Calendar No. 94

106TH CONGRESS S. 900

[Report No. 106-44]

A BILL

To enhance competition in the financial services industry by providing a prudential framework for the affiliation of banks, securities firms, insurance companies, and other financial service providers, and for other purposes.

April 28, 1999

Read twice and placed on the calendar

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 28, 1999

Mr. Gramm, from the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, reported the following original bill, which was read twice and placed on the calendar

A BILL

To enhance competition in the financial services industry by providing a prudential framework for the affiliation of banks, securities firms, insurance companies, and other financial service providers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—FACILITATING AFFILIATION AMONG BANKS, SECURITIES FIRMS, AND INSURANCE COMPANIES

Subtitle A—Affiliations

- Sec. 101. Glass-Steagall Act repealed.
- Sec. 102. Financial activities.
- Sec. 103. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 104. Operation of State law.

Subtitle B—Streamlining Supervision of Bank Holding Companies

- Sec. 111. Streamlining bank holding company supervision.
- Sec. 112. Authority of State insurance regulator and Securities and Exchange Commission.
- Sec. 113. Role of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- Sec. 114. Examination of investment companies.
- Sec. 115. Equivalent regulation and supervision.
- Sec. 116. Interagency consultation.
- Sec. 117. Preserving the integrity of FDIC resources.

Subtitle C—Activities of National Banks

- Sec. 121. Authority of national banks to underwrite municipal revenue bonds.
- Sec. 122. Subsidiaries of national banks.
- Sec. 123. Agency activities.
- Sec. 124. Prohibiting fraudulent representations.
- Sec. 125. Insurance underwriting by national banks.

Subtitle D—National Treatment of Foreign Financial Institutions

- Sec. 151. National treatment of foreign financial institutions.
- Sec. 152. Representative offices.

TITLE II—INSURANCE CUSTOMER PROTECTIONS

- Sec. 201. Functional regulation of insurance.
- Sec. 202. Insurance customer protections.
- Sec. 203. Federal and State dispute resolution.

TITLE III—REGULATORY IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 301. Elimination of SAIF and DIF special reserves.
- Sec. 302. Expanded small bank access to S corporation treatment.
- Sec. 303. Meaningful CRA examinations.
- Sec. 304. Temporary extension of Bank Insurance Fund member FICO assessment rates.
- Sec. 305. Cross marketing restriction; limited purpose bank relief; divestiture.
- Sec. 306. "Plain language" requirement for Federal banking agency rules.
- Sec. 307. Retention of "Federal" in name of converted Federal savings association.
- Sec. 308. Community Reinvestment Act exemption.

- Sec. 309. Bank officers and directors as officers and directors of public utilities
- Sec. 310. Control of bankers banks.
- Sec. 311. Multistate licensing and interstate insurance sales activities.

TITLE IV—FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK SYSTEM MODERNIZATION

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Definitions.
- Sec. 403. Savings association membership.
- Sec. 404. Advances to members; collateral.
- Sec. 405. Eligibility criteria.
- Sec. 406. Management of banks.
- Sec. 407. Resolution Funding Corporation.
- Sec. 408. GAO study on Federal Home Loan Bank System capital.

TITLE V—FUNCTIONAL REGULATION OF BROKERS AND DEALERS

- Sec. 501. Definition of broker.
- Sec. 502. Definition of dealer.
- Sec. 503. Definition and treatment of banking products.
- Sec. 504. Qualified investor defined.
- Sec. 505. Government securities defined.
- Sec. 506. Effective date.
- Sec. 507. Rule of construction.

TITLE VI—UNITARY SAVINGS AND LOAN HOLDING COMPANIES

Sec. 601. Prohibition on new unitary savings and loan holding companies.

1 TITLE I—FACILITATING AFFILI-

- 2 ATION AMONG BANKS, SECU-
- 3 RITIES FIRMS, AND INSUR-
- 4 ANCE COMPANIES

5 **Subtitle A—Affiliations**

- 6 SEC. 101. GLASS-STEAGALL ACT REPEALED.
- 7 (a) Section 20 Repealed.—Section 20 of the
- 8 Banking Act of 1933 (12 U.S.C. 377) (commonly referred
- 9 to as the "Glass-Steagall Act") is repealed.
- 10 (b) Section 32 Repealed.—Section 32 of the
- 11 Banking Act of 1933 (12 U.S.C. 78) is repealed.

1 SEC. 102. FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.

2	(a) In General.—Section 4 of the Bank Holding
3	Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843) is amended by
4	adding at the end the following new subsections:
5	"(k) Engaging in Activities That Are Finan-
6	CIAL IN NATURE.—
7	"(1) In general.—Notwithstanding subsection
8	(a), a bank holding company may engage in any ac-
9	tivity, and may acquire and retain the shares of any
10	company engaged in any activity, that the Board, in
11	coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, de-
12	termines (by regulation or order) to be financial in
13	nature or incidental to such financial activities.
14	"(2) Coordination between the board
15	AND THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.—
16	"(A) Proposals raised before the
17	BOARD.—
18	"(i) Consultation.—The Board
19	shall notify the Secretary of the Treasury
20	of, and consult with the Secretary of the
21	Treasury concerning, any request, pro-
22	posal, or application under this subsection
23	for a determination of whether an activity
24	is financial in nature or incidental to such
25	a financial activity.

1	"(ii) Treasury view.—The Board
2	shall not determine that any activity is fi-
3	nancial in nature or incidental to a finan-
4	cial activity under this subsection if the
5	Secretary of the Treasury notifies the
6	Board in writing, not later than 30 days
7	after the date of receipt of the notice de-
8	scribed in clause (i) (or such longer period
9	as the Board determines to be appropriate
10	in light of the circumstances) that the Sec-
11	retary of the Treasury believes that the ac-
12	tivity is not financial in nature or inci-
13	dental to a financial activity.
14	"(B) Proposals raised by the treas-
15	URY.—
16	"(i) Treasury recommendation.—
17	The Secretary of the Treasury may, at any
18	time, recommend in writing that the Board
19	find an activity to be financial in nature or
20	incidental to a financial activity.
21	"(ii) Time period for board ac-
22	TION.—Not later than 30 days after the
23	date of receipt of a written recommenda-
24	tion from the Secretary of the Treasury
25	under clause (i) (or such longer period as

1	the Secretary of the Treasury and the
2	Board determine to be appropriate in light
3	of the circumstances), the Board shall de-
4	termine whether to initiate a public rule-
5	making proposing that the subject rec-
6	ommended activity be found to be financial
7	in nature or incidental to a financial activ-
8	ity under this subsection, and shall notify
9	the Secretary of the Treasury in writing of
10	the determination of the Board and, in the
11	event that the Board determines not to
12	seek public comment on the proposal, the
13	reasons for that determination.
14	"(3) Factors to be considered.—The
15	Board shall determine that an activity is financial in
16	nature or incidental to financial activities, if the
17	Board finds that such activity is consistent with—
18	"(A) the purposes of this Act and the Fi-
19	nancial Services Modernization Act of 1999;
20	"(B) changes or reasonably expected
21	changes in the marketplace in which bank hold-
22	ing companies compete;
23	"(C) changes or reasonably expected
24	changes in the technology for delivering finan-
25	cial services; and

1	"(D) fostering—
2	"(i) effective competition with any
3	company seeking to provide financial serv-
4	ices in the United States;
5	"(ii) the efficient delivery of informa-
6	tion and services that are financial in na-
7	ture through the use of technological
8	means, including any application necessary
9	to protect the security or efficacy of sys-
10	tems for the transmission of data or finan-
11	cial transactions; and
12	"(iii) the provision to customers of
13	any available or emerging technological
14	means for using financial services.
15	"(4) ACTIVITIES THAT ARE FINANCIAL IN NA-
16	TURE.—For purposes of this subsection, the fol-
17	lowing activities shall be considered to be financial
18	in nature:
19	"(A) Lending, exchanging, transferring, in-
20	vesting for others, or safeguarding money or se-
21	curities.
22	"(B) Insuring, guaranteeing, or indem-
23	nifying against loss, harm, damage, illness, dis-
24	ability, or death, or providing and issuing annu-
25	ities, and acting as principal, agent, or broker

1	for purposes of the foregoing, in any State, in
2	full compliance with the laws and regulations of
3	that State that apply to each type of insurance
4	license or authorization in that State.
5	"(C) Providing financial, investment, or
6	economic advisory services, including advising
7	an investment company (as defined in section 3
8	of the Investment Company Act of 1940).
9	"(D) Issuing or selling instruments rep-
10	resenting interests in pools of assets permissible
11	for a bank to hold directly.
12	"(E) Underwriting, dealing in, or making
13	a market in securities.
14	"(F) Engaging in any activity that the
15	Board has determined, by order or regulation
16	that is in effect on the date of enactment of the
17	Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999,
18	to be so closely related to banking or managing
19	or controlling banks as to be a proper incident
20	thereto (subject to the same terms and condi-
21	tions contained in such order or regulation, un-
22	less modified by the Board).
23	"(G) Engaging, in the United States, in

any activity that—

1	"(i) a bank holding company may en-
2	gage in outside of the United States; and
3	"(ii) the Board has determined, under
4	regulations issued pursuant to subsection
5	(c)(13) (as in effect on the day before the
6	date of enactment of the Financial Services
7	Modernization Act of 1999) to be usual in
8	connection with the transaction of banking
9	or other financial operations abroad.
10	"(H) Directly or indirectly acquiring or
11	controlling, whether as principal, on behalf of 1
12	or more entities (including entities, other than
13	a depository institution or subsidiary of a de-
14	pository institution that the bank holding com-
15	pany controls), or otherwise, shares, assets, or
16	ownership interests (including debt or equity se-
17	curities, partnership interests, trust certificates,
18	or other instruments representing ownership) of
19	a company or other entity, whether or not con-
20	stituting control of such company or entity, en-
21	gaged in any activity not authorized pursuant
22	to this section if—
23	"(i) the shares, assets, or ownership
24	interests are not acquired or held by a de-

1	pository institution or subsidiary of a de-
2	pository institution; and
3	"(ii) such shares, assets, or ownership
4	interests are acquired and held by a securi-
5	ties affiliate or an affiliate thereof as part
6	of a bona fide underwriting or merchant
7	banking activity, including investment ac-
8	tivities engaged in for the purpose of ap-
9	preciation and ultimate resale or disposi-
10	tion of the investment.
11	"(I) Directly or indirectly acquiring or con-
12	trolling, whether as principal, on behalf of 1 or
13	more entities (including entities, other than a
14	depository institution or subsidiary of a deposi-
15	tory institution, that the bank holding company
16	controls), or otherwise, shares, assets, or owner-
17	ship interests (including debt or equity securi-
18	ties, partnership interests, trust certificates or
19	other instruments representing ownership) of a
20	company or other entity, whether or not consti-
21	tuting control of such company or entity, en-
22	gaged in any activity not authorized pursuant
23	to this section if—
24	"(i) the shares, assets, or ownership
25	interests are not acquired or held by a de-

1	pository institution or a subsidiary of a de-
2	pository institution;
3	"(ii) such shares, assets, or ownership
4	interests are acquired and held by an in-
5	surance company that is predominantly en-
6	gaged in underwriting life, accident and
7	health, or property and casualty insurance
8	(other than credit-related insurance) or
9	providing and issuing annuities; and
10	"(iii) such shares, assets, or owner-
11	ship interests represent an investment
12	made in the ordinary course of business of
13	such insurance company in accordance
14	with relevant State law governing such in-
15	vestments.
16	"(J) Activities that the Board determines
17	(by regulation or order) are complementary to
18	financial activities, or any other service that the
19	Board determines (by regulation or order) not
20	to pose a substantial risk to the safety or
21	soundness of depository institutions or the fi-
22	nancial system generally.
23	"(5) ACTIONS REQUIRED.—
24	"(A) In general.—The Board shall, by
25	regulation or order, define, consistent with the

1	purposes of this Act, the activities described in
2	subparagraph (B) as financial in nature, and
3	the extent to which such activities are financial
4	in nature or incidental to activities that are fi-
5	nancial in nature.
6	"(B) Activities.—The activities described
7	in this subparagraph are—
8	"(i) lending, exchanging, transferring,
9	investing for others, or safeguarding finan-
10	cial assets other than money or securities;
11	"(ii) providing any device or other in-
12	strumentality for transferring money or
13	other financial assets;
14	"(iii) arranging, effecting, or facili-
15	tating financial transactions for the ac-
16	count of third parties; and
17	"(iv) activities that are complemen-
18	tary to financial activities, or any other
19	service that the Board determines (by reg-
20	ulation or order) not to pose a substantial
21	risk to the safety or soundness of deposi-
22	tory institutions or the financial system
23	generally.
24	"(6) Required notification.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A bank holding com-pany that acquires any company or commences any activity pursuant to this subsection shall provide written notice to the Board describing the activity commenced or conducted by the company acquired not later than 30 calendar days after commencing the activity or consum-mating the acquisition, as applicable.

"(B) APPROVAL NOT REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.—Except as provided in subsection (j) with regard to the acquisition of a savings association, a bank holding company may commence any activity, or acquire any company, pursuant to paragraph (4) or any regulation prescribed or order issued under paragraph (5), without prior approval of the Board.

18 "(l) Conditions for Engaging in Expanded Fi-19 Nancial Activities.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (k), a bank holding company may not engage in any activity, or directly or indirectly acquire or retain shares of any company engaged in any activity, under subsection (k), other than activities permis-

1	sible for a bank holding company under subsection
2	(c)(8), unless—
3	"(A) all of the insured depository institu-
4	tion subsidiaries of the bank holding company
5	are well capitalized;
6	"(B) all of the insured depository institu-
7	tion subsidiaries of the bank holding company
8	are well managed; and
9	"(C) the bank holding company has filed
10	with the Board—
11	"(i) a declaration that the company
12	elects to engage in activities or acquire and
13	retain shares of a company which were not
14	permissible for a bank holding company to
15	engage in or acquire before the enactment
16	of the Financial Services Modernization
17	Act of 1999; and
18	"(ii) a certification that the company
19	meets the requirements of subparagraphs
20	(A) and (B).
21	"(2) Foreign banks.—For purposes of para-
22	graph (1), the Board shall apply comparable capital
23	and management standards to a foreign bank that
24	operates a branch or agency or owns or controls a
25	commercial lending company in the United States,

1	giving due regard to the principle of national treat-
2	ment and equality of competitive opportunity.
3	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this
4	subsection—
5	"(A) the term 'well capitalized' has the
6	same meaning as in section 38 of the Federal
7	Deposit Insurance Act;
8	"(B) the term 'well managed' means—
9	"(i) in the case of a depository insti-
10	tution that has been examined, unless oth-
11	erwise determined in writing by the appro-
12	priate Federal banking agency—
13	"(I) the achievement of a com-
14	posite rating of 1 or 2 under the Uni-
15	form Financial Institutions Rating
16	System (or an equivalent rating under
17	an equivalent rating system) in con-
18	nection with the most recent examina-
19	tion or subsequent review of the de-
20	pository institution; and
21	"(II) at least a rating of 2 for
22	management, if that rating is given;
23	"(ii) in the case of any depository in-
24	stitution that has not been examined, the
25	existence and use of managerial resources

1	that the appropriate Federal banking agen-
2	cy determines are satisfactory; and
3	"(iii) the terms 'appropriate Federal
4	banking agency' and 'depository institu-
5	tion' have the same meanings as in section
6	3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
7	"(m) Provisions Applicable to Bank Holding
8	Companies That Fail To Meet Certain Require-
9	MENTS.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Board finds that—
11	"(A) a bank holding company is engaged,
12	directly or indirectly, in any activity under sub-
13	section (k), other than activities that are per-
14	missible for a bank holding company under sub-
15	section $(c)(8)$; and
16	"(B) such bank holding company is not in
17	compliance with the requirements of subsection
18	(1),
19	the Board shall give notice to the bank holding com-
20	pany to that effect, describing the conditions giving
21	rise to the notice.
22	"(2) Agreement to correct conditions re-
23	QUIRED.—Not later than 45 days after the date of
24	receipt by a bank holding company of a notice given
25	under paragraph (1) (or such additional period as

the Board may permit), the bank holding company shall execute an agreement with the Board to comply with the requirements applicable to a bank holding company under subsection (1).

- "(3) Board May impose limitations.—Until the conditions described in a notice to a bank holding company under paragraph (1) are corrected, the Board may impose such limitations on the conduct or activities of that bank holding company or any affiliate of that company as the Board determines to be appropriate under the circumstances and consistent with the purposes of this Act.
- "(4) Failure to correct.—If the conditions described in a notice to a bank holding company under paragraph (1) are not corrected within 180 days after the date of receipt by the bank holding company of a notice under paragraph (1), the Board may require such bank holding company, under such terms and conditions as may be imposed by the Board and subject to such extension of time as may be granted in the discretion of the Board, either—
- 22 "(A) to divest control of any subsidiary in-23 sured depository institutions; or
- 24 "(B) to cease to engage in any activity 25 conducted by such bank holding company or its

1	subsidiaries (other than a depository institution
2	or a subsidiary of a depository institution) that
3	is not an activity that is permissible for a bank
4	holding company under subsection (c)(8).
5	"(n) AUTHORITY TO RETAIN COMMODITY ACTIVI-
6	TIES AND AFFILIATIONS.—Notwithstanding subsection
7	(a), a company that is not a bank holding company or
8	a foreign bank (as defined in section 1(b)(7) of the Inter-
9	national Banking Act of 1978) and becomes a bank hold-
10	ing company after the date of enactment of the Financial
11	Services Modernization Act of 1999, may continue to en-
12	gage in, or directly or indirectly own or control shares of
13	a company engaged in, activities related to the trading,
14	sale, or investment in commodities and underlying phys-
15	ical properties that were not permissible for bank holding
16	companies to conduct in the United States as of Sep-
17	tember 30, 1997, if—
18	"(1) the bank holding company, or any sub-
19	sidiary of the bank holding company, lawfully was
20	engaged, directly or indirectly, in any of such activi-
21	ties as of September 30, 1997, in the United States;
22	and
23	"(2) the bank holding company is predomi-
24	nantly engaged in activities that are financial in na-

1	ture or incidental thereto, as determined under para-
2	graph (4) of subsection (k).".
3	(b) Financial Activities of Bank Holding Com-
4	PANIES INELIGIBLE FOR SUBSECTION (k) POWERS.—
5	(1) In general.—Section 4(c)(8) of the Bank
6	Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
7	1843(c)(8)) is amended to read as follows:
8	"(8) shares of any company, the activities of
9	which had been determined by the Board by regula-
10	tion or order under this paragraph as of the day be-
11	fore the date of enactment of the Financial Services
12	Modernization Act of 1999, to be so closely related
13	to banking as to be a proper incident thereto (sub-
14	ject to such terms and conditions contained in such
15	regulation, unless modified by the Board);".
16	(2) Conforming changes to other stat-
17	UTES.—
18	(A) Amendment to the bank holding
19	COMPANY ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1970.—Section
20	105 of the Bank Holding Company Act Amend-
21	ments of 1970 (12 U.S.C. 1850) is amended by
22	striking ", to engage directly or indirectly in a
23	nonbanking activity pursuant to section 4 of
24	such Act,".

1 (B) Amendment to the bank service 2 COMPANY ACT.—Section 4(f) of the Bank Serv-3 ice Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1864(f)) is amend-4 ed by striking the period at the end and inserting the following: "as of the day before the date 5 6 of enactment of the Financial Services Mod-7 ernization Act of 1999.". 8 SEC. 103. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. 9 Section 10(c)(2)(F)(i) of the Home Owners' Loan 10 Act (12 U.S.C. 1467a(c)(2)(F)(i)) is amended— 11 (1) by inserting "is permitted for bank holding 12 companies under subsection (c) or (k) of section 4 13 of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, or which" after "(i) which"; and 14 15 (2) by striking "section 4(c)" and inserting "subsection (c) or (k) of section 4". 16 SEC. 104. OPERATION OF STATE LAW. 18 (a) State Regulation of the Business of In-SURANCE.—The Act entitled "An Act to express the intent 19 of Congress with reference to the regulation of the business of insurance" and approved March 9, 1945 (15 22 U.S.C. 1011 et seq.), commonly referred to as the "McCarran-Ferguson Act" remains the law of the United

States.

- 1 (b) Mandatory Insurance Licensing Require-
- 2 MENTS.—No person or entity shall provide insurance in
- 3 a State as principal or agent unless such person or entity
- 4 is licensed, as required by the appropriate insurance regu-
- 5 lator of such State in accordance with the relevant State
- 6 insurance laws, subject to subsections (c), (d), and (e).

7 (c) Affiliations.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), no State may, by statute, regulation, order, interpretation, or other action, prevent or restrict the affiliations authorized or permitted by this Act and the amendments made by this Act.
 - (2) Insurance.—With respect to affiliations between insured depository institutions, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof, and persons or entities engaged in the business of insurance, paragraph (1) does not prohibit any State from collecting, reviewing, and taking actions on required applications and other documents or reports as may be necessary concerning proposed acquisitions, changes, or continuations of control of any entity engaged in the business of insurance and domiciled in that State, if the State actions do not have the practical effect of discriminating, either intentionally or unintentionally, against an insured depository institution or a sub-

sidiary or affiliate thereof, or against any person or entity based upon affiliation with an insured depository institution.

(d) Activities.—

(1) In General.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), and except with respect to insurance sales, solicitation, and cross marketing activities, which shall be governed by paragraph (2), no State may, by statute, regulation, order, interpretation or other action, prevent or restrict an insured depository institution or subsidiary or affiliate thereof from engaging directly or indirectly, either by itself or in conjunction with a subsidiary, affiliate, or any other entity or person, in any activity authorized or permitted under this Act and the amendments made by this Act.

(2) Insurance sales.—

(A) In GENERAL.—In accordance with the legal standards for preemption set forth in the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in Barnett Bank of Marion County N.A. v. Nelson, 116 S. Ct. 1103 (1996), no State may, by statute, regulation, order, interpretation, or other action, prevent or significantly interfere with the ability of an insured deposi-

tory institution, or a subsidiary or affiliate thereof, to engage, directly or indirectly, either by itself or in conjunction with a subsidiary, affiliate, or any other party, in any insurance sales, solicitation, or cross-marketing activity.

- (B) CERTAIN STATE LAWS PRESERVED.—
 Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a State may impose any of the following restrictions, or restrictions that are substantially the same as but no more burdensome or restrictive than those in each of the following clauses:
 - (i) Restrictions prohibiting the rejection of an insurance policy solely because the policy has been issued or underwritten by any person not associated with such insured depository institution, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof, when such insurance is required in connection with a loan or extension of credit.
 - (ii) Restrictions prohibiting a requirement for any debtor, insurer, or insurance agent or broker to pay a separate charge in connection with the handling of insurance that is required in connection with a loan or other extension of credit or the

1	provision of another traditional banking
2	product, unless such charge would be re-
3	quired when the insured depository institu-
4	tion, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof,
5	is the licensed insurance agent or broken
6	providing the insurance.
7	(iii) Restrictions prohibiting the use of
8	any advertisement or other insurance pro-
9	motional material by an insured depository
10	institution, or any subsidiary or affiliate
11	thereof, that would cause a reasonable per-
12	son to believe mistakenly that—
13	(I) a State or the Federal Gov-
14	ernment is responsible for the insur-
15	ance sales activities of, or stands be-
16	hind the credit of, the institution, af-
17	filiate, or subsidiary; or
18	(II) a State, or the Federal Gov-
19	ernment guarantees any returns on
20	insurance products, or is a source of
21	payment on any insurance obligation
22	of or sold by the institution, affiliate,
23	or subsidiary.
24	(iv) Restrictions prohibiting the pay-
25	ment or receipt of any commission or bro-

kerage fee or other valuable consideration for services as an insurance agent or broker to or by any person, unless such person holds a valid State license regarding the applicable class of insurance at the time at which the services are performed, except that, in this clause, the term "services as an insurance agent or broker" does not include a referral by an unlicensed person of a customer or potential customer to a licensed insurance agent or broker that does not include a discussion of specific insurance policy terms and conditions.

- (v) Restrictions prohibiting any compensation paid to or received by any individual who is not licensed to sell insurance for the referral of a customer that seeks to purchase, or seeks an opinion or advice on, any insurance product to a person that sells or provides opinions or advice on such product, based on the purchase of insurance by the customer.
- (vi) Restrictions prohibiting the release of the insurance information of a customer (defined as information concerning

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the premiums, terms, and conditions of incoverage, including surance expiration dates and rates, and insurance claims of a customer contained in the records of the insured depository institution, or a subsidiary or affiliate thereof) to any person or entity other than an officer, director, employee, agent, subsidiary, or affiliate of an insured depository institution, for the purpose of soliciting or selling insurance, without the express consent of the cusother than provision tomer, a prohibits—

13 14 (I) a transfer of insurance infor-15 mation to an unaffiliated insurance 16 company, agent, or broker in connec-17 tion with transferring insurance in 18 force on existing insureds of the in-19 sured depository institution, or sub-20 sidiary or affiliate thereof, or in con-21 nection with a merger with or acquisi-22 tion of an unaffiliated insurance com-23 pany, agent, or broker; or

1	(II) the release of information as
2	otherwise authorized by Federal or
3	State law.
4	(vii) Restrictions prohibiting the use
5	of health information obtained from the in-
6	surance records of a customer for any pur-
7	pose, other than for its activities as a li-
8	censed agent or broker, without the ex-
9	press consent of the customer.
10	(viii) Restrictions prohibiting the ex-
11	tension of credit (or any product or service
12	that is equivalent to an extension of cred-
13	it), lease or sale of property of any kind,
14	or furnishing of any services or fixing or
15	varying the consideration for any of the
16	foregoing, on the condition or requirement
17	that the customer obtain insurance from
18	the insured depository institution, a sub-
19	sidiary or affiliate thereof, or a particular
20	insurer, agent, or broker, other than a pro-
21	hibition that would prevent any insured de-
22	pository institution, or any subsidiary or
23	affiliate thereof—
24	(I) from engaging in any activity
25	that would not violate section 106 of

1	the Bank Holding Company Act
2	Amendments of 1970, as interpreted
3	by the Board of Governors of the Fed-
4	eral Reserve System; or
5	(II) from informing a customer
6	or prospective customer that insur-
7	ance is required in order to obtain a
8	loan or credit, that loan or credit ap-
9	proval is contingent upon the procure-
10	ment by the customer of acceptable
11	insurance, or that insurance is avail-
12	able from the insured depository insti-
13	tution, or any subsidiary or affiliate
14	thereof.
15	(ix) Restrictions requiring, when an
16	application by a customer for a loan or
17	other extension of credit from an insured
18	depository institution is pending, and in-
19	surance is offered or sold to the customer
20	or is required in connection with the loan
21	or extension of credit by the insured depos-

itory institution or any subsidiary or affil-

iate thereof, that a written disclosure be

provided to the customer or prospective

customer indicating that his or her choice

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1	of an insurance provider will not affect the
2	credit decision or credit terms in any way,
3	except that the insured depository institu-
4	tion may impose reasonable requirements
5	concerning the creditworthiness of the in-
6	surance provider and scope of coverage
7	chosen.
8	(x) Restrictions, requiring clear and
9	conspicuous disclosure, in writing where
10	practicable, to the customer prior to the
11	sale of any insurance policy that such
12	policy—
13	(I) is not a deposit;
14	(II) is not insured by the Federal
15	Deposit Insurance Corporation;
16	(III) is not guaranteed by the in-
17	sured depository institution or, if ap-
18	propriate, its subsidiaries or affiliates
19	or any person soliciting the purchase
20	of or selling insurance on the premises
21	thereof; and
22	(IV) where appropriate, involves
23	investment risk, including potential
24	loss of principal.

1	(xi) Restrictions requiring that, when
2	a customer obtains insurance (other than
3	credit insurance or flood insurance) and
4	credit from an insured depository institu-
5	tion or its subsidiaries or affiliates, or any
6	person soliciting the purchase of or selling
7	insurance on the premises thereof, the
8	credit and insurance transactions be com-
9	pleted through separate documents.
10	(xii) Restrictions prohibiting, when a
11	customer obtains insurance (other than
12	credit insurance or flood insurance) and
13	credit from an insured depository institu-
14	tion or its subsidiaries or affiliates, or any
15	person soliciting the purchase of or selling
16	insurance on the premises thereof, inclu-
17	sion of the expense of insurance premiums
18	in the primary credit transaction without
19	the express written consent of the cus-
20	tomer.
21	(xiii) Restrictions requiring—
22	(I) maintenance of separate and

1	files relating to and reflecting cus-
2	tomer complaints; and
3	(II) that such insurance books
4	and records be made available to the
5	appropriate State insurance regulator
6	for inspection upon reasonable notice.
7	(C) Limitations.—
8	(i) OCC deference.—Section 203(e)
9	does not apply with respect to any State
10	statute, regulation, order, interpretation,
11	or other action regarding insurance sales,
12	solicitation, or cross marketing activities
13	described in subparagraph (A) that was
14	issued, adopted, or enacted before Sep-
15	tember 3, 1998, and that is not described
16	in subparagraph (B).
17	(ii) Nondiscrimination.—Subsection
18	(e) does not apply with respect to any
19	State statute, regulation, order, interpreta-
20	tion, or other action regarding insurance
21	sales, solicitation, or cross marketing ac-
22	tivities described in subparagraph (A) that
23	was issued, adopted, or enacted before
24	September 3, 1998, and that is not de-
25	scribed in subparagraph (B).

1	(iii) Construction.—Nothing in this
2	paragraph shall be construed—
3	(I) to limit the applicability of
4	the decision of the Supreme Court in
5	Barnett Bank of Marion County N.A.
6	v. Nelson, 116 S. Ct. 1103 (1996)
7	with respect to any State statute, reg-
8	ulation, order, interpretation, or other
9	action that is not referred to or de-
10	scribed in this paragraph; or
11	(II) to create any inference with
12	respect to any State statute, regula-
13	tion, order, interpretation, or other
14	action that is not referred to in this
15	paragraph.
16	(3) Insurance activities other than
17	SALES.—State statutes, regulations, interpretations,
18	orders, and other actions shall not be preempted
19	under paragraph (1) to the extent that they—
20	(A) relate to, or are issued, adopted, or en-
21	acted for the purpose of regulating the business
22	of insurance in accordance with the Act of
23	March 9, 1945 (commonly known as the
24	"McCarran-Ferguson Act");

1	(B) apply only to persons or entities that
2	are not insured depository institutions, but that
3	are directly engaged in the business of insur-
4	ance (except that they may apply to depository
5	institutions engaged in providing savings bank
6	life insurance as principal to the extent of regu-
7	lating such insurance);
8	(C) do not relate to or directly or indirectly
9	regulate insurance sales, solicitations, or cross
10	marketing activities; and
11	(D) are not prohibited under subsection
12	(e).
13	(4) Financial activities other than insur-
14	ANCE.—No State statute, regulation, interpretation,
15	order, or other action shall be preempted under
16	paragraph (1) to the extent that—
17	(A) it does not relate to, and is not issued
18	and adopted, or enacted for the purpose of reg-
19	ulating, directly or indirectly, insurance sales,
20	solicitations, or cross marketing activities cov-
21	ered under paragraph (2);
22	(B) it does not relate to, and is not issued
23	and adopted, or enacted for the purpose of reg-
24	ulating, directly or indirectly, the business of in-
25	surance activities other than sales, solicitations,

1	or cross marketing activities, covered under
2	paragraph (3);
3	(C) it does not relate to securities inves-
4	tigations or enforcement actions referred to in
5	subsection (f); and
6	(D) it is not prohibited under subsection
7	(e).
8	(e) Nondiscrimination.—Except as provided in any
9	restriction described in subsection (d)(2)(B), no State
10	may, by statute, regulation, order, interpretation, or other
11	action, regulate the activities authorized or permitted
12	under this Act and the amendments made by this Act,
13	or any other provision of Federal law, of an insured depos-
14	itory institution, or subsidiary or affiliate thereof, to the
15	extent that such statute, regulation, order, interpretation,
16	or other action—
17	(1) distinguishes by its terms between insured
18	depository institutions, or subsidiaries or affiliates
19	thereof, and other persons or entities engaged in
20	such activities, in a manner that is in any way ad-
21	verse to any such insured depository institution, or
22	subsidiary or affiliate thereof;
23	(2) as interpreted or applied, has or will have
24	an impact on insured depository institutions, or sub-
25	sidiaries or affiliates thereof, that is substantially

- more adverse than its impact on other persons or entities providing the same products or services or engaged in the same activities that are not insured depository institutions, or subsidiaries or affiliates thereof, or persons or entities affiliated therewith;
 - (3) effectively prevents an insured depository institution, or subsidiary or affiliate thereof, from engaging in activities authorized or permitted by this Act and the amendments made by this Act, or any other provision of Federal law; or
 - (4) conflicts with the intent of this Act and the amendments made by this Act generally to permit affiliations that are authorized or permitted by Federal law.
- 15 (f) Limitation.—Subsections (c) and (d) shall not 16 be construed to affect—
- 17 (1) the jurisdiction of the securities commission 18 (or any agency or office performing like functions) 19 of any State, under the laws of that State, to inves-20 tigate and bring enforcement actions, consistent with 21 section 18(c) of the Securities Act of 1933, with re-22 spect to fraud or deceit or unlawful conduct by any 23 person, in connection with securities or securities 24 transactions; or

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1 (2) State laws, regulations, orders, interpreta-2 tions, or other actions of general applicability relat-3 ing to the governance of corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies, or other business associa-5 tions incorporated or formed under the laws of that 6 State or domiciled in that State, or the applicability 7 of the antitrust laws of any State or any State law 8 that is similar to the antitrust laws if such laws, reg-9 ulations, interpretations, orders, or other actions are 10 not inconsistent with the purposes of this Act to au-11 thorize or permit certain affiliations and to remove 12 barriers to such affiliations.

13 (g) CERTAIN STATE AFFILIATION LAWS PREEMPTED
14 FOR INSURANCE COMPANIES AND AFFILIATES.—Except
15 as provided in subsection (c)(2), no State may, by law,
16 regulation, order, interpretation, or otherwise—

(1) prevent or restrict the ability of any insurer, or any affiliate of an insurer (whether such affiliate is organized as a stock company, mutual holding company, or otherwise), to become a bank holding company, or to acquire control of an insured depository institution, where the practical effect of such State action would be to discriminate, intentionally or unintentionally, against an insurer, or any affil-

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- 1 iate of an insurer, based upon its affiliation with an 2 insured depository institution;
- (2) limit the amount of the assets of an insurer 3 that may be invested in the voting securities of an 5 insured depository institution (or any company that 6 controls such institution), except that the laws of the 7 State of domicile of the insurer may limit the 8 amount of such investment to an amount that is not 9 less than 5 percent of the admitted assets of the in-10 surer; or
 - (3) prevent, restrict, or have the authority to review, approve, or disapprove a plan of reorganization by which an insurer proposes to reorganize from mutual form to become a stock insurer (whether as a direct or indirect subsidiary of a mutual holding company or otherwise), unless the State is the State of domicile of the insurer, except that the appropriate regulatory authority of the State of domicile of the insurer shall consult with the appropriate regulatory authority in other States in which the insurer conducts business, regarding issues affecting the best interests of policyholders.
- 23 Motor Vehicle Rental Agency Activi-24
- 25 (1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

TIES.—

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- 1 (A) in many States, the insurance laws are
 2 unclear as to whether personal insurance sales
 3 in connection with the short-term rental or leas4 ing of motor vehicles should be licensed by the
 5 State as an insurance activity; and
 - (B) in those States that have not yet implemented regulations governing the offer or sale of insurance in connection with the short-term lease or rental of a motor vehicle, a presumption should exist that no insurance license is required in connection with such sales.
 - (2) Exception for Certain insurance Products.—Subsection (b) does not apply to any person or entity who offers or provides insurance ancillary to a short-term lease or rental transaction of a motor vehicle in a State that does not, by statute, rule, or regulation, impose any licensing, appointment, personal or corporate qualifications, or education requirements on such persons or entities.
 - (3) Construction.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to alter the validity or effect of any State law, or the prospective application of any final State statute, rule, or regulation which, by its specific terms, expressly regulates or exempts from regulation any person or entity who offers or

- provides insurance ancillary to a short-term lease or rental transaction of a motor vehicle.
 - (4) Lease Period.—For purposes of this subsection, a person shall be considered to be providing insurance ancillary to a short-term lease or rental transaction of a motor vehicle if the lease or rental transaction is for 60 days or less, and the insurance is provided for a period of consecutive days not exceeding the length of the lease or rental.
 - (5) Effect.—This subsection shall remain in effect during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending 5 years after that date of enactment.
 - (i) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
 - (1) the term "antitrust laws" has the same meaning as in subsection (a) of the first section of the Clayton Act, and includes section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (to the extent that such section 5 relates to unfair methods of competition);
 - (2) the term "insured depository institution" has the same meaning as in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; and
 - (3) the term "State" means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, any territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam,

1	American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific
2	Islands, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mar-
3	iana Islands.
4	Subtitle B—Streamlining Super-
5	vision of Bank Holding Compa-
6	nies
7	SEC. 111. STREAMLINING BANK HOLDING COMPANY SU-
8	PERVISION.
9	Section 5(c) of the Bank Holding Company Act of
10	1956 (12 U.S.C. 1844(c)) is amended to read as follows:
11	"(c) Reports and Examinations.—
12	"(1) Reports.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board, from time
14	to time, may require a bank holding company
15	and any subsidiary of such company to submit
16	reports under oath to keep the Board informed
17	as to—
18	"(i) the financial condition of the
19	bank holding company or subsidiary, sys-
20	tems for monitoring and controlling finan-
21	cial and operating risks, and transactions
22	with depository institution subsidiaries of
23	the bank holding company; and

1	"(ii) compliance by the company or
2	subsidiary with applicable provisions of
3	this Act.
4	"(B) Use of existing reports.—
5	"(i) In general.—For purposes of
6	compliance with this paragraph, the Board
7	shall, to the fullest extent possible,
8	accept—
9	"(I) reports that a bank holding
10	company or any subsidiary of such
11	company has provided or been re-
12	quired to provide to other Federal or
13	State supervisors or to appropriate
14	self-regulatory organizations;
15	"(II) information that is other-
16	wise required to be reported publicly;
17	and
18	"(III) externally audited financial
19	statements.
20	"(ii) Reports filed with other
21	AGENCIES.—In the event that the Board
22	requires a report under this subsection
23	from a functionally regulated subsidiary of
24	a bank holding company of a kind that is
25	not required by another Federal or State

regulatory authority or an appropriate self-1 2 regulatory organization, the Board shall request that the appropriate regulatory au-3 thority or self-regulatory organization obtain such report. If the report is not made 6 available to the Board, and the report is 7 necessary to assess a material risk to the 8 bank holding company or any of its deposi-9 tory institution subsidiaries or compliance 10 with this Act, the Board may require such 11 functionally regulated subsidiary to provide 12 such a report to the Board. 13 "(2) Examinations.— 14 "(A) Examination authority for bank 15 HOLDING COMPANIES AND SUBSIDIARIES.— 16 Subject to subparagraph (B), the Board may 17 make examinations of each bank holding com-18 pany and each subsidiary of such holding com-19 pany in order— 20 "(i) to inform the Board of the nature 21 of the operations and financial condition of 22 the holding company and such subsidiaries; 23 "(ii) to inform the Board of— "(I) the financial and operational 24 25 risks within the holding company sys-

1	tem that may pose a threat to the
2	safety and soundness of any deposi-
3	tory institution subsidiary of such
4	holding company; and
5	"(II) the systems for monitoring
6	and controlling such risks; and
7	"(iii) to monitor compliance with the
8	provisions of this Act and those governing
9	transactions and relationships between any
10	depository institution subsidiary and its af-
11	filiates.
12	"(B) Functionally regulated sub-
13	SIDIARIES.—Notwithstanding subparagraph
14	(A), the Board may make examinations of a
15	functionally regulated subsidiary of a bank
16	holding company only if—
17	"(i) the Board has reasonable cause
18	to believe that such subsidiary is engaged
19	in activities that pose a material risk to an
20	affiliated depository institution; or
21	"(ii) based on reports and other avail-
22	able information, the Board has reasonable
23	cause to believe that a subsidiary is not in
24	compliance with this Act or with provisions
25	relating to transactions with an affiliated

1	depository institution, and the Board can-
2	not make such determination through ex-
3	amination of the affiliated depository insti-
4	tution or the bank holding company.
5	"(C) RESTRICTED FOCUS OF EXAMINA-
6	TIONS.—The Board shall, to the fullest extent
7	possible, limit the focus and scope of any exam-
8	ination of a bank holding company to—
9	"(i) the bank holding company; and
10	"(ii) any subsidiary of the bank hold-
11	ing company that could have a materially
12	adverse effect on the safety and soundness
13	of any depository institution subsidiary of
14	the holding company due to—
15	"(I) the size, condition, or activi-
16	ties of the subsidiary; or
17	"(II) the nature or size of trans-
18	actions between the subsidiary and
19	any depository institution that is also
20	a subsidiary of the bank holding com-
21	pany.
22	"(D) Deference to bank examina-
23	TIONS.—The Board shall, to the fullest extent
24	possible, for the purposes of this paragraph, use
25	the reports of examinations of depository insti-

1	tutions made by the appropriate Federal and
2	State depository institution supervisory author-
3	ity.
4	"(E) Deference to other examina-
5	TIONS.—The Board shall, to the fullest extent
6	possible, forego an examination by the Board
7	under this paragraph and instead review the re-
8	ports of examination made of—
9	"(i) any registered broker or dealer by
10	or on behalf of the Securities and Ex-
11	change Commission;
12	"(ii) any registered investment adviser
13	properly registered by or on behalf of ei-
14	ther the Securities and Exchange Commis-
15	sion or any State;
16	"(iii) any licensed insurance company
17	by or on behalf of any State regulatory au-
18	thority responsible for the supervision of
19	insurance companies; and
20	"(iv) any other subsidiary that the
21	Board finds to be comprehensively super-
22	vised by a Federal or State authority.
23	"(3) Capital.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board may not,
25	by regulation, guideline, order, or otherwise.

1	prescribe or impose any capital or capital ade-
2	quacy rules, guidelines, standards, or require-
3	ments on any subsidiary of a bank holding com-
4	pany that—
5	"(i) is not an insured depository insti-
6	tution; and
7	"(ii) is—
8	"(I) in compliance with the appli-
9	cable capital requirements of another
10	Federal regulatory authority (includ-
11	ing the Securities and Exchange Com-
12	mission) or State insurance authority;
13	or
14	"(II) properly registered as an
15	investment adviser under the Invest-
16	ment Advisers Act of 1940, or with
17	any State.
18	"(B) Rule of Construction.—Subpara-
19	graph (A) shall not be construed as preventing
20	the Board from imposing capital or capital ade-
21	quacy rules, guidelines, standards, or require-
22	ments with respect to activities of a registered
23	investment adviser other than with respect to
24	investment advisory activities or activities inci-
25	dental to investment advisory activities.

1	"(C) Limitations on indirect ac-
2	TION.—In developing, establishing, or assessing
3	bank holding company capital or capital ade-
4	quacy rules, guidelines, standards, or require-
5	ments for purposes of this paragraph, the
6	Board may not take into account the activities,
7	operations, or investments of an affiliated in-
8	vestment company registered under the Invest-
9	ment Company Act of 1940, if the investment
10	company is not—
11	"(i) a bank holding company; or
12	"(ii) controlled by a bank holding
13	company by reason of ownership by the
14	bank holding company (including through
15	all of its affiliates) of 25 percent or more
16	of the shares of the investment company,
17	where the shares owned by the bank hold-
18	ing company have a market value equal to
19	more than \$1,000,000.
20	"(4) Transfer of Board Authority to Ap-
21	PROPRIATE FEDERAL BANKING AGENCY.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any
23	bank holding company that is not significantly
24	engaged in nonbanking activities, the Board, in
25	consultation with the appropriate Federal bank-

1	ing agency, may designate the appropriate Fed-
2	eral banking agency of the lead insured deposi-
3	tory institution subsidiary of such holding com-
4	pany as the appropriate Federal banking agen-
5	cy for the bank holding company.
6	"(B) Authority transferred.—An
7	agency designated by the Board under subpara-
8	graph (A) shall have the same authority as the
9	Board under this Act—
10	"(i) to examine and require reports
11	from the bank holding company and any
12	affiliate of such company (other than a de-
13	pository institution) under this section;
14	"(ii) to approve or disapprove applica-
15	tions or transactions under section 3;
16	"(iii) to take actions and impose pen-
17	alties under subsections (e) and (f) of this
18	section and under section 8; and
19	"(iv) to take actions regarding the
20	holding company, any affiliate of the hold-
21	ing company (other than a depository insti-
22	tution), or any institution-affiliated party
23	of such company or affiliate under the
24	Federal Deposit Insurance Act and any

1	other statute that the Board may des-
2	ignate.
3	"(C) Agency orders.—Section 9 of this
4	Act and section 105 of the Bank Holding Com-
5	pany Act Amendments of 1970 shall apply to
6	orders issued by an agency designated under
7	subparagraph (A) in the same manner as such
8	sections apply to orders issued by the Board.
9	"(5) Functional regulation of securities
10	AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES.—
11	"(A) Securities activities.—Securities
12	activities conducted in a functionally regulated
13	subsidiary of a bank shall be subject to regula-
14	tion by the Securities and Exchange Commis-
15	sion, and by relevant State securities authori-
16	ties, as appropriate, subject to section 104 of
17	the Financial Services Modernization Act of
18	1999, to the same extent as if they were con-
19	ducted in a nondepository institution subsidiary
20	of a bank holding company.
21	"(B) Insurance activities.—Subject to
22	section 104 of the Financial Services Mod-
23	ernization Act of 1999, insurance agency and
24	brokerage activities and activities as principal
25	conducted in a functionally regulated subsidiary

1	of a bank shall be subject to regulation by a
2	State insurance authority to the same extent as
3	if they were conducted in a nondepository insti-
4	tution subsidiary of a bank holding company.
5	"(6) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
6	section, the term 'functionally regulated subsidiary'
7	means any company—
8	"(A) that is not a bank holding company;
9	and
10	"(B) that is—
11	"(i) a broker or dealer that is reg-
12	istered under the Securities Exchange Act
13	of 1934;
14	"(ii) a registered investment adviser,
15	properly registered by or on behalf of ei-
16	ther the Securities and Exchange Commis-
17	sion or any State, with respect to the in-
18	vestment advisory activities of such invest-
19	ment adviser and activities incidental to
20	such investment advisory activities;
21	"(iii) an investment company that is
22	registered under the Investment Company
23	Act of 1940;
24	"(iv) an insurance company or insur-
25	ance agency that is subject to supervision

1	by a State insurance commission, agency,
2	or similar authority; or
3	"(v) an entity that is subject to regu-
4	lation by the Commodity Futures Trading
5	Commission, with respect to the commod-
6	ities activities of such entity and activities
7	incidental to such commodities activities.".
8	SEC. 112. AUTHORITY OF STATE INSURANCE REGULATOR
9	AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMIS-
10	SION.
11	Section 5 of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956
12	(12 U.S.C. 1844) is amended by adding at the end the
13	following new subsection:
14	"(g) Authority of State Insurance Regulator
15	AND THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.—
16	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other
17	provision of law, any regulation, order, or other ac-
18	tion of the Board that requires a bank holding com-
19	pany to provide funds or other assets to an insured
20	depository institution subsidiary shall not be effec-
21	tive nor enforceable, if—
22	"(A) such funds or assets are to be pro-
23	vided by—
24	"(i) a bank holding company that is
25	an insurance company or that is a broker

1	or	dealer	registered	under	the	Securities
2	Exe	change	Act of 193	4; or		

"(ii) an affiliate of the insured depository institution that is an insurance company or a broker or dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and "(B) the State insurance authority for the insurance company or the Securities and Exchange Commission for the registered broker or dealer, as the case may be, determines in a written notice sent to the bank holding company and to the Board that the bank holding company shall not provide such funds or assets because such action would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the insurance company or the broker or dealer, as the case may be.

"(2) Notice to state insurance authority or sec required.—If the Board requires a bank holding company, or an affiliate of a bank holding company, that is an insurance company or a broker or dealer, as described in paragraph (1)(A), to provide funds or assets to an insured depository institution subsidiary of the bank holding company pursuant to any regulation, order, or other action of the

Board referred to in paragraph (1), the Board shall promptly notify the State insurance authority for the insurance company or the Securities and Exchange Commission, as the case may be, of such requirement.

"(3) DIVESTITURE IN LIEU OF OTHER ACTION.—If the Board receives a notice described in paragraph (1)(B) from a State insurance authority or the Securities and Exchange Commission with regard to a bank holding company or affiliate referred to in that paragraph, the Board may order the bank holding company to divest the insured depository institution subsidiary not later than 180 days after receiving the notice, or such longer period as the Board determines to be consistent with the safe and sound operation of the insured depository institution.

"(4) Conditions before divestiture.—During the period beginning on the date on which an order to divest is issued by the Board under paragraph (3) to a bank holding company and ending on the date on which the divestiture is completed, the Board may impose any conditions or restrictions on ownership or operation by the bank holding company of the insured depository institution, including re-

- 1 stricting or prohibiting transactions between the in-
- 2 sured depository institution and any affiliate of the
- 3 institution, as are appropriate under the cir-
- 4 cumstances.
- 5 "(5) Rule of construction.—No provision
- of this subsection may be construed to limit or oth-
- 7 erwise affect the regulatory authority, including the
- 8 scope of the authority, of any Federal agency or de-
- 9 partment with regard to any entity that is within the
- jurisdiction of such agency or department.".
- 11 SEC. 113. ROLE OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE
- 12 FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.
- The Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
- 14 1841 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 10 the
- 15 following new section:
- 16 "SEC. 10A. LIMITATION ON RULEMAKING, PRUDENTIAL, SU-
- 17 PERVISORY, AND ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY
- 18 **OF THE BOARD.**
- 19 "(a) Limitation on Direct Action.—The Board
- 20 may not prescribe regulations, issue or seek entry of or-
- 21 ders, impose restraints, restrictions, guidelines, require-
- 22 ments, safeguards, or standards, or otherwise take any ac-
- 23 tion under or pursuant to any provision of this Act or sec-
- 24 tion 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act against or

1	with respect to a functionally regulated subsidiary of a
2	bank holding company unless—
3	"(1) the action is necessary to prevent or re-
4	dress an unsafe or unsound practice or breach of fi-
5	duciary duty by such subsidiary that poses a mate-
6	rial risk to—
7	"(A) the financial safety, soundness, or
8	stability of an affiliated insured depository in-
9	stitution; or
10	"(B) the domestic or international pay-
11	ment system; and
12	"(2) the Board finds that it is not reasonably
13	possible to protect effectively against the material
14	risk at issue through action directed at or against
15	the affiliated insured depository institution or
16	against insured depository institutions generally.
17	"(b) Limitation on Indirect Action.—The Board
18	may not prescribe regulations, issue or seek entry of or-
19	ders, impose restraints, restrictions, guidelines, require-
20	ments, safeguards, or standards, or otherwise take any ac-
21	tion under or pursuant to any provision of this Act or sec-
22	tion 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act against or
23	with respect to a bank holding company where the purpose
24	or effect of doing so would be to take action indirectly
25	against or with respect to a functionally regulated sub-

- 1 sidiary of a bank holding company that may not be taken
- 2 directly against or with respect to such subsidiary in ac-
- 3 cordance with subsection (a).
- 4 "(c) Actions Specifically Authorized.—Not-
- 5 withstanding subsection (a), the Board may take action
- 6 under this Act or section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insur-
- 7 ance Act to enforce compliance by a functionally regulated
- 8 subsidiary of a bank holding company with Federal law
- 9 that the Board has specific jurisdiction to enforce against
- 10 such subsidiary.
- 11 "(d) 'Functionally Regulated Subsidiary' De-
- 12 FINED.—For purposes of this section, the term 'function-
- 13 ally regulated subsidiary' has the same meaning as in sec-
- 14 tion 5(c)(6).".

15 SEC. 114. EXAMINATION OF INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

- 16 (a) Exclusive Commission Authority.—Except
- 17 as provided in subsection (c), a Federal banking agency
- 18 may not inspect or examine any registered investment
- 19 company that is not a bank holding company or a savings
- 20 and loan holding company.
- 21 (b) Examination Results and Other Informa-
- 22 TION.—The Commission shall provide to any Federal
- 23 banking agency, upon request, the results of any examina-
- 24 tion, reports, records, or other information with respect
- 25 to any registered investment company to the extent nec-

- essary for the agency to carry out its statutory responsibilities.
 (c) Certain Examinations Authorized.—Nothing in this section shall prevent the Corporation, if the
 Corporation finds it necessary to determine the condition
- 6 of an insured depository institution for insurance pur-
- 7 poses, from examining an affiliate of any insured deposi-
- 8 tory institution, pursuant to its authority under section
- 9 10(b)(4) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as may
- 10 be necessary to disclose fully the relationship between the
- 11 insured depository institution and the affiliate, and the ef-
- 12 fect of such relationship on the insured depository institu-
- 13 tion.
- 14 (d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the 15 following definitions shall apply:
- 16 (1) Bank holding company" has the same meaning as
- in section 2 of the Bank Holding Company Act of
- 19 1956.
- 20 (2) Corporation.—The term "Corporation"
- 21 means the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- 22 (3) Commission.—The term "Commission"
- 23 means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

1	(4) Federal banking agency.—The term
2	"Federal banking agency" has the same meaning as
3	in section 3(z) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
4	(5) REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANY.—The
5	term "registered investment company" means an in-
6	vestment company that is registered with the Com-
7	mission under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
8	(6) Savings and loan holding company.—
9	The term "savings and loan holding company" has
10	the same meaning as in section $10(a)(1)(D)$ of the
11	Home Owners' Loan Act.
12	SEC. 115. EQUIVALENT REGULATION AND SUPERVISION.
13	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
14	sion of law, the provisions of—
15	(1) section 5(c) of the Bank Holding Company
16	Act of 1956 (as amended by this Act) that limit the
17	authority of the Board of Governors of the Federal
18	Reserve System to require reports from, to make ex-
19	aminations of, or to impose capital requirements on
20	holding companies and their functionally regulated
21	subsidiaries or that require deference to other regu-
22	lators;
23	(2) section 5(g) of the Bank Holding Company
24	Act of 1956 (as added by this Act) that limit the au-
25	thority of the Board to require capital from a func-

- 1 tionally regulated subsidiary of a holding company
- 2 to an insured depository institution subsidiary of the
- 3 holding company and to take certain actions includ-
- 4 ing requiring divestiture of the insured depository
- 5 institution; and
- 6 (3) section 10A of the Bank Holding Company
- 7 Act of 1956 (as added by this Act) that limit what-
- 8 ever authority the Board might otherwise have to
- 9 take direct or indirect action with respect to holding
- 10 companies and their functionally regulated subsidi-
- 11 aries,
- 12 shall also limit whatever authority that a Federal banking
- 13 agency (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
- 14 surance Act) might otherwise have under applicable Fed-
- 15 eral law to require reports, make examinations, impose
- 16 capital requirements, or take any other direct or indirect
- 17 action with respect to any functionally regulated sub-
- 18 sidiary of an insured depository institution, subject to the
- 19 same standards and requirements as are applicable to the
- 20 Board under those provisions.
- 21 (b) CERTAIN EXEMPTION AUTHORIZED.—Nothing in
- 22 this section shall prevent the Federal Deposit Insurance
- 23 Corporation, if the Corporation finds it necessary to deter-
- 24 mine the condition of an insured depository institution for
- 25 insurance purposes, from examining an affiliate of any in-

- 1 sured depository institution, pursuant to its authority
- 2 under section 10(b)(4) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
- 3 Act, as may be necessary to disclose fully the relationship
- 4 between the depository institution and the affiliate, and
- 5 the effect of such relationship on the depository institu-
- 6 tion.
- 7 (c) "Functionally Regulated Subsidiary" De-
- 8 FINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "function-
- 9 ally regulated subsidiary" has the same meaning as in sec-
- 10 tion 5(c)(6) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956,
- 11 as amended by this Act.
- 12 SEC. 116. INTERAGENCY CONSULTATION.
- 13 (a) Examination Results and Other Informa-
- 14 TION.—
- 15 (1) Information of the board.—Upon the
- request of the appropriate insurance regulator of
- any State, the Board may provide to that regulator
- any information of the Board regarding the financial
- 19 condition, risk management policies, and operations
- of any bank holding company that controls a com-
- 21 pany that is engaged in insurance activities and is
- regulated by that State insurance regulator, and re-
- 23 garding any transaction or relationship between such
- an insurance company and any affiliated depository
- institution. The Board may provide any other infor-

- mation to the appropriate State insurance regulator that the Board believes is necessary or appropriate to permit the State insurance regulator to administer and enforce applicable State insurance laws.
 - (2) Banking agency insurance regulator of any State, the appropriate Federal banking agency may provide to that regulator any information of the agency regarding any transaction or relationship between a depository institution supervised by that Federal banking agency and any affiliated company that is engaged in insurance activities regulated by the State insurance regulator. The appropriate Federal banking agency may provide any other information to the appropriate State insurance regulator that the agency believes is necessary or appropriate to permit the State insurance regulator to administer and enforce applicable State insurance laws.
 - (3) STATE INSURANCE REGULATOR INFORMATION.—Upon the request of the appropriate Federal banking agency, a State insurance regulator may provide any examination or other reports, records, or other information to which the State insurance regulator may have access with respect to a company that—

1	(A) is engaged in insurance activities and
2	is regulated by that insurance regulator; and
3	(B) is an affiliate of an insured depository
4	institution or a bank holding company.
5	(b) Consultation.—Before making any determina-
6	tion relating to the initial affiliation of, or the continuing
7	affiliation of, an insured depository institution or bank
8	holding company with a company engaged in insurance ac-
9	tivities, the appropriate Federal banking agency shall con-
10	sult with the appropriate State insurance regulator of such
11	company and take the views of such insurance regulator
12	into account in making such determination.
13	(c) Effect on Other Authority.—Nothing in
14	this section shall limit in any respect the authority of the
15	appropriate Federal banking agency with respect to an in-
16	sured depository institution or bank holding company or
17	any affiliate thereof under any provision of law.
18	(d) Confidentiality and Privilege.—
19	(1) Confidentiality.—The appropriate Fed-
20	eral banking agency may not provide any informa-
21	tion or material that is entitled to confidential treat-
22	ment under applicable Federal banking agency regu-
23	lations, or other applicable law, to a State insurance
24	regulator, unless such regulator agrees to maintain

the information or material in confidence and to

- 1 take all reasonable steps to oppose any effort to se-2 cure disclosure of the information or material by the 3 regulator. The appropriate Federal banking agency shall treat as confidential any information or mate-5 rial obtained from a State insurance regulator that 6 is entitled to confidential treatment under applicable 7 State regulations, or other applicable law, and take 8 all reasonable steps to oppose any effort to secure 9 disclosure of the information or material by the Fed-10 eral banking agency.
- 11 (2) PRIVILEGE.—The provision pursuant to this 12 section of information or material by a Federal 13 banking agency or a State insurance regulator shall 14 not constitute a waiver of, or otherwise affect, any 15 privilege to which the information or material is oth-16 erwise subject.
- 17 (e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the 18 following definitions shall apply:
 - (1) APPROPRIATE FEDERAL BANKING AGENCY; INSURED DEPOSITORY INSTITUTION.—The terms "appropriate Federal banking agency" and "insured depository institution" have the same meanings as in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
 - (2) Board; Bank Holding Company.—The terms "Board" and "bank holding company" have

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1	the same meanings as in section 2 of the Bank
2	Holding Company Act of 1956.
3	SEC. 117. PRESERVING THE INTEGRITY OF FDIC RE
4	SOURCES.
5	Section 11(a)(4)(B) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
6	Act (12 U.S.C. 1821(a)(4)(B)) is amended by striking "to
7	benefit any shareholder of" and inserting "to benefit any
8	shareholder, affiliate (other than an insured depository in
9	stitution that receives assistance in accordance with the
10	provisions of this Act), or subsidiary of".
11	Subtitle C—Activities of National
12	Banks
13	SEC. 121. AUTHORITY OF NATIONAL BANKS TO UNDER
14	WRITE MUNICIPAL REVENUE BONDS.
15	The paragraph designated the Seventh of section
16	5136 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (12
17	U.S.C. 24(7)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"The limitations and restrictions contained in this
20	paragraph as to dealing in, underwriting, and purchasing
21	investment securities for the national bank's own account
22	
	do not apply to obligations (including limited obligation
23	do not apply to obligations (including limited obligation bonds, revenue bonds, and obligations that satisfy the re-

25 Code of 1986) issued by or on behalf of any State or polit-

1	ical subdivision of a State, including any municipal cor-
2	porate instrumentality of 1 or more States, or any public
3	agency or authority of any State or political subdivision
4	of a State, if the national banking association is well cap-
5	italized (as defined in section 38 of the Federal Deposit
6	Insurance Act).".
7	SEC. 122. SUBSIDIARIES OF NATIONAL BANKS.
8	(a) In General.—Chapter one of title LXII of the
9	Revised Statutes of the United States (12 U.S.C. 21 et
10	seq.) is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating section 5136A as section
12	5136C; and
13	(2) by inserting after section 5136 (12 U.S.C.
14	24) the following new section:
15	"SEC. 5136A. SUBSIDIARIES OF NATIONAL BANKS.
16	"(a) Authorization To Conduct in Operating
17	SUBSIDIARIES CERTAIN ACTIVITIES THAT ARE FINAN-
18	CIAL IN NATURE.—
19	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), a
20	national bank may control a financial subsidiary, or
21	hold an interest in a financial subsidiary, only if—
22	"(A) the consolidated total assets of the
23	national bank do not exceed \$1,000,000,000;
24	"(B) the national bank is not an affiliate
25	of a bank holding company

1	"(C) the subject activities are not real es-
2	tate development or real estate investment ac-
3	tivities, unless otherwise expressly authorized by
4	law;
5	"(D) the national bank and each insured
6	depository institution affiliate of the national
7	bank is well capitalized and well managed; and
8	"(E) the national bank has received the
9	approval of the Comptroller of the Currency to
10	engage in such activities, which approval shall
11	be based solely upon the factors set forth in
12	subparagraph (D) and factors set forth in sub-
13	section (c).
14	"(2) REGULATIONS REQUIRED.—The Comp-
15	troller of the Currency shall, by regulation, prescribe
16	procedures for the enforcement of this section.
17	"(b) Safety and Soundness Fire Walls.—
18	"(1) Capital reduction required.—In de-
19	termining compliance with applicable capital stand-
20	ards for purposes of subsection $(a)(1)(D)$ —
21	"(A) the aggregate amount of outstanding
22	equity investments by a national bank in a fi-
23	nancial subsidiary shall be deducted from the
24	assets and tangible equity of the national bank;
25	and

1	"(B) the assets and liabilities of the finan-
2	cial subsidiary shall not be consolidated with
3	those of the national bank.
4	"(2) Investment Limitation.—A national
5	bank may not, without the prior approval of the
6	Comptroller of the Currency, make any equity in-
7	vestment in a financial subsidiary of the bank if that
8	investment would, when made, exceed the amount
9	that the national bank could pay as a dividend with-
10	out obtaining prior regulatory approval.
11	"(c) Safeguards for the Bank.—A national bank
12	that establishes or maintains a financial subsidiary shall
13	assure that—
14	"(1) the procedures of the national bank for
15	identifying and managing financial and operational
16	risks within the national bank and financial sub-
17	sidiary adequately protect the national bank from
18	such risks;
19	"(2) the bank has, for the protection of the na-
20	(2) the same has, for the proceeding of the ha
20	tional bank, reasonable policies and procedures to
21	
	tional bank, reasonable policies and procedures to
21	tional bank, reasonable policies and procedures to preserve the separate corporate identity and limited
21 22	tional bank, reasonable policies and procedures to preserve the separate corporate identity and limited liability of the national bank and the financial sub-

- "(d) STREAMLINING REGULATION AND SUPERVISION
 AND ENCOURAGING CONSULTATION AMONG FEDERAL
 AND STATE REGULATORS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent that a na-4 5 tional bank engages in activities that are authorized 6 by subsection (a) through a functionally regulated fi-7 nancial subsidiary, the regulation and supervision of 8 such subsidiary by the Comptroller of the Currency, 9 including its ability to require a contribution of cap-10 ital or assets to the national bank from that func-11 tionally regulated financial subsidiary, shall be lim-12 ited, as set forth under section 115 of the Financial 13 Services Modernization Act of 1999.
- "(2) Interagency consultation.—The provisions of section 116 of the Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999, relating to interagency consultation, shall apply to the Comptroller of the Currency and the appropriate State regulators of functionally regulated financial subsidiaries of a national bank.
- 21 "(e) Preservation of Existing Operating Sub-22 Sidiary Authority.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 23 sion of this section—
- 24 "(1) a national bank may retain control of a 25 company, or retain an interest in a company, and

1	conduct through such company any activities law-
2	fully conducted therein as of the date of enactment
3	of the Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999;
4	and
5	"(2) a national bank may own shares of or any
6	other interest in any company that is engaged only
7	in activities that are permissible for the national
8	bank to engage in directly, if such activities are en-
9	gaged in under the same terms and conditions that
10	would govern the conduct if conducted by a national
11	bank directly.
12	"(f) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the
13	following definitions shall apply:
14	"(1) Financial subsidiary.—The term 'fi-
15	nancial subsidiary' means a company that—
16	"(A) is a subsidiary of a national bank;
17	and
18	"(B) is engaged as principal in any activity
19	that is permissible for a bank holding company
20	under section 4(k) of the Bank Holding Com-
21	pany Act of 1956 and is not permissible for na-
22	tional banks to engage in directly.
23	"(2) Functionally regulated.—The term
24	'functionally regulated financial subsidiary' means a
25	financial subsidiary that is—

1	"(A) a broker or dealer that is registered
2	under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
3	"(B) an investment adviser that is reg-
4	istered under the Investment Advisers Act of
5	1940, or with any State, with respect to the in-
6	vestment advisory activities of such investment
7	adviser and activities incidental to such invest-
8	ment advisory activities;
9	"(C) an insurance company that is subject
10	to supervision by a State insurance commission,
11	agency, or similar authority; and
12	"(D) an entity that is subject to regulation
13	by the Commodity Futures Trading Commis-
14	sion, with respect to the commodities activities
15	of such entity and activities incidental to such
16	commodities activities.
17	"(3) Subsidiary.—The term 'subsidiary' has
18	the same meaning as in section 2 of the Bank Hold-
19	ing Company Act of 1956.
20	"(4) Well capitalized.—The term 'well cap-
21	italized' has the same meaning as in section 38 of
22	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
23	"(5) Well managed.—The term well man-
24	aged' means—

1	"(A) in the case of a depository institution
2	that has been examined, unless otherwise deter-
3	mined in writing by the appropriate Federal
4	banking agency—
5	"(i) the achievement of a composite
6	rating of 1 or 2 under the Uniform Finan-
7	cial Institutions Rating System (or an
8	equivalent rating under an equivalent rat-
9	ing system) in connection with the most re-
10	cent examination or subsequent review of
11	the depository institution; and
12	"(ii) at least a rating of 2 for man-
13	agement, if such rating is given; or
14	"(B) in the case of any depository institu-
15	tion that has not been examined, the existence
16	and use of managerial resources that the appro-
17	priate Federal banking agency determines are
18	satisfactory.
19	"(6) Incorporated definitions.—The terms
20	'appropriate Federal banking agency', 'depository in-
21	stitution', and 'insured depository institution', have
22	the same meanings as in section 3 of the Federal
23	Deposit Insurance Act.".
24	(b) Limiting the Credit Exposure of a Na-
25	TIONAL BANK TO A FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARY TO THE

Amount of Permissible Credit Exposure to an Af-FILIATE.—Section 23A of the Federal Reserve Act (12) U.S.C. 371c) is amended— 4 (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-5 section (f); and (2) by inserting after subsection (d), the fol-6 7 lowing new subsection: "(e) Rules Relating to National Banks With 8 FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES.— 10 "(1) Financial subsidiary defined.—For 11 purposes of this section and section 23B, the term 'financial subsidiary' has the same meaning as in 12 13 section 5136A(f) of the Revised Statutes of the 14 United States. 15 "(2) Application to transactions between 16 A FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARY OF A NATIONAL BANK AND 17 THE NATIONAL BANK.—For purposes of applying 18 this section and section 23B to a transaction be-19 tween a financial subsidiary of a national bank and 20 the national bank (or between such financial subsidiary and any other subsidiary of the national 21 22 bank that is not a financial subsidiary), and not-

withstanding subsection (b)(2) of this section or sec-

tion 23B(d)(1)—

23

1	"(A) the financial subsidiary of the na-
2	tional bank—
3	"(i) shall be deemed to be an affiliate
4	of the national bank and of any other sub-
5	sidiary of the bank that is not a financial
6	subsidiary; and
7	"(ii) shall not be deemed to be a sub-
8	sidiary of the national bank; and
9	"(B) a purchase of or investment in equity
10	securities issued by the financial subsidiary
11	shall not be deemed to be a covered transaction.
12	"(3) Application to transactions between
13	FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARY AND NONBANK AFFILI-
14	ATES.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A transaction between
16	a financial subsidiary and an affiliate of the fi-
17	nancial subsidiary (that is not a subsidiary of
18	a national bank) shall not be deemed to be a
19	transaction between a subsidiary of a national
20	bank and an affiliate of that bank for purposes
21	of section 23A or section 23B.
22	"(B) CERTAIN AFFILIATES EXCLUDED.—
23	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'affil-
24	iate' does not include a national bank, or a sub-
25	sidiary of a national bank that is engaged ex-

- 1 clusively in activities permissible for a national
- 2 bank to engage in directly or agency activities
- permitted under section 123 of the Financial
- 4 Services Modernization Act of 1999.".
- 5 (c) Antitying.—Section 106(a) of the Bank Holding
- 6 Company Act Amendments of 1970 (12 U.S.C. 1971) is
- 7 amended by adding at the end the following: "For pur-
- 8 poses of this section, a financial subsidiary of a national
- 9 bank engaging in activities pursuant to section 5136A(a)
- 10 of the Revised Statutes of the United States shall be
- 11 deemed to be a subsidiary of a bank holding company, and
- 12 not a subsidiary of a bank.".
- 13 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 14 for chapter one of title LXII of the Revised Statutes of
- 15 the United States is amended—
- 16 (1) by redesignating the item relating to section
- 17 5136A as relating to section 5136C; and
- 18 (2) by inserting after the item relating to sec-
- tion 5136 the following new item:

20 SEC. 123. AGENCY ACTIVITIES.

- A national bank may control a company, or hold an
- 22 interest in a company that engages in agency activities
- 23 that have been determined by the Comptroller of the Cur-
- 24 rency to be permissible for national banks or to be finan-
- 25 cial in nature or incidental to such financial activities (as

[&]quot;5136A. Subsidiaries of national banks.".

- 1 determined pursuant to section 4(k) of the Bank Holding
- 2 Company Act of 1956) if the company engages in such
- 3 activities solely as agent and not directly or indirectly as
- 4 principal.

5 SEC. 124. PROHIBITING FRAUDULENT REPRESENTATIONS.

- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 47 of title 18, United
- 7 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1007
- 8 the following new section:
- 9 "SEC. 1008. MISREPRESENTATIONS REGARDING FINANCIAL
- 10 INSTITUTION LIABILITY FOR OBLIGATIONS
- 11 OF AFFILIATES.
- 12 "(a) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful for an insti-
- 13 tution-affiliated party of an insured depository institution
- 14 or institution-affiliated party of a subsidiary or affiliate
- 15 of an insured depository institution to fraudulently rep-
- 16 resent that the institution is or will be liable for any obli-
- 17 gation of a subsidiary or other affiliate of the institution.
- 18 "(b) Penalties.—Whoever violates subsection (a)
- 19 shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than
- 20 1 year, or both.
- 21 "(c) Institution-Affiliated Party Defined.—
- 22 For purposes of this section, the term 'institution-affili-
- 23 ated party' has the same meaning as in section 3 of the
- 24 Federal Deposit Insurance Act, except that references to
- 25 an insured depository institution shall be deemed to in-

- 1 clude references to a subsidiary or affiliate of an insured
- 2 depository institution.
- 3 "(d) Other Definitions.—For purposes of this
- 4 section, the terms 'affiliate', 'insured depository institu-
- 5 tion', and 'subsidiary' have same meanings as in section
- 6 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.".
- 7 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 8 for chapter 47 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
- 9 by inserting after the item relating to section 1007 the
- 10 following new item:

"1008. Misrepresentations regarding financial institution liability for obligations of affiliates.".

11 SEC. 125. INSURANCE UNDERWRITING BY NATIONAL

- 12 BANKS.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 14 (1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
- graph (2), a national bank and the subsidiaries of a
- national bank may only provide insurance in a State
- as principal in accordance with section 5136A(a) of
- the Revised Statutes of the United States, as added
- by this Act.
- 20 (2) EXCEPTION.—A national bank and the sub-
- sidiaries of a national bank may provide authorized
- insurance products as principal without regard to
- section 5136A(a) of the Revised Statutes of the
- United States, as added by this Act.

1	(b) Authorized Insurance Products.—For pur-
2	poses of this section, a product is an "authorized insur-
3	ance product" if—
4	(1) as of January 1, 1999, the Comptroller of
5	the Currency had determined in writing that na-
6	tional banks may provide such product as principal
7	or national banks were in fact lawfully providing
8	such product as principal;
9	(2) no court of relevant jurisdiction had, by
10	final judgment, overturned a determination of the
11	Comptroller of the Currency that national banks
12	may provide such product as principal; and
13	(3) the product is not an annuity contract, the
14	income of which is subject to tax treatment under
15	section 72 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
16	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
17	term "insurance" means—
18	(1) any product regulated as insurance as of
19	January 1, 1999, in accordance with the relevant
20	State insurance law, in the State in which the prod-
21	uct is provided;
22	(2) any product first offered after January 1
23	1999, which—
24	(A) a State insurance regulator determines
25	shall be regulated as insurance in the State in

1	which the product is provided because the prod-
2	uct insures, guarantees, or indemnifies against
3	liability, loss of life, loss of health, or loss
4	through damage to or destruction of property,
5	including surety bonds, life insurance, health in-
6	surance, title insurance, and property and cas-
7	ualty insurance (such as private passenger or
8	commercial automobile, homeowners, mortgage,
9	commercial multiperil, general liability, profes-
10	sional liability, workers' compensation, fire and
11	allied lines, farm owners multiperil, aircraft, fi-
12	delity, surety, medical malpractice, ocean ma-
13	rine, inland marine, and boiler and machinery
14	insurance); and
15	(B) is not a product or service of a bank
16	that is—
17	(i) a deposit product;
18	(ii) a loan, discount, letter of credit,
19	or other extension of credit;
20	(iii) a trust or other fiduciary service;
21	(iv) a qualified financial contract (as
22	defined in or determined pursuant to sec-
23	tion 11(e)(8)(D)(i) of the Federal Deposit
24	Insurance Act); or

1	(v) a financial guaranty, except that
2	this subparagraph shall not apply to a
3	product that includes an insurance compo-
4	nent such that if the product is offered or
5	proposed to be offered by the bank as
6	principal—
7	(I) it would be treated as a life
8	insurance contract under section 7702
9	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
10	or
11	(II) in the event that the product
12	is not a letter of credit or other simi-
13	lar extension of credit, a qualified fi-
14	nancial contract, or a financial guar-
15	anty, it would qualify for treatment
16	for losses incurred with respect to
17	such product under section 832(b)(5)
18	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
19	if the bank were subject to tax as an
20	insurance company under section 831
21	of that Code; and
22	(3) any annuity contract, the income on which
23	is subject to tax treatment under section 72 of the
24	Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Subtitle D—National Treatment of Foreign Financial Institutions

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≺	SEC	151	NATIONAL	TREATMENT	\mathbf{OF}	FORFIGN	FINANCIAL

4 institutions.

5 Section 8(c) of the International Banking Act of

6 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3106(c)) is amended by adding at the

7 end the following new paragraph:

8 "(3) Termination of Grandfathered Rights.—

9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—If any foreign bank or for-10 eign company files a declaration under section 4() of 11 the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, any au-12 thority conferred by this subsection on any foreign

bank or company to engage in any activity that the

Board has determined to be permissible for bank

holding companies under section 4(k) of that Act

shall terminate immediately.

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"(B) RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS AUTHORIZED.—If a foreign bank or company that engages, directly or through an affiliate pursuant to paragraph (1), in an activity that the Board determines to be permissible for bank holding companies under section 4(k) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, has not filed a declaration with the Board of its status as a bank holding company under section 4(l) of that Act by the end of the 2-

- 1 year period beginning on the date of enactment of 2 the Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999, 3 the Board, giving due regard to the principle of national treatment and equality of competitive oppor-5 tunity, may impose such restrictions and require-6 ments on the conduct of such activities by such for-7 eign bank or company as are comparable to those 8 imposed on a bank holding company organized 9 under the laws of the United States, including a re-10 quirement to conduct such activities in compliance 11 with any prudential safeguards established under 12 section 10A of the Bank Holding Company Act of 13 1956.".
- 14 SEC. 152. REPRESENTATIVE OFFICES.
- 15 (a) Definition of "Representative Office".—
- 16 Section 1(b)(15) of the International Banking Act of 1978
- 17 (12 U.S.C. 3101(15)) is amended by striking "State agen-
- 18 cy, or subsidiary of a foreign bank" and inserting "or
- 19 State agency".
- 20 (b) Examinations.—Section 10(c) of the Inter-
- 21 national Banking Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3107(c)) is
- 22 amended by adding at the end the following: "The Board
- 23 may also make examinations of any affiliate of a foreign
- 24 bank conducting business in any State, if the Board deems
- 25 it necessary to determine and enforce compliance with this

1	Act, the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
2	1841 et seq.), or other applicable Federal banking law.".
3	TITLE II—INSURANCE
4	CUSTOMER PROTECTIONS
5	SEC. 201. FUNCTIONAL REGULATION OF INSURANCE.
6	The insurance activity of any person or entity shall
7	be functionally regulated by the States, subject to sub-
8	sections (e), (d), and (e) of section 104.
9	SEC. 202. INSURANCE CUSTOMER PROTECTIONS.
10	The Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811
11	et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following
12	new section:
13	"SEC. 45. INSURANCE CUSTOMER PROTECTIONS.
14	"(a) Regulations Required.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal banking agen-
16	cies shall prescribe and publish in final form, before
17	the end of the 1-year period beginning on the date
18	of enactment of the Financial Services Moderniza-
19	tion Act of 1999, customer protection regulations
20	(which the agencies jointly determine to be appro-
21	priate) that—
22	"(A) apply to retail sales practices, solici-
23	tations, advertising, or offers of any insurance
24	product by any insured depository institution or
25	any person that is engaged in such activities at

- 1 an office of the institution or on behalf of the 2 institution; and
- "(B) are consistent with the requirements
 of this Act and provide such additional protections for customers to whom such sales, solicitations, advertising, or offers are directed.
 - "(2) APPLICABILITY TO SUBSIDIARIES.—The regulations prescribed pursuant to paragraph (1) shall extend such protections to any subsidiaries of an insured depository institution as deemed appropriate by the Federal banking agencies, where such extension is determined to be necessary to ensure the customer protections provided by this section.
 - "(3) Consultation and Joint Regula-Tions.—The Federal banking agencies shall consult with each other and prescribe joint regulations pursuant to paragraph (1), after consultation with the State insurance regulators, as appropriate.
- "(b) SALES PRACTICES.—The regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (a) shall include antitying and anticoercion rules applicable to the sale of insurance products that prohibit an insured depository institution from engaging in any practice that would lead a customer to believe an extension of credit, in violation of section 106(b)

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1	of the Bank Holding Company Act Amendments of 1970,
2	is conditional upon—
3	"(1) the purchase of an insurance product from
4	the institution or any of its affiliates or subsidiaries;
5	or
6	"(2) an agreement by the customer not to ob-
7	tain, or a prohibition on the customer from obtain-
8	ing, an insurance product from an unaffiliated enti-
9	ty.
10	"(c) Disclosures and Advertising.—The regula-
11	tions prescribed pursuant to subsection (a) shall include
12	the following provisions relating to disclosures and adver-
13	tising in connection with the initial purchase of an insur-
14	ance product:
15	"(1) Disclosures.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Requirements that the
17	following disclosures be made orally and in writ-
18	ing before the completion of the initial sale and,
19	in the case of clauses (iii) and (iv), at the time
20	of application for an extension of credit:
21	"(i) Uninsured status.—As appro-
22	priate, the product is not insured by the
23	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
24	the United States Government, or the in-
25	sured depository institution.

1	"(ii) Investment risk.—In the case
2	of a variable annuity or insurance product
3	that involves an investment risk, that there
4	is an investment risk associated with the
5	product, including possible loss of value.
6	"(iii) Antitying; anticoercion.—
7	The approval of an extension of credit may
8	not be conditioned on—
9	"(I) the purchase of an insurance
10	product from the institution in which
11	the application for credit is pending or
12	any of its affiliates or subsidiaries; or
13	"(II) an agreement by the cus-
14	tomer not to obtain, or a prohibition
15	on the customer from obtaining, an
16	insurance product from an unaffili-
17	ated entity.
18	"(iv) Prohibition on Enhanced
19	TREATMENT DUE TO OTHER PURCHASES
20	OR SERVICES.—The processing of an ex-
21	tension of credit or the delivery of any
22	other financial product or service will not
23	be expedited depending upon the purchase
24	by the customer of any additional product

1	or service from an affiliated person or enti-
2	ty of the insured depository institution.
3	"(B) Making disclosure readily un-
4	DERSTANDABLE.—Regulations prescribed under
5	subparagraph (A) shall encourage the use of
6	disclosure that is conspicuous, simple, direct,
7	and readily understandable, such as the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(i) 'NOT FDIC-INSURED'.
10	"(ii) 'NOT GUARANTEED BY THE
11	BANK'.
12	"(iii) 'MAY GO DOWN IN VALUE'.
13	"(C) Limitation.—Nothing in this para-
14	graph requires the inclusion of the foregoing
15	disclosures in advertisements of a general na-
16	ture describing or listing the services or prod-
17	ucts offered by an institution.
18	"(D) Meaningful disclosures.—Disclo-
19	sures shall not be considered to be meaningfully
20	provided under this paragraph if the institution
21	or its representative states that disclosures re-
22	quired by this subsection were available to the
23	customer in printed material available for dis-
24	tribution, where such printed material is not

provided and such information is not orally disclosed to the customer.

"(E) Adjustments for alternative methods of purchase.—In prescribing the requirements under subparagraphs (A) and (F), necessary adjustments shall be made for purchase in person, by telephone, or by electronic media to provide for the most appropriate and complete form of disclosure and acknowledgments.

"(F) Customer acknowledgment.—A requirement that an insured depository institution shall require any person selling an insurance product at any office of, or on behalf of, the institution to obtain, at the time at which a customer receives the disclosures required under this paragraph or at the time of the initial purchase by the customer of such product, an acknowledgment by such customer of the receipt of the disclosure required under this paragraph with respect to such product.

"(2) Prohibition on MISREPRESENTA-TIONS.—A prohibition on any practice, or any advertising, at any office of, or on behalf of, the insured depository institution, or any subsidiary, as appro-

1	priate, that could mislead any person or otherwise
2	cause a reasonable person to reach an erroneous be-
3	lief with respect to—
4	"(A) the uninsured nature of any insur-
5	ance product sold, or offered for sale, by the in-
6	stitution or any subsidiary of the institution; or
7	"(B) in the case of a variable annuity or
8	insurance product that involves an investment
9	risk, the investment risk associated with any
10	such product.
11	"(d) Separation of Banking and Nonbanking
12	ACTIVITIES.—
13	"(1) Regulations required.—The regula-
14	tions prescribed pursuant to subsection (a) shall in-
15	clude such provisions as the Federal banking agen-
16	cies consider appropriate to ensure that the routine
17	acceptance of deposits is kept, to the extent prac-
18	ticable, physically segregated from insurance product
19	activity.
20	"(2) Requirements.—Regulations prescribed
21	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include the fol-
22	lowing requirements:
23	"(A) Separate setting.—A clear delin-
24	eation of the setting in which, and the cir-
25	cumstances under which, transactions involving

insurance products should be conducted in a location physically segregated from an area where retail deposits are routinely accepted.

"(B) Referrals.—Standards that permit any person accepting deposits from the public in an area where such transactions are routinely conducted in an insured depository institution to refer a customer who seeks to purchase any insurance product to a qualified person who sells such product, only if the person making the referral receives no more than a one-time nominal fee of a fixed dollar amount for each referral that does not depend on whether the referral results in a transaction.

"(C) QUALIFICATION AND LICENSING RE-QUIREMENTS.—Standards prohibiting any insured depository institution from permitting any person to sell or offer for sale any insurance product in any part of any office of the institution, or on behalf of the institution, unless such person is appropriately qualified and licensed.

"(e) Effect on Other Authority.—

1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—No provision of this section 2 shall be construed as granting, limiting, or otherwise 3 affecting—

> "(A) any authority of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any self-regulatory organization, the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, or the Secretary of the Treasury under any Federal securities law; or

> "(B) except as provided in paragraph (2), any authority of any State insurance commission (or any agency or office performing like functions), or of any State securities commission (or any agency or office performing like functions), or other State authority under any State law.

"(2) Coordination with state law.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), insurance customer protection regulations prescribed by a Federal banking agency under this section shall not apply to retail sales, solicitations, advertising, or offers of any insurance product by any insured depository institution or to any person who is engaged in such activities at an office of such institution or on behalf of the institution, in a State where

the State has in effect statutes, regulations, orders, or interpretations, that are inconsistent with or contrary to the regulations prescribed by the Federal banking agencies.

"(B) Preemption.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—If, with respect to any provision of the regulations prescribed under this section, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Board of Directors of the Corporation determine jointly that the protection afforded by such provision for customers is greater than the protection provided by a comparable provision of the statutes, regulations, orders, or interpretations referred to in subparagraph (A) of any State, the appropriate State regulatory authority shall be notified of such determination in writing.

"(ii) Considerations.—Before making a final determination under clause (i), the Federal agencies referred to in clause (i) shall give appropriate consideration to comments submitted by the appropriate State regulatory authorities relating to the

level of protection afforded to consumers under State law.

> "(iii) FEDERAL PREEMPTION AND ABILITY OF STATES TO OVERRIDE FED-ERAL PREEMPTION.—If the Federal agencies referred to in clause (i) jointly determine that any provision of the regulations prescribed under this section affords greater protections than a comparable State law, rule, regulation, order, or interpretation, those agencies shall send a written preemption notice to the appropriate State regulatory authority to notify the State that the Federal provision will preempt the State provision and will become applicable unless, not later than 3 years after the date of such notice, the State adopts legislation to override such preemption.

"(f) Non-Discrimination Against Non-Affilia 20 Ated Agents.—The Federal banking agencies shall en-21 sure that the regulations prescribed pursuant to sub-22 section (a) shall not have the practical effect of discrimi-23 nating, either intentionally or unintentionally, against any 24 person engaged in insurance sales or solicitations that is 25 not affiliated with an insured depository institution.".

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1 SEC. 203. FEDERAL AND STATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION.

- 2 (a) FILING IN COURT OF APPEALS.—In the case of
- 3 a regulatory conflict between a State insurance regulator
- 4 and a Federal regulator regarding insurance issues, in-
- 5 cluding whether a State law, rule, regulation, order, or in-
- 6 terpretation regarding any insurance sales or solicitation
- 7 activity is properly treated as preempted under Federal
- 8 law, either regulator may seek expedited judicial review
- 9 of such determination by the United States Court of Ap-
- 10 peals for the circuit in which the State is located or in
- 11 the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Co-
- 12 lumbia Circuit by filing a petition for review in such court.
- 13 (b) Expedited Review.—The United States Court
- 14 of Appeals in which a petition for review if filed in accord-
- 15 ance with subsection (a) shall complete all action on such
- 16 petition, including rendering a judgment, before the end
- 17 of the 60-day period beginning on the date on which such
- 18 petition is filed, unless all parties to such proceedings
- 19 agree to any extension of such period.
- 20 (c) Supreme Court Review.—Any request for cer-
- 21 tiorari to the Supreme Court of the United States of any
- 22 judgment of a United States Court of Appeals with respect
- 23 to a petition for review under this section shall be filed
- 24 with the Supreme Court of the United States as soon as
- 25 practicable after such judgment is issued.

1	(d) Statute of Limitation.—No action may be
2	filed under this section challenging an order, ruling, deter-
3	mination, or other action of a Federal regulator or State
4	insurance regulator after the later of—
5	(1) the end of the 12-month period beginning
6	on the date on which the first public notice is made
7	of such order, ruling, determination or other action
8	in its final form; or
9	(2) the end of the 6-month period beginning or
10	the date on which such order, ruling, determination
11	or other action takes effect.
12	(e) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—The court shall decide
13	an action filed under subsection (a) based on its review
14	on the merits of all questions presented under State and
15	Federal law, including the nature of the product or activ-
16	ity and the history and purpose of its regulation under
17	State and Federal law, according equal deference to the
18	Federal regulator and the State insurance regulator.
19	TITLE III—REGULATORY
20	IMPROVEMENTS
21	SEC. 301. ELIMINATION OF SAIF AND DIF SPECIAL RE-
22	SERVES.
23	(a) SAIF Special Reserve.—Section 11(a)(6) of
24	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1821(a)(6))
25	is amended by striking subparagraph (L).

1	(b) DIF Special Reserve.—Section 2704 of the
2	Deposit Insurance Funds Act of 1996 (12 U.S.C. 1821
3	note) is amended—
4	(1) by striking subsection (b); and
5	(2) in subsection (d)—
6	(A) by striking paragraph (4);
7	(B) in paragraph (6)(C)(i), by striking
8	"(6) and (7)" and inserting "(5), (6), and (7)";
9	and
10	(C) in paragraph (6)(C), by striking clause
11	(ii) and inserting the following:
12	"(ii) by redesignating paragraph (8)
13	as paragraph (5).".
14	(c) Effective Date.—This section and the amend-
15	ments made by this section shall become effective on the
16	date of enactment of this Act.
17	SEC. 302. EXPANDED SMALL BANK ACCESS TO S CORPORA-
18	TION TREATMENT.
19	(a) Study.—The Comptroller General of the United
20	States shall conduct a study of—
21	(1) possible revisions to the rules governing S
22	corporations, including—
23	(A) increasing the permissible number of
24	shareholders in such corporations:

1	(B) permitting shares of such corporations
2	to be held in individual retirement accounts;
3	(C) clarifying that interest on investments
4	held for safety, soundness, and liquidity pur-
5	poses should not be considered to be passive in-
6	come;
7	(D) discontinuation of the treatment of
8	stock held by bank directors as a disqualifying
9	personal class of stock for such corporations;
10	and
11	(E) improving Federal tax treatment of
12	bad debt and interest deductions; and
13	(2) what impact such revisions might have on
14	community banks.
15	(b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 6
16	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comp-
17	troller General of the United States shall submit a report
18	to the Congress on the results of the study conducted
19	under subsection (a).
20	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
21	term "S corporation" has the same meaning as in section
22	1361(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
23	SEC. 303. MEANINGFUL CRA EXAMINATIONS.
24	(a) Compliance.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
25	sion of law, an insured depository institution rated as

- 1 "satisfactory" or better in its most recent examination
- 2 under the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, and in
- 3 each such examination during the immediately preceding
- 4 36-month period shall be deemed to be in compliance with
- 5 the requirements of that Act until the completion of a sub-
- 6 sequent regularly scheduled examination under that Act,
- 7 unless substantial verifiable information arising since the
- 8 time of its most recent examination under that Act dem-
- 9 onstrating noncompliance is filed with the appropriate
- 10 Federal banking agency.

11 (b) Objections.—

- 12 (1) AGENCY DETERMINATION.—The appro-
- priate Federal banking agency shall determine, on a
- timely basis, whether the information filed by any
- person under subsection (a) provides sufficient proof
- that the subject insured depository institution is no
- longer in compliance with the requirements of the
- 18 Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, as provided
- in subsection (a).
- 20 (2) Burden of Proof.—A person filing infor-
- 21 mation under subsection (a) shall bear the burden of
- proving to the satisfaction of the appropriate Fed-
- eral banking agency, the substantial verifiable na-
- 24 ture of that information.

1	(c) Definitions.—In this section, the terms "in-
2	sured depository institution" and "appropriate Federal
3	banking agency" have the same meanings as in section
4	3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
5	SEC. 304. TEMPORARY EXTENSION OF BANK INSURANCE
6	FUND MEMBER FICO ASSESSMENT RATES.
7	Section 2703(c)(2)(A) of the Deposit Insurance
8	Funds Act of 1996 (12 U.S.C. 1441 note) is amended by
9	striking "1999" and inserting "2002".
10	SEC. 305. CROSS MARKETING RESTRICTION; LIMITED PUR-
11	POSE BANK RELIEF; DIVESTITURE.
12	(a) Cross Marketing Restriction.—Section 4(f)
13	of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
14	1843(f)) is amended by striking paragraph (3).
15	(b) Daylight Overdrafts.—Section 4(f) of the
16	Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843(f))
17	is amended by inserting after paragraph (2) the following
18	new paragraph:
19	"(3) Permissible overdrafts described.—
20	For purposes of paragraph (2)(C), an overdraft is
21	described in this paragraph if—
22	"(A) such overdraft results from an inad-
23	vertent computer or accounting error that is be-
24	yond the control of both the bank and the affil-
25	iate;

1	"(B) such overdraft—
2	"(i) is permitted or incurred on behalf
3	of an affiliate that is monitored by, reports
4	to, and is recognized as a primary dealer
5	by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York;
6	and
7	"(ii) is fully secured, as required by
8	the Board, by bonds, notes, or other obli-
9	gations that are direct obligations of the
10	United States or on which the principal
11	and interest are fully guaranteed by the
12	United States or by securities and obliga-
13	tions eligible for settlement on the Federal
14	Reserve book entry system; or
15	"(C) such overdraft—
16	"(i) is permitted or incurred by, or on
17	behalf of, an affiliate that is engaged in ac-
18	tivities that are so closely related to bank-
19	ing, or managing or controlling banks, as
20	to be a proper incident thereto; and
21	"(ii) does not cause the bank to vio-
22	late any provision of section 23A or 23B of
23	the Federal Reserve Act, either directly, in
24	the case of a bank that is a member of the
25	Federal Reserve System, or by virtue of

1	section 18(j) of the Federal Deposit Insur-
2	ance Act, in the case of a bank that is not
3	a member of the Federal Reserve Sys-
4	tem.".
5	(c) Industrial Loan Companies; Affiliate
6	Overdrafts.—Section 2(e)(2)(H) of the Bank Holding
7	Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841(c)(2)(H)) is
8	amended by inserting before the period at the end ", or
9	that is otherwise permissible for a bank controlled by a
10	company described in section $4(f)(1)$ ".
11	(d) ACTIVITIES LIMITATIONS.—Section 4(f)(2) of the
12	Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
13	1843(f)(2)) is amended—
14	(1) by striking "Paragraph (1) shall cease to
15	apply to any company described in such paragraph
16	if—" and inserting "Subject to paragraph (3), a
17	company described in paragraph (1) shall no longer
18	qualify for the exemption provided under that para-
19	graph if—'';
20	(2) in subparagraph (A)—
21	(A) in clause (ii)(IX), by striking "and" at
22	the end;
23	(B) in clause (ii)(X), by inserting "and"
24	after the semicolon;

1	(C) in clause (ii), by inserting after sub-
2	clause (X) the following:
3	"(XI) assets that are derived
4	from, or incidental to, activities in
5	which institutions described in section
6	2(c)(2)(F) or section $2(c)(2)(H)$ are
7	permitted to engage;"; and
8	(D) by striking "or" at the end; and
9	(3) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting
10	the following:
11	"(B) any bank subsidiary of such
12	company—
13	"(i) accepts demand deposits or de-
14	posits that the depositor may withdraw by
15	check or similar means for payment to
16	third parties; and
17	"(ii) engages in the business of mak-
18	ing commercial loans (except that, for pur-
19	poses of this clause, loans made in the or-
20	dinary course of a credit card operation
21	shall not be treated as commercial loans);
22	or
23	"(C) after the date of enactment of the
24	Competitive Equality Amendments of 1987, any
25	bank subsidiary of such company permits any

1	overdraft (including any intraday overdraft), or
2	incurs any such overdraft in the account of the
3	bank at a Federal reserve bank, on behalf of an
4	affiliate, other than an overdraft described in
5	paragraph (3).".
6	(e) DIVESTITURE REQUIREMENT.—Section 4(f)(4) of
7	the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
8	1843(f)(4)) is amended to read as follows:
9	"(4) Divestiture in case of loss of ex-
10	EMPTION.—If any company described in paragraph
11	(1) fails to qualify for the exemption provided under
12	paragraph (1) by operation of paragraph (2), such
13	exemption shall cease to apply to such company and
14	such company shall divest control of each bank it
15	controls before the end of the 180-day period begin-
16	ning on the date on which the company receives no-
17	tice from the Board that the company has failed to
18	continue to qualify for such exemption, unless, be-
19	fore the end of such 180-day period, the company
20	has—
21	"(A) either—
22	"(i) corrected the condition or ceased
23	the activity that caused the company to
24	fail to continue to qualify for the exemp-
25	tion; or

1	"(ii) submitted a plan to the Board
2	for approval to cease the activity or correct
3	the condition in a timely manner (which
4	shall not exceed 1 year); and
5	"(B) implemented procedures that are rea-
6	sonably adapted to avoid the reoccurrence of
7	such condition or activity.".
8	SEC. 306. "PLAIN LANGUAGE" REQUIREMENT FOR FEDERAL
9	BANKING AGENCY RULES.
10	(a) In General.—Each Federal banking agency
11	shall use plain language in all proposed and final
12	rulemakings published by the agency in the Federal Reg-
13	ister after January 1, 2000.
14	(b) Report.—Not later than March 1, 2001, each
15	Federal banking agency shall submit to the Congress a
16	report that describes how the agency has complied with
17	subsection (a).
18	(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the
19	terms "Federal banking agency" and "State bank super-
20	visor' have the same meanings as in section 3 of the Fed-
21	eral Deposit Insurance Act.
22	SEC. 307. RETENTION OF "FEDERAL" IN NAME OF CON-
23	VERTED FEDERAL SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.
24	Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to enable na-
25	tional banking associations to increase their capital stock

- 1 and to change their names or locations", approved May
- 2 1, 1886 (12 U.S.C. 30), is amended by adding at the end
- 3 the following new subsection:
- 4 "(d) RETENTION OF 'FEDERAL' IN NAME OF CON-
- 5 VERTED FEDERAL SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.—
- 6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection
- 7 (a) or any other provision of law, any depository in-
- 8 stitution, the charter of which is converted from that
- 9 of a Federal savings association to a national bank
- or a State bank after the date of enactment of the
- 11 Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999 may
- retain the term 'Federal' in the name of such insti-
- tution if such institution remains an insured deposi-
- tory institution.
- 15 "(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
- section, the terms 'depository institution', 'insured
- depository institution', 'national bank', and 'State
- bank' have the same meanings as in section 3 of the
- 19 Federal Deposit Insurance Act.".
- 20 SEC. 308. COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT ACT EXEMPTION.
- 21 (a) In General.—No community financial institu-
- 22 tion shall be subject to the Community Reinvestment Act
- 23 of 1977 (12 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.).
- 24 (b) Definition of Community Financial Insti-
- 25 TUTION.—As used in this section, the term "community

financial institution" means an insured depository institution (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insur-3 ance Act), that has aggregate assets of not more than 4 \$100,000,000, and that is located in a non-metropolitan 5 area. 6 (c) Adjustments.—The dollar amount referred to in subsection (b) shall be adjusted annually after Decem-8 ber 31, 1999, by the annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Cler-10 ical Workers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. 11 (d) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term "non-metropolitan area" means any area, no part 12 of which is within an area designated as a metropolitan statistical area by the Office of Management and Budget. 14 15 SEC. 309. BANK OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS AS OFFICERS 16 AND DIRECTORS OF PUBLIC UTILITIES. 17 Section 305(b) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 18 825d(b)) is amended— 19 (1) by striking "(b) After six" and inserting the 20 following: 21 "(b) Interlocking Directorates.— 22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—After 6"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) Applicability.—

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1	"(A) In general.—In the circumstances
2	described in subparagraph (B), paragraph (1)
3	shall not apply to a person that holds or pro-
4	poses to hold the positions of—
5	"(i) officer or director of a public util-
6	ity; and
7	"(ii) officer or director of a bank,
8	trust company, banking association, or
9	firm authorized by law to underwrite or
10	participate in the marketing of securities
11	of a public utility.
12	"(B) CIRCUMSTANCES.—The cir-
13	cumstances described in this subparagraph are
14	that—
15	"(i) a person described in subpara-
16	graph (A) does not participate in any de-
17	liberations or decisions of the public utility
18	regarding the selection of a bank, trust
19	company, banking association, or firm to
20	underwrite or participate in the marketing
21	of securities of the public utility, if the per-
22	son serves as an officer or director of a
23	bank, trust company, banking association,
24	or firm that is under consideration in the
25	deliberation process;

1	"(ii) the bank, trust company, bank-
2	ing association, or firm of which the per-
3	son is an officer or director does not en-
4	gage in the underwriting of, or participate
5	in the marketing of, securities of the public
6	utility of which the person holds the posi-
7	tion of officer or director;
8	"(iii) the public utility for which the
9	person serves or proposes to serve as an
10	officer or director selects underwriters by
11	competitive procedures; or
12	"(iv) the issuance of securities the
13	public utility for which the person serves
14	or proposes to serve as an officer or direc-
15	tor has been approved by all Federal and
16	State regulatory agencies having jurisdic-
17	tion over the issuance.".
18	SEC. 310. CONTROL OF BANKERS BANKS.
19	Section 2(a)(5)(E)(i) of the Bank Holding Company
20	Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841(a)(5)(E)(i)) is amended by
21	inserting "one or more" before "thrift institutions".
22	SEC. 311. MULTISTATE LICENSING AND INTERSTATE IN-
23	SURANCE SALES ACTIVITIES.
24	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) the States regulate the business of insur-2 ance, including the licensing of insurance agents and 3 brokers;
 - (2) the current State insurance licensing system requires insurance agents and brokers to obtain licenses on a line-by-line, class-by-class, producer-by-producer, State-by-State basis;
 - (3) in the commercial and industrial insurance arena, this State-based system usually requires a single agent or broker to hold scores of licenses if that agent or broker intends to sell or broker insurance on a nationwide basis;
 - (4) because of the duplicative licensing requirements both within States and from State to State, a single insurance agent or broker must satisfy literally hundreds of administrative filing requirements to become fully licensed to engage in the sale of a full range of insurance products on a nationwide basis;
 - (5) these administrative requirements appear to be essentially unrelated to any requisite standards of professionalism;
 - (6) many States impose certain requirements on insurance agents and brokers that pose an undue, discriminatory burden on nonresident agents, includ-

1	ing some States that ban solicitation of insurance
2	clients by nonresident agents and brokers;
3	(7) many States impose anticompetitive post-li-
4	censure requirements on nonresident agents and bro-
5	kers, including countersignature laws that require an
6	agent or broker servicing the needs of an out-of-
7	State client to have any insurance policy that is sold
8	"countersigned" by a resident agent;
9	(8) in some cases, such countersignature laws
10	also require a nonresident agent or broker to pay at
11	least half of any commission earned in a State in
12	which the agent or broker is not a resident to a resi-
13	dent agent or broker; and
14	(9) such duplicative and onerous filing require-
15	ments and anticompetitive burdens inhibit interstate
16	commerce, constitute unjustifiable trade barriers,
17	greatly undermine the competition that this Act
18	seeks to foster.
19	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the
20	Congress that—
21	(1) by the end of the 36-month period begin-
22	ning on the date of enactment of this Act, the States
23	should—
24	(A) implement uniform insurance agent
25	and broker licensing application and qualifica-

1	tion requirements that result in a fully recip-
2	rocal licensing system; and
3	(B) eliminate any pre- or post-licensure re-
4	quirements that have the practical effect of dis-
5	criminating, directly or indirectly, against non-
6	resident insurance agents or brokers;
7	(2) if such actions are not taken, Congress
8	should take steps to directly rectify the problems
9	identified in subsection (a); and
10	(3) any entity established by the Congress to so
11	rectify the problems should be under the supervision
12	and oversight of the National Association of Insur-
13	ance Commissioners.
14	TITLE IV—FEDERAL HOME LOAN
15	BANK SYSTEM MODERNIZATION
16	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.
17	This title may be cited as the "Federal Home Loan
18	Bank System Modernization Act of 1999".
19	SEC. 402. DEFINITIONS.
20	Section 2 of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act (12
21	U.S.C. 1422) is amended—
22	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "term 'Board'
23	means" and inserting "terms 'Finance Board' and
24	'Board' mean'';

1	(2) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the
2	following:
3	"(3) State.—The term 'State', in addition to
4	the States of the United States, includes the District
5	of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the United States
6	Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Common-
7	wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands."; and
8	(3) by adding at the end the following new
9	paragraph:
10	"(13) Community financial institution.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'community
12	financial institution' means a member—
13	"(i) the deposits of which are insured
14	under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act;
15	and
16	"(ii) that has, as of the date of the
17	transaction at issue, less than
18	\$500,000,000 in average total assets,
19	based on an average of total assets over
20	the 3 years preceding that date.
21	"(B) Adjustments.—The \$500,000,000
22	limit referred to in subparagraph (A)(ii) shall
23	be adjusted annually by the Finance Board,
24	based on the annual percentage increase, if any,
25	in the Consumer Price Index for all urban con-

- 1 sumers, as published by the Department of
- 2 Labor.".
- 3 SEC. 403. SAVINGS ASSOCIATION MEMBERSHIP.
- 4 (a) Federal Home Loan Bank Membership.—
- 5 Section 5(f) of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C.
- 6 1464(f)) is amended to read as follows:
- 7 "(f) Federal Home Loan Bank Membership.—
- 8 On and after June 1, 2000, a Federal savings association
- 9 may become a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank
- 10 System, and shall qualify for such membership in the
- 11 manner provided by the Federal Home Loan Bank Act.".
- 12 (b) WITHDRAWAL.—Section 6(e) of the Federal
- 13 Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1426(e)) is amended
- 14 by striking "Any member other than a Federal savings
- 15 and loan association may withdraw" and inserting "Any
- 16 member may withdraw if, on the date of withdrawal there
- 17 is in effect a certification by the Finance Board that the
- 18 withdrawal will not cause the Federal Home Loan Bank
- 19 System to fail to meet its obligation under section
- 20 21B(f)(2)(C) to contribute to the debt service for the obli-
- 21 gations issued by the Resolution Funding Corporation".
- 22 SEC. 404. ADVANCES TO MEMBERS; COLLATERAL.
- 23 (a) In General.—Section 10(a) of the Federal
- 24 Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1430(a)) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
2	(4) as subparagraphs (A) through (D), respectively,
3	and indenting appropriately;
4	(2) by striking "(a) Each" and inserting the
5	following:
6	"(a) In General.—
7	"(1) ALL ADVANCES.—Each";
8	(3) by striking the second sentence and insert-
9	ing the following:
10	"(2) Purposes of Advances.—A long-term
11	advance may only be made for the purposes of—
12	"(A) providing funds to any member for
13	residential housing finance; and
14	"(B) providing funds to any community fi-
15	nancial institution for small businesses, small
16	farms, and small agri-businesses.";
17	(4) by striking "A Bank" and inserting the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(3) Collateral.—A Bank";
20	(5) in paragraph (3) (as so designated by para-
21	graph (4) of this subsection)—
22	(A) in subparagraph (C) (as so redesig-
23	nated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) by
24	striking "Deposits" and inserting "Cash or de-
25	posits";

1	(B) in subparagraph (D) (as so redesig-
2	nated by paragraph (1) of this subsection), by
3	striking the second sentence; and
4	(C) by inserting after subparagraph (D)
5	(as so redesignated by paragraph (1) of this
6	subsection) the following new subparagraph:
7	"(E) Secured loans for small business, ag-
8	riculture, or securities representing a whole in-
9	terest in such secured loans, in the case of any
10	community financial institution.";
11	(6) in paragraph (5)—
12	(A) in the second sentence, by striking
13	"and the Board";
14	(B) in the third sentence, by striking
15	"Board" and inserting "Federal Home Loan
16	Bank''; and
17	(C) by striking "(5) Paragraphs (1)
18	through (4)" and inserting the following:
19	"(4) Additional bank authority.—Subpara-
20	graphs (A) through (E) of paragraph (3)"; and
21	(7) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(5) Review of Certain Collateral Stand-
23	ARDS.—The Board may review the collateral stand-
24	ards applicable to each Federal Home Loan Bank
25	for the classes of collateral described in subpara-

1	graphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (3), and may, it
2	necessary for safety and soundness purposes, require
3	an increase in the collateral standards for any or all
4	of those classes of collateral.
5	"(6) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
6	section, the terms 'small business', 'agriculture'
7	'small farm', and 'small agri-business' shall have the
8	meanings given those terms by rule or regulation of
9	the Finance Board.".
10	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The section heading
11	for section 10 of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act (12
12	U.S.C. 1430) is amended to read as follows:
13	"SEC. 10. ADVANCES TO MEMBERS.".
14	SEC. 405. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.
15	Section 4(a) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act
16	(12 U.S.C. 1424(a)) is amended—
17	(1) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting, "(other
18	than a community financial institution)" after "in-
19	stitution";
20	(2) in the matter immediately following para-
21	graph (2)(C)—
22	(A) by striking "An insured" and inserting
23	the following:
24	"(3) Certain institutions.—An insured";
25	and

1	(B) by striking "preceding sentence" and
2	inserting "paragraph (2)"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following new
4	paragraph:
5	"(4) Limited exemption for community fi-
6	NANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—A community financial in-
7	stitution that otherwise meets the requirements of
8	paragraph (2) may become a member without regard
9	to the percentage of its total assets that is rep-
10	resented by residential mortgage loans, as described
11	in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2).".
12	SEC. 406. MANAGEMENT OF BANKS.
13	(a) Board of Directors.—Section 7(d) of the Fed-
14	eral Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1427(d)) is
15	amended—
16	(1) by striking "(d) The term" and inserting
17	the following:
18	"(d) Terms of Office.—The term"; and
19	(2) by striking "shall be two years".
20	(b) Compensation.—Section 7(i) of the Federal
21	Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1427(i)) is amended by
22	striking "subject to the approval of the board".
23	(e) Repeal of Sections 22A and 27.—The Fed-
24	eral Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) is

1	amended by striking sections 22A (12 U.S.C. 1442a) and
2	27 (12 U.S.C. 1447).
3	(d) Section 12.—Section 12 of the Federal Home
4	Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1432) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a)—
6	(A) by striking ", but, except" and all that
7	follows through "ten years";
8	(B) by striking "subject to the approval of
9	the Board" each place that term appears;
10	(C) by striking "and, by its Board of direc-
11	tors," and all that follows through "agent of
12	such bank," and inserting "and, by the board
13	of directors of the Bank, to prescribe, amend,
14	and repeal by-laws governing the manner in
15	which its affairs may be administered, con-
16	sistent with applicable laws and regulations, as
17	administered by the Finance Board. No officer,
18	employee, attorney, or agent of a Federal Home
19	Loan Bank"; and
20	(D) by striking "Board of directors" each
21	place that term appears and inserting "board of
22	directors"; and
23	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "loans banks"
24	and inserting "loan banks".

- 1 (e) Powers and Duties of Federal Housing Fi-2 Nance Board.—
- 3 (1) Issuance of notices of violations.—
 4 Section 2B(a) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act
 5 (12 U.S.C. 1422b(a)) is amended by adding at the
 6 end the following new paragraphs:
 - "(5) To issue and serve a notice of charges upon a Federal Home Loan Bank or upon any executive officer or director of a Federal Home Loan Bank if, in the determination of the Finance Board, the Bank, executive officer, or director is engaging or has engaged in, or the Finance Board has reasonable cause to believe that the Bank, executive officer, or director is about to engage in, any conduct that violates any provision of this Act or any law, order, rule, or regulation or any condition imposed in writing by the Finance Board in connection with the granting of any application or other request by the Bank, or any written agreement entered into by the Bank with the agency, in accordance with the procedures provided in section 1371(c) of the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992. Such authority includes the same authority to take affirmative action to correct conditions resulting from violations or practices or to

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- 1 limit activities of a Bank or any executive officer or 2 director of a Bank as appropriate Federal banking 3 agencies have to take with respect to insured depository institutions under paragraphs (6) and (7) of 5 section 8(b) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 6 and to have all other powers, rights, and duties to 7 enforce this Act with respect to the Federal Home 8 Loan Banks and their executive officers and direc-9 tors as the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise 10 Oversight has to enforce the Federal Housing Enter-11 prises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992, 12 the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter 13 Act, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corpora-14 tion Act with respect to the Federal housing enter-15 prises under the Federal Housing Enterprises Fi-16 nancial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992.
 - "(6) To sue and be sued, by and through its own attorneys.".
 - (2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 111 of Public Law 93–495 (12 U.S.C. 250) is amended by inserting "Federal Housing Finance Board," after "Director of the Office of Thrift Supervision,".
- 23 (f) Eligibility To Secure Advances.—

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1	(1) Section 9.—Section 9 of the Federal
2	Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1429) is
3	amended—
4	(A) in the second sentence, by striking
5	"with the approval of the Board"; and
6	(B) in the third sentence, by striking ",
7	subject to the approval of the Board,".
8	(2) Section 10.—Section 10 of the Federal
9	Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1430) is
10	amended—
11	(A) in subsection (c)—
12	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
13	"Board" and inserting "Federal Home
14	Loan Bank"; and
15	(ii) in the second sentence, by striking
16	"held by" and all that follows before the
17	period; and
18	(B) in subsection (d)—
19	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
20	"and the approval of the Board"; and
21	(ii) by striking "Subject to the ap-
22	proval of the Board, any" and inserting
23	"Any".
24	(g) Section 16.—Section 16(a) of the Federal Home
25	Loan Bank Act (12 II S.C. 1436(a)) is amended—

1	(1) in the third sentence—
2	(A) by striking "net earnings" and insert-
3	ing "previously retained earnings or current net
4	earnings"; and
5	(B) by striking ", and then only with the
6	approval of the Federal Housing Finance
7	Board"; and
8	(2) by striking the fourth sentence.
9	(h) Section 18.—Section 18(b) of the Federal Home
10	Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1438(b)) is amended by strik-
11	ing paragraph (4).
12	SEC. 407. RESOLUTION FUNDING CORPORATION.
13	(a) In General.—Section $21B(f)(2)(C)$ of the Fed-
14	eral Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. $1441b(f)(2)(C)$) is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"(C) Payments by federal home loan
17	BANKS.—
18	"(i) IN GENERAL.—To the extent that
19	the amounts available pursuant to sub-
20	paragraphs (A) and (B) are insufficient to
21	cover the amount of interest payments,
22	each Federal Home Loan Bank shall pay
23	to the Funding Corporation in each cal-
24	endar year, 20.75 percent of the net earn-
25	ings of that Bank (after deducting ex-

1	penses relating to section 10(j) and oper-
2	ating expenses).
3	"(ii) Annual determination.—The
4	Board annually shall determine the extent
5	to which the value of the aggregate
6	amounts paid by the Federal Home Loan
7	Banks exceeds or falls short of the value of
8	an annuity of \$300,000,000 per year that
9	commences on the issuance date and ends
10	on the final scheduled maturity date of the
11	obligations, and shall select appropriate
12	present value factors for making such de-
13	terminations.
14	"(iii) Payment term alter-
15	ATIONS.—The Board shall extend or short-
16	en the term of the payment obligations of
17	a Federal Home Loan Bank under this
18	subparagraph as necessary to ensure that
19	the value of all payments made by the
20	Banks is equivalent to the value of an an-
21	nuity referred to in clause (ii).
22	"(iv) TERM BEYOND MATURITY.—If
23	the Board extends the term of payment ob-
24	ligations beyond the final scheduled matu-
25	rity date for the obligations, each Federal

1 Home Loan Bank shall continue to pay 2 20.75 percent of its net earnings (after de-3 ducting expenses relating to section 10(j) and operating expenses) to the Treasury of the United States until the value of all 6 such payments by the Federal Home Loan 7 Banks is equivalent to the value of an an-8 nuity referred to in clause (ii). In the final 9 year in which the Federal Home Loan 10 Banks are required to make any payment to the Treasury under this subparagraph, 11 12 if the dollar amount represented by 20.75 13 percent of the net earnings of the Federal 14 Home Loan Banks exceeds the remaining 15 obligation of the Banks to the Treasury, 16 the Finance Board shall reduce the per-17 centage pro rata to a level sufficient to pay 18 the remaining obligation.".

19 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by 20 subsection (a) shall become effective on June 1, 2000. 21 Payments made by a Federal Home Loan Bank before 22 that effective date shall be counted toward the total obligation of that Bank under section 21B(f)(2)(C) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, as amended by this section.

1	SEC. 408. GAO STUDY ON FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK SYS-
2	TEM CAPITAL.
3	(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United
4	States shall conduct a study of—
5	(1) possible revisions to the capital structure of
6	the Federal Home Loan Bank System, including the
7	need for—
8	(A) more permanent capital;
9	(B) a statutory leverage ratio; and
10	(C) a risk-based capital structure; and
11	(2) what impact such revisions might have on
12	the operations of the Federal Home Loan Bank Sys-
13	tem, including the obligation of the Federal Home
14	Loan Bank System under section 21B(f)(2)(C) of
15	the Federal Home Loan Bank Act.
16	(b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 1 year
17	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
18	General of the United States shall submit a report to the
19	Congress on the results of the study conducted under sub-
20	section (a).
21	TITLE V—FUNCTIONAL REGULA-
22	TION OF BROKERS AND DEAL-
23	ERS
24	SEC. 501. DEFINITION OF BROKER.
25	Section 3(a)(4) of the Securities Exchange Act of
26	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4)) is amended to read as follows:

1	"(4) Broker.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'broker'
3	means any person engaged in the business of
4	effecting transactions in securities for the ac-
5	count of others.
6	"(B) Exception for certain bank ac-
7	TIVITIES.—A bank shall not be considered to be
8	a broker because the bank engages in any of
9	the following activities under the conditions de-
10	scribed:
11	"(i) Third party brokerage ar-
12	RANGEMENTS.—The bank enters into a
13	contractual or other arrangement with a
14	broker or dealer registered under this title
15	under which the broker or dealer offers
16	brokerage services on or off the premises
17	of the bank, if—
18	"(I) such broker or dealer is
19	clearly identified as the person per-
20	forming the brokerage services;
21	"(II) the broker or dealer per-
22	forms brokerage services in an area of
23	the bank that is clearly marked and,
24	to the extent practicable, physically

1	separate from the routine deposit-tak-
2	ing activities of the bank;
3	"(III) any materials used by the
4	bank to advertise or promote generally
5	the availability of brokerage services
6	under the contractual or other ar-
7	rangement clearly indicate that the
8	brokerage services are being provided
9	by the broker or dealer and not by the
10	bank;
11	"(IV) any materials used by the
12	bank to advertise or promote generally
13	the availability of brokerage services
14	under the contractual or other ar-
15	rangement are in compliance with the
16	Federal securities laws before dis-
17	tribution;
18	"(V) bank employees (other than
19	associated persons of a broker or deal-
20	er who are qualified pursuant to the
21	rules of a self-regulatory organization)
22	perform only clerical or ministerial
23	functions in connection with broker-
24	age transactions including scheduling
25	appointments with the associated per-

1	sons of a broker or dealer, except that
2	bank employees may forward cus-
3	tomer funds or securities and may de-
4	scribe in general terms the range of
5	investment vehicles available from the
6	bank and the broker or dealer under
7	the contractual or other arrangement
8	"(VI) bank employees do not di-
9	rectly receive incentive compensation
10	for any brokerage transaction, unless
11	such employees are associated persons
12	of a broker or dealer and are qualified
13	pursuant to the rules of a self-regu-
14	latory organization, except that the
15	bank employees may receive com-
16	pensation for the referral of any cus-
17	tomer if the compensation is a nomi-
18	nal one-time cash fee of a fixed dollar
19	amount and the payment of the fee is
20	not contingent on whether the referral
21	results in a transaction;
22	"(VII) such services are provided
23	by the broker or dealer on a basis in
24	which all customers that receive any

1	services are fully disclosed to the
2	broker or dealer;
3	"(VIII) the bank does not carry
4	a securities account of the customer,
5	except in a customary custodian or
6	trustee capacity; and
7	"(IX) the bank, broker, or dealer
8	informs each customer that the bro-
9	kerage services are provided by the
10	broker or dealer and not by the bank,
11	and that the securities are not depos-
12	its or other obligations of the bank,
13	are not guaranteed by the bank, and
14	are not insured by the Federal De-
15	posit Insurance Corporation.
16	"(ii) Trust activities.—The bank
17	effects transactions in a trustee capacity,
18	or effects transactions in a fiduciary capac-
19	ity in its trust department or other depart-
20	ment that is regularly examined by bank
21	examiners for compliance with fiduciary
22	principles and standards, and does not
23	publicly solicit brokerage business, other
24	than by advertising that it effects trans-

1	actions in securities in conjunction with
2	advertising its other trust activities.
3	"(iii) Permissible securities
4	TRANSACTIONS.—The bank effects trans-
5	actions in—
6	"(I) commercial paper, bankers
7	acceptances, or commercial bills;
8	"(II) exempted securities;
9	"(III) qualified Canadian Gov-
10	ernment obligations, as defined in sec-
11	tion 5136 of the Revised Statutes of
12	the United States, in conformity with
13	section 15C of this title and the rules
14	and regulations thereunder, or obliga-
15	tions of the North American Develop-
16	ment Bank; or
17	"(IV) any standardized, credit
18	enhanced debt security issued by a
19	foreign government pursuant to the
20	March 1989 plan of then Secretary of
21	the Treasury Brady, used by such for-
22	eign government to retire outstanding
23	commercial bank loans.
24	"(iv) Certain stock purchase
25	PLANS.—

1	``(I) Employee benefit
2	PLANS.—The bank effects trans-
3	actions, as part of its transfer agency
4	activities, in the securities of an issuer
5	as part of any pension, retirement
6	profit-sharing, bonus, thrift, savings
7	incentive, or other similar benefit plan
8	for the employees of that issuer or its
9	subsidiaries, if the bank does not so-
10	licit transactions or provide invest-
11	ment advice with respect to the pur-
12	chase or sale of securities in connec-
13	tion with the plan.
14	"(II) DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT
15	PLANS.—The bank effects trans-
16	actions, as part of its transfer agency
17	activities, in the securities of an issuer
18	as part of that issuer's dividend rein-
19	vestment plan, if—
20	"(aa) the bank does not so-
21	licit transactions or provide in-
22	vestment advice with respect to
23	the purchase or sale of securities
24	in connection with the plan; and

1	"(bb) the bank does not net
2	shareholders' buy and sell orders,
3	other than for programs for odd-
4	lot holders or plans registered
5	with the Commission.
6	"(III) ISSUER PLANS.—The bank
7	effects transactions, as part of its
8	transfer agency activities, in the secu-
9	rities of an issuer as part of a plan or
10	program for the purchase or sale of
11	that issuer's shares, if—
12	"(aa) the bank does not so-
13	licit transactions or provide in-
14	vestment advice with respect to
15	the purchase or sale of securities
16	in connection with the plan or
17	program; and
18	"(bb) the bank does not net
19	shareholders' buy and sell orders,
20	other than for programs for odd-
21	lot holders or plans registered
22	with the Commission.
23	"(IV) Permissible delivery
24	OF MATERIALS.—The exception to
25	being considered a broker for a bank

1	engaged in activities described in sub-
2	clauses (I), (II), and (III) will not be
3	affected by delivery of written or elec-
4	tronic plan materials by a bank to em-
5	ployees of the issuer, shareholders of
6	the issuer, or members of affinity
7	groups of the issuer, so long as such
8	materials are—
9	"(aa) comparable in scope or
10	nature to that permitted by the
11	Commission as of the date of the
12	enactment of the Financial Serv-
13	ices Modernization Act of 1999;
14	or
15	"(bb) otherwise permitted by
16	the Commission.
17	"(v) Sweep accounts.—The bank
18	effects transactions as part of a program
19	for the investment or reinvestment of bank
20	deposit funds into any no-load, open-end
21	management investment company reg-
22	istered under the Investment Company Act
23	of 1940 that holds itself out as a money
24	market fund.

1	"(vi) Affiliate transactions.—
2	The bank effects transactions for the ac-
3	count of any affiliate of the bank (as de-
4	fined in section 2 of the Bank Holding
5	Company Act of 1956) other than—
6	"(I) a registered broker or deal-
7	er; or
8	"(II) an affiliate that is engaged
9	in merchant banking, as described in
10	section 4(k)(4)(H) of the Bank Hold-
11	ing Company Act of 1956.
12	"(vii) Private securities offer-
13	INGS.—The bank effects sales as part of a
14	primary offering of securities not involving
15	a public offering, pursuant to section 3(b),
16	4(2), or 4(6) of the Securities Act of 1933,
17	or the rules and regulations issued there-
18	under.
19	"(viii) Safekeeping and custody
20	ACTIVITIES.—
21	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The bank, as
22	part of customary banking activities—
23	"(aa) provides safekeeping
24	or custody services with respect
25	to securities, including the exer-

1	cise of warrants and other rights
2	on behalf of customers;
3	"(bb) facilitates the transfer
4	of funds or securities, as a custo-
5	dian or a clearing agency, in con-
6	nection with the clearance and
7	settlement of its customers'
8	transactions in securities;
9	"(cc) effects securities lend-
10	ing or borrowing transactions
11	with or on behalf of customers as
12	part of services provided to cus-
13	tomers pursuant to division (aa)
14	or (bb) or invests cash collateral
15	pledged in connection with such
16	transactions; or
17	"(dd) holds securities
18	pledged by a customer to another
19	person or securities subject to
20	purchase or resale agreements in-
21	volving a customer, or facilitates
22	the pledging or transfer of such
23	securities by book entry or as
24	otherwise provided under applica-
25	ble law.

1	"(II) Exception for carrying
2	BROKER ACTIVITIES.—The exception
3	to being considered a broker for a
4	bank engaged in activities described in
5	subclause (I) shall not apply if the
6	bank, in connection with such activi-
7	ties, acts in the United States as a
8	carrying broker (as such term, and
9	different formulations thereof, are
10	used in section 15(c)(3) and the rules
11	and regulations thereunder) for any
12	broker or dealer, unless such carrying
13	broker activities are engaged in with
14	respect to government securities (as
15	defined in paragraph (42) of this sub-
16	section).
17	"(ix) Banking products.—The bank
18	effects transactions in traditional banking
19	products, as defined in section 503(a) of
20	the Financial Services Modernization Act
21	of 1999.
22	"(x) DE MINIMIS EXCEPTION.—The
23	bank effects, other than in transactions re-
24	ferred to in clauses (i) through (ix), not
25	more than 500 transactions in securities in

1	any calendar year, and such transactions
2	are not effected by an employee of the
3	bank who is also an employee of a broker
4	or dealer.
5	"(C) Execution by broker or deal-
6	ER.—The exception to being considered a
7	broker for a bank engaged in activities de-
8	scribed in clauses (ii), (iv), and (viii) of sub-
9	paragraph (B) shall not apply if the activities
10	described in such provisions result in the trade
11	in the United States of any security that is a
12	publicly traded security in the United States,
13	unless—
14	"(i) the bank directs such trade to a
15	registered broker or dealer for execution;
16	"(ii) the trade is a cross trade or
17	other substantially similar trade of a secu-
18	rity that—
19	"(I) is made by the bank or be-
20	tween the bank and an affiliated fidu-
21	ciary; and
22	"(II) is not in contravention of
23	fiduciary principles established under
24	applicable Federal or State law; or

1	"(iii) the trade is conducted in some
2	other manner permitted under such rules,
3	regulations, or orders as the Commission
4	may prescribe or issue.
5	"(D) NO EFFECT OF BANK EXEMPTIONS
6	ON OTHER COMMISSION AUTHORITY.—The ex-
7	ception to being considered a broker for a bank
8	engaged in activities described in subpara-
9	graphs (B) and (C) shall not affect the author-
10	ity of the Commission under any other provi-
11	sion of this title or any other securities law.
12	"(E) FIDUCIARY CAPACITY.—For purposes
13	of subparagraph (B)(ii) of this paragraph and
14	paragraph (5)(C), the term 'fiduciary capacity'
15	means—
16	"(i) in the capacity as trustee, execu-
17	tor, administrator, registrar of stocks and
18	bonds, transfer agent, guardian, assignee,
19	receiver, or custodian, either under a uni-
20	form gift to minor act or for an individual
21	retirement account, or as an investment
22	adviser if the bank receives a fee for its in-
23	vestment advice or services, or as a service
24	provider to any pension, retirement, profit

1	sharing, bonus, thrift, savings, incentive,
2	or other similar benefit plan;
3	"(ii) in any capacity in which the
4	bank possesses investment discretion on
5	behalf of another; or
6	"(iii) in any other similar capacity.
7	"(F) Exception for entities subject
8	TO SECTION 15(e).—The term 'broker' does not
9	include a bank that—
10	"(i) was, on the day before the date of
11	enactment of the Financial Services Mod-
12	ernization Act of 1999, subject to section
13	15(e); and
14	"(ii) is subject to such restrictions
15	and requirements as the Commission con-
16	siders appropriate.".
17	SEC. 502. DEFINITION OF DEALER.
18	Section 3(a)(5) of the Securities Exchange Act of
19	1934 (15 U.S.C. $78c(a)(5)$) is amended to read as follows:
20	"(5) Dealer.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'dealer'
22	means any person engaged in the business of
23	buying and selling securities for such person's
24	own account through a broker or otherwise.

1	"(B) Exception for Person not en-
2	GAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF DEALING.—The
3	term 'dealer' does not include a person that
4	buys or sells securities for such person's own
5	account, either individually or in a fiduciary ca-
6	pacity, but not as a part of a regular business.
7	"(C) Exception for Certain bank ac-
8	TIVITIES.—A bank shall not be considered to be
9	a dealer because the bank engages in any of the
10	following activities under the conditions de-
11	scribed:
12	"(i) Permissible securities trans-
13	ACTIONS.—The bank buys or sells—
14	"(I) commercial paper, bankers
15	acceptances, or commercial bills;
16	"(II) exempted securities;
17	"(III) qualified Canadian govern-
18	ment obligations as defined in section
19	5136 of the Revised Statutes of the
20	United States, in conformity with sec-
21	tion 15C of this title and the rules
22	and regulations thereunder, or obliga-
23	tions of the North American Develop-
24	ment Bank; or

1 "(IV) any standardized, credit
enhanced debt security issued by a
foreign government pursuant to the
4 March 1989 plan of then Secretary of
5 the Treasury Brady, used by such for-
6 eign government to retire outstanding
7 commercial bank loans.
8 "(ii) Investment, trustee, and fi-
9 DUCIARY TRANSACTIONS.—The bank buys
or sells securities for investment
1 purposes—
"(I) for the bank; or
"(II) for accounts for which the
bank acts in a trustee capacity or fi-
duciary capacity.
6 "(iii) Asset-backed trans-
ACTIONS.—The bank engages in the
issuance or sale to qualified investors,
through a grantor trust or otherwise, of se-
curities backed by or representing an inter-
est in notes, drafts, acceptances, loans,
leases, receivables, other obligations, or
pools of any such obligations predomi-
nantly originated by the bank, or a syn-
dicate of banks of which the bank is a

1	member, or an affiliate of any such bank
2	other than a broker or dealer.
3	"(iv) Banking products.—The bank
4	buys or sells traditional banking products,
5	as defined in section 503(a) of the Finan-
6	cial Services Modernization Act of 1999.".
7	SEC. 503. DEFINITION AND TREATMENT OF BANKING PROD-
8	UCTS.
9	(a) Definition of Traditional Banking Prod-
10	UCT.—For purposes of this title and paragraphs (4) and
11	(5) of section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
12	(15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4), (5)), as amended by this title, the
13	term "traditional banking product" means—
14	(1) a deposit account, savings account, certifi-
15	cate of deposit, or other deposit instrument issued
16	by a bank;
17	(2) a banker's acceptance;
18	(3) a letter of credit issued or loan made by a
19	bank;
20	(4) a debit account at a bank arising from a
21	credit card or similar arrangement;
22	(5) a participation in a loan which the bank or
23	an affiliate of the bank (other than a broker or deal-
24	er) funds, participates in, or owns that is sold—
25	(A) to qualified investors; or

1	(B) to other persons that—
2	(i) have the opportunity to review and
3	assess any material information, including
4	information regarding the borrower's cred-
5	itworthiness; and
6	(ii) based on such factors as financial
7	sophistication, net worth, and knowledge
8	and experience in financial matters, have
9	the capability to evaluate the information
10	available, as determined under generally
11	applicable banking standards or guidelines;
12	and
13	(6) any swap agreement (as defined in section
14	11(e)(8)(D)(vi) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
15	Act), including credit swaps and equity swaps, un-
16	less the appropriate Federal banking agency deter-
17	mines that credit swaps and equity swaps shall not
18	be included in the definition of such term.
19	(b) Transactions Involving Hybrid Prod-
20	UCTS.—
21	(1) Commission Authority.—The Commission
22	may, with the concurrence of the Board, determine,
23	by regulation published in the Federal Register, that
24	a bank that effects transactions in, or buys or sells,

- 1 a new product should be subject to the registration 2 requirements of this section.
- 3 (2) Limitation.—The Commission may not impose the registration requirements of this section 5 on any bank that effects transactions in, or buys or 6 sells, a product under this subsection unless the 7 Commission, with the concurrence of the Board, de-8 termines in the regulations described in paragraph 9 (1) that—
- 10 (A) the subject product is a new product;
 - (B) the subject product is a security; and
- 12 (C) imposing the registration requirements
- 13 of this section is necessary or appropriate in the
- 14 public interest and for the protection of inves-
- 15 tors.

- 16 (c) Classification Limited.—Classification of a
- 17 particular product or instrument as a traditional banking
- product pursuant to this section shall not be construed 18
- as finding or implying that such product or instrument 19
- is or is not a security for any purpose under the securities
- laws, or is or is not an account, agreement, contract, or
- transaction for any purpose under the Commodity Ex-
- 23 change Act.
- 24 (d) No Limitation on Other Authority To
- CHALLENGE.—Nothing in this section shall affect the

1	right o	or authority	of the	Board,	any	appropriate	F'ederal

- 2 banking agency, or any interested party under any other
- 3 provision of law to object to or seek judicial review as to
- 4 whether a product or instrument is or is not appropriately
- 5 classified as a traditional banking product under sub-
- 6 section (a).
- 7 (e) Other Definitions.—For purposes of this
- 8 section—
- 9 (1) the term "appropriate Federal banking
- agency" has the same meaning as in section 3 of the
- 11 Federal Deposit Insurance Act;
- 12 (2) the term "bank" has the same meaning as
- in section 3(a)(6) of the Securities Exchange Act of
- 14 1934;
- 15 (3) the term "Board" means the Board of Gov-
- ernors of the Federal Reserve System;
- 17 (4) the term "Commission" means the Securi-
- ties and Exchange Commission;
- 19 (5) the term "government securities" has the
- same meaning as in section 3(a)(42) of the Securi-
- 21 ties Exchange Act of 1934, and, for purposes of this
- subsection, commercial paper, bankers acceptances,
- and commercial bills shall be treated in the same
- 24 manner as government securities;

1	(6) the term "new product" means a product or
2	instrument offered or provided by a bank that—
3	(i) was not subject to regulation by the
4	Commission as a security under the Federal se-
5	curities laws before the date of enactment of
6	this Act; and
7	(ii) is not a traditional banking product;
8	and
9	(7) the term "qualified investor" has the same
10	meaning as in section 3(a)(54) of the Securities Ex-
11	change Act of 1934, as added by this title.
12	SEC. 504. QUALIFIED INVESTOR DEFINED.
13	Section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
14	(15 U.S.C. 78c(a)) is amended by adding at the end the
15	following new paragraphs:
16	"(54) Qualified investor.—
17	"(A) Definition.—The term 'qualified in-
18	vestor' means—
19	"(i) any investment company reg-
20	istered with the Commission under section
21	8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940;
22	"(ii) any issuer eligible for an exclu-
23	sion from the definition of 'investment
24	company' pursuant to section $3(c)(7)$ of
25	the Investment Company Act of 1940;

1	"(iii) any bank (as defined in para-
2	graph (6)), savings association (as defined
3	in section 3(b) of the Federal Deposit In-
4	surance Act), broker, dealer, insurance
5	company (as defined in section 2(a)(13) of
6	the Securities Act of 1933), or business de-
7	velopment company (as defined in section
8	2(a)(48) of the Investment Company Act
9	of 1940);
10	"(iv) any small business investment
11	company licensed by the Small Business
12	Administration under subsection (c) or (d)
13	of section 301 of the Small Business In-
14	vestment Act of 1958;
15	"(v) any State sponsored employee
16	benefit plan, or any other employee benefit
17	plan, within the meaning of the Employee
18	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974,
19	other than an individual retirement ac-
20	count, if the investment decisions are made
21	by a plan fiduciary, as defined in section
22	3(21) of that Act, which is either a bank,
23	savings and loan association, insurance
24	company, or registered investment adviser:

1	"(vi) any trust whose purchases of se-
2	curities are directed by a person described
3	in clauses (i) through (v) of this subpara-
4	graph;
5	"(vii) any market intermediary that is
6	exempt under section 3(c)(2) of the Invest-
7	ment Company Act of 1940;
8	"(viii) any associated person of a
9	broker or dealer, other than a natural per-
10	son;
11	"(ix) any foreign bank (as defined in
12	section 1(b)(7) of the International Bank-
13	ing Act of 1978);
14	"(x) the government of any foreign
15	country;
16	"(xi) any corporation, company, or
17	partnership that owns and invests on a dis-
18	cretionary basis, not less than \$10,000,000
19	in investments;
20	"(xii) any natural person who owns
21	and invests on a discretionary basis, not
22	less than \$10,000,000 in investments;
23	"(xiii) any government or political
24	subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of a
25	government who owns and invests on a dis-

1	cretionary basis, not less than \$50,000,000
2	in investments; or
3	"(xiv) any multinational or supra-
4	national entity or any agency or instru-
5	mentality thereof.
6	"(B) Additional authority.—The Com-
7	mission may, by rule or order, define a 'quali-
8	fied investor' as any other person not described
9	in subparagraph (A), taking into consideration
10	such factors as the financial sophistication of
11	the person, net worth, and knowledge and expe-
12	rience in financial matters.".
13	SEC. 505. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES DEFINED.
14	Section 3(a)(42) of the Securities Exchange Act of
15	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(42)) is amended—
16	(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
17	(C);
18	(2) by striking the period at the end of sub-
19	paragraph (D) and inserting "; or"; and
20	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
21	paragraph:
22	"(E) for purposes of section 15C, as ap-
23	plied to a bank, a qualified Canadian Govern-
24	ment obligation, as defined in section 5136 of
25	the Revised Statutes of the United States.".

1	SEC. 506. EFFECTIVE DATE.
2	This title shall become effective at the end of the 1-
3	year period beginning on the date of enactment of this
4	Act.
5	SEC. 507. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
6	Nothing in this title shall supersede, affect, or other-
7	wise limit the scope and applicability of the Commodity
8	Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.).
9	TITLE VI—UNITARY SAVINGS
10	AND LOAN HOLDING COMPA-
11	NIES
12	SEC. 601. PROHIBITION ON NEW UNITARY SAVINGS AND
13	LOAN HOLDING COMPANIES.
14	(a) In General.—Section 10(c) of the Home Own-
15	ers' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1467a(c)) is amended by adding
16	at the end the following new paragraph:
17	"(9) Termination of expanded powers for
18	NEW UNITARY HOLDING COMPANY.—
19	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
20	graph (B), paragraph (3) shall not apply with
21	respect to any company that becomes a savings
22	and loan holding company pursuant to an appli-
23	cation filed after February 28, 1999.
24	"(B) Existing unitary holding compa-
25	NIES AND THE SUCCESSORS TO SUCH COMPA-
26	NIES.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply, and

1	paragraph (3) shall continue to apply, to a com-
2	pany (or any subsidiary of such company)
3	that—
4	"(i) either—
5	"(I) acquired 1 or more savings
6	associations described in paragraph
7	(3) pursuant to applications, at least
8	1 of which was filed before March 1,
9	1999; or
10	"(II) became a savings and loan
11	holding company by acquiring owner-
12	ship or control of the company de-
13	scribed in subclause (I); and
14	"(ii) continues to control the savings
15	association (or associations) referred to in
16	clause (i)(I) or any successors thereto.".
17	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
18	Section 10(c)(3) of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12
19	U.S.C. 1467a(c)(3)) is amended by striking "Notwith-
20	standing" and inserting "Except as provided in paragraph
21	(9), and notwithstanding".