

Congress of the United States
Washington, DC 20515

September 25, 2006

The Honorable Mark McClellan, M.D., Ph.D.
Administrator
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
200 Independence Ave, SW
Washington, DC 20201

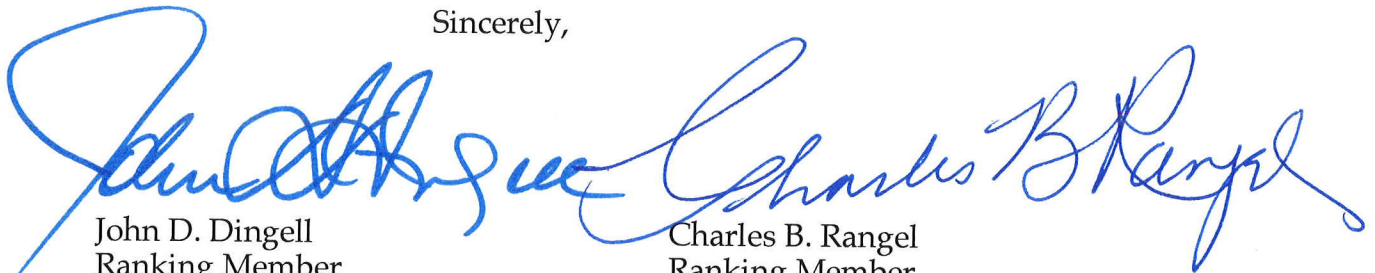
Dear Dr. McClellan:

We are writing today as a follow-up to our enclosed letter dated September 7, 2006, expressing concern about inadequate oversight of companies and individuals selling Medicare Part D prescription drug plans. As you will see in the attached advertisement, the concerns registered in our previous letter are well justified. Insurance brokers and their consultants are using substantial financial incentives to actively urge agents to steer Medicare beneficiaries to Medicare Advantage plans.

Financial incentives and high pressure sales tactics, evidenced in the advertisement, used to enroll beneficiaries in a Medicare Advantage plan will harm seniors who are not fully informed about the difference between traditional Medicare, where they can choose their doctor, and a Medicare HMO, where physician choice is limited. In addition, the advertisement clearly indicates insurance brokers are using the Medicare name to peddle a variety of unrelated financial products. If the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) fail to act, aggressive sales tactics will undoubtedly harm beneficiaries, while raising Medicare spending, by encouraging enrollment in Medicare Advantage plans.

We urge CMS to clarify before the next Medicare Part D prescription drug open enrollment season begins that these two activities are unacceptable and prohibited by individuals and companies selling private coverage under Medicare. We renew our request for a response to our September 7 letter by no later than Friday, October 6, 2006.

Sincerely,



John D. Dingell
Ranking Member
Committee on Energy and Commerce

Charles B. Rangel
Ranking Member
Committee on Ways and Means



Henry A. Waxman
Ranking Member
Committee on Government Reform



Pete Stark
Ranking Member
Committee on Ways and Means
Subcommittee on Health



Sherrod Brown
Ranking Member
Committee on Energy and Commerce
Subcommittee on Health

Attachments:



Medicare Advantage and Medicare Part D Plans

It's Medicare Season! And from *11/15/06 through 3/31/07*, millions of Medicare-eligible individuals will have the opportunity to select and/or switch plans. Show them the new 2007 plan designs, sign them up, and get paid for it.

First Year Commissions

Medicare Advantage: \$330

Prescription Drug Plan: \$70

Make It A Big Part Of Your Business

- No or low premiums so all your clients can afford it
- A cost-effective alternative to Medicare supplement
- Virtually guaranteed issue
- We now have plans in nearly every county
- JSA offers support for anything you need
- HMO/MAPD/Dual Eligible plans in some areas
- GA/MGA opportunities for qualified agencies

Cross-Selling Opportunities

No or low premiums save clients money that can be directed toward our other great senior products:

- Final Expense
- Short-Term Nursing Home / Home Care
- LTCI
- Annuities
- Life Insurance

Vested Home Office Direct Contracts

Call today for your sales kit and details about online training and certification.
Hurry! You don't want to lose business to a competitor.



2064 Allouez Avenue
Green Bay, WI 54311-6230

**Jack Schroeder and Associates, Inc.
Marketing Team**

1 (800) 236-3592

(Direct Number to our Marketing Team)

info@JSAonline.com

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Not for use as marketing material to the general public.

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

September 7, 2006

The Honorable Mark B. McClellan, M.D., PhD.
Administrator
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
200 Independence Avenue, S.W., #314-G
Washington, D.C. 20201

Dear Dr. McClellan:

We are greatly concerned about a number of issues that have come to our attention regarding the implementation of the Medicare prescription drug benefit: (1) Medicare beneficiaries being served by drug plans that do not meet either State or Federal licensure requirements; (2) preemption of States' ability to hold insurance plans accountable for the bad conduct of agents who are selling their policies; and (3) insurance agents using abusive marketing practices.

Without immediate attention to these matters, seniors and individuals with disabilities are at risk of being defrauded or losing their drug plan. Federal tax dollars are also at risk. It is fiscally imprudent and irresponsible to allow plans to participate in the Medicare program without meeting State or Federal requirements and being subject to minimal, if any, oversight. We know that you share our concern that consumers must be protected from these dangers and appreciate your attention to the questions attached to this letter.

Operating without Federal or State Licensure

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) and the final rule implementing this Act allow the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to grant waivers of State licensure requirements for prescription drug plan (PDP) sponsors for a period of up to 36 months. This means that a prescription drug plan would not have to meet the laws of the State in which it operated regarding such items as solvency requirements during this period. In order to be eligible for a waiver, plans must demonstrate, however, that they have "submitted a fully completed application for licensure to the State" (70 *Fed. Reg.* 4551, sec. 423.410(d)).

We are concerned, however, that CMS has granted waivers to plan sponsors who had not submitted full, completed applications and were not licensed in any State or who had licensure applications returned by a State because the application was incomplete. In addition, we would expect that CMS would revoke any waivers allowing prescription drug plans to operate if their

State application has been denied. Unless CMS improves its oversight of plans and plan sponsors, private insurance companies will be selling prescription drug coverage to a particularly vulnerable segment of the population without the oversight and due diligence necessary to protect consumers. We ask that you please respond to the attached questions.

State Oversight of Insurance Producers

CMS recently took the position that State laws protecting beneficiaries against bad conduct by unscrupulous insurance agents may be preempted where these State laws would “impede” the sale of Part D plans. In particular, CMS has taken the position that State consumer protections that require insurance agents to be affiliated with the insurance plans for whom they sell policies, called “appointment,” can no longer be enforced by the State. CMS’s position essentially makes it impossible for States to hold plans accountable for the bad or inappropriate actions of someone selling insurance coverage on their behalf.

While we understand that CMS has been working with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners to find ways to refer cases of alleged agent misconduct to the State authorities responsible for regulating agents selling Medicare Part D plans, these efforts will be greatly hindered by CMS’s usurpation of State consumer protections. In order to better understand what CMS intends to do in these cases, please respond to the attached questions.

High-Pressure Sales to Elderly and Disabled Beneficiaries

We are also concerned that CMS is allowing insurance agents to sell insurance products or policies unrelated to Medicare prescription drug coverage when they visit a beneficiary under the guise of selling a Medicare Part D plan. Currently, some States prohibit insurance agents who call on prospective buyers for one purpose, from trying to sell them an unrelated product (i.e., cross-selling). For example, under some State laws, an insurance agent is typically not allowed to call on a senior to sell Part D coverage, but arrive at the home and also try to sell annuities, life insurance, or other products.

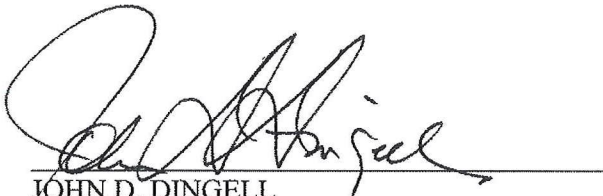
As you are no doubt aware, there are anecdotal reports that some agents have engaged in high-pressure sales tactics to sell seniors unsuitable insurance products unrelated to their Medicare coverage. We are concerned that the ability of agents to cross-sell non-Medicare products when selling Part D plans is an invitation to abuse. We would appreciate more information on the extent to which this is happening and what CMS is doing to address this problem. Questions in this regard are outlined in the attached document.

We believe that you share our concerns that consumers must be protected from financially unstable Medicare drug plans and that CMS regulations should not provide insurance agents new avenues to take advantage of seniors and individuals with disabilities. We appreciate

The Honorable Mark B. McClellan, M.D., PhD.
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your prompt attention to these matters, and ask for a response by Tuesday, September 26, 2006,
before the end of your tenure at CMS.

Sincerely,



JOHN D. DINGELL
RANKING MEMBER
COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE



HENRY A. WAXMAN
RANKING MEMBER
COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REFORM



CHARLES B. RANGEL
RANKING MEMBER
COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS



SHERROD BROWN
RANKING MEMBER
SUBCOMMITTEE ON HEALTH
COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE



PETE STARK
RANKING MEMBER
SUBCOMMITTEE ON HEALTH
COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

Attachment

cc: The Honorable Joe Barton, Chairman
Committee on Energy and Commerce

The Honorable Tom Davis, Chairman
Committee on Government Reform

The Honorable William M. Thomas, Chairman
Committee on Ways and Means

The Honorable Nathan Deal, Chairman
Subcommittee on Health, Committee on Energy and Commerce

**Questions for the Honorable Mark B. McClellan, M.D., PhD.
Administrator, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services**

Operating without Federal or State Licensure

1. For both 2006 and 2007, please provide:
 - (a) the number of Medicare Part D plans serving beneficiaries that were not licensed in any State;
 - (b) the number of Medicare Part D plans that were granted waivers of State licensure; and
 - (c) of such plans, the number that had either not submitted a fully completed application or their applications were rejected or returned by a State for being incomplete or unsuitable for licensure.
2. What steps is CMS taking to ensure that waivers are granted only to PDP sponsors who have submitted fully complete applications for State licensure, as required by the Medicare Part D final rule?
3. Does CMS have a process in place to revoke a waiver allowing a prescription drug plan to operate if it later determines that the plan's application had been denied by the State? To date, has CMS revoked or refused any waivers for plans that failed to meet State requirements?
4. What criteria is CMS applying to ensure unscrupulous prescription drug plans are not permitted to sell products without going through full State licensure review?

State Oversight of Insurance Producers

5. What is CMS doing to ensure that all complaints, whether made to a regional office, central office, Medicare hot line, prescription drug plan, or other office, get referred to the appropriate place for action? How many cases have been referred to this point? What criteria will CMS apply to determine whether a case will be referred, or will all such cases automatically be referred?
6. As a result of a decision by CMS to preempt consumer protections, how many insurance agents are selling Medicare policies in violation of the laws of their State? How many State enforcement cases against bad-acting insurance agents or plans have been stopped as a result of this CMS policy that preempts a State's ability to protect consumers?

7. If State protections relating to appointment no longer apply, how will States be able to hold insurance companies accountable for bad-acting agents that sell their policies? Will CMS take any action against Part D plans that are repeatedly found to have agents using abusive, fraudulent, or otherwise improper tactics when selling a particular plan's insurance coverage to seniors and individuals with disabilities?
8. Which other State consumer protection laws does CMS view as being preempted relating to Medicare prescription drug plans?

High-Pressure Sales to Elderly and Disabled Beneficiaries

9. Is CMS tracking the number of agents who are cross-selling non-Medicare products, such as annuities to seniors when meeting with them for the purposes of selling a Medicare drug plan?
10. Given that State oversight and enforcement of consumer protections has been weakened by CMS rules on Part D, what oversight, if any, has CMS done to protect Medicare beneficiaries from high-pressure and inappropriate marketing activities?
11. What is CMS's position on the ability of agents to conduct point-of-contact sales in pharmacies and other places of business? Allowing these types of sales may create the impression among seniors that these plans are sponsored or endorsed by the businesses in which they solicit seniors to enrolled. Furthermore, these arrangements may result in seniors being inappropriately steered into PDPs that are unsuitable for them and do not meet their prescription drug needs.