Percent of Households Paying More in Payroll Taxes Than Income Taxes (2006)

| Income Category | Households Paying Some Payroll Tax |  | Households Paying Income or Payroll Tax |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employee Share | Both Shares | Employee Share | Both Shares |
| Lowest Quintile | 99.4 | 99.7 | 98.6 | 99 |
| Second Quintile | 91.4 | 98.5 | 88.4 | 95.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 69.8 | 94.3 | 62.7 | 84.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 38 | 85.5 | 33.7 | 75.8 |
| Highest Quintile | 8.6 | 44.9 | 7.7 | 40.3 |
| Top 10\% | 3.3 | 22.5 | 3 | 20.1 |
| Top 5\% | 1.4 | 6 | 1.3 | 5.4 |
| Top 1\% | 0.6 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.9 |
| All Quintiles | 58.8 | 83.3 | 54.4 | 76.9 |

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Note: Income categories are defined by ranking all people by their comprehensive household income adjusted for household size-that is, divided by the square root of the household's size. (A household consists of the people who share a housing unit, regardless of their relationships.) Quintiles, or fifths, contain equal numbers of people. Households with negative income (business or investment losses larger than other income) are excluded from the lowest income category but are included in totals.

