# Suspend the Rules and Pass the Bill, H. R. 4842, With an Amendment

(The amendment strikes all after the enacting clause and inserts a new text)

<sup>111TH CONGRESS</sup> **H. R. 4842** 

To authorize appropriations for the Directorate of Science and Technology of the Department of Homeland Security for fiscal years 2011 and 2012, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 15, 2010

Ms. CLARKE (for herself, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, and Mr. DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security

# A BILL

- To authorize appropriations for the Directorate of Science and Technology of the Department of Homeland Security for fiscal years 2011 and 2012, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Homeland Security
- 5 Science and Technology Authorization Act of 2010".

#### 1 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. References.

#### TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations.

#### TITLE II—MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

- Sec. 201. Research prioritization and requirements; professional development; milestones and feedback.
- Sec. 202. Testing, evaluation, and standards.
- Sec. 203. External review.
- Sec. 204. Office of Public-Private Partnerships.

#### TITLE III—REPORTS

- Sec. 301. Directorate of Science and Technology strategic plan.
- Sec. 302. Report on technology requirements.
- Sec. 303. Report on venture capital organization.

#### TITLE IV—DIRECTORATE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMS

- Sec. 401. Limitations on research.
- Sec. 402. University-based centers.
- Sec. 403. Review of university-based centers.
- Sec. 404. Cybersecurity research and development.
- Sec. 405. National Research Council study of cybersecurity incentives.
- Sec. 406. Research on cyber compromise of infrastructure.
- Sec. 407. Dual-use terrorist risks from synthetic genomics.
- Sec. 408. Underwater tunnel security demonstration project.
- Sec. 409. Threats research and development.
- Sec. 410. Maritime domain awareness and maritime security technology test, evaluation, and transition capabilities.
- Sec. 411. Rapid biological threat detection and identification.
- Sec. 412. Educating the public about radiological threats.
- Sec. 413. Rural resilience initiative.
- Sec. 414. Sense of Congress regarding the need for interoperability standards for Internet protocol video surveillance technology.
- Sec. 415. Homeland Security Science and Technology Fellows Program.
- Sec. 416. Biological threat agent assay equivalency.
- Sec. 417. Study of feasibility and benefit of expanding or establishing program to create a new cybersecurity capacity building track at certain institutions of higher education.
- Sec. 418. Sense of Congress regarding centers of excellence.
- Sec. 419. Assessment, research, testing, and evaluation of technologies to mitigate the threat of small vessel attack.
- Sec. 420. Research and development projects.
- Sec. 421. National Urban Security Technology Laboratory.
- Sec. 422. Homeland security science and technology advisory committee.

#### TITLE V—DOMESTIC NUCLEAR DETECTION OFFICE

- Sec. 501. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 502. Domestic Nuclear Detection Office oversight.
- Sec. 503. Strategic plan and funding allocations for global nuclear detection architecture.
- Sec. 504. Radiation portal monitor alternatives.
- Sec. 505. Authorization of Securing the Cities Initiative.

#### TITLE VI—CLARIFYING AMENDMENTS

- Sec. 601. Federally funded research and development centers.
- Sec. 602. Elimination of Homeland Security Institute.
- Sec. 603. GAO study of the implementation of the statutory relationship between the Department and the Department of Energy national laboratories.
- Sec. 604. Technical changes.

#### TITLE VII—COMMISSION ON THE PROTECTION OF CRITICAL ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC INFRASTRUCTURES

Sec. 701. Commission on the Protection of Critical Electric and Electronic Infrastructures.

#### TITLE VIII—BORDER SECURITY TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION

- Sec. 801. Ensuring research activities of the Department of Homeland Security include appropriate concepts of operation.
- Sec. 802. Report on basic research needs for border and maritime security.
- Sec. 803. Incorporating unmanned aerial vehicles into border and maritime airspace.
- Sec. 804. Establishing a research program in tunnel detection.
- Sec. 805. Research in document security and authentication technologies.
- Sec. 806. Study on global positioning system technologies.
- Sec. 807. Study of mobile biometric technologies at the border.
- Sec. 808. Authorization of appropriations.

#### 1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act:
- 3 (1)APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COM-MITTEE.—The term "appropriate congressional com-4 5 mittee" means the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Science and Technology of 6 7 the House of Representatives and any committee of 8 the House of Representatives or the Senate having 9 legislative jurisdiction under the rules of the House

1	of Representatives or Senate, respectively, over the
2	matter concerned.
3	(2) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department"
4	means the Department of Homeland Security.
5	(3) DIRECTORATE.—The term "Directorate"
6	means the Directorate of Science and Technology of
7	the Department.
8	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
9	the Secretary of Homeland Security.
10	(5) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under
11	Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Science
12	and Technology of the Department.
13	SEC. 4. REFERENCES.
14	Except as otherwise specifically provided, whenever in
15	this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms
16	of an amendment to, or repeal of, a provision, the ref-
17	erence shall be considered to be made to a provision of
18	the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 et
19	seq.).
20	TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF
21	APPROPRIATIONS
22	SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
23	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Under
24	Secretary \$1,121,664,000 for fiscal year 2011 and

1 \$1,155,313,920 for fiscal year 2012 for the necessary ex-2 penses of the Directorate. TITLE II—MANAGEMENT AND 3 ADMINISTRATION 4 5 SEC. 201. RESEARCH PRIORITIZATION AND REQUIRE-6 PROFESSIONAL **DEVELOPMENT: MENTS**; 7 **MILESTONES AND FEEDBACK.** 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title III (6 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) 9 is amended by adding at the end the following new sec-10 tions: 11 "SEC. 318. RESEARCH PRIORITIZATION AND REQUIRE-12 MENTS. 13 "(a) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall— 14 "(1) by not later than 180 days after the date 15 of enactment of this section, establish requirements 16 for how basic and applied homeland security re-17 search shall be identified, prioritized, funded, tasked, 18 and evaluated by the Directorate of Science and 19 Technology, including the roles and responsibilities 20 of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, 21 the Under Secretary for Policy, the Under Secretary 22 for Management, the Director of the Office of Risk 23 Management and Analysis, the Director of the Do-24 mestic Nuclear Detection Office, and the heads of 25 operational components of the Department; and

1 (2) to the greatest extent possible, seek to 2 publicize the requirements for the purpose of inform-3 ing the Federal, State, and local governments, first 4 responders, and the private sector. 5 "(b) CONTENTS.—In the requirements, the Secretary 6 shall— "(1) identify the Directorate of Science and 7 8 Technology's customers within and outside of the 9 Department; 10 "(2) describe the risk formula and risk assess-11 ment tools, including the risk assessment required 12 under subsection (e)(1) that the Department con-13 siders to identify, prioritize, and fund homeland se-14 curity research projects; 15 "(3) describe the considerations to be used by 16 the Directorate to task projects to research entities, 17 including the national laboratories, federally funded 18 research and development centers, and university-19 based centers; 20 "(4) describe the protocols to be used to assess 21 off-the-shelf technology to determine if an identified 22 homeland security capability gap can be addressed 23 through the acquisition process instead of com-24 mencing research and development of technology to 25 address that capability gap;

1 "(5) describe the processes to be used by the 2 Directorate to strengthen first responder participa-3 tion in identifying and prioritizing homeland security 4 technological gaps, including by— "(A) soliciting feedback from appropriate 5 6 national associations and advisory groups rep-7 resenting the first responder community and 8 first responders within the components of the 9 Department; and 10 "(B) establishing and promoting a publicly 11 accessible portal to allow the first responder 12 community to help the Directorate develop 13 homeland security research and development 14 goals; "(6) describe a mechanism to publicize the De-15 16 partment's funded and unfunded homeland security 17 technology priorities; and 18 "(7) include such other requirements, policies, 19 and practices as the Secretary considers necessary. "(c) ACTIVITIES IN SUPPORT OF THE RESEARCH 20 21 PRIORITIZATION AND REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than

22 one year after the date of the issuance of the require-23 ments, the Secretary shall—

24 "(1) carry out the requirements of subsection25 (a);

1	"(2) establish, through the Under Secretary for
2	Science and Technology and Under Secretary for
3	Management, a mandatory workforce program for
4	the Directorate's customers in the Department to
5	better identify and prioritize homeland security ca-
6	pability gaps that may be addressed by a techno-
7	logical solution based on the assessment required
8	under section $319(a)(2)$ ;
9	"(3) establish a system to collect feedback from
10	customers of the Directorate on the performance of
11	the Directorate; and
12	"(4) any other activities that the Secretary con-
13	siders to be necessary to implement the require-
14	ments.
15	"(d) BIANNUAL UPDATES ON IMPLEMENTATION.—
16	One hundred and eighty days after the date of enactment
17	of this section, and on a biannually basis thereafter, the
18	Inspector General of the Department shall submit a bian-
19	nually update to the appropriate congressional committees
20	on the status of implementation of the research
21	prioritization and requirements and activities in support
22	of such requirements.
23	"(e) RISK ASSESSMENT.—The Secretary shall—

24 "(1) submit to the appropriate congressional25 committees by not later than one year after the date

of enactment of this subsection and annually there after—

3 "(A) a national-level risk assessment car-4 ried out by the Secretary, describing and 5 prioritizing the greatest risks to the homeland, 6 that includes vulnerability studies, asset values 7 (including asset values for intangible assets), 8 estimated rates of occurrence, countermeasures 9 employed, loss expectancy, cost/benefit analyses, 10 and other practices generally associated with 11 producing a comprehensive risk assessment;

12 "(B) an analysis of the Directorate's ap-13 proach to mitigating the homeland security 14 risks identified under subparagraph  $(\mathbf{A})$ 15 through basic and applied research, develop-16 ment, demonstration, testing, and evaluation 17 activities, as appropriate;

"(C) an analysis, based on statistics and
metrics, of the effectiveness of the Directorate
in reducing the homeland security risks identified under subparagraph (A) through the deployment of homeland security technologies researched or developed by the Directorate, as appropriate;

	10
1	"(D) a description of how the analysis re-
2	quired under subparagraph (A) shall be used to
3	inform, guide, and prioritize the Department's
4	homeland security research and development ac-
5	tivities, including recommendations for how the
6	Directorate should modify or amend its existing
7	research and development activities, including
8	for purposes of reducing the risks to the home-
9	land identified under subparagraph (A); and
10	"(E) a description of input from other rel-
11	evant Federal, State, or local agencies and rel-
12	evant private sector entities in conducting the
13	risk assessment required by subparagraph (A);
14	and
15	((2) conduct research and development on ways
16	to most effectively communicate information regard-
17	ing the risks identified under paragraph (1)(A) to
18	the media as well as directly to the public, both on
19	an ongoing basis and during a terrorist attack or
20	other incident.
21	"(f) REPORT ON HSARPA ACTIVITIES.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the Fed-
23	eral Acquisition Regulation and any other relevant
24	Federal requirements, not later than 60 days after
25	the date of enactment of this subsection and annu-

1	ally thereafter, the Secretary shall submit a report
2	to the appropriate congressional committees con-
3	taining the research, development, testing, evalua-
4	tion, prototyping, and deployment activities under-
5	taken by the Homeland Security Advanced Research
6	Projects Agency during the previous fiscal year, in-
7	cluding funds expended for such activities in the pre-
8	vious fiscal year.
9	"(2) CONTENTS.—For each activity under-
10	taken, the report shall—
11	"(A) describe, as appropriate, the cor-
12	responding risk identified in subsection
13	(e)(1)(A) that supports the decision to under-
14	take that activity; and
15	"(B) describe any efforts made to transi-
16	tion that activity into a Federal, State, or local
17	acquisition program.
18	"(3) Additional activities.—The Secretary
19	shall include in each report a description of each
20	proposal that was reviewed in the period covered by
21	the report by the Director of the Homeland Security
22	Advanced Research Projects Agency under section
23	313(d)(3), including a statement of whether the pro-
24	posal received a grant, cooperative agreement, or
25	contract from the Director.

### 1 "SEC. 319. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

2 "(a) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Sixty days before
3 establishing the mandatory workforce program as required
4 by section 318(c)(2), the Secretary shall report to the ap5 propriate congressional committees on the following:

6 "(1) A description of how homeland security
7 technological requirements are developed by the Di8 rectorate of Science and Technology's customers
9 within the Department.

"(2) A description of the training that should
be provided to the Directorate's customers in the
Department under the mandatory workforce program to allow them to identify, express, and
prioritize homeland security capability gaps.

15 "(3) A plan for how the Directorate, in coordi-16 nation with the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office 17 and other Department components, can enhance and 18 improve technology requirements development and 19 the technology acquisition process, to accelerate the 20 delivery of effective, suitable technologies that meet 21 performance requirements and appropriately address 22 an identified homeland security capability gap.

23 "(4) An assessment of whether Congress should
24 authorize, in addition to the program required under
25 section 318(c)(2), a training program for Depart-

1	ment employees to be trained in requirements writ-
2	ing and acquisition, that—
3	"(A) is prepared in consultation with the
4	Department of Veterans Affairs Acquisition
5	Academy and the Defense Acquisition Univer-
6	sity; and
7	"(B) if the Secretary determines that such
8	additional training should be authorized by
9	Congress, includes specification about—
10	"(i) the type, skill set, and job series
11	of Department employees who would ben-
12	efit from such training, including an esti-
13	mate of the number of such employees;
14	"(ii) a suggested curriculum for the
15	training;
16	"(iii) the type and skill set of edu-
17	cators who could most effectively teach
18	those skills;
19	"(iv) the length and duration of the
20	training;
21	"(v) the advantages and disadvan-
22	tages of training employees in a live class-
23	room, or virtual classroom, or both;
24	"(vi) cost estimates for the training;
25	and

"(vii) the role of the Directorate in
 supporting the training.

3 "(b) USE OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CEN4 TER.—The Secretary is encouraged to use a federally
5 funded research and development center to assist the Sec6 retary in carrying out the requirements of this section.

# 7 "SEC. 320. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK.

8 "In establishing a system to collect feedback under
9 section 318(c)(3), the Secretary shall—

"(1) create a formal process for collecting feedback from customers on the effectiveness of the
technology or services delivered by Directorate of
Science and Technology, including through randomized sampling, focus groups, and other methods as
appropriate;

16 "(2) develop metrics for measuring customer
17 satisfaction and the usefulness of any technology or
18 service provided by the Directorate; and

19 "(3) establish standards and performance meas20 ures to be met by the Directorate in order to provide
21 high-quality customer service.

# 22 "SEC. 321. RESEARCH PROGRESS.

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a
24 system to monitor the progress of Directorate for Science
25 and Technology research, development, testing, and eval-

uation activities, including the establishment of initial and
 subsequent research milestones.

3 "(b) SYSTEM.—The system established under sub-4 section (a) shall—

5 "(1) identify and monitor the progress toward6 research milestones;

7 "(2) allow the Directorate to provide regular re8 ports to its customers regarding the status and
9 progress of research efforts of the Directorate;

"(3) allow the Secretary to evaluate how a technology or service produced as a result of the Directorate's programs has affected homeland security capability gaps; and

"(4) allow the Secretary to report the number
of products and services developed by the Directorate that have been transitioned into acquisition
programs.

18 "(c) GUIDANCE.—The Under Secretary for Science
19 and Technology shall publicize and implement guidance on
20 setting valid initial and subsequent research milestones for
21 homeland security research funded by the Directorate.

# 22 "SEC. 322. REPORT.

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall sub24 mit a report to the appropriate congressional commit25 tees—

1	((1) by not later than one year after the date
2	of enactment of sections 320 and 321 identifying
3	what actions have been taken to carry out the re-
4	quirements of these sections; and
5	"(2) annually thereafter describing—
6	"(A) research milestones for each large
7	project with a Federal cost share greater than
8	\$80,000,000 that have been successfully met
9	and missed, including for each missed mile-
10	stone, an explanation of why the milestone was
11	missed; and
12	"(B) customer feedback collected and the
13	success of the Directorate in meeting the cus-
14	tomer service performance measures and stand-
15	ards, including an evaluation of the effective-
16	ness of the technology or services delivered by
17	the Directorate.".
18	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents
19	in section 1(b) is amended in the items relating to subtitle
20	D of title II—
21	(1) in the item relating to the heading for the
22	subtitle, by striking "Office of";
23	(2) in the item relating to section 231, by strik-
24	ing "office" and inserting "Office of Science and
25	Technology"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new

2 items:

- "Sec. 318. Research prioritization and requirements.
- "Sec. 319. Professional development.
- "Sec. 320. Customer feedback.
- "Sec. 321. Research progress.
- "Sec. 322. Report.

#### 3 SEC. 202. TESTING, EVALUATION, AND STANDARDS.

4 Section 308 (6 U.S.C. 188) is amended by adding5 at the end of the following new subsection:

6 "(d) Test, Evaluation, and Standards Divi-7 sion.—

8 "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in
9 the Directorate of Science and Technology a Test,
10 Evaluation, and Standards Division.

"(2) DIRECTOR.—The Test, Evaluation, and
Standards Division shall be headed by a Director of
Test, Evaluation, and Standards, who shall be appointed by the Secretary and report to the Under
Secretary for Science and Technology.

16 "(3) RESPONSIBILITIES, AUTHORITIES, AND
17 FUNCTIONS.—The Director of Test, Evaluation, and
18 Standards—

"(A) is the principal adviser to the Secretary, the Under Secretary of Management,
and the Under Secretary for Science and Technology on all test and evaluation or standards
activities in the Department; and

18

"(B) shall—

2 "(i) prescribe test and evaluation poli3 cies for the Department, which shall in4 clude policies to ensure that operational
5 testing is done at facilities that already
6 have relevant and appropriate safety and
7 material certifications to the extent such
8 facilities are available;

9 "(ii) oversee and ensure that adequate test and evaluation activities are planned 10 11 and conducted by or on behalf of compo-12 nents of the Department in major acquisi-13 tion programs of the Department, as des-14 ignated by the Secretary, based on risk, 15 acquisition level, novelty, complexity, and 16 size of the acquisition program, or as oth-17 erwise established in statute;

18 "(iii) review major acquisition pro19 gram test reports and test data to assess
20 the adequacy of test and evaluation activi21 ties conducted by or on behalf of compo22 nents of the Department; and

23 "(iv) review available test and evalua24 tion infrastructure to determine whether
25 the Department has adequate resources to

1	carry out its testing and evaluation respon-
2	sibilities, as established under this title.
3	"(4) Deputy director of operational test
4	AND EVALUATION.—Within the Division there shall
5	be a Deputy Director of Operational Test and Eval-
6	uation, who—
7	"(A) is the principal operational test and
8	evaluation official for the Department; and
9	"(B) shall—
10	"(i) monitor and review the oper-
11	ational testing and evaluation activities
12	conducted by or on behalf of components
13	of the Department in major acquisition
14	programs of the Department, as des-
15	ignated by the Secretary, based on risk,
16	acquisition level, novelty, complexity, and
17	size of the acquisition program, or as oth-
18	erwise established in statute;
19	"(ii) provide the Department with as-
20	sessments of the adequacy of testing and
21	evaluation activities conducted in support
22	of major acquisitions programs; and
23	"(iii) have prompt and full access to
24	test and evaluation documents, data, and
25	test results of the Department that the

1	Deputy Director considers necessary to re-
2	view in order to carry out the duties of the
3	Deputy Director under this section.
4	"(5) STANDARDS EXECUTIVE.—Within this Di-
5	vision, there shall be a Standards Executive as de-
6	scribed in Office of Management and Budget Cir-
7	cular A–119. The Standards Executive shall—
8	"(A) implement the Department's stand-
9	ards policy as described in section $102(g)$ ; and
10	"(B) support the Department's use of
11	technical standards that are developed or adopt-
12	ed by voluntary consensus standards bodies in
13	accordance with section 12(d) of the National
14	Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of
15	1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note).
16	"(6) LIMITATION.—The Division is not required
17	to carry out operational testing.
18	"(7) EVALUATION OF DEPARTMENT OF DE-
19	FENSE TECHNOLOGIES.—The Director of Test,
20	Evaluation, and Standards may evaluate tech-
21	nologies currently in use or being developed by the
22	Department of Defense to assess whether they can
23	be leveraged to address homeland security capability
24	gaps.".

# 1 SEC. 203. EXTERNAL REVIEW.

(a) RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE
UNDER SECRETARY.—Section 302 (6 U.S.C. 183) is
amended by striking "and" after the semicolon at the end
of paragraph (13), by striking the period at the end of
paragraph (14) and inserting "; and", and by adding at
the end the following new paragraph:

8 "(15) developing and overseeing the administra-9 tion of guidelines for periodic external review of re-10 search and development programs or activities, in-11 cluding through—

"(A) consultation with experts, including
scientists and practitioners, about the research
and development activities conducted by the Directorate of Science and Technology; and

16 "(B) ongoing independent, external re17 view—

18 "(i) initially at the division level; or

19 "(ii) when divisions conduct multiple20 programs focused on significantly different

21 subjects, at the program level.".

(b) REPORT.—The Secretary shall report to Congress
not later than 60 days after the completion of the first
review under section 302(15)(B) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as amended by subsection (a) of this
section on—

22

(1) the findings of the review; and

2 (2) any future efforts to ensure that the De3 partment's research programs or activities are sub4 ject to external review, as appropriate.

5 SEC. 204. OFFICE OF PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.

6 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 313 (6 U.S.C. 193)
7 is amended to read as follows:

# 8 "SEC. 313. OFFICE OF PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.

9 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—There is estab10 lished an Office of Public-Private Partnerships in the Di11 rectorate of Science and Technology.

"(b) DIRECTOR.—The Office shall be headed by a Director, who shall be appointed by the Secretary. The Director shall report to the Under Secretary for Science and
Technology.

16 "(c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Director, in coordina17 tion with the Private Sector Office of the Department,
18 shall—

"(1) engage and initiate proactive outreach efforts and provide guidance on how to pursue proposals to develop or deploy homeland security technologies (including regarding Federal funding, regulation, or acquisition), including to persons associated with small businesses (as that term is defined
in the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.));

1 "(2) coordinate with components of the Depart-2 ment to issue announcements seeking unique and in-3 novative homeland security technologies to address 4 homeland security capability gaps; 5 "(3) promote interaction between homeland se-6 curity researchers and private sector companies in 7 order to accelerate transition research or a prototype 8 into a commercial product and streamline the han-9 dling of intellectual property; and 10 "(4) conduct technology research assessment 11 and marketplace analysis for the purpose of identi-12 fying, leveraging, and integrating best-of-breed tech-13 nologies and capabilities from industry, academia, 14 and other Federal Government agencies, and dis-15 seminate research and findings to Federal, State, 16 and local governments. 17 "(d) RAPID REVIEW DIVISION.—

18 "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established
19 the Rapid Review Division within the Office of Pub20 lic-Private Partnerships.

21 "(2) Purpose and duties.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Division—

23 "(i) is responsible for maintaining a
24 capability to perform business and tech25 nical reviews to assist in screening unsolic-

1	ited homeland security technology pro-
2	posals submitted to the Secretary; and
3	"(ii) shall assess the feasibility, sci-
4	entific and technical merits, and estimated
5	cost of such proposals.
6	"(B) Specific duties.—In carrying out
7	those duties, the Division shall—
8	"(i) maintain awareness of the techno-
9	logical requirements of the Directorate's
10	customers;
11	"(ii) establish and publicize accessible,
12	streamlined procedures allowing a partici-
13	pant to have their technology assessed by
14	the Division;
15	"(iii) make knowledgeable assessments
16	of a participant's technology after receiving
17	a business plan, a technology proposal, and
18	a list of corporate officers, directors, and
19	employees with technical knowledge of the
20	proposal, within 60 days after such a sub-
21	mission;
22	"(iv) review proposals submitted by
23	components of the Department to the Divi-
24	sion, subject to subsection (e); and

1	"(v) in reviewing proposals submitted
2	to the Secretary, give priority to any pro-
3	posal submitted by a small business con-
4	cern as defined under section 3 of the
5	Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).
6	"(3) COORDINATION.—The Director shall sub-
7	mit for consideration promising homeland security
8	technology research, development, testing, and eval-
9	uation proposals, along with any business and tech-
10	nical reviews, to the appropriate subcomponents of
11	the Directorate and the appropriate operational com-
12	ponents of the Department for consideration for
13	support.
14	"(e) Limitation on Consideration or Evalua-
14 15	"(e) LIMITATION ON CONSIDERATION OR EVALUA- TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or
15	TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or evaluate homeland security technology proposals sub-
15 16	TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or evaluate homeland security technology proposals sub-
15 16 17	TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or evaluate homeland security technology proposals sub- mitted in response to a solicitation for offers for a pending
15 16 17 18	TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or evaluate homeland security technology proposals sub- mitted in response to a solicitation for offers for a pending procurement or for a specific agency requirement.
15 16 17 18 19	TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or evaluate homeland security technology proposals sub- mitted in response to a solicitation for offers for a pending procurement or for a specific agency requirement. "(f) SATELLITE OFFICES.—The Under Secretary,
15 16 17 18 19 20	TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or evaluate homeland security technology proposals sub- mitted in response to a solicitation for offers for a pending procurement or for a specific agency requirement. "(f) SATELLITE OFFICES.—The Under Secretary, acting through the Director, may establish up to 3 satellite
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	TION OF PROPOSALS.—The Office may not consider or evaluate homeland security technology proposals sub- mitted in response to a solicitation for offers for a pending procurement or for a specific agency requirement. "(f) SATELLITE OFFICES.—The Under Secretary, acting through the Director, may establish up to 3 satellite offices across the country to enhance the Department's

"(g) PERSONNEL.—The Secretary shall establish
 rules to prevent the Director or any other employee of the
 Office from acting on matters where a conflict of interest
 may exist.".

5 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
6 in section 1(b) is amended by striking the item relating
7 to such section and inserting the following:
"Sec. 313. Office of Public-Private Partnerships.".

8 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the 9 amount authorized by section 101, there is authorized to 10 be appropriated \$30,000,000 for the Office of Public-Pri-11 vate Partnerships for each of fiscal years 2011 and 2012.

# TITLE III—REPORTS

13 SEC. 301. DIRECTORATE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

14

12

#### STRATEGIC PLAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title III (6 U.S.C. 181 et seq.),
as amended by section 201, is further amended by adding
at the end the following new section:

# 18 "SEC. 323. STRATEGIC PLAN.

"(a) REQUIREMENT FOR STRATEGIC PLAN.—Not
later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section and every other year thereafter, the Under Secretary
for Science and Technology shall prepare a strategic plan
for the activities of the Directorate.

24 "(b) CONTENTS.—The strategic plan required by25 subsection (a) shall be prepared in accordance with appli-

cable Federal requirements, and shall include the following
 matters:

- 3 "(1) The long-term strategic goals of the Direc-4 torate.
- 5 "(2) Identification of the research programs of
  6 the Directorate that support achievement of those
  7 strategic goals.
- 8 "(3) The connection of the activities and pro-9 grams of the Directorate to requirements or home-10 land security capability gaps identified by customers 11 within the Department and outside of the Depart-12 ment, including the first responder community.
- 13 "(4) The role of the Department's risk analysis14 in the activities and programs of the Directorate.
- 15 "(5) A technology transition strategy for the16 programs of the Directorate.
- 17 "(6) A description of the policies of the Direc18 torate on the management, organization, and per19 sonnel of the Directorate.

"(c) SUBMISSION OF PLAN TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall submit to Congress any update to the strategic plan most recently prepared under subsection (a) at
the same time that the President submits to Congress the
budget for each even-numbered fiscal year.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
 in section 1(b), as amended by section 201, is further
 amended by adding at the end of the items relating to
 title III the following new item:

"Sec. 323. Strategic plan.".

#### 5 SEC. 302. REPORT ON TECHNOLOGY REQUIREMENTS.

6 Section 302 (6 U.S.C. 182) is amended by inserting
7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—" before the first sentence, and by
8 adding at the end the following new subsection:

9 "(b) REPORT ON TECHNOLOGY REQUIREMENTS.—

10 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Within 90 days after the 11 date of enactment, the Under Secretary shall, for 12 each current project conducted by the Directorate 13 and having a Federal cost share greater than 14 \$80,000,000, and on an ongoing basis thereafter for any new project conducted by the Directorate and 15 16 having Federal share cost greater than a 17 \$80,000,000, provide to the appropriate congres-18 sional committees a description of—

19 "(A) the Department components and cus20 tomers consulted during the development of the
21 operational and technical requirements associ22 ated with the project; and

23 "(B) the extent to which the requirements
24 incorporate the input of those components or
25 customers.

(473404|8)

1 "(2) LARGE PROJECTS.—Within 90 days after 2 the date of enactment, the Secretary shall, for each 3 current project conducted by a component of the De-4 partment besides the Directorate, and having a life-5 cycle cost greater than \$1,000,000,000, and on an 6 ongoing basis thereafter for any new project con-7 ducted by a component of the Department besides 8 the Directorate, and having a life-cycle cost greater 9 than \$1,000,000,000, provide to the appropriate 10 congressional committees detailed operational and 11 technical requirements that are associated with the 12 project.".

# 13 SEC. 303. REPORT ON VENTURE CAPITAL ORGANIZATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
a report to the appropriate congressional committees—

17 (1) assessing the current role of the venture 18 capital community in funding advanced homeland se-19 curity technologies, including technologies proposed 20 by small business concerns as defined under section 21 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632); and 22 (2) providing recommendations about creating a 23 nonprofit organization for the purposes of delivering 24 advanced homeland security technologies to the homeland security community to further its mis sions.

3 (b) CONTENTS.—The report shall include the fol-4 lowing:

5 (1) An assessment of the current awareness
6 and insight that the Department has regarding ad7 vanced private sector homeland security innovation,
8 and the Department's ability to quickly transition
9 innovative products into acquisitions.

10 (2) A description of how the Department cur-11 rently finds and works with emerging companies, 12 particularly firms that have never done business with the Federal Government, small business con-13 14 cerns, small business concerns that are owned and 15 operated by women, small business concerns that are 16 owned and operated by veterans, and minority-17 owned and operated small business concerns.

(3) An assessment and analysis of the current
role that venture capitalists play in the development
of homeland security technologies, including an assessment of how the venture capital community
could be leveraged to accelerate technology, foster
development, and introduce new technologies needed
by the homeland security community.

(4) An assessment of whether the Department
 could help nascent commercial technologies mature
 into commercial-off-the-shelf products the homeland
 security community could acquire.

(5) An analysis of whether the Central Intelligence Agency's In-Q-Tel organization or the Department of Defense's OnPoint Technologies organization could serve as a model for the development of
homeland security technology at the Department.

10 (6) Recommendations of the Secretary regard-11 ing how Congress could authorize the establishment 12 of a private, independent, not-for-profit organization 13 to bridge the gap between the technology needs of 14 the homeland security community and new advances 15 in commercial technology, including specifics on po-16 tential funding levels, activities for the organization, 17 including the provision of technical assistance, and 18 whether to establish set-asides for small businesses 19 that are minority-owned and operated or located in 20 socially and economically disadvantaged areas.

(c) USE OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER.—The Secretary is encouraged to use a federally
funded research and development center to produce the
report under this section.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the
 amount authorized by section 101, there is authorized to
 be appropriated \$500,000 for the report under this sec tion.

# 5 TITLE IV—DIRECTORATE OF 6 SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY 7 PROGRAMS

# 8 SEC. 401. LIMITATIONS ON RESEARCH.

9 Section 302(a)(4), as designated by section 302, is 10 further amended by inserting after "extramural pro-11 grams," the following: "that, to the greatest extent pos-12 sible, addresses a prioritized risk to the homeland as iden-13 tified by a risk analysis under section 226(e) of this Act".

# 14 SEC. 402. UNIVERSITY-BASED CENTERS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the
amount authorized by section 101, there is authorized to
be appropriated \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2011 and
\$41,200,000 for fiscal year 2012 to the Secretary to carry
out the university-based centers program of the Department.

(b) CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATION.—Section
308(b)(2)(B)(iii) (6 U.S.C. 188(b)(2)(B)(iii)) is amended
by inserting before the period at the end the following:
", including medical readiness training and research, and

community resiliency for public health and healthcare crit ical infrastructure".

3 (c) EXPLOSIVE COUNTERMEASURES OR DETEC4 TION.—Section 308(b)(2)(B)(iv) (6 U.S.C.
5 188(b)(2)(B)(iv)) is amended by striking "and nuclear"
6 and inserting "nuclear, and explosive".

# 7 SEC. 403. REVIEW OF UNIVERSITY-BASED CENTERS.

8 (a) GAO STUDY OF UNIVERSITY-BASED CENTERS.— 9 Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of 10 this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States 11 shall initiate a study to assess the university-based centers 12 for homeland security program authorized by section 308(b)(2) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6) 13 U.S.C. 188(b)(2), and provide recommendations to the 14 15 appropriate congressional committees for appropriate improvements. 16

17 (b) SUBJECT MATTERS.—The study under sub-18 section (a) shall include the following:

(1) A review of the Department's efforts to
identify key areas of study needed to support the
homeland security mission, and criteria that the Department utilized to determine those key areas for
which the Department should maintain, establish, or
eliminate university-based centers.

1	(2) A review of the method by which university-
2	based centers, federally funded research and develop-
3	ment centers, and Department of Energy national
4	laboratories receive tasking from the Department,
5	including a review of how university-based research
6	is identified, prioritized, and funded.
7	(3) A review of selection criteria for designating
8	university-based centers and a weighting of such cri-
9	teria.
10	(4) An examination of best practices from other
11	agencies efforts to organize and use university-based
12	research to support their missions.
13	(5) A review of the Department's criteria and
14	metrics to measure demonstrable progress achieved
15	by university-based centers in fulfilling Department
16	taskings, and mechanisms for delivering and dis-
17	seminating the research results of designated univer-
18	sity-based centers within the Department and to
19	other Federal, State, and local agencies.
20	(6) An examination of the means by which aca-
21	demic institutions that are not designated or associ-
22	ated with the designated university-based centers
23	can optimally contribute to the research mission of
24	the Directorate.

(7) An assessment of the interrelationship be tween the different university-based centers.

3 (8) A review of any other essential elements of
4 the programs determined in the conduct of the
5 study.

6 (c) MORATORIUM ON NEW UNIVERSITY-BASED CEN7 TERS.—The Secretary may not designate any new univer8 sity-based centers to research new areas in homeland secu9 rity prior to the completion of the Comptroller General's
10 review.

#### 11 SEC. 404. CYBERSECURITY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall support research, development, testing, evaluation, and tran-13 sition of cybersecurity technology, including fundamental, 14 15 long-term research to improve the ability of the United States to prevent, protect against, detect, respond to, and 16 recover from acts of terrorism and cyber attacks, with an 17 18 emphasis on research and development relevant to large-19 scale, high-impact attacks.

20 (b) ACTIVITIES.—The research and development sup21 ported under subsection (a) shall include work to—

(1) advance the development and accelerate the
deployment of more secure versions of fundamental
Internet protocols and architectures, including for
the domain name system and routing protocols;

1	(2) improve and create technologies for detect-
2	ing attacks or intrusions, including real-time moni-
3	toring and real-time analytic technologies;
4	(3) improve and create mitigation and recovery
5	methodologies, including techniques and policies for
6	real-time containment of attacks, and development
7	of resilient networks and systems that degrade
8	gracefully;
9	(4) develop and support infrastructure and tools
10	to support cybersecurity research and development
11	efforts, including modeling, testbeds, and data sets
12	for assessment of new cybersecurity technologies;
13	(5) assist the development and support of tech-
14	nologies to reduce vulnerabilities in process control
15	systems;
16	(6) develop and support cyber forensics and at-
17	tack attribution; and
18	(7) test, evaluate, and facilitate the transfer of
19	technologies associated with the engineering of less
20	vulnerable software and securing the information
21	technology software development lifecycle.
22	(c) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this section, the
23	Under Secretary shall coordinate activities with—
24	(1) the Under Secretary for National Protection
25	and Programs; and

1 (2) the heads of other relevant Federal depart-2 ments and agencies, including the National Science 3 the Defense Advanced Foundation, Research Projects Agency, the Information Assurance Direc-4 5 torate of the National Security Agency, the National 6 Institute of Standards and Technology, the Depart-7 ment of Commerce, and other appropriate working 8 groups established by the President to identify 9 unmet needs and cooperatively support activities, as 10 appropriate. 11 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF CYBERSECURITY PREPARED-NESS CONSORTIUM AND TRAINING CENTER.-12 13 (1) Cybersecurity preparedness consor-14 TIUM.—Subtitle C of title II of the Homeland Secu-15 rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121 et seq.) is amended 16 by adding at the end the following new section: 17 "SEC. 226. CYBERSECURITY PREPAREDNESS CONSORTIUM. 18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—To assist the Secretary in carrying out the requirements of section 404(a) of the Home-19 20 land Security Science and Technology Authorization Act

21 of 2010, the Secretary may establish a consortium to be

22 known as the 'Cybersecurity Preparedness Consortium'.

23 "(b) FUNCTIONS.—The Consortium shall—

1	"(1) provide training to State and local first re-
2	sponders and officials specifically for preparing and
3	responding to cybersecurity attacks;
4	"(2) develop and update a curriculum and
5	training model for State and local first responders
6	and officials;
7	"(3) provide technical assistance services to
8	build and sustain capabilities in support of cyberse-
9	curity preparedness and response;
10	"(4) conduct cybersecurity training and simula-
11	tion exercises to defend from and respond to cyber
12	attacks; and
13	((5) coordinate all cybersecurity preparedness
14	training activities conducted by the Department.
15	"(c) Members.—The Consortium shall consist of
16	academic, nonprofit, and government partners that—
17	((1) have demonstrated expertise in developing
18	and delivering cybersecurity training in support of
19	homeland security;
20	((2) have demonstrated ability to utilize exist-
21	ing courses and expertise developed by the Depart-
22	ment;
23	"(3) have demonstrated ability to coordinate
24	with the National Domestic Preparedness Consor-

tium and other training programs within the De partment; and
 "(4) include at least 3 academic institutions
 that are any combination of historically Black col leges and universities, Hispanic-serving institutions,
 or tribal colleges and universities, that fulfill the cri-

teria of paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this sub-section.

9 "(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term 'historically Black college or
university' has the meaning given the term 'part B
institution' in section 322(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061(2)).

15 "(2) HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The
16 term 'Hispanic-serving institution' has the meaning
17 given that term in section 502 of the Higher Edu18 cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1101(a)).

19 "(3) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The
20 term 'tribal college or university' has the meaning
21 given that term in section 316(b) of the Higher
22 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)).".

23 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 1(b) of
24 such Act is further amended by adding at the end

of the items relating to such subtitle the following
 new item:

"Sec. 226. Cybersecurity Preparedness Consortium.".

3 (3) CYBERSECURITY TRAINING CENTER.—Sub4 title C of title II of the Homeland Security Act of
5 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121 et seq.) is further amended by
6 adding at the end the following new section:

#### 7 "SEC. 227. CYBERSECURITY TRAINING CENTER.

8 "The Secretary may establish where appropriate a 9 Cybersecurity Training Center to provide training courses 10 and other resources for State and local first responders 11 and officials to improve preparedness and response capa-12 bilities.".

13 (4) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 1(b) of
14 such Act is further amended by adding at the end
15 of the items relating to such subtitle the following
16 new item:

"Sec. 227. Cybersecurity Training Center.".

17 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the 18 amount authorized by section 101, there is authorized to 19 be appropriated \$75,000,000 to the Department for each 20 of fiscal years 2011 and 2012 for the cybersecurity re-21 search and development activities of the Directorate to 22 prevent, detect, and respond to acts of terrorism and other 23 large-scale disruptions to information infrastructure.

### 1SEC. 405. NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL STUDY OF CY-2BERSECURITY INCENTIVES.

3 (a) STUDY.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary and the 4 5 Under Secretary for National Protection and Programs of the Department shall seek to enter into an agreement with 6 7 the National Research Council of the National Academy 8 of Sciences to conduct a study to assess methods that 9 might be used to promote market mechanisms that further cybersecurity and make recommendations for appropriate 10 11 improvements thereto.

12 (b) SUBJECT MATTERS.—The study required under13 subsection (a) shall include the following:

14 (1) Liability that subjects software and system
15 vendors and system operators to potential damages
16 for system breaches.

17 (2) Mandated reporting of security breaches
18 that could threaten critical functions, including pro19 vision of electricity and resiliency of the financial
20 sector.

21 (3) Regulation that under threat of civil pen22 alty, imposes best practices on system operators of
23 critical infrastructure.

(4) Certification from standards bodies about
conformance to relevant cybersecurity standards that
can be used as a marketplace differentiation.

(5) Accounting practices that require companies
 to report their cybersecurity practices and postures
 and the results of independently conducted red team
 simulated attacks or exercises.

5 (6) Cybersecurity risk insurance, including
6 analysis of the current marketplace and rec7 ommendations to promote cybersecurity insurance.

8 (c) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than two 9 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-10 retary shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-11 mittees the results of the study required under subsection 12 (a), together with any recommendations of the Secretary 13 related thereto.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the
amount authorized by section 101, there is authorized to
be appropriated \$500,000 to the Department for fiscal
year 2011 to carry out this section.

## 18 SEC. 406. RESEARCH ON CYBER COMPROMISE OF INFRA19 STRUCTURE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to section 201 of the
Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121) and in
furtherance of domestic preparedness for and collective response to a cyber attack by a terrorist or other person,
the Secretary, working with the heads of other national
security and intelligence agencies, shall periodically con-

1 duct research to determine if the security of federally 2 owned programmable electronic devices and communication networks, including hardware, software, and data, es-3 4 sential to the reliable operation of critical electric infra-5 structure has been compromised. 6 (b) SCOPE OF RESEARCH.—The scope of the research 7 required under subsection (a) shall include the following: 8 (1) The extent of any compromise. 9 (2) An identification of any attackers, including any affiliations with terrorists, terrorist organiza-10 11 tions, state entities, and non-state entities. 12 (3) The method of penetration.

(4) Ramifications of any such compromise onfuture operations of critical electric infrastructure.

(5) Secondary ramifications of any such compromise on other critical infrastructure sectors and
the functioning of civil society.

18 (6) Ramifications of any such compromise on19 national security, including war fighting capability.

20 (7) Recommended mitigation activities.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the date
a determination has been made under subsection (a), the
Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional
committees a report on the findings of such determination.

The report may contain a classified annex if the Secretary
 determines it to be appropriate.

# 3 SEC. 407. DUAL-USE TERRORIST RISKS FROM SYNTHETIC 4 GENOMICS.

5 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-6 gress that the field of synthetic genomics has the potential 7 to facilitate enormous gains in fundamental discovery and 8 biotechnological applications, but it also has inherent dual-9 use homeland security risks that must be managed.

10 (b) REQUIREMENT.—The Under Secretary shall ex-11 amine and report to the appropriate congressional com-12 mittees by not later than one year after the date of enact-13 ment of this Act on the homeland security implications 14 of the dual-use nature of synthetic genomics and, if the 15 Under Secretary determines that such research is appro-16 priate, may conduct research in that area, including—

(1) determining the current capability of synthetic nucleic acid providers to effectively differentiate a legitimate customer from a potential terrorist
or other malicious actor;

(2) determining the current capability of synthetic nucleic acid providers to effectively screen orders for sequences of homeland security concern;
and

(3) making recommendations regarding screen ing software, protocols, and other remaining capa bility gaps uncovered by the study.

## 4 SEC. 408. UNDERWATER TUNNEL SECURITY DEMONSTRA5 TION PROJECT.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in consulta-7 tion with the Assistant Secretary of the Transportation 8 Security Administration, shall conduct a demonstration 9 project to test and assess the feasibility and effectiveness 10 of certain technologies to enhance the security of under-11 water public transportation tunnels against terrorist at-12 tacks involving the use of improvised explosive devices.

(b) INFLATABLE PLUGS.—At least one of the technologies tested under subsection (a) shall be inflatable
plugs that may be rapidly deployed to prevent flooding of
an underwater public transportation tunnel.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the completion of the demonstration project under subsection (a),
the Under Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the results of the demonstration project.

#### 22 SEC. 409. THREATS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in carrying
out responsibilities under section 302 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182), may support research,

development, testing, evaluation, and transition of tech-1 2 nology that increases the Nation's preparedness against 3 chemical and biological threats and strengthens the Na-4 tion's preparedness and collective response against those threats through improved threat awareness and advanced 5 6 surveillance, detection, and protective countermeasures, 7 and to enhance the development of border security tech-8 nology.

9 (b) BIOLOGICAL SECURITY.—To carry out subsection 10 (a), the Under Secretary may conduct research to develop 11 understanding, technologies, and systems needed to pro-12 tect against biological attacks on the Nation's population 13 or infrastructure, including—

(1) providing advanced planning tools, concepts
of operations (including alarm resolution protocols),
and training exercises for responding to and recovering from biological attacks;

18 (2) developing biological assays and improved 19 detection technology that will operate with faster de-20 tection times, lower costs, and the potential for in-21 creased geographical coverage to the Nation when 22 compared to existing homeland security technologies; 23 (3) characterizing threats posed by biological 24 weapons, anticipating future threats, conducting 25 comprehensive threat and risk assessments to guide prioritization of the Nation's biodefense investments,
 and developing population threat assessments that
 inform the issuance of material threat determina tions;

(4) conducting bioforensics research in support 5 6 of criminal investigations to aid attribution, appre-7 hension, and prosecution of a terrorist or other per-8 petrator of a biological attack, and providing tools and facilities that Federal law enforcement inves-9 10 tigators need to analyze biological threat evidence re-11 covered, including operation of the National Bio-12 forensic Analysis Center; and

(5) conducting appropriate research and studies
that will increase our understanding of and uncertainties associated with risk and threats posed by biological agents through the Biological Threat Characterization Center and other means as determined
by the Secretary.

(c) AGRICULTURAL SECURITY.—The Under Secretary may conduct research and development to enhance
the protection of the Nation's agriculture and food system
against terrorist attacks, and other emergency events
through enhancement of current agricultural countermeasures, development of new agricultural countermeasures, and provision of safe, secure, state-of-the-art

biocontainment laboratories for researching foreign animal
 and zoonotic diseases, including—

3 (1) developing technologies to defend the Na-4 tion against the natural and intentional introduction 5 of selected foreign animal diseases, developing next-6 generation vaccines and diagnostics in coordination 7 with the Department of Agriculture, and modeling 8 the spread of foreign animal diseases and their eco-9 nomic impact to evaluate strategies for controlling 10 outbreaks; and

(2) leading the Department effort to enhance
interagency coordination of research and development of agricultural disease countermeasures.

14 (d) CHEMICAL SECURITY.—The Under Secretary
15 may develop technology to reduce the Nation's vulner16 ability to chemical warfare agents and commonly used
17 toxic industrial chemicals, including—

(1) developing a robust and enduring analytical
capability in support of chemical countermeasures
development, including developing and validating forensic methodologies and analytical tools, conducting
risk and vulnerability assessments based on chemical
threat properties, and maintaining infrastructure including the Chemical Security Analysis Center;

(2) developing technology to detect a chemical
 threat release; and

3 (3) developing technologies and guidance docu4 ments to foster a coordinated approach to returning
5 a chemically contaminated area to a normal condi6 tion, and to foster analysis of contaminated areas
7 both before and after the restoration process.

8 (e) RISK ASSESSMENTS.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall 10 produce risk assessments for biological and chemical 11 threats, and shall coordinate with the Director of the 12 Domestic Nuclear Detection Office of the Depart-13 ment, the Assistant Secretary of the Office of 14 Health Affairs of the Department, and the Assistant 15 Secretary of Infrastructure Protection of the De-16 partment on an integrated risk assessment, includ-17 ing regarding chemical, biological, radiological, nu-18 clear, and explosive threats.

(2) USAGE.—The assessments required under
paragraph (1) shall be used to inform and guide the
threat assessments and determinations by the Secretary regarding agents and toxins pursuant to section 302(9) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
(6 U.S.C. 182(9)), and to guide prioritization of
other homeland defense activities, as appropriate.

(3) TASK FORCE.—The Under Secretary for
 Science and Technology shall convene an interagency
 task force of relevant subject matter experts to assess the proposed methodology to be used for each
 assessment required under paragraph (1), and to
 provide recommendations to the Under Secretary as
 to the adequacy of such methodology.

8 (f) BORDER SECURITY.—The Under Secretary may 9 develop technology, in coordination with the Commissioner of Customs and Border Protection, to gain effective con-10 trol of the international land borders of the United States 11 12 within 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act. In carrying out such development activities, the Under 13 Secretary shall ensure coordination and integration be-14 15 tween new technologies developed and those already utilized by U.S. Customs and Border Protection. 16

#### 17 SEC. 410. MARITIME DOMAIN AWARENESS AND MARITIME

18

19

#### AND TRANSITION CAPABILITIES.

SECURITY TECHNOLOGY TEST, EVALUATION,

20 (a) GLOBAL MARITIME DOMAIN AWARENESS AND
21 MARITIME SECURITY TECHNOLOGY TEST, EVALUATION,
22 AND TRANSITION CAPABILITIES.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish capabilities for conducting global maritime
domain awareness and maritime security technology

1	test, evaluation, and transition, as provided in this
2	subsection.
3	(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of such capabili-
4	ties shall be to—
5	(A) direct technology test, evaluation, and
6	transition activities in furtherance of border
7	and maritime security; and
8	(B) evaluate such technology in diverse en-
9	vironments including coastal, seaport, and off-
10	shore locations.
11	(b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary, acting through
12	the Under Secretary, shall ensure that—
13	(1) technology test, evaluation, and transition
14	efforts funded by the Department in furtherance of
15	border and maritime security avoid duplication of ef-
16	
	forts, reduce unnecessary redundancies, streamline
17	forts, reduce unnecessary redundancies, streamline processes, increase efficiencies, and otherwise com-
17 18	
	processes, increase efficiencies, and otherwise com-
18	processes, increase efficiencies, and otherwise com- plement existing Department and other efforts in
18 19	processes, increase efficiencies, and otherwise com- plement existing Department and other efforts in border and maritime security; and

### 1SEC. 411. RAPID BIOLOGICAL THREAT DETECTION AND2IDENTIFICATION.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 302(4)of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 182(4)), 4 5 the Secretary shall require the Under Secretary, in consultation with other relevant operational components of 6 7 the Department, to assess whether the development of 8 screening capabilities for pandemic influenza and other in-9 fectious diseases should be undertaken by the Directorate to support entry and exit screening at ports of entry and 10 11 for other purposes.

12 (b) DEVELOPMENT OF METHODS.—If the Under 13 Secretary determines that the development of such screen-14 ing capabilities should be undertaken, the Secretary shall, 15 to the extent possible, initiate development of safe and ef-16 fective methods to rapidly screen incoming travelers at 17 ports of entry for pandemic influenza and other infectious 18 diseases.

(c) COLLABORATION.—In developing methods under
subsection (b), the Secretary may collaborate with other
Federal agencies, as appropriate.

#### 22 SEC. 412. EDUCATING THE PUBLIC ABOUT RADIOLOGICAL 23 THREATS.

24 (a) PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGN.—The Secretary25 shall develop a public awareness campaign to enhance pre-

paredness and collective response to a radiological attack,
 including the following:

- 3 (1) A clear explanation of the dangers associ-4 ated with radioactive materials.
- 5 (2) Possible effects of different levels of radi6 ation exposure, including a clear description of the
  7 how radiation exposure occurs and the amount of exposure necessary to be of concern.
- 9 (3) Actions that members of the public should
  10 take regarding evacuation, personal decontamina11 tion, and medical treatment.
- (b) RECOVERY.—The Secretary shall develop a plan
  for postevent recovery from a radiological attack. Such
  plan shall include the following:
- (1) A definition of the demarcation between re-sponse and recovery from a radiological attack.
- 17 (2) Consideration of multiple attack scenarios,18 including a worst-case scenario.
- (3) Consideration of multiple recovery strategies, including decontamination, demolition and removal, and relocation.
- (4) Consideration of economic, health, and psy-chological effects.

#### 1 SEC. 413. RURAL RESILIENCE INITIATIVE.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall con3 duct research intended to assist State, local, and tribal
4 leaders and the private sector in developing the tools and
5 methods to enhance preparation for, and response and re6 silience to, terrorist events and other incidents.

7 (b) INCLUDED ACTIVITIES.—Activities under this8 section may include—

9 (1) research and implementation through out10 reach activities with rural communities;

11 (2) an examination of how communities employ12 resilience capabilities and response assets;

(3) a community resilience baseline template for
determining the resilience capacity of a rural community;

16 (4) a plan to address community needs for re-17 silience;

(5) an education program for community leaders and first responders about their resilience capacity and mechanisms for mitigation, including via distance learning; and

(6) a mechanism by which this research can
serve as a model for adoption by communities across
the Nation.

1	SEC. 414. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE NEED FOR
2	INTEROPERABILITY STANDARDS FOR INTER-
3	NET PROTOCOL VIDEO SURVEILLANCE TECH-
4	NOLOGY.

5 It is the sense of Congress that—

6 (1) video surveillance systems that operate over 7 the Internet are an emerging homeland security 8 technology that has the potential of significantly im-9 proving homeland security forensic and analytical 10 capability;

(2) to realize the full security benefits of such
emerging homeland security technology, there should
be interoperability standards for such technology;

(3) the Directorate, working with the National
Institute of Standards and Technology and any
other appropriate Federal agencies, should encourage the private sector to develop interoperability
standards for such emerging homeland security technology; and

20 (4) such efforts will help the Federal Govern21 ment, which is one of the largest users of surveil22 lance technology, in detecting, deterring, preventing,
23 and responding to terrorist attacks.

## 1SEC. 415. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH-2NOLOGY FELLOWS PROGRAM.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title III of the Homeland Secu4 rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) is further amended
5 by adding at the end the following new section:

6 "SEC. 324. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH7 NOLOGY FELLOWS PROGRAM.

"(a) 8 ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting 9 through the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, shall establish a fellows program, to be known as the 10 Homeland Security Science and Technology Fellows Pro-11 gram, under which the Under Secretary shall facilitate the 12 temporary placement of scientists in relevant scientific or 13 technological fields for up to two years in components of 14 the Department with a need for scientific and techno-15 16 logical expertise.

17 "(b) UTILIZATION OF FELLOWS.—

18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Under the Program, the
19 Under Secretary may employ fellows—

20 "(A) for the use of the Directorate of21 Science and Technology; or

"(B) for the use of Department components outside the Directorate, under an agreement with the head of such a component under
which the component will reimburse the Directorate for the costs of such employment.

1	"(2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Under such an
2	agreement—
3	"(A) the Under Secretary shall—
4	"(i) solicit and accept applications
5	from individuals who are currently enrolled
6	in graduate programs, or have received a
7	graduate degree within 3 years prior to the
8	time of application in scientific and engi-
9	neering fields related to the promotion of
10	securing the homeland, including—
11	"(I) biological, chemical, physical,
12	behavioral, social, health, medical, and
13	computational sciences;
14	"(II) geosciences;
15	"(III) all fields of engineering;
16	and
17	"(IV) such other disciplines as
18	are determined relevant by the Sec-
19	retary;
20	"(ii) screen applicant candidates and
21	interview them as appropriate to ensure
22	that they possess the appropriate level of
23	scientific and engineering expertise and
24	qualifications;

1	"(iii) provide a list of qualified appli-
2	cants to the heads of Department compo-
3	nents seeking to utilize qualified fellows;
4	"(iv) pay financial compensation to
5	such fellows;
6	"(v) coordinate with the Chief Secu-
7	rity Officer to facilitate and expedite provi-
8	sion of security clearances to fellows, as
9	appropriate; and
10	"(vi) otherwise administer all aspects
11	of the fellows' employment with the De-
12	partment; and
13	"(B) the head of the component utilizing
14	the fellow shall—
15	"(i) select a fellow from the list of
16	qualified applicants provided by the Under
17	Secretary;
18	"(ii) reimburse the Under Secretary
19	for the costs of employing the fellow se-
20	lected; and
21	"(iii) be responsible for the day-to-day
22	management of the fellow.
23	"(c) Applications From Associations.—The
24	Under Secretary may accept applications under subsection
25	(b)(2)(A) that are submitted by science or policy associa-

tions on behalf of individuals whom such an association
 has determined may be qualified applicants under the pro gram.".

4 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
5 in section 1(b) of such Act is further amended by adding
6 at the end of the items relating to title III the following
7 new item:

"Sec. 324. Homeland Security Science and Technology Fellows Program.".

## 8 SEC. 416. BIOLOGICAL THREAT AGENT ASSAY EQUIVA9 LENCY.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title III (6 U.S.C. 181 et seq.)
11 is further amended by adding at the end the following new
12 section:

## 13 "SEC. 325. BIOLOGICAL THREAT AGENT ASSAY EQUIVA14 LENCY PROGRAM.

15 "(a) IN GENERAL.—To facilitate equivalent biological 16 threat agent identification among federally operated bio-17 monitoring programs, the Under Secretary, in consulta-18 tion with other relevant Federal agencies, may implement 19 an assay equivalency program for biological threat assays.

20 "(b) FEATURES.—In order to establish assay per21 formance equivalency to support homeland security and
22 public health security decisions, the program may—

23 "(1) evaluate biological threat detection assays,
24 their protocols for use, and their associated response
25 algorithms for confirmation of biological threat

1	agents, taking performance measures and concepts
2	of operation into consideration; and
3	"(2) develop assay equivalency standards based
4	on the findings of the evaluation under paragraph
5	(1).
6	"(c) UPDATE.—The Under Secretary shall update
7	the program as necessary.
8	"(d) Implementation.—The Secretary shall—
9	((1)) require implementation of the standards
10	developed under subsection $(b)(2)$ for all Depart-
11	ment biomonitoring programs; and
12	((2)) make such standards available to support
13	all other Federal biomonitoring programs.
14	"(e) Assay Defined.—In this section the term
15	'assay' means any scientific test that is—
16	"(1) designed to detect the presence of a bio-
17	logical threat agent; and
18	((2) of a type selected under criteria estab-
19	lished by the Secretary.".
20	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
21	in section 1(b) is further amended by adding at the end
22	of the items relating to title III the following new item:
	"Sec. 325. Biological threat agent assay equivalency program.".

SEC. 417. STUDY OF FEASIBILITY AND BENEFIT OF EX PANDING OR ESTABLISHING PROGRAM TO
 CREATE A NEW CYBERSECURITY CAPACITY
 BUILDING TRACK AT CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS
 OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Within 90 days of enactment, the 7 Secretary, in coordination with the National Science 8 Foundation, shall commission a study by a nonprofit re-9 search institution to determine the feasibility and potential benefit of expanding the Federal Cyber Service Scholar-10 ship for Service Program, or establishing a parallel pro-11 gram, as methods to create a new cybersecurity or infor-12 13 mation assurance capacity building track at institutions of higher education that are not currently designated as 14 a National Center of Academic Excellence in Information 15 Assurance Education or a National Center of Academic 16 Excellence in Research. 17

18 (b) SUBJECT MATTERS.—The study under sub-19 section (a) shall include examinations of the following:

- 20 (1) The feasibility and potential benefit of al21 lowing the following types of institutions into the ex22 isting Federal Cyber Service program:
- 23 (A) Community colleges.
- 24 (B) Institutions offering an undergraduate
  25 degree, graduate degree, or post-graduate de-

1	gree, but do not qualify under the existing pro-
2	gram.
3	(C) Institutions offering a certificate or in-
4	dustry-recognized credential.
5	(2) The feasibility and potential benefit of es-
6	tablishing a new program modeled after the Federal
7	Cyber Service program to build capacity at—
8	(A) community colleges;
9	(B) institutions offering an undergraduate
10	degree, graduate degree, or post-graduate de-
11	gree, but do not qualify under the existing pro-
12	gram; or
13	(C) institutions offering a certificate or in-
14	dustry-recognized credential.
15	(3) The projected extent to which an expansion
16	of the existing Federal Cyber Service program as de-
17	scribed in paragraph (1) would—
18	(A) expand the availability of qualified in-
19	dividuals to work in information assurance and
20	cybersecurity within the Department and other
21	Federal, State, local, and tribal agencies, and
22	the private sector;
23	(B) encourage institutions of higher edu-
24	cation to develop a new information assurance
25	or cybersecurity education undergraduate de-

gree programs, graduate degree programs, or
 programs conferring a certificate or industry recognized credential;

4 (C) increase the number of students grad5 uating annually from existing information as6 surance or cybersecurity education under7 graduate degree programs, graduate degree
8 programs, or programs conferring a certificate
9 or industry-recognized credential; or

10 (D) improve existing information assur-11 ance or cybersecurity education undergraduate 12 degree programs, graduate degree programs, or 13 programs conferring a certificate or industry-14 recognized credential.

(4) The projected extent to which the establishment of a new program modeled after the Federal
Cyber Service program as described in paragraph
(2) would—

19 (A) expand the availability of qualified in20 dividuals to work in information assurance and
21 cybersecurity within the Department and other
22 Federal, State, local, and tribal agencies, and
23 the private sector;

24 (B) encourage institutions of higher edu-25 cation to develop a new information assurance

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or cybersecurity education undergraduate de-2 gree programs, graduate degree programs, or 3 programs conferring a certificate or industry-4 recognized credential;

(C) increase the number of students grad-5 uating annually from existing information as-6 7 or cybersecurity education surance under-8 graduate degree programs, graduate degree 9 programs, or programs conferring a certificate 10 or industry-recognized credential; or

11 (D) improve existing information assur-12 ance or cybersecurity education undergraduate 13 degree programs, graduate degree programs, or 14 programs conferring a certificate or industry-15 recognized credential.

16 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after receiving the findings of the study, the Secretary shall transmit the 17 findings, together with any comments thereon by the Sec-18 retary, to the appropriate congressional committees. 19

20 SEC. 418. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CENTERS OF 21 EXCELLENCE.

22 It is the sense of Congress that centers of excellence 23 have the potential—

1	(1) to be a very useful tool in developing defen-
2	sive countermeasures to secure critical infrastructure
3	and prevent terrorism; and
4	(2) to play a key role in the Department's ef-
5	forts to research and develop new technologies to se-
6	cure the homeland.
7	SEC. 419. ASSESSMENT, RESEARCH, TESTING, AND EVALUA-
8	TION OF TECHNOLOGIES TO MITIGATE THE
9	THREAT OF SMALL VESSEL ATTACK.
10	The Under Secretary may—
11	(1) assess what technologies are available to
12	mitigate the threat of small vessel attack in secure
13	zones of ports, including the use of transponders or
14	radio frequency identification devices to track small
15	vessels; and
16	(2) conduct research, testing, and evaluation of
17	new technologies that might be capable of tracking
18	small vessels.
19	SEC. 420. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.
20	Section 831 (6 U.S.C. 391) is amended—
21	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "2010," and
22	inserting "2012,";
23	(2) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
24	following new paragraph:

1 "(3) PRIOR APPROVAL.—In any case in which 2 the Under Secretary for Science and Technology in-3 tends to exercise other transaction authority, the 4 Under Secretary must receive prior approval from 5 the Secretary after submitting to the Secretary a 6 proposal that includes the rationale for why a grant 7 or contract issued in accordance with the Federal 8 Acquisition Regulation is not feasible or appropriate 9 and the amount to be expended for such project. In 10 such a case, the authority for evaluating the pro-11 posal may not be delegated by the Secretary to any-12 one other than the Under Secretary for Management."; and 13 14 (3) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-15 section (i), and by inserting after subsection (d) the 16 following new subsections: 17 "(e) ANNUAL REPORT ON EXERCISE OF OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY.— 18 19 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit

to the appropriate congressional committees an annual report on the exercise of other transaction authority.

23 "(2) CONTENT.—The report shall include the24 following:

1	"(A) The subject areas in which research
2	projects were conducted using other transaction
3	authority.
4	"(B) The extent of cost-sharing for such
5	projects among Federal and non-Federal
6	sources.
7	"(C) The extent to which use of other
8	transaction authority has addressed a homeland
9	security capability gap identified by the Depart-
10	ment.
11	"(D) The total amount of payments, if
12	any, that were received by the Federal Govern-
13	ment as a result of such exercise of other trans-
14	action authority during the period covered by
15	the report.
16	"(E) The rationale for using other trans-
17	action authority, including why grants or con-
18	tracts issued in accordance with the Federal
19	Acquisition Regulation were not feasible or ap-
20	propriate.
21	"(F) the amount expended for each such
22	project.
23	"(f) TRAINING.—The Secretary shall develop a train-
24	ing program for acquisitions staff in the use of other

transaction authority to help ensure the appropriate use
 of such authority.

3 "(g) REVIEW AUTHORITY.—The exercise of other 4 transaction authority shall be subject to review by the 5 Comptroller General of the United States to ensure that 6 an agency is not attempting to avoid the requirements of 7 procurement statutes and regulations.

8 "(h) OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY DEFINED.—
9 In this section the term 'other transaction authority'
10 means authority under subsection (a).".

### SEC. 421. NATIONAL URBAN SECURITY TECHNOLOGY LAB ORATORY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Urban Security
Technology Laboratory (formerly the Environmental
Measurements Laboratory) is authorized within the Directorate for fiscal years 2011 and 2012.

(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Under Secretary shall
utilize the National Urban Security Technology Laboratory to test, evaluate, and analyze homeland security capabilities and serve as a technical authority to first responders and State and local entities, including by—

(1) conducting test programs, pilots projects,
demonstrations, and other forms of evaluations of
homeland security technologies both in the field and
in the laboratory;

1	(2) applying knowledge of operational end-user
2	environments and support for operational integration
3	to technology development, including—
4	(A) training;
5	(B) exercises;
6	(C) equipment;
7	(D) tactics;
8	(E) techniques; and
9	(F) procedures;
10	(3) representing interests and requirements be-
11	tween technology developers and operational end-
12	users; and
13	(4) supporting development and use of home-
13 14	(4) supporting development and use of home- land security equipment and operational standards.
14	land security equipment and operational standards.
14 15	land security equipment and operational standards. SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH-
14 15 16	land security equipment and operational standards. SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH- NOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
14 15 16 17	land security equipment and operational standards. SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH- NOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE. Section 301 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
14 15 16 17 18	land security equipment and operational standards. <b>SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH-</b> <b>NOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.</b> Section 301 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 191) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19	land security equipment and operational standards. SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH- NOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE. Section 301 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 191) is amended— (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	land security equipment and operational standards. SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH- NOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE. Section 301 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 191) is amended— (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following new subsection:
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	land security equipment and operational standards. SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH- NOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE. Section 301 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 191) is amended— (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following new subsection: "(a) There is established within the Department a
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>land security equipment and operational standards.</li> <li>SEC. 422. HOMELAND SECURITY SCIENCE AND TECH- NOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.</li> <li>Section 301 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002</li> <li>(6 U.S.C. 191) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following new subsection:</li> <li>"(a) There is established within the Department a science and technology advisory committee (in this section</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

the activities of the under secretary for science and tech nology, including—

3 "(1) identifying research areas of potential im-4 portance to the security of the Nation; and 5 "(2) providing advice in developing and updat-6 ing the strategic plan required under section 318.". 7 (2) by striking subsection (j). TITLE V—DOMESTIC NUCLEAR 8 DETECTION OFFICE 9 10 SEC. 501. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 11 There is authorized to be appropriated for the Do-12 mestic Nuclear Detection Office of the Department— 13 (1) \$305,840,000 for fiscal year 2011; and 14 (2) \$315,005,000 for fiscal year 2012. 15 SEC. 502. DOMESTIC NUCLEAR DETECTION OFFICE OVER-16 SIGHT. 17 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-18 gress that the Directorate should conduct basic and inno-19 vative research and nondevelopmental testing on behalf of the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office (in this section re-20 21 ferred to as "DNDO"), in order to advance next genera-22 tion nuclear detection technologies.

(b) INTERNAL REVIEW OF PROJECT SELECTION AND
24 EVALUATION METHODOLOGY.—Not later than 90 days
25 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of

the DNDO, the Under Secretary, and the heads of all 1 2 operational components of the Department that own, operate, or maintain nuclear or radiological detection equip-3 4 ment shall begin an internal review of the methodology 5 by which research, development, testing, and evaluation is identified, prioritized, and funded within the Department. 6 7 (c) CONTENTS OF REVIEW.—In carrying out the re-8 view under subsection (b), the Director of the DNDO 9 shall—

(1) identify the process by which basic and applied research and operational testing that should be
conducted in concert and under agreement with the
Directorate;

(2) describe the roles, responsibilities, common
definitions, standard operating procedures, and decision process for research, development, testing, and
evaluation activities;

(3) describe and implement a transparent system for tracking research, development, testing, and
evaluation requirements;

(4) describe and implement a mechanism to
provide regular updates to components of the Department on the progress of such research;

(5) evaluate the degree to which needs of theoperational components of the Department and

1	State and local first responders are being adequately
2	addressed by the existing project selection process,
3	and if not, how such process can be improved;
4	(6) establish a method to collect and evaluate
5	Department component feedback;
6	(7) utilize departmental matrices and systems
7	to determine if technologies produced by the Direc-
8	torate have enhanced the ability of Department com-
9	ponents to perform their missions;
10	(8) identify appropriate five-year levels of in-
11	vestment in basic and applied research and develop-
12	ment, in particular among the Department labora-
13	tories, federally funded research and development
14	centers, university-based centers, Department of En-
15	ergy national laboratories, and other Federal labora-
16	tories;
17	(9) project balance of use of the entities re-
18	ferred to in paragraph (8) among the Directorate
19	and other Department components; and
20	(10) establish a formal merit review process,
21	with external peer review where appropriate.
22	(d) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the com-
23	pletion of the review required by subsection (b), the Direc-

24 tor of the DNDO shall submit to the Secretary and the25 appropriate congressional committees a report containing

the findings of such review, together with information on
 the systems, methods, and mechanisms established, and
 recommendations for additional improvements.

4 (e) UPDATES ON IMPLEMENTATION.—One hundred 5 and twenty days after the date of enactment of this Act, 6 and annually thereafter, the Inspector General of the De-7 partment shall submit to the appropriate congressional 8 committees an update on the status of implementation of 9 this section and activities in support of such implementa-10 tion.

# 11 SEC. 503. STRATEGIC PLAN AND FUNDING ALLOCATIONS 12 FOR GLOBAL NUCLEAR DETECTION ARCHI13 TECTURE.

14 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment 15 of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate 16 congressional committees a report containing the fol-17 lowing:

(1) A strategic plan for the global nuclear detection architecture to deter and detect the transport
of nuclear or radioactive materials by all means possible, with specific focus on establishing the goals,
objectives, and cost projections for the next five
years, including a discussion of—

24 (A) technological and nontechnological
25 methods to increase detection capabilities;

1	(B) the preventive nature of the global nu-
2	clear detection architecture, including projected
3	impact on would-be terrorists;
4	(C) detection capability enhancements for
5	the various transportation modes, at ports of
6	entry and between ports of entry;
7	(D) balanced risk-based deployment of de-
8	tection assets across all border and other path-
9	ways; and
10	(E) any emerging threat vectors identified
11	by the Director of the Domestic Nuclear Detec-
12	tion Office.
13	(2) In consultation with the Secretary of De-
14	fense, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of
15	State, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the In-
16	telligence Community, and the Attorney General, an
17	analysis of overall budget allocations that determines
18	whether Government wide nuclear detection re-
19	sources clearly align with identified priorities to
20	maximize results and minimize duplication of efforts.
21	SEC. 504. RADIATION PORTAL MONITOR ALTERNATIVES.
22	(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
23	gress that in view of the Secretary's decision not to certify
24	advanced spectroscopic portal monitors for primary
25	screening applications because they do not offer a signifi-

cant increase in operational effectiveness over existing
 technology, the Director must attempt to identify viable
 alternatives.

4 (b) ANALYSIS AND REPORT.—The Director of the 5 Domestic Nuclear Detection Office shall analyze and report to the appropriate congressional committees by not 6 7 later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act 8 on both existing and developmental alternatives to existing 9 radiation portal monitors and advanced spectroscopic portal monitors that would provide the Department with a 10 11 significant increase in operational effectiveness for pri-12 mary screening for radioactive materials.

## 13 SEC. 505. AUTHORIZATION OF SECURING THE CITIES INI14 TIATIVE.

15 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

16 (1) The Securing the Cities Initiative of the De17 partment uses next generation radiation detection
18 technology to detect the transport of nuclear and ra19 diological material in urban areas by terrorists or
20 other unauthorized individuals.

(2) The technology used by partners in the Securing the Cities Initiative leverages radiation detection technology used at ports of entry.

1 (3) The Securing the Cities Initiative has fos-2 tered unprecedented collaboration and coordination 3 among its Federal, State, and local partners. 4 (4) The Securing the Cities Initiative is a crit-5 ical national capability to detect the dangerous intro-6 duction of nuclear and radiological material. 7 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of

8 amounts authorized by section 501, there is authorized to 9 be appropriated to the Director of the Domestic Nuclear 10 Detection Office of the Department for the Securing the 11 Cities Initiative such sums as may be necessary for each 12 of fiscal years 2011 and 2012, including—

13 (1) for each city in which it has been imple-14 mented by fiscal year 2009—

15 (A) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2011; and 16 (B) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2012; and 17 (2) for additional Securing the Cities initiatives 18 to be implemented in not fewer than 2 sites partici-19 pating in the Urban Area Security Initiative, such 20 sums as may be necessary each fiscal year to imple-21 ment and sustain each additional initiative.

2

### TITLE VI—CLARIFYING AMENDMENTS

3 SEC. 601. FEDERALLY FUNDED RESEARCH AND DEVELOP4 MENT CENTERS.
5 Section 305 (6 U.S.C. 184) is amended—
6 (1) by inserting "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—" be-

7 fore the first sentence; and

8 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-9 sections:

10 "(b) CONGRESSIONAL TASKING.—Upon a request of 11 the chairman and the ranking minority member of an ap-12 propriate congressional committee, a federally funded re-13 search and development center established under this sec-14 tion may perform independent analysis of homeland secu-15 rity issues and report its findings to the appropriate con-16 gressional committees and the Secretary.

17 "(c) CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.—Federally fund-18 ed research and development centers established under 19 this section are encouraged, upon request of the chairman 20 and the ranking minority member of an appropriate con-21 gressional committee, to provide to the committee a copy 22 of any report it produces for the Department or any of 23 its components.

24 "(d) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—The Secretary shall25 review and revise, as appropriate, the policies of the De-

partment relating to personnel conflicts of interest to en sure that such policies specifically address employees of
 federally funded research and development centers estab lished under this section who are in a position to make
 or materially influence research findings or agency deci sionmaking.

7 "(e) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Each federally funded re8 search and development center established under this sec9 tion shall transmit to the Secretary and appropriate con10 gressional committees an annual report on the activities
11 of the center.".

#### 12 SEC. 602. ELIMINATION OF HOMELAND SECURITY INSTI-13 TUTE.

14 (a) REPEAL.—Section 312 (6 U.S.C. 192) is re-15 pealed.

16 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
17 in section 1(b) is amended by striking the item relating
18 to such section.

 19
 SEC. 603. GAO STUDY OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE

 20
 STATUTORY RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE

 21
 DEPARTMENT AND THE DEPARTMENT OF EN 

 22
 ERGY NATIONAL LABORATORIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
of the United States shall—

1	(1) conduct a study to assess the implementa-
2	tion of the statutory relationship between the De-
3	partment and the Department of Energy national
4	laboratories, as established by section $309(a)(2)$ of
5	the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
6	189(a)(2)); and
7	(2) submit recommendations to the appropriate
8	congressional committees for appropriate improve-
9	ments to such relationship.
10	(b) STUDY SUBJECTS.—The study shall include the
11	following:
12	(1) Review of how the Department and the De-
13	partment of Energy national laboratories—
14	(A) communicate needs and capabilities;
15	and
16	(B) select projects to be performed by the
17	Department of Energy national laboratories
18	under such statutory relationship.
19	(2) Review of contracting mechanisms that the
20	Department and the Department of Energy national
21	laboratories use to initiate and track work under
22	such statutory relationship.
23	(3) Review of the fraction of Department of
24	Energy national laboratory work performed for the
25	Department under such statutory relationship, com-

pared to other Department of Energy national lab-
oratory work performed for the Department on a
"work for others" basis.
(4) Review the cost savings identified by the
Department and the Department of Energy achieved
through use of such statutory relationship, compared
to other Department of Energy national laboratory
work performed for the Department on a "work for
others" basis.
SEC. 604. TECHNICAL CHANGES.
Section 1902 of the Homeland Security Act (6 U.S.C.
592) is amended by—
(1) striking paragraph $(6)$ ; and
(2) redesignating paragraphs $(7)$ through $(14)$
as paragraphs (6) through (13), respectively.
TITLE VII—COMMISSION ON THE
<b>PROTECTION OF CRITICAL</b>
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC
INFRASTRUCTURES
SEC. 701. COMMISSION ON THE PROTECTION OF CRITICAL
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC INFRASTRUC-
TURES.

23 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Com-24 mission on the Protection of Critical Electric and Elec-

1	tronic Infrastructures (in this section referred to as the
2	"Commission").
3	(b) PURPOSES.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The purposes of the Com-
5	mission are to—
6	(A) assess vulnerabilities of electric and
7	electronic infrastructures, including—
8	(i) all components of the United
9	States electric grid, including electricity
10	generation, transmission, distribution and
11	metering; and
12	(ii) all computerized control systems
13	used in all United States critical infra-
14	structure sectors;
15	(B) provide a clear and comprehensive
16	strategy and specific recommendations for pro-
17	tecting these critical electric and electronic in-
18	frastructures; and
19	(C) test, evaluate, and report on specific
20	mitigation protection and recovery devices or
21	methods.
22	(2) IN PARTICULAR.—The Commission shall
23	give particular attention to threats that can disrupt
24	or damage critical electric and electronic infrastruc-
25	tures, including—

1	(A) cyber attacks or unintentional cyber
2	disruption;
3	(B) electromagnetic phenomena such as
4	geomagnetically induced currents, intentional
5	electromagnetic interference, and electro-
6	magnetic pulses caused by nuclear weapons;
7	and
8	(C) other physical attack, act of nature, or
9	accident.
10	(c) Composition of Commission.—
11	(1) Members.—The Commission shall be com-
12	posed of 9 members, of whom—
13	(A) 1 member shall be appointed by the
14	Chairman of the House of Representatives
15	Committee on Homeland Security;
16	(B) 1 member shall be appointed by the
17	ranking minority member of the House of Rep-
18	resentatives Committee on Homeland Security;
19	(C) 1 member shall be appointed by the
20	Chairman of the House of Representatives
21	Committee on Energy and Commerce;
22	(D) 1 member shall be appointed by the
23	ranking minority member of the House of Rep-
24	resentatives Committee on Energy and Com-
25	merce;

1	(E) 1 member shall be appointed by the
2	Chairman of the Senate Committee on Home-
3	land Security and Governmental Affairs;
4	(F) 1 member shall be appointed by the
5	ranking minority member of the Senate Com-
6	mittee on Homeland Security and Govern-
7	mental Affairs;
8	(G) 1 member shall be appointed by the
9	Chairman of the Senate Committee on Energy
10	and Natural Resources;
11	(H) 1 member shall be appointed by the
12	ranking minority member of the Senate Com-
13	mittee on Energy and Natural Resources; and
14	(I) 1 member who shall serve as the Chair-
15	man of the Commission, and who shall be ap-
16	pointed by the Speaker of the House of Rep-
17	resentatives with the concurrence of the Presi-
18	dent Pro Tempore of the Senate.
19	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—It is the sense of Con-
20	gress that individuals appointed to the Commission
21	should have significant depth of experience in elec-
22	tric and electronic infrastructures, their function,
23	and their protection, as well as the threats to these
24	infrastructures as identified in subsection (b)(2).

(3) DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENT.—All mem bers of the Commission shall be appointed within 30
 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

4 (4) INITIAL MEETING.—The Commission shall
5 meet and begin the operations of the Commission as
6 soon as practicable.

7 QUORUM: VACANCIES.—After its initial (5)8 meeting, the Commission shall meet upon the call of 9 the Chairman or a majority of its members. Six 10 members of the Commission shall constitute a 11 quorum. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not 12 affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same 13 manner in which the original appointment was 14 made.

15 (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF COMMISSION.—The Com16 mission shall address—

(1) the quantification of the threats identified
in subsection (b)(2) to the United States electric and
electronic infrastructure, and a cost-benefit analysis
of possible protection and recovery strategies;

(2) the roles, missions, and structure of all relevant Federal, State, and local government departments and agencies with responsibilities for ensuring
protection and reliability for electric and electronic
infrastructures;

(3) the roles, missions, and structure of all rel evant private sector entities with responsibilities for
 ensuring protection and reliability for electric and
 electronic infrastructures;

5 (4) inter-agency coordination between and 6 among the entities identified in paragraphs (2) and 7 (3); and

8 (5) recommendations for protections and recov-9 ery devices and measures.

10 (e) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—

(1) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commis-11 12 sion or, on the authority of the Commission, any 13 subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the pur-14 pose of carrying out this section, hold such hearings 15 and sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, and administer 16 17 such oaths as the Commission or such designated 18 subcommittee or designated member may determine 19 advisable.

20 (2) CONTRACTING.—The Commission may, to
21 such extent and in such amounts as are provided in
22 appropriations Acts, enter into contracts to enable
23 the Commission to discharge its duties under this
24 subtitle.

25 (3) STAFF OF COMMISSION.—

(A) APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.— 1 2 The Chairman of the Commission, in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commis-3 4 sion, may appoint and fix the compensation of 5 a staff director and such other personnel as 6 may be necessary to enable the Commission to 7 carry out its functions, without regard to the 8 provisions of title 5, United States Code, gov-9 erning appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 10 11 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such 12 title relating to classification and General 13 Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay 14 fixed under this subsection may exceed the 15 equivalent of that payable for a position at level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 16 17 of title 5, United States Code. 18 (B) PERSONNEL AS FEDERAL EMPLOY-19 EES.— 20 (i) IN GENERAL.—The executive di-21 rector and any employees of the Commis-22 sion shall be employees under section 2105 23 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes 24 of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, and 25 90 of that title.

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1	(ii) Members of commission.—Sub-
2	paragraph (A) shall not be construed to
3	apply to members of the Commission.
4	(C) Detailees.—Any Federal Govern-
5	ment employee may be detailed to the Commis-
6	sion without reimbursement from the Commis-
7	sion, and such detailee shall retain the rights,
8	status, and privileges of his or her regular em-

10 (D) CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The Com-11 mission may procure the services of experts and 12 consultants in accordance with section 3109 of 13 title 5, United States Code, but at rates not to 14 exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a 15 position at level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States 16 17 Code.

ployment without interruption.

18 (E) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The Chair-19 man shall place an emphasis on hiring and re-20 taining employees, contractors, and detailees 21 with active security clearances. For employees 22 who do not have security clearances but are de-23 termined by the Chairman to need them, the 24 Central Intelligence Agency, Department of Energy, Department of Defense, and any other 25

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relevant agency shall expedite the necessary clearance processes.

3 (F) FORMER EMP COMMISSION STAFF AND 4 RESOURCES.—The Chairman may make use of 5 any existing and viable staff and resources pre-6 viously employed by the Commission to Assess 7 the Threat to the United States from Electro-8 magnetic Pulse Attack established by section 9 1401 of Public Law 106–398 (114 Stat. 10 1654A-345).

#### 11 (4) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may 12 13 secure directly from any executive department, 14 bureau, agency, board, commission, office, inde-15 pendent establishment, or instrumentality of the 16 Government, information, suggestions, esti-17 mates, and statistics for the purposes of this 18 section. Each department, bureau, agency, 19 board, commission, office, independent estab-20 lishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent 21 authorized by law, furnish such information, 22 suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to 23 the Commission, upon request made by the 24 Chairman, the chairman of any subcommittee 25 created by a majority of the Commission, or

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any member designated by a majority of the Commission. (B) RECEIPT, HANDLING, STORAGE, AND DISSEMINATION.—Information shall only be re-

4 ceived, handled, stored, and disseminated by 6 members of the Commission and its staff con-7 sistent with all applicable statutes, regulations, 8 and Executive orders.

9 (5) Assistance from federal agencies.—

10 (A) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRA-11 TION.—The Administrator of General Services 12 shall provide to the Commission on a reimburs-13 able basis and as necessary, administrative sup-14 port and other services for the performance of 15 the Commission's functions.

16  $(\mathbf{B})$ OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGEN-17 CIES.—In addition to the assistance prescribed 18 in paragraph (1), departments and agencies of 19 the United States may provide to the Commis-20 sion such services, funds, facilities, staff, and 21 other support services as they may determine 22 advisable and as may be authorized by law.

23 (6) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, 24 and dispose of gifts or donations of services or prop-25 erty.

1	(7) Postal services.—The Commission may
2	use the United States mails in the same manner and
3	under the same conditions as departments and agen-
4	cies of the United States.
5	(f) Public Meetings and Release of Public
6	VERSIONS OF REPORTS.—The Commission shall—
7	(1) hold public hearings and meetings to the ex-
8	tent appropriate;
9	(2) release public versions of the report re-
10	quired under subsection (g); and
11	(3) conduct any public hearing in a manner
12	consistent with the protection of sensitive or classi-
13	fied information provided to or developed for or by
14	the Commission as required by any applicable stat-
15	ute, regulation, or Executive order.
16	(g) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the ap-
17	pointment of the Commission, and annually thereafter, the
18	Commission shall submit to the President and Congress
19	a report containing such findings, conclusions, and rec-
20	ommendations for protection and recovery measures for
21	electric and electronic infrastructures as have been agreed
22	to by a majority of Commission members.
23	(h) FUNDING.—Of the amounts authorized by section
24	101, there is authorized to be appropriated for the activi-
25	ties of the Commission under this section—

2	(2) \$4,000,000 for fiscal year 2012.
3	TITLE VIII—BORDER SECURITY
4	<b>TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION</b>
5	SEC. 801. ENSURING RESEARCH ACTIVITIES OF THE DE-
6	PARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY IN-
7	CLUDE APPROPRIATE CONCEPTS OF OPER-
8	ATION.
9	The Under Secretary shall ensure that any Federal
10	Government interagency or intra-agency agreement en-
11	tered into by the Under Secretary to develop and transi-
12	tion new technology explicitly characterizes the require-
13	ments, expected use, and concept of operations for that
1 /	tachnology including
14	technology, including—
14 15	(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate
15	(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate
15 16	(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;
15 16 17	<ul> <li>(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;</li> <li>(2) the expected training requirements; and</li> </ul>
15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;</li> <li>(2) the expected training requirements; and</li> <li>(3) the expected operations and maintenance</li> </ul>
15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;</li> <li>(2) the expected training requirements; and</li> <li>(3) the expected operations and maintenance costs.</li> </ul>
15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;</li> <li>(2) the expected training requirements; and</li> <li>(3) the expected operations and maintenance costs.</li> </ul> SEC. 802. REPORT ON BASIC RESEARCH NEEDS FOR BOR-
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;</li> <li>(2) the expected training requirements; and</li> <li>(3) the expected operations and maintenance costs.</li> </ul> SEC. 802. REPORT ON BASIC RESEARCH NEEDS FOR BORDER AND MARITIME SECURITY.
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;</li> <li>(2) the expected training requirements; and</li> <li>(3) the expected operations and maintenance costs.</li> </ul> SEC. 802. REPORT ON BASIC RESEARCH NEEDS FOR BORDER AND MARITIME SECURITY. Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) the manpower needed to effectively operate the technology;</li> <li>(2) the expected training requirements; and</li> <li>(3) the expected operations and maintenance costs.</li> </ul> SEC. 802. REPORT ON BASIC RESEARCH NEEDS FOR BORDER AND MARITIME SECURITY. Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall enter into an ar-

1	border and maritime security domain. The assessment
2	shall include consideration of—
3	(1) detection, tracking, and identification tech-
4	nologies for cargo and people;
5	(2) personal protective equipment;
6	(3) document security and authentication tech-
7	nologies;
8	(4) nonradiological advanced screening tech-
9	nologies at ports of entry; and
10	(5) technologies for real time tactical scene
11	awareness.
12	SEC. 803. INCORPORATING UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES
13	INTO BORDER AND MARITIME AIRSPACE.
14	(a) Research and Development.—The Secretary
15	and the Director of the Joint Planning and Development
16	Office shall research and develop technologies to permit
17	routine operation of unmanned aerial vehicles, including
18	autonomously piloted drones, within the national airspace
19	for border and maritime security missions without any
20	degradation of existing levels of safety for all national air-
21	space system users.
22	(b) PILOT PROJECTS.—The Secretary shall coordi-
23	nate with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Ad-
24	ministration and the Director of the Joint Planning Office

sity Class G air traffic airspace to conduct experiments
 and collect data in order to accelerate the safe integration
 of unmanned aircraft systems into the national airspace
 system as part of research activities of the Joint Planning
 and Development Office.

### 6 SEC. 804. ESTABLISHING A RESEARCH PROGRAM IN TUN7 NEL DETECTION.

8 (a) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—The Under 9 Secretary shall research and develop technologies to per-10 mit detection of near surface voids, such as tunnels, with 11 an emphasis on technologies with real time capability.

(b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall coordinate
with other appropriate Federal agencies, including the Department of Defense and the United States Geological
Survey, and ensure the integration of activities under subsection (a) with relevant efforts of such other agencies and
the Department's Centers of Excellence Program.

#### 18 SEC. 805. RESEARCH IN DOCUMENT SECURITY AND AU-

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#### THENTICATION TECHNOLOGIES.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Under Secretary, in coordination with the Director of the National
Institute of Standards and Technology, shall conduct a research and development program on document security,
validation, and authentication technologies and standards.
The program may include assessment or development of

imitation-resistant and tamper-resistant documentation,
 imitation-resistant or tamper-resistant devices, document
 validation and authentication technologies, and document
 identification standards.

5 (b) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the program in 6 subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall coordinate with 7 other Federal agencies engaged in similar activities, in-8 cluding Immigration and Customs Enforcement, the De-9 partment of State, the Department of Defense, the United 10 States Coast Guard, and the Department of Justice.

11 (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 12 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary and the Director of the National Institute of 13 Standards and Technology shall provide to the Committee 14 15 on Homeland Security and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives, and the Com-16 mittee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs of 17 18 the Senate, a report detailing the actions taken by the Under Secretary and the Director under this section. 19

#### 20 SEC. 806. STUDY ON GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM TECH-21 NOLOGIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall conduct a study of the need for next generation global positioning system technology as it relates to border security,
including—

1 (1) conducting an analysis of the frequency of 2 unintended border crossings and the capability of global positioning system technologies to address un-3 4 intended border crossings by government personnel; (2) undertaking an examination of the potential 5 6 end user requirements for global positioning system technologies, including cost limitations, accessibility, 7 8 and reliability; and 9 (3) developing recommendations for potential 10 near-term and long-term research, development, test-11 ing, and evaluation of border security-focused global 12 positioning technologies. 13 (b) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the study under 14 subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall consult with 15 U.S. Customs and Border Protection, the National Institute of Standards and Technology and appropriate Fed-16 17 eral, State, and local law enforcement officials. 18 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall report 19 to Congress the findings of the study conducted under this 20 21 section. 22 SEC. 807. STUDY OF MOBILE BIOMETRIC TECHNOLOGIES 23 AT THE BORDER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in coordi-nation with the Commissioner of United States Customs

and Border Protection, shall establish a research program
 on the use of mobile biometric technology at the Nation's
 borders between the ports of entry, including—

- 4 (1) conducting an analysis of existing mobile bi5 ometric technologies and the extent to which they
  6 can be deployed in Border Patrol agents' vehicles
  7 and used at the border, in terms of operability, reli8 ability, cost, and overall benefit to border operations;
  9 (2) undertaking an examination of the potential
  10 end-user requirements of mobile biometric tech-
- nology by the Border Patrol and other relevant end-users;
- (3) developing recommendations for addressing
  capability gaps in mobile biometric technologies; and
  (4) examining the feasibility of implementing a
  pilot program for use of mobile biometric technologies at the border.
- (b) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the research program under subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall consult the National Institute of Standards and Technology,
  other appropriate Federal agencies, and appropriate Federal, State, and local law enforcement officials.
- (c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that
  the research program is coordinated with other biometric
  identification programs within the Department.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date
 of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall trans mit to Congress a report on the findings of the research
 program conducted under this section.

#### 5 SEC. 808. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

6 Of the amount authorized by section 101 of this Act,7 such sums as may be necessary are authorized to be ap-8 propriated to carry out this title.