

3. AN AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE IF
OFFERED BY REPRESENTATIVE SPRATT
OF SOUTH CAROLINA, OR HIS DESIGNEE,
DEBATABLE FOR 40 MINUTES.

12

**AMENDMENT (IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE)
 TO H. CON. RES. 376, AS REPORTED
 OFFERED BY MR. SPRATT OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

**1 SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET
 2 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2007.**

3 The Congress declares that this is the concurrent res-
 4 olution on the budget for fiscal year 2007, including ap-
 5 propriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2008 through
 6 2016.

**7 TITLE I—RECOMMENDED
 8 LEVELS AND AMOUNTS**

9 SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

10 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
 11 each of fiscal years 2007 through 2016:

12 (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
 13 enforcement of this resolution:

14 (A) The recommended levels of Federal
 15 revenues are as follows:

16	Fiscal	year	2007:
17	\$1,793,599,000,000		
18	Fiscal	year	2008:
19	\$1,907,776,000,000		



1	Fiscal	year	2009:
2	\$ <u>2,017,571,000,000</u>		
3	Fiscal	year	2010:
4	\$ <u>2,121,977,000,000</u>		
5	Fiscal	year	2011:
6	\$ <u>2,343,071,000,000</u>		
7	Fiscal	year	2012:
8	\$ <u>2,547,527,000,000</u>		
9	Fiscal	year	2013:
10	\$ <u>2,679,797,000,000</u>		
11	Fiscal	year	2014:
12	\$ <u>2,821,098,000,000</u>		
13	Fiscal	year	2015:
14	\$ <u>2,972,309,000,000</u>		
15	Fiscal	year	2016:
16	\$ <u>3,133,156,000,000</u>		

17 (B) The amounts by which the aggregate
 18 levels of Federal revenues should be reduced are
 19 as follows:

20	Fiscal	year	2007:
21	\$ <u>26,000,000,000</u>		
22	Fiscal	year	2008:
23	\$ <u>14,000,000,000</u>		
24	Fiscal	year	2009:
25	\$ <u>14,000,000,000</u>		



1	Fiscal	year	2010:
2	<u>\$14,000,000,000</u>		
3	Fiscal	year	2011:
4	<u>\$14,000,000,000</u>		
5	Fiscal	year	2012:
6	<u>\$14,000,000,000</u>		
7	Fiscal	year	2013:
8	<u>\$14,000,000,000</u>		
9	Fiscal	year	2014:
10	<u>\$14,000,000,000</u>		
11	Fiscal	year	2015:
12	<u>\$13,000,000,000</u>		
13	Fiscal	year	2016:
14	<u>\$13,000,000,000</u>		

(2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

18	Fiscal year 2007:	<u>\$2,298,682,000,000</u>
19	Fiscal year 2008:	<u>\$2,359,765,000,000</u>
20	Fiscal year 2009:	<u>\$2,459,406,000,000</u>
21	Fiscal year 2010:	<u>\$2,573,696,000,000</u>
22	Fiscal year 2011:	<u>\$2,700,925,000,000</u>
23	Fiscal year 2012:	<u>\$2,749,534,000,000</u>
24	Fiscal year 2013:	<u>\$2,885,177,000,000</u>
25	Fiscal year 2014:	<u>\$3,007,848,000,000</u>



1 Fiscal year 2015: \$ 3,141,006,000,000

2 Fiscal year 2016: \$ 3,314,359,000,000

3 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
4 enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
5 of total budget outlays are as follows:

6 Fiscal year 2007: \$ 2,330,929,000,000

7 Fiscal year 2008: \$ 2,381,322,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2009: \$ 2,459,918,000,000

9 Fiscal year 2010: \$ 2,564,225,000,000

10 Fiscal year 2011: \$ 2,688,269,000,000

11 Fiscal year 2012: \$ 2,723,663,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2013: \$ 2,863,331,000,000

13 Fiscal year 2014: \$ 2,985,510,000,000

14 Fiscal year 2015: \$ 3,118,637,000,000

15 Fiscal year 2016: \$ 3,298,110,000,000

16 (4) DEFICITS (ON-BUDGET).—For purposes of
17 the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of
18 the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:

19 Fiscal year 2007: \$ 537,329,000,000

20 Fiscal year 2008: \$ 473,547,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2009: \$ 442,347,000,000

22 Fiscal year 2010: \$ 442,248,000,000

23 Fiscal year 2011: \$ 345,198,000,000

24 Fiscal year 2012: \$ 176,135,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2013: \$ 183,534,000,000



1 Fiscal year 2014: \$ 164,412,000,000

2 Fiscal year 2015: \$ 146,328,000,000

3 Fiscal year 2016: \$ 164,954,000,000

4 (5) DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT.—Pursuant to
5 section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act
6 of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are
7 as follows:

8 Fiscal year 2007: \$ 9,165,000,000,000

9 Fiscal year 2008: \$ 9,750,000,000,000

10 Fiscal year 2009: \$ 10,299,000,000,000

11 Fiscal year 2010: \$ 10,846,000,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2011: \$ 11,289,000,000,000

13 Fiscal year 2012: \$ 11,575,000,000,000

14 Fiscal year 2013: \$ 11,857,000,000,000

15 Fiscal year 2014: \$ 12,120,000,000,000

16 Fiscal year 2015: \$ 12,361,000,000,000

17 Fiscal year 2016: \$ 12,607,000,000,000

18 (6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
19 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

20 Fiscal year 2007: \$ 5,311,000,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2008: \$ 5,983,000,000,000

22 Fiscal year 2009: \$ 5,806,000,000,000

23 Fiscal year 2010: \$ 6,011,000,000,000

24 Fiscal year 2011: \$ 6,102,000,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2012: \$ 6,015,000,000,000



1 Fiscal year 2013: \$ 5,925,000,000,000
 2 Fiscal year 2014: \$ 5,811,000,000,000
 3 Fiscal year 2015: \$ 5,674,000,000,000
 4 Fiscal year 2016: \$ 5,552,000,000,000

5 SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.

6 The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
 7 propriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for
 8 fiscal years 2006 through 2016 for each major functional
 9 category are:

10 (1) National Defense (050):

11 Fiscal year 2007:

12 (A) New budget authority,
 13 \$ 512,991,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$ 534,856,000,000

15 Fiscal year 2008:

16 (A) New budget authority,
 17 \$ 484,661,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$ 505,516,000,000

19 Fiscal year 2009:

20 (A) New budget authority,
 21 \$ 504,753,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$ 505,874,000,000

23 Fiscal year 2010:

24 (A) New budget authority,
 25 \$ 514,858,000,000



1 (B) Outlays, \$ 512,573,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2011:

3 (A) New budget authority,
4 \$ 525,781,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$ 524,894,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2012:

7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$ 538,838,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$ 528,111,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2013:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$ 552,025,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$ 544,786,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2014:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$ 565,541,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$ 558,050,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2015:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$ 579,657,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$ 571,880,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2016:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$ 594,030,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$ 590,776,000,000.



- 1 (2) International Affairs (150):
- 2 Fiscal year 2007:
- 3 (A) New budget authority,
- 4 \$ 31,735,000,000.
- 5 (B) Outlays, \$ 34,289,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2008:
- 7 (A) New budget authority,
- 8 \$ 34,225,000,000.
- 9 (B) Outlays, \$ 33,429,000,000.
- 10 Fiscal year 2009:
- 11 (A) New budget authority,
- 12 \$ 34,222,000,000.
- 13 (B) Outlays, \$ 33,319,000,000.
- 14 Fiscal year 2010:
- 15 (A) New budget authority,
- 16 \$ 33,943,000,000.
- 17 (B) Outlays, \$ 33,167,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2011:
- 19 (A) New budget authority,
- 20 \$ 34,382,000,000.
- 21 (B) Outlays, \$ 32,806,000,000.
- 22 Fiscal year 2012:
- 23 (A) New budget authority,
- 24 \$ 35,110,000,000.
- 25 (B) Outlays, \$ 32,577,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2013:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$ 35,926,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$ 33,075,000,000

5 Fiscal year 2014:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$ 36,795,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$ 33,761,000,000

9 Fiscal year 2015:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$ 37,623,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 34,456,000,000

13 Fiscal year 2016:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$ 38,428,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$ 35,266,000,000

17 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology

18 (250):

19 Fiscal year 2007:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$ 25,938,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$ 25,108,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2008:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$ 26,946,000,000



10

1 (B) Outlays, \$ 25,964,000,000
2 Fiscal year 2009:
3 (A) New budget authority,
4 \$ 27,943,000,000.
5 (B) Outlays, \$ 26,930,000,000.
6 Fiscal year 2010:
7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$ 29,110,000,000.
9 (B) Outlays, \$ 28,000,000,000.
10 Fiscal year 2011:
11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$ 30,339,000,000.
13 (B) Outlays, \$ 29,164,000,000.
14 Fiscal year 2012:
15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$ 30,914,000,000.
17 (B) Outlays, \$ 30,026,000,000.
18 Fiscal year 2013:
19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$ 31,471,000,000.
21 (B) Outlays, \$ 30,647,000,000.
22 Fiscal year 2014:
23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$ 32,037,000,000.
25 (B) Outlays, \$ 31,225,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2015:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$ 32,631,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$ 31,804,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2016:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$ 33,228,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$ 32,395,000,000.

9 (4) Energy (270):

10 Fiscal year 2007:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$ 2,476,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$ 949,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2008:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$ 2,688,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$ 708,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2009:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$ 2,544,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,010,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2010:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$ 2,591,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,109,000,000.



12

1 Fiscal year 2011:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$ 2,606,000,000.4 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,112,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2012:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$ 2,539,000,000.8 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,456,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2013:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$ 2,623,000,000.12 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,376,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2014:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$ 2,707,000,000.16 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,661,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2015:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ 2,792,000,000.20 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,844,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2016:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ 2,887,000,000.24 (B) Outlays, \$ 1,915,000,000.

25 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):



1 Fiscal year 2007:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$ 32,549,000,000

4 (B) Outlays, \$ 34,328,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2008:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$ 32,951,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$ 33,641,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2009:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$ 34,243,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 34,469,000,000

13 Fiscal year 2010:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$ 34,913,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$ 35,166,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2011:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ 35,359,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 35,592,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2012:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ 36,361,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 36,442,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2013:



1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 37,229,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 37,215,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2014:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 38,107,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 37,973,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2015:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 39,058,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 38,777,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2016:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 40,298,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 39,922,000,000.

16 (6) Agriculture (350):

17 Fiscal year 2007:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ 27,546,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 26,819,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2008:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ 25,577,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 24,739,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 24,949,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 24,182,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2010:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 23,905,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 23,048,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2011:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 23,621,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 22,857,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2012:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 23,434,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 22,735,000,000

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,

18 \$ 23,213,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$ 22,527,000,000

20 Fiscal year 2014:

21 (A) New budget authority,

22 \$ 23,147,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$ 22,485,000,000

24 Fiscal year 2015:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 22,284,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 21,648,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2016:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 22,410,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 21,758,000,000.

8 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):

9 Fiscal year 2007:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$ 16,698,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 8,073,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2008:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$ 13,958,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$ 8,353,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2009:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$ 13,315,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 8,052,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2010:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$ 17,061,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 9,093,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2011:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 13,168,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 6,040,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2012:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 13,396,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 5,973,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2013:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 13,500,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 5,603,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2014:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 13,601,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 4,964,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2015:

17 (A) New budget authority,

18 \$ 13,799,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$ 4,706,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2016:

21 (A) New budget authority,

22 \$ 13,922,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$ 4,592,000,000.

24 (8) Transportation (400):

25 Fiscal year 2007:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 80,547,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 76,316,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2008:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 83,069,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 78,827,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2009:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$ 75,081,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 79,287,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2010:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$ 75,886,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 80,019,000,000

16 Fiscal year 2011:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$ 76,690,000,000

19 (B) Outlays, \$ 81,168,000,000

20 Fiscal year 2012:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$ 77,515,000,000

23 (B) Outlays, \$ 82,531,000,000

24 Fiscal year 2013:



19

1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 78,361,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 84,060,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2014:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 79,238,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 85,652,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2015:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 80,164,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 87,783,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2016:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 81,109,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 89,530,000,000

16 (9) Community and Regional Development

17 (450):

18 Fiscal year 2007:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$ 16,363,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$ 31,349,000,000

22 Fiscal year 2008:

23 (A) New budget authority,

24 \$ 13,673,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$ 25,518,000,000



1 Fiscal year 2009:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$ 13,951,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$ 22,005,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2010:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$ 14,224,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$ 18,481,000,000

9 Fiscal year 2011:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$ 14,494,000,000

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 14,393,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2012:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$ 14,779,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$ 14,076,000,000

17 Fiscal year 2013:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ 15,074,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 14,375,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2014:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ 15,365,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 14,666,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2015:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 15,674,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 14,959,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2016:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 15,980,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 15,296,000,000

8 (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
9 Social Services (500):

10 Fiscal year 2007:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$ 90,774,000,000

13 (B) Outlays, \$ 91,065,000,000

14 Fiscal year 2008:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$ 91,492,000,000

17 (B) Outlays, \$ 89,579,000,000

18 Fiscal year 2009:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$ 93,275,000,000

21 (B) Outlays, \$ 90,659,000,000

22 Fiscal year 2010:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$ 95,237,000,000

25 (B) Outlays, \$ 92,524,000,000



1 Fiscal year 2011:
2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$ 95,890,000,000
4 (B) Outlays, \$ 94,307,000,000
5 Fiscal year 2012:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$ 97,126,000,000
8 (B) Outlays, \$ 94,816,000,000
9 Fiscal year 2013:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$ 98,372,000,000
12 (B) Outlays, \$ 96,074,000,000
13 Fiscal year 2014:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$ 99,885,000,000
16 (B) Outlays, \$ 97,581,000,000
17 Fiscal year 2015:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$ 101,355,000,000
20 (B) Outlays, \$ 99,012,000,000
21 Fiscal year 2016:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$ 102,811,000,000
24 (B) Outlays, \$ 100,459,000,000
25 (11) Health (550):



1 Fiscal year 2007:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$ 277,009,000,000

4 (B) Outlays, \$ 274,711,000,000

5 Fiscal year 2008:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$ 293,454,000,000

8 (B) Outlays, \$ 293,003,000,000

9 Fiscal year 2009:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$ 314,496,000,000

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 311,811,000,000

13 Fiscal year 2010:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$ 332,644,000,000

16 (B) Outlays, \$ 331,249,000,000

17 Fiscal year 2011:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ 354,558,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 352,587,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2012:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ 377,770,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 375,314,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2013:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 403,232,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 400,466,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2014:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 430,683,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 427,732,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2015:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$ 460,378,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 457,224,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2016:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$ 492,667,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 489,380,000,000

16 (12) Medicare (570):

17 Fiscal year 2007:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$ 382,955,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 388,413,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2008:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$ 413,820,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 413,815,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 444,052,000,000
3 (B) Outlays, \$ 443,684,000,000
4 Fiscal year 2010:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 473,989,000,000
7 (B) Outlays, \$ 474,196,000,000
8 Fiscal year 2011:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$ 524,509,000,000
11 (B) Outlays, \$ 524,498,000,000
12 Fiscal year 2012:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$ 527,728,000,000
15 (B) Outlays, \$ 527,316,000,000
16 Fiscal year 2013:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$ 588,674,000,000
19 (B) Outlays, \$ 588,882,000,000
20 Fiscal year 2014:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$ 637,861,000,000
23 (B) Outlays, \$ 637,832,000,000
24 Fiscal year 2015:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 692,503,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 691,980,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2016:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 778,449,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 778,642,000,000

8 (13) Income Security (600):

9 Fiscal year 2007:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$ 358,606,000,000

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 363,159,000,000

13 Fiscal year 2008:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$ 373,318,000,000

16 (B) Outlays, \$ 376,098,000,000

17 Fiscal year 2009:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$ 385,726,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 387,538,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2010:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$ 397,837,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 398,691,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2011:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 413,602,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 413,948,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2012:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 400,150,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 399,943,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2013:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$ 415,125,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 415,175,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2014:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$ 426,333,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 426,726,000,000

16 Fiscal year 2015:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$ 437,450,000,000

19 (B) Outlays, \$ 438,186,000,000

20 Fiscal year 2016:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$ 453,901,000,000

23 (B) Outlays, \$ 454,986,000,000

24 (14) Social Security (650):

25 Fiscal year 2007:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 16,922,000,000
3 (B) Outlays, \$ 16,922,000,000
4 Fiscal year 2008:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 18,814,000,000
7 (B) Outlays, \$ 18,814,000,000
8 Fiscal year 2009:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$ 20,694,000,000
11 (B) Outlays, \$ 20,694,000,000
12 Fiscal year 2010:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$ 22,866,000,000
15 (B) Outlays, \$ 22,866,000,000
16 Fiscal year 2011:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$ 26,480,000,000
19 (B) Outlays, \$ 26,480,000,000
20 Fiscal year 2012:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$ 29,423,000,000
23 (B) Outlays, \$ 29,423,000,000
24 Fiscal year 2013:



1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 32,168,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 32,168,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2014:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 35,122,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 35,122,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2015:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 38,362,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 38,362,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2016:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 42,048,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 42,048,000,000

16 (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):

17 Fiscal year 2007:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ 74,627,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 73,944,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2008:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ 76,984,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 77,251,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 79,240,000,000
3 (B) Outlays, \$ 79,038,000,000
4 Fiscal year 2010:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 81,348,000,000
7 (B) Outlays, \$ 81,053,000,000
8 Fiscal year 2011:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$ 86,392,000,000
11 (B) Outlays, \$ 86,051,000,000
12 Fiscal year 2012:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$ 83,089,000,000
15 (B) Outlays, \$ 82,679,000,000
16 Fiscal year 2013:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$ 88,438,000,000
19 (B) Outlays, \$ 88,016,000,000
20 Fiscal year 2014:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$ 90,784,000,000
23 (B) Outlays, \$ 90,395,000,000
24 Fiscal year 2015:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ 93,256,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 92,813,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2016:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ 99,303,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 99,030,000,000.

8 (16) Administration of Justice (750):

9 Fiscal year 2007:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$ 42,858,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 43,683,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2008:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$ 42,899,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$ 43,573,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2009:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$ 43,615,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 43,874,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2010:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$ 44,744,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 44,654,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2011:



1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 45,909,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 45,521,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2012:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 47,116,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 46,722,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2013:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 48,334,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 47,905,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2014:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 49,606,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 49,173,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2015:

17 (A) New budget authority,

18 \$ 53,865,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$ 53,426,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2016:

21 (A) New budget authority,

22 \$ 55,571,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$ 55,121,000,000.

24 (17) General Government (800):

25 Fiscal year 2007:



33

1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 19,376,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 19,135,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2008:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 19,003,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 18,921,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2009:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 19,573,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 19,188,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2010:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 20,139,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 19,738,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2011:

17 (A) New budget authority,

18 \$ 20,655,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$ 20,290,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2012:

21 (A) New budget authority,

22 \$ 21,343,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$ 21,118,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2013:



34

1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 22,064,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 21,635,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2014:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 22,789,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 22,326,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2015:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 23,566,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ 23,129,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2016:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 24,338,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ 24,077,000,000

16 (18) Net Interest (900):

17 Fiscal year 2007:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ 353,539,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ 353,539,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2008:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ 383,537,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ 383,537,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2009:



35

1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 406,539,000,0003 (B) Outlays, \$ 406,539,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2010:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 429,566,000,0007 (B) Outlays, \$ 429,566,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2011:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ 450,328,000,00011 (B) Outlays, \$ 450,328,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2012:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ 465,156,000,00015 (B) Outlays, \$ 465,156,000,000

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,

18 \$ 475,823,000,00019 (B) Outlays, \$ 475,823,000,000

20 Fiscal year 2014:

21 (A) New budget authority,

22 \$ 487,343,000,00023 (B) Outlays, \$ 487,343,000,000

24 Fiscal year 2015:



36

1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ 498,585,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ 498,585,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2016:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ 508,349,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ 508,349,000,000

8 (19) Allowances (920):

9 Fiscal year 2007:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$ 4,348,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$ 3,696,000,000

13 Fiscal year 2008:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$ -2,397,000,000

16 (B) Outlays, \$ -1,385,000,000

17 Fiscal year 2009:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$ -4,325,000,000

20 (B) Outlays, \$ -4,036,000,000

21 Fiscal year 2010:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$ -4,390,000,000

24 (B) Outlays, \$ -4,380,000,000

25 Fiscal year 2011:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$ -4,554,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ -4,529,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2012:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$ -1,150,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ -1,661,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2013:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$ -1,140,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$ -1,142,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2014:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$ -1,130,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$ -1,132,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2015:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$ -1,120,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$ -1,122,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2016:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$ -1,110,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$ -1,112,000,000.

24 (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):

25 Fiscal year 2007:



1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ -68,585,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ -69,427,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2008:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ -68,727,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ -68,399,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2009:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ -74,480,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ -74,199,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2010:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ -66,775,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ -66,588,000,000

16 Fiscal year 2011:

17 (A) New budget authority,

18 \$ -69,284,000,000

19 (B) Outlays, \$ -69,247,000,000

20 Fiscal year 2012:

21 (A) New budget authority,

22 \$ -71,103,000,000

23 (B) Outlays, \$ -71,094,000,000

24 Fiscal year 2013:



1 (A) New budget authority,

2 \$ -75,335,000,000

3 (B) Outlays, \$ -75,335,000,000

4 Fiscal year 2014:

5 (A) New budget authority,

6 \$ -77,966,000,000

7 (B) Outlays, \$ -77,966,000,000

8 Fiscal year 2015:

9 (A) New budget authority,

10 \$ -80,876,000,000

11 (B) Outlays, \$ -80,876,000,000

12 Fiscal year 2016:

13 (A) New budget authority,

14 \$ -84,260,000,000

15 (B) Outlays, \$ -84,260,000,000

16 **TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS**

17 **SEC. 201. RESERVE FUND TO ADDRESS MEDICARE ADVAN-**

18 **TAGE OVERPAYMENTS AND IMPROVE THE**

19 **MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—In the House, if the Committee
21 on Ways and Means or the Committee on Energy and
22 Commerce reports a bill or joint resolution, or if an
23 amendment thereto is offered or a conference report there-
24 on is submitted, that provides for a reduction in new budg-
25 etary authority and outlays under part C of title XVIII



1 of the Social Security Act (Medicare Advantage), includ-
2 ing elimination of the Medicare Advantage Regional Plan
3 Stabilization Fund, or through authority to negotiate pre-
4 scription drug prices, or both, and that provides for new
5 budget authority in a corresponding amount through au-
6 thority to improve the Medicare prescription drug benefit
7 described in subsection (b), to the extent that the com-
8 bined effect would not increase the deficit for fiscal year
9 2007 and for the period of fiscal years 2007 through
10 2016, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall
11 revise the appropriate budgetary aggregates and alloca-
12 tions of new budget authority and outlays to take into ac-
13 count the budgetary effects of such measures for such pur-
14 poses.

15 (b) AUTHORITY DEFINED.—For purposes of sub-
16 section (a), the authority described in this section may in-
17 clude any of the following:

18 (1) Reductions in beneficiary cost-sharing, in-
19 cluding partial or complete elimination of the donut
20 hole.

21 (2) Minimum standard transition coverage for
22 new enrollees, or enrollees changing prescription
23 drug plans.



1 (3) Prohibition of additional restrictions or limi-
2 tations on coverage during the year, such as chang-
3 ing the formulary.

4 (4) Reimbursement of third parties for 2006
5 transition costs.

6 (5) Other methods that simplify enrollment (in-
7 cluding initial enrollment, annual enrollment, or
8 changes in between plans) in Part D or improve the
9 Medicare Part D drug benefit; and

10 (6) Creation of a prescription drug plan option
11 offered through Medicare with drug prices nego-
12 tiated by the Secretary of the Department of Health
13 and Human Services.

14 **SEC. 202. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HEALTH**
15 **INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR THE UNIN-**
16 **SURED.**

17 In the House, if legislation is reported, or if an
18 amendment thereto is offered or a conference report there-
19 on is submitted, that provides affordable, comprehensive
20 health insurance to the uninsured and builds upon and
21 strengthens public and private coverage, including ensur-
22 ing that cost-sharing is affordable and protecting Medicaid
23 beneficiaries from cost-sharing increases and preventing
24 the erosion of Medicaid, State Children's Health Insur-
25 ance Program, and other public and private coverage, the



1 chairman of the committee on the Budget may make the
2 appropriate adjustments in allocations and aggregates to
3 the extent such measure is deficit neutral in fiscal year
4 2007 and for the period of fiscal years 2007 through
5 2016.

6 **SEC. 203. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT**
7 **MEDICARE BENEFICIARIES WHO ENROLL IN**
8 **THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT DURING**
9 **2006.**

10 In the House, if legislation is reported, or if an
11 amendment thereto is offered or a conference report there-
12 on is submitted that extends the annual open enrollment
13 period under the Medicare prescription drug program
14 under part D of title XVIII through all of 2006 without
15 imposing a late enrollment penalty for months during such
16 period the chairman of the committee on the Budget may
17 make the appropriate adjustments in allocations and ag-
18 gregates to the extent such measure is deficit neutral in
19 fiscal year 2007 and for the period of fiscal years 2007
20 through 2016.

21 **SEC. 204. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PHYSI-**
22 **CIAN PAYMENT INCREASES UNDER MEDI-**
23 **CARE.**

24 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—In the House, if the Committee
25 on Ways and Means or the Committee on Energy and



1 Commerce reports a bill or joint resolution, or if an
2 amendment thereto is offered or a conference report there-
3 on is submitted, that has the effect of increasing the reim-
4 bursement rate for physicians under section 1848(d) of
5 the Social Security Act, the chairman of the committee
6 on the Budget may make the appropriate adjustments in
7 allocations and aggregates to the extent such measure is
8 deficit neutral in fiscal year 2007 and for the period of
9 fiscal years 2007 through 2016.

10 **SEC. 205. RESERVE FUND FOR THE REFORM OF THE REGU-**
11 **LATION OF GOVERNMENT-SPONSORED EN-**
12 **TERPRISES.**

13 In the House, if—

14 (1) the Committee on Financial Services reports
15 a bill or joint resolution, or if an amendment is of-
16 fered thereto or a conference report is submitted
17 thereon, that reforms the regulation of certain hous-
18 ing-related Government-sponsored enterprises; and

19 (2) that committee is within its allocation as
20 provided under section 302(a) of the Congressional
21 Budget Act of 1974;

22 the chairman of the Committee on the Budget may make
23 the appropriate adjustments in allocations and aggregates
24 to the extent that such legislation would not increase the



1 deficit for fiscal year 2007 and the period of fiscal years
2 2007 through 2016.

3 **SEC. 206. RESERVE FUND FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2007 AL-**
4 **TERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX RELIEF.**

5 If the Committee on Ways and Means reports a bill,
6 or an amendment is offered thereto or a conference report
7 is submitted thereon, that would increase the exemption
8 amounts specified in section 55(d)(1) of the Internal Rev-
9 enue Code of 1986 with respect to taxable years beginning
10 in calendar year 2007, the chairman of the Committee on
11 the Budget may make the appropriate adjustments in allo-
12 cations and aggregates for fiscal year 2007 to the extent
13 that such legislation would not reduce revenues below the
14 aggregate level of revenues provided in section 101(1)(A)
15 for the period of fiscal years 2007 through 2016.

16 **SEC. 207. RESERVE FUND FOR SECURE RURAL SCHOOLS**
17 **AND COMMUNITY SELF-DETERMINATION ACT**
18 **REAUTHORIZATION.**

19 In the House, after the filing of a rule that provides
20 for the consideration of any bill or joint resolution or
21 whenever any bill or joint resolution is placed on any cal-
22 endar, or if an amendment is offered to or conference re-
23 port is submitted on any bill or joint resolution that pro-
24 vides for the reauthorization of the Secure Rural Schools
25 and Community Self-Determination Act (Public Law 106-



1 393), then the chairman of the Committee on the Budget
2 may make the appropriate adjustments in allocations and
3 aggregates to the extent that such legislation would not
4 increase the deficit for the period of fiscal years 2007
5 through 2016.

6 **SEC. 208. RESERVE FUND FOR THE NATIONAL FLOOD IN-**
7 **SURANCE PROGRAM TO MEET OUTSTANDING**
8 **CLAIMS FOR FLOOD DAMAGE IN THE GULF.**

9 In the House the chairman of the Committee on the
10 Budget may make the appropriate adjustments in alloca-
11 tions and aggregates for the purpose of liquidating the
12 National Flood Insurance Fund's remaining contractual
13 obligations resulting from claims made as a result of
14 floods that occurred in 2005.

15 **TITLE III—BUDGET**
16 **ENFORCEMENT**

17 **SEC. 301. REQUIRING A SEPARATE VOTE IF THE STATU-**
18 **TORY DEBT LIMIT IS TO BE INCREASED.**

19 The Rules of the House of Representatives are
20 amended by repealing rule XXVII (relating to the statu-
21 tory limit on the debt).

22 **SEC. 302. RECONCILIATION SHALL NOT BE USED TO IN-**
23 **CREASE THE DEFICIT.**

24 (a) **POINT OF ORDER.**—It shall not be in order in
25 the House to consider any concurrent resolution on the



1 budget in which the combined effect of any reconciliation
2 instructions increases the deficit for any of the following
3 periods:

4 (1) The first year covered by that concurrent
5 resolution on the budget.

6 (2) The period of the first 5 fiscal years covered
7 by that concurrent resolution on the budget.

8 **SEC. 303. ADJUSTMENTS FOR TAX LEGISLATION.**

9 In the House, if the Committee on Ways and Means
10 reports a bill or joint resolution, or an amendment is of-
11 fered thereto or a conference report is submitted thereon,
12 that amends the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 by ex-
13 tending the expiration dates for Federal tax policies that
14 expired during fiscal year 2006 or that expire during the
15 period of fiscal years 2007 through 2016, then the chair-
16 man of the Committee on the Budget may make appro-
17 priate adjustments in the allocations and aggregates of
18 budget authority, outlays, and revenue set forth in this
19 resolution to reflect the budgetary effects of such legisla-
20 tion, but only to the extent the adjustments would not
21 cause the level of revenue to be less than the level of rev-
22 enue provided for in this resolution for the period of fiscal
23 years 2007 through 2016 and would not cause the deficit
24 to exceed the appropriate level of deficits provided for in



1 this resolution for the period of fiscal years 2007 through
2 2016.

3 **SEC. 304. EXEMPTION OF AVIAN BIRD FLU RESPONSE.**

4 In the House, if any bill or joint resolution is re-
5 ported, or an amendment is offered thereto or a conference
6 report is filed thereon, that makes appropriations for fiscal
7 year 2007 to combat avian flu, increase local prepared-
8 ness, and develop a vaccine to inoculate the United
9 States population, then the new budget authority, new en-
10 titlement authority, or outlays resulting therefrom shall
11 not count for purposes of titles III or IV of the Congres-
12 sional Budget Act of 1974.

13 **SEC. 305. OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS.**

14 (a) **EXEMPTION OF OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPER-**
15 **ATIONS.**—In the House, if any bill or joint resolution is
16 reported, or an amendment is offered thereto or a con-
17 ference report is filed thereon, that makes appropriations
18 for fiscal year 2007 for contingency operations directly re-
19 lated to the global war on terrorism, and other unantici-
20 pated defense-related operations, then the new budget au-
21 thority, new entitlement authority, outlays, or receipts re-
22 sulting therefrom shall not count for purposes of titles III
23 or IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

24 (b) **CURRENT LEVEL.**—Amounts included in this res-
25 olution for the purpose set forth in this section shall be



1 considered to be current law for purposes of the prepara-
2 tion of the current level of budget authority and outlays
3 and the appropriate levels shall be adjusted upon the en-
4 actment of such bill.

5 **TITLE IV—SENSE OF CONGRESS**

6 **SEC. 401. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON DEFENSE PRIORITIES.**

7 It is the sense of the House that—

8 (1) funding cooperative threat reduction and
9 nuclear nonproliferation programs at a level com-
10 mensurate with the risk is also a compelling home-
11 land defense priority, and the President's budget
12 should have requested sufficient funding for these
13 programs;

14 (2) funding Army National Guard troop
15 strength to the authorized level of 350,000 is critical
16 to support homeland defense, crisis response in the
17 United States, and to support overseas deployments
18 and the President's budget should have requested
19 sufficient funding for this requirement;

20 (3) ensuring the \$150,000 death gratuity ben-
21 efit be provided retroactively to those beneficiaries
22 from May 5, 2005, through August 31, 2005, is a
23 high priority that should not have been omitted from
24 the President's budget request;



1 (4) increasing the level of free life insurance
2 coverage from \$150,000 to \$400,000 to service
3 members in a combat zone through the Service
4 members Group Life Insurance Program (SGLI) is
5 a high priority which should not have been omitted
6 from the President's budget request;

7 (5) ensuring Tricare health care fees for mili-
8 tary retirees under the age of 65 remain at current
9 rates is a high priority;

10 (6) increasing pay and reenlistment bonuses are
11 high priorities which should not have been omitted
12 from the President's budget request because they
13 are critical to the retention of experienced personnel,
14 particularly senior noncommissioned officers and
15 junior officers;

16 (7) increasing funds for family service centers
17 to support families of deploying service members is
18 a high priority, and the President's budget should
19 have requested sufficient funding for this purpose;

20 (8) funding the Missile Defense Agency at a
21 substantial but lower level and de-emphasizing
22 space-based interceptor development will ensure a
23 more measured acquisition strategy, yet still support
24 a robust ballistic missile defense program;



1 (9) funding satellite research, development, and
2 procurement at a level below the amount requested
3 for fiscal year 2007, which amounts to a 16 percent
4 increase above the current level, will be sufficient to
5 develop new satellite technologies while ensuring a
6 more prudent acquisition strategy;

7 (10) providing sufficient resources to implement
8 Government Accountability Office recommendations,
9 such as improving financial management and con-
10 tracting practices at the Department of Defense,
11 should identify billions of dollars of obligations and
12 disbursements and government overcharges for
13 which the Department of Defense cannot account,
14 and should result in substantial annual savings;

15 (11) all savings that accrue from the actions
16 recommended in paragraphs (8) through (10) should
17 be used to fund higher priorities within the national
18 security function of the budget (050), and especially
19 those high priorities identified in paragraphs (1)
20 through (7).

21 **SEC. 402. POLICY.**

22 It is the policy of this concurrent resolution on the
23 budget to balance long-term deficit reduction with middle-
24 income tax relief, such as—

25 (1) extension of the child tax credit;



- 1 (2) extension of marriage penalty relief;
- 2 (3) extension of the 10 percent individual in-
- 3 come tax bracket;
- 4 (4) modification of the alternative minimum tax
- 5 to minimize its impact on middle-income taxpayers;
- 6 (5) elimination of estate taxes on all but a
- 7 minute fraction of estates by reforming and substan-
- 8 tially increasing the unified credit;
- 9 (6) extension of the research and experimen-
- 10 tation tax credit; and
- 11 (7) extension of the deduction for State and
- 12 local sales taxes.

13 To achieve this tax relief, this resolution assumes
14 \$150,000,000,000 in tax relief, and the accommodation
15 of additional tax relief provided the additional revenue loss
16 is offset such as through the recovery of a portion of un-
17 paid revenue (commonly known as the "tax gap") owed
18 the United States Treasury under the existing tax code
19 and estimated to be \$290,000,000,000 in 2001 alone.

20 **SEC. 403. SENSE OF THE HOUSE REGARDING PAY PARITY.**

21 It is the sense of the House that—

- 22 (1) compensation for civilian and military em-
- 23 ployees of the United States, without whom we can-
- 24 not successfully serve and protect our citizens and
- 25 taxpayers, must be sufficient to support our critical



1 efforts to recruit, retain, and reward quality people
2 effectively and responsibly; and

3 (2) to achieve this objective, the rate of increase
4 in the compensation of civilian employees should be
5 equal to that for military employees.

6 **SEC. 404. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON EXTENSION OF THE**
7 **STATUTORY PAY-AS-YOU-GO RULE.**

8 It is the sense of the House that in order to reduce
9 the deficit Congress should extend PAYGO in its original
10 form in the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, making the
11 rule apply both to tax decreases and to mandatory spend-
12 ing increases.

13 **SEC. 405. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON TAX SIMPLIFICATION**
14 **AND TAX FAIRNESS.**

15 It is the sense of the House that—

16 (1) the current tax system has been made in-
17 creasingly complex and unfair to the detriment of
18 the vast majority of working Americans during the
19 past decade;

20 (2) constant change and manipulation of the
21 tax code have adverse effects on taxpayers under-
22 standing and trust in the Nation's tax laws;

23 (3) these increases in complexity and inequity
24 have made compliance more challenging for the aver-
25 age taxpayer and small business owner, increasing



1 the number of middle income families subject to the
2 alternative minimum tax, and widening the tax gap;
3 and

4 (4) this concurrent resolution on the budget
5 contemplates a comprehensive review of recent
6 changes in the tax code, leading to future action to
7 reduce the tax burden and compliance burden for
8 middle-income workers and their families in the con-
9 text of tax reform that makes the Federal tax code
10 simpler and fairer to all taxpayers, and ensures that
11 this generation of Americans does not force future
12 generations to pay our bills.

13 **SEC. 406. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON HOMELAND SECURITY.**

14 It is the sense of the House that—

15 (1) this resolution provides additional homeland
16 security funding above the President's requested
17 level and the budget reported by the Committee on
18 the budget of the House for 2007 and every subse-
19 quent year;

20 (2) this resolution provides \$6,100,000,000
21 above the President's requested level for 2007, and
22 additional amounts in subsequent years, in the four
23 budget functions (Function 400 Transportation;
24 Function 450 Community and Regional Develop-
25 ment; Function 550 Health; and Function 750 Ad-



1 ministration of Justice) which fund most nondefense
2 homeland security activities; and

3 (3) the homeland security funding provided in
4 this resolution will help to strengthen the security of
5 our Nation's transportation system, particularly our
6 ports where significant security shortfalls still exist
7 and foreign ports by expanding efforts to identify
8 and scan all high-risk U.S.-bound cargo, equip our
9 first responders, help secure our borders, increase
10 the preparedness of our public health system, and
11 strengthen the Nation's homeland security.

12 **SEC. 407. SENSE OF THE HOUSE REGARDING FUNDING FOR**
13 **THE MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNER-**
14 **SHIP.**

15 It is the sense of the House that this resolution re-
16 jects the President's budget cuts to the Manufacturing
17 Extension Partnership, and ensures sufficient funding to
18 protect the ability of the Manufacturing Extension Part-
19 nership to continue helping small manufacturers reach
20 their optimal performance and create jobs.

21 **SEC. 408. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON REJECTING CUTS TO**
22 **EDUCATION, HEALTH, AND TRAINING PRO-**
23 **GRAMS.**

24 It is the sense of the House that:



1 (1) Funding for vital education, health, social
2 services, and training programs was cut for 2006,
3 and would be reduced by a total of \$7 billion below
4 the 2005 level by the President's budget request for
5 2007.

6 (2) It is imperative that Congress reject cuts to
7 key programs that the President's budget eliminates
8 or cuts. These programs include vocational edu-
9 cation, special education, college aid, and Title I,
10 which is the cornerstone of the No Child Left Be-
11 hind Act. They also include medical research, includ-
12 ing the National Institutes for Health and the Cen-
13 ters for Disease Control, community services, and
14 job training.

15 (3) This resolution provides more than \$7 bil-
16 lion above the Senate budget resolution's total for
17 non-defense discretionary funding for 2007 and an
18 even greater amount above the President's budget
19 for 2007, and provides an amount which is sufficient
20 to reject the President's cuts and maintain funding
21 for vital health, social services, education, and job
22 training programs.

23 **SEC. 409. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON RURAL DEVELOPMENT.**

24 It is the sense of the House that—



1 (1) rural communities play an important role in
2 the American economy, and the sustained viability of
3 rural America is key to economic stability for many
4 parts of the Nation; and

5 (2) this resolution supports sufficient funding
6 for agriculture, rural economic development, infra-
7 structure, research, and other priorities for rural
8 communities, and rejects the cuts proposed in the
9 President's budget.

