110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 4279

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 5, 2007

Mr. Conyers (for himself, Mr. Berman, Mr. Smith of Texas, Mr. Schiff, Mr. Feeney, Mr. Issa, Mr. Chabot, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Keller of Florida, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, and Mr. Goodlatte) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Prioritizing Resources and Organization for Intellectual
- 6 Property Act of 2007".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents is
- 8 as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Reference.
 - Sec. 3. Definition.

TITLE I—ENHANCEMENTS TO CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

- Sec. 101. Registration of claim.
- Sec. 102. Registration and infringement actions.
- Sec. 103. Civil remedies for infringement.
- Sec. 104. Computation of statutory damages in copyright cases.
- Sec. 105. Treble damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 106. Statutory damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 107. Exportation of goods bearing infringing marks.
- Sec. 108. Importation and exportation.

TITLE II—ENHANCEMENTS TO CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

- Sec. 201. Criminal infringement of a copyright.
- Sec. 202. Harmonization of forfeiture procedures for intellectual property offenses.
- Sec. 203. Directive to United States Sentencing Commission.
- Sec. 204. Trafficking in counterfeit goods or services.

TITLE III—COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC PLANNING OF FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST COUNTERFEITING AND PIRACY

Subtitle A—Office of the United States Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative

- Sec. 301. Office of the United States Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative.
- Sec. 302. Definition.

Subtitle B—Joint Strategic Plan

- Sec. 321. Joint Strategic Plan.
- Sec. 322. Reporting.
- Sec. 323. Other intellectual property activities.
- Sec. 324. Savings and repeals.
- Sec. 325. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE IV—INTERNATIONAL ENFORCEMENT AND COORDINATION

- Sec. 401. Intellectual property attachés.
- Sec. 402. Duties and responsibilities of intellectual property attachés.
- Sec. 403. Training and designation of assignment.
- Sec. 404. Coordination.
- Sec. 405. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—Coordination

Sec. 501. Intellectual Property Enforcement Officer.

Subtitle B—Law Enforcement Resources

- Sec. 511. Local law enforcement grants.
- Sec. 512. CHIP units, training, and additional resources.
- Sec. 513. Transparency of prosecutorial decisionmaking.
- Sec. 514. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle C—International Activities

Sec. 521. International intellectual property law enforcement coordinators.

Sec. 522. International training activities of the computer crime and intellectual property section.

Subtitle D—Coordination, Implementation, and Reporting

Sec. 531. Coordination.

Sec. 532. Annual reports.

1 SEC. 2. REFERENCE.

- 2 Any reference in this Act to the "Trademark Act of
- 3 1946" refers to the Act entitled "An Act to provide for
- 4 the registration of trademarks used in commerce, to carry
- 5 out the provisions of certain international conventions,
- 6 and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (15
- 7 U.S.C. 1051 et seq.).

8 SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

- 9 In this Act, the term "United States person"
- 10 means—
- 11 (1) any United States resident or national,
- 12 (2) any domestic concern (including any perma-
- nent domestic establishment of any foreign concern),
- 14 and
- 15 (3) any foreign subsidiary or affiliate (including
- any permanent foreign establishment) of any domes-
- tic concern that is controlled in fact by such domes-
- tic concern,

- 1 except that such term does not include an individual who
- 2 resides outside the United States and is employed by an
- 3 individual or entity other than an individual or entity de-
- 4 scribed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

5 TITLE I—ENHANCEMENTS TO

6 CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROP-

7 ERTY LAWS

- 8 SEC. 101. REGISTRATION OF CLAIM.
- 9 Section 410 of title 17, United States Code, is
- 10 amended—
- 11 (1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
- subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and
- 13 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
- lowing:
- " (c)(1) A certificate of registration satisfies the re-
- 16 quirements of section 411 and section 412 regardless of
- 17 any inaccurate information contained in the certificate,
- 18 unless—
- 19 "(A) the inaccurate information was included
- on the application for copyright registration with
- 21 knowledge that it was inaccurate; and
- 22 "(B) the inaccuracy of the information, if
- known, would have caused the Register of Copy-
- 24 rights to refuse registration.

- 1 "(2) In any case in which inaccuracies described
- 2 under paragraph (1) are alleged, the court shall request
- 3 the Register of Copyrights to advise the court whether the
- 4 inaccuracy of the information, if known, would have
- 5 caused the Register of Copyrights to refuse registration.
- 6 "(3) Nothing in this subsection shall affect any
- 7 rights, obligations, or requirements of a person related to
- 8 information contained in a registration certificate except
- 9 for the institution of and remedies in infringement actions
- 10 under sections 411 and 412.".

11 SEC. 102. REGISTRATION AND INFRINGEMENT ACTIONS.

- 12 (a) Registration in Civil Infringement Ac-
- 13 Tions.—Section 411(a) of title 17, United States Code,
- 14 is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by inserting "**civil**"
- after "and"; and
- 17 (2) in subsection (a), by striking "no action"
- and inserting "no civil action".
- 19 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 20 Section 411(b) of title 17, United States Code, is amended
- 21 by striking "506 and sections 509 and" and inserting
- 22 "505 and section".

23 SEC. 103. CIVIL REMEDIES FOR INFRINGEMENT.

- Section 503(a) of title 17, United States Code, is
- 25 amended—

- (1) by striking "and of all plates" and inserting 1 2 "of all plates"; and
- (2) by striking the period at the end and insert-3 ing the following: ", and records documenting the 5 manufacture, sale, or receipt of things involved in 6 such violation. The court shall enter an appropriate 7 protective order with respect to discovery by the ap-8 plicant of any records that have been seized. The 9 protective order shall provide for appropriate proce-10 dures to assure that confidential information con-11 tained in such records is not improperly disclosed to 12 the applicant.".

13 SEC. 104. COMPUTATION OF STATUTORY DAMAGES IN 14

COPYRIGHT CASES.

15 Section 504(c)(1) of title 17, United States Code, is amended by striking the second sentence and inserting the 16 17 following: "A copyright owner is entitled to recover statu-18 tory damages for each copyrighted work sued upon that is found to be infringed. The court may make either one 19 20 or multiple awards of statutory damages with respect to 21 infringement of a compilation, or of works that were law-22 fully included in a compilation, or a derivative work and 23 any preexisting works upon which it is based. In making a decision on the awarding of such damages, the court may consider any facts it finds relevant relating to the

- 1 infringed works and the infringing conduct, including
- 2 whether the infringed works are distinct works having
- 3 independent economic value.".
- 4 SEC. 105. TREBLE DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING CASES.
- 5 Section 35(b) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15
- 6 U.S.C. 1117(b)) is amended to read as follows:
- 7 "(b) In assessing damages under subsection (a) for
- 8 any violation of section 32(1)(a) of this Act or section
- 9 220506 of title 36, United States Code, in a case involving
- 10 use of a counterfeit mark or designation (as defined in
- 11 section 34(d) of this Act), the court shall, unless the court
- 12 finds extenuating circumstances, enter judgment for three
- 13 times such profits or damages, whichever amount is great-
- 14 er, together with a reasonable attorney's fee, if the viola-
- 15 tion consists of—
- "(1) intentionally using a mark or designation,
- 17 knowing such mark or designation is a counterfeit
- mark (as defined in section 34(d) of this Act), in
- 19 connection with the sale, offering for sale, or dis-
- 20 tribution of goods or services;
- 21 "(2) intentionally inducing another to engage in
- a violation specified in paragraph (1); or
- 23 "(3) providing goods or services necessary to
- the commission of a violation specified in paragraph
- 25 (1), with the intent that the recipient of the goods

1	or services would put the goods or services to use in
2	committing the violation.
3	In such a case, the court may award prejudgment interest
4	on such amount at an annual interest rate established
5	under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
6	1986, beginning on the date of the service of the claim-
7	ant's pleadings setting forth the claim for such entry of
8	judgment and ending on the date such entry is made, or
9	for such shorter time as the court considers appropriate."
10	SEC. 106. STATUTORY DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING
11	CASES.
12	Section 35(e) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15
13	U.S.C. 1117) is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (1)—
15	(A) by striking "\$500" and inserting
16	"\$1000"; and
17	(B) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting
18	"\$200,000"; and
19	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$1,000,000"
20	and inserting "\$2,000,000".
21	SEC. 107. EXPORTATION OF GOODS BEARING INFRINGING
22	MARKS.
23	Title VII of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C
24	1124) is amended—

1	(1) in the title heading, by inserting after "IM-
2	PORTATION" the following: "OR EXPOR-
3	TATION"; and
4	(2) in section 42—
5	(A) in the first sentence—
6	(i) by striking the word "imported";
7	and
8	(ii) by inserting after "custom house
9	of the United States" the following: ", nor
10	shall any such article be exported from the
11	United States".
12	SEC. 108. IMPORTATION AND EXPORTATION.
13	(a) In General.—The heading for chapter 6 of title
14	17, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
15	"CHAPTER 6—MANUFACTURING REQUIRE-
16	MENTS, IMPORTATION, AND EXPOR-
17	TATION".
18	(b) Amendment on Exportation.—Section 602(a)
19	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
21	(3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively,
22	and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right;
23	(2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) In-
24	FRINGING IMPORTATION AND EXPORTATION.—
25	"(1) Importation.—";

1	(3) by striking "This subsection does not apply
2	to—" and inserting the following:
3	"(2) Importation or exportation of in-
4	FRINGING ITEMS.—Importation into the United
5	States or exportation from the United States, with-
6	out the authority of the owner of copyright under
7	this title, of copies or phonorecords, the making of
8	which either constituted an infringement of copy-
9	right or would have constituted an infringement of
10	copyright if the copies or phonorecords had been
11	made in the United States, is an infringement of the
12	exclusive right to distribute copies or phonorecords
13	under section 106, actionable under sections 501
14	and 506.
15	"(3) Exceptions.—This subsection does not
16	apply to—";
17	(4) in paragraph (3)(A) (as redesignated by
18	this subsection) by inserting "or exportation" after
19	"importation"; and
20	(5) in paragraph (3)(B) (as redesignated by
21	this subsection)—
22	(A) by striking "importation, for the pri-
23	vate use of the importer" and inserting "impor-
24	tation or exportation, for the private use of the
25	importer or exporter"; and

1	(B) by inserting "or departing from the
2	United States" after "United States".
3	(c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 602 of
4	title 17, United States Code, is further amended—
5	(A) in the section heading, by inserting "or
6	exportation" after "importation"; and
7	(B) in subsection (b)—
8	(i) by striking "(b) In a case" and insert-
9	ing "(b) Import Prohibition.—In a case";
10	and
11	(ii) by striking "if this title had been appli-
12	cable" and inserting "if the copies or
13	phonorecords had been made in the United
14	States".
15	(2) The item relating to chapter 6 in the table of
16	chapters for title 17, United States Code, is amended to
17	read as follows:
	"6. Manufacturing Requirements, Importation, and Exportation 601".
18	TITLE II—ENHANCEMENTS TO
19	CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL
20	PROPERTY LAWS
21	SEC. 201. CRIMINAL INFRINGEMENT OF A COPYRIGHT.
22	Section 2319 of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended—

1	(1) in subsection $(b)(2)$, by inserting "is a fel-
2	ony and" after "offense" and by striking "para-
3	graph (1)" and inserting "subsection (a)";
4	(2) in subsection (c)(2), by inserting "is a fel-
5	ony and" after "offense", and by striking "para-
6	graph (1)" and inserting "subsection (a)";
7	(3) in subsection (d)(3), by inserting "is a fel-
8	ony and" after "offense", and by inserting "under
9	subsection (a)" before the semicolon; and
10	(4) in subsection (d)(4), by inserting "is a fel-
11	ony and" after "offense".
12	SEC. 202. HARMONIZATION OF FORFEITURE PROCEDURES
13	FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES.
1314	FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFENSES. (a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Sec-
14	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Sec-
14 15	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
14 15 16 17	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol-
141516	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows: "(d) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitution)
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows: "(d) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitution.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows: "(d) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitution.— "(1) Civil Forfeiture Proceedings.—(A)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows: "(d) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitution.— "(1) Civil forfeiture proceedings.—(A) The following property is subject to forfeiture to the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Trafficking in Counterfeit Labels.—Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows: "(d) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitution.— "(1) Civil forfeiture proceedings.—(A) The following property is subject to forfeiture to the United States:

label or illicit label has been affixed, or which a counterfeit label or illicit label encloses or accompanies, or which was intended to have had such label affixed, enclosing, or accompanying.

- "(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of a violation of subsection (a).
- "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or facilitate the commission of a violation of subsection (a) that is owned or predominantly controlled by the violator or by a person conspiring with or aiding and abetting the violator in committing the violation.

"(B) The provisions of chapter 46 relating to civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil forfeiture under subparagraph (A). At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that any forfeited counterfeit labels or illicit labels and any article to which a counterfeit label or illicit label has been affixed, or which a counterfeit label or illicit label encloses or accompanies, or which was intended to have had such label affixed, enclosing, or accompanying, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to law.

- 1 "(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and 2 abetting' means to knowingly provide aid to the vio-3 lator with the intent to facilitate the violation.
 - "(2) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—
 (A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person convicted of an offense under this section, shall order, in addition to any other sentence imposed, that the person forfeit to the United States the following property:
 - "(i) Any counterfeit documentation or packaging, and any counterfeit label or illicit label, that was used, intended for use, or possessed with intent to use in the commission of an offense under subsection (a), and any article to which such a counterfeit label or illicit label has been affixed, which such a counterfeit label or illicit label encloses or accompanies, or which was intended to have had such label affixed, enclosing, or accompanying.
 - "(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of an offense under subsection (a).

1 "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be 2 used, to commit or substantially facilitate the 3 commission of an offense under subsection (a).

"(B) The forfeiture of property under subparagraph (A), including any seizure and disposition of the property and any related judicial or administrative proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that section. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that any counterfeit label or illicit label and any article to which a counterfeit label or illicit label has been affixed, which a counterfeit label or illicit label encloses or accompanies, or which was intended to have had such label affixed, enclosing, or accompanying, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to law.

"(3) RESTITUTION.—When a person is convicted of an offense under this section, the court, pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall order the person to pay restitution to the owner of the marks or copyrighted works involved in the offense and any other victim of the offense as an of-

1	fense against property referred to in section
2	3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).";
3	(2) by striking subsection (e); and
4	(3) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
5	section (e).
6	(b) Criminal Infringement of a Copyright.—
7	(1) In General.—Section 2319 of title 18,
8	United States Code, is amended by adding at the
9	end the following:
10	"(g) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitu-
11	TION.—
12	"(1) CIVIL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—(A)
13	The following property is subject to forfeiture to the
14	United States:
15	"(i) Any copies or phonorecords manufac-
16	tured, reproduced, distributed, sold, or other-
17	wise used, intended for use, or possessed with
18	intent to use in violation of section 506(a) of
19	title 17, and any plates, molds, matrices, mas-
20	ters, tapes, film negatives, or other articles by
21	means of which such copies or phonorecords
22	may be made and any devices for manufac-
23	turing, reproducing, or assembling such copies
24	or phonorecords.

- 1 "(ii) Any property constituting or derived 2 from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-3 rectly as a result of a violation of section 4 506(a) of title 17.
 - "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or facilitate the commission of a violation of section 506(a) of title 17 that is owned or predominantly controlled by the violator or by a person conspiring with or aiding and abetting the violation.
 - "(B) The provisions of chapter 46 of title 18 relating to civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil forfeiture under this section. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that any forfeited infringing copies or phonorecords, and any plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and film negatives by means of which such unauthorized copies or phonorecords may be made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to law.
 - "(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and abetting' means to knowingly provide aid to the violator with the intent to facilitate the violation.

- "(2) Criminal forfeiture proceedings.—

 (A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a), shall order, in addition to any other sentence imposed, that the person forfeit to the United States the following property:

 "(i) Any copies or phonorecords manufac
 - tured, reproduced, distributed, sold, or otherwise used, intended for use, or possessed with intent to use in the commission of an offense under subsection (a), and any plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, film negatives, or other articles by means of which the copies or phonorecords may be reproduced, and any electronic, mechanical, or other devices for manufacturing, reproducing, or assembling such copies or phonorecords.
 - "(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of an offense under subsection (a).
 - "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or substantially facilitate the commission of an offense under subsection (a).

1 "(B) The forfeiture of property under subpara-2 graph (A), including any seizure and disposition of 3 the property and any related judicial or administra-4 tive proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures 5 set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 6 7 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that sec-8 tion. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, 9 the court shall order that any forfeited infringing 10 copies or phonorecords, and any plates, molds, mat-11 rices, masters, tapes, and film negatives by means of 12 which such infringing copies or phonorecords may be 13 made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of accord-14 ing to law.

- "(3) RESTITUTION.—When a person is convicted of an offense under this section, the court, pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall order the person to pay restitution to the copyright owner and any other victim of the offense as an offense against property referred to in section 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii)."
- (2) Conforming amendments.—(A) Section 506(b) of title 17, United States Code, is amended by striking all that follows "destruction" and insert-

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1	ing the following: "of property as prescribed by sec-
2	tion 2319(g) of title 18.".
3	(B) Section 509 of title 17, United States Code,
4	relating seizure and forfeiture, and the item relating
5	to section 509 in the table of sections at the begin-
6	ning of chapter 5 of title 17, United States Code,
7	are repealed.
8	(c) Unauthorized Fixation and Trafficking.—
9	(1) In general.—Section 2319A of title 18,
10	United States Code, is amended—
11	(A) by striking subsection (c) and redesig-
12	nating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as sub-
13	sections (c), (d), and (e), respectively; and
14	(B) by amending subsection (b) to read as
15	follows:
16	"(b) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitu-
17	TION.—
18	"(1) Civil forfeiture proceedings.—(A)
19	The following property is subject to forfeiture to the
20	United States:
21	"(i) Any copies or phonorecords of a live
22	musical performance described in subsection
23	(a)(1) that are made without the consent of the
24	performer or performers involved, and any
25	plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and

film negatives by means of which such copies or phonorecords may be made.

- "(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of a violation of subsection (a).
- "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or facilitate the commission of a violation of subsection (a) that is owned or predominantly controlled by the violator or by a person conspiring with or aiding and abetting the violator in committing the violation.
- "(B) The provisions of chapter 46 relating to civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil forfeiture under paragraph (1). At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that any forfeited unauthorized copies or phonorecords of live musical performances, and any plates, molds, matrices, maters, tapes, and film negatives by means of which such unauthorized copies or phonorecords may be made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to law.
- "(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and abetting' means to knowingly provide aid to the violator with the intent to facilitate the violation.

- 1 "(2) Criminal forfeiture proceedings.— 2 (A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person 3 convicted of an offense under this section, shall 4 order, in addition to any other sentence imposed, 5 that the person forfeit to the United States the fol-6 lowing property: "(i) 7 Anv unauthorized copies or8
 - phonorecords of a live musical performance that were used, intended for use, or possessed with intent to use in the commission of an offense under subsection (a), and any plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and film negatives by means of which such copies or phonorecords may be made.
 - "(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of an offense under subsection (a).
 - "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or substantially facilitate the commission of an offense under subsection (a).
 - "(B) The forfeiture of property under subparagraph (A), including any seizure and disposition of the property and any related judicial or administrative proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures

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- set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21) U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that section. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that any forfeited unauthorized copies or phonorecords of live musical performances, and any plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and film negatives by means of which such unauthorized copies of phonorecords may be made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to law.
 - "(3) Notification of importation.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall issue regulations by which any performer may, upon payment of a specified fee, be entitled to notification by U.S. Customs and Border Protection of the importation of copies or phonorecords that appear to consist of unauthorized fixations of the sounds or sounds and images of a live musical performance prohibited by this section.
 - "(4) RESTITUTION.—When a person is convicted of an offense under this section, the court, pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall order the person to pay restitution to the performer or performers involved, and any other victim of the

1	offense as an offense against property referred to in
2	section 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).".
3	(2) Applicability.—Section 2319A(e), as re-
4	designated by paragraph (1) of this subsection, is
5	amended by inserting before the period the fol-
6	lowing: ", except that the forfeiture provisions under
7	subsection (b)(2), as added by the Prioritizing Re-
8	sources and Organization for Intellectual Property
9	Act, shall apply only in a case in which the under-
10	lying act or acts occur on or after the date of the
11	enactment of that Act".
12	(d) Unauthorized Recording of Motion Pic-
13	TURES.—Section 2319B(b) of title 18, United States
14	Code, is amended to read as follows:
15	"(b) Forfeiture and Destruction; Restitu-
16	TION.—
17	"(1) Civil forfeiture proceedings.—(A)
18	The following property is subject to forfeiture to the
19	United States:
20	"(i) Any copies of a motion picture or
21	other audiovisual work protected under title 17
22	that are made without the authorization of the
23	copyright owner.
24	"(ii) Any property constituting or derived
25	from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-

- rectly as a result of a violation of subsection

 (a).
 - "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or facilitate the commission of a violation of subsection (a) that is owned or predominantly controlled by the violator or by a person conspiring with or aiding and abetting the violator in committing the violation.
 - "(B) The provisions of chapter 46 relating to civil forfeitures shall extend to any seizure or civil forfeiture under this section. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that any forfeited unauthorized copies or phonorecords of a motion picture or other audiovisual work, or part thereof, and any plates, molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and film negatives by means of which such unauthorized copies or phonorecords may be made, be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to law.
 - "(C) In this paragraph, the term 'aiding and abetting' means to knowingly provide aid to the violator with the intent to facilitate the violation.
 - "(2) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS.—
 (A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person convicted of an offense under this section, shall

- order, in addition to any other sentence imposed, that the person forfeit to the United States the following property:
 - "(i) Any unauthorized copies of a motion picture or other audiovisual work protected under title 17, or part thereof, that were used, intended for use, or possessed with intent to use in the commission of an offense under subsection (a).
 - "(ii) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of an offense under subsection (a).
 - "(iii) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit or substantially facilitate the commission of an offense under subsection (a).

"(B) The forfeiture of property under subparagraph (A), including any seizure and disposition of the property and any related judicial or administrative proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that section. At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court shall order that any forfeited unauthorized

- 1 copies or phonorecords of a motion picture or other
- 2 audiovisual work, or part thereof, and any plates,
- molds, matrices, masters, tapes, and film negatives
- 4 by means of which such unauthorized copies or
- 5 phonorecords may be made, be destroyed or other-
- 6 wise disposed of according to law.
- 7 "(3) Restitution.—When a person is con-
- 8 victed of an offense under this chapter, the court,
- 9 pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall
- order the person to pay restitution to the owner of
- the copyright in the motion picture or other audio-
- visual work and any other victim of the offense as
- an offense against property referred to in section
- 14 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).".
- 15 (e) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
- 16 section shall apply only in a case in which the underlying
- 17 act or acts occur on or after the date of the enactment
- 18 of this Act.
- 19 SEC. 203. DIRECTIVE TO UNITED STATES SENTENCING
- 20 COMMISSION.
- 21 (a) REVIEW AND AMENDMENT.—The United States
- 22 Sentencing Commission, pursuant to its authority under
- 23 section 994 of title 28, United States Code, shall review
- 24 and, if appropriate, amend the Federal sentencing guide-
- 25 lines and policy statements applicable in any case sen-

1	tenced under section 2B5.3 of the Federal sentencing
2	guidelines for exporting infringing items in violation of
3	section 602(a)(2) of title 17, United States Code, to deter-
4	mine whether a defendant in such case should receive an
5	upward adjustment in the offense level, on the grounds
6	that exportation introduces infringing items into the
7	stream of foreign commerce in a manner analogous to the
8	manner in which manufacturing, importing, and uploading
9	such items introduces them into the stream of commerce.
10	(b) AUTHORIZATION.—The United States Sentencing
11	Commission may amend the Federal sentencing guidelines
12	under subsection (a) in accordance with the procedures set
13	forth in section 21(a) of the Sentencing Act of 1987 (28
14	U.S.C. 994 note) as though the authority under that sec-
15	tion had not expired.
15 16	tion had not expired. SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV-
16	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV-
16 17	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV- ICES.
16 17 18	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV- ICES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United
16 17 18 19	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV- ICES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV- ICES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (a)—
116 117 118 119 220 221	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV- ICES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by striking "Whoever" and inserting "
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 204. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV- ICES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by striking "Whoever" and inserting " "(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever";

1	"(2) Serious bodily harm or death.—
2	"(A) SERIOUS BODILY HARM.—If the of-
3	fender knowingly or recklessly causes or at-
4	tempts to cause serious bodily injury from con-
5	duct in violation of paragraph (1), the penalty
6	shall be a fine under this title or imprisonment
7	for not more than 20 years, or both.
8	"(B) Death.—If the offender knowingly
9	or recklessly causes or attempts to cause death
10	from conduct in violation of paragraph (1), the
11	penalty shall be a fine under this title or im-
12	prisonment for any term of years or for life, or
13	both."; and
14	(2) in subsection (b)(l)—
15	(A) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
16	subparagraph (C); and
17	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
18	the following:
19	"(B) Any property constituting or derived
20	from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-
21	rectly as a result of a violation of subsection
22	(a).".

1	TITLE III—COORDINATION AND
2	STRATEGIC PLANNING OF
3	FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST
4	COUNTERFEITING AND PI-
5	RACY
6	Subtitle A-Office of the United
7	States Intellectual Property En-
8	forcement Representative
9	SEC. 301. OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES INTELLECTUAL
10	PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT REPRESENTA-
11	TIVE.
12	(a) Establishment Within Executive Office of
13	THE PRESIDENT.—There is established within the Execu-
14	tive Office of the President the Office of the United States
15	Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative (in this
16	title referred to as "the Office").
17	(b) United States Intellectual Property En-
18	FORCEMENT REPRESENTATIVE.—The head of the Office
19	shall be the United States Intellectual Property Enforce-
20	ment Representative (in this title referred to as the "IP
21	Enforcement Representative") who shall be appointed by
22	the President, by and with the advice and consent of the
23	Senate. As an exercise of the rulemaking power of the
24	Senate, any nomination of the IP Enforcement Represent-
25	ative submitted to the Senate for confirmation, and re-

1	ferred to a committee, shall be referred to the Committee
2	on the Judiciary. The IP Enforcement Representative
3	shall hold office at the pleasure of the President, shall be
4	entitled to receive the same allowances as a chief of mis-
5	sion, and shall have the rank of Ambassador Extraor-
6	dinary and Plenipotentiary.
7	(c) Duties of IP Enforcement Representa-
8	TIVE.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The IP Enforcement Rep-
10	resentative shall—
11	(A) have primary responsibility for devel-
12	oping, coordinating, and facilitating the imple-
13	mentation, by the departments and agencies
14	listed in subsection (d)(2), the policies, objec-
15	tives, and priorities of the Joint Strategic Plan
16	against counterfeiting and piracy under section
17	321;
18	(B) serve as the principal advisor to the
19	President on domestic and international intel-
20	lectual property enforcement policy;
21	(C) assist the United States Trade Rep-
22	resentative in conducting negotiations on behalf
23	of the United States relating to international
24	intellectual property enforcement, including ne-
25	gotiations on any intellectual property enforce-

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ment matter considered under the auspices of the World Trade Organization or in the course of commodity and direct investment negotiations in which the United States participates;

- (D) issue and coordinate policy guidance to departments and agencies on basic issues of policy and interpretation that arise in the exercise of domestic and international intellectual property enforcement functions to the extent necessary to assure the coordination of international intellectual property enforcement policy and consistent with any other law;
- (E) act as the principal spokesperson of the President on domestic and international intellectual property enforcement matters;
- (F) report directly to the President and the Congress regarding, and be responsible to the President and the Congress for the administration of, intellectual property enforcement programs;
- (G) advise the President and the Congress with respect to domestic and international intellectual property enforcement challenges and priorities;

1	(H) report to the Congress, as provided in
2	section 322, on the implementation of the Joint
3	Strategic Plan, and make recommendations to
4	the Congress for improvements in Federal intel-
5	lectual property enforcement efforts;
6	(I) chair the interagency intellectual prop-
7	erty enforcement advisory committee estab-
8	lished under subsection (d)(2), and consult with
9	such advisory committee in the performance of
10	the functions of the IP Enforcement Represent-
11	ative; and
12	(J) carry out such other functions as the
13	President may direct.
14	(2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
15	the Congress that the IP Enforcement Representa-
16	tive should—
17	(A) be the senior representative on any
18	body that the President may establish for the
19	purpose of providing to the President advice on
20	overall policies in which intellectual property en-
21	forcement matters predominate; and
22	(B) be included as a participant in all eco-
23	nomic summit and other international meetings
24	at which international intellectual property en-
25	forcement is a major topic.

1	(3) Delegation.—The IP Enforcement Rep-
2	resentative may—
3	(A) delegate any of the IP Enforcement
4	Representative's functions, powers, and duties
5	to such officers and employees of the Office as
6	the IP Enforcement Representative may des-
7	ignate; and
8	(B) authorize such successive redelegations
9	of such functions, powers, and duties to such
10	officers and employees of the Office as IP En-
11	forcement Representative considers appropriate.
12	(d) Coordination of Intellectual Property
13	Enforcement Actions.—
14	(1) In general.—In carrying out the func-
15	tions of the IP Enforcement Representative, the IP
16	Enforcement Representative shall coordinate the al-
17	location of interagency resources for intellectual
18	property enforcement, including identifying, and re-
19	ferring to the appropriate Federal department or
20	agency, for consideration with respect to action, vio-
21	lations of intellectual property laws.
22	(2) Advisory committee.—For purposes of
23	assisting the IP Enforcement Representative in car-
24	rying out the functions of the IP Enforcement Rep-
25	resentative, there is established an interagency intel-

1	lectual property enforcement advisory committee
2	composed of the IP Enforcement Representative
3	who shall chair the committee, and senior represent
4	atives of the following departments and agencies who
5	are involved in intellectual property enforcement
6	and are appointed by the respective heads of those
7	departments and agencies:
8	(A) The Department of Justice (including
9	the Intellectual Property Enforcement Officer
10	appointed under section 501).
11	(B) The United States Patent and Trade-
12	mark Office and other relevant units of the De-
13	partment of Commerce.
14	(C) The Office of the United States Trade
15	Representative.
16	(D) The Department of State (including
17	the United States Agency for International De-
18	velopment and the Bureau of Internationa
19	Narcotics Law Enforcement).
20	(E) The Department of Homeland Security
21	(including U.S. Customs and Border Protection
22	and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforce-
23	ment).
24	(F) The United States International Trade
25	Commission.

1	(G) The Food and Drug Administration of
2	the Department of Health and Human Services.
3	(H) The United States Copyright Office.
4	(I) Such other agencies as the IP Enforce-
5	ment Representative determines to be substan-
6	tially involved in the efforts of the Federal Gov-
7	ernment to combat counterfeiting and piracy.
8	(e) Identification of Countries That Deny
9	ADEQUATE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
10	RIGHTS.—Section 182(b)(2)(A) of the Trade Act of 1974
11	(19 U.S.C. 2242(b)(2)(A)) is amended by inserting "the
12	United States Intellectual Property Enforcement Rep-
13	resentative," after "shall consult with".
14	(f) Powers of IP Enforcement Representa-
15	TIVE.—In carrying out the responsibilities under this title,
16	the IP Enforcement Representative may—
17	(1) select, appoint, employ, and fix the com-
18	pensation of such officers and employees as may be
19	necessary to carry out those responsibilities;
20	(2) request the head of a department, agency,
21	or program of the Federal Government to place per-
22	sonnel of such department, agency, or program who
23	are engaged in intellectual property enforcement ac-
24	tivities on temporary detail to the Office of the IP

- 1 Enforcement Representative to assist in carrying out 2 those responsibilities;
- 3 (3) use for administrative purposes, on a reim-4 bursable basis, the available services, equipment, 5 personnel, and facilities of Federal, State, and local 6 government agencies;
 - (4) procure the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, relating to the procurement of temporary and intermittent services, at rates of compensation for individuals not to exceed the daily equivalent of the rate of pay payable under level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, and while such experts and consultants are so serving away from their homes or regular place of business, to pay such employees travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence at rates authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in Government service employed intermittently;
 - (5) issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the functions vested in the IP Enforcement Representative;
- 24 (6) enter into and perform such contracts, 25 leases, cooperative agreements, or other transactions

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- as may be necessary in the conduct of the work of
- 2 the Office and on such terms as the IP Enforcement
- Representative considers appropriate, with any de-
- 4 partment, agency, or instrumentality of the United
- 5 States, or with any public or private person, firm,
- 6 association, corporation, or institution;
- 7 (7) accept voluntary and uncompensated serv-
- 8 ices, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1342
- 9 of title 31, United States Code;
- 10 (8) adopt an official seal, which shall be judi-
- cially noticed; and
- 12 (9) accept, hold, administer, and use gifts, de-
- vises, and bequests of property, both real and per-
- sonal, for the purpose of aiding or facilitating the
- work of the Office.
- 16 (g) Compensation.—Section 5312 of title 5, United
- 17 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 18 lowing:
- 19 "United States Intellectual Property Enforce-
- 20 ment Representative.".
- 21 SEC. 302. DEFINITION.
- For purposes of this title, the term "intellectual prop-
- 23 erty enforcement" means matters relating to the enforce-
- 24 ment of laws protecting copyrights, patents, trademarks,
- 25 other forms of intellectual property, and trade secrets,

- both in the United States and abroad, including matters relating to combating counterfeit and pirated goods. Subtitle B—Joint Strategic Plan 3 SEC. 321. JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN. 5 (a) Purpose.—The objectives of the Joint Strategic 6 Plan against counterfeiting and piracy that is referred to in section 301(c)(1)(A) (in this section referred to as the 8 "joint strategic plan") are the following: 9 (1) Eliminating counterfeit and pirated goods 10 from the international supply chain. 11 (2) Identifying individuals, financial institu-12 tions, business concerns, and other entities involved 13 in the financing, production, trafficking, or sale of 14 counterfeit or pirated goods. 15 (3) Identifying and sharing information among 16 the relevant departments and agencies for the pur-17 pose of arresting and prosecuting individuals and en-18 tities that are knowingly involved the financing, pro-19 duction, trafficking, or sale of counterfeit or pirated 20 goods. 21 (4) Disrupting and eliminating counterfeit and 22 piracy networks.
 - (5) Strengthening the capacity of other countries to protect and enforce intellectual property rights, and reducing the number of countries that

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1	fail to enforce laws preventing the financing, produc-
2	tion, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pirated
3	goods.
4	(6) Working with other countries to establish
5	international standards and policies for the effective
6	protection and enforcement of intellectual property
7	rights.
8	(7) Protecting intellectual property rights over-
9	seas by—
10	(A) working with other countries to ensure
11	that such countries—
12	(i) have adequate and effective laws
13	protecting copyrights, trademarks, patents,
14	and other forms of intellectual property;
15	(ii) have legal regimes that enforce
16	their own domestic intellectual property
17	laws, eliminate counterfeit and piracy oper-
18	ations, and arrest and prosecute those who
19	commit intellectual property crimes;
20	(iii) provide their law enforcement of-
21	ficials with the authority to seize, inspect,
22	and destroy pirated and counterfeit goods,
23	including at ports of entry;

1	(iv) provide for the seizure of property
2	used to produce pirated and counterfeit
3	goods; and
4	(v) are not on the Priority Watch List
5	issued by the United States Trade Rep-
6	resentative under section 182 of the Trade
7	Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2242);
8	(B) exchanging information with appro-
9	priate law enforcement agencies in other coun-
10	tries relating to individuals and entities involved
11	in the financing, production, trafficking, or sale
12	of pirated or counterfeit goods;
13	(C) using the information described in sub-
14	paragraph (B) to conduct enforcement activities
15	in cooperation with appropriate law enforce-
16	ment agencies in other countries; and
17	(D) building a formal process for con-
18	sulting with companies, industry associations,
19	labor unions, and other interested groups in
20	other countries with respect to intellectual prop-
21	erty enforcement.
22	(b) Timing.—Not later than 6 months after the date
23	of the enactment of this Act, and not later than December
24	31 of every third year thereafter, the IP Enforcement
25	Representative shall submit the joint strategic plan to the

- 1 President, to the Committee on the Judiciary and the
- 2 Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
- 3 tives, and to the Committee on the Judiciary and the Com-
- 4 mittee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- 5 (c) Responsibility of the IP Enforcement Rep-
- 6 RESENTATIVE.—In developing the joint strategic plan, the
- 7 IP Enforcement Representative—
- 8 (1) shall consult and coordinate with the appro-
- 9 priate officers and employees of departments and
- agencies represented on the advisory committee ap-
- pointed under section 301(d)(2) who are involved in
- intellectual property enforcement; and
- 13 (2) may consult with private sector experts in
- intellectual property enforcement.
- (d) Responsibilities of Other Departments
- 16 AND AGENCIES.—To assist in the development and imple-
- 17 mentation of the joint strategic plan, the heads of the de-
- 18 partments and agencies identified under section 301(d)(2)
- 19 (including the heads of any other agencies identified by
- 20 the IP Enforcement Representative under section
- 21 (d)(2)(I) shall—
- 22 (1) designate personnel with expertise and expe-
- 23 rience in intellectual property enforcement matters
- 24 to work with the IP Enforcement Representative;
- 25 and

- 1 (2) share relevant department or agency infor-2 mation with the IP Enforcement Representative, in-3 cluding statistical information on the enforcement 4 activities of the department or agency against coun-5 terfeiting or piracy.
- (e) CONTENTS OF THE JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN.—
 Each joint strategic plan shall include the following:
 - (1) A detailed description of the priorities identified for activities of the Federal Government relating to intellectual property enforcement.
 - (2) A detailed description of the means and methods to be employed to achieve the priorities, including the means and methods for improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the Federal Government's enforcement efforts against counterfeiting and piracy.
 - (3) Estimates of the resources necessary to fulfill the priorities identified under paragraph (1).
 - (4) The performance measures to be used to monitor results under the joint strategic plan during the following year.
 - (5) An analysis of the threat posed by violations of intellectual property rights, including targets, risks, and threats of intellectual property theft, and the costs to the economy of the United States result-

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- ing from violations of intellectual property laws and the threats to public health and safety created by counterfeiting and piracy.
 - (6) An identification of the departments and agencies that will be involved in implementing each priority under paragraph (1).
 - (7) A strategy for ensuring coordination between the IP Enforcement Representative and the departments and agencies identified under paragraph (6), including a process for oversight of, and accountability among, the departments and agencies carrying out the strategy.
 - (8) Such other information as the IP Enforcement Representative considers important in conveying to the recipients of the report, and to the people of the United States, the costs imposed on the United States economy and the threats to public health and safety created by counterfeiting and piracy, and the steps that the Federal Government will take over the period covered by the succeeding joint strategic plan to reduce those costs and counter those threats.
- 23 (f) Enhancing Enforcement Efforts of For-24 eign Governments.—The joint strategic plan shall in-25 clude programs to provide training and technical assist-

- 1 ance to foreign governments for the purpose of enhancing
- 2 the efforts of such governments to enforce laws against
- 3 counterfeiting and piracy. With respect to such programs,
- 4 the IP Enforcement Representative, in developing the
- 5 joint strategic plan, shall—
- 6 (1) seek to enhance the efficiency and consist-
- 7 ency with which Federal resources are expended,
- 8 and seek to minimize duplication, overlap, or incon-
- 9 sistency of efforts;
- 10 (2) identify and give priority to those countries
- where programs of training and technical assistance
- can be carried out most effectively and with the
- greatest benefit to reducing counterfeit and pirated
- products in the United States market, to protecting
- the intellectual property rights of United States per-
- sons and their licensees, and to protecting the inter-
- ests of United States persons otherwise harmed by
- violations of intellectual property rights in those
- 19 countries;
- 20 (3) in identifying the priorities under paragraph
- 21 (2), be guided by the countries identified by the
- 22 United States Trade Representative under section
- 23 182(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
- 24 2242(a); and

1	(4) develop metrics to measure the effectiveness
2	of the Federal Government's efforts to improve the
3	laws and enforcement practices of foreign govern-
4	ments against counterfeiting and piracy.
5	(g) Dissemination of the Joint Strategic
6	PLAN.—The joint strategic plan shall be posted for public
7	access on the website of the White House, and shall be
8	disseminated to the public through such other means as
9	the IP Enforcement Representative may identify.
10	SEC. 322. REPORTING.
11	(a) Annual Report.—Not later than December 31
12	of each year, the IP Enforcement Representative shall
13	submit an report on the activities of the Office during the
14	preceding fiscal year. The annual report shall be sub-
15	mitted to the President and the Congress, and dissemi-
16	nated to the people of the United States, in the manner
17	specified in subsections (b) and (g) of section 321.
18	(b) CONTENTS.—The report required by this section
19	shall include the following:
20	(1) The progress made on implementing the
21	strategic plan and on the progress toward fulfillment
22	of the priorities identified under section 321(e).
23	(2) The progress made toward efforts to en-
24	courage Federal, State, and local government de-

- partments and agencies to accord higher priority to
 intellectual property enforcement.
 - (3) The progress made in working with foreign countries to investigate, arrest, and prosecute entities and individuals involved in the financing, production, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pirated goods.
 - (4) The manner in which the relevant departments and agencies are working together and sharing information to strengthen intellectual property enforcement.
 - (5) An assessment of the successes and short-comings of the efforts of the Federal Government, including departments and agencies represented on the committee appointed under section 301(d)(2), in fulfilling the priorities identified in the applicable joint strategic plan during the preceding fiscal year.
 - (6) Recommendations for any changes in statutes, regulations, or funding levels that the IP Representative considers would significantly improve the effectiveness or efficiency of the effort of the Federal Government to combat counterfeiting and piracy and otherwise strengthen intellectual property enforcement.

1 (7) The progress made in strengthening the ca-2 pacity of countries to protect and enforce intellectual 3 property rights. (8) The successes and challenges in sharing 5 with other countries information relating to intellec-6 tual property enforcement. 7 (9) The progress of the United States Trade 8 Representative in taking the appropriate action 9 under any trade agreement or treaty to protect intel-10 lectual property rights of United States persons and 11 their licensees. 12 SEC. 323. OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ACTIVITIES. 13 If in any other case in which the IP Representative identifies other intellectual property initiatives of the Fed-14 15 eral Government that include enforcement activities similar or identical to the activities described in this title, the 16 IP Representative shall consolidate those activities into the work of the Office of the IP Representative in order 18 to prevent duplication. Other activities that may improve 19 20 intellectual property enforcement may continue outside of 21 the Office of the Intellectual Property Enforcement Rep-22 resentative, including— 23 (1) capacity building in other countries (other 24 than activities to carry out the objectives described

•HR 4279 IH

in section 321(a)(7); and

- 1 (2) bilateral and multilateral cooperative ef-
- 2 forts.

3 SEC. 324. SAVINGS AND REPEALS.

- 4 (a) Repeal of Coordination Council.—Section
- 5 653 of the Treasury and General Government Appropria-
- 6 tions Act, 2000 (15 U.S.C. 1128) is repealed.
- 7 (b) Current Authorities Not Affected.—Ex-
- 8 cept as provided in subsection (a), nothing in this title
- 9 shall alter the authority of any department or agency of
- 10 the United States to investigate and prosecute violations
- 11 of laws protecting intellectual rights.
- 12 (c) REGISTER OF COPYRIGHTS.—Nothing in this title
- 13 shall derogate from the duties and functions of the Reg-
- 14 ister of Copyrights.

15 SEC. 325. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-
- 17 cal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
- 18 title. By not later than the date on which the President
- 19 submits to Congress the budget of the United States Gov-
- 20 ernment for a fiscal year, the IP Representative shall sub-
- 21 mit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of
- 22 Representatives and the Senate the projected amount of
- 23 funds for the succeeding fiscal year that will be necessary
- 24 for the Office to carry out its functions.

TITLE IV—INTERNATIONAL EN-

2 FORCEMENT AND COORDINA-

3 TION

4				,
/1		. INTELLECTUAL		
4	5r.C. 401	. INTRILIPOTEUAL	PROPERTY	ALIAUHES.

- 5 The Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellectual
- 6 Property and Director of the United States Patent and
- 7 Trademark Office (in this title referred to as the "Direc-
- 8 tor"), in consultation with the Director General of the
- 9 United States and Foreign Commercial Service, shall ap-
- 10 point 10 intellectual property attachés to serve in United
- 11 States embassies or other diplomatic missions. The 10 ap-
- 12 pointments shall be in addition to personnel serving in the
- 13 capacity of intellectual property attaché at United States
- 14 embassies or other diplomatic missions on the date of the
- 15 enactment of this Act.

16 SEC. 402. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF INTELLEC-

17 TUAL PROPERTY ATTACHÉS.

- The intellectual property attachés appointed under
- 19 section 401, as well as others serving as intellectual prop-
- 20 erty attachés of the Department of Commerce, shall have
- 21 the following responsibilities:
- 22 (1) To promote cooperation with foreign gov-
- ernments in the enforcement of intellectual property
- laws generally, and in the enforcement of laws
- against counterfeiting and piracy in particular.

- 1 (2) To assist United States persons holding in2 tellectual property rights, and the licensees of such
 3 United States persons, in their efforts to combat
 4 counterfeiting and piracy of their products or works
 5 within the host country, including counterfeit or pi6 rated goods exported from or transshipped through
 7 that country.
 - (3) To chair an intellectual property protection task force consisting of representatives from all other relevant sections or bureaus of the embassy or other mission.
 - (4) To coordinate with representatives of the embassies or missions of other countries in information sharing, private or public communications with the government of the host country, and other forms of cooperation for the purpose of improving enforcement against counterfeiting and piracy.
 - (5) As appropriate and in accordance with applicable laws and the diplomatic status of the attachés, to engage in public education efforts against counterfeiting and piracy in the host country.
 - (6) To coordinate training and technical assistance programs of the United States Government within the host country that are aimed at improving

- 1 the enforcement of laws against counterfeiting and
- 2 piracy.
- 3 (7) To identify and promote other means to
- 4 more effectively combat counterfeiting and piracy ac-
- 5 tivities under the jurisdiction of the host country.

6 SEC. 403. TRAINING AND DESIGNATION OF ASSIGNMENT.

- 7 (a) Training of Attachés.—The Director shall en-
- 8 sure that each attaché appointed under section 401 is fully
- 9 trained for the responsibilities of the position before as-
- 10 suming duties at the United States embassy or other mis-
- 11 sion in question.
- 12 (b) Priority Assignments.—In designating the
- 13 embassies or other missions to which attachés are as-
- 14 signed, the Director shall give priority to those countries
- 15 where the activities of an attaché can be carried out most
- 16 effectively and with the greatest benefit to reducing coun-
- 17 terfeit and pirated products in the United States market,
- 18 to protecting the intellectual property rights of United
- 19 States persons and their licensees, and to protecting the
- 20 interests of United States persons otherwise harmed by
- 21 violations of intellectual property rights in those countries.

22 SEC. 404. COORDINATION.

- (a) In General.—The activities authorized by this
- 24 title shall be carried out in coordination with the United

- 1 States Intellectual Property Enforcement Representative
- 2 appointed under section 301.
- 3 (b) Report on Attachés.—The Director shall sub-
- 4 mit to the Congress each year a report on the appoint-
- 5 ment, designation for assignment, and activities of all in-
- 6 tellectual property attachés of the Department of Com-
- 7 merce who are serving at United States embassies or other
- 8 diplomatic missions.

9 SEC. 405. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-
- 11 cal year such sums as may be necessary for the training
- 12 and support of the intellectual property attachés appointed
- 13 under section 401 and of other personnel serving as intel-
- 14 lectual property attachés of the Department of Commerce.

15 TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF

16 **JUSTICE PROGRAMS**

17 Subtitle A—Coordination

- 18 SEC. 501. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT OFFI-
- 19 **CER.**
- 20 (a) Establishment.—There is established within
- 21 the Office of the Deputy Attorney General in the Depart-
- 22 ment of Justice the "Intellectual Property Enforcement
- 23 Division". The head of the Intellectual Property Enforce-
- 24 ment Division shall be the Intellectual Property Enforce-
- 25 ment Officer (in this title referred to as the "IP Officer").

- 1 The IP Officer shall be appointed by the Attorney General
- 2 and shall report directly to the Deputy Attorney General.
- 3 (b) Duties.—The IP Officer shall—
- 4 (1) coordinate all efforts of the Department of
 5 Justice relating to the enforcement of intellectual
 6 property rights and to combating counterfeiting and
 7 piracy;
 - (2) serve as the lead representative of the Department of Justice on the advisory committee provided for in section 301(d)(2) and as the liaison of the Department of Justice with foreign governments with respect to training conducted under section 522; and
- (3) carry out such other related duties that may
 be assigned by the Deputy Attorney General.
 - (c) Transfer of Functions.—
- 17 (1) Criminal intellectual property en-18 FORCEMENT.—There are transferred to the Intellec-19 tual Property Enforcement Division those functions 20 of the Computer Crime and Intellectual Property Section of the Criminal Division of the Department 21 22 of Justice that relate to the enforcement of criminal 23 laws relating to the protection of intellectual prop-24 erty rights and trade secrets, including the following:

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1	(A) Section 506 and 1204 of title 17,
2	United States Code.
3	(B) Section 2318 through 2320 of title 18,
4	United States Code.
5	(C) Sections 1831 and 1832 of title 18,
6	United States Code.
7	(D) Any other provision of law, including
8	the following, to the extent such provision in-
9	volves the enforcement of any provision of law
10	referred to in subparagraphs (A) through (C)
11	or comparable provision of law:
12	(i) Section 1341 of title 18, United
13	States Code, relating to frauds and swin-
14	dles.
15	(ii) Section 1343 of title 18, United
16	States Code, relating to fraud by wire,
17	radio, or television.
18	(iii) Section 2512 of title 18, United
19	States Code, relating to trafficking in
20	interception devices.
21	(iv) Section 633 of the Communica-
22	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 553), relat-
23	ing to the unauthorized reception of cable
24	service.

1	(v) Section 705 of the Communica-
2	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 605), relat-
3	ing to the unauthorized publication or use
4	of communications.
5	(2) Intellectual property enforcement
6	COORDINATORS.—The Intellectual Property Law
7	Enforcement Coordinators of the Department of
8	Justice to whom section 521 applies shall also be in
9	the Intellectual Property Enforcement Division.
10	Subtitle B—Law Enforcement
11	Resources
12	SEC. 511. LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS.
13	(a) Authorization.—Section 2 of the Computer
14	Crime Enforcement Act (42 U.S.C. 3713) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (b), by inserting after "com-
16	puter crime" each place it appears the following: ",
17	including infringement of copyrighted works over the
18	Internet"; and
19	(2) in subsection (e)(1), relating to authoriza-
20	tion of appropriations, by striking "fiscal years 2001
21	through 2004" and inserting "fiscal years 2008
22	through 2012".
23	(b) Grants.—The Office of Justice Programs of the
24	Department of Justice shall make grants to eligible State
25	or local law enforcement entities, including law enforce-

- 1 ment agencies of municipal governments and public edu-
- 2 cational institutions, for training, prevention, enforce-
- 3 ment, and prosecution of intellectual property theft and
- 4 infringement crimes (in this subsection referred to as "IP-
- 5 TIC grants"), in accordance with the following:
- (1) USE OF IP-TIC GRANT AMOUNTS.—IP-TIC 6 grants may be used to establish and develop pro-7 8 grams to do the following with respect to the en-9 forcement of State and local true name and address 10 laws and State and local criminal laws on anti-pi-11 racy, anti-counterfeiting, and theft of goods pro-12 tected by any copyright, patent, trademark, service 13 mark, trade secret, or other intellectual property 14 right under State or Federal law:
 - (A) Assist State and local law enforcement agencies in enforcing those laws, including by reimbursing State and local entities for expenses incurred in performing enforcement operations, such as overtime payments and storage fees for seized evidence.
 - (B) Assist State and local law enforcement agencies in educating the public to prevent, deter, and identify violations of those laws.
 - (C) Educate and train State and local law enforcement officers and prosecutors to conduct

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- investigations and forensic analyses of evidence and prosecutions in matters involving those laws.
 - (D) Establish task forces that include personnel from State or local law enforcement entities, or both, exclusively to conduct investigations and forensic analyses of evidence and prosecutions in matters involving those laws.
 - (E) Assist State and local law enforcement officers and prosecutors in acquiring computer and other equipment to conduct investigations and forensic analyses of evidence in matters involving those laws.
 - (F) Facilitate and promote the sharing, with State and local law enforcement officers and prosecutors, of the expertise and information of Federal law enforcement agencies about the investigation, analysis, and prosecution of matters involving those laws and criminal infringement of copyrighted works, including the use of multi-jurisdictional task forces.
 - (2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive an IP-TIC grant, a State or local government entity must provide to the Attorney General—

- 1 (A) assurances that the State in which the 2 government entity is located has in effect laws 3 described in paragraph (1);
 - (B) an assessment of the resource needs of the State or local government entity applying for the grant, including information on the need for reimbursements of base salaries and overtime costs, storage fees, and other expenditures to improve the investigation, prevention, or enforcement of laws described in paragraph (1); and
 - (C) a plan for coordinating the programs funded under this section with other federally funded technical assistance and training programs, including directly funded local programs such as the Local Law Enforcement Block Grant program (described under the heading "Violent Crime Reduction Programs, State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance" in title I of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1998 (Public Law 105–119)).
 - (3) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Federal share of an IP-TIC grant may not exceed 90 percent of the costs of the program or proposal funded by the IP-

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1	TIC grant, unless the Attorney General waives, in
2	whole or in part, the 90 percent requirement.
3	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
4	(A) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized
5	to be appropriated to carry out this subsection
6	the sum of \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years
7	2008 through 2012.
8	(B) Limitation.—Of the amount made
9	available to carry out this subsection in any fis-
10	cal year, not more than 3 percent may be used
11	by the Attorney General for salaries and admin-
12	istrative expenses.
13	SEC. 512. CHIP UNITS, TRAINING, AND ADDITIONAL RE-
14	SOURCES.
15	(a) EVALUATION OF CHIP UNITS.—The Attorney
16	General shall review the allocation and activities of the
17	Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (in this sec-
18	tion referred to as "CHIP") units that have been estab-
19	lished in various Federal judicial districts, with the goals
20	of—
21	(1) improving the effectiveness of CHIP units
22	in investigating and prosecuting criminal offenses
23	arising from counterfeiting or piracy activities;

1 (2) ensuring that CHIP units are established 2 and funded in every judicial district in which they 3 can be effectively deployed; 4 (3) upgrading the training and expertise of De-5 partment of Justice personnel participating in CHIP 6 units; and 7 (4) improving the coordination of the activities 8 of CHIP units with corresponding efforts of State 9 and local law enforcement agencies operating within 10 the Federal judicial district in question. 11 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—In addition to any initiatives 12 undertaken as a result of the review conducted under sub-13 section (a), the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall en-14 15 sure that— 16 (1) each CHIP unit is assigned at least 2 addi-17 tional agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation 18 to support such unit for the purpose of investigating 19 intellectual property crimes; 20 (2) each CHIP unit is assigned at least 1 addi-21 tional assistant United States attorney to support such unit for the purpose of prosecuting intellectual 22 23 property crimes or other crimes involved in counter-

feiting or piracy activities;

- 1 (3) CHIP units are established and staffed in 2 at least 10 Federal judicial districts in addition to 3 those districts in which CHIP units exist on the date 4 of the enactment of this Act; and
- (4) an operational unit is created consisting of 6 not less than 5 agents of the Federal Bureau of In-7 vestigation, attached to the headquarters of the Fed-8 eral Bureau of Investigation in Washington, DC, 9 and dedicated to working with the Intellectual Prop-10 erty Enforcement Division established by section 11 501 on the development, investigation, and coordina-12 tion of complex, multi-district, and international 13 criminal intellectual property cases.
- 14 (c) Coordination With State and Local Au-15 THORITIES.—The United States attorney for each Federal judicial district in which a CHIP unit is in operation shall 16 ensure that the activities of that unit are coordinated with 17 the corresponding activities of State and local law enforce-18 19 ment agencies operating within that Federal judicial dis-20 trict in the investigation of intellectual property crimes 21 and other crimes involved in counterfeiting or piracy, in-22 cluding by coordinating Federal, State, and local oper-23 ations and intelligence sharing to the extent appropriate.
- 24 (d) Additional Responsibilities of the Attor-
- 25 NEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General, in consultation

- 1 with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation
- 2 as appropriate, shall ensure the following:
- (1) All agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and all assistant United States attorneys, who are assigned to CHIP units have received advanced training, on an annual basis, in the investigation and prosecution of intellectual property crimes and other crimes involved in counterfeiting and piracy.
 - (2) A comprehensive training program on the development and investigation of criminal offenses involved in counterfeiting and piracy is provided for all agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
 - (3) All relevant units of the Department of Justice are allocated sufficient funding and other resources as may be necessary to provide expert computer forensic assistance, including from nongovernmental entities, in investigating and prosecuting intellectual property crimes in a timely manner. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "all relevant units" includes those officers and employees assigned to carry out the functions transferred by section 502(a)(1), CHIP units, offices of the United States attorneys, and units of the Federal Bureau of

1	Investigation that are engaged in the investigation of
2	intellectual property crimes.
3	SEC. 513. TRANSPARENCY OF PROSECUTORIAL DECISION-
4	MAKING.
5	(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall direct
6	each United States attorney—
7	(1) to review the formal or informal standards
8	currently in effect in that Federal judicial district
9	for accepting or declining prosecution of cases in-
10	volving criminal violations of intellectual property
11	laws;
12	(2) to consider whether the standards should be
13	modified or applied more flexibly—
14	(A) to ensure that significant violations are
15	not being declined for prosecution inappropri-
16	ately; or
17	(B) in light of the broader impact of indi-
18	vidual cases on the overall strategy to combat
19	counterfeiting and piracy; and
20	(3) to review the practices and procedures cur-
21	rently in place for providing information to com-
22	plainants and victims in cases and investigations in-
23	volving criminal violations of intellectual property
24	laws regarding the status of such cases and inves-
25	tigations, including the practices and procedures for

- 1 apprising interested parties of the decision to decline
- 2 prosecution of such cases.
- 3 (b) Construction.—(1) Nothing in this section
- 4 shall be construed to imping on the appropriate exercise
- 5 of prosecutorial discretion with regard to cases involving
- 6 criminal violations of intellectual property laws or to re-
- 7 quire the promulgation of formal standards or thresholds
- 8 regarding prosecution of any cases.
- 9 (2) Nothing in the section shall give rise to any claim,
- 10 cause of action, defense, privilege, or immunity that may
- 11 be asserted by any party to Federal litigation.
- 12 SEC. 514. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-
- 14 cal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
- 15 subtitle.

16 Subtitle C—International Activities

- 17 SEC. 521. INTERNATIONAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW
- 18 ENFORCEMENT COORDINATORS.
- 19 (a) Deployment of Additional Coordination.—
- 20 The Attorney General shall, within 180 days after the date
- 21 of the enactment of this Act, deploy 5 Intellectual Prop-
- 22 erty Law Enforcement Coordinators, in addition to those
- 23 serving in such capacity on such date of enactment. Such
- 24 deployments shall be made to those countries and regions
- 25 where the activities of such a coordinator can be carried

- 1 out most effectively and with the greatest benefit to reduc-
- 2 ing counterfeit and pirated products in the United States
- 3 market, to protecting the intellectual property rights of
- 4 United States persons and their licensees, and to pro-
- 5 tecting the interests of United States persons otherwise
- 6 harmed by violations of intellectual property rights in
- 7 those countries. The mission of all International Intellec-
- 8 tual Property Law Enforcement Coordinators shall in-
- 9 clude the following:

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- 10 (1) Acting as liaison with foreign law enforce-11 ment agencies and other foreign officials in criminal 12 matters involving intellectual property rights.
 - (2) Performing outreach and training to build the enforcement capacity of foreign governments against intellectual property-related crime in the regions in which the coordinators serve.
 - (3) Coordinating United States law enforcement activities against intellectual property-related crimes in the regions in which the coordinators serve.
 - (4) Coordinating with the activities of the intellectual property attachés appointed under title IV in the countries or regions to which the coordinators are deployed.
- 24 (5) Coordinating the activities of the coordina-25 tors with the IP Officer.

- 1 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 2 are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such
- 3 sums as may be necessary for the deployment and support
- 4 of all International Intellectual Property Enforcement Co-
- 5 ordinators of the Department of Justice, including those
- 6 deployed under subsection (a).
- 7 SEC. 522. INTERNATIONAL TRAINING ACTIVITIES OF THE
- 8 COMPUTER CRIME AND INTELLECTUAL
- 9 **PROPERTY SECTION.**
- 10 (a) Increased Training and Technical Assist-
- 11 ANCE TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The Attorney Gen-
- 12 eral shall increase the efforts of the Department of Justice
- 13 to provide training and technical assistance to foreign gov-
- 14 ernments, including foreign law enforcement agencies and
- 15 foreign courts, to more effectively combat counterfeiting
- 16 and piracy activities falling within the jurisdiction of such
- 17 governments.
- 18 (b) CONDUCT OF PROGRAMS.—The increased train-
- 19 ing and technical assistance programs under subsection
- 20 (a) shall be carried out by the Intellectual Property En-
- 21 forcement Division established by section 501, as well as
- 22 through such other divisions, sections, or agencies of the
- 23 Department of Justice as the Attorney General may di-
- 24 rect.

- 1 (c) PRIORITY COUNTRIES.—The Attorney General, in
- 2 providing increased training and technical assistance pro-
- 3 grams under this section, shall give priority to those coun-
- 4 tries where such programs can be carried out most effec-
- 5 tively and with the greatest likelihood of reducing counter-
- 6 feit and pirated products in the United States market, of
- 7 protecting the intellectual property rights of United States
- 8 persons, and of protecting the interests of United States
- 9 persons otherwise harmed by violations of intellectual
- 10 property rights in those countries.
- 11 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 12 are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such
- 13 sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

14 Subtitle D—Coordination,

15 Implementation, and Reporting

- 16 SEC. 531. COORDINATION.
- 17 The IP officer shall ensure that activities undertaken
- 18 under this title are carried out in a manner consistent with
- 19 the joint strategic plan developed under section 321.
- 20 SEC. 532. ANNUAL REPORTS.
- Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
- 22 of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General
- 23 shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
- 24 Senate and the House of Representatives a report on ac-

- 1 tions taken to carry out the requirements of this title, in-
- 2 cluding a report on the activities of the IP Officer.

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