# 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2547

To mandate price stability as the primary goal of the monetary policy of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal Open Market Committee.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 19, 2003

Mr. SAXTON introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

# A BILL

- To mandate price stability as the primary goal of the monetary policy of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal Open Market Committee.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Price Stability Act of5 2003".

## 6 SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.

7 The Congress hereby finds the following:

| 1  | (1) Price stability provides the essential founda-   |
|----|--|
| 2  | tion for sustainable long-run economic and employ-   |
| 3  | ment growth.   |
| 4  | (2) Price stability enables the price system (the    |
| 5  | information or signaling mechanism of market         |
| 6  | economies) to function most effectively by directing |
| 7  | resources to their most beneficial use.              |
| 8  | (3) Price stability provides a reliable anchor for   |
| 9  | the price system so that comparative values can be   |
| 10 | established and accurately measured.                 |
| 11 | (4) Price stability works to lower interest rates    |
| 12 | and stabilize financial markets.                     |
| 13 | (5) Price stability serves to promote trans-         |
| 14 | parency, accountability, and credibility in monetary |
| 15 | policy.  |
| 16 | (6) A more open and transparent formulation          |
| 17 | of monetary policy by the Board of Governors of the  |
| 18 | Federal Reserve System is, in turn, an essential in- |
| 19 | gredient for pursuing and maintaining price sta-     |
| 20 | bility.  |
| 21 | SEC. 3. PRICE STABILITY AS OVERRIDING GOAL OF MONE-  |
| 22 | TARY POLICY.   |
| 23 | (a) Declaration of Policy.—                          |
| 24 | (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other            |
| 25 | provision of law, the primary and overriding goal of |

2

1 the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-2 tem (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Board") and the Federal Open Market Committee 3 4 (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Com-5 mittee") with regard to monetary policy shall be the 6 achievement of price stability. 7 (2) PREEMINENCE OVER OTHER GOALS.—Para-8 graph (1) shall not be construed as altering or af-9 fecting any other goal of monetary policy established 10 under Federal law or by the Board except to the ex-11 tent any such goal conflicts with, or is otherwise in-12 consistent with, the goal of achieving price stability. 13 (3) TEMPORARY SUSPENSION IN EVENT OF WAR 14 OR ECONOMIC EMERGENCY.—The Board and the 15 Committee may suspend the applicability of para-16 graph (1) for a period not to exceed 90 days if the 17 Committee, by a majority vote, and the President 18 jointly determine that such suspension is necessary 19 and appropriate and in the public interest due to 20 war or an economic emergency. 21 (b) DEFINITION OF PRICE STABILITY GOAL RE-22 QUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Board and the Committee shall establish a definition of the goal of price
stability.

(2) CRITERIA.—The Board and the Committee
 shall implement the definition of price stability es tablished pursuant to paragraph (1) through infla tion targets.

5 (c) TIMEFRAME.—The Board and the Committee
6 shall specify an appropriate timeframe for achieving price
7 stability.

8 (d) FALL-BACK OPTIONS.—The Board shall deter-9 mine in advance what action the Board will take if the 10 goal of fully achieving price stability is not met within the 11 timeframe established by the Board and the Committee 12 under subsection (c).

 $\bigcirc$