		(Original Signature of Member)
110TH CONGRESS	 _	

110TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H.R.

Moving the United States toward greater energy independence and security, developing innovative new technologies, reducing carbon emissions, creating green jobs, protecting consumers, increasing clean renewable energy production, and modernizing our energy infrastructure.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Pelosi (for herself, Mr. Hoyer, Mr. Clyburn, Mr. Emanuel, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Ms. Delauro, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Becerra, and [see attached list of cosponsors]) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

Moving the United States toward greater energy independence and security, developing innovative new technologies, reducing carbon emissions, creating green jobs, protecting consumers, increasing clean renewable energy production, and modernizing our energy infrastructure.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "New Direction for Energy Independence, National Secu-
- 4 rity, and Consumer Protection Act".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

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- Sec. 1002. Energy efficiency and renewable energy worker training program.

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- Sec. 2202. United States assistance for developing countries.
- Sec. 2203. United States exports and outreach programs for India, China, and other countries.
- Sec. 2204. United States trade missions to encourage private sector trade and investment.
- Sec. 2205. Actions by Overseas Private Investment Corporation.
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- Sec. 2302. Establishment and management of Foundation.
- Sec. 2303. Duties of Foundation.
- Sec. 2304. Annual report.
- Sec. 2305. Powers of the Foundation; related provisions.
- Sec. 2306. General personnel authorities.
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- Sec. 3007. Energy saving debentures.
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- Sec. 3010. Study and report.

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- Sec. 4410. Study of optimization of flexible fueled vehicles to use E-85 fuel.
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1 TITLE I—GREEN JOBS

- 2 SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.
- This title may be cited as the "Green Jobs Act of
- 4 2007".

1	SEC. 1002. ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY
2	WORKER TRAINING PROGRAM.
3	Section 171 of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998
4	(29 U.S.C. 2916) is amended by adding at the end the
5	following:
6	"(e) Energy Efficiency and Renewable En-
7	ERGY WORKER TRAINING PROGRAM.—
8	"(1) Grant Program.—
9	"(A) In General.—Not later than 6
10	months after the date of enactment of the
11	Green Jobs Act of 2007, the Secretary, in con-
12	sultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall es-
13	tablish an energy efficiency and renewable en-
14	ergy worker training program under which the
15	Secretary shall carry out the activities described
16	in paragraph (2) to achieve the purposes of this
17	subsection.
18	"(B) Eligibility.—For purposes of pro-
19	viding assistance and services under the pro-
20	gram established under this subsection—
21	"(i) target populations of eligible indi-
22	viduals to be given priority for training
23	and other services shall include—
24	"(I) workers affected by national
25	energy and environmental policy;

1	"(II) individuals in need of up-
2	dated training related to the energy
3	efficiency and renewable energy indus-
4	tries; and
5	"(III) veterans, or past and
6	present members of reserve compo-
7	nents of the Armed Forces;
8	"(IV) unemployed workers;
9	"(V) individuals, including at-risk
10	youth, seeking employment pathways
11	out of poverty and into economic self-
12	sufficiency; and
13	"(VI) formerly incarcerated, ad-
14	judicated, non-violent offenders;
15	"(ii) energy efficiency and renewable
16	energy industries eligible to participate in
17	a program under this subsection include—
18	"(I) the energy-efficient building,
19	construction, and retrofits industries;
20	"(II) the renewable electric power
21	industry;
22	"(III) the energy efficient and
23	advanced drive train vehicle industry;
24	"(IV) the biofuels industry;

1	"(V) the deconstruction and ma-
2	terials use industries;
3	"(VI) the energy efficiency as-
4	sessment industry serving the residen-
5	tial, commercial, or industrial sectors;
6	and
7	"(VII) manufacturers that
8	produce sustainable products using
9	environmentally sustainable processes
10	and materials.
11	"(2) Activities.—
12	"(A) NATIONAL RESEARCH PROGRAM.—
13	Under the program established under para-
14	graph (1), the Secretary, acting through the
15	Bureau of Labor Statistics, where appropriate,
16	shall collect and analyze labor market data to
17	track workforce trends resulting from energy-
18	related initiatives carried out under this sub-
19	section. Activities carried out under this para-
20	graph shall include—
21	"(i) tracking and documentation of
22	academic and occupational competencies as
23	well as future skill needs with respect to
24	renewable energy and energy efficiency
25	technology;

1	"(ii) tracking and documentation of
2	occupational information and workforce
3	training data with respect to renewable en-
4	ergy and energy efficiency technology;
5	"(iii) collaborating with State agen-
6	cies, workforce investments boards, indus-
7	try, organized labor, and community and
8	nonprofit organizations to disseminate in-
9	formation on successful innovations for
10	labor market services and worker training
11	with respect to renewable energy and en-
12	ergy efficiency technology;
13	"(iv) serving as a clearinghouse for
14	best practices in workforce development,
15	job placement, and collaborative training
16	partnerships;
17	"(v) promoting the establishment of
18	workforce training initiatives with respect
19	to renewable energy and energy efficiency
20	technologies; and
21	"(vi) linking research and develop-
22	ment in renewable energy and energy effi-
23	ciency technology with the development of
24	standards and curricula for current and
25	future jobs;

1	"(vii) assessing new employment and
2	work practices including career ladder and
3	upgrade training as well as high perform-
4	ance work systems;
5	"(viii) providing technical assistance
6	and capacity building to national and state
7	energy partnerships, including industry
8	and labor representatives.
9	"(B) National energy training part-
10	NERSHIP GRANTS.—
11	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Under the pro-
12	gram established under paragraph (1), the
13	Secretary shall award National Energy
14	Training Partnerships Grants on a com-
15	petitive basis to eligible entities to enable
16	such entities to carry out training that
17	leads to economic self-sufficiency and to
18	develop an energy efficiency and renewable
19	energy industries workforce. Grants shall
20	be awarded under this subparagraph so as
21	to ensure geographic diversity with at least
22	2 grants awarded to entities located in
23	each of the 4 Petroleum Administration for
24	Defense Districts with no subdistricts, and
25	at least 1 grant awarded to an entity lo-

1	cated in each of the subdistricts of the Pe-
2	troleum Administration for Defense Dis-
3	trict with subdistricts, as such districts are
4	established by the Secretary of Energy.
5	"(ii) Eligibility.—To be eligible to
6	receive a grant under clause (i), an entity
7	shall be a non-profit partnership that—
8	"(I) includes the equal participa-
9	tion of industry, including public or
10	private employers, and labor organiza-
11	tions, including joint labor-manage-
12	ment training programs, and may in-
13	clude workforce investment boards,
14	community-based organizations, edu-
15	cational institutions, small businesses,
16	cooperatives, State and local veterans
17	agencies, and veterans service organi-
18	zations; and
19	"(II) demonstrates—
20	"(aa) experience in imple-
21	menting and operating worker
22	skills training and education pro-
23	$\operatorname{grams};$
24	"(bb) the ability to identify
25	and involve in training programs

1	carried out under this grant, tar-
2	get populations of workers who
3	would benefit from activities re-
4	lated to energy efficiency and re-
5	newable energy industries; and
6	"(ce) the ability to help
7	workers achieve economic self-
8	sufficiency.
9	"(iii) Priority.—Priority shall be
10	given to partnerships which leverage addi-
11	tional public and private resources to fund
12	training programs, including cash or in-
13	kind matches from participating employers.
14	"(C) State Labor Market Research,
15	INFORMATION, AND LABOR EXCHANGE RE-
16	SEARCH PROGRAM.—
17	"(i) In General.—Under the pro-
18	gram established under paragraph (1), the
19	Secretary shall award competitive grants to
20	States to enable such States to administer
21	labor market and labor exchange informa-
22	tion programs that include the implemen-
23	tation of the activities described in clause
24	(ii), in coordination with the one-stop deliv-
25	ery system.

1	"(ii) Activities.—A State shall use
2	amounts awarded under a grant under this
3	subparagraph to provide funding to the
4	State agency that administers the Wagner-
5	Peyser Act and State unemployment com-
6	pensation programs to carry out the fol-
7	lowing activities using State agency merit
8	staff:
9	"(I) The identification of job
10	openings in the renewable energy and
11	energy efficiency sector.
12	"(II) The administration of skill
13	and aptitude testing and assessment
14	for workers.
15	"(III) The counseling, case man-
16	agement, and referral of qualified job
17	seekers to openings and training pro-
18	grams, including energy efficiency and
19	renewable energy training programs.
20	"(D) STATE ENERGY TRAINING PARTNER-
21	SHIP PROGRAM.—
22	"(i) In General.—Under the pro-
23	gram established under paragraph (1), the
24	Secretary shall award competitive grants to
25	States to enable such States to administer

1	renewable energy and energy efficiency
2	workforce development programs that in-
3	clude the implementation of the activities
4	described in clause (ii).
5	"(ii) Partnerships.—A State shall
6	use amounts awarded under a grant under
7	this subparagraph to award competitive
8	grants to eligible State Energy Sector
9	Partnerships to enable such Partnerships
10	to coordinate with existing apprenticeship
11	and labor management training programs
12	and implement training programs that lead
13	to the economic self-sufficiency of trainees.
14	"(iii) Eligibility.—To be eligible to
15	receive a grant under this subparagraph, a
16	State Energy Sector Partnership shall—
17	"(I) consist of non-profit organi-
18	zations that include equal participa-
19	tion from industry, including public or
20	private nonprofit employers, and labor
21	organizations, including joint labor-
22	management training programs, and
23	may include representatives from local
24	governments, the workforce invest-
25	ment system, including worker invest-

1	ment agency one-stop career centers,
2	community based organizations, com-
3	munity colleges, and other post-sec-
4	ondary institutions, small businesses,
5	cooperatives, State and local veterans
6	agencies, and veterans service organi-
7	zations;
8	"(II) demonstrate experience in
9	implementing and operating worker
10	skills training and education pro-
11	grams; and
12	"(III) demonstrate the ability to
13	identify and involve in training pro-
14	grams, target populations of workers
15	who would benefit from activities re-
16	lated to energy efficiency and renew-
17	able energy industries.
18	"(iv) Priority.—In awarding grants
19	under this subparagraph, the Secretary
20	shall give priority to States that dem-
21	onstrate that activities under the grant—
22	"(I) meet national energy policies
23	associated with energy efficiency, re-
24	newable energy, and the reduction of
25	emissions of greenhouse gases;

1	"(II) meet State energy policies
2	associated with energy efficiency, re-
3	newable energy, and the reduction of
4	emissions of greenhouse gases; and
5	"(III) leverage additional public
6	and private resources to fund training
7	programs, including cash or in-kind
8	matches from participating employers.
9	"(v) Coordination.—A grantee
10	under this subparagraph shall coordinate
11	activities carried out under the grant with
12	existing other appropriate training pro-
13	grams, including apprenticeship and labor
14	management training programs, including
15	such activities referenced in subparagraph
16	(C)(ii), and implement training programs
17	that lead to the economic self-sufficiency of
18	trainees.
19	"(E) Pathways out of poverty dem-
20	ONSTRATION PROGRAM.—
21	"(i) In general.—Under the pro-
22	gram established under paragraph (1), the
23	Secretary shall award at least 10 competi-
24	tive grants to eligible entities to enable
25	such entities to carry out training that

1	leads to economic self-sufficiency. The Sec-
2	retary shall give priority to entities that
3	serve individuals in families with income of
4	less than 200 percent of the poverty
5	threshold (as determined by the Bureau of
6	the Census) or a self-sufficiency standard
7	for the local areas where the training is
8	conducted that specifies the income needs
9	of families, by family size, the number and
10	ages of children in the family, and sub-
11	State geographical considerations. Grants
12	shall be awards to ensure geographic diver-
13	sity.
14	"(ii) Eligible entities.—To be eli-
15	gible to receive a grant an entity shall be
16	a partnership that—
17	"(I) includes community-based
18	non-profit organizations, educational
19	institutions with expertise in serving
20	low-income adults or youth, public or
21	private employers from the industry
22	sectors described in paragraph
23	(1)(B)(ii), and labor organizations
24	representing workers in such industry
25	sectors;

1	"(II) demonstrates experience in
2	implementing and operating worker
3	skills training and education pro-
4	grams;
5	"(III) coordinates activities,
6	where appropriate, with the workforce
7	investment system; and
8	"(IV) demonstrates the ability to
9	recruit individuals for training and to
10	support such individuals to successful
11	completion in training programs car-
12	ried out under this grant, targeting
13	populations of workers who are or will
14	be engaged in activities related to en-
15	ergy efficiency and renewable energy
16	industries.
17	"(iii) Priorities.—In awarding
18	grants under this paragraph, the Secretary
19	shall give priority to applicants that—
20	"(I) target programs to benefit
21	low-income workers, unemployed
22	youth and adults, high school drop-
23	outs, or other underserved sectors of
24	the workforce within areas of high
25	poverty;

1	"(II) ensure that supportive serv-
2	ices are integrated with education and
3	training, and delivered by organiza-
4	tions with direct access to and experi-
5	ence with targeted populations;
6	"(III) leverage additional public
7	and private resources to fund training
8	programs, including cash or in-kind
9	matches from participating employers;
10	"(IV) involve employers and
11	labor organizations in the determina-
12	tion of relevant skills and com-
13	petencies and ensure that the certifi-
14	cates or credentials that result from
15	the training are employer-recognized;
16	"(V) deliver courses at alter-
17	native times (such as evening and
18	weekend programs) and locations
19	most convenient and accessible to par-
20	ticipants; and
21	"(VI) link adult remedial edu-
22	cation with occupational skills train-
23	ing.

1	"(iv) Data collection.—Grantees
2	shall collect and report the following infor-
3	mation:
4	"(I) The number of participants.
5	"(II) The demographic character-
6	istics of participants, including race,
7	gender, age, parenting status, partici-
8	pation in other Federal programs,
9	education and literacy level at entry,
10	significant barriers to employment
11	(such as limited English proficiency,
12	criminal record, addiction or mental
13	health problem requiring treatment,
14	or mental disability).
15	"(III) The services received by
16	participants, including training, edu-
17	cation, and supportive services.
18	"(IV) The amount of program
19	spending per participant.
20	"(V) Program completion rates.
21	"(VI) Factors determined as sig-
22	nificantly interfering with program
23	participation or completion.

1	"(VII) The rate of Job placement
2	and the rate of employment retention
3	after 1 year.
4	"(VIII) The average wage at
5	placement, including any benefits, and
6	the rate of average wage increase
7	after 1 year.
8	"(IX) Any post-employment sup-
9	portive services provided.
10	The Secretary shall assist grantees in the
11	collection of data under this clause by
12	making available, where practicable, low-
13	cost means of tracking the labor market
14	outcomes of participants, and by providing
15	standardized reporting forms, where appro-
16	priate.
17	"(3) Activities.—
18	"(A) In general.—Activities to be car-
19	ried out under a program authorized by sub-
20	paragraphs (B), (D), or (E) of paragraph (2)
21	shall be coordinated with existing systems or
22	providers, as appropriate. Such activities may
23	include—

1	"(i) occupational skills training, in-
2	cluding curriculum development, on-the-job
3	training, and classroom training;
4	"(ii) safety and health training;
5	"(iii) the provision of basic skills, lit-
6	eracy, GED, English as a second language,
7	and job readiness training;
8	"(iv) individual referral and tuition
9	assistance for a community college training
10	program, or any training program leading
11	to an industry-recognized certificate;
12	"(v) internship programs in fields re-
13	lated to energy efficiency and renewable
14	energy;
15	"(vi) customized training in conjunc-
16	tion with an existing registered apprentice-
17	ship program or labor-management part-
18	nership;
19	"(vii) career ladder and upgrade
20	training;
21	"(viii) the implementation of transi-
22	tional jobs strategies; and
23	"(ix) the provision of supportive serv-
24	ices.

1	"(B) Outreach activities.—In addition
2	to the activities authorized under subparagraph
3	(A), activities authorized for programs under
4	subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) may include
5	the provision of outreach, recruitment, career
6	guidance, and case management services.
7	"(4) Worker protections and non-
8	DISCRIMINATION REQUIREMENTS.—
9	"(A) APPLICATION OF WIA.—The provi-
10	sions of sections 181 and 188 of the Workforce
11	Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2931 and
12	2938) shall apply to all programs carried out
13	with assistance under this subsection.
14	"(B) Consultation with Labor organi-
15	ZATIONS.—If a labor organization represents a
16	substantial number of workers who are engaged
17	in similar work or training in an area that is
18	the same as the area that is proposed to be
19	funded under this Act, the labor organization
20	shall be provided an opportunity to be consulted
21	and to submit comments in regard to such a
22	proposal.
23	"(5) Performance measures.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
25	negotiate and reach agreement with the eligible

1	entities that receive grants and assistance
2	under this section on performance measures for
3	the indicators of performance referred to in
4	subparagraph (A) and (B) of section 136(b)(2)
5	that will be used to evaluate the performance of
6	the eligible entity in carrying out the activities
7	described in subsection (e)(2). Each State and
8	local performance measure shall consist of such
9	an indicator of performance, and a performance
10	level referred to in subparagraph (B).
11	"(B) Performance Levels.—The Sec-
12	retary shall negotiate and reach agreement with
13	the eligible entity regarding the levels of per-
14	formance expected to be achieved by the eligible
15	entity on the indicators of performance.
16	"(6) Report.—
17	"(A) STATUS REPORT.—Not later than 18
18	months after the date of enactment of the
19	Green Jobs Act of 2007, the Secretary shall
20	transmit a report to Congress on the training
21	program established by this subsection. The re-
22	port shall include a description of the entities
23	receiving funding and the activities carried out

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by such entities.

1	"(B) EVALUATION.—Not later than 3
2	years after the date of enactment of such Act,
3	the Secretary shall transmit to Congress an as-
4	sessment of such program and an evaluation of
5	the activities carried out by entities receiving
6	funding from such program.
7	"(7) Definition.—As used in this subsection,
8	the term 'renewable energy' has the meaning given
9	such term in section 203(b)(2) of the Energy Policy
10	Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–58).
11	"(8) Authorization of appropriations.—
12	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
13	this subsection, \$125,000,000 for each fiscal years,
14	of which—
15	"(A) not to exceed 20 percent of the
16	amount appropriated in each such fiscal year
17	shall be made available for, and shall be equally
18	divided between, national labor market research
19	and information under paragraph (2)(A) and
20	State labor market information and labor ex-
21	change research under paragraph (2)(C), and
22	not more than 2 percent of such amount shall
23	be for the evaluation and report required under
24	paragraph (4);

1	"(B) 20 percent shall be dedicated to
2	Pathways Out of Poverty Demonstration Pro-
3	grams under paragraph (2)(E); and
4	"(C) the remainder shall be divided equally
5	between National Energy Partnership Training
6	Grants under paragraph (2)(B) and State en-
7	ergy training partnership grants under para-
8	graph (2)(D).".
9	TITLE II—INTERNATIONAL CLI-
10	MATE COOPERATION RE-EN-
11	GAGEMENT ACT OF 2007
12	SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.
13	This title may be cited as the "International Climate
14	Cooperation Re-engagement Act of 2007".
15	SEC. 2002. DEFINITIONS.
16	In this title:
17	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
18	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
19	mittees" means the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
20	the House of Representatives and the Committee on
21	Foreign Relations of the Senate.
22	(2) CLEAN AND EFFICIENT ENERGY TECH-
23	NOLOGY.—The term "clean and efficient energy
24	technology" means an energy supply or end-use
25	technology—

1	(A) such as—
2	(i) solar technology;
3	(ii) wind technology;
4	(iii) geothermal technology;
5	(iv) hydroelectric technology; and
6	(v) carbon capture technology; and
7	(B) that, over its life cycle and compared
8	to a similar technology already in commercial
9	use—
10	(i) is reliable, affordable, economically
11	viable, socially acceptable, and compatible
12	with the needs and norms of the country
13	involved;
14	(ii) results in—
15	(I) reduced emissions of green-
16	house gases; or
17	(II) increased geological seques-
18	tration; and
19	(iii) may—
20	(I) substantially lower emissions
21	of air pollutants; or
22	(II) generate substantially small-
23	er or less hazardous quantities of solid
24	or liquid waste.

1	(3) Geological sequestration.—The term
2	"geological sequestration" means the capture and
3	long-term storage in a geological formation of a
4	greenhouse gas from an energy producing facility,
5	which prevents the release of greenhouse gases into
6	the atmosphere.
7	(4) Greenhouse gas.—The term "greenhouse
8	gas'' means—
9	(A) carbon dioxide;
10	(B) methane;
11	(C) nitrous oxide;
12	(D) hydrofluorocarbons;
13	(E) perfluorocarbons; or
14	(F) sulfur hexafluoride.
15	Subtitle A—United States Policy on
16	Global Climate Change
17	SEC. 2101. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.
18	Congress makes the following findings:
19	(1) There is a global scientific consensus, as es-
20	tablished by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate
21	Change (IPCC) and confirmed by the National
22	Academy of Sciences, that the continued build-up of
23	anthropogenic greenhouse gases in the atmosphere
24	has been, and is now warming the earth and threat-
25	ens the stability of the global climate. By the esti-

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1	mate of the IPCC, unmitigated global greenhouse
2	gas emissions could drive up global temperatures by
3	as much as 7 to 11 degrees Fahrenheit by 2100.
4	(2) Climate change is already having significant
5	impacts in certain regions of the world and on many
6	ecosystems, with poor populations being most vul-
7	nerable.
8	(3) Climate change is a global problem that can
9	only be managed by a coordinated global response
10	that reduces global emissions of greenhouse gases to
11	a level that stabilizes their concentration in the
12	Earth's atmosphere.
13	(4) The United Nations Framework Convention
14	on Climate Change (hereinafter in this section re-
15	ferred to as the "Convention") establishes a viable
16	foundation to construct a global regime to combat
17	global warming and manage its impacts.
18	(5) The United States, along with 189 other
19	countries, is a party to the Convention, agreed to in
20	New York on May 9, 1992, and entered into force
21	in 1994. The Convention's stated objective is "to
22	achieve stabilization of greenhouse gas concentra-
23	tions in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent

dangerous anthropogenic interference with the cli-

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mate system".

1	(6) The Kyoto Protocol to the Convention was
2	adopted by the third Convention Conference of the
3	Parties (COP-3) in December 1997, in Kyoto,
4	Japan, and stipulated legally binding reductions in
5	greenhouse gas emissions at an average of 5.2 per-
6	cent below 1990 levels for industrialized countries,
7	but it did not specify policies for its implementation.
8	The Kyoto Protocol also did not stipulate binding re-
9	ductions in greenhouse gas emissions for rapidly in-
10	dustrializing countries such as China, India, and
11	Brazil.
12	(7) Before negotiations were completed on the
13	mechanisms for implementing Kyoto Protocol com-
14	mitments on greenhouse gas emissions, George W.
15	Bush took office as President of the United States,
16	and in March 2001, announced opposition to contin-
17	ued negotiations over implementation of the Pro-
18	tocol, stating that the Protocol was "fatally flawed"
19	from the Administration's point of view.
20	(8) President Bush unveiled an "alternative"
21	strategy to the Kyoto Protocol for halting global
22	warming on February 14, 2002. The President's
23	plan did not contain any international component to

amend or supplant the Kyoto Protocol or any kind

of blueprint for committing major developing econo-

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1	mies such as China, India, and Brazil to reduce fu-
2	ture greenhouse gas emissions. The President's plan
3	set a voluntary "greenhouse gas intensity" target for
4	the United States that specified an 18 percent re-
5	duction in "emissions intensity" by 2012. This re-
6	duction would allow actual emissions to increase by
7	at least 12 percent over the same period.
8	(9) On February 16, 2005, after Russia's ratifi-

- (9) On February 16, 2005, after Russia's ratification, the Kyoto Protocol entered into force. With entry into force, the emissions targets of the Protocol became legally binding commitments for those industrialized countries that ratified the Protocol. Because the United States and Australia did not ratify the Protocol, and because developing countries are not subject to its limits, the Protocol currently restricts the emissions of countries accounting for only 32 percent of global greenhouse gas emissions.
- (10) The Kyoto Protocol required that parties to the Protocol begin negotiating in 2005 toward a second round of commitments to begin after the expiration of the first emissions budget period in 2012. The eleventh Convention Conference of the Parties (COP-11) in November and December 2005 in Montreal, Canada launched the negotiations on the second round of commitments by parties to the Pro-

I	tocol and initiated a dialogue (a "parallel process")
2	under the Convention that engaged both the United
3	States and developing countries in discussions on fu-
4	ture efforts.
5	(11) At the twelfth Convention Conference of
6	the Parties (COP-12) in November 2006 in Nairobi
7	Kenya, parties continued discussions on a second
8	round of commitments under the Kyoto Protocol as
9	a successor to the first commitment period (2008
10	through 2012) and, in the parallel process, discussed
11	enhanced cooperation under the Convention that
12	would engage countries that did not have commit-
13	ments under the Protocol.
14	(12) At a summit in Brussels, Belgium in
15	March 2007, the head of governments of the Euro-
16	pean Union committed its Member States to cut
17	greenhouse gas emissions 20 percent below 1990 lev-
18	els by 2020 and committed to move this target up
19	to 30 percent if the United States and other major
20	emitters joined the commitment.
21	(13) On April 17, 2007, the United Nations Se-
22	curity Council held its first ever "open meeting" or
23	the impact of climate change on international secu-
24	rity. British Foreign Secretary Margaret Beckett, in
25	her capacity as President of the Security Council,

1	declared in her opening statement that the Council
2	has a "security imperative" to tackle climate change
3	because it can exacerbate problems that cause con-
4	flicts and because it threatens the entire planet.
5	United Nations Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon told
6	the Council that "issues of energy and climate
7	change have implications for peace and security".
8	(14) Working Group III of the IPCC met from
9	April 30 through May 4, 2007, in Bangkok, Thai-
10	land to assess technologies and policies needed to
11	avert dangerous climate change and to provide back-
12	ground for negotiations on a post-2012 climate
13	change regime. The draft report by the IPCC Work-
14	ing Group III concludes that by quickly adopting
15	technological options that are available or are being
16	developed, the global concentration of greenhouse
17	gases in the atmosphere can be stabilized at 450-
18	550 parts per million (ppm). The IPCC scientists
19	believe that a 450 to 550 ppm ceiling might limit
20	the global rise in temperatures to no more than 3.6
21	degrees Fahrenheit and avert impacts of escalating
22	scale, scope, and costs, potentially including the de-
23	stabilization of large polar ice sheets that could con-
24	tribute to long-term, catastrophic sea level rise at

higher temperatures.

1	(15) The United Nations Secretary-General
2	Ban Ki-moon has indicated that one of his top goals
3	is to forge a more comprehensive agreement under
4	the Convention to ensure there is no gap when the
5	first commitment period under the Kyoto Protocol
6	ends in 2012. In order to reach this goal, critical ne-
7	gotiations involving all of the major greenhouse gas
8	emitters, along with the vulnerable countries, must
9	be initiated immediately and be completed by 2009.
10	On May 1, 2007, the Secretary-General named three
11	Special Envoys on Climate Change to assist in "con-
12	sultations with Governments". The Secretary-Gen-
13	eral will host a "high-level meeting" on climate
14	change at the United Nations General Assembly in
15	September 2007 to give "political direction" to the
16	thirteenth Convention Conference of the Parties
17	(COP-13) to take place in December 2007 in Bali,
18	Indonesia.
19	SEC. 2102. CONGRESSIONAL STATEMENT OF POLICY.
20	Congress declares the following to be the policy of the
21	United States:
22	(1) To promote United States and global secu-
23	rity through leadership in cooperation with other na-
24	tions of the global effort to reduce and stabilize
25	global greenhouse gas emissions and stabilize atmos-

- pheric concentration of such gases. As such, the
 United States will seek to obtain mitigation commitments from all major greenhouse gas emitting countries under the institutional framework provided by
 the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (hereinafter in this section referred to
 as the "Convention").
 - (2) To facilitate progress in global negotiations toward a comprehensive agreement under the Convention, and in service of this goal, the United States will, during the course of 2007, engage in high level dialogue on climate change within the Group of Eight (G–8), with the European Union, with Japan and other industrialized countries, and with China, India, Brazil, and other major developing countries. The United States will also participate in the initiative of the United Nations Secretary-General to build consensus among governments on enhanced international cooperation on these matters.
 - (3) To participate more actively and constructively in the intergovernmental climate change process, including at the thirteenth Convention Conference of the Parties (COP–13) to take place in December 2007 in Bali, Indonesia. As such, at the

1	COP-13 meeting, the United States will be rep-
2	resented by a high-level delegation composed of cli-
3	mate experts and career foreign service officers with
4	extensive diplomatic experience, including experience
5	in multi-lateral negotiations, headed by the Sec-
6	retary of State, the Secretary's Deputy, or the Un-
7	dersecretary for Global Affairs of the Department of
8	State.
9	(4) To engage in serious discussion of possible
10	future commitments under the Convention. These
11	discussions will seek to develop a plan of action and
12	time-table with the goal of adopting a new inter-
13	national agreement under the Convention that stipu-
14	lates commitments from all major greenhouse gas
15	emitters, including the United States and other
16	countries listed in Annex 1 to the Convention,
17	China, India, and Brazil, at the fifteenth Convention
18	Conference of the Parties (COP-15) to take place in
19	2009. This process will seek as its objective that a
20	new instrument will come into force by the time the

(5) To protect United States national and economic interests and United States competitiveness in all sectors by negotiating a new agreement under the

first commitment period under the Kyoto Protocol

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ends in 2012.

1	Convention that is cost effective, comprehensive,
2	flexible, and equitable. Such an agreement shall, at
3	a minimum—
4	(A) require binding mitigation commit-
5	ments from all major emitting countries based
6	on their level of development;
7	(B) provide for different forms of commit-
8	ments, including economy-wide emissions tar-
9	gets, policy-based commitments, sectoral agree-
10	ments, and no-regrets targets;
11	(C) increase cooperation on clean and effi-
12	cient energy technologies and practices;
13	(D) target all greenhouse gases, including
14	sources, sinks, and reservoirs of greenhouse
15	gases, and should expand the current scope of
16	the Kyoto Protocol and Convention to sectors
17	not covered, such as the international aviation
18	and maritime sectors;
19	(E) include mechanisms to harness mar-
20	ket-based solutions, building upon the joint im-
21	plementation, clean development mechanism,
22	and international emissions trading developed
23	under the Protocol;

1	(F) include incentives for sustainable for-
2	estry management that reflect the value of
3	avoided deforestation;
4	(G) address the need for adaptation, espe-
5	cially for the most vulnerable and poorest coun-
6	tries on the planet;
7	(H) consider the impact on United States
8	industry and contain effective mechanisms to
9	protect United States competitiveness; and
10	(I) include the perspectives and address
11	the concerns of impacted indigenous and tribal
12	populations.
13	(6) To seek international consensus on long-
14	term objectives including a target range for stabi-
15	lizing greenhouse gas concentrations. The target
16	range should reflect the consensus recommendations
17	of Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
18	(IPCC) scientists, who believe that concentrations of
19	greenhouse gases in the Earth's atmosphere must be
20	stabilized at a level that would provide a reasonable
21	chance of limiting the rise in global temperatures to
22	a level that might avert the most dangerous impacts
23	of climate change.

1	SEC.	2103.	OFFICE	ON	GLOBAL	CLIMATE	CHANGE.
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2 (a) Establishment of Office.—There is estab-3 lished within the Department of State an Office on Global Climate Change (hereinafter in this section referred to as 4 5 the "Office"). 6 (b) Head of Office.— 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—The head of the Office shall 8 be the Ambassador-at-Large for Global Climate 9 Change (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Ambassador-at-Large"). 10 11 (2) APPOINTMENT.—The Ambassador-at-Large 12 shall be appointed by the President, by and with the 13 advice and consent of the Senate. 14 (c) Duties.— 15 (1) In General.—The primary responsibility 16 of the Ambassador-at-Large shall be to advance the 17 goals of the United States with respect to reducing 18 the emissions of global greenhouse gases and ad-19 dressing the challenges posed by global climate 20 change. 21 (2)ROLE.—The Ambassador-at-ADVISORY 22 Large— 23 (A) shall be a principal adviser to the 24 President and the Secretary of State on matters 25 relating to global climate change; and

1	(B) shall make recommendations to the
2	President and the Secretary of State on policies
3	of the United States Government with respect
4	to international cooperation on reducing the
5	emission of global greenhouse gases and ad-
6	dressing the challenges posed by global climate
7	change.
8	(3) DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATION.—Subject to
9	the direction of the President and the Secretary of
10	State, the Ambassador-at-Large is authorized to
11	represent the United States in matters relating to
12	global climate change in—
13	(A) contacts with foreign governments,
14	intergovernmental organizations, and special-
15	ized agencies of the United Nations, the Orga-
16	nization on Security and Cooperation in Eu-
17	rope, and other international organizations of
18	which the United States is a member; and
19	(B) multilateral conferences and meetings
20	relating to global climate change.
21	(d) Funding.—The Secretary of State shall provide
22	the Ambassador-at-Large with such funds as may be nec-
23	essary for the hiring of staff for the Office, the conduct
24	of investigations by the Office, and for necessary travel
25	to carry out the provisions of this section.

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1	(e) Report.—Not later than September 1 of each
2	year, the Secretary of State, with the assistance of the
3	Ambassador-at-Large, shall prepare and submit to the ap-
4	propriate congressional committees a report on the strat-
5	egy, policies, and actions of the United States for reducing
6	the emissions of global greenhouse gases and addressing
7	the challenges posed of global climate change.
8	Subtitle B—Assistance to Promote
9	Clean and Efficient Energy
10	Technologies in Foreign Coun-
11	tries
12	SEC. 2201. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.
13	Congress makes the following findings:
14	(1) Several provisions of the Energy Policy Act
15	of 1992 were designed to expand Federal programs
16	that support renewable energy and energy efficient
17	equipment exports and to broaden the portfolio of
18	programs to include training and technology transfer
19	activities that help promote development in less in-
20	dustrialized nations, expand global markets, and re-
21	duce greenhouse gas emissions. However, few of the
22	export-related provisions of the Energy Policy Act of

1992 were implemented due to a lack of Federal

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funding.

1	(2) In 2000, Congress called for several United
2	States Government agencies to create an Inter-
3	agency Working Group to support a Clean Energy
4	Technology Exports Initiative to use the combined
5	resources of various agencies to promote the export
6	of clean energy technologies abroad. The Initiative
7	also suffered from low levels of Federal funding and
8	has not produced significant results.
9	(3) Large and emerging economies, such as
10	India and China, play significant roles in the global
11	energy security system as large consumers of energy
12	and should be included as member countries in the
13	International Energy Agency to strengthen the com-
14	mon interest of importers in encouraging trans-
15	parent energy markets and in planning for supply
16	disruptions.
17	(4) The challenge of energy security severely af-
18	fects developing countries where over 1.6 billion peo-
19	ple lack access to affordable energy services. In
20	these nations, a lack of transparency and account-
21	ability creates a climate of mistrust for investors; bi-
22	lateral and multilateral lending institutions do not

provide sufficient incentives to companies investing

in clean and efficient energy technologies; women

and children suffer disproportionately due to the

23

24

lack of energy services; inaccessibility of energy serv-
ices impedes other development programs in edu-
cation, health, agriculture, and the environment; and
dependence on imported fuels leaves countries vul-
nerable to supply disruptions and economic shocks.

- (5) In addition to promoting the export of clean energy technologies, large energy-consuming economies must also have appropriate incentive systems, policy and regulatory frameworks, and investment climates in place to accept and promote the adoption of such technologies.
- (6) More than \$16 trillion needs to be invested in energy-supply infrastructure worldwide by 2030 to meet energy demand, and almost half of total energy investment will take place in developing countries, where production and demand are expected to increase the most.
- (7) Public and private sector capital will be needed to fulfill future demand. The opportunity exists for public and private actors to coordinate efforts and leverage resources to direct this investment into technologies, practices, and services that promote energy efficiency, clean-energy production, and a reduction in global greenhouse gas emissions.

1	(8) In attempting to address the global climate
2	change challenge, the United States Government re-
3	cently launched the Asia Pacific Partnership on
4	Clean Development and Climate, which is meant to
5	accelerate the development and deployment of clean
6	energy technologies. However, this Partnership oper-
7	ates in a non-binding framework that does not re-
8	quire any emissions reductions from the partner
9	countries.
10	SEC. 2202. UNITED STATES ASSISTANCE FOR DEVELOPING
11	COUNTRIES.
12	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The Administrator
13	of the United States Agency for International Develop-
14	ment shall support policies and programs in developing
15	countries that promote clean and efficient energy tech-
16	nologies—
17	(1) to produce the necessary market conditions
18	for the private sector delivery of energy and environ-
19	mental management services;
20	(2) to create an environment that is conducive
21	to accepting clean and efficient energy technologies
22	that support the overall purpose of reducing green-
23	house gas emissions, including—
24	(A) improving policy, legal, and regulatory
25	frameworks;

1	(B) increasing institutional abilities to pro-
2	vide energy and environmental management
3	services; and
4	(C) increasing public awareness and par-
5	ticipation in the decision-making of delivering
6	energy and environmental management services;
7	and
8	(3) to promote the use of American-made clean
9	and efficient energy technologies, products, and en-
10	ergy and environmental management services.
11	(b) Report.—The Administrator of the United
12	States Agency for International Development shall submit
13	to the appropriate committees an annual report on the im-
14	plementation of this section for each of the fiscal years
15	2008 through 2012.
16	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
17	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
18	to the Administrator of the United States Agency for
19	International Development \$200,000,000 for each of the
20	fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
21	SEC. 2203. UNITED STATES EXPORTS AND OUTREACH PRO-
22	GRAMS FOR INDIA, CHINA, AND OTHER COUN-
23	TRIES.
24	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The Secretary of
25	Commerce shall direct the United States and Foreign

1	Commercial Service to expand or create a corps of the
2	Foreign Commercial Service officers to promote United
3	States exports in clean and efficient energy technologies
4	and build the capacity of government officials in India,
5	China, and any other country the Secretary of Commerce
6	determines appropriate, to become more familiar with the
7	available technologies—
8	(1) by assigning or training Foreign Commer-
9	cial Service attachés, who have expertise in clean
10	and efficient energy technologies from the United
11	States, to embark on business development and out-
12	reach efforts to India and China; and
13	(2) by deploying the attachés described in para-
14	graph (1) to educate provincial, state, and local gov-
15	ernment officials in India and China on the variety
16	of United States-based technologies in clean and ef-
17	ficient energy technologies for the purposes of pro-
18	moting United States exports and reducing global
19	greenhouse gas emissions.
20	(b) Report.—The Secretary of Commerce shall sub-
21	mit to the appropriate committees an annual report on
22	the implementation of this section for each of the fiscal
23	years 2008 through 2012.
24	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
25	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated

1	to the Secretary of Commerce such sums as may be nec-
2	essary for each of the fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
3	SEC. 2204. UNITED STATES TRADE MISSIONS TO ENCOUR-
4	AGE PRIVATE SECTOR TRADE AND INVEST-
5	MENT.
6	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The Secretary of
7	Commerce shall direct the International Trade Adminis-
8	tration to expand or create trade missions to and from
9	the United States to encourage private sector trade and
10	investment in clean and efficient energy technologies—
11	(1) by organizing and facilitating trade mis-
12	sions to foreign countries and by matching United
13	States private sector companies with opportunities in
14	foreign markets so that clean and efficient energy
15	technologies can help to combat increases in global
16	greenhouse gas emissions; and
17	(2) by creating reverse trade missions in which
18	the Department of Commerce facilitates the meeting
19	of foreign private and public sector organizations
20	with private sector companies in the United States
21	for the purpose of showcasing clean and efficient en-
22	ergy technologies in use or in development that could
23	be exported to other countries.
24	(b) Report.—The Secretary of Commerce shall sub-
25	mit to the appropriate committees an annual report on

1	the implementation of this section for each of the fiscal
2	years 2008 through 2012.
3	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
4	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
5	to the Secretary of Commerce such sums as may be nec-
6	essary for each of the fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
7	SEC. 2205. ACTIONS BY OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT
8	CORPORATION.
9	(a) Findings.—Congress finds the following:
10	(1) Many of the emerging markets within which
11	the Overseas Private Investment Corporation sup-
12	ports projects have immense energy needs and will
13	require significant investment in the energy sector in
14	the coming decades.
15	(2) The use, or lack of use, of clean and effi-
16	cient energy technologies can have a dramatic effect
17	on the rate of global greenhouse gas emissions from
18	emerging markets in the coming decades.
19	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
20	gress that the Overseas Private Investment Corporation
21	should promote greater investment in clean and efficient
22	energy technologies by—
23	(1) proactively reaching out to United States
24	companies that are interested in investing in clean
25	and efficient energy technologies in countries that

1	are significant contributors to global greenhouse gas
2	emissions;
3	(2) giving preferential treatment to the evalua-
4	tion and awarding of projects that involve the invest-
5	ment or utilization of clean and efficient energy
6	technologies; and
7	(3) providing greater flexibility in supporting
8	projects that involve the investment or utilization of
9	clean and efficient energy technologies, including fi-
10	nancing, insurance, and other assistance.
11	(e) Report.—The Overseas Private Investment Cor-
12	poration shall include in its annual report required under
13	section 240A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
14	U.S.C. 2200a)—
15	(1) a description of the activities carried out to
16	implement this section; or
17	(2) if the Corporation did not carry out any ac-
18	tivities to implement this section, an explanation of
19	the reasons therefor.
20	SEC. 2206. ACTIONS BY UNITED STATES TRADE AND DEVEL-
21	OPMENT AGENCY.
22	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The Director of the
23	Trade and Development Agency shall establish or support
24	policies that—

1	(1) proactively seek opportunities to fund
2	projects that involve the utilization of clean and effi-
3	cient energy technologies, including in trade capacity
4	building and capital investment projects;
5	(2) give preferential treatment to the evaluation
6	and awarding of projects that involve the utilization
7	of clean and efficient energy technologies, particu-
8	larly to countries that have the potential for signifi-
9	cant reduction in greenhouse gas emissions; and
10	(3) recruit and retain individuals with appro-
11	priate expertise in clean, renewable, and efficient en-
12	ergy technologies to identify and evaluate opportuni-
13	ties for projects that involve clean and efficient en-
14	ergy technologies and services.
15	(b) Report.—The President shall include in the an-
16	nual report on the activities of the Trade and Development
17	Agency required under section 661(d) of the Foreign As-
18	sistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2421(d)) a description
19	of the activities carried out to implement this section.
20	SEC. 2207. GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE EXCHANGE PRO-
21	GRAM.
22	(a) Program Authorized.—The Secretary of State
23	is authorized to establish a program to strengthen re-
24	search, educational exchange, and international coopera-
25	tion with the aim of reducing global greenhouse gas emis-

1	sions and addressing the challenges posed by global cli-
2	mate change. The program authorized by this subsection
3	shall be carried out pursuant to the authorities of the Mu-
4	tual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22
5	U.S.C. 2451 et seq.) and may be referred to as the "Glob-
6	al Climate Change Exchange Program".
7	(b) Elements.—The program authorized by sub-
8	section (a) shall contain the following elements:
9	(1) The financing of studies, research, instruc-
10	tion, and other educational activities dedicated to re-
11	ducing carbon emissions and addressing the chal-
12	lenge of global climate change—
13	(A) by or to United States citizens and na-
14	tionals in foreign universities, governments, or-
15	ganizations, companies, or other institutions;
16	and
17	(B) by or to citizens and nationals of for-
18	eign countries in United States universities,
19	governments, organizations, companies, or other
20	institutions.
21	(2) The financing of visits and exchanges be-
22	tween the United States and other countries of stu-
23	dents, trainees, teachers, instructors, professors, re-
24	searchers, and other persons who study, teach, and
25	conduct research in subjects such as the physical

1	sciences, environmental science, public policy, eco-
2	nomics, urban planning, and other subjects and
3	focus on reducing greenhouse gas emissions and ad-
4	dressing the challenges posed by global climate
5	change.
6	(c) Access.—The Secretary of State shall ensure
7	that the program authorized by subsection (a) is available
8	to—
9	(1) historically Black colleges and universities
10	that are part B institutions (as such term is defined
11	in section 322(2) of the Higher Education Act of
12	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061(2))), Hispanic-serving institu-
13	tions (as such term is defined in section $502(5)$ of
14	such Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a(5))), Tribal Colleges or
15	Universities (as such term is defined in section 316
16	of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1059c)), and other minority
17	institutions (as such term is defined in section
18	365(3) of such Act (20 U.S.C. $1067k(3)$)), and to
19	the students, faculty, and researchers at such col-
20	leges, universities, and institutions; and
21	(2) small business concerns owned and con-
22	trolled by socially and economically disadvantaged
23	individuals, and small business concerns owned and
24	controlled by women (as such terms are defined in

1	section 8(d)(3) of the Small Business Act (15
2	U.S.C. $637(d)(3)$).
3	(d) Report.—The Secretary of State shall transmit
4	to the appropriate committees an annual report on the im-
5	plementation of this section for each of the fiscal years
6	2008 through 2012.
7	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
8	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
9	to the Secretary of State \$3,000,000 for each of the fiscal
10	years 2008 through 2012.
11	SEC. 2208. INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP TO SUPPORT A
12	CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY EXPORTS INI-
13	TIATIVE.
IJ	
14	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall
14	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall
14 15	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to
14 15 16	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to support a Clean Energy Technology Exports Initiative—
14 15 16 17	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to support a Clean Energy Technology Exports Initiative— (1) to improve the ability of the United States
14 15 16 17	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to support a Clean Energy Technology Exports Initiative— (1) to improve the ability of the United States to respond to international competition by leveraging
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to support a Clean Energy Technology Exports Initiative— (1) to improve the ability of the United States to respond to international competition by leveraging the resources of Federal departments and agencies
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to support a Clean Energy Technology Exports Initiative— (1) to improve the ability of the United States to respond to international competition by leveraging the resources of Federal departments and agencies effectively and efficiently and by raising policy issues
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to support a Clean Energy Technology Exports Initiative— (1) to improve the ability of the United States to respond to international competition by leveraging the resources of Federal departments and agencies effectively and efficiently and by raising policy issues that may hamper the export of United States clean
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Assistance Authorized.—The President shall provide assistance to the Interagency Working Group to support a Clean Energy Technology Exports Initiative— (1) to improve the ability of the United States to respond to international competition by leveraging the resources of Federal departments and agencies effectively and efficiently and by raising policy issues that may hamper the export of United States clean energy technologies abroad;

1	ports Initiative, submitted to Congress in October
2	2002; and
3	(3) to raise the importance and level of over-
4	sight of the Interagency Working Group to the
5	heads of the Federal departments and agencies that
6	are participating in the Interagency Working Group
7	(b) Report.—The Administrator of the United
8	States Agency for International Development, the Sec-
9	retary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Energy shall
10	jointly submit to the appropriate committees an annual
11	report on the implementation of this section for each of
12	the fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
13	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
14	out this section, there are authorized to appropriated to
15	the President \$5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008
16	through 2012.
17	Subtitle C—International Clean
18	Energy Foundation
19	SEC. 2301. DEFINITIONS.
20	In this subtitle:
21	(1) Board.—The term "Board" means the
22	Board of Directors of the Foundation established
23	pursuant to section 2302(c).
24	(2) CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER.—The term
25	"Chief Executive Officer" means the chief executive

1	officer of the Foundation appointed pursuant to sec-
2	tion 2302(b).
3	(3) FOUNDATION.—The term "Foundation"
4	means the International Clean Energy Foundation
5	established by section 2302(a).
6	SEC. 2302. ESTABLISHMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF FOUN-
7	DATION.
8	(a) Establishment.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the
10	executive branch a foundation to be known as the
11	"International Clean Energy Foundation" that shall
12	be responsible for carrying out the provisions of this
13	subtitle. The Foundation shall be a government cor-
14	poration, as defined in section 103 of title 5, United
15	States Code.
16	(2) Board of directors.—The Foundation
17	shall be governed by a Board of Directors chaired by
18	the Secretary of State (or the Secretary's designee)
19	in accordance with subsection (d).
20	(3) Intent of congress.—It is the intent of
21	Congress, in establishing the structure of the Foun-
22	dation set forth in this subsection, to create an enti-
23	ty that serves the long-term foreign policy and en-
24	ergy security goals of reducing global greenhouse gas
25	emissions.

1	(b) CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Foun-
3	dation a Chief Executive Officer who shall be re-
4	sponsible for the management of the Foundation.
5	(2) APPOINTMENT.—The Chief Executive Offi-
6	cer shall be appointed by the Board, with the advice
7	and consent of the Senate, and shall be a recognized
8	leader in clean and efficient energy technologies and
9	climate change and shall have experience in energy
10	security, business, or foreign policy, chosen on the
11	basis of a rigorous search.
12	(3) Relationship to Board.—The Chief Ex-
13	ecutive Officer shall report to, and be under the di-
14	rect authority of, the Board.
15	(4) Compensation and rank.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Chief Executive
17	Officer shall be compensated at the rate pro-
18	vided for level III of the Executive Schedule
19	under section 5314 of title 5, United States
20	Code.
21	(B) Amendment.—Section 5314 of title
22	5, United States Code, is amended by adding at
23	the end the following:
24	"Chief Executive Officer, International Clean En-
25	erey Foundation.".

1	(C) AUTHORITIES AND DUTIES.—The
2	Chief Executive Officer shall be responsible for
3	the management of the Foundation and shall
4	exercise the powers and discharge the duties of
5	the Foundation.
6	(D) AUTHORITY TO APPOINT OFFICERS.—
7	In consultation and with approval of the Board,
8	the Chief Executive Officer shall appoint all of-
9	ficers of the Foundation.
10	(c) Board of Directors.—
11	(1) Establishment.—There shall be in the
12	Foundation a Board of Directors.
13	(2) Duties.—The Board shall perform the
14	functions specified to be carried out by the Board in
15	this subtitle and may prescribe, amend, and repeal
16	bylaws, rules, regulations, and procedures governing
17	the manner in which the business of the Foundation
18	may be conducted and in which the powers granted
19	to it by law may be exercised.
20	(3) Membership.—The Board shall consist
21	of—
22	(A) the Secretary of State (or the Sec-
23	retary's designee), the Secretary of Energy (or
24	the Secretary's designee), and the Adminis-
25	trator of the United States Agency for Inter-

1	national Development (or the Administrator's
2	designee); and
3	(B) four other individuals with relevant ex-
4	perience in matters relating to energy security
5	(such as individuals who represent institutions
6	of energy policy, business organizations, foreign
7	policy organizations, or other relevant organiza-
8	tions) who shall be appointed by the President,
9	by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-
10	ate, of which—
11	(i) one individual shall be appointed
12	from among a list of individuals submitted
13	by the majority leader of the House of
14	Representatives;
15	(ii) one individual shall be appointed
16	from among a list of individuals submitted
17	by the minority leader of the House of
18	Representatives;
19	(iii) one individual shall be appointed
20	from among a list of individuals submitted
21	by the majority leader of the Senate; and
22	(iv) one individual shall be appointed
23	from among a list of individuals submitted
24	by the minority leader of the Senate.

1	(4) Chief executive officer.—The Chief
2	Executive Officer of the Foundation shall serve as a
3	nonvoting, ex officio member of the Board.
4	(5) Terms.—
5	(A) Officers of the federal govern-
6	MENT.—Each member of the Board described
7	in paragraph (3)(A) shall serve for a term that
8	is concurrent with the term of service of the in-
9	dividual's position as an officer within the other
10	Federal department or agency.
11	(B) OTHER MEMBERS.—Each member of
12	the Board described in paragraph (3)(B) shall
13	be appointed for a term of 3 years and may be
14	reappointed for a term of an additional 3 years.
15	(C) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Board
16	shall be filled in the manner in which the origi-
17	nal appointment was made.
18	(D) ACTING MEMBERS.—A vacancy in the
19	Board may be filled with an appointment of an
20	acting member by the Chairperson of the Board
21	for up to 1 year while a nominee is named and
22	awaits confirmation in accordance with para-
23	graph (3)(B).

1	(6) Chairperson.—There shall be a Chair-
2	person of the Board. The Secretary of State (or the
3	Secretary's designee) shall serve as the Chairperson.
4	(7) Quorum.—A majority of the members of
5	the Board described in paragraph (3) shall con-
6	stitute a quorum, which, except with respect to a
7	meeting of the Board during the 135-day period be-
8	ginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,
9	shall include at least 1 member of the Board de-
10	scribed in paragraph (3)(B).
11	(8) Meetings.—The Board shall meet at the
12	call of the Chairperson, who shall call a meeting no
13	less than once a year.
14	(9) Compensation.—
15	(A) Officers of the federal govern-
16	MENT.—
17	(i) IN GENERAL.—A member of the
18	Board described in paragraph (3)(A) may
19	not receive additional pay, allowances, or
20	benefits by reason of the member's service
21	on the Board.
22	(ii) Travel expenses.—Each such
23	member of the Board shall receive travel
24	expenses, including per diem in lieu of sub-
25	sistence, in accordance with applicable pro-

1	visions under subchapter I of chapter 57 of
2	title 5, United States Code.
3	(B) Other members.—
4	(i) In general.—Except as provided
5	in clause (ii), a member of the Board de-
6	scribed in paragraph (3)(B)—
7	(I) shall be paid compensation
8	out of funds made available for the
9	purposes of this subtitle at the daily
10	equivalent of the highest rate payable
11	under section 5332 of title 5, United
12	States Code, for each day (including
13	travel time) during which the member
14	is engaged in the actual performance
15	of duties as a member of the Board;
16	and
17	(II) while away from the mem-
18	ber's home or regular place of busi-
19	ness on necessary travel in the actual
20	performance of duties as a member of
21	the Board, shall be paid per diem,
22	travel, and transportation expenses in
23	the same manner as is provided under
24	subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5,
25	United States Code.

1	(ii) Limitation.—A member of the
2	Board may not be paid compensation
3	under clause (i)(II) for more than 90 days
4	in any calendar year.
5	SEC. 2303. DUTIES OF FOUNDATION.
6	The Foundation shall—
7	(1) use the funds authorized by this subtitle to
8	make grants to promote projects outside of the
9	United States that serve as models of how to signifi-
10	cantly reduce the emissions of global greenhouse
11	gases through clean and efficient energy tech-
12	nologies, processes, and services;
13	(2) seek contributions from foreign govern-
14	ments, especially those rich in energy resources such
15	as member countries of the Organization of the Pe-
16	troleum Exporting Countries, and private organiza-
17	tions to supplement funds made available under this
18	subtitle;
19	(3) harness global expertise through collabo-
20	rative partnerships with foreign governments and
21	domestic and foreign private actors, including non-
22	governmental organizations and private sector com-
23	panies, by leveraging public and private capital,
24	technology, expertise, and services towards innova-

1	tive models that can be instituted to reduce global
2	greenhouse gas emissions;
3	(4) create a repository of information on best
4	practices and lessons learned on the utilization and
5	implementation of clean and efficient energy tech-
6	nologies and processes to be used for future initia-
7	tives to tackle the climate change crisis;
8	(5) be committed to minimizing administrative
9	costs and to maximizing the availability of funds for
10	grants under this subtitle; and
11	(6) promote the use of American-made clean
12	and efficient energy technologies, processes, and
13	services.
14	SEC. 2304. ANNUAL REPORT.
15	(a) Report Required.—Not later than March 31,
16	2008, and each March 31 thereafter, the Foundation shall
17	submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re-
18	port on the implementation of this subtitle during the
19	prior fiscal year.
20	(b) Contents.—The report required by subsection
21	(a) shall include—
22	(1) the total financial resources available to the
23	Foundation during the year, including appropriated
24	funds, the value and source of any gifts or donations

1	accepted pursuant to section 2305(a)(6), and any
2	other resources;
3	(2) a description of the Board's policy priorities
4	for the year and the basis upon which competitive
5	grant proposals were solicited and awarded to non-
6	governmental institutions and other organizations;
7	(3) a list of grants made to nongovernmental
8	institutions and other organizations that includes
9	the identity of the institutional recipient, the dollar
10	amount, and the results of the program; and
11	(4) the total administrative and operating ex-
12	penses of the Foundation for the year, as well as
13	specific information on—
14	(A) the number of Foundation employees
15	and the cost of compensation for Board mem-
16	bers, Foundation employees, and personal serv-
17	ice contractors;
18	(B) costs associated with securing the use
19	of real property for carrying out the functions
20	of the Foundation;
21	(C) total travel expenses incurred by Board
22	members and Foundation employees in connec-
23	tion with Foundation activities; and
24	(D) total representational expenses.

1	SEC. 2305. POWERS OF THE FOUNDATION; RELATED PROVI-
2	SIONS.
3	(a) Powers.—The Foundation—
4	(1) shall have perpetual succession unless dis-
5	solved by a law enacted after the date of the enact-
6	ment of this Act;
7	(2) may adopt, alter, and use a seal, which shall
8	be judicially noticed;
9	(3) may make and perform such contracts,
10	grants, and other agreements with any person or
11	government however designated and wherever situ-
12	ated, as may be necessary for carrying out the func-
13	tions of the Foundation;
14	(4) may determine and prescribe the manner in
15	which its obligations shall be incurred and its ex-
16	penses allowed and paid, including expenses for rep-
17	resentation;
18	(5) may lease, purchase, or otherwise acquire,
19	improve, and use such real property wherever situ-
20	ated, as may be necessary for carrying out the func-
21	tions of the Foundation;
22	(6) may accept money, funds, services, or prop-
23	erty (real, personal, or mixed), tangible or intan-
24	gible, made available by gift, bequest grant, or oth-
25	erwise for the purpose of carrying out the provisions
26	of this title from domestic or foreign private individ-

1	uals, charities, nongovernmental organizations, cor-
2	porations, or governments;
3	(7) may use the United States mails in the
4	same manner and on the same conditions as the ex-
5	ecutive departments;
6	(8) may contract with individuals for personal
7	services, who shall not be considered Federal em-
8	ployees for any provision of law administered by the
9	Office of Personnel Management;
10	(9) may hire or obtain passenger motor vehi-
11	cles; and
12	(10) shall have such other powers as may be
13	necessary and incident to carrying out this subtitle.
14	(b) Principal Office.—The Foundation shall
15	maintain its principal office in the metropolitan area of
16	Washington, District of Columbia.
17	(e) Applicability of Government Corporation
18	CONTROL ACT.—
19	(1) In General.—The Foundation shall be
20	subject to chapter 91 of subtitle VI of title 31,
21	United States Code, except that the Foundation
22	shall not be authorized to issue obligations or offer
23	obligations to the public.

1	(2) Conforming amendment.—Section
2	9101(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
3	by adding at the end the following:
4	"(R) the International Clean Energy
5	Foundation.".
6	(d) Inspector General.—
7	(1) In General.—The Inspector General of
8	the Department of State shall serve as Inspector
9	General of the Foundation, and, in acting in such
10	capacity, may conduct reviews, investigations, and
11	inspections of all aspects of the operations and ac-
12	tivities of the Foundation.
13	(2) Authority of the board.—In carrying
14	out the responsibilities under this subsection, the In-
15	spector General shall report to and be under the
16	general supervision of the Board.
17	(3) Reimbursement and authorization of
18	SERVICES.—
19	(A) Reimbursement.—The Foundation
20	shall reimburse the Department of State for all
21	expenses incurred by the Inspector General in
22	connection with the Inspector General's respon-
23	sibilities under this subsection.
24	(B) Authorization for services.—Of
25	the amount authorized to be appropriated

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1	under section 2307(a) for a fiscal year, up to
2	\$500,000 is authorized to be made available to
3	the Inspector General of the Department of
4	State to conduct reviews, investigations, and in-
5	spections of operations and activities of the
6	Foundation.
7	SEC. 2306. GENERAL PERSONNEL AUTHORITIES.
8	(a) Detail of Personnel.—Upon request of the
9	Chief Executive Officer, the head of an agency may detail
10	any employee of such agency to the Foundation on a reim-
11	bursable basis. Any employee so detailed remains, for the
12	purpose of preserving such employee's allowances, privi-
13	leges, rights, seniority, and other benefits, an employee of
14	the agency from which detailed.
15	(b) REEMPLOYMENT RIGHTS.—
16	(1) In general.—An employee of an agency
17	who is serving under a career or career conditional
18	appointment (or the equivalent), and who, with the
19	consent of the head of such agency, transfers to the
20	Foundation, is entitled to be reemployed in such em-

ployee's former position or a position of like senior-

ity, status, and pay in such agency, if such em-

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ployee—

1	(A) is separated from the Foundation for
2	any reason, other than misconduct, neglect of
3	duty, or malfeasance; and
4	(B) applies for reemployment not later
5	than 90 days after the date of separation from
6	the Foundation.
7	(2) Specific rights.—An employee who satis-
8	fies paragraph (1) is entitled to be reemployed (in
9	accordance with such paragraph) within 30 days
10	after applying for reemployment and, on reemploy-
11	ment, is entitled to at least the rate of basic pay to
12	which such employee would have been entitled had
13	such employee never transferred.
14	(c) Hiring Authority.—Of persons employed by
15	the Foundation, no more than 30 persons may be ap-
16	pointed, compensated, or removed without regard to the
17	civil service laws and regulations.
18	(d) Basic Pay.—The Chief Executive Officer may fix
19	the rate of basic pay of employees of the Foundation with-
20	out regard to the provisions of chapter 51 of title 5,
21	United States Code (relating to the classification of posi-
22	tions), subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title (relating
23	to General Schedule pay rates), except that no employee
24	of the Foundation may receive a rate of basic pay that

1	exceeds the rate for level IV of the Executive Schedule
2	under section 5315 of such title.
3	(e) Definitions.—In this section—
4	(1) the term "agency" means an executive
5	agency, as defined by section 105 of title 5, United
6	States Code; and
7	(2) the term "detail" means the assignment or
8	loan of an employee, without a change of position,
9	from the agency by which such employee is employed
10	to the Foundation.
11	SEC. 2307. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
12	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
13	out this subtitle, there are authorized to be appropriated
14	\$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008 through
15	2012.
16	(b) Allocation of Funds.—
17	(1) In general.—The Foundation may allo-
18	cate or transfer to any agency of the United States
19	Government any of the funds available for carrying
20	out this subtitle. Such funds shall be available for
21	obligation and expenditure for the purposes for
22	which the funds were authorized, in accordance with
23	authority granted in this subtitle or under authority

governing the activities of the United States Govern-

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1	ment agency to which such funds are allocated or
2	transferred.
3	(2) Notification.—The Foundation shall no-
4	tify the appropriate congressional committees not
5	less than 15 days prior to an allocation or transfer
6	of funds pursuant to paragraph (1).
7	TITLE III—SMALL ENERGY
8	EFFICIENT BUSINESSES
9	SEC. 3001. SHORT TITLE.
10	This title may be cited as the "Small Energy Effi-
11	cient Businesses Act".
12	SEC. 3002. FINDINGS.
13	Congress finds the following:
14	(1) Energy efficiency is in our national interest
15	for our long term economic well being, for the health
16	and safety of our citizens and the world, and for our
17	independence and security.
18	(2) Small businesses are more efficient, nimble,
19	and innovative than large businesses and therefore
20	more likely to integrate and benefit from energy effi-
21	cient technology advances and upgrades, but they
22	are less likely to have the capital to institute these
23	advances quickly.
24	(3) The majority of businesses (two-thirds) say
25	they have been unable to invest in comprehensive en-

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1	ergy efficiency programs for their businesses thus
2	far, though they know of them and believe they are
3	effective.
4	(4) A pilot program has demonstrated that in-
5	dividualized counseling and training combined with
6	loan and grant availability and other incentives are
7	very popular and effective in helping small busi-
8	nesses learn about and adopt energy conservation
9	methods.
10	(5) The energy saving benefit of such programs,
11	if they can be implemented on a national basis,
12	would contribute significantly to our energy inde-
13	pendence and security.
14	(6) New and emerging technologies are on the
15	rise, and small businesses are leading the way, for
16	example the vast majority of renewable fuels pro-
17	ducers, such as biodiesel and ethanol, are small busi-
18	nesses.
19	(7) Small businesses currently use almost half
20	of the Nation's business related energy consumption
21	and employ half of the Nation's workforce, yet the
22	Energy Star program, the lead Federal energy effi-
23	ciency program allocates less than 2 percent of its
24	resources to its small business program and should

allocate more to educate small businesses.

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1	(8) Therefore, it is in the national interest for
2	the Federal Government to invest in incentives in
3	the form of improved loan terms, additional invest-
4	ment inducements, and expert counseling and infor-
5	mation to assist small businesses to develop, invest
6	in, and purchase energy efficient buildings, equip-
7	ment, fixtures, and other technology.
8	SEC. 3003. LARGER 504 LOAN LIMITS TO HELP BUSINESS
9	DEVELOP ENERGY EFFICIENT TECH-
10	NOLOGIES AND PURCHASES.
11	(a) Eligibility for Energy Efficiency
12	Projects.—Section 501(d)(3) of the Small Business In-
13	vestment Act of 1958 (15 U.S.C. 695(d)(3)) is amended—
14	(1) in subparagraph (G) by striking "or" at the
15	end;
16	(2) in subparagraph (H) by striking the period
17	at the end and inserting a comma; and
18	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (H) the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(I) reduction of energy consumption by at
21	least 10 percent,
22	"(J) increased use of sustainable design or
23	low-impact design to produce buildings that re-
24	duce the use of non-renewable resources, mini-

1	mize environmental impact, and relate people
2	with the natural environment, or
3	"(K) plant, equipment and process up-
4	grades of renewable energy sources such as
5	micropower or renewable fuels producers includ-
6	ing biodiesel and ethanol producers.".
7	(b) Loans for Plant Projects Used for En-
8	ERGY-EFFICIENT PURPOSES.—Section 502(2)(A) of the
9	Small Business Investment Act of 1958 (15 U.S.C.
10	696(2)(A)) is amended—
11	(1) in clause (ii) by striking "and" at the end;
12	(2) in clause (iii) by striking the period at the
13	end and inserting a semicolon; and
14	(3) by adding at the end the following new
15	clauses:
16	"(iv) \$4,000,000 for each project that
17	reduces the borrower's energy consumption
18	by at least 10 percent; and
19	"(v) \$4,000,000 for each project that
20	generates renewable energy or renewable
21	fuels, such as biodiesel or ethanol produc-
22	tion.''.

I	SEC. 3004. REDUCED 7(a) FEES AND HIGHER LOAN GUARAN-
2	TEES FOR PURCHASE OF ENERGY EFFICIENT
3	TECHNOLOGIES.
4	Section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.
5	636(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"(35) Loans for energy efficient tech-
7	NOLOGIES.—The Administrator shall carry out a
8	program for loans the proceeds of which are used to
9	purchase energy efficient equipment or fixtures or to
10	reduce the energy consumption of the borrower, in-
11	cluding, but not limited to, renewable fuels and en-
12	ergy products such as biodiesel and ethanol, by 10
13	percent or more. For a loan made under this para-
14	graph, the following shall apply:
15	"(A) The loan shall include the participa-
16	tion by the Administration equal to 90 percent
17	of the balance of the financing outstanding at
18	the time of disbursement.
19	"(B) The fees on the loan under para-
20	graphs (18) and (23) shall be reduced by half.".
21	SEC. 3005. SMALL BUSINESS SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVE.
22	Section 21 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 648)
23	is amended by adding at the end the following:
24	"(n) Small Business Sustainability Initia-
25	TIVE.—

1	"(1) In general.—A Small Business Develop-
2	ment Center may apply for an additional grant to
3	carry out a small business sustainability initiative
4	program.
5	"(2) Elements of Program.—Under a pro-
6	gram under paragraph (1), the Center shall—
7	"(A) provide necessary support to smaller
8	and medium-sized businesses to—
9	"(i) evaluate energy efficiency and
10	green building opportunities;
11	"(ii) evaluate renewable energy
12	sources such as the use of solar and small
13	wind to supplement power consumption;
14	"(iii) secure financing to achieve en-
15	ergy efficiency or to construct green build-
16	ings; and
17	"(iv) empower management to imple-
18	ment energy efficiency projects;
19	"(B) assist entrepreneurs with clean tech-
20	nology development and technology commer-
21	cialization through—
22	"(i) technology assessment;
23	"(ii) intellectual property;
24	"(iii) Small Business Innovation Re-
25	search submissions;

1	"(iv) strategic alliances;
2	"(v) business model development; and
3	"(vi) preparation for investors; and
4	"(C) help small business improve environ-
5	mental performance by shifting to less haz-
6	ardous materials and reducing waste and emis-
7	sions at the source, including by providing as-
8	sistance for businesses to adapt the materials
9	they use, the processes they operate, and the
10	products and services they produce.
11	"(3) MINIMUM AMOUNT.—Each grant under
12	this subsection shall be for at least \$150,000.
13	"(4) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—A grant under this
14	subsection may not exceed \$300,000.
15	"(5) Authorization of appropriations.—
16	Subject to amounts approved in advance in appro-
17	priations Acts and separate from amounts approved
18	to carry out section 21(a)(1), the Administrator may
19	make grants or enter into cooperative agreements to
20	carry out the provisions of this subsection.".

1	SEC. 3006. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION TO EDU-
2	CATE AND PROMOTE ENERGY EFFICIENCY
3	IDEAS TO SMALL BUSINESSES AND WORK
4	WITH THE SMALL BUSINESS COMMUNITY TO
5	MAKE SUCH INFORMATION WIDELY AVAIL-
6	ABLE.
7	The Small Business Act is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating section 37 as section 99;
9	and
10	(2) by inserting after section 36 (15 U.S.C.
11	657f) the following:
12	"SEC. 37. PROGRAM TO PROVIDE EDUCATION ON ENERGY
13	EFFICIENCY.
14	"(a) Program Required.—The Administrator shall
15	develop and coordinate a Government-wide program,
16	building on the Energy Star for Small Business program,
17	to assist small businesses in—
18	"(1) becoming more energy efficient;
19	"(2) understanding the cost savings from im-
20	proved energy efficiency; and
21	"(3) identifying financing options for energy ef-
22	ficiency upgrades.
23	"(b) Consultation and Cooperation.—The pro-
24	gram required by subsection (a) shall be developed and
25	coordinated—

1	"(1) in consultation with the Secretary of En-
2	ergy and the Administrator of the Environmental
3	Protection Agency; and
4	"(2) in cooperation with any entities the Ad-
5	ministrator considers appropriate, such as industry
6	trade associations, industry members, and energy ef-
7	ficiency organizations.
8	"(c) Availability of Information.—The Admin-
9	istrator shall make available the information and materials
10	developed under the program required by subsection (a)
11	to—
12	"(1) small businesses; and
13	"(2) other Federal programs for energy effi-
14	ciency, such as the Energy Star for Small Business
15	program.
16	"(d) Strategy and Report.—
17	"(1) Strategy required.—The Adminis-
18	trator shall develop a strategy to educate, encourage,
19	and assist small business to adopt energy efficient
20	building fixtures and equipment.
21	"(2) Report.—Not later than December 31,
22	2008, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a
23	report containing a plan to implement the strat-
24	egy.".

1	SEC. 3007. ENERGY SAVING DEBENTURES.
2	Section 303 of the Small Business Investment Act
3	of 1958 (15 U.S.C. 683) is amended by adding at the end
4	the following new subsection:
5	"(k) Energy Saving Debentures.—
6	"(1) In General.—In addition to any other
7	authority under this Act, a small business invest-
8	ment company licensed after September 30, 2007,
9	shall have authority to issue Energy Saving deben-
10	tures.
11	"(2) Energy saving debenture defined.—
12	As used in this Act, the term 'Energy Saving deben-
13	ture' means a deferred interest debenture that—
14	"(A) is issued at a discount;
15	"(B) has a five-year maturity or a ten-year
16	maturity;
17	"(C) requires no interest payment or an-
18	nual charge for the first five years;
19	"(D) is restricted to Energy Saving quali-
20	fied investments; and
21	"(E) is issued at no cost (as defined in
22	section 502 of the Credit Reform Act of 1990)
23	with respect to purchasing and guaranteeing
24	the debenture.
25	"(3) Energy saving qualified investment

DEFINED.—As used in this Act, the term 'Energy

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1	Saving qualified investment' means investment in a
2	small business that is primarily engaged in research-
3	ing, manufacturing, developing, or providing prod-
4	ucts, goods, or services that reduce the use or con-
5	sumption of non-renewable energy resources.".
6	SEC. 3008. INVESTMENTS IN ENERGY SAVING SMALL BUSI-
7	NESSES.
8	(a) Maximum Leverage.—Paragraph (2) of sub-
9	section (b) of section 303 of the Small Business Invest-
10	ment Act of 1958 (15 U.S.C. 303(b)(2)) is amended by
11	adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
12	"(D) Investments in energy saving
13	SMALL BUSINESSES.—In calculating the out-
14	standing leverage of a company for purposes of
15	subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall not
16	include the amount of the cost basis of any En-
17	ergy Saving qualified investment (as defined in
18	subsection (k)) made after September 30, 2007,
19	by a company licensed after September 30,
20	2007, in a smaller enterprise, to the extent that
21	the total of such amounts does not exceed 50
22	percent of the company's private capital, sub-
23	ject to such terms as the Administrator may
24	impose to assure no cost (as defined in section
25	502 of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990)

1	with respect to purchasing or guaranteeing any
2	debenture involved.".
3	(b) Maximum Aggregate Amount of Lever-
4	AGE.—Paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of section 303 of
5	the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 (15 U.S.C.
6	303(b)(4)) is amended by adding at the end the following
7	new subparagraph:
8	"(E) Investments in energy saving
9	SMALL BUSINESSES.—In calculating the aggre-
10	gate outstanding leverage of a company for pur-
11	poses of subparagraph (A), the Administrator
12	shall not include the amount of the cost basis
13	of any Energy Saving qualified investment (as
14	defined in subsection (k)) made after Sep-
15	tember 30, 2007, by a company licensed after
16	September 30, 2007, in a smaller enterprise, to
17	the extent that the total of such amounts does
18	not exceed 50 percent of the company's private
19	capital, subject to such terms as the Adminis-
20	trator may impose to assure no cost (as defined
21	in section 502 of the Federal Credit Reform
22	Act of 1990) with respect to purchasing or
23	guaranteeing any debenture involved.".

1	SEC. 3009. RENEWABLE FUEL CAPITAL INVESTMENT COM-
2	PANY.
3	Title III of the Small Business Investment Act of
4	1958 (15 U.S.C. 681 et seq.) is amended by adding at
5	the end the following new part:
6	"PART C—RENEWABLE FUEL CAPITAL
7	INVESTMENT PILOT PROGRAM
8	"SEC. 381. DEFINITIONS.
9	"In this part, the following definitions apply:
10	"(1) VENTURE CAPITAL.—The term 'venture
11	capital' means capital in the form of equity capital
12	investments. For the purposes of this paragraph, the
13	term 'equity capital' has the same meaning given
14	such term in section $303(g)(4)$.
15	"(2) Renewable fuel capital investment
16	COMPANY.—The term 'Renewable Fuel Capital In-
17	vestment Company' means a company that—
18	"(A) has been granted final approval by
19	the Administrator under section 384(e); and
20	"(B) has entered into a participation
21	agreement with the Administrator.
22	"(3) OPERATIONAL ASSISTANCE.—The term
23	'operational assistance' means management, mar-
24	keting, and other technical assistance that assists a
25	small business concern with business development.

1	"(4) Participation agreement.—The term
2	'participation agreement' means an agreement, be-
3	tween the Administrator and a company granted
4	final approval under section 384(e), that—
5	"(A) details the company's operating plan
6	and investment criteria; and
7	"(B) requires the company to make invest-
8	ments in smaller enterprises primarily engaged
9	in researching, manufacturing, developing, or
10	bringing to market renewable energy sources.
11	"(5) Renewable energy.—The term 'renew-
12	able energy means' energy derived from resources
13	that are regenerative or that cannot be depleted, in-
14	cluding but not limited to ethanol and biodiesel
15	fuels.
16	"(6) State.—The term 'State' means such of
17	the several States, the District of Columbia, the
18	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,
19	Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the
20	Northern Mariana Islands, and any other common-
21	wealth, territory, or possession of the United States.
22	"SEC. 382. PURPOSES.
23	"The purposes of the Renewable Fuel Capital Invest-
24	ment Program established under this part are—

1	"(1) to promote the research, development,
2	manufacture and bringing to market of renewable
3	energy sources by encouraging venture capital in-
4	vestments in smaller enterprises primarily engaged
5	such activities; and
6	"(2) to establish a venture capital program,
7	with the mission of addressing the unmet equity in-
8	vestment needs of small enterprises engaged in re-
9	searching, developing, manufacturing, and bringing
10	to market renewable energy sources, to be adminis-
11	tered by the Administrator—
12	"(A) to enter into participation agreements
13	with Renewable Fuel Capital Investment com-
14	panies;
15	"(B) to guarantee debentures of Renew-
16	able Fuel Capital Investment companies to en-
17	able each such company to make venture capital
18	investments in smaller enterprises engaged in
19	the research, development, manufacture, and
20	bringing to market renewable energy sources;
21	and
22	"(C) to make grants to Renewable Fuel
23	Investment Capital companies, and to other en-
24	tities, for the purpose of providing operational

1	assistance to smaller enterprises financed, or
2	expected to be financed, by such companies.
3	"SEC. 383. ESTABLISHMENT.
4	"In accordance with this part, the Administrator
5	shall establish a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment Pro-
6	gram, under which the Administrator may—
7	"(1) enter into participation agreements with
8	companies granted final approval under section
9	384(e) for the purposes set forth in section 382; and
10	"(2) guarantee the debentures issued by Renew-
11	able Fuel Capital Investment companies as provided
12	in section 385.
13	"SEC. 384. SELECTION OF RENEWABLE FUEL CAPITAL IN
	"SEC. 384. SELECTION OF RENEWABLE FUEL CAPITAL INVESTMENT COMPANIES.
14	
14 15	VESTMENT COMPANIES.
14 15 16	VESTMENT COMPANIES. "(a) Eligibility.—A company shall be eligible to
14 15 16 17	VESTMENT COMPANIES. "(a) Eligibility.—A company shall be eligible to apply to participate, as a Renewable Fuel Capital Invest-
14 15 16 17	vestment companies. "(a) Eligibility.—A company shall be eligible to apply to participate, as a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company, in the program established under this part
114 115 116 117 118	vestment companies. "(a) Eligibility.—A company shall be eligible to apply to participate, as a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company, in the program established under this part if—
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	vestment companies. "(a) Eligibility.—A company shall be eligible to apply to participate, as a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company, in the program established under this part if— "(1) the company is a newly formed for-profit
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Eligibility.—A company shall be eligible to apply to participate, as a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company, in the program established under this part if— "(1) the company is a newly formed for-profit entity or a newly formed for-profit subsidiary of an
113 114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223	"(a) Eligibility.—A company shall be eligible to apply to participate, as a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company, in the program established under this part if— "(1) the company is a newly formed for-profit entity or a newly formed for-profit subsidiary of an existing entity;

1	"(3) the company has a primary objective of in-
2	vestment in companies that research, manufacture,
3	develop, or bring to market renewable energy
4	sources.
5	"(b) Application.—To participate, as a Renewable
6	Fuel Capital Investment company, in the program estab-
7	lished under this part a company meeting the eligibility
8	requirements set forth in subsection (a) shall submit an
9	application to the Administrator that includes—
10	"(1) a business plan describing how the com-
11	pany intends to make successful venture capital in-
12	vestments in smaller businesses primarily engaged in
13	the research, manufacture, development, or bringing
14	to market of renewable energy sources;
15	"(2) information regarding the relevant venture
16	capital qualifications and general reputation of the
17	company's management;
18	"(3) a description of how the company intends
19	to seek to address the unmet capital needs of the
20	smaller businesses served;
21	"(4) a proposal describing how the company in-
22	tends to use the grant funds provided under this
23	part to provide operational assistance to smaller en-
24	terprises financed by the company, including infor-
25	mation regarding whether the company intends to

1	use licensed professionals when necessary on the
2	company's staff or from an outside entity;
3	"(5) with respect to binding commitments to be
4	made to the company under this part, an estimate
5	of the ratio of cash to in-kind contributions;
6	"(6) a description of the criteria to be used to
7	evaluate whether and to what extent the company
8	meets the objectives of the program established
9	under this part;
10	"(7) information regarding the management
11	and financial strength of any parent firm, affiliated
12	firm, or any other firm essential to the success of
13	the company's business plan; and
14	"(8) such other information as the Adminis-
15	trator may require.
16	"(c) Conditional Approval.—
17	"(1) In general.—From among companies
18	submitting applications under subsection (b), the
19	Administrator shall, in accordance with this sub-
20	section, conditionally approve companies to partici-
21	pate in the Renewable Fuel Capital Investment Pro-
22	gram.
23	"(2) Selection Criteria.—In selecting com-
24	panies under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall
25	consider the following:

1	"(A) The likelihood that the company will
2	meet the goal of its business plan.
3	"(B) The experience and background of
4	the company's management team.
5	"(C) The need for venture capital invest-
6	ments in the geographic areas in which the
7	company intends to invest.
8	"(D) The extent to which the company will
9	concentrate its activities on serving the geo-
10	graphic areas in which it intends to invest.
11	"(E) The likelihood that the company will
12	be able to satisfy the conditions under sub-
13	section (d).
14	"(F) The extent to which the activities
15	proposed by the company will expand economic
16	opportunities in the geographic areas in which
17	the company intends to invest.
18	"(G) The strength of the company's pro-
19	posal to provide operational assistance under
20	this part as the proposal relates to the ability
21	of the applicant to meet applicable cash require-
22	ments and properly utilize in-kind contribu-
23	tions, including the use of resources for the
24	services of licensed professionals, when nec-
25	essary, whether provided by persons on the

1	company's staff or by persons outside of the
2	company.
3	"(H) Any other factors deemed appro-
4	priate by the Administrator.
5	"(3) Nationwide distribution.—The Admin-
6	istrator shall select companies under paragraph (1)
7	in such a way that promotes investment nationwide.
8	"(d) Requirements To Be Met for Final Ap-
9	PROVAL.—The Administrator shall grant each condi-
10	tionally approved company a period of time, not to exceed
11	2 years, to satisfy the following requirements:
12	"(1) Capital requirement.—Each condi-
13	tionally approved company shall raise not less than
14	\$5,000,000 of private capital or binding capital com-
15	mitments from one or more investors (other than
16	agencies or departments of the Federal Government)
17	who met criteria established by the Administrator.
18	"(2) Nonadministration resources for
19	OPERATIONAL ASSISTANCE.—
20	"(A) In General.—In order to provide
21	operational assistance to smaller enterprises ex-
22	pected to be financed by the company, each
23	conditionally approved company—
24	"(i) shall have binding commitments
25	(for contribution in cash or in kind)—

1	"(I) from any sources other than
2	the Small Business Administration
3	that meet criteria established by the
4	Administrator;
5	"(II) payable or available over a
6	multiyear period acceptable to the Ad-
7	ministrator (not to exceed 10 years);
8	and
9	"(III) in an amount not less than
10	30 percent of the total amount of cap-
11	ital and commitments raised under
12	paragraph (1);
13	"(ii) shall have purchased an annu-
14	ity—
15	"(I) from an insurance company
16	acceptable to the Administrator;
17	"(II) using funds (other than the
18	funds raised under paragraph (1)),
19	from any source other than the Ad-
20	ministrator; and
21	"(III) that yields cash payments
22	over a multiyear period acceptable to
23	the Administrator (not to exceed 10
24	years) in an amount not less than 30
25	percent of the total amount of capital

1	and commitments raised under para-
2	graph (1); or
3	"(iii) shall have binding commitments
4	(for contributions in cash or in kind) of the
5	type described in clause (i) and shall have
6	purchased an annuity of the type described
7	in clause (ii), which in the aggregate make
8	available, over a multiyear period accept-
9	able to the Administrator (not to exceed 10
10	years), an amount not less than 30 percent
11	of the total amount of capital and commit-
12	ments raised under paragraph (1).
13	"(B) Exception.—The Administrator
14	may, in the discretion of the Administrator and
15	based upon a showing of special circumstances
16	and good cause, consider an applicant to have
17	satisfied the requirements of subparagraph (A)
18	if the applicant has—
19	"(i) a viable plan that reasonably
20	projects the capacity of the applicant to
21	raise the amount (in cash or in-kind) re-
22	quired under subparagraph (A); and
23	"(ii) binding commitments in an
24	amount equal to not less than 20 percent

1	of the total amount required under para-
2	graph (A).
3	"(C) Limitation.—In order to comply
4	with the requirements of subparagraphs (A)
5	and (B), the total amount of a company's in-
6	kind contributions may not exceed 50 percent
7	of the company's total contributions.
8	"(e) Final Approval; Designation.—The Admin-
9	istrator shall, with respect to each applicant conditionally
10	approved to operate as a Renewable Fuel Capital Invest-
11	ment Company under subsection (c), either—
12	"(1) grant final approval to the applicant to op-
13	erate as a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment com-
14	pany under this part and designate the applicant as
15	such a company, if the applicant—
16	"(A) satisfies the requirements of sub-
17	section (d) on or before the expiration of the
18	time period described in that subsection; and
19	"(B) enters into a participation agreement
20	with the Administrator; or
21	"(2) if the applicant fails to satisfy the require-
22	ments of subsection (d) on or before the expiration
23	of the time period described in that subsection, re-
24	voke the conditional approval granted under that
25	subsection.

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- 1	"CTC	205	DEBENTURES.
		383.	TIPERINI LIBERS.

- 2 "(a) In General.—The Administrator may guar-
- 3 antee the timely payment of principal and interest, as
- 4 scheduled, on debentures issued by any Renewable Fuel
- 5 Capital Investment company.
- 6 "(b) Terms and Conditions.—The Administrator
- 7 may make guarantees under this section on such terms
- 8 and conditions as it deems appropriate, except that the
- 9 term of any debenture guaranteed under this section shall
- 10 not exceed 15 years.
- 11 "(c) Full Faith and Credit of the United
- 12 STATES.—The full faith and credit of the United States
- 13 is pledged to pay all amounts that may be required to be
- 14 paid under any guarantee under this part.
- 15 "(d) MAXIMUM GUARANTEE.—
- 16 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Under this section, the Ad-
- ministrator may guarantee the debentures issued by
- a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company only
- to the extent that the total face amount of out-
- standing guaranteed debentures of such company
- does not exceed 150 percent of the private capital of
- the company, as determined by the Administrator.
- 23 "(2) Treatment of Certain Federal
- FUNDS.—For the purposes of paragraph (1), private
- capital shall include capital that is considered to be
- Federal funds, if such capital is contributed by an

1	investor other than an agency or department of the
2	Federal Government.
3	"SEC. 386. ISSUANCE AND GUARANTEE OF TRUST CERTIFI-
4	CATES.
5	"(a) Issuance.—The Administrator may issue trust
6	certificates representing ownership of all or a fractional
7	part of debentures issued by a Renewable Fuel Capital
8	Investment company and guaranteed by the Administrator
9	under this part, if such certificates are based on and
10	backed by a trust or pool approved by the Administrator
11	and composed solely of guaranteed debentures.
12	"(b) Guarantee.—
13	"(1) In General.—The Administrator may,
14	under such terms and conditions as it deems appro-
15	priate, guarantee the timely payment of the principal
16	of and interest on trust certificates issued by the
17	Administrator or its agents for purposes of this sec-
18	tion.
19	"(2) Limitation.—Each guarantee under this
20	subsection shall be limited to the extent of principal
21	and interest on the guaranteed debentures that com-
22	pose the trust or pool.
23	"(3) Prepayment or default.—In the event
24	that a debenture in a trust or pool is prepaid, or in
25	the event of default of such a debenture, the guar-

1	antee of timely payment of principal and interest on
2	the trust certificates shall be reduced in proportion
3	to the amount of principal and interest such prepaid
4	debenture represents in the trust or pool. Interest on
5	prepaid or defaulted debentures shall accrue and be
6	guaranteed by the Administrator only through the
7	date of payment of the guarantee. At any time dur-
8	ing its term, a trust certificate may be called for re-
9	demption due to prepayment or default of all deben-
10	tures.
11	"(c) Full Faith and Credit of the United
12	STATES.—The full faith and credit of the United States
13	is pledged to pay all amounts that may be required to be
14	paid under any guarantee of a trust certificate issued by
15	the Administrator or its agents under this section.
16	"(d) Fees.—The Administrator shall not collect a fee
17	for any guarantee of a trust certificate under this section,
18	but any agent of the Administrator may collect a fee ap-
19	proved by the Administrator for the functions described
20	in subsection $(f)(2)$.
21	"(e) Subrogation and Ownership Rights.—
22	"(1) Subrogation.—In the event the Adminis-
23	trator pays a claim under a guarantee issued under
24	this section, it shall be subrogated fully to the rights
25	satisfied by such payment.

1	"(2) Ownership rights.—No Federal, State,
2	or local law shall preclude or limit the exercise by
3	the Administrator of its ownership rights in the de-
4	bentures residing in a trust or pool against which
5	trust certificates are issued under this section.
6	"(f) Management and Administration.—
7	"(1) Registration.—The Administrator may
8	provide for a central registration of all trust certifi-
9	cates issued under this section.
10	"(2) Contracting of functions.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
12	may contract with an agent or agents to carry
13	out on behalf of the Administrator the pooling
14	and the central registration functions provided
15	for in this section including, notwithstanding
16	any other provision of law—
17	"(i) maintenance, on behalf of and
18	under the direction of the Administrator,
19	of such commercial bank accounts or in-
20	vestments in obligations of the United
21	States as may be necessary to facilitate the
22	creation of trusts or pools backed by de-
23	bentures guaranteed under this part; and

1	"(ii) the issuance of trust certificates
2	to facilitate the creation of such trusts or
3	pools.
4	"(B) FIDELITY BOND OR INSURANCE RE-
5	QUIREMENT.—Any agent performing functions
6	on behalf of the Administrator under this para-
7	graph shall provide a fidelity bond or insurance
8	in such amounts as the Administrator deter-
9	mines to be necessary to fully protect the inter-
10	ests of the United States.
11	"(3) REGULATION OF BROKERS AND DEAL-
12	ERS.—The Administrator may regulate brokers and
13	dealers in trust certificates issued under this section.
14	"(4) Electronic registration.—Nothing in
15	this subsection may be construed to prohibit the use
16	of a book-entry or other electronic form of registra-
17	tion for trust certificates issued under this section.
18	"SEC. 387. FEES.
19	"(a) In General.—Except as provided in section
20	386(d), the Administrator may charge such fees as it
21	deems appropriate with respect to any guarantee or grant
22	issued under this part, in an amount established annually
23	by the Administration, as necessary to reduce to zero the
24	cost (as defined in section 502 of the Federal Credit Re-
25	form Act of 1990) to the Administration of purchasing

- 1 and guaranteeing debentures under this Act, which
- 2 amounts shall be paid to and retained by the Administra-
- 3 tion.
- 4 "(b) Offset.—The Administrator may, as provided
- 5 by section 388, offset fees changed and collected under
- 6 subsection (a).

7 "SEC. 388. FEE CONTRIBUTION.

- 8 "(a) In General.—To the extent that amounts are
- 9 made available to the Administrator for the purpose of fee
- 10 contributions, the administrator shall contribute to fees
- 11 paid by the Renewable Fuel Capital Investment companies
- 12 under section 387.
- 13 "(b) Annual Adjustment.—Each fee contribution
- 14 under subsection (a) shall be effective for one fiscal year
- 15 and shall be adjusted as necessary for each fiscal year
- 16 thereafter to ensure that amounts under subsection (a) are
- 17 fully used. The fee contribution for a fiscal year shall be
- 18 based on the outstanding commitments made and the
- 19 guarantees and grants that the Administrator projects will
- 20 be made during that fiscal year, given the program level
- 21 authorized by law for that fiscal year and any other fac-
- 22 tors that the Administrator deems appropriate.
- 23 "SEC. 389. OPERATIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS.
- 24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—

1	"(1) Authority.—In accordance with this sec-
2	tion, the Administrator may make grants to Renew-
3	able Fuel Capital Investment companies and to
4	other entities, as authorized by this part, to provide
5	operational assistance to smaller enterprises fi-
6	nanced, or expected to be financed, by such compa-
7	nies or other entities.
8	"(2) Terms.—Grants made under this sub-
9	section shall be made over a multiyear period not to
10	exceed 10 years, under such other terms as the Ad-
11	ministrator may require.
12	"(3) Grants to specialized small business
13	INVESTMENT COMPANIES.—
14	"(A) AUTHORITY.—In accordance with
15	this section, the Administrator may make
16	grants to specialized small business investment
17	companies to provide operational assistance to
18	smaller enterprises financed, or expected to be
19	financed, by such companies after the effective
20	date of the Small Energy Efficient Businesses
21	Act.
22	"(B) Use of funds.—The proceeds of a
23	grant made under this paragraph may be used
24	by the company receiving such grant only to
25	provide operational assistance in connection

1	with an equity investment (made with capital
2	raised after the effective date of the Small En-
3	ergy Efficient Businesses Act) in a business lo-
4	cated in a low-income geographic area.
5	"(C) Submission of Plans.—A special-
6	ized small business investment company shall
7	be eligible for a grant under this section only if
8	the company submits to the Administrator, in
9	such form and manner as the Administrator
10	may require, a plan for use of the grant.
11	"(4) Grant amount.—
12	"(A) Renewable fuel capital invest-
13	MENT COMPANIES.—The amount of a grant
14	made under this subsection to a Renewable
15	Fuel Capital Investment company shall be equal
16	to the resources (in cash or in kind) raised by
17	the company under section $354(d)(2)$.
18	"(B) OTHER ENTITIES.—The amount of a
19	grant made under this subsection to any entity
20	other than a Renewable Fuel Capital Invest-
21	ment company shall be equal to the resources
22	(in cash or in kind) raised by the entity in ac-
23	cordance with the requirements applicable to
24	Renewable Fuel Capital Investment companies
25	set forth in section 384(d)(2).

1	"(5) Pro rata reductions.—If the amount
2	made available to carry out this section is insuffi-
3	cient for the Administrator to provide grants in the
4	amounts provided for in paragraph (4), the Adminis-
5	trator shall make pro rata reductions in the amounts
6	otherwise payable to each company and entity under
7	such paragraph.
8	"(b) Supplemental Grants.—
9	"(1) In General.—The Administrator may
10	make supplemental grants to Renewable Fuel Cap-
11	ital Investment companies and to other entities, as
12	authorized by this part under such terms as the Ad-
13	ministrator may require, to provide additional oper-
14	ational assistance to smaller enterprises financed, or
15	expected to be financed, by the companies.
16	"(2) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—The Adminis-
17	trator may require, as a condition of any supple-
18	mental grant made under this subsection, that the
19	company or entity receiving the grant provide from
20	resources (in a cash or in kind), other then those
21	provided by the Administrator, a matching contribu-
22	tion equal to the amount of the supplemental grant.
23	"(c) Limitation.—None of the assistance made
24	available under this section may be used for any overhead
25	or general and administrative expense of a Renewable

- 1 Fuel Capital Investment company or a specialized small
- 2 business investment company.
- 3 "SEC. 390. BANK PARTICIPATION.
- 4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
- 5 (b), any national bank, any member bank of the Federal
- 6 Reserve System, and (to the extent permitted under appli-
- 7 cable State law) any insured bank that is not a member
- 8 of such system, may invest in any Renewable Fuel Capital
- 9 Investment company, or in any entity established to invest
- 10 solely in Renewable Fuel Capital Investment companies.
- 11 "(b) Limitation.—No bank described in subsection
- 12 (a) may make investments described in such subsection
- 13 that are greater than 5 percent of the capital and surplus
- 14 of the bank.
- 15 "SEC. 391. FEDERAL FINANCING BANK.
- "Section 318 shall not apply to any debenture issued
- 17 by a Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company under
- 18 this part.
- 19 "SEC. 392. REPORTING REQUIREMENT.
- 20 "Each Renewable Fuel Capital Investment company
- 21 that participates in the program established under this
- 22 part shall provide to the Administrator such information
- 23 as the Administrator may require, including—

1	"(1) information related to the measurement
2	criteria that the company proposed in its program
3	application; and
4	"(2) in each case in which the company under
5	this part makes an investment in, or a loan or a
6	grant to, a business that is not primarily engaged in
7	the research, development, manufacture, or bringing
8	to market or renewable energy sources, a report on
9	the nature, origin, and revenues of the business in
10	which investments are made.
11	"SEC. 393. EXAMINATIONS.
12	"(a) In General.—Each Renewable Fuel Capital
13	Investment company that participates in the program es-
14	tablished under this part shall be subject to examinations
15	made at the direction of the Investment Division of the
16	Small Business Administration in accordance with this
17	section.
18	"(b) Assistance of Private Sector Entities.—
19	Examinations under this section may be conducted with
20	the assistance of a private sector entity that has both the
21	qualifications and the expertise necessary to conduct such
22	examinations.
23	"(c) Costs.—
24	"(1) Assessment.—

1	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	may assess the cost of examinations under this
3	section, including compensation of the exam-
4	iners, against the company examined.
5	"(B) Payment.—Any company against
6	which the Administrator assesses costs under
7	this paragraph shall pay such costs.
8	"(2) Deposit of funds.—Funds collected
9	under this section shall be deposited in the account
10	for salaries and expenses of the Small Business Ad-
11	ministration.
12	"SEC. 394. MISCELLANEOUS.
13	"To the extent such procedures are not inconsistent
14	with the requirements of this part, the Administrator may
15	take such action as set forth in sections 309, 311, 312,
16	and 314 of this Act.
17	"SEC. 395. REMOVAL OR SUSPENSION OF DIRECTORS OR
18	OFFICERS.
19	"Using the procedures for removing or suspending a
20	director or an officer of a licensee set forth in section 313
21	(to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with
22	the requirements of this part), the Administrator may re-
23	move or suspend any director or officer of any Renewable
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1 "SEC. 396. REGULATIONS.

- 2 "The Administrator may issue such regulations as it
- 3 deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this part
- 4 in accordance with its purposes.
- 5 "SEC. 397. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 6 "(a) Grants.—The Administrator is authorized to
- 7 make \$15,000,000 per fiscal year in operational assistance
- 8 grants.
- 9 "(b) Funds Collected for Examinations.—
- 10 Funds deposited under section 393(c)(2) are authorized
- 11 to be appropriated only for the costs of examinations
- 12 under section 393 and for the costs of other oversight ac-
- 13 tivities with respect to the program established under this
- 14 part.".
- 15 SEC. 3010. STUDY AND REPORT.
- The Administrator shall conduct a study of the Re-
- 17 newable Fuel Capital Investment Program under part C
- 18 of title III of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958.
- 19 Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment
- 20 of this Act, the Administrator shall complete the study
- 21 and submit to the Congress a report of the results of the
- 22 study.

1	TITLE IV—SCIENCE AND
2	TECHNOLOGY
3	Subtitle A—Advanced Research
4	Projects Agency-Energy
5	SEC. 4001. ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY-EN-
6	ERGY.
7	(a) Establishment.—There is established the Ad-
8	vanced Research Projects Agency-Energy (in this subtitle
9	referred to as "ARPA-E") within the Department of En-
10	ergy to overcome the long-term and high-risk technological
11	barriers in the development of energy technologies.
12	(b) GOALS.—The goals of ARPA-E are to enhance
13	the Nation's economic and energy security through the de-
14	velopment of energy technologies that result in reductions
15	of imports of energy from foreign sources, reductions of
16	energy-related emissions including greenhouse gases, im-
17	provements in the energy efficiency of all economic sectors,
18	and to ensure that the United States maintains a techno-
19	logical lead in developing and deploying energy tech-
20	nologies. ARPA-E will achieve this by—
21	(1) identifying and promoting revolutionary ad-
22	vances in fundamental sciences;
23	(2) translating scientific discoveries and cut-
24	ting-edge inventions into technological innovations;
25	and

1	(3) accelerating transformational technological
2	advances in areas that industry by itself is not likely
3	to undertake because of technical and financial un-
4	certainty.
5	(c) DIRECTOR.—ARPA-E shall be headed by a Direc-
6	tor who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Energy
7	The Director shall report to the Secretary. No other pro-
8	grams within the Department of Energy shall report to
9	the Director of ARPA-E.
10	(d) Responsibilities.—The Director shall admin-
11	ister the Fund established under section 4002 to award
12	competitive grants, cooperative agreements, or contracts
13	to institutions of higher education, companies, research
14	foundations, trade and industry research collaborations, or
15	consortia of such entities which may include federally
16	funded research and development centers, to achieve the
17	goals stated in subsection (b) through targeted accelera-
18	tion of—
19	(1) novel early-stage energy research with pos-
20	sible technology applications;
21	(2) development of techniques, processes, and
22	technologies, and related testing and evaluation;
23	(3) research and development of manufacturing
24	processes for novel energy technologies; and

1	(4) demonstration and coordination with non-
2	governmental entities for commercial applications of
3	energy technologies and research applications.
4	(e) Personnel.—
5	(1) Program managers.—The Director shall
6	designate employees to serve as program managers
7	for each of the programs established pursuant to the
8	responsibilities established for ARPA-E under sub-
9	section (d). Program managers shall be responsible
10	for—
11	(A) establishing research and development
12	goals for the program, including through the
13	convening of workshops and conferring with
14	outside experts, as well as publicizing the goals
15	to the public and private sectors;
16	(B) soliciting applications for specific areas
17	of particular promise, especially those which the
18	private sector or the Federal Government are
19	not likely to undertake alone;
20	(C) building research collaborations for
21	carrying out the program;
22	(D) selecting on the basis of merit, with
23	advice under section 4003 as appropriate, each
24	of the energy projects to be supported under
25	the program following consideration of—

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1	(i) the novelty and scientific and tech-
2	nical merit of the proposed projects;
3	(ii) the demonstrated capabilities of
4	the applicants to successfully carry out the
5	proposed research project;
6	(iii) the applicant's consideration of
7	future commercial applications of the
8	project, including the feasibility of
9	partnering with 1 or more commercial enti-
10	ties; and
11	(iv) such other criteria as are estab-
12	lished by the Director; and
13	(E) monitoring the progress of projects
14	supported under the program, and prescribing
15	program restructure or termination of research
16	partnerships or whole projects that do not show
17	promise.
18	(2) Hiring and management.—In hiring per-
19	sonnel for ARPA-E, the Director shall have the au-
20	thority to make appointments of scientific, engineer-
21	ing, and professional personnel without regard to the
22	civil service laws, and fix the compensation of such
23	personnel at a rate to be determined by the Director.
24	The term of appointments for employees may not ex-
25	ceed 3 years before the granting of any extension. In

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1	hiring initial staff the Secretary shall give preference
2	to applicants with experience in the Defense Ad-
3	vanced Research Projects Agency, academia, or in
4	private sector technology development. The Sec-
5	retary or Director may contract with private recruit-
6	ing firms in hiring qualified technical staff.
7	(3) Additional Hiring.—The Director may
8	hire additional technical, financial, managerial, or
9	other staff as needed to carry out the activities of
10	the program.
11	(f) COORDINATION AND NONDUPLICATION.—To the
12	extent practicable, the Director shall ensure that the ac-
13	tivities of ARPA-E are coordinated with, and do not dupli-
14	cate the efforts of, existing programs and laboratories
15	within the Department of Energy and other relevant re-
16	search agencies. Where appropriate, the Director may co-
17	ordinate technology transfer efforts with the Technology
18	Transfer Coordinator established in section 1001 of the
19	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16391).
20	(g) Federal Demonstration of Tech-
21	NOLOGIES.—The Secretary shall make information avail-
22	able to purchasing and procurement programs of Federal
23	agencies regarding the potential to demonstrate tech-
24	nologies resulting from activities funded through ARPA-

25 E.

1 SEC. 4002. FUND.

- 2 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the
- 3 Treasury the Energy Transformation Acceleration Fund
- 4 (in this subtitle referred to as the "Fund"), which shall
- 5 be administered by the Director of ARPA-E for the pur-
- 6 poses of carrying out this subtitle.
- 7 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 8 are authorized to be appropriated to the Director of
- 9 ARPA-E for deposit in the Fund \$300,000,000 for fiscal
- 10 year 2008, \$1,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2009.
- 11 \$1,100,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, \$1,200,000,000 for
- 12 fiscal year 2011, and \$1,300,000,000 for fiscal year 2012,
- 13 to remain available until expended.
- (c) Limitation.—No amounts may be appropriated
- 15 for the first year of funding for ARPA-E unless the
- 16 amount appropriated for the activities of the Office of
- 17 Science of the Department of Energy for that fiscal year
- 18 exceed the amount appropriated for that Office for fiscal
- 19 year 2007, as adjusted for inflation according to the Con-
- 20 sumer Price Index.
- 21 (d) Allocation.—Of the amounts appropriated for
- 22 a fiscal year under subsection (b)—
- 23 (1) not more than 50 percent shall be for activi-
- ties under section 4001(d)(4);

1	(2) not more than 8 percent shall be made
2	available to Federally Funded Research and Devel-
3	opment Centers;
4	(3) not more than 10 percent may be used for
5	administrative expenses;
6	(4) at least 2.5 percent shall be designated for
7	technology transfer and outreach activities; and
8	(5) during the first 5 years of operation of
9	ARPA-E, no funds may be used for construction of
10	new buildings or facilities.
11	SEC. 4003. ADVICE.
12	(a) Advisory Committees.—The Director may seek
13	advice on any aspect of ARPA-E from—
14	(1) existing Department of Energy advisory
15	committees; and
16	(2) new advisory committees organized to sup-
17	port the programs of ARPA-E and to provide advice
18	and assistance on—
19	(A) specific program tasks; or
20	(B) overall direction of ARPA-E.
21	(b) Additional Sources of Advice.—The Direc-
22	tor may seek advice and review from the National Acad-
23	emy of Sciences, the National Academy for Engineering,
24	and any other professional or scientific organization with

- 1 expertise in specific processes or technologies under devel-
- 2 opment by ARPA-E.
- 3 SEC. 4004. ARPA-E EVALUATION.
- 4 After ARPA-E has been in operation for 54 months,
- 5 the President's Committee on Science and Technology
- 6 shall begin an evaluation (to be completed within 12
- 7 months) of how well ARPA-E is achieving its goals and
- 8 mission. The evaluation shall include the recommendation
- 9 of such Committee on whether ARPA-E should be contin-
- 10 ued or terminated, as well as lessons-learned from its oper-
- 11 ation. The evaluation shall be made available to Congress
- 12 and to the public upon completion.
- 13 SEC. 4005, SAVINGS CLAUSE.
- 14 The authorities granted by this subtitle are in addi-
- 15 tion to existing authorities granted to the Secretary of En-
- 16 ergy, and not intended to supersede or modify any existing
- 17 authorities.

18 Subtitle B—Marine Renewable

- 19 Energy Technologies
- 20 **SEC. 4101. SHORT TITLE.**
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Marine Renewable
- 22 Energy Research and Development Act of 2007".
- 23 **SEC. 4102. FINDINGS.**
- The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) The United States has a critical national in-
2	terest in developing clean, domestic, renewable
3	sources of energy in order to reduce environmental
4	impacts of energy production, increase national secu-
5	rity, improve public health, and bolster economic
6	stability.
7	(2) Marine renewable energy technologies are a
8	nonemitting source of power production.
9	(3) Marine renewable energy may serve as an
10	alternative to fossil fuels and create thousands of
11	new jobs within the United States.
12	(4) Europe has already successfully delivered
13	electricity to the grid through the deployment of
14	wave and tidal energy devices off the coast of Scot-
15	land.
16	(5) Recent studies from the Electric Power Re-
17	search Institute, in conjunction with the Department
18	of Energy's National Renewable Energy Laboratory,
19	have identified an abundance of viable sites within
20	the United States with ample wave and tidal re-
21	sources to be harnessed by marine power tech-
22	nologies.
23	(6) Sustained and expanded research, develop-
24	ment, demonstration, and commercial application
25	programs are needed to locate and characterize ma-

1	rine renewable energy resources, and to develop the
2	technologies that will enable their widespread com-
3	mercial development.
4	(7) Federal support is critical to reduce the fi-
5	nancial risk associated with developing new marine
6	renewable energy technologies, thereby encouraging
7	the private sector investment necessary to make ma-
8	rine renewable energy resources commercially viable
9	as a source of electric power and for other applica-
10	tions.
11	SEC. 4103. DEFINITIONS.
12	For purposes of this subtitle—
13	(1) Marine Renewable energy.—The term
14	"Marine Renewable Energy" means energy derived
15	from one or more of the following sources:
16	(A) Waves.
17	(B) Tidal flows.
18	(C) Ocean currents.
19	(D) Ocean thermal energy conversion.
20	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
21	the Secretary of Energy.
22	SEC. 4104. MARINE RENEWABLE ENERGY RESEARCH AND
23	DEVELOPMENT.
24	(a) In General.—The Secretary, in conjunction
25	with other appropriate agencies, shall support programs

1	of research, development, demonstration, and commercial
2	application to expand marine renewable energy produc-
3	tion, including programs to—
4	(1) study and compare existing marine renew-
5	able energy extraction technologies;
6	(2) research, develop, and demonstrate ad-
7	vanced marine renewable energy systems and tech-
8	nologies;
9	(3) reduce the manufacturing and operation
10	costs of marine renewable energy technologies;
11	(4) investigate efficient and reliable integration
12	with the utility grid and intermittency issues;
13	(5) advance wave forecasting technologies;
14	(6) conduct experimental and numerical mod-
15	eling for optimization of marine energy conversion
16	devices and arrays;
17	(7) increase the reliability and survivability of
18	marine renewable energy technologies, including de-
19	velopment of corrosive-resistant materials;
20	(8) study, in conjunction with the Assistant Ad-
21	ministrator for Research and Development of the
22	Environmental Protection Agency, the Undersecre-
23	tary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere, and
24	other Federal agencies as appropriate, the environ-
25	mental impacts of marine renewable energy tech-

1	nologies and ways to address adverse impacts, and
2	provide public information concerning technologies
3	and other means available for monitoring and deter-
4	mining environmental impacts;
5	(9) establish protocols, in conjunction with the
6	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration,
7	for how the ocean community may best interact with
8	marine renewable energy devices;
9	(10) develop power measurement standards for
10	marine renewable energy;
11	(11) develop identification standards for marine
12	renewable energy devices;
13	(12) address standards development, dem-
14	onstration, and technology transfer for advanced
15	systems engineering and system integration methods
16	to identify critical interfaces; and
17	(13) utilize marine resources in the Gulf of
18	Mexico, the Atlantic Ocean, and the Pacific Ocean.
19	(b) SITING CRITERIA.—The Secretary, in conjunction
20	with other appropriate Federal agencies, shall develop,
21	prior to installation of any technologies under this section,
22	siting criteria for marine renewable energy generation
23	demonstration and commercial application projects funded
24	under this subtitle.

1	SEC. 4105. NATIONAL MARINE RENEWABLE ENERGY RE-
2	SEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRA-
3	TION CENTERS.
4	(a) Centers.—The Secretary, acting through the
5	National Renewable Energy Laboratory, shall award
6	grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia
7	thereof) for the establishment of 1 or more National Ma-
8	rine Renewable Energy Research, Development, and Dem-
9	onstration Centers. In selecting locations for Centers, the
10	Secretary shall consider sites that meet one of the fol-
11	lowing criteria:
12	(1) Hosts an existing marine renewable energy
13	research and development program in coordination
14	with a public university engineering program.
15	(2) Has proven expertise to support environ-
16	mental and policy-related issues associated with har-
17	nessing of energy in the marine environment.
18	(3) Has access to and utilizes the marine re-
19	sources in the Gulf of Mexico, the Atlantic Ocean,
20	or the Pacific Ocean.
21	The Secretary may give special consideration to histori-
22	cally black colleges and universities and land grant univer-
23	sities that also meet one of these criteria. In establishing
24	criteria for the selection of Centers, the Secretary shall
25	coordinate with the Undersecretary of Commerce for
26	Oceans and Atmosphere on the criteria related to advanc-

- 1 ing wave forecasting technologies, studying the compat-
- 2 ibility with the environment of marine renewable energy
- 3 technologies and systems, and establishing protocols for
- 4 how the ocean community best interacts with marine re-
- 5 newable energy devices and parks.
- 6 (b) Purposes.—The Centers shall advance research,
- 7 development, demonstration, and commercial application
- 8 of marine renewable energy through a number of initia-
- 9 tives including for the purposes described in section
- 10 4104(1) through (13), and shall serve as an information
- 11 clearinghouse for the marine renewable energy industry,
- 12 collecting and disseminating information on best practices
- 13 in all areas related to developing and managing enhanced
- 14 marine renewable energy systems resources.
- 15 (c) Demonstration of Need.—When applying for
- 16 a grant under this section, an applicant shall include a
- 17 description of why Federal support is necessary for the
- 18 Center, including evidence that the research of the Center
- 19 will not be conducted in the absence of Federal support.
- 20 SEC. 4106. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS.
- Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as waiving
- 22 the applicability of any requirement under any environ-
- 23 mental or other Federal or State law.

1 S	SEC. 4107.	AUTHORIZATION	\mathbf{OF}	APPROPRIATIONS.
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- 2 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 3 retary to carry out this subtitle \$50,000,000 for each of
- 4 the fiscal years 2008 through 2012, except that no funds
- 5 shall be appropriated under this section for activities that
- 6 are receiving funds under section 931(a)(2)(E)(i) of the
- 7 Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16231(a)(2)(E)(i)).

8 Subtitle C—Geothermal Energy

- 9 **SEC. 4201. SHORT TITLE.**
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Advanced Geo-
- 11 thermal Energy Research and Development Act of 2007".
- 12 **SEC. 4202. FINDINGS.**
- The Congress finds the following:
- 14 (1) The United States has a critical national in-
- 15 terest in developing clean, domestic, renewable
- sources of energy in order to mitigate the causes of
- 17 climate change, reduce other environmental impacts
- of energy production, increase national security, im-
- prove public health, and bolster economic stability.
- 20 (2) Geothermal energy is a renewable energy re-
- 21 source.
- 22 (3) Geothermal energy is unusual among renew-
- able energy sources because of its ability to provide
- an uninterrupted supply of baseload electricity.
- 25 (4) Recently published assessments by rep-
- utable experts, including the Massachusetts Institute

1	of Technology, the Western Governors Association,
2	and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, in-
3	dicate that the Nation's geothermal resources are
4	widely distributed, vast in size, and barely tapped.
5	(5) Sustained and expanded research, develop-
6	ment, demonstration, and commercial application
7	programs are needed to locate and characterize geo-
8	thermal resources, and to develop the technologies
9	that will enable their widespread commercial devel-
10	opment.
11	(6) Federal support is critical to reduce the fi-
12	nancial risk associated with developing new geo-
13	thermal technologies, thereby encouraging the pri-
14	vate sector investment necessary to make geothermal
15	resources commercially viable as a source of electric
16	power and for other applications.
17	SEC. 4203. DEFINITIONS.
18	For purposes of this subtitle:
19	(1) Engineered.—When referring to enhanced
20	geothermal systems, the term "engineered" means
21	subjected to intervention, including intervention to
22	address one or more of the following issues:
23	(A) Lack of effective permeability or poros-
24	ity or open fracture connectivity within the res-
25	ervoir.

1	(B) Insufficient contained geofluid in the
2	reservoir.
3	(C) A low average geothermal gradient,
4	which necessitates deeper drilling.
5	(2) Enhanced geothermal systems.—The
6	term "enhanced geothermal systems" means geo-
7	thermal reservoir systems that are engineered, as op-
8	posed to occurring naturally.
9	(3) Geofluid.—The term "geofluid" means
10	any fluid used to extract thermal energy from the
11	Earth which is transported to the surface for direct
12	use or electric power generation, except that such
13	term shall not include oil or natural gas.
14	(4) Geopressured resources.—The term
15	"geopressured resources" mean geothermal deposits
16	found in sedimentary rocks under higher than nor-
17	mal pressure and saturated with gas or methane.
18	(5) Geothermal.—The term "geothermal" re-
19	fers to heat energy stored in the Earth's crust that
20	can be accessed for direct use or electric power gen-
21	eration.
22	(6) Hydrothermal.—The term "hydro-
23	thermal" refers to naturally occurring subsurface
24	reservoirs of hot water or steam.

1	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
2	the Secretary of Energy.
3	(8) Systems approach.—The term "systems
4	approach" means an approach to solving problems
5	or designing systems that attempts to optimize the
6	performance of the overall system, rather than a
7	particular component of the system.
8	SEC. 4204. HYDROTHERMAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-
9	MENT.
10	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall support pro-
11	grams of research, development, demonstration, and com-
12	mercial application to expand the use of geothermal en-
13	ergy production from hydrothermal systems, including the
14	programs described in subsection (b).
15	(b) Programs.—
16	(1) ADVANCED HYDROTHERMAL RESOURCE
17	TOOLS.—The Secretary, in consultation with other
18	appropriate agencies, shall support a program to de-
19	velop advanced geophysical, geochemical, and geo-
20	logic tools to assist in locating hidden hydrothermal
21	resources, and to increase the reliability of site char-
22	acterization before, during, and after initial drilling.
23	The program shall develop new prospecting tech-
24	niques to assist in prioritization of targets for char-

1	acterization. The program shall include a field com-
2	ponent.
3	(2) Industry coupled exploratory drill-
4	ING.—The Secretary shall support a program of
5	cost-shared field demonstration programs, to be pur-
6	sued, simultaneously and independently, in collabo-
7	ration with industry partners, for the demonstration
8	of technologies and techniques of siting and explor-
9	atory drilling for undiscovered resources in a variety
10	of geologic settings. The program shall include in-
11	centives to encourage the use of advanced tech-
12	nologies and techniques.
13	SEC. 4205. GENERAL GEOTHERMAL SYSTEMS RESEARCH
13 14	SEC. 4205. GENERAL GEOTHERMAL SYSTEMS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
14	
	AND DEVELOPMENT.
14 15 16	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, develop-
14 15 16 17	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, develop-
14 15 16 17	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of com-
14 15 16 17 18	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of components and systems capable of withstanding extreme geo-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of components and systems capable of withstanding extreme geothermal environments and necessary to cost-effectively de-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of components and systems capable of withstanding extreme geothermal environments and necessary to cost-effectively develop, produce, and monitor geothermal reservoirs and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of components and systems capable of withstanding extreme geothermal environments and necessary to cost-effectively develop, produce, and monitor geothermal reservoirs and produce geothermal energy. These components and systems
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) Subsurface Components and Systems.—The Secretary shall support a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of components and systems capable of withstanding extreme geothermal environments and necessary to cost-effectively develop, produce, and monitor geothermal reservoirs and produce geothermal energy. These components and systems shall include advanced casing systems (expandable)

1 nologies for under-reaming, multilateral completions,

2	high-temperature logging, and logging while drilling.
3	(b) Reservoir Performance Modeling.—The
4	Secretary shall support a program of research, develop-
5	ment, demonstration, and commercial application of mod-
6	els of geothermal reservoir performance, with an emphasis
7	on accurately modeling performance over time. Models
8	shall be developed to assist both in the development of geo-
9	thermal reservoirs and to more accurately account for
10	stress-related effects in stimulated hydrothermal and en-
11	hanced geothermal systems production environments.
12	(c) Environmental Impacts.—The Secretary
13	shall—
14	(1) support a program of research, develop-
15	ment, demonstration, and commercial application of
16	technologies and practices designed to mitigate or
17	preclude potential adverse environmental impacts of
18	geothermal energy development, production or use,
19	and seek to ensure that geothermal energy develop-
20	ment is consistent with the highest practicable
21	standards of environmental stewardship; and
22	(2) in conjunction with the Assistant Adminis-
23	trator for Research and Development at the Envi-
24	ronmental Protection Agency, support a research
25	program to identify potential environmental impacts

1	of geothermal energy development, production, and
2	use, and ensure that the program described in para-
3	graph (1) addresses such impacts, including effects
4	on groundwater and local hydrology.
5	Any potential environmental impacts identified as part of
6	the development, production, and use of geothermal en-
7	ergy shall be measured and examined against the potential
8	emissions offsets of greenhouses gases gained by geo-
9	thermal energy development, production, and use.
10	SEC. 4206. ENHANCED GEOTHERMAL SYSTEMS RESEARCH
11	AND DEVELOPMENT.
12	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall support a
13	program of research, development, demonstration, and
14	commercial application for enhanced geothermal systems,
15	including the programs described in subsection (b).
16	(b) Programs.—
17	(1) Enhanced geothermal systems tech-
18	NOLOGIES.—The Secretary shall support a program
19	of research, development, demonstration, and com-
20	mercial application of the technologies and knowl-
21	edge necessary for enhanced geothermal systems to
21 22	edge necessary for enhanced geothermal systems to advance to a state of commercial readiness, includ-

1	(B) reservoir characterization, monitoring,
2	and modeling;
3	(C) stress mapping;
4	(D) tracer development;
5	(E) three-dimensional tomography;
6	(F) understanding seismic effects of res-
7	ervoir engineering and stimulation; and
8	(G) laser-based drilling technology.
9	(2) Enhanced geothermal systems res-
10	ERVOIR STIMULATION.—
11	(A) Program.—In collaboration with in-
12	dustry partners, the Secretary shall support a
13	program of research, development, and dem-
14	onstration of enhanced geothermal systems res-
15	ervoir stimulation technologies and techniques.
16	A minimum of 5 sites shall be selected in loca-
17	tions that show particular promise for enhanced
18	geothermal systems development. Each site
19	shall—
20	(i) represent a different class of sub-
21	surface geologic environments; and
22	(ii) take advantage of an existing site
23	where subsurface characterization has been
24	conducted or existing drill holes can be uti-
25	lized, if possible.

1	(B) Consideration of existing
2	SITES.—The following 2 sites, where Depart-
3	ment of Energy and industry cooperative en-
4	hanced geothermal systems projects are already
5	underway, may be considered for inclusion
6	among the sites selected under subparagraph
7	(A):
8	(i) Desert Peak, Nevada.
9	(ii) Coso, California.
10	SEC. 4207. GEOTHERMAL ENERGY PRODUCTION FROM OIL
11	AND GAS FIELDS AND RECOVERY AND PRO-
12	DUCTION OF GEOPRESSURED GAS RE-
13	SOURCES.
IJ	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
14	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a
14	
14	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a
14 15 16	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application to support development of geo-
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application to support development of geothermal energy production from oil and gas fields and pro-
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application to support development of geothermal energy production from oil and gas fields and production and recovery of energy from geopressured resources. In addition, the Secretary shall conduct such sup-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application to support development of geothermal energy production from oil and gas fields and production and recovery of energy from geopressured resources. In addition, the Secretary shall conduct such sup-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application to support development of geothermal energy production from oil and gas fields and production and recovery of energy from geopressured resources. In addition, the Secretary shall conduct such supporting activities including research, resource character-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application to support development of geothermal energy production from oil and gas fields and production and recovery of energy from geopressured resources. In addition, the Secretary shall conduct such supporting activities including research, resource characterization, and technology development as necessary.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application to support development of geothermal energy production from oil and gas fields and production and recovery of energy from geopressured resources. In addition, the Secretary shall conduct such supporting activities including research, resource characterization, and technology development as necessary. (b) Geothermal Energy Production From Oil

1	for a total of not less than three demonstration projects
2	of the use of geothermal techniques such as organic
3	rankine cycle systems at marginal, unproductive, and pro-
4	ductive oil and gas wells. The Secretary shall, to the extent
5	practicable and in the public interest, make awards that—
6	(1) include not less than five oil or gas well
7	sites per project award;
8	(2) use a range of oil or gas well hot water
9	source temperatures from 150 degrees Fahrenheit to
10	300 degrees Fahrenheit;
11	(3) cover a range of sizes up to one megawatt;
12	(4) are located at a range of sites;
13	(5) can be replicated at a wide range of sites;
14	(6) facilitate identification of optimum tech-
15	niques among competing alternatives;
16	(7) include business commercialization plans
17	that have the potential for production of equipment
18	at high volumes and operation and support at a
19	large number of sites; and
20	(8) satisfy other criteria that the Secretary de-
21	termines are necessary to carry out the program and
22	collect necessary data and information.
23	The Secretary shall give preference to assessments that
24	address multiple elements contained in paragraphs (1)
25	through (8).

1	(c) Grant Awards.—Each grant award for dem-
2	onstration of geothermal technology such as organic
3	rankine cycle systems at oil and gas wells made by the
4	Secretary under subsection (b) shall include—
5	(1) necessary and appropriate site engineering
6	study;
7	(2) detailed economic assessment of site specific
8	conditions;
9	(3) appropriate feasibility studies to determine
10	whether the demonstration can be replicated;
11	(4) design or adaptation of existing technology
12	for site specific circumstances or conditions;
13	(5) installation of equipment, service, and sup-
14	port;
15	(6) operation for a minimum of one year and
16	monitoring for the duration of the demonstration;
17	and
18	(7) validation of technical and economic as-
19	sumptions and documentation of lessons learned.
20	(d) Geopressured Gas Resource Recovery and
21	PRODUCTION.—(1) The Secretary shall implement a pro-
22	gram to support the research, development, demonstra-
23	tion, and commercial application of cost-effective tech-
24	niques to produce energy from geopressured resources sit-
25	uated in and near the Gulf of Mexico.

- 1 (2) The Secretary shall solicit preliminary engineer-
- 2 ing designs for geopressured resources production and re-
- 3 covery facilities.
- 4 (3) Based upon a review of the preliminary designs,
- 5 the Secretary shall award grants, which may be cost-
- 6 shared, to support the detailed development and comple-
- 7 tion of engineering, architectural and technical plans need-
- 8 ed to support construction of new designs.
- 9 (4) Based upon a review of the final design plans
- 10 above, the Secretary shall award cost-shared development
- 11 and construction grants for demonstration geopressured
- 12 production facilities that show potential for economic re-
- 13 covery of the heat, kinetic energy and gas resources from
- 14 geopressured resources.
- 15 (e) Competitive Grant Selection.—Not less than
- 16 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
- 17 Secretary shall conduct a national solicitation for applica-
- 18 tions for grants under the programs outlined in sub-
- 19 sections (b) and (d). Grant recipients shall be selected on
- 20 a competitive basis based on criteria in the respective sub-
- 21 section.
- 22 (f) Well Drilling.—No funds may be used under
- 23 this section for the purpose of drilling new wells.

	171
1	SEC. 4208. COST SHARING AND PROPOSAL EVALUATION.
2	(a) Federal Share.—(1) The Federal share of
3	costs of projects funded under this subtitle shall be in ac-
4	cordance with section 988 of the Energy Policy Act of
5	2005.
6	(2) The Secretary may waive the Federal cost share
7	requirement for grants awarded to universities, national
8	laboratories, or similar noncommercial entities awarded
9	grants under this subtitle.
10	(3) The Secretary shall allow for a competitive bid-
11	ding process to play a role in determining the final cost-
12	share ratio.
13	(b) Organization and Administration of Pro-
14	GRAMS.—Programs under this subtitle shall incorporate
15	the following organizational and administrative elements:
16	(1) Non-Federal participants shall be chosen
17	through a competitive selection process.
18	(2) The request for proposals for each program
19	shall stipulate, at a minimum, the following:
20	(A) The non-Federal funding requirements
21	for projects.
22	(B) The funding mechanism to be used
23	(i.e. grants, contracts, or cooperative agree-
24	ments).
25	(C) Milestones and a schedule for comple-

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tion.

1	(D) Criteria for evaluating proposals.
2	(3) In evaluating proposals, the Secretary shall
3	give priority to proposals that draw on relevant ex-
4	pertise from industry, academia, and the national
5	laboratories, as appropriate.
6	(4) The Secretary shall coordinate with, and
7	where appropriate may provide funds in furtherance
8	of the purposes of this subtitle to, other Department
9	of Energy research and development programs fo-
10	cused on drilling, subsurface characterization, and
11	other related technologies.
12	(5) In evaluating proposals, the Secretary shall
13	consult with relevant experts from industry, aca-
14	demia, and the national laboratories, as appropriate.
15	(6) In evaluating proposals, the Secretary shall
16	give priority to proposals that demonstrate clear evi-
17	dence of employing a systems approach.
18	(7) In evaluating proposals for projects with a
19	field component, the Secretary shall, where appro-
20	priate, give priority consideration to proposals that
21	contain provisions to study local environmental im-
22	pacts of the technologies developed or the operations
23	undertaken.
24	(8) In evaluating proposals, the Secretary, in
25	coordination with other appropriate agencies, shall

1	seek to ensure that no funding authorized under this
2	subtitle is awarded to any project that would result
3	in adverse impacts to land, water, or other resources
4	within the National Wilderness Preservation System,
5	the National Park System, the National Wildlife
6	Refuge System, the National Landscape Conserva-
7	tion System, the National Wild and Scenic Rivers
8	System, the National Trails System, any National
9	Monument, any Wilderness Study Area, any Re-
10	search Natural Area, any National Marine Sanc-
11	tuary, any Inventoried Roadless Area, or any Area
12	of Critical Environmental Concern.
13	(9) Scientific data collected as a result of any
14	project supported with funds provided under this
15	subtitle shall be made available to the public.
16	
	SEC. 4209. CENTERS FOR GEOTHERMAL TECHNOLOGY
17	SEC. 4209. CENTERS FOR GEOTHERMAL TECHNOLOGY $ TRANSFER. $
17 18	
	TRANSFER.
18	TRANSFER. (a) In General.—The Secretary shall award grants
18 19	TRANSFER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia thereof)
18 19 20	TRANSFER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia thereof) to establish 2 Centers for Geothermal Technology Trans-
18 19 20 21	TRANSFER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia thereof) to establish 2 Centers for Geothermal Technology Transfer.
18 19 20 21 22	TRANSFER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia thereof) to establish 2 Centers for Geothermal Technology Transfer. (b) CENTERS.—

1	dustry, collecting and disseminating information on
2	best practices in all areas related to developing and
3	managing hydrothermal resources, including data
4	available for disclosure as provided under section
5	4208(b)(9). This Center shall be based at the insti-
6	tution west of the Rocky Mountains that the Sec-
7	retary considers to be best suited to the purpose.
8	The Center shall collect and disseminate information
9	on all subjects germane to the development and user
10	of hydrothermal systems, including—
11	(A) resource location;
12	(B) reservoir characterization, monitoring,
13	and modeling;
14	(C) drilling techniques;
15	(D) reservoir management techniques; and
16	(E) technologies for electric power conver-
17	sion or direct use of geothermal energy.
18	(2) Enhanced geothermal systems cen-
19	TER.—The purpose of a second Technology Transfer
20	Center shall be to serve as an information clearing-
21	house for the geothermal industry, collecting and
22	disseminating information on best practices in all
23	areas related to developing and managing enhanced
24	geothermal systems resources, including data avail-
25	able for disclosure as provided under section

1	4208(b)(9). This Center is encouraged to seek op-
2	portunities to coordinate efforts and share informa-
3	tion with international partners engaged in research
4	and development of enhanced geothermal systems or
5	engaged in collection of data related to enhanced
6	geothermal systems development. This Center shall
7	be based at an academic institution east of the
8	Rocky Mountains which, in the opinion of the Sec-
9	retary, is best suited to provide national leadership
10	on enhanced geothermal systems-related issues. The
11	Center shall collect and disseminate information on
12	all subjects germane to the development and use of
13	enhanced geothermal systems.
14	(c) AWARD DURATION.—An award made by the Sec-
15	retary under this section shall be for an initial period of
16	5 years, and may be renewed for additional 5-year periods
17	on the basis of—
18	(1) satisfactory performance in meeting the
19	goals of the research plan proposed by the Center;
20	and
21	(2) other requirements as specified by the Sec-
22	retary.
23	SEC. 4210. GEOPOWERING AMERICA.
24	The Secretary shall expand the Department of Ener-
25	gy's GeoPowering the West program to extend its geo-

- 1 thermal technology transfer activities throughout the en-
- 2 tire United States. The program shall be renamed
- 3 "GeoPowering America". The program shall continue to
- 4 be based in the Department of Energy office in Golden,
- 5 Colorado.

6 SEC. 4211. EDUCATIONAL PILOT PROGRAM.

- 7 The Secretary shall seek to award grant funding, on
- 8 a competitive basis, to an institution of higher education
- 9 for a geothermal-powered energy generation facility on the
- 10 institution's campus. The purpose of the facility shall be
- 11 to provide electricity and space heating. The facility shall
- 12 also serve as an educational resource to students in rel-
- 13 evant fields of study, and the data generated by the facility
- 14 shall be available to students and the general public. The
- 15 total funding award shall not exceed \$2,000,000.

16 SEC. 4212. REPORTS.

- 17 (a) Reports on Advanced Uses of Geothermal
- 18 Energy.—Not later than 1 year, 3 years, and 5 years,
- 19 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
- 20 report to the Committee on Science and Technology of the
- 21 House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy
- 22 and Natural Resources of the Senate on advanced con-
- 23 cepts and technologies to maximize the geothermal re-
- 24 source potential of the United States. The reports shall
- 25 include—

1	(1) the use of carbon dioxide as an alternative
2	geofluid with potential carbon sequestration benefits;
3	(2) mineral recovery from geofluids;
4	(3) use of geothermal energy to produce hydro-
5	gen;
6	(4) use of geothermal energy to produce
7	biofuels;
8	(5) use of geothermal heat for oil recovery from
9	oil shales and tar sands; and
10	(6) other advanced geothermal technologies, in-
11	cluding advanced drilling technologies and advanced
12	power conversion technologies.
13	(b) Progress Reports.—(1) Not later than 36
14	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
15	retary shall submit to the Committee on Science and Tech-
16	nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
17	on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an in-
18	terim report describing the progress made under this sub-
19	title. At the end of 60 months, the Secretary shall submit
20	to Congress a report on the results of projects undertaken
21	under this subtitle and other such information the Sec-
22	retary considers appropriate.
23	(2) As necessary, the Secretary shall report to the
24	Congress on any legal, regulatory, or other barriers en-
25	countered that hinder economic development of these re-

- 1 sources, and provide recommendations on legislative or
- 2 other actions needed to address such impediments.
- 3 SEC. 4213. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS.
- 4 Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as waiving
- 5 the applicability of any requirement under any environ-
- 6 mental or other Federal or State law.

7 SEC. 4214. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 8 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 9 retary to carry out this subtitle \$90,000,000 for each of
- 10 the fiscal years 2008 through 2012, of which \$10,000,000
- 11 for each fiscal year shall be for carrying out section 4207.
- 12 There are also authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 13 retary for the Intermountain West Geothermal Consor-
- 14 tium \$5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008 through
- 15 2012.

16 Subtitle D—Solar Energy

- 17 SEC. 4301. SHORT TITLE.
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Solar Energy Re-
- 19 search and Advancement Act of 2007".
- 20 SEC. 4302. DEFINITIONS.
- 21 For purposes of this subtitle:
- 22 (1) The term "Department" means the Depart-
- 23 ment of Energy.
- 24 (2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
- of Energy.

1	SEC. 4303. THERMAL ENERGY STORAGE RESEARCH AND
2	DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.
3	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
4	a program of research and development to provide lower
5	cost and more viable thermal energy storage technologies
6	to enable the shifting of electric power loads on demand
7	and extend the operating time of concentrating solar
8	power electric generating plants.
9	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
10	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-
11	rying out this section \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2008,
12	7,000,000 for fiscal year 2009, $9,000,000$ for fiscal year
13	2010, \$10,000,000 for fiscal year $2011, $ and $$12,000,000$
14	for fiscal year 2012.
15	SEC. 4304. CONCENTRATING SOLAR POWER COMMERCIAL
16	APPLICATION STUDIES.
17	(a) Integration.—The Secretary shall conduct a
18	study on methods to integrate concentrating solar power
19	into regional electricity transmission systems, and to iden-
20	tify new transmission or transmission upgrades needed to
21	
21	bring electricity from high concentrating solar power re-
22	bring electricity from high concentrating solar power resource areas to growing electric power load centers
22	source areas to growing electric power load centers
2223	source areas to growing electric power load centers throughout the United States. The study shall analyze and

- 1 ability, to efficiently manage load, and to reduce demand
- 2 on the natural gas transmission system for electric power.
- 3 The Secretary shall submit a report to Congress on the
- 4 results of this study not later than 12 months after the
- 5 date of enactment of this Act.
- 6 (b) Water Consumption.—Not later than 6
- 7 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
- 8 Secretary of Energy shall transmit to Congress a report
- 9 on the results of a study on methods to reduce the amount
- 10 of water consumed by concentrating solar power systems.
- 11 SEC. 4305. SOLAR ENERGY CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT
- 12 AND CERTIFICATION GRANTS.
- 13 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
- 14 in the Office of Solar Energy Technologies a competitive
- 15 grant program to create and strengthen solar industry
- 16 workforce training and internship programs in installa-
- 17 tion, operation, and maintenance of solar energy products.
- 18 The goal of this program is to ensure a supply of well-
- 19 trained individuals to support the expansion of the solar
- 20 energy industry.
- 21 (b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—Grant funds may be
- 22 used to support the following activities:
- 23 (1) Creation and development of a solar energy
- 24 curriculum appropriate for the local educational, en-

1	trepreneurial, and environmental conditions, includ-
2	ing curriculum for community colleges.
3	(2) Support of certification programs, such as
4	the North American Board of Certified Energy
5	Practitioners, for individual solar energy system in-
6	stallers, instructors, and training programs.
7	(3) Internship programs that provide hands-on
8	participation by students in commercial applications.
9	(4) Activities required to obtain certification of
10	training programs and facilities by the Institute of
11	Sustainable Power or an equivalent industry-accept-
12	ed quality-control certification program.
13	(5) Incorporation of solar-specific learning mod-
14	ules into traditional occupational training and in-
15	ternship programs for construction-related trades.
16	(6) The purchase of equipment necessary to
17	carry out activities under this section.
18	(7) Support of programs that provide guidance
19	and updates to solar energy curriculum instructors.
20	(c) Administration of Grants.—Grants may be
21	awarded under this section for up to 3 years. The Sec-
22	retary shall award grants to ensure sufficient geographic
23	distribution of training programs nationally. Grants shall
24	only be awarded for programs certified by the Institute
25	of Sustainable Power or an equivalent industry-accepted

- 1 quality-control certification institution, or for new and
- 2 growing programs with a credible path to certification.
- 3 Due consideration shall be given to women, underrep-
- 4 resented minorities, and persons with disabilities.
- 5 (d) Report.—The Secretary shall make public, via
- 6 the website of the Department or upon request, informa-
- 7 tion on the name and institution for all grants awarded
- 8 under this section, including a brief description of the
- 9 project as well as the grant award amount.
- 10 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 11 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-
- 12 rying out this section \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal
- 13 years 2008 through 2012.
- 14 SEC. 4306. DAYLIGHTING SYSTEMS AND DIRECT SOLAR
- 15 LIGHT PIPE TECHNOLOGY.
- 16 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
- 17 a program of research and development to provide assist-
- 18 ance in the demonstration and commercial application of
- 19 direct solar renewable energy sources to provide alter-
- 20 natives to traditional power generation for lighting and il-
- 21 lumination, including light pipe technology, and to pro-
- 22 mote greater energy conservation and improved efficiency.
- 23 All direct solar renewable energy devices supported under
- 24 this program shall have the capability to provide measur-

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1	able data on the amount of kilowatt-hours saved over the
2	traditionally powered light sources they have replaced.
3	(b) Reporting.—The Secretary shall transmit to
4	Congress an annual report assessing the measurable data
5	derived from each project in the direct solar renewable en
6	ergy sources program and the energy savings resulting
7	from its use.
8	(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
9	(1) the term "direct solar renewable energy"
10	means energy from a device that converts sunlight
11	into useable light within a building, tunnel, or other
12	enclosed structure, replacing artificial light gen
13	erated by a light fixture and doing so without the
14	conversion of the sunlight into another form of en
15	ergy; and
16	(2) the term "light pipe" means a device de
17	signed to transport visible solar radiation from its
18	collection point to the interior of a building while ex
19	cluding interior heat gain in the nonheating season
20	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
21	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car

22 rying out this section \$3,500,000 for each of the fiscal

 $23\;$ years 2008 through 2012.

1	SEC. 4307. SOLAR AIR CONDITIONING RESEARCH AND DE-
2	VELOPMENT PROGRAM.
3	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
4	a research, development, and demonstration program to
5	promote less costly and more reliable decentralized distrib-
6	uted solar-powered air conditioning for individuals and
7	businesses.
8	(b) Authorized Activities.—Grants made avail-
9	able under this section may be used to support the fol-
10	lowing activities:
11	(1) Advancing solar thermal collectors, includ-
12	ing concentrating solar thermal and electric systems,
13	flat plate and evacuated tube collector performance.
14	(2) Achieving technical and economic integra-
15	tion of solar-powered distributed air-conditioning
16	systems with existing hot water and storage systems
17	for residential applications.
18	(3) Designing and demonstrating mass manu-
19	facturing capability to reduce costs of modular
20	standardized solar-powered distributed air condi-
21	tioning systems and components.
22	(4) Improving the efficiency of solar-powered
23	distributed air-conditioning to increase the effective-
24	ness of solar-powered absorption chillers, solar-driv-
25	en compressors and condensors, and cost-effective
26	precooling approaches.

(5) Researching and comparing performance of

2	solar-powered distributed air conditioning systems in
3	different regions of the country, including potential
4	integration with other onsite systems, such as solar
5	biogas, geothermal heat pumps, and propane assist
6	or combined propane fuel cells, with a goal to de-
7	velop site-specific energy production and manage-
8	ment systems that ease fuel and peak utility loading.
9	(c) Cost Sharing.—The non-Federal share of re-
10	search and development projects supported under this sec-
11	tion shall be not less than 20 percent, and for demonstra-
12	tion projects shall be not less than 50 percent.
13	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
14	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-
15	rying out this section \$2,500,000 for each of the fiscal
16	years 2008 through 2012.
17	SEC. 4308. PHOTOVOLTAIC DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.
18	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a
19	program of grants to States to demonstrate advanced pho-
20	tovoltaic technology.
21	(b) Requirements.—
22	(1) Ability to meet requirements.—To re-
23	ceive funding under the program under this section,
24	a State must submit a proposal that demonstrates

1	to the satisfaction of the Secretary, that the State
2	will meet the requirements of subsection (f).

- (2) Compliance with requirements.—If a State has received funding under this section for the preceding year, the State must demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, that it complied with the requirements of subsection (f) in carrying out the program during that preceding year, and that it will do so in the future, before it can receive further funding under this section.
- (3) Funding allocation.—Each State submitting a qualifying proposal shall receive funding under the program based on the proportion of United States population in the State according to the 2000 census. In each fiscal year, the portion of funds attributable under this paragraph to States that have not submitted qualifying proposals in the time and manner specified by the Secretary shall be distributed pro rata to the States that have submitted qualifying proposals in the specified time and manner.
- 22 (c) COMPETITION.—If more than \$25,000,000 is 23 available for the program under this section for any fiscal 24 year, the Secretary shall allocate 75 percent of the total 25 amount of funds available according to subsection (b)(3),

1	and shall award the remaining 25 percent on a competitive
2	basis to the States with the proposals the Secretary con-
3	siders most likely to encourage the widespread adoption
4	of photovoltaic technologies.
5	(d) Proposals.—Not later than 6 months after the
6	date of enactment of this Act, and in each subsequent fis-
7	cal year for the life of the program, the Secretary shall
8	solicit proposals from the States to participate in the pro-
9	gram under this section.
10	(e) Competitive Criteria.—In awarding funds in
11	a competitive allocation under subsection (c), the Sec-
12	retary shall consider—
13	(1) the likelihood of a proposal to encourage the
14	demonstration of, or lower the costs of, advanced
15	photovoltaic technologies; and
16	(2) the extent to which a proposal is likely to—
17	(A) maximize the amount of photovoltaics
18	demonstrated;
19	(B) maximize the proportion of non-Fed-
20	eral cost share; and
21	(C) limit State administrative costs.
22	(f) State Program.—A program operated by a
23	State with funding under this section shall provide com-
24	petitive awards for the demonstration of advanced photo-
25	voltaic technologies. Each State program shall—

1	(1) require a contribution of at least 60 percent
2	per award from non-Federal sources, which may in-
3	clude any combination of State, local, and private
4	funds, except that at least 10 percent of the funding
5	must be supplied by the State;
6	(2) endeavor to fund recipients in the commer-
7	cial, industrial, institutional, governmental, and resi-
8	dential sectors;
9	(3) limit State administrative costs to no more
10	than 10 percent of the grant;
11	(4) report annually to the Secretary on—
12	(A) the amount of funds disbursed;
13	(B) the amount of photovoltaics purchased;
14	and
15	(C) the results of the monitoring under
16	paragraph (5);
17	(5) provide for measurement and verification of
18	the output of a representative sample of the
19	photovoltaics systems demonstrated throughout the
20	average working life of the systems, or at least 20
21	years; and
22	(6) require that applicant buildings must have
23	received an independent energy efficiency audit dur-
24	ing the 6-month period preceding the filing of the
25	application.

1	(g) UNEXPENDED FUNDS.—If a State fails to expend
2	any funds received under subsection (b) or (c) within 3
3	years of receipt, such remaining funds shall be returned
4	to the Treasury.
5	(h) Reports.—The Secretary shall report to Con-
6	gress 5 years after funds are first distributed to the States
7	under this section—
8	(1) the amount of photovoltaics demonstrated;
9	(2) the number of projects undertaken;
10	(3) the administrative costs of the program;
11	(4) the amount of funds that each State has
12	not received because of a failure to submit a quali-
13	fying proposal, as described in subsection (b)(3);
14	(5) the results of the monitoring under sub-
15	section $(f)(5)$; and
16	(6) the total amount of funds distributed, in-
17	cluding a breakdown by State.
18	(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
19	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the
20	purposes of carrying out this section—
21	(1) \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
22	(2) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
23	(3) \$45,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
24	(4) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2011; and
25	(5) \$70.000.000 for fiscal year 2012.

1	Subtitle E—Bioruels
2	SEC. 4401. SHORT TITLE.
3	This subtitle may be cited as the "Biofuels Research
4	and Development Enhancement Act".
5	SEC. 4402. BIOFUELS AND BIOREFINERY INFORMATION
6	CENTER.
7	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy (in this
8	subtitle referred to as the "Secretary"), in cooperation
9	with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall establish a tech-
10	nology transfer center to make available information on
11	research, development, and commercial application of
12	technologies related to biofuels and biorefineries, includ-
13	ing—
14	(1) biochemical and thermochemical conversion
15	technologies capable of making fuels from
16	lignocellulosic feedstocks;
17	(2) biotechnology processes capable of making
18	biofuels with an emphasis on development of bio-
19	refinery technologies using enzyme-based processing
20	systems;
21	(3) biogas collection and production tech-
22	nologies suitable for vehicular use;
23	(4) cost-effective reforming technologies that
24	produce hydrogen fuel from biogas sources;

1	(5) biogas production from cellulosic and recy-
2	cled organic waste sources and advancement of gas-
3	eous storage systems and advancement of gaseous
4	storage systems; and
5	(6) other advanced processes and technologies
6	that will enable the development of biofuels.
7	(b) Administration.—In administering this section,
8	the Secretary shall ensure that the center shall—
9	(1) continually update information provided by
10	the center;
11	(2) make information available on biotechnology
12	processes; and
13	(3) make information and assistance provided
14	by the center available for those involved in energy
15	research, development, demonstration, and commer-
16	cial application.
17	SEC. 4403. BIOFUELS AND ADVANCED BIOFUELS INFRA-
18	STRUCTURE.
19	Section 932 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
20	U.S.C. 16232) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
21	lowing new subsection:
22	"(f) Biofuels and Advanced Biofuels Infra-
23	STRUCTURE.—The Secretary, in consultation with the
24	Secretary of Transportation and the Assistant Adminis-
25	trator for Research and Development of the Environ-

1	mental Protection Agency, shall carry out a program of
2	research, development, and demonstration as it relates to
3	existing transportation fuel distribution infrastructure and
4	new alternative distribution infrastructure. The program
5	shall focus on the physical and chemical properties of
6	biofuels and efforts to prevent or mitigate against adverse
7	impacts of those properties in the following areas:
8	"(1) Corrosion of metal, plastic, rubber, cork
9	fiberglass, glues, or any other material used in pipes
10	and storage tanks.
11	"(2) Dissolving of storage tank sediments.
12	"(3) Clogging of filters.
13	"(4) Contamination from water or other
14	adulterants or pollutants.
15	"(5) Poor flow properties related to low tem-
16	peratures.
17	"(6) Oxidative and thermal instability in long-
18	term storage and use.
19	"(7) Microbial contamination.
20	"(8) Problems associated with electrical conduc-
21	tivity.
22	"(9) Such other areas as the Secretary con-
23	siders appropriate.".

1 SEC. 4404. BIODIESEL.

- 2 (a) BIODIESEL STUDY.—Not later than 180 days
- 3 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
- 4 submit to Congress a report on any research and develop-
- 5 ment challenges inherent in increasing to 2.5 percent the
- 6 proportion of diesel fuel sold in the United States that
- 7 is biodiesel (within the meaning of section 211(o) of the
- 8 Clean Air Act).
- 9 (b) Materials for the Establishment of
- 10 STANDARDS.—The Director of the National Institute of
- 11 Standards and Technology shall make publicly available
- 12 the physical property data and characterization of bio-
- 13 diesel, as is defined in subsection (a), in order to encour-
- 14 age the establishment of standards that will promote their
- 15 utilization in the transportation and fuel delivery system.
- 16 SEC. 4405. BIOGAS.
- Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
- 18 of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-
- 19 port on any research and development challenges inherent
- 20 in increasing to 5 percent of the transportation fuels sold
- 21 in the United States fuel with biogas or a blend of biogas
- 22 and natural gas.
- 23 SEC. 4406. BIORESEARCH CENTERS FOR SYSTEMS BIOLOGY
- PROGRAM.
- Section 977(a)(1) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005
- 26 (42 U.S.C. 16317(a)(1)) is amended by inserting before

1	the period at the end the following: ", including the estab-
2	lishment of at least 5 bioresearch centers of varying sizes,
3	as appropriate, that focus on biofuels, of which at least
4	1 center shall be located in each of the 5 Petroleum Ad-
5	ministration for Defense Districts, which shall be estab-
6	lished for a period of 5 years, after which the grantee may
7	reapply for selection on a competitive basis".
8	SEC. 4407. GRANTS FOR BIOFUEL PRODUCTION RESEARCH
9	AND DEVELOPMENT IN CERTAIN STATES.
10	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall provide
11	grants to eligible entities for research, development, dem-
12	onstration, and commercial application of biofuel produc-
13	tion technologies in States with low rates of ethanol pro-
14	duction, including low rates of production of cellulosic bio-
15	mass ethanol, as determined by the Secretary.
16	(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant
17	under this section, an entity shall—
18	(1)(A) be an institution of higher education (as
19	defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of
20	2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)) located in a State de-
21	scribed in subsection (a); or
22	(B) be a consortium including at least 1 such
23	institution of higher education, and industry, State
24	agencies, Indian tribal agencies, National Labora-

1	tories,	or	local	government	agencies	located	in	the
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- 2 State; and
- 3 (2) have proven experience and capabilities with
- 4 relevant technologies.
- 5 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 6 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
- 7 out this section \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008
- 8 through 2010.

9 SEC. 4408. BIOREFINERY ENERGY EFFICIENCY.

- Section 932 of Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
- 11 16232), is amended by adding at the end the following
- 12 new subsections:
- 13 "(g) Biorefinery Energy Efficiency.—The Sec-
- 14 retary shall establish a program of research, development,
- 15 demonstration, and commercial application for increasing
- 16 energy efficiency and reducing energy consumption in the
- 17 operation of biorefinery facilities.
- 18 "(h) Retrofit Technologies for the Develop-
- 19 MENT OF ETHANOL FROM CELLULOSIC MATERIALS.—
- 20 The Secretary shall establish a program of research, devel-
- 21 opment, demonstration, and commercial application on
- 22 technologies and processes to enable biorefineries that ex-
- 23 clusively use corn grain or corn starch as a feedstock to
- 24 produce ethanol to be retrofitted to accept a range of bio-
- 25 mass, including lignocellulosic feedstocks.".

1	SEC. 4409. STUDY OF INCREASED CONSUMPTION OF ETH-
2	ANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE WITH HIGHER
3	LEVELS OF ETHANOL.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary, in cooperation
5	with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Administrator of the
6	Environmental Protection Agency, and the Secretary of
7	Transportation, shall conduct a study of the methods of
8	increasing consumption in the United States of ethanol-
9	blended gasoline with levels of ethanol that are not less
10	than 10 percent and not more than 40 percent.
11	(b) Study.—The study under subsection (a) shall in-
12	clude—
13	(1) a review of production and infrastructure
14	constraints on increasing consumption of ethanol;
15	(2) an evaluation of the environmental con-
16	sequences of the ethanol blends described in sub-
17	section (a) on evaporative and exhaust emissions
18	from on-road, off-road, and marine vehicle engines;
19	(3) an evaluation of the consequences of the
20	ethanol blends described in subsection (a) on the op-
21	eration, durability, and performance of on-road, off-
22	road, and marine vehicle engines; and
23	(4) an evaluation of the life cycle impact of the
24	use of the ethanol blends described in subsection (a)
25	on carbon dioxide and greenhouse gas emissions

1	(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
3	Congress a report describing the results of the study con-
4	ducted under this section.
5	SEC. 4410. STUDY OF OPTIMIZATION OF FLEXIBLE FUELED
6	VEHICLES TO USE E-85 FUEL.
7	(a) In General.—The Secretary, in consultation
8	with the Secretary of Transportation, shall conduct a
9	study of whether optimizing flexible fueled vehicles to op-
10	erate using E–85 fuel would increase the fuel efficiency
11	of flexible fueled vehicles.
12	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
13	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
14	the Committee on Science and Technology of the House
15	of Representatives the Committee on Energy and Natural
16	Resources of the Senate a report that describes the results
17	of the study under this section, including any rec-
18	ommendations of the Secretary.
19	SEC. 4411. STUDY OF ENGINE DURABILITY AND PERFORM-
20	ANCE ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF BIO-
21	DIESEL.
22	(a) In General.—Not later than 30 days after the
23	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall initiate
24	a study on the effects of the use of biodiesel on the per-
25	formance and durability of engines and engine systems.

1	(b) Components.—The study under this section
2	shall include—
3	(1) an assessment of whether the use of bio-
4	diesel lessens the durability and performance of con-
5	ventional diesel engines and engine systems; and
6	(2) an assessment of the effects referred to in
7	subsection (a) with respect to biodiesel blends at
8	varying concentrations, including the following per-
9	centage concentrations of biodiesel:
10	(A) 5 percent biodiesel.
11	(B) 10 percent biodiesel.
12	(C) 20 percent biodiesel.
13	(D) 30 percent biodiesel.
14	(E) 100 percent biodiesel.
15	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 24 months after the
16	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
17	to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House
18	of Representatives the Committee on Energy and Natural
19	Resources of the Senate a report that describes the results
20	of the study under this section, including any rec-
21	ommendations of the Secretary.
22	SEC. 4412. BIOENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, AU-
23	THORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.
24	(a) Section 931 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
25	U.S.C. 16231) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (b)—
2	(A) at the end of paragraph (2) by striking
3	"and";
4	(B) at the end of paragraph (3) by striking
5	the period and inserting "; and"; and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following new
7	paragraph:
8	"(4) $$963,000,000$ for fiscal year 2010."; and
9	(2) in subsection (c)—
10	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking
11	"\$251,000,000" and inserting "\$377,000,000";
12	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking
13	"\$274,000,000" and inserting "\$398,000,000";
14	and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following new
16	paragraph:
17	(4) \$419,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, of
18	which $$150,000,00$ shall be for section $932(d)$.".
19	SEC. 4413. ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-
20	MENT.
21	(a) Amendments.—Section 977 of the Energy Pol-
22	icy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16317) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "and com-
24	putational biology" and inserting "computational bi-
25	ology, and environmental science"; and

1	(2) in subsection (b)—
2	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "in sus-
3	tainable production systems that reduce green-
4	house gas emissions" after "hydrogen";
5	(B) at the end of paragraph (3), by strik-
6	ing "and";
7	(C) by redesignating paragraph (4) as
8	paragraph (5); and
9	(D) by inserting after paragraph (3) the
10	following new paragraph:
11	"(4) develop cellulosic and other feedstocks that
12	are less resource and land intensive and that pro-
13	mote sustainable use of resources, including soil,
14	water, energy, forests, and land, and ensure protec-
15	tion of air, water, and soil quality; and".
16	(b) Tools and Evaluation.—The Secretary, in
17	consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental
18	Protection Agency and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
19	establish a research and development program to—
20	(1) improve and develop analytical tools to fa-
21	cilitate the analysis of life-cycle energy and green-
22	house gas emissions, including emissions related to
23	direct and indirect land use changes, attributable to
24	all potential biofuel feedstocks and production proc-
25	esses; and

1	(2) promote the systematic evaluation of the
2	impact of expanded biofuel production on the envi-
3	ronment, including forestlands, and on the food sup-
4	ply for humans and animals.
5	(c) SMALL-SCALE PRODUCTION AND USE OF
6	BIOFUELS.—The Secretary, in cooperation with the Sec-
7	retary of Agriculture, shall establish a research and devel-
8	opment program to facilitate small-scale production, local,
9	and on-farm use of biofuels, including the development of
10	small-scale gasification technologies for production of
11	biofuel from cellulosic feedstocks.
12	SEC. 4414. STUDY OF OPTIMIZATION OF BIOGAS USED IN
13	NATURAL GAS VEHICLES.
13	NATURAL GAS VEHICLES.
14	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall
14	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall
14 15	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel effi-
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas vehicle systems that can operate on biogas, including the
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas vehicle systems that can operate on biogas, including the advancement of vehicle fuel systems and the combination
114 115 116 117 118	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas vehicle systems that can operate on biogas, including the advancement of vehicle fuel systems and the combination of hybrid-electric and plug-in hybrid electric drive plat-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas vehicle systems that can operate on biogas, including the advancement of vehicle fuel systems and the combination of hybrid-electric and plug-in hybrid electric drive platforms with natural gas vehicle systems using biogas.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas vehicle systems that can operate on biogas, including the advancement of vehicle fuel systems and the combination of hybrid-electric and plug-in hybrid electric drive platforms with natural gas vehicle systems using biogas. (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas vehicle systems that can operate on biogas, including the advancement of vehicle fuel systems and the combination of hybrid-electric and plug-in hybrid electric drive platforms with natural gas vehicle systems using biogas. (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study of methods of increasing the fuel efficiency of vehicles using biogas by optimizing natural gas vehicle systems that can operate on biogas, including the advancement of vehicle fuel systems and the combination of hybrid-electric and plug-in hybrid electric drive plat forms with natural gas vehicle systems using biogas. (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Re

- 1 describes the results of the study, including any rec-
- 2 ommendations of the Secretary.

3 SEC. 4415. STANDARDS FOR BIOFUELS DISPENSERS.

- 4 In the absence of appropriate private sector stand-
- 5 ards adopted prior to the date of enactment of this Act,
- 6 and consistent with the National Technology Transfer and
- 7 Advancement Act of 1995, the Secretary of Energy, in
- 8 consultation with the Director of the National Institute
- 9 of Standards and Technology, shall develop standards for
- 10 biofuel dispenser systems in order to promote broader
- 11 biofuels adoption and utilization.

12 SEC. 4416. ALGAL BIOMASS.

- Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment
- 14 of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee
- 15 on Science and Technology of the House of Representa-
- 16 tives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-
- 17 sources of the Senate a report on the progress of the re-
- 18 search and development that is being conducted on the
- 19 use of algae as a feedstock for the production of biofuels.
- 20 The report shall identify continuing research and develop-
- 21 ment challenges and any regulatory or other barriers
- 22 found by the Secretary that hinder the use of this re-
- 23 source, as well as recommendations on how to encourage
- 24 and further its development as a viable transportation
- 25 fuel.

1	Subtitle F—Carbon Capture and
2	Storage
3	SEC. 4501. SHORT TITLE.
4	This subtitle may be cited as the "Department of En-
5	ergy Carbon Capture and Storage Research, Development,
6	and Demonstration Act of 2007".
7	SEC. 4502. CARBON CAPTURE AND STORAGE RESEARCH,
8	DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATION PRO-
9	GRAM.
10	(a) Amendments.—Section 963 of the Energy Pol-
11	icy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16293) is amended—
12	(1) in the section heading, by striking "RE-
13	SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT" and inserting
14	"AND STORAGE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT,
15	AND DEMONSTRATION'';
16	(2) in subsection (a)—
17	(A) by striking "research and develop-
18	ment" and inserting "and storage research, de-
19	velopment, and demonstration"; and
20	(B) by striking "capture technologies on
21	combustion-based systems" and inserting "cap-
22	ture and storage technologies related to electric
23	power generating systems";
24	(3) in subsection (b)—

1	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at
2	the end;
3	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-
4	riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(5) to expedite and carry out large-scale test-
7	ing of carbon sequestration systems in a range of ge-
8	ological formations that will provide information on
9	the cost and feasibility of deployment of sequestra-
10	tion technologies."; and
11	(4) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the
12	following:
13	"(c) Programmatic Activities.—
14	"(1) Fundamental science and engineer-
15	ING RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AND DEM-
16	ONSTRATION SUPPORTING CARBON CAPTURE AND
17	STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
19	carry out fundamental science and engineering
20	research (including laboratory-scale experi-
21	ments, numeric modeling, and simulations) to
22	develop and document the performance of new
23	approaches to capture and store carbon dioxide,
24	or to learn how to use carbon dioxide in prod-

1	ucts to lead to an overall reduction of carbon
2	dioxide emissions.
3	"(B) Program integration.—The Sec-
4	retary shall ensure that fundamental research
5	carried out under this paragraph is appro-
6	priately applied to energy technology develop-
7	ment activities and the field testing of carbon
8	sequestration and carbon use activities, includ-
9	ing—
10	"(i) development of new or advanced
11	technologies for the capture of carbon diox-
12	ide;
13	"(ii) development of new or advanced
14	technologies that reduce the cost and in-
15	crease the efficacy of the compression of
16	carbon dioxide required for the storage of
17	carbon dioxide;
18	"(iii) modeling and simulation of geo-
19	logical sequestration field demonstrations;
20	"(iv) quantitative assessment of risks
21	relating to specific field sites for testing of
22	sequestration technologies; and
23	"(v) research and development of new
24	and advanced technologies for carbon use,

1	including recycling and reuse of carbon di-
2	oxide.
3	"(2) FIELD VALIDATION TESTING ACTIVI-
4	TIES.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
6	promote, to the maximum extent practicable,
7	regional carbon sequestration partnerships to
8	conduct geologic sequestration tests involving
9	carbon dioxide injection and monitoring, mitiga-
10	tion, and verification operations in a variety of
11	candidate geological settings, including—
12	"(i) operating oil and gas fields;
13	"(ii) depleted oil and gas fields;
14	"(iii) unmineable coal seams;
15	"(iv) deep saline formations;
16	"(v) deep geologic systems that may
17	be used as engineered reservoirs to extract
18	economical quantities of heat from geo-
19	thermal resources of low permeability or
20	porosity;
21	"(vi) deep geologic systems containing
22	basalt formations; and
23	"(vii) high altitude terrain oil and gas
24	fields.

1	"(B) Objectives.—The objectives of tests
2	conducted under this paragraph shall be—
3	"(i) to develop and validate geo-
4	physical tools, analysis, and modeling to
5	monitor, predict, and verify carbon dioxide
6	containment;
7	"(ii) to validate modeling of geological
8	formations;
9	"(iii) to refine storage capacity esti-
10	mated for particular geological formations;
11	"(iv) to determine the fate of carbon
12	dioxide concurrent with and following in-
13	jection into geological formations;
14	"(v) to develop and implement best
15	practices for operations relating to, and
16	monitoring of, injection and storage of car-
17	bon dioxide in geologic formations;
18	"(vi) to assess and ensure the safety
19	of operations related to geological storage
20	of carbon dioxide;
21	"(vii) to allow the Secretary to pro-
22	mulgate policies, procedures, requirements,
23	and guidance to ensure that the objectives
24	of this subparagraph are met in large-scale
25	testing and deployment activities for car-

1	bon capture and storage that are funded
2	by the Department of Energy; and
3	"(viii) to support Environmental Pro-
4	tection Agency efforts, in consultation with
5	other agencies, to develop a scientifically
6	sound regulatory framework to enable com-
7	mercial-scale sequestration operations
8	while safeguarding human health and un-
9	derground sources of drinking water.
10	"(3) Large-scale carbon dioxide seques-
11	TRATION TESTING.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
13	conduct not less than 7 initial large-volume se-
14	questration tests, not including the FutureGen
15	project, for geological containment of carbon di-
16	oxide (at least 1 of which shall be international
17	in scope) to validate information on the cost
18	and feasibility of commercial deployment of
19	technologies for geological containment of car-
20	bon dioxide.
21	"(B) Diversity of formations to be
22	STUDIED.—In selecting formations for study
23	under this paragraph, the Secretary shall con-
24	sider a variety of geological formations across
25	the United States, and require characterization

1	and modeling of candidate formations, as deter-
2	mined by the Secretary.
3	"(C) Source of Carbon Dioxide for
4	LARGE-SCALE SEQUESTRATION DEMONSTRA-
5	TIONS.—In the process of any acquisition of
6	carbon dioxide for sequestration demonstrations
7	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall
8	give preference to purchases of carbon dioxide
9	from industrial and coal-fired electric genera-
10	tion facilities. To the extent feasible, the Sec-
11	retary shall prefer test projects from industrial
12	and coal-fired electric generation facilities that
13	would facilitate the creation of an integrated
14	system of capture, transportation and storage
15	of carbon dioxide. Until coal-fired electric gen-
16	eration facilities, either new or existing, are op-
17	erating with carbon dioxide capture tech-
18	nologies, other industrial sources of carbon di-
19	oxide should be pursued under this paragraph.
20	The preference provided for under this subpara-
21	graph shall not delay the implementation of the
22	large-scale sequestration tests under this para-
23	graph.
24	"(D) Definition.—For purposes of this
25	paragraph, the term 'large-scale' means the in-

1	jection of more than 1,000,000 metric tons of
2	carbon dioxide annually, or a scale that demon-
3	strably exceeds the necessary thresholds in key
4	geologic transients to validate the ability con-
5	tinuously to inject quantities on the order of
6	several million metric tons of industrial carbon
7	dioxide annually for a large number of years.
8	"(4) Large-scale demonstration of car-
9	BON DIOXIDE CAPTURE TECHNOLOGIES.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
11	carry out at least 3 and no more than 5 dem-
12	onstrations, that include each of the tech-
13	nologies described in subparagraph (B), for the
14	large-scale capture of carbon dioxide from in-
15	dustrial sources of carbon dioxide, at least 2 of
16	which are facilities that generate electric energy
17	from fossil fuels. Candidate facilities for other
18	demonstrations under this paragraph shall in-
19	clude facilities that refine petroleum, manufac-
20	ture iron or steel, manufacture cement or ce-
21	ment clinker, manufacture commodity chemi-
22	cals, and ethanol and fertilizer plants. Consider-
23	ation may be given to capture of carbon dioxide
24	from industrial facilities and electric generation
25	carbon sources that are near suitable geological

1	reservoirs and could continue sequestration. To
2	ensure reduced carbon dioxide emissions, the
3	Secretary shall take necessary actions to pro-
4	vide for the integration of the program under
5	this paragraph with the long-term carbon diox-
6	ide sequestration demonstrations described in
7	paragraph (3). These actions should not delay
8	implementation of the large-scale sequestration
9	tests authorized in paragraph (3).
10	"(B) Technologies.—The technologies
11	referred to in subparagraph (A) are
12	precombustion capture, post-combustion cap-
13	ture, and oxycombustion.
14	"(C) Scope of Award.—An award under
15	this paragraph shall be only for the portion of
16	the project that carries out the large-scale cap-
17	ture (including purification and compression) of
18	carbon dioxide, as well as the cost of transpor-
19	tation and injection of carbon dioxide.
20	"(5) Preference in project selection
21	FROM MERITORIOUS PROPOSALS.—In making com-
22	petitive awards under this subsection, subject to the
23	requirements of section 989, the Secretary shall—

1	"(A) give preference to proposals from
2	partnerships among industrial, academic, and
3	government entities; and
4	"(B) require recipients to provide assur-
5	ances that all laborers and mechanics employed
6	by contractors and subcontractors in the con-
7	struction, repair, or alteration of new or exist-
8	ing facilities performed in order to carry out a
9	demonstration or commercial application activ-
10	ity authorized under this subsection shall be
11	paid wages at rates not less than those pre-
12	vailing on similar construction in the locality, as
13	determined by the Secretary of Labor in ac-
14	cordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of
15	title 40, United States Code, and the Secretary
16	of Labor shall, with respect to the labor stand-
17	ards in this paragraph, have the authority and
18	functions set forth in Reorganization Plan
19	Numbered 14 of 1950 (15 F.R. 3176; 5 U.S.C.
20	Appendix) and section 3145 of title 40, United
21	States Code.
22	"(6) Cost sharing.—Activities under this sub-
23	section shall be considered research and development
24	activities that are subject to the cost-sharing re-
25	quirements of section 988(b), except that the Fed-

1	eral share of a project under paragraph (4) shall not
2	exceed 50 percent.
3	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
4	"(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
5	appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out this
6	section, other than subsection (c)(3) and (4)—
7	"(A) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
8	"(B) $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2009;
9	"(C) $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2010 ;
10	and
11	"(D) $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2011.
12	"(2) Sequestration.—There are authorized
13	to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out
14	subsection (e)(3)—
15	"(A) \$140,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
16	"(B) \$140,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
17	"(C) \$140,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
18	and
19	"(D) $$140,000,000$ for fiscal year 2011.
20	"(3) Carbon capture.—There are authorized
21	to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out
22	subsection (e)(4)—
23	"(A) \$180,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
24	"(B) \$180,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;

1	"(C) $$180,000,000$ for fiscal year 2011;
2	and
3	"(D) $$180,000,000$ for fiscal year 2012.".
4	(b) Table of Contents Amendment.—The item
5	relating to section 963 in the table of contents for the En-
6	ergy Policy Act of 2005 is amended to read as follows:
	"Sec. 963. Carbon capture and storage research, development, and demonstration program.".
7	SEC. 4503. REVIEW OF LARGE-SCALE PROGRAMS.
8	The Secretary of Energy shall enter into an arrange-
9	ment with the National Academy of Sciences for an inde-
10	pendent review and oversight, beginning in 2011, of the
11	programs under section 963(c)(3) and (4) of the Energy
12	Policy Act of 2005, as added by section 4502 of this sub-
13	title, to ensure that the benefits of such programs are
14	maximized. Not later than January 1, 2012, the Secretary
15	shall transmit to the Congress a report on the results of
16	such review and oversight.
17	SEC. 4504. SAFETY RESEARCH.
18	(a) Program.—The Assistant Administrator for Re-
19	search and Development of the Environmental Protection
20	Agency shall conduct a research program to determine
21	procedures necessary to protect public health, safety, and
22	the environment from impacts that may be associated with
23	capture, injection, and sequestration of greenhouse gases
24	in subterranean reservoirs.

1	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated for carrying out this sec-
3	tion \$5,000,000 for each fiscal year.
4	SEC. 4505. GEOLOGICAL SEQUESTRATION TRAINING AND
5	RESEARCH.
6	(a) Study.—
7	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Energy
8	shall enter into an arrangement with the National
9	Academy of Sciences to undertake a study that—
10	(A) defines an interdisciplinary program in
11	geology, engineering, hydrology, environmental
12	science, and related disciplines that will support
13	the Nation's capability to capture and sequester
14	carbon dioxide from anthropogenic sources;
15	(B) addresses undergraduate and graduate
16	education, especially to help develop graduate
17	level programs of research and instruction that
18	lead to advanced degrees with emphasis on geo-
19	logical sequestration science;
20	(C) develops guidelines for proposals from
21	colleges and universities with substantial capa-
22	bilities in the required disciplines that wish to
23	implement geological sequestration science pro-
24	grams that advance the Nation's capacity to ad-

1	dress carbon management through geological
2	sequestration science; and
3	(D) outlines a budget and recommenda-
4	tions for how much funding will be necessary to
5	establish and carry out the grant program
6	under subsection (b).
7	(2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
8	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of En-
9	ergy shall transmit to the Congress a copy of the re-
10	sults of the study provided by the National Academy
11	of Sciences under paragraph (1).
12	(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
13	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
14	retary for carrying out this subsection \$1,000,000
15	for fiscal year 2008.
16	(b) Grant Program.—
17	(1) Establishment.—The Secretary of En-
18	ergy, through the National Energy Technology Lab-
19	oratory, shall establish a competitive grant program
20	through which colleges and universities may apply
21	for and receive 4-year grants for—
22	(A) salary and startup costs for newly des-
23	ignated faculty positions in an integrated geo-
24	logical carbon sequestration science program;
25	and

1	(B) internships for graduate students in
2	geological sequestration science.
3	(2) Renewal.—Grants under this subsection
4	shall be renewable for up to 2 additional 3-year
5	terms, based on performance criteria, established by
6	the National Academy of Sciences study conducted
7	under subsection (a), that include the number of
8	graduates of such programs.
9	(3) Interface with regional geological
10	CARBON SEQUESTRATION PARTNERSHIPS.—To the
11	greatest extent possible, geological carbon sequestra-
12	tion science programs supported under this sub-
13	section shall interface with the research of the Re-
14	gional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships operated
15	by the Department of Energy to provide internships
16	and practical training in carbon capture and geologi-
17	cal sequestration.
18	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
19	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
20	retary for carrying out this subsection such sums as
21	may be necessary.
22	SEC. 4506. UNIVERSITY BASED RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-
23	MENT GRANT PROGRAM.
24	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy, in
25	consultation with other appropriate agencies, shall estab-

1	lish a university based research and development program
2	to study carbon capture and sequestration using the var-
3	ious types of coal.
4	(b) Grants.—Under this section, the Secretary shall
5	award 5 grants for projects submitted by colleges or uni-
6	versities to study carbon capture and sequestration in con-
7	junction with the recovery of oil and other enhanced ele-
8	mental and mineral recovery. Consideration shall be given
9	to areas that have regional sources of coal for the study
10	of carbon capture and sequestration.
11	(c) Rural and Agricultural Institutions.—The
12	Secretary shall designate that at least 2 of these grants
13	shall be awarded to rural or agricultural based institutions
14	that offer interdisciplinary programs in the area of envi-
15	ronmental science to study carbon capture and sequestra-
16	tion in conjunction with the recovery of oil and other en-
17	hanced elemental and mineral recovery.
18	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
19	are to be authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 to
20	carry out this section.
21	Subtitle G—Global Change
22	Research
23	SEC. 4601. SHORT TITLE.
24	This subtitle may be cited as the "Global Change Re-
25	search and Data Management Act of 2007".

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1 PART 1—GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH

	2	SEC.	4611.	FINDINGS	AND	PURPOSI
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- 3 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following 4 findings:
- 5 (1) Industrial, agricultural, and other human 6 activities, coupled with an expanding world popu-7 lation, are contributing to processes of global change 8 that are significantly altering the Earth habitat.
 - (2) Such human-induced changes, in conjunction with natural fluctuations, may lead to significant alterations of world climate patterns. Over the next century, these changes could adversely affect world agricultural and marine production, coastal habitability, biological diversity, human health, global social and political stability, and global economic activity.
 - (3) Developments in interdisciplinary Earth sciences, global observing systems, and satellite and computing technologies make possible significant scientific understanding of global changes and their effects, and have resulted in the significant expansion of environmental data and information.
 - (4) Development of effective policies to prevent, mitigate, and adapt to global change will rely on improvement in scientific understanding of global environmental processes and on development of informa-

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1	tion that is of use to decisionmakers at the local, re-
2	gional, and national levels.
3	(5) Although the United States Global Change
4	Research Program has made significant contribu-
5	tions to understanding Earth's climate and the an-
6	thropogenic influences on Earth's climate and its
7	ecosystems, the Program now needs to produce more
8	information to meet the expressed needs of decision-
9	makers.
10	(6) Predictions of future climate conditions for
11	specific regions have considerable uncertainty and
12	are unlikely to be confirmed in a time period nec-
13	essary to inform decisions on land, water, and re-
14	source management. However, improved under-
15	standing of global change should be used to assist
16	decisionmakers in the development of policies to en-
17	sure that ecological, social, and economic systems
18	are resilient under a variety of plausible climate fu-
19	tures.
20	(7) In order to most effectively meet the needs
21	of decisionmakers, both the research agenda of the
22	United States Global Change Research Program and
23	its implementation must be informed by continuous
24	feedback from documented users of information gen-

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erated by the Program.

1	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this part is to provide
2	for the continuation and coordination of a comprehensive
3	and integrated United States observation, research, and
4	outreach program which will assist the Nation and the
5	world to understand, assess, predict, and respond to the
6	effects of human-induced and natural processes of global
7	change.
8	SEC. 4612. DEFINITIONS.
9	For purposes of this part—
10	(1) the term "global change" means human-in-
11	duced or natural changes in the global environment
12	(including alterations in climate, land productivity,
13	oceans or other water resources, atmospheric chem-
14	istry, biodiversity, and ecological systems) that may
15	alter the capacity of the Earth to sustain life;
16	(2) the term "global change research" means
17	study, monitoring, assessment, prediction, and infor-
18	mation management activities to describe and under-
19	stand—
20	(A) the interactive physical, chemical, and
21	biological processes that regulate the total
22	Earth system;
23	(B) the unique environment that the Earth
24	provides for life;

1	(C) changes that are occurring in the
2	Earth system; and
3	(D) the manner in which such system, en-
4	vironment, and changes are influenced by
5	human actions;
6	(3) the term "interagency committee" means
7	the interagency committee established under section
8	4613;
9	(4) the term "Plan" means the National Global
10	Change Research and Assessment Plan developed
11	under section 4615;
12	(5) the term "Program" means the United
13	States Global Change Research Program established
14	under section 4614; and
15	(6) the term "regional climate change" means
16	the natural or human-induced changes manifested in
17	the local or regional environment (including alter-
18	ations in weather patterns, land productivity, water
19	resources, sea level rise, atmospheric chemistry, bio-
20	diversity, and ecological systems) that may alter the
21	capacity of a specific region to support current or
22	future social and economic activity or natural eco-
23	systems.

1	SEC. 4613. INTERAGENCY COOPERATION AND COORDINA-
2	TION.
3	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
4	or designate an interagency committee to ensure coopera-
5	tion and coordination of all Federal research activities per-
6	taining to processes of global change for the purpose of
7	increasing the overall effectiveness and productivity of
8	Federal global change research efforts. The interagency
9	committee shall include representatives of both agencies
10	conducting global change research and agencies with au-
11	thority over resources likely to be affected by global
12	change.
13	(b) Functions of the Interagency Com-
14	MITTEE.—The interagency committee shall—
15	(1) serve as the forum for developing the Plan
16	and for overseeing its implementation;
17	(2) serve as the forum for developing the vul-
18	nerability assessment under section 4617;
19	(3) ensure cooperation among Federal agencies
20	with respect to global change research activities;
21	(4) work with academic, State, industry, and
22	other groups conducting global change research, to
23	provide for periodic public and peer review of the
24	Program;
25	(5) cooperate with the Secretary of State in—

1	(A) providing representation at inter-
2	national meetings and conferences on global
3	change research in which the United States
4	participates; and
5	(B) coordinating the Federal activities of
6	the United States with programs of other na-
7	tions and with international global change re-
8	search activities;
9	(6) work with appropriate Federal, State, re-
10	gional, and local authorities to ensure that the Pro-
11	gram is designed to produce information needed to
12	develop policies to reduce the vulnerability of the
13	United States and other regions to global change;
14	(7) facilitate ongoing dialog and information ex-
15	change with regional, State, and local governments
16	and other user communities; and
17	(8) identify additional decisionmaking groups
18	that may use information generated through the
19	Program.
20	SEC. 4614. UNITED STATES GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH
21	PROGRAM.
22	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
23	an interagency United States Global Change Research
24	Program to improve understanding of global change, to
25	respond to the information needs of communities and deci-

1	sionmakers, and to provide periodic assessments of the
2	vulnerability of the United States and other regions to
3	global and regional climate change. The Program shall be
4	implemented in accordance with the Plan.
5	(b) LEAD AGENCY.—The lead agency for the United
6	States Global Change Research Program shall be the Of-
7	fice of Science and Technology Policy.
8	(c) Interagency Program Activities.—The Di-
9	rector of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in
10	consultation with the interagency committee, shall identify
11	activities included in the Plan that involve participation
12	by 2 or more agencies in the Program, and that do not
13	fall within the current fiscal year budget allocations of
14	those participating agencies, to fulfill the requirements of
15	this subtitle. The Director of the Office of Science and
16	Technology Policy shall allocate funds to the agencies to
17	conduct the identified interagency activities. Such activi-
18	ties may include—
19	(1) development of scenarios for climate, land-
20	cover change, population growth, and socioeconomic
21	development;
22	(2) calibration and testing of alternative re-
23	gional and global climate models;
24	(3) identification of economic sectors and re-
25	gional climatic zones; and

1	(4) convening regional workshops to facilitate
2	information exchange and involvement of regional,
3	State, and local decisionmakers, non-Federal ex-
4	perts, and other stakeholder groups in the activities
5	of the Program.
6	(d) Workshops.—The Director shall ensure that at
7	least one workshop is held per year in each region identi-
8	fied by the Plan under section 4615(b)(11) to facilitate
9	information exchange and outreach to regional, State, and
10	local stakeholders as required by this subtitle.
11	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
12	are authorized to be appropriated to the Office of Science
13	and Technology Policy for carrying out this section
14	\$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008 through
15	2013.
16	SEC. 4615. NATIONAL GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH AND AS-
17	SESSMENT PLAN.
18	(a) In General.—The President shall develop a Na-
19	tional Global Change Research and Assessment Plan for
20	implementation of the Program. The Plan shall contain
21	recommendations for global change research and assess-
22	ment. The President shall submit an outline for the devel-
23	opment of the Plan to the Congress within 1 year after
24	the date of enactment of this Act, and shall submit a com-
25	pleted Plan to the Congress within 3 years after the date

1	of enactment of this Act. Revised Plans shall be submitted
2	to the Congress at least once every 5 years thereafter. In
3	the development of each Plan, the President shall conduct
4	a formal assessment process under this section to deter-
5	mine the needs of appropriate Federal, State, regional,
6	and local authorities and other interested parties regard-
7	ing the types of information needed by them in developing
8	policies to reduce society's vulnerability to global change
9	and shall utilize these assessments, including the reviews
10	by the National Academy of Sciences and the National
11	Governors Association under subsections (e) and (f), in
12	developing the Plan.
13	(b) Contents of the Plan.—The Plan shall—
14	(1) establish, for the 10-year period beginning
15	in the year the Plan is submitted, the goals and pri-
16	orities for Federal global change research which
17	most effectively advance scientific understanding of
18	global change and provide information of use to
19	Federal, State, regional, and local authorities in the
20	development of policies relating to global change;
21	(2) describe specific activities, including efforts
22	to determine user information needs, research activi-
23	ties, data collection, database development, and data
24	analysis requirements, development of regional sce-
25	narios, assessment of model predictability, assess-

1	ment of climate change impacts, participation in
2	international research efforts, and information man-
3	agement, required to achieve such goals and prior-
4	ities;
5	(3) identify relevant programs and activities of
6	the Federal agencies that contribute to the Program
7	directly and indirectly;
8	(4) set forth the role of each Federal agency in
9	implementing the Plan;
10	(5) consider and utilize, as appropriate, reports
11	and studies conducted by Federal agencies, the Na-
12	tional Research Council, or other entities;
13	(6) make recommendations for the coordination
14	of the global change research and assessment activi-
15	ties of the United States with such activities of other
16	nations and international organizations, including—
17	(A) a description of the extent and nature
18	of international cooperative activities;
19	(B) bilateral and multilateral efforts to
20	provide worldwide access to scientific data and
21	information; and
22	(C) improving participation by developing
23	nations in international global change research
24	and environmental data collection;

1	(7) detail budget requirements for Federal glob-
2	al change research and assessment activities to be
3	conducted under the Plan;
4	(8) catalog the type of information identified by
5	appropriate Federal, State, regional, and local deci-
6	sionmakers needed to develop policies to reduce soci-
7	ety's vulnerability to global change and indicate how
8	the planned research will meet these decisionmakers'
9	information needs;
10	(9) identify the observing systems currently em-
11	ployed in collecting data relevant to global and re-
12	gional climate change research and prioritize addi-
13	tional observation systems that may be needed to en-
14	sure adequate data collection and monitoring of
15	global change;
16	(10) describe specific activities designed to fa-
17	cilitate outreach and data and information exchange
18	with regional, State, and local governments and
19	other user communities; and
20	(11) identify and describe regions of the United
21	States that are likely to experience similar impacts
22	of global change or are likely to share similar
23	vulnerabilities to global change.
24	(c) Research Elements.—The Plan shall include
25	at a minimum the following research elements:

1	(1) Global measurements, establishing world-
2	wide to regional scale observations prioritized to un-
3	derstand global change and to meet the information
4	needs of decisionmakers on all relevant spatial and
5	time scales.
6	(2) Information on economic, demographic, and
7	technological trends that contribute to changes in
8	the Earth system and that influence society's vulner-
9	ability to global and regional climate change.
10	(3) Development of indicators and baseline
11	databases to document global change, including
12	changes in species distribution and behavior, extent
13	of glaciations, and changes in sea level.
14	(4) Studies of historical changes in the Earth
15	system, using evidence from the geological and fossil
16	record.
17	(5) Assessments of predictability using quan-
18	titative models of the Earth system to simulate glob-
19	al and regional environmental processes and trends
20	(6) Focused research initiatives to understand
21	the nature of and interaction among physical, chem-
22	ical, biological, land use, and social processes related
23	to global and regional climate change.

1	(7) Focused research initiatives to determine
2	and then meet the information needs of appropriate
3	Federal, State, and regional decisionmakers.
4	(d) Information Management.—The Plan shall
5	incorporate, to the extent practicable, the recommenda-
6	tions relating to data acquisition, management, integra-
7	tion, and archiving made by the interagency climate and
8	other global change data management working group es-
9	tablished under section 4633.
10	(e) National Academy of Sciences Evalua-
11	TION.—The President shall enter into an agreement with
12	the National Academy of Sciences under which the Acad-
13	emy shall—
14	(1) evaluate the scientific content of the Plan;
15	and
16	(2) recommend priorities for future global and
17	regional climate change research and assessment.
18	(f) National Governors Association Evalua-
19	TION.—The President shall enter into an agreement with
20	the National Governors Association Center for Best Prac-
21	tices under which that Center shall—
22	(1) evaluate the utility to State, local, and re-
23	gional decisionmakers of each Plan and of the antici-
24	pated and actual information outputs of the Pro-

1	gram for development of State, local, and regional
2	policies to reduce vulnerability to global change; and
3	(2) recommend priorities for future global and
4	regional climate change research and assessment.
5	(g) Public Participation.—In developing the
6	Plan, the President shall consult with representatives of
7	academic, State, industry, and environmental groups. Not
8	later than 90 days before the President submits the Plan,
9	or any revision thereof, to the Congress, a summary of
10	the proposed Plan shall be published in the Federal Reg-
11	ister for a public comment period of not less than 60 days.
12	SEC. 4616. BUDGET COORDINATION.
13	(a) In General.—The President shall provide gen-
13 14	(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall provide general guidance to each Federal agency participating in the
14	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the
14 15	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the Program with respect to the preparation of requests for
14151617	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the Program with respect to the preparation of requests for appropriations for activities related to the Program.
14151617	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the Program with respect to the preparation of requests for appropriations for activities related to the Program. (b) Consideration in President's Budget.—The
14 15 16 17 18	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the Program with respect to the preparation of requests for appropriations for activities related to the Program. (b) Consideration in President's Budget.—The President shall submit, at the time of his annual budget
141516171819	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the Program with respect to the preparation of requests for appropriations for activities related to the Program. (b) Consideration in President's Budget.—The President shall submit, at the time of his annual budget request to Congress, a description of those items in each
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the Program with respect to the preparation of requests for appropriations for activities related to the Program. (b) Consideration in President's Budget.—The President shall submit, at the time of his annual budget request to Congress, a description of those items in each agency's annual budget which are elements of the Pro-
1415161718192021	eral guidance to each Federal agency participating in the Program with respect to the preparation of requests for appropriations for activities related to the Program. (b) Consideration in President's Budget.—The President shall submit, at the time of his annual budget request to Congress, a description of those items in each agency's annual budget which are elements of the Program.

1	thereafter, the President shall submit to the Congress an
2	assessment which—
3	(1) integrates, evaluates, and interprets the
4	findings of the Program and discusses the scientific
5	uncertainties associated with such findings;
6	(2) analyzes current trends in global change,
7	both human-induced and natural, and projects major
8	trends for the subsequent 25 to 100 years;
9	(3) based on indicators and baselines developed
10	under section 4615(c)(3), as well as other measure-
11	ments, analyzes changes to the natural environment,
12	land and water resources, and biological diversity
13	in—
14	(A) major geographic regions of the United
15	States; and
16	(B) other continents;
17	(4) analyzes the effects of global change, includ-
18	ing the changes described in paragraph (3), on food
19	and fiber production, energy production and use,
20	transportation, human health and welfare, water
21	availability and coastal infrastructure, and human
22	social and economic systems, including providing in-
23	formation about the differential impacts on specific
24	geographic regions within the United States, on peo-
25	ple of different income levels within those regions.

1	and for rural and urban areas within those regions;
2	and
3	(5) summarizes the vulnerability of different ge-
4	ographic regions of the world to global change and
5	analyzes the implications of global change for the
6	United States, including international assistance,
7	population displacement, food and resource avail-
8	ability, and national security.
9	(b) Use of Related Reports.—To the extent ap-
10	propriate, the assessment produced pursuant to this sec-
11	tion may coordinate with, consider, incorporate, or other-
12	wise make use of related reports, assessments, or informa-
13	tion produced by the United States Global Change Re-
14	search Program, regional, State, and local entities, and
15	international organizations, including the World Meteoro-
16	logical Organization and the Intergovernmental Panel on
17	Climate Change.
18	SEC. 4618. POLICY ASSESSMENT.
19	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
20	of this Act, and at least once every 4 years thereafter,
21	the President shall enter into a joint agreement with the
22	National Academy of Public Administration and the Na-
23	tional Academy of Sciences under which the Academies
24	shall—

1	(1) document current policy options being im-
2	plemented by Federal, State, and local governments
3	to mitigate or adapt to the effects of global and re-
4	gional climate change;
5	(2) evaluate the realized and anticipated effec-
6	tiveness of those current policy options in meeting
7	mitigation and adaptation goals;
8	(3) identify and evaluate a range of additional
9	policy options and infrastructure for mitigating or
10	adapting to the effects of global and regional climate
11	change;
12	(4) analyze the adoption rates of policies and
13	technologies available to reduce the vulnerability of
14	society to global change with an evaluation of the
15	market and policy obstacles to their adoption in the
16	United States; and
17	(5) evaluate the distribution of economic costs
18	and benefits of these policy options across different
19	United States economic sectors.
20	SEC. 4619. ANNUAL REPORT.
21	Each year at the time of submission to the Congress
22	of the President's budget request, the President shall sub-
23	mit to the Congress a report on the activities conducted
24	pursuant to this part, including—

1	(1) a description of the activities of the Pro-
2	gram during the past fiscal year;
3	(2) a description of the activities planned in the
4	next fiscal year toward achieving the goals of the
5	Plan; and
6	(3) a description of the groups or categories of
7	State, local, and regional decisionmakers identified
8	as potential users of the information generated
9	through the Program and a description of the activi-
10	ties used to facilitate consultations with and out-
11	reach to these groups, coordinated through the work
12	of the interagency committee.
13	SEC. 4620. RELATION TO OTHER AUTHORITIES.
14	The President shall—
15	(1) ensure that relevant research, assessment,
	(1) ensure that relevant research, assessment, and outreach activities of the National Climate Pro-
15	
15 16	and outreach activities of the National Climate Pro-
15 16 17	and outreach activities of the National Climate Program, established by the National Climate Program
15 16 17 18	and outreach activities of the National Climate Program, established by the National Climate Program Act (15 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.), are considered in de-
15 16 17 18	and outreach activities of the National Climate Program, established by the National Climate Program Act (15 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.), are considered in developing national global and regional climate change
15 16 17 18 19	and outreach activities of the National Climate Program, established by the National Climate Program Act (15 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.), are considered in developing national global and regional climate change research and assessment efforts; and
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and outreach activities of the National Climate Program, established by the National Climate Program Act (15 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.), are considered in developing national global and regional climate change research and assessment efforts; and (2) facilitate ongoing dialog and information ex-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and outreach activities of the National Climate Program, established by the National Climate Program Act (15 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.), are considered in developing national global and regional climate change research and assessment efforts; and (2) facilitate ongoing dialog and information exchange with regional, State, and local governments

1	SEC. 4621. REPEAL.
2	The Global Change Research Act of 1990 (15 U.S.C.
3	2921 et seq.) is repealed.
4	SEC. 4622. GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH INFORMATION.
5	The President shall establish or designate a Global
6	Change Research Information Exchange to make scientific
7	research and other information produced through or uti-
8	lized by the Program which would be useful in preventing,
9	mitigating, or adapting to the effects of global change ac-
10	cessible through electronic means.
11	SEC. 4623. ICE SHEET STUDY AND REPORT.
12	(a) Study.—
13	(1) Requirement.—The Director of the Na-
14	tional Science Foundation and the Administrator of
15	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
16	shall enter into an arrangement with the National
17	Academy of Sciences to complete a study of the cur-
18	rent status of ice sheet melt, as caused by climate
19	change, with implications for global sea level rise.
20	(2) Contents.—The study shall take into con-
21	sideration—
22	(A) the past research completed related to
23	ice sheet melt as reviewed by Working Group I
24	of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate

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Change;

1	(B) additional research completed since the
2	fall of 2005 that was not included in the Work-
3	ing Group I report due to time constraints; and
4	(C) the need for an accurate assessment of
5	changes in ice sheet spreading, changes in ice
6	sheet flow, self-lubrication, the corresponding
7	effect on ice sheets, and current modeling capa-
8	bilities.
9	(3) Report.—Not later than 18 months after
10	the date of enactment of this Act, the National
11	Academy of Sciences shall transmit to the Com-
12	mittee on Science and Technology of the House of
13	Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
14	Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
15	on the key findings of the study conducted under
16	subsection (a), along with recommendations for addi-
17	tional research related to ice sheet melt and cor-
18	responding sea level rise.
19	SEC. 4624. HURRICANE FREQUENCY AND INTENSITY STUDY
20	AND REPORT.
21	(a) Study.—
22	(1) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator of the
23	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
24	and the Director of the National Science Foundation
25	shall enter into an arrangement with the National

1	Academy of Sciences to complete a study of the cur-
2	rent state of the science on the potential impacts of
3	climate change on patterns of hurricane and typhoon
4	development, including storm intensity, track, and
5	frequency, and the implications for hurricane-prone
6	and typhoon-prone coastal regions.
7	(2) Contents.—The study shall take into con-
8	sideration—
9	(A) the past research completed related to
10	hurricane and typhoon development, track, and
11	intensity as reviewed by Working Groups I and
12	II of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate
13	Change;
14	(B) additional research completed since the
15	fall of 2005 that was not included in the Work-
16	ing Group I and II reports due to time con-
17	straints;
18	(C) the need for accurate assessment of
19	potential changes in hurricane and typhoon in-
20	tensity, track, and frequency and of the current
21	modeling and forecasting capabilities and the
22	need for improvements in forecasting of these
23	parameters; and
24	(D) the need for additional research and
25	monitoring to improve forecasting of hurricanes

1	and typhoons and to understand the relation-
2	ship between climate change and hurricane and
3	typhoon development.
4	(3) Report.—Not later than 18 months after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the National
6	Academy of Sciences shall transmit to the Com-
7	mittee on Science and Technology of the House of
8	Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
9	Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
10	on the key findings of the study conducted under
11	subsection (a).
12	PART 2—CLIMATE AND OTHER GLOBAL CHANGE
13	DATA MANAGEMENT
	DATA MANAGEMENT SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
13 14 15	
14	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
14 15	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
14 15 16	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:
14 15 16 17	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) Federal agencies have a primary mission to
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) Federal agencies have a primary mission to manage and archive climate and other global change
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) Federal agencies have a primary mission to manage and archive climate and other global change data obtained through their research, development,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) Federal agencies have a primary mission to manage and archive climate and other global change data obtained through their research, development, or operational activities.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 4631. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) Federal agencies have a primary mission to manage and archive climate and other global change data obtained through their research, development, or operational activities. (2) Maintenance of climate and global change

1	(3) Federal capabilities for the management
2	and archiving of these data have not kept pace with
3	advances in satellite and other observational tech-
4	nologies that have vastly expanded the type and
5	amount of information that can be collected.
6	(4) Proposals and plans for expansion of global
7	observing networks should include plans for the
8	management of data to be collected and budgets re-
9	flecting the cost of support for management and
10	archiving of data.
11	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this part are to es-
12	tablish climate and other global change data management
13	and archiving as Federal agency missions, and to establish
14	Federal policies for managing and archiving climate and
15	other global change data.
16	SEC. 4632. DEFINITIONS.
17	For purposes of this part—
18	(1) the term "metadata" means information de-
19	scribing the content, quality, condition, and other
20	characteristics of climate and other global change
21	data, compiled, to the maximum extent possible, con-
22	sistent with the requirements of the "Content Stand-
23	ard for Digital Geospatial Metadata" (FGDC–STD–
24	001–1998) issued by the Federal Geographic Data

1	Committee, or any successor standard approved by
2	the working group; and
3	(2) the term "working group" means the inter-
4	agency climate and other global change data man-
5	agement working group established under section
6	4633.
7	SEC. 4633. INTERAGENCY CLIMATE AND OTHER GLOBAL
8	CHANGE DATA MANAGEMENT WORKING
9	GROUP.
10	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
11	or designate an interagency climate and other global
12	change data management working group to make rec-
13	ommendations for coordinating Federal climate and other
14	global change data management and archiving activities.
15	(b) Membership.—The working group shall include
16	the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space
17	Administration, the Administrator of the National Oceanic
18	and Atmospheric Administration, the Secretary of Energy,
19	the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the National
20	Science Foundation, the Director of the United States Ge-
21	ological Survey, the Archivist of the United States, the
22	Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency,
23	the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, or their des-
24	ignees, and representatives of any other Federal agencies
25	the President considers appropriate.

1	(c) REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, the working group shall transmit
3	a report to the Congress containing the elements described
4	in subsection (d). Not later than 4 years after the initial
5	report under this subsection, and at least once every 4
6	years thereafter, the working group shall transmit reports
7	updating the previous report. In preparing reports under
8	this subsection, the working group shall consult with ex-
9	pected users of the data collected and archived by the Pro-
10	gram.
11	(d) Contents.—The reports and updates required
12	under subsection (c) shall—
13	(1) include recommendations for the establish-
14	ment, maintenance, and accessibility of a catalog
15	identifying all available climate and other global
16	change data sets;
17	(2) identify climate and other global change
18	data collections in danger of being lost and rec-
19	ommend actions to prevent such loss;
20	(3) identify gaps in climate and other global
21	change data and recommend actions to fill those
22	gaps;
23	(4) identify effective and compatible procedures
24	for climate and other global change data collection,
25	management, and retention and make recommenda-

1	tions for ensuring their use by Federal agencies and
2	other appropriate entities;
3	(5) develop and propose a coordinated strategy
4	for funding and allocating responsibilities among
5	Federal agencies for climate and other global change
6	data collection, management, and retention;
7	(6) make recommendations for ensuring that
8	particular attention is paid to the collection, man-
9	agement, and archiving of metadata;
10	(7) make recommendations for ensuring a uni-
11	fied and coordinated Federal capital investment
12	strategy with respect to climate and other global
13	change data collection, management, and archiving;
14	(8) evaluate the data record from each observ-
15	ing system and make recommendations to ensure
16	that delivered data are free from time-dependent bi-
17	ases and random errors before they are transferred
18	to long-term archives; and
19	(9) evaluate optimal design of observation sys-
20	tem components to ensure a cost-effective, adequate
21	set of observations detecting and tracking global
22	change.

TITLE V—AGRICULTURE 1 **ENERGY** 2 SEC. 5001. TABLE OF CONTENTS. 4 Title IX of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8101 et seq.) is amended by insert-5 ing before section 9001 the following new section: 6 7 "SEC. 9000. TABLE OF CONTENTS. 8 "The table of contents of this title is as follows: "TITLE IX—ENERGY "Sec. 9000. Table of contents. "Sec. 9001. Definitions. "Sec. 9002. Federal procurement of biobased products. "Sec. 9003. Biorefinery development grants; loan guarantees for biorefineries and biofuel production plants. "Sec. 9004. Biodiesel fuel education program. "Sec. 9005. Energy audit and renewable energy development program. "Sec. 9006. Rural energy for America program. "Sec. 9007. Hydrogen and fuel cell technologies. "Sec. 9008. Biomass Research and Development Act of 2000. "Sec. 9009. Cooperative research and extension projects. "Sec. 9010. Continuation of bioenergy program. "Sec. 9011. Research, extension, and educational programs on biobased energy technologies and products. "Sec. 9012. Energy Council of the Department of Agriculture. "Sec. 9013. Forest bioenergy research program.". SEC. 5002. FEDERAL PROCUREMENT OF BIOBASED PROD-10 UCTS. 11 Section 9002 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8102) is amended— 13 (1) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting ", com-14 posed of at least five percent of intermediate ingredi-

ents and feedstocks (such as biopolymers, methyl

soyate, and soy polyols) as designated by the Sec-

15

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1	retary," after "highest percentage of biobased prod-
2	ucts practicable";
3	(2) by striking subsection (h)(2) and inserting
4	the following:
5	"(2) Eligibility criteria.—
6	"(A) In General.—Not later than 90
7	days after the date of the enactment of the New
8	Direction for Energy Independence, National
9	Security, and Consumer Protection Act, the
10	Secretary, in consultation with other Federal
11	departments and agencies and with non-govern-
12	mental groups with an interest in biobased
13	products, including small and large producers
14	of biobased materials and products, industry,
15	trade organizations, academia, consumer orga-
16	nizations, and environmental organizations,
17	shall issue criteria for determining which prod-
18	ucts may qualify to receive the label under
19	paragraph (1). The criteria shall encourage the
20	purchase of products with the maximum
21	biobased content, and should, to the maximum
22	extent possible, be consistent with the guide-
23	lines issued under subsection (e).
24	"(B) Intermediate ingredients.—The
25	criteria issued under subparagraph (A) shall

1	provide that the Secretary may designate inter-
2	mediate ingredients and feedstocks (such as
3	biopolymers, methyl soyate, and soy polyols) as
4	biobased for the purposes of the voluntary pro-
5	gram established under this subsection."; and
6	(3) by striking subsection (k)(2)(A) and insert-
7	ing the following:
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds of the
9	Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary
10	shall use \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years
11	2008 through 2012 for bio-product testing and
12	support ongoing operations of the Designation
13	Program, the Voluntary Labeling Program,
14	procurement program models, procurement re-
15	search, promotion, education, and awareness of
16	the BioPreferred Program.".
17	SEC. 5003. LOAN GUARANTEES FOR BIOREFINERIES AND
18	BIOFUEL PRODUCTION PLANTS.
19	Section 9003 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest-
20	ment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8103) is amended—
21	(1) in the section heading, by inserting ";
22	LOAN GUARANTEES FOR BIOREFINERIES AND
23	BIOFUEL PRODUCTION PLANTS" after
24	"GRANTS";

1	(2) in subsection (b)(2)(A), by striking "and"
2	the 1st place it appears and inserting "or";
3	(3) in subsection (c), by redesignating sub-
4	section (h) as subsection (j) and subsections (d)
5	through (g) as subsections (e) through (h), respec-
6	tively, and inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(d) Loan Guarantees.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make
10	loan guarantees to eligible entities to assist in pay-
11	ing the cost of development and construction of bio-
12	refineries and biofuel production plants (including
13	retrofitting) to carry out projects to demonstrate the
14	commercial viability of 1 or more processes for con-
15	verting biomass to fuels or chemicals.
16	"(2) Limitations.—
17	"(A) MAXIMUM PERCENTAGE OF LOAN
18	GUARANTEED.—A loan guarantee under para-
19	graph (1) shall be for not more than 90 percent
20	of the principal and interest due on the loan.
21	"(B) Total amounts guaranteed.—
22	The total amount of principal and interest
23	guaranteed under paragraph (1) shall not ex-
24	ceed —

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1	"(i) \$600,000,000, in the case of
2	loans valued at not more than
3	\$100,000,000; or
4	"(ii) \$1,000,000,000, in the case of
5	loans valued at more than \$100,000,000
6	but not more than \$250,000,000.
7	"(C) MAXIMUM TERM OF LOAN GUARAN-
8	TEED.—The Secretary shall determine the max-
9	imum term of a loan guarantee provided under
10	paragraph (1).";
11	(4) in subsection (f) (as so redesignated)—
12	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "and
13	loan guarantees under subsection (d)" after
14	"(c)";
15	(B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting "or
16	loan guarantees under subsection (d)" after
17	"(c)";
18	(C) in paragraph (2)(B)—
19	(i) by striking "and" at the end of
20	clause (viii);
21	(ii) by striking the period at the end
22	of clause (ix) and inserting "; and; and
23	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
24	lowing:

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1	"(x) The level of local ownership.";
2	and
3	(D) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(3) Priority in awarding loan guaran-
5	TEES.—In selecting projects to receive loan guaran-
6	tees under subsection (d), the Secretary shall give
7	priority to projects based on the criteria set forth in
8	paragraph (2)(B) of this subsection.";
9	(5) by inserting after subsection (h) the fol-
10	lowing new subsection:
11	"(i) Condition of Provision of Assistance.—As
12	a condition of receiving a grant or loan guarantee under
13	this section, the eligible entity shall ensure that all labor-
14	ers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontrac-
15	tors in the performance of construction work financed in
16	whole or in part with the grant or loan guarantee, as the
17	case may be, shall be paid wages at rates not less than
18	those prevailing on similar construction in the locality, as
19	determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with
20	section 3141 through 3144, 3146, and 3147 of title 40,
21	United States Code. The Secretary of Labor shall have,
22	with respect to such labor standards, the authority and
23	functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14
24	of 1950 (15 F. R. 3176; 64 Stat. 1267) and section 3145
25	of such title.";

1	(6) in subsection (j) (as so redesignated), by
2	striking "2007" and inserting "2012"; and
3	(7) by adding at the end the following new sub-
4	section:
5	"(k) Additional Funding for Loan Guaran-
6	TEES.—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corpora-
7	tion, the Secretary shall use to carry out this section—
8	"(1) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
9	"(2) \$65,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
10	"(3) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
11	" (4) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2011; and
12	"(5) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2012.".
13	SEC. 5004. BIODIESEL FUEL EDUCATION PROGRAM.
14	Section 9004(d) of the Farm Security and Rural In-
15	vestment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8104(d)) is amended to
16	read as follows:
17	"(d) Funding.—Of the funds of the Commodity
18	Credit Corporation, the Secretary of Agriculture shall
19	make available to carry out this section \$2,000,000 for
20	each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.".
21	SEC. 5005. ENERGY AUDIT AND RENEWABLE ENERGY DE-
22	VELOPMENT PROGRAM.
23	Section 9005(i) of the Farm Security and Rural In-
24	vestment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8105) is amended by
25	striking "2007" and inserting "2012".

1	SEC. 5006. RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS AND ENERGY EF-
2	FICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS.
3	Section 9006 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest-
4	ment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8106) is amended—
5	(1) by striking the section heading and insert-
6	ing the following:
7	"SEC. 9006. RURAL ENERGY FOR AMERICA PROGRAM.";
8	(2) in subsection (a)—
9	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
10	by inserting ", other agricultural producer"
11	after "rancher";
12	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at
13	the end;
14	(C) in paragraph (2), by striking the pe-
15	riod and inserting "; and"; and
16	(D) by adding at the end the following new
17	paragraph:
18	"(3) produce and sell electricity generated by
19	new renewable energy systems.";
20	(3) in subsection (b), by inserting ", other agri-
21	cultural producer" after "rancher";
22	(4) in subsection (e)—
23	(A) in paragraph (1)—
24	(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking
25	"50 percent" and inserting "75 percent";
26	and

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1	(ii) by redesignating subparagraph
2	(B) as subparagraph (C) and inserting
3	after subparagraph (A) the following:
4	"(B) Loan guarantees.—
5	"(i) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The
6	amount of a loan guaranteed under this
7	section shall not exceed \$25,000,000.
8	"(ii) Maximum percentage.—A loan
9	guaranteed under this section shall not ex-
10	ceed 75 percent of the cost of the activity
11	funded under subsection (a)."; and
12	(B) by adding at the end the following new
13	paragraph:
14	"(3) Prioritization.—The Secretary shall
15	give the greatest priority for grants under subsection
16	(a) to activities for which the least percentage of the
17	total cost of such activities is requested by the farm-
18	er, rancher, other agricultural producer, or rural
19	small business.".
20	(5) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-
21	section (g) and striking subsection (f);
22	(6) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
23	lowing new subsections:
24	"(e) Feasibility Studies.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may provide
2	assistance to a farmer, rancher, other agricultural
3	producer, or rural small business to conduct a feasi-
4	bility study of a project for which assistance may be
5	provided under this section.
6	"(2) Limitation.—The Secretary shall use not
7	more than 10 percent of the funds made available to
8	carry out this section to provide assistance described
9	in paragraph (1).
10	"(3) Criteria.—The Secretary shall issue reg-
11	ulations establishing criteria for the receipt of assist-
12	ance under this subsection.
13	"(4) Avoidance of duplicative assist-
14	ANCE.—An farmer, rancher, other agricultural pro-
15	ducer, or rural small business that receives assist-
16	ance to carry out a feasibility study for a project
17	under this subsection shall not be eligible for assist-
18	ance to carry out a feasibility study for the project
19	under any other provision of law.
20	"(f) SMALL ACTIVITIES.—
21	"(1) Limitation on use of funds.—The Sec-
22	retary shall use not less than 15 percent of the
23	funds made available under subsection (h) to provide
24	grants for activities that have a cost of \$50,000 or
25	less.

1	"(2) Exception.—Beginning on the first day
2	of the third quarter of a fiscal year, the limitation
3	on the use of funds under paragraph (1) shall not
4	apply to funds made available under subsection (h)
5	for such fiscal year."; and
6	(7) by adding at the end the following new sub-
7	section:
8	"(h) Funding.—Of the funds of the Commodity
9	Credit Corporation, the Secretary of Agriculture shall
10	make available to carry out this section—
11	"(1) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
12	"(2) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
13	"(3) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
14	" (4) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2011; and
15	(5) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2012.".
16	SEC. 5007. BIOMASS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACT
17	OF 2000.
18	(a) RESTATEMENT OF ACT.—Section 9008 of the
19	Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (116
20	Stat. 486) is amended to read as follows:
21	"SEC. 9008. BIOMASS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACT
22	OF 2000.
23	"(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
24	'Biomass Research and Development Act of 2000'.
25	"(b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

1	"(1) conversion of biomass into biobased indus-
2	trial products offers outstanding potential for benefit
3	to the national interest through—
4	"(A) improved strategic security and bal-
5	ance of payments;
6	"(B) healthier rural economies;
7	"(C) improved environmental quality;
8	"(D) near-zero net greenhouse gas emis-
9	sions;
10	"(E) technology export; and
11	"(F) sustainable resource supply;
12	"(2) the key technical challenges to be overcome
13	in order for biobased industrial products to be cost-
14	competitive are finding new technology and reducing
15	the cost of technology for converting biomass into
16	desired biobased industrial products;
17	"(3) biobased fuels have the clear potential to
18	be sustainable, low cost, and high performance fuels
19	that are compatible with both current and future
20	transportation systems and provide near-zero net
21	greenhouse gas emissions;
22	"(4) biobased chemicals have the clear potential
23	for environmentally benign product life cycles;
24	"(5) biobased power can—
25	"(A) provide environmental benefits;

1	"(B) promote rural economic development;
2	and
3	"(C) diversify energy resource options;
4	"(6) many biomass feedstocks suitable for in-
5	dustrial processing show the clear potential for sus-
6	tainable production, in some cases resulting in im-
7	proved soil fertility and carbon sequestration;
8	"(7)(A) grain processing mills are biorefineries
9	that produce a diversity of useful food, chemical,
10	feed, and fuel products; and
11	"(B) technologies that result in further diver-
12	sification of the range of value-added biobased in-
13	dustrial products can meet a key need for the grain
14	processing industry;
15	"(8)(A) cellulosic feedstocks are attractive be-
16	cause of their low cost and widespread availability;
17	and
18	"(B) research resulting in cost-effective tech-
19	nology to overcome the recalcitrance of cellulosic bio-
20	mass would allow biorefineries to produce fuels and
21	bulk chemicals on a very large scale, with a commen-
22	surately large realization of the benefit described in
23	paragraph (1);
24	"(9) research into the fundamentals to under-
25	stand important mechanisms of biomass conversion

1	can be expected to accelerate the application and ad-
2	vancement of biomass processing technology by—
3	"(A) increasing the confidence and speed
4	with which new technologies can be scaled up;
5	and
6	"(B) giving rise to processing innovations
7	based on new knowledge;
8	"(10) the added utility of biobased industrial
9	products developed through improvements in proc-
10	essing technology would encourage the design of
11	feedstocks that would meet future needs more effec-
12	tively;
13	"(11) the creation of value-added biobased in-
14	dustrial products would create new jobs in construc-
15	tion, manufacturing, and distribution, as well as new
16	higher-valued exports of products and technology;
17	"(12)(A) because of the relatively short-term
18	time horizon characteristic of private sector invest-
19	ments, and because many benefits of biomass proc-
20	essing are in the national interest, it is appropriate
21	for the Federal Government to provide
22	precommercial investment in fundamental research
23	and research-driven innovation in the biomass proc-
24	essing area; and

1	"(B) such an investment would provide a valu-
2	able complement to ongoing and past governmental
3	support in the biomass processing area; and
4	"(13) several prominent studies, including stud-
5	ies by the President's Committee of Advisors on
6	Science and Technology and the National Research
7	Council—
8	"(A) support the potential for large re-
9	search-driven advances in technologies for pro-
10	duction of biobased industrial products as well
11	as associated benefits; and
12	"(B) document the need for a focused, in-
13	tegrated, and innovation-driven research effort
14	to provide the appropriate progress in a timely
15	manner.
16	"(c) Definitions.—In this section:
17	"(1) Advisory committee.—The term 'Advi-
18	sory Committee' means the Biomass Research and
19	Development Technical Advisory Committee estab-
20	lished by this section.
21	"(2) BIOBASED FUEL.—The term 'biobased
22	fuel' means any transportation or heating fuel pro-
23	duced from biomass.
24	"(3) BIOBASED PRODUCT.—The term 'biobased
25	product' means an industrial product (including

1	chemicals, materials, and polymers) produced from
2	biomass, or a commercial or industrial product (in-
3	cluding animal feed and electric power) derived in
4	connection with the conversion of biomass to fuel.
5	"(4) Biomass.—The term 'biomass' means any
6	organic matter that is available on a renewable or
7	recurring basis, including agricultural crops and
8	trees, wood and wood wastes and residues, plants
9	(including aquatic plants), grasses, residues, fibers,
10	and animal wastes, municipal wastes, and other
11	waste materials.
12	"(5) Board.—The term 'Board' means the
13	Biomass Research and Development Board estab-
14	lished by this section.
15	"(6) Demonstration.—The term 'demonstra-
16	tion' means demonstration of technology in a pilot
17	plant or semi-works scale facility.
18	"(7) Initiative.—The term 'Initiative' means
19	the Biomass Research and Development Initiative
20	established under this section.
21	"(8) Institution of higher education.—
22	The term 'institution of higher education' has the
23	meaning given the term in section 102(a) of the
24	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002(a))

1	"(9) National Laboratory.—The term 'Na-
2	tional Laboratory' has the meaning given that term
3	in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005.
4	"(10) Point of Contact.—The term 'point of
5	contact' means a point of contact designated under
6	this section.
7	"(d) Cooperation and Coordination in Biomass
8	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—
9	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of Agri-
10	culture and the Secretary of Energy shall cooperate
11	with respect to, and coordinate, policies and proce-
12	dures that promote research and development lead-
13	ing to the production of biobased fuels and biobased
14	products.
15	"(2) Points of Contact.—
16	"(A) In General.—To coordinate re-
17	search and development programs and activities
18	relating to biobased fuels and biobased products
19	that are carried out by their respective Depart-
20	ments—
21	"(i) the Secretary of Agriculture shall
22	designate, as the point of contact for the
23	Department of Agriculture, an officer of
24	the Department of Agriculture appointed
25	by the President to a position in the De-

1	partment before the date of the designa-
2	tion, by and with the advice and consent of
3	the Senate; and
4	"(ii) the Secretary of Energy shall
5	designate, as the point of contact for the
6	Department of Energy, an officer of the
7	Department of Energy appointed by the
8	President to a position in the Department
9	before the date of the designation, by and
10	with the advice and consent of the Senate.
11	"(B) Duties.—The points of contact shall
12	jointly—
13	"(i) assist in arranging interlabora-
14	tory and site-specific supplemental agree-
15	ments for research and development
16	projects relating to biobased fuels and
17	biobased products;
18	"(ii) serve as cochairpersons of the
19	Board;
20	"(iii) administer the Initiative; and
21	"(iv) respond in writing to each rec-
22	ommendation of the Advisory Committee
23	made under subsection (f).
24	"(e) Biomass Research and Development
25	Board.—

1	"(1) Establishment.—There is established
2	the Biomass Research and Development Board,
3	which shall supersede the Interagency Council on
4	Biobased Products and Bioenergy established by Ex-
5	ecutive Order No. 13134, to coordinate programs
6	within and among departments and agencies of the
7	Federal Government for the purpose of promoting
8	the use of biobased fuels and biobased products by—
9	"(A) maximizing the benefits deriving from
10	Federal grants and assistance; and
11	"(B) bringing coherence to Federal stra-
12	tegic planning.
13	"(2) Membership.—The Board shall consist
14	of—
15	"(A) the point of contact of the Depart-
16	ment of Energy designated under subsection
17	(d), who shall serve as cochairperson of the
18	Board;
19	"(B) the point of contact of the Depart-
20	ment of Agriculture designated under sub-
21	section (d), who shall serve as cochairperson of
22	the Board;
23	"(C) a senior officer of each of the Depart-
24	ment of the Interior, the Environmental Protec-
25	tion Agency, the National Science Foundation,

1	and the Office of Science and Technology Pol-
2	icy, each of whom shall—
3	"(i) be appointed by the head of the
4	respective agency; and
5	"(ii) have a rank that is equivalent to
6	the rank of the points of contact; and
7	"(D) at the option of the Secretary of Ag-
8	riculture and the Secretary of Energy, other
9	members appointed by the Secretaries (after
10	consultation with the members described in sub-
11	paragraphs (A) through (C)).
12	"(3) Duties.—The Board shall—
13	"(A) coordinate research and development
14	activities relating to biobased fuels and biobased
15	products—
16	"(i) between the Department of Agri-
17	culture and the Department of Energy;
18	and
19	"(ii) with other departments and
20	agencies of the Federal Government;
21	"(B) provide recommendations to the
22	points of contact concerning administration of
23	this title;
24	"(C) ensure that—

1	"(i) solicitations are open and com-
2	petitive with awards made annually; and
3	"(ii) objectives and evaluation criteria
4	of the solicitations are clearly stated and
5	minimally prescriptive, with no areas of
6	special interest; and
7	"(D) ensure that the panel of scientific
8	and technical peers assembled under subsection
9	(g) to review proposals is composed predomi-
10	nantly of independent experts selected from out-
11	side the Departments of Agriculture and En-
12	ergy.
13	"(4) Funding.—Each agency represented on
14	the Board is encouraged to provide funds for any
15	purpose under this section.
16	"(5) Meetings.—The Board shall meet at
17	least quarterly to enable the Board to carry out the
18	duties of the Board under paragraph (3).
19	"(f) Biomass Research and Development Tech-
20	NICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—
21	"(1) Establishment.—There is established
22	the Biomass Research and Development Technical
23	Advisory Committee, which shall supersede the Advi-
24	sory Committee on Biobased Products and Bio-
25	energy established by Executive Order No. 13134—

1	"(A) to advise the Secretary of Energy, the
2	Secretary of Agriculture, and the points of con-
3	tact concerning—
4	"(i) the technical focus and direction
5	of requests for proposals issued under the
6	Initiative; and
7	"(ii) procedures for reviewing and
8	evaluating the proposals;
9	"(B) to facilitate consultations and part-
10	nerships among Federal and State agencies, ag-
11	ricultural producers, industry, consumers, the
12	research community, and other interested
13	groups to carry out program activities relating
14	to the Initiative; and
15	"(C) to evaluate and perform strategic
16	planning on program activities relating to the
17	Initiative.
18	"(2) Membership.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Com-
20	mittee shall consist of—
21	"(i) an individual affiliated with the
22	biofuels industry;
23	"(ii) an individual affiliated with the
24	biobased industrial and commercial prod-
25	ucts industry;

1	"(iii) an individual affiliated with an
2	institution of higher education who has ex-
3	pertise in biobased fuels and biobased
4	products;
5	"(iv) two prominent engineers or sci-
6	entists from government or academia who
7	have expertise in biobased fuels and
8	biobased products;
9	"(v) an individual affiliated with a
10	commodity trade association;
11	"(vi) 2 individuals affiliated with an
12	environmental or conservation organiza-
13	tion;
14	"(vii) an individual associated with
15	State government who has expertise in
16	biobased fuels and biobased products;
17	"(viii) an individual with expertise in
18	energy and environmental analysis;
19	"(ix) an individual with expertise in
20	the economics of biobased fuels and
21	biobased products;
22	"(x) an individual with expertise in
23	agricultural economics; and
24	"(xi) at the option of the points of
25	contact, other members.

1	"(B) APPOINTMENT.—The members of the
2	Advisory Committee shall be appointed by the
3	points of contact.
4	"(3) Duties.—The Advisory Committee
5	shall—
6	"(A) advise the points of contact with re-
7	spect to the Initiative; and
8	"(B) evaluate whether, and make rec-
9	ommendations in writing to the Board to en-
10	sure that—
11	"(i) funds authorized for the Initiative
12	are distributed and used in a manner that
13	is consistent with the objectives, purposes,
14	and considerations of the Initiative;
15	"(ii) solicitations are open and com-
16	petitive with awards made annually and
17	that objectives and evaluation criteria of
18	the solicitations are clearly stated and
19	minimally prescriptive, with no areas of
20	special interest;
21	"(iii) the points of contact are funding
22	proposals under this title that are selected
23	on the basis of merit, as determined by an
24	independent panel of scientific and tech-
25	nical peers predominantly from outside the

1	Departments of Agriculture and Energy;
2	and
3	"(iv) activities under this section are
4	carried out in accordance with this section.
5	"(4) Coordination.—To avoid duplication of
6	effort, the Advisory Committee shall coordinate its
7	activities with those of other Federal advisory com-
8	mittees working in related areas.
9	"(5) Meetings.—The Advisory Committee
10	shall meet at least quarterly to enable the Advisory
11	Committee to carry out the duties of the Advisory
12	Committee.
13	"(6) Terms.—Members of the Advisory Com-
14	mittee shall be appointed for a term of 3 years, ex-
15	cept that—
16	"(A) one-third of the members initially ap-
17	pointed shall be appointed for a term of 1 year;
18	and
19	"(B) one-third of the members initially ap-
20	pointed shall be appointed for a term of 2
21	years.
22	"(g) Biomass Research and Development Ini-
23	TIATIVE.—
24	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of Agri-
25	culture and the Secretary of Energy, acting through

1	their respective points of contact and in consultation
2	with the Board, shall establish and carry out a Bio-
3	mass Research and Development Initiative under
4	which competitively awarded grants, contracts, and
5	financial assistance are provided to, or entered into
6	with, eligible entities to carry out research on, and
7	development and demonstration of, biobased fuels
8	and biobased products, and the methods, practices
9	and technologies, for their production.
10	"(2) Objectives.—The objectives of the Initia-
11	tive are to develop—
12	"(A) technologies and processes necessary
13	for abundant commercial production of biobased
14	fuels at prices competitive with fossil fuels;
15	"(B) high-value biobased products—
16	"(i) to enhance the economic viability
17	of biobased fuels and power; and
18	"(ii) as substitutes for petroleum-
19	based feedstocks and products; and
20	"(C) a diversity of sustainable domestic
21	sources of biomass for conversion to biobased
22	fuels and biobased products.
23	"(3) Purposes.—The purposes of the Initiative
24	are—

1	"(A) to increase the energy security of the
2	United States;
3	"(B) to create jobs and enhance the eco-
4	nomic development of the rural economy;
5	"(C) to enhance the environment and pub-
6	lie health; and
7	"(D) to diversify markets for raw agricul-
8	tural and forestry products.
9	"(4) TECHNICAL AREAS.—To advance the ob-
10	jectives and purposes of the Initiative, the Secretary
11	of Agriculture and the Secretary of Energy, in con-
12	sultation with the Administrator of the Environ-
13	mental Protection Agency and heads of other appro-
14	priate departments and agencies (referred to in this
15	subsection as the 'Secretaries'), shall direct research
16	and development toward—
17	"(A) feedstock production through the de-
18	velopment of crops and cropping systems rel-
19	evant to production of raw materials for conver-
20	sion to biobased fuels and biobased products,
21	including—
22	"(i) development of advanced and
23	dedicated crops with desired features, in-
24	cluding enhanced productivity, broader site

1	range, low requirements for chemical in-
2	puts, and enhanced processing;
3	"(ii) advanced crop production meth-
4	ods to achieve the features described in
5	clause (i);
6	"(iii) feedstock harvest, handling,
7	transport, and storage; and
8	"(iv) strategies for integrating feed-
9	stock production into existing managed
10	land;
11	"(B) overcoming recalcitrance of cellulosic
12	biomass through developing technologies for
13	converting cellulosic biomass into intermediates
14	that can subsequently be converted into
15	biobased fuels and biobased products, includ-
16	ing—
17	"(i) pretreatment in combination with
18	enzymatic or microbial hydrolysis; and
19	"(ii) thermochemical approaches, in-
20	cluding gasification and pyrolysis;
21	"(C) product diversification through tech-
22	nologies relevant to production of a range of
23	biobased products (including chemicals, animal
24	feeds, and cogenerated power) that eventually

1	can increase the feasibility of fuel production in
2	a biorefinery, including—
3	"(i) catalytic processing, including
4	thermochemical fuel production;
5	"(ii) metabolic engineering, enzyme
6	engineering, and fermentation systems for
7	biological production of desired products or
8	cogeneration of power;
9	"(iii) product recovery;
10	"(iv) power production technologies;
11	and
12	"(v) integration into existing biomass
13	processing facilities, including starch eth-
14	anol plants, sugar processing or refining
15	plants, paper mills, and power plants; and
16	"(D) analysis that provides strategic guid-
17	ance for the application of biomass technologies
18	in accordance with realization of improved sus-
19	tainability and environmental quality, cost ef-
20	fectiveness, security, and rural economic devel-
21	opment, usually featuring system-wide ap-
22	proaches.
23	"(5) Additional considerations.—Within
24	the technical areas described in paragraph (4), and
25	in addition to advancing the purposes described in

1	paragraph (3) and the objectives described in para-
2	graph (2), the Secretaries shall support research and
3	development—
4	"(A) to create continuously expanding op-
5	portunities for participants in existing biofuels
6	production by seeking synergies and continuity
7	with current technologies and practices, such as
8	the use of dried distillers grains as a bridge
9	feedstock;
10	"(B) to maximize the environmental, eco-
11	nomic, and social benefits of production of
12	biobased fuels and biobased products on a large
13	scale through life-cycle economic and environ-
14	mental analysis and other means; and
15	"(C) to assess the potential of Federal
16	land and land management programs as feed-
17	stock resources for biobased fuels and biobased
18	products, consistent with the integrity of soil
19	and water resources and with other environ-
20	mental considerations.
21	"(6) Eligible entities.—To be eligible for a
22	grant, contract, or assistance under this subsection,
23	an applicant shall be—
24	"(A) an institution of higher education;
25	"(B) a National Laboratory;

1	"(C) a Federal research agency;
2	"(D) a State research agency;
3	"(E) a private sector entity;
4	"(F) a nonprofit organization; or
5	"(G) a consortium of two or more entities
6	described in subparagraphs (A) through (F).
7	"(7) Administration.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—After consultation
9	with the Board, the points of contact shall—
10	"(i) publish annually one or more
11	joint requests for proposals for grants,
12	contracts, and assistance under this sub-
13	section;
14	"(ii) require that grants, contracts,
15	and assistance under this section be
16	awarded competitively, on the basis of
17	merit, after the establishment of proce-
18	dures that provide for scientific peer review
19	by an independent panel of scientific and
20	technical peers; and
21	"(iii) give some preference to applica-
22	tions that—
23	"(I) involve a consortia of experts
24	from multiple institutions;

1	"(II) encourage the integration
2	of disciplines and application of the
3	best technical resources; and
4	"(III) increase the geographic di-
5	versity of demonstration projects.
6	"(B) Distribution of funding by
7	TECHNICAL AREA.—Of the funds authorized to
8	be appropriated for activities described in this
9	subsection, funds shall be distributed for each
10	of fiscal years 2007 through 2012 so as to
11	achieve an approximate distribution of—
12	"(i) 20 percent of the funds to carry
13	out activities for feedstock production
14	under paragraph (4)(A);
15	"(ii) 45 percent of the funds to carry
16	out activities for overcoming recalcitrance
17	of cellulosic biomass under paragraph
18	(4)(B);
19	"(iii) 30 percent of the funds to carry
20	out activities for product diversification
21	under paragraph (4)(C); and
22	"(iv) 5 percent of the funds to carry
23	out activities for strategic guidance under
24	paragraph (4)(D).

1	"(C) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDING WITHIN
2	EACH TECHNICAL AREA.—Within each technical
3	area described in subparagraphs (A) through
4	(C) of paragraph (4), funds shall be distributed
5	for each of fiscal years 2007 through 2012 so
6	as to achieve an approximate distribution of—
7	"(i) 15 percent of the funds for ap-
8	plied fundamentals;
9	"(ii) 35 percent of the funds for inno-
10	vation; and
11	"(iii) 50 percent of the funds for dem-
12	onstration.
13	"(D) Matching funds.—
14	"(i) In general.—A minimum 20
15	percent funding match shall be required
16	for demonstration projects under this sec-
17	tion.
18	"(ii) Commercial applications.—A
19	minimum of 50 percent funding match
20	shall be required for commercial applica-
21	tion projects under this section.
22	"(E) TECHNOLOGY AND INFORMATION
23	TRANSFER TO AGRICULTURAL USERS.—The Ad-
24	ministrator of the Cooperative State Research,
25	Education, and Extension Service and the Chief

1	of the Natural Resources Conservation Service
2	shall ensure that applicable research results and
3	technologies from the Initiative are adapted,
4	made available, and disseminated through those
5	services, as appropriate.
6	"(h) Administrative Support and Funds.—
7	"(1) In general.—To the extent administra-
8	tive support and funds are not provided by other
9	agencies under paragraph (2)(b), the Secretary of
10	Energy and the Secretary of Agriculture may pro-
11	vide such administrative support and funds of the
12	Department of Energy and the Department of Agri-
13	culture to the Board and the Advisory Committee as
14	are necessary to enable the Board and the Advisory
15	Committee to carry out their duties under this sec-
16	tion.
17	"(2) OTHER AGENCIES.—The heads of the
18	agencies referred to in subsection (e)(2)(C), and the
19	other members appointed under subsection
20	(e)(2)(D), may, and are encouraged to, provide ad-
21	ministrative support and funds of their respective
22	agencies to the Board and the Advisory Committee.
23	"(3) Limitation.—Not more than 4 percent of
24	the amount appropriated for each fiscal year under

1	subsection (g)(6) may be used to pay the adminis-
2	trative costs of carrying out this section.
3	"(i) Reports.—
4	"(1) Annual reports.—For each fiscal year
5	for which funds are made available to carry out this
6	section, the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary
7	of Agriculture shall jointly submit to Congress a de-
8	tailed report on—
9	"(A) the status and progress of the Initia-
10	tive, including a report from the Advisory Com-
11	mittee on whether funds appropriated for the
12	Initiative have been distributed and used in a
13	manner that—
14	"(i) is consistent with the objectives,
15	purposes, and additional considerations de-
16	scribed in paragraphs (2) through (5) of
17	subsection (g);
18	"(ii) uses the set of criteria estab-
19	lished in the initial report submitted under
20	title III of the Agricultural Risk Protection
21	Act of 2000;
22	"(iii) achieves the distribution of
23	funds described in subparagraphs (B) and
24	(C) of subsection $(g)(7)$; and

1	"(iv) takes into account any rec-
2	ommendations that have been made by the
3	Advisory Committee;
4	"(B) the general status of cooperation and
5	research and development efforts carried out at
6	each agency with respect to biobased fuels and
7	biobased products, including a report from the
8	Advisory Committee on whether the points of
9	contact are funding proposals that are selected
10	under subsection (g)(3)(B)(iii); and
11	"(C) the plans of the Secretary of Energy
12	and the Secretary of Agriculture for addressing
13	concerns raised in the report, including con-
14	cerns raised by the Advisory Committee.
15	"(2) UPDATES.—The Secretary and the Sec-
16	retary of Energy shall update the Vision and Road-
17	map documents prepared for Federal biomass re-
18	search and development activities.
19	"(j) Funding.—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds of the Com-
21	modity Credit Corporation, the Secretary of Agri-
22	culture shall make available to carry out this sec-
23	tion—
24	"(A) $$25,000,000$ for fiscal year 2008 ;
25	"(B) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;

1	"(C) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
2	"(D) $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2011;
3	and
4	"(E) $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2012.
5	"(2) Additional funding.—In addition to
6	amounts transferred under paragraph (1), there are
7	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this sec-
8	tion \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
9	through 2015.".
10	(b) Repeal.—Title III of the Agricultural Risk Pro-
11	tection Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-224) is hereby re-
12	pealed.
13	SEC. 5008. ADJUSTMENTS TO THE BIOENERGY PROGRAM.
13 14	SEC. 5008. ADJUSTMENTS TO THE BIOENERGY PROGRAM. Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest-
14	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest-
14 15	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108) is amended—
141516	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest- ment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)—
14151617	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)—
14 15 16 17 18	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
14 15 16 17 18 19	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and";
14151617181920	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and"; (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 9010 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and"; (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking the final period and inserting a semicolon;

1	"(C) production of heat and power at a
2	biofuels plant;
3	"(D) biomass gasification;
4	"(E) hydrogen made from cellulosic com-
5	modities for fuel cells;
6	"(F) renewable diesel; and
7	"(G) such other items as the Secretary
8	considers appropriate.";
9	(B) by striking paragraph (3) and insert-
10	ing the following:
11	"(3) Eligible feedstock.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible
13	feedstock' means—
14	"(i) any plant material grown or col-
15	lected for the purpose of being converted to
16	energy (including aquatic plants);
17	"(ii) any organic byproduct or residue
18	from agriculture and forestry, including
19	mill residues and pulping residues that can
20	be converted into energy;
21	"(iii) any waste material that can be
22	converted to energy and is derived from
23	plant material, including—
24	"(I) wood waste and residue;

1	"(II) specialty crop waste, includ-
2	ing waste derived from orchard trees,
3	vineyard crops, and nut crops; or
4	"(III) other fruit and vegetable
5	byproducts or residues; or
6	"(iv) animal waste and byproducts.
7	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'eligible feed-
8	stock' does not include corn starch.";
9	(C) in paragraph (4), by striking "an eligi-
10	ble commodity" and inserting "eligible feed-
11	stock''; and
12	(D) by adding at the end the following new
13	paragraph:
14	"(5) Renewable diesel.—The term 'renew-
15	able diesel' means any type of biobased renewable
16	fuel derived from plant or animal matter that may
17	be used as a substitute for standard diesel fuel and
18	meets the requirements of an appropriate American
19	Society for Testing and Material standard. Such
20	term does not include any fuel derived from coproc-
21	essing an eligible feedstock with a feedstock that is
22	not biomass.";
23	(2) in subsection (b)—
24	(A) in paragraph (1)—

1	(i) by striking "The Secretary shall
2	continue" and all that follows through "the
3	Secretary makes" and inserting "The Sec-
4	retary shall make"; and
5	(ii) by striking "eligible commodities"
6	and inserting "eligible feedstock";
7	(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "eligi-
8	ble commodities" and inserting "eligible feed-
9	stock'';
10	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking subpara-
11	graphs (B) and (C) and inserting the following
12	"(B) Priority.—In making payments
13	under this paragraph, the Secretary shall give
14	priority to contracts by considering the factors
15	referred to in section 9003(e)(2)(B)."; and
16	(D) by striking paragraph (6) and insert-
17	ing the following:
18	"(6) Limitation.—The Secretary may limit
19	the amount of payments that may be received by an
20	eligible producer under this section as the Secretary
21	considers appropriate."; and
22	(3) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the
23	following:

1	"(c) Funding.—Of the funds of the Commodity
2	Credit Corporation, the Secretary of Agriculture shall use
3	to carry out this section—
4	"(1) $$175,000,000$ for fiscal year 2008;
5	(2) \$215,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
6	"(3) $$250,000,000$ for fiscal year 2010;
7	"(4) $$275,000,000$ for fiscal year 2011; and
8	"(5) $$300,000,000$ for fiscal year 2012.".
9	SEC. 5009. RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND EDUCATIONAL
10	PROGRAMS ON BIOBASED ENERGY TECH-
11	NOLOGIES AND PRODUCTS.
12	Section 9011(j)(1)(C) of the Farm Security and
13	Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8109(j)(1)(C))
14	is amended by striking "2010" and inserting "2012".
15	SEC. 5010. ENERGY COUNCIL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AG-
16	RICULTURE.
17	Title IX of the Farm Security and Rural Investment
18	Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8101 et seq.) is further amended
19	by adding at the end the following new section:
20	"SEC. 9012. ENERGY COUNCIL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AG-
21	RICULTURE.
22	"(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture
23	shall establish an energy council in the Office of the Sec-
24	retary (in this section referred to as the 'Council') to co-
25	ordinate the energy policy of the Department of Agri-

1	culture	and	consult	with	other	departments	and	agencies

- 2 of the Federal Government.
- 3 "(b) Membership.—
- 4 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall appoint
- 5 the members of the Council from among the staff of
- 6 the agencies and mission areas of the Department of
- Agriculture with responsibilities relating to energy
- 8 programs or policies.
- 9 "(2) Chair.—The chief economist and the
- 10 Under Secretary for Rural Development of the De-
- partment of Agriculture shall serve as the Chairs of
- the Council.
- 13 "(c) Duties of Office of Energy Policy and
- 14 New Uses.—The Office of Energy Policy and New Uses
- 15 of the Department of Agriculture shall support the activi-
- 16 ties of the Council.".
- 17 SEC. 5011. FOREST BIOENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAM.
- 18 Title IX of the Farm Security and Rural Investment
- 19 Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8101 et seq.) is further amended
- 20 by adding at the end the following new section:
- 21 "SEC. 9013. FOREST BIOENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAM.
- 22 "(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture,
- 23 working through the Forest Service, in cooperation with
- 24 other Federal agencies, land grant colleges and univer-
- 25 sities, and private entities, shall conduct a competitive re-

1	search and development program to encourage new forest-
2	to-energy technologies. The Secretary may use grants, co-
3	operative agreements, and other methods to partner with
4	cooperating entities on projects that the Secretary deter-
5	mines shall best promote new forest-to-energy tech-
6	nologies.
7	"(b) Priority for Project Selection.—The Sec-
8	retary shall give priority to projects that—
9	"(1) develop technology and techniques to use
10	low value forest materials, such as byproducts of for-
11	est health treatments and hazardous fuel reduction,
12	for the production of energy;
13	"(2) develop processes for the conversion of cel-
14	lulosic forest materials that integrate production of
15	energy into existing manufacturing steams or in in-
16	tegrated forest biorefineries;
17	"(3) develop new transportation fuels that use
18	forest materials as a feedstock for the production of
19	such fuels; or
20	"(4) improve the of growth and yield of trees
21	for the purpose of renewable energy and other forest
22	product use.
23	"(c) Funding.—Of the funds of the Commodity
24	Credit Corporation, the Secretary of Agriculture shall
25	make available to carry out this section—

1	"(1) \$4,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
2	"(2) \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
3	"(3) \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
4	"(4) $$9,000,000$ for fiscal year 2011; and
5	"(5) $$10,000,000$ for fiscal year 2012.".
6	TITLE VI—CARBON-NEUTRAL
7	GOVERNMENT
8	SEC. 6001. SHORT TITLE.
9	This title may be cited as the "Carbon-Neutral Gov-
10	ernment Act of 2007".
11	SEC. 6002. FINDINGS.
12	The Congress finds the following:
13	(1) The harms associated with global warming
14	are serious and well recognized. These include the
15	global retreat of mountain glaciers, reduction in
16	snow cover extent, the earlier spring melting of riv-
17	ers and lakes, the accelerated rate of rise of sea lev-
18	els during the 20th century relative to the past few
19	thousand years, and increased intensity of hurri-
20	canes and typhoons.
21	(2) The risks associated with a global mean
22	surface temperature increase above 2 °C (3.6 °F)
23	above preindustrial temperature are grave. Accord-
24	ing to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate
25	Change, such temperature increases would increase

the severity of ongoing alterations of terrestrial and
marine environments, with potentially catastrophic
results. Ongoing and projected effects include more
prevalent droughts in dry regions, an increase in the
spread of disease, a significant reduction in water
storage in winter snowpack in mountainous regions
with direct and important economic consequences, a
precipitous rise in sea levels by the end of the cen-
tury, the potential devastation of coastal commu-
nities, severe and irreversible changes to natural eco-
systems such as the bleaching and destruction of
much of the world's coral, and the potential extinc-
tion of 30 percent of all living species.

- (3) That these climate change effects and risks of future effects are widely shared does not minimize the adverse affects individual persons have suffered, will suffer, and are at risk of suffering because of global warming.
- (4) That some of the adverse and potentially catastrophic effects of global warming are presently at risk of occurring and not a certainty does not negate the harm persons suffer from actions that increase the likelihood, extent, and severity of such future impacts.

1	(5) To preserve the ability to stabilize atmos-
2	pheric greenhouse gas concentrations at levels likely
3	to protect against a temperature rise above 2 °C
4	(3.6 °F) and maintain the likelihood of avoiding cat-
5	astrophic global warming will require reductions of
6	greenhouse gas emissions of 50 percent to 85 per-
7	cent globally.
8	(6) Achieving such reductions will require a
9	multitude of actions across the global economy that
10	may each address a relatively minute quantity of
11	emissions, but will be cumulatively significant.
12	(7) With only 5 percent of the world population,
13	the United States emits approximately 20 percent of
14	the world's total greenhouse gas emissions, and must
15	be a leader in addressing global warming.
16	(8) The United States Government is the larg-
17	est energy consumer in the United States and is re-
18	sponsible for roughly 100,000,000 metric tons of
19	CO2-equivalent emissions annually.
20	(9) A reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by
21	Federal agencies would slow the increase of global
22	emissions, thereby slowing the increase of global
23	warming and the exacerbation of the risks associated
24	with global warming. In addition, Federal action

would accelerate the pace of development and adop-

1	tion of technologies that will be critical to addressing
2	global warming in the United States and worldwide.
3	(10) A failure by any Federal agency to comply
4	with the provisions of this title requiring reductions
5	in its greenhouse gas emissions would exacerbate the
6	pace, extent, and risks of global warming, causing
7	harms beyond what would otherwise occur. The in-
8	cremental emissions from a Federal agency's failure
9	to comply with this title create a harm, which is the
10	incremental exacerbation of the adverse effects and
11	risks of global warming. Although the emissions in-
12	crements involved could be relatively small, such a
13	failure allowing incrementally greater emissions
14	would injure all United States citizens.
15	(11) Improved management of Government op-
16	erations, including acquisitions and procurement and
17	operation of Government facilities, can maximize the
18	use of existing energy efficiency and renewable en-
19	ergy technologies to reduce global warming pollution,
20	while saving taxpayers' money, reducing our depend-
21	ence on oil, enhancing national security, cleaning the
22	air, and protecting pristine places from drilling and
23	mining.
24	(12) Enhancing the accountability and trans-
25	parency of Government operations through setting

1	milestones for agency activities, planning, measuring
2	results, tracking results over time, and public report-
3	ing can improve Government management and make
4	Government operations more efficient and cost effec-
5	tive.
6	Subtitle A—Federal Government
7	Inventory and Management of
8	Greenhouse Gas Emissions
9	SEC. 6101. INVENTORY OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT GREEN-
10	HOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.
11	(a) In General.—Each agency shall, in accordance
12	with the guidance issued under subsection (b), annually
13	inventory and report its greenhouse gas emissions for the
14	preceding fiscal year. Each such inventory and report shall
15	indicate as discrete categories—
16	(1) any direct emission of greenhouse gas as a
17	result of an activity of the agency;
18	(2) the quantity of indirect emissions of green-
19	house gases attributable to the generation of elec-
20	tricity used by the agency and commercial air travel
21	by agency personnel; and
22	(3) the quantity of emissions of greenhouse
23	gases associated with the work performed for the
24	agency by Federal contractors, comprising direct
25	emissions and indirect emissions associated with

1	electricity used by, and commercial air travel by,
2	such contractors.
3	(b) Guidance; Assistance.—Not later than 3
4	months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
5	Administrator shall issue guidance for agencies for con-
6	ducting inventories under this section and reporting under
7	section 6102. Such guidance shall establish inventory and
8	reporting procedures that are at least as rigorous as the
9	inventory procedures established under the Environmental
10	Protection Agency's Climate Leaders program and shall
11	define the scope of the inventories of direct emissions de-
12	scribed in subsection (a)(1) to be complete and consistent
13	with the national obligation for reporting inventories
14	under the United Nations Framework Convention on Cli-
15	mate Change. The Administrator shall provide assistance
16	to agencies in preparing their inventories.
17	(c) Initial Inventory by Agencies.—
18	(1) Submission.—Not later than 1 year after
19	the date of the enactment of this Act, each agency
20	shall submit to the Administrator and make publicly
21	available on the agency's website an initial inventory
22	of the agency's greenhouse gas emissions for the
23	preceding fiscal year.
24	(2) Certification.—Not later than 6 months
25	after an agency submits an initial inventory under

1	paragraph (1), the Administrator shall review the in-
2	ventory for compliance with the guidance issued
3	under subsection (b) and—
4	(A) certify that the inventory is technically
5	valid; or
6	(B) decline to certify the inventory and
7	provide an explanation of the actions or revi-
8	sions that are necessary for the inventory to be
9	certified under subparagraph (A).
10	(3) REVISION.—If the Administrator declines to
11	certify the inventory of an agency under paragraph
12	(2)(B), the agency shall submit to the Administrator
13	and make publicly available on the agency's website
14	a revised inventory not later than 6 months after the
15	date on which the Administrator provides the agency
16	with the explanation required by such paragraph.
17	(d) Net Greenhouse Gases From Federal
18	Lands.—Beginning not later than 2 years after the date
19	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior and
20	the Secretary of Agriculture shall include as a discrete cat-
21	egory in any inventory under this section the net biological
22	sequestration or emission of greenhouse gases related to
23	human activities and associated with land managed by the
24	Bureau of Land Management or the Forest Service. In
25	developing such estimates of the net biological sequestra-

- 1 tion or emission of greenhouse gases, the Secretary of the
- 2 Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall take into
- 3 consideration the results of any available related assess-
- 4 ments performed by the Secretary of the Interior. Such
- 5 net biological sequestration or emissions of greenhouse
- 6 gases shall not be considered for the purposes of setting
- 7 or measuring progress toward targets under section 6102.
- 8 For the purposes of this subsection, the net biological se-
- 9 questration or emission of greenhouse gases refers to the
- 10 net sequestration or emissions associated with uptake and
- 11 release of greenhouse gases from soil, vegetation, and dead
- 12 organic matter.
- 13 SEC. 6102. MANAGEMENT OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT
- 14 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.
- 15 (a) Emission Reduction Targets.—Not later than
- 16 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act,
- 17 the Administrator shall promulgate annual reduction tar-
- 18 gets for the total quantity of greenhouse gas emissions de-
- 19 scribed in section 6101(a), expressed as carbon dioxide
- 20 equivalents, of all agencies, taken collectively, for each of
- 21 fiscal years 2010 through 2050.
- 22 (b) Goals.—The targets promulgated under sub-
- 23 section (a) shall be calculated so as—
- 24 (1) to prevent the total quantity of greenhouse
- gas emissions of all agencies in fiscal year 2011 and

1	each subsequent fiscal year from exceeding the total
2	quantity of such emissions in fiscal year 2010; and
3	(2) to reduce such greenhouse gas emissions as
4	rapidly as possible, but at a minimum by a quantity
5	equal to 2 percent of projected fiscal year 2010
6	emissions each fiscal year, so as to achieve zero net
7	annual greenhouse gas emissions from the agencies
8	by fiscal year 2050.
9	(e) Proportionate Share.—Each agency shall
10	limit the quantity of its greenhouse gas emissions de-
11	scribed in section 6101(a) to its proportionate share so
12	as to enable the agencies to achieve the targets promul-
13	gated under subsection (a). The Administrator shall pro-
14	mulgate annual reduction targets to be met by each agen-
15	cy to comply with this subsection, after consultation with
16	the agencies and taking into account changes in agency
17	size, structure, and mission over time.
18	(d) Agency Plans for Managing Emissions.—
19	(1) Submission.—Not later than 2 years after
20	the date of the enactment of this Act, each agency
21	shall develop, submit to the Administrator, and
22	make publicly available on the agency's website a
23	plan for achieving the annual reduction targets ap-
24	plicable to such agency under this section through
25	fiscal year 2020. Not later than 2 years before the

1	10-year period beginning in 2021 and each subse-
2	quent 10-year period, the agency shall develop, sub-
3	mit to the Administrator, and make publicly avail-
4	able an updated plan for achieving such targets for
5	the respective period. Each plan developed under
6	this paragraph shall—
7	(A) identify the specific actions to be taken
8	by the agency; and
9	(B) estimate the quantity of reductions of
10	greenhouse gas emissions to be achieved
11	through each such action.
12	(2) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 6 months
13	after an agency submits a plan under paragraph (1),
14	the Administrator shall—
15	(A) certify that the plan is technically
16	sound and, if implemented, is expected to limit
17	the quantity of the agency's greenhouse gas
18	emissions to its proportionate share under sub-
19	section (c); or
20	(B) decline to certify the plan and provide
21	an explanation of the revisions that are nec-
22	essary for the plan to be certified under sub-
23	paragraph (A).
24	(3) REVISION.—If the Administrator declines to
25	certify the plan of an agency under paragraph (2),

1	the agency shall submit to the Administrator and
2	make publicly available on the agency's website a re-
3	vised plan not later than 6 months after the date on
4	which the Administrator provides the agency with
5	the explanation required by paragraph (2)(B).
6	(e) Emissions Management.—
7	(1) Requirement.—Each agency shall imple-
8	ment each provision in its plan under subsection (d)
9	to manage its greenhouse gas emissions to meet the
10	annual reduction targets applicable to such agency
11	under this section. If—
12	(A) an agency has met its applicable re-
13	duction target for the most recent year; and
14	(B) the agency demonstrates that it is pro-
15	jected to meet such targets for future years
16	without implementing a provision or provisions
17	included in its plan,
18	the agency may revise its plan, subject to subsection
19	(d)(2), to defer implementation of such plan provi-
20	sions until the date that implementation is needed to
21	meet the agency's applicable targets.
22	(2) REVISION OF PLAN.—If any agency fails to
23	meet such targets for a fiscal year, as indicated by
24	the inventory and report prepared by the agency for
25	such fiscal year, the agency shall submit to the Ad-

1	ministrator and make publicly available on the agen-
2	cy's website a revised plan under subsection (d) not
3	later than March 31 of the following fiscal year. The
4	Administrator shall certify or decline to certify the
5	revised plan in accordance with subsection (d)(2) not
6	later than 3 months after receipt of the revised plan.
7	(3) Offsets.—
8	(A) Proposal.—If no national mandatory
9	economy-wide cap-and-trade program for green-
10	house gases has been enacted by fiscal year
11	2010, the Administrator shall develop and sub-
12	mit to the Congress by 2011 a proposal to allow
13	agencies to meet the annual reduction targets
14	applicable to such agencies under this section in
15	part through emissions offsets, beginning in fis-
16	cal year 2015.
17	(B) Contents.—The proposal developed
18	under subparagraph (A) shall ensure that emis-
19	sions offsets are—
20	(i) real, surplus, verifiable, permanent,
21	and enforceable; and
22	(ii) additional for both regulatory and
23	financial purposes (such that the generator
24	of the offset is not receiving credit or com-

1	pensation for the offset in another regu-
2	latory or market context).
3	(C) Rulemaking.—If by 2012 the Con-
4	gress has not enacted a statute for the express
5	purpose of codifying the proposal developed
6	under subparagraph (A) or an alternative to
7	such proposal, the Administrator shall imple-
8	ment the proposal through rulemaking.
9	(4) Exemptions.—The President may exempt
10	an agency from complying with the emissions target
11	established for that year under subsection (c) if the
12	President determines it to be in the paramount in-
13	terest of the United States to do so. The agency
14	shall, to the greatest extent practicable, continue to
15	implement the provisions in the agency's plan. Any
16	exemption shall be for a period not in excess of one
17	year, but additional exemptions may be granted for
18	periods of not more than one year upon the Presi-
19	dent's making a new determination.
20	(f) STUDIES ON FEDERAL LANDS.—The Forest Serv-
21	ice, the Bureau of Land Management, the National Park
22	Service, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service
23	shall—
24	(1) within 3 years after the date of the enact-
25	ment of this Act. conduct studies of the opportuni-

1	ties for management strategies, and identify those
2	management strategies with the greatest potential,
3	to—
4	(A) enhance net biological sequestration of
5	greenhouse gases on Federal lands they manage
6	while avoiding harmful effects on other environ-
7	mental values; and
8	(B) reduce negative impacts of global
9	warming on biodiversity, water supplies, forest
10	health, biological sequestration and storage, and
11	related values;
12	(2) within 4 years after the date of the enact-
13	ment of this Act, study the results that could be
14	achieved through applying management strategies
15	identified as having the greatest potential to achieve
16	the benefits described in paragraph (1) by imple-
17	menting field experiments on discrete portions of se-
18	lected land management units in different parts of
19	the Nation to test such strategies; and
20	(3) report to the Congress on the results of the
21	studies.
22	(g) STUDY ON URBAN AND WILDLAND-URBAN FOR-
23	ESTRY PROGRAMS.—Within 2 years of the date of enact-
24	ment of this Act, the Forest Service, in consultation with
25	appropriate State and local agencies, shall conduct a study

1	of the opportunities of urban and wildland-urban interface
2	forestry programs to enhance net biological sequestration
3	of greenhouse gases and achieve other benefits.
4	(h) Reporting.—
5	(1) Reports by agencies.—Not later than
6	December 31 each fiscal year, each agency shall sub-
7	mit to the Administrator and make publicly available
8	on the agency's website a report on the agency's im-
9	plementation of its plan required by subsection (d)
10	for the preceding fiscal year, including the inventory
11	of greenhouse gas emissions of the agency during
12	such fiscal year.
13	(2) Annual report to congress.—The Ad-
14	ministrator shall review each report submitted under
15	paragraph (1) for technical validity and compile
16	such reports in an annual report on the Federal
17	Government's progress toward carbon neutrality.
18	The Administrator shall submit such annual report
19	to the Committee on Oversight and Government Re-
20	form of the House of Representatives and the Com-
21	mittee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and
22	make such annual report publicly available on the
23	Environmental Protection Agency's website.
24	(3) Electronic submission.—In complying

with any requirement of this subtitle for submission

1	of inventories, plans, or reports, an agency shall use
2	electronic reporting in lieu of paper copy reports.
3	SEC. 6103. PILOT PROJECT FOR PURCHASE OF OFFSETS
4	AND CERTIFICATES.
5	(a) GAO STUDY.—No later than April 1, 2008, the
6	Comptroller General of the United States shall issue the
7	report requested by the Congress on May 17, 2007, re-
8	garding markets for greenhouse gas emissions offsets.
9	(b) Pilot Project.—Executive agencies and legisla-
10	tive branch offices may purchase qualified greenhouse gas
11	offsets and qualified renewable energy certificates in any
12	open market transaction that complies with all applicable
13	procurement rules and regulations.
14	(c) Qualified Greenhouse Gas Offsets.—For
15	purposes of this section, the term "qualified greenhouse
16	gas offset" means a real, additional, verifiable, enforce-
17	able, and permanent domestic—
18	(1) reduction of greenhouse gas emissions; or
19	(2) sequestration of greenhouse gases.
20	(d) Qualified Renewable Energy Certifi-
21	CATES.—For purposes of this section, the term "qualified
22	renewable energy certificate" means a certificate rep-
23	resenting a specific amount of energy generated by a re-
24	newable energy project that is real, additional, and
25	verifiable.

1	(e) Guidance.—No later than September 30, 2008,
2	the Administrator shall issue guidelines, for Executive
3	agencies, establishing criteria for qualified greenhouse gas
4	offsets and qualified renewable energy certificates. Such
5	guidelines shall take into account the findings and rec-
6	ommendations of the report issued under subsection (a)
7	and shall—
8	(1) establish performance standards for green-
9	house gas offset projects that benchmark reliably ex-
10	pected greenhouse gas reductions from identified
11	categories of projects that reduce greenhouse gas
12	emissions or sequester carbon in accordance with
13	subsection (c); and
14	(2) establish criteria for qualified renewable en-
15	ergy certificates to ensure that energy generated is
16	renewable and is in accordance with subsection (d).
17	(f) Report.—The Comptroller General of the United
18	States shall evaluate the pilot program established by this
19	section, including identifying environmental and other
20	benefits of the program, as well as its financial costs and
21	any disadvantages associated with the program. No later
22	than April 1, 2011, the Comptroller General shall provide
23	a report to the Committee on Oversight and Government
24	Reform of the House of Representatives and the Com-
25	mittee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

1	of the Senate providing the details of the evaluation and
2	any recommendations for improvement.
3	(g) Additional Definitions.—In this section:
4	(1) Notwithstanding section 6106(3) of this
5	Act, the term "Executive agency" has the meaning
6	given to such term in section 105 of title 5, United
7	States Code.
8	(2) The term "renewable energy" has the
9	meaning given that term in section 203(b) of the
10	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15852(b)(2)),
11	except that energy generated from municipal solid
12	waste shall not be renewable energy.
13	(h) AUTHORIZATION.—Of the amount of discre-
14	tionary funds available to each Executive agency or legis-
15	lative branch office for each of fiscal years 2009 and 2010,
16	not more than 0.01 percent of such amount may be used
17	for the purpose of carrying out this section. Such funding
18	shall be in addition to any other funds available to the
19	Executive agency or legislative branch office for such pur-
20	pose.
21	(i) Sunset Clause.—This section ceases to be effec-

22 tive at the end of fiscal year 2010.

1	SEC. 6104. IMPACT ON AGENCY'S PRIMARY MISSION.
2	In implementing the requirements of this subtitle,
3	each agency should adopt compliance strategies that are
4	consistent with the agency's primary mission.
5	SEC. 6105. SAVINGS CLAUSE.
6	Nothing in this title or any amendment made by this
7	title shall be interpreted to preempt or limit the authority
8	of a State to take any action to address global warming.
9	SEC. 6106. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this subtitle:
11	(1) The term "Administrator" means the Ad-
12	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
13	(2) The term "carbon dioxide equivalent"
14	means, for each greenhouse gas, the quantity of the
15	greenhouse gas that makes the same contribution to
16	global warming as 1 metric ton of carbon dioxide, as
17	determined by the Administrator, taking into ac-
18	count the global warming potentials published by the
19	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.
20	(3) The term "agency" has the meaning given
21	to that term in section 551 of the National Energy
22	Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8259).
23	(4) The term "greenhouse gas" means—
24	(A) carbon dioxide;
25	(B) methane;
26	(C) nitrous oxide;

1	(D) hydrofluorocarbons;
2	(E) perfluorocarbons;
3	(F) sulfur hexafluoride; or
4	(G) any other anthropogenically-emitted
5	gas that the Administrator, after notice and
6	comment, determines contributes to global
7	warming to a non-negligible degree.
8	SEC. 6107. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
9	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
10	as may be necessary to implement this subtitle.
11	Subtitle B—Federal Government
12	Energy Efficiency
13	SEC. 6201. FEDERAL VEHICLE FLEETS.
14	Section 303 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
15	U.S.C. 13212) is amended—
16	(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
17	section (g); and
18	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
19	lowing new subsection:
20	"(f) Vehicle Emission Requirements.—
21	"(1) Prohibition.—No Federal agency shall
22	acquire a light duty motor vehicle or medium duty
23	passenger vehicle that is not a low greenhouse gas

1	"(2) GUIDANCE.—Each year, the Administrator
2	of the Environmental Protection Agency shall issue
3	guidance identifying the makes and model numbers
4	of vehicles that are low greenhouse gas emitting ve-
5	hicles. In identifying such vehicles, the Adminis-
6	trator shall take into account the most stringent
7	standards for vehicle greenhouse gas emissions ap-
8	plicable to and enforceable against motor vehicle
9	manufacturers for vehicles sold anywhere in the
10	United States. The Administrator shall not identify
11	any vehicle as a low greenhouse gas emitting vehicle
12	if the vehicle emits greenhouse gases at a higher
13	rate than such standards allow for the manufactur-
14	er's fleet average grams per mile of carbon dioxide-
15	equivalent emissions for that class of vehicle, taking
16	into account any emissions allowances and adjust-
17	ment factors such standards provide.
18	"(3) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
19	section, the term 'medium duty passenger vehicle'
20	has the meaning given that term section 523.2 of
21	title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations.".
22	SEC. 6202. AGENCY ANALYSES FOR MOBILITY ACQUISI-
23	TIONS.
24	(a) Cost Estimate Requirement.—Each Federal
25	agency that owns, operates, maintains, or otherwise funds

1	infrastructure, assets, or personnel to provide delivery of
2	fuel to its operations shall apply activity based cost ac-
3	counting principles to estimate the fully burdened cost of
4	fuel.
5	(b) USE OF COST ESTIMATE.—Each agency shall use
6	the fully burdened cost of fuel, as estimated under sub-
7	section (a), in conducting analyses and making decisions
8	regarding its activities that create a demand for energy.
9	Such analyses and decisions shall include—
10	(1) the use of models, simulations, wargames,
11	and other analytical tools to determine the types of
12	energy consuming equipment that an agency needs
13	to conduct its missions;
14	(2) life-cycle cost benefit analyses and other
15	trade-off analyses for determining the cost effective-
16	ness of measures that improve the energy efficiency
17	of an agency's equipment and systems;
18	(3) analyses and decisions conducted or made
19	by others for the agency; and
20	(4) procurement and acquisition source selec-
21	tion criteria, requests for proposals, and best value
22	determinations.
23	(c) REVISION OF ANALYTICAL TOOLS.—If a Federal
24	agency employs models, simulations, wargames, or other
25	analytical tools that require substantial upgrades to enable

1	those tools to be used in compliance with this section, the
2	agency shall complete such necessary upgrades not later
3	than 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
4	(d) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
5	term "fully burdened cost of fuel" means the commodity
6	price for the fuel plus the total cost of all personnel and
7	assets required to move and, where applicable, protect, the
8	fuel from the point at which the fuel is received from the
9	commercial supplier to the point of use.
10	SEC. 6203. FEDERAL PROCUREMENT OF ENERGY EFFI-
11	CIENT PRODUCTS.
12	(a) Amendments.—Section 553 of the National En-
13	ergy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8259b) is amend-
14	ed—
15	(1) in subsection $(b)(1)$, by inserting "in a
16	product category covered by the Energy Star pro-
17	gram or the Federal Energy Management Program
18	for designated products" after "energy consuming
19	product"; and
20	(2) in subsection (c)—
21	(A) by inserting "list in their catalogues,
22	represent as available, and" after "Logistics
23	Agency shall"; and
24	(B) by striking "where the agency" and in-
25	serting "where the head of the agency".

1	(b) CATALOGUE LISTING DEADLINE.—Not later than
2	9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Gen-
3	eral Services Administration and the Defense Logistics
4	Agency shall ensure that the requirement in the amend-
5	ment made under subsection (a)(2)(A) has been fully com-
6	plied with.
7	SEC. 6204. FEDERAL BUILDING ENERGY EFFICIENCY PER-
8	FORMANCE STANDARDS.
9	(a) Standards.—Section 305(a)(3) of the Energy
10	Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6834(a)(3))
11	is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
12	paragraph:
13	"(D) Not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
14	ment of the Carbon-Neutral Government Act of 2007, the
15	Secretary shall establish, by rule, revised Federal building
16	energy efficiency performance standards that require that:
17	"(i) For new Federal buildings and Federal
18	buildings undergoing major renovations, with respect
19	to which the Adminstrator of General Services is re-
20	quired to transmit a prospectus to Congress under
21	section 3307 of title 40, United States Code, in the
22	case of public buildings (as defined in section 3301
23	of title 40, United States Code), or of at least
24	\$2,500,000 in costs adjusted annually for inflation
25	for other buildings:

1	"(I) The buildings shall be designed so
2	that the fossil fuel-generated energy consump-
3	tion of the buildings is reduced, as compared
4	with such energy consumption by a similar
5	building in fiscal year 2003 (as measured by
6	Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption
7	Survey or Residential Energy Consumption
8	Survey data from the Energy Information
9	Agency), by the percentage specified in the fol-
10	lowing table:

"Fiscal Year	Percentage Reduction
2010	55
2015	65
2020	80
2025	90
2030	100.

"(II) Sustainable design principles shall be applied to the siting, design, and construction of such buildings. Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of the Carbon-Neutral Government Act of 2007, the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of General Services, and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense for considerations relating to those facilities under the custody and control of the Department of Defense, shall identify a certification system and level for green buildings that the Secretary determines to be the most likely

1	to encourage a comprehensive and environ-
2	mentally-sound approach to certification of
3	green buildings. The identification of the certifi-
4	cation system and level shall be based on the
5	criteria specified in clause (ii) and shall achieve
6	results at least comparable to the United States
7	Green Building Council Leadership in Energy
8	and Environmental Design silver level. Within
9	60 days of the completion of each study re-
10	quired by clause (iii), the Secretary, in con-
11	sultation with the Administrator of General
12	Services, and in consultation with the Secretary
13	of Defense for considerations relating to those
14	facilities under the custody and control of the
15	Department of Defense, shall review and update
16	the certification system and level, taking into
17	account the conclusions of such study.
18	"(ii) In identifying the green building certifi-
19	cation system and level, the Secretary shall take into
20	consideration—
21	"(I) the ability and availability of assessors
22	and auditors to independently verify the criteria
23	and measurement of metrics at the scale nec-
24	essary to implement this subparagraph;

1	"(II) the ability of the applicable certifi-
2	cation organization to collect and reflect public
3	comment;
4	"(III) the ability of the standard to be de-
5	veloped and revised through a consensus-based
6	process;
7	"(IV) an evaluation of the robustness of
8	the criteria for a high-performance green build-
9	ing, which shall give credit for promoting—
10	"(aa) efficient and sustainable use of
11	water, energy, and other natural resources;
12	"(bb) use of renewable energy sources;
13	"(cc) improved indoor environmental
14	quality through enhanced indoor air qual-
15	ity, thermal comfort, acoustics, day light-
16	ing, pollutant source control, and use of
17	low-emission materials and building system
18	controls; and
19	"(dd) such other criteria as the Sec-
20	retary determines to be appropriate; and
21	"(V) national recognition within the build-
22	ing industry.
23	"(iii) At least once every five years, the Admin-
24	istrator of General Services shall conduct a study to
25	evaluate and compare available third-party green

1	building certification systems and levels, taking into
2	account the criteria listed in clause (ii).
3	"(iv) The Secretary may by rule allow Federal
4	agencies to develop internal certification processes,
5	using certified professionals, in lieu of certification
6	by the certification entity identified under clause
7	(i)(II). The Secretary shall include in any such rule
8	guidelines to ensure that the certification process re-
9	sults in buildings meeting the applicable certification
10	system and level identified under clause (i)(II). An
11	agency employing an internal certification process
12	must continue to obtain external certification by the
13	certification entity identified under clause (i)(II) for
14	at least 5 percent of the total number of buildings
15	certified annually by the agency.
16	"(v) With respect to privatized military hous-
17	ing, the Secretary of Defense, after consultation
18	with the Secretary may, through rulemaking, develop
19	alternative criteria to those established by subclauses
20	(I) and (II) of clause (i) that achieve an equivalent
21	result in terms of energy savings, sustainable design,
22	and green building performance.
23	"(vi) In addition to any use of water conserva-
24	tion technologies otherwise required by this section,
25	water conservation technologies shall be applied to

- 1 the extent that the technologies are life-cycle cost-ef-
- 2 fective.".
- 3 (b) Definitions.—Section 303(6) of the Energy
- 4 Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6832(6)) is
- 5 amended by striking "which is not legally subject to State
- 6 or local building codes or similar requirements." and in-
- 7 serting ". Such term shall include buildings built for the
- 8 purpose of being leased by a Federal agency, and
- 9 privatized military housing.".
- 10 SEC. 6205. MANAGEMENT OF FEDERAL BUILDING EFFI-
- 11 CIENCY.
- 12 (a) Large Capital Energy Investments.—Sec-
- 13 tion 543 of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act
- 14 (42 U.S.C. 8253) is amended by adding at the end the
- 15 following new subsection:
- 16 "(f) Large Capital Energy Investments.—Each
- 17 Federal agency shall ensure that any large capital energy
- 18 investment in an existing building that is not a major ren-
- 19 ovation but involves replacement of installed equipment,
- 20 such as heating and cooling systems, or involves renova-
- 21 tion, rehabilitation, expansion, or remodeling of existing
- 22 space, employs the most energy efficient designs, systems,
- 23 equipment, and controls that are life-cycle cost effective.
- 24 Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of
- 25 the Carbon-Neutral Government Act of 2007, each Fed-

- 1 eral agency shall develop a process for reviewing each such
- 2 large capital energy investment decision to ensure that the
- 3 requirement of this subsection is met, and shall report to
- 4 the Office of Management and Budget on the process es-
- 5 tablished. Not later than one year after the date of enact-
- 6 ment of the Carbon-Neutral Government Act of 2007, the
- 7 Office of Management and Budget shall evaluate and re-
- 8 port to Congress on each agency's compliance with this
- 9 subsection.".
- 10 (b) Metering.—Section 543(e)(1) of the National
- 11 Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8253(e)(1))
- 12 is amended by inserting "By October 1, 2016, each agency
- 13 shall also provide for equivalent metering of natural gas,
- 14 steam, chilled water, and water, in accordance with guide-
- 15 lines established by the Secretary under paragraph (2)."
- 16 after "buildings of the agency.".
- 17 SEC. 6206. LEASING.
- 18 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 19 (b), effective 3 years after the date of enactment of this
- 20 Act, no Federal agency shall enter into a new contract
- 21 to lease space in a building that has not earned the Energy
- 22 Star label in the most recent year.
- 23 (b) Exception.—If—

1	(1) no space is available in such a building that
2	meets an agency's functional requirements, including
3	locational needs;
4	(2) the agency is proposing to remain in a
5	building that the agency has occupied previously;
6	(3) the agency is proposing to lease a building
7	of historical, architectural, or cultural significance,
8	as defined in section 3306(a)(4) of title 40, United
9	States Code, or space in such a building; or
10	(4) the lease is for no more than 10,000 gross
11	square feet of space,
12	the agency may enter into a contract to lease space in
13	a building that has not earned the Energy Star label in
14	the most recent year if the lease contract includes provi-
15	sions requiring that, prior to occupancy, or in the case
16	of a contract described in paragraph (2) not later than
17	6 months after signing the contract, the space will be ren-
18	ovated for all energy efficiency improvements that would
19	be cost effective over the life of the lease, including im-
20	provements in lighting, windows, and heating, ventilation,
21	and air conditioning systems.
22	SEC. 6207. PROCUREMENT AND ACQUISITION OF ALTER-
23	NATIVE FUELS.
24	No Federal agency shall enter into a contract for pro-
25	curement of an alternative or synthetic fuel, including a

1	fuel produced from non-conventional petroleum sources,
2	for any mobility-related use, other than for research or
3	testing, unless the contract specifies that the lifecycle
4	greenhouse gas emissions associated with the production
5	and combustion of the fuel supplied under the contract
6	must, on an ongoing basis, be less than or equal to such
7	emissions from the equivalent conventional fuel produced
8	from conventional petroleum sources.
9	SEC. 6208. CONTRACTS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY FOR EX-
10	ECUTIVE AGENCIES.
11	Section 501(b)(1) of title 40, United States Code, is
12	amended—
13	(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "A con-
14	tract" and inserting "Except as provided in subpara-
15	graph (C), a contract"; and
16	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
17	namamanh.
	paragraph:
18	"(C) Renewable energy contracts.—
18 19	
	"(C) Renewable energy contracts.—
19	"(C) Renewable energy contracts.— A contract for renewable energy may be made
19 20	"(C) Renewable energy contracts.— A contract for renewable energy may be made for a period of not more than 30 years. For the
19 20 21	"(C) Renewable energy contracts.— A contract for renewable energy may be made for a period of not more than 30 years. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'renew-

1	ergy generated from municipal solid waste shall
2	not be considered renewable energy.".
3	SEC. 6209. GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY STATUS REPORTS.
4	(a) In General.—Each Federal agency subject to
5	any of the requirements of this title and the amendments
6	made by this title shall compile and submit to the Director
7	of the Office of Management and Budget an annual Gov-
8	ernment efficiency status report on—
9	(1) compliance by the agency with each of the
10	requirements of this title and the amendments made
11	by this title;
12	(2) the status of the implementation by the
13	agency of initiatives to improve energy efficiency, re-
14	duce energy costs, and reduce emissions of green-
15	house gases; and
16	(3) savings to American taxpayers resulting
17	from mandated improvements under this title and
18	the amendments made by this title
19	(b) Submission.—Such report shall be submitted—
20	(1) to the Director at such time as the Director
21	requires;
22	(2) in electronic, not paper, format; and
23	(3) consistent with related reporting require-
24	ments.

1	SEC. 6210. OMB GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY REPORTS AND
2	SCORECARDS.
3	(a) Reports.—Not later than April 1 of each year,
4	the Director of the Office of Management and Budget
5	shall submit an Annual Government Efficiency report to
6	the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of
7	the House of Representatives and the Committee on Gov-
8	ernmental Affairs of the Senate, which shall contain—
9	(1) a summary of the information reported by
10	agencies under section 6209;
11	(2) an evaluation of the Government's overall
12	progress toward achieving the goals of this title and
13	the amendments made by this title; and
14	(3) recommendations for additional actions nec-
15	essary to meet the goals of this title and the amend-
16	ments made by this title.
17	(b) Scorecards.—The Office of Management and
18	Budget shall include in any annual energy scorecard it is
19	otherwise required to submit a description of each agen-
20	cy's compliance with the requirements of this title and the
21	amendments made by this title.
22	SEC. 6211. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
23	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
24	as may be necessary to implement this subtitle.

1 SEC. 6212. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- 2 (a) Final Agency Action.—Any nondiscretionary
- 3 act or duty under this title or any amendment made by
- 4 this title is a final agency action for the purposes of judi-
- 5 cial review under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code.
- 6 (b) VENUE FOR CERTAIN ACTIONS.—The United
- 7 States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Cir-
- 8 cuit shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any petition for
- 9 review of action of the Administrator in promulgating any
- 10 rule under subtitle A of this title.
- 11 (c) LIMITATIONS.—No action under chapter 7 of title
- 12 5, United States Code, may be commenced prior to 60
- 13 days after the date on which the plaintiff has given notice
- 14 to the Federal agency concerned of the alleged violation
- 15 of this title or any amendment made by this title.
- 16 (d) Common Claims.—When civil actions arising
- 17 under this title or any amendment made by this title are
- 18 pending in the same court and involve one or more com-
- 19 mon questions of fact or common claims regarding the
- 20 same alleged Federal agency failure or failures to act, the
- 21 court may consolidate such claims into a single action for
- 22 judicial review. When civil actions arising under this title
- 23 or any amendment made by this title are pending in dif-
- 24 ferent districts and involve one or more common questions
- 25 of fact or common claims regarding the same alleged Fed-
- 26 eral agency failure or failures to act, such actions may

1	be consolidated pursuant to section 1407 of title 28,
2	United States Code.
3	(e) Aggrieved Persons.—A person shall be consid-
4	ered aggrieved within the meaning of this title or any
5	amendment made by this title for purposes of obtaining
6	judicial review under chapter 7 of title 5, United States
7	Code, if the person alleges—
8	(1) harm attributable to a Federal agency's
9	failure to reduce its greenhouse gas emissions in ac-
10	cordance with the requirements under this title or
11	any amendment made by this title, or take other ac-
12	tions required under this title or any amendment
13	made by this title; or
14	(2) a Federal agency's failure to collect and
15	provide information to the public as required by this
16	title or any amendment made by this title.
17	For purposes of this section, the term "harm" includes
18	any effect of global warming, currently occurring or at risk
19	of occurring, and the incremental exacerbation of any such
20	effect or risk that is associated with relatively small incre-
21	ments of greenhouse gas emissions, even if the effect or
22	risk is widely shared. An effect or risk associated with
23	global warming is "attributable" to a Federal agency's
24	failure to act as described in paragraph (1) if the failure
25	to act results in larger emissions of greenhouse gases than

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- 1 would have been emitted had the Federal agency followed
- 2 the requirements of this title or any amendment made by
- 3 this title, as any such incremental additional emissions will
- 4 exacerbate the pace, extent, and risks of global warming.
- 5 (f) Remedy.—
- 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the remedies 7 available under chapter 7 of title 5, United States 8 Code, a court may provide the remedies specified in 9 this subsection.
 - (2) Payment.—In any civil action alleging a violation of this title, if the court finds that an agency has significantly violated this title in its failure to perform any nondiscretionary act or duty under this title or any amendment made by this title, the court may award a payment, payable by the United States Treasury, to be used for a beneficial mitigation project recommended by the plaintiff or to compensate the plaintiff for any impact from global warming suffered by the plaintiff. The total payment for all claims by all plaintiffs in any such action shall not exceed the amount provided in section 1332(b) of title 28, United States Code. A court may deny a second payment under this section if the court determines that the plaintiff has filed multiple separate actions that could reasonably have been

1	combined into a single action. No payment may be
2	awarded under this paragraph for violations of an
3	agency's obligation to collect or report information
4	to the public. No court may award any payment
5	under this paragraph in any given year if the cumu-
6	lative payments awarded by courts under this para-
7	graph in such year are equal to or greater than
8	\$1,500,000.
9	(3) Costs.—A court may award costs of litiga-
10	tion to any substantially prevailing plaintiff or to
11	any other plaintiff whenever the court determines
12	such an award is appropriate. Such an award is ap-
13	propriate when such litigation contributes to the
14	Federal agency's compliance with this title or any
15	amendment made by this title. Costs of litigation in-
16	clude reasonable attorney fees and expert fees.
17	(4) Exclusive remedy.—Notwithstanding any
18	other provision of Federal law—
19	(A) no plaintiff who is awarded a payment
20	under this subsection for a failure to perform a
21	mandatory duty under this title or any amend-
22	ment made by this title may be awarded a pay-
23	ment for such failure under any other Federal
24	law; and

1	(B) no plaintiff may be awarded a pay-
2	ment under this subsection for a failure to per-
3	form a mandatory duty under this title or any
4	amendment made by this title if the plaintiff
5	has been awarded a payment for such failure
6	under any other Federal law.
7	(g) No State Court Action.—No person may
8	bring any action in State court alleging a violation of this
9	title or any amendment made by this title.
10	(h) Inapplicability to Procurement Pro-
11	TESTS.—No action may be commenced under this section
12	objecting to a solicitation by a Federal agency for bids
13	or proposals for a proposed contract or to a proposed
14	award or the award of a contract or any alleged violation
15	of statute or regulation in connection with a procurement
16	or a proposed procurement if such action may be brought
17	by an interested party under section 1491(b)(1) of title
18	28, United States Code, or subchapter V of title 31,
19	United States Code.
20	(i) Definition.—In this section, the term "person"
21	means a United States person. In the case of an indi-
22	vidual, such term means a citizen or national of the United
23	States.

1	TITLE VII—NATURAL RE-
2	SOURCES COMMITTEE PROVI-
3	SIONS
4	SEC. 7001. SHORT TITLE.
5	This title may be cited as the "Energy Policy Reform
6	and Revitalization Act of 2007".
7	Subtitle A—Energy Policy Act of
8	2005 Reforms
9	SEC. 7101. FISCALLY RESPONSIBLE ENERGY AMENDMENTS.
10	(a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH COST RECOVERY
11	Fee.—Section 365(i) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005
12	(Public Law 109–58; 42 U.S.C. 15924(i)) is amended to
13	read as follows:
14	"(i) Fee for Applications for Permits to
15	Drill.—
16	"(1) Requirement to establish cost re-
17	COVERY FEE.—The Secretary of the Interior shall
18	promulgate regulations to establish a cost recovery
19	fee for applications for a permit to drill for oil and
20	gas on Federal lands administered by the Secretary.
21	"(2) Temporary fee.—Until such time as a
22	fee is established by such regulations, the Secretary
23	shall charge a cost recovery fee of \$1,700 for each
24	such application received on or after October 1,
25	2007.

1	"(3) Deposit and use.—Amounts received by
2	the United States in the form of the fee established
3	under this subsection—
4	"(A) shall be available to the Secretary of
5	the Interior to administer permit processing;
6	and
7	"(B) shall be treated as offsetting re-
8	ceipts.".
9	(b) Repeal of BLM Permit Processing Im-
10	PROVEMENT FUND.—
11	(1) Repeal.—Section 35 of the Mineral Leas-
12	ing Act (30 U.S.C. 191) is amended by striking sub-
13	section (c).
14	(2) Treatment of Balance.—Any balances
15	remaining in the BLM Permit Processing Improve-
16	ment Fund on the effective date of this subsection
17	shall be transferred to the general fund of the
18	Treasury of the United States.
19	(3) Effective date.—This subsection shall
20	take effect on October 1, 2007.
21	SEC. 7102. EXTENSION OF DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION
22	OF APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS.
23	Subsection (p)(2) of section 17 of the Mineral Leas-
24	ing Act (30 U.S.C. 226) is amended by striking "30" and
25	inserting "45".

1	SEC. 7103. OIL SHALE AND TAR SANDS LEASING.
2	Section 369 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
3	U.S.C. 15927) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (c), by striking "not later than
5	180 days after the date of enactment of this Act,";
6	(2) in subsection (c), by striking "shall make"
7	and inserting "may make";
8	(3) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "Not later
9	than 18 months after the date of enactment of this
10	Act, in" and inserting "In";
11	(4) in subsection $(d)(2)$ —
12	(A) in the heading by striking "Final"
13	and inserting "Proposed"; and
14	(B) in the text by striking "final" and in-
15	serting "proposed";
16	(5) in subsection (d)(2), by striking "6" and in-
17	serting "12";
18	(6) in subsection (d)(2) by inserting after the
19	period "The proposed regulations developed under
20	this paragraph are to be open for public comment
21	for no less than 120 days.";
22	(7) by redesignating subsections (e) through (s)
23	as subsections (g) through (u), and by inserting
24	after subsection (d) the following:
25	"(e) OIL SHALE AND TAR SANDS LEASING AND DE-
26	VELOPMENT STRATEGY.—

1	"(1) GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after
2	the completion of the programmatic environmental
3	impact statement under subsection (d), the Sec-
4	retary shall prepare an oil shale and tar sands leas-
5	ing and development strategy, in cooperation with
6	the Secretary of Energy and the Administrator of
7	the Environmental Protection Agency.
8	"(2) Purpose.—The purpose of the strategy
9	developed under this subsection is to provide a
10	framework for regulations that will allow for the sus-
11	tainable and publicly acceptable large-scale develop-
12	ment of oil shale within the Green River Formation
13	and to provide a basis for decisions regarding Fed-
14	eral support for research and other activities to
15	achieve that result.
16	"(3) Contents.—The strategy shall include
17	plans and programs for obtaining information re-
18	quired for determining the optimal methods, loca-
19	tions, amount, and timeframe for potential develop-
20	ment on Federal lands within the Green River For-
21	mation. The strategy shall also include plans for
22	conducting critical environmental and ecological re-
23	search, high-payoff process improvement research,
24	an assessment of carbon management options, and a

1	large-scale demonstration of carbon dioxide seques-
2	tration in the general vicinity of the Piceance Basin.
3	"(f) ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES.—In developing the
4	strategy under subsection (e), the Secretary shall, in co-
5	operation with the Secretary of Energy and the Adminis-
6	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, consult
7	with industry and other interested persons regarding al-
8	ternative approaches to providing access to Federal lands
9	for early first-of-a-kind commercial facilities for extracting
10	and processing oil shale and tar sands.";
11	(8) in subsection (g), as so redesignated, by
12	striking "of the final regulation required by sub-
13	section (d)" and inserting "of final regulations
14	issued under this section";
15	(9) in subsection (g), as so redesignated, by
16	adding at the end the following: "Compliance with
17	the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 is
18	required on a site-by-site basis for all lands proposed
19	to be leased under the commercial leasing program
20	established in this subsection."; and
21	(10) in subsection (i)(1)(B), as so redesignated,
22	by striking "subsection (e)" and inserting "sub-
23	section (g)".

1	SEC. 7104. LIMITATION OF REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION RE-
2	GARDING APPLICATION OF CATEGORICAL
3	EXCLUSION UNDER NEPA FOR OIL AND GAS
4	EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVI-
5	TIES.
6	Section 390 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public
7	Law 109–58; 42 U.S.C. 15942) is amended by adding at
8	the end the following:
9	"(c) Adherence to CEQ Regulations.—In ad-
10	ministering this section, the Secretary of the Interior in
11	managing the public lands, and the Secretary of Agri-
12	culture in managing National Forest System lands, shall
13	adhere to the regulations issued by the Council on Envi-
14	ronmental Quality relating to categorical exclusions (40
15	C.F.R. 1507.3 and 1508.4), as in effect on the date of
16	enactment of this Act.".
17	SEC. 7105. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.
18	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
19	of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior, through the Bu-
20	reau of Land Management, shall amend the best manage-
21	ment practices guidelines for oil and gas development on
22	Federal lands, to—
23	(1) require public review and comment prior to
24	waiving any stipulation of an oil and gas lease for
25	such lands, except in the case of an emergency; and

1	(2) create an incentive for oil and gas operators
2	to adopt best management practices that minimize
3	adverse impacts to wildlife habitat, by providing ex-
4	pedited permit review for any operator that commits
5	to adhering to those practices without seeking waiver
6	of such stipulations.
7	SEC. 7106. FEDERAL CONSISTENCY APPEALS.
8	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
9	"Federal Consistency Appeals Decision Refinement Act".
10	(b) Clarification of Appeal Decision Time Pe-
11	RIODS AND INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.—Section
12	319(b) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16
13	U.S.C. 1465(b)) is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "160-day"
15	and inserting "200-day";
16	(2) in paragraph (3)(A)—
17	(A) by striking "160-day" and inserting
18	"200-day"; and
19	(B) by amending clause (ii) to read as fol-
20	lows:
21	"(ii) as the Secretary determines nec-
22	essary to receive, on an expedited basis,
23	any supplemental or clarifying information
24	relevant to the consolidated record com-
25	piled by the lead Federal permitting agen-

1	cy to complete a consistency review under
2	this title."; and
3	(3) in paragraph (3)(B) by striking "160-day"
4	and inserting "200-day".
5	Subtitle B—Federal Energy Public
6	Accountability, Integrity, and
7	Public Interest
8	CHAPTER 1—ACCOUNTABILITY AND IN-
9	TEGRITY IN THE FEDERAL ENERGY
10	PROGRAM
11	SEC. 7201. AUDITS.
12	(a) Requirement To Increase the Number of
13	AUDITS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall ensure that
14	by fiscal year 2009 the Minerals Management Service
15	shall perform no less that 550 audits of oil and gas leases
16	each fiscal year.
17	(b) STANDARDS.—Not later than 120 days after the
18	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior
19	shall issue regulations that require that all employees that
20	conduct audits or compliance reviews must meet profes-
21	sional auditor qualifications that are consistent with the
22	latest revision of the Government Auditing Standards pub-
23	lished by the Government Accountability Office. Such reg-
24	ulations shall also ensure that all audits conducted by the

1	Department of the Interior are performed in accordance
2	with such standards.
3	SEC. 7202. FINES AND PENALTIES.
4	(a) Sanctions for Violations Relating to Fed-
5	ERAL OIL AND GAS ROYALTIES.—Section 109 of the Fed-
6	eral Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982 (30
7	U.S.C. 1719) is amended to read as follows:
8	"CIVIL PENALTIES
9	"Sec. 109. (a) ROYALTY VIOLATIONS.—(1) No per-
10	son shall—
11	"(A) after due notice of violation or after such
12	violation has been reported under paragraph (3)(A),
13	fail or refuse to comply with any requirement of any
14	mineral leasing law or any regulation, order, lease,
15	or permit under such a law;
16	"(B) fail or refuse to make any royalty pay-
17	ment in the amount or value required by any min-
18	eral leasing law or any regulation, order, or lease
19	under such a law, with the intent to defraud;
20	"(C) fail or refuse to make any royalty payment
21	by the date required by any mineral leasing law or
22	any regulation, order, or lease under such a law,
23	with the intent to defraud; or
24	"(D) prepare, maintain, or submit any false, in-
25	accurate, or misleading report, notice, affidavit,
26	record, data, or other written information or filing

1	related to royalty payments that is required under
2	any mineral leasing law or regulation issued under
3	any mineral leasing law, with the intent to defraud.
4	"(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) shall be lia-
5	ble—
6	"(A) in the case of a violation of subparagraph
7	(B) or (C) of paragraph (1) for an amount equal to
8	3 times the royalty the person fails or refuses to
9	pay, plus interest on that trebled amount measured
10	from the first date the royalty payment was due;
11	and
12	"(B) in the case of any violation, for a civil
13	penalty of—
14	"(i) except as provided in clause (ii), up to
15	\$25,000 per violation for each day the violation
16	continues; or
17	"(ii) if the person failed or refused to
18	make a payment of royalty owed in an amount
19	less than \$25,000, an amount equal to 150 per-
20	cent of the royalty owed that was not paid;
21	"(3) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to a violation of
22	paragraph (1) if the person who commits the violation,
23	within 30 days of knowing of the violation—
24	"(A) reports the violation to the Secretary or a
25	representative designated by the Secretary; and

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1	"(B) corrects the violation.
2	"(b) Lease Administration Violations.—Any
3	person who—
4	"(1) fails to notify the Secretary of—
5	"(A) any designation by the person under
6	section 102(a); or
7	"(B) any other assignment of obligations
8	or responsibilities of the person under a lease;
9	"(2) fails or refuses to permit—
10	"(A) lawful entry;
11	"(B) inspection, including any inspection
12	authorized by section 108; or
13	"(C) audit, including any failure or refusal
14	to promptly tender requested documents;
15	"(3) fails or refuses to comply with subsection
16	102(b)(3) (relating to notification regarding begin-
17	ning or resumption of production); or
18	"(4) fails to correctly report and timely provide
19	operations or financial records necessary for the Sec-
20	retary or any authorized designee of the Secretary to
21	accomplish lease management responsibilities,
22	shall be liable for a penalty of up to \$10,000 per violation
23	for each day such violation continues.
24	"(c) Theft.—Any person who—

1	"(1) knowingly or willfully takes or removes,
2	transports, uses or diverts any oil or gas from any
3	lease site without having valid legal authority to do
4	so; or
5	"(2) purchases, accepts, sells, transports, or
6	conveys to another, any oil or gas knowing or having
7	reason to know that such oil or gas was stolen or
8	unlawfully removed or diverted,
9	shall be liable for a penalty of up to \$25,000 per violation
10	for each day such violation continues without correction.
11	"(d) Administrative Appeal.—(1) Any determina-
12	tion by the Secretary or a designee of the Secretary of
13	the amount of any royalties or civil penalties owed under
14	subsection (a), (b), or (c) shall be final, unless within 120
15	days after notification by the Secretary or designee the
16	person liable for such amount files an administrative ap-
17	peal in accordance with regulations issued by the Sec-
18	retary.
19	"(2) If a person files an administrative appeal pursu-
20	ant to paragraph (1), the Secretary or designee shall make
21	a final determination in accordance with the regulations
22	referred to in paragraph (1).
23	"(e) Deduction.—The amount of any penalty under
24	this section, as finally determined may be deducted from

- 1 any sums owing by the United States to the person
- 2 charged.
- 3 "(f) Compromise and Reduction.—On a case-by-
- 4 case basis the Secretary may compromise or reduce civil
- 5 penalties under this section.
- 6 "(g) Notice.—Notice under this subsection (a) shall
- 7 be by personal service by an authorized representative of
- 8 the Secretary or by registered mail. Any person may, in
- 9 the manner prescribed by the Secretary, designate a rep-
- 10 resentative to receive any notice under this subsection.
- 11 "(h) RECORD OF DETERMINATION.—In determining
- 12 the amount of such penalty, or whether it should be remit-
- 13 ted or reduced, and in what amount, the Secretary shall
- 14 state on the record the reasons for his determinations.
- 15 "(i) Judicial Review.—Any person who has re-
- 16 quested a hearing in accordance with subsection (e) within
- 17 the time the Secretary has prescribed for such a hearing
- 18 and who is aggrieved by a final order of the Secretary
- 19 under this section may seek review of such order in the
- 20 United States district court for the judicial district in
- 21 which the violation allegedly took place. Review by the dis-
- 22 trict court shall be de novo. Such an action shall be barred
- 23 unless filed within 90 days after the Secretary's final
- 24 order.

1	"(j) Failure To Pay.—If any person fails to pay
2	an assessment of a civil penalty under this Act—
3	"(1) after the order making the assessment has
4	become a final order and if such person does not file
5	a petition for judicial review of the order in accord-
6	ance with subsection (j), or
7	"(2) after a court in an action brought under
8	subsection (j) has entered a final judgment in favor
9	of the Secretary,
10	the court shall have jurisdiction to award the amount as-
11	sessed plus interest from the date of the expiration of the
12	90-day period referred to in subsection (j). Judgment by
13	the court shall include an order to pay.
14	"(k) Relationship to Mineral Leasing Act.—
15	No person shall be liable for a civil penalty under sub-
16	section (a) or (b) for failure to pay any rental for any
17	lease automatically terminated pursuant to section 31 of
18	the Mineral Leasing Act.
19	"(l) Tolling of Statutes of Limitation.—(1)
20	Any determination by the Secretary or a designee of the
21	Secretary that a person has violated subsection (a), (b)(2),
22	or (b)(4) shall toll any applicable statute of limitations for
23	all oil and gas leases held or operated by such person, until
24	the later of—

1	"(A) the date on which the person corrects the
2	violation and certifies that all violations of a like na-
3	ture have been corrected for all of the oil and gas
4	leases held or operated by such person; or
5	"(B) the date a final, nonappealable order has
6	been issued by the Secretary or a court of competent
7	jurisdiction.
8	"(2) A person determined by the Secretary or a des-
9	ignee of the Secretary to have violated subsection (a),
10	(b)(2), or (b)(4) shall maintain all records with respect
11	to the person's oil and gas leases until the later of—
12	"(A) the date the Secretary releases the person
13	from the obligation to maintain such records; and
14	"(B) the expiration of the period during which
15	the records must be maintained under section
16	103(b).
17	"(m) State Sharing of Penalties.—Amounts re-
18	ceived by the United States in an action brought under
19	section 3730 of title 31, United States Code, that arises
20	from any underpayment of royalties owed to the United
21	States under any lease shall be treated as royalties paid
22	to the United States under that lease for purposes of the
23	mineral leasing laws and the Land and Water Conserva-
24	tion Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-4 et seq.).".

1	(b) Shared Civil Penalties.—Section 206 of the
2	Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982
3	(30 U.S.C. 1736) is amended—
4	(1) by inserting "trebled royalties or" after "50
5	per centum of any"; and
6	(2) by striking the second sentence.
7	CHAPTER 2—AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL
8	OIL AND GAS ROYALTY MANAGEMENT
9	ACT OF 1982
10	SEC. 7211. AMENDMENTS TO DEFINITIONS.
11	Section 3 of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Man-
12	agement Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1702) is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (20)(A), by striking ": Pro-
14	vided, That' and all that follows through "subject of
15	the judicial proceeding";
16	(2) in paragraph (20)(B), by striking "(with
17	written notice to the lessee who designated the des-
18	ignee)";
19	(3) in paragraph (23)(A), by striking "(with
20	written notice to the lessee who designated the des-
21	ignee)'';
22	(4) by amending paragraph (24) to read as fol-
23	lows:
24	"(24) 'designee' means any person who pays,
25	offsets, or credits monies, makes adjustments, re-

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1	quests and receives refunds, or submits reports with
2	respect to payments a lessee must make pursuant to
3	section 102(a);";
4	(5) in paragraph (25)(B), by striking "(subject
5	to the provisions of section 102(a) of this Act)"; and
6	(6) in paragraph (26), by striking "(with notice
7	to the lessee who designated the designee)".
8	SEC. 7212. INTEREST.
9	(a) Estimated Payments; Interest on Amount
10	OF UNDERPAYMENT.—Section 111(j) of the Federal Oil
11	and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C.
12	1721(j)) is amended by striking "If the estimated pay-
13	ment exceeds the actual royalties due, interest is owed on
14	the overpayment.".
15	(b) Overpayments.—Section 111 of the Federal Oil
16	and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C.
17	1721) is amended by striking subsections (h) and (i).
18	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
19	this section shall be effective one year after the date of
20	enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 7213. OBLIGATION PERIOD.

- 22 Section 115(c) of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty
- Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1724(c)) is amended
- 24 by adding at the end the following:

1	"(3) Adjustments.—In the case of an adjust-
2	ment under section 111A(a) (30 U.S.C. 1721a(a)) in
3	which a recoupment by the lessee results in an un-
4	derpayment of an obligation, for purposes of this Act
5	the obligation becomes due on the date the lessee or
6	its designee makes the adjustment.".
7	SEC. 7214. TOLLING AGREEMENTS AND SUBPOENAS.
8	(a) Tolling Agreements.—Section 115(d)(1) of
9	the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982
10	(30 U.S.C. 1724(d)(1)) is amended by striking "(with no-
11	tice to the lessee who designated the designee)".
12	(b) Subpoenas.—Section 115(d)(2)(A) of the Fed-
13	eral Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982 (30
14	U.S.C. 1724(d)(2)(A)) is amended by striking "(with no-
15	tice to the lessee who designated the designee, which notice
16	shall not constitute a subpoena to the lessee)".
17	SEC. 7215. LIABILITY FOR ROYALTY PAYMENTS.
18	Section 102(a) of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty
19	Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1712(a)) is amended
20	to read as follows:
21	"(a) In order to increase receipts and achieve effec-
22	tive collections of royalty and other payments, a lessee who
23	is required to make any royalty or other payment under
24	a lease or under the mineral leasing laws, shall make such

25 payments in the time and manner as may be specified by

1	the Secretary or the applicable delegated State. Any per-
2	son who pays, offsets or credits monies, makes adjust-
3	ments, requests and receives refunds, or submits reports
4	with respect to payments the lessee must make is the les-
5	see's designee under this Act. Notwithstanding any other
6	provision of this Act to the contrary, a designee shall be
7	liable for any payment obligation of any lessee on whose
8	behalf the designee pays royalty under the lease. The per-
9	son owning operating rights in a lease and a person own-
10	ing legal record title in a lease shall be liable for that per-
11	son's pro rata share of payment obligations under the
12	lease.".
13	CHAPTER 3—PUBLIC INTEREST IN THE
13 14	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM
14	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM
14 15	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION.
14 15 16	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION. (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—
14 15 16 17	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION. (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section— (1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
14 15 16 17 18	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION. (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section— (1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior;
14 15 16 17 18	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION. (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section— (1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior; (2) the term "lease" means a lease issued by
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION. (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section— (1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior; (2) the term "lease" means a lease issued by the Secretary under the Mineral Leasing Act (30)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION. (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section— (1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior; (2) the term "lease" means a lease issued by the Secretary under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.);
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FEDERAL ENERGY PROGRAM SEC. 7221. SURFACE OWNER PROTECTION. (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section— (1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior; (2) the term "lease" means a lease issued by the Secretary under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.); (3) the term "lessee" means the holder of a secretary means the secretary under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.);

1	lease for the operations conducted on leased lands or
2	any portion thereof.
3	(b) Post-Lease Surface Use Agreement.—
4	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
5	section (c), the Secretary may not authorize any op-
6	erator to conduct exploration and drilling operations
7	on lands with respect to which title to oil and gas
8	resources is held by the United States but title to
9	the surface estate is not held by the United States
10	until the operator has filed with the Secretary a doc-
11	ument, signed by the operator and the surface owner
12	or owners, showing that the operator has secured a
13	written surface use agreement between the operator
14	and the surface owner or owners that meets the re-
15	quirements of paragraph (2).
16	(2) Contents.—The surface use agreement
17	shall provide for—
18	(A) the use of only such portion of the sur-
19	face estate as is reasonably necessary for explo-
20	ration and drilling operations based on site-spe-
21	cific conditions;
22	(B) the accommodation of the surface es-
23	tate owner to the maximum extent practicable.
24	including the location, use, timing, and type of
25	exploration and drilling operations, consistent

1	with the operator's right to develop the oil and
2	gas estate;
3	(C) the reclamation of the site to a condi-
4	tion capable of supporting the uses which such
5	lands were capable of supporting prior to explo-
6	ration and drilling operations or other uses as
7	agreed to by the operator and the surface
8	owner; and
9	(D) compensation for damages as a result
10	of exploration and drilling operations, including
11	but not limited to—
12	(i) loss of income and increased costs
13	incurred;
14	(ii) damage to or destruction of per-
15	sonal property, including crops, forage, and
16	livestock; and
17	(iii) failure to reclaim the site in ac-
18	cordance with this subparagraph (C).
19	(3) Procedure.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—An operator shall no-
21	tify the surface estate owner or owners of the
22	operator's desire to conclude an agreement
23	under this section. If the surface estate owner
24	and the operator do not reach an agreement
25	within 90 days after the operator has provided

1	such notice, the matter shall be referred to
2	third party arbitration for resolution within a
3	period of 90 days. The cost of such arbitration
4	shall be the responsibility of the operator.
5	(B) IDENTIFICATION OF ARBITERS.—The
6	Secretary shall identify persons with experience
7	in conducting arbitrations and shall make this
8	information available to operators and surface
9	owners.
10	(C) Referral to identified arbi-
11	TER.—Referral of a matter for arbitration by a
12	person identified by the Secretary pursuant to
13	subparagraph (B) shall be sufficient to con-
14	stitute compliance with subparagraph (A).
15	(4) Attorneys fees.—If action is taken to
16	enforce or interpret any of the terms and conditions
17	contained in a surface use agreement, the prevailing
18	party shall be reimbursed by the other party for rea-
19	sonable attorneys fees and actual costs incurred, in
20	addition to any other relief which a court or arbitra-
21	tion panel may grant.
22	(c) Authorized Exploration and Drilling Op-
23	ERATIONS.—
24	(1) Authorization without surface use
25	AGREEMENT.—The Secretary may authorize an op-

1	erator to conduct exploration and drilling operations
2	on lands covered by subsection (b) in the absence of
3	an agreement with the surface estate owner or own-
4	ers, if—
5	(A) the Secretary makes a determination
6	in writing that the operator made a good faith
7	attempt to conclude such an agreement, includ-
8	ing referral of the matter to arbitration pursu-
9	ant to subsection (b)(3), but that no agreement
10	was concluded within 90 days after the referral
11	to arbitration;
12	(B) the operator submits a plan of oper-
13	ations that provides for the matters specified in
14	subsection (b)(2) and for compliance with all
15	other applicable requirements of Federal and
16	State law; and
17	(C) the operator posts a bond or other fi-
18	nancial assurance in an amount the Secretary
19	determines to be adequate to ensure compensa-
20	tion to the surface estate owner for any dam-
21	ages to the site, in the form of a surety bond
22	trust fund, letter of credit, government security
23	certificate of deposit, cash, or equivalent.

1	(2) Surface owner participation.—The
2	Secretary shall provide surface estate owners with
3	an opportunity to—
4	(A) comment on plans of operations in ad-
5	vance of a determination of compliance with
6	this section;
7	(B) participate in bond level determina-
8	tions and bond release proceedings under this
9	subsection;
10	(C) attend an on-site inspection during
11	such determinations and proceedings;
12	(D) file written objections to a proposed
13	bond release; and
14	(E) request and participate in an on-site
15	inspection when they have reason to believe
16	there is a violation of the terms and conditions
17	of a plan of operations.
18	(3) Payment of financial guarantee.—A
19	surface estate owner with respect to any land subject
20	to a lease may petition the Secretary for payment of
21	all or any portion of a bond or other financial assur-
22	ance required under this subsection as compensation
23	for any damages as a result of exploration and drill-
24	ing operations. Pursuant to such a petition, the Sec-
25	retary may use such bond or other guarantee to pro-

1	vide compensation to the surface estate owner for
2	such damages.
3	(4) Bond Release.—Upon request and after
4	inspection and opportunity for surface estate owner
5	review, the Secretary may release the financial as-
6	surance required under this subsection if the Sec-
7	retary determines that exploration and drilling oper-
8	ations have ended and all damages have been fully
9	compensated.
10	(d) Surface Owner Notification.—The Sec-
11	retary shall—
12	(1) notify surface estate owners in writing at
13	least 45 days in advance of lease sales;
14	(2) within ten working days after a lease is
15	issued, notify surface estate owners regarding the
16	identity of the lessee;
17	(3) notify surface estate owners in writing with-
18	in 10 working days concerning any subsequent deci-
19	sions regarding a lease, such as modifying or
20	waiving stipulations and approving rights-of-way;
21	and
22	(4) notify surface estate owners within five
23	business days after issuance of a drilling permit
24	under a lease.

1	(e) Regulations.—The Secretary shall issue regula-
2	tions implementing this section by not later than 1 year
3	after the date of the enactment of this Act.
4	(f) Relationship to State Law.—Nothing in this
5	section preempts applicable State law or regulation relat-
6	ing to surface owner protection.
7	SEC. 7222. ONSHORE OIL AND GAS RECLAMATION AND
8	BONDING.
9	Section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
10	226) is amended by adding at the end the following:
11	"(q) Reclamation Requirements.—An operator
12	producing oil or gas (including coalbed methane) under
13	a lease issued pursuant to this Act shall—
14	"(1) at a minimum restore the land affected to
15	a condition capable of supporting the uses that it
16	was capable of supporting prior to any drilling, or
17	higher or better uses of which there is reasonable
18	likelihood, so long as such use or uses do not present
19	any actual or probable hazard to public health or
20	safety or pose any actual or probable threat of water
21	diminution or pollution, and the permit applicants'
22	declared proposed land use following reclamation is
23	not impractical or unreasonable, inconsistent with
24	applicable land use policies and plans, or involve un-

1	reasonable delay in implementation, or is violative of
2	Federal or State law;
3	"(2) ensure that all reclamation efforts proceed
4	in an environmentally sound manner and as contem-
5	poraneously as practicable with the oil and gas drill-
6	ing operations; and
7	"(3) submit with the plan of operations a rec-
8	lamation plan that describes in detail the methods
9	and practices that will be used to ensure complete
10	and timely restoration of all lands affected by oil
11	and gas operations.
12	"(r) Reclamation Bond or Other Financial As-
13	SURANCES.—An operator producing oil or gas (including
14	coalbed methane) under a lease issued under this Act shall
15	post a bond or other financial assurances that cover the
16	reclamation of that area of land within the permit area
17	upon which the operator will initiate and conduct oil and
18	gas drilling and reclamation operations within the initial
19	term of the permit. As succeeding increments of oil and
20	gas drilling and reclamation operations are to be initiated
21	and conducted within the permit area, the lessee shall file
22	with the regulatory authority an additional bond or bonds
23	or other financial assurances to cover such increments in
24	accordance with this section. The amount of the bond or
25	other financial assurances required for each bonded area

1	shall depend upon the reclamation requirements of the ap-
2	proved permit; shall reflect the probable difficulty of rec-
3	lamation giving consideration to such factors as topog-
4	raphy, geology of the site, hydrology, and revegetation po-
5	tential; and shall be determined by the Secretary. The
6	amount of the bond or other financial assurances shall be
7	sufficient to assure the completion of the reclamation plan
8	if the work had to be performed by the Secretary in the
9	event of forfeiture.
10	"(s) Regulations.—No later than one year after
11	the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary
12	shall promulgate regulations to implement the require-
13	ments, including for the release of bonds or other financial
14	assurances, of subsections (q) and (r).".
15	SEC. 7223. PROTECTION OF WATER RESOURCES.
16	(a) Mineral Leasing Act Requirements.—Sec-
17	tion 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226) is
18	further amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"(t) Water Requirements.—
20	"(1) In general.—An operator producing oil
21	or gas (including coalbed methane) under a lease
22	issued under this Act shall—
23	"(A) remediate or replace the water supply
24	of a water user who obtains all or part of such
25	user's supply of water for domestic, agricul-

1	tural, or other purposes from an underground
2	or surface source that has been affected by con-
3	tamination, diminution, or interruption proxi-
4	mately resulting from drilling operations for
5	such production; and
6	"(B) comply with all applicable require-
7	ments of Federal and State law for discharge of
8	any water produced under the lease.
9	"(2) Water management plan.—An applica-
10	tion for a permit to drill submitted pursuant to a
11	lease issued under this Act shall be accompanied by
12	a proposed water management plan including provi-
13	sions to—
14	"(A) protect the quantity and quality of
15	surface and ground water systems, both on-site
16	and off-site, from adverse effects of the explo-
17	ration, development, and reclamation processes
18	or to provide alternative sources of water if
19	such protection cannot be assured;
20	"(B) protect the rights of present users of
21	water that would be affected by operations
22	under the lease, including the discharge of any
23	water produced in connection with such oper-
24	ations that is not reinjected; and

1	"(C) identify any agreements with other
2	parties for the beneficial use of produced waters
3	and the steps that will be taken to comply with
4	State and Federal laws related to such use.".
5	(b) RELATION TO STATE LAW.—Nothing in this
6	chapter or any amendment made by this chapter shall—
7	(1) be construed as impairing or in any manner
8	affecting any right or jurisdiction of any State with
9	respect to the waters of such State; or
10	(2) be construed as limiting, altering, modi-
11	fying, or amending any of the interstate compacts or
12	equitable apportionment decrees that apportion
13	water among and between States.
14	(c) REGULATIONS.—No later than one year after the
15	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
16	Interior shall promulgate regulations to implement this
17	section.
18	(d) Intent of Congress.—Nothing in this section
19	shall be construed to be intended by Congress as a prece-
20	dent for oil and gas management on State or privately
21	owned land.
22	SEC. 7224. DUE DILIGENCE FEE.
23	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of the Interior
24	shall, within 180 days after the date of enactment of this
25	Act, issue regulations to establish a fee with respect to

- 1 Federal onshore lands that are subject to a lease for pro-
- 2 duction of oil, natural gas, or coal under which production
- 3 is not occurring. Such fee shall apply with respect to lands
- 4 that are subject to such a lease that is in effect on the
- 5 date final regulations are promulgated under this sub-
- 6 section or that is issued thereafter.
- 7 (b) Amount.—The amount of the fee shall be \$1 per
- 8 year for each acre of land that is not in production for
- 9 that year.
- 10 (c) Assessment and Collection.—The Secretary
- 11 shall assess and collect the fee established under this sec-
- 12 tion.
- 13 (d) Deposit and Use.—Amounts received by the
- 14 United States in the form of the fee established under this
- 15 section shall be available to the Secretary of the Interior
- 16 for use to repair damage to Federal lands and resources
- 17 caused by oil and gas development, in accordance with the
- 18 the documents submitted by the President with the budget
- 19 submission for fiscal year 2008 relating to the Healthy
- 20 Lands Initiative. Amounts received by the United States
- 21 as fees under this section shall be treated as offsetting
- 22 receipts.

1	CHAPTER 4—WIND ENERGY
2	SEC. 7231. WIND TURBINE GUIDELINES ADVISORY COM-
3	MITTEE.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Interior,
5	within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
6	shall convene or utilize an existing Wind Turbine Guide-
7	lines Advisory Committee to study and make recommenda-
8	tions to the Secretary on guidance for avoiding or mini-
9	mizing impacts to wildlife and their habitats related to
10	land-based wind energy facilities. The matters assessed by
11	the Committee shall include the following:
12	(1) The Service Interim Guidance on Avoiding
13	and Minimizing Wildlife Impacts from Wind Tur-
14	bines of 2003.
15	(2) Balancing potential impacts to wildlife with
16	requirements for acquiring the information necessary
17	to assess those impacts prior to selecting sites and
18	designing facilities.
19	(3) The scientific tools and procedures best able
20	to assess pre-development risk or benefits provided
21	to wildlife, measure post-development mortality, as-
22	sess behavioral modification, and provide compen-
23	satory mitigation for unavoidable impacts.
24	(4) A process for coordinating State, tribal,
25	local, and national review and evaluation of the im-

1	pacts to wildlife from wind energy consistent with
2	State and Federal laws and international treaties.
3	(5) Determination of project size thresholds or
4	impacts below which guidelines may not apply.
5	(6) Appropriate timetables for phasing-in guid-
6	ance.
7	(7) Current State actions to avoid and minimize
8	wildlife impacts from wind turbines in consultation
9	with State wildlife agencies.
10	(b) Committee Operations.—The Wind Turbine
11	Guidelines Advisory Committee shall conduct its activities
12	in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act
13	(5 U.S.C. App.). The Secretary is authorized to provide
14	such technical analyses and support as is requested by
15	such advisory committee.
16	(c) Committee Membership.—The membership of
17	the Wind Turbine Guidelines Advisory Committee shall
18	not exceed 20 members, and shall be appointed by the Sec-
19	retary of the Interior to achieve balanced representation
20	of wind energy development, wildlife conservation, and
21	government. The members shall include representatives
22	from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and
23	other Federal agencies, and representatives from other in-
24	terested persons, including States, tribes, wind energy de-
25	velopment organizations, nongovernmental conservation

- 1 organizations, and local regulatory or licensing commis-
- 2 sions.
- 3 (d) Report.—The Wind Turbine Advisory Com-
- 4 mittee shall, within 18 months after the date of enactment
- 5 of this Act, submit a report to Congress and the Secretary
- 6 providing recommended guidance for developing effective
- 7 measures to protect wildlife resources and enhance poten-
- 8 tial benefits to wildlife that may be identified.
- 9 (e) Issuance of Guidance.—Not later than 6
- 10 months after receiving the report of the Wind Turbine
- 11 Guidelines Advisory Committee under subsection (d), the
- 12 Secretary shall following public notice and comment issue
- 13 final guidance to avoid and minimize impacts to wildlife
- 14 and their habitats related to land-based wind energy facili-
- 15 ties. Such guidance shall be based upon the findings and
- 16 recommendations made in the report.
- 17 SEC. 7232. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR RE-
- 18 SEARCH TO STUDY WIND ENERGY IMPACTS
- 19 **ON WILDLIFE.**
- There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 21 retary of the Interior \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years
- 22 2008 through 2015 for new and ongoing research efforts
- 23 to evaluate methods for minimizing wildlife impacts at
- 24 wind energy projects and to explore effective mitigation
- 25 methods that may be utilized for that purpose.

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- 2 The Secretary shall enforce the Endangered Species
- 3 Act of 1973, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, the Bald
- 4 Eagle Protection Act, the Golden Eagle Protection Act,
- 5 the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1973, the National
- 6 Environmental Policy Act of 1969, and any other relevant
- 7 Federal law to address adverse wildlife impacts related to
- 8 wind projects. Nothing in this section preempts State en-
- 9 forcement of applicable State laws.

10 SEC. 7234. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

- 11 Nothing in this chapter preempts any provision of
- 12 State law or regulation relating to the siting of wind
- 13 projects or to consideration or review of any environmental
- 14 impacts of wind projects.

15 CHAPTER 5—ENHANCING ENERGY

16 TRANSMISSION

17 SEC. 7241. POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONS REPORT.

- 18 (a) Analysis.—The Secretary of Energy, acting
- 19 through the Administrator of the Bonneville Area Power
- 20 Marketing Administration in consultation with the West-
- 21 ern Area Power Marketing Administration, and in coordi-
- 22 nation with regional transmission entities, shall conduct,
- 23 or participate with such regional transmission entities to
- 24 conduct, an analysis of the existing capacity of trans-
- 25 mission systems serving the States of California, Oregon,
- 26 and Washington to determine whether the existing capac-

- 1 ity is adequate to accommodate and integrate development
- 2 and commercial operation of ocean wave, tidal, and cur-
- 3 rent energy projects in State and Federal marine waters
- 4 adjacent to those States.
- 5 (b) Report.—Based on the analysis conducted under
- 6 subsection (a), the Secretary of Energy shall prepare and
- 7 provide to the Natural Resources Committee of the House
- 8 of Representatives and the Energy and Natural Resources
- 9 Committee of the Senate, not later than one year after
- 10 the date of enactment of this Act, a report identifying
- 11 changes required, if any, in the capacity of existing trans-
- 12 mission systems serving the States referred to in sub-
- 13 section (a) in order to reliably and efficiently accommodate
- 14 and integrate generation from commercial ocean wave,
- 15 tidal, and current energy projects in aggregate, escalating
- 16 amounts equal to 2.5, 5, and 10 percent of the current
- 17 electrical energy consumption in those States.
- 18 (c) Activities Nonreimbursable.—Activities car-
- 19 ried out under subsection (a) or (b) shall be nonreimburs-
- 20 able.
- 21 (d) Existing Procedures and Queuing Not Af-
- 22 FECTED.—Nothing in this section supercedes existing pro-
- 23 cedures and queuing pursuant to the appropriate Open
- 24 Access Transmission Tariffs filed by the Administrators

1	of the Bonneville and Western Area Power Administra-
2	tions.
3	Subtitle C—Alternative Energy and
4	Efficiency
5	SEC. 7301. STATE OCEAN AND COASTAL ALTERNATIVE EN-
6	ERGY PLANNING.
7	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management
8	Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by in-
9	serting after section 306A the following:
10	"OCEAN AND COASTAL ALTERNATIVE ENERGY STATE
11	SURVEYS; ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SITE IDENTIFICA-
12	TION AND PLANNING
13	"Sec. 306B. (a) Grants to States.—The Sec-
14	retary may make grants to eligible coastal States to sup-
15	port voluntary State efforts to initiate and complete sur-
16	veys of portions of coastal State waters and Federal wa-
17	ters adjacent to a State's coastal zone, in consultation
18	with the Minerals Management Service, to identify poten-
19	tial areas suitable or unsuitable for the exploration, devel-
20	opment, and production of alternative energy that are con-
21	sistent with the enforceable policies of coastal manage-
22	ment plans approved pursuant to section 306(d).
23	"(b) Survey Elements.—Surveys developed with
24	grants under this section may include, but not be limited
25	to—
26	"(1) hydrographic and bathymetric surveys;

1	"(2) oceanographic observations and measure-
2	ments of the physical ocean environment, especially
3	seismically active areas;
4	"(3) identification and characterization of sig-
5	nificant or sensitive marine ecosystems or other
6	areas possessing important conservation, rec-
7	reational, ecological, historic, or aesthetic values;
8	"(4) surveys of existing marine uses in the
9	outer Continental Shelf and identification of poten-
10	tial conflicts;
11	"(5) inventories and surveys of shore locations
12	and infrastructure capable of supporting alternative
13	energy development;
14	"(6) inventories and surveys of offshore loca-
15	tions and infrastructure capable of supporting alter-
16	native energy development; and
17	"(7) other actions as may be necessary.
18	"(c) Participation and Cooperation.—To the ex-
19	tent practicable, coastal States shall provide opportunity
20	for the participation in surveys under this section by rel-
21	evant Federal agencies, State agencies, local governments,
22	regional organizations, port authorities, and other inter-
23	ested parties and stakeholders, public and private, that is
24	adequate to develop a comprehensive survey.

1	"(d) Guidelines.—The Secretary shall, within 180
2	days after the date of enactment of this section and after
3	consultation with the coastal States, publish guidelines for
4	the application for and use of grants under this section.
5	"(e) Annual Grants.—For each of fiscal years
6	2008 through 2011, the Secretary may make a grant to
7	a coastal State under this section if the coastal State dem-
8	onstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the
9	grant will be used to develop an alternative energy survey
10	consistent with the requirements set forth in this section.
11	"(f) Grant Amounts.—The amount of any grant
12	under this section shall not exceed \$750,000 for any fiscal
13	year.
14	"(g) State Match.—
15	"(1) Before fiscal year 2010.—The Sec-
16	retary shall not require any State matching fund
17	contribution for grants awarded under this section
	contribution for grants awarded under this section
18	for any fiscal year before fiscal year 2010.
18 19	
	for any fiscal year before fiscal year 2010.
19 20	for any fiscal year before fiscal year 2010. "(2) AFTER FISCAL YEAR 2010.—The Secretary
19	for any fiscal year before fiscal year 2010. "(2) AFTER FISCAL YEAR 2010.—The Secretary shall require a coastal State to provide a matching
19 20 21	for any fiscal year before fiscal year 2010. "(2) AFTER FISCAL YEAR 2010.—The Secretary shall require a coastal State to provide a matching fund contribution for a grant under this section for

1	"(B) a 1-to-1 ratio of Federal-to-State
2	contributions for fiscal year 2011.
3	"(3) Limitation.—The Secretary shall not re-
4	quire any matching funds for surveys of Federal wa-
5	ters adjacent to a State's coastal zone.
6	"(h) Secretarial Review.—After an initial grant
7	is made to a coastal State under this section, no subse-
8	quent grant may be made to that coastal State under this
9	section unless the Secretary finds that the coastal State
10	is satisfactorily developing its survey.
11	"(i) Limitation on Eligibility.—No coastal State
12	is eligible to receive grants under this section for more
13	than 4 fiscal years.
14	"(j) Applicability.—This section and the surveys
15	conducted with assistance under this section shall not be
16	construed to convey any new authority to any coastal
17	State, or repeal or supersede any existing authority of any
18	Federal agency, to regulate the siting, licensing, leasing,
19	or permitting of alternative energy facilities in areas of
20	the outer Continental Shelf under the administration of
21	the Federal Government. Nothing in this section repeals
22	or supersedes any existing coastal State authority pursu-
23	ant to State or Federal law.
24	"(k) Priority.—Any area that is identified as suit-
25	able for potential alternative energy development under

1	surveys developed with assistance under this section shall
2	be given priority consideration by Federal agencies for the
3	siting, licensing, leasing, or permitting of alternative en-
4	ergy facilities. Any area that is identified as unsuitable
5	under surveys developed with assistance under this section
6	shall be avoided by Federal agencies to the maximum ex-
7	tent practicable.
8	"(l) Assistance by the Secretary.—The Sec-
9	retary shall—
10	"(1) under section 307(a) and to the extent
11	practicable, make available to coastal States the re-
12	sources and capabilities of the National Oceanic and
13	Atmospheric Administration to provide technical as-
14	sistance to the coastal States to develop surveys
15	under this section; and
16	"(2) encourage other Federal agencies with rel-
17	evant expertise to participate in providing technical
18	assistance under this subsection.".
19	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
20	318(a) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16
21	U.S.C. 1464) is amended—
22	(1) in paragraph (1)(C) by striking "and" after
23	the semicolon;
24	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
25	the end and inserting a semicolon; and

1	(3) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(3) for grants under section 306B such sums
3	as are necessary; and".
4	SEC. 7302. CANAL-SIDE POWER PRODUCTION AT BUREAU
5	OF RECLAMATION PROJECTS.
6	(a) Evaluation and Report.—Not later than one
7	year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
8	retary of the Interior shall complete an evaluation and re-
9	port to Congress on the potential for developing rights-
10	of-way along Bureau of Reclamation canals and infra-
11	structure for solar or wind energy production through
12	leasing of lands or other means. The report to Congress
13	shall specify—
14	(1) location of potential rights-of-way for en-
15	ergy production;
16	(2) total acreage available for energy produc-
17	tion;
18	(3) existing transmission infrastructure at sites;
19	(4) estimates of fair market leasing value of po-
20	tential energy sites; and
21	(5) estimate energy development potential at
22	sites.
23	(b) Consultation.—In carrying out this section the
24	Secretary of the Interior shall consult with persons that
25	would be affected by development of rights-of-ways re-

1	ferred to in subsection (a), including the beneficiaries of
2	the canal and infrastructure evaluated under that sub-
3	section.
4	(c) Limitations.—Nothing in this section—
5	(1) shall be construed to authorize the Bureau
6	of Reclamation or any contractor hired by the Bu-
7	reau of Reclamation to inventory or access rights-of-
8	way owned or operated and maintained by non-Fed-
9	eral interests, unless such interests provide written
10	permission for such inventory or an agreement or
11	contract governing Federal access is in effect;
12	(2) shall be construed to impede accessibility,
13	impair project operations and maintenance, or create
14	additional costs for entities managing the rights-of-
15	way; or
16	(3) shall be used as the basis of an increase in
17	project-use power or preference power costs that will
18	be borne by the consumer.
19	SEC. 7303. INCREASING ENERGY EFFICIENCIES FOR WATER
20	DESALINATION.
21	The Water Desalination Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C.
22	10301 note; Public Law 104–298) is amended by adding
23	at the end the following new section:

1	"SEC. 10. RESEARCH ON REVERSE OSMOSIS TECHNOLOGY
2	FOR WATER DESALINATION AND WATER RE-
3	CYCLING.
4	"(a) Research Program.—The Secretary of the In-
5	terior, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall
6	implement a program to research methods for improving
7	the energy efficiency of reverse osmosis technology for
8	water desalination, water contamination, and water recy-
9	cling.
10	"(b) Report.—Not later than one year after the
11	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
12	Interior shall submit to Congress a report which shall in-
13	elude—
14	"(1) a review of existing and emerging tech-
15	nologies, both domestic and international, that are
16	likely to improve energy efficiency or utilize renew-
17	able energy sources at existing and future desalina-
18	tion and recycling facilities; and
19	"(2) an analysis of the economic viability of en-
20	ergy efficiency technologies.".
21	SEC. 7304. ESTABLISHING A PILOT PROGRAM FOR THE DE-
22	VELOPMENT OF STRATEGIC SOLAR RE-
23	SERVES ON FEDERAL LANDS.
24	(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to es-
25	tablish a pilot program for the development of strategic
26	solar reserves on Federal lands for the advancement, de-

1	velopment, assessment, and installation of commercial
2	solar electric energy systems.
3	(b) Strategic Solar Reserve Pilot Program.—
4	(1) SITE SELECTION.—The Secretary of the In-
5	terior, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy,
6	the Secretary of Defense, and the Federal Energy
7	Regulatory Commission, States, tribal, or local units
8	of governments, as appropriate, affected utility in-
9	dustries, and other interested persons, shall complete
10	the following:
11	(A) Identify Federal lands under the juris-
12	diction of the Bureau of Land Management,
13	subject to valid existing rights, that are suitable
14	and feasible for the installation of solar electric
15	energy systems sufficient to create a solar en-
16	ergy reserve of no less than 4 GW and no more
17	than 25 GW.
18	(B) Perform any environmental reviews
19	that may be required to complete the designa-
20	tion of such solar reserves.
21	(C) Incorporate the designated solar re-
22	serves into the relevant agency land use and re-
23	source management plans or equivalent plans.
24	(D) Identify the needed transmission up-
25	grades to the solar reserves.

1	(2) MINIMUM POWER OF SITES.—Each site
2	identified as suitable and feasible for the installation
3	of solar electric energy systems shall be sufficient for
4	the installation of at least 1 GW.
5	(3) Lands not included.—The following
6	Federal lands shall not be included within a stra-
7	tegic solar reserve site:
8	(A) Components of the National Land-
9	scape Conservation System.
10	(B) Areas of Critical Environmental Con-
11	cern.
12	(4) Implementation of the pilot program
13	FOR STRATEGIC SOLAR RESERVES.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
15	Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of
16	Energy and following the completion of the re-
17	quirements under paragraph (1)(B), shall expe-
18	ditiously implement a strategic solar reserve
19	pilot program in order to issue rights-of-way on
20	land identified under paragraph (1)(A) to
21	produce no less than 4 GW and no more than
22	25 GW of solar electric power from that land.
23	(B) Criteria for applications.—The
24	Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with
25	the Secretary of Energy, shall establish criteria

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1	for approving applications to obtain rights-of-
2	way on land under this paragraph based, in
3	part, on the proposed solar electric energy tech-
4	nologies proposed to be used on such rights-of-
5	way.
6	(C) Variety of technologies.—The
7	Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with
8	the Secretary of Energy, shall provide for a va-
9	riety of solar electric energy technologies to be
10	used on rights-of-way on land under this para-
11	graph.
12	(D) MILESTONES.—The Secretary of the
13	Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of
14	Energy, shall develop milestones for activities
15	on rights-of-way on land under this paragraph
16	to ensure due diligence in the development of
17	such land.
18	(5) Environmental compliance.—The Sec-
19	retary of the Interior shall complete all necessary en-
20	vironmental surveys, compliance, and permitting for
21	rights-of-way pursuant to title V of the Federal
22	Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 for each
23	strategic solar reserve, as expeditiously as possible.
24	Each applicant shall pay all costs of environmental

compliance, including when a determination is made

25

that the land that is the subject of the application
is not suitable and feasible for installation or the bid
is withdrawn following the initiation of such environ-
mental compliance.

(6) Permits.—The Secretary of the Interior shall ensure that all strategic solar reserve installations pursuant to this section are permitted using an expedited permitting process. The Secretary shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, complete the preparation of a Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement by the Departments of Energy and the Interior for purposes of this section.

(7) Rental fee; right-of-way term.—

(A) Rental fee.—The rental fee for each strategic solar reserve right-of-way under this subsection shall be in the amount of \$300 per acre per year for the initial 10-year period, except that the rental fee shall be phased-in for a right-of-way during the initial 3 years after the signing of the right-of-way authorization. For the first year the rental fee shall be 25 percent of that amount. For the second year the rental fee shall be 50 percent of that amount. For the third year and each year thereafter the fee shall be 100 percent of that amount, except

1	that the rental fee after the initial 10-year pe-
2	riod shall be adjusted by the Secretary of the
3	Interior according to the Gross Domestic Prod-
4	uct Implicit Price Deflator each year for the re-
5	mainder of the term of the right-of-way author-
6	ization. The rental fee shall be paid in annual
7	payments commencing on the day the right-of-
8	way authorization is signed. The rental fee es-
9	tablished by this paragraph shall apply to all
10	solar electric projects that have pending appli-
11	cations with the Bureau of Land Management
12	as of June 1, 2007.
13	(B) Term.—Each right-of-way authoriza-
14	tion shall be effective for an initial term of 30
15	years. Such term may be extended by the Sec-
16	retary of the Interior for periods of 10 years.
17	(8) Report to congress.—The Secretary of
18	the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of
19	Energy, shall submit a report to Congress on the
20	findings of the pilot program—
21	(A) not later than 3 years after the instal-
22	lation of the first facility pursuant to this sec-
23	tion; and
24	(B) 10 years after the installation of the
25	first facility pursuant to this section.

- 1 (c) Buy American Act.—Beginning 3 years after
- 2 the date of enactment of this Act, any equipment used
- 3 on lands included within a strategic solar reserve site must
- 4 be American-made, as that term is used in the Buy Amer-
- 5 ican Act (41 U.S.C. 10a et seq.).
- 6 (d) Sunset.—Except as provided in subsection
- 7 (b)(7), the authorities contained in this section shall expire
- 8 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 9 SEC. 7305. OTEC REGULATIONS.
- The Administrator of the National Oceanic and At-
- 11 mospheric Administration shall, within two years after the
- 12 date of enactment of this Act, issue regulations necessary
- 13 to implement the Administrator's authority to license off-
- 14 shore thermal energy conversion facilities under the Ocean
- 15 Thermal Energy Conversion Research, Development, and
- 16 Demonstration Act (42 U.S.C. 9001 et seq.).
- 17 SEC. 7306. BIOMASS UTILIZATION PILOT PROGRAM.
- 18 (a) Replacement of Current Grant Pro-
- 19 GRAM.—Section 210 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42)
- 20 U.S.C. 15855) is amended to read as follows:
- 21 "SEC. 210. BIOMASS UTILIZATION PILOT PROGRAM.
- "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 23 "(1) The supply of woody biomass for energy
- 24 production is directly linked to forest management

1	planning to a degree far greater than in the case of
2	other types of energy development.
3	"(2) As a consequence of this linkage, the proc-
4	ess of developing and evaluating appropriate tech-
5	nologies and facilities for woody biomass energy and
6	utilization must be integrated with long-term forest
7	management planning processes, particularly in situ-
8	ations where Federal lands dominate the forested
9	landscape.
10	"(b) Biomass Definition for Federal Forest
11	Lands.—In this section, with respect to organic material
12	removed from National Forest System lands or from pub-
13	lic lands administered by the Secretary of the Interior, the
14	term 'biomass' covers only organic material from—
15	"(1) ecological forest restoration;
16	"(2) small-diameter byproducts of hazardous
17	fuels treatments;
18	"(3) pre-commercial thinnings;
19	"(4) brush;
20	"(5) mill residues; and
21	"(6) slash.
22	"(c) Pilot Program.—The Secretary of Agriculture
23	and the Secretary of the Interior shall establish a pilot
24	program, to be known as the 'Biomass Utilization Pilot
25	Program', involving 10 different forest types on Federal

1	lands, under which the Secretary concerned will provide
2	technical assistance and grants to persons to support the
3	following biomass-related activities:
4	"(1) The development of biomass utilization in-
5	frastructure to support hazardous fuel reduction and
6	ecological forest restoration.
7	"(2) The research and implementation of inte-
8	grated facilities that seek to utilize woody biomass
9	for its highest and best uses, with particular empha-
10	sis on projects that are linked to implementing com-
11	munity wildfire protection plans, ecological forest
12	restoration, and economic development in rural com-
13	munities.
14	"(3) The testing of multiple technologies and
15	approaches to biomass utilization for energy, with
16	emphasis on improving energy efficiency, developing
17	thermal applications and distributed heat, biofuels,
18	and achieving cleaner emissions including through
19	combustion with other fuels, as well as other value-
20	added uses.
21	"(d) Biomass Supply Study.—Prior to the develop-
22	ment of any biomass utilization pilot projects, the Sec-
23	retary concerned shall develop a study to determine the
24	long-term, ecologically sustainable, biomass supply avail-
25	able in the pilot program area. The study shall incorporate

1	results form coordinated resource offering protocol
2	(CROP) studies. The study shall also analyze the long-
3	term availability of biomass materials within a reasonable
4	transportation distance. The biomass supply studies shall
5	be developed through a collaborative approach, as evi-
6	denced by the broad involvement, analysis, and agreement
7	of interested persons, including local governments, energy
8	developers, conservationists, and land management agen-
9	cies. The results of the biomass supply study shall be a
10	basis for determining the project scale, as outlined in sub-
11	section (g).
12	"(e) Exclusion of Certain Federal Land.—The
13	following Federal lands may not be included within a pilot
14	project site:
15	"(1) Federal land containing old-growth forest
16	or late-successional forest, unless the Secretary con-
17	cerned determines that the pilot project on such land
18	is appropriate for the applicable forest type and
19	maximizes and enhances the retention of late-succes-
20	sional and large- and old-growth trees, late-succes-
21	sional and old-growth forest structure, and late-suc-
22	cessional and old-growth forest composition.
23	"(2) Federal land on which the removal of vege-
24	tation is prohibited, including components of the Na-
25	tional Wilderness Preservation System.

1	"(3) Wilderness Study Areas.
2	"(4) Inventoried roadless areas.
3	"(5) Components of the National Landscape
4	Conservation System.
5	"(6) National Monuments.
6	"(f) Multiple Projects.—In conducting the pilot
7	program, the Secretary concerned shall include a variety
8	of projects involving—
9	"(1) innovations in facilities of various sizes
10	and processing techniques; and
11	"(2) the full spectrum of woody biomass pro-
12	ducing regions of the United States.
13	"(g) Selection Criteria and Project Scale.—
14	In selecting the projects to be conducted under the pilot
15	program, and the appropriate scale of projects, the Sec-
16	retary concerned shall consider criteria that evaluate exist-
17	ing economic, ecological, and social conditions, focusing on
18	opportunities such as workforce training, job creation, eco-
19	system health, reducing energy costs, and facilitating the
20	production of alternative energy fuels. The agreement on
21	the scale of a project shall be reached through a collabo-
22	rative approach, as evidenced by the broad involvement,
23	analysis, and agreement of interested persons, including
24	local governments, energy developers, conservationists,
25	and land management agencies. In selecting the appro-

1	priate scale of projects to be conducted under the pilot
2	program, the Secretary concerned shall also consider the
3	results of the supply study as outlined in subsection (d).
4	"(h) Monitoring and Reporting Require-
5	MENTS.—As part of the pilot program, the Secretary con-
6	cerned shall impose monitoring and reporting require-
7	ments to ensure that the ecological, social, and economic
8	effects of the projects conducted under the pilot program
9	are being monitored and that the accomplishments, chal-
10	lenges, and lessons of each project are recorded and re-
11	ported.
12	"(i) Other Definitions.—In this section:
13	"(1) Highest and best use.—The term
14	'highest and best use', with regard to biomass,
15	means—
16	"(A) creating from raw materials those
17	products and those biomass uses that will
18	achieve the highest market value; and
19	"(B) yielding a wide range of existing and
20	innovative products and biomass uses that cre-
21	ate new markets, stimulate existing ones, and
22	improve rural economies, maintains or improves
23	ecosystem integrity, while also supporting tradi-
24	tional biomass energy generation.

1	"(2) PILOT PROGRAM.—The term 'pilot pro-
2	gram' means the Biomass Utilization Pilot Program
3	established pursuant to this section.
4	"(3) Secretary concerned.—The term 'Sec-
5	retary concerned' means the Secretary of Agri-
6	culture, with respect to National Forest System
7	lands, and the Secretary of the Interior, with respect
8	to public lands administered by the Secretary of the
9	Interior.
10	"(4) Community wildfire protection
11	PLAN.—The term 'community wildfire protection
12	plan' has the meaning given that term in section
13	101(3) of the Healthy Forest Restoration Act of
14	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6511(3)), which is further de-
15	scribed by the Western Governors Association in the
16	document entitled 'Preparing a Community Wildfire
17	Protection Plan: A Handbook for Wildland-Interface
18	Communities' and dated March 2004.
19	"(5) FEDERAL LAND.—The term 'Federal land'
20	means—
21	"(A) land of the National Forest System
22	(as defined in section 11(a) of the Forest and
23	Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act
24	of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1609(a)) administered by

1	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the
2	Chief of the Forest Service; and
3	"(B) public lands (as defined in section
4	103 of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
5	ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702)), the sur-
6	face of which is administered by the Secretary
7	of the Interior, acting through the Director of
8	the Bureau of Land Management.
9	"(6) Inventoried roadless area.—The
10	term 'Inventoried roadless area' means one of the
11	areas identified in the set of inventoried roadless
12	areas maps contained in the Forest Service Roadless
13	Areas Conservation, Final Environmental Impact
14	Statement, Volume 2, dated November 2000.
15	"(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
16	is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
17	essary to carry out the pilot program.".
18	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
19	in section 1(b) of such Act is amended by striking the
20	item relating to section 210 and inserting the following
21	new item:
	"Sec. 210. Biomass utilization pilot program.".
22	SEC. 7307. PROGRAMMATIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT
23	STATEMENT.
24	The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the
25	Interior shall, in cooperation with the Federal Energy

1	Regulatory Commission and the Secretary of Energy, and
2	in consultation with appropriate State agencies, jointly
3	prepare programmatic environmental impact statements
4	which contain all the elements of an environmental impact
5	statement under section 102 of the National Environ-
6	mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332), regarding
7	the impacts of the deployment of marine and hydrokinetic
8	renewable energy technologies in the navigable waters of
9	the United States. One programmatic environmental im-
10	pact statement shall be prepared under this section for
11	each of the Environmental Protection Agency regions of
12	the United States. The agencies shall issue the pro-
13	grammatic environmental impact statements under this
14	section not later than 18 months after the date of enact-
15	ment of this Act. The programmatic environmental impact
16	statements shall evaluate among other things the potential
17	impacts of site selection on fish and wildlife and related
18	habitat. Nothing in this section shall operate to delay con-
19	sideration of any application for a license or permit for
20	a marine and hydrokinetic renewable energy technology
21	project.

1	Subtitle D—Carbon Capture and
2	Climate Change Mitigation
3	CHAPTER 1—GEOLOGICAL
4	SEQUESTRATION ASSESSMENT
5	SEC. 7401. SHORT TITLE.
6	This chapter may be cited as the "National Carbon
7	Dioxide Storage Capacity Assessment Act of 2007".
8	SEC. 7402. NATIONAL ASSESSMENT.
9	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
10	(1) Assessment.—The term "assessment"
11	means the national assessment of capacity for car-
12	bon dioxide completed under subsection (f).
13	(2) CAPACITY.—The term "capacity" means the
14	portion of a storage formation that can retain car-
15	bon dioxide in accordance with the requirements (in-
16	cluding physical, geological, and economic require-
17	ments) established under the methodology developed
18	under subsection (b).
19	(3) Engineered Hazard.—The term "engi-
20	neered hazard" includes the location and completion
21	history of any well that could affect potential stor-
22	age.
23	(4) Risk.—The term "risk" includes any risk
24	posed by geomechanical, geochemical,
25	hydrogeological, structural, and engineered hazards.

1	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
2	the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Di-
3	rector of the United States Geological Survey.
4	(6) Storage formation.—The term "storage
5	formation" means a deep saline formation,
6	unmineable coal seam, or oil or gas reservoir that is
7	capable of accommodating a volume of industrial
8	carbon dioxide.
9	(b) Methodology.—Not later than 1 year after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop
11	a methodology for conducting an assessment under sub-
12	section (f), taking into consideration—
13	(1) the geographical extent of all potential stor-
14	age formations in all States;
15	(2) the capacity of the potential storage forma-
16	tions;
17	(3) the injectivity of the potential storage for-
18	mations;
19	(4) an estimate of potential volumes of oil and
20	gas recoverable by injection and storage of industrial
21	carbon dioxide in potential storage formations;
22	(5) the risk associated with the potential stor-
23	age formations; and

1	(6) the Carbon Sequestration Atlas of the
2	United States and Canada that was completed by
3	the Department of Energy in April 2006.
4	(e) Coordination.—
5	(1) Federal coordination.—
6	(A) Consultation.—The Secretary shall
7	consult with the Secretary of Energy and the
8	Administrator of the Environmental Protection
9	Agency on issues of data sharing, format, devel-
10	opment of the methodology, and content of the
11	assessment required under this section to en-
12	sure the maximum usefulness and success of
13	the assessment.
14	(B) COOPERATION.—The Secretary of En-
15	ergy and the Administrator shall cooperate with
16	the Secretary to ensure, to the maximum extent
17	practicable, the usefulness and success of the
18	assessment.
19	(2) State coordination.—The Secretary
20	shall consult with State geological surveys and other
21	relevant entities to ensure, to the maximum extent
22	practicable, the usefulness and success of the assess-
23	ment.

1	(d) External Review and Publication.—On
2	completion of the methodology under subsection (b), the
3	Secretary shall—
4	(1) publish the methodology and solicit com-
5	ments from the public and the heads of affected
6	Federal and State agencies;
7	(2) establish a panel of individuals with exper-
8	tise in the matters described in paragraphs (1)
9	through (5) of subsection (b) composed, as appro-
10	priate, of representatives of Federal agencies, insti-
11	tutions of higher education, nongovernmental organi-
12	zations, State organizations, industry, and inter-
13	national geoscience organizations to review the
14	methodology and comments received under para-
15	graph (1); and
16	(3) on completion of the review under para-
17	graph (2), publish in the Federal Register the re-
18	vised final methodology.
19	(e) Periodic Updates.—The methodology devel-
20	oped under this section shall be updated periodically (in-
21	cluding at least once every 5 years) to incorporate new
22	data as the data becomes available.
23	(f) National Assessment.—
24	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after
25	the date of publication of the methodology under

1	subsection (d)(1), the Secretary, in consultation with
2	the Secretary of Energy and State geological sur-
3	veys, shall complete a national assessment of capac-
4	ity for carbon dioxide in accordance with the meth-
5	odology.
6	(2) Geological Verification.—As part of
7	the assessment under this subsection, the Secretary
8	shall carry out a drilling program to supplement the
9	geological data relevant to determining storage ca-
10	pacity of carbon dioxide in geological storage forma-
11	tions, including—
12	(A) well log data;
13	(B) core data; and
14	(C) fluid sample data.
15	(3) Partnership with other drilling pro-
16	GRAMS.—As part of the drilling program under
17	paragraph (2), the Secretary shall enter, as appro-
18	priate, into partnerships with other entities to collect
19	and integrate data from other drilling programs rel-
20	evant to the storage of carbon dioxide in geologic
21	formations.
22	(4) Incorporation into natcarb.—
23	(A) In general.—On completion of the
24	assessment, the Secretary of Energy shall incor-
25	porate the results of the assessment using the

1	NatCarb database, to the maximum extent
2	practicable.
3	(B) Ranking.—The database shall include
4	the data necessary to rank potential storage
5	sites for capacity and risk, across the United
6	States, within each State, by formation, and
7	within each basin.
8	(5) Report.—Not later than 180 days after
9	the date on which the assessment is completed, the
10	Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Natural
11	Resources of the House of Representatives and the
12	Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the
13	Senate a report describing the findings under the as-
14	sessment.
15	(6) Periodic updates.—The national assess-
16	ment developed under this section shall be updated
17	periodically (including at least once every 5 years) to
18	support public and private sector decisionmaking.
19	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
20	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
21	\$30,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2008 through
22	2012.

1	CHAPTER 2—TERRESTRIAL
2	SEQUESTRATION ASSESSMENT
3	SEC. 7421. REQUIREMENT TO CONDUCT AN ASSESSMENT.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Interior, act-
5	ing through the United States Geological Survey, shall—
6	(1) conduct an assessment of the amount of
7	carbon stored in terrestrial, aquatic, and coastal eco-
8	systems (including estuaries);
9	(2) determine the processes that control the
10	flux of carbon in and out of each ecosystem;
11	(3) estimate the potential for increasing carbon
12	sequestration in natural systems through manage-
13	ment measures or restoration activities in each eco-
14	system; and
15	(4) develop near-term and long-term adaptation
16	strategies that can be employed to enhance the se-
17	questration of carbon in each ecosystem.
18	(b) Use of Native Plant Species.—In developing
19	management measures, restoration activities, or adapta-
20	tion strategies, the Secretary shall emphasize the use of
21	native plant species for each ecosystem.
22	(c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall develop the
23	methodology and conduct the assessment in consultation
24	with the Secretary of Energy, the Administrator of the

1	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and
	•
2	the heads of other relevant agencies.
3	SEC. 7422. METHODOLOGY.
4	(a) IN GENERAL.—Within one year after the date of
5	enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop a meth-
6	odology for conducting the assessment.
7	(b) Publication of Proposed Methodology;
8	COMMENT.—Upon completion of a proposed methodology,
9	the Secretary shall publish the proposed methodology and
10	solicit comments from the public and heads of affected
11	Federal and State agencies for 60 days before publishing
12	a final methodology.
13	SEC. 7423. COMPLETION OF ASSESSMENT AND REPORT.
14	The Secretary shall—
15	(1) complete the national assessment within 3
16	years after publication of the final methodology
17	under section 7422; and
18	(2) submit a report describing the results of the
19	assessment to the House Committee on Natural Re-
20	sources and the Senate Committee on Energy and
21	Natural Resources within 180 days after the assess-

22

ment is completed.

1 SEC. 7424. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 3 this chapter \$15,000,000 for the period of fiscal years
- 4 2008 through 2012.

5 CHAPTER 3—SEQUESTRATION ACTIVITIES

- 6 SEC. 7431. CARBON DIOXIDE STORAGE INVENTORY.
- 7 Section 354 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42)
- 8 U.S.C. 15910) is amended by redesignating subsection (d)
- 9 as subsection (e), and by inserting after subsection (c) the
- 10 following:
- 11 "(d) Records and Inventory.—The Secretary of
- 12 the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Land Manage-
- 13 ment, shall maintain records on and an inventory of the
- 14 amount of carbon dioxide stored from Federal energy
- 15 leases.".
- 16 SEC. 7432. FRAMEWORK FOR GEOLOGICAL CARBON SE-
- 17 QUESTRATION ON FEDERAL LANDS.
- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 19 of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to
- 20 the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Rep-
- 21 resentatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural
- 22 Resources of the Senate a report on a recommended regu-
- 23 latory and certification framework for conducting geologi-
- 24 cal carbon sequestration activities on Federal lands. The
- 25 Secretary shall identify a lead agency within the Depart-
- 26 ment of the Interior to develop this framework. One of

1	the goals of the framework shall be to identify what ac-
2	tions need to be taken in order to allow for commercial-
3	scale geological carbon sequestration activities to be un-
4	dertaken on Federal lands as expeditiously as possible.
5	CHAPTER 4—NATURAL RESOURCES AND
6	WILDLIFE PROGRAMS
7	Subchapter A—Natural Resources
8	Management and Climate Change
9	SEC. 7441. NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT COUNCIL
10	ON CLIMATE CHANGE.
11	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of the Interior
12	shall establish a National Resources Management Council
13	on Climate Change to address the impacts of climate
14	change on Federal lands, the ocean environment, and the
15	Federal water infrastructure. The Council shall include
16	the head of each of the following agencies:
17	(1) The Bureau of Land Management.
18	(2) The National Park Service.
19	(3) United States Geological Survey.
20	(4) The United States Fish and Wildlife Serv-
21	ice.
22	(5) The Forest Service.
23	(6) The Bureau of Reclamation.
24	(7) The Council on Environmental Quality.
25	(8) The Minerals Management Service.

1	(9) The Office of Surface Mining Reclamation
2	and Enforcement.
3	(b) Plan.—Not later than one year after the date
4	of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior
5	shall submit a plan to Congress describing what the agen-
6	cies listed in subsection (a) shall do both individually and
7	cooperatively to accomplish the following:
8	(1) Working in cooperation with the United
9	States Geological Survey, develop an interagency in-
10	ventory and Geographic Information System data-
11	base of United States ecosystems, water supplies,
12	and water infrastructure vulnerable to climate
13	change.
14	(2) Manage land, water, and ocean resources in
15	a manner that takes into account projected climate
16	change impacts, including but not limited to, pro-
17	longed periods of drought and changing hydrology.
18	(3) Develop consistent protocols to incorporate
19	climate change impacts in land and water manage-
20	ment decisions across land and water resources
21	under the jurisdiction of those agencies listed in sub-
22	section (a).
23	(4) Incorporate the most current, peer-reviewed
24	science on climate change and the economic, social,
25	and ecological impacts of climate change into the de-

1	cision making process of those agencies listed in sub-
2	section (a).
3	(c) Coordination.—The activities of the Natural
4	Resources Management Council on Climate Change shall
5	be coordinated with the activities of the United States
6	Global Change Research Program.
7	Subchapter B—National Policy and Strategy
8	for Wildlife
9	SEC. 7451. SHORT TITLE.
10	This subchapter may be cited as the "Global Warm-
11	ing Wildlife Survival Act".
12	SEC. 7452. NATIONAL POLICY ON WILDLIFE AND GLOBAL
13	WARMING.
14	It is the policy of the Federal Government, in co-
15	operation with State, tribal, and affected local govern-
16	ments, other concerned public and private organizations,
17	landowners, and citizens to use all practicable means and
18	measures—
19	(1) to assist wildlife populations and their habi-
20	tats in adapting to and surviving the effects of glob-
21	al warming; and
22	(2) to ensure the persistence and resilience of
23	the wildlife of the United States, together with its
24	habitat, as an essential part of our Nation's culture,
25	landscape, and natural resources.

l	SEC.	7453.	DEFINITIONS	
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2	In this chapter:
3	(1) Ecological processes.—The term "eco-
4	logical processes" means the biological, chemical,
5	and physical interactions between the biotic and abi-
6	otic components of ecosystems, including nutrient
7	cycling, pollination, predator-prey relationships, soil
8	formation, gene flow, hydrologic cycling, decomposi-
9	tion, and disturbance regimes such as fire and flood-
10	ing.
11	(2) Habitat linkages.—The term "habitat
12	linkages" means areas that connect wildlife habitat
13	or potential wildlife habitat, and that facilitate the
14	ability of wildlife to move within a landscape in re-
15	sponse to the effects of global warming.
16	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
17	the Secretary of the Interior.
18	(4) WILDLIFE.—The term "wildlife" means—
19	(A) any species of wild, free-ranging fauna,
20	including fish and other aquatic species; and
21	(B) any fauna in a captive breeding pro-
22	gram the object of which is to reintroduce indi-
23	viduals of a depleted indigenous species into
24	previously occupied range.
25	(5) Habitat.—The term "habitat" means the
26	physical, chemical, and biological properties that are

1	used by wildlife for growth, reproduction, and sur-
2	vival, including aquatic and terrestrial plant commu-
3	nities, food, water, cover, and space, on a tract of
4	land, in a body of water, or in an area or region.
5	SEC. 7454. NATIONAL STRATEGY.
6	(a) Requirement.—
7	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall, within
8	two years after the date of the enactment of this
9	Act, on the basis of the best available science as pro-
10	vided by the science advisory board under section
11	7455, and in cooperation with State fish and wildlife
12	agencies and Indian tribes, promulgate a national
13	strategy for assisting wildlife populations and their
14	habitats in adapting to the impacts of global warm-
15	ing.
16	(2) Consultation and comment.—In devel-
17	oping the national strategy, the Secretary shall—
18	(A) consult with the Secretary of Agri-
19	culture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Admin-
20	istrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-
21	cy, local governments, conservation organiza-
22	tions, scientists, and other interested stake-
23	holders; and
24	(B) provide opportunity for public com-
25	ment.

1	(b) Contents.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall include
3	in the national strategy prioritized goals and meas-
4	ures to—
5	(A) identify and monitor wildlife popu-
6	lations, including game species, likely to be ad-
7	versely affected by global warming, with par-
8	ticular emphasis on wildlife populations at
9	greatest need for conservation;
10	(B) identify and monitor coastal, marine,
11	terrestrial, and freshwater habitat at greatest
12	risk of being damaged by global warming;
13	(C) assist species in adapting to the im-
14	pacts of global warming;
15	(D) protect, acquire, and restore wildlife
16	habitat to build resilience to global warming;
17	(E) provide habitat linkages and corridors
18	to facilitate wildlife movements in response to
19	global warming;
20	(F) restore and protect ecological processes
21	that sustain wildlife populations vulnerable to
22	global warming; and
23	(G) incorporate consideration of climate
24	change in, and integrate climate change adapta-
25	tion strategies for wildlife and its habitat into.

1	the planning and management of Federal lands
2	administered by the Department of the Interior
3	and lands administered by the Forest Service.
4	(2) Coordination with other plans.—In
5	developing the national strategy, the Secretary shall
6	to the maximum extent practicable—
7	(A) take into consideration research and
8	information in State comprehensive wildlife con-
9	servation plans, the North American Waterfowl
10	Management Plan, the National Fish Habitat
11	Action Plan, and other relevant plans; and
12	(B) coordinate and integrate, to the extent
13	consistent with the policy set forth in section
14	7452, the goals and measures identified in the
15	national strategy with goals and measures iden-
16	tified in such plans.
17	(c) REVISION.—The Secretary shall revise the na-
18	tional strategy not later than five years after its initial
19	promulgation, and not later than every ten years there-
20	after, to reflect new information on the impacts of global
21	warming on wildlife and its habitat and advances in the
22	development of strategies for adapting to or mitigating for
23	such impacts.
24	(d) Implementation.—

1	(1) Implementation on federal land sys-
2	TEMS.—To achieve the goals of the national strategy
3	and to implement measures for the conservation of
4	wildlife and its habitat identified in the national
5	strategy—
6	(A) the Secretary of the Interior shall exer-
7	cise the authority of such Secretary under this
8	title and other laws within the Secretary's juris-
9	diction pertaining to the administration of
10	lands; and
11	(B) the Secretary of Agriculture shall exer-
12	cise the authority of such Secretary under this
13	title and other laws within the Secretary's juris-
14	diction pertaining to the administration of
15	lands.
16	(2) Wildlife conservation programs.—To
17	the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary, the
18	Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Com-
19	merce shall utilize their authorities under other laws
20	to achieve the goals of the national strategy.
21	(e) Limitation on Effect.—Nothing in this sec-
22	tion creates new authority or expands existing authority
23	for the Secretary to regulate the uses of private property.
24	SEC. 7455. ADVISORY BOARD.
25	(a) Science Advisory Board.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish
2	and appoint the members of a science advisory board
3	comprised of not less than 10 and not more than 20
4	members recommended by the President of the Na-
5	tional Academy of Sciences with expertise in wildlife
6	biology, ecology, climate change and other relevant
7	disciplines. The director of the National Global
8	Warming and Wildlife Science Center established
9	under subsection (b) shall be an ex officio member
10	of the science advisory board.
11	(2) Functions.—The science advisory board
12	shall—
13	(A) provide scientific and technical advice
14	and recommendations to the Secretary on the
15	impacts of global warming on wildlife and its
16	habitat, areas of habitat of particular impor-
17	tance for the conservation of wildlife popu-
18	lations affected by global warming, and strate-
19	gies and mechanisms to assist wildlife popu-
20	lations and their habitats in adapting to the im-
21	pacts of global warming in the management of
22	Federal lands and in other Federal programs
23	for wildlife conservation;
24	(B) advise the National Global Warming
25	and Wildlife Science Center established under

1	subsection (b) and review the quality of the re-
2	search programs of the Center; and
3	(C) advise the Secretary regarding the best
4	science available for purposes of developing and
5	revising the national strategy under section
6	7454.
7	(3) Public availability.—The advice and
8	recommendations of the science advisory board shall
9	be available to the public.
10	(b) NATIONAL GLOBAL WARMING AND WILDLIFE
11	SCIENCE CENTER.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish
13	the National Global Warming and Wildlife Science
14	Center within the United States Geological Survey.
15	(2) Functions.—The National Global Warm-
16	ing and Wildlife Science Center shall—
17	(A) conduct scientific research on national
18	issues related to the impacts of global warming
19	on wildlife and its habitat and mechanisms for
20	adaptation to, mitigation of, or prevention of
21	such impacts;
22	(B) consult with and advise Federal land
23	management agencies and Federal wildlife
24	agencies regarding the impacts of global warm-
25	ing on wildlife and its habitat and mechanisms

1	for adaptation to or mitigation of such impacts,
2	and the incorporation of information regarding
3	such impacts and the adoption of mechanisms
4	for adaptation or mitigation of such impacts in
5	the management and planning for Federal
6	lands and in the administration of Federal wild-
7	life programs; and
8	(C) consult, and to the maximum extent
9	practicable, collaborate with State and local
10	agencies, universities, and other public and pri-
11	vate entities regarding their research, moni-
12	toring, and other efforts to address the impacts
13	of global warming on wildlife and its habitat.
14	(3) Integration with other federal ac-
15	TIVITIES.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Agri-
16	culture, and the Secretary of Commerce shall ensure
17	that research and other activities carried out pursu-
18	ant to this section are integrated with climate
19	change program research and activities carried out
20	pursuant to other Federal law.
21	(c) DETECTION OF CHANGES.—The Secretary, the
22	Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Commerce
23	shall each exercise authorities under other laws to carry
24	out programs to detect changes in wildlife abundance, dis-

1	tribution, and behavior related to global warming, includ-
2	ing—
3	(1) conducting species inventories on Federal
4	lands and in marine areas within the exclusive eco-
5	nomic zone of the United States; and
6	(2) establishing and implementing robust, co-
7	ordinated monitoring programs.
8	SEC. 7456. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
9	(a) Implementation of National Strategy.—Of
10	the amounts appropriated to carry out this subchapter for
11	each fiscal year—
12	(1) 45 percent are authorized to be made avail-
13	able to Federal agencies to develop and implement
14	the national strategy promulgated under section
15	7454 in the administration of the Federal land sys-
16	tems, of which—
17	(A) 35 percent shall be allocated to the
18	Department of the Interior to—
19	(i) operate the National Global Warm-
20	ing and Wildlife Science Center established
21	under section 7455; and
22	(ii) carry out the policy set forth in
23	section 7452 and implement the national
24	strategy in the administration of the Na-
25	tional Park System the National Wildlife

1	Refuge System, and on the Bureau of
2	Land Management's public lands; and
3	(B) 10 percent shall be allocated to the
4	Department of Agriculture to carry out the pol-
5	icy set forth in section 7452 and implement the
6	national strategy in the administration of the
7	National Forest System;
8	(2) 25 percent are authorized to be made avail-
9	able to Federal agencies to carry out the policy set
10	forth in section 7452 and to implement the national
11	strategy through fish and wildlife programs, other
12	than for the operation and maintenance of Federal
13	lands, of which—
14	(A) 10 percent shall be allocated to the
15	Department of the Interior to fund endangered
16	species, migratory bird, and other fish and wild-
17	life programs administered by the United
18	States Fish and Wildlife Service, other than op-
19	erations and maintenance of the national wild-
20	life refuges; and
21	(B) 15 percent shall be allocated to the
22	Department of the Interior for implementation
23	of cooperative grant programs benefitting wild-
24	life including the Cooperative Endangered Spe-
25	cies Fund, Private Stewardship Grants, the

1	North American Wetlands Conservation Act,
2	the Multinational Species Conservation Fund,
3	the Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation
4	Fund, and the National Fish Habitat Action
5	Plan, and used for activities that assist wildlife
6	and its habitat in adapting to the impacts of
7	global warming; and
8	(3) 30 percent are authorized to be made avail-
9	able for grants to States and Indian tribes through
10	the State and tribal wildlife grants program author-
11	ized under section 7461, to—
12	(A) carry out activities that assist wildlife
13	and its habitat in adapting to the impacts of
14	global warming in accordance with State com-
15	prehensive wildlife conservation plans developed
16	and approved under that program; and
17	(B) revise or supplement existing State
18	comprehensive wildlife conservation plans as
19	necessary to include specific strategies for as-
20	sisting wildlife and its habitat in adapting to
21	the impacts of global warming.
22	(b) Availability.—
23	(1) In general.—Funding is authorized to be
24	made available to States and Indian tribes pursuant
25	to this section subject to paragraphs (2) and (3).

1	(2) Initial 5-year period.—During the 5-
2	year period beginning on the effective date of this
3	title, a State shall not be eligible to receive such
4	funding unless the head of the State's wildlife agen-
5	cy has—
6	(A) approved, and provided to the Sec-
7	retary, an explicit strategy to assist wildlife
8	populations in adapting to the impacts of global
9	warming; and
10	(B) incorporated such strategy as a supple-
11	ment to the State's comprehensive wildlife con-
12	servation plan.
13	(3) Subsequent Period.—After such 5-year
14	period, a State shall not be eligible to receive such
15	funding unless the State has submitted to the Sec-
16	retary, and the Secretary has approved, a revision to
17	its comprehensive wildlife conservation plan that—
18	(A) describes the impacts of global warm-
19	ing on the diversity and health of the State's
20	wildlife populations and their habitat;
21	(B) describes and prioritizes proposed con-
22	servation actions to assist wildlife populations
23	in adapting to such impacts:

1	(C) establishes programs for monitoring
2	the impacts of global warming on wildlife popu-
3	lations and their habitats; and
4	(D) establishes methods for assessing the
5	effectiveness of conservation actions taken to
6	assist wildlife populations in adapting to such
7	impacts and for adapting such actions to re-
8	spond appropriately to new information or
9	changing conditions.
10	(c) Intent of Congress.—It is the intent of Con-
11	gress that funding provided to Federal agencies and
12	States pursuant to this subchapter supplement, and not
13	replace, existing sources of funding for wildlife conserva-
13	replace, existing sources of funding for whome conserva-
	tion.
14	
14 15	tion.
14 15 16	tion. Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program
14 15 16 17	tion. Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program
14 15 16 17	Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program SEC. 7461. STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS PRO-
114 115 116 117 118	Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program SEC. 7461. STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS PRO- GRAM.
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program SEC. 7461. STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS PRO- GRAM. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM.—There is author-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program SEC. 7461. STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS PRO- GRAM. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM.—There is authorized to be established a State and Tribal Wildlife Grants
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program SEC. 7461. STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS PROGRAM. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM.—There is authorized to be established a State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program to be administered by the Secretary of the Inte-
14 15 16	Subchapter C—State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program SEC. 7461. STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS PROGRAM. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM.—There is authorized to be established a State and Tribal Wildlife Grants Program to be administered by the Secretary of the Interior and to provide wildlife conservation grants to States

1	tribes for the planning, development, and implementation
2	of programs for the benefit of wildlife and their habitat,
3	including species that are not hunted or fished.
4	(b) Allocation of Funds.—
5	(1) In general.—Of the amounts made avail-
6	able to carry out this section for each fiscal year—
7	(A) 10 percent shall be for a competitive
8	grant program for Indian tribes that are not
9	subject to the remaining provisions of this sec-
10	tion;
11	(B) of the amounts remaining after the ap-
12	plication of subparagraph (A), and after the de-
13	duction of the Secretary's administrative ex-
14	penses to carry out this section—
15	(i) not more than one-half of 1 per-
16	cent shall be allocated to each of the Dis-
17	trict of Columbia and to the Common
18	wealth of Puerto Rico; and
19	(ii) not more than one-fourth of 1 per-
20	cent shall be allocated to each of Guam,
21	American Samoa, the United States Virgin
22	Islands, and the Commonwealth of the
23	Northern Mariana Islands; and

1	(C) of the amount remaining after the ap-
2	plication of subparagraphs (B) and (C), the sec-
3	retary shall apportion among the States—
4	(i) one-third based on the ratio that
5	the land area of each State bears to the
6	total land area of all States; and
7	(ii) two-thirds based on the ratio that
8	the population of each State bears to the
9	total population of all States.
10	(2) Adjustments.—The amounts apportioned
11	under subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) for a fis-
12	cal year shall be adjusted equitably so that no State
13	is apportioned under such subparagraph a sum that
14	is—
15	(A) less than 1 percent of the amount
16	available for apportionment under that subpara-
17	graph that fiscal year; or
18	(B) more than 5 percent of such amount.
19	(c) Cost Sharing.—
20	(1) Plan Development Grants.—The Fed-
21	eral share of the costs of developing or revising a
22	comprehensive wildlife conservation plan shall not
23	exceed 75 percent of the total costs of developing or
24	revising such plan.

1	(2) Plan implementation grants.—The
2	Federal share of the costs of implementing an activ-
3	ity in an approved comprehensive wildlife conserva-
4	tion plan carried out with a grant under this section
5	shall not exceed 50 percent of the total costs of such
6	activities.
7	(3) Prohibition on use of federal
8	FUNDS.—The non-Federal share of costs of an activ-
9	ity carried out under this section shall not be paid
10	with amounts derived from any Federal grant pro-
11	gram.
12	(d) Requirement for Plan.—
13	(1) In general.—No State, territory, or other
14	jurisdiction shall be eligible for a grant under this
15	section unless it submits to the Secretary a com-
16	prehensive wildlife conservation plan that—
17	(A) complies with paragraph (2); and
18	(B) considers the broad range of the State,
19	territory, or other jurisdiction's wildlife and as-
20	sociated habitats, with appropriate priority
21	placed on those species with the greatest con-
22	servation need and taking into consideration the
23	relative level of funding available for the con-
24	servation of those species.

1	(2) Contents.—The comprehensive wildlife
2	conservation plan must contain—
3	(A) information on the distribution and
4	abundance of species of wildlife, including low
5	and declining populations as the State, terri-
6	tory, or other jurisdiction's fish and wildlife
7	agency considers appropriate, that are indic-
8	ative of the diversity and health of the jurisdic-
9	tion's wildlife;
10	(B) the location and relative condition of
11	key habitats and community types essential to
12	conservation of species identified in subpara-
13	graph (A);
14	(C) descriptions of problems which may
15	adversely affect species identified in subpara-
16	graph (A) or their habitats, and priority re-
17	search and survey efforts needed to identify fac-
18	tors that may assist in restoration and im-
19	proved conservation of these species and habi-
20	tats;
21	(D) descriptions of conservation actions
22	proposed to conserve the identified species and
23	habitats and priorities for implementing such
24	actions;

1	(E) proposed plans for monitoring species
2	identified in subparagraph (A) and their habi-
3	tats, for monitoring the effectiveness of the con-
4	servation actions proposed in subparagraph
5	(D), and for adapting these conservation ac-
6	tions to respond appropriately to new informa-
7	tion or changing conditions;
8	(F) descriptions of procedures to review
9	the comprehensive wildlife conservation plan at
10	intervals not to exceed ten years;
11	(G) plans for coordinating the develop-
12	ment, implementation, review, and revision of
13	the comprehensive wildlife conservation plan
14	with Federal, State, and local agencies and In-
15	dian tribes that manage significant land and
16	water areas within the jurisdiction or admin-
17	ister programs that significantly affect the con-
18	servation of identified species and habitats; and
19	(H) provisions for broad public participa-
20	tion as an essential element of the development,
21	revision, and implementation of the comprehen-
22	sive wildlife conservation plan.
23	(e) Savings Clause.—State comprehensive wildlife
24	strategies approved by the Secretary pursuant to previous
25	congressional authorizations and appropriations Acts shall

1	remain in effect until such strategies expire or are revised
2	in accordance with their terms. Except as specified in sec-
3	tion 7456(b) with respect to funds made available under
4	such section, conservation and education activities con-
5	ducted or proposed to be conducted pursuant to such pre-
6	viously approved strategies shall remain authorized.
7	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
8	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
9	essary to carry out this section.
10	CHAPTER 5—OCEAN PROGRAMS
11	SEC. 7471. OCEAN POLICY, GLOBAL WARMING, AND ACIDI-
11	
12	FICATION PROGRAM.
12	FICATION PROGRAM.
12 13	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.—
12 13 14	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce,
12 13 14 15	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, shall, within two years after the date of enactment
12 13 14 15 16	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, shall, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, and on the basis of the best available
12 13 14 15 16 17	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, shall, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, and on the basis of the best available science, develop and implement a national strategy
12 13 14 15 16 17	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, shall, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, and on the basis of the best available science, develop and implement a national strategy using existing authorities and the authority provided
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, shall, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, and on the basis of the best available science, develop and implement a national strategy using existing authorities and the authority provided in this section to support coastal State and Federal
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, shall, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, and on the basis of the best available science, develop and implement a national strategy using existing authorities and the authority provided in this section to support coastal State and Federal agency efforts to—
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FICATION PROGRAM. (a) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, shall, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, and on the basis of the best available science, develop and implement a national strategy using existing authorities and the authority provided in this section to support coastal State and Federal agency efforts to— (A) predict, plan for, and mitigate the im-

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1	(B) ensure the recovery, resiliency, and
2	health of ocean and coastal ecosystems.
3	(2) Consultation and comment.—Before
4	and during the development of the national strategy,
5	the Secretary shall—
6	(A) consult with the Secretary of the Inte-
7	rior, the Administrator of the Environmental
8	Protection Agency, the Regional Fishery Man-
9	agement Councils, coastal States, Indian tribes,
10	local governments, conservation organizations,
11	scientists, and other interested stakeholders;
12	and
13	(B) provide opportunities for public notice
14	and comment.
15	(b) Contents.—
16	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall include
17	in the national strategy prioritized goals and meas-
18	ures to—
19	(A) incorporate climate change adaptation
20	strategies into the planning and management of
21	ocean and coastal programs and resources ad-
22	ministered by the Department of Commerce;
23	(B) support restoration, protection, and
24	enhancement of natural processes that minimize

1	the impacts of relative sea level rise, global
2	warming, and ocean acidification;
3	(C) minimize the impacts of global warm-
4	ing and ocean acidification on marine species
5	and their habitats;
6	(D) identify, protect, and restore ocean
7	and coastal habitats needed to build healthy
8	and resilient ecosystems;
9	(E) support the development of climate
10	change resiliency plans under the Coastal Zone
11	Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et
12	seq.);
13	(F) provide technical assistance and train-
14	ing to other Federal agencies, States, local com-
15	munities, universities, and other stakeholders;
16	and
17	(G) identify additional research that is
18	needed to better anticipate and plan for the im-
19	pacts of global warming and ocean acidification
20	on ocean and coastal resources.
21	(2) Coordination with other plans.—In
22	developing the national strategy, the Secretary
23	shall—
24	(A) take into consideration research and
25	information available in Federal, regional, and

1	State management and restoration plans and
2	any other relevant reports and information; and
3	(B) encourage and take into account State
4	and regional plans for protecting and restoring
5	the health and resilience of ocean and coastal
6	ecosystems.
7	(c) REVISION.—The Secretary shall revise the na-
8	tional strategy not later than 5 years after its promulga-
9	tion, and not later than every 10 years thereafter, to re-
10	flect new information on the impacts of global warming,
11	relative sea level rise, and acidification on ocean and coast-
12	al ecosystems and their resources and advances in the de-
13	velopment of strategies for adapting to or mitigating for
14	such impacts.
15	(d) Science Advisory Board.—
16	(1) Consultation.—The Secretary shall con-
17	sult with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
18	ministration's Science Advisory Board in the devel-
19	opment and implementation of the strategy.
20	(2) REVIEW INFORMATION.—The Science Advi-
21	sory Board shall periodically—
22	(A) review new information on the impacts
23	of global warming, relative sea level rise, and
24	acidification on ocean and coastal ecosystems
25	and their resources and advances in the devel-

1	opment of strategies for adapting to or miti-
2	gating for such impacts; and
3	(B) provide that information to the Sec-
4	retary.
5	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
6	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
7	necessary to implement this section. Amounts appro-
8	priated shall be used for the exclusive purpose of carrying
9	out the activities specified in this section.
10	(f) Report to Congress.—Copies of the strategy
11	and implementation plan and any updates shall be pro-
12	vided to Congress.
13	SEC. 7472. PLANNING FOR CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE
14	COASTAL ZONE.
14 15	coastal zone. (a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management
15	
15 16	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management
15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCY PLANNING
15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCY PLANNING" "Sec. 320. (a) In General.—The Secretary shall
15 16 17 18 19	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCY PLANNING" "Sec. 320. (a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish consistent with the national policies set forth in
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCY PLANNING" "Sec. 320. (a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish consistent with the national policies set forth in section 303 a coastal climate change resiliency planning
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCY PLANNING" "Sec. 320. (a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish consistent with the national policies set forth in section 303 a coastal climate change resiliency planning and response program to—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(a) In General.—The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCY PLANNING" "Sec. 320. (a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish consistent with the national policies set forth in section 303 a coastal climate change resiliency planning and response program to— "(1) provide assistance to coastal states to vol-

1	tions to climate change and to prepare for and re-
2	duce the negative consequences that may result from
3	climate change in the coastal zone; and
4	"(2) provide financial and technical assistance
5	and training to enable coastal states to implement
6	plans developed pursuant to this section through
7	coastal states' enforceable policies.
8	"(b) Guidelines.—Within 180 days after the date
9	of enactment of this section, the Secretary, in consultation
10	with the coastal states, shall issue guidelines for the imple-
11	mentation of the grant program established under sub-
12	section (c).
13	"(c) Climate Change Resiliency Planning
14	Grants.—
15	"(1) In general.—The Secretary, subject to
16	the availability of appropriations, may make a grant
17	to any coastal state for the purpose of developing cli-
18	mate change resiliency plans pursuant to guidelines
19	issued by the Secretary under subsection (b).
20	"(2) Plan content.—A plan developed with a
21	grant under this section shall include the following:
22	"(A) Identification of public facilities and
23	public services, coastal resources of national
24	significance, coastal waters, energy facilities, or
25	other water uses located in the coastal zone

1	that are likely to be impacted by climate
2	change.
3	"(B) Adaptive management strategies for
4	land use to respond or adapt to changing envi-
5	ronmental conditions, including strategies to
6	protect biodiversity and establish habitat buffer
7	zones, migration corridors, and climate refugia.
8	"(C) Requirements to initiate and main-
9	tain long-term monitoring of environmental
10	change to assess coastal zone resiliency and to
11	adjust when necessary adaptive management
12	strategies and new planning guidelines to attain
13	the policies under section 303.
14	"(3) State Hazard mitigation plans.—
15	Plans developed with a grant under this section shall
16	be consistent with State hazard mitigation plans de-
17	veloped under State or Federal law.
18	"(4) Allocation.—Grants under this section
19	shall be available only to coastal states with manage-
20	ment programs approved by the Secretary under sec-
21	tion 306 and shall be allocated among such coastal
22	states in a manner consistent with regulations pro-
23	mulgated pursuant to section 306(c).
24	"(5) Priority.—In the awarding of grants
25	under this subsection the Secretary may give priority

1	to any coastal state that has received grant funding
2	to develop program changes pursuant to paragraphs
3	(1), (2), (3), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of section 309(a).
4	"(6) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary
5	may provide technical assistance to a coastal state
6	consistent with section 310 to ensure the timely de-
7	velopment of plans supported by grants awarded
8	under this subsection.
9	"(7) Federal approval.—In order to be eligi-
10	ble for a grant under subsection (d), a coastal state
11	must have its plan developed under this section ap-
12	proved by the Secretary.
13	"(d) Coastal Resiliency Project Grants.—
14	"(1) In general.—The Secretary, subject to
15	the availability of appropriations, may make grants
16	to any coastal state that has a climate change resil-
17	iency plan approved under subsection $(c)(7)$, in
18	order to support projects that implement strategies
19	contained within such plans.
20	"(2) Program requirements.—The Sec-
21	retary within 90 days after approval of the first plan
22	approved under subsection $(c)(7)$, shall publish in
23	the Federal Register requirements regarding appli-
24	cations, allocations, eligible activities, and all terms
25	and conditions for grants awarded under this sub-

1	section. No less than 30 percent of the funds appro-
2	priated in any fiscal year for grants under this sub-
3	section shall be awarded through a merit-based com-
4	petitive process.
5	"(3) Eligible activities.—The Secretary
6	may award grants to coastal states to implement
7	projects in the coastal zone to address stress factors
8	in order to improve coastal climate change resiliency,
9	including the following:
10	"(A) Activities to address physical disturb-
11	ances within the coastal zone, especially activi-
12	ties related to public facilities and public serv-
13	ices, tourism, sedimentation, and other factors
14	negatively impacting coastal waters, and fish-
15	eries-associated habitat destruction or alter-
16	ation.
17	"(B) Monitoring, control, or eradication of
18	disease organisms and invasive species.
19	"(C) Activities to address the loss, deg-
20	radation or fragmentation of wildlife habitat
21	through projects to establish marine and terres-
22	trial habitat buffers, wildlife refugia or net-
23	works thereof, and preservation of migratory
24	wildlife corridors and other transition zones.

1	"(D) Implementation of projects to reduce,
2	mitigate, or otherwise address likely impacts
3	caused by natural hazards in the coastal zone,
4	including sea level rise, coastal inundation,
5	coastal erosion and subsidence, severe weather
6	events such as cyclonic storms, tsunamis and
7	other seismic threats, and fluctuating Great
8	Lakes water levels.
9	"(E) Provide technical training and assist-
10	ance to local coastal policy makers to increase
11	awareness of science, management, and tech-
12	nology information related to climate change
13	and adaptation strategies.".
14	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
15	318(a) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16
16	U.S.C. 1464) is further amended by adding at the end
17	the following:
18	"(4) for grants under section 320(c) and (d),
19	such sums as are necessary.".
20	(c) Intent of Congress.—Nothing in this section
21	shall be construed to require any coastal state to amend
22	or modify its approved management program pursuant to
23	section 306(e) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of
24	1972 (16 U.S.C. 1455(e)), or to extend the enforceable
25	policies of a coastal state beyond the coastal zone as iden-

tified in the coastal state's approved management pro-
gram.
SEC. 7473. ENHANCING CLIMATE CHANGE PREDICTIONS.
(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
"National Integrated Coastal and Ocean Observation Act
of 2007".
(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are the
following:
(1) Establish a National Integrated Coastal and
Ocean Observation System comprised of Federal and
non-Federal components, coordinated at the national
level by the National Ocean Research Leadership
Council and at the regional level by a network of Re-
gional Information Coordination Entities, that in-
cludes in situ, remote, and other coastal and ocean
observations, technologies, and data management
and communication systems, to gather specific coast-
al and ocean data variables and to ensure the timely
dissemination and availability of usable observation
data—
(A) to support national defense, marine
commerce, energy production, scientific re-
search, ecosystem-based marine and coastal re-
source management, weather and marine fore-

1	casting, public safety and public outreach train-
2	ing and education; and
3	(B) to promote greater public awareness
4	and stewardship of the Nation's ocean, coastal,
5	and Great Lakes resources and the general
6	public welfare.
7	(2) Improve the Nation's capability to measure,
8	track, explain, and predict events related directly
9	and indirectly to weather and climate change, nat-
10	ural climate variability, and interactions between the
11	oceanic and atmospheric environments, including the
12	Great Lakes.
13	(3) Authorize activities to promote basic and
14	applied research to develop, test, and deploy innova-
15	tions and improvements in coastal and ocean obser-
16	vation technologies, modeling systems, and other sci-
17	entific and technological capabilities to improve our
18	conceptual understanding of weather and climate,
19	ocean atmosphere dynamics, global climate change,
20	and physical, chemical, and biological dynamics of
21	the ocean and coastal and Great Lakes environ-
22	ments.
23	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
24	(1) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
25	National Ocean Research Leadership Council re-

1	ferred to in section 7902 of title 10, United States
2	Code.
3	(2) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
4	trator" means the Administrator of the National
5	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
6	(3) Federal assets.—The term "Federal as-
7	sets" means all relevant nonclassified civilian coastal
8	and ocean observations, technologies, and related
9	modeling, research, data management, basic and ap-
10	plied technology research and development, and pub-
11	lic education and outreach programs, that are man-
12	aged by member agencies of the Council.
13	(4) Interagency working group.—The term
14	"Interagency Working Group" means the Inter-
15	agency Working Group on Ocean Observations as es-
16	tablished by the U.S. Ocean Policy Committee Sub-
17	committee on Ocean Science and Technology pursu-
18	ant to Executive Order 13366 signed December 17,
19	2004.
20	(5) Non-federal assets.—The term "non-
21	Federal assets" means all relevant coastal and ocean
22	observations, technologies, related basic and applied
23	technology research and development, and public
24	education and outreach programs that are integrated

into the System and are managed through States,

1	regional organizations, universities, nongovernmental
2	organizations, or the private sector.
3	(6) REGIONAL INFORMATION COORDINATION
4	ENTITIES.—
5	(A) In General.—The term "Regional In-
6	formation Coordination Entity", subject to sub-
7	paragraphs (B) and (C), means an organiza-
8	tional body that is certified or established by
9	the lead Federal agency designated in sub-
10	section (d)(3)(C)(iii) and coordinating State,
11	Federal, local, and private interests at a re-
12	gional level with the responsibility of engaging
13	the private and public sectors in designing, op-
14	erating, and improving regional coastal and
15	ocean observing systems in order to ensure the
16	provision of data and information that meet the
17	needs of user groups from the respective re-
18	gions.
19	(B) INCLUDED ASSOCIATIONS.—Such term
20	includes Regional Associations as described by
21	the System Plan.
22	(C) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this section
23	shall be construed to invalidate existing certifi-
24	cations, contracts, or agreements between Re-

1	gional Associations and other elements of the
2	System.
3	(7) System.—The term "System" means the
4	National Integrated Coastal and Ocean Observation
5	System established under subsection (d).
6	(8) System Plan.—The term "System Plan"
7	means the plan contained in the document entitled
8	"Ocean.US publication #9, The First Integrated
9	Ocean Observing System (IOOS) Development
10	Plan''.
11	(d) National Integrated Coastal and Ocean
12	Observing System.—
13	(1) Establishment.—The President, acting
14	through the Council, shall establish a National Inte-
15	grated Coastal and Ocean Observation System to
16	fulfill the purposes set forth in subsection (b) and
17	the System plan and to fulfill the Nation's inter-
18	national obligations to contribute to the global earth
19	observation system of systems and the global ocean
20	observing system.
21	(2) SUPPORT OF PURPOSES.—The head of each
22	agency that is a member of the Interagency Working
23	Group shall support the purposes of this section.
24	(3) AVAILABILITY OF DATA.—The head of each
25	Federal agency that has administrative jurisdiction

1	over a Federal asset shall make available data that
2	are produced by that asset and that are not other-
3	wise restricted for integration, management, and dis-
4	semination by the System.
5	(4) Enhancing administration and man-
6	AGEMENT.—The head of each Federal agency that
7	has administrative jurisdiction over a Federal asset
8	may take appropriate actions to enhance internal
9	agency administration and management to better
10	support, integrate, finance, and utilize observation
11	data, products, and services developed under this
12	section to further its own agency mission and re-
13	sponsibilities.
14	(5) Participation in regional information
15	COORDINATION ENTITY.—The head of each Federal
16	agency that has administrative jurisdiction over a
17	Federal asset may participate in regional informa-
18	tion coordination entity activities.
19	(6) Non-federal assets.—Non-Federal as-
20	sets shall be coordinated by the Interagency Work-
21	ing Group or by Regional Information Coordination
22	Entities.
23	(e) Policy Oversight, Administration, and Re-
24	GIONAL COORDINATION.—

1	(1) National ocean research leadership
2	COUNCIL.—The National Ocean Research Leader-
3	ship Council shall be responsible for establishing
4	broad coordination and long-term operations plans,
5	policies, protocols, and standards for the System
6	consistent with the policies, goals, and objectives
7	contained in the System Plan, and coordination of
8	the System with other earth observing activities.
9	(2) Interagency working group.—The
10	Interagency Working Group shall, with respect to
11	the System, be responsible for—
12	(A) implementation of operations plans
13	and policies developed by the Council;
14	(B) development of and transmittal to
15	Congress at the time of submission of the
16	President's annual budget request an annual
17	coordinated, comprehensive System budget;
18	(C) identification of gaps in observation
19	coverage or needs for capital improvements of
20	both Federal assets and non-Federal assets;
21	(D) establishment of data management
22	and communication protocols and standards;
23	(E) establishment of required observation
24	data variables;

1	(F) development of certification standards
2	for all non-Federal assets or Regional Informa-
3	tion Coordination Entities to be eligible for in-
4	tegration into the System;
5	(G) subject to the availability of appropria-
6	tions, establish through one or more partici-
7	pating Federal agencies, in consultation with
8	the System Advisory Committee established
9	under paragraph (5), a competitive matching
10	grant or other program to promote research
11	and development of innovative observation tech-
12	nologies including testing and field trials; and
13	(H) periodically review and recommend to
14	the Council revisions to the System Plan.
15	(3) Lead federal agency.—The Adminis-
16	trator shall function as the lead Federal agency for
17	the System. The Administrator may establish an
18	Interagency Program Coordinating Office to facili-
19	tate the Administrator's responsibilities as the lead
20	Federal agency for System oversight and manage-
21	ment. The Administrator shall—
22	(A) implement policies, protocols, and
23	standards established by the Council and dele-
24	gated by the Interagency Working Group;

1	(B) promulgate regulations to integrate
2	the participation of non-Federal assets into the
3	System and enter into and oversee contracts
4	and agreements with Regional Information Co-
5	ordination Entities to effect this purpose;
6	(C) implement a competitive funding proc-
7	ess for the purpose of assigning contracts and
8	agreements to Regional Information Coordina-
9	tion Entities;
10	(D) certify or establish Regional Informa-
11	tion Coordination Entities to coordinate State,
12	Federal, local, and private interests at a re-
13	gional level with the responsibility of engaging
14	private and public sectors in designing, oper-
15	ating, and improving regional coastal and ocean
16	observing systems in order to ensure the provi-
17	sion of data and information that meet the
18	needs of user groups from the respective re-
19	gions;
20	(E) formulate a process by which gaps in
21	observation coverage or needs for capital im-
22	provements of Federal assets and non-Federal
23	assets of the System can be identified by the
24	Regional Information Coordination Entities, the
25	Administrator, or other members of the System

1	and transmitted to the Interagency Working
2	Group;
3	(F) be responsible for the coordination,
4	storage, management, and dissemination of ob-
5	servation data gathered through the System to
6	all end-user communities;
7	(G) implement a program of public edu-
8	cation and outreach to improve public aware-
9	ness of global climate change and effects on the
10	ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes environment;
11	and
12	(H) report annually to the Council through
13	the Interagency Working Group on the accom-
14	plishments, operational needs, and performance
15	of the System to achieve the purposes of this
16	title and the System Plan.
17	(4) REGIONAL INFORMATION COORDINATION
18	ENTITY.—To be certified or established under para-
19	graph (3)(D), a Regional Information Coordination
20	Entity must be certified or established by contract
21	or agreement by the Administrator, and must agree
22	to—
23	(A) gather required System observation
24	data and other requirements specified under
25	this section and the System plan;

1	(B) identify gaps in observation coverage
2	or needs for capital improvements of Federal
3	assets and non-Federal assets of the System,
4	and transmit such information to the Inter-
5	agency Working Group via the Administrator;
6	(C) demonstrate an organizational struc-
7	ture and strategic operational plan to ensure
8	the efficient and effective administration of pro-
9	grams and assets to support daily data observa-
10	tions for integration into the System;
11	(D) comply with all financial oversight re-
12	quirements established by the Administrator,
13	including requirements relating to audits; and
14	(E) demonstrate a capability to work with
15	other governmental and nongovernmental enti-
16	ties at all levels to identify and provide informa-
17	tion products of the System for multiple users
18	within the service area of the Regional Informa-
19	tion Coordination Entities and otherwise.
20	(5) System advisory committee.—
21	(A) In General.—The Administrator
22	shall establish a System Advisory Committee,
23	which shall provide advice as may be requested
24	by the Administrator or the Interagency Work-
25	ing Group.

1	(B) Purpose.—The purpose of the Sys-
2	tem Advisory Committee is to advise the Ad-
3	ministrator and the Interagency Working Group
4	on—
5	(i) administration, operation, manage-
6	ment, and maintenance of the System, in-
7	cluding integration of Federal and non-
8	Federal assets and data management and
9	communication aspects of the System, and
10	fulfillment of the purposes specified under
11	subsection (b);
12	(ii) expansion and periodic moderniza-
13	tion and upgrade of technology components
14	of the System;
15	(iii) identification of end-user commu-
16	nities, their needs for information provided
17	by the System, and the System's effective-
18	ness in disseminating information to end-
19	user communities and the general public;
20	and
21	(iv) any other purpose identified by
22	the Administrator or the Interagency
23	Working Group.
24	(C) Members.—

1	(i) IN GENERAL.—The System Advi-
2	sory Committee shall be composed of mem-
3	bers appointed by the Administrator. Mem-
4	bers shall be qualified by education, train-
5	ing, and experience to evaluate scientific
6	and technical information related to the
7	design, operation, maintenance, or use of
8	the System, or use of data products pro-
9	vided through the System.
10	(ii) Terms of Service.—Members
11	shall be appointed for 3-year terms, renew-
12	able once. A vacancy appointment shall be
13	for the remainder of the unexpired term of
14	the vacancy, and an individual so ap-
15	pointed may subsequently be appointed for
16	2 full 3-year terms if the remainder of the
17	unexpired term is less than one year.
18	(iii) Chairperson.—The Adminis-
19	trator shall designate a chairperson from
20	among the members of the System Advi-
21	sory Committee.
22	(iv) APPOINTMENT.—Members of the
23	System Advisory Committee shall be ap-
24	pointed as special Government employees

1	for purposes of section 202(a) of title 18,
2	United States Code.
3	(D) Administrative provisions.—
4	(i) Reporting.—The System Advi-
5	sory Committee shall report to the Admin-
6	istrator and the Interagency Working
7	Group, as appropriate.
8	(ii) Administrative support.—The
9	Administrator shall provide administrative
10	support to the System Advisory Com-
11	mittee.
12	(iii) Meetings.—The System Advi-
13	sory Committee shall meet at least once
14	each year, and at other times at the call of
15	the Administrator, the Interagency Work-
16	ing Group, or the chairperson.
17	(iv) Compensation and ex-
18	PENSES.—Members of the System Advi-
19	sory Committee shall not be compensated
20	for service on that Committee, but may be
21	allowed travel expenses, including per diem
22	in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with
23	subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5,
24	United States Code.

1	(v) Expiration.—Section 14 of the
2	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.
3	App.) shall not apply to the System Advi-
4	sory Committee.
5	(6) Civil liability.—For purposes of deter-
6	mining liability arising from the dissemination and
7	use of observation data gathered pursuant to this
8	section, any non-Federal asset or Regional Informa-
9	tion Coordination Entity that is certified under
10	paragraph (3)(D) and that is participating in the
11	System shall be considered to be part of the Na-
12	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Any
13	employee of such a non-Federal asset or Regional
14	Information Coordination Entity, while operating
15	within the scope of his or her employment in car-
16	rying out the purposes of this section, with respect
17	to tort liability, is deemed to be an employee of the
18	Federal Government.
19	(f) Interagency Financing, Grants, Contracts,
20	AND AGREEMENTS.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The member departments
22	and agencies of the Council, subject to the avail-
23	ability of appropriations, may participate in inter-
24	agency financing and share, transfer, receive, obli-
25	gate, and expend funds appropriated to any member

1	agency for the purposes of carrying out any adminis-
2	trative or programmatic project or activity to further
3	the purposes of this section, including support for
4	the Interagency Working Group, the Interagency Co-
5	ordinating Program Office, a common infrastruc-
6	ture, and integration to expand or otherwise enhance
7	the System.
8	(2) Joint centers and agreements.—Mem-
9	ber Departments and agencies of the Council shall
10	have the authority to create, support, and maintain
11	joint centers, and to enter into and perform such
12	contracts, leases, grants, and cooperative agreements
13	as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of
14	this section and fulfillment of the System Plan.
15	(g) Application With Other Laws.—Nothing in
16	this section supersedes or limits the authority of any agen-
17	cy to carry out its responsibilities and missions under
18	other laws.
19	(h) Report to Congress.—
20	(1) In general.—Not later than two years
21	after the date of enactment of this section, the Ad-
22	ministrator through the Council shall submit to Con-
23	gress a report that describes the status of the Sys-
24	tem and progress made to achieve the purposes of

1	this section and the goals identified under the Sys-
2	tem Plan.
3	(2) Contents.—The report shall include dis-
4	cussion of the following:
5	(A) Identification of Federal and non-Fed-
6	eral assets as determined by the Council that
7	have been integrated into the System, including
8	assets essential to the gathering of required ob-
9	servation data variables necessary to meet the
10	respective missions of Council agencies.
11	(B) A review of procurements, planned or
12	initiated, by each Council agency to enhance,
13	expand, or modernize the observation capabili-
14	ties and data products provided by the System,
15	including data management and communication
16	subsystems.
17	(C) An assessment regarding activities to
18	integrate Federal and non-Federal assets, na-
19	tionally and on the regional level, and discus-
20	sion of the performance and effectiveness of Re-
21	gional Information Coordination Entities to co-
22	ordinate regional observation operations.
23	(D) An evaluation of progress made by the
24	Council to achieve the purposes of this section
25	and the goals identified under the System Plan.

1	(E) Recommendations for operational im-
2	provements to enhance the efficiency, accuracy,
3	and overall capability of the System.
4	(3) BIENNIAL UPDATE.—Two years after the
5	transmittal of the initial report prepared pursuant to
6	this subsection and biennially thereafter, the Admin-
7	istrator, through the Council, shall submit to Con-
8	gress an update of the initial report.
9	(i) Public-Private Use Policy.—The Council
10	shall develop a policy within 6 months after the date of
11	the enactment of this section that defines processes for
12	making decisions about the roles of the Federal Govern-
13	ment, the States, Regional Information Coordination En-
14	tities, the academic community, and the private sector in
15	providing to end-user communities environmental informa-
16	tion, products, technologies, and services related to the
17	System. The Council shall publish the policy in the Fed-
18	eral Register for public comment for a period not less than
19	60 days. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
20	require changes in policy in effect on the date of the enact-
21	ment of this Act.
22	(j) Independent Cost Estimate.—The Inter-
23	agency Working Group, through the Administrator and
24	the Director of the National Science Foundation, shall ob-
25	tain within one year after the date of the enactment of

- 1 this section an independent cost estimate for operations
- 2 and maintenance of existing Federal assets of the System,
- 3 and planned or anticipated acquisition, operation, and
- 4 maintenance of new Federal assets for the System, includ-
- 5 ing operation facilities, observation equipment, modeling
- 6 and software, data management and communication, and
- 7 other essential components. The independent cost estimate
- 8 shall be transmitted unabridged and without revision by
- 9 the Administrator to Congress.
- 10 (k) Intent of Congress.—It is the intent of Con-
- 11 gress that funding provided to agencies of the Council to
- 12 implement this section shall supplement, and not replace,
- 13 existing sources of funding for other programs. It is the
- 14 further intent of Congress that agencies of the Council
- 15 shall not enter into contracts or agreements for the devel-
- 16 opment or procurement of new Federal assets for the Sys-
- 17 tem that are estimated to be in excess of \$250,000,000
- 18 in life-cycle costs without first providing adequate notice
- 19 to Congress and opportunity for review and comment.

20 Subtitle E—Royalties Under

21 Offshore Oil and Gas Leases

- 22 **SEC. 7501. SHORT TITLE.**
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Royalty Relief for
- 24 American Consumers Act of 2007".

1	SEC. 7502. PRICE THRESHOLDS FOR ROYALTY SUSPENSION
2	PROVISIONS.
3	The Secretary of the Interior shall agree to a request
4	by any lessee to amend any lease issued for any Central
5	and Western Gulf of Mexico tract during the period of
6	January 1, 1998, through December 31, 1999, to incor-
7	porate price thresholds applicable to royalty suspension
8	provisions, that are equal to or less than the price thresh-
9	olds described in clauses (v) through (vii) of section
10	8(a)(3)(C) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43
11	U.S.C. 1337(a)(3)(C)). Any amended lease shall impose
12	the new or revised price thresholds effective October 1,
13	2006. Existing lease provisions shall prevail through Sep-
14	tember 30, 2006.
15	SEC. 7503. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE
16	PRICE THRESHOLDS FOR CERTAIN LEASE
17	SALES.
18	Congress reaffirms the authority of the Secretary of
19	the Interior under section $8(a)(1)(H)$ of the Outer Conti-
20	nental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. $1337(a)(1)(H)$) to
21	vary, based on the price of production from a lease, the
22	suspension of royalties under any lease subject to section
23	304 of the Outer Continental Shelf Deep Water Royalty
24	Relief Act (Public Law 104–58; 43 U.S.C. 1337 note).

1	SEC. 7504. ELIGIBILITY FOR NEW LEASES AND THE TRANS-
2	FER OF LEASES; CONSERVATION OF RE-
3	SOURCES FEES.
4	(a) Issuance of New Leases.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall not
6	issue any new lease that authorizes the production
7	of oil or natural gas in the Gulf of Mexico under the
8	Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331
9	et seq.) to a person described in paragraph (2) un-
10	less—
11	(A) the person has renegotiated each cov-
12	ered lease with respect to which the person is
13	a lessee, to modify the payment responsibilities
14	of the person to include price thresholds that
15	are equal to or less than the price thresholds
16	described in clauses (v) through (vii) of section
17	8(a)(3)(C) of the Outer Continental Shelf
18	Lands Act $(43 \text{ U.S.C. } 1337(a)(3)(C));$ or
19	(B) the person has—
20	(i) paid all fees established by the
21	Secretary under subsection (b) that are
22	due with respect to each covered lease for
23	which the person is a lessee; or
24	(ii) entered into an agreement with
25	the Secretary under which the person is
26	obligated to pay such fees.

1	(2) Persons described.—A person referred
2	to in paragraph (1) is a person that—
3	(A) is a lessee that—
4	(i) holds a covered lease on the date
5	on which the Secretary considers the
6	issuance of the new lease; or
7	(ii) was issued a covered lease before
8	the date of enactment of this Act, but
9	transferred the covered lease to another
10	person or entity (including a subsidiary or
11	affiliate of the lessee) after the date of en-
12	actment of this Act; or
13	(B) any other person or entity who has
14	any direct or indirect interest in, or who derives
15	any benefit from, a covered lease;
16	(3) Multiple lessees.—
17	(A) In general.—For purposes of para-
18	graph (1), if there are multiple lessees that own
19	a share of a covered lease, the Secretary may
20	implement separate agreements with any lessee
21	with a share of the covered lease that modifies
22	the payment responsibilities with respect to the
23	share of the lessee to include price thresholds
24	that are equal to or less than the price thresh-
25	olds described in clauses (v) through (vii) of

1	section 8(a)(3)(C) of the Outer Continental
2	Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(3)(C)).
3	(B) Treatment of share as covered
4	LEASE.—Beginning on the effective date of an
5	agreement under subparagraph (A), any share
6	subject to the agreement shall not constitute a
7	covered lease with respect to any lessees that
8	entered into the agreement.
9	(b) Conservation of Resources Fees.—
10	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
11	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
12	the Interior by regulation shall establish—
13	(A) a conservation of resources fee for pro-
14	ducing Federal oil and gas leases in the Gulf of
15	Mexico; and
16	(B) a conservation of resources fee for
17	nonproducing Federal oil and gas leases in the
18	Gulf of Mexico.
19	(2) Producing lease fee terms.—The fee
20	under paragraph (1)(A)—
21	(A) subject to subparagraph (C), shall
22	apply to covered leases that are producing
23	leases;

1	(B) shall be set at \$9 per barrel for oil and
2	\$1.25 per million Btu for gas, respectively, in
3	2005 dollars; and
4	(C) shall apply only to production of oil or
5	gas occurring—
6	(i) in any calendar year in which the
7	arithmetic average of the daily closing
8	prices for light sweet crude oil on the New
9	York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) ex-
10	ceeds \$34.73 per barrel for oil and \$4.34
11	per million Btu for gas in 2005 dollars;
12	and
13	(ii) on or after October 1, 2006.
14	(3) Nonproducing lease fee terms.—The
15	fee under paragraph (1)(B)—
16	(A) subject to subparagraph (C), shall
17	apply to leases that are nonproducing leases;
18	(B) shall be set at \$3.75 per acre per year
19	in 2005 dollars; and
20	(C) shall apply on and after October 1,
21	2006.
22	(4) Treatment of receipts.—Amounts re-
23	ceived by the United States as fees under this sub-
24	section shall be treated as offsetting receipts.

1	(c) Transfers.—A lessee or any other person who
2	has any direct or indirect interest in, or who derives a
3	benefit from, a lease shall not be eligible to obtain by sale
4	or other transfer (including through a swap, spinoff, serv-
5	icing, or other agreement) any covered lease, the economic
6	benefit of any covered lease, or any other lease for the
7	production of oil or natural gas in the Gulf of Mexico
8	under the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C.
9	1331 et seq.), unless—
10	(1) the lessee or other person has—
11	(A) renegotiated all covered leases of the
12	lessee or other person; and
13	(B) entered into an agreement with the
14	Secretary to modify the terms of all covered
15	leases of the lessee or other person to include
16	limitations on royalty relief based on market
17	prices that are equal to or less than the price
18	thresholds described in clauses (v) through (vii)
19	of section 8(a)(3)(C) of the Outer Continental
20	Shelf Lands Act $(43 \text{ U.S.C. } 1337(a)(3)(C));$ or
21	(2) the lessee or other person has—
22	(A) paid all fees established by the Sec-
23	retary under subsection (b) that are due with
24	respect to each covered lease for which the per-
25	son is a lessee; or

1	(B) entered into an agreement with the
2	Secretary under which the person is obligated
3	to pay such fees.
4	(d) Definitions.—In this section—
5	(1) COVERED LEASE.—The term "covered
6	lease" means a lease for oil or gas production in the
7	Gulf of Mexico that is—
8	(A) in existence on the date of enactment
9	of this Act;
10	(B) issued by the Department of the Inte-
11	rior under section 304 of the Outer Continental
12	Shelf Deep Water Royalty Relief Act (43
13	U.S.C. 1337 note; Public Law 104–58); and
14	(C) not subject to limitations on royalty re-
15	lief based on market price that are equal to or
16	less than the price thresholds described in
17	clauses (v) through (vii) of section 8(a)(3)(C) of
18	the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43
19	U.S.C. $1337(a)(3)(C)$).
20	(2) Lessee.—The term "lessee" includes any
21	person or other entity that controls, is controlled by,
22	or is in or under common control with, a lessee.
23	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
24	the Secretary of the Interior.

1	SEC. 7505. REPEAL OF CERTAIN TAXPAYER SUBSIDIZED
2	ROYALTY RELIEF FOR THE OIL AND GAS IN-
3	DUSTRY.
4	(a) Repeal of Provisions of Energy Policy Act
5	OF 2005.—The following provisions of the Energy Policy
6	Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–58) are repealed:
7	(1) Section 344 (42 U.S.C. 15904; relating to
8	incentives for natural gas production from deep wells
9	in shallow waters of the Gulf of Mexico).
10	(2) Section 345 (42 U.S.C. 15905; relating to
11	royalty relief for deep water production in the Gulf
12	of Mexico).
13	(b) Provisions Relating to Planning Areas
14	Offshore Alaska.—Section 8(a)(3)(B) of the Outer
15	Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(3)(B))
16	is amended by striking "and in the Planning Areas off-
17	shore Alaska" after "West longitude".
18	(c) Provisions Relating to Naval Petroleum
19	Reserve in Alaska.—Section 107 of the Naval Petro-
20	leum Reserves Production Act of 1976 (as transferred, re-
21	designated, moved, and amended by section 347 of the En-
22	ergy Policy Act of 2005 (119 Stat. 704)) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (i) by striking paragraphs (2)
24	through (6); and
25	(2) by striking subsection (k).

Subtitle F—Additional Provisions

2	SEC. 7601. OIL SHALE COMMUNITY IMPACT ASSISTANCE.
3	(a) Establishment of Fund.—There is estab-
4	lished on the books of the Treasury of the United States
5	a separate account to be known as the Oil Shale Commu-
6	nity Impact Assistance Fund (hereinafter in this section
7	referred to as the "Fund"). The Fund shall be adminis-
8	tered by the Secretary of the Interior acting through the
9	Director of the Bureau of Land Management.
10	(b) Contents.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be credited to
12	the Fund—
13	(A) all amounts paid to the United States
14	as bonus bids in connection with the award of
15	commercial oil shale leases pursuant to section
16	369(e) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
17	U.S.C. 15927(e)); and
18	(B) an amount equal to 25 percent of the
19	portion of the other amounts deposited into the
20	Treasury pursuant to section 35(a) of the Min-
21	eral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 191) with respect
22	to such leases, that remains after deduction of
23	all payments made pursuant to of such section.
24	(2) Termination of crediting of royal-
25	TIES.—Paragraph (1)(B) shall not apply to royalties

1	received by the United States under a commercial oil
2	shale lease after the end of the 10-year period begin-
3	ning on the date on which the first amount of roy-
4	alty under such lease is paid to the United States.
5	(c) Distribution.—
6	(1) In general.—The Secretary, subject to
7	the availability of appropriations, shall use amounts
8	in the Fund to annually pay to each county in which
9	is located land subject to a commercial oil shale
10	lease referred to in subsection (b)(1) an amount
11	equal to the amount credited to the Fund during the
12	preceding year pursuant to section (b) with respect
13	to such lease. If such land is located in more than
14	one county, the Secretary shall allocate such pay-
15	ment among such counties on the basis of the rel-
16	ative amount of lands subject to the lease within
17	each such county.
18	(2) Use of payment.—Amounts paid to a
19	county under this subsection shall be used by the
20	county for the planning, construction, and mainte-
21	nance of public facilities and the provision of public
22	services.
23	SEC. 7602. ADDITIONAL NOTICE REQUIREMENTS.
24	(a) Permittees.—At least 45 days before offering
25	lands for lease pursuant to section 17(f) of the Mineral

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1	Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226(f)), the Secretary of the Inte-
2	rior shall provide notice of the proposed leasing activity
3	in writing to the holders of special recreation permits for
4	commercial use, competitive events, and other organized
5	activities on the lands being offered for lease.
6	(b) Conservation Easement Holders.—
7	(1) If the holder of a conservation easement or
8	similar property interest in the surface estate of
9	lands eligible for leasing under the Mineral Leasing
10	Act has informed the Secretary of the Interior of the
11	existence of such property interest, the Secretary
12	shall treat such holder as a surface estate owner for
13	purposes of section 7221(d) of this title.
14	(2) As soon as possible after the date of enact-
15	ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall
16	establish a means for holders of property interests
17	described in paragraph (1) to provide notice of such
18	interests, and shall inform the public regarding such
19	means.
20	SEC. 7603. DAVIS-BACON ACT.
21	All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors
22	and subcontractors on construction, repair, or alteration
23	projects that are funded in whole or in part or otherwise
24	authorized under sections 7304 or 7306 shall be paid

25 wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar

- 1 construction in the locality, as determined by the Sec-
- 2 retary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chap-
- 3 ter 31 of title 40, United States Code. The Secretary of
- 4 Labor shall, with respect to the labor standards in this
- 5 title, have the authority and functions set forth in Reorga-
- 6 nization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (15 F.R. 3176; 5
- 7 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States
- 8 Code.

9 SEC. 7604. ROAN PLATEAU, COLORADO.

- 10 (a) Leases for Top of Plateau.—
- 11 (1) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary of the Inte-12 rior shall include in each lease under the Mineral 13 Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) for lands to 14 which this subsection applies a prohibition of surface 15 occupancy for purposes of exploration for or develop-
- ment of oil or gas.
- 17 (2) APPLICATION.—This subsection applies to
- all Federal lands in Colorado that were formerly
- designated as Naval Oil Shale Reserves 1 and 3 that
- are located within the rim boundary, as such bound-
- ary is depicted on Map 1 accompanying the Bureau
- of Land Management's final Resource Management
- 23 Plan Amendment and Environmental Impact State-
- 24 ment for the Roan Plateau Planning Area dated Au-
- 25 gust, 2006.

1	(b) REPORT ON CLEANUP STATUS.—No later than
2	30 days after the date of enactment of this Act—
3	(1) the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide
4	to the appropriate Committees of Congress a report
5	detailing the total amounts received by the United
6	States under leases of Federal lands in Colorado for-
7	merly designated as Naval Oil Shale Reserves 1 and
8	3 pursuant to section 7439 of title 10, United States
9	Code, and covered into the Treasury pursuant to
10	subsection (f) of such section; and
11	(2) the Secretary of the Interior shall provide to
12	the appropriate committees of Congress a report—
13	(A) detailing the amounts expended by the
14	United States for environmental restoration,
15	waste management, and environmental compli-
16	ance activities with respect to the lands de-
17	scribed in paragraph (1), to repay the cost to
18	the United States to originally install wells,
19	gathering lines, and related equipment on such
20	lands, and any other cost incurred by the
21	United States with respect to such lands; and
22	(B) stating what further actions are re-
23	quired to complete the needed environmental
24	restoration, waste management, and environ-
25	mental compliance activities with regard to such

1	lands, the estimated cost of such activities, and
2	when the Secretary expects such activities will
3	be completed.
4	TITLE VIII—TRANSPORTATION
5	AND INFRASTRUCTURE
6	SEC. 8001. SHORT TITLE.
7	This title may be cited as the "Transportation En-
8	ergy Security and Climate Change Mitigation Act of
9	2007".
10	SEC. 8002. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
11	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
12	ings:
13	(1) Evidence that atmospheric warming and cli-
14	mate change are occurring is unequivocal.
15	(2) Observed and anticipated impacts of climate
16	change can result in economic harm and environ-
17	mental damage to the United States and the world.
18	(3) The Nation's water resources, ecosystems,
19	and infrastructure will be under increasing stress
20	and pressure in coming decades, particularly due to
21	climate change.
22	(4) Greenhouse gases, such as carbon dioxide,
23	methane, and nitrous oxides, can lead to atmos-
24	pheric warming and climate change.

1	(5) Transportation and buildings are among the
2	leading sources of greenhouse gas emissions.
3	(6) Increased reliance on energy efficient and
4	renewable energy transportation and public buildings
5	can strengthen our Nation's energy security and
6	mitigate the effects of climate change by cutting
7	greenhouse gas emissions.
8	(7) The Federal Government can strengthen
9	our Nation's energy security and mitigate the effects
10	of climate change by promoting energy efficient
11	transportation and public buildings, creating incen-
12	tives for the use of alternative fuel vehicles and re-
13	newable energy, and ensuring sound water resource
14	and natural disaster preparedness planning.
15	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this title are to
16	strengthen our Nation's energy security and mitigate the
17	effects of climate change by promoting energy efficient
18	transportation and public buildings, creating incentives for
19	the use of alternative fuel vehicles and renewable energy,
20	and ensuring sound water resource and natural disaster
21	preparedness planning.

1	Subtitle A—Department of
2	Transportation
3	SEC. 8101. CENTER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE AND ENVIRON-
4	MENT.
5	(a) In General.—Section 102 of title 49, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
8	section (h); and
9	(2) by adding after subsection (f) the following:
10	"(g) Center for Climate Change and Environ-
11	MENT.—
12	"(1) Establishment.—There is established in
13	the Department a Center for Climate Change and
14	Environment to plan, coordinate, and implement—
15	"(A) department-wide research, strategies,
16	and actions under the Department's statutory
17	authority to reduce transportation-related en-
18	ergy use and mitigate the effects of climate
19	change; and
20	"(B) department-wide research strategies
21	and action to address the impacts of climate
22	change on transportation systems and infra-
23	structure.
24	"(2) Clearinghouse.—The Center shall es-
25	tablish a clearinghouse of low-cost solutions includ-

1	ing projects that are being or could be implemented
2	under the congestion mitigation and air quality im-
3	provement program of section 149 of title 23, to re-
4	duce congestion and transportation-related energy
5	use and air pollution and mitigate the effects of cli-
6	mate change.".
7	(b) COORDINATION.—The Center for Climate Change
8	and Environment of the Department of Transportation
9	shall coordinate its activities with the United States Global
10	Change Research Program.
11	(c) Low-Cost Congestion Solutions.—
12	(1) STUDY.—The Center for Climate Change
13	and Environment, in coordination with the Environ-
14	mental Protection Agency, shall conduct a study to
15	examine fuel efficiency savings and clean air impacts
16	of major transportation projects, to identify low-cost
17	solutions to reduce congestion and transportation-re-
18	lated energy use and mitigate the effects of climate
19	change, and to alleviate such problems as railroad
20	pricing that may force freight off the more fuel effi-
21	cient railroads and onto less fuel efficient trucks.
22	(2) Report.—Not later than one year after the
23	date of enactment of this title, the Secretary of
24	Transportation, in coordination with the Adminis-
25	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall

1	transmit to the Committee on Transportation and
2	Infrastructure and the Committee on Energy and
3	Commerce of the House of Representatives a report
4	on low-cost solutions to reducing congestion and
5	transportation-related energy use and mitigating the
6	effects of climate change.
7	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
8	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the
9	Center to carry out its duties under section 102(g) of title
10	49, United States Code, such sums as may be necessary
11	for fiscal years 2008 through 2011.
12	Subtitle B—Highways and Transit
13	PART 1—PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION
13 14	PART 1—PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION
14	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION
14 15	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICES.
141516	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICES. (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
14151617	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICES. (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) Urbanized area formula grants.—In
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICES. (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) Urbanized area formula grants.—In addition to amounts allocated under section
14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICES. (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) Urbanized area formula grants.—In addition to amounts allocated under section 5338(b)(2)(B) of title 49, United States Code, to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICES. (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) Urbanized area formula grants.—In addition to amounts allocated under section 5338(b)(2)(B) of title 49, United States Code, to carry out section 5307 of such title, there is author-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 8201. GRANTS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICES. (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) URBANIZED AREA FORMULA GRANTS.—In addition to amounts allocated under section 5338(b)(2)(B) of title 49, United States Code, to carry out section 5307 of such title, there is authorized to be appropriated \$750,000,000 for each of fis-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SERVICES. (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) Urbanized area formula grants.—In addition to amounts allocated under section 5338(b)(2)(B) of title 49, United States Code, to carry out section 5307 of such title, there is authorized to be appropriated \$750,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 and 2009 to carry out such section

I	mingled with any other funds apportioned under
2	such section 5336.
3	(2) FORMULA GRANTS FOR OTHER THAN UR-
4	BANIZED AREAS.—In addition to amounts allocated
5	under section 5338(b)(2)(G) of title 49, United
6	States Code, to carry out section 5311 of such title,
7	there is authorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000
8	for each of fiscal years 2008 and 2009 to carry out
9	such section 5311. Such funds shall be apportioned
10	in accordance with such section 5311 but may not
11	be combined or commingled with any other funds
12	apportioned under such section 5311.
13	(b) Use of Funds.—Notwithstanding sections 5307
14	and 5311 of title 49, United States Code, the Secretary
15	of Transportation may make grants under such sections
16	from amounts appropriated under subsection (a) only for
17	one or more of the following:
18	(1) If the recipient of the grant is reducing, or
19	certifies to the Secretary that, during the term of
20	the grant, the recipient will reduce one or more fares
21	the recipient charges for public transportation, those
22	operating costs of equipment and facilities being
23	used to provide the public transportation that the re-
24	cipient is no longer able to pay from the revenues

1	derived from such fare or fares as a result of such
2	reduction.
3	(2) If the recipient of the grant is expanding,
4	or certifies to the Secretary that, during the term of
5	the grant, the recipient will expand public transpor-
6	tation service, those operating and capital costs of
7	equipment and facilities being used to provide the
8	public transportation service that the recipient in-
9	curs as a result of the expansion of such service.
10	(c) Federal Share.—Notwithstanding any other
11	provision of law, the Federal share of the costs for which
12	a grant is made under this section shall be 100 percent.
13	(d) Period of Availability.—Funds appropriated
14	under this section shall remain available for a period of
15	2 fiscal years.
16	SEC. 8202. INCREASED FEDERAL SHARE FOR CLEAN AIR
17	ACT COMPLIANCE.
18	Notwithstanding section 5323(i)(1) of title 49,
19	United States Code, a grant for a project to be assisted
20	under chapter 53 of such title during fiscal years 2008
21	and 2009 that involves acquiring clean fuel or alternative
22	fuel vehicle-related equipment or facilities for the purposes
23	of complying with or maintaining compliance with the
24	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) shall be for 100

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1	percent of the net project cost of the equipment or facility
2	attributable to compliance with that Act.
3	SEC. 8203. COMMUTER RAIL TRANSIT ENHANCEMENT.
4	(a) Amendment.—Part E of subtitle V of title 49,
5	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
6	following:
7	"CHAPTER 285—COMMUTER RAIL
8	TRANSIT ENHANCEMENT
	"Sec. "28501. Definitions "28502. Surface Transportation Board mediation of trackage use requests. "28503. Surface Transportation Board mediation of rights-of-way use requests. "28504. Applicability of other laws. "28505. Rules and regulations.
9	"§ 28501. Definitions
10	"In this chapter—
11	"(1) the term 'Board' means the Surface
12	Transportation Board;
13	"(2) the term 'capital work' means mainte-
14	nance, restoration, reconstruction, capacity enhance-
15	ment, or rehabilitation work on trackage that would
16	be treated, in accordance with generally accepted ac-
17	counting principles, as a capital item rather than an
18	expense;
19	"(3) the term 'fixed guideway transportation'
20	means public transportation (as defined in section
21	5302(a)(10)) provided on, by, or using a fixed guide-

22

way (as defined in section 5302(a)(4));

1	"(4) the term 'public transportation authority'
2	means a local governmental authority (as defined in
3	section 5302(a)(6)) established to provide, or make
4	a contract providing for, fixed guideway transpor-
5	tation;
6	"(5) the term 'rail carrier' means a person,
7	other than a governmental authority, providing com-
8	mon carrier railroad transportation for compensation
9	subject to the jurisdiction of the Board under chap-
10	ter 105;
11	"(6) the term 'segregated fixed guideway facil-
12	ity' means a fixed guideway facility constructed
13	within the railroad right-of-way of a rail carrier but
14	physically separate from trackage, including relo-
15	cated trackage, within the right-of-way used by a
16	rail carrier for freight transportation purposes; and
17	"(7) the term 'trackage' means a railroad line
18	of a rail carrier, including a spur, industrial, team,
19	switching, side, yard, or station track, and a facility
20	of a rail carrier.
21	"§ 28502. Surface Transportation Board mediation of
22	trackage use requests
23	"If, after a reasonable period of negotiation, a public
24	transportation authority cannot reach agreement with a
25	rail carrier to use trackage of, and have related services

- 1 provided by, the rail carrier for purposes of fixed guideway
- 2 transportation, the public transportation authority or the
- 3 rail carrier may apply to the Board for nonbinding medi-
- 4 ation. The Board shall conduct the nonbinding mediation
- 5 in accordance with the mediation process of section 1109.4
- 6 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on
- 7 the date of enactment of this section.

8 "§ 28503. Surface Transportation Board mediation of

9 rights-of-way use requests

- 10 "If, after a reasonable period of negotiation, a public
- 11 transportation authority cannot reach agreement with a
- 12 rail carrier to acquire an interest in a railroad right-of-
- 13 way for the construction and operation of a segregated
- 14 fixed guideway facility, the public transportation authority
- 15 or the rail carrier may apply to the Board for nonbinding
- 16 mediation. The Board shall conduct the nonbinding medi-
- 17 ation in accordance with the mediation process of section
- 18 1109.4 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, as in ef-
- 19 fect on the date of enactment of this section.

20 "§ 28504. Applicability of other laws

- 21 "Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit
- 22 a rail transportation provider's right under section
- 23 28103(b) to enter into contracts that allocate financial re-
- 24 sponsibility for claims.

1	"§ 28505. Rules and regulations
2	"Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
3	of this section, the Board shall issue such rules and regu-
4	lations as may be necessary to carry out this chapter.".
5	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters
6	of such subtitle is amended by adding after the item relat-
7	ing to chapter 283 the following:
	"285. COMMUTER RAIL TRANSIT ENHANCEMENT 28501".
8	PART 2—FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS
9	SEC. 8251. INCREASED FEDERAL SHARE FOR CMAQ
10	PROJECTS.
11	Section 120(c) of title 23, United States Code, is
12	amended—
13	(1) in the subsection heading by striking "FOR
14	CERTAIN SAFETY PROJECTS";
15	(2) by striking "The Federal share" and insert-
16	ing the following:
17	"(1) CERTAIN SAFETY PROJECTS.—The Fed-
18	eral share"; and
19	(3) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(2) CMAQ PROJECTS.—The Federal share
21	payable on account of a project or program carried
22	out under section 149 with funds obligated in fiscal
23	year 2008 or 2009, or both, shall be 100 percent of
24	the cost thereof.".

1	SEC	2252	DISTRIBUTION OF RESCISSIONS	2
1	SH:(:	メンカン	DISTRIBITION OF RESCISSIONS	•

- 2 (a) In General.—Any unobligated balances of
- 3 amounts that are appropriated from the Highway Trust
- 4 Fund for a fiscal year, and apportioned under chapter 1
- 5 of title 23, United States Code, before, on, or after the
- 6 date of enactment of this Act and that are rescinded after
- 7 such date of enactment shall be distributed within each
- 8 State (as defined in section 101 of such title) among all
- 9 programs for which funds are apportioned under such
- 10 chapter for such fiscal year, to the extent sufficient funds
- 11 remain available for obligation, in the ratio that the
- 12 amount of funds apportioned for each program under such
- 13 chapter for such fiscal year, bears to the amount of funds
- 14 apportioned for all such programs under such chapter for
- 15 such fiscal year.
- 16 (b) Treatment of Transportation Enhance-
- 17 MENT SET-ASIDE AND FUNDS SUBALLOCATED TO SUB-
- 18 STATE AREAS.—Funds set aside under sections 133(d)(2)
- 19 and 133(d)(3) of title 23, United States Code, shall be
- 20 treated as being apportioned under chapter 1 of such title
- 21 for purposes of subsection (a).
- 22 SEC. 8253. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING USE OF COM-
- 23 PLETE STREETS DESIGN TECHNIQUES.
- It is the sense of Congress that in constructing new
- 25 roadways or rehabilitating existing facilities, State and
- 26 local governments should employ policies designed to ac-

1	commodate all users, including motorists, pedestrians, cy-
2	clists, transit riders, and people of all ages and abilities,
3	in order to—
4	(1) serve all surface transportation users by
5	creating a more interconnected and intermodal sys-
6	tem;
7	(2) create more viable transportation options;
8	and
9	(3) facilitate the use of environmentally friendly
10	options, such as public transportation, walking, and
11	bicycling.
12	Subtitle C—Railroad and Pipeline
13	Transportation
13 14	Transportation PART 1—RAILROADS
	-
14	PART 1—RAILROADS
14 15	PART 1—RAILROADS SEC. 8301. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY LOCOMOTIVE GRANT
14151617	PART 1—RAILROADS SEC. 8301. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY LOCOMOTIVE GRANT PILOT PROGRAM.
14151617	PART 1—RAILROADS SEC. 8301. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY LOCOMOTIVE GRANT PILOT PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation,
14 15 16 17 18	PART 1—RAILROADS SEC. 8301. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY LOCOMOTIVE GRANT PILOT PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Administrator of the Environ-
141516171819	PART 1—RAILROADS SEC. 8301. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY LOCOMOTIVE GRANT PILOT PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall establish and carry out
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PART 1—RAILROADS SEC. 8301. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY LOCOMOTIVE GRANT PILOT PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall establish and carry out a pilot program for making grants to railroad carriers (as
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PART 1—RAILROADS SEC. 8301. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY LOCOMOTIVE GRANT PILOT PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Administrator of the Environ- mental Protection Agency, shall establish and carry out a pilot program for making grants to railroad carriers (as defined in section 20102 of title 49, United States Code)

1	(2) to demonstrate the extent to which such lo-
2	comotives increase fuel economy, reduce emissions,
3	and lower costs of operation.
4	(b) Limitation.—Notwithstanding subsection (a),
5	no grant under this section may be used to fund the costs
6	of emissions reductions that are mandated under Federal,
7	State, or local law.
8	(c) Grant Criteria.—In selecting applicants for
9	grants under this section, the Secretary shall consider—
10	(1) the level of energy efficiency that would be
11	achieved by the proposed project;
12	(2) the extent to which the proposed project
13	would assist in commercial deployment of hybrid lo-
14	comotive technologies;
15	(3) the extent to which the proposed project
16	complements other private or governmental partner-
17	ship efforts to improve air quality or fuel efficiency
18	in a particular area; and
19	(4) the extent to which the applicant dem-
20	onstrates innovative strategies and a financial com-
21	mitment to increasing energy efficiency and reducing
22	greenhouse gas emissions of its railroad operations.
23	(d) Competitive Grant Selection Process.—
24	(1) APPLICATIONS.—A railroad carrier or State
25	or local government seeking a grant under this sec-

4

tion shall submit for approval by the Secretary an application for the grant under this section containing such information as the Secretary may re-

quire to receive a grant under this section.

- 5 (2) Competitive selection.—The Secretary 6 shall conduct a national solicitation for applications 7 for grants under this section and shall select grant-8 ees on a competitive basis.
- 9 (e) Federal Share.—The Federal share of the cost
- 10 of a project under this section shall not exceed 90 percent
- 11 of the project cost.
- 12 (f) Report.—Not later than 3 years after the date
- 13 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
- 14 Congress a report on the results of the pilot program car-
- 15 ried out under this section.
- 16 (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 17 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
- 18 \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008 through
- 19 2011 to carry out this section. Such funds shall remain
- 20 available until expended.
- 21 SEC. 8302. CAPITAL GRANTS FOR RAILROAD TRACK.
- 22 (a) AMENDMENT.—Chapter 223 of title 49, United
- 23 States Code, is amended to read as follows:

1 "CHAPTER 223—CAPITAL GRANTS FOR

2 RAILROAD TRACK

"Sec.

"22301. Capital grants for railroad track.

3 "§ 22301. Capital grants for railroad track

4	"(a) Establishment of Program.—
5	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of
6	Transportation shall establish a program of capital
7	grants for the rehabilitation, preservation, or im-
8	provement of railroad track (including roadbed,
9	bridges, and related track structures) of class II and
10	class III railroads. Such grants shall be for rehabili-
11	tating, preserving, or improving track used primarily
12	for freight transportation to a standard ensuring
13	that the track can be operated safely and efficiently,
14	including grants for rehabilitating, preserving, or im-
15	proving track to handle 286,000 pound railcars.
16	Grants may be provided under this chapter—
17	"(A) directly to the class II or class III
18	railroad; or
19	"(B) with the concurrence of the class II
20	or class III railroad, to a State or local govern-
21	ment.
22	"(2) State Cooperation.—Class II and class
23	III railroad applicants for a grant under this chap-

ter are encouraged to utilize the expertise and assist-

24

1	ance of State transportation agencies in applying for
2	and administering such grants. State transportation
3	agencies are encouraged to provide such expertise
4	and assistance to such railroads.
5	"(3) Interim regulations.—Not later than
6	December 31, 2007, the Secretary shall issue tem-
7	porary regulations to implement the program under
8	this section. Subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5
9	does not apply to a temporary regulation issued
10	under this paragraph or to an amendment to such
11	a temporary regulation.
12	"(4) Final regulations.—Not later than Oc-
13	tober 1, 2008, the Secretary shall issue final regula-
14	tions to implement the program under this section.
15	"(b) Maximum Federal Share.—The maximum
16	Federal share for carrying out a project under this section
17	shall be 80 percent of the project cost. The non-Federal
18	share may be provided by any non-Federal source in cash,
19	equipment, or supplies. Other in-kind contributions may
20	be approved by the Secretary on a case-by-case basis con-
21	sistent with this chapter.
22	"(c) Project Eligibility.—For a project to be eli-
23	gible for assistance under this section the track must have
24	been operated or owned by a class II or class III railroad
25	as of the date of the enactment of this chapter.

1	"(d) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants provided under this
2	section shall be used to implement track capital projects
3	as soon as possible. In no event shall grant funds be con-
4	tractually obligated for a project later than the end of the
5	third Federal fiscal year following the year in which the
6	grant was awarded. Any funds not so obligated by the end
7	of such fiscal year shall be returned to the Secretary for
8	reallocation.
9	"(e) Employee Protection.—The Secretary shall
10	require as a condition of any grant made under this sec-
11	tion that the recipient railroad provide a fair arrangement
12	at least as protective of the interests of employees who
13	are affected by the project to be funded with the grant
14	as the terms imposed under section 11326(a), as in effect
15	on the date of the enactment of this chapter.
16	"(f) Labor Standards.—
17	"(1) Prevailing wages.—The Secretary shall
18	ensure that laborers and mechanics employed by
19	contractors and subcontractors in construction work
20	financed by a grant made under this section will be
21	paid wages not less than those prevailing on similar
22	construction in the locality, as determined by the
23	Secretary of Labor under subchapter IV of chapter
24	31 of title 40 (commonly known as the 'Davis-Bacon
25	Act'). The Secretary shall make a grant under this

1	section only after being assured that required labor
2	standards will be maintained on the construction
3	work.
4	"(2) Wage rates.—Wage rates in a collective
5	bargaining agreement negotiated under the Railway
6	Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) are deemed for
7	purposes of this subsection to comply with the sub-
8	chapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40.
9	"(g) Study.—The Secretary shall conduct a study
10	of the projects carried out with grant assistance under this
11	section to determine the public interest benefits associated
12	with the light density railroad networks in the States and
13	their contribution to a multimodal transportation system.
14	Not later than March 31, 2009, the Secretary shall report
15	to Congress any recommendations the Secretary considers
16	appropriate regarding the eligibility of light density rail
17	networks for Federal infrastructure financing.
18	"(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
19	is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Trans-
20	portation \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008
21	through 2011 for carrying out this section.".
22	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to
23	chapter 223 in the table of chapters of subtitle V of title
24	49, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
	"223 CAPITAL GRANTS FOR RAILROAD TRACK 22301"

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1	PART 2—PIPELINES
2	SEC. 8311. FEASIBILITY STUDIES.
3	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy, in co-
4	ordination with the Secretary of Transportation, shall con-
5	duct feasibility studies for the construction of pipeline
6	dedicated to the transportation of ethanol.
7	(b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall
9	submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
10	structure of the House of Representatives and the Com-
11	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
12	Senate a report on such feasibility studies.
13	(c) Study Factors.—Feasibility studies funded
14	under this part shall include consideration of—
15	(1) existing or potential barriers to the con-
16	struction of pipelines dedicated to the transportation
17	of ethanol, including technical, siting, financing, and
18	regulatory barriers;
19	(2) market risk, including throughput risk;
20	(3) regulatory, financing, and siting options
21	that would mitigate such risk and help ensure the
22	construction of pipelines dedicated to the transpor-
23	tation of ethanol;
24	(4) ensuring the safe transportation of ethanol
25	and preventive measures to ensure pipeline integrity;
26	and

1	(5) such other factors as the Secretary of En-
2	ergy considers appropriate.
3	(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
4	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of En-
5	ergy to carry out this section \$1,000,000 for each of the
6	fiscal years 2008 and 2009, to remain available until ex-
7	pended.
8	Subtitle D—Maritime
9	Transportation
10	PART 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS
11	SEC. 8401. SHORT SEA TRANSPORTATION INITIATIVE.
12	(a) In General.—Title 46, United States Code, is
13	amended by adding after chapter 555 the following:
14	"CHAPTER 556—SHORT SEA
15	TRANSPORTATION
	"Sec. 55601. Short sea transportation program. "Sec. 55602. Cargo and shippers. "Sec. 55603. Financing of short sea transportation projects. "Sec. 55604. Interagency coordination. "Sec. 55605. Research on short sea transportation. "Sec. 55606. Short sea transportation defined.
16	"§ 55601. Short sea transportation program
17	"(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Transpor-
18	tation shall establish a short sea transportation program
19	and designate short sea transportation projects to be con-
20	ducted under the program to mitigate landside congestion.

1	"(b) Program Elements.—The program shall en-
2	courage the use of short sea transportation through the
3	development and expansion of—
4	"(1) documented vessels;
5	"(2) shipper utilization;
6	"(3) port and landside infrastructure; and
7	"(4) marine transportation strategies by State
8	and local governments.
9	"(c) Short Sea Transportation Routes.—The
10	Secretary shall designate short sea transportation routes
11	as extensions of the surface transportation system to focus
12	public and private efforts to use the waterways to relieve
13	landside congestion along coastal corridors. The Secretary
14	may collect and disseminate data for the designation and
15	delineation of short sea transportation routes.
16	"(d) Project Designation.—The Secretary may
17	designate a project to be a short sea transportation project
18	if the Secretary determines that the project may—
19	"(1) offer a waterborne alternative to available
20	landside transportation services using documented
21	vessels; and
22	"(2) provide transportation services for pas-
23	sengers or freight (or both) that may reduce conges-
24	tion on landside infrastructure using documented
25	vessels.

1	"(e) Elements of Program.—For a short sea
2	transportation project designated under this section, the
3	Secretary of Transportation may—
4	"(1) promote the development of short sea
5	transportation services;
6	"(2) coordinate, with ports, State departments
7	of transportation, localities, other public agencies,
8	and the private sector and on the development of
9	landside facilities and infrastructure to support
10	short sea transportation services; and
11	"(3) develop performance measures for the
12	short sea transportation program.
13	"(f) Multistate, State and Regional Trans-
14	PORTATION PLANNING.—The Secretary, in consultation
15	with Federal entities and State and local governments,
16	shall develop strategies to encourage the use of short sea
17	transportation for transportation of passengers and cargo.
18	The Secretary shall—
19	"(1) assess the extent to which States and local
20	governments include short sea transportation and
21	other marine transportation solutions in their trans-
22	portation planning;
23	"(2) encourage State departments of transpor-
24	tation to develop strategies, where appropriate, to
25	incorporate short sea transportation, ferries, and

1	other marine transportation solutions for regional
2	and interstate transport of freight and passengers in
3	their transportation planning; and
4	"(3) encourage groups of States and multi-
5	State transportation entities to determine how short
6	sea transportation can address congestion, bottle-
7	necks, and other interstate transportation chal-
8	lenges.
9	"§ 55602. Cargo and shippers
10	"(a) Memorandums of Agreement.—The Sec-
11	retary of Transportation shall enter into memorandums
12	of understanding with the heads of other Federal entities
13	to transport federally owned or generated cargo using a
14	short sea transportation project designated under section
15	55601 when practical or available.
16	"(b) Short-Term Incentives.—The Secretary
17	shall consult shippers and other participants in transpor-
18	tation logistics and develop proposals for short-term incen-
19	tives to encourage the use of short sea transportation.
20	"§ 55603. Financing of short sea transportation
21	projects
22	"(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE LOAN GUARANTEE.—The
23	Secretary of Transportation, subject to the availability of
24	appropriations, may make a loan guarantee for the financ-
25	ing of the construction, reconstruction, or reconditioning

- 1 of a vessel that will be used for a short sea transportation
- 2 project designated under section 55601.
- 3 "(b) Terms and Conditions.—In making a loan
- 4 guarantee under this section, the Secretary shall use the
- 5 authority, terms, and conditions that apply to a loan guar-
- 6 antee made under chapter 537.
- 7 "(c) General Limitations.—The total unpaid
- 8 principal amount of obligations guaranteed under this
- 9 chapter and outstanding at one time may not exceed
- 10 \$2,000,000,000.
- 11 "(d) Full Faith and Credit.—The full faith and
- 12 credit of the United States Government is pledged to the
- 13 payment of a guarantee made under this chapter, for both
- 14 principal and interest, including interest (as may be pro-
- 15 vided for in the guarantee) accruing between the date of
- 16 default under a guaranteed obligation and the date of pay-
- 17 ment in full of the guarantee.
- 18 "(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 19 is authorized to be appropriated \$25,000,000 to carry out
- 20 this section for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2011.
- 21 "§ 55604. Interagency coordination
- 22 "The Secretary of Transportation shall establish a
- 23 board to identify and seek solutions to impediments hin-
- 24 dering effective use of short sea transportation. The board
- 25 shall include representatives of the Environmental Protec-

1	tion Agency and other Federal, State, and local govern-
2	mental entities and private sector entities.
3	"§ 55605. Research on short sea transportation
4	"The Secretary of Transportation, in consultation
5	with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
6	Agency, may conduct research on short sea transportation,
7	regarding—
8	"(1) the environmental and transportation ben-
9	efits to be derived from short sea transportation al-
10	ternatives for other forms of transportation;
11	"(2) technology, vessel design, and other im-
12	provements that would reduce emissions, increase
13	fuel economy, and lower costs of short sea transpor-
14	tation and increase the efficiency of intermodal
15	transfers; and
16	"(3) identify and seek solutions to impediments
17	to short sea transportation projects designated
18	under section 55601.
19	"§ 55606. Short sea transportation defined
20	"In this chapter, the term 'short sea transportation'
21	means the carriage by vessel of cargo—
22	"(1) that is—
23	"(A) contained in intermodal cargo con-
24	tainers and loaded by crane on the vessel; or

1	"(B) loaded on the vessel by means of
2	wheeled technology; and
3	"(2) that is—
4	"(A) loaded at a port in the United States
5	and unloaded at another port in the United
6	States or a port in Canada located in the Great
7	Lakes Saint Lawrence Seaway System; or
8	"(B) loaded at a port in Canada located in
9	the Great Lakes Saint Lawrence Seaway Sys-
10	tem and unloaded at a port in the United
11	States.".
12	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters
13	at the beginning of subtitle V of such title is amended
14	by inserting after the item relating to chapter 555 the fol-
15	lowing:
	"556. Short Sea Transportation
16	(c) Regulations.—
17	(1) Interim regulations.—Not later than
18	December 31, 2007, the Secretary of Transportation
19	shall issue temporary regulations to implement the
20	program under this section. Subchapter II of chap-
21	ter 5 of title 5, United States Code, does not apply
22	to a temporary regulation issued under this para-
23	graph or to an amendment to such a temporary reg-
24	ulation.

1	(2) Final regulations.—Not later than Oc-
2	tober 1, 2008, the Secretary shall issue final regula-
3	tions to implement the program under this section.
4	SEC. 8402. SHORT SEA SHIPPING ELIGIBILITY FOR CAPITAL
5	CONSTRUCTION FUND.
6	(a) Definition of Qualified Vessel.—Section
7	53501 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (5)(A)(iii) by striking "or non-
9	contiguous domestic" and inserting "noncontiguous
10	domestic, or short sea transportation trade"; and
11	(2) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(7) Short sea transportation trade.—
14	The term 'short sea transportation trade' means the
15	carriage by vessel of cargo—
16	"(A) that is—
17	"(i) contained in intermodal cargo
18	containers and loaded by crane on the ves-
19	sel; or
20	"(ii) loaded on the vessel by means of
21	wheeled technology; and
22	"(B) that is—
23	"(i) loaded at a port in the United
24	States and unloaded at another port in the
25	United States or a port in Canada located

1	in the Great Lakes Saint Lawrence Sea-
2	way System; or
3	"(ii) loaded at a port in Canada lo-
4	cated in the Great Lakes Saint Lawrence
5	Seaway System and unloaded at a port in
6	the United States.".
7	(b) Allowable Purpose.—Section 53503(b) of
8	such title is amended by striking "or noncontiguous do-
9	mestic trade" and inserting "noncontiguous domestic, or
10	short sea transportation trade".
11	SEC. 8403. REPORT.
12	Not later than one year after the date of enactment
13	of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation, in consulta-
14	tion with the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
15	tion Agency, shall submit to the Committee on Transpor-
16	tation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives
17	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
18	tation of the Senate a report on the short sea transpor-
19	tation program established under the amendments made
20	by section 8401. The report shall include a description of
21	the activities conducted under the program, and any rec-
22	ommendations for further legislative or administrative ac-
23	tion that the Secretary considers appropriate.

1	PART 2—MARITIME POLLUTION
2	SEC. 8451. REFERENCES.
3	Wherever in this part an amendment or repeal is ex-
4	pressed in terms of an amendment to or a repeal of a sec-
5	tion or other provision, the reference shall be considered
6	to be made to a section or other provision of the Act to
7	Prevent Pollution from Ships (33 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.).
8	SEC. 8452. DEFINITIONS.
9	Section 2(a) (33 U.S.C. 1901(a)) is amended—
10	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
11	(12) as paragraphs (2) through (13), respectively;
12	(2) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as so re-
13	designated) the following:
14	"(1) 'Administrator' means the Administrator
15	of the Environmental Protection Agency.";
16	(3) in paragraph (5) (as so redesignated) by
17	striking "and V" and inserting "V, and VI";
18	(4) in paragraph (6) (as so redesignated) by
19	striking "'discharge' and 'garbage' and 'harmful
20	substance' and 'incident'" and inserting "'dis-
21	charge', 'emission', 'garbage', 'harmful substance',
22	and 'incident' "; and
23	(5) by redesignating paragraphs (7) through
24	(13) (as redesignated) as paragraphs (8) through
25	(14), respectively, and inserting after paragraph (6)
26	(as redesignated) the following:

1	"(7) 'navigable waters' includes the territorial
2	sea of the United States (as defined in Presidential
3	Proclamation 5928 of December 27, 1988) and the
4	internal waters of the United States;".
5	SEC. 8453. APPLICABILITY.
6	Section 3 (33 U.S.C. 1902) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)—
8	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
9	graph (3);
10	(B) by striking the period at the end of
11	paragraph (4) and inserting "; and; and
12	(C) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(5) with respect to Annex VI to the Conven-
14	tion, and other than with respect to a ship referred
15	to in paragraph (1)—
16	"(A) to a ship that is in a port, shipyard,
17	offshore terminal, or the internal waters of the
18	United States;
19	"(B) to a ship that is bound for, or depart-
20	ing from, a port, shipyard, offshore terminal, or
21	the internal waters of the United States, and is
22	in—
23	"(i) the navigable waters of the
24	United States;

1	"(ii) an emission control area des-
2	ignated pursuant to section 4; or
3	"(iii) any other area that the Admin-
4	istrator, in consultation with the Secretary
5	and each State that is adjacent to any part
6	of the proposed area, has designated by
7	order as being an area from which emis-
8	sions from ships are of concern with re-
9	spect to protection of public health, wel-
10	fare, or the environment;
11	"(C) to a ship that is entitled to fly the
12	flag of, or operating under the authority of, a
13	party to Annex VI, and is in—
14	"(i) the navigable waters of the
15	United States;
16	"(ii) an emission control area des-
17	ignated under section 4; or
18	"(iii) any other area that the Admin-
19	istrator, in consultation with the Secretary
20	and each State that is adjacent to any part
21	of the proposed area, has designated by
22	order as being an area from which emis-
23	sions from ships are of concern with re-
24	spect to protection of public health, wel-
25	fare, or the environment; and

1	"(D) to the extent consistent with inter-
2	national law, to any other ship that is in—
3	"(i) the exclusive economic zone of the
4	United States;
5	"(ii) the navigable waters of the
6	United States;
7	"(iii) an emission control area des-
8	ignated under section 4; or
9	"(iv) any other area that the Adminis-
10	trator, in consultation with the Secretary
11	and each State in which any part of the
12	area is located, has designated by order as
13	being an area from which emissions from
14	ships are of concern with respect to protec-
15	tion of public health, welfare, or the envi-
16	ronment.";
17	(2) in subsection (b)—
18	(A) in paragraph (1) by striking "para-
19	graph (2)" and inserting "paragraphs (2) and
20	(3)"; and
21	(B) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(3) With respect to Annex VI the Administrator, or
23	the Secretary, as relevant to their authorities pursuant to
24	this Act, may determine that some or all of the require-
25	ments under this Act shall apply to one or more classes

1	of public vessels, except that such a determination by the
2	Administrator shall have no effect unless the head of the
3	Department or agency under which the vessels operate
4	concurs in the determination. This paragraph does not
5	apply during time of war or during a declared national
6	emergency.";
7	(3) by redesignating subsections (c) through (g)
8	as subsections (d) through (h), respectively;
9	(4) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(c) Application to Other Persons.—This Act
12	shall apply to all persons to the extent necessary to ensure
13	compliance with Annex VI to the Convention."; and
14	(5) in subsection (e), as redesignated—
15	(A) by inserting "or the Administrator,
16	consistent with section 4 of this Act," after
17	"Secretary";
18	(B) by striking "of section (3)" and insert-
19	ing "of this section"; and
20	(C) by striking "Protocol, including regula-
21	tions conforming to and giving effect to the re-
22	quirements of Annex V" and inserting "Pro-
23	tocol (or the applicable Annex), including regu-
24	lations conforming to and giving effect to the
25	requirements of Annex V and Annex VI''.

1	SEC. 8454.	ADMINISTRATION	AND	ENFORCEMENT.
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2	Section 4 (33 U.S.C. 1903) is amended—
3	(1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
4	subsections (c) and (d), respectively;
5	(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(b) Duty of the Administrator.—In addition to
8	other duties specified in this Act, the Administrator and
9	the Secretary, respectively, shall have the following duties
10	and authorities:
11	"(1) The Administrator shall, and no other per-
12	son may, issue Engine International Air Pollution
13	Prevention certificates in accordance with Annex VI
14	and the International Maritime Organization's Tech-
15	nical Code on Control of Emissions of Nitrogen Ox-
16	ides from Marine Diesel Engines, on behalf of the
17	United States for a vessel of the United States as
18	that term is defined in section 116 of title 46,
19	United States Code. The issuance of Engine Inter-
20	national Air Pollution Prevention certificates shall
21	be consistent with any applicable requirements of
22	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) or regu-
23	lations prescribed under that Act.
24	"(2) The Administrator shall have authority to
25	administer regulations 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18,
26	and 19 of Annex VI to the Convention.

1	"(3) The Administrator shall, only as specified
2	in section 8(f), have authority to enforce Annex VI
3	of the Convention."; and
4	(3) in subsection (c), as redesignated—
5	(A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
6	paragraph (4);
7	(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
8	following:
9	"(2) In addition to the authority the Secretary has
10	to prescribe regulations under this Act, the Administrator
11	shall also prescribe any necessary or desired regulations
12	to carry out the provisions of regulations 12, 13, 14, 15,
13	16, 17, 18, and 19 of Annex VI to the Convention.
14	"(3) In prescribing any regulations under this sec-
15	tion, the Secretary and the Administrator shall consult
16	with each other, and with respect to regulation 19, with
17	the Secretary of the Interior."; and
18	(C) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(5) No standard issued by any person or Federal
20	authority, with respect to emissions from tank vessels sub-
21	ject to regulation 15 of Annex VI to the Convention, shall
22	be effective until 6 months after the required notification
23	to the International Maritime Organization by the Sec-
24	retary.".

	405
1	SEC. 8455. CERTIFICATES.
2	Section 5 (33 U.S.C. 1904) is amended—
3	(1) in subsection (a) by striking "The Sec-
4	retary" and inserting "Except as provided in section
5	4(b)(1), the Secretary';
6	(2) in subsection (b) by striking "Secretary
7	under the authority of the MARPOL protocol." and
8	inserting "Secretary or the Administrator under the
9	authority of this Act."; and
10	(3) in subsection (e) by striking "environment."
11	and inserting "environment or the public health and
12	welfare.".
13	SEC. 8456. RECEPTION FACILITIES.
14	Section 6 (33 U.S.C. 1905) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a) by adding at the end the
16	following:
17	"(3) The Secretary and the Administrator, after con-
18	sulting with appropriate Federal agencies, shall jointly
19	prescribe regulations setting criteria for determining the
20	adequacy of reception facilities for receiving ozone deplet-

ing substances, equipment containing such substances,

and exhaust gas cleaning residues at a port or terminal,

and stating any additional measures and requirements as

are appropriate to ensure such adequacy. Persons in

charge of ports and terminals shall provide reception fa-

26 cilities, or ensure that reception facilities are available, in

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1	accordance with those regulations. The Secretary and the
2	Administrator may jointly prescribe regulations to certify
3	and may issue certificates to the effect, that a port's or
4	terminal's facilities for receiving ozone depleting sub-
5	stances, equipment containing such substances, and ex-
6	haust gas cleaning residues from ships are adequate.";
7	(2) in subsection (b) by inserting "or the Ad-
8	ministrator" after "Secretary";
9	(3) in subsection (e) by striking paragraph (2)
10	and inserting the following:
11	"(2) The Secretary may deny the entry of a ship to
12	a port or terminal required by the MARPOL Protocol, this
13	Act, or regulations prescribed under this section relating
14	to the provision of adequate reception facilities for gar-
15	bage, ozone depleting substances, equipment containing
16	those substances, or exhaust gas cleaning residues, if the
17	port or terminal is not in compliance with the MARPOL
18	Protocol, this Act, or those regulations.";
19	(4) in subsection (f)(1) by striking "Secretary
20	is" and inserting "Secretary and the Administrator
21	are"; and
22	(5) in subsection (f)(2) by striking "(A)".
23	SEC. 8457. INSPECTIONS.
24	Section 8(f) (33 U.S.C. 1907(f)) is amended to read

25 as follows:

- 1 "(f)(1) The Secretary may inspect a ship to which
- 2 this Act applies as provided under section 3(a)(5), to
- 3 verify whether the ship is in compliance with Annex VI
- 4 to the Convention and this Act.
- 5 "(2) If an inspection under this subsection or any
- 6 other information indicates that a violation has occurred,
- 7 the Secretary, or the Administrator in a matter referred
- 8 by the Secretary, may undertake enforcement action under
- 9 this section.
- 10 "(3) Notwithstanding subsection (b) and paragraph
- 11 (2) of this subsection, the Administrator shall have all of
- 12 the authorities of the Secretary, as specified in subsection
- 13 (b) of this section, for the purposes of enforcing regula-
- 14 tions 17 and 18 of Annex VI to the Convention to the
- 15 extent that shoreside violations are the subject of the ac-
- 16 tion and in any other matter referred to the Administrator
- 17 by the Secretary.".
- 18 SEC. 8458. AMENDMENTS TO THE PROTOCOL.
- 19 Section 10(b) (33 U.S.C. 1909(b)) is amended by in-
- 20 serting "or the Administrator as provided for in this Act,"
- 21 after "Secretary,".
- 22 SEC. 8459. PENALTIES.
- 23 Section 9 (33 U.S.C. 1908) is amended—
- 24 (1) by striking "Protocol,," each place it ap-
- pears and inserting "Protocol,";

1	(2) in subsection (b) by inserting ", or the Ad-
2	ministrator as provided for in this Act" after "Sec-
3	retary" the first place it appears;
4	(3) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting ", or the
5	Administrator as provided for in this Act," after
6	"Secretary";
7	(4) in the matter after paragraph (2) of sub-
8	section (b)—
9	(A) by inserting ", or the Administrator as
10	provided for in this Act" after "Secretary" the
11	first place it appears; and
12	(B) by inserting ", or the Administrator as
13	provided for in this Act," after "Secretary" the
14	second and third places it appears;
15	(5) in subsection (c) by inserting ", or the Ad-
16	ministrator as provided for in this Act," after "Sec-
17	retary" each place it appears; and
18	(6) in subsection (f) by inserting ", or the Ad-
19	ministrator as provided for in this Act" after "Sec-
20	retary" the first place appears.
21	SEC. 8460. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
22	Section 15 (33 U.S.C. 1911) is amended to read as
23	follows:

1 "SEC. 15. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

- 2 "Authorities, requirements, and remedies of this Act
- 3 supplement and neither amend nor repeal any other au-
- 4 thorities, requirements, or remedies conferred by any
- 5 other provision of law. Nothing in this Act shall limit,
- 6 deny, amend, modify, or repeal any other authority, re-
- 7 quirement, or remedy available to the United States or
- 8 any other person, except as expressly provided in this
- 9 Act.".

10 Subtitle E—Aviation

- 11 SEC. 8501. ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PILOT PROGRAM.
- 12 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Transpor-
- 13 tation, in coordination with the Administrator of the Envi-
- 14 ronmental Protection Agency, shall establish a pilot pro-
- 15 gram to carry out not more than 6 environmental mitiga-
- 16 tion demonstration projects at public-use airports.
- 17 (b) Grants.—In implementing the program, the Sec-
- 18 retary may make a grant to the sponsor of a public-use
- 19 airport from funds apportioned under section
- 20 47117(e)(1)(A) of title 49, United States Code, to carry
- 21 out an environmental mitigation demonstration project to
- 22 measurably reduce or mitigate aviation impacts on noise,
- 23 air quality, or water quality in the vicinity of the airport.
- (c) Eligibility for Passenger Facility Fees.—
- 25 An environmental mitigation demonstration project that
- 26 receives funds made available under this section may be

- 1 considered an eligible airport-related project for purposes
- 2 of section 40117 of such title.
- 3 (d) Selection Criteria.—In selecting among ap-
- 4 plicants for participation in the program, the Secretary
- 5 shall give priority consideration to applicants proposing to
- 6 carry out environmental mitigation demonstration projects
- 7 that will—
- 8 (1) achieve the greatest reductions in aircraft
- 9 noise, airport emissions, or airport water quality im-
- pacts either on an absolute basis or on a per dollar
- of funds expended basis; and
- 12 (2) be implemented by an eligible consortium.
- 13 (e) Federal Share.—Notwithstanding any provi-
- 14 sion of subchapter I of chapter 471 of such title, the
- 15 United States Government share of allowable project costs
- 16 of an environmental mitigation demonstration project car-
- 17 ried out under this section shall be 50 percent.
- 18 (f) Maximum Amount.—The Secretary may not
- 19 make grants for a single environmental mitigation dem-
- 20 onstration project under this section in a total amount
- 21 that exceeds \$2,500,000.
- 22 (g) Publication of Information.—The Secretary
- 23 may develop and publish information on the results of en-
- 24 vironmental mitigation demonstration projects carried out
- 25 under this section, including information identifying best

1	practices for reducing or mitigating aviation impacts on
2	noise, air quality, or water quality in the vicinity of air-
3	ports.
4	(h) Definitions.—In this section, the following defi-
5	nitions apply:
6	(1) Eligible consortium.—The term "eligi-
7	ble consortium" means a consortium of 2 or more of
8	the following entities:
9	(A) A business incorporated in the United
10	States.
11	(B) A public or private educational or re-
12	search organization located in the United
13	States.
14	(C) An entity of a State or local govern-
15	ment.
16	(D) A Federal laboratory.
17	(2) Environmental mitigation demonstra-
18	TION PROJECT.—The term "environmental mitiga-
19	tion demonstration project" means a project that—
20	(A) demonstrates at a public-use airport
21	environmental mitigation techniques or tech-
22	nologies with associated benefits, which have al-
23	ready been proven in laboratory demonstra-
24	tions;

1	(B) utilizes methods for efficient adapta-
2	tion or integration of innovative concepts to air-
3	port operations; and
4	(C) demonstrates whether a technique or
5	technology for environmental mitigation identi-
6	fied in research is—
7	(i) practical to implement at or near
8	multiple public-use airports; and
9	(ii) capable of reducing noise, airport
10	emissions, greenhouse gas emissions, or
11	water quality impacts in measurably sig-
12	nificant amounts.
13	Subtitle F—Public Buildings
14	PART 1—GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
15	SEC. 8601. PUBLIC BUILDING ENERGY EFFICIENT AND RE-
16	NEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS.
17	(a) Estimate of Energy Performance in Pro-
18	SPECTUS.—Section 3307(b) of title 40, United States
19	Code, is amended—
20	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
21	(5);
22	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
23	graph (6) and inserting "; and; and
24	(3) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-

1	"(7) with respect to any prospectus for the con-
2	struction, alteration, or acquisition of any building
3	or space to be leased, an estimate of the future en-
4	ergy performance of the building or space and a spe-
5	cific description of the use of energy efficient and re-
6	newable energy systems, including photovoltaic sys-
7	tems, in carrying out the project.".
8	(b) Minimum Performance Requirements for
9	Leased Space.—Section 3307 of such of title is amend-
10	ed—
11	(1) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as
12	subsections (g) and (h), respectively; and
13	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(f) Minimum Performance Requirements for
16	LEASED SPACE.—With respect to space to be leased, the
17	Administrator shall include, to the maximum extent prac-
18	ticable, minimum performance requirements requiring en-
19	ergy efficiency and the use of renewable energy.".
20	(c) Use of Energy Efficient Lighting Fix-
21	TURES AND BULBS.—
22	(1) In general.—Chapter 33 of such title is
23	amended—

1	(A) by redesignating sections 3313, 3314,
2	and 3315 as sections 3315, 3316, and 3317, re-
3	spectively; and
4	(B) by inserting after section 3312 the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"§ 3313. Use of energy efficient lighting fixtures and
7	bulbs
8	"(a) Construction, Alteration, and Acquisi-
9	TION OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.—Each public building con-
10	structed, altered, or acquired by the Administrator of Gen-
11	eral Services shall be equipped, to the maximum extent
12	feasible as determined by the Administrator, with lighting
13	fixtures and bulbs that are energy efficient.
14	"(b) Maintenance of Public Buildings.—Each
15	lighting fixture or bulb that is replaced by the Adminis-
16	trator in the normal course of maintenance of public build-
17	ings shall be replaced, to the maximum extent feasible,
18	with a lighting fixture or bulb that is energy efficient.
19	"(c) Considerations.—In making a determination
20	under this section concerning the feasibility of installing
21	a lighting fixture or bulb that is energy efficient, the Ad-
22	ministrator shall consider—
23	"(1) the life-cycle cost effectiveness of the fix-
24	ture or bulb:

1	"(2) the compatibility of the fixture or bulb
2	with existing equipment;
3	"(3) whether use of the fixture or bulb could re-
4	sult in interference with productivity;
5	"(4) the aesthetics relating to use of the fixture
6	or bulb; and
7	"(5) such other factors as the Administrator
8	determines appropriate.
9	"(d) Energy Star.—A lighting fixture or bulb shall
10	be treated as being energy efficient for purposes of this
11	section if—
12	"(1) the fixture or bulb is certified under the
13	Energy Star program established by section 324A of
14	the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
15	6294a); or
16	"(2) the Administrator has otherwise deter-
17	mined that the fixture or bulb is energy efficient.
18	"(e) Applicability of Buy American Act.—Ac-
19	quisitions carried out pursuant to this section shall be sub-
20	ject to the requirements of the Buy American Act (41
21	U.S.C. 10c et seq.).
22	"(f) Effective Date.—The requirements of sub-
23	sections (a) and (b) shall take effect one year after the
24	date of enactment of this subsection.".

1	(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for
2	such chapter is amended by striking the items relat-
3	ing to sections 3313, 3314, and 3315 and inserting
4	the following:
	 "3313. Use of energy efficient lighting fixtures and bulbs. "3314. Maximum period for utility services contracts. "3315. Delegation. "3316. Report to Congress. "3317. Certain authority not affected.".
5	(d) Maximum Period for Utility Service Con-
6	TRACTS.—Such chapter is further amended by inserting
7	after section 3313 (as inserted by subsection (c)(1) of this
8	section) the following:
9	" \S 3314. Maximum period for utility service contracts
10	"Notwithstanding section $501(b)(1)(B)$, the Adminis-
11	trator of General Services may contract for public utility
12	services for a period of not more than 30 years if cost
13	effective and necessary to promote the use of energy effi-
14	cient and renewable energy systems, including photovoltaic
15	systems.".
16	(e) Evaluation Factor.—Section 3310 of such
17	title is amended—
18	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and
19	(5) as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), respectively; and
20	(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(3) shall include in the solicitation for any
23	lease requiring a prospectus under section 3307 an

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evaluation factor considering the extent to which the
offeror will promote energy efficiency and the use of
renewable energy;".
SEC. 8602. PUBLIC BUILDING LIFE-CYCLE COSTS.
Section 544(a)(1) of the National Energy Conserva-
tion Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8254(a)(1)) is amended by
striking "25" and inserting "40".
SEC. 8603. INSTALLATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM AT
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY HEADQUARTERS
BUILDING.
(a) In General.—The Administrator of General
Services shall install a photovoltaic system, as set forth
in the Sun Wall Design Project, for the headquarters
building of the Department of Energy located at 1000
Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC, commonly
known as the Forrestal Building.
(b) Funding.—There shall be available from the
Federal Buildings Fund established by section 592 of title
40, United States Code, \$30,000,000 to carry out this sec-
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tion. Such sums shall be derived from the unobligated bal-

23 nations and other activities (excluding amounts made

available for the energy program). Such sums shall remain

25 available until expended.

1	(c) Obligation of Funds.—None of the funds
2	made available pursuant to subsection (b) may be obli-
3	gated prior to September 30, 2007.
4	PART 2—COAST GUARD
5	SEC. 8631. PROHIBITION ON INCANDESCENT LAMPS BY
6	COAST GUARD.
7	(a) Prohibition.—Except as provided by subsection
8	(b), on and after January 1, 2009, a general service incan-
9	descent lamp shall not be purchased or installed in a Coast
10	Guard facility by or on behalf of the Coast Guard.
11	(b) Exception.—A general service incandescent
12	lamp may be purchased, installed, and used in a Coast
13	Guard facility whenever the application of a general serv-
14	ice incandescent lamp is—
15	(1) necessary due to purpose or design, includ-
16	ing medical, security, and industrial applications;
17	(2) reasonable due to the architectural or his-
18	torical value of a light fixture installed before Janu-
19	ary 1, 2009; or
20	(3) the Commandant of the Coast Guard deter-
21	mines that operational requirements necessitate the
22	use of a general service incandescent lamp.
23	(c) Limitation.—In this section, the term "facility"
24	does not include a vessel or aircraft of the Coast Guard.

1	PART 3—ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL
2	SEC. 8651. CAPITOL COMPLEX PHOTOVOLTAIC ROOF FEASI-
3	BILITY STUDY.
4	(a) Study.—The Architect of the Capitol may per-
5	form a feasibility study regarding construction of a photo-
6	voltaic roof for the Rayburn House Office Building.
7	(b) Report.—Not later than 6 months after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, the Architect of the Capitol shall
9	transmit to the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
10	structure of the House of Representatives a report on the
11	results of the feasibility study and recommendations re-
12	garding construction of a photovoltaic roof for the building
13	referred to in subsection (a).
14	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
16	such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008.
17	SEC. 8652. CAPITOL COMPLEX E-85 REFUELING STATION.
18	(a) Construction.—The Architect of the Capitol
19	may construct a fuel tank and pumping system for E-
20	85 fuel at or within close proximity to the Capitol Grounds
21	Fuel Station.
22	(b) USE.—The E-85 fuel tank and pumping system
23	shall be available for use by all legislative branch vehicles
24	capable of operating with E–85 fuel, subject to such other
25	legislative branch agencies reimbursing the Architect of

- 1 the Capitol for the costs of E-85 fuel used by such other
- 2 legislative branch vehicles.
- 3 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 4 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 5 such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008.
- 6 SEC. 8653. ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES IN
- 7 CAPITOL COMPLEX MASTER PLAN.
- 8 (a) In General.—To the maximum extent prac-
- 9 ticable, the Architect of the Capitol shall include energy
- 10 efficiency measures, climate change mitigation measures,
- 11 and other appropriate environmental measures in the Cap-
- 12 itol Complex Master Plan.
- 13 (b) Report.—Not later than 6 months after the date
- 14 of enactment of this Act, the Architect of the Capitol shall
- 15 submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
- 16 structure of the House of Representatives and the Com-
- 17 mittee on Rules of the Senate a report on the energy effi-
- 18 ciency measures, climate change mitigation measures, and
- 19 other appropriate environmental measures included in the
- 20 Capitol Complex Master Plan pursuant to subsection (a).
- 21 SEC. 8654. CAPITOL POWER PLANT.
- 22 (a) In General.—For the purpose of reducing car-
- 23 bon dioxide emissions, the Architect of the Capitol shall
- 24 install technologies for the capture and storage or use of

1	carbon dioxide emitted from the Capitol Power plant as
2	a result of burning coal.
3	(b) Capitol Power Plant Defined.—In this sec-
4	tion, the term "Capitol power plant" means the power
5	plant constructed in the vicinity of the Capitol Complex
6	in the District of Columbia pursuant to the Act of April
7	28, 1904 (33 Stat. 479, chapter 1762), and designated
8	under the Act of March 4, 1911 (2 U.S.C. 2162).
9	Subtitle G-Water Resources and
10	Emergency Management Pre-
11	paredness
12	PART 1—WATER RESOURCES
13	SEC. 8701. POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.
14	It is the policy of the United States that all Federal
15	water resources projects—
16	(1) reflect national priorities for flood damage
17	reduction, navigation, ecosystem restoration, and
18	hazard mitigation and consider the future impacts of
19	increased hurricanes, droughts, and other climate
20	change-related weather events;
21	(2) avoid the unwise use of floodplains, mini-
22	mize vulnerabilities in any case in which a floodplain
23	must be used, protect and restore the extent and
24	functions of natural systems, and mitigate any un-
25	avoidable damage to aquatic natural system; and

1	(3) to the maximum extent possible, avoid im-
2	pacts to wetlands, which create natural buffers, help
3	filter water, serve as recharge areas for aquifers, re-
4	duce floods and erosion, and provide valuable plant
5	and animal habitat.
6	SEC. 8702. 21ST CENTURY WATER COMMISSION.
7	(a) Establishment.—There is established a com-
8	mission to be known as the 21st Century Water Commis-
9	sion (in this section referred to as the "Commission").
10	(b) Duties.—The duties of the Commission shall be
11	to—
12	(1) use existing water assessments and conduct
13	such additional studies and assessments as may be
14	necessary to project—
15	(A) future water supply and demand;
16	(B) impacts of climate change to our Na-
17	tion's flood risk and water availability; and
18	(C) associated impacts of climate change
19	on water quality;
20	(2)(A) study current water management pro-
21	grams of Federal, interstate, State, and local agen-
22	cies and private sector entities directed at increasing
23	water supplies and improving the availability, reli-
24	ability, and quality of freshwater resources: and

1	(B) evaluate such programs' hazard mitigation
2	strategies and contingency planning in light of cli-
3	mate change impacts, including sea level rise, flood-
4	ing, and droughts; and
5	(3) consult with representatives of such agen-
6	cies and entities to develop recommendations, con-
7	sistent with laws, treaties, decrees, and interstate
8	compacts, for a comprehensive water strategy to—
9	(A) recognize the primary role of States in
10	adjudicating, administering, and regulating
11	water rights and water uses;
12	(B) identify incentives intended to ensure
13	an adequate and dependable supply of water to
14	meet the needs of the United States for the
15	next 50 years, including the future impacts of
16	climate change on water supply and quality;
17	(C) eliminate duplication and conflict
18	among Federal governmental programs;
19	(D) consider all available technologies (in-
20	cluding climate change predictions, advanced
21	modeling and mapping of wetlands, floodplains,
22	and other critical areas) and other methods to
23	optimize water supply reliability, availability,
24	and quality, while safeguarding and enhancing
25	the environment and planning for the potential

1	impacts of climate change on water quality,
2	water supply, flood and storm damage reduc-
3	tion, and ecosystem health;
4	(E) recommend means of capturing excess
5	water and flood water for conservation and use
6	in the event of a drought;
7	(F) identify adaptation techniques, or fur-
8	ther research needs of adaptation techniques,
9	for effectively conserving freshwater and coastal
10	systems as they respond to climate change;
11	(G) suggest financing options, incentives,
12	and strategies for development of comprehen-
13	sive water management plans, holistically de-
14	signed water resources projects, conservation of
15	existing water resources infrastructure (except
16	drinking water infrastructure) and to increase
17	the use of nonstructural elements (including
18	green infrastructure and low impact develop-
19	ment techniques);
20	(H) suggest strategies for avoiding in-
21	creased mandates on State and local govern-
22	ments;
23	(I) suggest strategies for using best avail-
24	able climate science in projections of future
25	flood and drought risk, and for developing haz-

1	ard mitigation strategies to protect water qual-
2	ity, in extreme weather conditions caused by cli-
3	mate change;
4	(J) identify policies that encourage low im-
5	pact development, especially in areas near high
6	priority aquatic systems;
7	(K) suggest strategies for encouraging the
8	use of, and reducing biases against, non-
9	structural elements (including green infrastruc-
10	ture and low impact development techniques)
11	when managing stormwater, including features
12	that—
13	(i) preserve and restore natural proc-
14	esses, landforms (such as floodplains), nat-
15	ural vegetated stream side buffers, wet-
16	lands, or other topographical features that
17	can slow, filter, and naturally store
18	stormwater runoff and flood waters for fu-
19	ture water supply and recharge of natural
20	aquifers;
21	(ii) utilize natural design techniques
22	that infiltrate, filter, store, evaporate, and
23	detain water close to its source; or

1	(iii) minimize the use of impervious
2	surfaces in order to slow or infiltrate pre-
3	cipitation;
4	(L) suggest strategies for addressing in-
5	creased sewage overflow problems due to chang-
6	ing storm dynamics and the impact of aging
7	stormwater and wastewater infrastructure, pop-
8	ulation growth, and urban sprawl;
9	(M) promote environmental restoration
10	projects that reestablish natural processes; and
11	(N) identify opportunities to promote exist-
12	ing or create regional planning, including op-
13	portunities to integrate climate change into
14	water infrastructure and environmental con-
15	servation planning.
16	(c) Membership.—
17	(1) Number and appointment.—The Com-
18	mission shall be composed of 8 members who shall
19	be appointed, not later than 90 days after the date
20	of enactment of this Act, as follows:
21	(A) 2 members appointed by the President.
22	(B) 2 members appointed by the Speaker
23	of the House of Representatives from a list of
24	4 individuals—

1	(i) 2 nominated for that appointment
2	by the chairman of the Committee on
3	Transportation and Infrastructure of the
4	House of Representatives; and
5	(ii) 2 nominated for that appointment
6	by the chairman of the Committee Natural
7	Resources of the House of Representatives.
8	(C) 2 members appointed by the majority
9	leader of the Senate from a list of 4 individ-
10	uals—
11	(i) 2 nominated for that appointment
12	by the chairman of the Committee on En-
13	vironment and Public Works of the Senate;
14	and
15	(ii) 2 nominated for that appointment
16	by the chairman of the Committee on En-
17	ergy and Natural Resources of the Senate.
18	(D) One member appointed by the minor-
19	ity leader of the House of Representatives from
20	a list of 2 individuals—
21	(i) one nominated for that appoint-
22	ment by the ranking member of the Com-
23	mittee on Transportation and Infrastruc-
24	ture of the House of Representatives; and

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1	(ii) one nominated for that appoint-
2	ment by the ranking member of the Com-
3	mittee on Natural Resources of the Senate.
4	(E) 1 member appointed by the minority
5	leader of the Senate from a list of 2 individ-
6	uals—
7	(i) one nominated for that appoint-
8	ment by the ranking member of the Com-
9	mittee on Environment and Public Works
10	of the Senate; and
11	(ii) one nominated for that appoint-
12	ment by the ranking member of the Com-
13	mittee on Energy and Natural Resources
14	of the Senate.
15	(2) Qualifications.—
16	(A) RECOGNIZED STANDING AND DISTINC-
17	TION.—Members shall be appointed to the
18	Commission from among individuals who are of
19	recognized standing and distinction in water
20	policy issues.
21	(B) Limitation.—A person while serving
22	as a member of the Commission may not hold
23	any other position as an officer or employee of
24	the United States, except as a retired officer or
25	retired civilian employee of the United States.

1	(C) Other considerations.—In appoint-
2	ing members of the Commission, every effort
3	shall be made to ensure that the members rep-
4	resent a broad cross section of regional and
5	geographical perspectives in the United States.
6	(3) Chairperson.—The Chairperson of the
7	Commission shall be elected by a majority vote of
8	the members of the Commission.
9	(4) Terms.—Members of the Commission shall
10	serve for the life of the Commission.
11	(5) Vacancies.—A vacancy on the Commission
12	shall not affect its operation and shall be filled in
13	the manner in which the original appointment was
14	made.
15	(6) Compensation and travel expenses.—
16	Members of the Commission shall serve without
17	compensation; except that members shall receive
18	travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
19	ence, in accordance with applicable provisions under
20	subchapter I of chapter 57, United States Code.
21	(d) Meetings and Quorum.—
22	(1) Meetings.—The Commission shall hold its
23	first meeting not later than 60 days after the date
24	on which all original members are appointed under
25	subsection (e) and shall hold additional meetings at

1	the call of the Chairperson or a majority of its mem-
2	bers.
3	(2) Quorum.—A majority of the members of
4	the Commission shall constitute a quorum for the
5	transaction of business.
6	(e) DIRECTOR AND STAFF.—
7	(1) Director.—The Commission shall have a
8	Director who shall be appointed by the Speaker of
9	the House of Representatives and the majority lead-
10	er of the Senate, in consultation with the minority
11	leader of the House of Representatives, the chairmen
12	of the Committees on Resources and Transportation
13	and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives,
14	the minority leader of the Senate, and the chairmen
15	of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources
16	and Environment and Public Works of the Senate.
17	(2) Applicability of certain civil service
18	LAWS.—The Director and staff of the Commission
19	may be appointed without regard to the provisions
20	of title 5, United States Code, governing appoint-
21	ments in the competitive service, and may be paid
22	without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and
23	subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title relating to
24	classification and General Schedule pay rates; except

that an individual so appointed may not receive pay

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1	in excess of the annual rate of basic pay for GS -15
2	of the General Schedule.
3	(f) Hearings.—
4	(1) Minimum number.—The Commission shall
5	hold no fewer than 10 hearings during the life of the
6	Commission.
7	(2) In conjunction with meetings.—Hear-
8	ings may be held in conjunction with meetings of the
9	Commission.
10	(3) Testimony and Evidence.—The Commis-
11	sion may take such testimony and receive such evi-
12	dence as the Commission considers appropriate to
13	carry out this section.
14	(4) Specified.—At least one hearing shall be
15	held in Washington, District of Columbia, for the
16	purpose of taking testimony of representatives of
17	Federal agencies, national organizations, and Mem-
18	bers of Congress. At least one hearing shall focus on
19	potential water resource issues relating to climate
20	change and how to mitigate the harms of climate
21	change-related weather events.
22	(5) Nonspecified.—Hearings, other than
23	those referred to in paragraph (4), shall be sched-
24	uled in distinct geographical regions of the United
25	States. In conducting such hearings, the Commission

1	should seek to ensure testimony from individuals
2	with a diversity of experiences, including those who
3	work on water issues at all levels of government and
4	in the private sector.
5	(g) Information and Support From Federal
6	AGENCIES.—Upon request of the Commission, the head
7	of a Federal department or agency shall—
8	(1) provide to the Commission, within 30 days
9	of the request, such information as the Commission
10	considers necessary to carry out this section; and
11	(2) detail to temporary duty with the Commis-
12	sion on a reimbursable basis such personnel as the
13	Commission considers necessary to carry out this
14	section.
15	(h) Interim Reports.—Not later than one year
16	after the date of the first meeting of the Commission, and
17	every year thereafter, the Commission shall submit an in-
18	terim report containing a detailed summary of its
19	progress, including meetings held and hearings conducted
20	before the date of the report, to—
21	(1) the President; and
22	(2) Congress.
23	(i) Final Report.—As soon as practicable, but not
24	later than 5 years after the date of the first meeting of
25	the Commission, the Commission shall submit a final re-

1	port containing a detailed statement of the findings and
2	conclusions of the Commission and recommendations for
3	legislation and other policies to implement such findings
4	and conclusions to—
5	(1) the President;
6	(2) the Committee on Natural Resources and
7	the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure
8	of the House of Representatives; and
9	(3) the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-
10	sources and the Committee on the Environment and
11	Public Works of the Senate.
12	(j) Termination.—The Commission shall terminate
13	not later than 30 days after the date on which the Com-
14	mission transmits a final report under subsection $(h)(1)$.
15	(k) Applicability of Federal Advisory Com-
16	MITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
17	U.S.C. App. 1 et seq.) shall not apply to the Commission.
18	(l) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
19	authorized to be appropriated \$12,000,000 to carry out
20	this section.
21	SEC. 8703. STUDY OF POTENTIAL IMPACTS OF CLIMATE
22	CHANGE ON WATER RESOURCES AND WATER
23	QUALITY.
24	(a) National Academy Study.—The Adminis-
25	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall enter

1	into an arrangement with the National Academy of
2	Sciences under which the Academy shall—
3	(1) produce a 2-part study that will consist
4	of—
5	(A) a study that will identify the potential
6	impacts of climate change on the Nation's wa-
7	tersheds and water resources, including
8	hydrological and ecological impacts;
9	(B) a study that will identify the potential
10	impacts of climate change on water quality, in-
11	cluding the extent to which Federal and State
12	efforts under the Federal Water Pollution Con-
13	trol Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) and other
14	ocean and coastal laws may be affected by cli-
15	mate change;
16	(C) information, analyses, and data that
17	will identify, to the maximum extent prac-
18	ticable, hydrological and temperature changes
19	by watershed in the United States and that
20	support the findings made under subparagraphs
21	(A) and (B); and
22	(D) identification of the scientific con-
23	sensus, assumptions, and uncertainties related
24	to predictions of climate change in the United
25	States;

1	(2) identify the potential impacts of climate
2	change on the Nation's water resources, watersheds,
3	and water quality, including the potential for im-
4	pacts to wetlands, shoreline erosion, and saltwater
5	intrusion as a result of sea level rise, and the poten-
6	tial for significant regional variation in precipitation
7	events to impact Federal, State, and local efforts to
8	attain or maintain water quality;
9	(3) assess the extent to which Federal and
10	State efforts under the Federal Water Pollution
11	Control Act and other ocean and coastal laws may
12	be affected by climate change;
13	(4) identify prudent steps to assess emerging
14	information and identify appropriate response ac-
15	tions to meet the requirements of such Act, includ-
16	ing provisions to attain or maintain water quality
17	standards and for adequate stream flows for wet-
18	lands and aquatic resources; and
19	(5) recommend, if necessary, potential legisla-
20	tive or regulatory changes to address impacts of
21	global climate change on efforts to restore and main-
22	tain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity
23	of the Nation's waters.
24	(b) Recommendations.—Not later than 2 years
25	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-

- 1 trator shall transmit to Congress a report on the results
- 2 of the study under this section.
- 3 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 4 authorized to be appropriated \$1,500,000 to carry out this
- 5 section.
- 6 SEC. 8704. IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE ON CORPS OF
- 7 ENGINEERS PROJECTS.
- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Army shall
- 9 ensure that water resources projects and studies carried
- 10 out by the Corps of Engineers after the date of enactment
- 11 of this Act take into account the potential short and long
- 12 term effects of climate change on such projects.
- 13 (b) Consideration.—In carrying out this section,
- 14 the Secretary shall utilize a representative range of cli-
- 15 mate change scenarios, including the current projections
- 16 of the United States Global Change Research Program
- 17 and the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.
- 18 (c) Report to Congress.—Not later than one year
- 19 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
- 20 submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
- 21 structure of the House of Representatives and the Com-
- 22 mittee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate
- 23 a report on the implementation of this section.

1	PART 2—EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
2	SEC. 8731. EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE ON FEMA PRE-
3	PAREDNESS, RESPONSE, RECOVERY, AND
4	MITIGATION PROGRAMS.
5	(a) Study.—The Administrator of the Federal
6	Emergency Management Agency shall conduct a com-
7	prehensive study of the increase in demand for the Agen-
8	cy's emergency preparedness, response, recovery, and miti-
9	gation programs and services that may be reasonably an-
10	ticipated as a result of an increased number and intensity
11	of natural disasters affected by climate change, including
12	hurricanes, floods, tornadoes, fires, droughts, and severe
13	storms.
14	(b) Contents.—The study shall include an analysis
15	of the budgetary and personnel needs of meeting the in-
16	creased demand for Agency services referred to in sub-
17	section (a).
18	(c) Report.—Not later than one year after the date
19	of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
20	to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure
21	of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
22	Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Sen-
23	ate a report and any legislative recommendations on the
24	study conducted under this section.

1	TITLE IX—ENERGY AND
2	COMMERCE
3	Subtitle A—Promoting Energy
4	Efficiency
5	SEC. 9000. SHORT TITLE.
6	This subtitle may be cited as the "Energy Efficiency
7	Improvement Act of 2007".
8	PART 1—APPLIANCE EFFICIENCY
9	SEC. 9001. ENERGY STANDARDS FOR HOME APPLIANCES.
10	(a) Appliances.—The Energy Policy and Conserva-
11	tion Act is amended as follows:
12	(1) Dehumidifiers.—Section $325(cc)(2)$ (42)
13	U.S.C. $6295(cc)(2)$) is amended to read as follows:
14	``(2) Dehumidifiers manufactured on or after October
15	1, 2012, shall have an Energy Factor that meets or ex-
16	ceeds the following values:
	"Product Capacity (pints/day): Minimum Energy Factor (liters/KWh) Up to 35.00
	35.01-45.00
	45.01-54.00 1.60 54.01-75.00 1.70
	Greater than 75.00
17	(2) Residential clotheswashers and resi-
18	DENTIAL DISHWASHERS.—Section 325(g) (42
19	U.S.C. 6295(g)) is amended by adding at the end
20	the following new paragraphs:

1	"(9) Clotheswashers manufactured on or after Janu-
2	ary 1, 2011, shall have—
3	"(A) a Modified Energy Factor of at least 1.26
4	and
5	"(B) a water factor of not more than 9.5.
6	"(10) No later than December 31, 2011, the Sec-
7	retary shall publish a final rule determining whether to
8	amend the standards in effect for clotheswashers manufac-
9	tured on or after January 1, 2015. Such rule shall contain
10	such amendment, if any.
11	"(11) Dishwashers manufactured on or after January
12	1, 2010, shall—
13	"(A) for standard size dishwashers not exceed
14	355 kwh/year and 6.5 gallon per cycle; and
15	"(B) for compact size dishwashers not exceed
16	260 kwh/year and 4.5 gallons per cycle.
17	"(12) No later than January 1, 2015, the Secretary
18	shall publish a final rule determining whether to amend
19	the standards for dishwashers manufactured on or after
20	January 1, 2018. Such rule shall contain such amend-
21	ment, if any.".
22	(3) Refrigerators and freezers.—Section
23	325(b) (42 U.S.C. 6295(b)) is amended by adding
24	at the end the following new paragraph:

1	"(4) Not later than December 31, 2010, the Sec-
2	retary shall publish a final rule determining whether to
3	amend the standards in effect for refrigerators, refrig-
4	erator-freezers, and freezers manufactured on or after
5	January 1, 2014. Such rule shall contain such amend-
6	ment, if any.".
7	(b) Energy Star.—Section 324A(d)(2) of the En-
8	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6294a(d)(2))
9	is amended by striking "January 1, 2010" and inserting
10	"July 1, 2009".
11	SEC. 9002. ELECTRIC MOTOR EFFICIENCY STANDARDS.
12	(a) Definitions.—Section 340(13) of the Energy
13	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6311(13)) is
14	amended—
15	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (B)
16	through (H) as subparagraphs (C) through (I), re-
17	spectively; and
18	(2) by striking the text of subparagraph (A)
19	and inserting the following: "The term 'general pur-
20	pose electric motor (subtype I)' means any motor
21	that meets the definition of 'General Purpose' as es-
22	tablished in the final rule issued by the Department
23	of Energy for 'Energy Efficiency Program for Cer-
24	tain Commercial and Industrial Equipment: Test
25	Procedures, Labeling, and Certification Require-

1	ments for Electric Motors' (10 CFR 431), as in ef-
2	fect on the date of enactment of the Energy Effi-
3	ciency Improvement Act of 2007.
4	"(B) The term 'general purpose electric motor
5	(subtype II)' means motors incorporating the design
6	elements of a general purpose electric motor
7	(subtype I) that are configured as one of the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(i) U-Frame Motors.
10	"(ii) Design C Motors.
11	"(iii) Close-coupled pump motors.
12	"(iv) Footless motors.
13	"(v) Vertical solid shaft normal thrust
14	motor (as tested in a horizontal configuration).
15	"(vi) 8-pole motors (~900 rpm).
16	"(vii) All poly-phase motors with voltages
17	up to 600 volts other than 230/460 volts.".
18	(b) Standards.—
19	(1) Amendment.—Section 342(b) of the Energy
20	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6313(b)) is
21	amended by striking the text of paragraph (1) and insert-
22	ing the following: "(A) Each general purpose electric
23	motor (subtype I), except as provided in subparagraph
24	(B), with a power rating of 1 horsepower or greater, but
25	not greater than 200 horsepower, manufactured (alone or

- 1 as a component of another piece of equipment) after the
- 2 36-month period beginning on the date of enactment of
- 3 the Energy Efficiency Improvement Act of 2007, shall
- 4 have a nominal full load efficiency not less than as defined
- 5 in NEMA MG-1 (2006) Table 12-12.
- 6 "(B) Each fire pump motor manufactured (alone or
- 7 as a component of another piece of equipment) after the
- 8 36-month period beginning on the date of enactment of
- 9 the Energy Efficiency Improvement Act of 2007, shall
- 10 have nominal full load efficiency not less than as defined
- 11 in NEMA MG-1 (2006) Table 12-11.
- 12 "(C) Each general purpose electric motor (subtype
- 13 II) with a power rating of 1 horsepower or greater, but
- 14 not greater than 200 horsepower, manufactured (alone or
- 15 as a component of another piece of equipment) after the
- 16 36-month period beginning on the date of enactment of
- 17 the Energy Efficiency Improvement Act of 2007, shall
- 18 have a nominal full load efficiency not less than as defined
- 19 in NEMA MG-1 (2006) Table 12-11.
- 20 "(D) Each NEMA Design B, general purpose electric
- 21 motor with a power rating of more than 200 horsepower,
- $22\,$ but not greater than $500\,$ horse power, manufactured
- 23 (alone or as a component of another piece of equipment)
- 24 after the 36-month period beginning on the date of enact-
- 25 ment of the Energy Efficiency Improvement Act of 2007,

- 1 shall have a nominal full load efficiency not less than as
- 2 defined in NEMA MG-1 (2006) Table 12-11.".
- 3 (2) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 4 paragraph (1) shall take effect 36 months after the date
- 5 of enactment of this Act.
- 6 SEC. 9003. RESIDENTIAL BOILERS.
- 7 Section 325(f) of the Energy Policy and Conservation
- 8 Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(f)) is amended—
- 9 (1) in the subsection heading, by inserting
- "AND BOILERS" after "FURNACES";
- 11 (2) in paragraph (1), by striking "except that"
- and all that follows through "(B)" and inserting
- "except that;
- 14 (3) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
- 15 graph (4); and
- 16 (4) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
- lowing:
- 18 "(3) Boilers.—
- 19 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph
- 20 (B), boilers manufactured on or after September 1,
- 21 2012, shall meet the following requirements:

Boiler Type	Minimum Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency	Design Requirements
Gas Hot Water	82%	No Constant Burning Pilot, Automatic Means for Adjusting Water Temperature

Boiler Type	Minimum Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency	Design Requirements
Gas Steam	80%	No Constant Burning Pilot
Oil Hot Water	84%	Automatic Means for Adjusting Temperature
Oil Steam	82%	None
Electric Hot Water	None	Automatic Means for Adjusting Temperature
Electric Steam	None	None

"(B) AUTOMATIC MEANS FOR ADJUSTING WATER TEMPERATURE.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The manufacturer shall equip each gas, oil and electric hot water boiler, except boilers equipped with tankless domestic water heating coils, with automatic means for adjusting the temperature of the water supplied by the boiler to ensure that an incremental change in inferred heat load produces a corresponding incremental change in the temperature of water supplied.

"(ii) SINGLE INPUT RATE.—For a boiler that fires at one input rate this requirement may be satisfied by providing an automatic means that allows the burner or heating element to fire only when such means has deter-

1	mined that the inferred heat load cannot be met
2	by the residual heat of the water in the system.
3	"(iii) No inferred heat load.—When
4	there is no inferred heat load with respect to a
5	hot water boiler, the automatic means described
6	in clause (i) and (ii) shall limit the temperature
7	of the water in the boiler to not more than 140
8	degrees Fahrenheit.
9	"(iv) Operation.—A boiler described in
10	clause (i) or (ii) shall be operable only when the
11	automatic means described in clauses (i), (ii),
12	and (iii) is installed.".
13	SEC. 9004. REGIONAL VARIATIONS IN HEATING OR COOL-
13 14	SEC. 9004. REGIONAL VARIATIONS IN HEATING OR COOLING STANDARDS.
14	ING STANDARDS.
14 15	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the
14 15 16 17	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(o))
14 15 16 17	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(o)) is amended by adding at the end the following new para-
14 15 16 17 18	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(o)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
14 15 16 17 18	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(o)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph: "(6)(A) The Secretary may establish regional stand-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(o)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph: "(6)(A) The Secretary may establish regional standards for space heating and air conditioning products, other
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(o)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph: "(6)(A) The Secretary may establish regional standards for space heating and air conditioning products, other than window-unit air-conditioners and portable space
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	ING STANDARDS. (a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(o) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(o)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph: "(6)(A) The Secretary may establish regional standards for space heating and air conditioning products, other than window-unit air-conditioners and portable space heaters. For each space heating and air conditioning prod-

- 1 conditions. Any standards set for any such region shall
- 2 achieve the maximum level of energy savings that are tech-
- 3 nically feasible and economically justified within that re-
- 4 gion. As a preliminary step to determining the economic
- 5 justifiability of establishing any such regional standard,
- 6 the Secretary shall conduct a study involving stakeholders,
- 7 including but not limited to a representative from the Na-
- 8 tional Institute of Standards and Technology; representa-
- 9 tives of nongovernmental advocacy organizations; rep-
- 10 resentatives of product manufacturers, distributors, and
- 11 installers; representatives of the gas and electric utility in-
- 12 dustries; and such other individuals as the Secretary may
- 13 designate. Such study shall determine the potential bene-
- 14 fits and consequences of prescribing regional standards for
- 15 heating and cooling products, and may, if favorable to
- 16 such standards, constitute the evidence of economic justifi-
- 17 ability required under this Act. Regional boundaries shall
- 18 follow State borders and only include contiguous States
- 19 (except Alaska and Hawaii), except that on the request
- 20 of a State, the Secretary may divide that State to include
- 21 a part of that State in each of two regions.
- 22 "(B) If the Secretary establishes regional standards,
- 23 it shall be unlawful under section 332 to offer for sale
- 24 at retail, sell at retail, or install noncomplying products
- 25 except within the specified regions.

1	"(C)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), no product
2	manufactured to a regional standard established pursuant
3	to subparagraph (A) shall be distributed in commerce
4	without a prominent label affixed to the product which in-
5	cludes at the top of the label, in print of not less than
6	14-point type, the following: 'It is a violation of Federal
7	law for this product to be installed in any State outside
8	the region shaded on the map printed on this label.'
9	Below this notice shall appear a map of the United States
10	with clearly defined State boundaries and names, and with
11	all States in which the product meets or exceeds the stand-
12	ard established pursuant to subparagraph (A) shaded in
13	a color or a manner as to be easily visible without obscur-
14	ing the State boundaries and names. Below the map shall
15	be printed on each label the following: 'It is a violation
16	of Federal law for this label to be removed, except by the
17	owner and legal resident of any single-family home in
18	which this product is installed.'.
19	"(ii) A product manufactured that meets or exceeds
20	all regional standards established under this paragraph
21	shall bear a prominent label affixed to the product which
22	includes at the top of the label, in print of not less than
23	14-point type the following: 'This product has achieved an
24	energy efficiency rating under Federal law allowing its in-
25	stallation in any State.'.

- 1 "(D) Manufacturers of space heating and air condi-
- 2 tioning equipment subject to regional standards estab-
- 3 lished under this paragraph shall obtain and retain
- 4 records on the intended installation locations of the equip-
- 5 ment sold, and shall make such records available to the
- 6 Secretary on request.".
- 7 (b) Industrial Equipment.—Section 342(a) of the
- 8 Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6313(a))
- 9 is amended by adding at the end the following new para-
- 10 graph:
- 11 "(10)(A) The Secretary may establish regional stand-
- 12 ards for space heating and air conditioning products sub-
- 13 ject to this subsection. For each space heating and air con-
- 14 ditioning product, the Secretary may establish a national
- 15 minimum standard and two more stringent regional stand-
- 16 ards for regions determined to have significantly differing
- 17 climatic conditions. Any standards set for any such region
- 18 shall achieve the maximum level of energy savings that
- 19 are technically feasible and economically justified within
- 20 that region. Regional boundaries shall follow State borders
- 21 and only include contiguous States (except Alaska and
- 22 Hawaii), except that on the request of a State, the Sec-
- 23 retary may divide that State to include a part of that State
- 24 in each of two regions.

1	"(B) If the Secretary establishes regional standards,
2	it shall be unlawful under section 345 to offer for sale
3	at retail, sell at retail, or install noncomplying products
4	except within the specified regions.
5	"(C) Manufacturers of space heating and air condi-
6	tioning equipment subject to regional standards estab-
7	lished under this paragraph shall obtain and retain
8	records on the intended installation locations of the equip-
9	ment sold, and shall make such records available to the
10	Secretary on request.".
11	SEC. 9005. PROCEDURE FOR PRESCRIBING NEW OR AMEND-
12	ED STANDARDS.
13	Section 325(p) of the Energy Policy and Conserva-
14	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(p)) is amended—
15	(1) by striking paragraph (1); and
16	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through
17	(4) as paragraphs (1) through (3), respectively.
18	SEC. 9006. EXPEDITING APPLIANCE STANDARDS
19	RULEMAKINGS.
20	(a) DIRECT FINAL RULE.—Section 325(p) of the En-
21	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295(p)) is
22	amended by adding a new paragraph (4) as follows:
23	"(4) If manufacturers of any type (or class) of
24	covered products or covered equipment, States, and
25	efficiency advocates, or persons determined by the

1	Secretary to fully represent such parties, submit to
2	the Secretary a joint recommendation of an energy
3	or water conservation standard and the Secretary
4	determines that the recommended standard complies
5	with subsection (o) or section 342(a)(6)(B), as appli-
6	cable, to that type (or class) of covered products or
7	covered equipment to which the standard would
8	apply, the Secretary may then issue a direct final
9	rule including the standard recommended. If the
10	Secretary determines that a direct final rule cannot
11	be issued based on such a submitted joint rec-
12	ommendation, the Secretary shall publish a deter-
13	mination with an explanation as to why the joint
14	recommendation does not comply with this para-
15	graph. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'di-
16	rect final rule' means a final rule published the same
17	day with a parallel notice of proposed rulemaking
18	that proposes a new or amended energy or water
19	conservation standard that is identical to the stand-
20	ard set forth in the final rule. There shall be a 110-
21	day period for public comment with respect to the
22	direct final rule. Not later than 10 days after the ex-
23	piration of such 110-day period, the Secretary shall
24	publish a notice responding to comments received
25	with respect to the direct final rule. The Secretary

1	shall withdraw a direct final rule promulgated pur-
2	suant to this paragraph within 120 days after publi-
3	cation in the Federal Register if the Secretary re-
4	ceives, with respect to the direct final rule, one or
5	more adverse public comments or any alternate joint
6	recommendation and, based on the rulemaking
7	record, the Secretary determines that such adverse
8	comments or alternate joint recommendation may
9	provide a reasonable basis for withdrawing the direct
10	final rule under subsection (o), section 342(a)(6)(B),
11	or any applicable law. In such a case, the Secretary
12	shall then proceed with the parallel notice of pro-
13	posed rulemaking, and shall identify in a notice pub-
14	lished in the Federal Register the reasons for the
15	withdrawal of the direct final rule. A direct final rule
16	that is withdrawn in accordance with this paragraph
17	shall not be considered final for purposes of sub-
18	section $(0)(1)$ of this section. No person shall be
19	found in violation of this part for noncompliance
20	with a direct final rule that is withdrawn under this
21	paragraph, if that person has complied with the ap-
22	plicable standard in effect under this part imme-
23	diately prior to issuance of that direct final rule.".
24	(b) Conforming Amendment.— Section 345(b)(1)
25	of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.

1	6316(b)(1)) is amended by inserting after "section" the
2	first time it appears "325(p)(5), section".
3	SEC. 9007. CORRECTION OF LARGE AIR CONDITIONER
4	RULE ISSUANCE CONSTRAINT.
5	(a) Definitions.—Section 340 of the Energy Policy
6	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6311) is amended by
7	adding the following new paragraphs at the end:
8	"(22) The term 'single package vertical air con-
9	ditioner' means air-cooled commercial package air
10	conditioning and heating equipment; factory assem-
11	bled as a single package having its major compo-
12	nents arranged vertically, which is an encased com-
13	bination of cooling and optional heating components,
14	is intended for exterior mounting on, adjacent inte-
15	rior to, or through an outside wall; and is powered
16	by a single- or three-phase current. It may contain
17	separate indoor grille(s), outdoor louvers, various
18	ventilation options, indoor free air discharge, duct-
19	work, well plenum, or sleeve. Heating components
20	may include electrical resistance, steam, hot water,
21	or gas, but may not include reverse cycle refrigera-
22	tion as a heating means.
23	"(23) The term 'single package vertical heat
24	pump' means a single package vertical air condi-
25	tioner that utilizes reverse cycle refrigeration as its

1	primary heat source, that may include secondary
2	supplemental heating by means of electrical resist-
3	ance, steam, hot water, or gas.".
4	(b) Standards.—Section 342(a) of the Energy Pol-
5	icy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6313(a)) is amend-
6	ed—
7	(1) in each of paragraphs (1) and (2), by in-
8	serting after "heating equipment" in the first sen-
9	tence ", including single package vertical air condi-
10	tioners and single package vertical heat pumps,";
11	(2) in paragraph (1), by striking "but before
12	January 1, 2010,";
13	(3) in each of paragraphs (7), (8), and (9), by
14	inserting after "heating equipment" in the first sen-
15	tence ", excluding single package vertical air condi-
16	tioners and single package vertical heat pumps,";
17	(4) in paragraph (7)—
18	(A) by striking "manufactured on or after
19	January 1, 2010,";
20	(B) in each of subparagraphs (A), (B), and
21	(C), by striking "The" and inserting "For
22	equipment manufactured on or after January 1,
23	2010, the"; and
24	(C) by adding at the end the following new
25	subparagraphs:

1	"(D) For equipment manufactured on or after
2	the later of January 1, 2008, or the date six months
3	after enactment of this section, the minimum sea-
4	sonal energy efficiency ratio of air-cooled three-phase
5	electric central air conditioners and central air con-
6	ditioning heat pumps less than 65,000 Btu per hour
7	(cooling capacity), split systems, shall be 13.0.
8	"(E) For equipment manufactured on or after
9	the later of January 1, 2008, or the date six months
10	after enactment of this section, minimum seasonal
11	energy efficiency ratio of air-cooled three-phase elec-
12	tric central air conditioners and central air condi-
13	tioning heat pumps less than 65,000 Btu per hour
14	(cooling capacity), single package, shall be 13.0.
15	"(F) For equipment manufactured on or after
16	the later of January 1, 2008, or the date six months
17	after enactment of this section, minimum heating
18	seasonal performance factor of air-cooled three-
19	phase electric central air conditioning heat pumps
20	less than 65,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity),
21	split systems, shall be 7.7.
22	"(G) For equipment manufactured on or after
23	the later of January 1, 2008, or the date six months
24	after enactment of this section, the minimum heat-
25	ing seasonal performance factor of air-cooled three-

1	phase electric central air conditioning heat pumps
2	less than 65,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity),
3	single package, shall be 7.7."; and
4	(5) by adding the following new paragraphs at
5	the end:
6	"(11) Single package vertical air conditioners and
7	single package vertical heat pumps manufactured on or
8	after January 1, 2010, shall meet the following standards:
9	"(A) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
10	single package vertical air conditioners less than
11	65,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity), single-
12	phase, shall be 9.0.
13	"(B) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
14	single package vertical air conditioners less than
15	65,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity), three-phase,
16	shall be 9.0.
17	"(C) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
18	single package vertical air conditioners at or above
19	65,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) but less than
20	135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity), shall be
21	8.9.
22	"(D) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
23	single package vertical air conditioners at or above
24	135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) but less

1	than 240,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity), shall
2	be 8.6.
3	"(E) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
4	single package vertical heat pumps less than 65,000
5	Btu per hour (cooling capacity), single-phase, shall
6	be 9.0; and the minimum coefficient of performance
7	in the heating mode shall be 3.0.
8	"(F) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
9	single package vertical heat pumps less than 65,000
10	Btu per hour (cooling capacity), three-phase, shall
11	be 9.0; and the minimum coefficient of performance
12	in the heating mode shall be 3.0.
13	"(G) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
14	single package vertical heat pumps at or above
15	65,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) but less than
16	135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity), shall be
17	8.9; and the minimum coefficient of performance in
18	the heating mode shall be 3.0.
19	"(H) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
20	single package vertical heat pumps at or above
21	135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) but less
22	than 240,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity), shall
23	be 8.6; and the minimum coefficient of performance
24	in the heating mode shall be 2.9.

1	"(12) Not later than 36 months after the date of en-
2	actment of this paragraph, the Secretary shall review the
3	most recently published ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1
4	with respect to single package vertical air conditioners and
5	single package vertical heat pumps according to the proce-
6	dures established in paragraph (6).".
7	SEC. 9008. DEFINITION OF ENERGY CONSERVATION STAND-
8	ARD.
9	Section 321 of the Energy Policy and Conservation
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 6291) is amended by striking paragraph
11	(6) and inserting the following:
12	"(6) Energy conservation standard.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'energy con-
14	servation standard' means 1 or more perform-
15	ance standards that—
16	"(i) for covered products (excluding
17	clothes washers, dishwashers, showerheads,
18	faucets, water closets, and urinals), pre-
19	scribe a minimum level of energy efficiency
20	or a maximum quantity of energy use, de-
21	termined in accordance with test proce-
22	dures prescribed under section 323;
23	"(ii) for showerheads, faucets, water
24	closets, and urinals, prescribe a minimum
25	level of water efficiency or a maximum

1	quantity of water use, determined in ac-
2	cordance with test procedures prescribed
3	under section 323; and
4	"(iii) for clothes washers and dish-
5	washers—
6	"(I) prescribe a minimum level of
7	energy efficiency or a maximum quan-
8	tity of energy use, determined in ac-
9	cordance with test procedures pre-
10	scribed under section 323; and
11	"(II) may include a minimum
12	level of water efficiency or a maximum
13	quantity of water use, determined in
14	accordance with those test procedures.
15	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'energy con-
16	servation standard' includes—
17	"(i) 1 or more design requirements, if
18	the requirements were established—
19	"(I) on or before the date of en-
20	actment of this subclause; or
21	"(II) as part of a consensus
22	agreement under section 325(p)(5);
23	and

1	"(ii) any other requirements that the
2	Secretary may prescribe under section
3	325(r).
4	"(C) Exclusion.—The term 'energy con-
5	servation standard' does not include a perform-
6	ance standard for a component of a finished
7	covered product, unless regulation of the com-
8	ponent is authorized or established pursuant to
9	this title.".
10	SEC. 9009. IMPROVING SCHEDULE FOR STANDARDS UPDAT-
11	ING AND CLARIFYING STATE AUTHORITY.
12	(a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 325(m) of the
13	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295(m))
14	is amended to read as follows:
15	"(m) Further Rulemaking.—(1) Not later than 6
16	years after issuance of any final rule establishing or
17	amending a standard, as required for a product under this
18	part, the Secretary shall publish either—
19	"(A) a notice of the Secretary's determination
20	that standards for that product do not need to be
21	amended, based on the criteria in subsection $(n)(2)$;
22	or
23	"(B) a notice of proposed rulemaking including
24	new proposed standards based on the criteria in sub-
25	section (o) and the procedures in subsection (p).

- 1 In either case, the Secretary shall also publish a notice
- 2 stating that the Department's analysis is publicly avail-
- 3 able, and provide opportunity for written comment.
- 4 "(2) Not later than 2 years after a notice is issued
- 5 under paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary shall publish a
- 6 final rule amending the standard for the product. Not
- 7 later than 3 years after a determination under paragraph
- 8 (1)(A), the Secretary shall make a new determination and
- 9 publication under paragraph (1)(A) or (B).
- 10 "(3) An amendment prescribed under this subsection
- 11 shall apply to products manufactured after a date which
- 12 is 3 years after publication of the final rule establishing
- 13 a standard, except that a manufacturer shall not be re-
- 14 quired to apply new standards to a product with respect
- 15 to which other new standards have been required within
- 16 the prior 6 years.
- 17 "(4) The Secretary shall promptly submit to the
- 18 Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of
- 19 Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Nat-
- 20 ural Resources of the Senate—
- 21 "(A) a progress report every 180 days on com-
- 22 pliance with this section, including a specific plan to
- remedy any failures to comply with deadlines for ac-
- 24 tion set forth in this section; and

1	"(B) all required reports to the Court or to any
2	party to the Consent Decree in State of New York
3	v Bodman, Consolidated Civil Actions No.05 Civ.
4	7807 and No.05 Civ. 7808.".
5	(b) Industrial Equipment.—Section 342(a)(6) of
6	the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
7	6313(a)(6)) is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as sub-
9	paragraph (D); and
10	(2) by amending the remainder of the para-
11	graph to read as follows:
12	"(6)(A) If ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1 is
13	amended with respect to any small, large, or very
14	large commercial package air conditioning and heat-
15	ing equipment, packaged terminal air conditioners,
16	packaged terminal heat pumps, warm-air furnaces,
17	packaged boilers, storage water heaters, instanta-
18	neous water heaters, or unfired hot water storage
19	tanks, the Secretary shall within 6 months publish
20	in the Federal Register for public comment an anal-
21	ysis of the energy savings potential of the amended
22	energy efficiency standards. The Secretary shall es-
23	tablish an amended uniform national standard for
24	that product at the minimum level for each effective
25	date specified in the amended ASHRAE/IES Stand-

1	ard 90.1 within 18 months of the ASHRAE amend-
2	ment's publication, unless the Secretary determines,
3	by rule published in the Federal Register, and sup-
4	ported by clear and convincing evidence, that adop-
5	tion of a uniform national standard more stringent
6	than such amended ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1
7	for such product would result in significant addi-
8	tional conservation of energy and is technologically
9	feasible and economically justified.
10	"(B) If the Secretary issues a rule containing
11	such a determination, the rule shall establish such
12	amended standard, and shall be issued within 30
13	months of the ASHRAE amendment's publication.
14	"(C)(i) Not later than 6 years after issuance of
15	any final rule establishing or amending a standard,
16	as required for a product under this part, the Sec-
17	retary shall publish either—
18	"(I) a notice of the Secretary's determina-
19	tion that standards for that product do not
20	need to be amended, based on the criteria in
21	subparagraph (A); or
22	"(II) a notice of proposed rulemaking in-
23	cluding new proposed standards based on the
24	criteria and procedures in subparagraph (B).

1	In either case, the Secretary shall also publish a no-
2	tice stating that the Department's analysis is pub-
3	licly available, and provide opportunity for written
4	comment.
5	"(ii) Not later than 2 years after a notice is
6	issued under clause (i)(II), the Secretary shall pub-
7	lish a final rule amending the standard for the prod-
8	uct. Not later than 3 years after a determination
9	under clause (i)(I), the Secretary shall make a new
10	determination and publication under clause (i)(I) or
11	(II).
12	"(iii) An amendment prescribed under this sub-
13	paragraph shall apply to products manufactured
14	after a date which is 3 years after publication of the
15	final rule establishing a standard, except that a
16	manufacturer shall not be required to apply new
17	standards to a product with respect to which other
18	new standards have been required within the prior
19	6 years.
20	"(iv) The Secretary shall promptly submit to
21	the House Committee on Energy and Commerce and
22	to the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural
23	Resources a progress report every 180 days on com-
24	pliance with this paragraph, including a specific plan

1	to remedy any failures to comply with deadlines for	
2	action set forth in this paragraph.".	
3	SEC. 9010. UPDATING APPLIANCE TEST PROCEDURES.	
4	(a) Consumer Appliances.—Section 323(b)(1)(A)	
5	of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.	
6	6923(b)(1)(A)) is amended by striking "The Secretary	
7	may" and all that follows through "paragraph (3)" and	
8	inserting "At least every 7 years the Secretary shall review	
9	test procedures for all covered products and shall—	
10	"(i) amend test procedures with respect to any	
11	covered product if the Secretary determines that	
12	amended test procedures would more accurately or	
13	fully comply with the requirements of paragraph (3);	
14	or	
15	"(ii) publish notice in the Federal Register of	
16	any determination not to amend a test procedure".	
17	(b) Industrial Equipment.—Section 343(a)(1) of	
18	the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.	
19	6314(a)(1)) is amended by striking "The Secretary may"	
20	and all that follows through "this section" and inserting	
21	"At least every 7 years the Secretary shall conduct an	
22	evaluation of each class of covered equipment and—	
23	"(A) if the Secretary determines that amended	
24	test procedures would more accurately or fully com-	
25	ply with the requirements of paragraphs (2) and (3),	

1	shall prescribe test procedures for such class in ac-	
2	cordance with the provisions of this section; or	
3	"(B) shall publish notice in the Federal Reg-	
4	ister of any determination not to amend a test pro-	
5	cedure".	
6	SEC. 9011. FURNACE FAN STANDARD PROCESS.	
7	Section 325(f)(4)(D) of the Energy Policy and Con-	
8	servation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295(f)(3)(D)), as redesignated	
9	by section 9003(3) of this Act, is amended—	
10	(1) by striking "may" and inserting "shall";	
11	and	
12	(2) by inserting "not later than July 1, 2013"	
13	after "duct work".	
14	SEC. 9012. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.	
15	(a) Section 135(a)(1)(A)(ii) of the Energy Policy Act	
16	of 2005 (Public Law 109–58) is amended by striking	
17	"(C70.1.1070(D1004)" and inserting "(C70.9)	
	"C78.1–1978(R1984)" and inserting "C78.3–	
18	1978(R1984)".	
1819		
	1978(R1984)".	
19	1978(R1984)". (b) Section 325 of the Energy Policy and Conserva-	
19 20	1978(R1984)". (b) Section 325 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295) (as amended by section	
19 20 21	1978(R1984)". (b) Section 325 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295) (as amended by section 135(c)(4) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005) is amended—	
19 20 21 22	1978(R1984)". (b) Section 325 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295) (as amended by section 135(c)(4) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005) is amended— (1) in subsection (v)—	

1	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (2)	
2	through (4) as paragraphs (1) through (3), re-	
3	spectively; and	
4	(2) in subsection (ff)—	
5	(A) in paragraph (1)(A)—	
6	(i) by striking clause (iii);	
7	(ii) by redesignating clause (iv) as	
8	clause (iii); and	
9	(iii) in clause (iii)(II) (as so redesig-	
10	nated), by inserting "fans sold for" before	
11	"outdoor"; and	
12	(B) in paragraph (4)(C)—	
13	(i) in the matter preceding clause (i),	
14	by striking "subparagraph (B)" and in-	
15	serting "subparagraph (A)";	
16	(ii) by striking clause (ii) and insert-	
17	ing the following:	
18	"(ii) shall be packaged with lamps to fill all	
19	sockets.";	
20	(C) in paragraph (6), by redesignating	
21	subparagraphs (C) and (D) as clauses (i) and	
22	(ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B); and	
23	(D) in paragraph (7), by striking "327"	
24	the second place it appears and inserting	
25	"394"	

1	SEC. 9013. ENERGY EFFICIENT STANDBY POWER DEVICES.
2	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
3	(1) Agency.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "agency" has
5	the meaning given the term "Executive agency"
6	in section 105 of title 5, United States Code.
7	(B) Inclusions.—The term "agency" in-
8	cludes military departments, as the term is de-
9	fined in section 102 of title 5, United States
10	Code.
11	(2) ELIGIBLE PRODUCT.—The term "eligible
12	product" means a commercially available, off-the-
13	shelf product that—
14	(A)(i) uses external standby power devices;
15	or•
16	(ii) contains an internal standby power
17	function; and
18	(B) is included on the list compiled under
19	subsection (d).
20	(b) Federal Purchasing Requirement.—Subject
21	to subsection (c), if an agency purchases an eligible prod-
22	uct, the agency shall purchase—
23	(1) an eligible product that uses not more than
24	1 watt in the standby power consuming mode of the
25	eligible product; or

1	(2) if an eligible product described in paragraph	
2	(1) is not available, the eligible product with the low-	
3	est available standby power wattage in the standby	
4	power consuming mode of the eligible product.	
5	(c) Limitation.—The requirements of subsection (b)	
6	shall apply to a purchase by an agency only if—	
7	(1) the lower-wattage eligible product is—	
8	(A) lifecycle cost-effective; and	
9	(B) practicable; and	
10	(2) the utility and performance of the eligible	
11	product is not compromised by the lower wattage re-	
12	quirement.	
13	(d) Eligible Products.—The Secretary of Energy,	
14	in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Ad-	
15	ministrator of General Services, shall compile a list of	
16	cost-effective eligible products that shall be subject to the	
17	purchasing requirements of subsection (b).	
18	SEC. 9014. EXTERNAL POWER SUPPLY EFFICIENCY STAND-	
19	ARDS.	
20	(a) Section 321 of the Energy Policy and Conserva-	
21	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6291) is amended—	
22	(1) in paragraph (36) by inserting "(A)" before	
23	the text and adding at the end the following:	
24	"(B) The term 'class A external power supply'	
25	means a device that—	

1	"(i) is designed to convert line voltage AC	
2	input into lower voltage AC or DC output;	
3	"(ii) is able to convert to only one AC or	
4	DC output voltage at a time;	
5	"(iii) is sold with, or intended to be used	
6	with, a separate end-use product that con-	
7	stitutes the primary load;	
8	"(iv) is contained in a separate physical	
9	enclosure from the end-use product;	
10	"(v) is connected to the end-use product	
11	via a removable or hard-wired male/female elec-	
12	trical connection, cable, cord or other wiring;	
13	and	
14	"(vi) has nameplate output power less than	
15	or equal to 250 watts.	
16	"(C) The term 'class A external power	
17	supply' does not include any device that—	
18	"(i) requires Federal Food and Drug	
19	Administration listing and approval as a	
20	medical device, as described under section	
21	513 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act	
22	of 1938; or	
23	"(ii) powers the charger of a detach-	
24	able battery pack or charges the battery of	

1	a product that is fully or primarily motor
2	operated.
3	"(D) The term 'active mode' means the
4	mode of operation when an external power sup-
5	ply is connected to the main electricity supply
6	and the output is connected to a load.
7	"(E) The term 'no-load mode' means the
8	mode of operation when an external power sup-
9	ply is connected to the main electricity supply
10	and the output is not connected to a load."
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(52) The term 'detachable battery' means a
13	battery that is contained in a separate enclosure
14	from the product and is intended to be removed or
15	disconnected from the product for recharging.".
16	(b) Section 323 of the Energy Policy and Conserva-
17	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6293) is amended in subsection (b)
18	by adding at the end the following:
19	"(17) Test procedures for class A external
20	power supplies shall be based upon the U.S. Envi-
21	ronmental Protection Agency's 'Test Method for
22	Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Single-Voltage
23	External AC-DC and AC-AC Power Supplies', Au-
24	gust 11, 2004, provided that the test voltage speci-

1	fied in section 4(d) of such test method shall be only	
2	115 volts, 60 Hz.".	
3	(c) Section 325 of the Energy Policy and Conserva-	
4	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6295) is amended in subsection (u)	
5	by adding at the end the following:	
6	"(6) Efficiency standards for class a ex-	
7	TERNAL POWER SUPPLIES.—	
8	"(A) Class A external power supplies man-	
9	ufactured on or after July 1, 2008 (or the date	
10	of enactment of this paragraph, if later) shall	
11	meet the following standards:	

"Active Mode		
"Nameplate Output	Required Efficiency (decimal equivalent of a per- centage)	
Less than 1 watt	0.5 times the Nameplate Output	
From 1 watt to not more than 51 watts	The sum of 0.09 times the Natural Logarithm of the Nameplate Output and 0.5	
Greater than 51 watts	0.85	
"No-Load Mode		
"Nameplate Output	Maximum Consumption	
Not more than 250 watts	0.5 watts	

"(B) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), any class A external power supply manufactured on or after July 1, 2008, and before July 1, 2015, and made available by the manufacturer as a

1	service part or a spare part for an end-use
2	product—
3	"(i) that constitutes the primary load;
4	and
5	"(ii) was manufactured before July 1,
6	2008,
7	shall not be subject to the requirements of
8	paragraph (A).
9	"(C) Any class A external power supply
10	manufactured on or after July 1, 2008 (or the
11	date of enactment of this paragraph, if later)
12	shall be clearly and permanently marked in ac-
13	cordance with the External Power Supply Inter-
14	national Efficiency Marking Protocol, as ref-
15	erenced in the 'Energy Star Program Require-
16	ments for Single Voltage External AC-DC and
17	AC-AC Power Supplies, version 1.1' published
18	by the Environmental Protection Agency.
19	``(D)(i) Not later than July 1, 2011 the
20	Secretary shall publish a final rule to determine
21	whether the standards established under para-
22	graph (A) should be amended. Such rule shall
23	provide that any amended standard shall apply
24	to products manufactured on or after July 1,
25	2013.

1	"(ii) Not later than July 1, 2015 the Sec-
2	retary shall publish a final rule to determine
3	whether the standards established under para-
4	graph (A) should be amended. Such rule shall
5	provide that any amended standard shall apply
6	to products manufactured on or after July 1,
7	2017.
8	"(7) An energy conservation standard for exter-
9	nal power supplies shall not constitute an energy
10	conservation standard for the separate end-use prod-
11	uct to which it is connected.".
12	SEC. 9015. STANDBY MODE.
13	(a) Consumer Appliance Requirement.—Section
14	325 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
15	6295) is amended by adding at the end the following new
16	subsection:
17	"(ii) Standby Mode.—
18	"(1) Requirement.—Except as provided in
19	paragraph (2), any final rule adopted after July 1,
20	2012, to set a new or revised energy efficiency
21	standard for a covered product shall specify that a
22	covered product manufactured on or after the effec-
23	tive date of such new or revised standard shall, when
24	in standby mode, operate with not more than 1 watt
25	of electric power.

1	"(2) Exceptions.—
2	"(A) Extensions.—The Secretary may
3	provide a single extension of up to 2 years for
4	compliance with paragraph (1) with respect to
5	a covered product if the Secretary finds that
6	such extension is appropriate.
7	"(B) Exemptions.—The Secretary may
8	provide an exemption from the requirement
9	under paragraph (1) for a covered product,
10	after public notice and opportunity for com-
11	ment, if the Secretary finds that—
12	"(i) achieving the requirement is not
13	technologically feasible and economically
14	justified for that covered product; or
15	"(ii) such an exemption is warranted
16	for medical or military reasons.
17	Any exemption provided under this subpara-
18	graph shall be reviewed at least once every 5
19	years.".
20	(b) Consumer Appliance Test Procedures.—
21	Section 323(b) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
22	(42 U.S.C. 6293(b)) is amended by adding at the end the
23	following new paragraph:
24	"(18) Not later than July 1, 2009, the Secretary
25	shall issue a final rule establishing test procedures for

1	standby power consumption for all covered products, ex-
2	cept for products for which the current test procedure al-
3	ready measures standby power consumption.".
4	(c) Repeal.—
5	(1) In general.—Section 325(u) of the En-
6	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
7	6295(u)), as amended by this subtitle, is amended—
8	(A) by striking paragraph (2); and
9	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
10	through (7) as paragraphs (2) through (6), re-
11	spectively.
12	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
13	by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date de-
14	scribed in section 325(ii)(I) of the Energy Policy
15	and Conservation Act as, added by subsection (a) of
16	this section.
17	(d) Industrial Equipment Requirement.—Sec-
18	tion 342 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42
19	U.S.C. 6313) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing new subsection:
21	"(f) Standby Power.—
22	"(1) Requirement.—Except as provided in
23	paragraph (2), any final rule adopted after July 1,
24	2012, to set a new or revised energy efficiency
25	standard for covered equipment shall specify that

1	covered equipment manufactured on or after the ef-
2	fective date of such new or revised standard shall,
3	when in standby mode, operate with not more than
4	1 watt of electric power.
5	"(2) Exceptions.—
6	"(A) Extensions.—The Secretary may
7	provide a single extension of up to 5 years for
8	compliance with paragraph (1) with respect to
9	a covered equipment if the Secretary finds that
10	such extension is appropriate.
11	"(B) Exemptions.—The Secretary may
12	provide an exemption from the requirement
13	under paragraph (1) for covered equipment,
14	after public notice and opportunity for com-
15	ment, if the Secretary finds that—
16	"(i) achieving the requirement is not
17	technologically feasible and economically
18	justified for that covered equipment; or
19	"(ii) such an exemption is warranted
20	for medical or military reasons.
21	Any exemption provided under this subpara-
22	graph shall be reviewed at least once every 5
23	years.".
24	(e) Industrial Equipment Test Procedures.—
25	Section 343(a) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act

1	(42 U.S.C. 6314(a)) is amended by adding at the end the
2	following new paragraph:
3	"(9) Not later than July 1, 2009, the Secretary shall
4	issue a final rule establishing test procedures for standby
5	power consumption for all covered equipment, except for
6	equipment for which the current test procedure already
7	measures standby power consumption.".
8	PART 2—LIGHTING EFFICIENCY
9	SEC. 9021. EFFICIENT LIGHT BULBS.
10	(a) Prohibition.—
11	(1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
13	Energy shall issue regulations—
14	(A) prohibiting the sale of 100 watt gen-
15	eral service incandescent lamps after January
16	1, 2012, unless those lamps emit at least 60
17	lumens per watt;
18	(B) prohibiting the sale of general service
19	lamps manufactured after the effective dates
20	shown in the table below that do not meet the
21	minimum efficacy levels (lumens/watt) shown in
22	the following table:

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Minimum Efficacy Levels and Effective Dates

Lumen Range (Lumens)	Minimum Efficacy (Lumens/ Watt)	Effective Dates
200-449	15	1/1/2014
450-699	17	1/1/2014
700-999	20	1/1/2013
1000-1500	22	1/1/2012
1501-3000	24	1/1/2012

- (C) after January 1, 2020, prohibiting the sale of general service lamps that emit less than 300 percent of the average lumens per watt emitted by 100 watt incandescent general service lamps that are commercially available as of the date of enactment of this Act;
- (D) establishing a minimum color rendering index (CRI) of 80 or higher for all general service lamps manufactured as of the effective dates in subparagraph (B); and
- (E) prohibiting the manufacture or import for sale in the United States of an adapter device designed to allow a lamp with a different base to fit into a medium screw base socket manufactured after January 1, 2009.
- (2) EXEMPTIONS.—The regulations issued under paragraph (1) shall include procedures for the Secretary to exempt specialty lamps from the re-

1	quirements of paragraph (1). The Secretary may
2	provide such an exemption only in cases where the
3	Secretary finds, after a hearing and opportunity for
4	public comment, that it is not technically feasible to
5	serve a specialized lighting application, such as a
6	military, medical, public safety application, or in cer-
7	tified historic lighting applications using bulbs that
8	meet the requirements of paragraph (1). In addition,
9	the Secretary shall include as an additional criterion
10	that exempted products are unlikely to be used in
11	the general service lighting applications.
12	(3) Additional lamps types.—
13	(A) Manufacturers of rough service, vibra-
14	tion service, vibration resistant, appliance, shat-
15	ter resistant, and three-way lamps shall report
16	annual sales volume to the Secretary. If the
17	Secretary determines that annual sales volume
18	for any of these lamp types increases by 100
19	percent relative to 2009 sales in any later year,
20	then such lamps shall by subject to the fol-
21	lowing standards:
22	(i) Appliance lamps shall use no more
23	than 40 watts.
24	(ii) Rough service lamps shall use no
25	more than 40 watts.

1	(iii) Vibration service and vibration
2	resistant lamps shall use no more than 40
3	watts.
4	(iv) Three-way lamps shall comply
5	with the standards in paragraph (1) at
6	each level of rated lumen output.
7	(B) Rough service, vibration service, vibra-
8	tion resistant, appliance, shatter resistant, and
9	three-way lamps shall be available for sale at
10	retail in single packs only.
11	(4) CIVIL PENALTY.—The Secretary of Energy
12	shall include in regulations under this subsection a
13	schedule of appropriate civil penalties for violations
14	of the prohibitions under this subsection. Such pen-
15	alties shall be in an amount sufficient to ensure
16	compliance with this section.
17	(5) State preemption.—State standards for
18	general service lamps are preempted as of the date
19	of enactment of this Act, except—
20	(A) any State standard already enacted or
21	adopted as of the date of enactment of this Act
22	may be enforced until the Federal effective
23	dates for each lamp category, and such States
24	may modify existing State standards for general

1	service lamps to conform with the standards in
2	paragraph (1) at any time;
3	(B) any State standard identical to the
4	standards in paragraph (1)(B) with an effective
5	date no sooner than January 1, 2015; and
6	(C) any State standard identical to Fed-
7	eral standards, after such Federal standards
8	are in effect.
9	(6) Definitions.—For purposes of this sec-
10	tion, the following definitions apply:
11	(A) The term "general service lamp"
12	means a nonreflectorized lamp that—
13	(i) is intended for general service ap-
14	plications;
15	(ii) has a medium screw base;
16	(iii) has an initial lumen output no
17	less than 200 lumens and no more than
18	3000 lumens;
19	(iv) has an input voltage range at
20	least partially within 110 and 130 volts;
21	(v) has a A-15, A-19, A-21, A-23, A-
22	25, PS-25, PS-30, BT-14.5, BT-15, CP-
23	19, TB-19, CA-22, or similar shape as de-
24	fined in ANSI C78.20-2003; and

1	(vi) has a bulb finish of the frosted
2	clear, soft white, modified spectrum, en-
3	hanced spectrum, full spectrum, or equiva-
4	lent type.
5	The following incandescent lamps are not gen-
6	eral service lamps: appliance, black light, bug
7	colored, infrared, left-hand thread, marine, ma-
8	rine signal service, mine service, plant light, re-
9	flector, rough service, shatter resistant, sign
10	service, silver bowl, three-way, traffic signal
11	and vibration service or vibration resistant.
12	(B) The term "appliance lamp" means any
13	lamp specifically designed to operate in a house-
14	hold appliance. Examples of appliance lamps in-
15	clude oven lamps, refrigerator lamps, and vacu-
16	um cleaner lamps.
17	(C) The term "black light lamp" means a
18	lamp that emits radiant energy in the UV-A
19	band (315-400 nm) and is designated and mar-
20	keted as a "black light".
21	(D) The term "bug lamp" means a lamp
22	that contains a filter to suppress the blue and
23	green portions of the visible spectrum and is
24	designated and marketed as a "bug light".

1	(E) The term "colored incandescent lamp"
2	means an incandescent lamp designated and
3	marketed as a colored lamp that has a CRI of
4	less than 50, as determined according to the
5	test method given in CIE publication 13.2, and
6	has a correlated color temperature less than
7	2,500K, or greater than 4,600K, where cor-
8	related color temperature is defined as the ab-
9	solute temperature of a blackbody whose chro-
10	maticity nearly resembles that of the light
11	source.
12	(F) The term "infrared lamp" means a
13	lamp that radiates predominately in the infra-
14	red region of the electromagnetic spectrum, and
15	where visible radiation is not of principal inter-
16	est.
17	(G) The term "lamp" means an electrical
18	appliance that includes a glass envelope and
19	produces optical radiation for the purpose of
20	visual illumination, designed to be installed into
21	a luminaire by means of an integral lamp-hold-
22	er. Types of lamps include incandescent, fluo-
23	rescent, and high intensity discharge (high
24	pressure sodium and metal halide).

1	(H) The term "left-handed thread lamp"
2	means a lamp on which the base screws into a
3	lamp socket in a counter-clockwise direction,
4	and screws out of a lamp socket in a clockwise
5	direction.
6	(I) The term "marine lamp" means a lamp
7	specifically designed and marketed to operate in
8	a marine application.
9	(J) The term "marine signal service lamp"
10	means a lamp specifically designed to provide
11	signals to marine vessels for seaway safety.
12	(K) The term "mine service lamp" means
13	a lamp specifically designed and marketed for
14	use in mine applications.
15	(L) The term "plant light lamp" means a
16	lamp that contains a filter to suppress yellow
17	and green portions of the spectrum and is des-
18	ignated and marketed as a "plant light".
19	(M) The term "rough service lamp" means
20	a lamp that has a minimum of 5 supports with
21	filament configurations similar to but not lim-
22	ited to C7A, C11, C17, and C22 as listed in
23	Figure 6-12 of the 9th edition of the IESNA
24	Lighting handbook, where lead wires are not

counted as supports and that is designated and

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1	marketed specifically for "rough service" appli-
2	cations.
3	(N) The term "shatter resistant lamp"
4	means a lamp with an external coating on the
5	bulb wall to resist breakage and which is des-
6	ignated and marketed as a shatter resistant
7	lamp.
8	(O) The term "showcase lamp" means a
9	lamp that has a tubular bulb with a conven-
10	tional screw base and which is designated and
11	marketed as a showcase lamp.
12	(P) The term "sign service lamp" means a
13	lamp of the vacuum type or gas-filled with suf-
14	ficiently low bulb temperature to permit ex-
15	posed outdoor use on high-speed flashing cir-
16	cuits. The designation shall be on the lamp
17	packaging, and marketing materials shall iden-
18	tify the lamp as being a sign service lamp.
19	(Q) The term "silver bowl lamp" means a
20	lamp that has a reflective coating applied di-
21	rectly to part of the bulb surface and that re-
22	flects light in a backward direction toward the
23	lamp base. The designation shall be on the
24	lamp packaging, and marketing materials shall

1	identify the lamp as being a silver bowl lamp or
2	similar designation.
3	(R) The term "three-way lamp" means a
4	lamp that employs two filaments, operated sep-
5	arately and in combination, to provide three
6	light levels. The designation shall be on the
7	lamp packaging, and marketing materials shall
8	identify the lamp as being a three-way lamp.
9	(S) The term "traffic signal lamp" means
10	a lamp that is designed with lifetime, wattage,
11	focal length, filament configuration, mounting,
12	lamp glass, and lamp base characteristics ap-
13	propriate for use in traffic signals.
14	(T) The term "vibration service lamp" or
15	"vibration resistant lamp" means a lamp with
16	filament configurations similar to but not lim-
17	ited to C-5, C-7A, or C-9, as listed in Figure
18	6-12 of the 9th Edition of the IESNA Lighting
19	Handbook. The lamp is designated and mar-
20	keted specifically for vibration service or vibra-
21	tion resistant applications. The designation
22	shall be on the lamp packaging, and marketing
23	materials shall identify the lamp as being vibra-
24	tion resistant or vibration service.
25	(b) Incentive Plan and Public Education.—

1	(1) Incentive plan.—Not later than 6
2	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the
3	Secretary of Energy shall transmit to the Congress
4	a plan for encouraging and providing incentives for
5	the domestic production of light bulbs by United
6	States manufacturers that meet the efficacy levels
7	shown in the table in subsection (a)(1)(B).
8	(2) Labeling Rulemaking.—The Federal
9	Trade Commission shall conduct a rulemaking to
10	consider the effectiveness of current lamp labeling
11	requirements and to consider alternative labeling ap-
12	proaches that will help consumers to understand new
13	high-efficiency lamp products. Such labeling shall in-
14	clude, at a minimum, information on lighting output
15	(lumens), input power (watts), efficiency (lumens per
16	watt), lamp rated lifetime (hours), annual or lifetime
17	energy operating cost, and any hazardous materials
18	(such as mercury) that may be contained in lamp
19	products. The Federal Trade Commission shall com-
20	plete this rulemaking within one year after the date
21	of enactment of this Act.
22	(3) National sales data tracking sys-
23	TEM.—The Secretary of Energy shall develop and
24	implement within one year after the date of enact-
25	ment of this Act a national sales data tracking sys-

1	tem in conjunction with the National Electrical
2	Manufacturers Association and other stakeholders
3	for lamp technologies, including Light Emitting Di-
4	odes, halogens, incandescents, and compact fluores-
5	cent lamps.
6	(c) Report on Mercury Use and Release.—Not
7	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
8	the Secretary of Energy, in cooperation with the Adminis-
9	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall sub-
10	mit to Congress a report describing recommendations re-
11	lating to the means by which the Federal Government may
12	reduce or prevent the release of mercury during the manu-
13	facture, transportation, storage, or disposal of general
14	service lamps.
15	SEC. 9022. INCANDESCENT REFLECTOR LAMPS.
16	(a) Definitions.—Section 321 of the Energy Policy
17	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6291) is amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (30)(C)(ii)—
19	(A) in the matter preceding subclause
20	(I)—
21	(i) by striking "or similar bulb shapes
22	(excluding ER or BR)" and inserting "ER,
23	BR, BPAR, or similar bulb shapes"; and
24	(ii) by striking "2.75" and inserting
25	"2.25"; and

1	(B) by striking "is either—" and all that
2	follows through subclause (II) and inserting
3	"has a rated wattage that is greater than 40
4	watts."; and
5	(2) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(53) The term 'BPAR incandescent reflector
7	lamp' means a reflector lamp as shown in figure
8	C78.21-278 on page 32 of ANSI $C78.21-2003$.
9	"(54)(A) The term 'BR incandescent reflector
10	lamp' means a reflector lamp that has—
11	"(i) a bulged section below the major di-
12	ameter of the bulb and above the approximate
13	baseline of the bulb, as shown in figure 1 (RB)
14	on page 7 of ANSI C79.1—1994, incorporated
15	by reference in section 430.22 of title 10, Code
16	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date
17	of enactment of this paragraph); and
18	"(ii) a finished size and shape shown in
19	ANSI C78.21—1989, including the referenced
20	reflective characteristics in part 7 of ANSI
21	C78.21.
22	"(B) The term 'BR30' refers to a BR incandes-
23	cent reflector lamp with a diameter of 30/8ths of an
24	inch and the term 'BR40' refers to a BR incandes-

1	cent reflector lamp with a diameter of 40/8ths of an
2	inch.
3	(55)(A) The term 'ER incandescent reflector
4	lamp' means a reflector lamp that has—
5	"(i) an elliptical section below the major
6	diameter of the bulb and above the approximate
7	baseline of the bulb, as shown in figure 1 (RE)
8	on page 7 of ANSI C79.1—1994, incorporated
9	by reference in section 430.22 of title 10, Code
10	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date
11	of enactment of this paragraph); and
12	"(ii) a finished size and shape shown in
13	ANSI C78.21—1989, incorporated by reference
14	in section 430.22 of title 10, Code of Federal
15	Regulations (as in effect on the date of enact-
16	ment of this paragraph).
17	"(B) The term 'ER30' refers to an ER incan-
18	descent reflector lamp with a diameter of 30/8ths of
19	an inch and the term 'ER40' refers to an ER incan-
20	descent reflector lamp with a diameter of 40/8ths of
21	an inch.
22	"(56) The term 'R20 incandescent reflector
23	lamp' means a reflector lamp that has a face diame-
24	ter of approximately 2.5 inches, as shown in figure
25	1(R) on page 7 of ANSI C79.1–1994.".

1	(b) Standards for Fluorescent Lamps and In-
2	CANDESCENT REFLECTOR LAMPS.—Section 325(i) of the
3	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(i))
4	is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
5	following:
6	"(1) Standards.—
7	"(A) DEFINITION OF EFFECTIVE DATE.—
8	In this paragraph, except as specified in sub-
9	paragraphs (C) and (D), the term 'effective
10	date' means, with respect to each type of lamp
11	specified in a table contained in subparagraph
12	(B), the last day of the period of months cor-
13	responding to that type of lamp, as specified in
14	the table, that follows the date of enactment of
15	the Energy Efficiency Improvement Act of
16	2007.
17	"(B) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—Each of the
18	following general service fluorescent lamps and
19	incandescent reflector lamps manufactured
20	after the effective date specified in the tables
21	contained in this paragraph shall meet or ex-
22	ceed the following lamp efficacy and CRI stand-
23	ards:

550
"FLUORESCENT LAMPS

Lamp Type	Nominal Lamp Wattage	Minimum CRI	Minimum Average Lamp Efficacy (LPW)	Effective Date (Period of Months)
4-foot medium bi-pin	>35 W	69	75.0	36
	≤35 W	45	75.0	36
2-foot U-shaped	>35 W	69	68.0	36
	≤35 W	45	64.0	36
8-foot slimline	65 W	69	80.0	18
	≤65 W	45	80.0	18
8-foot high output	$> 100 \ { m W}$	69	80.0	18
	$\leq\!\!100~\mathrm{W}$	45	80.0	18

"INCANDESCENT REFLECTOR LAMPS

Nominal Lamp Wattage	Minimum Average Lamp Efficacy (LPW)	Effective Date (Period of Months)
40–50	10.5	36
51–66	11.0	36
67–85	12.5	36
86–115	14.0	36
116–155	14.5	36
156–205	15.0	36

"(C) Exemptions.—The standards speci-1 2 fied in subparagraph (B) shall not apply to the following types of incandescent reflector lamps: 3 "(i) Lamps rated at 50 watts or less 4 of the following types: ER30, BR30, 5 BR40, and ER40 lamps. 6 7 "(ii) Lamps rated at 65 watts of the 8 following types: BR30, BR40, and ER40 9 lamps. 10 "(iii) R20 incandescent reflector lamps of 45 watts or less. 11 "(D) EFFECTIVE DATES.— 12 13 "(i) Er, Br, and Bpar Lamps.—Ex-14 cept as provided in subparagraph (A), the

1	standards specified in subparagraph (B)
2	shall apply with respect to ER incandes-
3	cent reflector lamps, BR incandescent re-
4	flector lamps, BPAR incandescent reflector
5	lamps, and similar bulb shapes on and
6	after January 1, 2008.
7	"(ii) Lamps between 2.25-2.75
8	INCHES IN DIAMETER.—The standards
9	specified in subparagraph (B) shall apply
10	with respect to incandescent reflector
11	lamps with a diameter of more than 2.25
12	inches, but not more than 2.75 inches, on
13	and after January 1, 2008.".
14	SEC. 9023. USE OF ENERGY EFFICIENT LIGHTING FIXTURES
15	AND BULBS.
16	(a) In General.—Chapter 33 of title 40, United
17	States Code, is amended—
18	(1) by redesignating sections 3313, 3314, and
19	3315 as sections 3314, 3315, and 3316, respectively;
20	and
21	(2) by inserting after section 3312 the fol-
22	lowing:

1	"§ 3313. Use of energy efficient lighting fixtures and
2	bulbs
3	"(a) Construction and Alteration of Public
4	Buildings.—Each public building constructed or signifi-
5	cantly altered by the Administrator of General Services
6	shall be equipped, to the maximum extent feasible as de-
7	termined by the Administrator, with lighting fixtures and
8	bulbs that are energy efficient.
9	"(b) Maintenance of Public Buildings.—Each
10	lighting fixture or bulb that is replaced by the Adminis-
11	trator in the normal course of maintenance of public build-
12	ings shall be replaced, to the maximum extent feasible as
13	determined by the Administrator, with a lighting fixture
14	or bulb that is energy efficient.
15	"(c) Considerations.—In making a determination
16	under this section concerning the feasibility of installing
17	a lighting fixture or bulb that is energy efficient, the Ad-
18	ministrator shall consider—
19	"(1) the life cycle cost effectiveness of the fix-
20	ture or bulb;
21	"(2) the compatibility of the fixture or bulb
22	with existing equipment;
23	"(3) whether use of the fixture or bulb could re-
24	sult in interference with productivity;
25	"(4) the aesthetics relating to use of the fixture
26	or bulb; and

1	"(5) such other factors as the Administrator
2	determines appropriate.
3	"(d) Energy Star.—A lighting fixture or bulb shall
4	be treated as being energy efficient for purposes of this
5	section if—
6	"(1) the fixture or bulb is certified under the
7	Energy Star program established by section 324A of
8	the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
9	6294a);
10	"(2) in the case of all LED luminaires, lamps,
11	and systems whose efficacy (lumens per watt) and
12	Color Rendering Index (CRI) meet the requirements
13	for minimum luminaire efficacy and CRI for the En-
14	ergy Star certification, as verified by an independent
15	third-party testing laboratory that conducts its tests
16	according to the procedures and recommendations of
17	the Illuminating Engineering Society of North
18	America, even if these luminaires, lamps, and sys-
19	tems have not received such certification; or
20	"(3) the Administrator has otherwise deter-
21	mined that the fixture or bulb is energy efficient.
22	"(e) Significant Alterations.—A public building
23	shall be treated as being significantly altered for purposes
24	of subsection (a) if the alteration is subject to congres-
25	sional approval under section 3307.

- 1 "(f) Effective Date.—The requirements of sub-
- 2 sections (a) and (b) shall take effect one year after the
- 3 date of enactment of this subsection.".
- 4 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The analysis for
- 5 chapter 33 of title 40, United States Code, is amended
- 6 by striking the items relating to sections 3313, 3314, and
- 7 3315 and inserting the following:
 - "3313. Use of energy efficient lighting fixtures and bulbs.
 - "3314. Delegation.
 - "3315. Report to Congress.
 - "3316. Certain authority not affected.".

8 PART 3—RESIDENTIAL BUILDING EFFICIENCY

- 9 SEC. 9031. ENCOURAGING STRONGER BUILDING CODES.
- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 304 of the Energy Con-
- 11 servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6833) is amend-
- 12 ed to read as follows:
- 13 "SEC. 304. UPDATING STATE BUILDING ENERGY EFFI-
- 14 CIENCY CODES.
- 15 "(a) UPDATING NATIONAL MODEL BUILDING EN-
- 16 Ergy Codes.—(1) The Secretary shall support updating
- 17 the national model building energy codes and standards
- 18 at least every three years to achieve overall energy savings,
- 19 compared to the 2006 IECC for residential buildings and
- 20 ASHRAE Standard 90.1 2004 for commercial buildings,
- 21 of at least—
- 22 "(A) 30 percent by 2010;
- 23 "(B) 50 percent by 2020; and

1	"(C) targets to be set by the Secretary in inter-
2	mediate and subsequent years, at the maximum level
3	of energy efficiency that is technologically feasible
4	and life-cycle cost effective.
5	"(2)(A) Whenever the provisions of the IECC or
6	ASHRAE Standard 90.1 regarding building energy use
7	are revised, the Secretary shall, not later than 6 months
8	after the date of such revision, determine—
9	"(i) whether such revision will improve energy
10	efficiency in buildings; and
11	"(ii) whether such revision will meet the targets
12	under paragraph (1).
13	"(B) If the Secretary makes a determination under
14	subparagraph (A)(ii) that a code or standard does not
15	meet the targets under paragraph (1), or if a national
16	model code or standard is not updated for more than three
17	years, then the Secretary shall within 12 months propose
18	a modified code or standard that meets such targets. The
19	modified code or standard shall serve as the baseline for
20	the next determination under subparagraph (A)(i).
21	"(C) The Secretary shall provide the opportunity for
22	public comment on targets, determinations, and modified
23	codes and standards under this subsection, and shall pub-
24	lish notice of targets, determinations, and modified codes

- 1 and standards under this subsection in the Federal Reg-
- 2 ister.
- 3 "(b) State Certification of Building Energy
- 4 Code Updates.—(1) Not later than 2 years after the
- 5 date of enactment of the Energy Efficiency Improvement
- 6 Act of 2007, each State shall certify to the Secretary that
- 7 it has reviewed and updated the provisions of its residen-
- 8 tial and commercial building codes regarding energy effi-
- 9 ciency. Such certification shall include a demonstration
- 10 that such State's code provisions meet or exceed the 2006
- 11 IECC for residential buildings and the ASHRAE Stand-
- 12 ard 90.1-2004 for commercial buildings, or achieve equiva-
- 13 lent or greater energy savings.
- 14 "(2)(A) If the Secretary makes an affirmative deter-
- 15 mination under subsection (a)(2)(A)(i) or proposes a
- 16 modified code or standard under subsection (a)(2)(B),
- 17 each State shall within 2 years certify that it has reviewed
- 18 and updated the provisions of its building code regarding
- 19 energy efficiency. Such certification shall include a dem-
- 20 onstration that such State's code provisions meet or ex-
- 21 ceed the revised code or standard, or achieve equivalent
- 22 or greater energy savings.
- 23 "(B) If the Secretary fails to make a determination
- 24 under subsection (a)(2)(A)(i) by the date specified in sub-
- 25 section (a)(2), or makes a negative determination, each

1	State shall within 2 years after the specified date or the
2	date of the determination, certify that it has reviewed the
3	revised code or standard, and updated the provisions of
4	its building code regarding energy efficiency to meet or
5	exceed any provisions found to improve energy efficiency
6	in buildings, or to achieve equivalent or greater energy
7	savings in other ways.
8	"(c) State Certification of Compliance With
9	BUILDING CODES.—(1) Each State shall, not later than
10	3 years after a certification under subsection (b), certify
11	that it has achieved compliance with the certified building
12	energy code. Such certification shall include documenta-
13	tion of the rate of compliance based on independent in-
14	spections of a random sample of the new and renovated
15	buildings covered by the code in the preceding year.
16	"(2) A State shall be considered to achieve compli-
17	ance under paragraph (1) if—
18	"(A) at least 90 percent of new and renovated
19	buildings covered by the code in the preceding year
20	substantially meet all the requirements of the code;
21	or
22	"(B) the estimated excess energy use of new
23	and renovated buildings that did not meet the code
24	in the preceding year, compared to a baseline of
25	comparable buildings that meet the code, is not more

- 1 than 10 percent of the estimated energy use of all
- 2 new and renovated buildings covered by the code in
- 3 the preceding year.
- 4 "(d) Failure to Meet Deadlines.—(1) The Sec-
- 5 retary shall permit extensions of the deadlines for the cer-
- 6 tification requirements under subsections (b) and (c) of
- 7 this section for up to 1 year if a State can demonstrate
- 8 that it has made a good faith effort to comply with such
- 9 requirements and that it has made significant progress in
- 10 doing so.
- 11 "(2) Any State for which the Secretary has not ac-
- 12 cepted a certification by a deadline under subsection (b)
- 13 or (c) of this section, with any extension granted under
- 14 paragraph (1), is out of compliance with this section.
- 15 "(3) In any State that is out of compliance with this
- 16 section, a local government may be in compliance with this
- 17 section by meeting the certification requirements under
- 18 subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
- 19 "(e) Technical Assistance.—(1) The Secretary
- 20 shall provide technical assistance, including building en-
- 21 ergy analysis and design tools, building demonstrations,
- 22 and design assistance and training to enable the national
- 23 model building energy codes and standards to meet the
- 24 targets in subsection (a)(1).

1	"(2) The Secretary shall provide technical assistance
2	to States to implement the requirements of this section,
3	including procedures for States to demonstrate that their
4	code provisions achieve equivalent or greater energy sav-
5	ings than the national model codes and standards, and to
6	improve and implement State residential and commercial
7	building energy efficiency codes or to otherwise promote
8	the design and construction of energy efficient buildings.
9	"(f) Availability of Incentive Funding.—(1)
10	The Secretary shall provide incentive funding to States to
11	implement the requirements of this section, and to im-
12	prove and implement State residential and commercial
13	building energy efficiency codes, including increasing and
14	verifying compliance with such codes. In determining
15	whether, and in what amount, to provide incentive funding
16	under this subsection, the Secretary shall consider the ac-
17	tions proposed by the State to implement the requirements
18	of this section, to improve and implement residential and
19	commercial building energy efficiency codes, and to pro-
20	mote building energy efficiency through the use of such
21	codes.
22	"(2) Additional funding shall be provided under this
23	subsection for implementation of a plan to achieve and
24	document at least a 90 percent rate of compliance with

1	residential and commercial building energy efficiency
2	codes, based on energy performance—
3	"(A) to a State that has adopted and is imple-
4	menting, on a Statewide basis—
5	"(i) a residential building energy efficiency
6	code that meets or exceeds the requirements of
7	the 2006 IECC, or any succeeding version of
8	that code that has received an affirmative de-
9	termination from the Secretary under sub-
10	section $(a)(2)(A)(i)$; and
11	"(ii) a commercial building energy effi-
12	ciency code that meets or exceeds the require-
13	ments of the ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2004, or
14	any succeeding version of that standard that
15	has received an affirmative determination from
16	the Secretary under subsection (a)(2)(A)(i); or
17	"(B) in a State in which there is no Statewide
18	energy code either for residential buildings or for
19	commercial buildings, or where State codes fail to
20	comply with subparagraph (A), to a local govern-
21	ment that has adopted and is implementing residen-
22	tial and commercial building energy efficiency codes,
23	as described in subparagraph (A).
24	"(3) Of the amounts made available under this sub-
25	section, the Secretary may use amounts required, not ex-

- 1 ceeding \$500,000 for each State, to train State and local
- 2 officials to implement codes described in paragraph (2).
- 3 "(4)(A) There are authorized to be appropriated to
- 4 carry out this subsection—
- 5 "(i) \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008
- 6 through 2012; and
- 7 "(ii) such sums as are necessary for fiscal year
- 8 2013 and each fiscal year thereafter.
- 9 "(B) Funding provided to States under paragraph
- 10 (2) for each fiscal year shall not exceed one-half of the
- 11 excess of funding under this subsection over \$5,000,000
- 12 for the fiscal year.".
- 13 (b) Definition.—Section 303 of the Energy Con-
- 14 servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6832) is amend-
- 15 ed by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- 16 "(17) The term 'IECC' means the International
- 17 Energy Conservation Code.".
- 18 SEC. 9032. ENERGY CODE IMPROVEMENTS APPLICABLE TO
- 19 MANUFACTURED HOUSING.
- 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 4 years after the
- 21 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy
- 22 shall by regulation establish standards for energy effi-
- 23 ciency in manufactured housing.

1	(b) Certain Requirements.—The regulations
2	under subsection (a) shall be in accordance with the fol-
3	lowing:
4	(1) The energy conservation standards estab-
5	lished under this subsection shall be based on the
6	most recent version of the International Energy
7	Conservation Code (including supplements) except
8	where the Secretary finds that such code is not cost-
9	effective, or a more stringent standard would be
10	more cost-effective, based on total life-cycle con-
11	struction and operating costs.
12	(2) The energy conservation standards estab-
13	lished under this subsection may—
14	(A) take into consideration the design and
15	factory construction techniques of manufac-
16	tured homes;
17	(B) be based on the climate zones estab-
18	lished by the Department of Housing and
19	Urban Development rather than those under
20	the International Energy Conservation Code;
21	and
22	(C) provide for alternative practices that
23	result in net estimated energy consumption
24	equal to or less than the specified standards.

1	(3) The energy conservation standards estab-
2	lished under this subsection shall be updated within
3	one year after the date of enactment of this Act and
4	within one year after any revision to the Inter-
5	national Energy Conservation Code.
6	(c) Enforcement.—Any manufacturer of manufac-
7	tured housing that violates a provision of the regulations
8	under subsection (a) is liable to the United States for a
9	civil penalty in an amount not exceeding 1 percent of the
10	manufacturer's retail list price of the manufactured hous-
11	ing.
12	SEC. 9033. BASELINE BUILDING DESIGNS.
13	Section 327(f)(3)(D) of the Energy Policy and Con-
14	servation Act (42 U.S.C. 6297(f)(3)(D)) is amended to
15	read as follows:
16	"(D) If the code uses one or more baseline
17	building designs against which all submitted building
18	designs are to be evaluated and such baseline build-
19	ing designs contain a covered product subject to an
20	energy conservation standard established in or pre-
21	scribed under section 325, the baseline building de-
22	signs are based on the efficiency level for such cov-
23	ered product which—
24	"(i) meets but does not exceed such stand-
25	ard;

1	"(ii) is the efficiency level required by a
2	regulation of that State for which the Secretary
3	has issued a rule granting a waiver under sub-
4	section (d) of this section; or
5	"(iii) is a level that, when evaluated in the
6	baseline building design, the State has found to
7	be feasible and cost-effective.".
8	SEC. 9034. REAUTHORIZATION OF WEATHERIZATION AS-
9	SISTANCE PROGRAM.
10	(a) Amendment.—Section 422 of the Energy Con-
11	servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6872) is amend-
12	ed by striking "\$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2006,
13	\$600,000,000 for fiscal year 2007, and \$700,000,000 for
14	fiscal year 2008" and inserting "\$600,000,000 for fiscal
15	year 2007, and \$750,000,000 for each of fiscal years
16	2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012. From those sums, the
17	Secretary is authorized to initiate an Alternative Delivery
18	System Pilot Project to examine options for decreasing en-
19	ergy consumption associated with heating and cooling
20	while increasing household participation by focusing on
21	key energy saving components. Alternative Delivery Sys-
22	tem Pilot Projects should be undertaken in both hot and
23	cold urban areas''.
24	(b) Sustainable Energy Resources for Con-
25	SUMERS GRANTS.—(1) The Secretary of Energy may

1	make funding available to local Weatherization agencies
2	from amounts authorized under the amendment made by
3	subsection (a) to expand the weatherization assistance
4	program for residential buildings to include materials,
5	benefits, and renewable and domestic energy technologies
6	not currently covered by the program, provided that the
7	State Weatherization grantee has certified that the appli-
8	cant has the capacity to carry out the proposed activities
9	and that the grantee will include the project in its finan-
10	cial oversight of the Weatherization Assistance program.
11	(2) In selecting the grants, the program shall give
12	priority to—
13	(A) the expected effectiveness and benefits of
14	the proposed project to low- and moderate income
15	energy consumers;
16	(B) the potential for replication of successful
17	results;
18	(C) the impact on the health and safety and en-
19	ergy costs of those served; and
20	(D) the extent of partnerships with other public
21	and private entities that contribute to the resources
22	and implementation of the program, including finan-
23	cial partnerships.
24	(3) Funding for such projects may equal up to two
25	percent of funding in any fiscal year, provided that no

1	funding is utilized for Sustainable Energy Resources for
2	Consumers grants in any fiscal year in which Weatheriza-
3	tion appropriations are less than \$275,000,000.
4	PART 4—COMMERCIAL AND FEDERAL BUILDING
5	EFFICIENCY
6	SEC. 9041. DEFINITIONS.
7	In this part:
8	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
9	trator" means the Administrator of General Serv-
10	ices.
11	(2) Advisory committee.—The term "Advi-
12	sory Committee" means the Green Building Advi-
13	sory Committee established under section
14	9042(e)(2).
15	(3) Commercial director.—The term Com-
16	mercial Director means the individual appointed to
17	the position established under section 9043(a).
18	(4) Consortium.—The term "Consortium"
19	means the High-Performance Green Building Part-
20	nership Consortium created in response to section
21	9042(c)(1) to represent the private sector in a pub-
22	lic-private partnership to promote high-performance
23	green buildings and zero-net-energy commercial
24	buildings.

1	(5) Federal Director.—The term "Federal
2	Director" means the individual appointed to the po-
3	sition established under section 9042(a).
4	(6) FEDERAL FACILITY.—The term "Federal
5	facility" means any building that is constructed, ren-
6	ovated, leased, or purchased in part or in whole for
7	use by the Federal Government.
8	(7) High-performance green building.—
9	The term "high-performance green building" means
10	a building that, during its life-cycle, as compared
11	with similar buildings (as measured by Commercial
12	Buildings Energy Consumption Survey or Residen-
13	tial Energy Consumption Survey data from the En-
14	ergy Information Agency)—
15	(A) reduces energy, water, and material re-
16	source use;
17	(B) improves indoor environmental quality,
18	including reducing indoor pollution, improving
19	thermal comfort, and improving lighting and
20	acoustic environments that affect occupant
21	health and productivity;
22	(C) reduces negative impacts on the envi-
23	ronment throughout the life-cycle of the build-
24	ing, including air and water pollution and waste
25	generation;

1	(D) increases the use of environmentally
2	preferable products, including biobased, recycled
3	content, and nontoxic products with lower life-
4	cycle impacts;
5	(E) increases reuse and recycling opportu-
6	nities;
7	(F) integrates systems in the building;
8	(G) reduces the environmental and energy
9	impacts of transportation through building loca-
10	tion and site design that support a full range
11	of transportation choices for users of the build-
12	ing; and
13	(H) considers indoor and outdoor effects of
14	the building on human health and the environ-
15	ment, including—
16	(i) improvements in worker produc-
17	tivity;
18	(ii) the life-cycle impacts of building
19	materials and operations; and
20	(iii) other factors that the Federal Di-
21	rector or the Commercial Director consider
22	to be appropriate.
23	(8) Life-cycle.—The term "life-cycle", with
24	respect to a high-performance green building, means
25	all stages of the useful life of the building (including

1	components, equipment, systems, and controls of the
2	building) beginning at conception of a high-perform-
3	ance green building project and continuing through
4	site selection, design, construction, landscaping,
5	commissioning, operation, maintenance, renovation,
6	deconstruction or demolition, removal, and recycling
7	of the high-performance green building.
8	(9) Life-cycle assessment.—The term "life-
9	cycle assessment" means a comprehensive system
10	approach for measuring the environmental perform-
11	ance of a product or service over the life of the prod-
12	uct or service, beginning at raw materials acquisition
13	and continuing through manufacturing, transpor-
14	tation, installation, use, reuse, and end-of-life waste
15	management.
16	(10) Life-cycle costing.—The term "life-
17	cycle costing", with respect to a high-performance
18	green building, means a technique of economic eval-
19	uation that—
20	(A) sums, over a given study period, the
21	costs of initial investment (less resale value), re-
22	placements, operations (including energy use),
23	and maintenance and repair of an investment
24	decision; and
25	(B) is expressed—

1	(i) in present value terms, in the case
2	of a study period equivalent to the longest
3	useful life of the building, determined by
4	taking into consideration the typical life of
5	such a building in the area in which the
6	building is to be located; or
7	(ii) in annual value terms, in the case
8	of any other study period.
9	(11) Office of commercial high-perform-
10	ANCE GREEN BUILDINGS.—The term "Office of
11	Commercial High-Performance Green Buildings" re-
12	fers to the office established under section 9043(a).
13	(12) Office of federal high-performance
14	GREEN BUILDINGS.—The term "Office of Federal
15	High-Performance Green Buildings" refers to the
16	Office established undersection 9042(a).
17	(13) Practices.—The term "practices" means
18	design, financing, permitting, construction, commis-
19	sioning, operation and maintenance, and other prac-
20	tices that contribute to achieving zero-net-energy
21	buildings or facilities.
22	(14) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
23	means the Secretary of Energy.
24	(15) Zero-net-energy commercial build-
25	ING.—The term "zero-net-energy commercial build-

1	ing" means a commercial building that is designed
2	constructed, and operated to—
3	(A) require a greatly reduced quantity of
4	energy to operate;
5	(B) meet the balance of energy needs from
6	sources of energy that do not produce green-
7	house gases;
8	(C) therefore result in no net emissions of
9	greenhouse gases; and
10	(D) be economically viable.
11	SEC. 9042. HIGH-PERFORMANCE GREEN FEDERAL BUILD
12	INGS.
13	(a) Establishment of Office.—Not later than 60
14	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
15	trator shall establish within the General Services Adminis-
16	tration an Office of Federal High-Performance Green
17	Buildings, and appoint an individual to serve as Federa
18	Director in, a position in the career-reserved Senior Exec-
19	utive service, to—
20	(1) establish and manage the Office of Com-
21	mercial High-Performance Green Buildings; and
22	(2) carry out other duties as required under
23	this part.
24	(b) Compensation.—The compensation of the Fed-
25	eral Director shall not exceed the maximum rate of basic

1	pay for the Senior Executive Service under section 5382
2	of title 5, United States Code, including any applicable
3	locality-based comparability payment that may be author-
4	ized under section 5304(h)(2)(C) of that title.
5	(c) Duties.—The Federal Director shall—
6	(1) coordinate the activities of the Office of
7	Federal High-Performance Green Buildings with the
8	activities of the Office of Commercial High-Perform-
9	ance Green Buildings;
10	(2) ensure full coordination of high-performance
11	green building information and activities within the
12	General Services Administration and all relevant
13	agencies, including, at a minimum—
14	(A) the Environmental Protection Agency;
15	(B) the Office of the Federal Environ-
16	mental Executive;
17	(C) the Office of Federal Procurement Pol-
18	icy;
19	(D) the Department of Energy;
20	(E) the Department of Health and Human
21	Services; and
22	(F) the Department of Defense;
23	(3) establish a senior-level Federal Green Build-
24	ing Advisory Committee, which shall provide advice

1	and recommendations in accordance with subsection
2	(d);
3	(4) identify and biennially reassess improved or
4	higher rating standards recommended by the Advi-
5	sory Committee;
6	(5) ensure full coordination of research and de-
7	velopment information relating to Federal high-per-
8	formance green building initiatives;
9	(6) identify and develop Federal high-perform-
10	ance green building standards that could be used for
11	all types of Federal facilities;
12	(7) establish green practices that can be used
13	throughout the life of a Federal facility; and
14	(8) review and analyze current Federal budget
15	practices and life-cycle costing issues, and make rec-
16	ommendations to Congress, in accordance with sub-
17	section (d).
18	(d) Additional Duties.—The Federal Director, in
19	coordination with the Commercial Director and the Advi-
20	sory Committee, shall—
21	(1) identify, review, and analyze current budget
22	and contracting practices that affect achievement of
23	high-performance green buildings, including the
24	identification of barriers to high-performance green
25	building life-cycle costing and budgetary issues;

1	(2) develop guidance and conduct training ses-
2	sions with budget specialists and contracting per-
3	sonnel from Federal agencies and budget examiners
4	to apply life-cycle cost criteria to actual projects;
5	(3) identify tools to aid life-cycle cost decision-
6	making; and
7	(4) explore the feasibility of incorporating the
8	benefits of high-performance green buildings, such
9	as security benefits, into a cost-budget analysis to
10	aid in life-cycle costing for budget and decision-
11	making processes.
12	(e) Incentives.—As soon as practicable after the
13	date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Director shall
14	identify incentives to encourage the use of high-perform-
15	ance green buildings and related technology in the oper-
16	ations of the Federal Government, including through—
17	(1) the provision of recognition awards; and
18	(2) the maximum feasible retention of financial
19	savings in the annual budgets of Federal agencies
20	for use in reinvesting in future high-performance
21	green building initiatives.
22	(f) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter, the
24	Federal Director shall submit to Congress a report that—

1	(1) describes the status of the Federal high-per-
2	formance green building initiatives in effect as of the
3	date of the report, including—
4	(A) the extent to which the programs are
5	being carried out in accordance with this part;
6	and
7	(B) the status of funding requests and ap-
8	propriations for those programs;
9	(2) identifies within the planning, budgeting,
10	and construction process all types of Federal facility
11	procedures that inhibit new and existing Federal fa-
12	cilities from becoming high-performance green build-
13	ings;
14	(3) identifies inconsistencies, as reported to the
15	Advisory Committee, in Federal law with respect to
16	product acquisition guidelines and high-performance
17	product guidelines;
18	(4) recommends language for uniform stand-
19	ards for use by Federal agencies in environmentally
20	responsible acquisition;
21	(5) in coordination with the Office of Manage-
22	ment and Budget, reviews the budget process for
23	capital programs with respect to alternatives for—

1	(A) restructuring of budgets to require the
2	use of complete energy and environmental cost
3	accounting;
4	(B) using operations expenditures in budg-
5	et-related decisions while simultaneously incor-
6	porating productivity and health measures (as
7	those measures can be quantified by the Office
8	of Federal High-Performance Green Buildings,
9	with the assistance of universities and national
10	laboratories);
11	(C) permitting Federal agencies to retain
12	all identified savings accrued as a result of the
13	use of life-cycle costing for future high-perform-
14	ance green building initiatives; and
15	(D) identifying short-term and long-term
16	cost savings that accrue from high-performance
17	green buildings, including those relating to
18	health and productivity;
19	(6) identifies green, self-sustaining technologies
20	to address the operational needs of Federal facilities
21	in times of national security emergencies, natural
22	disasters, or other dire emergencies;
23	(7) summarizes and highlights development, at
24	the State and local level, of high-performance green
25	building initiatives, including executive orders, poli-

1	cies, or laws adopted promoting high-performance
2	green building (including the status of implementa-
3	tion of those initiatives); and
4	(8) includes, for the 2-year period covered by
5	the report, recommendations to address each of the
6	matters, and a plan for implementation of each rec-
7	ommendation, described in paragraphs (1) through
8	(7).
9	(g) Implementation.—The Office of Federal High-
10	Performance Green Buildings shall carry out each plan
11	for implementation of recommendations under subsection
12	(f)(8).
13	SEC. 9043. COMMERCIAL HIGH-PERFORMANCE GREEN
13 14	SEC. 9043. COMMERCIAL HIGH-PERFORMANCE GREEN BUILDINGS.
14	BUILDINGS.
14 15	BUILDINGS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—Not later than 60
14151617	BUILDINGS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
14 15 16 17 18	BUILDINGS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish within the Department of Energy, Office
141516171819	BUILDINGS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish within the Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, an Office of
141516171819	BUILDINGS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish within the Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, an Office of Commercial High-Performance Green Buildings, and ap-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	BUILDINGS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish within the Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, an Office of Commercial High-Performance Green Buildings, and appoint an individual to serve as Commercial Director in,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	BUILDINGS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish within the Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, an Office of Commercial High-Performance Green Buildings, and appoint an individual to serve as Commercial Director in, a position in the career-reserved Senior Executive service,

1	(2) carry out other duties as required under
2	this part.
3	(b) Compensation.—The compensation of the Com-
4	mercial Director shall not exceed the maximum rate of
5	basic pay for the Senior Executive Service under section
6	5382 of title 5, United States Code, including any applica-
7	ble locality-based comparability payment that may be au-
8	thorized under section 5304(h)(2)(C) of that title.
9	(c) Duties.—The Commercial Director shall, with
10	respect to development of high-performance green build-
11	ings and zero-energy commercial buildings nationwide—
12	(1) coordinate the activities of the Office of
13	Commercial High-Performance Green Buildings with
14	the activities of the Office of Federal High-Perform-
15	ance Green Buildings;
16	(2) develop the legal predicates and agreements
17	for, negotiate, and establish one or more public-pri-
18	vate partnerships with the Consortium, members of
19	the Consortium, and other capable parties meeting
20	the qualifications of the Consortium, to further such
21	development;
22	(3) represent the public and the Department of
23	Energy in negotiating and performing in accord with
24	such public-private partnerships;

1	(4) use appropriated funds in an effective man-
2	ner to encourage the maximum investment of private
3	funds to achieve such development; and
4	(5) establish a national high-performance green
5	building clearinghouse in accordance withsection
6	9045(1), which shall provide high-performance green
7	building information through—
8	(A) outreach;
9	(B) education; and
10	(C) the provision of technical assistance.
11	(d) Reporting.—The Commercial Director shall re-
12	port directly to the Assistant Secretary for Energy Effi-
13	ciency and Renewable Energy, or to other senior officials
14	in a way that facilitates the integrated program of this
15	part for both energy efficiency and renewable energy and
16	both technology development and technology deployment.
17	(e) COORDINATION.—The Commercial Director shall
18	ensure full coordination of high-performance green build-
19	ing information and activities, including activities under
20	this part, within the Federal Government by working with
21	the General Services Administration and all relevant agen-
22	cies, including, at a minimum—
23	(1) the Environmental Protection Agency;
24	(2) the Office of the Federal Environmental
25	Executive:

1	(3) the Office of Federal Procurement Policy;
2	(4) the Department of Energy, particularly the
3	Federal Energy Management Program;
4	(5) the Department of Health and Human
5	Services;
6	(6) the Department of Housing and Urban De-
7	velopment;
8	(7) the Department of Defense; and
9	(8) such nonprofit high-performance green
10	building rating and analysis entities as the Commer-
11	cial Director determines can offer support, expertise,
12	and review services.
13	(f) High-Performance Green Building Part-
14	NERSHIP CONSORTIUM.—
15	(1) Recognition.—Not later than 90 days
16	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commer-
17	cial Director shall formally recognize one or more
18	groups that qualify as a high-performance green
19	building partnership consortium.
20	(2) Representation to qualify.—To qualify
21	under this section, any consortium shall include rep-
22	resentation from—
23	(A) the design professions, including na-
24	tional associations of architects and of profes-
25	sional engineers;

1	(B) the development, construction, finan-
2	cial, and real estate industries;
3	(C) building owners and operators from
4	the public and private sectors;
5	(D) academic and research organizations,
6	including at least one national laboratory with
7	extensive commercial building energy expertise;
8	(E) building code agencies and organiza-
9	tions, including a model energy code-setting or-
10	ganization;
11	(F) independent high-performance green
12	building associations or councils;
13	(G) experts in indoor air quality and envi-
14	ronmental factors;
15	(H) experts in intelligent buildings and in-
16	tegrated building information systems;
17	(I) utility energy efficiency programs; and
18	(J) nongovernmental energy efficiency or-
19	ganizations.
20	(3) Funding.—The Secretary may make pay-
21	ments to the Consortium pursuant to the terms of
22	a public-private partnership for such activities of the
23	Consortium undertaken under such a partnership as
24	described in this part directly to the Consortium or
25	through one or more of its members.

1	(g) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter, the
3	Commercial Director, in consultation with the Consor-
4	tium, shall submit to Congress a report that—
5	(1) describes the status of the high-performance
6	green building initiatives under this part and other
7	Federal programs affecting commercial high-per-
8	formance green buildings in effect as of the date of
9	the report, including—
10	(A) the extent to which the programs are
11	being carried out in accordance with this part;
12	and
13	(B) the status of funding requests and ap-
14	propriations for those programs; and
15	(2) summarizes and highlights development, at
16	the State and local level, of high-performance green
17	building initiatives, including executive orders, poli-
18	cies, or laws adopted promoting high-performance
19	green building (including the status of implementa-
20	tion of those initiatives).
21	SEC. 9044. ZERO-ENERGY COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS INITIA-
22	TIVE.
23	(a) Goal.—The Commercial Director, in partnership
24	with the Consortium, shall periodically study and refine
25	a national goal to reduce commercial building energy use

1	and achieve zero-net-energy commercial buildings. Unless
2	the Commercial Director concludes that such targets are
3	unachievable or unrealistic, the goal shall include objec-
4	tives that—
5	(1) all new commercial buildings constructed
6	after the beginning of 2025 are zero-net-energy com-
7	mercial buildings;
8	(2) by 2035, 50 percent of the then existing
9	stock of commercial buildings that were constructed
10	before 2025 are zero-net-energy commercial build-
11	ings; and
12	(3) by 2050, all commercial buildings are zero-
13	net-energy commercial buildings.
14	(b) Strategy.—The Commercial Director, in part-
15	nership with the Consortium, shall develop a market
16	transformation strategy intended to achieve the adopted
17	goal by significantly accelerating the development and
18	widespread deployment of energy efficiency technologies,
19	practices, and policies in both new and existing commer-
20	cial buildings, and by leveraging State, utility, and private
21	sector commercial building energy efficiency programs.
22	(c) Initiative.—The Commercial Director, in part-
23	nership with the Consortium, shall implement an initiative
24	to carry out the strategy that may include—

1	(1) support for industry efforts to develop ad-
2	vanced materials, equipment, controls, practices, and
3	integrated building systems aimed at achieving zero-
4	net-energy commercial buildings and monitoring and
5	benchmarking commercial building energy use;
6	(2) training, education, and awareness pro-
7	grams, including—
8	(A) programs in cooperation with industry
9	and professional associations and educational
10	institutions to provide education on achieving
11	sustainable and energy-efficient performance
12	through proper system and structure design,
13	construction, and operation to—
14	(i) architects;
15	(ii) mechanical, electrical, and plumb-
16	ing engineers;
17	(iii) contractors; and
18	(iv) construction managers and facil-
19	ity managers;
20	(B) programs to incorporate energy effi-
21	ciency and sustainability elements into architec-
22	ture, engineering, and vocational training and
23	certification curricula, including professional
24	certification and continuing education pro-
25	grams; and

1	(C) regional and national public education
2	campaigns to educate real estate, finance, and
3	other commercial buildings professionals and
4	the general public about the opportunities for
5	energy and cost savings and associated environ-
6	mental and health benefits associated with
7	high-performance green buildings;
8	(3) pilot projects to demonstrate and document
9	the performance of scalable and replicable tech-
10	nologies, practices, and policies to achieve high-per-
11	formance green buildings and zero-net-energy com-
12	mercial buildings, including—
13	(A) pilot projects representing each market
14	segment or building type in each climate region
15	that include current best practice in integrated
16	design, technology and systems, construction,
17	commissioning, operation, and building infor-
18	mation management;
19	(B) pilot projects, in cooperation with
20	State and local governments, in public build-
21	ings; and
22	(C) pilot projects, in cooperation with pub-
23	lic school districts and colleges and universities,
24	to—

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1	(i) demonstrate such technologies and
2	practices in new and existing facilities;
3	(ii) involve students and faculty mem-
4	bers in integrating energy efficiency and
5	high-performance green building concepts
6	and measures within the educational cur-
7	riculum; and
8	(iii) use education facilities as show-
9	cases to communicate these concepts to the
10	community;
11	(4) technical assistance and funding of pilot
12	projects for the development and use of new building
13	energy design standards, model designs, model en-
14	ergy codes, and incentives and other policies, to be
15	provided to designers, builders, developers, commer-
16	cial building owners, and utility and government en-
17	ergy efficiency programs, including—
18	(A) support for code and standards organi-
19	zations to develop aggressive model energy
20	codes, beyond-code guidelines, and code compli-
21	ance programs for new and existing buildings;
22	(B) assistance to utilities, builders, and
23	State and local officials in developing, imple-
24	menting, and evaluating pilot programs to
25	achieve building design and actual energy per-

1	formance that meet and exceed performance
2	levels in the model energy codes; and
3	(C) support for development and dissemi-
4	nation of model programs and policies that pro-
5	vide incentives for high-performance green
6	buildings, such as accelerated zoning and con-
7	struction permitting and inspections, density
8	bonuses, and State and local tax incentives;
9	(5) technical assistance and funding of pilot
10	projects for innovative market-based initiatives to
11	advance energy-efficient technologies and practices
12	in new and existing commercial buildings, provided
13	to State agencies, utilities, and other entities, includ-
14	ing—
15	(A) design assistance and incentives for in-
16	corporating sustainability and energy efficiency
17	beginning with the first stages of building de-
18	sign and continuing through start-up commis-
19	sioning and long-term operation;
20	(B) performance-based design and con-
21	struction fees for high-performance green con-
22	struction and renovation;
23	(C) equipment leasing and financing strat-
24	egies for energy efficiency upgrades of new and
25	replacement commercial building equipment;

1	(D) trade-in programs for early retirement
2	of low-efficiency commercial building equipment
3	and system components, such as motors, air
4	conditioners, boilers, lighting, and windows;
5	(E) improved methods of energy perform-
6	ance contracting to reduce transaction costs
7	and encourage the use of third-party funding
8	and expertise for energy-efficient retrofitting of
9	existing commercial buildings;
10	(F) improved model protocols for commer-
11	cial building energy audits, energy performance
12	measurement and verification, continuous com-
13	missioning, and ongoing performance moni-
14	toring and diagnostics; and
15	(G) strategies to reduce barriers to energy
16	efficiency investment by addressing split incen-
17	tives between commercial building owners and
18	tenants;
19	(6) development, dissemination, technical assist-
20	ance, and pilot project activities to improve the prac-
21	tice of monitoring, benchmarking, and disclosure of
22	actual commercial building energy performance and
23	operating costs, including—
24	(A) improved methods of measuring and
25	compiling energy performance data on a statis-

1	tically significant share of commercial new con-
2	struction, renovation, and energy retrofit
3	projects;
4	(B) development and dissemination of en-
5	ergy performance metrics for the commercial
6	building stock and for important subcategories
7	of commercial buildings;
8	(C) improved methods of providing energy
9	performance feedback to commercial building
10	owners, operators, and occupants, including
11	real-time feedback and comparisons to perform-
12	ance goals, past performance, and similar build-
13	ings;
14	(D) voluntary programs at the national, re-
15	gional, and sectoral levels to recognize and re-
16	ward commercial buildings with exceptional per-
17	formance or performance improvement;
18	(E) increased availability and use of tools
19	for post occupancy assessment of energy effi-
20	ciency and occupant satisfaction with commer-
21	cial high-performance green buildings, and for
22	measuring and documenting non-energy finan-
23	cial and other benefits of such buildings;
24	(7) in cooperation with the Energy Information
25	Administration and with utility, State, and private

1	sector organizations, development and application of
2	improved methods for assessing trends in the energy
3	performance of the commercial buildings stock, new
4	construction, and building renovations, by building
5	type and region, in order to track progress toward
6	the goals adopted under subsection (a); and
7	(8) such otherwise authorized activities that the
8	Secretary and the Commercial Director determine
9	are necessary to the success of the initiative.
10	SEC. 9045. PUBLIC OUTREACH.
11	The Commercial Director, in coordination with the
12	Consortium, shall carry out public outreach to inform indi-
13	viduals and entities of the information and services avail-
14	able Governmentwide by—
15	(1) establishing and maintaining a national
16	high-performance green building clearinghouse, in-
17	cluding on the internet, that—
18	(A) identifies existing similar efforts and
19	coordinates activities of common interest; and
20	(B) provides information relating to high-
21	performance green buildings, including
22	hyperlinks to internet sites that describe the ac-
23	tivities, information, and resources of—
24	(i) the Federal Government;
25	(ii) State and local governments;

1	(iii) the private sector (including non-
2	governmental and nonprofit entities and
3	organizations); and
4	(iv) international organizations;
5	(2) identifying and recommending educational
6	resources for implementing high-performance green
7	building practices, including security and emergency
8	benefits and practices;
9	(3) providing access to technical assistance on
10	using tools and resources to make more cost-effec-
11	tive, energy-efficient, health-protective, and environ-
12	mentally beneficial decisions for constructing high-
13	performance green buildings, particularly tools avail-
14	able to conduct life-cycle costing and life-cycle as-
15	sessment;
16	(4) providing information on application proc-
17	esses for certifying a high-performance green build-
18	ing, including certification and commissioning;
19	(5) providing technical information, market re-
20	search, or other forms of assistance or advice that
21	would be useful in planning and constructing high-
22	performance green buildings;
23	(6) using such other methods as are determined
24	by the Commercial Director to be appropriate;

1	(7) surveying existing research and studies re-
2	lating to high-performance green buildings;
3	(8) coordinating activities of common interest;
4	(9) developing and recommending a high-per-
5	formance green building practices that—
6	(A) identify information and research
7	needs, including the relationships between
8	health, occupant productivity, and each of—
9	(i) pollutant emissions from materials
10	and products in the building;
11	(ii) natural day lighting;
12	(iii) ventilation choices and tech-
13	nologies;
14	(iv) heating, cooling, and system con-
15	trol choices and technologies;
16	(v) moisture control and mold;
17	(vi) maintenance, cleaning, and pest
18	control activities;
19	(vii) acoustics; and
20	(viii) other issues relating to the
21	health, comfort, productivity, and perform-
22	ance of occupants of the building; and
23	(B) promote the development and dissemi-
24	nation of high-performance green building

1	measurement tools that, at a minimum, may be
2	used—
3	(i) to monitor and assess the life-cycle
4	performance of facilities (including dem-
5	onstration projects) built as high-perform-
6	ance green buildings; and
7	(ii) to perform life-cycle assessments;
8	(10) studying and identifying potential benefits
9	of high-performance green buildings relating to secu-
10	rity, natural disaster, and emergency needs of the
11	Federal Government; and
12	(11) supporting other research initiatives deter-
13	mined by the Office of Commercial High-Perform-
14	ance Green Buildings.
15	SEC. 9046. FEDERAL PROCUREMENT.
16	(a) In General.—Not later than 2 years after the
17	date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office
18	of Federal Procurement Policy, in consultation with the
19	Federal Director, the Commercial Director, and the Under
20	Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Lo-
21	gistics, shall promulgate revisions of the applicable acqui-
22	sition regulations, to take effect as of the date of promul-
23	gation of the revisions—
24	(1) to direct any Federal procurement execu-
25	tives involved in the acquisition, construction, or

1	major renovation (including contracting for the con-
2	struction or major renovation) of any facility—
3	(A) to employ integrated design principles;
4	(B) to improve site selection for environ-
5	mental and community benefits;
6	(C) to optimize building and systems en-
7	ergy performance;
8	(D) to protect and conserve water;
9	(E) to enhance indoor environmental qual-
10	ity; and
11	(F) to reduce environmental impacts of
12	materials and waste flows; and
13	(2) to direct Federal procurement executives in-
14	volved in leasing buildings, to give preference to the
15	lease of facilities that—
16	(A) are energy-efficient; and
17	(B) to the maximum extent practicable,
18	have applied contemporary high-performance
19	and sustainable design principles during con-
20	struction or renovation.
21	(b) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 90 days after the
22	date of promulgation of the revised regulations under sub-
23	section (a), the Director of the Office of Procurement Pol-
24	icy shall issue guidance to all Federal procurement execu-
25	tives providing direction and instructions to renegotiate

1	the design of proposed facilities, renovations for existing
2	facilities, and leased facilities to incorporate improvements
3	that are consistent with this section.
4	SEC. 9047. MANAGEMENT OF ENERGY AND WATER EFFI-
5	CIENCY IN FEDERAL BUILDINGS.
6	Section 543 of the National Energy Conservation
7	Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8253) is amended by adding at the
8	end the following:
9	"(f) USE OF ENERGY AND WATER EFFICIENCY
10	Measures in Federal Buildings.—
11	"(1) Facility energy managers.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal agency
13	shall designate a manager responsible for imple-
14	menting this subsection and reducing energy
15	use at each building or facility that meets cri-
16	teria under subparagraph (B).
17	"(B) COVERED FACILITIES.—The Sec-
18	retary shall develop criteria, after consultation
19	with affected agencies, energy efficiency advo-
20	cates, and energy and utility service providers,
21	that cover, at a minimum, each Federal build-
22	ing or facility with greater than 40,000 square
23	feet of space or greater than \$75,000 per year
24	in energy costs, including central utility plants
25	and distribution systems and other energy in-

1	tensive operations, and that constitute in the
2	aggregate at least two-thirds of total Federal
3	building and facility energy use.
4	"(2) Energy and water evaluations and
5	COMMISSIONING.—
6	"(A) EVALUATIONS.—Not later than 18
7	months after the date of enactment of this sub-
8	section, and every 5 years thereafter, each en-
9	ergy manager shall complete a comprehensive
10	energy and water evaluation for each building
11	or facility that meets criteria under paragraph
12	(1)(B).
13	"(B) RECOMMISSIONING AND
14	RETROCOMMISSIONING.—As part of the evalua-
15	tion under subparagraph (A) or on the same
16	schedule the energy manager shall recommis-
17	sion or retrocommission each such building and
18	facility as applicable.
19	"(3) Implementation of identified energy
20	AND WATER EFFICIENCY MEASURES.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
22	after the completion of each evaluation under
23	paragraph (1), each energy manager—
24	"(i) shall fully implement each energy
25	and water-saving measure identified in the

1	evaluation conducted under paragraph (2)
2	that is life-cycle cost-effective and has a
3	12-year or shorter simple payback period;
4	"(ii) may implement any energy or
5	water-saving measure that the Federal
6	agency identified in the evaluation con-
7	ducted under paragraph (1) that is life-
8	cycle cost-effective and has longer than a
9	12-year simple payback period; and
10	"(iii) may bundle individual measures
11	of varying paybacks together into combined
12	projects.
13	"(B) Payback period.—For the purpose
14	of subparagraph (A), the simple payback period
15	of a measure shall be obtained by dividing—
16	"(i) the estimated initial implementa-
17	tion cost of the measure (other than fi-
18	nancing costs); by
19	"(ii) the annual cost savings from the
20	measure.
21	"(C) Cost savings.—For the purpose of
22	subparagraph (B), cost savings shall include net
23	savings in estimated—
24	"(i) energy and water costs; and

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1	"(ii) operations, maintenance, repair,
2	replacement, and other direct costs.
3	"(D) Exceptions.—The Secretary may
4	modify or make exceptions to the calculation of
5	a 12-year simple payback under this paragraph
6	in the guidelines issued by the Secretary under
7	paragraph (5), if necessary and appropriate to
8	achieve the purposes of this Act.
9	"(E) Life-cycle cost-effective.—For
10	the purpose of subparagraph (A), determination
11	of whether a measure is life-cycle cost-effective
12	shall use methods and procedures developed
13	pursuant to section 544.
14	"(4) Follow-up on implemented meas-
15	URES.—For each measure implemented under para-
16	graph (3), each energy manager shall ensure that—
17	"(A) equipment, including building and
18	equipment controls, is fully commissioned at ac-
19	ceptance to be operating at design specifica-
20	tions;
21	"(B) a plan for appropriate operations,
22	maintenance, and repair of the equipment is in
23	place at acceptance and is followed;

1	"(C) equipment and system performance is
2	measured during its entire life to ensure proper
3	operations, maintenance, and repair; and
4	"(D) energy and water savings are meas-
5	ured and verified.
6	"(5) Guidelines.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
8	issue guidelines and necessary criteria that each
9	Federal agency shall follow for implementation
10	of—
11	"(i) paragraphs (1) and (2) not later
12	than 180 days after the date of enactment
13	of this subsection; and
14	"(ii) paragraphs (3) and (4) not later
15	than 1 year after the date of enactment of
16	this subsection.
17	"(B) RELATIONSHIP TO FUNDING
18	SOURCE.—The guidelines issued by the Sec-
19	retary under subparagraph (A) shall be appro-
20	priate and uniform for measures funded with
21	each type of funding made available under
22	paragraph (9), but may distinguish between dif-
23	ferent types of measures project size, and other
24	criteria the Secretary determines are relevant.
25	"(6) Web-based certification.—

1	"(A) In general.—For each building or
2	facility that meets the criteria established by
3	the Secretary under paragraph (1), the energy
4	manager shall use the web-based tracking sys-
5	tem under subparagraph (B) to certify compli-
6	ance with the requirements for—
7	"(i) energy and water evaluations and
8	recommissioning and retrocommissioning
9	under paragraph (2);
10	"(ii) implementation of identified en-
11	ergy and water measures under paragraph
12	(3); and
13	"(iii) follow-up on implemented meas-
14	ures under paragraph (4).
15	"(B) Deployment.—
16	"(i) In general.—Not later than 1
17	year after the date of enactment of this
18	subsection, the Secretary shall develop and
19	deploy the web-based tracking system re-
20	quired under this paragraph in a manner
21	that tracks, at a minimum—
22	"(I) the covered buildings and fa-
23	cilities;

1	"(II) the status of meeting the
2	requirements specified in subpara-
3	graph (A);
4	"(III) the estimated cost and
5	savings for measures required to be
6	implemented in a building or facility;
7	and
8	"(IV) the measured savings and
9	persistence of savings for implemented
10	measures.
11	"(ii) Ease of compliance.—The
12	Secretary shall ensure that energy man-
13	ager compliance with the requirements in
14	this paragraph, to the greatest extent prac-
15	ticable, can be accomplished with the use
16	of streamlined procedures, and templates
17	that minimize the time demands on Fed-
18	eral employees.
19	"(C) AVAILABILITY.—
20	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
21	(ii), the Secretary shall make the web-
22	based tracking system required under this
23	paragraph available to Congress, other
24	Federal agencies, and the public through
25	the Internet.

1	"(ii) Exemptions.—At the request of
2	a Federal agency, the Secretary may ex-
3	empt specific data for specific buildings
4	from disclosure under clause (i) for na-
5	tional security purposes.
6	"(7) Benchmarking of Federal Facili-
7	TIES.—
8	"(A) In general.—The energy manager
9	shall enter energy use data for each building or
10	facility that meets the criteria established by
11	the Secretary under paragraph (1) into a build-
12	ing energy use benchmarking system, such as
13	the Energy Star Portfolio Manager.
14	"(B) System and Guidance.—Not later
15	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
16	subsection, the Secretary shall—
17	"(i) select or develop the building en-
18	ergy use benchmarking system required
19	under this paragraph for each type of
20	building; and
21	"(ii) issue guidance for use of the sys-
22	tem.
23	"(C) Public disclosure.—Each Federal
24	agency shall post the benchmarking information
25	generated under this subsection, along with

1	each building's annual energy use per square
2	foot and energy costs, on the agency's website.
3	The agency shall update such information each
4	year, and shall include in such reporting pre-
5	vious years' information to allow changes in
6	building performance to be tracked over time.
7	"(8) Federal agency scorecards.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the
9	Office of Management and Budget shall issue
10	semiannual scorecards for energy management
11	activities carried out by each Federal agency
12	that includes—
13	"(i) summaries of the status of imple-
14	menting the various requirements of the
15	agency and its energy managers under this
16	subsection; and
17	"(ii) any other means of measuring
18	performance that the Director considers
19	appropriate.
20	"(B) AVAILABILITY.—The Director shall
21	make the scorecards required under this para-
22	graph available to Congress, other Federal
23	agencies, and the public through the Internet.
24	"(9) Funding and implementation.—

1	"(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
2	TIONS.—There are authorized to be appro-
3	priated such sums as are necessary to carry out
4	this subsection.
5	"(B) Funding options.—
6	"(i) In general.—To carry out this
7	subsection, a Federal agency may use any
8	combination of—
9	"(I) appropriated funds made
10	available under subparagraph (A);
11	and
12	"(II) private financing, including
13	financing available through energy
14	savings performance contracts or util-
15	ity energy service contracts.
16	"(ii) Combined funding for same
17	MEASURE.—A Federal agency may use any
18	combination of appropriated funds and pri-
19	vate financing described in clause (i) to
20	carry out the same measure under this
21	subsection, with proportional allocation for
22	any energy and water savings.
23	"(iii) Lack of appropriated
24	FUNDS.—Since measures may be carried
25	out using private financing described in

1	clause (i), a lack of available appropria-
2	tions shall not be considered a sufficient
3	reason for the failure of a Federal agency
4	to comply with this subsection.
5	"(C) IMPLEMENTATION.—Each Federal
6	agency may implement the requirements under
7	this subsection itself or may contract out per-
8	formance of some or all of the requirements.
9	"(10) Rule of construction.—This sub-
10	section shall not be construed either to require or to
11	obviate any contractor savings guarantees.".
12	SEC. 9048. DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.
13	(a) In General.—The Federal Director and the
14	Commercial Director shall establish guidelines to imple-
15	ment a demonstration project to contribute to the research
16	goals of the Office of Commercial High-Performance
17	Green Buildings and the Office of Federal High-Perform-
18	ance Green Buildings.
19	(b) Projects.—In accordance with guidelines estab-
20	lished by the Federal Director and the Commercial Direc-
21	tor under subsection (a) and the duties of the Federal Di-
22	rector and the Commercial Director described in this part
23	the Federal Director or the Commercial Director shall
24	carry out—

1	(1) for each of fiscal years 2009 through 2014
2	1 demonstration project in a Federal building se-
3	lected by the Federal Director in accordance with
4	relevant agencies and described in subsection (c)(1)
5	that—
6	(A) provides for the evaluation of the in-
7	formation obtained through the conduct of
8	projects and activities under this part; and
9	(B) achieves the highest rating offered by
10	an existing high-performance green building
11	rating system that is developed through a con-
12	sensus-based process, provides minimum re-
13	quirements in all performance categories, re-
14	quires substantiating documentation and
15	verifiable calculations, employs third-party post-
16	construction review and verification, and is na-
17	tionally recognized within the building industry,
18	(2) no fewer than 4 demonstration projects at
19	4 universities, that, as competitively selected by the
20	Commercial Director in accordance with subsection
21	(c)(2), have—
22	(A) appropriate research resources and rel-
23	evant projects to meet the goals of the dem-
24	onstration project established by the Office of

1	Commercial High-Performance Green Build-
2	ings; and
3	(B) the ability—
4	(i) to serve as a model for high-per-
5	formance green building initiatives, includ-
6	ing research and education;
7	(ii) to identify the most effective ways
8	o use high-performance green building and
9	landscape technologies to engage and edu-
10	cate undergraduate and graduate students;
11	(iii) to effectively implement a high-
12	performance green building education pro-
13	gram for students and occupants;
14	(iv) to demonstrate the effectiveness
15	of various high-performance technologies in
16	each of the 4 climatic regions of the
17	United States described in subsection
18	(c)(2)(B); and
19	(v) to explore quantifiable and non-
20	quantifiable beneficial impacts on public
21	health and employee and student perform-
22	ance;
23	(3) demonstration projects to evaluate
24	replicable approaches to achieving various types of
25	commercial buildings in various climates; and

1	(4) deployment activities to disseminate infor-
2	mation on and encourage widespread adoption of
3	technologies, practices, and policies to achieve zero-
4	net-energy commercial buildings or low energy use
5	and effective monitoring of energy use in commercial
6	buildings.
7	(c) Criteria.—
8	(1) FEDERAL FACILITIES.—With respect to the
9	existing or proposed Federal facility at which a dem-
10	onstration project under this section is conducted,
11	the Federal facility shall—
12	(A) be an appropriate model for a project
13	relating to—
14	(i) the effectiveness of high-perform-
15	ance technologies;
16	(ii) analysis of materials, components,
17	systems, and emergency operations in the
18	building, and the impact of those mate-
19	rials, components, and systems, including
20	the impact on the health of building occu-
21	pants;
22	(iii) life-cycle costing and life-cycle as-
23	sessment of building materials and sys-
24	tems; and

1	(iv) location and design that promote
2	access to the Federal facility through walk-
3	ing, biking, and mass transit; and
4	(B) possess sufficient technological and or-
5	ganizational adaptability.
6	(2) Universities.—With respect to the 4 uni-
7	versities at which a demonstration project under this
8	section is conducted—
9	(A) the universities should be selected,
10	after careful review of all applications received
11	containing the required information, as deter-
12	mined by the Commercial Director, based on—
13	(i) successful and established public-
14	private research and development partner-
15	ships;
16	(ii) demonstrated capabilities to con-
17	struct or renovate buildings that meet high
18	indoor environmental quality standards;
19	(iii) organizational flexibility;
20	(iv) technological adaptability;
21	(v) the demonstrated capacity of at
22	least 1 university to replicate lessons
23	learned among nearby or sister univer-
24	sities, preferably by participation in groups
25	or consortia that promote sustainability;

1	(vi) the demonstrated capacity of at
2	least 1 university to have officially-adopt-
3	ed, institution-wide "high-performance
4	green building" guidelines for all campus
5	building projects; and
6	(vii) the demonstrated capacity of at
7	least 1 university to have been recognized
8	by similar institutions as a national leader
9	in sustainability education and curriculum
10	for students of the university; and
11	(B) each university shall be located in a
12	different climatic region of the United States,
13	each of which regions shall have, as determined
14	by the Office of Commercial High-Performance
15	Green Buildings—
16	(i) a hot, dry climate;
17	(ii) a hot, humid climate;
18	(iii) a cold climate; or
19	(iv) a temperate climate (including a
20	climate with cold winters and humid sum-
21	mers).
22	(d) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through
24	September 30, 2014—

1	(1) the Federal Director and the Commercial
2	Director shall submit to the Secretary a report that
3	describes the status of the demonstration projects;
4	and
5	(2) each University at which a demonstration
6	project under this section is conducted shall submit
7	to the Secretary a report that describes the status
8	of the demonstration projects under this section.
9	SEC. 9049. ENERGY EFFICIENCY FOR DATA CENTER BUILD-
10	INGS.
11	(a) In General.—
12	(1) Not later than 90 days after the date of en-
13	actment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy and
14	Administrator of the Environmental Protection
15	Agency shall jointly, after consulting with informa-
16	tion technology industry and other interested par-
17	ties, initiate a voluntary national information pro-
18	gram for those types of data centers and data center
19	equipment and facilities that are widely used and for
20	which there is a potential for significant data center
21	energy savings as a result of such program.
22	(2) Such program shall—
23	(A) consistent with the objectives of para-
24	graph (1), determine the type of data center

1	and data center equipment and facilities to be
2	covered under such program; and
3	(B) include specifications, measurements
4	and benchmarks that will enable data center op-
5	erators to make more informed decisions about
6	the energy efficiency and costs of data centers
7	and that—
8	(i) reflect the total energy consump-
9	tion of data centers, including both equip-
10	ment and facilities, taking into account—
11	(I) the performance and utiliza-
12	tion of servers, data storage devices
13	and other information technology
14	equipment;
15	(II) the efficiency of heating
16	ventilation, and air conditioning, cool-
17	ing, and power conditioning systems;
18	(III) energy savings from the
19	adoption of software and data man-
20	agement techniques; and
21	(IV) other factors determined by
22	the organization described in sub-
23	section (b);
24	(ii) allow for creation of separate
25	specifications, measurements, and bench-

1	marks based on data center size and func-
2	tion, as well as other appropriate charac-
3	teristics determined by the organization
4	described in subsection (b);
5	(iii) advance the design and imple-
6	mentation of efficiency technologies to the
7	maximum extent economically practical;
8	and
9	(iv) provide to data center operators
10	in the private sector and the Federal Gov-
11	ernment information about best practices
12	and purchasing decisions that reduce the
13	energy consumption of data centers;
14	(C) publish the information described in
15	subparagraph (B), which may be disseminated
16	through catalogs, trade publications, the Inter-
17	net, or other mechanisms, that will allow data
18	center operators to assess the energy consump-
19	tion and potential cost savings of alternative
20	data centers and data center equipment and fa-
21	cilities; and
22	(D) not later than 1 year after the date of
23	enactment of this Act, and thereafter on an on-
24	going basis, transmit the information described

1	in subparagraph (B) to the Secretary and the
2	Administrator.
3	(3) Such program shall be developed and co-
4	ordinated by the data center efficiency organization
5	described in subsection (b) according to commonly
6	accepted procedures for the development of specifica-
7	tions, measurements, and benchmarks.
8	(b) Data Center Efficiency Organization.—
9	Upon creation of the program under subsection (a), the
10	Secretary and the Administrator shall jointly designate an
11	information technology industry organization to coordi-
12	nate the program. Such organization, whether preexisting
13	or formed specifically for the purposes of subsection (a),
14	shall—
15	(1) consist of interested parties that have exper-
16	tise in energy efficiency and in the development, op-
17	eration, and functionality of computer data centers,
18	information technology equipment, and software, as
19	well as representatives of hardware manufacturers,
20	data center operators, and facility managers;
21	(2) obtain and address input from Department
22	of Energy National Laboratories or any college, uni-
23	versity, research institution, industry association,
24	company, or public interest group with applicable ex-

1	pertise in any of the areas listed in paragraph (1)
2	of this subsection;
3	(3) follow commonly accepted procedures for
4	the development of specifications and accredited
5	standards development processes;
6	(4) have a mission to develop and promote en-
7	ergy efficiency for data centers and information
8	technology; and
9	(5) have the primary responsibility to oversee
10	the development and publishing of the information,
11	measurements, and benchmarks described in sub-
12	section (a) and transmission of such information to
13	the Secretary and the Administrator for their adop-
14	tion under subsection (c).
15	(c) Adoption of Specifications.—The Secretary
16	and the Administrator shall jointly, in accordance with the
17	requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology
18	Transfer Advancement Act of 1995, adopt and publish the
19	specifications, measurements, and benchmarks described
20	in subsection (a) for use by the Federal Energy Manage-
21	ment Program and the Energy Star program as energy
22	efficiency requirements for the purposes of those pro-
23	grams.
24	(d) Monitoring.—The Secretary and the Adminis-
25	trator shall jointly monitor and evaluate the efforts to de-

1	velop the program described in subsection (a) and, not
2	later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act,
3	shall make a determination as to whether such program
4	is consistent with the objectives of subsection (a).
5	(e) ALTERNATIVE SYSTEM.—If the Secretary and the
6	Administrator make a determination under subsection (d)
7	that a voluntary national information program for data
8	centers consistent with the objectives of subsection (a) has
9	not been developed, the Secretary and the Administrator
10	shall jointly, after consultation with the National Institute
11	of Standards and Technology, develop, not later than 2
12	years after such determination, and implement the pro-
13	gram under subsection (a).
14	(f) Protection of Proprietary Information.—
	The Secretary the Administrator or the data center offi
15	The Secretary, the Administrator, or the data center effi-
15 16	ciency organization shall not disclose any proprietary in-
16	ciency organization shall not disclose any proprietary in-
16 17	ciency organization shall not disclose any proprietary in- formation or trade secrets provided by any individual or
16 17 18	ciency organization shall not disclose any proprietary in- formation or trade secrets provided by any individual or company for the purposes of carrying out this program.
16 17 18 19	ciency organization shall not disclose any proprietary information or trade secrets provided by any individual or company for the purposes of carrying out this program. (g) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
16 17 18 19 20	ciency organization shall not disclose any proprietary information or trade secrets provided by any individual or company for the purposes of carrying out this program. (g) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section: (1) The term "data center" means any facility
116 117 118 119 220 221	ciency organization shall not disclose any proprietary information or trade secrets provided by any individual or company for the purposes of carrying out this program. (g) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section: (1) The term "data center" means any facility that primarily contains electronic equipment used to

1	(B) a facility within a larger structure,
2	that utilizes environmental control equipment to
3	maintain the proper conditions for the oper-
4	ation of electronic equipment.
5	(2) The term "data center operator" means any
6	person or government entity that builds or operates
7	a data center or purchases data center services,
8	equipment, and facilities.
9	SEC. 9050. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
10	(a) In General.—In addition to amounts authorized
11	under subsections (b), (c), and (d), there are authorized
12	to be appropriated to carry out this part, other thansection
13	9052—
14	(1) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2008; and
15	(2) \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years
16	2009 through 2014, to remain available until ex-
17	pended.
18	(b) Zero-Energy Commercial Buildings Initia-
19	TIVE.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry
20	out the initiative described insection 9044—
21	(1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
22	(2) \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2009
23	and 2010;
24	
_ '	(3) \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2011

1	(4) \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013
2	through 2050.
3	(c) Demonstration Projects.—
4	(1) Federal demonstration project.—
5	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
6	the Federal demonstration project described
7	insection $9048(b)(1)$ \$10,000,000 for the period of
8	fiscal years 2009 through 2014, to remain available
9	until expended.
10	(2) University demonstration projects.—
11	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
12	the university demonstration projects described
13	insection $9048(b)(2)$ \$10,000,000 for the period of
14	fiscal years 2009 through 2014, to remain available
15	until expended.
16	(d) Energy Efficiency for Data Center Build-
17	INGS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to each
18	of the Secretary and the Administrator for carrying
19	outsection 9049 $$250,000$ for each of the fiscal years 2008
20	through 2012.
21	SEC. 9051. STUDY AND REPORT ON USE OF POWER MAN-
22	AGEMENT SOFTWARE.
23	(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of Energy, through the
24	Federal Energy Management Program, shall conduct a
25	study on the use of power management software by the

1	Department of Energy and Federal facilities to reduce the	
2	use of electricity in computer monitors and personal com	
3	puters.	
4	(b) Report.—Not later than 60 days after the date	
5	of enactment of the Act, the Secretary shall submit to	
6	Congress a report containing the results of the stud	
7	under subsection (a), including a description of the red	
8	ommendations developed under the study. The Secretar	
9	and the Federal Energy Management Program are en	
10	couraged to draw upon similar studies and efforts by other	
11	Federal entities on power management software.	
12	SEC. 9052. HIGH-PERFORMANCE GREEN BUILDINGS RET-	
13	ROFIT LOAN GUARANTEES.	
1314	ROFIT LOAN GUARANTEES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:	
14	(a) Definitions.—In this section:	
14 15	(a) Definitions.—In this section:(1) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning	
141516	(a) Definitions.—In this section:(1) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning given the term "cost of a loan guarantee" within the	
14151617	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning given the term "cost of a loan guarantee" within the meaning of section 502(5)(C) of the Federal Credit 	
1415161718	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) COST.—The term "cost" has the meaning given the term "cost of a loan guarantee" within the meaning of section 502(5)(C) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)(C)).	
141516171819	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning given the term "cost of a loan guarantee" within the meaning of section 502(5)(C) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)(C)). (2) Guarantee.— 	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning given the term "cost of a loan guarantee" within the meaning of section 502(5)(C) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)(C)). (2) Guarantee.— (A) In General.—The term "guarantee" 	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning given the term "cost of a loan guarantee" within the meaning of section 502(5)(C) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)(C)). (2) Guarantee.— (A) In General.—The term "guarantee" has the meaning given the term "loan guarantee" 	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning given the term "cost of a loan guarantee" within the meaning of section 502(5)(C) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)(C)). (2) Guarantee.— (A) In General.—The term "guarantee" has the meaning given the term "loan guarantee" in section 502 of the Federal Credit Re- 	

1	fined in section 502 of the Federal Credit Re-
2	form Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a)).
3	(3) Obligation.—The term "obligation"
4	means the loan or other debt obligation that is guar-
5	anteed under this section.
6	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
7	the Secretary of Energy.
8	(b) Eligible Purposes.—Except for division C of
9	Public Law 108–423, the Commercial Director shall make
10	loan guarantees under this section for renovation projects
11	that are eligible projects within the meaning of section
12	1703 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 and that will result
13	in a building achieving the United States Green Building
14	Council Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design
15	"certified" level, or meeting a comparable standard ap-
16	proved by the Commercial Director.
17	(c) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—
18	(1) In General.—The Commercial Director
19	shall make guarantees under this section for projects
20	on such terms and conditions as the Commercial Di-
21	rector determines, after consultation with the Sec-
22	retary of the Treasury, in accordance with this sec-
23	tion, including limitations on the amount of any loan
24	guarantee to ensure distribution to a variety of bor-
25	rowers.

1	(2) Specific appropriation or contribu-
2	TION.—No guarantee shall be made under this sec-
3	tion unless—
4	(A) an appropriation for the cost has been
5	made; or
6	(B) the Commercial Director has received
7	from the borrower a payment in full for the
8	cost of the obligation and deposited the pay-
9	ment into the Treasury.
10	(3) Limitation.—Not more than \$100,000,000
11	in loans may be guaranteed under this section at
12	any one time.
13	(4) Amount.—Unless otherwise provided by
14	law, a guarantee by the Commercial Director under
15	this section shall not exceed an amount equal to 80
16	percent of the project cost that is the subject of the
17	guarantee, as estimated at the time at which the
18	guarantee is issued.
19	(5) Repayment.—No guarantee shall be made
20	under this section unless the Commercial Director
21	determines that there is reasonable prospect of re-
22	payment of the principal and interest on the obliga-
23	tion by the borrower.
24	(6) Interest rate.—An obligation shall bear
25	interest at a rate that does not exceed a level that

1	the Commercial Director determines appropriate,
2	taking into account the prevailing rate of interest in
3	the private sector for similar loans and risks.
4	(7) TERM.—The term of an obligation shall re-
5	quire full repayment over a period not to exceed the
6	lesser of—
7	(A) 30 years; or
8	(B) 90 percent of the projected useful life
9	of the building whose renovation is to be fi-
10	nanced by the obligation (as determined by the
11	Commercial Director).
12	(8) Defaults.—
13	(A) PAYMENT BY COMMERCIAL DIREC-
14	TOR.—
15	(i) IN GENERAL.—If a borrower de-
16	faults on the obligation (as defined in reg-
17	ulations promulgated by the Commercial
18	Director and specified in the guarantee
19	contract), the holder of the guarantee shall
20	have the right to demand payment of the
21	unpaid amount from the Commercial Di-
22	rector.
23	(ii) Payment required.—Within
24	such period as may be specified in the
25	guarantee or related agreements, the Com-

1	mercial Director shall pay to the holder of
2	the guarantee the unpaid interest on, and
3	unpaid principal of the obligation as to
4	which the borrower has defaulted, unless
5	the Commercial Director finds that there
6	was no default by the borrower in the pay-
7	ment of interest or principal or that the
8	default has been remedied.
9	(iii) Forbearance.—Nothing in this
10	paragraph precludes any forbearance by
11	the holder of the obligation for the benefit
12	of the borrower which may be agreed upon
13	by the parties to the obligation and ap-
14	proved by the Commercial Director.
15	(B) Subrogation.—
16	(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Commercial
17	Director makes a payment under subpara-
18	graph (A), the Commercial Director shall
19	be subrogated to the rights of the recipient
20	of the payment as specified in the guar-
21	antee or related agreements including,
22	where appropriate, the authority (notwith-
23	standing any other provision of law) to—
24	(I) complete, maintain, operate,
25	lease, or otherwise dispose of any

1	property acquired pursuant to such
2	guarantee or related agreements; or
3	(II) permit the borrower, pursu-
4	ant to an agreement with the Com-
5	mercial Director, to continue to pur-
6	sue the purposes of the project if the
7	Commercial Director determines this
8	to be in the public interest.
9	(ii) Superiority of rights.—The
10	rights of the Commercial Director, with re-
11	spect to any property acquired pursuant to
12	a guarantee or related agreements, shall be
13	superior to the rights of any other person
14	with respect to the property.
15	(iii) Terms and conditions.—A
16	guarantee agreement shall include such de-
17	tailed terms and conditions as the Com-
18	mercial Director determines appropriate
19	to—
20	(I) protect the interests of the
21	United States in the case of default;
22	and
23	(II) have available all the patents
24	and technology necessary for any per-
25	son selected, including the Commer-

1	cial Director, to complete and operate
2	the project.
3	(C) Payment of Principal and Inter-
4	EST BY COMMERCIAL DIRECTOR.—With respect
5	to any obligation guaranteed under this section,
6	the Commercial Director may enter into a con-
7	tract to pay, and pay, holders of the obligation,
8	for and on behalf of the borrower, from funds
9	appropriated for that purpose, the principal and
10	interest payments which become due and pay-
11	able on the unpaid balance of the obligation if
12	the Commercial Director finds that—
13	(i)(I) the borrower is unable to meet
14	the payments and is not in default;
15	(II) it is in the public interest to per-
16	mit the borrower to continue to pursue the
17	purposes of the project; and
18	(III) the probable net benefit to the
19	Federal Government in paying the prin-
20	cipal and interest will be greater than that
21	which would result in the event of a de-
22	fault;
23	(ii) the amount of the payment that
24	the Commercial Director is authorized to
25	pay shall be no greater than the amount of

1	principal and interest that the borrower is
2	obligated to pay under the agreement
3	being guaranteed; and
4	(iii) the borrower agrees to reimburse
5	the Commercial Director for the payment
6	(including interest) on terms and condi-
7	tions that are satisfactory to the Commer-
8	cial Director.
9	(D) ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
10	(i) NOTIFICATION.—If the borrower
11	defaults on an obligation, the Commercial
12	Director shall notify the Attorney General
13	of the default.
14	(ii) Recovery.—On notification, the
15	Attorney General shall take such action as
16	is appropriate to recover the unpaid prin-
17	cipal and interest due from—
18	(I) such assets of the defaulting
19	borrower as are associated with the
20	obligation; or
21	(II) any other security pledged to
22	secure the obligation.
23	(9) Fees.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commercial Direc-
25	tor shall charge and collect fees for guarantees

1	in amounts the Commercial Director determines
2	are sufficient to cover applicable administrative
3	expenses.
4	(B) AVAILABILITY.—Fees collected under
5	this paragraph shall—
6	(i) be deposited by the Commercial
7	Director into the Treasury; and
8	(ii) remain available until expended,
9	subject to such other conditions as are con-
10	tained in annual appropriations Acts.
11	(10) Records; Audits.—
12	(A) In general.—A recipient of a guar-
13	antee shall keep such records and other perti-
14	nent documents as the Commercial Director
15	shall prescribe by regulation, including such
16	records as the Commercial Director may require
17	to facilitate an effective audit.
18	(B) Access.—The Commercial Director
19	and the Comptroller General of the United
20	States, or their duly authorized representatives,
21	shall have access, for the purpose of audit, to
22	the records and other pertinent documents.
23	(11) Full faith and credit.—The full faith
24	and credit of the United States is pledged to the

1	payment of all guarantees issued under this section
2	with respect to principal and interest.
3	PART 5—INDUSTRIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY
4	SEC. 9061. INDUSTRIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY.
5	(a) Amendment.—Title III of the Energy Policy and
6	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6201 and following) is
7	amended by adding the following after part D:
8	"PART E—INDUSTRIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY
9	"SEC. 371. SURVEY OF WASTE INDUSTRIAL ENERGY RECOV-
10	ERY AND POTENTIAL USE.
11	"Congress finds that—
12	"(1) the Nation should encourage the use of
13	otherwise wasted energy and the development of
14	combined heat and power and other waste energy re-
15	covery projects where there is wasted thermal energy
16	in large volumes at potentially useful temperatures;
17	"(2) such projects would increase energy effi-
18	ciency and lower pollution by generating power with
19	no incremental fossil fuel consumption;
20	"(3) because recovered waste energy and com-
21	bined heat and power projects are associated with
22	end-uses of thermal energy and electricity at the
23	local level, they help avoid new transmission lines,
24	reduce line losses, reduce local air pollutant emis-

1	sions, and reduce vulnerability to extreme weather
2	and terrorism; and
3	"(4) States, localities, electric utilities, and
4	other electricity customers may benefit from private
5	investments in recovered waste energy and combined
6	heat and power projects at industrial and commer-
7	cial sites by avoiding generation, transmission and
8	distribution expenses, and transmission line loss ex-
9	penses that may otherwise be required to be recov-
10	ered from ratepayers.
11	"SEC. 372. DEFINITIONS.
12	"For purposes of this Part:
13	"(1) The term 'Administrator' means the Ad-
14	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
15	"(2) The term 'waste energy' means
16	"(A) exhaust heat and flared gases from
17	any industrial process;
18	"(B) waste gas or industrial tail gas that
19	would otherwise be flared, incinerated or vent-
20	$\operatorname{ed};$
21	"(C) a pressure drop in any gas, excluding
22	any pressure drop to a condenser that subse-
23	quently vents the resulting heat; and
24	"(D) such other forms of waste energy as
25	the Administrator may identify.

1	"(3) The term 'recoverable waste energy' means
2	waste energy from which electricity or useful ther-
3	mal energy may be recovered through modification
4	of existing facilities or addition of new facilities.
5	"(4) The term 'net excess power' means, for
6	any facility, recoverable waste energy recovered in
7	the form of electricity in amounts exceeding the total
8	consumption of electricity at the specific time of gen-
9	eration on the site where the facility is located.
10	"(5) The term 'useful thermal energy' is energy
11	in the forms of direct heat, steam, hot water, or
12	other thermal forms that is used in production and
13	beneficial measures for heating, cooling, humidity
14	control, process use, or other valid thermal end-use
15	energy requirements, and for which fuel or elec-
16	tricity would otherwise be consumed.
17	"(6) The term 'combined heat and power sys-
18	tem' means a facility—
19	"(A) that simultaneously and efficiently
20	produces useful thermal energy and electricity;
21	and
22	"(B) that recovers not less than 60 percent
23	of the energy value in the fuel (on a lower-heat-
24	ing-value basis) in the form of useful thermal
25	energy and electricity.

1	"(7) The terms 'electric utility', 'State regu-
2	lated electric utility', 'nonregulated electric utility'
3	and other terms used in this Part have the same
4	meanings as when such terms are used in title I of
5	the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978
6	(relating to retail regulatory policies for electric utili-
7	ties).
8	"SEC. 373. SURVEY AND REGISTRY.
9	"(a) Recoverable Waste-Energy Inventory
10	PROGRAM.—The Administrator, in cooperation with State
11	energy offices, shall establish a Recoverable Waste-Energy
12	Inventory Program. The program shall include an ongoing
13	survey of all major industrial and large commercial com-
14	bustion sources in the United States and the sites where
15	these are located, together with a review of each for quan-
16	tity and quality of waste energy.
17	"(b) Criteria.—The Administrator shall, within 120
18	days after the enactment of this section, develop and pub-
19	lish proposed criteria subject to notice and comment, and
20	within 270 days of enactment, establish final criteria, to
21	identify and designate those sources and sites in the inven-
22	tory under subsection (a) where recoverable waste energy
23	projects or combined heat and power system projects may
24	have economic feasibility with a payback of invested costs
25	within 5 years or less from the date of first full project

- 1 operation (including incentives offered under this Part).
- 2 Such criteria will include standards that insure that
- 3 projects proposed for inclusion in the Registry are not de-
- 4 veloped for the primary purpose of making sales of excess
- 5 electric power under the regulatory treatment provided
- 6 under this Part.
- 7 "(c) Technical Support.—The Administrator shall
- 8 provide to owners or operators of combustion sources tech-
- 9 nical support and offer partial funding (up to one-half of
- 10 total costs) for feasibility studies to confirm whether or
- 11 not investment in recovery of waste energy or combined
- 12 heat and power at that source would offer a payback pe-
- 13 riod of 5 years or less.
- 14 "(d) Registry.—(1) The Administrator shall, within
- 15 one year after the enactment of this section, establish a
- 16 Registry of Recoverable Waste-energy Sources, and sites
- 17 on which those sources are located, which meet the criteria
- 18 set forth under subsection (b). The Administrator shall
- 19 update the Registry on not less than a monthly basis, and
- 20 make the Registry accessible to the public on the Environ-
- 21 mental Protection Agency web site. Any State or electric
- 22 utility may contest the listing of any source or site by sub-
- 23 mitting a petition to the Administrator.
- 24 "(2) The Administrator shall register and include on
- 25 the Registry all sites meeting the criteria of subsection (b).

- 1 The Administrator shall calculate the total amounts of po-
- 2 tentially recoverable waste energy from sources at such
- 3 sites, nationally and by State, and shall make such totals
- 4 public, together with information on the air pollutant and
- 5 greenhouse gas emissions savings that might be achieved
- 6 with recovery of the waste energy from all sources and
- 7 sites listed in the Registry.
- 8 "(3) The Administrator shall notify owners or opera-
- 9 tors of Recoverable Waste-Energy Sources and sites listed
- 10 in the Registry prior to publishing the listing. The owner
- 11 or operator of sources at such sites may elect to have de-
- 12 tailed quantitative information concerning that site not
- 13 made public by notifying the Administrator of that elec-
- 14 tion. Information concerning that site shall be included in
- 15 State totals unless there are fewer than 3 sites in the
- 16 State.
- 17 "(4) As waste energy projects achieve successful re-
- 18 covery of waste energy, the Administrator shall remove the
- 19 related sites or sources from the Registry, and shall des-
- 20 ignate the removed projects as eligible for the incentive
- 21 provisions provided under this Part and the regulatory
- 22 treatment required by this Part. No project shall be re-
- 23 moved from the Registry without the consent of the owner
- 24 or operator of the project if the owner or operator has

1	submitted a petition under section 375 and such petition
2	has not been acted upon or denied.
3	"(5) The Administrator shall not list any source con-
4	structed after the date of the enactment of this Part on
5	the Registry if the Administrator determines that such
6	source—
7	"(A) was developed for the primary purpose of
8	making sales of excess electric power under the reg-
9	ulatory treatment provided under this Part; or
10	"(B) does not capture at least 60 percent of the
11	total energy value of the fuels used (on a lower-heat-
12	ing-value basis) in the form of useful thermal en-
13	ergy, electricity, mechanical energy, chemical output,
14	or some combination of them.
15	"(e) Self-Certification.—Owners, operators, or
16	third-party developers of industrial waste-energy projects
17	that qualify under standards established by the Adminis-
18	trator may self-certify their sites or sources to the Admin-
19	istrator for inclusion in the Registry, subject to procedures
20	adopted by the Administrator. To prevent a fraudulent
21	listing, the sources shall be included on the Registry only
22	if the Administrator confirms the submitted data, at the
23	Administrator's discretion.
24	"(f) New Facilities.—As a new energy-consuming
25	industrial facility is developed after the enactment of this

- 1 Part, to the extent it may constitute a site with recover-
- 2 able waste energy that may qualify for the Registry, the
- 3 Administrator may elect to include it in the Registry at
- 4 the request of its owner or operator or developer on a con-
- 5 ditional basis, removing the site if its development ceases
- 6 or it if fails to qualify for listing under this Part.
- 7 "(g) Optimum Means of Recovery.—For each site
- 8 listed in the Registry, at the request of the owner or oper-
- 9 ator of the site, the Administrator shall offer, in coopera-
- 10 tion with Clean Energy Application Centers operated by
- 11 the Secretary of Energy, suggestions of optimum means
- 12 of recovery of value from waste energy stream in the form
- 13 of electricity, useful thermal energy, or other energy-re-
- 14 lated products.
- 15 "(h) Revision.—Each annual State report under
- 16 section 548(a) of the National Energy Conservation Policy
- 17 Act shall include the results of the survey for that State
- 18 under this section.
- 19 "(i) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be
- 20 appropriated to the Administrator for the purposes of cre-
- 21 ating and maintaining the Registry and services author-
- 22 ized by this section not more than \$1,000,000 for each
- 23 of fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2010, and 2012 and not
- 24 more than \$5,000,000 to the States to provide funding
- 25 for State energy office functions under this section.

1	"SEC. 374. WASTE ENERGY RECOVERY INCENTIVE GRANT
2	PROGRAM.
3	"(a) Establishment of Program.—There is es-
4	tablished in the Environmental Protection Agency a Waste
5	Energy Recovery Incentive Grant Program to provide in-
6	centive grants to owners and operators of projects that
7	successfully produce electricity or incremental useful ther-
8	mal energy from waste energy recovery (and to utilities
9	purchasing or distributing such electricity) and to reward
10	States that have achieved 80 percent or more of identified
11	waste-heat recovery opportunities.
12	"(b) Grants to Projects and Utilities.—
13	"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall
14	make grants to the owners or operators of waste en-
15	ergy recovery projects, and, in the case of excess
16	power purchased or transmitted by a electric utility,
17	to such utility. Grants may only be made upon re-
18	ceipt of proof of waste energy recovery or excess
19	electricity generation, or both, from the project in a
20	form prescribed by the Administrator, by rule.
21	"(2) Excess electric energy.—In the case
22	of waste energy recovery, the grants under this sec-
23	tion shall be made at the rate of \$10 per megawatt
24	hour of documented electricity produced from recov-
25	ered waste energy (or by prevention of waste energy
26	in the case of a new facility) by the project during

1	the first 3 calendar years of such production, begin-
2	ning on or after the date of enactment of this Part.
3	If the project produces net excess power and an elec-
4	tric utility purchases or transmits the excess power,
5	50 percent of so much of such grant as is attrib-
6	utable to the net excess power shall be paid to the
7	electric utility purchasing or transporting the net ex-
8	cess power.
9	"(3) USEFUL THERMAL ENERGY.—In the case
10	of waste energy recovery that produces useful ther-
11	mal energy that is used for a purpose different from
12	that for which the project is principally designed, the
13	grants under this section shall be made to the owner
14	or operator of the waste energy recovery project at
15	the rate of \$10 for each 3,412,000 Btus of such ex-
16	cess thermal energy used for such different purpose.
17	"(c) Grants to States.—In the case of States that
18	have achieved 80 percent or more of waste-heat recovery
19	opportunities identified by the Administrator under this
20	Part, the Administrator shall make grants to the States
21	of up to \$1,000 per Megawatt of waste-heat capacity re-
22	covered (or its thermal equivalent) to support State-level
23	programs to identify and achieve additional energy effi-
24	ciency.

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1	"(d) Eligibility.—The Administrator shall estab-
2	lish rules and guidelines to establish eligibility for grants,
3	shall make the grant program known to those listed in
4	the Registry, and shall offer such grants on the basis of
5	the merits of each project in recovering or preventing
6	waste energy throughout the United States on an impar-
7	tial, objective, and not unduly discriminatory basis.
8	"(e) Authorization.—(1) There is authorized to be
9	appropriated to the Administrator \$100,000,000 for fiscal
10	year 2008, and \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years
11	2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012 for grants under subsection
12	(b) of this section, and such additional amounts during
13	those years and thereafter as may be necessary for admin-
14	istration of the Waste Energy Recovery Incentive Grant
15	Program.
16	"(2) There is authorized to be appropriated to the
17	Administrator not more than \$10,000,000 for each of the

- 1
- 1
- first five fiscal years after the enactment of this Part, to
- 19 be available until expended for purposes of grants to
- States under subsection (c). 20
- 21 "SEC. 375. ADDITIONAL INCENTIVES FOR RECOVERY, UTILI-
- 22 ZATION AND PREVENTION OF INDUSTRIAL
- 23 WASTE ENERGY.
- "(a) Consideration of Standard.—Not later 24
- 25 than 180 days after the receipt by a State regulatory au-

- 1 thority (with respect to each electric utility for which it
- 2 has ratemaking authority), or nonregulated electric utility,
- 3 of a request from a project sponsor or owner or operator,
- 4 the State regulatory authority or nonregulated electric
- 5 utility shall provide public notice and conduct a hearing
- 6 respecting the standard established by subsection (b) and,
- 7 on the basis of such hearing, shall consider and make a
- 8 determination whether or not it is appropriate to imple-
- 9 ment such standard to carry out the purposes of this Part.
- 10 For purposes of any such determination and any review
- 11 of such determination in any court the purposes of this
- 12 section supplement otherwise applicable State law. Noth-
- 13 ing in this Part prohibits any State regulatory authority
- 14 or nonregulated electric utility from making any deter-
- 15 mination that it is not appropriate to adopt any such
- 16 standard, pursuant to its authority under otherwise appli-
- 17 cable State law.
- 18 "(b) Standard for Sales of Excess Power.—
- 19 For purposes of this section, the standard referred to in
- 20 subsection (a) shall provide that an owner or operator of
- 21 a waste energy recovery project identified on the Registry
- 22 who generates net excess power shall be eligible to benefit
- 23 from at least one of the options described in subsection
- 24 (c) for disposal of the net excess power in accordance with

1	the rate conditions and limitations described in subsection
2	(d).
3	"(c) Options.—The options referred to in subsection
4	(b) are as follows:
5	"(1) Sale of Net excess power to util-
6	ITY.—The electric utility shall purchase the net ex-
7	cess power from the owner or operator of the eligible
8	waste-energy recovery project during the operation
9	of the project under a contract entered into for that
10	purpose.
11	"(2) Transport by utility for direct sale
12	TO THIRD PARTY.—The electric utility shall transmit
13	the net excess power on behalf of the project owner
14	or operator to up to three separate locations on that
15	utility's system for direct sale by that owner or oper-
16	ator to third parties at such locations.
17	"(3) Transport over private transmission
18	LINES.—The State and the electric utility shall per-
19	mit, and shall waive or modify such laws as would
20	otherwise prohibit, the construction and operation of
21	private electric wires constructed, owned and oper-
22	ated by the project owner or operator, to transport
23	such power to up to 3 purchasers within a 3-mile ra-
24	dius of the project, allowing such wires to utilize or

cross public rights-of-way, without subjecting the

25

1	project to regulation as a public utility, and accord-
2	ing such wires the same treatment for safety, zon-
3	ing, land-use and other legal privileges as apply or
4	would apply to the utility's own wires, except that—
5	"(A) there shall be no grant of any power
6	of eminent domain to take or cross private
7	property for such wires, and
8	"(B) such wires shall be physically seg-
9	regated and not interconnected with any portion
10	of the utility's system, except on the customer's
11	side of the utility's revenue meter and in a
12	manner that precludes any possible export of
13	such electricity onto the utility system, or dis-
14	ruption of such system.
15	"(4) AGREED UPON ALTERNATIVES.—The util-
16	ity and the owner or operator of the project may
17	reach agreement on any alternate arrangement and
18	its associated payments or rates that is mutually
19	satisfactory and in accord with State law.
20	"(d) Rate Conditions and Criteria.—
21	"(1) In general.—The options described in
22	paragraphs (1) and (2) in subsection (c) shall be of-
23	fered under purchase and transport rate conditions
24	reflecting the rate components defined under para-
25	graph (2) of this subsection as applicable under the

1	circumstances described in paragraph (3) of this
2	subsection.
3	"(2) Rate components.—For purposes of this
4	section:
5	"(A) PER UNIT DISTRIBUTION COSTS.—
6	The term 'per unit distribution costs' means the
7	utility's depreciated book-value distribution sys-
8	tem costs divided by the previous year's volume
9	of utility electricity sales or transmission at the
10	distribution level in kilowatt hours.
11	"(B) PER UNIT DISTRIBUTION MARGIN.—
12	The term 'per unit distribution margin' means:
13	"(i) In the case of a State regulated
14	electric utility, a per-unit gross pretax
15	profit determined by multiplying the util-
16	ity's State-approved percentage rate of re-
17	turn for distribution system assets by the
18	per unit distribution costs.
19	"(ii) In the case of an nonregulated
20	utility, a per unit contribution to net reve-
21	nues determined by dividing the amount of
22	any net revenue payment or contribution
23	to the nonregulated utility's owners or sub-
24	scribers in the prior year by the utility's
25	gross revenues for the prior year to obtain

1	a percentage (but not less than 10 percent)
2	and multiplying that percentage by the per
3	unit distribution costs.
4	"(C) Per unit transmission costs.—
5	The term 'per unit transmission costs' means
6	the total cost of those transmission services
7	purchased or provided by a utility on a per-kilo-
8	watt-hour basis as included in that utility's re-
9	tail rate.
10	"(3) Applicable rates.—
11	"(A) RATES APPLICABLE TO SALE OF NET
12	EXCESS POWER.—Sales made by a project
13	owner or operator under the option described in
14	subsection (c) (1) shall be paid for on a per kil-
15	owatt hour basis that shall equal the full
16	undiscounted retail rate paid to the utility for
17	power purchased by such a facility minus per
18	unit distribution costs, as applicable to the type
19	of utility purchasing the power. If the net ex-
20	cess power is made available for purchase at
21	voltages that must be transformed to or from
22	voltages exceeding 25 kilovolts to be available
23	for resale by the utility, then the purchase price
24	shall further be reduced by per unit trans-
25	mission costs.

1	"(B) Rates applicable to transport
2	BY UTILITY FOR DIRECT SALE TO THIRD PAR-
3	TIES.—Transportation by utilities of power on
4	behalf of the owner or operator of a project
5	under the option described in subsection (c)(2)
6	shall incur a transportation rate equal to the
7	per unit distribution costs and per unit dis-
8	tribution margin, as applicable to the type of
9	utility transporting the power. If the net excess
10	power is made available for transportation at
11	voltages that must be transformed to or from
12	voltages exceeding 25 kilovolts to be trans-
13	ported to the designated third-party purchasers
14	then the transport rate shall further be in-
15	creased by per unit transmission costs. In
16	States with competitive retail markets for elec-
17	tricity, the applicable transportation rate for
18	similar transportation shall be applied in lieu of
19	any rate calculated under this paragraph.
20	"(4) Limitations.—(A) Any rate established
21	for sale or transportation under this section shall be
22	modified over time with changes in the electric util-
23	ity's underlying costs or rates, and shall reflect the
24	same time-sensitivity and billing periods as are es-

1	tablished in the retail sales or transportation rates
2	offered by the utility.
3	"(B) No utility shall be required to purchase or
4	transport an amount of net excess power under this
5	section that exceeds the available capacity of the
6	wires, meter, or other equipment of the electric util-
7	ity serving the site unless the owner or operator of
8	the project agrees to pay necessary and reasonable
9	upgrade costs.
10	"(e) Procedural Requirements for Consider-
11	ATION AND DETERMINATION.—(1) The consideration re-
12	ferred to in subsection (b) shall be made after public no-
13	tice and hearing. The determination referred to in sub-
14	section (b) shall be—
15	"(A) in writing,
16	"(B) based upon findings included in such de-
17	termination and upon the evidence presented at the
18	hearing, and
19	"(C) available to the public.
20	"(2) The Administrator may intervene as a matter
21	of right in a proceeding conducted under this section and
22	may calculate the energy and emissions likely to be saved
23	by electing to adopt one or more of the options, as well
24	as the costs and benefits to ratepayers and the utility and
25	to advocate for the waste-energy recovery opportunity.

1	"(3) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1),
2	and paragraph (2), the procedures for the consideration
3	and determination referred to in subsection (a) shall be
4	those established by the State regulatory authority or the
5	nonregulated electric utility. In the instance that there is
6	more than one project seeking such consideration simulta-
7	neously in connection with the same utility, such pro-
8	ceeding may encompass all such projects, provided that
9	full attention is paid to their individual circumstances and
10	merits, and an individual judgment is reached with respect
11	to each project.
12	"(f) Implementation.—(1) The State regulatory
13	authority (with respect to each electric utility for which
14	it has ratemaking authority) or nonregulated electric util-
15	ity may, to the extent consistent with otherwise applicable
16	State law—
17	"(A) implement the standard determined under
18	this section, or
19	"(B) decline to implement any such standard.
20	"(2) If a State regulatory authority (with respect to
21	each electric utility for which it has ratemaking authority)
22	or nonregulated electric utility declines to implement any
23	standard established by this section, such authority or
24	nonregulated electric utility shall state in writing the rea-
25	sons therefor. Such statement of reasons shall be available

- 1 to the public, and the Administrator shall include the
- 2 project in an annual report to Congress concerning lost
- 3 opportunities for waste-heat recovery, specifically identi-
- 4 fying the utility and stating the amount of lost energy and
- 5 emissions savings calculated. If a State regulatory author-
- 6 ity (with respect to each electric utility for which it has
- 7 ratemaking authority) or nonregulated electric utility de-
- 8 clines to implement the standard established by this sec-
- 9 tion, the project sponsor may submit a new petition under
- 10 this section with respect to such project at any time after
- 11 24 months after the date on which the State regulatory
- 12 authority or nonregulated utility has declined to imple-
- 13 ment such standard.
- 14 "SEC. 376. CLEAN ENERGY APPLICATION CENTERS.
- 15 "(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to re-
- 16 name and provide for the continued operation of the
- 17 United States Department of Energy's Regional Com-
- 18 bined Heat and Power (CHP) Application Centers.
- 19 "(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the Depart-
- 20 ment of Energy's Regional Combined Heat and Power
- 21 (CHP) Application Centers program has produced signifi-
- 22 cant energy savings and climate change benefits and will
- 23 continue to do so through the deployment of clean energy
- 24 technologies such as Combined Heat and Power (CHP),

- 1 recycled waste energy and biomass energy systems, in the
- 2 industrial and commercial energy markets.
- 3 "(c) Renaming.—The Combined Heat and Power
- 4 Application Centers at the Department of Energy are
- 5 hereby be redesignated as Clean Energy Application Cen-
- 6 ters. Any reference in any law, rule or regulation or publi-
- 7 cation to the Combined Heat and Power Application Cen-
- 8 ters shall be treated as a reference to the Clean Energy
- 9 Application Centers.
- 10 "(d) Relocation.—In order to better coordinate ef-
- 11 forts with the separate Industrial Assessment Centers and
- 12 to assure that the energy efficiency and, when applicable,
- 13 the renewable nature of deploying mature clean energy
- 14 technology is fully accounted for, the Secretary of Energy
- 15 shall relocate the administration of the Clean Energy Ap-
- 16 plication Centers to the Office of Energy Efficiency and
- 17 Renewable Energy within the Department of Energy. The
- 18 Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability shall
- 19 continue to perform work on the role of such technology
- 20 in support of the grid and its reliability and security, and
- 21 shall assist the Clean Energy Application Centers in their
- 22 work with regard to the grid and with electric utilities.
- 23 "(e) Grants.—
- 24 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy
- shall make grants to universities, research centers,

1	and other appropriate institutions to assure the con-
2	tinued operations and effectiveness of 8 Regional
3	Clean Energy Application Centers in each of the fol-
4	lowing regions (as designated for such purposes as
5	of the date of the enactment of this section):
6	"(A) Gulf Coast.
7	"(B) Intermountain.
8	"(C) Mid-Atlantic.
9	"(D) Midwest.
10	"(E) Northeast.
11	"(F) Northwest.
12	"(G) Pacific.
13	"(H) Southeast.
14	"(2) Establishment of goals and compli-
15	ANCE.—In making grants under this section, the
16	Secretary shall ensure that sufficient goals are es-
17	tablished and met by each Center throughout the
18	program duration concerning outreach and tech-
19	nology deployment.
20	"(f) Activities.—Each Clean Energy Application
21	Center shall operate a program to encourage deployment
22	of clean energy technologies through education and out-
23	reach to building and industrial professionals, and to other
24	individuals and organizations with an interest in efficient
25	energy use. In addition, the Centers shall provide project

1	specific support to building and industrial professionals
2	through assessments and advisory activities. Funds made
3	available under this section may be used for the following
4	activities:
5	"(1) Developing and distributing informational
6	materials on clean energy technologies, including
7	continuation of the eight existing Web sites.
8	"(2) Developing and conducting target market
9	workshops, seminars, internet programs and other
10	activities to educate end users, regulators, and
11	stakeholders in a manner that leads to the deploy-
12	ment of clean energy technologies.
13	"(3) Providing or coordinating onsite assess-
14	ments for sites and enterprises that may consider
15	deployment of clean energy technology.
16	"(4) Performing market research to identify
17	high profile candidates for clean energy deployment.
18	"(5) Providing consulting support to sites con-
19	sidering deployment of clean energy technologies.
20	"(6) Assisting organizations developing clean
21	energy technologies to overcome barriers to deploy-
22	ment.
23	"(7) Assisting companies and organizations
24	with performance evaluations of any clean energy
25	technology implemented.

- 1 "(g) DURATION.—A grant awarded under this sec-
- 2 tion shall be for a period of 5 years, each grant shall be
- 3 evaluated annually for its continuation based on its activi-
- 4 ties and results.
- 5 "(h) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be ap-
- 6 propriated for purposes of this section the sum of
- 7 \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010,
- 8 2011, and 2012.".
- 9 (b) Table of Contents for
- 10 such Act is amended by inserting the following after the
- 11 items relating to part D of title III:

"PART E-INDUSTRIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY

12 PART 6—ENERGY EFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC

13 INSTITUTIONS

- 14 SEC. 9071. SHORT TITLE.
- This part may be cited as the "Sustainable Energy
- 16 Institutional Infrastructure Act of 2007".
- 17 **SEC. 9072. FINDINGS.**
- 18 The Congress finds the following:
- 19 (1) Many institutional entities own and operate,
- or are served by, district energy systems.

[&]quot;Sec. 371. Survey of waste industrial energy recovery and potential use.

[&]quot;Sec. 372. Definitions.

[&]quot;Sec. 373. Survey and registry.

[&]quot;Sec. 374. Waste Energy Recovery Incentive Grant Program.

[&]quot;Sec. 375. Additional incentives for recovery, utilization and prevention of industrial waste energy.

[&]quot;Sec. 376. Clean Energy Application Centers.".

1	(2) A variety of renewable energy resources
2	could be tapped by governmental and institutional
3	energy systems to meet energy requirements.
4	(3) Use of these renewable energy resources to
5	meet energy requirements will reduce reliance on
6	fossil fuels and the associated emissions of air pollu-
7	tion and carbon dioxide.
8	(4) CHP is a highly efficient and environ-
9	mentally beneficial means to generate electric energy
10	and heat, and offers total efficiency much greater
11	than conventional separate systems, where electric
12	energy is generated at and transmitted long dis-
13	tances from a centrally located generation facility,
14	and onsite heating and cooling equipment is used to
15	meet nonelectric energy requirements.
16	(5) Heat recovered in a CHP generation system
17	can be used for space heating, domestic hot water,
18	or process steam requirements, or can be converted
19	to cooling energy to meet air conditioning require-
20	ments.
21	(6) The increased efficiency of CHP results in
22	reduction in emissions of air pollution and carbon di-
23	oxide.
24	(7) District energy systems represent a key op-
25	portunity for expanding implementation of CHP be-

1	cause district energy systems provide a means of de-
2	livering thermal energy from CHP to a substantia
3	base of end users.
4	(8) District energy systems help cut peak power
5	demand and reduce power transmission and distribu-
6	tion system constraints by meeting air conditioning
7	demand through delivery of chilled water produced
8	with CHP-generated heat or other energy sources
9	shifting power demand through thermal storage
10	and, with CHP, generating power near load centers
11	(9) Evaluation and implementation of sustain-
12	able energy infrastructure is a complex undertaking
13	involving a variety of technical, economic, legal, and
14	institutional issues and barriers, and technical as-
15	sistance is often required to successfully navigate
16	these barriers.
17	(10) The major constraint to significant expan-
18	sion of sustainable energy infrastructure by institu-
19	tional entities is a lack of capital funding for imple-
20	mentation.
21	SEC. 9073. DEFINITIONS.
22	For purposes of this part—
23	(1) the term "CHP" means combined heat and
24	power, or the generation of electric energy and heat
25	in a single, integrated system;

1	(2) the term "district energy systems" means
2	systems providing thermal energy to buildings and
3	other energy consumers from one or more plants to
4	individual buildings to provide space heating, air
5	conditioning, domestic hot water, industrial process
6	energy, and other end uses;
7	(3) the term "institutional entities" means local
8	governments, public school districts, municipal utili-
9	ties, State governments, Federal agencies, and other
10	entities established by local, State, or Federal agen-
11	cies to meet public purposes, and public or private
12	colleges, universities, airports, and hospitals;
13	(4) the term "renewable thermal energy
14	sources" means non-fossil-fuel energy sources, in-
15	cluding biomass, geothermal, solar, natural sources
16	of cooling such as cold lake or ocean water, and
17	other sources that can provide heating or cooling en-
18	$\operatorname{ergy};$
19	(5) the term "sustainable energy infrastruc-
20	ture" means facilities for production of energy from
21	CHP or renewable thermal energy sources and dis-
22	tribution of thermal energy to users; and
23	(6) the term "thermal energy" means heating
24	or cooling energy in the form of hot water or steam
25	(heating energy) or chilled water (cooling energy).

l SEC. 9074. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

2	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy
3	shall, with funds appropriated for this purpose, implement
4	a program of information dissemination and technical as-
5	sistance to institutional entities to assist them in identi-
6	fying, evaluating, designing, and implementing sustainable
7	energy infrastructure.
8	(b) Information Dissemination.—The Secretary
9	shall develop and disseminate information and assessment
10	tools addressing—
11	(1) identification of opportunities for sustain-
12	able energy infrastructure;
13	(2) technical and economic characteristics of
14	sustainable energy infrastructure;
15	(3) utility interconnection, and negotiation of
16	power and fuel contracts;
17	(4) financing alternatives;
18	(5) permitting and siting issues;
19	(6) case studies of successful sustainable energy
20	infrastructure systems; and
21	(7) computer software for assessment, design,
22	and operation and maintenance of sustainable en-
23	ergy infrastructure systems.
24	(c) Eligible Costs.—Upon application by an insti-
25	tutional entity, the Secretary may make grants to such
26	applicant to fund—

1	(1) 75 percent of the cost of feasibility studies
2	to assess the potential for implementation or im-
3	provement of sustainable energy infrastructure;
4	(2) 60 percent of the cost of guidance on over-
5	coming barriers to project implementation, including
6	financial, contracting, siting, and permitting bar-
7	riers; and
8	(3) 45 percent of the cost of detailed engineer-
9	ing and design of sustainable energy infrastructure.
10	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
11	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
12	\$15,000,000 for fiscal year 2008, $$15,000,000$ for fiscal
13	year 2009, and $$15,000,000$ for fiscal year 2010.
14	SEC. 9075. REVOLVING FUND.
15	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy
16	shall, with funds appropriated for this purpose, create a
17	Sustainable Institutions Revolving Fund for the purpose
18	of establishing and operating a Sustainable Institutions
19	Revolving Fund (in this section referred to as the
20	"SIRF") for the purpose of providing loans for the con-
21	struction or improvement of sustainable energy infrastruc-
22	ture to serve institutional entities.
23	(b) ELIGIBLE COSTS.—A loan provided from the
24	SIRF shall be for no more than 70 percent of the total
25	capital costs of a project, and shall not exceed

1	\$15,000,000. Such loans shall be for constructing sustain-
2	able energy infrastructure, including—
3	(1) plant facilities used for producing thermal
4	energy, electricity, or both;
5	(2) facilities for storing thermal energy;
6	(3) facilities for distribution of thermal energy;
7	and
8	(4) costs for converting buildings to use ther-
9	mal energy from sustainable energy sources.
10	(c) QUALIFICATIONS.—Loans from the SIRF may be
11	made to institutional entities for projects meeting the
12	qualifications and conditions established by the Secretary,
13	including the following minimum qualifications:
14	(1) The project shall be technically and eco-
15	nomically feasible as determined by a detailed feasi-
16	bility analysis performed or corroborated by an inde-
17	pendent consultant.
18	(2) The borrower shall demonstrate that ade-
19	quate and comparable financing was not found to be
20	reasonably available from other sources, and that
21	the project is economically more feasible with the
22	availability of the SIRF loan.
23	(3) The borrower shall obtain commitments for
24	the remaining capital required to implement the
25	project, contingent on approval of the SIRF loan.

1	(4) The borrower shall provide to the Secretary
2	reasonable assurance that all laborers and mechanics
3	employed by contractors or subcontractors in the
4	performance of construction work financed in whole
5	or in part with a loan provided under this section
6	will be paid wages at rates not less than those pre-
7	vailing on similar work in the locality as determined
8	by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with sub-
9	chapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States
10	Code (commonly referred to as the Davis-Bacon
11	Act).
12	(d) Financing Terms.—(1) Interest on a loan under
13	this section may be a fixed rate or floating rate, and shall
14	be equal to the Federal cost of funds consistent with the
15	loan type and term, minus 1.5 percent.
16	(2) Interest shall accrue from the date of the loan,
17	but the first payment of interest shall be deferred, if de-
18	sired by the borrower, for a period ending not later than
19	3 years after the initial date of operation of the system.
20	(3) Interest attributable to the period of deferred
21	payment shall be amortized over the remainder of the loan
22	term.
23	(4) Principal shall be repaid on a schedule established
24	at the time the loan is made. Such payments shall begin

- 1 not later than 3 years after the initial date of operation
- 2 of the system.
- 3 (5) Loans made from the SIRF shall be repayable
- 4 over a period ending not more than 20 years after the
- 5 date the loan is made.
- 6 (6) Loans shall be prepayable at any time without
- 7 penalty.
- 8 (7) SIRF loans shall be subordinate to other loans
- 9 for the project.
- 10 (e) Funding Cycles.—Applications for loans from
- 11 the SIRF shall be received on a periodic basis at least
- 12 semiannually.
- 13 (f) Application of Repayments for Deficit Re-
- 14 DUCTION.—Loans from the SIRF shall be made, with
- 15 funds available for this purpose, during the 10 years start-
- 16 ing from the date that the first loan from the fund is
- 17 made. Until this 10-year period ends, funds repaid by bor-
- 18 rowers shall be deposited in the SIRF to be made available
- 19 for additional loans. Once loans from the SIRF are no
- 20 longer being made, repayments shall go directly into the
- 21 United States Treasury.
- 22 (g) Priorities.—In evaluating projects for funding,
- 23 priority shall be given to projects which—
- 24 (1) maximize energy efficiency;

1	(2) minimize environmental impacts, including
2	from regulated air pollutants, greenhouse gas emis-
3	sions, and the use of refrigerants known to cause
4	ozone depletion;
5	(3) use renewable energy resources;
6	(4) maximize oil displacement; and
7	(5) benefit economically-depressed areas.
8	(h) REGULATIONS.—Not later than one year after
9	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy
10	shall develop a plan and adopt rules and procedures for
11	establishing and operating the SIRF.
12	(i) Program Review.—Every two years the Sec-
13	retary shall report to the Congress on the status and
14	progress of the SIRF.
15	(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
16	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 and \$500,000,000 for
17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17	\$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 and \$500,000,000 for
17 18	\$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 and \$500,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2009 through 2012.
17 18 19	\$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 and \$500,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2009 through 2012. SEC. 9076. REAUTHORIZATION OF STATE ENERGY PRO-
17 18 19 20 21	\$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 and \$500,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2009 through 2012. SEC. 9076. REAUTHORIZATION OF STATE ENERGY PROGRAMS.
17 18 19 20 21 22	\$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 and \$500,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2009 through 2012. SEC. 9076. REAUTHORIZATION OF STATE ENERGY PROGRAMS. Section 365(f) of the Energy Policy and Conservation

1	"\$125,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2007, 2008,
2	2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012".
3	PART 7—ENERGY SAVINGS PERFORMANCE
4	CONTRACTING
5	SEC. 9081. DEFINITION OF ENERGY SAVINGS.
6	Section 804(2) of the National Energy Conservation
7	Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287c(2)) is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B),
9	and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), respectively,
10	and indenting appropriately;
11	(2) by striking "means a reduction" and insert-
12	ing "means—
13	"(A) a reduction";
14	(3) by striking the period at the end and insert-
15	ing a semicolon; and
16	(4) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(B) the increased efficient use of an exist-
18	ing energy source by cogeneration or heat re-
19	covery, and installation of renewable energy sys-
20	tems;
21	"(C) if otherwise authorized by Federal or
22	State law (including regulations), the sale or
23	transfer of electrical or thermal energy gen-
24	erated onsite but in excess of Federal needs, to
25	utilities or non-Federal energy users; and

1	"(D) the increased efficient use of existing
2	water sources in interior or exterior applica-
3	tions.".
4	SEC. 9082. FINANCING FLEXIBILITY.
5	Section 801(a)(2) of the National Energy Conserva-
6	tion Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287(a)(2)) is amended by add-
7	ing at the end the following:
8	"(E) Separate Contracts.—In carrying out a con-
9	tract under this title, a Federal agency may—
10	"(i) enter into a separate contract for energy
11	services and conservation measures under the con-
12	tract; and
13	"(ii) provide all or part of the financing nec-
14	essary to carry out the contract.".
15	SEC. 9083. AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO CONTRACTS; RE-
16	PORTS.
17	(a) Authority to Enter Into Contracts.—Sec-
18	tion $801(a)(2)(D)$ of the National Energy Conservation
19	Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287(a)(2)(D)) is amended—
20	(1) in clause (ii), by inserting "and" after the
21	semicolon at the end;
22	(2) by striking clause (iii); and
23	(3) by redesignating clause (iv) as clause (iii).
24	(b) Reports.—Section 548(a)(2) of the National
25	Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8258(a)(2))

1	is amended by inserting "and any termination penalty ex-
2	posure" after "the energy and cost savings that have re-
3	sulted from such contracts".
4	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 2913 of
5	title 10, United States Code is amended by striking sub-
6	section (e).
7	SEC. 9084. PERMANENT REAUTHORIZATION.
8	Section 801 of the National Energy Conservation
9	Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287) is amended by striking sub-
10	section (c).
11	SEC. 9085. TRAINING FEDERAL CONTRACTING OFFICERS
10	TO MECONIATE EMERGY DEDICTENCY COM
12	TO NEGOTIATE ENERGY EFFICIENCY CON-
13	TRACTS.
13	TRACTS.
13 14	TRACTS. (a) Program.—The Secretary of Energy shall create
131415	TRACTS. (a) Program.—The Secretary of Energy shall create and administer in the Federal Energy Management Pro-
13 14 15 16	TRACTS. (a) Program.—The Secretary of Energy shall create and administer in the Federal Energy Management Program a training program to educate Federal contract negative.
13 14 15 16 17	TRACTS. (a) PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall create and administer in the Federal Energy Management Program a training program to educate Federal contract negotiation and contract management personnel so that such
13 14 15 16 17 18	TRACTS. (a) PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall create and administer in the Federal Energy Management Program a training program to educate Federal contract negotiation and contract management personnel so that such contract officers are prepared to—
13 14 15 16 17 18	TRACTS. (a) PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall create and administer in the Federal Energy Management Program a training program to educate Federal contract negotiation and contract management personnel so that such contract officers are prepared to— (1) negotiate energy savings performance con-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	TRACTS. (a) PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall create and administer in the Federal Energy Management Program a training program to educate Federal contract negotiation and contract management personnel so that such contract officers are prepared to— (1) negotiate energy savings performance contracts;

1	(3) review Federal contracts for all products
2	and services for their potential energy efficiency op-
3	portunities and implications.
4	(b) Schedule.—The Federal Energy Management
5	Program shall plan, staff, announce, and begin such train-
6	ing not later than one year after the date of enactment
7	of this Act.
8	(c) Personnel to Be Trained.—Personnel appro-
9	priate to receive such training shall be selected by and sent
10	for such training from—
11	(1) the Department of Defense;
12	(2) the Department of Veterans Affairs;
13	(3) the Department of Energy;
14	(4) the General Services Administration;
15	(5) the Department of Housing and Urban De-
16	velopment;
17	(6) the United States Postal Service; and
18	(7) all other Federal agencies and departments
19	that enter contracts for buildings, building services,
20	electricity and electricity services, natural gas and
21	natural gas services, heating and air conditioning
22	services, building fuel purchases, and other types of
23	procurement or service contracts determined by Fed-
24	eral Energy Management Program to offer the po-
25	tential for energy savings and greenhouse gas emis-

1	sion reductions if negotiated with such goals in
2	mind.
3	(d) Training may be conducted by
4	attorneys or contract officers with experience in negoti-
5	ating and managing such contracts from any agency, and
6	the Department of Energy shall reimburse their related
7	salaries and expenses from amounts appropriated for car-
8	rying out this section to the extent they are not already
9	employees of the Department of Energy. Such training
10	may also be provided by private experts hired by the De-
11	partment of Energy for the purposes of this section, except
12	that the Department may not hire experts who are simul-
13	taneously employed by any company under contract to
14	provide such energy efficiency services to the Federal Gov-
15	ernment.
16	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
17	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of En-
18	ergy for carrying out this section \$750,000 for each of
19	fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
20	SEC. 9086. PROMOTING LONG-TERM ENERGY SAVINGS PER-
21	FORMANCE CONTRACTS AND VERIFYING SAV-
22	INGS.
23	Section 801(a)(2) of the National Energy Conserva-
24	tion Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287(a)(2)) is amended—

1	(1) in subparagraph (D), by inserting "begin-
2	ning on the date of the delivery order" after "25
3	years''; and
4	(2) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(F) Promotion of Contracts.—In carrying out
6	this section, a Federal agency shall not—
7	"(i) establish a Federal agency policy that lim-
8	its the maximum contract term under subparagraph
9	(D) to a period shorter than 25 years; or
10	"(ii) limit the total amount of obligations under
11	energy savings performance contracts or other pri-
12	vate financing of energy savings measures.
13	"(G) Measurement and Verification Require-
14	MENTS FOR PRIVATE FINANCING.—
15	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The evaluations and savings
16	measurement and verification required under para-
17	graphs (1) and (3) of section 543(f) shall be used
18	by a Federal agency to meet the requirements for—
19	"(I) in the case of energy savings perform-
20	ance contracts, the need for energy audits, cal-
21	culation of energy savings, and any other eval-
22	uation of costs and savings needed to imple-
23	ment the guarantee of savings under this sec-
24	tion: and

1	"(II) in the case of utility energy service
2	contracts, needs that are similar to the pur-
3	poses described in subclause (I).
4	"(ii) Modification of existing con-
5	TRACTS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of
6	enactment of this subparagraph, each Federal agen-
7	cy shall, to the maximum extent practicable, modify
8	any indefinite delivery and indefinite quantity energy
9	savings performance contracts, and other indefinite
10	delivery and indefinite quantity contracts using pri-
11	vate financing, to conform to the amendments made
12	by subtitle G of title I of the Energy Efficiency Im-
13	provement Act of 2007.".
13 14	provement Act of 2007.". PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY
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14	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY
14 15	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCING
14 15 16 17	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCING SEC. 9089. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
14 15 16 17	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCING SEC. 9089. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Assistant Secretary of
14 15 16 17 18	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCING SEC. 9089. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Assistant Secretary of Energy for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy shall
14 15 16 17 18	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCING SEC. 9089. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Assistant Secretary of Energy for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy shall establish an advisory committee to provide advice and rec-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCING SEC. 9089. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Assistant Secretary of Energy for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy shall establish an advisory committee to provide advice and recommendations to the Department of Energy on energy efforms.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PART 8—ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCING SEC. 9089. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Assistant Secretary of Energy for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy shall establish an advisory committee to provide advice and recommendations to the Department of Energy on energy efficiency finance and investment issues, options, ideas, and

1	(b) Membership.—The advisory committee estab-
2	lished under this section shall have a balanced membership
3	that shall include members representing the following
4	communities:
5	(1) Providers of seed capital.
6	(2) Venture capitalists.
7	(3) Private equity sources.
8	(4) Investment banking corporate finance.
9	(5) Investment banking mergers and acquisi-
10	tions.
11	(6) Equity capital markets.
12	(7) Debt capital markets.
13	(8) Research analysts.
14	(9) Sales and trading.
15	(10) Commercial lenders.
16	(11) Residential lenders.
17	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
18	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
19	necessary to the Secretary of Energy for carrying out this
20	section.
21	PART 9—ENERGY EFFICIENCY BLOCK GRANT
22	PROGRAM
23	SEC. 9091. DEFINITIONS.
24	For purposes of this part—

1	(1) the term "eligible entity" means a State or
2	an eligible unit of local government within a State;
3	(2) the term "eligible unit of local government"
4	means—
5	(A) a city with a population of at least
6	50,000; and
7	(B) a county with a population of at least
8	200,000;
9	(3) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
10	of Energy; and
11	(4) the term "State" means one of the 50
12	States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
13	of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United
14	States Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the
15	Northern Mariana Islands, and any other common-
16	wealth, territory, or possession of the United States.
17	SEC. 9092. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.
18	The Secretary shall establish an Energy Efficiency
19	Block Grant Program to make block grants to eligible en-
20	tities as provided in this part.
21	SEC. 9093. ALLOCATIONS.
22	(a) In General.—Of the funds appropriated for
23	making grants under this part for each fiscal year, the
24	Secretary shall allocate 70 percent to be provided to eligi-
25	ble units of local government as provided in subsection (b)

1	and 30 percent to be provided to States as provided in
2	subsection (c).
3	(b) ELIGIBLE UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The
4	Secretary shall provide grants to eligible units of local gov-
5	ernment according to a formula giving equal weight to—
6	(1) population, according to the most recent
7	available Census data; and
8	(2) daytime population, or another similar fac-
9	tor such as square footage of commercial, office, and
10	industrial space, as determined by the Secretary.
11	(c) States.—The Secretary shall provide grants to
12	States according to a formula based on population, accord-
13	ing to the most recent available Census data.
14	(d) Publication of Allocation Formulas.—Not
15	later than 90 days before the beginning of any fiscal year
16	in which grants are to made under this part, the Secretary
17	shall publish in the Federal Register the formulas for allo-
18	cation described in subsection $(b)(1)$ and $(b)(2)$.
19	SEC. 9094. ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.
20	Funds provided through a grant under this part may
21	be used for the following activities:
22	(1) Development and implementation of an En-
23	ergy Efficiency Strategy under section 9095.

1	(2) Retaining technical consultant services to
2	assist an eligible entity in the development of such
3	Strategy, including—
4	(A) formulation of energy efficiency, en-
5	ergy conservation, and energy usage goals;
6	(B) identification of strategies to meet
7	such goals through efforts to increase energy ef-
8	ficiency and reduce energy consumption;
9	(C) identification of strategies to encour-
10	age behavioral changes among the populace
11	that will help achieve such goals;
12	(D) development of methods to measure
13	progress in achieving such goals;
14	(E) development and preparation of annual
15	reports to the citizenry of the eligible entity's
16	energy efficiency strategies and goals, and
17	progress in achieving them; and
18	(F) other services to assist in the imple-
19	mentation of the Energy Efficiency Strategy.
20	(3) Conducting energy audits.
21	(4) Development and implementation of weath-
22	erization programs.
23	(5) Creation of financial incentive programs for
24	energy efficiency retrofits, including zero-interest or
25	low-interest revolving loan funds.

1	(6) Grants to nonprofit organizations and gov-
2	ernmental agencies for energy retrofits.
3	(7) Development and implementation of energy
4	efficiency programs and technologies for buildings
5	and facilities of nonprofit organizations and govern-
6	mental agencies.
7	(8) Development and implementation of build-
8	ing and home energy conservation programs, includ-
9	ing—
10	(A) design and operation of the programs;
11	(B) identifying the most effective methods
12	for achieving maximum participation and effi-
13	ciency rates;
14	(C) public education;
15	(D) measurement protocols; and
16	(E) identification of energy efficient tech-
17	nologies.
18	(9) Development and implementation of energy
19	conservation programs, including—
20	(A) use of flex time by employers;
21	(B) satellite work centers; and
22	(C) other measures that have the effect of
23	increasing energy efficiency and decreasing en-
24	ergy consumption.

1	(10) Development and implementation of build-
2	ing codes and inspection services for public, commer-
3	cial, industrial, and single and multifamily residen-
4	tial buildings to promote energy efficiency.
5	(11) Application and implementation of alter-
6	native energy and energy distribution technologies
7	that significantly increase energy efficiency and pro-
8	mote distributed resources and district heating and
9	cooling systems.
10	(12) Development and promotion of zoning
11	guidelines or requirements that result in increased
12	energy efficiency, efficient development, active living
13	land use planning, and infrastructure such as bike
14	lanes and pathways, and pedestrian walkways.
15	(13) Promotion of greater participation and ef-
16	ficiency rates for material conservation programs, in-
17	cluding source reduction, recycling, and recycled
18	content procurement programs that lead to increases
19	in energy efficiency.
20	(14) Establishment of a State, county, or city
21	office to assist in the development and implementa-
22	tion of the Energy Efficiency Strategy.
23	SEC. 9095. REQUIREMENTS.
24	(a) Requirements for Eligible Units of Local
25	GOVERNMENT —

1	(1) Proposed Strategy.—Not later than 1
2	year after being awarded a grant under this part, an
3	eligible unit of local government shall submit to the
4	Secretary a proposed Energy Efficiency Strategy
5	which establishes goals for increased energy effi-
6	ciency in the jurisdiction of the eligible units of local
7	government. The Strategy shall include plans for the
8	use of funds received under the grant to assist the
9	eligible unit of local government in the achievement
10	of such goals, consistent with section 9094. In devel-
11	oping such a Strategy, an eligible unit of local gov-
12	ernment shall take into account any plans for the
13	use of funds by adjoining eligible units of local gov-
14	ernments funded under this part.
15	(2) Approval.—The Secretary shall approve or
16	disapprove a proposed Strategy submitted under
17	paragraph (1) not later than 90 days after receiving
18	it. If the Secretary disapproves a proposed Strategy,
19	the Secretary shall provide to the eligible unit of
20	local government the reasons for such disapproval.
21	The eligible unit of local government may revise and
22	resubmit the Strategy, as many times as required,
23	until approval is granted.
24	(3) Funding for preparation of strat-
25	EGY.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—Until the Secretary has
2	approved a proposed Energy Efficiency Strat-
3	egy under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall
4	only disburse to an eligible unit of local govern-
5	ment \$200,000 or 20 percent of the grant,
6	whichever is greater, which may be used only
7	for preparation of the Strategy.
8	(B) Remainder of funds.—The remain-
9	der of an eligible unit of local government's
10	grant funds awarded but not disbursed under
11	subparagraph (A) shall remain available and
12	shall be disbursed by the Secretary upon ap-
13	proval of the Strategy.
14	(4) Limitations on use of funds.—Of the
15	amounts provided through a grant under this part,
16	an eligible unit of local government may use—
17	(A) not more than 10 percent, or \$75,000,
18	whichever is greater, for administrative ex-
19	penses, not including expenses needed to meet
20	reporting requirements under this part;
21	(B) not more than 20 percent, or
22	\$250,000, whichever is greater, for the estab-
23	lishment of revolving loan funds; and
24	(C) not more than 20 percent, or
25	\$250,000, whichever is greater, for subgranting

1	to nongovernmental organizations for the pur-
2	pose of assisting in the implementation of the
3	Energy Efficiency Strategy.
4	(5) Annual Report.—Not later than 2 years
5	after receipt of the first disbursement of funds from
6	a grant awarded under this part, and annually
7	thereafter, an eligible unit of local government shall
8	submit a report to the Secretary on the status of the
9	Strategy's development and implementation, and,
10	where practicable, a best available assessment of en-
11	ergy efficiency gains within the jurisdiction of the el-
12	igible unit of local government.
13	(b) Requirements for States.—
14	(1) Allocation of grant funds.—A State
15	receiving a grant under this part shall use at least
16	70 percent of the funds received to provide sub-
17	grants to units of local government in the State that
18	are not eligible units of local government. The State
19	shall make such subgrant awards not later than 6
20	months after approval of the State's Strategy under
21	paragraph (3).
22	(2) Proposed Strategy.—Not later than 120
23	days the date of enactment of this Act, each State
24	shall submit to the Secretary a proposed Energy Ef-
25	ficiency Strategy which establishes a process for

1	making subgrants described in paragraph (1), and
2	establishes goals for increased energy efficiency in
3	the jurisdiction of the State. The Strategy shall in-
4	clude plans for the use of funds received under a
5	grant under this part to assist the State in the
6	achievement of such goals, consistent with section
7	9094.
8	(3) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall approve or
9	disapprove a proposed Strategy submitted under
10	paragraph (2) not later than 90 days after receiving
11	it. If the Secretary disapproves a proposed Strategy,
12	the Secretary shall provide to the State the reasons
13	for such disapproval. The State may revise and re-
14	submit the Strategy, as many times as required,
15	until approval is granted.
16	(4) Funding for preparation of strat-
17	EGY.—
18	(A) In general.—Until the Secretary has
19	approved a proposed Energy Efficiency Strat-
20	egy under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall
21	only disburse to a State \$200,000 or 20 percent
22	of the grant, whichever is greater, which may
23	be used only for preparation of the Strategy.
24	(B) Remainder of funds.—The remain-
25	der of a State's grant funds awarded but not

1	disbursed under subparagraph (A) shall remain
2	available and shall be disbursed by the Sec-
3	retary upon approval of the Strategy.
4	(5) Limitations on use of funds.—Of the
5	amounts provided through a grant under this part,
6	a State may use not more than 10 percent for ad-
7	ministrative expenses.
8	(6) Annual Reports.—A State shall annually
9	report to the Secretary on the development and im-
10	plementation of its Strategy. Each such report shall
11	include—
12	(A) a status report on the State's subgrant
13	program described in paragraph (1);
14	(B) a best available assessment of energy
15	efficiency gains achieved through the State's
16	Strategy; and
17	(C) specific energy efficiency and energy
18	conservation goals for future years.
19	(c) STATE AND LOCAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—
20	(1) STATE AND LOCAL ADVISORY COM-
21	MITTEE.—The Secretary shall establish a State and
22	Local Advisory Committee to provide advice regard-
23	ing the administration, direction, and evaluation of
24	the program under this part.

	079
1	SEC. 9096. REVIEW AND EVALUATION.
2	The Secretary may review and evaluate the perform-
3	ance of grant recipients, including by performing audits
4	and may deny funding to such grant recipients for failure
5	to properly adhere to—
6	(1) the Secretary's guidelines and regulations
7	relating to the program under this part, including
8	the misuse or misappropriation of funds; or
9	(2) the grant recipient's Strategy.
10	SEC. 9097. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND EDUCATION PRO
11	GRAM.
12	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
13	and carry out a technical assistance and education pro-
14	gram to provide—
15	(1) technical assistance to State and local gov-
16	ernments;
17	(2) public education programs;
18	(3) demonstration of innovative energy effi-
19	ciency systems and practices; and
20	(4) identification of effective measurement
21	methodologies and methods for changing or influ-
22	encing public participation in, and awareness of, en-
23	ergy efficiency programs.

(b) ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.—Eligible recipients of as-

sistance under this section shall include State and local

24

- 1 public and private nonprofit organizations, and colleges
- 2 and universities.
- 3 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 4 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-
- 5 rying out this section \$150,000,000 for each of the fiscal
- 6 years 2008 through 2012.

7 SEC. 9098. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 8 (a) Grants.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 9 priated to the Secretary for grants under this part,
- 10 \$2,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through
- 11 2012.
- 12 (b) Administration.—There are authorized to be
- 13 appropriated to the Secretary for administrative expenses
- 14 of the program established under this part—
- 15 (1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
- 16 (2) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
- 17 (3) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
- 18 (4) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2011; and
- 19 (5) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2012.

20 Subtitle B—Smart Grid Facilitation

- 21 SEC. 9101. SHORT TITLE.
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Smart Grid Facili-
- 23 tation Act of 2007".

1	PART 1—SMART GRID
2	SEC. 9111. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON MODERNIZATION OF
3	ELECTRICITY GRID.
4	(a) SMART GRID CHARACTERISTICS.—It is the policy
5	of the United States to support the modernization of the
6	Nation's electricity transmission and distribution system
7	to incorporate digital information and controls technology
8	and to share real-time pricing information with electricity
9	customers to achieve each of the following, which together
10	characterize a smart grid:
11	(1) Increased reliability, security and efficiency
12	of the electric grid.
13	(2) Dynamic optimization of grid operations
14	and resources, with full cyber-security.
15	(3) Deployment and integration of distributed
16	resources and generation.
17	(4) Development and incorporation of demand
18	response demand-side resources, and energy effi-
19	ciency resources.
20	(5) Deployment of "smart" technologies for me-
21	tering, communications concerning grid operations
22	and status, and distribution automation.
23	(6) Integration of "smart" appliances and con-
24	sumer devices.

1	(7) Deployment and integration of renewable
2	energy resources, both to the grid and on the cus-
3	tomer side of the electric meter.
4	(8) Deployment and integration of advanced
5	electricity storage and peak-sharing technologies, in-
6	cluding plug-in electric and hybrid electric vehicles,
7	and thermal-storage air conditioning.
8	(9) Provision to consumers of new information
9	and control options.
10	(10) Continual environmental improvement in
11	electricity production and distribution.
12	(11) Enhanced capacity and efficiency of elec-
13	tricity networks, reduction of line losses, and main-
14	tenance of power quality.
15	(b) Support.—The Secretary of Energy and the
16	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and other Federal
17	agencies as appropriate shall undertake programs to sup-
18	port the development and demonstration of Smart Grid
19	technologies and standards to maximize the achievement
20	of these goals.
21	(c) Barriers.—It is further the policy of the United
22	States that no State, State agency, or local government
23	or instrumentality thereof should prohibit, or erect unrea-
24	sonable barriers to, the deployment of smart grid tech-
25	nologies on an electric utility's distribution facilities, or

- 1 unreasonably limit the services that may be provided using
- 2 such technologies.
- 3 (d) Information.—It is further the policy of the
- 4 United States that electricity purchasers are entitled to
- 5 receive information about the varying value of electricity
- 6 at different times and places, and that States shall not
- 7 prohibit nor erect unreasonable barriers to the provision
- 8 of such information flows to end users.

9 SEC. 9112. GRID MODERNIZATION COMMISSION.

- 10 (a) Establishment and Mission.—
- 11 (1) Establishment.—The President shall es-12 tablish a Grid Modernization Commission composed 13 of 9 members. Three members of the Commission 14 shall be appointed by the President, and one each 15 shall be appointed by the Speaker and Minority 16 Leader of the United States House of Representa-17 tives and by the Majority Leader and Minority 18 Leader of the United States Senate. Two members 19 shall be appointed by the President from among per-20 sons recommended by an association representing 21 State utility regulatory commissioners. The Presi-22 dent shall designate one Commissioner to serve as 23 Chairperson.
- 24 (2) MISSION.—The mission of the Grid Mod-25 emization Commission shall be to facilitate the

1	adoption of Smart Grid standards, technologies, and
2	practices across the Nation's electricity grid to the
3	point of general adoption and ongoing market sup-
4	port in the United States electric sector. The Com-
5	mission shall be responsible for monitoring develop-
6	ments, encouraging progress toward common stand-
7	ards and protocols, identifying barriers and pro-
8	posing solutions, coordinating with all Federal de-
9	partments and agencies, and coordinating ap-
10	proaches on smart grid implementation with States
11	and local governmental authorities.
12	(b) Membership.—The members appointed to the
13	Commission shall, collectively, have qualifications in elec-
14	tric utility operations and infrastructure, digital informa-
15	tion and control technologies, security, market develop-
16	ment, finance and utility regulation, energy efficiency, de-
17	mand response, renewable energy, and consumer protec-
18	tion.
19	(c) Authorities to Intervene.—The Commission
20	shall have the authority to intervene and represent itself
21	before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and
22	other Federal and State agencies as it deems necessary
23	to accomplish its mission.
24	(d) TERMS OF OFFICE.—The term of office of each
25	Commissioner shall be 5 years, and any member may be

- 1 reappointed for not more than one additional term of 5
- 2 years.
- 3 (e) Termination.—Unless extended by Act of Con-
- 4 gress, the Commission shall complete its work and cease
- 5 its activities by January 1, 2020, or on such earlier date
- 6 that the Commission determines that the proliferation,
- 7 evolution, and adaptation of Smart Grid technologies no
- 8 longer require Federal leadership and assistance.
- 9 (f) Compensation of Members.—Each member of
- 10 the Commission who is not an officer or employee of the
- 11 Federal Government shall be compensated at a rate equal
- 12 to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay pre-
- 13 scribed for level III of the Executive Schedule under sec-
- 14 tion 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (in-
- 15 cluding travel time) during which such member is engaged
- 16 in the performance of the duties of the Commission. All
- 17 members of the Commission who are officers or employees
- 18 of the United States shall serve without compensation in
- 19 addition to that received for their services as officers or
- 20 employees of the United States.
- 21 (g) Travel Expenses.—The members of the Com-
- 22 mission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
- 23 diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employ-
- 24 ees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title
- 25 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or

- 1 regular places of business in the performance of services
- 2 for the Commission.
- 3 (h) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at the
- 4 call of the Chairman. Commission meetings shall be open
- 5 to the public, but as many as three Commissioners may
- 6 meet in private without constituting a meeting requiring
- 7 public access.
- 8 (i) Applicability of Federal Advisory Com-
- 9 MITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
- 10 U.S.C. App. 1 et seq.) shall not apply to the Commission.
- 11 (j) Offices and Staff.—The Secretary of Energy
- 12 shall provide the Commission with offices in the Depart-
- 13 ment of Energy and shall make available to the Commis-
- 14 sion the expertise and staff resources of both the Office
- 15 of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability and the Of-
- 16 fice of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy.
- 17 (k) Detail of Government Employees.—Any
- 18 Federal Government employee may be detailed to the
- 19 Commission without reimbursement, and such detail shall
- 20 be without interruption or loss of civil service status or
- 21 privilege.
- 22 (l) Executive Director.—The Secretary of En-
- 23 ergy shall appoint an officer of the Senior Executive Serv-
- 24 ice to serve as Executive Director to the Commission.

- 1 (m) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
- 2 TENT SERVICES.—The Chairman of the Commission may
- 3 procure temporary and intermittent services under section
- 4 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individ-
- 5 uals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual
- 6 rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive
- 7 Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
- 8 (n) Information From Federal Agencies.—The
- 9 Commission may secure directly from any Federal depart-
- 10 ment or agency such information as the Commission con-
- 11 siders necessary to carry out this part. Upon request of
- 12 the Chairman of the Commission, the head of such depart-
- 13 ment or agency shall furnish such information to the Com-
- 14 mission. The Commission shall maintain the same level of
- 15 confidentiality for such information made available under
- 16 this subsection as is required of the head of the depart-
- 17 ment or agency from which the information was obtained.
- 18 (o) Postal Services.—The Commission may use
- 19 the United States mails in the same manner and under
- 20 the same conditions as other departments and agencies of
- 21 the Federal Government.
- 22 SEC. 9113. GRID ASSESSMENT AND REPORT.
- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Grid Modernization Commis-
- 24 sion shall undertake, and update on a biannual basis, an
- 25 assessment of the progress toward modernizing the elec-

1	tric system from generation to ultimate electricity con-
2	sumption, including implementation of "smart grid" tech-
3	nologies. The Commission shall prepare this assessment
4	with input from stakeholders including but not limited to
5	electric utilities, other Federal offices, States, companies
6	involved in developing related technologies, the National
7	Electric Reliability Organization recognized by the Federal
8	Energy Regulatory Commission, electricity customers, and
9	persons with special related expertise. The assessment
10	shall include each of the following:
11	(1) An updated inventory of existing smart grid
12	systems.
13	(2) A description of the condition of existing
14	grid infrastructure and procedures for determining
15	the need for new infrastructure;
16	(3) A description of any plans of States, utili-
17	ties, or others to introduce smart grid systems and
18	technologies.
19	(4) An assessment of constraints to deployment
20	of smart grid technology and most important oppor-
21	tunities for doing so, including the readiness or lack
22	thereof of enabling technologies.
23	(5) An assessment of remaining potential bene-
24	fits resulting from introduction of smart grid sys-
25	tems, including benefits related to demand-side effi-

1	ciencies, improved reliability, improved security, re-
2	duced prices, and improved integration of renewable
3	resources.
4	(6) Recommendations for legislative or regu-
5	latory changes to remove barriers to and create in-
6	centives for smart grid system implementation and
7	to meet the policy goals of this title.
8	(7) An estimate of the potential costs required
9	for modernization of the electricity grid, with speci-
10	ficity relative to geographic areas and components of
11	the grid, together with an assessment of whether the
12	necessary funds would be available to meet such
13	costs, and the sources of such funds.
14	(8) An assessment of ancillary benefits to other
15	economic sectors or activities beyond the electricity
16	sector, such as potential broadband service over
17	power lines.
18	(9) An assessment of technologies, activities or
19	opportunities in energy end use devices, customer
20	premises, buildings, and power generation and stor-
21	age devices that could accelerate or expand the im-
22	pact and effectiveness of smart grid advances.
23	(10) An assessment of potential risks to per-
24	sonal privacy, corporate confidentiality, and grid se-
25	curity from the spread of smart grid technologies,

1	and if so what additional measures and policies are
2	needed to assure privacy and information protection
3	for electric customers and grid partners, and cyber-
4	security protection for extended grid systems.
5	(11) An assessment of the readiness of market
6	forces to drive further implementation and evolution
7	of "smart grid" technologies in the absence of gov-
8	ernment leadership.
9	(12) Recommendations to the Secretary of En-
10	ergy and other Federal officers on actions they
11	should take to assist.
12	The Commission may request electric utilities to provide
13	information relating to deployment and planned deploy-
14	ment of smart grid systems and technologies. At the re-
15	quest of the utility, the Commission shall maintain the
16	confidentiality of utility-specific or specific security-related
17	information. The Commission shall provide opportunities
18	for input and comment by interested persons, including
19	representatives of electricity consumers, Smart Grid tech-
20	nology service providers, the electric utility industry, and
21	State and local government.
22	(b) State and Regional Assessment and Re-
23	PORT.—States or groups of States are encouraged to par-
24	ticipate in the development of State or region-specific com-
25	ponents of the assessment and report under subsection

1	(a). Such State-specific components may address the as-
2	sessment and reporting criteria above but also may include
3	but not be limited to any of the following:
4	(1) Assessment of types of security threats to
5	electricity delivery.
6	(2) Energy assurance and response plans to ad-
7	dress security threats.
8	(3) Plans for introduction of smart grid sys-
9	tems and technologies over 3, 5, and 10 year plan-
10	ning horizons.
11	The Commission may make grants to States that begin
12	development of a State or Regional Plan within 180 days
13	after the enactment of this Act to offset up to one-half
14	of the costs required to develop such plans.
15	(c) Smart Grid Report.—Based on its completed
16	initial assessment under subsection (a), the Commission
17	shall submit a report to Congress and the President not
18	later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act
19	and subsequent reports every 2 years thereafter. Each re-
20	port shall include recommendations to the President and
21	to the Congress on actions necessary to modernize the
22	electricity grid. The Commission shall annually update
23	and revise its report and as well as conduct ongoing moni-
24	toring and evaluation activities.

1	(d) Consultation and Public Input.—The Com-
2	mission shall consult with the Secretary of Energy and
3	the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission on technical
4	issues associated with advanced electricity grid tech-
5	nologies. The Commission shall to the extent feasible pro-
6	vide for broad and frequent input from stakeholders and
7	the general public.
8	(e) Interoperability Protocols and Model
9	STANDARDS FOR INFORMATION MANAGEMENT.—
10	(1) In General.—The Grid Modernization
11	Commission shall work with the National Institute
12	of Standards and Technology, as well as with Smart
13	Grid stakeholders, to develop protocols and model
14	standards for information management to achieve
15	interoperability of smart grid devices and systems.
16	Such protocols and model standards shall be flexible,
17	uniform, and technology-neutral, including but not
18	limited to technologies for communication of Smart
19	Grid information. Such protocols and standards
20	shall further align policy, business, and technology
21	approaches in a manner that—
22	(A) enables all electric resources, including
23	demand-side resources, storage devices, renew-
24	able generation resources, other distributed gen-
25	eration resources to be interconnected to and

1	function compatibly with the grid, on an auto-
2	mated basis to the extent appropriate;
3	(B) enables electricity-consuming equip-
4	ment to communicate with and contribute to an
5	efficient, reliable electricity network, on an
6	automated basis to the extent appropriate;
7	(C) enhances two-way communication be-
8	tween Smart-Grid enabled devices connected to
9	the electric power grid;
10	(D) supports the ability of Smart-Grid en-
11	abled devices to exchange information, regard-
12	less of the operating system, programming lan-
13	guages, or media of communication utilized by
14	such devices;
15	(E) enables the operators of utilities and
16	regional system operators of the grid to auto-
17	matically detect anomalies and respond to iso-
18	late areas affected in order to maintain reli-
19	ability; and
20	(F) enables State regulators and individual
21	utility managers to develop rate structures and
22	regulations incorporating Smart Grid capabili-
23	ties for the benefit of consumers and the elec-
24	tricity system, accommodating increased de-
25	mand response and distributed generation.

(2) Meetings and working group for De-
VELOPMENT OF INTEROPERABILITY PROTOCOLS AND
MODEL STANDARDS.—Within 60 days after the en-
actment of this section, the Director of the National
Institute of Standards and Technology shall convene
meetings of experts and stakeholders to discuss and
achieve such standards, for the purpose of forming
an ongoing voluntary working group. Upon the cre-
ation of the Grid Modernization Commission, the
Commission shall assume the role of convening fur-
ther such meetings and collaborating with such a
working group to continue progress towards such
standards, with continued technical support from the
Director of the National Institute of Standards and
Technology. The Gridwise Architecture Council, the
International Electrical and Electronics Engineers,
the National Electric Reliability Organization recog-
nized by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commis-
sion, and National Electrical Manufacturer's Asso-
ciation shall be among stakeholders invited to such
meetings, together with other groups of manufactur-
ers of equipment that could usefully be Smart-Grid
capable, groups of customers, State and Federal reg-
ulators, electric utility groups, communications and
computer experts, and other Federal offices and

1	agencies that have roles related to security, commu-
2	nications, computerization, and reliability of the elec-
3	tricity system.
4	(3) Reporting and adoption of protocols
5	AND MODEL STANDARDS.—
6	(A) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The Di-
7	rector of the National Institute of Standards
8	and Technology and the Grid Modernization
9	Commission, after it is created, shall report an-
10	nually to Congress on the progress of creating
11	such protocols and model standards.
12	(B) Adoption.—The Commission shall re-
13	view such protocols and standards as are rec-
14	ommended by the working group and, upon
15	finding that they meet the goals stated in para-
16	graph (1), shall publish such finding, and shall
17	encourage utilities, regulators, and other stake-
18	holders to adopt to such standards.
19	(C) Publication.—Except to the extent
20	they may allow or create threats to grid reli-
21	ability and security, such standards and proto-
22	cols shall be made publicly available for general
23	use by manufacturers, utilities, regulators, and
24	others.

1	(D) Goal.—The intent of Congress is that
2	such protocols and model standards will be ini-
3	tially developed, reviewed, and approved for
4	general adoption, subject to further improve-
5	ments, within 3 years of the enactment of this
6	section.
7	(f) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be ap-
8	propriated for the purposes of this section—
9	(1) \$5,000,000 to the National Institute of
10	Standards and Technology for each of fiscal years
11	2009 through 2012, and such sums as may there-
12	after be necessary to support the purposes of this
13	section; and
14	(2) \$20,000,000 to the Secretary of Energy to
15	support the operations of the Grid Modernization
16	Commission for each of fiscal years 2009 through
17	2020.
18	SEC. 9114. FEDERAL MATCHING FUND FOR SMART GRID IN-
19	VESTMENT COSTS.
20	(a) Matching Fund.—The Secretary of Energy
21	shall establish a Smart Grid Investment Matching Grant
22	Program to provide reimbursement of one-fourth of quali-
23	fying Smart Grid investments

1	(b) QUALIFYING INVESTMENTS.—Qualifying Smart
2	Grid investments may include any of the following made
3	on or after the date of enactment of this Act:
4	(1) In the case of appliances covered for pur-
5	poses of establishing energy conservation standards
6	under part B of title III of the Energy Policy and
7	Conservation Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6291 and fol-
8	lowing), the documented expenditures incurred by a
9	manufacturer of such appliances associated with
10	purchasing or designing, creating the ability to man-
11	ufacture, and manufacturing and installing for one
12	calendar year, internal devices that allow the appli-
13	ance to engage in Smart Grid functions.
14	(2) In the case of specialized electricity-using
15	equipment, including motors and drivers, installed in
16	industrial or commercial applications, the docu-
17	mented expenditures incurred by its owner or its
18	manufacturer of installing devices or modifying that
19	equipment to engage in Smart Grid functions.
20	(3) In the case of transmission and distribution
21	equipment fitted with monitoring and communica-
22	tions devices to enable smart grid functions, the doc-
23	umented expenditures incurred by the electric utility
24	to purchase and install such monitoring and commu-
25	nications devices.

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1	(4) In the case of metering devices, sensors,
2	control devices, and other devices integrated with
3	and attached to an electric utility system that are
4	capable of engaging in Smart Grid functions, the
5	documented expenditures incurred by the electric
6	utility and its customers to purchase and install
7	such devices.
8	(5) In the case of software that enables devices
9	or computers to engage in Smart Grid functions, the
10	documented purchase costs of the software.
11	(6) In the case of entities that operate or co-
12	ordinate operations of regional electric grids, the
13	documented expenditures for purchasing and install-
14	ing such equipment that allows Smart Grid func-
15	tions to operate and be combined or coordinated
16	among multiple electric utilities and between that re-
17	gion and other regions.
18	(7) In the case of persons or entities other than
19	electric utilities owning and operating a distributed
20	electricity generator, the documented expenditures of
21	enabling that generator to be monitored, controlled,
22	or otherwise integrated into grid operations and elec-
23	tricity flows on the grid utilizing Smart Grid func-

tions.

1	(8) In the case of electric or hybrid-electric ve-
2	hicles, the documented expenses for devices that
3	allow the vehicle to engage in Smart Grid functions.
4	(9) The documented expenditures related to
5	purchasing and implementing Smart Grid functions
6	in such other cases as the Secretary of Energy shall
7	identify. In making such grants, the Secretary shall
8	seek to reward innovation and early adaptation, even
9	if success is not complete, rather than deployment of
10	proven and commercially viable technologies.
11	(c) Investments Not Included.—Qualifying
12	Smart Grid investments do not include any of the fol-
13	lowing:
14	(1) Expenditures for electricity generation,
15	transmission, or distribution infrastructure or equip-
16	ment not directly related to enabling Smart Grid
17	functions.
18	(2) After the effective date of a standard under
19	paragraph (21) of section 111(d) of the Public Util-
20	ity Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (relating to
21	Smart Grid information), an investment that is not
22	in compliance with such standard.
23	(3) After the development and publication by
24	the Commission of protocols and model standards
25	for interoperability of smart grid devices and tech-

1	nologies, an investment that fails to incorporate any
2	of such protocols or model standards.
3	(4) Expenditures for physical interconnection of
4	generators or other devices to the grid except those
5	that are directly related to enabling Smart Grid
6	functions.
7	(5) Expenditures for ongoing salaries, benefits,
8	or personnel costs not incurred in the initial installa-
9	tion, training, or start up of smart grid functions.
10	(6) Expenditures for travel, lodging, meals or
11	other personal costs.
12	(7) Ongoing or routine operation, billing, cus-
13	tomer relations, security, and maintenance expendi-
14	tures.
15	(8) Such other expenditures that the Secretary
16	of Energy determines not to be Qualifying Smart
17	Grid Investments by reason of the lack of the ability
18	to perform smart grid functions or lack of direct re-
19	lationship to smart grid functions.
20	(d) SMART GRID FUNCTIONS.—The term "smart
21	grid functions" means any of the following:
22	(1) The ability to develop, store, send and re-
23	ceive digital information concerning electricity use,
24	costs, prices, time of use, nature of use, storage, or
25	other information relevant to device, grid, or utility

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1	operations, to or from or by means of the electric
2	utility system, through one or a combination of de-
3	vices and technologies.
4	(2) The ability to develop, store, send and re-
5	ceive digital information concerning electricity use,
6	costs, prices, time or use, nature of use, storage, or
7	other information relevant to device, grid, or utility
8	operations to or from a computer or other control
9	device.
10	(3) The ability to measure or monitor electricity
11	use as a function of time of day, power quality char-
12	acteristics such as voltage level, current, cycles per
13	second, or source or type of generation and to store,
14	synthesize or report that information by digital
15	means.
16	(4) The ability to sense and localize disruptions
17	or changes in power flows on the grid and commu-
18	nicate such information instantaneously and auto-
19	matically for purposes of enabling automatic protec-
20	tive responses to sustain reliability and security of
21	grid operations.
22	(5) The ability to detect, prevent, communicate
23	with regard to, respond to, or recover from system

security threats, including cyber-security threats and

1	terrorism, using digital information, media, and de-
2	vices.
3	(6) The ability of any appliance or machine to
4	respond to such signals, measurements, or commu-
5	nications automatically or in a manner programmed
6	by its owner or operator without independent human
7	intervention.
8	(7) The ability to use digital information to op-
9	erate functionalities on the electric utility grid that
10	were previously electro-mechanical or manual.
11	(8) The ability to use digital controls to manage
12	and modify electricity demand, enable congestion
13	management, assist in voltage control, provide oper-
14	ating reserves, and provide frequency regulation.
15	(9) Such other functions as the Secretary of
16	Energy may identify as being necessary or useful to
17	the operation of a Smart Grid.
18	(e) Office.—The Secretary of Energy shall—
19	(1) establish an Office to administer the Smart
20	Grid Investment Grant Program, assuring that ex-
21	pert resources from the Commission on Grid Mod-
22	ernization, the Office of Energy Distribution and
23	Electricity Reliability, and the Office of Energy Effi-
24	ciency and Renewable Energy are fully available to
25	advise on its administration and actions;

1	(2) appoint a Senior Executive Service officer
2	to direct the Office, together with such personnel as
3	are required to administer the Smart Grid Invest-
4	ment Grant program;
5	(3) establish and publish in the Federal Reg-
6	ister, within 180 days after the enactment of this
7	Act procedures by which applicants who have made
8	qualifying Smart Grid investments can seek and ob-
9	tain reimbursement of one-fourth of their docu-
10	mented expenditures;
11	(4) establish procedures to assure that there is
12	no duplication or multiple reimbursement for the
13	same investment or costs, that the reimbursement
14	goes to the party making the actual expenditures for
15	Qualifying Smart Grid Investments, and that the
16	grants made have significant effect in encouraging
17	and facilitating the development of a smart grid.;
18	(5) maintain public records of reimbursements
19	made, recipients, and qualifying Smart Grid invest-
20	ments which have received reimbursements;
21	(6) establish procedures to provide, in cases
22	deemed by the Secretary to be warranted, advance
23	payment of moneys up to the full amount of the pro-
24	jected eventual reimbursement, to creditworthy ap-
25	plicants whose ability to make Qualifying Smart

1	Grid Investments may be hindered by lack of initial
2	capital, in lieu of any later reimbursement for which
3	that applicant qualifies, and subject to full return of
4	the advance payment in the event that the Quali-
5	fying Smart Grid investment is not made;
6	(7) establish procedures to provide, in the event
7	appropriated moneys in any year are insufficient to
8	provide reimbursements for qualifying Smart Grid
9	investments, that such reimbursement would be
10	made in the next fiscal year or whenever funds are
11	again sufficient, with the condition that the insuffi-
12	ciency of funds to reimburse Qualifying Smart Grid
13	Investments from moneys appropriated for that pur-
14	pose does not create a Federal obligation to that ap-
15	plicant; and
16	(8) have and exercise the discretion to deny
17	grants for investments that do not qualify in the
18	reasonable judgement of the Secretary.
19	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
20	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of En-
21	ergy the sums of—
22	(1) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008
23	through 2012 to provide for administration of the
24	Smart Grid Investment Matching Fund; and

1	(2) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 and
2	\$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2009 through
3	2012 to provide reimbursements of one-fourth of
4	Qualifying Smart Grid Investments.
5	SEC. 9115. SMART GRID TECHNOLOGY DEPLOYMENT.
6	(a) Power Grid Digital Information Tech-
7	NOLOGY.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct pro-
8	grams to—
9	(1) deploy advanced techniques for measuring
10	peak load reductions and energy efficiency savings
11	on customer premises from smart metering, demand
12	response, distributed generation and electricity stor-
13	age systems;
14	(2) implement means for demand response, dis-
15	tributed generation, and storage to provide ancillary
16	services;
17	(3) advance the use of wide-area measurement
18	networks including data mining, visualization, ad-
19	vanced computing, and secure and dependable com-
20	munications in a highly distributed environment; and
21	(4) implement reliability technologies in a grid
22	control room environment against a representative
23	set of local outage and wide area blackout scenarios.
24	(b) SMART GRID REGIONAL DEMONSTRATION PRO-
25	GRAM.—

1	(1) Establishment of program.—The Sec-
2	retary of Energy shall establish a program of dem-
3	onstration projects specifically focused on advanced
4	technologies for power grid sensing, communications,
5	analysis, and power flow control, including the inte-
6	gration of demand-side resources into grid manage-
7	ment. The goals of this program shall be to—
8	(A) demonstrate the potential benefits of
9	concentrated investments in advanced grid tech-
10	nologies on a regional grid;
11	(B) facilitate the commercial transition
12	from the current power transmission and dis-
13	tribution system technologies to advanced tech-
14	nologies; and
15	(C) facilitate the integration of advanced
16	technologies in existing electric networks to im-
17	prove system performance, power flow control
18	and reliability.
19	(2) Demonstration projects.—The Sec-
20	retary shall establish Smart Grid demonstration
21	projects for not more than 5 electric utility systems
22	of various types and sizes under this subsection.
23	Such demonstration projects shall be undertaken in
24	cooperation with the electric utility. Under such
25	demonstration projects, financial assistance shall be

1	available to cover not more than one-half of the
2	qualifying Smart Grid technology investments made
3	by the electric utility. Any project receiving financial
4	assistance under this section shall not be eligible to
5	receive financial assistance (including loan guaran-
6	tees) under any other Federal program.
7	(c) Authorization.—
8	(1) Power grid digital information tech-
9	NOLOGY PROGRAMS.—There are authorized to be ap-
10	propriated to carry out subsection (a) such sums as
11	are necessary for each of the fiscal years 2008
12	through 2012.
13	(2) Smart grid regional demonstration
14	PROGRAM.—There is authorized to be appropriated
15	to carry out subsection (b) \$20,000,000 for each of
16	the fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
17	SEC. 9116. SMART GRID INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.
18	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that Smart Grid
19	technologies will require, for their optimum use by elec-
20	tricity consumers, that such consumers have access to in-
21	formation on prices, use, and other factors in possession
22	of their utilities or electricity suppliers, in order to assist
23	the customers in optimizing their electricity use and lim-

24 $\,$ iting the associated environmental impacts.

1	(b) Development of Rules.—The Commission on
2	Grid Modernization shall within one year of its initial
3	meeting develop and declare a standard for the collection,
4	presentation and delivery of information to electricity pur-
5	chasers as required by the standard under section
6	111(d)(21) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act
7	of 1978. Such standard shall provide purchasers with dif-
8	ferent access options for such information. Such standard
9	shall be developed with input from the Secretary of En-
10	ergy, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, the Ad-
11	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency,
12	States, and stakeholders representing, but not limited to,
13	electric utilities, energy efficiency and demand response
14	experts, environmental organizations and consumer orga-
15	nizations.
16	(c) Application of Smart Grid Information
17	STANDARD TO FEDERAL ENTITIES AND WHOLESALE
18	Markets.—Within 60 days of the declaration of the
19	standard under subsection (b), the Federal Energy Regu-
20	latory Commission shall propose a rule under which all
21	public utilities, with respect to federally jurisdictional sales
22	for resale of electricity in interstate commerce, and all ap-
23	proved regional transmission organizations subject to its
24	jurisdiction, will implement those elements of the Smart
25	Grid information standard developed pursuant to this sec-

1	tion that the Commission determines to be relevant and
2	to add value for purchasers of wholesale power or those
3	utilizing interstate transmission. The Tennessee Valley
4	Authority, Bonneville Power Administration, and Federal
5	power administrations shall, within 90 days of the adop-
6	tion of a final rule by the Commission, adopt it for their
7	own sales or transmission of electricity.
8	SEC. 9117. STATE CONSIDERATION OF INCENTIVES FOR
9	SMART GRID.
10	(a) Consideration of Additional Standards.—
11	Section 111(d) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies
12	Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2621(d)) is amended by adding
13	at the end:
14	"(16) Utility investment in smart grid in-
15	VESTMENTS.—Each electric utility shall prior to un-
16	dertaking investments in non-advanced grid tech-
17	nologies demonstrate that alternative investments in
18	advanced grid technologies have been considered, in-
19	cluding from a standpoint of cost-effectiveness,
20	where such cost-effectiveness considers costs and
21	benefits on a life-cycle basis.
22	"(17) Utility cost of smart grid invest-
23	MENTS.—Each electric utility shall be permitted
24	to—

1	"(A) recover from ratepayers the capital
2	and operating expenditures and other costs of
3	the utility for qualified smart grid system, in-
4	cluding a reasonable rate of return on the cap-
5	ital expenditures of the utility for a qualified
6	smart grid system, and
7	"(B) recover in a timely manner the re-
8	maining book-value costs of equipment rendered
9	obsolete by the deployment of a qualified smart
10	grid system, based on the remaining depreciable
11	life of the obsolete equipment.
12	"(18) Rate design modifications to pro-
13	MOTE ENERGY EFFICIENCY INVESTMENTS.—
14	"(A) In general.—The rates allowed to
15	be charged by any electric utility shall—
16	"(i) align utility incentives with the
17	delivery of cost-effective energy efficiency;
18	and
19	"(ii) promote energy efficiency invest-
20	ments.
21	"(B) Policy options.—In complying with
22	subparagraph (A), each State regulatory au-
23	thority and each nonregulated utility shall con-
24	sider—

1	"(i) removing the throughput incen-
2	tive and other regulatory and management
3	disincentives to energy efficiency;
4	"(ii) providing utility incentives for
5	the successful management of energy effi-
6	ciency programs;
7	"(iii) including the impact on adoption
8	of energy efficiency as 1 of the goals of re-
9	tail rate design, recognizing that energy ef-
10	ficiency must be balanced with other objec-
11	tives;
12	"(iv) adopting rate designs that en-
13	courage energy efficiency for each cus-
14	tomer class; and
15	"(v) allowing timely recovery of en-
16	ergy efficiency-related costs.
17	"(19) Smart grid information.—
18	"(A) STANDARD.—All electricity pur-
19	chasers shall be provided direct access, both in
20	written and electronic machine-readable form,
21	to information from their electricity provider as
22	provided in subparagraph (B).
23	"(B) Information.—Information pro-
24	vided under this section shall conform to the
25	standardized rules issued by the Commission on

1	Grid Modernization under section 9116(b) of
2	the Smart Grid Facilitation Act of 2007 and
3	shall include:
4	"(i) Prices.—Purchasers and other
5	interested persons shall be provided with
6	information on:
7	"(I) Time-based electricity prices
8	in the wholesale electricity market;
9	and
10	"(II) Time-based electricity retail
11	prices or rates that are available to
12	the purchasers.
13	"(ii) Usage.—Purchasers shall be
14	provided with the number of electricity
15	units, expressed in kwh, purchased by
16	them
17	"(iii) Intervals and projec-
18	TIONS.—Updates of information on prices
19	and usage shall be offered on not less than
20	a daily basis, shall include hourly price and
21	use information, where available, and shall
22	include a day-ahead projection of such
23	price information to the extent available.
24	"(iv) Sources.—Purchasers and
25	other interested person shall be provided

1	with written information on the sources of
2	the power provided by the utility, to the
3	extent it can be determined, by type of
4	generation, including greenhouse gas emis-
5	sions and criteria pollutants associated
6	each type of generation, for intervals dur-
7	ing which such information is available on
8	a cost-effective basis, but not less than
9	monthly.
10	"(C) Access.—Purchasers shall be able to
11	access their own information at any time
12	through the internet and on other means of
13	communication elected by that utility for Smart
14	Grid applications. Other interested persons
15	shall be able to access information not specific
16	to any purchaser through the Internet. Infor-
17	mation specific to any purchaser shall be pro-
18	vided solely to that purchaser.".
19	(b) Reconsideration of Certain Standards.—
20	Section 112 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act
21	of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2622) is amended by adding the fol-
22	lowing at the end thereof:
23	"(g) Reconsideration of Prior Time-of-Day
24	AND COMMUNICATION STANDARDS.—Not later than 1
25	year after the enactment of this subsection, each State

- 1 regulatory authority (with respect to each electric utility
- 2 for which it has ratemaking authority) and each nonregu-
- 3 lated utility shall commence a reconsideration under sec-
- 4 tion 111, or set a hearing date for reconsideration, with
- 5 respect to the standards established by paragraphs (3)
- 6 and (14) of section 111(d) to take into account Smart
- 7 Grid technologies. Not later than 2 years after the date
- 8 of the enactment of this subsection, each State regulatory
- 9 authority (with respect to each electric utility for which
- 10 it has ratemaking authority), and each nonregulated elec-
- 11 tric utility, shall complete the reconsideration, and shall
- 12 make the determination, referred to in section 111 with
- 13 respect to the standards established by paragraphs (3)
- 14 and (14) of section 111(d).".
- (c) Compliance.—
- 16 (1) Time limitations.—Section 112(b) of the
- 17 Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16
- 18 U.S.C. 2622(b)) is amended by adding the following
- 19 at the end thereof:
- 20 "(6)(A) Not later than 1 year after the enactment
- 21 of this paragraph, but not less than 3 years after the con-
- 22 clusion of any prior review of such standards, each State
- 23 regulatory authority (with respect to each electric utility
- 24 for which it has ratemaking authority) and each nonregu-
- 25 lated utility shall commence the consideration referred to

1	in section 111, or set a hearing date for consideration,
2	with respect to the standards established by paragraphs
3	(16) through (18) of section 111(d). Not later than 6
4	months after the promulgation of rules by the Commission
5	on Grid Modernization under section 9116(b) of the Smart
6	Grid Facilitation Act of 2007, each State regulatory au-
7	thority (with respect to each electric utility for which it
8	has ratemaking authority) and each nonregulated utility
9	shall commence the consideration referred to in section
10	111, or set a hearing date for consideration, with respect
11	to the standard established by paragraph (19) of section
12	111(d).
13	"(B) Not later than 2 years after the date of
14	the enactment of the this paragraph, but not less
15	than 4 years after the conclusion of any prior review
16	of such standard, each State regulatory authority
17	(with respect to each electric utility for which it has
18	ratemaking authority), and each nonregulated elec-
19	tric utility, shall complete the consideration, and
20	shall make the determination, referred to in section
21	111 with respect to each standard established by
22	paragraphs (16) through (18) of section 111(d). Not
23	later than 18 months after the promulgation of rules
24	by the Commission on Grid Modernization under
25	section 9116(b) of the Smart Grid Facilitation Act

1	of 2007 each State regulatory authority (with re-
2	spect to each electric utility for which it has rate-
3	making authority), and each nonregulated electric
4	utility, shall complete the consideration, and shall
5	make the determination, referred to in section 111
6	with respect to each standard established by para-
7	graph (19) of section 111(d).".
8	(2) Failure to comply.—Section 112(c) of
9	such Act is amended by adding the following at the
10	end: "In the case of the standards established by
11	paragraphs (16) through (19) of section 111(d), the
12	reference contained in this subsection to the date of
13	enactment of this Act shall be deemed to be a ref-
14	erence to the date of enactment of such para-
15	graphs.".
16	(3) Prior state actions.—Section 112(d) of
17	such Act is amended by inserting "and paragraphs
18	(16) through (18)" before "of section 111(d)".
19	SEC. 9118. DOE STUDY OF SECURITY ATTRIBUTES OF
20	SMART GRID SYSTEMS.
21	(a) DOE STUDY.—The Secretary of Energy shall,
22	within 6 months after the Grid Modernization Commission
23	completes its first biennial assessment and report under
24	section 9113 of this Act, submit a report to Congress that
25	provides a quantitative assessment and determination of

1	the existing and potential impacts of the deployment of	
2	Smart Grid systems on improving the security of the Na-	
3	tion's electricity infrastructure and operating capability.	
4	The report shall include but not be limited to specific rec	
5	ommendations on each of the following:	
6	(1) How smart grid systems can help in making	
7	the Nation's electricity system less vulnerable to dis-	
8	ruptions due to intentional acts against the system.	
9	(2) How smart grid systems can help in restor-	
10	ing the integrity of the Nation's electricity system	
11	subsequent to disruptions.	
12	(3) How smart grid systems can facilitate emer-	
13	gency communications and control of the Nation's	
14	electricity system during times of localized or nation-	
15	wide emergency.	
16	(b) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult	
17	with other Federal agencies in the development of the re-	
18	port under this section, including but not limited to the	
19	Secretary of Homeland Security, the Federal Energy Reg-	
20	ulatory Commission and the Electric Reliability Organiza-	
21	tion certified by the Commission under section 215(c) of	
22	the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824 o) as added by	
23	section 1211 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (P.L. 109-	
24	58; 119 Stat.941)	

- 1 (c) Funding.—The Secretary shall fund demonstra-
- 2 tion projects for the purpose of demonstrating the findings
- 3 of the report under this section. Not more than
- 4 \$10,000,000 are authorized to be appropriated for such
- 5 projects.

6 PART 2—DEMAND RESPONSE

- 7 SEC. 9121. ELECTRICITY SECTOR DEMAND RESPONSE.
- 8 (a) AMENDMENT OF NECPA.—Title V of the Na-
- 9 tional Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8201
- 10 and following) is amended by adding the following new
- 11 part at the end thereof:
- 12 "PART 5—PEAK DEMAND REDUCTION
- 13 **"SEC. 571. DEFINITIONS.**
- 14 "(a) Secretary.—As used in this part, the term
- 15 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Energy.
- 16 "(b) FEDERAL AGENCY.—As used in this part, the
- 17 term 'Federal agency' has the same meaning as provided
- 18 by section 551 of this Act.
- 19 "SEC. 572. FEDERAL ELECTRICITY PEAK DEMAND REDUC-
- 20 TION STANDARD.
- 21 "(a) 2008 AGENCY ANNUAL ENERGY PLAN.—Each
- 22 Federal agency shall prepare, and include in its annual
- 23 report under section 548(a) of this Act, each of the fol-
- 24 lowing:

1	"(1) A determination of the agency's aggregate	
2	electricity demand during the system peak hours for	
3	the utilities providing electricity service to its facil	
4	ties during 2006 and 2007.	
5	"(2) A forecast for each year through 2018 of	
6	the projected growth in such peak demand in light	
7	of projected growth of facilities, staff, activities, elec-	
8	tric intensity of activities, and other relevant factors.	
9	"(b) Federal Electricity Peak Demand Reduc-	
10	TION STANDARD.—	
10 11	TION STANDARD.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-	
11	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-	
11 12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), for calendar year 2009 and each calendar	
11 12 13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), for calendar year 2009 and each calendar year thereafter, each Federal agency shall reduce its	
11 12 13 14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), for calendar year 2009 and each calendar year thereafter, each Federal agency shall reduce its aggregate peak electricity demand or make such	
11 12 13 14 15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), for calendar year 2009 and each calendar year thereafter, each Federal agency shall reduce its aggregate peak electricity demand or make such amounts of electricity demand available in the form	

"Federal Electricity Peak Demand Reduction Standard

Calendar Year	Reduction of Peak Demand Forecast
2009	2 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2009
2010	4 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2010
2011	6 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2011
2012	8 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2012
2013	10 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2013

 $720 \\ \mbox{"Federal Electricity Peak Demand Reduction Standard} \\ \mbox{Continued}$

Calendar Year	Reduction of Peak Demand Forecast
2014	12 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2014
2015	14 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2015
2016	16 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2016
2017	18 percent of the peak demand forecast for calendar year 2017
2018 and each calendar year thereafter.	20 percent of the peak demand forecast for the applicable calendar year
In the table above	ve, the term 'forecast' refers to the
forecast set forth	n in the 2008 report under section
548(a) of this A	act as updated in accordance with
subsection in (c)(1)(C).
"(2) Excep	PTION.—The standard under this
subsection shall a	not apply to any activity of a Fed-
eral agency relat	ing to defense or national security
if compliance wit	th the standard would have an ad-
verse mission imp	pact on the activity, as determined
by the Secretary	y of Defense or the Secretary of
Homeland Securi	ty.
"(c) Implement	ATION OF STANDARD.—
"(1) IN GEN	NERAL.—Not later than January 1,
2010, and each o	calendar year thereafter, each Fed-
eral agency shall	include in the annual energy plan

1	"(A) An assessment of whether the Fed-
2	eral agency was in compliance with the stand-
3	ard under subsection (b) for the preceding year.
4	"(B) A description of—
5	"(i) the method by which the Federal
6	agency proposes to comply with the stand-
7	ard for the following calendar year; and
8	"(ii) the factors relied on by the head
9	of the Federal agency in determining
10	whether to participate in demand response
11	programs offered by an electric utility or
12	others during the preceding calendar year;
13	and
14	"(iii) if the Federal agency did not
15	participate in a demand response program
16	offered by each utility providing electric
17	service to facilities of the agency during
18	the preceding calendar year, an expla-
19	nation for the decision by the head of the
20	Federal agency to not participate.
21	"(C) An update of the agency's prior fore-
22	cast for the remaining years in the period until
23	2018.
24	"(2) AVAILABILITY TO PUBLIC.—Not later than
25	January 1, 2010, and each calendar year thereafter,

1	the head of each Federal agency shall make available
2	to the public a description of each provision included
3	in the annual energy plan of the Federal agency de-
4	scribed in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of para-
5	graph (1).
6	"(d) Modifications to Federal Energy Man-
7	AGEMENT PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall make any
8	modification to the Federal Energy Management Program
9	of the Department of Energy that the Secretary deter-
10	mines to be necessary to—
11	"(1) incorporate the standard established under
12	subsection (b) into the Federal Energy Management
13	Program;
14	"(2) assist any Federal agency to comply with
15	the standard established under subsection (b)
16	through any appropriate means, including con-
17	ducting 1 or more demonstration projects at Federal
18	facilities.
19	"(e) Annual Report.—Not later than March 1,
20	2010, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit
21	to Congress a report that evaluates the success of agencies
22	in meeting the standard established under subsection (b)
23	and the success of the Federal Energy Management Pro-
24	gram in assisting agencies with meeting the standard, and
25	the costs and benefits of such participation.

1	"SEC. 573. NATIONAL ACTION PLAN FOR DEMAND RE-
2	SPONSE.
3	"(a) National Assessment and Report.—The
4	Grid Modernization Commission established under subtitle
5	A of title I of the Smart Grid Facilitation Act of 2007
6	shall conduct a National Assessment of Demand Re-
7	sponse. The Commission shall, within 18 months of the
8	date on which the full Commission first meets, submit a
9	Report to Congress that includes each of the following:
10	"(1) Estimation of nationwide demand response
11	potential in 5 and 10 year horizons, including data
12	on a State-by-State basis, and a methodology for up-
13	dates of such estimates on an annual basis.
14	"(2) Estimation of how much of this potential
15	can be achieved within 5 and 10 years after the en-
16	actment of this Act accompanied by specific policy
17	recommendations that if implemented can achieve
18	the estimated potential. Such recommendations shall
19	include options for funding and/or incentives for the
20	development of demand response resources. The
21	Commission shall seek to take advantage of pre-
22	existing research and ongoing work, and shall as-
23	sume that there is no duplication of effort. The
24	Commission shall further note any barriers to de-
25	mand response programs that are flexible, non-dis-
26	criminatory, and fairly compensatory for the services

1	and benefits made available and shall provide rec-
2	ommendations for overcoming such barriers.
3	"(b) National Action Plan on Demand Re-
4	SPONSE.—The Grid Modernization Commission shall fur-
5	ther develop and implement a National Action Plan on De-
6	mand Response. Such Plan shall be completed within one
7	year after the completion of the National Assessment of
8	Demand Response, and shall meet each of the following
9	objectives:
10	"(1) Provision of adequate technical assistance
11	to States to allow them to maximize the amount of
12	demand response resources that can be developed
13	and deployed.
14	"(2) Implementation of a national communica-
15	tions program that includes broad-based customer
16	education and support.
17	"(3) Development and dissemination of tools,
18	information and other support mechanisms for use
19	by customers, states, utilities and demand response
20	providers.
21	"(c) Authorization.—There are authorized to be
22	appropriated to carry out this section not more than
23	\$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2008 and 2009
24	and $\$20,000,000$ for each of the fiscal years 2010 through
25	2020.

1	"SEC. 574. REPORT ON ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES AND
2	IMPACTS OF DEMAND RESPONSE AND SMART
3	GRID SYSTEMS.
4	"(a) Report.—The Administrator of the Environ-
5	mental Protection Agency shall solicit public input and,
6	within 6 months after completion of the National Assess-
7	ment of Demand Response required by section 573, sub-
8	mit a report to Congress that addresses each of the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(1) A quantitative assessment and determina-
11	tion of the existing and potential impacts of demand
12	response and 'smart grid' systems on air emissions
13	and air quality, including but not limited to carbon
14	dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and oxides of sulfur.
15	"(2) An assessment and determination of the
16	existing and potential impacts of demand response
17	and 'smart grid' systems on environmental param-
18	eters other than emissions and air quality, including
19	but not limited to:
20	"(A) Land use.
21	"(B) Water use.
22	"(C) Use of renewable energy.
23	"(D) Effect on energy sources other than
24	electricity.
25	"(3) A detailed plan for how Energy Efficiency
26	and Clean Energy programs administered by the

1	Agency, including the Energy Star Program, will in-
2	corporate and encourage end-use efficiency, demand
3	response and 'smart grid' systems and technologies.
4	including but not limited to each of the following:
5	"(A) Requirements that appliances and
6	other equipment are capable of manually and
7	automatically receiving and acting upon pricing
8	and control information and or instructions pro-
9	vided by the customer, a load serving entity or
10	a third-party designated by the customer.
11	"(B) Requirements for time-based valu-
12	ation of kilowatt hour reductions in planning
13	and evaluation of energy efficiency programs.
14	"(C) Education and communication, in-
15	cluding to state energy officials and state regu-
16	lators, that build awareness of demand response
17	and smart grid systems and technologies and
18	their existing and potential relationship to such
19	Agency programs.
20	"(b) Funding.—There are authorized to be appro-
21	priated to carry out this section such sums as may be nec-
22	essary for fiscal year 2010, to remain available until ex-
23	pended.".

	121
1	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
2	such Act is amended by adding the following after the
3	items relating to part 4 of title V:
	"Part 5—Peak Demand Reduction
	 "Sec. 571. Definitions. "Sec. 572. Federal Electricity Peak Demand Reduction Standard. "Sec. 573. National action plan for demand response. "Sec. 574. Report on environmental attributes and impacts of demand response and smart grid systems.".
4	Subtitle C—Loan Guarantees
5	SEC. 9201. AMOUNT OF LOANS GUARANTEED.
6	Section 1702 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
7	U.S.C. 16512) is amended—
8	(1) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
9	lows:
10	"(c) Amount.—
11	"(1) Percentage of project cost.—A guar-
12	antee by the Secretary shall not exceed an amount
13	equal to 80 percent of the project cost of the facility
14	that is the subject of the guarantee, as estimated at
15	the time at which the guarantee is issued, and shall
16	be no less than the minimum amount determined by
17	the Secretary to be likely to attract nonguaranteed
18	investment adequate to capitalize the project.
19	"(2) Percentage of loan.—Subject to para-
20	graph (1), the Secretary may guarantee up to 100
21	percent of any loan or other debt obligation of the

borrower to fund an eligible project, and may not

22

1	issue a rule or regulation establishing a lower per-
2	centage limit."; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
4	section:
5	"(k) Wages.—No loan guarantee shall be made
6	under this title unless the borrower has provided to the
7	Secretary reasonable assurances that all laborers and me-
8	chanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the
9	performance of construction work financed in whole or in
10	part with the loan will be paid wages at rates not less
11	than those prevailing on similar work in the locality as
12	determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with
13	subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States
14	Code (commonly referred to as the Davis-Bacon Act).".
15	SEC. 9202. EXCLUSION OF CATEGORIES.
16	Section 1704 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
17	U.S.C. 16514) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing new subsection:
19	"(c) Exclusion of Categories.—No appropriation
20	authorized pursuant to this section may exclude any cat-
21	egory of eligible project described in section 1703.".

1	Subtitle D—Renewable Fuel Infra-
2	structure and International Co-
3	operation
4	PART 1—RENEWABLE FUEL INFRASTRUCTURE
5	SEC. 9301. RENEWABLE FUEL INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOP-
6	MENT.
7	(a) Definition.—For purposes of this subtitle—
8	(1) the term "renewable fuel" means E85
9	biofuel, or B20;
10	(2) the term "biofuel" means fuel produced en-
11	tirely from biological material and determined by the
12	Department of Energy and the Environmental Pro-
13	tection Agency to be commercially viable;
14	(3) the term "B20" means a mixture of bio-
15	diesel and diesel fuel meeting the standard estab-
16	lished by the American Society for Testing and Ma-
17	terials or under section 211(u) of the Clean Air Act
18	for fuel containing 20 percent biodiesel;
19	(4) the term "E85" means a fuel blend con-
20	taining 85 percent denatured ethanol and 15 percent
21	gasoline by volume;
22	(5) the term "flexible-fuel vehicle" means any
23	motor vehicle warranted by the manufacturer of the
24	vehicle as capable of operating on gasoline or diesel
25	fuel and on—

1	(A) E85; or
2	(B) B20; and
3	(6) the term "motor vehicle" means, as defined
4	in regulations promulgated by the Administrator of
5	the Environmental Protection Agency that are in ef-
6	fect on the date of enactment of this Act—
7	(A) a light-duty truck;
8	(B) a light-duty vehicle; or
9	(C) medium-duty passenger vehicle,
10	that is designed to be propelled by gasoline or diesel
11	fuel.
12	(b) Infrastructure Development Grants.—
13	The Secretary of Energy shall establish a program for
14	making grants for providing assistance to retail and
15	wholesale motor fuel dealers or other entities for the in-
16	stallation, replacement, or conversion of motor fuel storage
17	and dispensing infrastructure to be used exclusively to
18	store and dispense renewable fuel. Such infrastructure
19	may include equipment used in the blending, distribution,
20	and transport of such fuels.
21	(c) Retail Technical and Marketing Assist-
22	ANCE.—The Secretary of Energy shall enter into contracts
23	with entities with demonstrated experience in assisting re-
24	tail fueling stations in installing refueling systems and
25	marketing renewable fuels nationally, for the provision of

1	technical and marketing assistance to recipients of grants
2	under this section. Such assistance shall include—
3	(1) technical advice for compliance with applica-
4	ble Federal and State environmental requirements;
5	(2) help in identifying supply sources and se-
6	curing long-term contracts; and
7	(3) provision of public outreach, education, and
8	labeling materials.
9	(d) ALLOCATION.—The Secretary of Energy may re-
10	serve funds appropriated for carrying out this section to
11	support renewable fuels infrastructure development
12	projects with a cost of greater than \$1,000,000, that are
13	of national significance. The Secretary shall reserve funds
14	appropriated for the renewable fuels infrastructure devel-
15	opment grant program for technical and marketing assist-
16	ance described in subsection (c).
17	(e) Selection Criteria.—Not later than 12
18	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
19	retary shall establish criteria for evaluating applications
20	for grants under this section that will maximize the avail-
21	ability and use of renewable fuel, and that will ensure that
22	renewable fuel is available across the country. Such cri-
23	teria shall provide for—
24	(1) consideration of the public demand for each
25	renewable fuel in a particular geographic area based

1	on State registration records showing the number of
2	flexible-fuel vehicles;
3	(2) consideration of the opportunity to create or
4	expand corridors of renewable fuel stations along
5	interstate or State highways;
6	(3) consideration of the experience of each ap-
7	plicant with previous, similar projects;
8	(4) consideration of population, number of flexi-
9	ble-fuel vehicles, number of retail fuel outlets, and
10	saturation of flexible-fuel vehicles; and
11	(5) priority consideration to applications that—
12	(A) are most likely to maximize displace-
13	ment of petroleum consumption, measured as a
14	total quantity and a percentage;
15	(B) are best able to incorporate existing
16	infrastructure while maximizing, to the extent
17	practicable, the use of renewable fuels; and
18	(C) demonstrate the greatest commitment
19	on the part of the applicant to ensure funding
20	for the proposed project and the greatest likeli-
21	hood that the project will be maintained or ex-
22	panded after Federal assistance under this sec-
23	tion is completed.
24	(f) COMBINED APPLICATIONS.—States and local gov-
25	ernment entities and nonprofit entities may apply for as-

1	sistance under this section on behalf of a group of retailers
2	within a certain geographic area, or to carry out regional
3	or multistate deployment projects. Any such application
4	shall certify the availability and details of a program to
5	match the Federal grant as required under subsection (g)
6	and list the retail locations that would receive the funds.
7	(g) LIMITATIONS.—Assistance provided under this
8	section shall not exceed—
9	(1) 33 percent of the estimated cost of the in-
10	stallation, replacement, or conversion of motor fuel
11	storage and dispensing infrastructure; or
12	(2) \$180,000 for a combination of equipment at
13	any one retail outlet location.
14	(h) Operation of Renewable Fuel Stations.—
15	The Secretary shall establish rules that set forth require-
16	ments for grant recipients under this section that include
17	providing to the public the renewable fuel, establishing a
18	marketing plan that informs consumers of the price and
19	availability of the renewable fuel, clearly labeling the dis-
20	pensers and related equipment, and providing periodic re-
21	ports on the status of the renewable fuel sales, the type
22	and amount of the renewable fuel dispensed at each loca-
23	tion, and the average price of such fuel.
24	(i) Notification Requirements.—Not later than
25	the date on which each renewable fuel station begins to

- 1 offer renewable fuel to the public, the grant recipient that
- 2 used grant funds to construct or upgrade such station
- 3 shall notify the Secretary of Energy of such opening. The
- 4 Secretary of Energy shall add each new renewable fuel
- 5 station to the renewable fuel station locator on its Website
- 6 when it receives notification under this subsection.
- 7 (j) Ineligibility.—No person may receive assist-
- 8 ance under this section and receive a credit under section
- 9 30C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 10 (k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 11 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of En-
- 12 ergy for carrying out this section \$200,000,000 for each
- 13 of the fiscal years 2008 through 2014.
- 14 (l) Restriction.—No grant shall be provided under
- 15 this section to a large, vertically integrated oil company.
- 16 SEC. 9302. PROHIBITION ON FRANCHISE AGREEMENT RE-
- 17 STRICTIONS RELATED TO RENEWABLE FUEL
- 18 INFRASTRUCTURE.
- 19 (a) In General.—Title I of the Petroleum Mar-
- 20 keting Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.) is amended
- 21 by adding at the end the following:
- 22 "SEC. 107. PROHIBITION ON RESTRICTION OF INSTALLA-
- 23 TION OF RENEWABLE FUEL PUMPS.
- 24 "(a) Definition.—In this section:

1	"(1) Renewable fuel.—The term 'renewable
2	fuel' means any fuel—
3	"(A) at least 85 percent of the volume of
4	which consists of ethanol; or
5	"(B) any mixture of biodiesel and diesel or
6	renewable diesel (as defined in regulations
7	adopted pursuant to section 211(o) of the Clean
8	Air Act (40 C.F.R., Part 80)), determined with-
9	out regard to any use of kerosene and con-
10	taining at least 20 percent biodiesel or renew-
11	able diesel.
12	"(2) Franchise-related document.—The
13	term 'franchise-related document' means—
14	"(A) a franchise under this Act; and
15	"(B) any other contract or directive of a
16	franchisor relating to terms or conditions of the
17	sale of fuel by a franchisee.
18	"(b) Prohibitions.—
19	"(1) In general.—No franchise-related docu-
20	ment entered into or renewed on or after the date
21	of enactment of this section shall contain any provi-
22	sion allowing a franchisor to restrict the franchisee
23	or any affiliate of the franchisee from—
24	"(A) installing on the marketing premises
25	of the franchisee a renewable fuel pump or

1	tank, except that the franchisee's franchison
2	may restrict the installation of a tank on leased
3	marketing premises of such franchisor;
4	"(B) converting an existing tank or pump
5	on the marketing premises of the franchisee for
6	renewable fuel use, so long as such tank or
7	pump and the piping connecting them are ei-
8	ther warranted by the manufacturer or certified
9	by a recognized standards setting organization
10	to be suitable for use with such renewable fuel
11	"(C) advertising (including through the
12	use of signage) the sale of any renewable fuel
13	"(D) selling renewable fuel in any specified
14	area on the marketing premises of the
15	franchisee (including any area in which a name
16	or logo of a franchisor or any other entity ap-
17	pears);
18	"(E) purchasing renewable fuel from
19	sources other than the franchisor if the
20	franchisor does not offer its own renewable fue
21	for sale by the franchisee;
22	"(F) listing renewable fuel availability or
23	prices, including on service station signs, fue
24	dispensers, or light poles; or

1	"(G) allowing for payment of renewable
2	fuel with a credit card,
3	so long as such activities described in subparagraphs
4	(A) through (G) do not constitute mislabeling, mis-
5	branding, willful adulteration, or other trademark
6	violations by the franchisee.
7	"(2) Effect of Provision.—Nothing in this
8	section shall be construed to preclude a franchisor
9	from requiring the franchisee to obtain reasonable
10	indemnification and insurance policies.
11	"(c) Exception to 3-Grade Requirement.—No
12	franchise-related document that requires that 3 grades of
13	gasoline be sold by the applicable franchisee shall prevent
14	the franchisee from selling an renewable fuel in lieu of
15	1, and only 1, grade of gasoline.".
16	(b) Enforcement.—Section 105 of the Petroleum
17	Marketing Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 2805) is amended by
18	striking "102 or 103" each place it appears and inserting
19	"102, 103, or 107".
20	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
21	(1) In General.—Section 101(13) of the Pe-
22	troleum Marketing Practices Act (15 U.S.C.
23	2801(13)) is amended by aligning the margin of
24	subparagraph (C) with subparagraph (B).

1	(2) Table of contents.—The table of con-
2	tents of the Petroleum Marketing Practices Act (15
3	U.S.C. 2801 note) is amended—
4	(A) by inserting after the item relating to
5	section 106 the following:
	"Sec. 107. Prohibition on restriction of installation of renewable fuel pumps."; and
6	(B) by striking the item relating to section
7	202 and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 202. Automotive fuel rating testing and disclosure requirements.".
8	SEC. 9303. RENEWABLE FUEL DISPENSER REQUIREMENTS.
9	(a) Market Penetration Reports.—The Sec-
10	retary of Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of
11	Transportation, shall determine and report to Congress
12	annually on the market penetration for flexible-fuel vehi-
13	cles in use within geographic regions to be established by
14	the Secretary of Energy.
15	(b) DISPENSER FEASIBILITY STUDY.—Not later
16	than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act,
17	the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Depart-
18	ment of Transportation, shall report to the Congress on
19	the feasibility of requiring motor fuel retailers to install
20	E-85 compatible dispensers and related systems at retail
21	fuel facilities in regions where flexible-fuel vehicle market
22	penetration has reached 15 percent of motor vehicles. In

1	conducting such study, the Secretary shall consider and
2	report on the following factors:
3	(1) The commercial availability of E-85 fuel
4	and the number of competing E-85 wholesale sup-
5	pliers in a given region.
6	(2) The level of financial assistance provided on
7	an annual basis by the Federal Government, State
8	governments, and nonprofit entities for the installa-
9	tion of E-85 compatible infrastructure.
10	(3) The number of retailers whose retail loca-
11	tions are unable to support more than 2 under-
12	ground storage tank dispensers.
13	(4) The expense incurred by retailers in the in-
14	stallation and sale of E-85 compatible dispensers
15	and related systems and any potential effects on the
16	price of motor vehicle fuel.
17	SEC. 9304. PIPELINE FEASIBILITY STUDY.
18	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy, in con-
19	sultation with the Secretary of Transportation, shall con-
20	duct a study of the feasibility of the construction of dedi-
21	cated ethanol pipelines.
22	(b) Factors.—In conducting the study, the Sec-
23	retary shall consider—
24	(1) the quantity of ethanol production that
25	would make dedicated pipelines economically viable;

1	(2) existing or potential barriers to dedicated
2	ethanol pipelines, including technical, siting, financ-
3	ing, and regulatory barriers;
4	(3) market risk (including throughput risk) and
5	means of mitigating the risk;
6	(4) regulatory, financing, and siting options
7	that would mitigate risk in those areas and help en-
8	sure the construction of 1 or more dedicated ethanol
9	pipelines;
10	(5) financial incentives that may be necessary
11	for the construction of dedicated ethanol pipelines,
12	including the return on equity that sponsors of the
13	initial dedicated ethanol pipelines will require to in-
14	vest in the pipelines;
15	(6) technical factors that may compromise the
16	safe transportation of ethanol in pipelines, identi-
17	fying remedial and preventative measures to ensure
18	pipeline integrity; and
19	(7) such other factors as the Secretary con-
20	siders appropriate.
21	(c) Report.—Not later than 15 months after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
23	to Congress a report describing the results of the study
24	conducted under this section.

1	SEC. 9305. STUDY OF ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE WITH
2	GREATER LEVELS OF ETHANOL.
3	(a) In General.—The Administrator of the Envi-
4	ronmental Protection Agency, in cooperation with the Sec-
5	retary of Energy and the Secretary of Transportation, and
6	after providing notice and an opportunity for public com-
7	ment, shall conduct a study of the feasibility of widespread
8	utilization in the United States of ethanol blended gasoline
9	with levels of ethanol greater than 10 percent.
10	(b) Study.—The study under subsection (a) shall in-
11	clude—
12	(1) a review of production and infrastructure
13	constraints on increasing the consumption of eth-
14	anol;
15	(2) an evaluation of the economic, market, and
16	energy impacts of State and regional differences in
17	ethanol blends;
18	(3) an evaluation of the economic, market, and
19	energy impacts on gasoline retailers and consumers
20	of separate and distinctly labeled fuel storage facili-
21	ties and dispensers;
22	(4) an evaluation of the environmental impacts
23	of mid-level ethanol blends on evaporative and ex-
24	haust emissions from on-road, off-road and marine
25	engines, recreational boats, vehicles, and equipment;

1	(5) an evaluation of the impacts of mid-level
2	ethanol blends on the operation, durability, and per-
3	formance of on-road, off-road, and marine engines,
4	recreational boats, vehicles, and equipment; and
5	(6) an evaluation of the safety impacts of mid-
6	level ethanol blends on consumers that own and op-
7	erate off-road and marine engines, recreational
8	boats, vehicles, or equipment.
9	(c) Report.—Not later than 24 months after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall sub-
11	mit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
12	House of Representatives and the Committee on Environ-
13	ment and Public Works of the Senate a report describing
14	the results of the study conducted under this section.
15	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
16	are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator
17	such sums as may be necessary for the completion of the
18	study required under this section.
19	SEC. 9306. STUDY OF THE ADEQUACY OF RAILROAD TRANS-
20	PORTATION OF DOMESTICALLY-PRODUCED
21	RENEWABLE FUEL.
22	(a) Study.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy, in
24	consultation with the Secretary of Transportation,
25	shall conduct a study of the adequacy of railroad

1	transportation of domestically-produced renewable
2	fuel.
3	(2) Components.—In conducting the study
4	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider—
5	(A) the adequacy of, and appropriate loca-
6	tion for, tracks that have sufficient capacity,
7	and are in the appropriate condition, to move
8	the necessary quantities of domestically-pro-
9	duced renewable fuel;
10	(B) the adequacy of the supply of railroad
11	tank cars, locomotives, and rail crews to move
12	the necessary quantities of domestically-pro-
13	duced renewable fuel in a timely fashion;
14	(C)(i) the projected costs of moving the do-
15	mestically-produced renewable fuel using rail-
16	road transportation; and
17	(ii) the impact of the projected costs on
18	the marketability of the domestically-produced
19	renewable fuel;
20	(D) whether there is adequate railroad
21	competition to ensure—
22	(i) a fair price for the railroad trans-
23	portation of domestically-produced renew-
24	able fuel; and

1	(ii) acceptable levels of service for rail-
2	road transportation of domestically-pro-
3	duced renewable fuel;
4	(E) any rail infrastructure capital costs
5	that the railroads indicate should be paid by the
6	producers or distributors of domestically-pro-
7	duced renewable fuel;
8	(F) whether Federal agencies have ade-
9	quate legal authority to ensure a fair and rea-
10	sonable transportation price and acceptable lev-
11	els of service in cases in which the domestically-
12	produced renewable fuel source does not have
13	access to competitive rail service;
14	(G) whether Federal agencies have ade-
15	quate legal authority to address railroad service
16	problems that may be resulting in inadequate
17	supplies of domestically-produced renewable fuel
18	in any area of the United States; and
19	(H) any recommendations for any addi-
20	tional legal authorities for Federal agencies to
21	ensure the reliable railroad transportation of
22	adequate supplies of domestically-produced re-
23	newable fuel at reasonable prices.
24	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
25	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to

- 1 the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the
- 2 Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of
- 3 the House of Representatives a report that describes the
- 4 results of the study conducted under subsection (a).
- 5 SEC. 9307. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR BIODIESEL.
- 6 Section 211 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545)
- 7 is amended by redesignating subsection (s) as subsection
- 8 (t), redesignating subsection (r) (relating to conversion as-
- 9 sistance for cellulosic biomass, waste-derived ethanol, ap-
- 10 proved renewable fuels) as subsection (s) and by adding
- 11 the following new subsection at the end thereof:
- 12 "(u) Standard Specifications for Biodiesel.—
- 13 Unless the American Society for Testing and Materials
- 14 has adopted a standard for diesel fuel containing 20 per-
- 15 cent biodiesel, not later than 1 year after the date of en-
- 16 actment of this subsection, the Administrator shall initiate
- 17 a rulemaking establishing a series of uniform per gallon
- 18 fuel standards for categories of fuels that contain bio-
- 19 diesel, including one standard for fuel containing 20 per-
- 20 cent biodiesel, and designate an identification number for
- 21 fuel meeting each standard in each such category so that
- 22 vehicle manufacturers are able to design engines to use
- 23 fuel meeting one or more of such standards. The Adminis-
- 24 trator shall finalize the standards under this subsection

1	18 months after the date of the enactment of this sub-
2	section.".
3	SEC. 9308. GRANTS FOR CELLULOSIC ETHANOL PRODUC-
4	TION.
5	Subsection (s) of section 211 of the Clean Air Act
6	(as added by section 1512 of the Energy Policy Act of
7	2005) (and as redesignated by section 9307 of this Act),
8	relating to conversion assistance for cellulosic biomass,
9	waste-derived ethanol, and approved renewable fuels, is
10	amended as follows:
11	(1) By adding the following new subparagraphs
12	at the end of paragraph (3):
13	"(D) $$500,000,000$ for fiscal year 2009.
14	"(E) $$500,000,000$ for fiscal year 2010.".
15	(2) By adding the following new paragraph at
16	the end thereof:
17	"(5) Criteria.—In awarding grants under this
18	section, the Secretary shall give priority to applica-
19	tions that promote feedstock diversity and the geo-
20	graphic dispersion of production facilities.".
21	SEC. 9309. CONSUMER EDUCATION CAMPAIGN RELATING
22	TO FLEXIBLE-FUEL VEHICLES.
23	The Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with
24	the Secretary of Energy, shall carry out an education pro-
25	gram to inform consumers about which motor vehicles are

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1	flexible-fuel vehicles and how to exercise their opportunity
2	to choose E85 or B20. As part of such program, the Sec-
3	retary of Transportation may coordinate with motor vehi-
4	cle manufacturers to notify owners of flexible-fuel vehicles
5	of locations where E85 and B20 are sold in their area.
6	SEC. 9310. REVIEW OF NEW RENEWABLE FUELS OR NEW
7	RENEWABLE FUEL ADDITIVES.
8	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a waiver
9	under section 211(f)(4) of the Clean Air Act for any re-
10	newable fuel or renewable fuel additive shall not be consid-
11	ered granted unless the Administrator of the Environment
12	Protection Agency, following a public notice and comment
13	period, takes final action granting the application for a
14	waiver based on an application of the section 211(f)(4)
15	standards and criteria with respect to emissions control
16	devices or systems and vehicle emissions standards to on-
17	road and non-road engines and vehicles. The Adminis-
18	trator shall take final action on an application for a waiver
19	no later than 270 days after the Administrator receives
20	the application.
21	SEC 0211 DOMESTIC MANUFACTUDING CONVERSION

- 22 **GRANT PROGRAM.**
- 23 Section 712 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
- U.S.C. 16062) is amended—
- 25 (1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) by inserting ", flexible-fuel," after
2	"production of efficient hybrid"; and
3	(B) by adding at the end the following:
4	"Priority shall be given to the refurbishment or
5	retooling of manufacturing facilities that have
6	recently ceased operation or will cease operation
7	in the near future."; and
8	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
9	following:
10	"(b) Coordination With State and Local Pro-
11	GRAMS.—The Secretary may coordinate implementation of
12	this section with State and local programs designed to ac-
13	complish similar goals, including the retention and retrain-
14	ing of skilled workers from the such manufacturing facili-
15	ties, including by establishing matching grant arrange-
16	ments.
17	"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
18	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such
19	sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.".
20	SEC. 9312. CELLULOSIC ETHANOL AND BIOFUELS RE-
21	SEARCH.
22	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
23	retary of Energy \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2008, to re-
24	main available until expended, for cellulosic ethanol and
25	biofuels research and development grants to 10 entities

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1	from among 1890 land grant colleges, Historically Black
2	Colleges or Universities, Tribal serving institutions, or
3	Hispanic serving institutions, selected by the Secretary of
4	Energy to receive a grant under this section through a
5	peer-reviewed competitive process. The selected entities
6	shall then collaborate with one of the Department of Ener-
7	gy's Office of Science Bioenergy Research Centers.
8	SEC. 9313. FEDERAL FLEET FUELING CENTERS.
9	(a) In General.—Not later than January 1, 2010,
10	the head of each Federal agency shall install at least 1
11	renewable fuel pump at each Federal fleet fueling center
12	in the United States under the jurisdiction of the head
13	of the Federal agency.
14	(b) REPORT.—Not later than October 31 of the first
15	calendar year beginning after the date of the enactment
16	of this Act, and each October 31 thereafter, the President
17	shall submit to Congress a report that describes the
18	progress toward complying with subsection (a), including
19	identifying—
20	(1) the number of Federal fleet fueling centers
21	that contain at least 1 renewable fuel pump; and

(2) the number of Federal fleet fueling centers

that do not contain any renewable fuel pumps.

22

23

1	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
3	essary to carry out this section.
4	SEC. 9314. STUDY OF IMPACT OF INCREASED RENEWABLE
5	FUEL USE.
6	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall,
7	after consultation with the Administrator of the Environ-
8	mental Protection Agency, the Administrator of the En-
9	ergy Information Administration, and the Secretary of Ag-
10	riculture, conduct a study to assess the impact of in-
11	creased use of renewable fuels on the United States econ-
12	omy. The Secretary shall enter into an arrangement with
13	the National Academy of Sciences to provide peer review
14	of the study.
15	(b) Study Elements.—The study shall analyze, in
16	terms of renewable fuels, the following:
17	(1) The impact of the use of renewable fuels on
18	the energy security of the United States.
19	(2) The impact of the use of renewable fuels on
20	public health and the environment, including air and
21	water quality.
22	(3) The impact of renewable fuels on the infra-
23	structure of the United States, including the deliver-
24	ability of materials, goods, and products other than
25	alternative fuels.

1	(4) The impact of the use of renewable fuels on
2	job creation, the price and supply of agricultural
3	commodities, and rural economic development.
4	(c) Participation.—In conducting the study under
5	this section, the Secretary and other agencies shall seek
6	the participation, and consider the input, of the following:
7	(1) Producers of feed grains.
8	(2) Producers of livestock, poultry, and pork
9	products.
10	(3) Producers of energy.
11	(4) Individuals and entities interested in issues
12	relating to conservation, the environment, and nutri-
13	tion, and users of renewable fuels.
14	(d) Report.—The Secretary shall submit a report
15	to the Congress containing the initial results of the study
16	under this section not later than 2 years after enactment
17	of this Act and subsequently supplement and update such
18	report every 3 years thereafter.
19	SEC. 9315. GRANTS FOR RENEWABLE FUEL PRODUCTION
20	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN CERTAIN
21	STATES.
22	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall provide
23	grants to eligible entities to conduct research into, and de-
24	velop and implement, renewable fuel production tech-
25	nologies in States with low rates of ethanol production,

1	including low rates of production of cellulosic biomass eth-
2	anol, as determined by the Secretary.
3	(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
4	under the section, an entity shall—
5	(1)(A) be an institution of higher education (as
6	defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of
7	2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)) located in a State de-
8	scribed in subsection (a);
9	(B) be an institution—
10	(i) referred to in section 532 of the Equity
11	in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994
12	(Public Law 103-382; 7 U.S.C. 301 note);
13	(ii) that is eligible for a grant under the
14	Tribally Controlled College or University Assist-
15	ance Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), in-
16	cluding Dine College; or
17	(iii) that is eligible for a grant under the
18	Navajo Community College Act (25 U.S.C.
19	640a et seq.); or
20	(C) be a consortium of such institutions of
21	higher education, industry, State agencies, Indian
22	tribal agencies, or local government agencies located
23	in the State; and
24	(2) have proven experience and capabilities with
25	relevant technologies.

1	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	\$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2010.
4	SEC. 9316. STUDY OF EFFECT OF OIL PRICES.
5	The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study to re-
6	view the anticipated effects on renewable fuels production
7	if oil were priced no lower than \$40 per barrel. The Sec-
8	retary shall report the findings of such study to Congress
9	by December 31, 2008.
10	SEC. 9317. BIODIESEL AS ALTERNATIVE FUEL FOR CAFÉ
11	PURPOSES.
12	Section 32901(a) of title 49, United States Code, is
13	amended—
	(1) in narrageanh (1) by redesignating subnara
14	(1) in paragraph (1), by redesignating subpara-
1415	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L),
15	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L),
15 16	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (I)
15 16 17	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (I) the following:
15 16 17 18	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (I) the following: "(J) B20 biodiesel blend;"; and
15 16 17 18 19	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (I) the following: "(J) B20 biodiesel blend;"; and (2) by redesignating paragraphs (7) through
15 16 17 18 19 20	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (I) the following: "(J) B20 biodiesel blend;"; and (2) by redesignating paragraphs (7) through (16) as paragraphs (9) through (18), respectively,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	graphs (J) and (K) as subparagraphs (K) and (L), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (I) the following: "(J) B20 biodiesel blend;"; and (2) by redesignating paragraphs (7) through (16) as paragraphs (9) through (18), respectively, and insert after paragraph (6) the following:

1	"(A) the registration requirements for
2	fuels and fuel additives established by the Envi-
3	ronmental Protection Agency under section 211
4	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545); and
5	"(B) the requirements of the American So-
6	ciety of Testing and Materials D6751.
7	"(8) 'B20 biodiesel blend' means a mixture of
8	biodiesel and diesel fuel approximately 20 percent of
9	the content of which is biodiesel, and commonly
10	known as 'B20'.''.
11	PART 2—UNITED STATES-ISRAEL ENERGY
12	COOPERATION
13	SEC. 9321. SHORT TITLE.
14	This part may be cited as the "United States-Israel
15	Energy Cooperation Act".
16	SEC. 9322. FINDINGS.
17	Congress finds that—
18	(1) it is in the highest national security inter-
19	ests of the United States to ensure secure access to
20	reliable energy sources;
21	(2) the United States relies heavily on the for-
22	eign supply of crude oil to meet the energy needs of
23	the United States, currently importing 58 percent of
24	the total oil requirements of the United States, of
25	which 45 percent comes from member states of the

1	Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries
2	(OPEC);
3	(3) revenues from the sale of oil by some of
4	these countries directly or indirectly provide funding
5	for terrorism and propaganda hostile to the values
6	of the United States and the West;
7	(4) in the past, these countries have manipu-
8	lated the dependence of the United States on the oil
9	supplies of these countries to exert undue influence
10	on United States policy, as during the embargo of
11	OPEC during 1973 on the sale of oil to the United
12	States, which became a major factor in the ensuing
13	recession;
14	(5) research by the Energy Information Admin-
15	istration of the Department of Energy has shown
16	that the dependence of the United States on foreign
17	oil will increase by 33 percent over the next 20
18	years;
19	(6) a rise in the price of imported oil sufficient
20	to increase gasoline prices by 10 cents per gallon at
21	the pump would result in an additional outflow of
22	\$18,000,000,000 from the United States to oil-ex-
23	porting nations;
24	(7) for economic and national security reasons,
25	the United States should reduce, as soon as prac-

1	ticable, the dependence of the United States on na-
2	tions that do not share the interests and values of
3	the United States;
4	(8) the State of Israel has been a steadfast ally
5	and a close friend of the United States since the cre-
6	ation of Israel in 1948;
7	(9) like the United States, Israel is a democracy
8	that holds civil rights and liberties in the highest re-
9	gard and is a proponent of the democratic values of
10	peace, freedom, and justice;
11	(10) cooperation between the United States and
12	Israel on such projects as the development of the
13	Arrow Missile has resulted in mutual benefits to
14	United States and Israeli security;
15	(11) the special relationship between Israel and
16	the United States has been and continues to be
17	manifested in a variety of jointly-funded cooperative
18	programs in the field of scientific research and de-
19	velopment, such as—
20	(A) the United States-Israel Binational
21	Science Foundation (BSF);
22	(B) the Israel-United States Binational
23	Agricultural Research and Development Fund
24	(BARD); and

1	(C) the Israel-United States Binational In-
2	dustrial Research and Development (BIRD)
3	Foundation;
4	(12) these programs, supported by the match-
5	ing contributions from the Government of Israel and
6	the Government of the United States and directed
7	by key scientists and academics from both countries,
8	have made possible many scientific breakthroughs in
9	the fields of life sciences, medicine, bioengineering,
10	agriculture, biotechnology, communications, and oth-
11	ers;
12	(13) on February 1, 1996, United States Sec-
13	retary of Energy Hazel R. O'Leary and Israeli Min-
14	ister of Energy and Infrastructure Gonen Segev
15	signed the Agreement Between the Department of
16	Energy of the United States of America and the
17	Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure of Israel Con-
18	cerning Energy Cooperation, to establish a frame-
19	work for collaboration between the United States
20	and Israel in energy research and development ac-
21	tivities;
22	(14) the United States and Israeli governments
23	should promote cooperation in a broad range of
24	projects designed to enhance supplies of nonpetro-

1	leum energy for both countries, and to provide for
2	cutting edge research in each country;
3	(15) Israeli scientists and researchers have long
4	been at the forefront of research and development in
5	the field of alternative renewable energy sources;
6	(16) many of the top corporations of the world
7	have recognized the technological and scientific ex-
8	pertise of Israel by locating important research and
9	development facilities in Israel;
10	(17) among the technological breakthroughs
11	made by Israeli scientists and researchers in the
12	field of alternative, renewable energy sources are—
13	(A) the development of a cathode that uses
14	hexavalent iron salts that accept 3 electrons per
15	ion and enable rechargeable batteries to provide
16	3 times as much electricity as existing recharge-
17	able batteries;
18	(B) the development of a technique that
19	vastly increases the efficiency of using solar en-
20	ergy to generate hydrogen for use in energy
21	cells; and
22	(C) the development of a novel membrane
23	used in new and powerful direct-oxidant fuel
24	cells that is capable of competing favorably with

1	hydrogen fuel cells and traditional internal com-
2	bustion engines; and
3	(18) cooperation between the United States and
4	Israel in the field of research and development of al-
5	ternative renewable energy sources would be in the
6	interests of both countries, and both countries stand
7	to gain much from such cooperation.
8	SEC. 9323. GRANT PROGRAM.
9	(a) Authority.—Pursuant to the responsibilities de-
10	scribed in section 102(10), (14), and (17) of the Depart-
11	ment of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7112(10),
12	(14), and (17)) and section 103(9) of the Energy Reorga-
13	nization Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5813(9)), the Secretary,
14	in consultation with the BIRD or BSF, shall award grants
15	to eligible entities.
16	(b) Application.—
17	(1) Submission of applications.—To receive
18	a grant under this section, an eligible entity shall
19	submit an application to the Secretary containing
20	such information and assurances as the Secretary, in
21	consultation with the BIRD or BSF, may require.
22	(2) Selection of eligible entities.—The
23	Secretary, in consultation with the Directors of the
24	BIRD and BSF, may review any application sub-
25	mitted by any eligible entity and select any eligible

1	entity meeting criteria established by the Secretary,
2	in consultation with the Advisory Board, for a grant
3	under this section.
4	(c) Amount of Grant.—The amount of each grant
5	awarded for a fiscal year under this section shall be deter-
6	mined by the Secretary, in consultation with the BIRD
7	or BSF.
8	(d) Recoupment.—
9	(1) In General.—Not later than 180 days
10	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
11	retary shall establish procedures and criteria for
12	recoupment in connection with any eligible project
13	carried out by an eligible entity that receives a grant
14	under this section, which has led to the development
15	of a product or process which is marketed or used.
16	(2) Amount required.—
17	(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
18	(B), such recoupment shall be required as a
19	condition for award and be proportional to the
20	Federal share of the costs of such project, and
21	shall be derived from the proceeds of royalties
22	or licensing fees received in connection with
23	such product or process.
24	(B) In the case where a product or process
25	is used by the recipient of a grant under this

1	section for the production and sale of its own
2	products or processes, the recoupment shall
3	consist of a payment equivalent to the payment
4	which would be made under subparagraph (A).
5	(3) WAIVER.—The Secretary may at any time
6	waive or defer all or some of the recoupment re-
7	quirements of this subsection as necessary, depend-
8	ing on—
9	(A) the commercial competitiveness of the
10	entity or entities developing or using the prod-
11	uct or process;
12	(B) the profitability of the project; and
13	(C) the commercial viability of the product
14	or process utilized.
15	(e) Private Funds.—The Secretary may accept
16	contributions of funds from private sources to carry out
17	this part.
18	(f) Office of Energy Efficiency and Renew-
19	ABLE ENERGY.—The Secretary shall carry out this sec-
20	tion through the existing programs at the Office of Energy
21	Efficiency and Renewable Energy.
22	(g) Report.—Not later than 180 days after receiv-
23	ing a grant under this section, each recipient shall submit
24	a report to the Secretary—

1	(1) documenting how the recipient used the
2	grant funds; and
3	(2) evaluating the level of success of each
4	project funded by the grant.
5	SEC. 9324. INTERNATIONAL ENERGY ADVISORY BOARD.
6	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
7	Department of Energy an International Energy Advisory
8	Board.
9	(b) Duties.—The Advisory Board shall advise the
10	Secretary on—
11	(1) criteria for the recipients of grants awarded
12	under section 9323(a);
13	(2) the total amount of grant money to be
14	awarded to all grantees selected by the Secretary, in
15	consultation with the BIRD; and
16	(3) the total amount of grant money to be
17	awarded to all grantees selected by the Secretary, in
18	consultation with the BSF, for each fiscal year.
19	(c) Membership.—
20	(1) Composition.—The Advisory Board shall
21	be composed of—
22	(A) 1 member appointed by the Secretary
23	of Commerce;
24	(B) 1 member appointed by the Secretary
25	of Energy; and

1	(C) 2 members who shall be Israeli citi-
2	zens, appointed by the Secretary of Energy
3	after consultation with appropriate officials in
4	the Israeli Government.
5	(2) Deadline for appointments.—The ini-
6	tial appointments under paragraph (1) shall be
7	made not later than 60 days after the date of enact-
8	ment of this Act.
9	(3) Term.—Each member of the Advisory
10	Board shall be appointed for a term of 4 years.
11	(4) Vacancies.—A vacancy on the Advisory
12	Board shall be filled in the manner in which the
13	original appointment was made.
14	(5) Basic pay.—
15	(A) Compensation.—A member of the
16	Advisory Board shall serve without pay.
17	(B) Travel expenses.—Each member of
18	the Advisory Board shall receive travel ex-
19	penses, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
20	ence, in accordance with applicable provisions of
21	subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United
22	States Code.
23	(6) Quorum.—Three members of the Advisory
24	Board shall constitute a quorum.

1	(7) Chairperson.—The Chairperson of the
2	Advisory Board shall be designated by the Secretary
3	of Energy at the time of the appointment.
4	(8) Meetings.—The Advisory Board shall
5	meet at least once annually at the call of the Chair-
6	person.
7	(d) Termination.—Section 14(a)(2)(B) of the Fed-
8	eral Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not
9	apply to the Advisory Board.
10	SEC. 9325. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this part:
12	(1) Advisory Board.—The term "Advisory
13	Board" means the International Energy Advisory
14	Board established by section 9324(a).
15	(2) BIRD.—The term "BIRD" means the
16	Israel-United States Binational Industrial Research
17	and Development Foundation.
18	(3) BSF.—The term "BSF" means the United
19	States-Israel Binational Science Foundation.
20	(4) Eligible entity.—The term "eligible enti-
21	ty" means a joint venture comprised of both Israeli
22	and United States private business entities or a joint
23	venture comprised of both Israeli academic persons
24	(who reside and work in Israel) and United States
25	academic persons, that—

1	(A) carries out an eligible project; and
2	(B) is selected by the Secretary, in con-
3	sultation with the BIRD or BSF, using the cri-
4	teria established by the Secretary, in consulta-
5	tion with the Advisory Board.
6	(5) ELIGIBLE PROJECT.—The term "eligible
7	project" means a project to encourage cooperation
8	between the United States and Israel on research,
9	development, or commercialization of alternative en-
10	ergy, improved energy efficiency, or renewable en-
11	ergy sources.
12	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
13	the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Assist-
14	ant Secretary of Energy for Energy Efficiency and
15	Renewable Energy.
16	SEC. 9326. TERMINATION.
17	The grant program authorized under section 9323
18	and the Advisory Board shall terminate upon the expira-
19	tion of the 7-year period which begins on the date of the
20	enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 9327. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
22	The Secretary is authorized to expend not more than
23	\$20,000,000 to carry out this part for each of fiscal years
24	2008 through 2014 from funds previously authorized to
25	the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy.

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1	SEC. 9328. CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY.
2	The Constitutional authority on which this part rests
3	is the power of Congress to regulate commerce with for-
4	eign nations as enumerated in Article I, Section 8 of the
5	United States Constitution.
6	Subtitle E—Advanced Plug-In
7	Hybrid Vehicles and Components
8	SEC. 9401. ADVANCED BATTERY LOAN GUARANTEE PRO-
9	GRAM.
10	(a) Establishment of Program.—The Secretary
11	of Energy shall establish a program to provide guarantees
12	of loans by private institutions for the construction of fa-
13	cilities for the manufacture of advanced vehicle batteries
14	and battery systems that are developed and produced in
15	the United States, including advanced lithium ion bat-
16	teries and hybrid electrical system and component manu-
17	facturers and software designers.
18	(b) Requirements.—The Secretary may provide a
19	loan guarantee under subsection (a) to an applicant if—
20	(1) without a loan guarantee, credit is not
21	available to the applicant under reasonable terms or
22	conditions sufficient to finance the construction of a
23	facility described in subsection (a);
24	(2) the prospective earning power of the appli-

cant and the character and value of the security

pledged provide a reasonable assurance of repayment

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1	of the loan to be guaranteed in accordance with the
2	terms of the loan; and
3	(3) the loan bears interest at a rate determined
4	by the Secretary to be reasonable, taking into ac-
5	count the current average yield on outstanding obli-
6	gations of the United States with remaining periods
7	of maturity comparable to the maturity of the loan.
8	(c) Criteria.—In selecting recipients of loan guar-
9	antees from among applicants, the Secretary shall give
10	preference to proposals that—
11	(1) meet all applicable Federal and State per-
12	mitting requirements;
13	(2) are most likely to be successful; and
14	(3) are located in local markets that have the
15	greatest need for the facility.
16	(d) Maturity.—A loan guaranteed under subsection
17	(a) shall have a maturity of not more than 20 years.
18	(e) Terms and Conditions.—The loan agreement
19	for a loan guaranteed under subsection (a) shall provide
20	that no provision of the loan agreement may be amended
21	or waived without the consent of the Secretary.
22	(f) Assurance of Repayment.—The Secretary
23	shall require that an applicant for a loan guarantee under
24	subsection (a) provide an assurance of repayment in the
25	form of a performance bond, insurance, collateral, or other

- 1 means acceptable to the Secretary in an amount equal to
- 2 not less than 20 percent of the amount of the loan.
- 3 (g) Guarantee Fee.—The recipient of a loan guar-
- 4 antee under subsection (a) shall pay the Secretary an
- 5 amount determined by the Secretary to be sufficient to
- 6 cover the administrative costs of the Secretary relating to
- 7 the loan guarantee.
- 8 (h) Full Faith and Credit.—The full faith and
- 9 credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of
- 10 all guarantees made under this section. Any such guar-
- 11 antee made by the Secretary shall be conclusive evidence
- 12 of the eligibility of the loan for the guarantee with respect
- 13 to principal and interest. The validity of the guarantee
- 14 shall be incontestable in the hands of a holder of the guar-
- 15 anteed loan.
- 16 (i) Reports.—Until each guaranteed loan under this
- 17 section has been repaid in full, the Secretary shall annu-
- 18 ally submit to Congress a report on the activities of the
- 19 Secretary under this section.
- 20 (j) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 21 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
- 22 essary to carry out this section.
- (k) Termination of Authority.—The authority of
- 24 the Secretary to issue a loan guarantee under subsection

1	(a) terminates on the date that is 10 years after the date
2	of enactment of this Act.
3	SEC. 9402. DOMESTIC MANUFACTURING CONVERSION
4	GRANT PROGRAM.
5	Section 712 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
6	U.S.C. 16062) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)—
8	(A) by inserting "and components thereof"
9	after "sales of efficient hybrid and advanced
10	diesel vehicles';
11	(B) by inserting "and hybrid component
12	manufacturers" after "grants to automobile
13	manufacturers";
14	(C) by inserting ", plug-in electric hybrid,"
15	after "production of efficient hybrid";
16	(D) by inserting "and suppliers" after
17	"automobile manufacturers"; and
18	(E) by adding at the end the following:
19	"Priority shall be given to the refurbishment or
20	retooling of manufacturing facilities that have
21	recently ceased operation or will cease operation
22	in the near future."; and
23	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
24	following:

- 2 GRAMS.—The Secretary may coordinate implementation of
- 3 this section with State and local programs designed to ac-
- 4 complish similar goals, including the retention and retrain-
- 5 ing of skilled workers from the such manufacturing facili-
- 6 ties, including by establishing matching grant arrange-
- 7 ments.
- 8 "(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 9 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such
- 10 sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.".

11 SEC. 9403. PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLE PROGRAM.

- 12 (a) Plug-in Electric Drive Vehicle Pro-
- 13 GRAM.—
- 14 (1) Establishment.—The Secretary of En-
- ergy (in this section referred to as the "Secretary")
- shall establish a competitive program to provide
- 17 grants on a cost-shared basis to State governments,
- local governments, metropolitan transportation au-
- thorities, air pollution control districts, private or
- 20 nonprofit entities or combinations thereof, to carry
- 21 out a project or projects to encourage the use of
- 22 plug-in electric drive vehicles or other emerging elec-
- tric vehicle technologies, as determined by the Sec-
- 24 retary.

1	(2) Administration.—The Secretary shall es-
2	tablish requirements for applications for grants
3	under this section, including reporting of data to be
4	summarized for dissemination to the Department
5	other grantees, and the public, including vehicle and
6	component performance and vehicle and component
7	life cycle costs.
8	(3) Selection Criteria.—
9	(A) Priority.—When making awards
10	under this subsection, the Secretary shall give
11	priority consideration to applications that en-
12	courage early widespread utilization of such ve-
13	hicles and are likely to make a significant con-
14	tribution to the advancement of the production
15	of such vehicles in the United States.
16	(B) Scope of Programs.—When making
17	awards under this subsection, the Secretary
18	shall ensure that the programs will maximize
19	diversity in applications, manufacturers, end-
20	uses and vehicle control systems.
21	(4) Authorizations of appropriations.—
22	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
23	retary to carry out the program under this sub-
24	section, such sums as may be necessary.

1	(5) CERTAIN APPLICANTS.—A battery manufac-
2	turer that proposes to supply to an applicant for a
3	grant under this section a battery with a capacity of
4	greater than 1 kilowatt-hour for use in a plug-in
5	electric drive vehicle shall—
6	(A) ensure that the applicant includes in
7	the application a description of the price of the
8	battery per kilowatt hour;
9	(B) on approval by the Secretary of the
10	application, publish, or permit the Secretary to
11	publish, the price described in subparagraph
12	(A); and
13	(C) for any order received by the battery
14	manufacturer for at least 1,000 batteries, offer
15	batteries at that price.
16	(b) ELECTRIC DRIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop
18	a nationwide electric drive transportation education
19	program under which the Secretary shall provide—
20	(A) teaching materials to secondary schools
21	and high schools; and
22	(B) assistance for programs relating to
23	electric drive system and component engineer-
24	ing to institutions of higher education.

1	(2) ELECTRIC VEHICLE COMPETITION.—The
2	program established under paragraph (1) shall in-
3	clude a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle competition for
4	institutions of higher education, which shall be
5	known as the "Dr. Andrew Frank Plug-In Hybrid
6	Electric Vehicle Competition".
7	(3) Engineers.—In carrying out the program
8	established under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
9	provide financial assistance to institutions of higher
10	education to create new, or support existing, degree
11	programs to ensure the availability of trained elec-
12	trical and mechanical engineers with the skills nec-
13	essary for the advancement of—
14	(A) plug-in electric drive vehicles; and
15	(B) other forms of electric drive vehicles.
16	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
17	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
18	retary to carry out this subsection such sums as may
19	be necessary.
20	SEC. 9404. PLUG-IN HYBRID DEMONSTRATION VEHICLES.
21	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall es-
22	tablish a program to make grants to owners of domestic
23	motor vehicle manufacturing or production facilities for
24	the production of plug-in hybrid electric motors or conver-

- 1 sion modules to be used as electricity storage capacity for
- 2 utilities.
- 3 (b) Programs.—The Secretary of Energy shall es-
- 4 tablish programs to determine how to best integrate plug-
- 5 in hybrid vehicles into the electric power grid and into the
- 6 overall electricity infrastructure. These programs shall be
- 7 conducted in 5 separate regions across the United States
- 8 at the discretion of the Secretary.
- 9 (c) Pilot Programs.—The Secretary shall establish
- 10 during the first 6 months of 2008, with other govern-
- 11 mental entities, no less than 5 separate pilot programs to
- 12 convert at least 1000 vehicles in each program to plug-
- 13 hybrid electric vehicles.
- 14 (d) Federal Contribution.—The Department of
- 15 Energy shall contribute up to 50 percent of the cost of
- 16 conversion modules.
- 17 (e) Installation.—Installations of electricity stor-
- 18 age devices shall be undertaken by trained and certified
- 19 mechanics.
- 20 (f) Monitoring.—The Secretary of Energy shall re-
- 21 quire the monitoring of reliability, efficiency, breakeven
- 22 costs, and customer satisfaction for a period of 3 years.
- 23 (g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 24 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such
- 25 sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

1	SEC. 9405. INCENTIVE FOR FEDERAL AND STATE FLEETS
2	FOR MEDIUM AND HEAVY DUTY HYBRIDS.
3	Section 301 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
4	U.S.C. 13211) is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "or a dual
6	fueled vehicle" and inserting ", a dual fueled vehicle,
7	or a medium or heavy duty vehicle that is a hybrid
8	vehicle";
9	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (11), (12),
10	(13), and (14) as paragraphs (12), (14), (15), and
11	(16), respectively;
12	(3) by inserting after paragraph (10) the fol-
13	lowing new paragraph:
14	"(11) the term 'hybrid vehicle' means a vehicle
15	powered both by a diesel or gasoline engine and an
16	electric motor or hydraulic energy storage device
17	that is recharged as the vehicle operates;"; and
18	(4) by inserting after paragraph (12) (as so re-
19	designated by paragraph (2) of this section) the fol-
20	lowing new paragraph:
21	"(13) the term 'medium or heavy duty vehicle'
22	means a vehicle that—
23	"(A) in the case of a medium duty vehicle,
24	has a gross vehicle weight rating of more than
25	8,500 pounds but not more than 14,000
26	pounds; and

1	"(B) in the case of a heavy duty vehicle,
2	has a gross vehicle weight rating of more than
3	14,000 pounds;".
4	SEC. 9406. INCLUSION OF ELECTRIC DRIVE IN ENERGY
5	POLICY ACT OF 1992.
6	Section 508 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
7	U.S.C. 13258) is amended—
8	(1) by striking "The Secretary" in subsection
9	(a) and inserting "(1) The Secretary"; and
10	(2) by adding at the end of subsection (a) the
11	following:
12	"(2) Not later than January 31, 2009, the Secretary
13	shall allocate credit in an amount to be determined by the
14	Secretary for acquisition of—
15	"(A) a hybrid electric vehicle;
16	"(B) a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle;
17	"(C) a fuel cell electric vehicle;
18	"(D) a neighborhood electric vehicle; or
19	"(E) a medium-duty or heavy-duty electric, hy-
20	brid electric, hybrid hydraulic, or plug-in hybrid elec-
21	tric vehicle."; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(e) Definitions.—In this section:
24	"(1) Fuel cell electric vehicle.—The
25	term 'fuel cell electric vehicle' means an on-road or

1	nonroad vehicle that uses a fuel cell (as defined in
2	section 803 of the Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen
3	Research, Development, and Demonstration Act of
4	2005 (42 U.S.C. 16152).
5	"(2) Hybrid electric vehicle.—The term
6	'hybrid electric vehicle' means a new qualified hybrid
7	motor vehicle (as defined in section 30B(d)(3) of the
8	Internal Revenue Code of 1986).
9	"(3) Medium-duty or heavy-duty electric,
10	HYBRID ELECTRIC, OR PLUG-IN HYBRID ELECTRIC
11	VEHICLE.—The term 'medium-duty or heavy-duty
12	electric, hybrid electric, or plug-in hybrid electric ve-
13	hicle' is an electric, hybrid electric, or plug-in hybrid
14	electric motor vehicle greater than 8,501 pounds
15	gross vehicle rating.
16	"(4) Neighborhood electric vehicle.—
17	The term 'neighborhood electric vehicle' means a 4-
18	wheeled on-road or nonroad vehicle, with a top at-
19	tainable speed in 1 mile of more than 20 mph and
20	not more than 25 mph on a paved level surface, that
21	is propelled by an electric motor and on board, re-
22	chargeable energy storage system that is recharge-
23	able using an off-board source of electricity.
24	"(5) Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle.—
25	The term 'plug-in hybrid electric vehicle' means a

1	light-duty, medium-duty, or heavy-duty on-road or
2	nonroad vehicle that is propelled by any combination
3	of—
4	"(A) an electric motor and on-board, re-
5	chargeable energy storage system capable of op-
6	erating the vehicle in intermittent or continuous
7	all-electric mode and which is rechargeable
8	using an off-board source of electricity; and
9	"(B) an internal combustion engine or
10	heat engine using any combustible fuel.
11	"(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
12	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
13	such sums as are necessary for each of fiscal years 2008
14	through 2013.".
15	SEC. 9407. NEAR-TERM ELECTRIC DRIVE TRANSPORTATION
16	DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.
17	(a) Revolving Loan Program.—
18	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish
19	a revolving loan program to provide loans to eligible
20	entities for the conduct of qualified electric transpor-
21	tation projects.
22	(2) Criteria.—The Secretary shall establish
23	criteria for the provision of loans under this sub-
24	section.

1	(b) Market Assessment and Electricity Usage
2	Program.—
3	(1) In General.—The Administrator of the
4	Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation
5	with the Secretary and private industry, shall carry
6	out a program—
7	(A) to inventory and analyze existing elec-
8	tric drive transportation technologies and hy-
9	brid technologies and markets; and
10	(B) to identify and implement methods of
11	removing barriers for existing and emerging ap-
12	plications of electric drive transportation tech-
13	nologies and hybrid transportation technologies.
14	(2) Electricity usage.—The Secretary, in
15	consultation with the Administrator of the Environ-
16	mental Protection Agency and private industry, shall
17	carry out a program—
18	(A) to develop systems and processes—
19	(i) to enable plug-in electric vehicles
20	to enhance the availability of emergency
21	back-up power for consumers; and
22	(ii) to study and demonstrate the po-
23	tential value to the electric grid of using
24	the energy stored in the on-board storage

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1	systems to improve the efficiency of the
2	grid generation system; and
3	(B) to work with utilities and other inter-
4	ested stakeholders to study and demonstrate
5	the implications of the introduction of plug-in
6	electric vehicles and other types of electric
7	transportation on the production of electricity
8	from renewable resources.
9	(3) Off-peak electricity usage grants.—
10	In carrying out the program under paragraph (2),
11	the Secretary shall provide grants to assist eligible
12	public and private electric utilities to conduct pro-
13	grams or activities to encourage owners of electric
14	drive transportation technologies—
15	(A) to use off-peak electricity; or
16	(B) to have the load managed by the util-
17	ity.
18	(c) Definition of Qualified Electric Trans-
19	PORTATION PROJECT.—In this section, the term "quali-
20	fied electric transportation project" includes a project re-
21	lating to—
22	(1) ship-side or shore-side electrification for
23	vessels;
24	(2) truck-stop electrification;
25	(3) electric truck refrigeration units;

1	(4) battery-powered auxiliary power units for
2	trucks;
3	(5) electric airport ground support equipment;
4	(6) electric material/cargo handling equipment;
5	(7) electric or dual-mode electric freight rail;
6	(8) any distribution upgrades needed to supply
7	electricity to the qualified electric transportation
8	projects; and
9	(9) any ancillary infrastructure, including panel
10	upgrades, battery chargers, in-situ transformer, and
11	trenching.
12	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
13	are authorized to carry this section such sums as may be
14	necessary.
15	SEC. 9408. STUDYING THE BENEFITS OF PLUG-IN HYBRID
16	ELECTRIC DRIVE VEHICLES AND ELECTRIC
17	DRIVE TRANSPORTATION.
18	(a) Study.—
19	(1) CITY CARS.—Not later than 1 year after the
20	date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of
21	Transportation in consultation with the Secretary of
22	Energy and appropriate Federal agencies and inter-
23	ested stakeholders in the public, private and non-
24	profit sectors, shall study and report to Congress on
25	the benefits of and barriers to the widespread use of

1	a potentially new class of vehicles known as city cars
2	with performance capability that exceeds that of low
3	speed vehicles but is less than that of passenger ve-
4	hicles, and which may be battery electric, fuel cell
5	electric, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicles. Such
6	study shall examine the benefits and issues associ-
7	ated with limiting city cars to a maximum speed of
8	35 mph, 45 mph, 55 mph, or any other maximum
9	speed, and make a recommendation regarding max-
10	imum speed.
11	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
12	Such sums as may be necessary are authorized to be
13	appropriated to carry out this subsection.
14	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
15	(1) Nonroad vehicle.—The term "nonroad
16	vehicle" has the meaning given that term in section
17	216 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7550)), or vehi-
18	cles of the same classification that are fully or par-
19	tially powered by an electric motor powered by a fuel
20	cell, a battery, or an off-board source of electricity.
21	(2) Plug-in electric drive vehicle.—The
22	term "plug-in electric drive vehicle" means a means
23	a light-duty, medium-duty, or heavy-duty on-road or
24	nonroad battery electric, hybrid or fuel cell vehicle

1	that can be recharged from an external electricity
2	source for motive power.
3	(3) Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle.—The
4	term "plug-in hybrid electric vehicle" means a light-
5	duty, medium-duty, or heavy-duty on-road or
6	nonroad vehicle that is propelled by any combination
7	of—
8	(A) an electric motor and on-board, re-
9	chargeable energy storage system capable of op-
10	erating the vehicle in intermittent or continuous
11	all-electric mode and which is rechargeable
12	using an off-board source of electricity; and
13	(B) an internal combustion engine or heat
14	engine using any combustible fuel.
15	Subtitle F—Availability of Critical
16	Energy Information
17	SEC. 9501. FINDINGS.
18	The Congress finds that—
19	(1) the Energy Information Administration's
20	data is critical not merely for analysis of the role of
21	energy in our economy and environment, but for the
22	effective functioning of domestic and international
23	energy markets.
24	(2) Federal and State policymakers rely on the
25	Energy Information Administration to collect and

1	report State level energy information needed for en-
2	ergy policymaking, compliance with Federal and
3	State mandates, and for purposes of emergency en-
4	ergy preparedness and response;
5	(3) as policymakers consider and implement
6	policies to cut greenhouse gas emissions, accurate,
7	timely, and comparable State energy information be-
8	comes even more important;
9	(4) new and expanded sources of information
10	about energy demand and supply have become avail-
11	able and need to be incorporated in the Energy In-
12	formation Administration's data and analysis func-
13	tions;
14	(5) the Energy Information Administration
15	needs to maintain and enhance its ability to collect,
16	process, and analyze data while confronting broader
17	demands for information in greater detail; and
18	(6) budget and personnel constraints have
19	forced the Energy Information Administration to
20	curtail surveys relied upon by energy and financial
21	markets and could further defer important improve-
22	ments in the scope and quality of resulting informa-
23	tion.

l SEC. 9502. ASSESSMENT OF RESOURCE

2	(a) 5-Year Plan.—The Administrator of the Energy
3	Information Administration shall establish a 5-year plan
4	to enhance the quality and scope of the data collection nec-
5	essary to ensure the scope, accuracy, and timeliness of the
6	information needed for efficient functioning of energy
7	markets and related financial operations. Particular atten-
8	tion shall be paid to restoring data series terminated be-
9	cause of budget constraints, data on demand response,
10	timely data series of State-level information, improve-
11	ments in the area of oil and gas data, and the ability to
12	provide data mandated by Congress promptly and com-
13	pletely.
14	(b) Submittal to Congress.—The Administrator
1415	(b) Submittal to Congress.—The Administrator shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements
15	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements
15 16	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements needed to enhance the Energy Information Administra-
15 16 17	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements needed to enhance the Energy Information Administra- tion's ability to collect and process energy information in
15 16 17 18	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements needed to enhance the Energy Information Administration's ability to collect and process energy information in a manner consistent with the needs of energy markets.
15 16 17 18 19	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements needed to enhance the Energy Information Administration's ability to collect and process energy information in a manner consistent with the needs of energy markets. (c) Guidelines.—The Administrator shall—
15 16 17 18 19 20	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements needed to enhance the Energy Information Administration's ability to collect and process energy information in a manner consistent with the needs of energy markets. (c) Guidelines.—The Administrator shall— (1) establish guidelines to ensure the quality,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements needed to enhance the Energy Information Administration's ability to collect and process energy information in a manner consistent with the needs of energy markets. (c) Guidelines.—The Administrator shall— (1) establish guidelines to ensure the quality, comparability, and scope of State energy data, in-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	shall submit this plan to Congress detailing improvements needed to enhance the Energy Information Administration's ability to collect and process energy information in a manner consistent with the needs of energy markets. (c) Guidelines.—The Administrator shall— (1) establish guidelines to ensure the quality, comparability, and scope of State energy data, including data on energy production and consumption

1	(2) share company-level data collected at the
2	State level with the State involved, provided the
3	State has agreed to reasonable guidelines for its use
4	adopted by the Administrator;
5	(3) assess any existing gaps in data obtained by
6	and compiled by the Energy Information Adminis-
7	tration; and
8	(4) evaluate the most cost effective ways to ad-
9	dress any data quality and quantity issues in con-
10	junction with State officials.
11	The Energy Information Administration shall consult with
12	State officials and the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
13	mission on a regular basis in establishing these guidelines
14	and scope of State level data, as well as in exploring ways
15	to address data needs and serve data uses.
16	(d) Assessment of State Data Needs.—The Ad-
17	ministrator shall provide an assessment of these State-
18	level data needs to the Congress not later than 1 year after
19	the date of enactment of this Act, detailing a plan to ad-
20	dress the needs identified.
21	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
22	are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator for
23	carrying out this section, in addition to any other author-
24	izations—
25	(1) \$10.000.000 for fiscal year 2008:

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1	(2) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
2	(3) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
3	(4) \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 2011;
4	(5) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2012; and
5	(6) such sums as are necessary for subsequent
6	fiscal years.
7	TITLE X—TAX PROVISIONS
8	SEC. 10000. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE;
9	TABLE OF CONTENTS.
10	(a) Short Title.—This title may be cited as the
11	"Renewable Energy and Energy Conservation Tax Act of
12	2007".
13	(b) AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE.—Except as other-
14	wise expressly provided, whenever in this title an amend-
15	ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment
16	to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference
17	shall be considered to be made to a section or other provi-
18	sion of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
19	(c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
20	this title is as follows:
	TITLE X—TAX PROVISIONS
	Sec. 10000. Short title; amendment of 1986 Code; table of contents.
	Subtitle A—Production Incentives
	Sec. 10001. Extension and modification of renewable energy credit. Sec. 10002. Production credit for electricity produced from marine renewables. Sec. 10003. Extension and modification of energy credit. Sec. 10004. New clean renewable energy bonds.

Sec. 10005. Extension and modification of special rule to implement FERC and

State electric restructuring policy.

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Sec. 10006. Repeal of dollar limitation and allowance against alternative minimum tax for residential solar and fuel cell property credit.

Subtitle B—Conservation

PART 1—TRANSPORTATION

- Sec. 10101. Credit for plug-in hybrid vehicles.
- Sec. 10102. Extension and modification of alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit.
- Sec. 10103. Extension and modification of credits for biodiesel and renewable diesel.
- Sec. 10104. Credit for production of cellulosic alcohol.
- Sec. 10105. Extension of transportation fringe benefit to bicycle commuters.
- Sec. 10106. Modification of limitation on automobile depreciation.
- Sec. 10107. Restructuring of New York Liberty Zone tax credits.

Part 2—Other Conservation Provisions

- Sec. 10111. Qualified energy conservation bonds.
- Sec. 10112. Qualified residential energy efficiency assistance bonds.
- Sec. 10113. Extension of energy efficient commercial buildings deduction.
- Sec. 10114. Modifications of energy efficient appliance credit for appliances produced after 2007.
- Sec. 10115. Five-year applicable recovery period for depreciation of qualified energy management devices.

Subtitle C—Revenue Provisions

PART 1—DENIAL OF OIL AND GAS TAX BENEFITS

- Sec. 10201. Denial of deduction for income attributable to domestic production of oil, natural gas, or primary products thereof.
- Sec. 10202. 7-year amortization of geological and geophysical expenditures for certain major integrated oil companies.
- Sec. 10203. Clarification of determination of foreign oil and gas extraction income.

PART 2—CLARIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR CERTAIN FUEL CREDITS

- Sec. 10211. Clarification of eligibility for renewable diesel credit.
- Sec. 10212. Clarification that credits for fuel are designed to provide an incentive for United States production.

Subtitle D—Other Provisions

Part 1—Studies

- Sec. 10301. Carbon audit of the tax code.
- Sec. 10302. Comprehensive study of biofuels.

PART 2—APPLICATION OF CERTAIN LABOR STANDARDS ON PROJECTS FINANCED UNDER TAX CREDIT BONDS

Sec. 10311. Application of certain labor standards on projects financed under tax credit bonds.

1 Subtitle A—Production Incentives

2	SEC. 10001. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF RENEW-
3	ABLE ENERGY CREDIT.
4	(a) Extension of Credit.—Each of the following
5	provisions of section 45(d) (relating to qualified facilities)
6	is amended by striking "January 1, 2009" and inserting
7	"January 1, 2013":
8	(1) Paragraph (1).
9	(2) Clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (2)(A).
10	(3) Clauses (i)(I) and (ii) of paragraph (3)(A).
11	(4) Paragraph (4).
12	(5) Paragraph (5).
13	(6) Paragraph (6).
14	(7) Paragraph (7).
15	(8) Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph
16	(9).
17	(b) Modification of Credit Phaseout.—
18	(1) Repeal of Phaseout.—Subsection (b) of
19	section 45 is amended—
20	(A) by striking paragraph (1), and
21	(B) by striking "the 8 cent amount in
22	paragraph (1)," in paragraph (2) thereof.
23	(2) Limitation based on investment in fa-
24	CILITY.—Subsection (b) of section 45 is amended by

1	inserting before paragraph (2) the following new
2	paragraph:
3	"(1) Limitation based on investment in
4	FACILITY.—
5	"(A) In general.—In the case of any
6	qualified facility originally placed in service
7	after December 31, 2008, the amount of the
8	credit determined under subsection (a) for any
9	taxable year with respect to electricity produced
10	at such facility shall not exceed the product
11	of—
12	"(i) the applicable percentage with re-
13	spect to such facility, multiplied by
14	"(ii) the eligible basis of such facility.
15	"(B) Carryforward of unused limita-
16	TION AND EXCESS CREDIT.—
17	"(i) Unused limitation.—If the
18	limitation imposed under subparagraph (A)
19	with respect to any facility for any taxable
20	year exceeds the credit determined under
21	subsection (a) (determined without regard
22	to this paragraph) with respect to such fa-
23	cility for such taxable year, the limitation
24	imposed under subparagraph (A) with re-
25	spect to such facility for the succeeding

1	taxable year shall be increased by the
2	amount of such excess.
3	"(ii) Excess credit.—If the credit
4	determined under subsection (a) (deter-
5	mined without regard to this paragraph)
6	with respect to any facility for any taxable
7	year exceeds the limitation imposed under
8	subparagraph (A) with respect to such fa-
9	cility for such taxable year, the credit de-
10	termined under subsection (a) with respect
11	to such facility for the succeeding taxable
12	year (determined before the application of
13	subparagraph (A) for such succeeding tax-
14	able year) shall be increased by the
15	amount of such excess. With respect to any
16	facility, no amount may carried forward
17	under this clause to any taxable year be-
18	ginning after the 10-year period described
19	in subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii) with respect to
20	such facility.
21	"(C) Applicable percentage.—For
22	purposes of this paragraph—
23	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'applica-
24	ble percentage' means, with respect to any
25	facility, the appropriate percentage pre-

1	scribed by the Secretary for the month in
2	which such facility is originally placed in
3	service.
4	"(ii) Method of prescribing per-
5	CENTAGES.—The percentages prescribed
6	by the Secretary for any month under
7	clause (i) shall be percentages which yield
8	over a 10-year period amounts of limita-
9	tion under subparagraph (A) which have a
10	present value equal to 35 percent of the el-
11	igible basis of the facility.
12	"(iii) Method of discounting.—
13	The present value under clause (ii) shall be
14	determined—
15	"(I) as of the last day of the 1st
16	year of the 10-year period referred to
17	in clause (ii),
18	"(II) by using a discount rate
19	equal to the average annual interest
20	rate of tax-exempt obligations having
21	a term of 10 years or more which are
22	issued during the month preceding the
23	month for which the percentage is
24	being prescribed, and

1	"(III) by taking into account the
2	limitation under subparagraph (A) for
3	any year on the last day of such year.
4	"(D) Eligible basis.—For purposes of
5	this paragraph, the term 'eligible basis' means,
6	with respect to any facility, the basis of such fa-
7	cility determined as of the time that such facil-
8	ity is originally placed in service.
9	"(E) Special rule for first and last
10	YEAR OF CREDIT PERIOD.—In the case of any
11	taxable year any portion of which is not within
12	the 10-year period described in subsection
13	(a)(2)(A)(ii) with respect to any facility, the
14	amount of the limitation under subparagraph
15	(A) with respect to such facility shall be re-
16	duced by an amount which bears the same ratio
17	to the amount of such limitation (determined
18	without regard to this subparagraph) as such
19	portion of the taxable year which is not within
20	such period bears to the entire taxable year.".
21	(c) Effective Date.—
22	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
23	graph (2), the amendments made by this section
24	shall apply to property originally placed in service
25	after December 31, 2008.

1	(2) Repeal of credit phaseout.—The
2	amendments made by subsection (b)(1) shall apply
3	to taxable years ending after December 31, 2008.
4	SEC. 10002. PRODUCTION CREDIT FOR ELECTRICITY PRO-
5	DUCED FROM MARINE RENEWABLES.
6	(a) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section 45(c)
7	(relating to resources) is amended by striking "and" at
8	the end of subparagraph (G), by striking the period at
9	the end of subparagraph (H) and inserting ", and", and
10	by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
11	"(I) marine and hydrokinetic renewable en-
12	ergy.''.
13	(b) Marine Renewables.—Subsection (c) of sec-
14	tion 45 is amended by adding at the end the following
15	new paragraph:
16	"(10) Marine and hydrokinetic renew-
17	ABLE ENERGY.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'marine and
19	hydrokinetic renewable energy' means energy
20	derived from—
21	"(i) waves, tides, and currents in
22	oceans, estuaries, and tidal areas,
23	"(ii) free flowing water in rivers,
24	lakes, and streams.

1	"(iii) free flowing water in an irriga-
2	tion system, canal, or other man-made
3	channel, including projects that utilize non-
4	mechanical structures to accelerate the
5	flow of water for electric power production
6	purposes, or
7	"(iv) differentials in ocean tempera-
8	ture (ocean thermal energy conversion).
9	"(B) Exceptions.—Such term shall not
10	include any energy which is derived from any
11	source which utilizes a dam, diversionary struc-
12	ture (except as provided in subparagraph
13	(A)(iii)), or impoundment for electric power
14	production purposes.".
15	(c) Definition of Facility.—Subsection (d) of
16	section 45 is amended by adding at the end the following
17	new paragraph:
18	"(11) Marine and hydrokinetic renew-
19	ABLE ENERGY FACILITIES.—In the case of a facility
20	producing electricity from marine and hydrokinetic
21	renewable energy, the term 'qualified facility' means
22	any facility owned by the taxpayer—
23	"(A) which has a nameplate capacity rat-
24	ing of at least 150 kilowatts, and

1	"(B) which is originally placed in service
2	on or after the date of the enactment of this
3	paragraph and before January 1, 2013.".
4	(d) Credit Rate.—Subparagraph (A) of section
5	45(b)(4) is amended by striking "or (9)" and inserting
6	"(9), or (11)".
7	(e) Coordination With Small Irrigation
8	Power.—Paragraph (5) of section 45(d), as amended by
9	this Act, is amended by striking "January 1, 2013" and
10	inserting "the date of the enactment of paragraph (11)".
11	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
12	this section shall apply to electricity produced and sold
13	after the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable
	after the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such date.
14	
14 15	years ending after such date.
14 15 16	years ending after such date. SEC. 10003. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ENERGY
	years ending after such date. SEC. 10003. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ENERGY CREDIT.
14 15 16 17	years ending after such date. SEC. 10003. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ENERGY CREDIT. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—
14 15 16 17 18	years ending after such date. SEC. 10003. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ENERGY CREDIT. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.— (1) SOLAR ENERGY PROPERTY.—Paragraphs
14 15 16 17	years ending after such date. SEC. 10003. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ENERGY CREDIT. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.— (1) SOLAR ENERGY PROPERTY.—Paragraphs (2)(A)(i)(II) and (3)(A)(ii) of section 48(a) (relating)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	years ending after such date. SEC. 10003. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ENERGY CREDIT. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.— (1) SOLAR ENERGY PROPERTY.—Paragraphs (2)(A)(i)(II) and (3)(A)(ii) of section 48(a) (relating to energy credit) are each amended by striking
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	years ending after such date. SEC. 10003. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ENERGY CREDIT. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.— (1) SOLAR ENERGY PROPERTY.—Paragraphs (2)(A)(i)(II) and (3)(A)(ii) of section 48(a) (relating to energy credit) are each amended by striking "January 1, 2009" and inserting "January 1,

1	property) is amended by striking "December 31,
2	2008" and inserting "December 31, 2016".
3	(b) Allowance of Energy Credit Against Al-
4	TERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX.—Subparagraph (B) of section
5	38(c)(4) (relating to specified credits) is amended by strik-
6	ing "and" at the end of clause (iii), by striking the period
7	at the end of clause (iv) and inserting ", and", and by
8	adding at the end the following new clause:
9	"(v) the credit determined under sec-
10	tion 46 to the extent that such credit is at-
11	tributable to the energy credit determined
12	under section 48.".
13	(c) Increase of Credit Limitation for Fuel
14	Cell Property.—Subparagraph (B) of section 48(c)(1)
15	is amended by striking "\$ 500 " and inserting "\$ $1,500$ ".
16	(d) Public Electric Utility Property Taken
17	Into Account.—
18	(1) In General.—Paragraph (3) of section
19	48(a) is amended by striking the second sentence
20	thereof.
21	(2) Conforming amendments.—
22	(A) Paragraph (1) of section 48(c) is
23	amended by striking subparagraph (D) and re-
24	designating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph
25	(D).

1	(B) Paragraph (2) of section 48(c) is
2	amended by striking subparagraph (D) and re-
3	designating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph
4	(D).
5	(e) Clerical Amendments.—Paragraphs (1)(B)
6	and (2)(B) of section 48(c) are each amended by striking
7	"paragraph (1)" and inserting "subsection (a)".
8	(f) Effective Date.—
9	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
10	vided in this subsection, the amendments made by
11	this section shall take effect on the date of the en-
12	actment of this Act.
13	(2) Allowance against alternative min-
14	IMUM TAX.—The amendments made by subsection
15	(b) shall apply to credits determined under section
16	46 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 in taxable
17	years beginning after the date of the enactment of
18	this Act and to carrybacks of such credits.
19	(3) Increase in limitation for fuel cell
20	PROPERTY.—The amendment made by subsection
21	(c) shall apply to periods after the date of the enact-
22	ment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such
23	date, under rules similar to the rules of section
24	48(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in

1	effect on the day before the date of the enactment
2	of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1990).
3	(4) Public Electric utility property.—
4	The amendments made by subsection (d) shall apply
5	to periods after June 20, 2007, in taxable years end-
6	ing after such date, under rules similar to the rules
7	of section 48(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of
8	1986 (as in effect on the day before the date of the
9	enactment of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of
10	1990).
11	SEC. 10004. NEW CLEAN RENEWABLE ENERGY BONDS.
12	(a) In General.—Part IV of subchapter A of chap-
13	ter 1 (relating to credits against tax) is amended by add-
14	ing at the end the following new subpart:
15	"Subpart I—Qualified Tax Credit Bonds
	"Sec. 54A. Credit to holders of qualified tax credit bonds. "Sec. 54B. New clean renewable energy bonds.
16	"SEC. 54A. CREDIT TO HOLDERS OF QUALIFIED TAX CRED-
17	IT BONDS.
18	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—If a taxpayer holds
19	a qualified tax credit bond on one or more credit allowance
20	dates of the bond during any taxable year, there shall be
21	allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter
22	for the taxable year an amount equal to the sum of the
23	credits determined under subsection (b) with respect to
24	such dates.

1	"(b) Amount of Credit.—
2	"(1) In general.—The amount of the credit
3	determined under this subsection with respect to any
4	credit allowance date for a qualified tax credit bond
5	is 25 percent of the annual credit determined with
6	respect to such bond.
7	"(2) Annual credit de-
8	termined with respect to any qualified tax credit
9	bond is the product of—
10	"(A) the applicable credit rate, multiplied
11	by
12	"(B) the outstanding face amount of the
13	bond.
14	"(3) Applicable credit rate.—For purposes
15	of paragraph (2), the applicable credit rate is the
16	rate which the Secretary estimates will permit the
17	issuance of qualified tax credit bonds with a speci-
18	fied maturity or redemption date without discount
19	and without interest cost to the qualified issuer. The
20	applicable credit rate with respect to any qualified
21	tax credit bond shall be determined as of the first
22	day on which there is a binding, written contract for
23	the sale or exchange of the bond.
24	"(4) Special rule for issuance and re-
25	DEMPTION.—In the case of a bond which is issued

1	during the 3-month period ending on a credit allow-
2	ance date, the amount of the credit determined
3	under this subsection with respect to such credit al-
4	lowance date shall be a ratable portion of the credit
5	otherwise determined based on the portion of the 3-
6	month period during which the bond is outstanding.
7	A similar rule shall apply when the bond is redeemed
8	or matures.
9	"(c) Limitation Based on Amount of Tax.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The credit allowed under
11	subsection (a) for any taxable year shall not exceed
12	the excess of—
13	"(A) the sum of the regular tax liability
14	(as defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax im-
15	posed by section 55, over
16	"(B) the sum of the credits allowable
17	under this part (other than subpart C and this
18	subpart).
19	"(2) Carryover of unused credit.—If the
20	credit allowable under subsection (a) exceeds the
21	limitation imposed by paragraph (1) for such taxable
22	year, such excess shall be carried to the succeeding
23	taxable year and added to the credit allowable under
24	subsection (a) for such taxable year (determined be-

1	fore the application of paragraph (1) for such suc-
2	ceeding taxable year).
3	"(d) QUALIFIED TAX CREDIT BOND.—For purposes
4	of this section—
5	"(1) QUALIFIED TAX CREDIT BOND.—The term
6	'qualified tax credit bond' means a new clean renew-
7	able energy bond which is part of an issue that
8	meets the requirements of paragraphs (2), (3), (4),
9	(5), and (6).
10	"(2) Special rules relating to expendi-
11	TURES.—
12	"(A) In general.—An issue shall be
13	treated as meeting the requirements of this
14	paragraph if, as of the date of issuance, the
15	issuer reasonably expects—
16	"(i) 100 percent or more of the avail-
17	able project proceeds to be spent for 1 or
18	more qualified purposes within the 3-year
19	period beginning on such date of issuance,
20	and
21	"(ii) a binding commitment with a
22	third party to spend at least 10 percent of
23	such available project proceeds will be in-
24	curred within the 6-month period begin-
25	ning on such date of issuance.

1	"(B) Failure to spend required
2	AMOUNT OF BOND PROCEEDS WITHIN 3
3	YEARS.—
4	"(i) In general.—To the extent that
5	less than 100 percent of the available
6	project proceeds of the issue are expended
7	by the close of the expenditure period for
8	1 or more qualified purposes, the issuer
9	shall redeem all of the nonqualified bonds
10	within 90 days after the end of such pe-
11	riod. For purposes of this paragraph, the
12	amount of the nonqualified bonds required
13	to be redeemed shall be determined in the
14	same manner as under section 142.
15	"(ii) Expenditure period.—For
16	purposes of this subpart, the term 'expend-
17	iture period' means, with respect to any
18	issue, the 3-year period beginning on the
19	date of issuance. Such term shall include
20	any extension of such period under clause
21	(iii).
22	"(iii) Extension of Period.—Upon
23	submission of a request prior to the expira-
24	tion of the expenditure period (determined
25	without regard to any extension under this

1	clause), the Secretary may extend such pe-
2	riod if the issuer establishes that the fail-
3	ure to expend the proceeds within the
4	original expenditure period is due to rea-
5	sonable cause and the expenditures for
6	qualified purposes will continue to proceed
7	with due diligence.
8	"(C) QUALIFIED PURPOSE.—For purposes
9	of this paragraph, the term 'qualified purpose'
10	means a purpose specified in section 54B(a)(1).
11	"(D) REIMBURSEMENT.—For purposes of
12	this subtitle, available project proceeds of an
13	issue shall be treated as spent for a qualified
14	purpose if such proceeds are used to reimburse
15	the issuer for amounts paid for a qualified pur-
16	pose after the date that the Secretary makes an
17	allocation of bond limitation with respect to
18	such issue, but only if—
19	"(i) prior to the payment of the origi-
20	nal expenditure, the issuer declared its in-
21	tent to reimburse such expenditure with
22	the proceeds of a qualified tax credit bond,
23	"(ii) not later than 60 days after pay-
24	ment of the original expenditure, the issuer
25	adopts an official intent to reimburse the

1	original expenditure with such proceeds,
2	and
3	"(iii) the reimbursement is made not
4	later than 18 months after the date the
5	original expenditure is paid.
6	"(3) Reporting.—An issue shall be treated as
7	meeting the requirements of this paragraph if the
8	issuer of qualified tax credit bonds submits reports
9	similar to the reports required under section 149(e).
10	"(4) Special rules relating to arbi-
11	TRAGE.—
12	"(A) In General.—An issue shall be
13	treated as meeting the requirements of this
14	paragraph if the issuer satisfies the require-
15	ments of section 148 with respect to the pro-
16	ceeds of the issue.
17	"(B) Special rule for investments
18	DURING EXPENDITURE PERIOD.—An issue shall
19	not be treated as failing to meet the require-
20	ments of subparagraph (A) by reason of any in-
21	vestment of available project proceeds during
22	the expenditure period.
23	"(C) Special rule for reserve
24	FUNDS.—An issue shall not be treated as fail-
25	ing to meet the requirements of subparagraph

1	(A) by reason of any fund which is expected to
2	be used to repay such issue if—
3	"(i) such fund is funded at a rate not
4	more rapid than equal annual installments,
5	"(ii) such fund is funded in a manner
6	that such fund will not exceed the amount
7	necessary to repay the issue if invested at
8	the maximum rate permitted under clause
9	(iii), and
10	"(iii) the yield on such fund is not
11	greater than the discount rate determined
12	under paragraph (5)(B) with respect to the
13	issue.
14	"(5) Maturity Limitation.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An issue shall not be
16	treated as meeting the requirements of this
17	paragraph if the maturity of any bond which is
18	part of such issue exceeds the maximum term
19	determined by the Secretary under subpara-
20	graph (B).
21	"(B) Maximum term.—During each cal-
22	endar month, the Secretary shall determine the
23	maximum term permitted under this paragraph
24	for bonds issued during the following calendar
25	month. Such maximum term shall be the term

1	which the Secretary estimates will result in the
2	present value of the obligation to repay the
3	principal on the bond being equal to 50 percent
4	of the face amount of such bond. Such present
5	value shall be determined using as a discount
6	rate the average annual interest rate of tax-ex-
7	empt obligations having a term of 10 years or
8	more which are issued during the month. If the
9	term as so determined is not a multiple of a
10	whole year, such term shall be rounded to the
11	next highest whole year.
12	"(6) Prohibition on financial conflicts
13	OF INTEREST.—An issue shall be treated as meeting
14	the requirements of this paragraph if the issuer cer-
15	tifies that—
16	"(A) applicable State and local law re-
17	quirements governing conflicts of interest are
18	satisfied with respect to such issue, and
19	"(B) if the Secretary prescribes additional
20	conflicts of interest rules governing the appro-
21	priate Members of Congress, Federal, State
22	and local officials, and their spouses, such addi-
23	tional rules are satisfied with respect to such
24	issue.

1	"(e) Other Definitions.—For purposes of this
2	subchapter—
3	"(1) CREDIT ALLOWANCE DATE.—The term
4	'credit allowance date' means—
5	"(A) March 15,
6	"(B) June 15,
7	"(C) September 15, and
8	"(D) December 15.
9	Such term includes the last day on which the bond
10	is outstanding.
11	"(2) Bond.—The term 'bond' includes any ob-
12	ligation.
13	"(3) State.—The term 'State' includes the
14	District of Columbia and any possession of the
15	United States.
16	"(4) Available project proceeds.—The
17	term 'available project proceeds' means—
18	"(A) the excess of—
19	"(i) the proceeds from the sale of an
20	issue, over
21	"(ii) the issuance costs financed by
22	the issue (to the extent that such costs do
23	not exceed 2 percent of such proceeds),
24	and

1	"(B) the proceeds from any investment of
2	the excess described in subparagraph (A).
3	"(f) CREDIT TREATED AS INTEREST.—For purposes
4	of this subtitle, the credit determined under subsection (a)
5	shall be treated as interest which is includible in gross in-
6	come.
7	"(g) S Corporations and Partnerships.—In the
8	case of a tax credit bond held by an S corporation or part-
9	nership, the allocation of the credit allowed by this section
10	to the shareholders of such corporation or partners of such
11	partnership shall be treated as a distribution.
12	"(h) Bonds Held by Regulated Investment
13	COMPANIES AND REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.—
14	If any qualified tax credit bond is held by a regulated in-
15	vestment company or a real estate investment trust, the
16	credit determined under subsection (a) shall be allowed to
17	shareholders of such company or beneficiaries of such
18	trust (and any gross income included under subsection (f)
19	with respect to such credit shall be treated as distributed
20	to such shareholders or beneficiaries) under procedures
21	prescribed by the Secretary.
22	"(i) Credits May Be Stripped.—Under regula-
23	tions prescribed by the Secretary—
24	"(1) In general.—There may be a separation
25	(including at issuance) of the ownership of a quali-

1	fied tax credit bond and the entitlement to the credit
2	under this section with respect to such bond. In case
3	of any such separation, the credit under this section
4	shall be allowed to the person who on the credit al-
5	lowance date holds the instrument evidencing the en-
6	titlement to the credit and not to the holder of the
7	bond.
8	"(2) CERTAIN RULES TO APPLY.—In the case
9	of a separation described in paragraph (1), the rules
10	of section 1286 shall apply to the qualified tax credit
11	bond as if it were a stripped bond and to the credit
12	under this section as if it were a stripped coupon
13	"SEC. 54B. NEW CLEAN RENEWABLE ENERGY BONDS.
14	"(a) New Clean Renewable Energy Bond.—For
15	purposes of this subpart, the term 'new clean renewable
16	energy bond' means any bond issued as part of an issue
17	if—
10	
18	"(1) 100 percent of the available project pro-
18	"(1) 100 percent of the available project pro- ceeds of such issue are to be used for capital expend-
19	ceeds of such issue are to be used for capital expend-
19 20	ceeds of such issue are to be used for capital expend- itures incurred by public power providers or coopera-
19 20 21	ceeds of such issue are to be used for capital expend- itures incurred by public power providers or coopera- tive electric companies for one or more qualified re-

1	"(3) the issuer designates such bond for pur-
2	poses of this section.
3	"(b) Reduced Credit Amount.—The annual credit
4	determined under section 54A(b) with respect to any new
5	clean renewable energy bond shall be 70 percent of the
6	amount so determined without regard to this subsection.
7	"(c) Limitation on Amount of Bonds Des-
8	IGNATED.—
9	"(1) In General.—The maximum aggregate
10	face amount of bonds which may be designated
11	under subsection (a) by any issuer shall not exceed
12	the limitation amount allocated under this sub-
13	section to such issuer.
14	"(2) NATIONAL LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OF
15	BONDS DESIGNATED.—There is a national new clean
16	renewable energy bond limitation of \$2,000,000,000
17	which shall be allocated by the Secretary as provided
18	in paragraph (3), except that—
19	"(A) not more than 60 percent thereof
20	may be allocated to qualified projects of public
21	power providers, and
22	"(B) not more than 40 percent thereof
23	may be allocated to qualified projects of cooper-
24	ative electric companies.
25	"(3) Method of Allocation.—

1	"(A) Allocation among public power
2	PROVIDERS.—After the Secretary determines
3	the qualified projects of public power providers
4	which are appropriate for receiving an alloca-
5	tion of the national new clean renewable energy
6	bond limitation, the Secretary shall, to the max-
7	imum extent practicable, make allocations
8	among such projects in such manner that the
9	amount allocated to each such project bears the
10	same ratio to the cost of such project as the
11	limitation under subparagraph (2)(A) bears to
12	the cost of all such projects.
13	"(B) Allocation among cooperative
14	ELECTRIC COMPANIES.—The Secretary shall
15	make allocations of the amount of the national
16	new clean renewable energy bond limitation de-
17	scribed in paragraph (2)(B) among qualified
18	projects of cooperative electric companies in
19	such manner as the Secretary determines ap-
20	propriate.
21	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
22	"(1) Qualified renewable energy facil-
23	ITY.—The term 'qualified renewable energy facility'
24	means a qualified facility (as determined under sec-
25	tion 45(d) without regard to paragraphs (8) and

1	(10) thereof and to any placed in service date)
2	owned by a public power provider or a cooperative
3	electric company.
4	"(2) Public Power Provider.—The term
5	'public power provider' means a State utility with a
6	service obligation, as such terms are defined in sec-
7	tion 217 of the Federal Power Act (as in effect on
8	the date of the enactment of this paragraph).
9	"(3) Cooperative electric company.—The
10	term 'cooperative electric company' means a mutual
11	or cooperative electric company described in section
12	501(c)(12) or section $1381(a)(2)(C)$.
13	"(4) Clean renewable energy bond lend-
14	ER.—The term 'clean renewable energy bond lender'
15	means a lender which is a cooperative which is
16	owned by, or has outstanding loans to, 100 or more
17	cooperative electric companies and is in existence on
18	February 1, 2002, and shall include any affiliated
19	entity which is controlled by such lender.
20	"(5) QUALIFIED ISSUER.—The term 'qualified
21	issuer' means a public power provider, a cooperative
22	electric company, a clean renewable energy bond
23	lender, or a not-for-profit electric utility which has
24	received a loan or loan guarantee under the Rural
25	Electrification Act.".

1	(b) Reporting.—Subsection (d) of section 6049 (re-
2	lating to returns regarding payments of interest) is
3	amended by adding at the end the following new para-
4	graph:
5	"(9) Reporting of credit on qualified
6	TAX CREDIT BONDS.—
7	"(A) In general.—For purposes of sub-
8	section (a), the term 'interest' includes amounts
9	includible in gross income under section 54A
10	and such amounts shall be treated as paid on
11	the credit allowance date (as defined in section
12	54A(e)(1)).
13	"(B) Reporting to corporations,
14	ETC.—Except as otherwise provided in regula-
15	tions, in the case of any interest described in
16	subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, subsection
17	(b)(4) of this section shall be applied without
18	regard to subparagraphs (A), (H), (I), (J), (K),
19	and $(L)(i)$.
20	"(C) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Sec-
21	retary may prescribe such regulations as are
22	necessary or appropriate to carry out the pur-
23	poses of this paragraph, including regulations
24	which require more frequent or more detailed
25	reporting.".

1	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
2	(1) Sections $54(e)(2)$ and $1400N(l)(3)(B)$ are
3	each amended by striking "subpart C" and inserting
4	"subparts C and I".
5	(2) Section 1397E(c)(2) is amended by striking
6	"subpart H" and inserting "subparts H and I".
7	(3) Section 6401(b)(1) is amended by striking
8	"and H" and inserting "H, and I".
9	(4) The heading of subpart H of part IV of
10	subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by striking
11	"Certain Bonds" and inserting "Clean Re-
12	newable Energy Bonds".
13	(5) The table of subparts for part IV of sub-
14	chapter A of chapter 1 is amended by striking the
15	item relating to subpart H and inserting the fol-
16	lowing new items:
	"SUBPART H. NONREFUNDABLE CREDIT TO HOLDERS OF CLEAN RENEWABLE ENERGY BONDS.
	"SUBPART I. QUALIFIED TAX CREDIT BONDS.".
17	(d) Effective Dates.—The amendments made by
18	this section shall apply to obligations issued after the date

1	SEC. 10005. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF SPECIAL
2	RULE TO IMPLEMENT FERC AND STATE
3	ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.
4	(a) Extension for Qualified Electric Utili-
5	TIES.—
6	(1) In General.—Paragraph (3) of section
7	451(i) (relating to special rule for sales or disposi-
8	tions to implement Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
9	mission or State electric restructuring policy) is
10	amended by striking "before January 1, 2008," and
11	inserting "before January 1, 2010, by a qualified
12	electric utility,".
13	(2) QUALIFIED ELECTRIC UTILITY.—Subsection
14	(i) of section 451 is amended by redesignating para-
15	graphs (6) through (10) as paragraphs (7) through
16	(11), respectively, and by inserting after paragraph
17	(5) the following new paragraph:
18	"(6) Qualified electric utility.—For pur-
19	poses of this subsection, the term 'qualified electric
20	utility' means—
21	"(A) an electric utility (as defined in sec-
22	tion 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
23	796(22)), and
24	"(B) any person in the same holding com-
25	pany system (as defined in section 1262(9) of
26	the Public Utility Holding Company Act of

1	2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(9))) as an electric util-
2	ity referred to subparagraph (A).".
3	(b) Extension of Period for Transfer of
4	OPERATIONAL CONTROL AUTHORIZED BY FERC.—
5	Clause (ii) of section 451(i)(4)(B) is amended by striking
6	"December 31, 2007" and inserting "the date which is
7	4 years after the close of the taxable year in which the
8	transaction occurs".
9	(c) Property Located Outside the United
10	STATES NOT TREATED AS EXEMPT UTILITY PROP-
11	ERTY.—Paragraph (5) of section 451(i) is amended by
12	adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
13	"(C) Exception for property located
14	OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The term 'ex-
15	empt utility property' shall not include any
16	property which is located outside the United
17	States.".
18	(d) Effective Dates.—
19	(1) Extension.—The amendment made by
20	subsection (a) shall apply to transactions after De-
21	cember 31, 2007.
22	(2) Transfers of operational control.—
23	The amendment made by subsection (b) shall take
24	effect as if included in section 909 of the American
25	Jobs Creation Act of 2004.

1	(3) Exception for property located out-
2	SIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The amendment made
3	by subsection (c) shall apply to transactions after
4	the date of the enactment of this Act.
5	SEC. 10006. REPEAL OF DOLLAR LIMITATION AND ALLOW-
6	ANCE AGAINST ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX
7	FOR RESIDENTIAL SOLAR AND FUEL CELL
8	PROPERTY CREDIT.
9	(a) Repeal of Maximum Dollar Limitation.—
10	(1) In general.—Subsection (b) of section
11	25D (relating to limitations) is amended to read as
12	follows:
13	"(b) Certification of Solar Water Heating
14	Property.—No credit shall be allowed under this section
15	for an item of property described in subsection $(d)(1)$ un-
16	less such property is certified for performance by the non-
17	profit Solar Rating Certification Corporation or a com-
18	parable entity endorsed by the government of the State
19	in which such property is installed.".
20	(2) Conforming amendments.—
21	(A) Subsection (e) of section 25D is
22	amended by striking paragraph (4) and by re-
23	designating paragraphs (5) through (9) as
24	paragraphs (4) through (8), respectively.

1	(B) Paragraph (1) of section 25C(e) is
2	amended by striking "(8), and (9)" and insert-
3	ing "and (8) (and paragraph (4) as in effect be-
4	fore its repeal by the Renewable Energy and
5	Energy Conservation Tax Act of 2007)".
6	(b) Credit Allowed Against Alternative Min-
7	IMUM TAX.—
8	(1) In General.—Subsection (c) of section
9	25D is amended to read as follows:
10	"(c) Limitation Based on Amount of Tax;
11	CARRYFORWARD OF UNUSED CREDIT.—
12	"(1) Limitation based on amount of
13	TAX.—In the case of a taxable year to which section
14	26(a)(2) does not apply, the credit allowed under
15	subsection (a) for the taxable year shall not exceed
16	the excess of—
17	"(A) the sum of the regular tax liability
18	(as defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax im-
19	posed by section 55, over
20	"(B) the sum of the credits allowable
21	under this subpart (other than this section) and
22	section 27 for the taxable year.
23	"(2) Carryforward of unused credit.—
24	"(A) RULE FOR YEARS IN WHICH ALL
25	PERSONAL CREDITS ALLOWED AGAINST REG-

1	ULAR AND ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX.—In
2	the case of a taxable year to which section
3	26(a)(2) applies, if the credit allowable under
4	subsection (a) exceeds the limitation imposed by
5	section 26(a)(2) for such taxable year reduced
6	by the sum of the credits allowable under this
7	subpart (other than this section), such excess
8	shall be carried to the succeeding taxable year
9	and added to the credit allowable under sub-
10	section (a) for such succeeding taxable year.
11	"(B) RULE FOR OTHER YEARS.—In the
12	case of a taxable year to which section 26(a)(2)
13	does not apply, if the credit allowable under
14	subsection (a) exceeds the limitation imposed by
15	paragraph (1) for such taxable year, such ex-
16	cess shall be carried to the succeeding taxable
17	year and added to the credit allowable under
18	subsection (a) for such succeeding taxable
19	year.".
20	(2) Conforming amendments.—
21	(A) Section 23(b)(4)(B) is amended by in-
22	serting "and section 25D" after "this section".
23	(B) Section 24(b)(3)(B) is amended by
24	striking "and 25B" and inserting ", 25B, and
25	25D".

1	(C) Section 25B(g)(2) is amended by strik-
2	ing "section 23" and inserting "sections 23 and
3	25D''.
4	(D) Section 26(a)(1) is amended by strik-
5	ing "and 25B" and inserting "25B, and 25D".
6	(c) Effective Dates.—
7	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
8	vided in this subsection, the amendments made by
9	this section shall apply to expenditures made after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act.
11	(2) Allowance against alternative min-
12	IMUM TAX.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made
14	by subsection (b) shall apply to taxable years
15	beginning after the date of the enactment of
16	this Act.
17	(B) Application of Egtrra sunset.—
18	The amendments made by subparagraphs (A)
19	and (B) of subsection (b)(2) shall be subject to
20	title IX of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief
21	Reconciliation Act of 2001 in the same manner
22	as the provisions of such Act to which such
23	amendments relate.

1	Subtitle B—Conservation
2	PART 1—TRANSPORTATION
3	SEC. 10101. CREDIT FOR PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLES.
4	(a) In General.—Subpart B of part IV of sub-
5	chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to other credits) is
6	amended by adding at the end the following new section:
7	"SEC. 30D. PLUG-IN HYBRID VEHICLES.
8	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—There shall be al-
9	lowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter
10	for the taxable year an amount equal to the sum of the
11	credit amounts determined under subsection (b) with re-
12	spect to each qualified plug-in hybrid vehicle placed in
13	service by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
14	"(b) Per Vehicle Dollar Limitation.—
15	"(1) In General.—The amount determined
16	under this subsection with respect to any qualified
17	plug-in hybrid vehicle is the sum of the amounts de-
18	termined under paragraphs (2) and (3) with respect
19	to such vehicle.
20	"(2) Base amount.—The amount determined
21	under this paragraph is \$4,000.
22	"(3) Battery capacity.—In the case of vehi-
23	cle which draws propulsion energy from a battery
24	with not less than 5 kilowatt hours of capacity, the
25	amount determined under this paragraph is \$200,

1	plus \$200 for each kilowatt hour of capacity in ex-
2	cess of 5 kilowatt hours. The amount determined
3	under this paragraph shall not exceed \$2,000.
4	"(c) Application With Other Credits.—
5	"(1) Business credit treated as part of
6	GENERAL BUSINESS CREDIT.—So much of the credit
7	which would be allowed under subsection (a) for any
8	taxable year (determined without regard to this sub-
9	section) that is attributable to property of a char-
10	acter subject to an allowance for depreciation shall
11	be treated as a credit listed in section 38(b) for such
12	taxable year (and not allowed under subsection (a)).
13	"(2) Personal credit.—
14	"(A) In general.—For purposes of this
15	title, the credit allowed under subsection (a) for
16	any taxable year (determined after application
17	of paragraph (1)) shall be treated as a credit
18	allowable under subpart A for such taxable
19	year.
20	"(B) Limitation based on amount of
21	TAX.—In the case of a taxable year to which
22	section 26(a)(2) does not apply, the credit al-
23	lowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year
24	(determined after application of paragraph (1))
25	shall not exceed the excess of—

1	"(i) the sum of the regular tax liabil-
2	ity (as defined in section 26(b)) plus the
3	tax imposed by section 55, over
4	"(ii) the sum of the credits allowable
5	under subpart A (other than this section
6	and sections 23 and 25D) and section 27
7	for the taxable year.
8	"(d) Qualified Plug-In Hybrid Vehicle.—For
9	purposes of this section—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified plug-in
11	hybrid vehicle' means a motor vehicle (as defined in
12	section $30(c)(2)$ —
13	"(A) the original use of which commences
14	with the taxpayer,
15	"(B) which is acquired for use or lease by
16	the taxpayer and not for resale,
17	"(C) which is made by a manufacturer,
18	"(D) which has a gross vehicle weight rat-
19	ing of less than 14,000 pounds,
20	"(E) which has received a certificate of
21	conformity under the Clean Air Act and meets
22	or exceeds the Bin 5 Tier II emission standard
23	established in regulations prescribed by the Ad-
24	ministrator of the Environmental Protection

1	Agency under section 202(i) of the Clean Air
2	Act for that make and model year vehicle,
3	"(F) which is propelled to a significant ex-
4	tent by an electric motor which draws electricity
5	from a battery which—
6	"(i) has a capacity of not less than 4
7	kilowatt hours, and
8	"(ii) is capable of being recharged
9	from an external source of electricity, and
10	"(G) which either—
11	"(i) is also propelled to a significant
12	extent by other than an electric motor, or
13	"(ii) has a significant onboard source
14	of electricity which also recharges the bat-
15	tery referred to in subparagraph (F).
16	"(2) Exception.—The term 'qualified plug-in
17	hybrid vehicle' shall not include any vehicle which is
18	not a passenger automobile or light truck if such ve-
19	hicle has a gross vehicle weight rating of less than
20	8,500 pounds.
21	"(3) Other terms.—The terms 'passenger
22	automobile', 'light truck', and 'manufacturer' have
23	the meanings given such terms in regulations pre-
24	scribed by the Administrator of the Environmental
25	Protection Agency for purposes of the administra-

1	tion of title II of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7521
2	et seq.).
3	"(4) Battery Capacity.—The term 'capacity'
4	means, with respect to any battery, the quantity of
5	electricity which the battery is capable of storing, ex-
6	pressed in kilowatt hours, as measured from a 100
7	percent state of charge to a 0 percent state of
8	charge.
9	"(e) Limitation on Number of Qualified Plug-
10	IN HYBRID VEHICLES ELIGIBLE FOR CREDIT.—
11	"(1) In general.—In the case of a qualified
12	plug-in hybrid vehicle sold during the phaseout pe-
13	riod, only the applicable percentage of the credit oth-
14	erwise allowable under subsection (a) shall be al-
15	lowed.
16	"(2) Phaseout Period.—For purposes of this
17	subsection, the phaseout period is the period begin-
18	ning with the second calendar quarter following the
19	calendar quarter which includes the first date on
20	which the number of qualified plug-in hybrid vehicles
21	manufactured by the manufacturer of the vehicle re-
22	ferred to in paragraph (1) sold for use in the United
23	States after the date of the enactment of this sec-
24	tion, is at least 60,000.

1	"(3) Applicable Percentage.—For purposes
2	of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage is—
3	"(A) 50 percent for the first 2 calendar
4	quarters of the phaseout period,
5	"(B) 25 percent for the 3d and 4th cal-
6	endar quarters of the phaseout period, and
7	"(C) 0 percent for each calendar quarter
8	thereafter.
9	"(4) Controlled Groups.—Rules similar to
10	the rules of section 30B(f)(4) shall apply for pur-
11	poses of this subsection.
12	"(f) Special Rules.—
13	"(1) Basis reduction.—The basis of any
14	property for which a credit is allowable under sub-
15	section (a) shall be reduced by the amount of such
16	credit (determined without regard to subsection (c)).
17	"(2) Recapture.—The Secretary shall, by reg-
18	ulations, provide for recapturing the benefit of any
19	credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to
20	any property which ceases to be property eligible for
21	such credit.
22	"(3) Property used outside united
23	STATES, ETC., NOT QUALIFIED.—No credit shall be
24	allowed under subsection (a) with respect to any
25	property referred to in section 50(b)(1) or with re-

1	spect to the portion of the cost of any property
2	taken into account under section 179.
3	"(4) Election not to take credit.—No
4	credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any
5	vehicle if the taxpayer elects to not have this section
6	apply to such vehicle.
7	"(5) Property used by tax-exempt entity;
8	INTERACTION WITH AIR QUALITY AND MOTOR VEHI-
9	CLE SAFETY STANDARDS.—Rules similar to the rules
10	of paragraphs (6) and (10) of section 30B(h) shall
11	apply for purposes of this section.".
12	(b) Plug-In Vehicles Not Treated as New
13	QUALIFIED HYBRID VEHICLES.—Section 30B(d)(3) is
14	amended by adding at the end the following new subpara-
15	graph:
16	"(D) Exclusion of plug-in vehicles.—
17	Any vehicle with respect to which a credit is al-
18	lowable under section 30D (determined without
19	regard to subsection (c) thereof) shall not be
20	taken into account under this section.".
21	(e) Credit Made Part of General Business
22	CREDIT.—Section 38(b) is amended—
23	(1) 1 '1' 1 1 '4
دے	(1) by striking "and" each place it appears at

1	(2) by striking "plus" each place it appears at
2	the end of any paragraph,
3	(3) by striking the period at the end of para-
4	graph (31) and inserting ", plus", and
5	(4) by adding at the end the following new
6	paragraph:
7	"(32) the portion of the plug-in hybrid vehicle
8	credit to which section $30D(c)(1)$ applies.".
9	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
10	(1)(A) Section 24(b)(3)(B), as amended by this
11	Act, is amended by striking "and 25D" and insert-
12	ing "25D, and 30D".
13	(B) Section 25(e)(1)(C)(ii) is amended by in-
14	serting "30D," after "25D,".
15	(C) Section 25B(g)(2), as amended by this Act,
16	is amended by striking "and 25D" and inserting ",
17	25D, and 30D".
18	(D) Section 26(a)(1), as amended by this Act,
19	is amended by striking "and 25D" and inserting
20	"25D, and 30D".
21	(E) Section 1400C(d)(2) is amended by striking
22	"and 25D" and inserting "25D, and 30D".
23	(2) Section 1016(a) is amended by striking
24	"and" at the end of paragraph (36), by striking the
25	period at the end of paragraph (37) and inserting ",

1	and", and by adding at the end the following new
2	paragraph:
3	"(38) to the extent provided in section
4	30D(f)(1).''.
5	(3) Section 6501(m) is amended by inserting
6	"30D(f)(4)," after "30C(e)(5),".
7	(4) The table of sections for subpart B of part
8	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by add-
9	ing at the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 30D. Plug-in hybrid vehicles.".
10	(e) Treatment of Alternative Motor Vehicle
11	CREDIT AS A PERSONAL CREDIT.—
12	(1) In General.—Paragraph (2) of section
13	30B(g) is amended to read as follows:
14	"(2) Personal Credit.—The credit allowed
15	under subsection (a) for any taxable year (after ap-
16	plication of paragraph (1)) shall be treated as a
17	credit allowable under subpart A for such taxable
18	year.".
19	(2) Conforming amendments.—
20	(A) Subparagraph (A) of section 30C(d)(2)
21	is amended by striking "sections 27, 30, and
22	30B" and inserting "sections 27 and 30".
23	(B) Paragraph (3) of section 55(e) is
24	amended by striking "30B(g)(2),".
25	(f) Effective Date.—

1	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
2	vided in this subsection, the amendments made by
3	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning
4	after December 31, 2007.
5	(2) Treatment of alternative motor ve-
6	HICLE CREDIT AS PERSONAL CREDIT.—The amend-
7	ments made by subsection (e) shall apply to taxable
8	years beginning after December 31, 2006.
9	(g) APPLICATION OF EGTRRA SUNSET.—The
10	amendment made by subsection (d)(1)(A) shall be subject
11	to title IX of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Rec-
12	onciliation Act of 2001 in the same manner as the provi-
10	oins of one ob Ant to onlink one ob any order of solution
13	sion of such Act to which such amendment relates.
13 14	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTER-
14	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTER-
14 15	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTER- NATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROP-
14151617	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTER- NATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROP- ERTY CREDIT.
14151617	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTER- NATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROP- ERTY CREDIT. (a) Increase in Credit Amount.—Section 30C
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY CREDIT. (a) Increase in Credit Amount.—Section 30C (relating to alternative fuel vehicle refueling property cred-
141516171819	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY CREDIT. (a) Increase in Credit Amount.—Section 30C (relating to alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY CREDIT. (a) Increase in Credit Amount.—Section 30C (relating to alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit) is amended— (1) by striking "30 percent" in subsection (a)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY CREDIT. (a) Increase in Credit Amount.—Section 30C (relating to alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit) is amended— (1) by striking "30 percent" in subsection (a) and inserting "50 percent", and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 10102. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ALTER- NATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROP- ERTY CREDIT. (a) Increase in Credit Amount.—Section 30C (relating to alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit) is amended— (1) by striking "30 percent" in subsection (a) and inserting "50 percent", and (2) by striking "\$30,000" in subsection (b)(1)

1	ing "December 31, 2009" and inserting "December 31,
2	2010".
3	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
4	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years
6	ending after such date.
7	SEC. 10103. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF CREDITS
8	FOR BIODIESEL AND RENEWABLE DIESEL.
9	(a) In General.—Sections 40A(g), 6426(c)(6), and
10	6427(e)(5)(B) are each amended by striking "December
11	31, 2008" and inserting "December 31, 2010".
12	(b) Uniform Treatment of Diesel Produced
13	From Biomass.—Paragraph (3) of section 40A(f) is
14	amended—
15	(1) by striking "using a thermal
16	depolymerization process", and
17	(2) by striking "or D396" in subparagraph (B)
18	and inserting "or other equivalent standard ap-
19	proved by the Secretary for fuels to be used in die-
20	sel-powered highway vehicles".
21	(c) Effective Date.—
22	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
23	graph (2), the amendments made by this section
24	shall apply to fuel produced, and sold or used, after
25	the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	(2) Uniform treatment of diesel pro-
2	DUCED FROM BIOMASS.—The amendments made by
3	subsection (b) shall apply to fuel produced, and sold
4	or used, after the date which is 30 days after the
5	date of the enactment of this Act.
6	SEC. 10104. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION OF CELLULOSIC AL-
7	соног.
8	(a) In General.—Subsection (b) of section 40 is
9	amended by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6)
10	and by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new
11	paragraph:
12	"(5) Cellulosic alcohol fuel producer
13	CREDIT.—
14	"(A) In general.—The cellulosic alcohol
15	fuel producer credit of any cellulosic alcohol fuel
16	producer for any taxable year is 50 cents for
17	each gallon of qualified cellulosic fuel produc-
18	tion of such producer.
19	"(B) Qualified cellulosic fuel pro-
20	DUCTION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
21	term 'qualified cellulosic fuel production' means
22	any cellulosic alcohol which is produced by a
23	cellulosic alcohol fuel producer, and which dur-
24	ing the taxable year—

1	"(i) is sold by such producer to an-
2	other person—
3	"(I) for use by such other person
4	in the production of a qualified mix-
5	ture in such other person's trade or
6	business (other than casual off-farm
7	production),
8	"(II) for use by such other per-
9	son as a fuel in a trade or business,
10	or
11	"(III) who sells such alcohol at
12	retail to another person and places
13	such alcohol in the fuel tank of such
14	other person, or
15	"(ii) is used or sold by such producer
16	for any purpose described in clause (i).
17	"(C) Cellulosic Alcohol.—For pur-
18	poses of this paragraph, the term 'cellulosic al-
19	cohol' means any alcohol which—
20	"(i) is produced in the United States
21	for use as a fuel in the United States, and
22	"(ii) is derived from any
23	lignocellulosic or hemicellulosic matter that
24	is available on a renewable or recurring
25	basis.

1	For purposes of this subparagraph, the term
2	'United States' includes any possession of the
3	United States.
4	"(D) CELLULOSIC ALCOHOL FUEL PRO-
5	DUCER.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
6	term 'cellulosic alcohol fuel producer' means
7	any person who produces cellulosic alcohol in a
8	trade or business and is registered with the
9	Secretary as a cellulosic alcohol fuel producer.
10	"(E) Additional distillation ex-
11	CLUDED.—The qualified cellulosic fuel produc-
12	tion of any producer for any taxable year shall
13	not include any alcohol which is purchased by
14	the producer and with respect to which such
15	producer increases the proof of the alcohol by
16	additional distillation.".
17	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
18	(1) Subsection (a) of section 40 is amended by
19	striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (1), by
20	striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (2), by
21	striking the period at the end of paragraph (3) and
22	inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the fol-
23	lowing new paragraph:
24	"(4) in the case of a cellulosic alcohol fuel pro-
25	ducer, the cellulosic alcohol fuel producer credit.".

1	(2) Clause (ii) of section 40(d)(3)(C) is amend-
2	ed by striking "subsection (b)(4)(B)" and inserting
3	"paragraph (4)(B) or (5)(B) of subsection (b)".
4	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
5	this section shall apply to alcohol produced after December
6	31, 2007.
7	SEC. 10105. EXTENSION OF TRANSPORTATION FRINGE BEN-
8	EFIT TO BICYCLE COMMUTERS.
9	(a) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section 132(f)
10	(relating to general rule for qualified transportation
11	fringe) is amended by adding at the end the following:
12	"(D) Any qualified bicycle commuting re-
13	imbursement.".
14	(b) Limitation on Exclusion.—Paragraph (2) of
15	section 132(f) is amended by striking "and" at the end
16	of subparagraph (A), by striking the period at the end
17	of subparagraph (B) and inserting ", and", and by adding
18	at the end the following new subparagraph:
19	"(C) the applicable annual limitation in
20	the case of any qualified bicycle commuting re-
21	imbursement.".
22	(c) Definitions.—Paragraph (5) of section 132(f)
23	(relating to definitions) is amended by adding at the end
24	the following:

1	"(F) Definitions related to bicycle
2	COMMUTING REIMBURSEMENT.—
3	"(i) Qualified bicycle commuting
4	REIMBURSEMENT.—The term 'qualified bi-
5	cycle commuting reimbursement' means,
6	with respect to any calendar year, any em-
7	ployer reimbursement during the 15-month
8	period beginning with the first day of such
9	calendar year for reasonable expenses in-
10	curred by the employee during such cal-
11	endar year for the purchase of a bicycle
12	and bicycle improvements, repair, and stor-
13	age, if such bicycle is regularly used for
14	travel between the employee's residence
15	and place of employment.
16	"(ii) Applicable annual limita-
17	TION.—The term 'applicable annual limita-
18	tion' means, with respect to any employee
19	for any calendar year, the product of \$20
20	multiplied by the number of qualified bicy-
21	cle commuting months during such year.
22	"(iii) Qualified bicycle com-
23	MUTING MONTH.—The term 'qualified bi-
24	cycle commuting month' means, with re-

1	spect to any employee, any month during
2	which such employee—
3	"(I) regularly uses the bicycle for
4	a substantial portion of the travel be-
5	tween the employee's residence and
6	place of employment, and
7	"(II) does not receive any benefit
8	described in subparagraph (A), (B),
9	or (C) of paragraph (1).".
10	(d) Constructive Receipt of Benefit.—Para-
11	graph (4) of section 132(f) is amended by inserting
12	"(other than a qualified bicycle commuting reimburse-
13	ment)" after "qualified transportation fringe".
14	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
15	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
16	December 31, 2007.
17	SEC. 10106. MODIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON AUTO-
18	MOBILE DEPRECIATION.
19	(a) In General.—Paragraph (5) of section 280F(d)
20	(defining passenger automobile) is amended to read as fol-
21	lows:
22	"(5) Passenger automobile.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
24	subparagraph (B), the term 'passenger auto-
25	mobile' means any 4-wheeled vehicle—

1	"(i) which is primarily designed or
2	which can be used to carry passengers over
3	public streets, roads, or highways (except
4	any vehicle operated exclusively on a rail or
5	rails), and
6	"(ii) which is rated at not more than
7	14,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.
8	"(B) Exceptions.—The term 'passenger
9	automobile' shall not include—
10	"(i) any exempt-design vehicle, and
11	"(ii) any exempt-use vehicle.
12	"(C) EXEMPT-DESIGN VEHICLE.—The
13	term 'exempt-design vehicle' means—
14	"(i) any vehicle which, by reason of its
15	nature or design, is not likely to be used
16	more than a de minimis amount for per-
17	sonal purposes, and
18	"(ii) any vehicle—
19	"(I) which is designed to have a
20	seating capacity of more than 9 per-
21	sons behind the driver's seat,
22	"(II) which is equipped with a
23	cargo area of at least 5 feet in interior
24	length which is an open area or is de-
25	signed for use as an open area but is

1	enclosed by a cap and is not readily
2	accessible directly from the passenger
3	compartment, or
4	"(III) has an integral enclosure,
5	fully enclosing the driver compartment
6	and load carrying device, does not
7	have seating rearward of the driver's
8	seat, and has no body section pro-
9	truding more than 30 inches ahead of
10	the leading edge of the windshield.
11	"(D) Exempt-use vehicle.—The term
12	'exempt-use vehicle' means—
13	"(i) any ambulance, hearse, or com-
14	bination ambulance-hearse used by the tax-
15	payer directly in a trade or business,
16	"(ii) any vehicle used by the taxpayer
17	directly in the trade or business of trans-
18	porting persons or property for compensa-
19	tion or hire, and
20	"(iii) any truck or van if substantially
21	all of the use of such vehicle by the tax-
22	payer is directly in—
23	"(I) a farming business (within
24	the meaning of section 263A(e)(4)),

1	"(II) the transportation of a sub-
2	stantial amount of equipment, sup-
3	plies, or inventory, or
4	"(III) the moving or delivery of
5	property which requires substantial
6	cargo capacity.
7	"(E) Recapture.—In the case of any ve-
8	hicle which is not a passenger automobile by
9	reason of being an exempt-use vehicle, if such
10	vehicle ceases to be an exempt-use vehicle in
11	any taxable year after the taxable year in which
12	such vehicle is placed in service, a rule similar
13	to the rule of subsection (b) shall apply.".
14	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 179(b) (re-
15	lating to limitations) is amended by striking paragraph
16	(6).
17	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
18	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
19	December 31, 2007.
20	SEC. 10107. RESTRUCTURING OF NEW YORK LIBERTY ZONE
21	TAX CREDITS.
22	(a) In General.—Part I of subchapter Y of chapter
23	1 is amended by redesignating section 1400L as section
24	1400K and by adding at the end the following new section:

1	"SEC. 1400L. NEW YORK LIBERTY ZONE TAX CREDITS.
2	"(a) In General.—In the case of a New York Lib-
3	erty Zone governmental unit, there shall be allowed as a
4	credit against any taxes imposed for any payroll period
5	by section 3402 for which such governmental unit is liable
6	under section 3403 an amount equal to so much of the
7	portion of the qualifying project expenditure amount allo-
8	cated under subsection (b)(3) to such governmental unit
9	for the calendar year as is allocated by such governmental
10	unit to such period under subsection (b)(4).
11	"(b) Qualifying Project Expenditure
12	Amount.—For purposes of this section—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualifying
14	project expenditure amount' means, with respect to
15	any calendar year, the sum of—
16	"(A) the total expenditures paid or in-
17	curred during such calendar year by all New
18	York Liberty Zone governmental units and the
19	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey
20	for any portion of qualifying projects located
21	wholly within the City of New York, New York,
22	and
23	"(B) any such expenditures—
24	"(i) paid or incurred in any preceding
25	calendar year which begins after the date
26	of enactment of this section, and

1	"(ii) not previously allocated under
2	paragraph (3).
3	"(2) Qualifying project.—The term 'quali-
4	fying project' means any transportation infrastruc-
5	ture project, including highways, mass transit sys-
6	tems, railroads, airports, ports, and waterways, in or
7	connecting with the New York Liberty Zone (as de-
8	fined in section 1400K(h)), which is designated as a
9	qualifying project under this section jointly by the
10	Governor of the State of New York and the Mayor
11	of the City of New York, New York.
12	"(3) General Allocation.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Governor of the
14	State of New York and the Mayor of the City
15	of New York, New York, shall jointly allocate to
16	each New York Liberty Zone governmental unit
17	the portion of the qualifying project expenditure
18	amount which may be taken into account by
19	such governmental unit under subsection (a) for
20	any calendar year in the credit period.
21	"(B) AGGREGATE LIMIT.—The aggregate
22	amount which may be allocated under subpara-
23	graph (A) for all calendar years in the credit
24	period shall not exceed \$2,000,000,000.

1	"(C) Annual Limit.—The aggregate
2	amount which may be allocated under subpara-
3	graph (A) for any calendar year in the credit
4	period shall not exceed the sum of—
5	"(i) \$169,000,000, plus
6	"(ii) the aggregate amount authorized
7	to be allocated under this paragraph for all
8	preceding calendar years in the credit pe-
9	riod which was not so allocated.
10	"(D) Unallocated amounts at end of
11	CREDIT PERIOD.—If, as of the close of the cred-
12	it period, the amount under subparagraph (B)
13	exceeds the aggregate amount allocated under
14	subparagraph (A) for all calendar years in the
15	credit period, the Governor of the State of New
16	York and the Mayor of the City of New York,
17	New York, may jointly allocate to New York
18	Liberty Zone governmental units for any cal-
19	endar year in the 5-year period following the
20	credit period an amount equal to—
21	"(i) the lesser of—
22	"(I) such excess, or
23	"(II) the qualifying project ex-
24	penditure amount for such calendar
25	year, reduced by

1	"(ii) the aggregate amount allocated
2	under this subparagraph for all preceding
3	calendar years.
4	"(4) Allocation to payroll periods.—
5	Each New York Liberty Zone governmental unit
6	which has been allocated a portion of the qualifying
7	project expenditure amount under paragraph (3) for
8	a calendar year may allocate such portion to payroll
9	periods beginning in such calendar year as such gov-
10	ernmental unit determines appropriate.
11	"(c) Carryover of Unused Allocations.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
13	graph (2), if the amount allocated under subsection
14	(b)(3) to a New York Liberty Zone governmental
15	unit for any calendar year exceeds the aggregate
16	taxes imposed by section 3402 for which such gov-
17	ernmental unit is liable under section 3403 for peri-
18	ods beginning in such year, such excess shall be car-
19	ried to the succeeding calendar year and added to
20	the allocation of such governmental unit for such
21	succeeding calendar year.
22	"(2) Reallocation.—If a New York Liberty
23	Zone governmental unit does not use an amount al-
24	located to it under subsection (b)(3) within the time
25	prescribed by the Governor of the State of New York

1	and the Mayor of the City of New York, New York,
2	then such amount shall after such time be treated
3	for purposes of subsection (b)(3) in the same man-
4	ner as if it had never been allocated.
5	"(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
6	poses of this section—
7	"(1) Credit Period.—The term 'credit period'
8	means the 12-year period beginning on January 1,
9	2008.
10	"(2) New York liberty zone govern-
11	MENTAL UNIT.—The term 'New York Liberty Zone
12	governmental unit' means—
13	"(A) the State of New York,
14	"(B) the City of New York, New York, and
15	"(C) any agency or instrumentality of such
16	State or City.
17	"(3) Treatment of funds.—Any expenditure
18	for a qualifying project taken into account for pur-
19	poses of the credit under this section shall be consid-
20	ered State and local funds for the purpose of any
21	Federal program.
22	"(4) Treatment of credit amounts for
23	PURPOSES OF WITHHOLDING TAXES.—For purposes
24	of this title, a New York Liberty Zone governmental
25	unit shall be treated as having paid to the Secretary,

1	on the day on which wages are paid to employees,
2	an amount equal to the amount of the credit allowed
3	to such entity under subsection (a) with respect to
4	such wages, but only if such governmental unit de-
5	ducts and withholds wages for such payroll period
6	under section 3401 (relating to wage withholding).
7	"(e) Reporting.—The Governor of the State of New
8	York and the Mayor of the City of New York, New York,
9	shall jointly submit to the Secretary an annual report—
10	"(1) which certifies—
11	"(A) the qualifying project expenditure
12	amount for the calendar year, and
13	"(B) the amount allocated to each New
14	York Liberty Zone governmental unit under
15	subsection (b)(3) for the calendar year, and
16	"(2) includes such other information as the
17	Secretary may require to carry out this section.
18	"(f) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary may prescribe such
19	guidance as may be necessary or appropriate to ensure
20	compliance with the purposes of this section."
21	(b) TERMINATION OF SPECIAL ALLOWANCE AND EX-
22	PENSING.—Subparagraph (A) of section 1400K(b)(2), as
23	redesignated by subsection (a), is amended by striking the
24	parenthetical therein and inserting "(in the case of non-
25	residential real property and residential rental property,

- 1 the date of the enactment of the Renewable Energy and
- 2 Energy Conservation Tax Act of 2007 or, if acquired pur-
- 3 suant to a binding contract in effect on such enactment
- 4 date, December 31, 2009)".
- 5 (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- 6 (1) Section 38(c)(3)(B) is amended by striking
- 7 "section 1400L(a)" and inserting "section
- 8 1400K(a)".
- 9 (2) Section 168(k)(2)(D)(ii) is amended by
- striking "section 1400L(c)(2)" and inserting "sec-
- 11 tion 1400K(e)(2)".
- 12 (3) The table of sections for part I of sub-
- chapter Y of chapter 1 is amended by redesignating
- the item relating to section 1400L as an item relat-
- ing to section 1400K and by inserting after such
- item the following new item:
 - "Sec. 1400L. New York Liberty Zone tax credits.".
- 17 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 18 this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment
- 19 of this Act.
- 20 PART 2—OTHER CONSERVATION PROVISIONS
- 21 SEC. 10111. QUALIFIED ENERGY CONSERVATION BONDS.
- 22 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart I of part IV of sub-
- 23 chapter A of chapter 1, as added by section 10004, is
- 24 amended by adding at the end the following new section:

	040
1	"SEC. 54C. QUALIFIED ENERGY CONSERVATION BONDS.
2	"(a) Qualified Energy Conservation Bond.—
3	For purposes of this subchapter, the term 'qualified en-
4	ergy conservation bond' means any bond issued as part
5	of an issue if—
6	"(1) 100 percent of the available project pro-
7	ceeds of such issue are to be used for one or more
8	qualified conservation purposes,
9	"(2) the bond is issued by a State or local gov-
10	ernment, and
11	"(3) the issuer designates such bond for pur-
12	poses of this section.
13	"(b) Limitation on Amount of Bonds Des-
14	IGNATED.—The maximum aggregate face amount of
15	bonds which may be designated under subsection (a) by
16	any issuer shall not exceed the limitation amount allocated
17	to such issuer under subsection (d).
18	"(c) National Limitation on Amount of Bonds
19	DESIGNATED.—There is a national qualified energy con-
20	servation bond limitation of \$3,600,000,000.
21	"(d) Allocations.—
22	"(1) In general.—The limitation applicable
23	under subsection (c) shall be allocated by the Sec-
24	retary among the States in proportion to the popu-

lation of the States.

1	"(2) Allocations to largest local gov-
2	ERNMENTS.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any
4	State in which there is a large local govern-
5	ment, each such local government shall be allo-
6	cated a portion of such State's allocation which
7	bears the same ratio to the State's allocation
8	(determined without regard to this subpara-
9	graph) as the population of such large local
10	government bears to the population of such
11	State.
12	"(B) Allocation of unused limitation
13	TO STATE.—The amount allocated under this
14	subsection to a large local government may be
15	reallocated by such local government to the
16	State in which such local government is located.
17	"(C) Large local government.—For
18	purposes of this section, the term 'large local
19	government' means any municipality or county
20	if such municipality or county has a population
21	of 100,000 or more.
22	"(3) Allocation to issuers; restriction
23	ON PRIVATE ACTIVITY BONDS.—Any allocation
24	under this subsection to a State or large local gov-
25	ernment shall be allocated by such State or large

1	local government to issuers within the State in a
2	manner that results in not less than 70 percent of
3	the allocation to such State or large local govern-
4	ment being used to designate bonds which are not
5	private activity bonds.
6	"(e) Qualified Conservation Purpose.—For
7	purposes of this section—
8	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualified con-
9	servation purpose' means any of the following:
10	"(A) Capital expenditures incurred for
11	purposes of—
12	"(i) reducing energy consumption in
13	publicly-owned buildings by at least 20
14	percent,
15	"(ii) implementing green community
16	programs, or
17	"(iii) rural development involving the
18	production of electricity from renewable
19	energy resources.
20	"(B) Expenditures with respect to research
21	facilities, and research grants, to support re-
22	search in—
23	"(i) development of cellulosic ethanol
24	or other nonfossil fuels,

1	"(ii) technologies for the capture and
2	sequestration of carbon dioxide produced
3	through the use of fossil fuels,
4	"(iii) increasing the efficiency of exist-
5	ing technologies for producing nonfossil
6	fuels,
7	"(iv) automobile battery technologies
8	and other technologies to reduce fossil fuel
9	consumption in transportation, or
10	"(v) technologies to reduce energy use
11	in buildings.
12	"(C) Mass commuting facilities and related
13	facilities that reduce the consumption of energy,
14	including expenditures to reduce pollution from
15	vehicles used for mass commuting.
16	"(D) Demonstration projects designed to
17	promote the commercialization of—
18	"(i) green building technology,
19	"(ii) conversion of agricultural waste
20	for use in the production of fuel or other-
21	wise,
22	"(iii) advanced battery manufacturing
23	technologies,
24	"(iv) technologies to reduce peak use
25	of electricity, or

1	"(v) technologies for the capture and
2	sequestration of carbon dioxide emitted
3	from combusting fossil fuels in order to
4	produce electricity.
5	"(E) Public education campaigns to pro-
6	mote energy efficiency.
7	"(2) Special rules for private activity
8	BONDS.—For purposes of this section, in the case of
9	any private activity bond, the term 'qualified con-
10	servation purposes' shall not include any expenditure
11	which is not a capital expenditure.
12	"(f) Population.—
13	"(1) In general.—The population of any
14	State or local government shall be determined for
15	purposes of this section as provided in section 146(j)
16	for the calendar year which includes the date of the
17	enactment of this section.
18	"(2) Special rule for counties.—In deter-
19	mining the population of any county for purposes of
20	this section, any population of such county which is
21	taken into account in determining the population of
22	any municipality which is a large local government
23	shall not be taken into account in determining the
24	population of such county.

1	"(g) Application to Indian Tribal Govern-
2	MENTS.—An Indian tribal government shall be treated for
3	purposes of this section in the same manner as a large
4	local government, except that—
5	"(1) an Indian tribal government shall be treat-
6	ed for purposes of subsection (d) as located within
7	a State to the extent of so much of the population
8	of such government as resides within such State,
9	and
10	"(2) any bond issued by an Indian tribal gov-
11	ernment shall be treated as a qualified energy con-
12	servation bond only if issued as part of an issue the
13	available project proceeds of which are used for pur-
14	poses for which such Indian tribal government could
15	issue bonds to which section 103(a) applies.".
16	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
17	(1) Paragraph (1) of section 54A(d), as added
18	by section 10004, is amended to read as follows:
19	"(1) QUALIFIED TAX CREDIT BOND.—The term
20	'qualified tax credit bond' means—
21	"(A) a new clean renewable energy bond,
22	Or
23	"(B) a qualified energy conservation bond,
24	which is part of an issue that meets requirements of
25	paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and (5).".

1	(2) Subparagraph (C) of section 54A(d)(2), as
2	added by section 10004, is amended to read as fol-
3	lows:
4	"(C) QUALIFIED PURPOSE.—For purposes
5	of this paragraph, the term 'qualified purpose'
6	means—
7	"(i) in the case of a new clean renew-
8	able energy bond, a purpose specified in
9	section $54B(a)(1)$, and
10	"(ii) in the case of a qualified energy
11	conservation bond, a purpose specified in
12	section $54C(a)(1)$.".
13	(3) The table of sections for subpart I of part
14	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by add-
15	ing at the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 54C. Qualified energy conservation bonds.".
16	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
17	this section shall apply to obligations issued after the date
18	of the enactment of this Act.
19	SEC. 10112. QUALIFIED RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY
20	ASSISTANCE BONDS.
21	(a) In General.—Subpart I of part IV of sub-
22	chapter A of chapter 1 (as amended by this Act) is amend-
23	ed by adding at the end the following new section:

1	"SEC. 54D. QUALIFIED RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY
2	ASSISTANCE BONDS.
3	"(a) Qualified Residential Energy Efficiency
4	Assistance Bond.—For purposes of this subchapter, the
5	term 'qualified residential energy efficiency assistance
6	bond' means any bond issued as part of an issue if—
7	"(1) 100 percent of the available project pro-
8	ceeds of such issue are to be used for 1 or more
9	qualified residential energy efficiency assistance pur-
10	poses,
11	"(2) not less than 20 percent of the available
12	project proceeds of such issue are to be used for 1
13	or more qualified low-income residential energy effi-
14	ciency assistance purposes,
15	"(3) repayments of principal and applicable in-
16	terest on financing provided by the issue are used
17	not later than the close of the 3-month period begin-
18	ning on the date the prepayment (or complete repay-
19	ment) is received to redeem bonds which are part of
20	the issue or to provide for 1 or more qualified resi-
21	dential energy efficiency assistance purposes,
22	"(4) the bond is issued by a State, and
23	"(5) the issuer designates such bond for pur-
24	poses of this section.
25	"(b) Limitation on Amount of Bonds Des-
26	IGNATED.—The maximum aggregate face amount of

1	bonds which may be designated under subsection (a) by
2	any issuer shall not exceed the limitation amount allocated
3	under subsection (d) to such issuer.
4	"(c) National Limitation on Amount of Bonds
5	Designated.—There is a national qualified energy con-
6	servation bond limitation of \$2,400,000,000.
7	"(d) Limitation Allocated Among States.—The
8	limitation under subsection (c) shall be allocated by the
9	Secretary among the States in proportion to the popu-
10	lation of the States.
11	"(e) Qualified Residential Energy Efficiency
12	Assistance Purpose.—For purposes of this section—
13	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualified resi-
14	dential energy efficiency assistance purpose' means
15	any grant or low-interest loan to acquire (including
16	reasonable installation costs)—
17	"(A) any property which meets (at a min-
18	imum) the requirements of the Energy Star
19	program and which is to be installed in a dwell-
20	ing unit,
21	"(B) any property which uses wind, solar,
22	or geothermal energy or qualified fuel cell prop-
23	erty (as defined in section $48(c)(1)$) to generate
24	electricity, or to heat or cool water, for use in

1	a dwelling unit (other than property described
2	in section $25D(e)(3)$), and
3	"(C) any improvements to a dwelling unit
4	which are made pursuant to a plan certified by
5	an energy efficiency expert that such improve-
6	ment will yield at least a 20 percent reduction
7	in total household energy consumption related
8	to heating, cooling, lighting, and appliances.
9	"(2) Geothermal Heat Pump.—Any geo-
10	thermal heat pump to provide heating or cooling in
11	a dwelling unit described in paragraph (1)(B) shall
12	be treated as described in paragraph (1)(B).
13	"(3) Dollar limitations.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Such term shall not
15	include any grant or loan for improvements de-
16	scribed in paragraph (1)(C) with respect to any
17	dwelling unit to the extent that such grant or
18	loan (when added to all other grants or loans
19	for such improvements) exceeds \$5,000.
20	"(B) Increased limitation for cer-
21	TAIN PRINCIPAL RESIDENCES.—In the case of a
22	dwelling unit which is used as a principal resi-
23	dence (within the meaning of section 121) by
24	the recipient of the grant or loan referred to in
25	subparagraph (A)—

1	"(i) subparagraph (A) shall be applied
2	by substituting '\$12,000' for '\$5,000' if
3	such grant or loan would satisfy the re-
4	quirements of paragraph (1)(A) if such
5	paragraph were applied by substituting '50
6	percent' for '20 percent', and
7	"(ii) in any case to which clause (i)
8	does not apply, subparagraph (A) shall be
9	applied by substituting '\$8,000' for
10	'\$5,000' if such grant or loan would satisfy
11	the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) if
12	such paragraph were applied by sub-
13	stituting '35 percent' for '20 percent'.
14	"(4) Low-interest loan.—The term 'low in-
15	terest loan' means any loan which charges interest
16	at a rate which does not exceed the applicable Fed-
17	eral rate in effect under section 1288(b)(1) deter-
18	mined as of the issuance of the loan.
19	"(5) Exclusion of Certain Property.—The
20	following property shall not be taken into account
21	for purposes of paragraph (1)(A):
22	"(A) Any equipment used in connection
23	with a swimming pool, hot tub, or similar prop-
24	erty.
25	"(B) Any television.

1	"(C) Any device for converting digital sig-
2	nal to analog.
3	"(D) Any DVD player.
4	"(E) Any video cassette recorder (VCR).
5	"(F) Any audio equipment.
6	"(G) Any cordless phone.
7	"(H) Any other item of property where
8	there is substantial recreational use.
9	"(f) Qualified Low-Income Residential Effi-
10	CIENCY ASSISTANCE PURPOSE.—For purposes of this sec-
11	tion—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified low-in-
13	come residential energy efficiency assistance pur-
14	pose' means any qualified residential energy effi-
15	ciency assistance purpose with respect to a dwelling
16	unit which is occupied (at the time of the grant or
17	loan) by individuals whose income is 50 percent or
18	less of area median gross income. Rules similar to
19	the rules of section 142(d)(2)(B) shall apply for pur-
20	poses of this paragraph.
21	"(2) RESTRICTION TO GRANTS.—Such term
22	shall not include any loan.
23	"(g) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
24	poses of this section—

1	"(1) APPLICABLE INTEREST.—The term 'appli-
2	cable interest' means, with respect to any loan, so
3	much of any interest on such loan which exceeds 1
4	percentage point.
5	"(2) Special rule relating to arbi-
6	TRAGE.—An issue shall not be treated as failing to
7	meet the requirements of section $54A(d)(4)(A)$ by
8	reason of any investment of available project pro-
9	ceeds in 1 or more qualified residential energy effi-
10	ciency assistance purposes.
11	"(3) Population.—The population of any
12	State or local government shall be determined as
13	provided in section 146(j) for the calendar year
14	which includes the date of the enactment of this sec-
15	tion.
16	"(4) Reporting.—
17	"(A) Reports by issuers.—Issuers of
18	qualified residential energy efficiency assistance
19	bonds shall, not later than 6 months after the
20	expenditure period (as defined in section 54A)
21	and annually thereafter until the last such bond
22	is redeemed, submit reports to the Secretary re-
23	garding such bonds, including information re-
24	garding—

1	"(i) the number and monetary value
2	of loans and grants provided and the pur-
3	poses for which provided,
4	"(ii) the number of dwelling units the
5	energy efficiency of which improved as re-
6	sult of such loans and grants,
7	"(iii) the types of property described
8	in subsection (e)(1)(A) installed as a result
9	of such loans and grants and the projected
10	energy savings with respect to such prop-
11	erty,
12	"(iv) the types of property described
13	in subsection (e)(1)(B) installed as a result
14	of such loans and grants and the projected
15	production of such property, and
16	"(v) the projected energy savings as a
17	result of such loans and grants for im-
18	provements described in subsection
19	(e)(1)(C).
20	"(B) Report to congress.—Not later
21	than 12 months after receipt of the first report
22	under subparagraph (A) and annually there-
23	after until the last such report is required to be
24	submitted, the Secretary, in consultation with
25	the Secretary of Energy and the Administrator

1	of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall
2	submit a report to Congress regarding the bond
3	program under this section, including informa-
4	tion regarding—
5	"(i) the aggregate of each category of
6	information described in subparagraph (A)
7	(including any independent assessment of
8	projected energy savings), and
9	"(ii) an estimate of the amount of
10	greenhouse gas emissions reduced as a re-
11	sult of such bond program.".
12	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
13	(1) Paragraph (1) of section 54A(d), as added
14	by section 10004 and amended by section 10111, is
15	amended by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
16	graph (A), by inserting "or" at the end of subpara-
17	graph (B), and by inserting after subparagraph (B)
18	the following new subparagraph:
19	"(C) a qualified residential energy effi-
20	ciency assistance bond,".
21	(2) Subparagraph (C) of section 54A(d)(2), as
22	added by section 10004 and amended by section
23	10111, is amended by striking "and" at the end of
24	clause (i), by striking the period at the end of clause

1	(ii) and inserting ", and , and by adding at the end
2	the following new clause:
3	"(iii) in the case of a qualified resi-
4	dential energy efficiency assistance bond, a
5	purpose specified in section 54D(a)(1).".
6	(3) The table of sections for subpart I of part
7	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this
8	Act, is amended by adding at the end the following
9	new item:
	"Sec. 54D. Qualified residential energy efficiency assistance bonds.".
10	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
11	this section shall apply to obligations issued after the date
12	of the enactment of this Act.
13	SEC. 10113. EXTENSION OF ENERGY EFFICIENT COMMER-
14	CIAL BUILDINGS DEDUCTION.
15	Subsection (h) of section 179D (relating to termi-
16	nation) is amended by striking "December 31, 2008" and
17	inserting "December 31, 2013".
18	SEC. 10114. MODIFICATIONS OF ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLI-
19	ANCE CREDIT FOR APPLIANCES PRODUCED
20	AFTER 2007.
21	(a) In General.—Subsection (b) of section 45M (re-
22	lating to applicable amount) is amended to read as follows:
23	"(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—For purposes of sub-
1	section (a)—

1	"(1) DISHWASHERS.—The applicable amount
2	is—
3	"(A) \$45 in the case of a dishwasher which
4	is manufactured in calendar year 2008 or 2009
5	and which uses no more than 324 kilowatt
6	hours per year and 5.8 gallons per cycle, and
7	"(B) \$75 in the case of a dishwasher
8	which is manufactured in calendar year 2008,
9	2009, or 2010 and which uses no more than
10	307 kilowatt hours per year and 5.0 gallons per
11	cycle (5.5 gallons per cycle for dishwashers de-
12	signed for greater than 12 place settings).
13	"(2) Clothes washers.—The applicable
14	amount is—
15	"(A) \$75 in the case of a residential top-
16	loading clothes washer manufactured in cal-
17	endar year 2008 which meets or exceeds a 1.72
18	modified energy factor and does not exceed a
19	8.0 water consumption factor,
20	"(B) \$125 in the case of a residential top-
21	loading clothes washer manufactured in cal-
22	endar year 2008 or 2009 which meets or ex-
23	ceeds a 1.8 modified energy factor and does not
24	exceed a 7.5 water consumption factor,

1	"(C) \$150 in the case of a residential or
2	commercial clothes washer manufactured in cal-
3	endar year 2008, 2009 or 2010 which meets or
4	exceeds 2.0 modified energy factor and does not
5	exceed a 6.0 water consumption factor, and
6	"(D) \$250 in the case of a residential or
7	commercial clothes washer manufactured in cal-
8	endar year 2008, 2009, or 2010 which meets or
9	exceeds 2.2 modified energy factor and does not
10	exceed a 4.5 water consumption factor.
11	"(3) Refrigerators.—The applicable amount
12	is—
13	"(A) \$50 in the case of a refrigerator
14	which is manufactured in calendar year 2008,
15	and consumes at least 20 percent but not more
16	than 22.9 percent less kilowatt hours per year
17	than the 2001 energy conservation standards,
18	"(B) \$75 in the case of a refrigerator
19	which is manufactured in calendar year 2008 or
20	2009, and consumes at least 23 percent but no
21	more than 24.9 percent less kilowatt hours per
22	year than the 2001 energy conservation stand-
23	ards,
24	"(C) \$100 in the case of a refrigerator
25	which is manufactured in calendar year 2008,

1	2009 or 2010, and consumes at least 25 per-
2	cent but not more than 29.9 percent less kilo-
3	watt hours per year than the 2001 energy con-
4	servation standards, and
5	"(D) \$200 in the case of a refrigerator
6	manufactured in calendar year 2008, 2009 or
7	2010 and which consumes at least 30 percent
8	less energy than the 2001 energy conservation
9	standards.
10	"(4) Dehumidifiers.—The applicable amount
11	is—
12	"(A) \$15 in the case of a dehumidifier
13	manufactured in calendar year 2008 that has a
14	capacity less than or equal to 45 pints per day
15	and is 7.5 percent more efficient than the appli-
16	cable Department of Energy energy conserva-
17	tion standard effective October 2012, and
18	"(B) \$25 in the case of a dehumidifier
19	manufactured in calendar year 2008 that has a
20	capacity greater than 45 pints per day and is
21	7.5 percent more efficient than the applicable
22	Department of Energy energy conservation
23	standard effective October 2012.".
24	(b) Eligible Production.—

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1	(1) Similar treatment for all appli-
2	ANCES.—Subsection (c) of section 45M (relating to
3	eligible production) is amended—
4	(A) by striking paragraph (2),
5	(B) by striking "(1) IN GENERAL" and all
6	that follows through "the eligible" and inserting
7	"The eligible", and
8	(C) by moving the text of such subsection
9	in line with the subsection heading and redesig-
10	nating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as para-
11	graphs (1) and (2), respectively.
12	(2) Modification of base period.—Para-
13	graph (2) of section 45M(c), as amended by para-
14	graph (1) of this subsection, is amended by striking
15	"3-calendar year" and inserting "2-calendar year".
16	(e) Types of Energy Efficient Appliances.—
17	Subsection (d) of section 45M (defining types of energy
18	efficient appliances) is amended to read as follows:
19	"(d) Types of Energy Efficient Appliance.—
20	For purposes of this section, the types of energy efficient
21	appliances are—
22	"(1) dishwashers described in subsection (b)(1),
23	"(2) clothes washers described in subsection
24	(b)(2),

1	"(3) refrigerators described in subsection
2	(b)(3), and
3	"(4) dehumidifiers described in subsection
4	(b)(4).".
5	(d) Aggregate Credit Amount Allowed.—
6	(1) Increase in limit.—Paragraph (1) of sec-
7	tion 45M(e) (relating to aggregate credit amount al-
8	lowed) is amended to read as follows:
9	"(1) Aggregate credit amount allowed.—
10	The aggregate amount of credit allowed under sub-
11	section (a) with respect to a taxpayer for any tax-
12	able year shall not exceed \$75,000,000 reduced by
13	the amount of the credit allowed under subsection
14	(a) to the taxpayer (or any predecessor) for all prior
15	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007.".
16	(2) Exception for certain refrigerator
17	AND CLOTHES WASHERS.—Paragraph (2) of section
18	45M(e) is amended to read as follows:
19	"(2) Amount allowed for certain refrig-
20	ERATORS AND CLOTHES WASHERS.—Refrigerators
21	described in subsection (b)(3)(D) and clothes wash-
22	ers described in subsection $(b)(2)(D)$ shall not be
23	taken into account under paragraph (1).".
24	(e) Qualified Energy Efficient Appliances.—

1	(1) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section
2	45M(f) (defining qualified energy efficient appliance)
3	is amended to read as follows:
4	"(1) Qualified energy efficient appli-
5	ANCE.—The term 'qualified energy efficient appli-
6	ance' means—
7	"(A) any dishwasher described in sub-
8	section (b)(1),
9	"(B) any clothes washer described in sub-
10	section $(b)(2)$,
11	"(C) any refrigerator described in sub-
12	section (b)(3), and
13	"(D) any dehumidifier described in sub-
14	section (b)(4).".
15	(2) Clothes Washer.—Section 45M(f)(3) (de-
16	fining clothes washer) is amended by inserting
17	"commercial" before "residential" the second place
18	it appears.
19	(3) Top-loading clothes washer.—Sub-
20	section (f) of section 45M (relating to definitions) is
21	amended by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6),
22	and (7) as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), and (8), respec-
23	tively, and by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
24	lowing new paragraph:

1	"(4) Top-loading clothes washer.—The
2	term 'top-loading clothes washer' means a clothes
3	washer which has the clothes container compartment
4	access located on the top of the machine and which
5	operates on a vertical axis.".
6	(4) Dehumidifier.—Subsection (f) of section
7	45M, as amended by paragraph (3), is amended by
8	redesignating paragraphs (6), (7), and (8) as para-
9	graphs (7), (8) and (9), respectively, and by insert-
10	ing after paragraph (5) the following new para-
11	graph:
12	"(6) Dehumidifier.—The term 'dehumidifier'
13	means a self-contained, electrically operated, and
14	mechanically refrigerated encased assembly con-
15	sisting of—
16	"(A) a refrigerated surface that condenses
17	moisture from the atmosphere,
18	"(B) a refrigerating system, including an
19	electric motor,
20	"(C) an air-circulating fan, and
21	"(D) means for collecting or disposing of
22	condensate.".
23	(5) Replacement of energy factor.—Sec-
24	tion $45M(f)(7)$, as amended by paragraph (4), is
25	amended to read as follows:

1	"(7) Modified energy factor.—The term
2	'modified energy factor' means the modified energy
3	factor established by the Department of Energy for
4	compliance with the Federal energy conservation
5	standard.".
6	(6) Gallons per cycle; water consump-
7	TION FACTOR.—Section 45M(f) (relating to defini-
8	tions) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(10) Gallons per cycle.—The term 'gallons
11	per cycle' means, with respect to a dishwasher, the
12	amount of water, expressed in gallons, required to
13	complete a normal cycle of a dishwasher.
14	"(11) Water consumption factor.—The
15	term 'water consumption factor' means, with respect
16	to a clothes washer, the quotient of the total weight-
17	ed per-cycle water consumption divided by the cubic
18	foot (or liter) capacity of the clothes washer.".
19	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
20	this section shall apply to appliances produced after De-
21	cember 31, 2007.

1	SEC. 10115. FIVE-YEAR APPLICABLE RECOVERY PERIOD
2	FOR DEPRECIATION OF QUALIFIED ENERGY
3	MANAGEMENT DEVICES.
4	(a) In General.—Section 168(e)(3)(B) (relating to
5	5-year property) is amended by striking "and" at the end
6	of clause (v), by striking the period at the end of clause
7	(vi) and inserting ", and", and by inserting after clause
8	(vi) the following new clause:
9	"(vii) any qualified energy manage-
10	ment device.".
11	(b) Definition of Qualified Energy Manage-
12	MENT DEVICE.—Section 168(i) (relating to definitions
13	and special rules) is amended by inserting at the end the
14	following new paragraph:
15	"(18) Qualified energy management de-
16	VICE.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
18	energy management device' means any energy
19	management device which is installed on real
20	property of a customer of the taxpayer and is
21	placed in service by a taxpayer who—
22	"(i) is a supplier of electric energy or
23	a provider of electric energy services, and
24	"(ii) provides all commercial and resi-
25	dential customers of such supplier or pro-

1	vider with net metering upon the request
2	of such customer.
3	"(B) Energy management device.—
4	For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term
5	'energy management device' means any time-
6	based meter and related communication equip-
7	ment which is capable of being used by the tax-
8	payer as part of a system that—
9	"(i) measures and records electricity
10	usage data on a time-differentiated basis
11	in at least 24 separate time segments per
12	day,
13	"(ii) provides for the exchange of in-
14	formation between supplier or provider and
15	the customer's energy management device
16	in support of time-based rates or other
17	forms of demand response, and
18	"(iii) provides data to such supplier or
19	provider so that the supplier or provider
20	can provide energy usage information to
21	customers electronically.
22	"(C) Net metering.—For purposes of
23	subparagraph (A), the term 'net metering'
24	means allowing customers a credit for providing
25	electricity to the supplier or provider.".

1	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
2	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
3	the date of the enactment of this Act.
4	Subtitle C—Revenue Provisions
5	PART 1—DENIAL OF OIL AND GAS TAX BENEFITS
6	SEC. 10201. DENIAL OF DEDUCTION FOR INCOME ATTRIB-
7	UTABLE TO DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF OIL,
8	NATURAL GAS, OR PRIMARY PRODUCTS
9	THEREOF.
10	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (B) of section
11	199(c)(4) (relating to exceptions) is amended by striking
12	"or" at the end of clause (ii), by striking the period at
13	the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", or", and by insert-
14	ing after clause (iii) the following new clause:
15	"(iv) the sale, exchange, or other dis-
16	position of oil, natural gas, or any primary
17	product thereof.".
18	(b) Primary Product.—Section 199(c)(4)(B) is
19	amended by adding at the end the following flush sen-
20	tence:
21	"For purposes of clause (iv), the term 'primary
22	product' has the same meaning as when used in
23	section 927(a)(2)(C), as in effect before its re-
24	peal.".

1	(c) Conforming Amendments.—Section 199(c)(4)
2	is amended—
3	(1) in subparagraph $(A)(i)(III)$ by striking
4	"electricity, natural gas," and inserting "electricity",
5	and
6	(2) in subparagraph (B)(ii) by striking "elec-
7	tricity, natural gas," and inserting "electricity".
8	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
9	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
10	December 31, 2007.
11	SEC. 10202. 7-YEAR AMORTIZATION OF GEOLOGICAL AND
12	GEOPHYSICAL EXPENDITURES FOR CERTAIN
13	MAJOR INTEGRATED OIL COMPANIES.
14	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
15	167(h)(5) (relating to special rule for major integrated oil
16	companies) is amended by striking "5-year" and inserting
17	"7-year".
18	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
19	this section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred after
20	the date of the enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 10203. CLARIFICATION OF DETERMINATION OF FOR-
22	EIGN OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION INCOME.
23	(a) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section 907(c)
	(a) IN OHNERAL. Taragraph (1) of section 501(c)
24	is amended by redesignating subparagraph (B) as sub-

1	graph (A), and by inserting after subparagraph (A) the							
2	following new subparagraph:							
3	"(B) so much of any transportation of							
4	such minerals as occurs before the fair market							
5	value event, or".							
6	(b) Fair Market Value Event.—Subsection (c) of							
7	section 907 is amended by adding at the end the following							
8	new paragraph:							
9	"(6) Fair market value event.—For pur-							
10	poses of this section, the term 'fair market value							
11	event' means, with respect to any mineral, the first							
12	point in time at which such mineral—							
13	"(A) has a fair market value which can be							
14	determined on the basis of a transfer, which is							
15	an arm's length transaction, of such mineral							
16	from the taxpayer to a person who is not re-							
17	lated (within the meaning of section 482) to							
18	such taxpayer, or							
19	"(B) is at a location at which the fair mar-							
20	ket value is readily ascertainable by reason of							
21	transactions among unrelated third parties with							
22	respect to the same mineral (taking into ac-							
23	count source, location, quality, and chemical							
24	composition).".							

1	(c) Special Rule for Certain Petroleum								
2	Taxes.—Subsection (c) of section 907, as amended by								
3	subsection (b), is amended to by adding at the end the								
4	following new paragraph:								
5	"(7) OIL AND GAS TAXES.—In the case of any								
6	tax imposed by a foreign country which is limited in								
7	its application to taxpayers engaged in oil or gas ac-								
8	tivities—								
9	"(A) the term 'oil and gas extraction taxes'								
10	shall include such tax,								
11	"(B) the term 'foreign oil and gas extrac-								
12	tion income' shall include any taxable income								
13	which is taken into account in determining such								
14	tax (or is directly attributable to the activity to								
15	which such tax relates), and								
16	"(C) the term 'foreign oil related income'								
17	shall not include any taxable income which is								
18	treated as foreign oil and gas extraction income								
19	under subparagraph (B).".								
20	(d) Conforming Amendments.—								
21	(1) Subparagraph (C) of section $907(c)(1)$, as								
22	redesignated by this section, is amended by inserting								
23	"or used by the taxpayer in the activity described in								
24	subparagraph (B)" before the period at the end.								

1	(2) Subparagraph (B) of section 907(e)(2) is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"(B) so much of the transportation of such
4	minerals or primary products as is not taken
5	into account under paragraph (1)(B),".
6	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
7	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
8	the date of the enactment of this Act.
9	PART 2—CLARIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR
10	CERTAIN FUEL CREDITS
11	SEC. 10211. CLARIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR RENEW-
12	ABLE DIESEL CREDIT.
13	(a) Coproduction With Petroleum Feed-
14	STOCK.—
15	(1) In General.—Paragraph (3) of section
16	40A(f) (defining renewable diesel) is amended by
17	adding at the end the following flush sentence:
18	"Such term does not include any fuel derived from
19	coprocessing biomass with a feedstock which is not
20	biomass. For purposes of this paragraph, the term
21	'biomass' has the meaning given such term by sec-
22	tion 45K(e)(3).".
23	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Paragraph (3)
24	of section 40A(f) is amended by striking "(as de-
25	fined in section $45K(e)(3)$ ".

1	(b) Clarification of Eligibility for Alter-								
2	NATIVE FUEL CREDIT.—								
3	(1) In general.—Subparagraph (F) of section								
4	6426(d)(2) is amended by striking "hydrocarbons"								
5	and inserting "fuel".								
6	(2) Conforming amendment.—Section 6426								
7	is amended by adding at the end the following new								
8	subsection:								
9	"(h) Denial of Double Benefit.—No credit shal								
10	be determined under subsection (d) or (e) with respect to								
11	any fuel with respect to which credit may be determined								
12	under subsection (b) or (c) or under section 40 or 40A.".								
13	(c) Effective Date.—								
14	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-								
15	graph (2), the amendments made by this section								
16	shall apply to fuel produced, and sold or used, after								
17	June 30, 2007.								
18	(2) Clarification of eligibility for al-								
19	TERNATIVE FUEL CREDIT.—The amendment made								
20	by subsection (b) shall take effect as if included in								
21	section 11113 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Ef-								
22	ficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for								
23	Users.								

1	SEC. 10212. CLARIFICATION THAT CREDITS FOR FUEL ARE
2	DESIGNED TO PROVIDE AN INCENTIVE FOR
3	UNITED STATES PRODUCTION.
4	(a) Biodiesel Fuels Credit.—Paragraph (5) of
5	section 40A(d), as added by subsection (c), is amended
6	to read as follows:
7	"(5) Limitation to biodiesel with connec-
8	TION TO THE UNITED STATES.—No credit shall be
9	determined under this section with respect to any
10	biodiesel unless—
11	"(A) such biodiesel is produced in the
12	United States for use as a fuel in the United
13	States, and
14	"(B) the taxpayer obtains a certification
15	(in such form and manner as prescribed by the
16	Secretary) from the producer of the biodiesel
17	which identifies the product produced and the
18	location of such production.
19	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'United
20	States' includes any possession of the United
21	States.".
22	(b) Excise Tax Credit.—Paragraph (2) of section
23	6426(i), as added by subsection (c), is amended to read
24	as follows:
25	"(2) Biodiesel and alternative fuels.—
26	No credit shall be determined under this section

1	with respect to any biodiesel or alternative fuel un-
2	less—
3	"(A) such biodiesel or alternative fuel is
4	produced in the United States for use as a fuel
5	in the United States, and
6	"(B) the taxpayer obtains a certification
7	(in such form and manner as prescribed by the
8	Secretary) from the producer of such biodiesel
9	or alternative fuel which identifies the product
10	produced and the location of such production.".
11	(c) Provisions Clarifying Treatment of Fuels
12	WITH NO NEXUS TO THE UNITED STATES.—
13	(1) Alcohol fuels credit.—Subsection (d)
14	of section 40 is amended by adding at the end the
15	following new paragraph:
16	"(6) Limitation to alcohol with connec-
17	TION TO THE UNITED STATES.—No credit shall be
18	determined under this section with respect to any al-
19	cohol which is produced outside the United States
20	for use as a fuel outside the United States. For pur-
21	poses of this paragraph, the term 'United States' in-
22	cludes any possession of the United States.".
23	(2) Biodiesel fuels credit.—Subsection (d)
24	of section 40A is amended by adding at the end the
25	following new paragraph:

1	"(5) Limitation to biodiesel with connec-						
2	TION TO THE UNITED STATES.—No credit shall be						
3	determined under this section with respect to any						
4	biodiesel which is produced outside the United						
5	States for use as a fuel outside the United States.						
6	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'United						
7	States' includes any possession of the United						
8	States.".						
9	(3) Excise tax credit.—						
10	(A) In General.—Section 6426, as						
11	amended by section 10211, is amended by add-						
12	ing at the end the following new subsection:						
13	"(i) Limitation to Fuels With Connection to						
14	THE UNITED STATES.—						
15	"(1) Alcohol.—No credit shall be determined						
16	under this section with respect to any alcohol which						
17	is produced outside the United States for use as a						
18	fuel outside the United States.						
19	"(2) Biodiesel and alternative fuels.—						
20	No credit shall be determined under this section						
21	with respect to any biodiesel or alternative fuel						
22	which is produced outside the United States for use						
23	as a fuel outside the United States.						
24	For purposes of this subsection, the term 'United States'						
25	includes any possession of the United States.".						

1	(B) Conforming Amendment.—Sub-
2	section (e) of section 6427 is amended by redes-
3	ignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6) and by
4	inserting after paragraph (4) the following new
5	paragraph:
6	"(5) Limitation to fuels with connection
7	TO THE UNITED STATES.—No amount shall be pay-
8	able under paragraph (1) or (2) with respect to any
9	mixture or alternative fuel if credit is not allowed
10	with respect to such mixture or alternative fuel by
11	reason of section 6426(i).".
12	(d) Effective Date.—
13	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
14	graph (2), the amendments made by this section
15	shall apply to fuel produced, and sold or used, after
16	the date of the enactment of this Act.
17	(2) Provisions clarifying treatment of
18	FUELS WITH NO NEXUS TO THE UNITED STATES.—
19	(A) In general.—Except as otherwise
20	provided in this paragraph, the amendments
21	made by subsection (c) shall take effect as if in-
22	cluded in section 301 of the American Jobs
23	Creation Act of 2004.
24	(B) Alternative fuel credits.—So
25	much of the amendments made by subsection

1	(c) as relate to the alternative fuel credit or the							
2	alternative fuel mixture credit shall take effect							
3	as if included in section 11113 of the Safe, Ac-							
4	countable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation							
5	Equity Act: A Legacy for Users.							
6	(C) RENEWABLE DIESEL.—So much of the							
7	amendments made by subsection (c) as relate to							
8	renewable diesel shall take effect as if included							
9	in section 1346 of the Energy Policy Act of							
10	2005.							
11	Subtitle D—Other Provisions							
	DADE 4 CENTED TO							
12	PART 1—STUDIES							
1213	PART 1—STUDIES SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE.							
13	SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE.							
13 14	SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE. (a) Study.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall							
13 14 15 16	SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE. (a) Study.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of							
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE. (a) STUDY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to undertake a comprehensive review of the Inter-							
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE. (a) STUDY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to undertake a comprehensive review of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to identify the types of and							
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE. (a) STUDY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to undertake a comprehensive review of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to identify the types of and specific tax provisions that have the largest effects on car-							
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 10301. CARBON AUDIT OF THE TAX CODE. (a) STUDY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to undertake a comprehensive review of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to identify the types of and specific tax provisions that have the largest effects on carbon and other greenhouse gas emissions and to estimate							
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	sec. 10301. Carbon audit of the Tax code. (a) Study.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to undertake a comprehensive review of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to identify the types of and specific tax provisions that have the largest effects on carbon and other greenhouse gas emissions and to estimate the magnitude of those effects.							
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	sec. 10301. Carbon audit of the tax code. (a) Study.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to undertake a comprehensive review of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to identify the types of and specific tax provisions that have the largest effects on carbon and other greenhouse gas emissions and to estimate the magnitude of those effects. (b) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date							

1	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is							
2	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section							
3	\$1,500,000 for the period of fiscal years 2008 and 2009.							
4	SEC. 10302. COMPREHENSIVE STUDY OF BIOFUELS.							
5	(a) Study.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in con-							
6	sultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary							
7	of Energy, and the Administrator of the Environmental							
8	Protection Agency, shall enter into an agreement with the							
9	National Academy of Sciences to produce an analysis of							
10	current scientific findings to determine—							
11	(1) current biofuels production, as well as pro-							
12	jections for future production,							
13	(2) the maximum amount of biofuels production							
14	capable on United States farmland,							
15	(3) the domestic effects of a dramatic increase							
16	in biofuels production on, for example—							
17	(A) the price of fuel,							
18	(B) the price of land in rural and subur-							
19	ban communities,							
20	(C) crop acreage and other land use,							
21	(D) the environment, due to changes in							
22	crop acreage, fertilizer use, runoff, water use,							
23	emissions from vehicles utilizing biofuels, and							
24	other factors,							
25	(E) the price of feed,							

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1	(F) the selling price of grain crops,								
2	(G) exports and imports of grains,								
3	(H) taxpayers, through cost or savings to								
4	commodity crop payments, and								
5	(I) the expansion of refinery capacity,								
6	(4) the ability to convert corn ethanol plants for								
7	other uses, such as cellulosic ethanol or biodiesel,								
8	(5) a comparative analysis of corn ethanol								
9	versus other biofuels and renewable energy sources,								
10	considering cost, energy output, and ease of imple-								
11	mentation, and								
12	(6) the need for additional scientific inquiry,								
13	and specific areas of interest for future research.								
14	(b) Report.—The National Academy of Sciences								
15	shall submit an initial report of the findings of the report								
16	required under subsection (a) to the Congress not later								
17	than 3 months after the date of the enactment of this Act,								
18	and a final report not later than 6 months after such date								
19	of enactment.								

1	PART	2—APPLIC	ATION	OF	CERTA	IN I	LABOR	
2	STA	ANDARDS	ON	PRO	JECTS	FINA	ANCED	
3	UNDER TAX CREDIT BONDS							
4	SEC. 103	11. APPLICAT	TON OF	CERTA	IN LABO	R STAN	DARDS	
5		ON PRO	JECTS F	INANC	ED UNDE	R TAX	CREDIT	
6		BONDS.						
7	Sub	ochapter IV	of chaj	pter 3	1 of title	e 40,	United	
8	States C	ode, shall ap	ply to p	rojects	financed	with t	the pro-	
9	ceeds of	any tax cre	edit bone	d (as d	lefined in	n secti	on 54A	
10	of the In	ternal Reven	ue Code	of 198	36).			