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The Money Monitor

The only document that tracks the costs of bills as they pass the House

Week of July 12-July 16, 2010



Five-year cost of authorizations passed by the House *this <u>week</u>*: **\$530,650,000.00**

H.R. 3967	Amending the National Great Black Americans	\$5.0 million
	Commemoration Act	
H.R. 4514	Colonel Charles Young Home Study Act	\$0.25 million
H.R. 4686	Rota Cultural and Natural Resources Study Act	\$0.2 million
H.R. 4438	San Antonio Missions National Historical Park Leasing and	\$4.0 million
	Boundary Expansion Act	
H.R. 3989	Heart Mountain Relocation Center Study Act	\$0.2 million
H.R. 4973	National Wildlife Refugee Volunteer Improvement Act	\$8.0 million
H.R. 1722	Telework Improvements Act	\$32.0 million
H.R. 5114	Flood Insurance Reform Priorities Act	\$481.0 million
TOTAL FIVE	-YEAR COST OF THIS WEEK'S AUTHORIZATIONS	\$530.65 million

Five-year cost of authorizations passed by the House *this year*: **\$917,358,000,000.00***

* This figure does not include the potential authorizations contained in **H.R. 2136** (Stephanie Tubbs Jones College Fire Prevention Act) which passed the House on the week of May 21, 2010. If a final cost estimate becomes available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

Ten-year change in mandatory spending passed by the House *this <u>week</u>*: -\$12,000,000.00

H.R. 5712	The Veterans', Seniors', and Childrens' Health Technical	-\$12.0 million
	Corrections Act	

TOTAL TEN-YEAR COST OF THIS WEEK'S DIRECT SPENDING -\$12.0 million

Ten-year change in mandatory spending passed by the House *this <u>year</u>*: **\$624,576,000,000.00****

This figure does not include the spending in **H.R. 5623 (Homebuyers Assistance and Improve ment Act) which passed the House on the week of June 28, 2010. If a final cost estimate becomes available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

Cost of appropriations passed by the House *this week*:

Fiscal Year 2009: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2010: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2011: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2012: \$0.00

One-year cost of appropriations passed by the House this year:

Fiscal Year 2009: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2010: \$61,700,000,000.00 Fiscal Year 2011: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2012: \$0.00

Ten-year change in revenue passed by the House *this <u>week</u>*: **\$10,000,000.00**

H.R. 5114Flood Insurance Reform Priorities Act\$10.0 millionTOTAL TEN-YEAR EFFECT OF THIS WEEK'S REVENUES\$10.0 million

Ten-year change in revenue passed by the House *this <u>year</u>*: **\$648,732,000,000.00*****

***This figure does not include the revenue impact of **H.R. 5623** (Homebuyers Assistance and Improvement Act) which passed the House on the week of June 28, 2010. If a final cost estimate becomes available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS IN THE MONEY MONITOR

<u>Authorization</u>: An authorization (otherwise known as "discretionary spending") explicitly <u>allows</u>, but does not actually provide, funding for a certain program, and/or directs a federal agency to take a certain action. Authorizations express the House's <u>intent</u> to spend, however, actual funding is provided through the annual appropriations process. Think of an authorization like your credit card's credit limit. If it's \$10,000, that doesn't mean you've spent \$10,000, but it does mean that you're *allowed* to spend \$10,000. Further action by you is needed for the money to actually be spent.

<u>Mandatory Spending</u>: Mandatory spending (otherwise known as "direct spending") directly provides for funding. No subsequent action is required for the money to be spent. Think of mandatory spending like signing up for an automatic-bill-payment program. The very act of signing up provides for the payments from your credit card or bank account without further action from you.

<u>Appropriation</u>: An appropriation is an amount of money that Congress orders to be set aside for a certain purpose, function, or entity. The "appropriations process" commonly refers to passing the composite bills that provide discretionary funds to various federal agencies (see "Authorization" above). Think of an appropriation like an individual purchase on your credit card.

<u>Revenue</u>: Revenue refers to the amount of money that the federal government receives in taxes, fees, sales of property, and other sources of *incoming* funds. Think of revenue like the income from your job, the sale of your car, etc. <u>Note</u>: not all revenues are taxes.

NOTES ON PROCEDURES & ASSUMPTIONS IN THE MONEY MONITOR

<u>Neither the costs of conference reports nor the costs of bills that have already been recorded under substantively similar House-passed legislation this year are recorded here</u>. "The Money Monitor," which operates as an annual document, only accounts for the costs of bills as they <u>first</u> pass the House (unless the prior bills related to such reports and bills have not come to the floor during this calendar year or unless they contain significant cost changes BEFORE going to the Senate).

In short, "The Money Monitor" primarily tracks the House's original monetary intent each calendar year.

The figures do not include interest or other debt service costs.

Authorizations with no <u>net</u> cost, bills that would result in no significant <u>net</u> change in mandatory spending or federal revenue, and private-sector costs from federal mandates are not reported here.

The figures for revenue changes are from "**static**" estimates by the Joint Committee on Taxation or the Congressional Budget Office. That is, they do not take into account the stimulative effects that certain tax cuts and certain other revenue reductions have on the national economy.

All numbers in "The Money Monitor" are positive unless otherwise indicated.

Most estimates are provided by the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), though some are provided by the Joint Committee on Taxation (JCT), the referring House committee, or RSC staff calculations.

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