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The Money Monitor

The only document that tracks the costs of bills as they pass the House

Week of November 30-December 3, 2009



Five-year cost of authorizations passed by the House *this week*: \$331,000,000.00

H.R. 3598	Energy and Water Research Integration Act	\$6.0 million
H.R. 3963	Criminal Investigative Training Restoration Act	\$325.0 million
TOTAL FIVE	E-YEAR COST OF THIS WEEK'S AUTHORIZATIONS	\$331.0 million

Five-year cost of authorizations passed by the House *this year*: \$1,211,913,500,000.00*

*This figure does <u>not</u> include the potential authorizations contained in **H.R. 46** (Family Self-Sufficiency Act of 2009) which passed the House without a cost estimate during the week of April 27, 2009, **H.R. 3139** (National Flood Insurance Program Extension Act) which passed the House on the week of July 27, 2009, **S. 1677** (Defense Production Act Reauthorization) which passed the House on the week of September 21, 2009, **H.R. 3593** (Radio Free Asia Extension) which passed the House on the week of September 21, 2009, **H.R. 3632** (Federal Judiciary Administrative Improvements Act) which passed the House the week of October 26, 2009, **H.R. 3743** (Small Business Disaster Readiness and Reform Act) which passed the House the week of November 2, 2009, **H.R. 3962** (Affordable Health Care for America Act) which passed the House the week of November 16, 2009. If final cost estimates become available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

Five-year change in mandatory spending passed by the House *this week*: \$725,000,000.00

H.R. 3570 Satellite Home Viewer Reauthorization Act

\$725.0 million

Five-year change in mandatory spending passed by the House *this year*: \$889,010,000,000.00

Cost of appropriations passed by the House *this week*:

Fiscal Year 2008: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2009: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2010: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2011: \$0.00

One-year cost of appropriations passed by the House *this year*:

Fiscal Year 2008: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2009: \$794,439,000,000.00 Fiscal Year 2010: \$1,172,665,000,000.00 Fiscal Year 2011: \$86,030,000,000.00

Five-year change in revenue passed by the House *this week*: -\$65,063,000,000.00

H.R. 3570	Satellite Home Viewer Reauthorization Act	\$633.0 million
H.R. 4154	Permanent Estate Tax Relief for Families, Farmers, and	-\$65,696.0 million
	Small Businesses Act	
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TOTAL FIVE-YEAR CHANGE IN REVENUE THIS WEEK -\$65,063.0 million

Five-year change in revenue passed by the House *this year*: \$235,064,000,000.00**

This figure does <u>not</u> include the revenue impact of **H.R. 1586 (concerning the additional tax on bonuses received from certain TARP recipients) which passed the House without a cost estimate during the week of March 16-20, 2009, and **H.R. 915** (the FAA Reauthorization Act), which passed the House without an updated revenue estimate during the week of May 18, 2009. If final revenue estimates become available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS IN THE MONEY MONITOR

<u>Authorization</u>: An authorization (otherwise known as "discretionary spending") explicitly <u>allows</u>, but does not actually provide, funding for a certain program, and/or directs a federal agency to take a certain action. Authorizations express the House's <u>intent</u> to spend, however, actual funding is provided through the annual appropriations process. Think of an authorization like your credit

card's credit limit. If it's \$10,000, that doesn't mean you've spent \$10,000, but it does mean that you're *allowed* to spend \$10,000. Further action by you is needed for the money to actually be spent.

<u>Mandatory Spending</u>: Mandatory spending (otherwise known as "direct spending") directly provides for funding. No subsequent action is required for the money to be spent. Think of mandatory spending like signing up for an automatic-bill-payment program. The very act of signing up provides for the payments from your credit card or bank account without further action from you.

<u>Appropriation</u>: An appropriation is an amount of money that Congress orders to be set aside for a certain purpose, function, or entity. The "appropriations process" commonly refers to passing the composite bills that provide discretionary funds to various federal agencies (see "Authorization" above). Think of an appropriation like an individual purchase on your credit card.

<u>Revenue</u>: Revenue refers to the amount of money that the federal government receives in taxes, fees, sales of property, and other sources of *incoming* funds. Think of revenue like the income from your job, the sale of your car, etc. <u>Note</u>: not all revenues are taxes.

NOTES ON PROCEDURES & ASSUMPTIONS IN THE MONEY MONITOR

Neither the costs of conference reports nor the costs of bills that have already been recorded under substantively similar House-passed legislation this year are recorded here. "The Money Monitor," which operates as an annual document, only accounts for the costs of bills as they <u>first</u> pass the House (unless the prior bills related to such reports and bills have not come to the floor during this calendar year or unless they contain significant cost changes BEFORE going to the Senate).

In short, "The Money Monitor" primarily tracks the House's original monetary intent each calendar year.

The figures do not include interest or other debt service costs.

Authorizations with no <u>net</u> cost, bills that would result in no significant <u>net</u> change in mandatory spending or federal revenue, and private-sector costs from federal mandates are not reported here.

The figures for revenue changes are from "static" estimates by the Joint Committee on Taxation or the Congressional Budget Office. That is, they do not take into account the stimulative effects that certain tax cuts and certain other revenue reductions have on the national economy.

All numbers in "The Money Monitor" are positive unless otherwise indicated.

Most estimates are provided by the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), though some are provided by the Joint Committee on Taxation (JCT), the referring House committee, or RSC staff calculations.

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