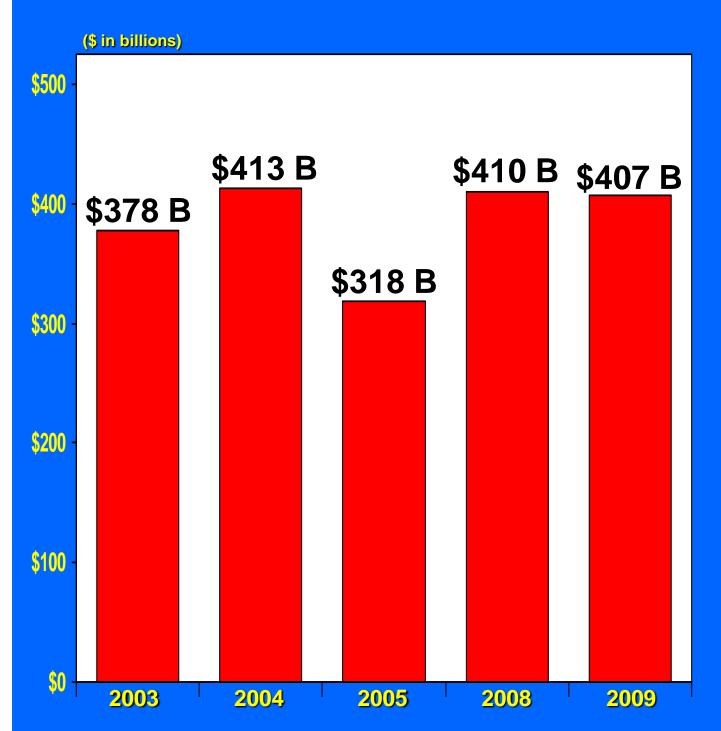
Five Highest Deficits in U.S. History

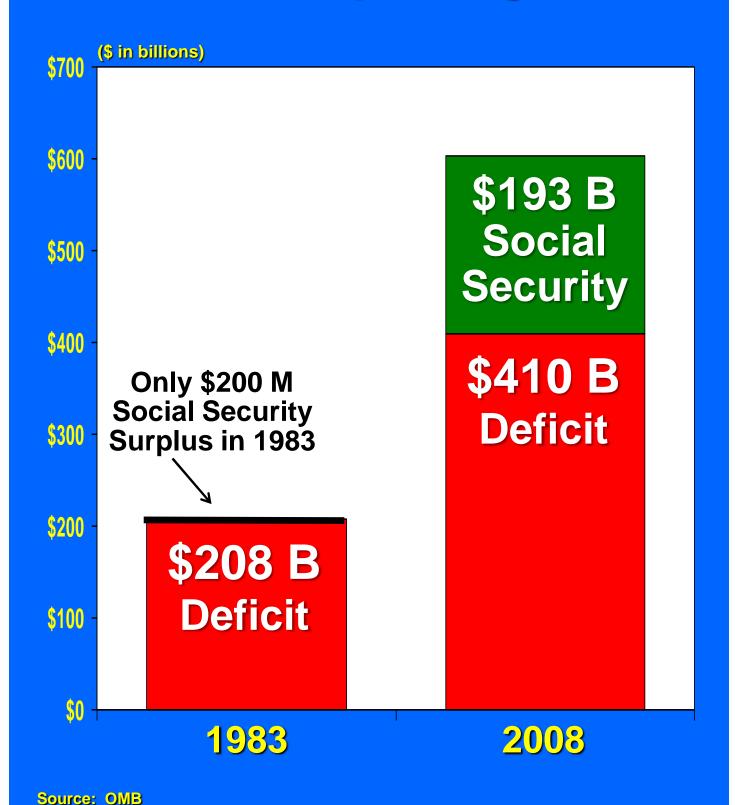
All Under President Bush



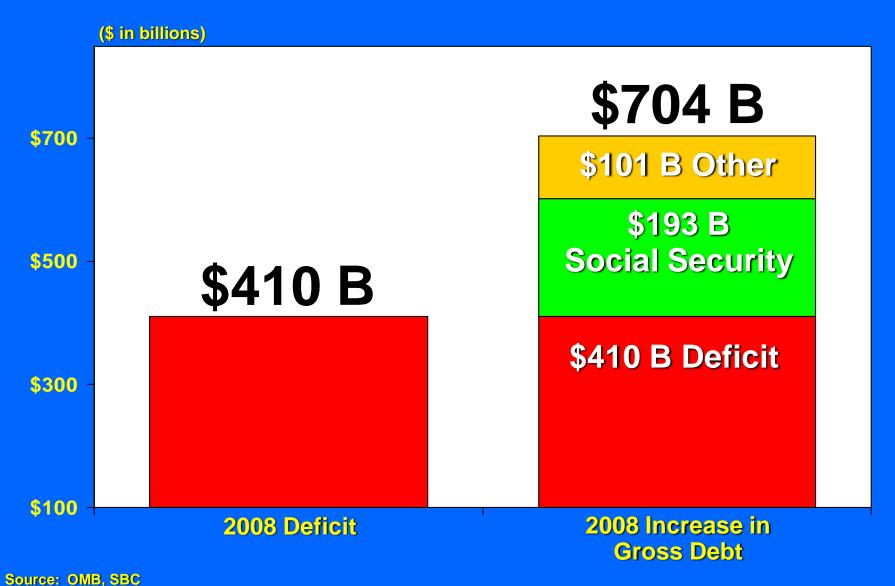
Source: OMB

Note: 2008 and 2009 deficits projected in Bush FY 2009 Budget.

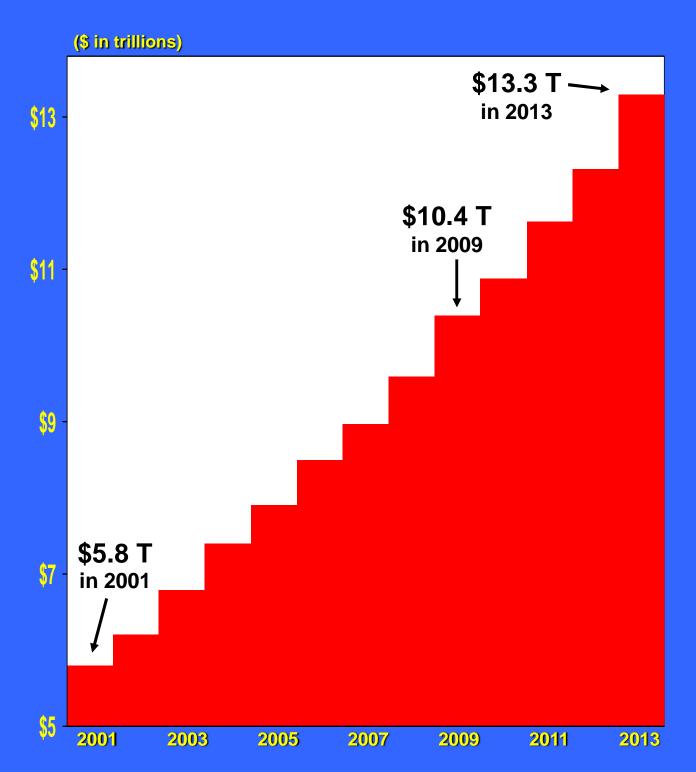
Unlike 1983, Social Security Now Masks Real Operating Deficit



Increase in Debt in 2008 is Far Greater Than the \$410 Billion Deficit



Building a Wall of Debt Gross Federal Debt Soars



Source: OMB, CBO and SBC Note: Bush FY 2009 Budget with AMT reform, ongoing war costs, stimulus package, and without extension of 2008 emergencies.

Top Ten Foreign Holders of Our National Debt

Japan	\$581 B
China	\$387 B
United Kingdom	\$316 B
"Oil Exporters"	\$128 B
Brazil	\$121 B
Luxembourg	\$75 B
Caribbean Banking Centers	\$72 B
Hong Kong	\$55 B
Taiwan	\$50 B
Korea	\$44 B

Source: Department of Treasury Note: As of November 2007

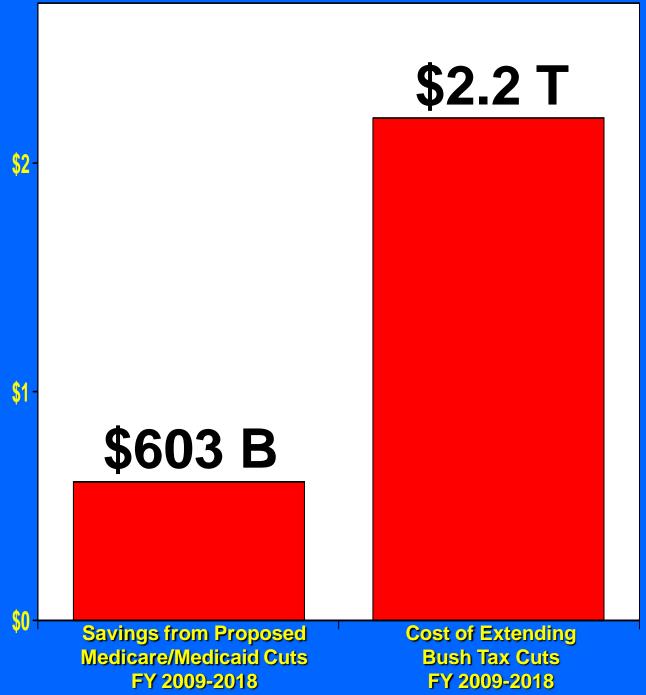
GAO Comptroller General Walker on Urgency of Addressing Long-Term Fiscal Imbalance

"... I believe we have a five- to 10-year window of opportunity to demonstrate to our foreign lenders that we're going to get serious about this. Five to 10 years, and it's closing. And I think it's closer to five than to 10.... Keep in mind, we're the largest debtor nation in the history of mankind, and it's getting worse, not better."

Government Accountability Office
 Comptroller General David M. Walker
 Testimony before Senate Budget Committee
 January 29, 2008

Savings from Medicare/Medicaid Cuts More than Wiped Out by Cost of Extending Bush Tax Cuts

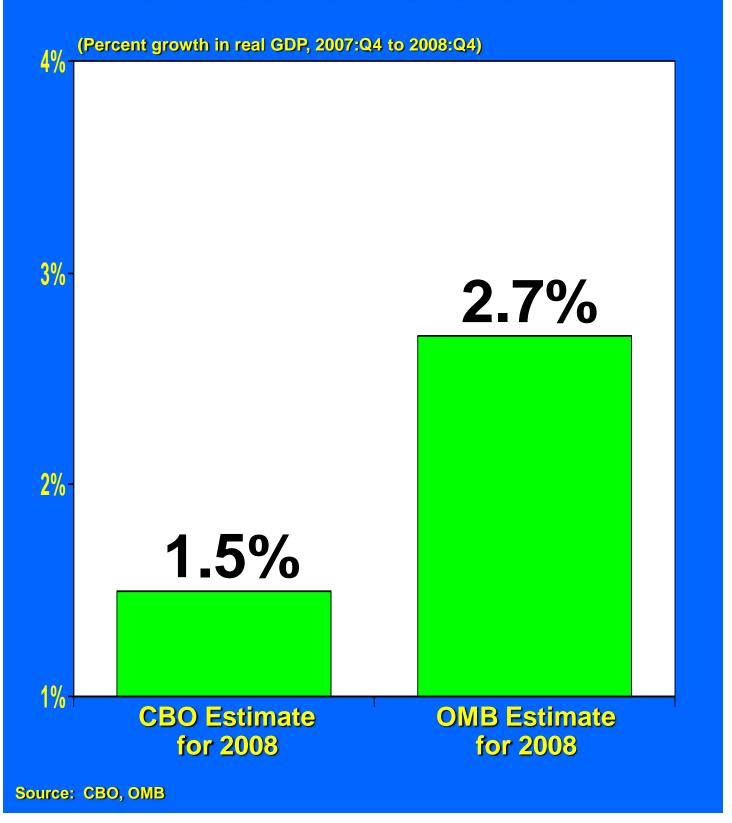




Source: OMB

Note: OMB estimate of savings from new legislative proposals and of extending 2001 and 2003 tax cuts.

Bush Budget Based on More Optimistic Assumptions for Economic Growth



Conrad-Gregg Bipartisan Fiscal Task Force

- To address long-term fiscal imbalance
- Panel of lawmakers and Administration officials
- Everything on table
- Fast-track consideration; Congress must vote
- Bipartisan outcome