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## **Congress of the United States** Joint Economic Committee

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## SHRINKING CHILD TAX CREDIT LEAVES OVER 9 MILLION CHILDREN BEHIND NEXT YEAR Lowering Earnings Threshold to \$10,000 Would Preserve Credit for Over 4 Million Families

*Washington, D.C.* – Without Congressional action, the child tax credit will fall back to \$700 next year. Congress is poised to extend the current \$1,000 child tax credit into 2005, but millions of low-income working families will miss out on the increase because of limits on the credit. Moreover, because many low-income families' earnings have failed to keep pace with inflation, they will lose all or part of their credit next year.

The earnings threshold for the child tax credit is indexed to inflation and next year will reach \$11,000. If Congress returns the earnings threshold for the child tax credit to \$10,000, 4.3 million lowincome families with 9.2 million eligible children would receive higher child credits, according to a new report from the **Joint Economic Committee Democrats**. Setting the earnings threshold at \$10,000 next year and in future years would prevent working families from losing some of their credit if their earnings fail to grow as fast as inflation.

"The Republican tax bill that is about to emerge from conference will short-change low-income working families," said **Rep. Pete Stark**, Senior Democrat on the **Joint Economic Committee**. "Because current Republican proposals fail to lower the earnings threshold for the child tax credit, no additional low-income working families are likely to be eligible for the credit. While Republicans purport to expand the child tax credit, their current proposals will actually leave millions of children behind. This amounts to a tax increase on working families."

A House-Senate conference is considering legislation that would permanently raise the credit to \$1,000 per child. Despite the increase in the credit amount, many low-income families would receive no additional tax relief. More than 6 million children's families will not receive a higher credit amount in 2005, and an additional 5 million children's families will not meet the earnings requirement and thus not receive any credit, according to estimates by JEC Democrats.

A full-time, year-round minimum wage worker making about \$10,700 annually would not qualify for the child tax credit this year because the earnings threshold is \$10,750.

The Joint Committee on Taxation estimates that it would cost \$6.9 billion to keep the earnings threshold for refundable child tax credits at \$10,000 through 2010. This is a fraction of the \$61.5 billion cost of increasing the child credit to \$1,000 per child through 2010 - a tax cut that leaves out millions of children in low-income working families.

The Joint Economic Committee, established under the Employment Act of 1946, was created by Congress to review economic conditions and to analyze the effectiveness of economic policy.