK FORCE COMPOUND	24,000		T Z,
		24,000	
MP HQ REPLACE TEMPORARY GUARD TOWERS	2,800	5,580	+ 2,
	5,500	6,000	+:
ROLE III HOSPITAL	35,000	42,000	+7,
TANKER TRUCK OFF-LOAD FACILITY	5,700		− 5,
TASK FORCE FREEDOM COMPOUND	18,000	18,000	
TROOP HOUSING, PH 4	23,000	23,000	
TROOP HOUSING, PH 5	29,000	29,000	
TROOP HOUSING, PH 6	29,000	29,000	
TROOP HOUSING, PH 7	29,000	29,000	
TROOP HOUSING, PH 8	29,000	29,000	
VET CLINIC & KENNEL	2,600	2,600	
DWYER:			
COMMAND & CONTROL FACILITY	5,200	5,200	
DINING FACILITY	6,000	9,000	+3,
ROTARY WING APRON	44,000	44,000	
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	16,000	16,000	
FRONTENAC:	.,	.,	
WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPLEX	4,200	4,200	
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	4,200	4,200	
JALALABAD:	1,200	.,200	
ROTARY WING PARKING	1,100		-1,
KANDAHAR:	1,100		1,
NORTH AREA UTILITIES, PH 2	21,000		-21.
SOF JOINT OPERATIONS CENTER	6,000	6,000	۷1,
TROOP HOUSING, PH 4		20,000	
	20,000		
TROOP HOUSING, PH 5	20,000	20,000	
TROOP HOUSING, PH 6	20,000	20,000	
TROOP HOUSING, PH 7	20,000	20,000	
MAYWAND:	7,000	7 000	
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	7,000	7,000	
SHANK:			
AMMUNITION SUPPLY POINT	25,000	23,000	−2 ,
EXPAND ECP 1 AND ECP 2	16,000	9,000	− 7,
GUARD TOWERS	2,400	2,400	
ROADS AND UTILITIES, PH 1	8,000	25,000	+17,
SHARANA:			
BULK MATERIALS TRANSFER STATION	12,400	12,400	
SHINDAND:	' '		
MEDICAL FACILITY	7,700		-7,
TARIN KOWT:			.,
MEDICAL FACILITY	5,500		-5 ,
ROTARY WING PARKING AND TAXIWAY, PH 2	24,000	24,000	- J,
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	4,200	4,200	
TOMBSTONE/BASTION:	4,200	4,200	

 ${107} \\$ Overseas contingency operations—continued

[In thousands of dollars]

	Budget request	Committee recommendation	Committee versus request
DINING FACILITY	12,800	27,000	+ 14,200
ROTARY WING PARKING	35.000	35.000	
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	13,000	13,000	
WOLVERINE:	13,000	10,000	
ENTRY CONTROL POINT	5,100	5,100	
PERIMETER FENCE		,	
	5,100	5,100	
ROTARY WING APRON	24,000	24,000	
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	13,000	13,000	
VARIOUS LOCATIONS:			
ROUTE GYPSUM, PH 1	40,000	49,000	+ 9,000
AIR FORCE:			
BAGRAM:			
CONSOLIDATED RIGGING FACILITY		9,900	+ 9,900
FIGHTER HANGAR		16,480	+ 16,480
MEDEVAC RAMP EXPANSION/FIRE STATION	l	16,580	+ 16,580
KANDAHAR:			
EXPAND CARGO HANDLING AREA	7,100	7,100	
EXPEDITIONARY AIRLIFT SHELTER	7,400	7,400	
SHARANA:	7,400	7,400	
RUNWAY	35,000		- 35.000
SHINDAND:	33,000		- 33,000
	15 000	15 000	
PASSENGER & CARGO TERMINAL	15,800	15,800	
TOMBSTONE/BASTION:	0.500	0.500	
EXPAND FUELS OPERATIONS AND STORAGE	2,500	2,500	
PARALLEL TAXIWAY	86,000		- 86,000
REFUELER APRON	55,000		- 55,000
WARRIOR:			
RUNWAY	8,700		- 8,700
WORLDWIDE CLASSIFIED			
DEFENSE-WIDE:			
CLASSIFIED PROJECT [NSA]	41,900	41,900	
WORLDWIDE UNSPECIFIED			
ARMY:			
MINOR CONSTRUCTION	78,330	98,330	+ 20,000
PLANNING & DESIGN	89,716	101,266	+ 11,550
AIR FORCE:		. ,	,
UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	49,584	69,584	+ 20,000
PLANNING & DESIGN	13,422	19,482	+ 6,060
DEFENSE-WIDE:	10,422	15,402	1 0,000
PLANNING AND DESIGN	4,600	4,600	
	,	,	
GRAND TOTAL	1,257,002	1,257,002	
RECAP			
	929 996	1 045 676	± 115 680
ARMY	929,996	1,045,676	
ARMY	280,506	164,826	- 115,680
ARMY			+ 115,680 - 115,680

DISCLOSURE OF CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS

The Constitution vests in the Congress the power of the purse. The Committee believes strongly that Congress should make the decisions on how to allocate the people's money.

As defined in Rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the term "congressionally directed spending item" means a provision or report language included primarily at the request of a Senator, providing, authorizing, or recommending a specific amount of discretionary budget authority, credit authority, or other spending authority for a contract, loan, loan guarantee, grant, loan authority, or other expenditure with or to an entity, or targeted to a specific State, locality or congressional district, other than through a statutory or administrative, formula-driven, or competitive award process.

For each item, a Member is required to provide a certification that neither the Member nor the Member's immediate family has a pecuniary interest in such congressionally directed spending item. Such certifications are available to the public on the website of the Senate Committee on Appropriations (www.appropriations.senate.gov/senators.cfm).

Following is a list of congressionally directed spending items included in the Senate recommendation discussed in this report, along with the name of each Senator who submitted a request to the Committee of jurisdiction for each item so identified. Neither the Committee recommendation nor this report contains any limited tax benefits or limited tariff benefits as defined in rule XLIV.

Account	Project	Funding	Requestor
	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AND FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION	TION	
Army Army Army	Alabama: FORT RUCKER—AVATION COMPONENT MAINTENANCE SHOP Alabama: FORT RUCKER—AVATION MAINTENANCE FACILITY Alabama: FORT RICKER—TRAINING AIDS CENTER	\$29,000 \$36,000 \$4,650	The President, Senator Sessions The President, Senator Sessions The President Senator Sessions
	Alabama: MOBILE—T—6 SOLO CAPABLE OUTUTING LANDING FIELD Alabama: MAXWELI 4FR—ADDAIT A RI INVIERSITY I IRRARY	\$29,082	The President, Senator Sessions The President Senator Sessions
Air Guard	Alabaman MONTGOMERY REGIONAL AIRPORT [ANG] BASE—FUEL CELL AND CORROSION CONTROL LAMBGAD	\$7,472	The President, Senator Sessions
	Hanska: VAR GREELY—FIRE STATION	\$26,000	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
Army	Alaska: Fort Richardson—Brighter, Fit 1 Alaska: Fort Richardson—Multipurpose Machine Gun Range	\$12,200	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
	Alaska: FORT RICHARDSON—SIMULATIONS CENTER	\$34,000	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
Army	Alaska: FORT WAINWRIGHT—AVIATION TASK FORCE COMPLEX, PH 2A (HANGAR)	\$92,650	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
Army	- Alaska: FURT WAIIWWRIGHT—AVIATION TASK FURCE CUMITLEA, FIT 25 [CUT]	\$3,350	The President, Senators Begich and Mirkowski
Air Force	Alaska: ELMENDORF AFB—ADD/ALTER AIR SUPPORT OPERATIONS SQUADRON	\$4,749	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
	Alaska: ELMENDORF AFB—CONSTRUCT RAILHEAD OPERATIONS FACILITY	\$15,000	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
Air Force	Alaska: ELMENDORF AFB—F-22 ADD/ALTER WEAPONS RELEASE SYSTEMS SHOP	\$10,525	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
Air Force	Alaska: EIELSON AFB—REPAIR CENTRAL HEAT PLANT AND POWER PLANT BOILERS	\$28,000	The President, Senators Begich and Murkowski
Navy	Arizona: YUMA—AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	\$40,600	The President
Navy	Arizona: YUMA—AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	\$63,280	The President
Navy	Arizona: YUMA—COMMUNICATIONS INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADE	\$63,730	The President
Navy	/UMA	\$21,480	The President
Navy	Arizona: YUMA—SIMULATOR FACILITY	\$36,060	The President
Navy	YUMA_	\$44,320	The President
Navy	YUMA-	\$15,590	The President
Air Force	Arizona: DAVIS-MONTHAN AFB—AMARG HANGAR	\$25,000	The President
Air Force	Arizona: DAVIS-MONTHAN AFB—HC—130 AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY	\$4,600	The President
	Arizona: DAVIS-MONTHAN AFB—HC-130J AERIAL CARGO FACILITY	\$10,700	The President
	Arizona: DAVIS-MONTHAN AFB—HC-130J PARTS STORE	\$8,200	The President
	Arizona: FORT HUACHUCA—TFI—PREDATOR LRE BEDDOWN	\$11,000	The President
Air Guard	Arizona: DAVIS MONTHAN AFB—TFI—PREDATOR FOC—ACTIVE DUTY ASSOCIATE	\$4,650	
Army Guard	Arizona: FLORENCE—READINESS CENTER	\$16,500	
Def-Wide—S0C0M	Arizona: YUMA—SOF MILITARY FREE FALL SIMULATOR	\$8,977	The President

110

	110
Requestor	The President, Senators Pryor and Lincoln The President, Senators Pryor and Lincoln The President, Senator Feinstein
Funding	\$19,000 \$30,000 \$30,000 \$33,000 \$33,000 \$42,864 \$42,864 \$1,000 \$3,702 \$3,702 \$3,702 \$3,702 \$3,703 \$3
Project	AKABISASIS FORT CHAFFEE—COMBINED ARMS COLLECTIVE TRAINING FACILITY AKABISASIS FORT CHAFFEE—LUVE FIRE SHOOT HOUSE AKABISASIS CAMP ROBINSON—COMBINED SUPPORT MAINTENANCE SHOP California: PRESIDIO MONTEREY—ADVANCED INDIVIDUAL TRAINING BARRACKS California: PRESIDIO MONTEREY—ADVANCED INDIVIDUAL TRAINING MUDION California: CAMP PENDLETON—BEQ—LAS FLORES California: CAMP PENDLETON—BEQ—LAS FLORES California: CAMP PENDLETON—MAS—SHORES California: CAMP PENDLETON—MAS—SHORE FRATARIN MCREMENTED California: CAMP PENDLETON—MARINE CORPS ENERGY INITIATIVE California: CAMP PENDLETON—MAS—BEAD AND RANIS MAGAZINE—EDSON RANGE California: CAMP PENDLETON—TRUCK COMPANY OFERATIONS COMPLEX California: CAMP PENDLETON—TRUCK COMPANY OFERATIONS California: AND IEGO—BERTHING PIER 12 REPLACEMENT AND DREDGING, PHASE I California: SAN DIEGO—BERTHING PIER 12 REPLACEMENT AND DREDGING, PHASE I California: SAN DIEGO—MARINE CORPS ENERGY INITIATIVE California: POINT UMAG—BEQ AND PARKING STRUCTURE California: POINT UMAG—BEQ AND PARKING STRUCTURE California: POINT UMUREN LIGGETT—ECS NAREHOUSE California: FORT HUNTER LIGGETT—ECS NAREHOUSE California: FORT HUNTER LIGGETT—LIGHT DEMENTE WARKEN California: FORT HUNTER LIGGETT—LIGHT DEMENTED FANDLE MANIFARM California: FORT HUNTER LIGGETT—LIGHT DEMENTED FANDLE MANIFARM California: FORT HUNTER LIGGETT—LIGHT DEMENTED FANDLE MANIFARM California: FORT HUNTER LIGGETT—
Account	Amy Guard Amy Guard Amy Guard Amy Amy Amy Nay Nay Nay Nay Nay Nay Nay Nay Nay Na

Army		\$3,650	The President
	Colorado:	\$6,700	The President
Army		\$56,000	The President
Army	Colorado: FORT CARSON—SIMULATIONS CENTER	\$40,000	The President
Air Force	Colorado: BUCKLEY AIR FORCE BASE—SECURITY FORCES OPERATIONS FACILITY	\$12,160	The President
Air Force	Colorado: PETERSON AFB—RAIDRS SPACE CONTROL FACILITY	\$24,800	The President
Air Force	Colorado: U.S. AIR FORCE ACADEMY—CONST CENTER FOR CHARACTER & LEADERSHIP	\$27,600	The President
Def-Wide—SOCOM	Colorado: FORT CARSON—SOF TACTICAL UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE HANGAR	\$3,717	The President
Army Guard	Colorado: COLORADO SPRINGS—READINESS CENTER	\$20,000	The President
Army Guard	Colorado: FORT CARSON—REGIONAL TRAINING INSTITUTE	\$40,000	The President
Army Guard	Colorado: GYPSUM—HAATS/AASF	\$39,000	The President
Army Guard	Colorado: WINDSOR—READINESS CENTER	\$7,500	The President
Chem Demil Const	Colorado: PUEBLO DEPOT—AMMUNITION DEMILITARIZATION FACILITY, PH XII	\$65,569	The President, Senators Bennet and Mark Udall
Army Guard	Connecticut: WINDSOR LOCKS—READINESS CENTER (AVIATION)	\$41,000	The President, Senator Lieberman
Air Force	Delaware: DOVER AFB—C-5M/C-17 MAINTENANCE TRAINING FACILITY, PH 2	\$3,200	The President
Army Guard	Delaware: NEW CASTLE—ARMED FORCES RESERVE CENTER [JFHQ]	\$27,000	The President
	Delaware: NEW CASTLE COUNTY AIRPORT—JOINT FORCES OPERATIONS CENTER-ANG SHARE	\$1,500	The President
Air Force	District of Columbia: BOLLING AFB—JOINT AIR DEFENSE OPERATIONS CENTER	\$13,200	The President
	District of Columbia: BOLLING AIR FORCE BASE—REPLACE PARKING STRUCTURE, PHASE 1	\$3,000	The President
Army	Florida: EGLIN AFB—CHAPEL	\$6,900	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Army	Florida: MIAMI-DADE COUNTY—COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITY	\$41,000	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Navy	Florida: BLOUNT ISLAND—CONSOLIDATED WAREHOUSE FACILITY	\$17,260	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
	Fiorida: BLOUNT ISLAND—CONTAINER STAGING AND LOADING LOT	\$5,990	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Navy	Fiorida: Blount island—container storage lot	\$4,910	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
	Fiorida: BLOUNT ISLAND—HARDSTAND EXTENSION	\$17,930	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Navy	Fiorida: BLOUNT ISLAND—PAINT AND BLAST FACILITY	\$18,840	Senator
Navy	Florida: BLOUNT ISLAND—WASHRACK EXPANSION	\$9,690	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Navy	Florida: TAMPA—JCSE VEHICLE PAINT FACILITY	\$2,300	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Air Force	Florida: EGLIN AFB—F-35 FUEL CELL MAINTENANCE HANGAR	\$11,400	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Air Force	Fiorida: Hurlburt Field—add to Visiting Quarters (24 RM)	\$4,500	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Air Force	Florida: HURLBURT FIELD—ADAL SPECIAL OPERATIONS SCHOOL FACILITY	\$6,170	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Air Force	Florida: HURLBURT FIELD—BASE LOGISTICS FACILITY	\$24,000	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Air Force	Florida: PATRICK AFB—AIR FORCE TECHNICAL APPLICATION CENTER	\$100,009	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Def-Wide—SOCOM	Florida: EGLIN AFB—SOF GROUND SUPPORT BATTALION DETACHMENT	\$6,030	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Air Guard	Fiorida: Jacksonville IAP—Security forces training facility	\$6,700	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Army Reserve		\$13,800	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Army Reserve	Florida: ORLANDO—ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	\$10,200	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Army Reserve	Florida: TALLAHASSEE—ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	\$10,400	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Air Force Reserve	Fiorida: Patrick afb—Weapons maintenance facility	\$3,420	The President, Senator Bill Nelson
Army	Georgia: FORT BENNING—LAND ACQUISITION	\$12,200	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson

Account	Project	Funding	Requestor
Army	Georgia: FORT BENNING—TRAINEE BARRACKS, PH 2	\$51,000	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	Georgia: FORT BENNING—TRAINING BATTALION COMPLEX, PH 2	\$14,600	
4rmy	BENNING-	\$14,600	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	FORT BENNING—VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	\$53,000	Senators
Army	FORT GORDON—	\$4,150	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army		\$6,200	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	Georgia: FORT STEWART—AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN RANGE	\$9,100	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	Georgia: FORT STEWART—AVIATION UNIT OPERATIONS COMPLEX	\$47,000	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	FORT STEWART—	\$18,000	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	FORT	\$8,200	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army		\$3,750	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army		\$26,000	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army		\$7,000	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Navy	Georgia: KINGS BAY—SECURITY ENCLAVE & VEHICLE BARRIERS	\$45,004	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
÷		\$15,660	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Def-Wide—DLA		\$2,400	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Def-Wide—DODEA	Georgia: FORT BENNING—DEXTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CONSTRUCT GYM	\$2,800	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Def-Wide—NSA		\$12,855	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
	Georgia: FORT BENNING—SOF MWD KENNEL COMPLEX	\$3,624	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Def-Wide—S0C0M	Georgia: HUNTER ARMY AIRFIELD—SOF TEMF EXPANSION	\$3,318	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
	Georgia: FORT BENNING—SOF COMPANY SUPPORT FACILITY	\$20,441	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Def-Wide—TMA	Georgia: FORT STEWART—HEALTH CLINIC ADDTION/ALTERATION	\$35,100	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army Guard	Georgia: CUMMING—READINESS CENTER	\$17,000	
my Guard	Georgia: DOBBINS ARB—READINESS CENTER ADD/ALT	\$10,400	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
ir Guard	Georgia: Savannah/HILTON HEAD IAP—RELOCATE AIR SUPT OPERS SQDN	\$7,450	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army Reserve	Georgia: MACON—ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	\$11,400	The President, Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	Hawaii: FORT SHAFTER—COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITY, PH 1	\$58,000	The President, Senator Inouye
Army	Hawaii: FORT SHAFTER—FLOOD MITIGATION	\$23,000	The President, Senator Inouye
Army	Hawaii: SCHOFIELD BARRACKS—BARRACKS	\$90,000	The President, Senator Inouye
Army	Hawaii: SCHOFIELD BARRACKS—BARRACKS	\$98,000	The President, Senator Inouye
Army	Hawaii: SCHOFIELD BARRACKS—TRAINING AIDS CENTER	\$24,000	The President, Senator Inouye
4rmy	Hawaii: TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER—BARRACKS	\$28,000	
Navy	Hawaii; CAMP SMITH—PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER	\$29,960	
vavy	I Hawaii: KANEUHE BAY—BACHELUK ENLISTED QUAKTEKS	\$90,530	The President, Senator Inouye

\$8,500	The President, Senator Inouye The President, Senator Inouye
\$38,000	Senator
\$48,250	Senator
\$27,500	The President, Senator mouye The President
\$17,500	The President
\$6,300	
\$1,388	
\$15,000	Senator
\$16,700	The President, Senator Durbin The President Senator Durbin
\$4.100	
\$15,500	The President
\$8,175	The President
\$7,100	The President
\$4,100	The President
\$14,800	The President
\$31,000	The President The President
\$24,000	The President
\$43,000	The President
\$1,500	The President, Senator McConnell
\$67,000	Senator
\$25,000	The President, Senator McConnell
\$26,000	Senator
\$3,300	Senator
\$15,500	Senator 1
\$6,000	Senator
\$12,800	Senator
\$38,095	Senator
\$19,500	Senator
\$59,402	Senator
\$23,000	The President Senator Landrieu
	\$8,500 \$5,900 \$17,250 \$17,500 \$17,500 \$17,500 \$17,500 \$17,500 \$17,500 \$17,000

Account	Project	Funding	Requestor
	I FORT BOLV LAND ACCULINITION	6	
Affily		\$6,000	The President, Senator Landrieu
Army	_	\$24,000	The President, Senator Landrieu
Air Force	=	\$18,140	The President, Senator Landrieu
Army Guard		\$5,500	The President, Senator Landrieu
Army Guard		\$28,000	The President, Senator Landrieu
Navy Reserve		\$16,281	The President, Senator Landrieu
		\$14,600	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Army		\$7,600	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
		\$25,000	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
		\$34,238	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
		\$42,211	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
		\$14,000	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Def-Wide—NSA		\$219,360	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
		\$105,000	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Def-Wide—TMA	_	\$17,100	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Def-Wide—TMA		\$62,900	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
	_	\$23,100	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
		\$4,300	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
		\$2,700	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Def-Wide—TMA		\$3,700	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Def-Wide—TMA		\$17,400	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Def-Wide—TMA	Maryland: FORT DETRICK—WATER TREATMENT PLANT REPAIR & SUPPLEMENT	\$11,900	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
	Maryland: ST. INIGOES—TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM FACILITY	\$5,500	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Air Guard	Maryland: Martin State Airport—Replace ops and Medical Training Facility	\$11,400	The President, Senators Mikulski and Cardin
Def-Wide—TMA	Massachusetts: HANSCOM AFB—MENTAL HEALTH CLINIC ADDITION	\$2,900	The President, Senator Kerry
Army Guard	Massachusetts: HANSCOM AFB—ARMED FORCES RESERVE CENTER [JFHQ], PH 2	\$23,000	The President, Senator Kerry
	Massachusetts: DevenS RESERVE FORCES TRAINING AREA—AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE RANGE	\$4,700	The President, Senator Kerry
Army Guard	Michigan: CAMP GRAYLING RANGE—COMBINED ARMS COLLECTIVE TRAINING FACILITY	\$19,000	The President, Senators Levin and Stabenow
	Minnesota: ARDEN HILLS—FIELD MAINTENANCE SHOP	\$29,000	The President
Army Guard	Minnesota: CAMP RIPLEY—INFANTRY SQUAD BATTLE COURSE	\$4,300	The President
	Minnesota: CAMP RIPLEY—TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM FACILITY	\$4,450	The President
Army	Missouri: FORT LEONARD WOOD—BARRACKS	\$29,000	The President
Army		\$12,200	
Army	Missouri: FORT LEONARD WOOD—GENERAL INSTRUCTION BUILDING	\$7,000	The President

																-	115	5											
		\$29,000 The President	\$11,800 The President	\$3,300 The President, Senator Ben Nelson	\$11,400 The President, Senator Ben Nelson	The President,	The President,	\$7,870 The President, Senator Reid	\$13,110 The President, Senator Reid	\$28,760 The President, Senator Reid	The President	\$21,000 The President	\$8,000 The President, Senators Lautenberg and Menendez	\$18,440 The President, Senators Lautenberg and	Menendez	\$29,000 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	sident, Senators Bingaman and Tom) ndall	\$20,000 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	\$15,470 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	\$22,500 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	Sanatore	Udall	\$6,460 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	\$14,142 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	\$24,622 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	\$12,636 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	\$26,006 The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	
		ANCED TRAINEE BARRACKS, PH 2		ID/ALT			Nevada: NELLIS AFB—F—35 ADD/ALTER FLIGHT TEST INSTRUMENTATION FA					ING INSTITUTE)	New Jersey: MCGUIRE AFB—BASE OPS/COMMAND POST FACILITY [TF]]	New Jersey: MCGUIRE AFB—DORMITORY (120 RM)		New Mexico: WHITE SANDS—BARRACKS	New Mexico: Cannon Afb—Dormitory (96 RM)		New Mexico: CANNON AFB—UAS SQUADRON OPS FACILITY	New Mexico: HOLLOMAN AFB—UAS ADD/ALTER MAINTENANCE HANGAR	New Mexico. HOLLOMAN AFB—UAS MAINTENANCE HANGAR	Now Movies, KIRTI AND AFR. AFRIAL DELIVERY EACH ITY ADDITION		New Mexico: KIRTLAND AFB—ARMAMENT SHOP	New Mexico: KIRTLAND AFB—H/MC-130 FUEL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE FACILITY	New Mexico: CANNON AFB—SOF HANGAR/AMU (MC-130J)	New Mexico: CANNON AFB—SOF AIRCRAFT PARKING APRON (MC-130J)	New Mexico: CANNON AFB—SOF C-130 PARKING APRON PHASE I	
Army	Army	Army	Army Reserve	Army Guard	Army Guard	Air Force	Air Force	Air Force	Air Force	Air Force	Army Guard	Army Guard	Air Force	Air Force		Army	Air Force		Air Force	Air Force	Air Force	Air Force		Air Force	Air Force	Def-Wide—SOCOM	Def-Wide—SOCOM	Def-Wide—SOCOM	

PRESIDENTIALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS—Continued [Dollars in thousands]

								-	11	6																	
	Tom	Tom	Tom	Tom	Tom																						
	and	and	and	and	and																						
0.	Bingaman	Bingaman	Bingaman	Bingaman	Bingaman																						
Requestor	Senators	Senators	Senators	Senators	Senators																						
	The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom Udall	The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom	The President, Senators Bingaman and	Udali The President, Senators Bingaman and	Outail The President, Senators Bingaman and Tom IIdall	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President
																							_				_
Funding	\$39,674	\$13,287	\$22,900	\$8,500	\$11,400	\$14,600	\$16,500	\$61,000	\$55,000	\$18,500	\$55,000	\$130,624	\$1,700	\$20,440	\$27,960	\$2,500	\$14,250	\$13,400	\$33,000	\$23,000	\$50.000	\$53,000	\$12,600	\$11,200	\$17,000	\$14,600	\$18,000
Project	New Mexico: Cannon AfB—SOF OPERATIONS AND TRAINING COMPLEX	. New Mexico: Cannon AfB—SOF ADD/ALT SIMULATOR FACILITY FOR MC—130	New Mexico: WHITE SANDS—HEALTH AND DENTAL CLINICS	New Mexico: FARMINGTON—READINESS CENTER ADD/ALT	New Mexico: LAS CRUCES—ARMY RESERVE CENTER/LAND	New York: FORT DRUM—AIRCRAFT FUEL STORAGE COMPLEX	_	New York: FORT DRUM—BATTALION COMPLEX	New York: FORT DRUM—	New York: FORT DRIIM—INFANING AIDS CENTER COURSE	_	_	_	_	=	=	=			NOTE CATOLINA FOR DEACH DEACH DESCRIPTION North Continue CONTINUE North Continue CODE DEACH DESCRIPTION		North Carolina: FORT BRAGG-	North Carolina: FORT BRAGG—				
Account	Def-Wide—SOCOM	Def-Wide—SOCOM	Def-Wide—TMA	Army Guard	Army Reserve	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Air Force	Def-Wide-DODEA	Air Guard	Air Guard	Army Reserve	Army	Ailly	Army	Army	Armý	Armý	Army	Army	Army

	\$46,550	\$42,330 \$43,640		\$46,290		\$74,260		\$25,990	\$2,553	\$18,470	\$56,050	\$56,470	\$42,500 1		\$5,800	\$16,646	\$23,086	\$22,000	\$11,000 The President	\$15,795	\$32,000	\$41,000	\$13,465 The President	\$2,000	\$18,770	\$11,200	\$7,400 The President \$13.800 The President
North Carolina: FORT BRAGG—VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP North Carolina: FORT BRAGG—VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP North Carolina: CAMP LEJEUNE—ZND INTEL BN MAINTENANCE/OPS COMPLEX North Carolina: CAMP LEJEUNE—RRMORY—II MRF—WAII AGF CRRFFK		North Carolina: CAMP LEJEUNE—	North Carolina: CAMP LEJEUNE—		North Carolina: CAMP LEJEUNE—EOD ADDITION—2ND MARINE LOGISTICS GROUP	North	North Carolina: CAMP LEJEUNE—	North Carolina: CAMP LEJEUNE—	_		_	_		North Carolina: CHERRY POINT MCAS—MARINERS BAY LAND ACQUISITION—BOGUE	_	_	_	_	North Carolina: FORT BRAGG—SOF OPERATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS FACILITY	North Carolina: FORT BRAGG—	_	North Carolina: FORT BRAGG—			_	_	Ohio: COLUMBUS—REPLACE PUBLIC SAFETY FACILITY
Army Army Navy Navy	Navy Navy	Navy Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy	Navy Navy	Navy	Def-Wide-DODEA	-DODEA		Def-Wide—SOCOM		Def-Wide—S0C0M	Def-Wide—S0C0M	Def-Wide—SOCOM	Air Giard	Air Force	Army Guard	Def-Wide—DLA

Account	Project	Funding	Requestor
		0000	
	Oklahoma: MCALESTER—IGLOO STORAGE, DEPOT LEVEL	\$3,000	The President
	OKIATIOITIA: HINNER ALD—UPGRADE BUILDING SOUL INFRASTRUCTURE, FIT III	\$ 14,000	The President Sepators Specter and Casev
	Pennsylvania: STATE COLLEGE ANGS—ADD TO AND ALTER AOS FACILITY	\$4,100	
	Rhode Island: NEWPORT—ELECTROMAGNETIC SENSOR FACILITY	\$27,007	
		\$27,000	
	South Carolina: FORT JACKSON—TRAINING AIDS CENTER	\$17,000	The President, Senator Graham
	South Carolina: FORT JACKSON—TRAINEE BARRACKS	\$28,000	The President, Senator Graham
	South Carolina: FORT JACKSON—TRAINEE BARRACKS COMPLEX, PH 1	\$46,000	The President, Senator Graham
	South Carolina: BEAUFORT—AICUZ LAND ACQUISITION	\$21,190	The President, Senator Graham
	South Carolina: BEAUFORT—AIRCRAFT HANGAR—VMFAT—502	\$46,550	The President, Senator Graham
	South Carolina: BEAUFORT—PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER	\$15,430	The President, Senator Graham
	South Carolina: BEAUFORT—TRAINING AND SIMULATOR FACILITY	\$46,240	The President, Senator Graham
	South Carolina: CHARLESTON AFB—CIVIL ENGINEER COMPLEX [TFI]—PHASE 1	\$15,000	The President, Senator Graham
Army Guard	South Dakota: WATERTOWN—READINESS CENTER	\$25,000	The President, Senator Johnson
	Tennessee: NASHVILLE IAP—TFI—RENOVATE INTEL SQUADRON FACILITIES	\$5,500	The President
	Texas: FORT BLISS—AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN RANGE	\$6,700	The President, Senator Hutchison
	Texas: FORT BLISS—COMPANY OPERATIONS FACILITIES	\$18,500	The President, Senator Hutchison
4rmy	Texas: FORT BLISS—DIGITAL MULTIPURPOSE TRAINING RANGE	\$22,000	The President, Senator Hutchison
	Texas: FORT BLISS—HEAVY SNIPER RANGE	\$3,500	The President, Senator Hutchison
	FORT BLISS—	\$15,500	The President, Senator Hutchison
	- 1	\$2,100	The President, Senator Hutchison
	FORT BLISS—	\$3,150	The President, Senator Hutchison
	ORT BLISS—	\$15,500	The President, Senator Hutchison
	FORT BLISS—	\$3,000	The President, Senator Hutchison
	FORT BLISS—	\$17,500	The President, Senator Hutchison
	FORT BLISS—	\$31,000	The President, Senator Hutchison
	FORT BLISS—I	\$2,800	The President, Senator Hutchison
	Texas: Fort Bliss—Vehicle Bridge overpass	\$8,700	The President, Senator Hutchison
	Texas: FORT HOOD—BATTALION COMPLEX	\$40,000	The President, Senator Hutchison
		\$38,000	The President, Senator Hutchison
		\$4,300	The President, Senator Hutchison
	HOOD	\$3,200	The President, Senator Hutchison
	Texas: FORT HOOD—LIVE FIRE FXFRCISE SHOOTHOUSE	\$2 100	The Precident Senator Hutchicon

Virginia: FORT A.P. HILL—1200 METER RANGE \$14,500 The President, Senators Webb and Warner Virginia: FORT A.P. HILL—INDOOR FIRING RANGE \$6,200 The President, Senators Webb and Warner Virginia: FORT A.P. HILL—MOUND DISTANCE RANGE \$3,800 The President, Senators Webb and Warner St. 100 The President, Senators Webb and Warner \$4,100 The President, Senators Webb and Warner Virginia: FORT LICL—MOUT COLLECTIVE TRAINING FACILITY \$65,000 The President, Senators Webb and Warner Virginia: FORT E.E. AITCHARTEN RIVING DAMAICE \$1,000 The President, Senators Webb and Warner

	120
Requestor	The President, Senators Webb and Warner The President, Senator Murray The President
Funding	\$47,355 \$6,300 \$11,000 \$11,000 \$11,000 \$1,346 \$3,740 \$6,300 \$6,300 \$6,300 \$6,300 \$1,100 \$6,300 \$1,10
Project	Virginia: QUANTICO—NEW CONSOLIDATED ELEMETARY SCHOOL Virginia: FORT A.P. HILL—ARMY RESERVE CENTER Virginia: FORT A.P. HILL—ARMY RESERVE CENTER Virginia: FORT STORY—ARMY RESERVE CENTER Virginia: PORT STORY—ARMY RESERVE CENTER Virginia: WILLIAMSBURG—ARMY ORDANICE CENTE CARGO LOGISTICS TRAINING COMPLEX Washington: FORT LEWIS—BARRACKS Washington: FORT LEWIS—BARRACKS COMPLEX Washington: FORT LEWIS—BARRACKS COMPLEX Washington: FORT LEWIS—REGIONAL LOGISTIC SUPPORT COMPLEX Washington: FORT LEWIS—REGIONAL LOGISTIC SUPPORT COMPLEX Washington: BANGOR—LIMITED AREA EMERGENCY POWER Washington: BANGOR—LIMITED AREA REDICINE FACILITY Washington: BANGOR—LIMITED AREA RODUCT/STRG CAMPLX (INCREMENTED) Washington: BANGOR—LIMITED AREA PRODUCT/STRG CAMPLX (INCREMENTED) Washington: BANGOR—LIMITED AREA PRODUCT/STRG CAMPLX (INCREMENTED) Washington: ADOMA—COMBINED SUPPORT MAINTENANCE SHOP Washington: ANDORA—COMBINED SUPPORT MAINTENANCE SHOP Washington: ANDORA—LOMBINESS CENTER Washington: ANDORA—LOMBINESS CENTER Washington: ANDORA—LOMBINESS CENTER Washington: ANDORA—LANDO ACADEMY PHASE II Wyoming: LARAMIL—FIELD MAINTENANCE SHOP Wisconsin: FORT MCCOY—ATMOB BILLETING COMPLEX Wisconsin: FORT MCCOY—ATMOB BILLETING COMPLEX Wisconsin: FORT MCCOY—ATMOB SILLETING CAMPLEX Bahrain Island: SW ASIA—WATERFRONT DEVELOPMENT, PHASE 3 Bahrain Island: SW ASIA—WORTH APRON EXPANSION Begium: BRUSSELS—REPLACE SHAPE MS/HS Dibouti: CAMP LEMONIRR—CAMPLEMINER PACILITY Dibouti: CAMP LEMONIRR—CAMPLEMINER PACILITY Dibouti: CAMP LEMONIRR—CAMPLEMINER Dibouti: CAMP LEMONIRR—CAMPLEMINER Diboutis CAMPLEMINER CAMPLEMINER DIBOUTIS CAMPLEMINER DIBOUTIS CAMP LEMONIRR—CAMPLEMINER DIBOUTIS CAM
Account	Def-Wide—DODEA Army Reserve Army Reserve Army Reserve Army Reserve Army Reserve Army Army Bot-Wide—TMA Army Bot-Wide—TMA Army Bot-Wide—Than Army Bot-Wide—Than Army Bot-Wide—DODEA Army Army Bot-Wide—DODEA Bot-Wide—DoDE

Naw	Diibouti: CAMP LEMONIER—PAVE EXTERNAL ROADS	\$3.824	The President
Armý	Gérmany: ANSBACH—PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER	\$13,800	The President
Army	Germany: ANSBACH—VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	\$18,000	The President
Army	Germany: GRAFENWOEHR—BARRACKS	\$17,500	The President
Army	Germany: GRAFENWOEHR—BARRACKS	\$19,000	The President
Army	Germany: GRAFENWOEHR—BARRACKS	\$19,000	The President
Armý	Germany: GRAFENWOEHR—BARRACKS	\$20,000	The President
Armý	Germany: RHINE ORDNANCE BARRACKS—BARRACKS COMPLEX	\$35,000	The President
Armý	Germany: SEMBACH AB—CONFINEMENT FACILITY	\$9,100	The President
Army	Germany: WIESBADEN AB—COMMAND AND BATTLE CENTER, INCR 2	\$59,500	The President
Army	Germany: WIESBADEN AB—CONSTRUCT NEW ACP	\$5,100	The President
Army	Germany: WIESBADEN AB—INFORMATION PROCESSING CENTER	\$30,400	The President
Army	Germany: WIESBADEN AB—SENSITIVE COMPARTMENTED INFORMATION FACILITY	\$45,500	The President
Air Force	Germany: KAPAUN—DORMITORY (128 RM)	\$19,600	The President
Air Force	Germany: RAMSTEIN AB—CONSTRUCT C-130J FLIGHT SIMULATOR FACILITY	\$8,800	The President
Air Force	Germany: RAMSTEIN AB—DEICING FLUID STORAGE & DISPENSING FACILITY	\$2,754	The President
Air Force	Germany: RAMSTEIN AB—UAS SATCOM RELAY PADS & FACILITY	\$10,800	The President
Air Force	Germany: VILSECK—AIR SUPPORT OPERATIONS SQUADRON [ASOS]	\$12,900	The President
Def-Wide—DODEA	Germany: PANZER KASERNE—REPLACE BOEBLINGEN HS	\$48,968	The President
Def-Wide—TMA	Germany: KATTERBACH—HEALTH/DENTAL CLINIC REPLACEMENT	\$37,100	The President
Def-Wide—TMA	Germany: VILSECK—HEALTH CLINIC ADD/ALT	\$34,800	The President
Navy	Guam: GUAM—APRA HARBOR WHARVES IMP. (PHASE 1, INC)	\$40,000	The President
Navy	Guam: GUAM—DEFENSE ACCESS ROAD IMPROVEMENTS	\$66,730	The President
Air Force	Guam: ANDERSEN AFB—GUAM STRIKE OPS GROUP & TANKER TASK FORCE	\$9,100	The President
Air Force	Guam: ANDERSEN AFB—GUAM STRIKE SOUTH RAMP UTILITIES, PHASE 1	\$12,200	The President
Air Force	Guam: ANDERSEN AFB—PRTC—COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS FACILITY	\$9,200	The President
Air Force	Guam: ANDERSEN AFB—PRTC—RED HORSE HEADQUARTERS/ENGINEERING FACILITY	\$8,000	The President
Air Force	Guam: ANDERSEN AFB—PRTC—COMMANDO WARRIOR OPEN BAY STUDENT BARRACKS	\$11,800	The President
Army Guard	Guam: BARRIGADA—COMBINED SUPPORT MAINT SHOP PH 1	\$19,000	The President
Def-Wide—TMA	Guam: AGANA NAVAL AIR STATION—HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT, INCR 2	\$70,000	The President
Army	Italy: VICENZA—BDE COMPLEX—BARRACKS/COMMUNITY, INCR 4	\$26,000	The President
Army	Italy: VICENZA—BDE COMPLEX—OPERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY, INCR 4	\$25,000	The President
Air Force	Italy: AVIANO AB—AIR SUPPORT OPERATIONS SQUADRON [ASOS] FACILITY	\$10,200	The President
Air Force	Italy: AVIANO AB—DORMITORY (144 RM)	\$19,000	The President
Def-Wide—DLA	Japan: KADENA AB—INSTALL FUEL FILTERS—SEPARATORS	\$3,000	The President
Navy	Japan: ATSUGI—MH-60R/S TRAINER FACILITY	\$6,908	The President
Air Force	Korea: KUNSAN AB—CONSTRUCT DMT FLIGHT SIMULATOR FACILITY	\$7,500	The President
Army	Korea: CAMP WALKER—ELECTRICAL SYSTEM UPGRADE & NATURAL GAS SYSTEM	\$19,500	The President
Def-Wide—DODEA	Puerto Rico: FORT BUCHANAN—ANTILLES ES/IS—REPLACE SCHOOL	\$58,708	The President
Army Guard	Puerto Rico: CAMP SANTIAGO—LIVE FIRE SHOOT HOUSE	\$3,100	The President

Requestor	The President The President The President	President President	The President The President The President The President		The President		The President The President The President The President The President The President
Funding	\$9,200 The F \$62,300 The F \$1.961 The F	The	\$15,900 The F \$30,308 The F \$2,000 The F \$25,000 The F		\$21,000 The R \$34,329 The R \$35,000 The R \$20,000 The R \$37,169 The R \$10,749 The R \$26,748 The R \$26,748 The R \$79,908 The R \$11,016 The R \$73,800 The R \$71,016 The R \$73,800 The T \$7		\$83,328 The F \$7,600 The F \$20,000 The F \$93,941 The F \$63,637 The F \$5,610 The F
Project	Puerto Rico: CAMP Santiago—Multipurpose Machine gun Range		United Kingdom: RAF MILDENHALL—RPL HYDRANT FUEL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MILITARY AND FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION	Alaska: Fort Wainwright—Family Housing Replacement Construction Germany: Baumholder—Family Housing Replacement Construction Pennsyvania: Carlisle Barracks—Family Housing Privatization Pennsyvania: Carlisle Barracks—Family Housing Privatization Cuba: Naval Statio. Guantanamo Bay—Replace Base Housing, 71 Units at Various Sites Japan. CFA Sasebo—Revitalization of Family Housing Apartments Japan. CFA Yokosuka—Revitalization of Family Housing Apartments California: MCB Camp Pendleton—Camp Pendleton PPV, Phase 8 Washington, D.C.: Marine Barracks 8th & I—Replace Interior Passenger Lift Quarters #6 Washington, D.C.: Marine Barracks 8th & I—Replace Interior Passenger Lift Quarters #6 Worth Carolina: Camp Lejeune—Camp Lejeune PPV Phase 7 with DODDS addition Japan: Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni—Whole House Revitalization Midrise 906 Japan: Kadena AB—Improve Family Housing, Phase 11 (403 units)	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE 2005	Virginia: Fort Belvoir—NGA Headquarters Facility Maryland: Bethesda [WRNMMC]—Traffic Mitigation, Increment 2 Maryland: Bethesda [WRNMMC]—Defense Access Roads—Medical Center Entrance Texas: Fort Sam Houston—San Antonio Military Medical Center—North, Increment 4 Virginia: Fort Belvoir—Hospital Replacement, Increment 5 Virginia: Fort Relvoir—Mospital Replacement, Increment 5 Virginia: Fort Relvoir—Office Compley Increment 3
Account	Army Guard	Navy	Def-Wide—DLA		Army Family Housing Construction		Defense-Wide—NGA Defense-Wide—TMA Defense-Wide—TMA Defense-Wide—TMA Defense-Wide—TMA Defense-Wide—TMA Defense-Wide—WHY

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS, CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR PROJECTS

	gency—Veterans Health Administration Nebraska: Omaha—Hospital Replacement Facility (Design) Veterans Health Administration Nebraska: Omaha—Hospital Replacement Facility (Design) Veterans Health Administration California: Los Angeles—Columbarium Expansion California: Los Angeles California: Los Ang	Cemetery Administra- Pennsylvania: Indiantown Gap—Gravesite Expansion and Cemetery Improvements—Phase 4	Cemetery Administra- Washington: Tahoma—Gravesite Expansion and Cemetery Improvements—Phase 2
Veterans Health Administration California: Palo Alto—Polytrauma/Ambulatory Care Replacement	ealth Administration ealth Administration Cemetery Administr	Cemetery Administr	Cemetery Administı
Agency—Veterans Health Administration California: Palo Alto—Polytrauma/Ambulatory Care Replacement	Agency—Veterans He. Agency—Veterans He. Agency—National Co	tion. Agency—National Co	Agency—National Cotion.

\$17,320 \$450,700 \$310,000 \$56,000 \$27,600 \$23,500 \$25,800	שליטיטיט ווום רופאותפוור, ספוומנטו רפווואנפווו	The President, Senator Feinstein	The President, Senators Michael Bennet and	Mark Udall	The President, Senator Landrieu	The President, Senator Ben Nelson	The President, Senator Feinstein	The President, Senators Specter and Casey	The President, Senator Murray	
	000,000	\$17,332	\$450,700		\$310,000	\$56,000	\$27,600			

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS

	\equiv	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
	\$19,000	\$18,000	\$24,000	\$13,600	\$14,800	\$6,000	\$10,400	\$29,000	\$7,500	\$2,800	\$5,580	\$6,000	\$42,000	\$18,000	\$23,000	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$2,600	\$9,900	\$16,480	\$16,580	\$5,200	0006\$
DEL ANTINERAL OL DEL ENSE OVERSEAS CONTINGENCI OL ENATIONS	Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE-	_	. Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE	. Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIF	. Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIF	. Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE-	Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE-	. Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE—	Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR	Afghanistan:	. Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE—	. Afghanistan:	. Afghanistan:	Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE-		Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE	Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE	Afghanistan: BAGRAM AIR BASE—	_		Afghanistan:	_	_	. Afghanistan: DWYER—COMMAND & CONTROL FACILITY	Afohanistan: DWYFR—DINING FACILITY
	ny	Army	ny	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Force	Air Force	Air Force	Army	Armv
	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā

The President	The	_	_	The		The	The President	The		The	The	The President	The	The President	The President	The	The	The President	The	H				
\$19,000	\$18,000	\$24,000	\$13,600	\$14,800	\$6,000	\$10,400	\$29,000	\$7,500	\$2,800	\$5,580	\$6,000	\$42,000	\$18,000	\$23,000	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$2,600	\$9,900	\$16,480	\$16,580	\$5,200	\$0 000

PRESIDENTIALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS—Continued [Dollars in thousands]

Requestor																																	
	The President	The Precident	ווב ו באותבווו	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	IIIe Fiesidelli	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The Precident	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President	The President
Funding	\$44,000	_		\$4,200	\$4,200	\$6,000	\$20,000	\$20,029	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$7,100	\$7,400	\$7,000	\$23,000	000 6\$	\$2,400	\$25,000	\$12,400	\$15,000 -	\$24,000	\$4 200	\$41.000	\$27,000	\$35,000	\$13,000	\$2,500	\$49,000	\$5.100	\$5,100	\$24,000	\$13,000	\$41.900
Project	Afghanistan: DWYER—ROTARY WING APRON			Atghanistan: FKONIENAC—WASIE MANAGEMENI COMPLEX	Afghanistan: FRONTENAC—WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY		Afghanistan: KANDAHAR—TROOP HOLISING PH A	Afthorists Kandadara Thorography	Algualistali: NANDAHAN—INOUT HOUSING, FH 3	Afghanistan: KANDAHAR—TROOP HOUSING, PH 6	Afghanistan: KANDAHAR—TROOP HOUSING, PH D7	KANDAHAR—EXPAND CARGO HANDLIN		Afghanistan	Aføhanistan.	Afohanistan.	Afghanistan, SHANK CIIARN TOWERS	Afghanistan: SHANK—ROANS AND ITTILITIES PH 1		Africanistan, CHINDAND DASCENCER & CARCO TERMINAL		_	Afzhanistan: TOMBSTONE/BASTION—CONTINGENCY HOUSING	Afghanistan: TOMBSTONE/BASTION—DINING FACILITY		Afghanistan: TOMBSTONE/BASTION—WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	Afghanistan:	_	Afghanistan: WOLVERINE—ENTRY CONTROL POINT	Afghanistan: WOLVERINE—PERIMETER FENCE	Afghanistan: WOLVERINE—ROTARY WING APRON	Afghanistan: WOLVERINE—WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY	WORI DWIDE THIS PECIFIED—Classified Project
Account	Army	Δrmv	y	Army	Army	Armv		Armi	Allıly	Army	Army	Air Force	Air Force	Armv	Army	Army	Army	Army	Armv	Air Force	Army	Armv	Army	Armý	Army	Armý	Air Force	Army	Armv	Armý	Army	Army	Def-Wide

¹ Projects requested in the fiscal year 2011 base Milcon budget.

CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS [Dollars in thousands]

Account	Project	Funding	Requestor
Army Guard	Alabama: Fort McClellan—Live Fire Shoot House	\$5.635	Senators Shelby and Sessions
Air Guard	Alabama: Montgomery Regional Airport ANGB—Replace Squad Ops Facility	\$7,500	Senators Shelby and Sessions
Armv	_	\$2,700	Senators Begich and Murkowski
	_	\$6,600	Senators Begich and Murkowski
Air Guard	Alaska: Eielson Air Force Base—Add/Alter Communications Facility	\$6,500	Senators Begich and Murkowski
	Arkansas: Camp Robinson—Regional Training Institute, Ph 2 [P&D]	\$1,900	Senators Pryor and Lincoln
Army Guard	Arkansas: Fort Chafee—Convoy Live Fire/Entry Control Point Range	\$3,500	Senators Pryor and Lincoln
	Arkansas: Little Rock Air Force Base—Fuel Cell and Corrosion Control Hanger	\$10,400	Senators Pryor and Lincoln
	California: Edwards AFB—Flightline Fire Station	\$15,500	Senators Feinstein and Boxer
	California: Mather AASF—Renewable Photovoltaic Solar Power (Minor)	\$1,466	Senators Feinstein and Boxer
Army Guard	California: Ventura AFRC—Renewable Photovoltaic Solar Power (Minor)	\$1,466	Senators Feinstein and Boxer
Army Guard	California: Los Alamitos AFRC—Renewable Photovoltaic Solar Power (Minor)	\$1,466	Senators Feinstein and Boxer
	California: Banning RC—Renewable Photovoltaic Solar Power (Minor)	\$1,466	Senators Feinstein and Boxer
	Colorado: Buckley Air Force Base—Land Acquisition	\$10,000	Senators Mark Bennet and Mark Udall
	Connecticut: NSB New London—Submarine Group Two Headquarters	\$12,930	Senators Dodd and Lieberman
	Delaware: New Castle County Airport—C-130 Aircraft Maintenance Shops. Ph 3	\$8.700	Senators Carper and Kaufman
	Florida: NSA Panama Citv—Land Acquisition—9 acres	\$5,960	Senator Bill Nelson
	Florida: Patrick Air Force Base—Relocate Main Gate	\$8,000	Senator Bill Nelson
	Georgia: Fort Benning—Chapel. Sand Hill [P&D]	\$550	Senator Chambliss
Armý	Georgia: Fort Gordon—Qualification Training Range	\$8,100	Senators Chambliss and Isakson
Army	Hawaii: Pohakuloa Training Area—Defense Access Road [P&D]	\$1,200	Senators Incuve and Akaka
Naw	Hawaii: Pearl Harbor Naval Shipvard—Welding School Shop Consolidation	\$8.500	Senators Incuve and Akaka
	Hawaii: Pearl Harbor Naval Shipvard—Fire Station. West Loch	\$9,084	Senators Incuve and Akaka
	Hawaii: Pacific Missile Range Facility—Replace North Loop Electrical Distribution System	\$9,100	Senators Inouye and Akaka
	Hawaii: Pacific Missile Range Facility—Construct Prefabricated Bridge at Nohili Ditch	\$3,560	Senators Inouye and Akaka
Air Force	Idaho: Mountain Home Air Force Base—Civil Engineer Maintenance Complex [P&D]	\$2,000	Senators Crapo and Risch
Army Reserve	Illinois: Rockford USARC—United States Army Reserve Center	\$13,200	Senators Durbin and Burris
	lowa: Camp Dodge—Combined Arms Collective Training Facility	\$5,700	Senators Harkin and Grasslev
	_	\$1,950	Senator Harkin
Air Guard	_	\$4,700	Senators Harkin and Grassley
Army Guard	Kansas: Forbes Field—Taxiwav Alterations	\$9.036	Senators Brownback and Roberts
		\$3,000	Senator McConnell
Armý	=	\$3,300	Senator McConnell
		\$18,000	Senator McConnell
Def-Wide—S0C0M	Kentucky: Fort Campbell—Landgraf Hangar Addition, 160th SOAR	\$3,600	Senator Alexander

Requestor	Senators Landrieu and Vitter Senator Landrieu	Senators Collins, Snowe, Gregg and Shaheen	Senators Mikulski and Cardin Senator Kory	Senator Kerv	Senators Levin and Stabenow	Senators Levin and Stabenow	Senators Levin and Stabenow	Senators Franken and Klobuchar	Senators Franken and Klobuchar	Senator Cochran	Senators Cochran and Wicker	Senators Cochran and Wicker	Senator Bond	Senators Tester and Baucus	Senator Ben Nelson	Senator Ben Nelson	Senator Ben Nelson	Senator Reid	Senator Reid	Senators Reid and Ensign	Senators Reid and Ensign	Senators Reid and Ensign	Senators Lautenberg and Menendez	Senators Bingaman and Tom Udall	Senators Bingaman and Tom Udall	Senators Schumer and Gillibrand	Senators Hagan and Burr	Senators Hagan and Burr	Senators Conrad and Dorgan	Senators Sherrod Brown and Voinovich	Senators Sherrod Brown and Voinovich Senator Inhofe
Funding	\$9,200	\$17,240	\$12,810	\$6,000	\$17,102	\$1,595	\$9,600	\$1,900	\$1,986 \$11,970	\$2,700	000'6\$	\$8,000	\$13,800	\$8,000	\$11,000	\$240	\$210	\$1,480	\$867	\$11,400	\$2,000	\$22,998	\$8,500	\$4,050	\$4,400	\$7,600	\$7,200	\$3,889	\$16,500	\$2,000	\$7,300 \$2,000
Project	Louisiana: Fort Polk—Emergency Services Center Louisiana: MAS-Joint Reserve Base—Alerf Facility (P&D)	Maine: Portsmouth Naval Shipyard—Consolidation of Structural Shops	Maryland: Indian Head—Advanced Energetics Research Lab Complex, Ph 2	Massachusetts. Barnes Municipal Airont—Additions and Renovations to Building 15	Michigan: Camp Grayling Range—Barracks Replacement, Ph 2	Michigan: Camp Grayling Range—Light Demolition Range	Michigan: Alpena Combat Readiness Training Center—Replace Troop Quarters, Ph 2	Minnesota: Minneapolis—Simulation Facility Expansion (Minor)	Minnesota: Bloomington—Add/Alt Armory (Minor)	Mississippi: Nobe duliport—blatter treater crime	Mississippi: Stennis Space Center—SOF Western Maneuver Area. Ph 2	Mississippi: Stennis Space Center—SOF Western Maneuver Area, Ph 3	Missouri: Fort Leonard Wood—Regional Training Institute, Ph 1	Montana: Malmstrom AFB—Physical Fitness Center, Ph 2	Nebraska: Offutt Air Force Base—Kenney/Bellevue Gates	Nebraska: Lincoln Airport—Road Infrastructure [P&D]	Nebraska: Lincoln Airport—Road Infrastructure [P&D]	Nevada: NAS Fallon—NSAWC Security Upgrades (Minor)	Nevada: Nellis Air Force Base—Facility Repair/Fitness Rec Center (Minor)	Nevada: Nellis Air Force Base—Communication Network Control Center	Nevada: Nellis Air Force Base—CAT-M Range modernization (Minor)	Nevada: Las Vegas ARNG—Field Maintenance Shop	New Jersey: Atlantic City IAP—Fuel Cell Maintenance Dock and Corrosion Control Hangar	New Mexico: Cannon AFB—Family Support Center	New Mexico: Kirtland AFB—Military Working Dog Facility	New York: Fort Drum—Construct Railhead Loading Area	North Carolina: Fort Bragg—S0F Baffle Containment for Range 19C	North Carolina: Fort Bragg—SOF Medical Clinic Addition	North Dakota: Grand Forks AFB—Central Deployment Center	Ohio: Blue Ash ANG—Renovate Building #2 (Minor)	Ohio: Toledo Airport—Replace Security Forces Complex
Account	Army Air Guard	Navy	Navy	Air Guard	Army Guard	Army Guard	Air Guard	Air Force	Army Guard	Def-Wide—TMA	Def-Wide—SOCOM	Def-Wide—SOCOM		Air Force	Air Force	Army Guard	Air Guard	Navy	Air Force	Air Force	Army Guard	Army Guard	Air Guard	Air Force	Air Force	Army	Def-Wide—S0C0M	Def-Wide—SOCOM	Air Force	Air Guard	Air Guard

\$9,300 Senators Wyden and Merkley \$5,930 Senators Specter and Casey \$7,630 Senators Specter and Casey \$12,170 Senator Reed \$3,729 Senator Reed \$3,800 Senator Reed \$1,800 Senator Reed \$1,800 Senator Reed \$1,2,800 Senator Reed Senator Special Senators Johnson and Thune \$12,800 Senators Johnson and Thune \$12,800 Senators Johnson and Thune \$1,2,800 Senators Johnson and Thune \$1,2,800 Senators Hutchison and Cornyn Senators Johnson and Thune \$1,2,900 Senators Webb and Warner \$1,900 Senator Murray Senator Murray Senator Rockefeller \$1,900 Senator Rockefeller \$1,	46,550 Senator Inouye
Oklahoma: Tinker AFB—Air Traffic Control Tower Oregon: Kingsley Field ANG Base. Klamath Falls—Replace Fire Station Pennsylvania: Naval Support Activity Mechanicsburg—North Gate Security Improvements Pennsylvania: Philadelphia Annex—Quiet Propulsion Load House Rhode Island: Newport—Submarine Payloads Integration Laboratory Rhode Island: Newport—Cate Improvements Rhode Island: Newport—Cate Improvements Rhode Island: Newport—Cate Improvements Rhode Island: Newport—Cate Improvements Rhode Island: Ournest State Airport—Cat-130 Parking Apron South Carolina: McEntine IRB—Joint Deployment Processing and Readiness Center, Ph 1 South Dakota: Slivand-Aircaft Maintenance Training Facility South Dakota: Slivand-Aircaft Maintenance Shops Tennessee: McGhee Tyson Air National Guard Base—Hobbs Road Acquisition South Dakota: Slow Falls—Firing Reage and Supporting Facilities, Ph 1 South Dakota: Slow Falls—Firing Rescue Station Texas: Randolph AFB—Fire Crash Rescue Station Texas: Randolph AFB—Consolidated Transportation Facilities, Ph 1 Virginia: Dahligren NSCW—Missile Support Facility Replacement, Ph 1 Washington: Fairchild AFB—Precision Measurement Equipment Laboratory Facility P&D] Washington: Fort Lewis—Modification of Aviation Support Facility [P&D] West Virginia: Camp Dawson—Utility Ubgrade (Minor) West Virginia: Camp Dawson—Utility Ubgrade (Minor) West Virginia: Camp Dawson—Hile Rigging Facility [P&D] West Virginia: Buckhannon—Field Maintenance Shop [P&D] West Virginia: Yeager Airbase—Communications Training Facility West Virginia: Yeager Airbase—Communications Training Facility West Virginia: Yeager Airbase—Communications Training Facility West Virginia: Gamp Dawson—Hile Rigging Facility Robined Pacility West Virginia: Yeager Airbase—Communications Training Facility West Virginia: Pager Airbase—Texas Robine Pager Airbase—Texas Robine Pager Airbase—Texas R	DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS, CONSTRUCTION MAJOR PROJECTS Agency—Veterans Health Administration West Virginia: Beckley—Nursing Home Care Unit
Air Force Air Guard Navy Navy Nawy Nawy Army Guard Army Guard Ari Force Ari Guard Ari Force Ari Guard Ari Guard Ari Guard Ari Guard Ari Guard Army Gu	Agency—Veterans Health Administration

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010 AND BUDGET ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2011

[In thousands of dollars]

				Senate Committee recommendation	recommendation
ltem	2010 appropriation	Budget estimate	Committee	2010 appropriation	Budget estimate
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE					
Military construction, Army Military construction, Navy and Marine Corps	3,719,419 3,769,003	4,078,798 3,879,104	3,797,521 3,667,922	$^{+}$ 78,102 $^{-}$ 101,081	-281,277 $-211,182$
Military construction, Air Force	1,450,426 — 37,500	1,311,385	1,378,688	-71,738 +37,500	+ 67,303
Total	1,412,926	1,311,385	1,378,688	- 34,238	+ 67,303
Military construction, Defense-WideRescission	$3,093,679 \\ -151,160$	3,118,062	3,241,601	+ 147,922 + 151,160	128
Total	2,942,519	3,118,062	3,241,601	+ 299,082	+ 123,539
Total, Active components	11,843,867	12,387,349	12,085,732	+ 241,865	-301,617
Military construction, Army National Guard	582,056	873,664	980,072	+ 398,016	+ 106,408
Military construction, Air National Guard Military construction, Army Reserve	3/1,226 431,566	1/6,986 318,175	337,454	-33,772 $-83,650$	+160,468 + 29,741
Military construction, Navy Reserve	125,874 112,269	61,557 7,832	61,557 12,832	-64,317 $-99,437$	+ 5,000
Total, Reserve components	1,622,991	1,438,214	1,739,831	+116,840	+ 301,617
Total, Military construction Appropriations	13,466,858 (13,655,518)	13,825,563 (13,825,563)	13,825,563 (13,825,563)	+ 358,705 (+170,045)	
Rescissions Emergency appropriations	(-188,660)			(+188,660)	
North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program	197,414	258,884	258,884	+61,470	
Family housing construction, Army	273,236	92,369	92,369	-180,867	

- 5,278 + 39,875 - 2,194 + 11,924 + 10,856 - 2,859 + 1,250 - 1,504 - 306,710	- 435,507 (- 435,507)	- 26,570	-136,294 $-5,101,213$	-5,101,213	-5,237,507	+ 230,000 + 235,000 + 64,091	+ 33,000 + 51,468 + 93,268 + 33,000 + 7,000	-4,532,582 (-4,938,978) (+406,396)
518,140 186,444 366,346 78,025 513,792 50,464 1,096 16,515	1,823,191 (1,823,191)	124,971	360,474 2,354,285	2,354,285	2,714,759			18,747,368 (18,747,368)
518,140 186,444 36,346 78,025 513,792 50,464 1,096 16,515	1,823,191 (1,823,191)	124,971	360,474 2,354,285	2,354,285	2,714,759			18,747,368 (18,747,368)
523,418 146,569 38,540 66,101 502,346 2,859 49,214 2,600 333,225	2,258,698 (2,258,698)	151,541	496,768 7,455,498	7,455,498	7,952,266	$\begin{array}{c} -230,000 \\ -235,000 \\ -64,091 \end{array}$	-33,000 -51,468 -93,268 -33,000 -7,000	23,279,950 (23,686,346) (-406,396)
Family housing operation and maintenance, Army Family housing construction, Navy and Marine Corps Family housing operation and maintenance, Navy and Marine Corps Family housing construction, Air Force Family housing operation and maintenance, Air Force Family housing operation and maintenance, Defense-Wide Family housing operation and maintenance, Defense-Wide Department of Defense Family Housing Improvement Fund Homeowners assistance fund	Total, Family housing Appropriations Rescissions Emergency appropriations	Chemical demilitarization construction, Defense-Wide	base realignment and closure: Base realignment and closure account, 1990	Total	Total, Base realignment and closure	General Reductions (Sec. 129): Military Construction, Army Military Construction, Navy and Marine Corps Military Construction, Air Force	General Rescissions (Secs 130): Military Construction, Army Military Construction, Defense-Wide Military Construction, Defense-Wide Military Construction, Army National Guard Military Construction, Air National Guard	Total, title I Appropriations Rescissions Emergency appropriations

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2011—Continued
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2011—Continued
[In thousands of dollars]

	2010	1	Committee	Senate Committee recommendation compared with $(+ \text{ or } -)$	recommendation h (+ or -)
пет	appropriation	Budget estimate	recommendation	2010 appropriation	Budget estimate
TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS					
Veterans Benefits Administration					
Compensation and pensions Readjustment benefits Veterans insurance and indemnities	47,396,106 9,232,369 49,288	53,492,234 10,440,245 62,589	53,492,234 10,440,245 62,589	+6,096,128 +1,207,876 +13,301	
Veterans housing benefit program fund (indefinite) (Limitation on direct loans) Credit subsidy Administrative expenses	23,553 (500) -133,000 165,082	19,078 (500) -165,000 163,646	19,078 (500) -165,000 163,646	- 4,475 - 32,000 - 1,436	130
Guaranteed Transitional Housing Loans for Homeless Veterans	(750)			(-750)	
Vocational rehabilitation loans program account (Limitation on direct loans) Administrative expenses	29 (2,298) 328	48 (3,042) 337	48 (3,042) 337	+ 19 (+ 744) + 9	
Native American veteran housing loan program account	664	707	707	+ 43	
Total, Veterans Benefits Administration	56,734,419	64,013,884	64,013,884	+ 7,279,465	
Medical services	34,707,500	(37,136,000) 39,649,985	100,000 (37,136,000) 39,649,985	$-34,607,500 \\ (+37,136,000) \\ +2,513,985$	+ 100,000
Subtotal	71,843,500	39,649,985	39,749,985	-32,093,515	+ 100,000
Medical support and compliance Advance from prior year	4,930,000	(5,307,000)	(5,307,000)	-4,930,000 (+5,307,000)	

Advance appropriation, fiscal year 2012	5,307,000	5,535,000	5,535,000	+ 228,000	
Subtotal	10,237,000	5,535,000	5,535,000	-4,702,000	
Medical facilities Advance from prior year Advance appropriation, fiscal year 2012	4,859,000	(5,740,000) 5,426,000	20,000 (5,740,000) 5,426,000	- 4,839,000 (+5,740,000) - 314,000	+ 20,000
Subtotal	10,599,000	5,426,000	5,446,000	- 5,153,000 + 9,000	+ 20,000
Medical care cost recovery collections. Offsetting collections	- 2,954,000 2,954,000	-3,393,000 3,393,000	-3,393,000 3,393,000	- 439,000 + 439,000	
Total, Veterans Health Administration Appropriations	93,260,500 (45,077,500)	51,200,985 (590,000)	51,320,985 (710,000)	-41,939,515 (-44,367,500)	+ 120,000 (+120,000)
Emegency appropriations	(48,183,000)	(48,183,000) (50,610,985)	(48,183,000) (50,610,985)	(+48,183,000) (+2,427,985)	
National Cemetery Administration	250,000	250,504	250,504	+ 504	
General operating expenses. VBA General administration General administration	2,086,707	2,588,389	2,148,776 439,613 3,147,000	- 2,086,707 + 2,148,776 + 439,613 - 160,000	-2,588,389 +2,148,776 +439,613 -160,000
Office of Inspector General Construction, major projects Construction, minor projects Grants for construction of State extended care facilities Grants for the construction of State veterans cemeteries	1,194,000 1,194,000 703,000 100,000 46,000	1,151,036 1,151,036 467,700 85,000 46,000	1,197,586 1,197,586 485,965 85,000 46,000	+ 2,867 + 3,586 - 217,035 - 15,000	+2,500 +46,550 +18,265
Total, Departmental Administration	7,545,707	7,754,492 (7,754,492)	7,661,807	+ 116,100 (+ 116,100)	92,685 (92,685)

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010 AND BUDGET ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2011—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Bean	2010	Orders to the second	Committee	Senate Committee recommendation compared with $(+ \text{ or } -)$	recommendation $(+ \text{ or } -)$	
IIAII	appropriation	Duuger estimate	recommendation	2010 appropriation	Budget estimate	
ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS						
Sec 229—General operating expenses, VBA			23,584	+ 23,584	+ 23,584	
Total, title II	157,790,626	123,219,865	123,270,764	-34,519,862	+ 50,899	
Appropriations	(109,607,626)	(72,608,880)	(72,659,779)	(-36,947,847)	(+ 50,899)	
Emergency appropriations		(48,183,000)	(48,183,000)	(+48,183,000)		
Advance appropriations, fiscal year 2012	(48,183,000)	(50,610,985)	(50,610,985)	(+2,427,985) (+744)		1
	(101,222,310) (56,568,316)	(59,370,719) (63,849,146)	(59,421,618) (63,849,146)	(-41,800,692) (+7,280,830)	(+ 50,899)	32
TITLE III—RELATED AGENCIES						
American Battle Monuments Commission						
Salaries and expenses	62,675	64.200	67,200	+ 4,525	+3,000	
	17,100	20,200	20,200	+3,100		
Total, American Battle Monuments Commission	79,775	84,400	87,400	+7,625	+ 3,000	
U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims						
Salaries and expenses	27,115	90,147	53,297	+ 26,182	-36,850	
Department of Defense—Civil						
Cemeterial Expenses, Army						
Salaries and expenses	39,850	38,100	43,100	+ 3,250	+5,000	
Armed Forces Retirement Home						
Operation and maintenance	62,000	69,200	69,200	+7,200		

Capital program	72,000	2,000	2,000	- 70,000	
Home	134,000	71,200	71,200	-62,800	
Total, title III	280,740	283,847	254,997	- 25,743	- 28,850
Military Construction, Army	924,484 474,500	929,996 280,506 46,500	1,045,676 164,826 46,500	+ 121,192 - 309,674 + 46,500	+ 115,680 115,680
	1,398,984	1,257,002	1,257,002	- 141,982	
TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS		23,584			- 23,584
		23,584			- 23,584
	182,750,300 (133,574,712) (406,396)	143,531,666 (91,663,679)	143,530,131 (91,662,144)	-39,220,169 (-41,912,568) (+406,396)	+1,535 (+1,535)
Linegent form prior year. Advance appropriations, fiscal year 2012. Overseas contingency operations.	(48,183,000) (1,398,984)	(48,183,000) (50,610,985) (1,257,002)	(48,183,000) (50,610,985) (1,257,002)	(+48,183,000) (+2,427,985) (-141,982)	
	(2,798)	(3,542)	(3,542)	(+744)	