
CBO Estimate of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Effects for Senate Amendment 4715 in the Nature of a Substitute to S. 510, FDA Food Safety Modernization Act

November 19, 2010

| | By Fiscal Year, in Millions of Dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2011 - 2015 | 2011 - 2020 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NET INCREASE OR DECREASE (-) IN THE DEFICIT | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Impact ^a | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

- a. S. 510 would increase federal efforts to ensure the safety of commercially distributed food. S. 510 would stipulate that the failure to comply with new requirements, such as mandatory recalls and risk-based preventive controls, could result in the assessment of civil or criminal penalties. Criminal fines are recorded as revenues, then deposited in the Crime Victims Fund, and later spent. Enacting S. 510 could increase revenues and direct spending, but CBO estimates that the net budget impact would be negligible for each year.

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