111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 11

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

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February 11, 2009

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

AN ACT

To amend title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, and to modify the operation of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, to clarify that a discriminatory compensation decision or other practice that is unlawful under such Acts occurs each time compensation is paid pursuant to the discriminatory compensation decision or other practice, to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide more effective remedies to victims of discrimination in the payment of wages on the basis of sex, and for other purposes.

- 2 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-1 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 2 TITLE I—LILLY LEDBETTER 3 FAIR PAY ACT OF 2009 4 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Lilly Ledbetter Fair 6 Pav Act of 2009". 8 SEC. 2. FINDINGS. 9 Congress finds the following: 10 (1) The Supreme Court in Ledbetter v. Good-11 year Tire & Rubber Co., 550 U.S. 618 (2007), sig-12 nificantly impairs statutory protections against dis
 - crimination in compensation that Congress established and that have been bedrock principles of American law for decades. The Ledbetter decision undermines those statutory protections by unduly restricting the time period in which victims of discrimination can challenge and recover for discriminatory compensation decisions or other practices, contrary to the intent of Congress.
 - (2) The limitation imposed by the Court on the filing of discriminatory compensation claims ignores the reality of wage discrimination and is at odds with the robust application of the civil rights laws

25 that Congress intended.

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- 1 (3) With regard to any charge of discrimination 2 under any law, nothing in this Act is intended to 3 preclude or limit an aggrieved person's right to in-4 troduce evidence of an unlawful employment practice 5 that has occurred outside the time for filing a 6 charge of discrimination.
- 7 (4) Nothing in this Act is intended to change 8 current law treatment of when pension distributions 9 are considered paid.

10 SEC. 3. DISCRIMINATION IN COMPENSATION BECAUSE OF

- 11 RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, OR NATIONAL
- 12 ORIGIN.
- Section 706(e) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42)
- 14 U.S.C. 2000e-5(e)) is amended by adding at the end the
- 15 following:
- 16 "(3)(A) For purposes of this section, an unlawful em-
- 17 ployment practice occurs, with respect to discrimination
- 18 in compensation in violation of this title, when a discrimi-
- 19 natory compensation decision or other practice is adopted,
- 20 when an individual becomes subject to a discriminatory
- 21 compensation decision or other practice, or when an indi-
- 22 vidual is affected by application of a discriminatory com-
- 23 pensation decision or other practice, including each time
- 24 wages, benefits, or other compensation is paid, resulting
- 25 in whole or in part from such a decision or other practice.

1	"(B) In addition to any relief authorized by section
2	1977A of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a), liability
3	may accrue and an aggrieved person may obtain relief as
4	provided in subsection (g)(1), including recovery of back
5	pay for up to two years preceding the filing of the charge,
6	where the unlawful employment practices that have oc-
7	curred during the charge filing period are similar or re-
8	lated to unlawful employment practices with regard to dis-
9	crimination in compensation that occurred outside the
10	time for filing a charge.".
11	SEC. 4. DISCRIMINATION IN COMPENSATION BECAUSE OF
12	AGE.
13	Section 7(d) of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
13 14	Section 7(d) of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended—
14	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended—
14 15	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended— (1) in the first sentence—
14 15 16	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended— (1) in the first sentence— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and
14 15 16 17	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended— (1) in the first sentence— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;
14 15 16 17 18	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended— (1) in the first sentence— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively; and
14 15 16 17 18	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended— (1) in the first sentence— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively; and (B) by striking "(d)" and inserting
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended— (1) in the first sentence— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively; and (B) by striking "(d)" and inserting "(d)(1)";
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended— (1) in the first sentence— (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively; and (B) by striking "(d)" and inserting "(d)(1)"; (2) in the third sentence, by striking "Upon"

- 1 "(3) For purposes of this section, an unlawful prac-
- 2 tice occurs, with respect to discrimination in compensation
- 3 in violation of this Act, when a discriminatory compensa-
- 4 tion decision or other practice is adopted, when a person
- 5 becomes subject to a discriminatory compensation decision
- 6 or other practice, or when a person is affected by applica-
- 7 tion of a discriminatory compensation decision or other
- 8 practice, including each time wages, benefits, or other
- 9 compensation is paid, resulting in whole or in part from
- 10 such a decision or other practice.".

11 SEC. 5. APPLICATION TO OTHER LAWS.

- 12 (a) Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990.—
- 13 The amendments made by section 3 shall apply to claims
- 14 of discrimination in compensation brought under title I
- 15 and section 503 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of
- 16 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq., 12203), pursuant to sec-
- 17 tion 107(a) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 12117(a)), which
- 18 adopts the powers, remedies, and procedures set forth in
- 19 section 706 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
- 20 2000e-5).
- 21 (b) Rehabilitation Act of 1973.—The amend-
- 22 ments made by section 3 shall apply to claims of discrimi-
- 23 nation in compensation brought under sections 501 and
- 24 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791,
- 25 794), pursuant to—

1	(1) sections $501(g)$ and $504(d)$ of such Act (29)
2	U.S.C. 791(g), 794(d)), respectively, which adopt
3	the standards applied under title I of the Americans
4	with Disabilities Act of 1990 for determining wheth-
5	er a violation has occurred in a complaint alleging
6	employment discrimination; and
7	(2) paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 505(a) of
8	such Act (29 U.S.C. 794a(a)) (as amended by sub-
9	section (e)).
10	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
11	(1) Rehabilitation act of 1973.—Section
12	505(a) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.
13	794a(a)) is amended—
14	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting after
15	"(42 U.S.C. 2000e–5 (f) through (k))" the fol-
16	lowing: "(and the application of section
17	706(e)(3) (42 U.S.C. 2000e–5(e)(3)) to claims
18	of discrimination in compensation)"; and
19	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting after
20	"1964" the following: "(42 U.S.C. 2000d et
21	seq.) (and in subsection (e)(3) of section 706 of
22	such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000e–5), applied to
23	claims of discrimination in compensation)".

1	(2) Civil rights act of 1964.—Section 717 of
2	the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16)
3	is amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"(f) Section 706(e)(3) shall apply to complaints of
5	discrimination in compensation under this section.".
6	(3) Age discrimination in employment act
7	OF 1967.—Section 15(f) of the Age Discrimination in
8	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a(f)) is
9	amended by striking "of section" and inserting "of
10	sections $7(d)(3)$ and".
11	SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.
12	This title and the amendments made by this title,
13	take effect as if enacted on May 28, 2007, and apply to
14	all claims of discrimination in compensation under title
15	VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et
16	seq.), the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967
17	(29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.), title I and section 503 of the
18	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and sections 501
19	and 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, that are pend-
20	ing on or after that date.
21	TITLE II—PAYCHECK FAIRNESS
22	ACT
23	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
24	This title may be cited as the "Paycheck Fairness
25	Act".

1 SEC. 202. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds the following:
3	(1) Women have entered the workforce in
4	record numbers over the past 50 years.
5	(2) Despite the enactment of the Equal Pay Act
6	in 1963, many women continue to earn significantly
7	lower pay than men for equal work. These pay dis-
8	parities exist in both the private and governmental
9	sectors. In many instances, the pay disparities can
10	only be due to continued intentional discrimination
11	or the lingering effects of past discrimination.
12	(3) The existence of such pay disparities—
13	(A) depresses the wages of working fami-
14	lies who rely on the wages of all members of the
15	family to make ends meet;
16	(B) undermines women's retirement secu-
17	rity, which is often based on earnings while in
18	the workforce;
19	(C) prevents the optimum utilization of
20	available labor resources;
21	(D) has been spread and perpetuated,
22	through commerce and the channels and instru-
23	mentalities of commerce, among the workers of
24	the several States;
25	(E) burdens commerce and the free flow of
26	goods in commerce;

1	(F) constitutes an unfair method of com-
2	petition in commerce;
3	(G) leads to labor disputes burdening and
4	obstructing commerce and the free flow of
5	goods in commerce;
6	(H) interferes with the orderly and fair
7	marketing of goods in commerce; and
8	(I) in many instances, may deprive workers
9	of equal protection on the basis of sex in viola-
10	tion of the 5th and 14th amendments.
11	(4)(A) Artificial barriers to the elimination of
12	discrimination in the payment of wages on the basis
13	of sex continue to exist decades after the enactment
14	of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C.
15	201 et seq.) and the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
16	U.S.C. 2000a et seq.).
17	(B) These barriers have resulted, in significant
18	part, because the Equal Pay Act has not worked as
19	Congress originally intended. Improvements and
20	modifications to the law are necessary to ensure that
21	the Act provides effective protection to those subject
22	to pay discrimination on the basis of their sex.
23	(C) Elimination of such barriers would have
24	positive effects, including—

1	(i) providing a solution to problems in the
2	economy created by unfair pay disparities;
3	(ii) substantially reducing the number of
4	working women earning unfairly low wages,
5	thereby reducing the dependence on public as-
6	sistance;
7	(iii) promoting stable families by enabling
8	all family members to earn a fair rate of pay;
9	(iv) remedying the effects of past discrimi-
10	nation on the basis of sex and ensuring that in
11	the future workers are afforded equal protection
12	on the basis of sex; and
13	(v) ensuring equal protection pursuant to
14	Congress' power to enforce the 5th and 14th
15	amendments.
16	(5) The Department of Labor and the Equal
17	Employment Opportunity Commission have impor-
18	tant and unique responsibilities to help ensure that
19	women receive equal pay for equal work.
20	(6) The Department of Labor is responsible
21	for—
22	(A) collecting and making publicly avail-
23	able information about women's pay;
24	(B) ensuring that companies receiving
25	Federal contracts comply with anti-discrimina-

1	tion affirmative action requirements of Execu-
2	tive Order No. 11246 (relating to equal employ-
3	ment opportunity);
4	(C) disseminating information about wom-
5	en's rights in the workplace;
6	(D) helping women who have been victims
7	of pay discrimination obtain a remedy; and
8	(E) being proactive in investigating and
9	prosecuting equal pay violations, especially sys-
10	temic violations, and in enforcing all of its man-
l 1	dates.
12	(7) The Equal Employment Opportunity Com-
13	mission is the primary enforcement agency for
14	claims made under the Equal Pay Act, and issues
15	regulations and guidance on appropriate interpreta-
16	tions of the law.
17	(8) With a stronger commitment by the Depart-
18	ment of Labor and the Equal Employment Oppor-
19	tunity Commission to their responsibilities, increased
20	information as a result of the amendments made by
21	this Act to the Equal Pay Act of 1963, wage data,
22	and more effective remedies, women will be better
23	able to recognize and enforce their rights.
24	(9) Certain employers have already made great

strides in eradicating unfair pay disparities in the

1	workplace and their achievements should be recog-
2	nized.
3	SEC. 203. ENHANCED ENFORCEMENT OF EQUAL PAY RE-
4	QUIREMENTS.
5	(a) Bona-Fide Factor Defense and Modifica-
6	TION OF SAME ESTABLISHMENT REQUIREMENT.—Section
7	6(d)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
8	U.S.C. 206(d)(1)) is amended—
9	(1) by striking "No employer having" and in-
10	serting "(A) No employer having";
11	(2) by striking "any other factor other than
12	sex" and inserting "a bona fide factor other than
13	sex, such as education, training, or experience"; and
14	(3) by inserting at the end the following:
15	"(B) The bona fide factor defense described in sub-
16	paragraph (A)(iv) shall apply only if the employer dem-
17	onstrates that such factor: (i) is not based upon or derived
18	from a sex-based differential in compensation; (ii) is job-
19	related with respect to the position in question; and (iii)
20	is consistent with business necessity. Such defense shall
21	not apply where the employee demonstrates that an alter-
22	native employment practice exists that would serve the
23	same business purpose without producing such differential
24	and that the employer has refused to adopt such alter-
25	native practice.

1	"(C) For purposes of subparagraph (A), employees
2	shall be deemed to work in the same establishment if the
3	employees work for the same employer at workplaces lo-
4	cated in the same county or similar political subdivision
5	of a State. The preceding sentence shall not be construed
6	as limiting broader applications of the term 'establish-
7	ment' consistent with rules prescribed or guidance issued
8	by the Equal Opportunity Employment Commission.".
9	(b) Nonretaliation Provision.—Section 15 of the
10	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 215(a)(3))
11	is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)(3), by striking "employee
13	has filed" and all that follows and inserting "em-
14	ployee—
15	"(A) has made a charge or filed any com-
16	plaint or instituted or caused to be instituted
17	any investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action
18	under or related to this Act, including an inves-
19	tigation conducted by the employer, or has tes-
20	tified or is planning to testify or has assisted or
21	participated in any manner in any such inves-
22	tigation, proceeding, hearing or action, or has
23	served or is planning to serve on an industry
24	Committee; or

1	"(B) has inquired about, discussed or dis-
2	closed the wages of the employee or another
3	employee."; and
4	(2) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(c) Subsection (a)(3)(B) shall not apply to instances
6	in which an employee who has access to the wage informa-
7	tion of other employees as a part of such employee's essen-
8	tial job functions discloses the wages of such other employ-
9	ees to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such
10	information, unless such disclosure is in response to a
11	complaint or charge or in furtherance of an investigation,
12	proceeding, hearing, or action under section 6(d), includ-
13	ing an investigation conducted by the employer. Nothing
14	in this subsection shall be construed to limit the rights
15	of an employee provided under any other provision of
16	law.".
17	(c) Enhanced Penalties.—Section 16(b) of the
18	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 216(b)) is
19	amended—
20	(1) by inserting after the first sentence the fol-
21	lowing: "Any employer who violates section 6(d)
22	shall additionally be liable for such compensatory
23	damages, or, where the employee demonstrates that
24	the employer acted with malice or reckless indiffer-
25	ence, punitive damages as may be appropriate, ex-

1	cept that the United States shall not be liable for
2	punitive damages.";
3	(2) in the sentence beginning "An action to";
4	by striking "either of the preceding sentences" and
5	inserting "any of the preceding sentences of this
6	subsection";
7	(3) in the sentence beginning "No employees
8	shall", by striking "No employees" and inserting
9	"Except with respect to class actions brought to en-
10	force section 6(d), no employee";
11	(4) by inserting after the sentence referred to
12	in paragraph (3), the following: "Notwithstanding
13	any other provision of Federal law, any action
14	brought to enforce section 6(d) may be maintained
15	as a class action as provided by the Federal Rules
16	of Civil Procedure."; and
17	(5) in the sentence beginning "The court in"—
18	(A) by striking "in such action" and in-
19	serting "in any action brought to recover the li-
20	ability prescribed in any of the preceding sen-
21	tences of this subsection"; and
22	(B) by inserting before the period the fol-
23	lowing. " including expert fees"

1	(d) ACTION BY SECRETARY.—Section 16(c) of the
2	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 216(c)) is
3	amended—
4	(1) in the first sentence—
5	(A) by inserting "or, in the case of a viola-
6	tion of section 6(d), additional compensatory or
7	punitive damages, as described in subsection
8	(b)," before "and the agreement"; and
9	(B) by inserting before the period the fol-
10	lowing: ", or such compensatory or punitive
11	damages, as appropriate";
12	(2) in the second sentence, by inserting before
13	the period the following: "and, in the case of a viola-
14	tion of section 6(d), additional compensatory or pu-
15	nitive damages, as described in subsection (b)";
16	(3) in the third sentence, by striking "the first
17	sentence" and inserting "the first or second sen-
18	tence"; and
19	(4) in the last sentence—
20	(A) by striking "commenced in the case"
21	and inserting "commenced—
22	"(1) in the case";
23	(B) by striking the period and inserting "
24	or''; and
25	(C) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(2) in the case of a class action brought to en-
2	force section 6(d), on the date on which the indi-
3	vidual becomes a party plaintiff to the class action.".
4	SEC. 204. TRAINING.
5	The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
6	and the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs,
7	subject to the availability of funds appropriated under sec-
8	tion 210, shall provide training to Commission employees
9	and affected individuals and entities on matters involving
10	discrimination in the payment of wages.
11	SEC. 205. NEGOTIATION SKILLS TRAINING FOR GIRLS AND
12	WOMEN.
13	(a) Program Authorized.—
14	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Labor,
15	after consultation with the Secretary of Education,
16	is authorized to establish and carry out a grant pro-
17	gram.
18	(2) Grants.—In carrying out the program, the
19	Secretary of Labor may make grants on a competi-
20	tive basis to eligible entities, to carry out negotiation
21	skills training programs for girls and women.
22	(3) Eligible entities.—To be eligible to re-
23	ceive a grant under this subsection, an entity shall
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	be a public agency, such as a State, a local govern-

- by the Office of Management and Budget), a State educational agency, or a local educational agency, a private nonprofit organization, or a communitybased organization.
 - (4) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this subsection, an entity shall submit an application to the Secretary of Labor at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary of Labor may require.
 - (5) USE OF FUNDS.—An entity that receives a grant under this subsection shall use the funds made available through the grant to carry out an effective negotiation skills training program that empowers girls and women. The training provided through the program shall help girls and women strengthen their negotiation skills to allow the girls and women to obtain higher salaries and rates of compensation that are equal to those paid to similarly-situated male employees.
- 20 (b) Incorporating Training Into Existing Pro-21 Grams.—The Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of 22 Education shall issue regulations or policy guidance that 23 provides for integrating the negotiation skills training, to 24 the extent practicable, into programs authorized under—

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- 1 (1) in the case of the Secretary of Education,
- 2 the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
- 3 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), the Carl D. Perkins
- 4 Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998 (20
- 5 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.), the Higher Education Act of
- 6 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), and other programs
- 7 carried out by the Department of Education that the
- 8 Secretary of Education determines to be appro-
- 9 priate; and
- 10 (2) in the case of the Secretary of Labor, the
- Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2801
- et seq.), and other programs carried out by the De-
- partment of Labor that the Secretary of Labor de-
- termines to be appropriate.
- 15 (c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 16 of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Sec-
- 17 retary of Labor and the Secretary of Education shall pre-
- 18 pare and submit to Congress a report describing the ac-
- 19 tivities conducted under this section and evaluating the ef-
- 20 fectiveness of such activities in achieving the purposes of
- 21 this Act.
- 22 SEC. 206. RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND OUTREACH.
- The Secretary of Labor shall conduct studies and
- 24 provide information to employers, labor organizations, and

- 1 the general public concerning the means available to elimi-
- 2 nate pay disparities between men and women, including—
- 3 (1) conducting and promoting research to de-4 velop the means to correct expeditiously the condi-
- 5 tions leading to the pay disparities;
- 6 (2) publishing and otherwise making available
 7 to employers, labor organizations, professional asso8 ciations, educational institutions, the media, and the
 9 general public the findings resulting from studies
 10 and other materials, relating to eliminating the pay
 11 disparities;
 - (3) sponsoring and assisting State and community informational and educational programs;
 - (4) providing information to employers, labor organizations, professional associations, and other interested persons on the means of eliminating the pay disparities;
 - (5) recognizing and promoting the achievements of employers, labor organizations, and professional associations that have worked to eliminate the pay disparities; and
- 22 (6) convening a national summit to discuss, and 23 consider approaches for rectifying, the pay dispari-24 ties.

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1	SEC. 207. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL AWARD FOR
2	PAY EQUITY IN THE WORKPLACE.
3	(a) In General.—There is established the Secretary
4	of Labor's National Award for Pay Equity in the Work-
5	place, which shall be awarded, as appropriate, to encour-
6	age proactive efforts to comply with section 6(d) of the
7	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206(d)).
8	(b) Criteria for Qualification.—The Secretary
9	of Labor shall set criteria for receipt of the award, includ-
10	ing a requirement that an employer has made substantial
11	effort to eliminate pay disparities between men and
12	women, and deserves special recognition as a consequence
13	of such effort. The Secretary shall establish procedures for
14	the application and presentation of the award.
15	(c) Business.—In this section, the term "employer"
16	includes—
17	(1)(A) a corporation, including a nonprofit cor-
18	poration;
19	(B) a partnership;
20	(C) a professional association;
21	(D) a labor organization; and
22	(E) a business entity similar to an entity de-
23	scribed in any of subparagraphs (A) through (D);
24	(2) an entity carrying out an education referral
25	program, a training program, such as an apprentice-

1	ship or management training program, or a similar
2	program; and
3	(3) an entity carrying out a joint program,
4	formed by a combination of any entities described in
5	paragraph (1) or (2).
6	SEC. 208. COLLECTION OF PAY INFORMATION BY THE
7	EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COM-
8	MISSION.
9	Section 709 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
10	U.S.C. 2000e-8) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"(f)(1) Not later than 18 months after the date of
13	enactment of this subsection, the Commission shall—
14	"(A) complete a survey of the data that is cur-
15	rently available to the Federal Government relating
16	to employee pay information for use in the enforce-
17	ment of Federal laws prohibiting pay discrimination
18	and, in consultation with other relevant Federal
19	agencies, identify additional data collections that will
20	enhance the enforcement of such laws; and
21	"(B) based on the results of the survey and
22	consultations under subparagraph (A), issue regula-
23	tions to provide for the collection of pay information
24	data from employers as described by the sex, race,
25	and national origin of employees.

1	"(2) In implementing paragraph (1), the Commission
2	shall have as its primary consideration the most effective
3	and efficient means for enhancing the enforcement of Fed-
4	eral laws prohibiting pay discrimination. For this purpose,
5	the Commission shall consider factors including the impo-
6	sition of burdens on employers, the frequency of required
7	reports (including which employers should be required to
8	prepare reports), appropriate protections for maintaining
9	data confidentiality, and the most effective format for the
10	data collection reports.".
11	SEC. 209. REINSTATEMENT OF PAY EQUITY PROGRAMS AND
12	PAY EQUITY DATA COLLECTION.
13	(a) Bureau of Labor Statistics Data Collec-
14	TION.—The Commissioner of Labor Statistics shall con-
15	tinue to collect data on women workers in the Current
16	Employment Statistics survey.
17	(b) Office of Federal Contract Compliance
18	PROGRAMS INITIATIVES.—The Director of the Office of
19	Federal Contract Compliance Programs shall ensure that
20	employees of the Office—
21	(1)(A) shall use the full range of investigatory
22	tools at the Office's disposal, including pay grade
23	methodology;
	S. 7
24	(B) in considering evidence of possible com-

1	(i) shall not limit its consideration to a
2	small number of types of evidence; and
3	(ii) shall not limit its evaluation of the evi-
4	dence to a small number of methods of evalu-
5	ating the evidence; and
6	(C) shall not require a multiple regression anal-
7	ysis or anecdotal evidence for a compensation dis-
8	crimination case;
9	(2) for purposes of its investigative, compliance,
10	and enforcement activities, shall define "similarly
11	situated employees" in a way that is consistent with
12	and not more stringent than the definition provided
13	in item 1 of subsection A of section 10–III of the
14	Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Com-
15	pliance Manual (2000), and shall consider only fac-
16	tors that the Office's investigation reveals were used
17	in making compensation decisions; and
18	(3) shall reinstate the Equal Opportunity Sur-
19	vey, as required by section 60–2.18 of title 41, Code
20	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on September 7,
21	2006), designating not less than half of all non-
22	construction contractor establishments each year to
23	prepare and file such survey, and shall review and

utilize the responses to such survey to identify con-

- 1 tractor establishments for further evaluation and for
- 2 other enforcement purposes as appropriate.
- 3 (c) Department of Labor Distribution of
- 4 Wage Discrimination Information.—The Secretary of
- 5 Labor shall make readily available (in print, on the De-
- 6 partment of Labor website, and through any other forum
- 7 that the Department may use to distribute compensation
- 8 discrimination information), accurate information on com-
- 9 pensation discrimination, including statistics, explanations
- 10 of employee rights, historical analyses of such discrimina-
- 11 tion, instructions for employers on compliance, and any
- 12 other information that will assist the public in under-
- 13 standing and addressing such discrimination.
- 14 SEC. 210. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 15 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 16 are authorized to be appropriated \$15,000,000 to carry
- 17 out this title.
- 18 (b) Prohibition on Earmarks.—None of the funds
- 19 appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) for purposes of
- 20 the grant program in section 205 of this Act may be used
- 21 for a Congressional earmark as defined in clause 9(d) of
- 22 rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 211. SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE.

- 2 (a) Effective Date.—This title and the amend-
- 3 ments made by this title shall take effect on the date that
- 4 is 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 5 (b) Technical Assistance Materials.—The Sec-
- 6 retary of Labor and the Commissioner of the Equal Em-
- 7 ployment Opportunity Commission shall jointly develop
- 8 technical assistance material to assist small businesses in
- 9 complying with the requirements of this title and the
- 10 amendments made by this title.
- 11 (c) SMALL BUSINESSES.—A small business shall be
- 12 exempt from the provisions of this title to the same extent
- 13 that such business is exempt from the requirements of the
- 14 Fair Labor Standards Act pursuant to section
- 15 3(s)(1)(A)(i) and (ii) of such Act.
- 16 SEC. 212. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- Nothing in this title, or in any amendments made by
- 18 this title, shall affect the obligation of employers and em-
- 19 ployees to fully comply with all applicable immigration
- 20 laws, including any penalties, fines, or other sanctions.

Passed the House of Representatives January 9, 2009.

Attest: LORRAINE C. MILLER,

Clerk.