**JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE** 



UNITED STATES CONGRESS Nov. State-by-State Snapshots (Oct. 2010 Data)

# **Economic Overview And Outlook: Pennsylvania**

#### JOBS

Across the country, the private sector gained jobs in each month of 2010. 0

Congresswoman Carolyn B. Maloney, Chair

- The President's Council of Economic Advisers estimates that investments made through the Recovery Act have boosted employment in Pennsylvania by 136,000 jobs through the 3rd quarter of 2010.
- In Pennsylvania, private sector employment fell by 5.3 percent from December 2007 to December 2009. In 2010, private 0 sector employment grew by 1.3 percent.
- In Pennsylvania, employees in the construction, manufacturing, and information services sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. In 2010, the following sectors in Pennsylvania experienced the greatest employment increases: mining; leisure and hospitality; and education and health services.\*
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs 0 between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

### EMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Pennsylvania 0 was 8.8 percent in October 2010, up 4.3 percentage points from December 2007, but down from its most recent peak of 9.3 percent reached in July 2010.
- 560,000 Pennsylvania residents were 0 counted among the unemployed in Pennsylvania during October 2010.

## Pennsylvania Monthly Change in Private Payrolls January 2008 - October 2010 40.0 30.0 20.0 lob Changes (000) 10.0 0.0 -10.0 -20.0 -30.0 -40.0 Jan/08 May/08 Sep/08 Jan/09 May/09 Sep/09 Jan/10 May/10 Sep/10 Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Establishment Survey.

### EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 1st quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 1.6 percent. Most recently, in the 2nd quarter of 2010, total personal income remained 0.9 percent below the 4th quarter 2007 peak.
- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Pennsylvania was \$36,984.00 in the 2nd guarter of 2010, down from \$37,211.60 in the 2nd quarter of 2008.

### HOUSING

- National home prices, including distressed sales, saw a decrease of 2.8 percent in September 2010 from September 2009 0 compared to a 1.1 percent decrease in August. In Pennsylvania, home prices saw a decrease of 4.0 percent in September 2010 from September 2009 following August's year over year decrease of 2.1 percent.
- The median price of single-family homes in Pennsylvania was \$235,000 in 2008, compared to \$250,000 nationwide. 0
- As of the 3rd quarter of 2010, 3.0 percent of all mortgages, including 10.3 percent of subprime mortgages, were in 0 foreclosure in Pennsylvania.
- Housing starts in Pennsylvania totaled 22,740 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in September 2010, an increase of 9.6 0 percent from August.
- Within the Northeast census region, which includes Pennsylvania, sales of new single-family homes totaled 30,000 units in 0 September 2010, an increase of 3.4 percent from August. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased 1.8 percent to 560,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from September to October 2010.

\* For Pennsylvania-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Pennsylvania office: http://www.paworkstats.state.pa.us/

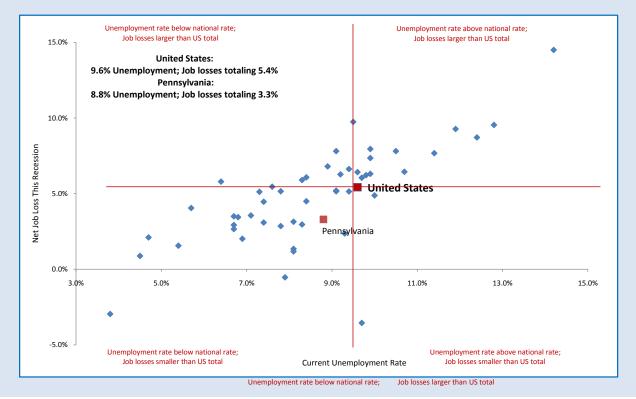
Prepared by the Majority Staff of the Joint Economic Committee

#### How Does Pennsylvania Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country have been hard hit by the Great Recession. This chart allows you to compare Pennsylvania to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Pennsylvania over the course of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession has taken on the job supply in Pennsylvania.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates lower than the national average and smaller job losses over the recession.



#### STATE QUICK FACTS

STATE QUORT ACTS			
	Penns	sylvania Un	ited States
Unemployment RatesOct	tober 2008 5.	.8%	6.6%
Oct	tober 2009 8.	.6% 1	10.1%
Oct	tober 2010 8.	.8%	9.6%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	08 10.	6%	9.8%
Veterans' Unemployment Rate 200	09 8.	2%	8.1%
Median Household Income	50 \$ 50	0,107 \$	51,965
<b>(2009 \$)</b> 200	9 \$ 48	8,172 \$	49,777
Poverty Rate		.4% 1	12.5%
200	09 11.	.1% 1	14.3%
No Health Insurance 200	)7 9.	.5% 1	15.3%
200	)9 11.	.4% 1	16.7%