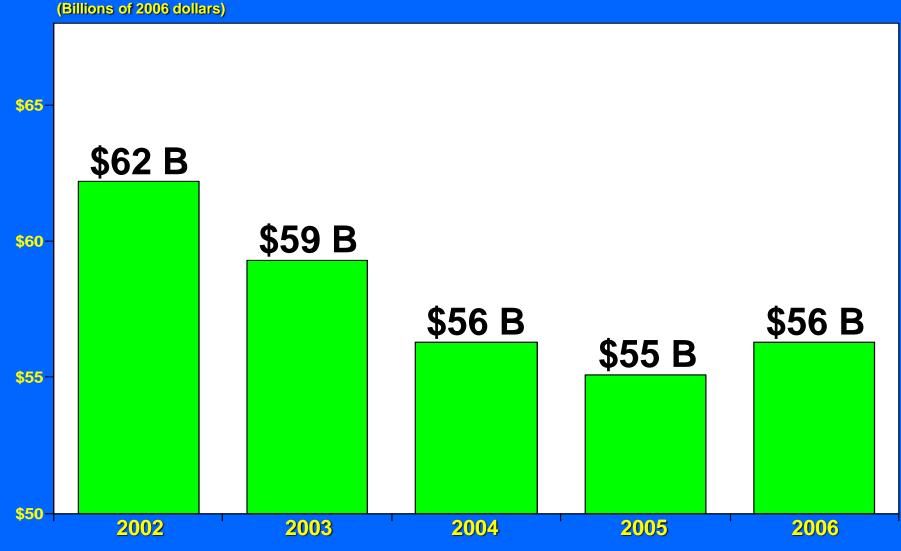


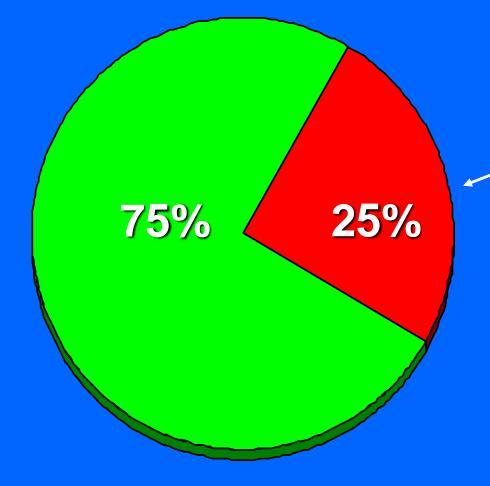
Federal Spending on Infrastructure Declines Under Bush



Source: CBO

Note: Annual federal spending on infrastructure capital, excluding defense and homeland security.

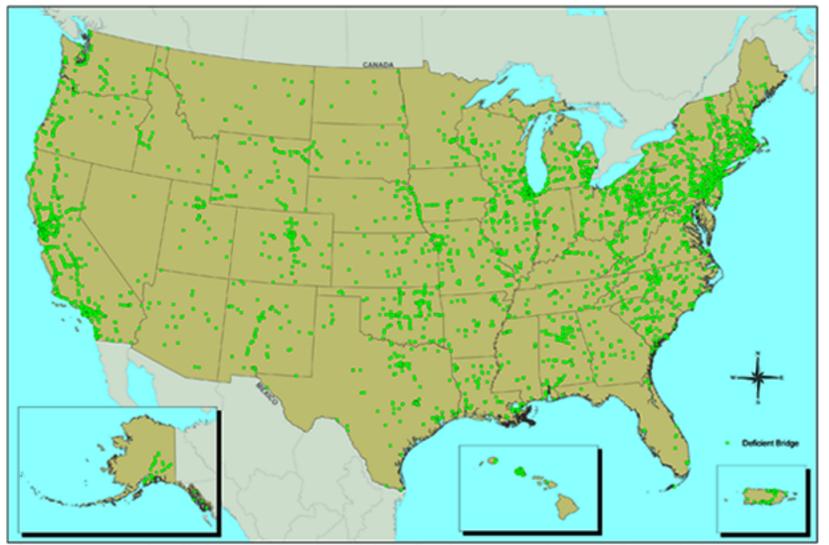
25 Percent of Nation's Bridges Considered Structurally-Deficient or Functionally Obsolete



More Than 150,000 of Nation's 600,000 Bridges Considered Structurally-Deficient or Functionally Obsolete

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation Note: U.S. bridges nationwide

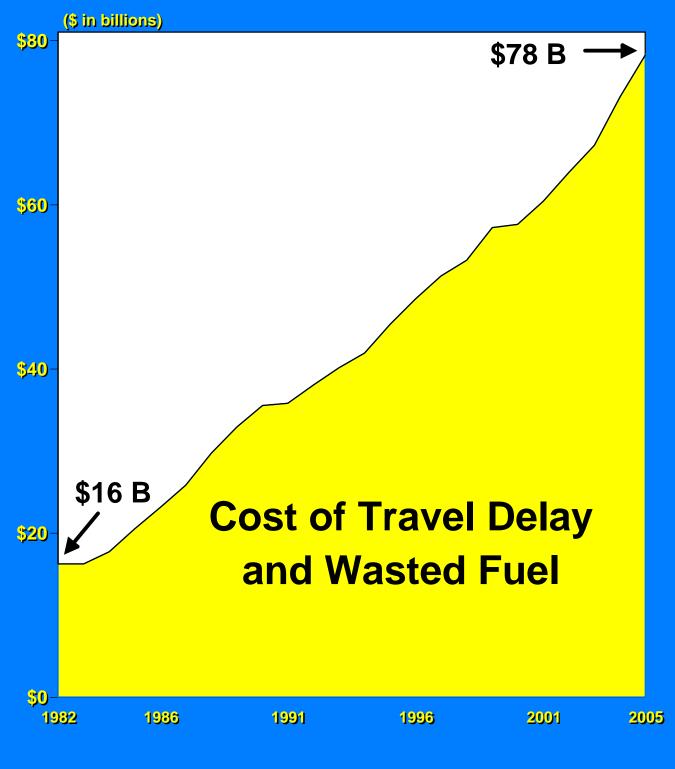
Structurally Deficient Bridges on the National Highway System



Note: The bridges displayed on this map represent the results of a combined BTS/FHWA effort to geocode bridges from the FHWA's National Bridge inventory (NBI). With the exception of Kentucky and Pennsylvania, whose most current data is 2006, all data is from the 2007 NBI. Of the 6,126 structurally deficient NHS bridges in the United States, 451 could not be geolocated because of insufficient data. Structurally deficient bridges are not necessarily unsate; all public road bridges receive regular safety inspections. The bridges listed were categorized as structurally deficient at the time the maps were developed.

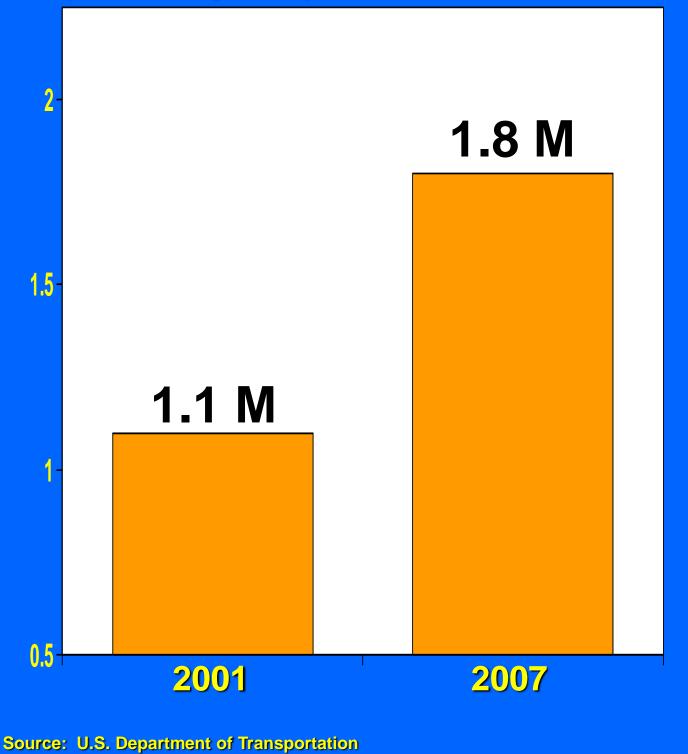
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Road Congestion Costing Americans More Than \$78 Billion Each Year



Number of Late Arriving Flights Has Increased 63% Since 2001

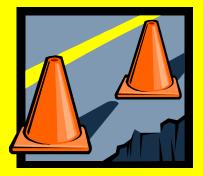
(Millions of late flight arrivals)



Budget Resolution Invests in Infrastructure

Repairs crumbling roads, bridges, transit, airports, and schools

• Reserve fund to allow for major infrastructure legislation



- Provides \$3.9 B more than President for key discretionary transportation accounts in 2009
- In addition, provides another \$10.0 B to:
 - Fully fund Highways
 - Fully fund Transit
 - Increase funding for Airport Improvement Program
 - Fund "ready-to-go" infrastructure projects
- Fixes the Highway Trust Fund shortfall

Economist: Infrastructure Spending is "Potent" Way to Stimulate Economy

"...[I]ncreased infrastructure spending seems a particularly potent way to stimulate the economy. The boost to GDP from a dollar spent on new bridges or schools is estimated at \$1.59, and few would dispute the need to improve the nation's infrastructure."

> Mark Zandi
> Chief Economist and Co-Founder of Moody's Economy.com
> January 22, 2008