(Original Signature of Member)

109TH CONGRESS H.R. 2D Session

To promote open broadband networks and innovation, foster electronic commerce, and safeguard consumer access to online content and services.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. MARKEY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To promote open broadband networks and innovation, foster electronic commerce, and safeguard consumer access to online content and services.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 2

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the "Network Neutrality

Act of 2006". 5

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 The Congress finds the following:



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1 (1) Our Nation's economy, education, and soci-2 ety are increasingly dependent upon broadband tele-3 communications networks.

4 (2) These networks also hold the promise of advancing economic growth, job creation, and techno-5 6 logical innovation.

7 (3) As America becomes ever more reliant upon such broadband networks, unfettered access to 8 9 broadband networks to offer content and services 10 and run software applications over the Internet is 11 vital.

12 (4) The global leadership in high technology the 13 United States provides today stems directly from 14 historic policies that have ensured that telecommuni-15 cations networks are open to all lawful uses and to 16 all users.

17 (5) The Internet was enabled by those historic 18 policies and provides an open architecture medium 19 for world-wide communications, providing low bar-20 riers to entry for web-based content, applications, 21 and services.

(6) Due to recent Federal Communications Commission interpretations and court decisions, 24 these features of the Internet are no longer certain, 25 and erosion of these historic policies permits



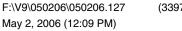
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1 broadband network owners to claim they can control 2 who can and who cannot offer content and services 3 over the Internet utilizing their broadband networks. 4 (7) The high technology economy would be se-5 verely harmed if Internet content providers cannot 6 reach without interference from consumers 7 broadband network operators. 8 (8) The overwhelming majority of residential 9 consumers take broadband service from one of only 10 two wireline providers, namely, from the cable oper-11 ator or the local telephone company. 12 (9) Broadband network operators have an eco-13 nomic interest to discriminate in favor of their own 14 services and against other online providers. 15 (10) A network neutrality policy based upon the 16 principle of nondiscrimination is essential to ensure 17 that broadband telecommunications networks, in-18 cluding the Internet, remain open to independent 19 service and content providers. 20 (11) A network neutrality policy is also essen-21 tial to give certainty to entrepreneurs, innovators, 22 investors, and others who rely upon the Internet for 23 commercial reasons. 24 (12) A network neutrality policy can also per-25 mit broadband network operators to take action to





protect network reliability, prevent spam, and thwart
 illegal uses in the same way that network operators
 have historically done so.

4 (13) Because of the vital role that broadband
5 networks and the Internet play for America's eco6 nomic growth and our First Amendment rights to
7 speak, the United States should adopt a clear policy
8 endorsing the open nature of Internet communica9 tions and freely accessible broadband networks.

10 SEC. 3. POLICY.

11 It is the policy of the United States—

(1) to maintain the freedom to use broadband
telecommunications networks, including the Internet,
without interference from network operators, as has
been the policy for Internet commerce and the basis
for user expectations since its inception;

17 (2) to ensure that the Internet, and its succes18 sors, remain a vital force in the United States econ19 omy, thereby enabling the country to preserve its
20 global leadership in online commerce and techno21 logical innovation;

(3) to preserve and promote the open and inter-connected nature of broadband networks that enableconsumers to reach, and service providers to offer,lawful content, applications, and services of their



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- choosing, using their selection of devices that do not
 harm the network;
- (4) to encourage escalating broadband transmission speeds and capabilities that reflect the evolving nature of the broadband networks, including the
 Internet, and improvements in access technology,
 which enables consumers to use and enjoy, and service providers to offer, a growing array of content,
 applications, and services;
- 10 (5) to provide for disclosure by broadband net-11 work operators of prices, terms, and conditions, and 12 other relevant information, including information 13 about the technical capabilities of broadband access 14 provided to users, to inform their choices about serv-15 ices they rely on to communicate and to detect prob-16 lems; and
- 17 (6) to ensure vigorous and prompt enforcement
 18 of this Act's requirements to safeguard and promote
 19 competition, innovation, market certainty, and con20 sumer empowerment.

21 SEC. 4. NET NEUTRALITY SAFEGUARDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Each broadband network providerhas the duty to—

(1) enable users to utilize their broadband serv-ice to access all lawful content, applications, and



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1	services available over broadband networks, includ-
2	ing the Internet;
3	(2) not block, impair, degrade, discriminate
4	against, or interfere with the ability of any person
5	to utilize their broadband service to—
6	(A) access, use, send, receive, or offer law-
7	ful content, applications, or services over
8	broadband networks, including the Internet; or
9	(B) attach any device to the provider's net-
10	work and utilize such device in connection with
11	broadband service, provided that any such de-
12	vice does not physically damage, or materially
13	degrade other subscribers' use of, the network;
14	(3) clearly and conspicuously disclose to users,
15	in plain language, accurate information about the
16	speed, nature, and limitations of their broadband
17	service;
18	(4) offer, upon reasonable request to any per-
19	son, a broadband service for use by such person to
20	offer or access unaffiliated content, applications, and
21	services;
22	(5) not discriminate in favor of itself in the al-
23	location, use, or quality of broadband services or
24	interconnection with other broadband networks;



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1 (6) offer a service such that content, applica-2 tions, or service providers can offer unaffiliated con-3 tent, applications, or services in a manner that is at 4 least equal to the speed and quality of service that the operator's content, applications, or service is 5 6 accessed and offered, and without interference or 7 surcharges on the basis of such content, applica-8 tions, or services;

9 (7)if the broadband network provider 10 prioritizes or offers enhanced quality of service to 11 data of a particular type, prioritize or offer en-12 hanced quality of service to all data of that type (re-13 gardless of the origin of such data) without imposing 14 or other consideration for surcharge such a 15 prioritization or quality of service; and

16 (8) not install network features, functions, or
17 capabilities that thwart or frustrate compliance with
18 the requirements or objectives of this section.

(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Nothing in this section shall prohibit a broadband network provider from implementing
reasonable and nondiscriminatory measures to—

(1) manage the functioning of its network, on
a systemwide basis, provided that any such management function does not result in discrimination be-



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1	tween content, applications, or services offered by
2	the provider and unaffiliated providers;
3	(2) offer varying levels of transmission speed or
4	bandwith;
5	(3) protect network security or the security of
6	a user's computer on the network;
7	(4) offer consumer protection services (such as
8	parental controls), provided that a user may refuse
9	or disable such services;
10	(5) carry or offer a cable service that requires
11	management of the network to provide enhanced
12	quality of service, provided that—
13	(A) a broadband service subscriber may
14	refuse to subscribe to, and avoid charges for,
15	such cable service while obtaining broadband
16	services from such operator; and
17	(B) such carrying or offering does not vio-
18	late any of the duties set forth in subsection
19	(a); or
20	(6) where otherwise required by law, prevent
21	any violation of Federal or State law.
22	(c) IMPLEMENTATION.—Within 180 days after the
23	date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall adopt
24	rules that—



1 (1) permit any person to complain to the Com-2 mission of anything done or omitted to be done in 3 violation of any duty, obligation, or requirement 4 under this section;

(2) provide that any complaint filed at the 5 6 Commission that alleges a violation of this section 7 shall be deemed granted unless acted upon by the 8 Commission within 90 days after its filing;

9 (3) require the Commission, upon prima facie 10 showing by a complainant of a violation of this sec-11 tion, to issue within 48 hours of the filing of any 12 such complaint, a cease-and-desist or other appro-13 priate order against the violator until the complaint 14 is fully resolved, and, if in the public interest, such 15 order may affect classes of persons similarly situated 16 to the complainant or the violator, and any such 17 order shall be in effect until the Commission resolves 18 the complaint with an order dismissing the com-19 plaint or imposing appropriate remedies to resolve 20 such complaint; and

21 (4) enable the Commission to use mediation or 22 arbitration or other means to resolve the dispute.

23 (d) ENFORCEMENT.—This section shall be enforced 24 under titles IV and V of the Communications Act of 1934 25 (47 U.S.C. 401, 501 et seq.). A violation of any provision



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of this section shall be treated as a violation of the Com munications Act of 1934, except that the warning require ments of section 503(b) shall not apply. In addition to
 imposing fines under its title V authority, the Commission
 also is authorized to issue any order, including an order
 directing a broadband network operator to pay damages
 to a complaining party.

8 (e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

9 (1) BROADBAND NETWORK PROVIDER.—The 10 term "broadband network provider" means a person 11 or entity that owns, controls, or resells, facilities 12 used in the transmission of a broadband service and 13 includes any affiliate, joint venture partner, or agent 14 of such provider.

15 (2) BROADBAND SERVICE.—The term
16 "broadband service" means a two-way transmission
17 capability that—

18 (A) enables the user to access content, ap-19 plications, and services;

(B) is delivered with or without a fee to the physical location of the user, regardless of the facilities used;

(C) includes a transport speed of at least200 kilobits per second on average in at leastone direction; and



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1	(D) permits a user to transmit or receive
2	information of their own design or choosing.
3	(3) AFFILIATE.—The term "affiliate"
4	includes—
5	(A) a person that directly or indirectly
6	owns, controls, is owned or controlled by, or is
7	under common ownership or control with, an-
8	other person; or
9	(B) a person that has a contract or other
10	arrangement with a content or service provider
11	concerning access to, or distribution of, such
12	content or services.

