

Guide to the

American Recovery & Reinvestment Act (Economic Stimulus)



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SUMMARY OF KEY TAX PROVISIONS

TAX RELIEF FOR INDIVIDUALS AND FAMILIES

"Making Work Pay" Tax Credit. The bill would cut taxes for more than 95% of working families in the United States. For 2009 and 2010, the bill would provide a refundable tax credit of up to \$400 for working individuals and \$800 for working families. This tax credit would be calculated at a rate of 6.2% of earned income, and would phase out for taxpayers with adjusted gross income in excess of \$75,000 (\$150,000 for married couples filing jointly). Taxpayers can receive this benefit through a reduction in the amount of income tax that is withheld from their paychecks, or through claiming the credit on their tax returns. This proposal is estimated to cost \$116.2 billion over 10 years.

Increase in Earned Income Tax Credit. The bill would temporarily increase the earned income tax credit for working families with three or more children. Under current law, working families with two or more children currently qualify for an earned income tax credit equal to 40% of the family's first \$12,570 of earned income. This credit is subject to a phase-out for working families with adjusted gross income in excess of \$16,420 (\$19,540 for married couples filing jointly). The bill would increase the earned income tax credit to 45% of the family's first \$12,570 of earned income for families with three or more children and would increase the beginning point of the phase-out range for all married couples filing a joint return (regardless of the number of children) by \$1,880. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$4.7 billion over 10 years*.

"American Opportunity" Education Tax Credit. The bill would provide financial assistance for individuals seeking a college education. For 2009 and 2010, the bill would provide taxpayers with a new "American Opportunity" tax credit of up to \$2,500 of the cost of tuition and related expenses paid during the taxable year. Under this new tax credit, taxpayers will receive a tax credit based on 100% of the first \$2,000 of tuition and related expenses (including books) paid during the taxable year and 25% of the next \$2,000 of tuition and related expenses paid during the taxable year. Forty percent of the credit would be refundable. This tax credit will be subject to a phase-out for taxpayers with adjusted gross income in excess of \$80,000 (\$160,000 for married couples filing jointly). This proposal is estimated to cost \$13.9 billion over 10 years.

Computers as Qualified Education Expenses in 529 Education Plans. Section 529 Education Plans are tax-advantaged savings plans that cover all qualified education expenses, including: tuition, room & board, mandatory fees and books. The bill provides that computers and computer technology qualify as qualified education expenses. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$6 million over 10 years*.

Sales Tax Deduction for Vehicle Purchases. The bill provides all taxpayers with a deduction for State and local sales and excise taxes paid on the purchase of new cars, light trucks, recreational vehicles, and motorcycles through 2009. This deduction is subject to a phase-out for taxpayers with adjusted gross income in excess of \$125,000 (\$250,000 in the case of a joint return). *This proposal is estimated to cost \$1.684 billion over 10 years.*



Refundable First-time Home Buyer Credit. Last year, Congress provided taxpayers with a refundable tax credit that was equivalent to an interest-free loan equal to 10 percent of the purchase of a home (up to \$7,500) by first-time home buyers. The provision applies to homes purchased on or after April 9, 2008 and before July 1, 2009. Taxpayers receiving this tax credit are currently required to repay any amount received under this provision back to the government over 15 years in equal installments, or, if earlier, when the home is sold. The credit phases out for taxpayers with adjusted gross income in excess of \$75,000 (\$150,000 in the case of a joint return). The bill eliminates the repayment obligation for taxpayers that purchase homes after January 1, 2009, increases the maximum value of the credit to \$8,000, and removes the prohibition on financing by mortgage revenue bonds, and extends the availability of the credit for homes purchased before December 1, 2009.

Extension of AMT relief for 2009. The bill would provide more than 26 million families with tax relief in 2009 by extending AMT relief for nonrefundable personal credits and increasing the AMT exemption amount by \$70,950 for joint filers and \$46,700 for individuals. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$69.8 billion over 10 years*.

TAX INCENTIVES FOR BUSINESSES

Extension of Bonus Depreciation. Businesses are allowed to recover the cost of capital expenditures over time according to a depreciation schedule. Last year, Congress temporarily allowed businesses to recover the costs of capital expenditures made in 2008 faster than the ordinary depreciation schedule would allow by permitting these businesses to immediately write-off 50% of the cost of depreciable property (e.g., equipment, tractors, wind turbines, solar panels, and computers) acquired in 2008 for use in the United States. The bill would extend this temporary benefit for capital expenditures incurred in 2009. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$5.1 billion over 10 years*.

Election to Accelerate Recognition of Historic AMT/R&D Credits. Last year, Congress temporarily allowed businesses to accelerate the recognition of a portion of their historic AMT or research and development (R&D) credits in lieu of bonus depreciation. The amount that taxpayers may accelerate is calculated based on the amount that each taxpayer invests in property that would otherwise qualify for bonus depreciation. This amount is capped at the lesser of: 6% of historic AMT and R&D credits or \$30 million. The bill would extend this temporary benefit through 2009. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$805 million over 10 years*.



Extension of Enhanced Small Business Expensing. In order to help small businesses quickly recover the cost of certain capital expenses, small business taxpayers may elect to write-off the cost of these expenses in the year of acquisition in lieu of recovering these costs over time through depreciation. Until the end of 2010, small business taxpayers are allowed to write-off up to \$125,000 (indexed for inflation) of capital expenditures subject to a phase-out once capital expenditures exceed \$500,000 (indexed for inflation). Last year, Congress temporarily increased the amount that small businesses could write-off for capital expenditures incurred in 2008 to \$250,000 and increased the phase-out threshold for 2008 to \$800,000. The bill would extend these temporary increases for capital expenditures incurred in 2009. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$41 million over 10 years*.

Incentives to Hire Unemployed Veterans and Disconnected Youth. Under current law, businesses are allowed to claim a work opportunity tax credit equal to 40% of the first \$6,000 of wages paid to employees of one of nine targeted groups. The bill would create two new targeted groups of prospective employees: (1) unemployed veterans; and (2) disconnected youth. An individual would qualify as an unemployed veteran if they were discharged or released from active duty from the Armed Forces during the five-year period prior to hiring and received unemployment compensation for more than four weeks during the year before being hired. An individual qualifies as a disconnected youth if they are between the ages of 16 and 25 and have not been regularly employed or attended school in the past 6 months. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$231 million over 10 years*.

Small Business Capital Gains. Under current law, Section 1202 provides a 50% exclusion for the gain from the sale of certain small business stock held for more than five years. The amount of gain eligible for the exclusion is limited to the greater of 10 times the taxpayer's basis in the stock, or \$10 million gain from stock in that small business corporation. This provision is limited to individual investments and not the investments of a corporation. The non-excluded portion of section 1202 gain is taxed at the lesser of ordinary income rates or 28%, instead of the lower capital gains rates for individuals. The provision allows a 75% exclusion for individuals on the gain from the sale of certain small business stock held for more than five years. This change is for stock issued after the date of enactment and before January 1, 2011. *This provision is estimated to cost \$829 million over 10 years*.

Temporary Small Business Estimated Tax Payment Relief. The bill reduces the 2009 required estimated tax payments for certain small businesses. This provision has been estimated to have no revenue effect over 10 years. Temporary Reduction of S Corporation Built-In Gains Holding Period from 10 Years to 7 Years. Under current law, if a taxable corporation converts into an S corporation, the conversion is not a taxable event. However, following such a conversion, an S corporation must hold its assets for ten years in order to avoid a tax on any built-in gains that existed at the time of the conversion. The bill would temporarily reduce this holding period from ten years to seven years for sales occurring in 2009 and 2010. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$415 million over 10 years*.



MANUFACTURING RECOVERY PROVISIONS

Industrial Development Bonds (IDB). Under current law, certain manufacturing facilities are eligible for tax exempt bond financing. Section 144(a)(12)(C) specifically limits the definition of a manufacturing facility for the purposes of such financing to facilities that are used in the manufacturing or production of tangible personal property. The proposal amends the definition of manufacturing facility to any facility used in the manufacturing, creation, or production of tangible or intangible property described in section 197(d)(1)(C)(iii). Intangible property is any patent, copyright, formula, process, design, pattern, knowhow, format, or other similar item. The proposal also clarifies which physical components of a manufacturing facility qualify as "ancillary" and therefore are subjected to a 25% limitation in the amount of bond issuance used to build or re-construct those components. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$203 million over ten years*.

Advanced Energy Investment Credit. The proposal establishes a new 30% investment tax credit for facilities engaged in the manufacture of advanced energy property. Credits are available only for projects certified by the Secretary of Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, through a competitive bidding process. The Secretary of Treasury must establish a certification program no later than 180 days after date of enactment, and may allocate up to \$2.3 billion in credits. Advanced energy property includes technology for the production of renewable energy, energy storage, energy conservation, efficient transmission and distribution of electricity, and carbon capture and sequestration. *This proposal is estimated to cost* \$1.6 billion over 10 years.

ECONOMIC RECOVERY TOOLS

New Markets Tax Credit. Under current law, there are \$3.5 billion of New Markets Tax Credits (NMTC) available for each of 2008 and 2009. The provision increases the available credits for 2008 to \$5 billion and the available credits for 2009 to \$5 billion. *This provision is estimated to cost \$815 million over 10 years*.

Recovery Zone Bonds. The bill would create a new category of tax credit bonds for investment in economic recovery zones. The bill would authorize \$10 billion in recovery zone economic development bonds and \$15 billion in recovery zone facility bonds. These bonds could be issued during 2009 and 2010. Each state would receive a share of the national allocation based on that state's job losses in 2008 as a percentage of national job losses in 2008 (each state will receive a minimum allocation of these bonds). These allocations would be sub-allocated to local municipalities. Municipalities receiving an allocation of these bonds would be permitted to use these bonds to invest in infrastructure, job training, education, and economic development in areas within the boundaries of the State, city or county (as the case may be) that has significant poverty, unemployment or home foreclosures. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$5.4 billion over 10 years*.



INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING TOOLS

Eliminate Costs Imposed on State and Local Governments by the Alternative Minimum Tax. The alternative minimum tax (AMT) can increase the costs of issuing tax-exempt private activity bonds imposed on State and local governments. Under current law, interest on tax-exempt private activity bonds is generally subject to the AMT. This limits the marketability of these bonds and, therefore, forces State and local governments to issue these bonds at higher interest rates. Last year, Congress excluded one category of private activity bonds (i.e., tax-exempt housing bonds) from the AMT. The bill would exclude the remaining categories of private activity bonds from the AMT if the bond is issued in 2009 or 2010. The bill also allows AMT relief for current refunding of private activity bonds issued after 2003 and refunded during 2009 and 2010. This proposal is estimated to cost \$555 million over 10 years.

Tax Credit Bond Option for State and Local Governments ("Build America Bonds"). The Federal government provides significant financial support to State and local governments through the federal tax exemption for interest on municipal bonds. Both tax credit bonds and tax-exempt bonds provide a subsidy to municipalities by reducing the cash interest payments that a State or local government must make on its debt. Tax credit bonds differ from tax-exempt bonds in two principal ways: (1) interest paid on tax credit bonds is taxable; and (2) a portion of the interest paid on tax credit bonds takes the form of a Federal tax credit. The Federal tax credit offsets a portion of the cash interest payment that the State or local government would otherwise need to make on the borrowing. For 2009 and 2010, the bill would provide State and local governments with the option of issuing a tax credit bond instead of a tax-exempt governmental obligation bond. Because the market for tax credits is currently small given current economic conditions, the bill would allow the State or local government to elect to receive a direct payment from the Federal government equal to the subsidy that would have otherwise been delivered through the Federal tax credit for bonds. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$4.3 billion over 10 years*.

REINVESTMENT IN RENEWABLE ENERGY

Long-term Extension and Modification of Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit. The bill would extend the placed-in-service date for wind facilities for three years (through December 31, 2012). The bill would also extend the placed-in-service date for three years (through December 31, 2013) for certain other qualifying facilities: closed-loop biomass; open-loop biomass; geothermal; small irrigation; hydropower; landfill gas; waste-to-energy; and marine renewable facilities. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$13.1 billion over 10 years.*

Clean Renewable Energy Bonds ("**CREBs**"). The bill authorizes an additional \$1.6 billion of new clean renewable energy bonds to finance facilities that generate electricity from the following resources: wind; closed-loop biomass; open-loop biomass; geothermal; small irrigation; hydropower; landfill gas; marine renewable; and trash combustion facilities. This \$1.6 billion authorization will be subdivided into thirds: 1/3 will be available for qualifying projects of State/local/tribal governments; 1/3 for qualifying projects of public power providers; and 1/3 for qualifying projects of electric cooperatives. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$578 million over 10 years*.



Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds. The bill authorizes an addition \$2.4 billion of qualified energy conservation bonds to finance State, municipal and tribal government programs and initiatives designed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The bill would also clarify that qualified energy conservation bonds may be issued to make loans and grants for capital expenditures to implement green community programs. The bill also clarifies that qualified energy conservation bonds may be used for programs in which utilities provide ratepayers with energy-efficient property and recoup the costs of that property over an extended period of time. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$803 million over 10 years*.

Tax Credits for Energy-Efficient Improvements to Existing Homes. The bill would extend the tax credits for improvements to energy-efficient existing homes through 2010. Under current law, individuals are allowed a tax credit equal to 10% of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during the taxable year. This tax credit is capped at \$50 for any advanced main air circulating fan, \$150 for any qualified natural gas, propane, oil furnace or hot water boiler, and \$300 for any item of energy-efficient building property. For 2009 and 2010, the bill would increase the amount of the tax credit to 30% of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements during the taxable year. The bill would also eliminate the property-by-property dollar caps on this tax credit and provide an aggregate \$1,500 cap on all property qualifying for the credit. The bill would update the energy-efficiency standards of the property qualifying for the credit. This proposal is estimated to cost \$2 billion over 10 years.

Tax Credits for Alternative Refueling Property. The alternative refueling property credit provides a tax credit to businesses (e.g., gas stations) that install alternative fuel pumps, such as fuel pumps that dispense E85 fuel, electricity, hydrogen, and natural gas. For 2009 and 2010, the bill would increase the 30% alternative refueling property credit for businesses (capped at \$30,000) to 50% (capped at \$50,000). Hydrogen refueling pumps would remain at a 30% credit percentage; however, the cap for hydrogen refueling pumps will be increased to \$200,000. In addition, the bill would increase the 30% alternative refueling property credit for individuals (capped at \$1,000) to 50% (capped at \$2,000). *This proposal is estimated to cost \$54 million over 10 years*.

OTHER PROVISIONS

Treasury Department Energy Grants in Lieu of Tax Credits. Under current law, taxpayers are allowed to claim a production tax credit for electricity produced by certain renewable energy facilities and an investment tax credit for certain renewable energy property. These tax credits help attract private capital to invest in renewable energy projects. Current economic conditions have severely undermined the effectiveness of these tax credits. As a result, the bill would allow taxpayers to receive a grant from the Treasury Department in lieu of tax credits. This grant will operate like the current-law investment tax credit. The Treasury Department will issue a grant in an amount equal to 30% of the cost of the renewable energy facility within sixty days of the facility being placed in service or, if later, within sixty days of receiving an application for such grant. *This proposal is estimated to cost \$5 million over 10 years*.



ASSISTANCE FOR FAMILIES & UNEMPLOYED WORKERS

Extension of Emergency Unemployment Compensation. Through December 31, 2009, the bill continues the Emergency Unemployment Compensation program, which provides up to 33 weeks of extended unemployment benefits to workers exhausting their regular benefits. *This provision is estimated to cost \$27 billion.* Increase in Unemployment Compensation Benefits. The bill increases unemployment weekly benefits by an additional \$25 through 2009. *This provision is estimated to cost \$8.8 billion.*

Temporary Assistance to States with Advances to Unemployment Trust Funds. The bill temporarily waives interest payments and the accrual in interest on loans received by state unemployment trust funds through December 31, 2010. *This provision is estimated to cost \$1.1 billion.* Additional Unemployment Provisions. Additional provisions extend unemployment compensation for 13 weeks to railroad workers who are not included in the Federal/state unemployment system. *This provision is estimated to cost \$21 million.* The bill also provides temporary federal assistance to states for the administration of the Extended Benefits program. *This provision is estimated to cost \$138 million.*

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Contingency Fund: The bill creates through FY 2010 a capped, temporary TANF Emergency Contingency Fund to provide states with relief during this recession. *This provision is estimated to cost* \$2.4 billion. Through FY 2010, the bill provides additional assistance to qualifying states with high population growth and/or increased poverty at the same amount awarded in FY 2009. *This provision is estimated to cost* \$319 million. The bill also repeals cuts to child support enforcement funding through September 30, 2010. *This provision is estimated to cost* \$1 billion.

HEALTH INSURANCE ASSISTANCE

Premium Subsidies for COBRA Continuation Coverage for Unemployed Workers. Recession-related job loss threatens health coverage for many families. To help people maintain coverage, the bill provides a 65% subsidy for COBRA continuation premiums for up to 9 months for workers who have been involuntarily terminated, and for their families. This subsidy also applies to health care continuation coverage if required by states for small employers. With COBRA premiums averaging more than \$1000 a month, this assistance is vitally important. To qualify for premium assistance, a worker must be involuntarily terminated between September 1, 2008 and December 31, 2009. The subsidy would terminate upon offer of any new employer-sponsored health care coverage or Medicare eligibility. Workers who were involuntarily terminated between September 1, 2008 and enactment, but failed to initially elect COBRA because it was unaffordable, would be given an additional 60 days to elect COBRA and receive the subsidy. To ensure that this assistance is targeted at workers who are most in need, participants must attest that their same year income will not exceed \$125,000 for individuals and \$250,000 for families. The Joint Committee on Taxation estimates that this provision would help 7 million people maintain their health insurance by providing a vital bridge for workers who have been forced out of their jobs in this recession. *This provision is estimated to cost \$24.7 billion*.



Medicare Payments for Teaching Hospitals. The bill blocks a FY09 Medicare payment reduction to teaching hospitals related to capital payments for indirect medical education (IME). *This provision is estimated to cost \$191 million*. The bill also blocks FY09 Medicare payment cut to Hospice providers related to a wage index payment add-on. *This provision is estimated to cost \$134 million*. Finally, the bill makes technical corrections to the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007 related to Medicare payments for long-term care hospitals. *The estimated cost of these provisions is \$13 million*.



Department of Agriculture

Grant: Rural Community Facilities

Amount: \$130 million

Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture; Rural Development Agency

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: Funds to support grants and loans to rural areas for critical community facilities, such as for

health care, education, fire and rescue, day care, community centers, and libraries.

Website: http://www.rurdev.usda.gov/rhs/cf/cp.htm

Grants: Rural Water and Waste Disposal

Amount: \$1.38 billion

Type: Grants

Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture; Rural Development Agency

Purpose: Help communities fund drinking water and wastewater treatment systems.

Website: http://www.usda.gov/rus/

Contact: http://www.usda.gov/rus/water/states/usamap.htm

Jerry M. Thomas (Program Director) (706) 546 – 2135 jerry.thomas@ga.usda.gov

Grants: Bureau of Reclamation -- Clean Drinking Water Fund

Amount: \$1 billion

Type: Grants based on priority ranking system

Agency: U.S. Department of Interior; Bureau of Reclamation

Purpose: Provide clean, reliable drinking water to rural areas and to ensure adequate water supply to

western localities impacted by drought.

Website: http://www.usbr.gov/

Grants: Watershed Infrastructure

Amount: \$340 million

Type: Grants based on priority ranking system

Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture; Natural Resources Conservation Service

Purpose: Watershed improvement programs to design and build flood protection, water quality projects,

repair aging dams, and purchase and restore conservation easements in river flood zones.

Website: http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/programs/recovery/implementation.html

United States House of Representatives



Grants: Rural Housing Insurance Fund

Amount: \$200 million

Agency: USDA - Rural Development - Rural Housing Service

Type: Direct and guaranteed loans

Description: Funds to insure or guarantee rural housing loans for single-family homes, rental and cooperative

housing, and rural housing sites.

Website: http://www.rurdev.usda.gov/rhs/

Forms: http://www.rurdev.usda.gov/regs/formstoc.html



Army Corps of Engineers

Grants: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers – Construction

Amount \$2 billion was included for United States Army Corps of Engineers for construction activities.

Type: Funding included for ongoing projects, not to initiate new projects.

Agency: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Description: Provides public engineering and construction services for navigation, flood and storm protection,

ecosystem restoration, environmental protection, and an array of other purposes.

Website: http://www.usace.army.mil/RECOVERY/Pages/default.aspx (for updates and information on

contracting and biz opportunities)

http://www.usace.army.mil/ABOUT/Pages/Locations.aspx -- to find regional contacts who can

provide a list of projects/plans

Grants: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers - Maintenance

Amount: \$2 billion was included United States Army Corps of Engineers for operation and maintenance

activities.

Type: Funding will be provided to existing Corps projects

Agency: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Description: Provides funding for the operation and maintenance of facilities constructed by the Corps. Work

to be accomplished consists of dredging, repair, and operation of structures and other facilities.

Website: http://www.usace.army.mil/RECOVERY/Pages/default.aspx (for updates and information on

contracting and biz opportunities)

http://www.usace.army.mil/ABOUT/Pages/Locations.aspx -- to find regional contacts who can

provide a list of projects/plans



Department of Commerce

Grant: Economic Development Assistance

Amount: \$150 million

Agency: Department of Commerce - Economic Development Administration

Description: Funds for economically distressed areas to generate private sector jobs. Priority consideration will

be given to those areas that have experienced sudden and severe economic dislocation and job loss

due to corporate restructuring.

Type: Competitive Grants

Website: http://www.eda.gov/InvestmentsGrants/Investments.xml

Small Business Administration

Loan: Small Business Administration - 7(a) Loan Guarantee Program

Amount: \$375 million

Agency: Small Business Administration (SBA) /Office of Capital Access

Provision: Temporary fee elimination - SBA is directed to collect no fee or reduce fees to the maximum extent

possible for the 7(a) loan program

SBA may guarantee up to 90% of 7(a) loans

Purpose: To ensure small businesses have access to 7(a) loans that may be used to establish a new business or

to assist in the operation, acquisition or expansion of an existing business.

Website: http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/sbaloantopics/7a/

http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/index.html

Loan: Small Business Administration- 504 Loan Program

Amount: \$375 million

Agency: Small Business (SBA) /Office of Capital Access

Description: Funds to ensure small businesses maintain adequate access to 504 loans. 504 loans may be used for

purchasing land and improvements, including existing buildings, grading, street improvements, utilities, parking lots and landscaping; construction of new facilities, or modernizing, renovating or

converting existing facilities; or purchasing long-term machinery and equipment.

Website: http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/sbaloantopics/cdc504/index.html

http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/index.html



Loan: Micro-Loan Program

Amount: \$6 million

Agency: Small Business (SBA)

Description: Provides very small loans to start-up, newly established, or growing small business concerns. Under

this program, SBA makes funds available to nonprofit community based lenders (intermediaries) which, in turn, make loans to eligible borrowers in amounts up to a maximum of \$35,000. The average loan size is about \$13,000. Applications are submitted to the local intermediary and all

credit decisions are made on the local level.

Website: http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/sbaloantopics/microloans/index.html

http://www.sba.gov/recovery/index.html



Department of Education

Grants: Education for Homeless Children and Youth

Amount: \$70 million

Agency: Department of Education
Type: Formula funding to States

Description: Funds to provide services to homeless children including meals and transportation when high

unemployment and home foreclosures have created an influx of homeless kids.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/programs/homeless/index.html

Grant: State Fiscal Stabilization Fund

Amount: \$53.6 billion Amount (Georgia) \$1,590,253,954

Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Administrators: Office of the Governor/State Department of Education

Description: To provide fiscal relief to the States to prevent tax increases and cutbacks in critical education

and other services.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Amounts:

State Recovery Sites: http://www.recovery.gov/?q=content/state-recovery-page

Grant: IDEA Special Education

Amount (Federal): \$12.2 billion Amount (Georgia) \$351,714,219

Type: States will receive formula funding. Administrator: State Department of Education

Description: To assist States and school districts with paying for the rising cost of special education for

students with disabilities.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Amounts:

Grant: Education for the Disadvantaged

Amount: \$13 billion Amount (Georgia) \$441,296,822

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Agency: U.S. Department of Education/Office of Elementary and Secondary Education

Type: States will receive formula funding for Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act.

Description: Provides local educational agencies (LEAs) with supplemental education funding, especially in

high-poverty areas.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/titlei/fy09recovery/index.html

Amounts:

Grant: Education Technology

Amount: \$650 million was included for the Enhancing Education through Technology program.

Amount (Georgia) \$16,000,000

Agency: U.S. Department of Education; Office of Elementary and Secondary Education; Student

Achievement and School Accountability Programs

Type: States will receive formula funding.

Description: Funds for State, district, and school efforts to integrate technology in the classroom.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Amounts:

Grant: Vocational Rehabilitation

Amount: \$540 million was included for Vocational Rehabilitation State Grants.

Amount (Georgia) \$16,000,000

Agency: Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services; Rehabilitation Services Administration

Type: States will receive formula funding.

Description: To help individuals with disabilities prepare for and engage in gainful employment.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Amounts:

Grant: Teacher Quality Enhancement Competitive State Grants

Amount: \$300 million

Agency: U.S. Department of Education - Office of Postsecondary Education

Type: Competitive grants to states and school districts

Description: \$200 million for competitive grants to school districts and states to provide financial incentives

for teachers and principals who raise student achievement.

\$100 million for competitive grants to states to address teacher shortages and modernize the

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teaching workforce.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/programs/heatqp/eligibility.html

Grant: Statewide Longitudinal Data Systems Grant Program

Amount: \$250 million was included in competitive grants for the Statewide Longitudinal Data Systems

Program.

Agency: Department of Education - Institute of Education Sciences

Type: Competitive Grants to States

Description: Grants to design and develop data systems that analyze individual student data to find ways to

improve student achievement.

Website: http://nces.ed.gov/programs/slds/

Grant: Student Financial Assistance

Amount: \$15.64 billion was included for the Pell Grant program. \$200 million was included for work-

study programs. These additional funds will provide immediate financial relief to an additional 800,000 students and their families who are struggling to pay for the cost of a higher education

during the economic downturn.

Agency: Department of Education - Office of Federal Student Aid

Description: To provide need-based scholarships for undergraduate students.

Type: Students may fill out the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) to determine if they

are eligible to receive a Federal Pell Grant or Work-Study funds.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/programs/fpg/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Amounts:

Grant: College Work Study

Amount: \$200 million

Agency: Department of Education - Office of Federal Student Aid

Description: Funding for part-time employment opportunities to assist students in financing the costs of

postsecondary education.

Type: Formula Grants

Website: http://www.ed.gov/programs/fws/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Amounts:



Grant: State Fiscal Stabilization Fund

Amount: \$53.6 billion Amount (Georgia) \$1,590,253,954

Agency: Department of Education

Type: States will receive formula funding

Administrators: State Governors/GA Department of Education

Description: To provide fiscal relief to the States to prevent tax increases and cutbacks in critical education

and other services.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Amounts:

State Recovery Sites: http://www.recovery.gov/?q=content/state-recovery-page



Energy

Grants: State Energy Efficiency Programs

Amount (Federal): \$3.1 billion was included for the State Energy Program.

Amount (Georgia) \$82,340,000

Type: States receive funding through a formula.

Description: States use grants to address energy priorities and program funding to adopt emerging renewable

energy and energy efficiency technologies.

Grants: Weatherization Assistance Program

Amount: \$5 billion was included for the Weatherization Assistance Program. Provisions also expand the

eligibility of low income households for the Weatherization Assistance Program and increasing

the funding assistance level per dwelling (from \$2,500 per dwelling to \$6,500).

Amount (Georgia) \$130,055,864

Type: States receive funding through a formula.

Description: Provides energy efficiency measures in the homes of qualifying homeowners free of charge.

Purpose: To assist low-income families to reduce their energy bills by making their homes more energy

efficient.

Contact: n/a - Call Governor's Office of Customer Service - (800) 436 - 7442

Grants: Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant (EECBG)

Amount: \$3.2 billion was included for EECBG.

Amount (Georgia) \$89,193,277

Type: Competitive grants to government entities

Office: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Purpose: To reduce fossil fuel emissions, decrease overall energy consumption, improve energy efficiency

in the transportation, building, and other energy consuming sectors of the economies of eligible

entities.

Description: Assists states and local governments in implementing strategies to reduce fossil fuel emissions

created as a result of activities within the jurisdictions of the eligible entities and reduce the total energy use. Activities eligible to receive funding include: conducting residential and commercial

building energy audits; establishing financial incentives programs for energy efficiency improvements; grants to non-profit organizations to perform energy efficiency retrofits;

developing/implementing programs to conserve energy used in transportation; developing and implementing building codes and inspections services to promote building energy efficiency;

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installing light emitting diodes (LEDs); and developing, implementing, and installing on or in any

government building onsite renewable energy technology that generates electricity from

renewable sources.

Website: http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/wip/block grants.cfm

Contact: n/a - Call Governor's Office of Customer Service – (800) 436 – 7442

Grants: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

Amount: \$16.8 billion was included for EERE

Type: Competitive grants to private sector, state and local gov'ts, national labs, and universities

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Programs: 10 energy programs, including the Biomass Program; Building Technologies; Federal Energy

Management; Geothermal Technologies; Hydrogen, Fuel Cells & Infrastructure; Industrial Technologies Program; Solar Energy Technologies Program; Vehicle Technologies; Wind & Hydropower Technologies Program; and Weatherization & Intergovernmental Program

Website: <u>www.eere.energy.gov/</u>

contact n/a - Call Governor's Office of Customer Service – (800) 436 – 7442

Grants: Biomass Program

Amount: \$800 million to be dedicated to projects related to biomass

Type: Competitive grants

Office: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Activities: For research, development and demonstration for converting biomass resources to biofuels

Website: www.eere.energy.gov/biomass

Grants: Geothermal Technologies Program

Amount: \$400 million to be dedicated for geothermal activities and projects

Type: Competitive grants

Office: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Activities: Geothermal research, development and demonstration efforts

Website: www.eere.energy.gov/geothermal



Grants: Advanced Battery Manufacturing

Amount: \$2 billion was included for Advanced Battery Manufacturing grants to support the manufacturing

of advanced vehicle batteries and components

Type: Competitive Grants to domestic manufacturing facilities

Office: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Activities: For the manufacturing of advanced batteries and components; and to provide facility funding to

manufacturers of advanced battery systems and vehicle batteries that are produced in the United

States, including advanced lithium ion batteries, hybrid electrical systems, component

manufacturers, and software designers.

Website: www.eere.energy.gov

Grants: Alternative Fueled Vehicle Pilot Grant Program

Amount: \$300 million was included for the Alternative Fueled Vehicles Pilot Grant Program

Type: Competitive Grant to state governments, local governments, metropolitan transportation

authorities, air pollution control districts, and private or nonprofit entities.

Office: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE) - Clean Cities Program

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Purposes: To establish a grant program through the DOE Clean Cities Program to encourage the use of

plug-in electric drive vehicles or other emerging electric vehicle technologies.

Activities Funds used for the acquisition of alternative fueled vehicles, fuel cell vehicles or hybrid vehicles,

including buses for public transportation and ground support vehicles at public airports. The installation or acquisition of infrastructure necessary to directly support an alternative fueled

vehicle, fuel cell vehicle, or hybrid vehicle project funded by the grant is also eligible.

Website: www.eere.energy.gov/cleancities

Grants: Transportation Electrification

Amount: \$400 million for Transportation Electrification grant projects.

Type: Competitive Grant to states, local governments, and metropolitan transportation authorities.

Office: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Purposes: To implement a grant program for qualified electric transportation projects that reduce emissions,

including shipside electrification of vehicles, truck stop electrification, airport ground support

equipment and cargo handling equipment.

Website: <u>www.eere.energy.gov</u>

Contact: n/a - Call Governor's Office of Customer Service – (800) 436 - 7442

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Grants: Smart Grid Investment Program

Amount: \$4.5 billion was included for the Smart Grid Investment Program.

Type: Regional demonstration initiative and matching grants to states

Office: Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Purposes: To modernize the electric grid, enhance security and reliability of the energy infrastructure,

energy storage research, development, demonstration and deployment, and facilitate recovery

from disruptions to the energy supply, and authorized purposes.

Website: <u>www.eere.energy.gov</u>

www.oe.energy.gov/smartgrid.htm

Contact: n/a - Call Governor's Office of Customer Service – (800) 436 - 7442

Grants: Fossil Energy Research and Development Program

Amount: \$3.4 billion was included for Fossil Energy Research and Development Program.

Type: Competitive grants and contracts

Office: Office of Fossil Energy
Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Description: Research and Development programs include pollution control innovations for traditional power

plants, including mercury reduction; improved gasification technologies; advanced combustion systems; development of stationary power fuel cells; improved turbines for future coal-based combined cycle plants; and creation of a portfolio of technologies that can capture and

permanently store greenhouse gases.

Website: www.fossil.energy.gov

Grants: Physics Research Science Program

Amount: \$1.6 billion was included for the science program.

Type: Competitive grants to universities, companies, and national laboratories.

Office: Office of Science

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Description: Grants will primarily be awarded for research in high-energy physics, nuclear physics, and fusion

energy sciences.

Website: www.science.doe.gov

http://www.science.doe.gov/grants/grants.html

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Grants: Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA-E)

Amount: \$400 million included for the Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA-E).

Type: Awards to institutions of higher education, companies, research foundations, trade and industry

research collaborations, or consortia of such entities, which may include federally-funded

research and development centers.

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Purposes: To support high-risk, high-payoff research to accelerate the innovation cycle for both traditional

and alternative energy sources and energy.

Website: www.energy.gov

Loan: Innovative Technology Loan

Amount: \$6 billion

Type: Loan guarantees to eligible applicants include any firm, corporation, company, partnership,

association, society, trust, joint venture, joint stock company, or governmental non-Federal entity

that meets specific guidelines.

Agency: Department of Energy

Purposes: Loan guarantees for renewable technologies and transmission technologies.

Website: http://www.lgprogram.energy.gov/index.html

Grants: Nuclear Waste Environmental Cleanup

Amount: \$5.127 billion

Type: Awards based on priorities established by Department of Energy

Agency: Department of Energy

Purpose: Accelerate nuclear waste cleanup at sites contaminated as a result of the nation's past nuclear

activities.

Website: http://www.em.doe.gov/pages/siteslocations.aspx?PAGEID=MAIN

Loan: Transmission Loan Guarantees

Amount: \$4 billion

Type: Guarantee loans that support early commercial use of advanced technologies.

Agency: Department of Energy

Purposes: Loans for renewable energy power generation and transmission projects.

Website: <u>www.eere.energy.gov</u>

http://www.lgprogram.energy.gov/



Grants: Research into Low-Emission Coal Plants

Amount: \$800 million

Type: Competitive grants

Agency: Department of Energy

Website: http://www.netl.doe.gov

Grants: Industrial Carbon Capture and Energy Efficiency Improvement Projects

Amount: \$1.52 million

Type: Competitive grants

Agency: Department of Energy

Website: www.netl.doe.gov

Grants: Grants for Identifying Sites to Store Carbon Dioxide Emissions

Amount: \$50 million

Type: Competitive grants
Agency: Department of Energy
Website: http://www.netl.doe.gov

Grants: Training of Electric Grid Workers

Amount: \$100 million

Type: Grants to states; partners could include non-profits, labor associations, state and local veterans'

groups, and state and local governments.

Agency: Department of Energy Website: www.eere.energy.gov

http://www.oe.energy.gov/smartgrid.htm

Bonds: Clean Renewable Energy Bonds

Amount: \$1.6 billion

Type: Tax-credit bonds for state/local/tribal gov'ts, public power providers, and electric cooperatives.

Agency: Internal Revenue Service

Purposes: Create interest-free financing for certain renewable energy projects. Website: http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/news/news_detail.cfm/news_id=12249

http://www.irs.gov/taxexemptbond/index.html

Bonds: Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds

Amount: \$2.4 billion

Type: Tax-credit bonds issued for capital expenditures

Agency: Internal Revenue Service

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Description: Very broad parameters for energy conservation projects including capital expenditure in public

buildings, green community programs, renewable energy production, various R&D applications, mass commuting facilities, energy-related demonstration projects, and public energy efficiency

education campaigns.

Website: http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/news/news_detail.cfm/news_id=12249

http://www.irs.gov/taxexemptbond/index.html

Grants: Smart Grid Investment Program

Amount: \$4.5 billion was included for the Smart Grid Investment Program.

Type: Regional demonstration initiative and matching grants to states

Office: Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Description: To modernize the electric grid, enhance security and reliability of the energy infrastructure,

energy storage research, development, demonstration and deployment, and facilitate recovery

from disruptions to the energy supply, and authorized purposes.

Website: www.energy.gov

www.energy.gov/smartgrid.htm

Contact: Call Governor's Office of Customer Service – (800) 436 - 7442

Grants: Fossil Energy Research and Development Program

Amount: \$3.4 billion was included for Fossil Energy Research and Development Program.

Type: Competitive grants and contracts

Office: Office of Fossil Energy
Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Description: Research and Development programs include pollution control innovations for traditional power

plants, including mercury reduction; improved gasification technologies; advanced combustion systems; development of stationary power fuel cells; improved turbines for future coal-based combined cycle plants; and creation of a portfolio of technologies that can capture and

permanently store greenhouse gases.

Website: www.fossil.energy.gov

Grants: Physics Research Science Program

Amount: \$1.6 billion was included for the science program.

Type: Competitive grants to universities, companies, and national laboratories

Office: Office of Science

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Description: Grants will primarily be awarded for research in high-energy physics, nuclear physics, and fusion

energy sciences.

Website: www.science.doe.gov

http://www.science.doe.gov/grants/grants.html

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Grants: Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA-E)

Amount: \$400 million included for the Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA-E).

Type: Awards to institutions of higher education, companies, research foundations, trade and industry

research collaborations, or consortia of such entities, which may include federally-funded

research and development centers.

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy

Description: To support high-risk, high-payoff research to accelerate the innovation cycle for both traditional

and alternative energy sources and energy.

Website: <u>www.energy.gov</u>

Grants: Home Weatherization Assistance Program

Amount: \$5 billion

Agency: U.S. Department of Energy/Office of Energy Efficiency

Type: States receive funding through a formula

Description: Funds to assist low-income families reduce their energy bills by making their homes more energy

efficient.

Website: http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/weatherization/doe_guidelines.cfm
http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/weatherization/state_contacts.cfm

Website: http://www.lgprogram.energy.gov/index.html



Environmental Protection Agency

Grant: Clean Water State Revolving Fund

Amount (Federal): \$4 billion included for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund

Amount (Georgia)P: \$67,461,598

Type: Funding provided to states is used to makes loans to communities, individuals, and others for

high-priority, water-quality activities.

Administrator: EPA; Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority

Purpose: To provide relief to communities by requiring a greater Federal share for local clean and

drinking water projects and greater flexibility for States to reach communities that would

otherwise not have the resources to repay a loan with interest.

Activities: Loans are used to build or improve wastewater treatment plants; agricultural, rural, and urban

runoff control; estuary improvement projects; wet weather flow control, including storm water and sewer overflows; alternative treatment technologies; and water reuse and conservation

projects.

Website: http://www.epa.gov/owm/cwfinance/cwsrf/

Contact: Shane Hix - 404 - 584 - 1043 - shane@gefa.ga.gov

Grants: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Amount (Federal): \$2 billion included for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund

Amount (Georgia): \$56,200,000

Type: Funding provided to states is used to makes loans to communities, individuals, and others for

high-priority, water-quality activities.

Administrator: EPA; Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority

Provisions: Directs priority funding to projects on State priority lists that are ready to proceed to

construction within 12 months of enactment.

Purpose: To provide relief to communities by requiring a greater Federal share for local clean and

drinking water projects and greater flexibility for States to reach communities that would

otherwise not have the resources to repay a loan with interest.

Activities: Loans can be used for the installation and replacement of failing treatment facilities, eligible

storage facilities and transmission and distribution systems.

Website: http://www.epa.gov/owm/cwfinance/cwsrf/

Contact: Shane Hix - 404 - 584 - 1043 - shane@gefa.ga.gov

Grants: Brownfields Evaluation and Clean-Up

Amount: \$100 million was included for Brownfields projects

Type: Low interest loans, job training grants and technical assistance to local governments and non-

profit organizations.

Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency- Office of Brownfields and Land Revitalization

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Website: http://www.epa.gov/brownfields/

http://www.epa.gov/oswer

Grant: Hazardous Substance Superfund — Hazardous Waste Cleanup

Amount: \$600 million

Administrator: Environmental Protection Agency

Provisions: Funds will be limited to the 1,255 sites on its National Priority List of superfund remedial sites.

The superfund remedial program addresses contamination from uncontrolled releases at

hazardous and toxic waste sites that threaten human health and environment.

Website: http://www.epa.gov/superfund/sites/npl/index.htm

Grants: Diesel Emission Reduction Program

Amount: \$300 million was included for Diesel Emission Reduction Act (DERA) grants.

Type: Competitive grants fund technologies to retrofit emission exhaust systems, such as on school

buses and other vehicles, replace engines and vehicles, and establish anti-idling programs - 70% of the funding supports nation-wide, competitive grants, the remaining 30% funds grants to

states with approved programs.

Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Office Emission Reduction

Purpose: Funding is used to create clean diesel programs that achieve significant reductions in diesel

emissions that improve air quality and protect public health.

Website: http://www.epa.gov/otag/diesel/

www.epa.gov/diesel/prgnational.htm

http://www.epa.gov/recovery

Webform: http://www.epa.gov/otag/diesel/ncdc-cmt.htm

Contacts: Jac Capp - 404 – 363 – 7016 - jac capp@dnr.state.ga.gov

Grants: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust

Amount \$200 million

Agency: Environmental Protection Agency

Description: Grants will be awarded through the Leaking Underground Storage Tanks (LUST) Program

(administered by the EPA). Priority will be given based on LUST's scoring of sites

Website: http://www.epa.gov/swerust1/ltffacts.htm

http://www.epa.gov/swerust1/wheruliv.htm (Visit for a list of eligible projects and contacts in

vour state/district)

Contacts: Richard swanson@dnr.state.ga.us



Department of Health and Human Services

Grants: Head Start / Early Start Programs

\$2.1 billion was included for Head Start Program funding and the expansion of the Early Head Amount:

Start Program.

States will receive formula funding Type:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Administration for Children and Families Agency: Funding is administered directly to Head Start programs in states to provide development, Description:

educational, health, nutritional, social and other activities that prepare children to succeed in

school.

Website: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ohs/

Grants: Community Services Block Grant (CSBG)

Amount Federal): \$1 billion was included for Community Services Block Grant (CSBG).

Amount (Georgia): \$5,379,674

Type: States will receive formula funding

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services -Administration for Children and Families Agency:

Description: Provides funding to local community action agencies for services for the growing number of low-

income families hurt by the economic crisis, such as housing and mortgage counseling, jobs skills

training, food pantry assistance, as well as benefits, outreach, and enrollment.

Website: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ocs/csbg/

Grant: Independent Living State Grants

\$18.2 million Amount:

States will receive formula funding Type:

To provide independent living (IL) services to individuals with significant disabilities. Description:

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

State Funding http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf Amounts:

Rehabilitation http://www.ed.gov/programs/rsailstate/index.html

Services:

Grant: Services for Older Individuals Who Are Blind

Amount: \$34.3 Million

Type: States will receive formula funding

Description: Grants are made to states to support services for individuals age 55 or older whose severe visual

impairment makes employment difficult to obtain.

Website: http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html

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State Funding Amounts: http://www.ed.gov/about/overview/budget/statetables/09arrastatetables.pdf

Rehabilitation

Services:

http://www.ed.gov/programs/rsailstate/index.html

Grants: Medicaid Federal Matching Assistance Percentage (FMAP) Increase

Amount: \$86.6 billion Amount (Georgia) \$2,315,898,168

Description: Funds to provide states with an increase in federal matching funds for state Medicaid

expenditures to avoid budget shortfalls.

Agency: Centers of Medicare/Medicaid Services/State Medicaid Agency

Type: Formula Funding to States

State Funding http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/statefundsmap.html
http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/statefunds.html

Grants: Community Health Center Infrastructure Grants

Amount: \$1.5 billion

Office: Bureau of Primary Health Care

Agency: Health Resources and Services Administration Type: Competitive Grants for Existing Grantees

Description: To renovate clinics and make health information technology improvements.

Websites: http://bphc.hrsa.gov/about/apply.htm

http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/default.htm

Grants: Community Health Center Services Grants

Amount: \$500 million was included for Community Health Centers.

Office: Bureau of Primary Health Care

Agency: Health Resources and Services Administration
Type: Competitive Grants for Existing Grantees

Description: To increase the number of uninsured Americans who receive quality health care.

Website: http://bphc.hrsa.gov/about/apply.htm

Grants: Community Health Center Services Grants - New Access Point Grants

Amount: \$155 million

Agency: Department of Health and Human Services - Health Resources and Services Administration

Type: Grants Administered by Department of Health and Human Services

Description: Funds to create 126 new Community Health Centers.

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Website: http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/hrsa/healthcentergrants.html

Facilities Funded: http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/hrsa/applicant.html

Grants: National Health Service Corps

Amount: \$300 million

Office: National Health Service Corps

Agency: Department of Health and Human Services - Health Resources and Services Administration

Type: Competitive Grants, Scholarships, and Loan Repayment

Description: To fund training for primary health care providers in specific health professions in underserved

communities through the National Health Service Corps.

Website: http://nhsc.hrsa.gov/applications/

Grants: Health Care Workforce

Amount: \$200 million

Office: Bureau of Health Professions

Agency: Health Resources and Services Administration

Type: Competitive Grants, Scholarships, and Loan Repayment

Description: To provide for training of health professions.

Website: http://www.hrsa.gov/help/healthprofessions.htm

http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/default.htm

Grants: Biomedical Research

Amount: \$8.7 billion

Office: Office of the Director

Agency: National Institutes of Health

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: To expand jobs in biomedical research to study diseases.

Website: http://www.nih.gov/about/director/02252009statement arra.htm

Grants: University Research Facilities

Amount: \$1.3 billion

Agency: National Institutes of Health - National Center for Research Resources

Type: Competitive Grants

Purpose: To renovate and equip university research facilities.

Description: Funding will be used for the construction and renovation of extramural research facilities and for

the acquisition of research equipment.

Website: http://www.ncrr.nih.gov/



Grants: Prevention and Wellness Program

Amount: \$95 million

Agency: Centers for Disease Control/Community Prevention and Wellness

Description: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: Funds to support state and local efforts to fight preventable chronic diseases and infectious

diseases.

Website: http://www.cdc.gov/

http://www.hhs.gov/

Grants: Comparative Effectiveness Health Research

Amount: \$1.1 billion

Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Agency on Health care Research and Quality

(AHRQ) and National Institutes of Health (NIH)

Type: Competitive Grants

Purpose: To compare the effectiveness of different medical treatments

Description: This funding will be used to conduct or support research to evaluate and compare clinical

outcomes, effectiveness, risk, and benefits of two or more medical treatments and services that address a particular medical condition. This research will not be used to mandate coverage decisions or impose "one-size-fits-all" medicine on patients. It will be designed to enable medical

professionals and patients to improve treatment. \$300 million will be administered by AHRQ.

Website: http://www.ahrq.gov/

Grants: Health Information Technology Grants

Amount: \$2 billion

Office: Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology, Agency for Health care

Research and Quality, CDC, and Indian Health Service/States or State-Designated Entities

Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Office of the National Coordinator for Health

Information Technology

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: To authorize the Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology in order to

promote the use and exchange of electronic health information.

Website: http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/

Grants: Health Information Technology Improvements

Amount: \$17 billion was included to improve investments and incentives through Medicare and Medicaid

to ensure widespread adoption and use of interoperable health information technology (HIT).

Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Office of the National Coordinator for Health

Information Technology

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Description: Hospitals and Physician offices will automatically receive benefit through CMS reimbursements.

Grants will be available through HHS for other medical agencies.

Website: http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/

Grant: NIH Challenge Grants in Health and Science Research

Amount: \$200 million

Agency: National Institutes of Health - Office of Extramural Research

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: Funds will support research on specific scientific and health research challenges that will benefit

from significant 2-year jumpstart funds.

Website: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/challenge award/



Department of Housing and Urban Development

Grants: Public Housing Authorities for Capital Needs Grants

Amount (Federal): \$4 billion Amount (Georgia) \$109,850,783

Type: \$3 Billion States receive funding through a formula

\$1 billion was also included for competitive grants

Office: Office of Public and Indian Housing – Office of Capital Improvements

Agency: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Description: Funds to Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) for building repair and modernization, including critical

safety repairs.

Website: http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/capfund/ocir.cfm

HUD Recovery http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/capfund/grants/arra/index.cfm

State Formulas:

Grants: Homelessness Prevention Fund

Amount: \$1.5 billion

Type: States and localities receive funding through a formula

Agency: Department of Housing and Urban Development /Office of Community Planning

Purpose: Funding provides short-term homeless prevention assistance to those losing their housing.

Website: http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/homeless/programs/esg/

HUD Recovery http://www.hud.gov/recovery/tcap.cfm

State Formulas:

Grants: Community Development Block Grants

Amount (Federal): \$1 billion was included in formula funds to be distributed to local communities and states for

community development and affordable housing activities.

Amount (Georgia) \$22,849,234

Type: States and localities receive funding through a formula

Administrator: Department of Housing and Urban Development /Office of Community Planning

Description: Funding for community and economic development projects including housing and services for

those hit hard by tough economic times.

Website: http://www.hud.gov/recovery/cdblock.cfm
HUD Recovery

State Formulas: http://www.hud.gov/recovery/tcap.cfm

Contact: Brian Williamson (404) 679 – 1587 brian.williamson@dcs.ga.gov

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Grants: Neighborhood Stabilization Program

Amount (Federal): \$2 billion Amount (Georgia) \$78,080,332

Office: Office of Community Planning and Development Agency: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: Help communities purchase and rehabilitate foreclosed, vacant properties in order to create more

affordable housing and reduce neighborhood blight.

Website: http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/communitydevelopment/programs/neighborhoodspg/

HUD Recovery http://www.hud.gov/recovery/tcap.cfm

State Formulas:

Grants: Lead Hazard Reduction Program

Amount: \$100 million

Office: Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control Agency: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: Funds for competitive grants to local governments and nonprofit organizations to remove lead-

based paint hazards in low-income housing.

Website: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/grantprograms.cfm

HUD Recovery http://www.hud.gov/recovery/tcap.cfm

State Formulas:

Grants: Native American Housing

Amount: \$510 million for rehabilitation and energy efficiency upgrades at housing maintained by Native

American housing programs

Agency: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Type: \$255 million through a formula

\$255 million for competitive grants

Eligible applicants include Indian tribes or tribally designated housing entities (TDHEs) eligible to

receive funding under NAHASDA (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.).

Website: http://www.hud.gov/recovery/native-american-formula.cfm

HUD Recovery
State Formulas: http://www.hud.gov/recovery/tcap.cfm

Grants: HOME Investment Partnership Program

Amount (Federal): \$2.25 billion Amount (Georgia) \$54,641,704

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Agency: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development /Office of Planning

Type: Funds will be distributed by formula to states

Description Will provide state and local governments with funds to create and rehabilitate affordable housing.

Website: http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/affordablehousing/programs/home/

HUD Recovery
State Formulas:

http://www.hud.gov/recovery/tcap.cfm

Grants: Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP)

Amount: \$2.25 billion

Agency: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development /Office of Planning Type: Funds will be distributed by formula to 52 State Housing Credit Agencies

Description: Funding for capital investment in Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) projects via a

formula-based allocation to State housing credit allocation agencies.

Website: http://www.hud.gov/recovery/tax-credit.cfm



Department of Interior

Grants: Historic Preservation Fund for Historically Black Colleges and Universities

Agency: National Park Service

Funding: \$15 million

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: These funds will be used for historical preservation competitive grants for historically black

colleges and universities.

Website: http://www.doi.gov/recovery/plans.html#nps

HBCU Grants: http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/hpg/hbcu/index.htm



Department of Justice/Public Safety

Grants: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grants

Agency: \$2 billion

Administrator: Department of Justice - Bureau of Justice Assistance Type: Formula funding to state and local police forces

Description: Funds to helps states and local governments support activities to prevent and control crime and

improve the criminal justice system enforcement.

Website: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/recoveryact.html

Allocations: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/recoveryJAG/recoveryallocations.html

Grants: Byrne Competitive Grants Program

Amount: \$225 million

Agency: Department of Justice - Office of Justice Assistance

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: Funds to helps states and local governments support activities to prevent and control crime and

improve the criminal justice system enforcement.

Website: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/recoveryact.html

Grants: Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) Hiring Grants

Agency: \$1 billion

Office: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS)

Agency: Department of Justice Type: Competitive Grant

Description: For hiring and rehiring of additional career law enforcement officers.

Website: http://www.cops.usdoj.gov/default.asp?Item=2108
Eligibility: http://www.cops.usdoj.gov/chrp/eligibilityanony.aspx

Grants: STOP Violence Against Women Formula Grant Program

Amount: \$175 million Amount (Georgia) \$1,200,000

Agency: Department of Justice- Office on Violence Against Women

Type: Formula funding to state agency

Description: STOP formula grants are intended for use by states and territories; state, local and tribal courts

(including juvenile courts); Indian tribal governments; local governments; and nonprofit, nongovernment victim services programs. Recipients are required to meet one or more of 14 statutory purpose areas. These areas include, but are not limited to: training law enforcement officers, judges, court personnel and prosecutors; developing, enlarging, or strengthening victim

services programs; developing, installing or expanding data collection; and developing,

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enlarging, or strengthening programs addressing stalking.

Website: http://www.ovw.usdoj.gov/stop_grant_desc.htm

Grants: Transitional Housing Assistance Program

Amount: \$50 million

Agency: Department of Justice - Transitional Housing Assistance Program

Type: Competitive Grants to states, local government, Indian Tribes, nonprofits and services providers.

Description: May be used for transitional housing, short-term housing assistance, support services designed to

enable individuals who are fleeing domestic violence, violence, sexual assault, or stalking to locate and secure permanent housing and integrate into a community by providing those individuals with services such as transportation, counseling, child care services, case

management, employment counseling, and other assistance.

Website: http://www.ovw.usdoj.gov/thousing_grant_desc.htm

Grants: Victims Compensation

Amount (Federal): \$100 million Amount (Georgia) \$2,700,000

Agency: Department of Justice - Office for Victims of Crime

Type: Formula funding to state agencies

Description: Funding to support State compensation and assistance programs for victims and survivors of

Federal and state crimes.

Website: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/ovc/fund/Recoveryfunds.html http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/ovc/fund/Recoveryformula.html

Grants Rural Law Enforcement

Amount: \$125 millions

Agency: Department of Justice - Office of Justice Assistance

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: The funding is for grants to combat drug-related crime and other law enforcement activities in

rural America.

Website http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/recoveryact.html

Grants Assistance for Tribal Law Enforcement

Amount: \$225 million

Agency: Department of Justice - Office of Justice Assistance

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: The funding is for grants to construct jails and other law enforcement activities on tribal lands.

Website http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/recoveryact.html

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Grants Assistance for Law Enforcement along the Southern Border and in High Intensity Drug

Trafficking Areas (HIDTA)

Amount: \$40 million

Agency: Department of Justice - Office of Justice Assistance

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: The funding is for grants to combat drug-related crime and other law enforcement activities along

the Southern Border.

Website http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/recoveryact.html

Grants: Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC) Task Force Program

Amount: \$50 million Amount (Georgia) \$1,100,000

Agency: Department of Justice - Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

Type: Formula funding to state agency

Description: Funds to help State and local law enforcement agencies enhance investigative responses to

offenders who use the Internet to sexually exploit children.

Website: http://ojjdp.ncjrs.gov/recoveryact.html

Grants: Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program

Amount: \$210 million

Agency: Department of Homeland Security - Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

Type: Competitive Grant

Purposes: To provide assistance for communities to modify, upgrade or construct state and local fire

stations.

Website: www.firegrantsupport.com/AFG/

Website: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/oii/nonpublic/childcare.html



Department of Labor

Grants: Employment Training Services for Adults

Amount: \$500 million

Agency: Employment and Training Agency
Type: States will receive formula funding.

Description: Funding to states to facilitate increased training of individuals for high-demand occupations.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/programs/general-info.cfm

Contact; Andrea Harper - 404 - 232 - 7320 andrea.harper@dol.state.ga.us

Grants: Dislocated Workers Employment and Training Services

Amount: \$1.25 billion

Type: States will receive formula funding. Agency: Employment and Training Agency

Description: Funds to provide quality employment and training services to assist individuals in finding

employment, and to help employers find skilled employees.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/programs/ETA_default.cfm

Contact: Andrea Harper - 404 - 232 - 7320 <u>andrea.harper@dol.state.ga.us</u>

Grants: Employment Training Services for Youths

Amount (Federal): \$1.2 billion Amount (Georgia) \$31,600,000

Agency: Employment and Training Agency
Type: States will receive formula funding.

Description: Funds to create summer employment opportunities for people under 24 years old.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/youth_services/

Contact: Andrea Harper - 404 - 232 - 7320 andrea.harper@dol.state.ga.us

Grants: Employment Services

Amount: \$250 million

Agency: Employment and Training Agency
Type: States will receive formula funds.

Description: Funding for reemployment services to connect unemployment insurance claimants to

employment.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/programs/Wagner Peyser.cfm

Contact: Andrea Harper - 404 - 232 - 7320 andrea.harper@dol.state.ga.us



Grants: Dislocated Worker Assistance

Amount: \$200 million

Office: Employment & Training Administration

Agency: U.S. Department of Labor Type: Competitive Grants

Description: These funds will allow the Secretary of Labor to award national emergency grants to respond to

plant closings, mass layoffs and other worker dislocations.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/NEG/

http://www.doleta.gov/grants/

Contact: Andrea Harper - 404 – 232 – 7320 <u>andrea.harper@dol.state.ga.us</u>

Grants: YouthBuild
Amount: \$50 million

Office: Employment & Training Administration
Type: Formula funds and Competitive Grants

Agency: U.S. Department of Labor

Description: Provides services for at-risk youth, who gain education and occupational credentials while

constructing or rehabilitating affordable housing.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/youth-services/

Grants: Green Jobs Training

Amount: \$500 million

Agency: U.S. Department of Labor - Employment & Training Administration

Type: Competitive Grants

Description: These funds are designated for projects that prepare workers for careers in energy efficiency and

renewable energy as described in the Green Jobs Act of 2007.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/

Grants: Community Service Employment for Older Americans

Amount \$120 million

Agency: U.S. Department of Labor - Employment & Training Administration Type: Formula funds and Competitive Grants - Nonprofits may apply

Description: Funding for part-time employment opportunities for low income seniors.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/seniors/

Grants: Job Corps Program

Amount: \$250 million

Office: Office of Job Corps

Agency: U.S. Department of Labor

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Type: Competitive Grants

Description: The funds will support construction and modernization of a network of residential facilities

serving at-risk youth.

Website: http://www.jobcorps.gov/

Grants: Trade Adjustment Assistance for Workers

Amount: Reauthorizes all TAA programs until Dec. 31 2010, increases funding to states by \$575 million

Agency: U.S. Department of Labor - Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance

Type: Discretionary grants

Description: Fund to help workers at firms who have become (or are threatened to become) fully or partially

separated from employment due to trade with foreign countries.

Website: http://www.doleta.gov/tradeact/taa/WhoWeServe.cfm



Department of Transportation

Grant: Highway Improvement Programs

\$27.5 billion was included for Highway Infrastructure Investment. Amount (Federal):

Amount (Georgia): \$931,585,680

Type: Funds are distributed by formula, with a portion of the funds within each State being sub

allocated by population areas.

Administrator: Georgia Department of Transportation

For transportation projects including resurfacing and pavement preservation projects, traffic Purpose:

signal system upgrades, bridge projects, transit projects and intelligent transportation systems.

Website: http://www.recovery.gov/q=content/rebuilding-infrastructure

http://www.dot.gov/recovery/

Meg Pirkle - 404 - 631 - 1417 - mpirkle@dot.ga.gov Contact:

Grant: Transit Capital Assistance

Amount (Federal): \$8.4 billion was included for transit capital assistance grants.

Amount (Georgia): \$143,572,747

Type: Funds are distributed through the existing urban and rural transit formulas - 80% of the capital

> assistance funds are to be distributed through the Federal Transit Administration's (FTA) urbanized formula; 10% through their rural formula; and 10% through their growing states and

high density formula.

Federal Transit Administration Administrator:

These funds will be used to purchase buses and equipment needed to provide additional public Description:

transportation service and to make improvements to intermodal and transit facilities.

Website to find state

and district info:

Contact:

Meg Pirkle - 404 - 631 - 1417 - mpirkle@dot.ga.gov

http://www.fta.dot.gov/index 9118.html

Grant: Fixed Guideway Modernization

\$750 million was included for transit capital assistance grants. Amount:

Funds are allocated by a statutory formula to urbanized areas with rail systems that have been in Type:

operation for at least seven years.

Administrator: Federal Transit Administration / U.S. Department of Transportation

These funds will be used for capital projects to modernize or improve existing fixed guideway Purpose:

> systems, including purchase and rehabilitation of rolling stock, track, line equipment, structures, signals and communications, power equipment and substations, passenger stations and terminals, security equipment and systems, maintenance facilities and equipment, operational support equipment including computer hardware and software, system extensions, and preventive

maintenance.

Website: http://www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants financing 3558.html

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Contact: Meg Pirkle - 404 – 631 – 1417 - mpirkle@dot.ga.gov

Grant: Capital Investments Grants (New Starts & Small Starts)
Amount: \$750 million was included for capital investment grants.

Type: Distributed on a discretionary basis for New Starts and Small Starts projects that are already in

construction or are nearly ready to begin construction.

Administrator: Federal Transit Administration - U.S. Department of Transportation

Purpose: For light rail lines, rapid rail (heavy rail), commuter rail, automated fixed guideway system, or

bus-way/high occupancy vehicle (HOV) facilities.

Website: http://www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants financing 3590.html

Contact: Meg Pirkle - 404 - 631 - 1417 - mpirkle@dot.ga.gov

Grant: Transit Capital Assistance-Discretionary Grants

Amount: \$6.9 billion was included for transit capital assistance grants.

Type: Discretionary grants to public transit agencies to improve energy efficiency, and reduce costs

and dependence on foreign oil.

Agency: Federal Transit Administration - U.S. Department of Transportation

Website: http://www.fta.dot.gov/index 9118.html

Contact: Meg Pirkle - 404 - 631 - 1417 - mpirkle@dot.ga.gov

Grant: National Surface Transportation System - Discretionary Grants

Amount: \$1.5 billion was included for discretionary grants for the National Surface Transportation

System.

Type: Discretionary grants to be awarded to state and local governments or transit agencies on a

competitive basis for projects that will have a significant impact on the nation, a metropolitan area, or a region. Eligible projects include highway and bridge projects, public transportation

projects, passenger and freight rail projects, and port infrastructure investments.

Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

Websites: http://www.dot.gov/

http://www.dot.gov/citizen_services/grants_loans/

Contact: Meg Pirkle - 404 – 631 – 1417 - mpirkle@dot.ga.gov

Grant: Capital Assistance for High Speed Rail and Intercity Passenger Rail Service

Amount: \$8 billion was included for Capital Assistance to States and the High Speed Passenger Rail

Program.

Type: Discretionary grants for state government for capital improvements and planning activities

necessary to support improved or new intercity passenger rail service.

Agency: Federal Railroad Administration - U.S. Department of Transportation

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Website: <u>www.fra.dot.gov</u>

http://www.fra.dot.gov/us/content/1954

http://www.grants.gov

Contact: Meg Pirkle - 404 - 631 - 1417 - mpirkle@dot.ga.gov

Grant: Capital Grants to Amtrak

Amount: \$1.3 billion included for capital grants to Amtrak for security and non-security improvements Type: Grants will be given directly to Amtrak; no more than 60% will be spent in the NE corridor.

Agency: Federal Railroad Administration

Purpose: To maintain and improve the national system of intercity passenger rail. In addition to security

improvements, repair, rehabilitation, or upgrade of railroad assets or infrastructure, and for capital projects that expand passenger rail capacity including the rehabilitation of rolling stock

(locomotives and passenger cars).

Website: <u>www.fra.dot.gov</u>

http://www.fra.dot.gov/us/content/30

http://www.amtrack.com (for jobs and contracting opportunities)

Grant: Federal Aviation Administration - Competitive Grants for Infrastructure Improvements

Amount: \$1.1 billion

Type: Competitive grants

Agency: Federal Aviation Administration

Purpose: Grants to airports which are part of the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS) for

repairs and improving critical infrastructure to improve safety and reduce congestion.

Website: http://www.faa.gov/recovery/

Grant: Federal Aviation Administration -- Competitive Grants to Improve FAA Power Systems

Amount: \$200 million
Type: Competitive grants

Agency: Federal Aviation Administration

Purpose: Upgrade the FAA's power system -- \$50 million, modernize aging air traffic control centers --

\$50 million; replace air traffic control centers and TRACONS -- \$80 million, install airport

lighting, navigation and landing equipment -- \$20 million.

Website: http://www.faa.gov/recovery/

Grant: Competitive Grants to Small Domestic Shipyards

Amount: \$100 million
Type: Competitive grants

Agency: Department of Transportation

Purpose: Grants for investments and improvements.

Website: http://www.dot.gov/recovery/

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OTHER

Arts

Grants: National Endowment of the Arts Competitive Grants

Agency: National Endowment of the Arts (NEA) - National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities

Amount: \$30 million

Type: Competitive Grants (Matching requirement waived)

Description: Grants to fund arts projects which preserve jobs in the non-profit arts sector threatened by

declines in financial support.

Website: <u>www.nea.gov</u>

Helpful Link: http://www.nea.gov/grants/apply/index.html

Food Assistance

Grant: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance

Amount (Federal): \$19.9 billion Amount (Georgia): \$676,600,000

Type: States will receive formula funding.

Agency: Department of Agriculture; Office of Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services

Purpose: To supplement State's existing food stamp program.

Description: Funds will temporarily increase benefits provided under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance

Program and help cover administrative and management costs.

Website: http://www.fns.usda.gov/fsp/snap.htm

State Contacts: http://www.fns.usda.gov/fsp/contact_info/hotlines.htm

Grant: Senior Nutrition Programs

Amount (Federal): \$100 million Amount (Georgia): \$2,426,012

Type: States will receive formula funding.

Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; Administration on Aging Purpose: To provide for an additional amount of funds for "Aging Services Programs."

Description: Programs that bring seniors together to eat in group settings and deliver nutritional and dietary

safe meals to seniors.

Website: http://www.aoa.gov/

Grant: School Lunch Program

Amount: \$100 million

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Type: States will receive formula funding and provide competitive grants within the state.

Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture; Office of Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services

Purpose: To carry out a grant program for National School Lunch Program equipment assistance.

Description: Federal school meal program that provides nutritionally balanced low-cost or free lunches to

children each school day.

Website: http://www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/lunch/

Grant: Emergency Food Assistance

Amount: \$150 million

Type: States will receive formula funding.

Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture; Office of Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services

Description: TEFAP provides USDA commodities to states, who distribute food through local emergency

food providers.

Purpose: To provide for costs associated with the distribution of commodity foods.

Website: http://www.fns.usda.gov/fdd/programs/tefap/

Grant: Supplemental WIC Nutrition Program

Amount: \$500 million

Type: Allocated as the Secretary deems necessary

Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture; Office of Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services
Description: WIC provides Federal grants to States for supplemental foods, health care referrals, and

nutrition education for low-income women, infants, and children who are found to be at

nutritional risk.

Purpose: To support participation should cost or participation exceed budget estimates

Website: http://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/howtoapply/default.htm.

Department of Treasury

Grant: Community Development Financial Institutions

Amount: \$100 million

Agency: U.S. Department of the Treasury/Office of Community Development Financial Institutions

Description: These funds will be used to help spur economic development and low-cost financial services to

underserved communities.

Website: http://www.cdfifund.gov/recovery/



Telecommunications/Broadband

Grants: Broadband Technology Opportunities Program

Amount: \$4.7 billion

Agency: National Telecommunications and Information Administration
Description: Grants to provide access to broadband service in underserved areas.

Type: Competitive Grants

Website: http://www.ntia.doc.gov/otiahome/top/grants/grants.htm

Grants: Distance Learning, Telemedicine, and Broadband

Amount: \$2.5 billion

Agency: USDA: Rural Utility Service

Description: Funding is available through grants, loans and loan guarantees for broadband infrastructure.

Type: Grants and Loans

Website: http://www.usda.gov/rus/

Coupon: Digital TV Conversion Coupon Program

Amount: \$650 million

Agency: Federal Communications Commission

Description: Funds to continue the coupon program to enable American households to convert from analog

television transmission to digital transmission.

Type: Coupons to individuals Website: http://www.dtv.gov/