^{106TH CONGRESS} **H.R. 1304**

AN ACT

To ensure and foster continued patient safety and quality of care by making the antitrust laws apply to negotiations between groups of health care professionals and health plans and health insurance issuers in the same manner as such laws apply to collective bargaining by labor organizations under the National Labor Relations Act.

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To ensure and foster continued patient safety and quality of care by making the antitrust laws apply to negotiations between groups of health care professionals and health plans and health insurance issuers in the same manner as such laws apply to collective bargaining by labor organizations under the National Labor Relations Act. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Quality Health-Care5 Coalition Act of 2000".

6 SEC. 2. APPLICATION OF THE ANTITRUST LAWS TO HEALTH 7 CARE PROFESSIONALS NEGOTIATING WITH 8 HEALTH PLANS.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Any health care professionals who 10 are engaged in negotiations with a health plan regarding the terms of any contract under which the professionals 11 provide health care items or services for which benefits 12 13 are provided under such plan shall, in connection with such negotiations, be entitled to the same treatment under 14 15 the antitrust laws as the treatment to which bargaining units which are recognized under the National Labor Rela-16 tions Act are entitled in connection with such collective 17 bargaining. Such a professional shall, only in connection 18 19 with such negotiations, be treated as an employee engaged 20in concerted activities and shall not be regarded as having 21 the status of an employer, independent contractor, mana-22 gerial employee, or supervisor.

(b) PROTECTION FOR GOOD FAITH ACTIONS.—Actions taken in good faith reliance on subsection (a) shall
not be the subject under the antitrust laws of criminal

sanctions nor of any civil damages, fees, or penalties be yond actual damages incurred.

3 (c) LIMITATION.—

4 (1) NO NEW RIGHT FOR COLLECTIVE CES5 SATION OF SERVICE.—The exemption provided in
6 subsection (a) shall not confer any new right to par7 ticipate in any collective cessation of service to pa8 tients not already permitted by existing law.

9 (2) NO CHANGE IN NATIONAL LABOR RELA-10 TIONS ACT.— This section applies only to health 11 care professionals excluded from the National Labor 12 Relations Act. Nothing in this section shall be con-13 strued as changing or amending any provision of the 14 National Labor Relations Act, or as affecting the 15 status of any group of persons under that Act.

(d) 3-YEAR SUNSET.—The exemption provided in
subsection (a) shall only apply to conduct occurring during
the 3-year period beginning on the date of the enactment
of this Act and shall continue to apply for 1 year after
the end of such period to contracts entered into before
the end of such period.

(e) LIMITATION ON EXEMPTION.—Nothing in this
section shall exempt from the application of the antitrust
laws any agreement or otherwise unlawful conspiracy that
excludes, limits the participation or reimbursement of, or

otherwise limits the scope of services to be provided by
 any health care professional or group of health care pro fessionals with respect to the performance of services that
 are within their scope of practice as defined or permitted
 by relevant law or regulation.

6 (f) NO EFFECT ON TITLE VI OF CIVIL RIGHTS ACT
7 OF 1964.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to
8 affect the application of title VI of the Civil Rights Act
9 of 1964.

(g) NO APPLICATION TO FEDERAL PROGRAMS.—
Nothing in this section shall apply to negotiations between
health care professionals and health plans pertaining to
benefits provided under any of the following:

- 14 (1) The Medicare Program under title XVIII of
 15 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.).
- 16 (2) The Medicaid Program under title XIX of
 17 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.).
- 18 (3) The SCHIP program under title XXI of the
 19 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.).

20 (4) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code
21 (relating to medical and dental care for members of
22 the uniformed services).

23 (5) Chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code24 (relating to Veterans' medical care).

(6) Chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code
 (relating to the Federal employees' health benefits
 program).

4 (7) The Indian Health Care Improvement Act
5 (25 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).

6 (h) EXEMPTION OF ABORTION AND ABORTION SERV7 ICES.—Nothing in this section shall apply to negotiations
8 specifically relating to requiring a health plan to cover
9 abortion or abortion services.

10 (i) GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE STUDY AND RE-PORT.—The Comptroller General of the United States 11 12 shall conduct a study on the impact of enactment of this section during the 6-month period beginning with the 13 third year of the 3-year period described in subsection (d). 14 15 Not later than the end of such 6-month period the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a report on such 16 17 study and shall include in the report such recommenda-18 tions on the extension of this section (and changes that 19 should be made in making such extension) as the Comp-20 troller General deems appropriate.

21 (j) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

22 (1) ANTITRUST LAWS.—The term "antitrust
23 laws"—

24 (A) has the meaning given it in subsection25 (a) of the first section of the Clayton Act (15)

1	U.S.C. 12(a)), except that such term includes
2	section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act
3	(15 U.S.C. 45) to the extent such section 5 ap-
4	plies to unfair methods of competition; and
5	(B) includes any State law similar to the
6	laws referred to in subparagraph (A).
7	(2) Health plan and related terms.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "health plan"
9	means a group health plan or a health insur-
10	ance issuer that is offering health insurance
11	coverage.
12	(B) HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE;
13	HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER.—The terms
14	"health insurance coverage" and "health insur-
15	ance issuer" have the meanings given such
16	terms under paragraphs (1) and (2) , respec-
17	tively, of section 733(b) of the Employee Retire-
18	ment Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.
19	1191b(b)).
20	(C) GROUP HEALTH PLAN.—The term
21	"group health plan" has the meaning given that
22	term in section $733(a)(1)$ of the Employee Re-
23	tirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29
24	U.S.C. 1191b(a)(1)).

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1 (3) HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.—The term 2 "health care professional" means an individual who 3 provides health care items or services, treatment, as-4 sistance with activities of daily living, or medications 5 to patients and who, to the extent required by State or Federal law, possesses specialized training that 6 7 confers expertise in the provision of such items or 8 services, treatment, assistance, or medications.

9 (k) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of 10 the Congress that decisions regarding medical care and 11 treatment should be made by the physician or health care 12 professional in consultation with the patient.

Passed the House of Representatives June 30 (legislative day, June 29), 2000.

Attest:

Clerk.