How the Student Loan Calculator Works

The College Access and Cost Reduction Act will <u>cut interest rates in half</u> for undergraduate students with subsidized student loans – those in most financial need – over the next four years. The plan will begin by cutting interest rates from 6.8% to 6.0% on July 1, 2008, and rates will continue to decrease until they reach 3.4% in 2011.

Cutting Interest Rates in Half: Phase-In Schedule

*Interest rate reductions will occur on July 1 of each year

2008	2009	2010	2011
6.0	5.6	4.5	3.4

Cutting interest rates in half – to a fixed rate of 3.4% - will save a student with \$13,800 in subsidized loan debt approximately \$4,400 over the life of their loan.

For more information on H.R. 2669, click here.

Calculations and Assumptions

The Student Loan Calculator assumes a fixed rate for the life of your loan. For simplicity's sake, it also assumes that minimum payments are made throughout the life of the loan. This calculator uses a standard compounding interest calculation.

For example, the monthly payment for an average 15 year loan (180 months) of \$13,800 with a 6.8% interest rate:

The total repayment on the loan is calculated by multiplying the monthly payment by the number of months required to repay the loan. For example, the loan calculated above has a total repayment of \$22,050.07 (\$122.50 * 180 months).

The average interest rate for the life of the loan is the average rate a student would pay upon graduation. Further, the Student Loan Calculator also assumes equal borrowing in each year of school attendance. Assuming a 4-year attendance, average interest rates are below:

Year Starting	Average	
School	Interest Rate	
2005	6.6	
2006	6.3	
2007	5.7	
2008	4.9	
2009	4.2	
2010	3.7	
2011 & after	3.4	

All calculations are an estimate based on the above equations, and may not reflect the actual amount computed by your lender.