109TH CONGRESS	\mathbf{C}	
1st Session	5.	
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To promote the conservation and production of natural gas.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	ALE	EXANDER	(for l	nimself	, Mr	. Јон	NSON,)	introduc	ec
	the	following	g bill;	which	was	read	twice	and	referred	to	the	Committ	ee
	on												

A BILL

To promote the conservation and production of natural gas.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Natural Gas Price Reduction Act of 2005".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents of Contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—ENERGY CONSERVATION AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- Sec. 101. Public education and conservation initiative.
- Sec. 102. Reducing residential demand; appliance and equipment efficiency standards.
- Sec. 103. Deployment for distributed generation, solar energy technologies, and biomass.

- Sec. 104. Hydrogen and fuel cell initiative.
- Sec. 105. Clarification of cogeneration contracts.
- Sec. 106. Cogeneration development.
- Sec. 107. Efficient dispatch of natural gas power plants.
- Sec. 108. Demand side management for industrials and utilities: net metering and other standards.
- Sec. 109. Demand side management for residential customers: smart metering.
- Sec. 110. Protecting industrial cogenerators.
- Sec. 111. Reduction of dependence on imported petroleum.
- Sec. 112. National gasification strategy for power sector.
- Sec. 113. Industrial gasification demonstration and deployment program.
- Sec. 114. Carbon capture and sequestration energy efficiency research and development.

TITLE II—PRODUCTION

- Sec. 201. Gas only leases.
- Sec. 202. Eastern Gulf of Mexico.
- Sec. 203. Review of State requests to examine OCS energy areas.
- Sec. 204. Royalty relief for deep water production.
- Sec. 205. Coastal impact assistance program.
- Sec. 206. Rocky Mountain gas production.
- Sec. 207. Gas methane research.
- Sec. 208. Alaska Natural Gas Pipeline Act.
- Sec. 209. Gas hydrate production incentives.
- Sec. 210. Oil and gas exploration and production defined.
- Sec. 211. Marginal property production incentives.
- Sec. 212. Efficient government processing of permit applications.
- Sec. 213. Deadline for decision on appeals of consistency determination.
- Sec. 214. Outer Continental Shelf provisions.
- Sec. 215. Office of Federal Energy Project Coordination.
- Sec. 216. Federal onshore oil and gas leasing and permitting practices.
- Sec. 217. Management of Federal oil and gas leasing programs.
- Sec. 218. Consultation regarding oil and gas leasing on public land.
- Sec. 219. Pilot project to improve Federal permit coordination.
- Sec. 220. Deadline for consideration of applications for permits.

TITLE III—ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE

- Sec. 301. Exportation and importation of natural gas.
- Sec. 302. Exportation and importation of natural gas for offshore facilities.
- Sec. 303. Natural gas pipeline infrastructure.
- Sec. 304. Natural gas storage facilities.
- Sec. 305. Backup fuel capability study.

1	TITLE I—ENERGY CONSERVA-
2	TION AND ENERGY EFFI-
3	CIENCY
4	SEC. 101. PUBLIC EDUCATION AND CONSERVATION INITIA-
5	TIVE.
6	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall
7	carry out a comprehensive national program, including ad-
8	vertising and media awareness, to educate consumers and
9	other persons with respect to—
10	(1) the need to reduce consumption of elec-
11	tricity and natural gas during the 4-year period be-
12	ginning on the date of enactment of this Act;
13	(2) the costs and benefits of reducing consump-
14	tion of electricity and natural gas;
15	(3) methods for reducing consumption of elec-
16	tricity and natural gas, including the significant ben-
17	efits of maintaining and repairing heating and cool-
18	ing ducts and equipment, weatherization tech-
19	nologies, and energy smart purchases;
20	(4) the importance of tire maintenance to con-
21	serving gasoline;
22	(5) the relationship between gasoline prices and
23	natural gas prices; and

1	(6) the importance of low energy costs to pre-
2	serving and keeping manufacturing jobs in the
3	United States and maintaining economic growth.
4	(b) Inclusion.—The program described in sub-
5	section (a) shall include—
6	(1) information regarding the need to reduce
7	consumption of electricity and natural gas during
8	peak use periods;
9	(2) information regarding practicable, action-
10	able measures consumers can carry out to reduce the
11	demand for natural gas, oil, and electricity.
12	(3) if practicable, 1 or more examples of public
13	education described in the State of California Execu-
14	tive Order D-18-01; and
15	(4) if practicable, collaboration between Fed-
16	eral, State, and local government officials and local
17	utilities.
18	(c) Report.—Not later than July 1, 2009, the Sec-
19	retary of Energy shall submit to Congress a report de-
20	scribing the effectiveness of the program under this sec-
21	tion.
22	(d) Termination of Authority.—The program
23	carried out under this section shall terminate on December
24	31 2010

1	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	\$90,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2007 through 2010.
4	SEC. 102. REDUCING RESIDENTIAL DEMAND; APPLIANCE
5	AND EQUIPMENT EFFICIENCY STANDARDS.
6	(a) Energy Conservation Standards for Addi-
7	TIONAL PRODUCTS.—
8	(1) Definitions.—Section 321 of the Energy
9	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6291) is
10	amended—
11	(A) in paragraph (30)(S)—
12	(i) by inserting "(i)" after "(S)"; and
13	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(ii) The term 'medium base fluorescent
16	lamp' does not include—
17	"(I) any lamp specifically designed to
18	be used for special purpose applications
19	and that is unlikely to be used in general
20	purpose applications such as those de-
21	scribed in subparagraph (D); or
22	"(II) any lamp not described in sub-
23	paragraph (D) that is excluded by the Sec-
24	retary, by rule, because the lamp is de-
25	signed for special applications and is un-

1	likely to be used in general purpose appli-
2	cations."; and
3	(B) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(32) The term 'battery charger' means a device that
5	charges batteries for consumer products, including a bat-
6	tery charger embedded in another consumer product.
7	"(33) The term 'external power supply' means an ex-
8	ternal power supply circuit that is used to convert house-
9	hold electric current into either DC current or lower-volt-
10	age alternating current to operate a consumer product.
11	"(34) The term 'illuminated exit sign' means a sign
12	that—
13	"(A) is designed to be permanently fixed in
14	place to identify an exit; and
15	"(B) consists of an electrically powered integral
16	light source that—
17	"(i) illuminates the legend 'EXIT' and any
18	directional indicators; and
19	"(ii) provides contrast between the legend,
20	any directional indicators, and the background.
21	"(35)(A) The term 'distribution transformer' means
22	a transformer that—
23	"(i) has an input voltage of 34.5 kilovolts or
24	less;

1	"(ii) has an output voltage of 600 volts or less;
2	and
3	"(iii) is rated for operation at a frequency of 60
4	Hertz.
5	"(B) The term 'distribution transformer' does not
6	include—
7	"(i) a transformer with multiple voltage taps,
8	with the highest voltage tap equaling at least 20 per-
9	cent more than the lowest voltage tap;
10	"(ii) a transformer (such as those commonly
11	known as a drive transformer, rectifier transformer,
12	auto-transformer, uninterruptible power system
13	transformer, impedance transformer, regulating
14	transformer, sealed or nonventilating transformer,
15	machine tool transformer, welding transformer,
16	grounding transformer, or testing transformer) that
17	is designed to be used in a special purpose applica-
18	tion and is unlikely to be used in a general purpose
19	application; or
20	"(iii) any transformer not listed in clause (ii)
21	that is excluded by the Secretary by rule because—
22	"(I) the transformer is designed for a spe-
23	cial application;
24	(Π) the transformer is unlikely to be used
25	in a general purpose application; and

1	"(III) the application of standards to the
2	transformer would not result in significant en-
3	ergy savings.
4	"(36) The term 'low-voltage dry-type distribution
5	transformer' means a distribution transformer that—
6	"(A) has an input voltage of 600 volts or less;
7	"(B) is air-cooled; and
8	"(C) does not use oil as a coolant.
9	"(37) The term 'standby mode' means the lowest
10	power consumption mode that—
11	"(A) cannot be switched off or influenced by
12	the user; and
13	"(B) may persist for an indefinite time when an
14	appliance is connected to the main electricity supply
15	and used in accordance with the instructions of the
16	manufacturer, as defined on an individual product
17	basis by the Secretary.
18	"(38) The term 'torchiere' means a portable electric
19	lamp with a reflector bowl that directs light upward so
20	as to give indirect illumination.
21	"(39) The term 'traffic signal module' means a
22	standard 8-inch (200mm) or 12-inch (300mm) traffic sig-
23	nal indication, consisting of a light source, a lens, and all
24	other parts necessary for operation, that communicates

- 1 movement messages to drivers through red, amber, and
- 2 green colors.
- 3 "(40) The term 'pedestrian module' means a light
- 4 signal used to convey movement information to pedes-
- 5 trians.
- 6 "(41) The term 'transformer' means a device con-
- 7 sisting of 2 or more coils of insulated wire that transfers
- 8 alternating current by electromagnetic induction from 1
- 9 coil to another to change the original voltage or current
- 10 value.
- 11 "(42) The term 'unit heater' means a self-contained
- 12 fan-type heater designed to be installed within the heated
- 13 space, except that the term does not include a warm-air
- 14 furnace.
- 15 "(43) The term 'ceiling fan' means a nonportable de-
- 16 vice that is suspended from a ceiling for circulating air
- 17 via the rotation of fan blades.
- 18 "(44) The term 'ceiling fan light kit' means equip-
- 19 ment designed to provide light from a ceiling fan that can
- 20 be—
- 21 "(A) integral, such that the equipment is at-
- tached to the ceiling fan prior to the time of retail
- sale; or
- 24 "(B) attachable, such that at the time of retail
- sale the equipment is not physically attached to the

1	ceiling fan, but may be included inside the ceiling
2	fan package at the time of sale or sold separately for
3	subsequent attachment to the fan.
4	"(45) The term 'dehumidifier' means a self-con-
5	tained, electrically operated, and mechanically encased as-
6	sembly consisting of—
7	"(A) a refrigerated surface (evaporator) that
8	condenses moisture from the atmosphere;
9	"(B) a refrigerating system, including an elec-
10	tric motor;
11	"(C) an air-circulating fan; and
12	"(D) means for collecting or disposing of the
13	condensate.
14	"(46)(A) The term 'commercial prerinse spray valve'
15	means a handheld device designed and marketed for use
16	with commercial dishwashing and ware washing equip-
17	ment that sprays water on dishes, flatware, and other food
18	service items for the purpose of removing food residue be-
19	fore cleaning the items.
20	"(B) The Secretary may modify the definition of
21	'commercial prerinse spray valve' by rule—
22	"(i) to include products—
23	"(I) that are extensively used in conjunc-
24	tion with commercial dishwashing and ware
25	washing equipment;

1	"(II) the application of standards to which
2	would result in significant energy savings; and
3	"(III) the application of standards to
4	which would meet the criteria specified in sub-
5	section $(0)(4)$; and
6	"(ii) to exclude products—
7	"(I) that are used for special food service
8	applications;
9	"(II) that are unlikely to be widely used in
10	conjunction with commercial dishwashing and
11	ware washing equipment; and
12	"(III) the application of standards to
13	which would not result in significant energy
14	savings.
15	"(47) The term 'digital television adapter' means a
16	commercially-available electronic product the sole purpose
17	of which is to convert digital video broadcast signals to
18	analog National Television Standards Committee video
19	signals for use by a television or video cassette recorder.
20	"(48)(A) The term 'high intensity discharge lamp'
21	means an electric-discharge lamp in which—
22	"(i) the light-producing arc is stabilized by bulb
23	wall temperature; and
24	"(ii) the arc tube has a bulb wall loading in ex-
25	cess of 3 watts per square centimeter.

- 1 "(B) The term 'high intensity discharge lamp' in-
- 2 cludes mercury vapor, metal halide, and high-pressure so-
- 3 dium lamps.
- 4 "(49)(A) The term 'mercury vapor lamp' means a
- 5 high-intensity discharge lamp in which the major portion
- 6 of the light is produced by radiation from mercury oper-
- 7 ating at a partial pressure in excess of 100,000 Pascals
- 8 (approximately 1 asynchronous transfer mode).
- 9 "(B) The term 'mercury vapor lamp' includes clear,
- 10 phosphor-coated, and self-ballasted lamps.
- 11 "(50) The term 'cold climate State' means a State
- 12 that experiences not less than 5,000 long-term population-
- 13 weighted average heating degree days, as determined by
- 14 the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.".
- 15 (2) Test procedures.—Section 323 of the
- 16 Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
- 17 6293) is amended—
- 18 (A) in subsection (b), by adding at the end
- the following:
- 20 "(9) Test procedures for illuminated exit signs shall
- 21 be based on the test method used under Version 2.0 of
- 22 the Energy Star program of the Environmental Protection
- 23 Agency for illuminated exit signs.
- 24 "(10)(A) Test procedures for distribution trans-
- 25 formers and low voltage dry-type distribution transformers

- 1 shall be based on the 'Standard Test Method for Meas-
- 2 uring the Energy Consumption of Distribution Trans-
- 3 formers' prescribed by the National Electrical Manufac-
- 4 turers Association (NEMA TP 2–1998).
- 5 "(B) The Secretary may review and revise those test
- 6 procedures.
- 7 "(C) For purposes of section 346(a), those test proce-
- 8 dures shall be considered to be testing requirements pre-
- 9 scribed by the Secretary under section 346(a)(1) for dis-
- 10 tribution transformers for which the Secretary makes a
- 11 determination that energy conservation standards would
- 12 be technologically feasible and economically justified, and
- 13 would result in significant energy savings.
- 14 "(11) Test procedures for traffic signal modules and
- 15 pedestrian modules shall be based on the test method used
- 16 under the Energy Star program of the Environmental
- 17 Protection Agency for traffic signal modules, as in effect
- 18 on the date of enactment of this paragraph.
- 19 "(12)(A) Test procedures for medium base compact
- 20 fluorescent lamps shall be based on the test methods used
- 21 under the August 9, 2001, version of the Energy Star pro-
- 22 gram of the Environmental Protection Agency and De-
- 23 partment of Energy for compact fluorescent lamps.

- 1 "(B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), covered
- 2 products shall meet all test requirements for regulated pa-
- 3 rameters established under section 325(bb).
- 4 "(ii) Covered products may be marketed prior to com-
- 5 pletion of lamp life and lumen maintenance at 40 percent
- 6 of rated life testing provided manufacturers document en-
- 7 gineering predictions and analysis that support expected
- 8 attainment of lumen maintenance at 40 percent rated life
- 9 and lamp life time.
- 10 "(13) Air movement test procedures for ceiling fans
- 11 shall be based on the test procedure contained in the En-
- 12 ergy Star Program Requirements for Residential Ceiling
- 13 Fans, version 2.0, developed by the Environmental Protec-
- 14 tion Agency, unless, pursuant to this section, the Sec-
- 15 retary promulgates an alternative test procedure.
- 16 "(14) Test procedures for dehumidifiers shall be
- 17 based on the test criteria used under the Energy Star Pro-
- 18 gram Requirements for Dehumidifiers developed by the
- 19 Environmental Protection Agency, as in effect on the date
- 20 of enactment of this paragraph unless revised by the Sec-
- 21 retary pursuant to this section.
- 22 "(15) The test procedure for measuring flow rate for
- 23 commercial prerinse spray valves shall be based on Amer-
- 24 ican Society for Testing and Materials Standard F2324,

- 1 entitled 'Standard Test Method for Prerinse Spray
- 2 Valves.'
- 3 "(16) The test procedure for digital television adapt-
- 4 ers shall be based on the International Electrotechnical
- 5 Commissions Standard 62087:2002(E), entitled 'Methods
- 6 of Measurement for the Power Consumption of Audio,
- 7 Video, and Related Equipment'.
- 8 "(17) The test procedure for refrigerated bottled or
- 9 canned beverage vending machines shall be based on
- 10 American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Con-
- 11 ditioning Engineers Standard 32.1-2004, entitled 'Meth-
- 12 ods of Testing for Rating Vending Machines for Bottled,
- 13 Canned or Other Sealed Beverages'."; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
- 15 "(f)(1) Additional Testing Requirements.—Not
- 16 later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this sub-
- 17 section, the Secretary shall prescribe testing requirements
- 18 for any product for which—
- 19 "(A) a standard is provided under the Natural
- 20 Gas Price Reduction Act of 2005; and
- 21 "(B) there was no testing requirement before
- the date of enactment of that Act.
- "(2) The testing requirements under paragraph (1)
- 24 shall be based on test procedures used in industry to the
- 25 maximum extent practicable and reasonable.".

1	(3) New Labeling.—Section 324(a)(2) of the
2	Energy Policy Act and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
3	6294(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
4	following:
5	"(F)(i) Not later than 90 days after the date of en-
6	actment of this subparagraph, the Commission shall ini-
7	tiate a rulemaking to consider—
8	"(I) the effectiveness of the consumer products
9	labeling program in existence on the date of enact-
10	ment of this subparagraph in assisting consumers in
11	making purchasing decisions and improving energy
12	efficiency; and
13	"(II) changes to the labeling rules that would
14	improve the effectiveness of consumer product labels.
15	"(ii) The rulemaking shall be completed not later
16	than 2 years after the date of enactment of this subpara-
17	graph.".
18	(4) New Standards.—Section 325 of the En-
19	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6295)
20	is amended—
21	(A) in subsection (o), by adding at the end
22	the following:
23	"(5)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision in this
24	section, the Secretary may set 2 standards for space heat-
25	ing and air conditioning equipment by dividing the United

- 1 States into 2 climate zones to achieve the maximum level
- 2 of energy savings that are technically feasible and eco-
- 3 nomically justified.
- 4 "(B) The climate zone boundaries described in sub-
- 5 paragraph (A)—
- 6 "(i) shall follow State borders; and
- 7 "(ii) shall include only contiguous States.
- 8 "(C) In determining whether to set 2 standards as
- 9 described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall con-
- 10 sider all factors described in paragraphs (1) through (4).
- 11 "(D) If the Secretary sets 2 standards as described
- 12 in subparagraph (A), it shall be illegal to transport non-
- 13 complying products into a State for retail sale or installa-
- 14 tion in that State.
- 15 "(6) The Secretary may set more than 1 efficiency
- 16 standard for products that serve more than 1 major func-
- 17 tion by setting 1 standard for each major function."; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
- 19 "(u) Battery Charger and External Power
- 20 Supply Electric Energy Consumption.—(1)(A)(i)
- 21 Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of
- 22 this subsection, the Secretary shall prescribe by notice and
- 23 comment, definitions and test procedures for the power
- 24 use of battery chargers and external power supplies.

- 1 "(ii) In establishing the test procedures, the Sec-
- 2 retary shall consider, among other factors, definitions and
- 3 test procedures used for measuring energy consumption
- 4 in standby mode and other modes and assess the current
- 5 and projected future market for battery chargers and ex-
- 6 ternal power supplies.
- 7 "(iii) The assessment shall include estimates of the
- 8 significance of potential energy savings from technical im-
- 9 provements to the products and suggested product classes
- 10 for standards.
- 11 "(iv) Not later than the end of the time period re-
- 12 ferred to in clause (i), the Secretary shall hold a scoping
- 13 workshop to discuss and receive comments on plans for
- 14 developing energy conservation standards for energy use
- 15 for these products.
- 16 "(B)(i) Not later than 3 years after the date of enact-
- 17 ment of this subsection, the Secretary shall promulgate
- 18 a final rule that determines whether energy conservation
- 19 standards shall be issued for battery chargers and external
- 20 power supplies or classes thereof.
- 21 "(ii) For each product class, any such standards shall
- 22 be set at the lowest level of energy use that—
- 23 "(I) meets the criteria and procedures of sub-
- 24 sections (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), and (t); and

- 1 "(II) will result in significant overall annual en-
- 2 ergy savings, considering both standby mode and
- 3 other operating modes.
- 4 "(2) In determining pursuant to section 323 whether
- 5 test procedures and energy conservation standards pursu-
- 6 ant to this section should be revised, the Secretary shall
- 7 consider, for covered products that are major sources of
- 8 standby mode energy consumption, whether to incorporate
- 9 standby mode into such test procedures and energy con-
- 10 servation standards, taking into account, among other rel-
- 11 evant factors, standby mode power consumption compared
- 12 to overall product energy consumption.
- 13 "(3) The Secretary shall not propose a standard
- 14 under this section unless the Secretary has issued applica-
- 15 ble test procedures for each product pursuant to section
- 16 323.
- 17 "(4) Any standard issued under this subsection shall
- 18 be applicable to products manufactured or imported on or
- 19 after the date that is 3 years after the date of issuance.
- 20 "(5) The Secretary and the Administrator shall col-
- 21 laborate and develop programs, including Energy Star
- 22 Programs and other voluntary industry agreements or
- 23 codes of conduct, that are designed to reduce standby
- 24 mode energy use.

- 1 "(v) Vending Machines.—(1) Not later than 36
- 2 months after the date of enactment of this subsection, the
- 3 Secretary shall prescribe, by rule, energy conservation
- 4 standards for refrigerated bottled or canned beverage
- 5 vending machines.
- 6 "(2) In establishing standards under this subsection,
- 7 the Secretary shall use the criteria and procedures de-
- 8 scribed in subsections (o) and (p).
- 9 "(3) Any standard prescribed under this subsection
- 10 shall apply to products manufactured on or after the date
- 11 that is 3 years after the date of publication of a final rule
- 12 establishing the standard.
- 13 "(w) Illuminated Exit Signs.—Illuminated exit
- 14 signs manufactured on or after January 1, 2006, shall
- 15 meet the Version 2.0 Energy Star Program performance
- 16 requirements for illuminated exit signs prescribed by the
- 17 Environmental Protection Agency.
- 18 "(x) Torchieres manufactured on or
- 19 after January 1, 2006—
- 20 "(1) shall consume not more than 190 watts of
- 21 power; and
- "(2) shall not be capable of operating with
- lamps that total more than 190 watts.
- 24 "(y) Low Voltage Dry-Type Distribution
- 25 Transformers.—The efficiency of low voltage dry-type

- 1 distribution transformers manufactured on or after Janu-
- 2 ary 1, 2006, shall be the Class I Efficiency Levels for dis-
- 3 tribution transformers specified in Table 4–2 of the 'Guide
- 4 for Determining Energy Efficiency for Distribution Trans-
- 5 formers' published by the National Electrical Manufactur-
- 6 ers Association (NEMA TP-1-2002).
- 7 "(z) Traffic Signal Modules.—(1) Traffic signal
- 8 modules manufactured on or after January 1, 2006,
- 9 shall—
- 10 "(A) meet the performance requirements used
- 11 under the Energy Star program of the Environ-
- mental Protection Agency for traffic signals, as in
- effect on the date of enactment of this subsection;
- 14 and
- 15 "(B) be installed with compatible, electrically
- 16 connected signal control interface devices and con-
- 17 flict monitoring systems.
- 18 "(2) Pedestrian modules manufactured on or after
- 19 January 1, 2006, shall meet the performance require-
- 20 ments adopted by the California Energy Commission on
- 21 December 15, 2004.
- 22 "(aa) Unit Heaters.—Unit heaters manufactured
- 23 on or after the date that is 3 years after the date of enact-
- 24 ment of this subsection shall be equipped with an intermit-

- 1 tent ignition device and shall have either power venting
- 2 or an automatic flue damper.
- 3 "(bb) Medium Base Compact Fluorescent
- 4 Lamps.—(1) Bare lamp and covered lamp (no reflector)
- 5 medium base compact fluorescent lamps manufactured on
- 6 or after January 1, 2006, shall meet the following require-
- 7 ments prescribed by the August 9, 2001, version of the
- 8 Energy Star Program Requirements for Compact Fluores-
- 9 cent Lamps, Energy Star Eligibility Criteria, Energy-Effi-
- 10 ciency Specification issued by the Environmental Protec-
- 11 tion Agency and Department of Energy:
- 12 "(A) Minimum initial efficacy.
- "(B) Lumen maintenance at 1000 hours.
- 14 "(C) Lumen maintenance at 40 percent of
- rated life.
- 16 "(D) Rapid cycle stress test.
- 17 "(E) Lamp life.
- 18 "(2) The Secretary may, by rule, establish require-
- 19 ments for—
- 20 "(A) color quality (CRI);
- 21 "(B) power factor;
- 22 "(C) operating frequency; and
- 23 "(D) maximum allowable start time based on
- the requirements prescribed by the August 9, 2001,

- 1 version of the Energy Star Program Requirements
- 2 for Compact Fluorescent Lamps.
- 3 "(3) The Secretary may, by rule, revise the require-
- 4 ments of this subsection or establish other requirements
- 5 considering energy savings, cost effectiveness, and con-
- 6 sumer satisfaction.
- 7 "(cc) Ceiling Fans and Ceiling Fan Light
- 8 Kits.—(1)(A) All ceiling fans manufactured on or after
- 9 January 1, 2007, shall have the following features:
- 10 "(i) Lighting controls separate from fan speed
- controls.
- 12 "(ii) Adjustable speed controls (either more
- than 1 speed or variable speed).
- "(iii) The capability of reversible fan action, ex-
- 15 cept for fans sold for industrial applications, outdoor
- applications, and where safety standards would be
- violated by the use of the reversible mode.
- 18 "(B) The Secretary may promulgate regulations to
- 19 define in greater detail the exceptions provided under sub-
- 20 paragraph (A)(iii) but may not substantively expand the
- 21 exceptions.
- 22 "(2) Ceiling fan light kits manufactured on or after
- 23 January 1, 2007, shall—
- 24 "(A) meet the Energy Star Program Require-
- 25 ments for Residential Light Fixtures, version 3.1,

1	issued by the Environmental Protection Agency, and
2	be packaged with lamps to fill all sockets;
3	"(B) be packaged with screw-based compact
4	fluorescent lamps to fill all sockets and meet the En-
5	ergy Star Program Requirements for Compact Fluo-
6	rescent Lamps, version 3.0, issued by the Depart-
7	ment of Energy; or
8	"(C) use and be packaged with light sources
9	other than compact fluorescent lamps that meet the
10	minimum efficacy requirements, as measured in
11	lumens per watt, of the Energy Star Program Re-
12	quirements for Compact Fluorescent Lamps, version
13	3.0, issued by the Department of Energy.
14	"(3)(A) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act,
15	if the requirements of subsections (o) and (p) are met,
16	the Secretary may consider and prescribe energy efficiency
17	or energy use standards for electricity used by ceiling fans
18	to circulate air in a room.
19	"(B) If the Secretary sets the standards, the Sec-
20	retary shall consider—
21	"(i) exempting or setting different standards
22	for certain product classes for which the primary
23	standards are not technically feasible or economically
24	justified; and

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1	"(ii) establishing separate exempted product
2	classes for highly decorative fans for which air move-
3	ment performance is a secondary design feature.
4	"(C) Any air movement standard prescribed under
5	this subsection shall apply to products manufactured on
6	or after the date that is 3 years after the date of publica-
7	tion of a final rule establishing the standard.
8	"(dd) Dehumidifiers.—(1) Dehumidifiers manu-
9	factured on or after October 1, 2007, shall have an Energy
10	Factor that meets or exceeds the following values: "Product Capacity (pints/day): Minimum Energy Factor (Liters/kWh)
	(Little) KWII)
	≤ 25 1.00 $> 25 - \geq 35$ 1.20 $> 35 - \geq 54$ 1.30 $> 54 - < 75$ 1.50 ≤ 75 2.25
11	≤ 25
11 12	≤ 25 1.00 $> 25 - \geq 35$ 1.20 $> 35 - \geq 54$ 1.30 $> 54 - < 75$ 1.50 ≤ 75 2.25
	≤ 25
12 13	
12 13	≤ 25
12 13 14	$ \begin{array}{c} \leq 25 & \qquad \qquad 1.00 \\ > 25 - \geq 35 & \qquad \qquad 1.20 \\ > 35 - \geq 54 & \qquad \qquad 1.30 \\ > 54 - < 75 & \qquad \qquad 1.50 \\ \leq 75 & \qquad \qquad 2.25. \\ \end{array} $ "(2)(A) Not later than October 1, 2009, the Secretary shall publish a final rule in accordance with subsections (o) and (p), to determine whether the standards established under paragraph (1) should be amended.
12 13 14 15	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
12 13 14 15 16	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

20 that takes effect by October 1, [2012], dehumidifiers

21 manufactured on or after October 1, [2012], shall have

1 an Energy Factor that meets or exceeds the following val-

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Product Capacity (pints/day): Minimum Energ (Lit	gy Factor ers/kWh)
≤ 25	1.20
> 25 - 235	1.30
> 35 - ≥45	1.40
> 45 - ≥54	1.50
> 54 - < 75	1.60
≤ 75	2.5.

- 3 "(ee) Commercial Prerinse Spray Valves.—
- 4 Commercial prerinse spray valves manufactured on or
- 5 after January 1, 2006, shall have a flow rate less than
- 6 or equal to 1.6 gallons per minute.
- 7 "(ff) Digital Television Adapters.—Digital tele-
- 8 vision adapters manufactured on or after January 1,
- 9 2007, shall use—
- 10 "(A) not more than 1 watt while in scan true
- bearing standby-passive mode; and
- "(B) not more than 8 watts while in scan true
- bearing on-mode.
- 14 "(gg) High-intensity Discharge Lamps.—High-
- 15 intensity discharge lamp ballasts shall not be designed or
- 16 marketed for operating a mercury vapor lamp.
- 17 "(hh) STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN FURNACES.—(1)
- 18 Notwithstanding subsection (f) and except as provided in
- 19 paragraphs (2) and (3), a furnace (including a furnace
- 20 designed solely for installation in a mobile home) manufac-
- 21 tured 3 or more years after the date of enactment of this

1	subsection shall have an annual fuel utilization efficiency
2	of—
3	"(A) for natural gas- and propane-fired equip-
4	ment, not less than 80 percent; and
5	"(B) for oil-fired equipment not less than 83
6	percent.
7	"(2)(A) Notwithstanding subsection (f) and except as
8	provided in paragraph (3)—
9	"(i) a boiler (other than a gas steam boiler)
10	manufactured 3 or more years after the date of en-
11	actment of this subsection shall have an annual fuel
12	utilization efficiency of not less than 84 percent; and
13	"(ii) a gas steam boiler manufactured 3 or
14	more years after the date of enactment of this sub-
15	section shall have an annual fuel utilization effi-
16	ciency of not less than 82 percent.
17	"(B)(i) Notwithstanding subsection (f), if, after the
18	date of enactment of this subsection, the Governor of a
19	cold climate State files with the Secretary a notice that
20	the State has implemented a requirement for an annual
21	fuel utilization efficiency of not less than 90 percent for
22	furnaces (other than boilers and furnaces designed solely
23	for installation in a mobile home or boiler), the annual
24	fuel utilization efficiency of a furnace sold in that State
25	shall be not less than 90 percent.

1	"(ii) If a State described in clause (i) fails to imple-
2	ment or reasonably enforce (as determined by the Sec-
3	retary) annual fuel utilization efficiency in accordance
4	with that clause, the annual fuel use efficiency for fur-
5	naces (other than boilers and furnaces designed solely for
6	installation in a mobile home or boiler) in that State shall
7	be the fuel utilization efficiency established under para-
8	graph (1).
9	"(3)(i) Not later than 5 years after the date on which
10	a standard for a product under this subsection takes ef-
11	fect, the Secretary shall promulgate a final rule to deter-
12	mine whether that standard should be amended.
13	"(ii) If the Secretary determines that a standard
14	under clause (i) should be amended—
15	``(I) the final rule promulgated pursuant to
16	clause (i) shall contain the new standard; and
17	"(II) the new standard shall apply to any prod-
18	uct manufactured after the date that is 5 years after
19	the date on which the final rule is promulgated.".
20	"(ii) Application Date.—Section 327 applies—
21	(1) to products for which standards are to be
22	established under subsections (l), (u), and (v) begin-
23	ning on the date on which a final rule is promul-
24	gated by the Secretary of Energy, except that any
25	State or local standards prescribed or enacted for

1	any such product prior to the date on which the
2	final rule is issued shall not be preempted until the
3	standard established under subsection (l), (u), or (v)
4	for that product takes effect; and
5	"(2) to products for which standards are estab-
6	lished under subsections (w) through (ff) on the date
7	of enactment of those subsections, except that any
8	State or local standards prescribed or enacted prior
9	to the date of enactment of those subsections shall
10	not be preempted until the standards established
11	under subsections (w) through (ff) take effect.".
12	(5) Residential furnace fans.—Section
13	325(f)(3) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
14	(42 U.S.C. 6295(f)(3)) is amended by adding at the
15	end the following:
16	"(D) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act, the
17	Secretary may consider, and prescribe, if the requirements
18	of subsection (o) are met, energy efficiency or energy use
19	standards for electricity used for purposes of circulating
20	air through duct work.".
21	(6) General Rule of Preemption.—Section
22	327(c) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
23	(42 U.S.C. 6297(c)) is amended—
24	(A) in paragraph (5), by striking "or" at
25	the end;

1	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking the pe-
2	riod at the end and inserting "; or"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(7) is a regulation concerning standards for
5	commercial prerinse spray valves adopted by the
6	California Energy Commission before January 1,
7	2005, or is an amendment to such a regulation de-
8	veloped to align California regulations with changes
9	in American Society for Testing and Materials
10	Standard F2324.".
11	(b) Energy Labeling.—Section 324(a) of the En-
12	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6294(a)) is
13	amended by adding at the end the following:
14	"(5)(A) The Secretary or the Commission, as appro-
15	priate, may, for covered products referred to in sub-
16	sections (u) through (ff) of section 325, prescribe, by rule,
17	pursuant to this section, labeling requirements for the
18	products after a test procedure has been set pursuant to
19	section 323.
20	"(B) In the case of products to which TP-1 stand-
21	ards under section 325(y) apply, labeling requirements
22	shall be based on the 'Standard for the Labeling of Dis-
23	tribution Transformer Efficiency' prescribed by the Na-
24	tional Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA TP-
25	3) as in effect on the date of enactment of this paragraph.

- 1 "(C) In the case of dehumidifiers covered under sec-
- 2 tion 325(dd), the Commission shall not require an Energy
- 3 Guide label.
- 4 "(6)(A) Not later than July 1, 2006, the Commission
- 5 shall prescribe by rule, pursuant to this section, labeling
- 6 requirements for the electricity used by ceiling fans to cir-
- 7 culate air in a room.
- 8 "(B) The requirements shall be based on the test pro-
- 9 cedure and labeling requirements contained in the Energy
- 10 Star Program Requirements for Residential Ceiling Fans,
- 11 version 2.0, issued by the Environmental Protection Agen-
- 12 cy, except that third party testing and other non-labeling
- 13 requirements shall not be promulgated unless the Commis-
- 14 sion determines the requirements are necessary to achieve
- 15 compliance.
- 16 "(C) The rule shall apply to products manufactured
- 17 after the later of—
- 18 "(i) January 1, 2007; or
- 19 "(ii) the date that is 60 days after the final rule
- is prescribed.".
- 21 (c) Commercial Package Air Conditioning and
- 22 HEATING EQUIPMENT.—
- 23 (1) Definitions.—Section 340 of the Energy
- Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6311) is
- 25 amended—

1	(A) in paragraph (1)—
2	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs
3	(D) through (G) as subparagraphs (E)
4	through (H), respectively; and
5	(ii) by inserting after subparagraph
6	(C) the following:
7	"(D) Very large commercial package air
8	conditioning and heating equipment.";
9	(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking
10	"small and large";
11	(C) by striking paragraphs (8) and (9) and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(8)(A) The term 'commercial package air con-
14	ditioning and heating equipment' means air-cooled,
15	water-cooled, evaporatively-cooled, or water source
16	(not including ground water source) electrically oper-
17	ated, unitary central air conditioners and central air
18	conditioning heat pumps for commercial application.
19	"(B) The term 'small commercial package air
20	conditioning and heating equipment' means commer-
21	cial package air conditioning and heating equipment
22	that is rated below 135,000 Btu per hour (cooling
23	capacity).
24	"(C) The term 'large commercial package air
25	conditioning and heating equipment' means commer-

1	cial package air conditioning and heating equipment
2	that is rated at or above 135,000 Btu per hour and
3	below 240,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity).
4	"(D) The term 'very large commercial package
5	air conditioning and heating equipment' means com-
6	mercial package air conditioning and heating equip-
7	ment that is rated at or above 240,000 Btu per hour
8	and below 760,000 Btu per hour (cooling capac-
9	ity).";
10	(D) by redesignating paragraphs (10)
11	through (18) as paragraphs (9) through (17),
12	respectively; and
13	(E) in paragraph (10) (as redesignated by
14	subparagraph (D)), by inserting ", except for
15	gas unit heaters and gas duct furnaces" after
16	"furnaces".
17	(2) Standards.—Section 342(a) of the Energy
18	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6313(a)) is
19	amended—
20	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
21	"SMALL AND LARGE" and inserting "SMALL,
22	LARGE, AND VERY LARGE";
23	(B) in paragraph (1), by inserting "but be-
24	fore January 1, 2010," after "January 1,
25	1994,";

1	(C) in paragraph (2), by inserting "but be-
2	fore January 1, 2010," after "January 1,
3	1995,";
4	(D) in paragraph (4), by inserting ", ex-
5	cept for a gas unit heater or gas duct furnace,"
6	after "boiler";
7	(E) in paragraph (6)—
8	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
9	(I) by inserting "(i)" after "(A)";
10	(II) by striking "the date of en-
11	actment of the Energy Policy Act of
12	1992" and inserting "January 1,
13	2010";
14	(III) by inserting after "large
15	commercial package air conditioning
16	and heating equipment" the following:
17	"and very large commercial package
18	air conditioning and heating equip-
19	ment, or if ASHRAE/IES Standard
20	90.1, as in effect on October 24,
21	1992, is amended with respect to
22	any''; and
23	(IV) by adding at the end the fol-
24	lowing:

1	"(ii) If ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1 is not amended
2	with respect to small commercial package air conditioning
3	and heating equipment, large commercial package air con-
4	ditioning and heating equipment, and very large commer-
5	cial package air conditioning and heating equipment dur-
6	ing the 5-year period beginning on the effective date of
7	a standard, the Secretary may initiate a rulemaking to
8	determine whether a more stringent standard would result
9	in significant additional conservation of energy and is
10	technologically feasible and economically justified.
11	"(iii) This subparagraph does not apply to gas-fired
12	warm-air furnaces, gas-fired package boilers, storage
13	water heaters, gas unit heaters, or gas duct furnaces man-
14	ufactured 5 or more years after the date of enactment of
15	the Natural Gas Price Reduction Act of 2005."; and
16	(ii) in subparagraph (C)(ii), by insert-
17	ing "and very large commercial package
18	air conditioning and heating equipment"
19	after "large commercial package air condi-
20	tioning and heating equipment"; and
21	(F) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(7) Each small commercial package air conditioning
23	and heating equipment manufactured on or after January
24	1, 2010, shall meet the following standards:

1	"(A) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
2	air-cooled central air conditioners at or above 65,000
3	Btu per hour (cooling capacity) and less than
4	135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) shall be—
5	"(i) 11.2 for equipment with no heating or
6	electric resistance heating; and
7	"(ii) 11.0 for equipment with all other
8	heating system types that are integrated into
9	the equipment (at a standard rating of 95 de-
10	grees F db).
11	"(B) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
12	air-cooled central air conditioner heat pumps at or
13	above 65,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) and
14	less than 135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity)
15	shall be—
16	"(i) 11.0 for equipment with no heating or
17	electric resistance heating; and
18	"(ii) 10.8 for equipment with all other
19	heating system types that are integrated into
20	the equipment (at a standard rating of 95 de-
21	grees F db).
22	"(C) The minimum coefficient of performance
23	in the heating mode of air-cooled central air condi-
24	tioning heat pumps at or above 65,000 Btu per hour
25	(cooling capacity) and less than 135,000 Btu per

1	hour (cooling capacity) shall be 3.3 (at a high tem-
2	perature rating of 47 degrees F db).
3	"(8) Each large commercial package air conditioning
4	and heating equipment manufactured on or after January
5	1, 2010, shall meet the following standards:
6	"(A) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
7	air-cooled central air conditioners at or above
8	135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) and less
9	than 240,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) shall
10	be—
11	"(i) 11.0 for equipment with no heating or
12	electric resistance heating; and
13	"(ii) 10.8 for equipment with all other
14	heating system types that are integrated into
15	the equipment (at a standard rating of 95 de-
16	grees F db).
17	"(B) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
18	air-cooled central air conditioner heat pumps at or
19	above 135,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) and
20	less than 240,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity)
21	shall be—
22	"(i) 10.6 for equipment with no heating or
23	electric resistance heating; and
24	"(ii) 10.4 for equipment with all other
25	heating system types that are integrated into

1	the equipment (at a standard rating of 95 de-
2	grees F db).
3	"(C) The minimum coefficient of performance
4	in the heating mode of air-cooled central air condi-
5	tioning heat pumps at or above 135,000 Btu per
6	hour (cooling capacity) and less than 240,000 Btu
7	per hour (cooling capacity) shall be 3.2 (at a high
8	temperature rating of 47 degrees F db).
9	"(9) Each very large commercial package air condi-
10	tioning and heating equipment manufactured on or after
11	January 1, 2010, shall meet the following standards:
12	"(A) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
13	air-cooled central air conditioners at or above
14	240,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) and less
15	than 760,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) shall
16	be—
17	"(i) 10.0 for equipment with no heating or
18	electric resistance heating; and
19	"(ii) 9.8 for equipment with all other heat-
20	ing system types that are integrated into the
21	equipment (at a standard rating of 95 degrees
22	F db).
23	"(B) The minimum energy efficiency ratio of
24	air-cooled central air conditioner heat pumps at or
25	above 240,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity) and

1	less than 760,000 Btu per hour (cooling capacity)
2	shall be—
3	"(i) 9.5 for equipment with no heating or
4	electric resistance heating; and
5	"(ii) 9.3 for equipment with all other heat-
6	ing system types that are integrated into the
7	equipment (at a standard rating of 95 degrees
8	F db).
9	"(C) The minimum coefficient of performance
10	in the heating mode of air-cooled central air condi-
11	tioning heat pumps at or above 240,000 Btu per
12	hour (cooling capacity) and less than 760,000 Btu
13	per hour (cooling capacity) shall be 3.2 (at a high
14	temperature rating of 47 degrees F db).
15	"(10) Notwithstanding paragraph (4) and except as
16	provided in paragraph (14), the minimum thermal effi-
17	ciency at the maximum rated capacity of a gas-fired
18	warm-air furnace with the capacity of 225,000 Btu per
19	hour or more manufactured 4 or more years after the date
20	of enactment of this paragraph shall be 79.5 percent.
21	"(11) Notwithstanding paragraph (4) and except as
22	provided in paragraph (14), the minimum thermal effi-
23	ciency at the maximum rated capacity of a gas-fired pack-
24	age boiler with the capacity of 300,000 Btu per hour or

I	more manufactured 4 or more years after the date of en	
2	actment of this paragraph shall be 79 percent.	
3	"(12) Notwithstanding paragraph (5) (excluding	
4	paragraph (5)(G)), and except as provided in paragraph	
5	(14)—	
6	"(A) the maximum standby loss (expressed as	
7	a percent per hour) of a gas-fired storage water	
8	heater shall be 1.30 (expressed as a measurement of	
9	storage volume in gallons); and	
10	"(B) the minimal thermal efficiency of a gas-	
11	fired storage water heater shall be 82 percent.	
12	"(13)(A) Not later than 5 years after the date on	
13	which a standard for a product under paragraph (10),	
14	(11), or (12) takes effect, the Secretary shall promulgate	
15	a final rule to determine whether the standard for that	
16	product should be amended.	
17	"(B) If the Secretary determines that a standard	
18	should be amended under subparagraph (A)—	
19	"(i) the final rule promulgated pursuant to sub-	
20	paragraph (A) shall contain the new standard; and	
21	"(ii) the new standard shall apply to any prod-	
22	uct manufactured 4 or more years after the date on	
23	which the final rule is promulgated.".	
24	(3) Test procedures.—Section 343 of the	
25	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.	

- 1 6314) is amended in subsections (a)(4) and (d)(1), 2 by inserting "very large commercial package air con-3 ditioning and heating equipment," after "large com-4 mercial package air conditioning and heating equip-
- 5 ment," each place it appears.
- 6 (4) LABELING.—Section 344(e) of the Energy
 7 Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6315(e)) is
 8 amended in the first and second sentences, by in9 serting "very large commercial package air condi10 tioning and heating equipment," after "large com11 mercial package air conditioning and heating equip12 ment," each place it appears.
- 13 (5) ADMINISTRATION, PENALTIES, ENFORCE14 MENT, AND PREEMPTION.—Section 345 of the En15 ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6316)
 16 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 17 ``(d)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and
- 18 (3), section 327 shall apply with respect to the equipment
- 19 specified in section 340(1)(D) to the same extent and in
- 20 the same manner as section 327 applies under part A on
- 21 the date of enactment of this subsection.
- 22 "(2) Any State or local standard prescribed or en-
- 23 acted prior to the date of enactment of this subsection
- 24 shall not be preempted until the standards established
- 25 under section 342(a)(9) take effect on January 1, 2010.

1	"(3) If the California Energy Commission adopts, not
2	later than March 31, 2005, a regulation concerning the
3	energy efficiency or energy use of the equipment specified
4	in section 340(1)(D), the regulation shall be effective
5	until, and shall no longer be effective after, the standards
6	established under section 342(a)(9) take effect on January
7	1, 2010.".
8	(6) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section
9	345(b)(1) of the Energy Policy and Conservation
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 6316(b)(1)) is amended in the first
11	sentence by striking "part B" and inserting "part
12	A''.
13	(d) Commercial Refrigerators, Freezers, and
14	Refrigerator-freezers.—
15	(1) Definitions.—Section 340 of the Energy
16	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6311) (as
17	amended by subsection $(c)(1)$ is amended—
18	(A) in paragraph (1)—
19	(i) by redesignating subparagraph (H)
20	as subparagraph (I); and
21	(ii) by inserting after subparagraph
22	(G) the following:
23	"(H) Commercial refrigerators, freezers, and
24	refrigerator-freezers."; and
25	(B) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(18)(A) The term 'commercial refrigerator,
2	freezer, and refrigerator-freezer' means refrigeration
3	equipment that—
4	"(i) is not a consumer product (as defined
5	in section 321);
6	"(ii) operates at a chilled, frozen, combina-
7	tion chilled and frozen, or variable temperature;
8	"(iii) displays or stores merchandise and
9	other perishable materials horizontally,
10	semivertically, or vertically;
11	"(iv) has transparent or solid doors, sliding
12	or hinged doors, a combination of hinged, slid-
13	ing, transparent, or solid doors, or no doors;
14	"(v) is designed for pull-down temperature
15	applications or holding temperature applica-
16	tions; and
17	"(vi) is connected to a self-contained con-
18	densing unit or to a remote condensing unit.
19	"(B) The term 'holding temperature applica-
20	tion' means a use of commercial refrigeration equip-
21	ment other than a pull-down temperature applica-
22	tion, except a blast chiller or freezer.
23	"(C) The term 'integrated average temperature'
24	means the average temperature of all test package
25	measurements taken during the test.

1	"(D) The term 'pull-down temperature applica-
2	tion' means a commercial refrigerator with doors
3	that, when fully loaded with 12 ounce beverage cans
4	at 90 degrees F, can cool those beverages to an av-
5	erage stable temperature of 38 degrees F in 12
6	hours or less.
7	"(E) The term 'remote condensing unit' means
8	a factory-made assembly of refrigerating components
9	designed to compress and liquefy a specific refrig-
10	erant that is remotely located from the refrigerated
11	equipment and consists of 1 or more refrigerant
12	compressors, refrigerant condensers, condenser fans
13	and motors, and factory supplied accessories.
14	"(F) The term 'self-contained condensing unit'
15	means a factory-made assembly of refrigerating com-
16	ponents designed to compress and liquefy a specific
17	refrigerant that is an integral part of the refrig-
18	erated equipment and consists of 1 or more refrig-
19	erant compressors, refrigerant condensers, condenser
20	fans and motors, and factory supplied accessories.".
21	(2) Standards.—
22	(A) In General.—Section 342 of the En-
23	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
24	6313) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(c) Commercial Refrigerators, Freezers, and
2	Refrigerator-freezers.—(1) In this subsection:
3	"(A) The term 'AV' means the adjusted volume
4	(ft 3) (defined as 1.63 x frozen temperature compart-
5	ment volume (ft^3) + chilled temperature compart-
6	ment volume (ft ³)) with compartment volumes meas-
7	ured in accordance with the Association of Home
8	Appliance Manufacturers Standard HRF1-1979.
9	"(B) The term 'V' means the chilled or frozen
10	compartment volume (ft ³) (as defined in the Asso-
11	ciation of Home Appliance Manufacturers Standard
12	HRF1-1979).
13	"(C) Other terms have the meanings estab-
14	lished by the Secretary, based on industry-accepted
15	definitions and practice.
16	"(2) Each commercial refrigerator, freezer, and re-
17	frigerator-freezer with a self-contained condensing unit de-
18	signed for holding temperature applications manufactured
19	on or after January 1, 2010, shall meet the following
20	standard levels in kilowatt hours per day

"Refrigerators with solid doors	0.10 V + 2.04
Refrigerators with transparent doors	0.12 V + 3.34
Freezers with solid doors	0.40 V + 1.38
Freezers with transparent doors	0.75 V + 4.10
Refrigerators/freezers with solid doorsthe great-	$0.27~{\rm AV}$ - $0.71~{\rm or}$
er of.	0.70

1	"(3) Each commercial refrigerator with a self-con-
2	tained condensing unit designed for pull-down tempera-
3	ture applications manufactured on or after January 1,
4	2010, shall meet the following standard levels in kilowatt
5	hours per day: Refrigerators with transparent doors 0.126
6	V + 3.51.".
7	(B) Establishment of standards.—
8	(i) Specified types.—Not later than
9	January 1, 2009, the Secretary of Energy
10	may prescribe, by rule, standard levels for
11	ice-cream freezers, self-contained commer-
12	cial refrigerators, freezers, and refrig-
13	erator-freezers without doors, and remote
14	condensing commercial refrigerators, freez-
15	ers, and refrigerator-freezers, with the
16	standard levels effective for equipment
17	manufactured on or after January 1, 2012.
18	(ii) Other types.—Not later than
19	January 1, 2009, the Secretary may pre-
20	scribe, by rule, standard levels for other
21	types of commercial refrigerators, freezers,
22	and refrigerator-freezers not covered by
23	clause (i) or section 342(c) of the Energy
24	Policy and Conservation Act (as added by
25	subparagraph (A)), with the standard lev-

1	els effective for equipment manufactured
2	on or after January 1, 2012.
3	(C) REVISIONS TO STANDARDS.—
4	(i) Initial revision of stand-
5	ARDS.—
6	(I) IN GENERAL.—Not later than
7	January 1, 2013, the Secretary shall
8	publish a final rule to determine if the
9	standards established under section
10	342(c) of the Energy Policy and Con-
11	servation Act (as added by subpara-
12	graph (A)) should be amended.
13	(II) APPLICATION DATE.—The
14	rule shall provide that any amended
15	standards shall apply to products
16	manufactured on or after the date
17	that is 3 years after the final amend-
18	ed standard is published unless the
19	Secretary determines, by rule, that 3
20	years is inadequate, in which case the
21	Secretary may establish an application
22	date for products manufactured not
23	later than 5 years after the final
24	amended standard is published.

1	(ii) Subsequent revision of
2	STANDARDS.—
3	(I) In general.—Not later than
4	3 years after the amended final stand-
5	ard referred to in subparagraph (A)
6	takes effect or after the Secretary
7	publishes a final rule determining that
8	the standard should not be amended,
9	the Secretary shall publish a final rule
10	to determine if the standards estab-
11	lished under section 342(c) of the En-
12	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (as
13	added by subparagraph (A)) should be
14	amended.
15	(II) APPLICATION DATE.—The
16	rule shall provide that any amended
17	standards shall apply to products
18	manufactured on or after the date
19	that is 3 years after the final amend-
20	ed standard is published unless the
21	Secretary determines, by rule, that 3
22	years is inadequate, in which case the
23	Secretary may establish an application
24	date for products manufactured not

1	later than 5 years after the final
2	amended standard is published.
3	(3) Test procedures.—Section 343 of the
4	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
5	6314) is amended—
6	(A) in subsection (a), by adding at the end
7	the following:
8	"(6)(A)(i) In the case of commercial refrigerators,
9	freezers, and refrigerator-freezers, the test procedures
10	shall be the test procedures determined by the Secretary
11	to be generally accepted industry testing procedures or
12	rating procedures developed or recognized by the
13	ASHRAE or by the American National Standards Insti-
14	tute.
15	"(ii) In the case of self-contained refrigerators, freez-
16	ers, and refrigerator-freezers to which standards are appli-
17	cable under subsection $342(c)(1)$, the initial test proce-
18	dures shall be ASHRAE 117 that is in effect on January
19	1, 2005.
20	"(B) In the case of commercial refrigerators, freez-
21	ers, and refrigerators-freezers with doors covered by the
22	standards adopted in February 2002, by the California
23	Energy Commission, the rating temperatures shall be an
24	integrated average temperature of 38 degrees F (+/- 2

- 1 degrees F) for refrigerator compartments and 0 degrees
- 2 F (+/-2 degrees F) for freezer compartments.
- 3 "(C) The Secretary shall prescribe a rule, that meets
- 4 the requirements of paragraphs (2) and (3), to establish
- 5 the appropriate rating temperatures for the other products
- 6 for which standards will be established under subsection
- 7 342(c)(2).
- 8 "(D) In establishing the appropriate test tempera-
- 9 tures under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall follow
- 10 the procedures and meet the requirements specified in sec-
- 11 tion 323(e).
- 12 "(E)(i) Not later than 180 days after the publication
- 13 of a new ASHRAE 117 test procedure, if the ASHRAE
- 14 117 test procedure for commercial refrigerators, freezers,
- 15 and refrigerator-freezers is amended, the Secretary shall,
- 16 by rule, amend the test procedure for the product as nec-
- 17 essary to be consistent with the amended ASHRAE 117
- 18 test procedure unless the Secretary makes a determina-
- 19 tion, by rule, and supported by clear and convincing evi-
- 20 dence, that to do so would not meet the requirements for
- 21 test procedures described in paragraphs (2) and (3).
- "(ii) If the Secretary needs more than 180 days to
- 23 review and adopt the amended test procedure or rating
- 24 procedure, the Secretary shall publish a notice in the Fed-
- 25 eral Register stating the intent of the Secretary to take

1	up to an additional I year before the amended test proce-
2	dure or rating procedure would become effective.
3	"(F)(i) If another test procedure besides ASHRAE
4	117 is approved by the American National Standards In-
5	stitute, the Secretary shall, by rule—
6	"(I) review the relative strengths and weak-
7	nesses of the new test procedure relative to
8	ASHRAE 117; and
9	"(II) based on that review, adopt 1 of those test
10	procedures for subsequent use in the standards pro-
11	gram.
12	"(ii) If a new test procedure is adopted—
13	"(I) section 323(e) shall apply; and
14	"(II) subparagraph (B) shall apply to the
15	adopted test procedure."; and
16	(B) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "and
17	unfired hot water storage tanks," and inserting:
18	"unfired hot water storage tanks, and commer-
19	cial refrigerators, freezers, and refrigerator-
20	freezers,".
21	(4) Labeling.—Section 344(e) of the Energy
22	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6315(e)) is
23	amended by striking "and unfired hot water storage
24	tanks" each place it appears and inserting "unfired

- 1 hot water storage tanks, and commercial refrig-
- 2 erators, freezers, and refrigerator-freezers".
- 3 (5) Administration, penalties, enforce-
- 4 MENT, AND PREEMPTION.—Section 345 of the En-
- 5 ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6316)
- 6 (as amended by subsection (c)(5)) is amended by
- 7 adding at the end the following:
- 8 "(e)(1)(A) The provisions of subsections (a), (b), and
- 9 (d) of section 326, subsections (m) through (s) of section
- 10 325, and sections 328 through 336 shall apply with re-
- 11 spect to equipment specified in section 340(1)(G) to the
- 12 same extent and in the same manner as those provisions
- 13 apply under part A.
- 14 "(B) In applying those provisions to that equipment,
- 15 paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) of subsection (a) shall
- 16 apply.
- 17 "(2)(A)(i) The provisions of section 327 shall apply
- 18 with respect to the equipment specified in section
- 19 340(1)(G) that have standards established under section
- 20 342(c)(2) to the same extent and in the same manner as
- 21 those provisions apply under part A on the date of enact-
- 22 ment of this subsection, except that any State or local
- 23 standard prescribed or enacted before the date of enact-
- 24 ment of this subsection shall not be preempted until the
- 25 standards established under section 342(c) take effect.

- 1 "(ii) In applying those provisions to that equipment,
- 2 paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a) shall apply.
- 3 "(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), if the Cali-
- 4 fornia Energy Commission adopts, not later than March
- 5 31, 2005, a regulation concerning the energy efficiency or
- 6 energy use of the equipment specified in section 340(1)(G)
- 7 that have standards established under section 342(c)(2),
- 8 those standards shall be effective until, and shall no longer
- 9 be effective after, the standards established under section
- $10 \quad 342(c)(2)$ take effect on January 1, 2010.
- 11 "(3)(A) The provisions of section 327 shall apply
- 12 with respect to the equipment specified in 340(1)(G) that
- 13 have standards established under section 342(c)(3) to the
- 14 same extent and in the same manner as they apply under
- 15 part A on the date of publication of the final rule by the
- 16 Secretary, except that any State or local standard pre-
- 17 scribed or enacted before the date of publication of the
- 18 final rule by the Secretary shall not be preempted until
- 19 the standards take effect.
- 20 "(B) In applying those provisions for the purpose of
- 21 that equipment, paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection
- 22 (a) shall apply.
- "(4) If the Secretary does not issue a final rule for
- 24 a specific type of equipment specified in section 340(1)(G)
- 25 within the time frame specified in section 342(c)(3), the

- 1 provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of section 327 shall
- 2 no longer apply to that specific type of equipment begin-
- 3 ning on the date that is 2 years after the scheduled date
- 4 for a final rule and until the Secretary publishes a final
- 5 rule covering the specific type of equipment, at which time
- 6 those provisions shall apply to the specific type of equip-
- 7 ment.
- 8 "(5)(A) In the case of any commercial refrigerator,
- 9 freezer, and refrigerator-freezer to which standards are
- 10 applicable under section 342(c)(2), the Secretary shall re-
- 11 quire manufacturers to certify, through an independent
- 12 testing or certification program nationally recognized in
- 13 the United States, that the commercial refrigerator, freez-
- 14 er, and refrigerator-freezer meets the applicable standard.
- 15 "(B) The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent
- 16 practicable, encourage the establishment of at least 2 such
- 17 independent testing and certification programs.
- 18 "(C) As part of certification, information on equip-
- 19 ment energy use and interior volume shall be made avail-
- 20 able to the Secretary.".
- 21 SEC. 103. DEPLOYMENT FOR DISTRIBUTED GENERATION,
- 22 SOLAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES, AND BIO-
- 23 MASS.
- 24 (a) Distributed Power Systems.—

1	(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 1 year
2	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
3	retary of Energy shall develop and transmit to Con-
4	gress a strategy for a comprehensive research, devel-
5	opment, demonstration, and commercial application
6	program to develop distributed power systems that
7	use non-intermittent electric power generation tech-
8	nologies suitable for use in a distributed power sys-
9	tem.
10	(2) Contents.—The strategy shall—
11	(A) identify the needs best met with such
12	distributed power systems and the technological
13	barriers to the use of the systems;
14	(B) provide for the development of meth-
15	ods to design, test, integrate into systems, and
16	operate the distributed power systems;
17	(C) include, as appropriate, research, de-
18	velopment, demonstration, and commercial ap-
19	plication on related technologies needed for the
20	adoption of the distributed power systems, in-
21	cluding energy storage devices and environ-
22	mental control technologies;
23	(D) include research, development, dem-
24	onstration, and commercial application of inter-
25	connection technologies for communications and

1	controls of distributed generation architectures,
2	particularly technologies promoting real-time re-
3	sponse to power market information and phys-
4	ical conditions on the electrical grid; and
5	(E) describe how activities under the strat-
6	egy will be integrated with other research, de-
7	velopment, demonstration, and commercial ap-
8	plication activities supported by the Department
9	of Energy related to electric power technologies.
10	(b) Micro-cogeneration Energy Technology.—
11	The Secretary of Energy shall make competitive, merit-
12	based grants to consortia for the development of micro-
13	cogeneration energy technology that explore—
14	(1) the use of small-scale combined heat and
15	power in residential heating appliances; and
16	(2) the use of excess power to operate other ap-
17	pliances within the residence and supply excess gen-
18	erated power to the power grid.
19	(c) Solar Energy Technologies Demonstra-
20	TION PROGRAM.—
21	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Energy
22	shall conduct a program under which the Secretary
23	makes grants to State energy offices and other ap-
24	propriate State entities, as determined by the Sec-
25	retary, to provide the Federal share of the cost of

1	demonstrating the use of advanced photovoltaic,
2	solar water heating, and hybrid solar lighting tech-
3	nologies to generate and displace electricity.
4	(2) Federal share.—The Federal share of
5	the cost of an activity described in paragraph (7)
6	shall be not more than 40 percent, as determined by
7	the Secretary.
8	(3) Proposals.—
9	(A) In general.—Not later than 180
10	days after the date of enactment of this Act,
11	the Secretary shall solicit from State energy of-
12	fices and other appropriate State entities, as
13	determined by the Secretary, proposals to re-
14	ceive grants under this subsection.
15	(B) Contents.—A proposal under this
16	paragraph shall contain provisions that—
17	(i) meet the cost-sharing requirement
18	of this subsection;
19	(ii) maximize the quantity of photo-
20	voltaic, solar water heating, and hybrid
21	solar lighting technologies installed for
22	each Federal dollar expended under this
23	subsection, including by increasing the
24	non-Federal share of the cost of an activity
25	under this subsection;

1	(iii) measure and verify the output of
2	a photovoltaic, solar water heating, or hy-
3	brid solar lighting technology under this
4	subsection for a period of not less than 20
5	years after the date on which the tech-
6	nology is installed; and
7	(iv) for each building on which a pho-
8	tovoltaic, solar water heating, or hybrid
9	solar lighting technology is installed under
10	this subsection, require that the building
11	receive an energy efficiency audit not ear-
12	lier than 180 days before the date on
13	which the technology is installed.
14	(4) Preference.—In making a grant under
15	this subsection, the Secretary shall give preference
16	to a State energy office or entity if making a grant
17	to that office or entity—
18	(A) promotes the geographic diversity of
19	demonstration sites, as determined by the Sec-
20	retary; or
21	(B) limits overhead costs under this sub-
22	section, including the administrative costs to
23	the Department of Energy or a State.
24	(5) Amounts.—

1	(A) DISTRIBUTION.—Of the amount of
2	funds made available to provide grants under
3	this subsection for a fiscal year, the Secretary
4	shall use 75 percent of that amount to dis-
5	tribute the grants described in paragraph (1)—
6	(i) to State energy offices or entities
7	based on the ratio that—
8	(I) the percentage contribution of
9	the State of the energy office or entity
10	to the cost of an activity described in
11	paragraph (7); bears to
12	(II) the percentage contribution
13	of all States to the cost of an activity
14	described in paragraph (7); and
15	(ii) if a recipient of a grant under this
16	subsection is a commercial, industrial, or
17	residential recipient, proportionally to the
18	use of electricity by the recipient.
19	(B) Remainder of funds.—Of the
20	amount of funds made available to provide
21	grants under this subsection for a fiscal year,
22	the Secretary shall use 25 percent of that
23	amount to distribute the grants described in
24	paragraph (1) to any State energy office or en-
25	tity the proposal of which the Secretary con-

1	siders highly likely to encourage widespread
2	adoption of solar energy technologies.
3	(C) Limitation.—The amount of a grant
4	under this subsection shall not exceed
5	\$5,000,000.
6	(6) Termination.—
7	(A) Individual grants.—If the Sec-
8	retary determines that the recipient of a grant
9	under this subsection fails to act in accordance
10	with the approved proposal of the recipient, the
11	Secretary—
12	(i) shall take such action as is nec-
13	essary to obtain repayment of the Federal
14	share of the amount of the grant; and
15	(ii) shall not provide any further
16	grants to that recipient under this sub-
17	section.
18	(B) All Grants.—Not later than 1 year
19	after the date on which the United States
20	achieves a total installed capacity of 10,000
21	megawatts (or the equivalent of that capacity)
22	under the program, the Secretary shall not
23	make any further grants under this subsection.

1	(7) Use of funds.—A State energy office or
2	other appropriate entity may use a grant provided
3	under paragraph (1) to—
4	(A) demonstrate the commercial applica-
5	tion of using a concentrated solar power, ad-
6	vanced photovoltaic, solar water heating, or hy-
7	brid solar lighting technology to generate or
8	displace not less than 10 kilowatts at a dem-
9	onstration site;
10	(B) install a photovoltaic, solar water heat-
11	ing, or hybrid solar lighting technology on a
12	public, private, commercial, industrial, or resi-
13	dential demonstration site;
14	(C) monitor an installation described in
15	paragraph (2) to ensure the successful oper-
16	ation, and quantify the results, of the tech-
17	nology; and
18	(D) increase public awareness of the use of
19	advanced photovoltaic, solar water heating, or
20	hybrid solar lighting technology.
21	(8) Authorization of appropriations.—
22	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
23	as are necessary to carry out this subsection.
24	(d) Solar Lighting Development Program.—
25	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:

1	(A) DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY.—The term
2	"development activity" includes the develop-
3	ment of a technology, material, or manufac-
4	turing process required—
5	(i) to collect direct, nondiffuse sun-
6	light;
7	(ii) to transmit or otherwise direct
8	and distribute sunlight into buildings
9	through any method (including through op-
10	tical fibers);
11	(iii) to integrate sunlight with an elec-
12	tric lighting system in a hybrid configura-
13	tion with collocated electric lamps;
14	(iv) to control the spatial, temporal,
15	or spectral quality of sunlight to improve
16	energy efficiency, worker productivity, or
17	retail sales; or
18	(v) to remotely monitor the perform-
19	ance of a solar energy system through web-
20	based metering.
21	(B) FOR-PROFIT PARTICIPANT.—The term
22	"for-profit participant" includes the following
23	entities that operate for profit:

1	(i) An organization that manufactures
2	original equipment for emerging compo-
3	nents or systems used in solar lighting.
4	(ii) A lighting designer.
5	(iii) An illumination or architectural
6	engineer.
7	(C) Solar lighting.—
8	(i) In general.—The term "solar
9	lighting" means a lighting system that in-
10	corporates sunlight in accordance with
11	paragraph (2) and offers the flexibility,
12	convenience, reliability, and control avail-
13	able in electric-only lighting.
14	(ii) Exclusions.—The term "solar
15	lighting" does not include an
16	architecturally-intrusive product in exist-
17	ence on the date of enactment of this Act,
18	including—
19	(I) a skylight;
20	(II) a lightwell;
21	(III) a light shelf; or
22	(IV) a roof monitor.
23	(2) Purpose.—The purpose of this subsection
24	is to support the development of advanced solar
25	lighting systems that are—

1	(A) multifunctional;
2	(B) compatible with different electric
3	lamps and light fixtures used for direct, indi-
4	rect, ambient, task, or accent lighting;
5	(C) reconfigurable;
6	(D) easily added, removed, or modified as
7	lighting needs change;
8	(E) easily integrated with electric lights
9	and controllable to—
10	(i) ensure that disruptions in lighting
11	quality or quantity do not occur on cloudy
12	days or at night; and
13	(ii) provide dimming and on/off
14	switching capabilities;
15	(F) designed to eliminate architectural de-
16	sign and maintenance problems that limit the
17	conventional use of daylighting in most build-
18	ings;
19	(G) more efficient than electric lighting
20	systems used in the same lighting applications
21	and
22	(H) more efficient and cost-efficient than
23	solar generation technologies used in buildings
24	to convert sunlight into electricity and reconvert

1	the sunlight back into electrically-generated
2	light through electric lamps.
3	(3) Development activities.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
5	conduct a program under which the Secretary
6	makes grants to provide the Federal share of
7	the cost of a development activity under this
8	subsection to solar lighting technology devel-
9	opers, including—
10	(i) for-profit participants;
11	(ii) National Laboratories; and
12	(iii) educational institutions.
13	(B) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share
14	of the cost of a development activity under this
15	subsection shall be not more than 50 percent,
16	as determined by the Secretary.
17	(C) Proposals.—
18	(i) In general.—To receive a grant
19	under this section, a solar lighting tech-
20	nology developer shall submit to the Sec-
21	retary an application at the time, in the
22	manner, and containing any information
23	that the Secretary requires.
24	(ii) Preference.—In making a
25	grant under this subsection, the Secretary

1	may give preference to a development ac-
2	tivity led by a for-profit participant.
3	(4) National academy of sciences.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
6	retary shall offer to enter into a contract with
7	the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a
8	biannual review of each development activity
9	carried out during the preceding year under
10	this subsection.
11	(B) Inclusions.—The review under this
12	paragraph shall include, for each development
13	activity—
14	(i) an assessment of—
15	(I) priorities;
16	(II) technical milestones; and
17	(III) if appropriate, plans for
18	technology transfer and any progress
19	made towards achieving the plans;
20	and
21	(ii) a comparison of the merits of
22	solar lighting with other practicable uses of
23	solar energy technologies in a building to
24	reduce the use by the building of non-
25	renewable energy.

1	(5) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
3	this subsection—
4	(A) for fiscal year 2006, \$10,000,000;
5	(B) for fiscal year 2007, \$15,000,000;
6	(C) for fiscal year 2008, \$20,000,000;
7	(D) for fiscal year 2009, \$15,000,000; and
8	(E) for fiscal year 2010, \$10,000,000.
9	(e) DISTRIBUTED ENERGY.—
10	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall conduct
11	program under which the Secretary provides grants
12	to eligible consortia (as determined by the Secretary)
13	to provide the Federal share of the cost of devel-
14	oping microcogeneration energy technology.
15	(2) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of
16	the cost of an activity under this subsection shall be
17	not greater than 40 percent.
18	(3) Use of funds.—
19	(A) In general.—A consortium may use
20	funds provided under this subsection for a
21	project relating to—
22	(i) the use of small-scale combined
23	heat and power in residential heating ap-
24	pliances; or
25	(ii) the use of excess power to—

1	(I) operate other appliances in a
2	residence; and
3	(II) supply power to a power
4	grid.
5	(B) Inclusions.— A project under sub-
6	paragraph (A) shall include the use of—
7	(i) a fuel cell;
8	(ii) a combined heat and power sys-
9	tem;
10	(iii) a microturbine;
11	(iv) an advanced natural gas turbine;
12	(v) an advanced internal combustion
13	engine generator;
14	(vi) an energy storage device;
15	(vi) an interconnection standard, pro-
16	tocol, or piece of equipment;
17	(vii) ancillary equipment for dispatch
18	and control; or
19	(ix) any other energy technologies, as
20	appropriate.
21	(4) Report.—Concurrent with the submission
22	by the President of the annual budget request for
23	fiscal year 2007, the Secretary shall submit to Con-
24	gress a report describing—

1	(A) the goals of the Secretary relating to
2	microcogeneration energy technology projects
3	under this subsection, including cost and energy
4	savings targets for fiscal years 2007 through
5	2012;
6	(B) progress made during the preceding
7	year toward achieving the goals of the Secretary
8	relating to microcogeneration energy tech-
9	nology; and
10	(C) the results of each project carried out
11	by an eligible consortium under this subsection.
12	(f) BIOENERGY PROGRAMS.—
13	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall conduct
14	a program of research, development, and demonstra-
15	tion of commercial applications of cellulosic biomass,
16	including—
17	(A) converting biomass to heat and elec-
18	tricity;
19	(B) converting biomass to liquid fuels;
20	(C) biobased products;
21	(D) the use of integrated biorefineries to
22	produce heat, electricity, liquid fuels, and
23	biobased products;
24	(E) cross-cutting activities on feedstocks
25	and enzymes: and

1	(F) economic analysis of applications of
2	cellulosic biomass.
3	(2) Biofuels and biobased products.—In
4	carrying out a program relating to a biofuel or
5	biobased product under paragraph (1), the Sec-
6	retary, in cooperation with the energy industry, shall
7	develop—
8	(A) advanced biochemical and
9	thermochemical conversion technologies to make
10	high-value biobased chemical feedstocks and
11	products, to substitute for petroleum-based
12	feedstocks and products;
13	(B) biofuels that are price-competitive with
14	gasoline or diesel in—
15	(i) internal combustion engines; or
16	(ii) fuel cell-powered vehicles;
17	(C) biobased products from a variety of
18	feedstocks, including grains, cellulosic biomass,
19	and agricultural byproducts; and
20	(D) advanced biotechnology processes to
21	make biofuels and biobased products, with em-
22	phasis on development of biorefinery tech-
23	nologies, including enzyme-based processing
24	technologies.

1	(3) Biomass integrated refinery dem-
2	ONSTRATION.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
4	conduct a program under which the Secretary
5	provides grants to advanced biorefineries to
6	provide the Federal share of the cost of dem-
7	onstrating the commercial application of inte-
8	grated biorefineries.
9	(B) Limitations.—
10	(i) QUANTITY OF GRANTS.—The Sec-
11	retary shall provide grants under this
12	paragraph to not fewer than 5 advanced
13	biorefineries.
14	(ii) Federal share.—The Federal
15	share of the cost of a demonstration under
16	this paragraph shall not exceed 40 percent.
17	(iii) Maximum amount.—The Sec-
18	retary shall provide not greater than
19	\$100,000,000 for a biorefinery demonstra-
20	tion under this paragraph.
21	(C) Factors.—The Secretary shall select
22	biorefinery demonstrations under this sub-
23	section in a manner that supports—
24	(i) the geographic diversity of the
25	demonstrations:

1	(ii) the demonstration of a wide vari-
2	ety of cellulosic biomass feedstocks;
3	(iii) the commercial application of bio-
4	mass technologies for a variety of uses,
5	including—
6	(I) liquid transportation fuels;
7	(II) high-value biobased chemi-
8	cals;
9	(III) substitutes for petroleum-
10	based feedstocks and products; and
11	(IV) energy in the form of elec-
12	tricity or useful heat; and
13	(iv) the demonstration of the collec-
14	tion and treatment of a variety of biomass
15	feedstocks.
16	(D) Proposals.—
17	(i) In general.—To obtain a grant
18	under this subsection, not later than 180
19	days after the date of enactment of this
20	Act, an advanced biorefinery shall submit
21	to the Secretary a proposal in the time and
22	in the manner, and containing any infor-
23	mation, that the Secretary requires.
24	(ii) Consideration.—In making a
25	grant under this subsection, the Secretary

1	shall select advanced biorefineries the pro-
2	posals of which—
3	(I) demonstrate that the project
4	of the biorefinery will operate profit-
5	ably without a direct Federal subsidy
6	after initial construction costs are
7	paid; and
8	(II) allow for easy replication of
9	the biorefinery, as determined by the
10	Secretary.
11	SEC. 104. HYDROGEN AND FUEL CELL INITIATIVE.
12	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
13	(1) Advisory committee.—The term "Advi-
14	sory Committee" means the Hydrogen Technical and
15	Fuel Cell Advisory Committee established by sub-
16	section $(e)(1)$.
17	(2) Department.—The term "Department"
18	means the Department of Energy.
19	(3) Fuel cell.—The term "fuel cell" means a
20	device that directly converts the chemical energy of
21	a fuel and an oxidant into electricity by an electro-
22	chemical process that take place at separate elec-
23	trodes in the device.

1	(4) Infrastructure.—The term "infrastruc-
2	ture" means any equipment, system, or facility used
3	to produce, distribute, deliver, or store hydrogen.
4	(5) Light duty vehicle.—The term "light
5	duty vehicle" means a car or truck classified by the
6	Department of Transportation as a Class I or IIA
7	vehicle.
8	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
9	the Secretary of Energy.
10	(b) Plan.—
11	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
12	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
13	retary shall submit to Congress a coordinated plan
14	for carrying out—
15	(A) the programs described in this section;
16	and
17	(B) any other program of the Department
18	that is directly related to fuel cells or hydrogen.
19	(2) Inclusions.—The plan shall include a de-
20	scription of—
21	(A) for the first 5 years beginning on the
22	date of enactment of this Act, an agenda for
23	each program under this section, including the
24	agenda for each activity under subsection
25	(e)(1);

1	(B) each type of entity that will carry out
2	an activity under this section and the role each
3	entity is expected to play;
4	(C) any milestone that will be used to
5	evaluate a program carried out during the first
6	5 years beginning on the date of enactment of
7	this Act;
8	(D) the most significant technical and non-
9	technical obstacles to achieving the goals de-
10	scribed in subsection $(c)(2)$ and the means by
11	which each program under this section will ad-
12	dress the obstacles; and
13	(E) any policy assumption that is implicit
14	in the plan, including any assumption that af-
15	fects a source of hydrogen or the marketability
16	of hydrogen-related products.
17	(c) Programs.—
18	(1) Activities.—The Secretary, in partnership
19	with the private sector, shall conduct programs to
20	address—
21	(A) the production of hydrogen from di-
22	verse energy sources, including—
23	(i) fossil fuels (including carbon cap-
24	ture and sequestration);

1	(ii) hydrogen-carrier fuels (including
2	ethanol and methanol);
3	(iii) renewable energy resources, in-
4	cluding biomass; and
5	(iv) nuclear energy;
6	(B) the use of hydrogen for commercial,
7	industrial, and residential electric power genera-
8	tion;
9	(C) safe delivery of hydrogen or hydrogen-
10	carrier fuels, including—
11	(i) transmission by pipeline and other
12	distribution methods; and
13	(ii) convenient and economic refueling
14	of vehicles—
15	(I) at central refueling stations;
16	or
17	(II) through distributed on-site
18	generation;
19	(D) advanced vehicle technologies,
20	including—
21	(i) engine and emission control sys-
22	tems;
23	(ii) energy storage, electric propulsion,
24	and hybrid systems;
25	(iii) automotive materials; and

1	(iv) other advanced vehicle tech-
2	nologies;
3	(E) storage of hydrogen and hydrogen-car-
4	rier fuels, including development of materials
5	for safe and economic storage in gaseous, liq-
6	uid, or solid form at refueling facilities and on-
7	board vehicles;
8	(F) the development of safe, durable, af-
9	fordable, and efficient fuel cells, including—
10	(i) fuel-flexible fuel cell power sys-
11	tems;
12	(ii) improved manufacturing proc-
13	esses;
14	(iii) high-temperature membranes;
15	(iv) cost-effective fuel processing for
16	natural gas;
17	(v) fuel cell stack and system reli-
18	ability;
19	(vi) low temperature operation; and
20	(vii) cold start capability;
21	(G) development, after consultation with
22	the private sector, of necessary codes and
23	standards (including international codes and
24	standards and voluntary consensus standards
25	adopted in accordance with Office of Manage-

1	ment and Budget Circular A-119) and safety
2	practices for the production, distribution, stor-
3	age, and use of hydrogen, hydrogen-carrier
4	fuels, and related products; and
5	(H) a public information program to im-
6	prove the knowledge and acceptance of the pub-
7	lic of hydrogen-based systems.
8	(2) Program Goals.—
9	(A) Vehicles.—The goals of programs
10	under this section relating to vehicles include
11	the facilitation of—
12	(i) the making of a commitment by
13	automakers to offer safe, affordable, and
14	technically viable hydrogen fuel cell vehi-
15	cles in the mass market in the United
16	States by 2015; and
17	(ii) the production, delivery, and ac-
18	ceptance by consumers in the United
19	States of model year 2020 hydrogen fuel
20	cell and other hydrogen-powered vehicles
21	with—
22	(I) a range of at least 300 miles;
23	(II) improved performance and
24	ease of driving;

1	(III) safety and performance
2	comparable to vehicle technologies in
3	the market on the date of enactment
4	of this Act; and
5	(IV) compared to light duty vehi-
6	cles produced for model year 2005—
7	(aa) substantially higher fuel
8	economy;
9	(bb) substantially lower
10	emissions of air pollutants; and
11	(cc) equivalent or improved
12	vehicle fuel system crash integ-
13	rity and occupant protection.
14	(B) Hydrogen energy and energy in-
15	FRASTRUCTURE.—The goals of programs under
16	this section relating to hydrogen energy and en-
17	ergy infrastructure include establishing infra-
18	structure by not later than 2020 that will
19	provide—
20	(i) safe and convenient refueling;
21	(ii) improved overall efficiency;
22	(iii) widespread availability of hydro-
23	gen from domestic energy sources
24	through—

1	(I) production, taking into con-
2	sideration emissions levels;
3	(II) delivery, including trans-
4	mission by pipeline and other distribu-
5	tion methods for hydrogen; and
6	(III) storage, including storage in
7	surface transportation vehicles;
8	(iv) hydrogen for fuel cells, internal
9	combustion engines, and other energy con-
10	version devices for portable, stationary,
11	and transportation applications; and
12	(v) other technologies in accordance
13	with the plan of the Department under
14	subsection (b).
15	(C) Fuel cells.—The goals of programs
16	under this section relating to fuel cells and the
17	portable, stationary, and transportation applica-
18	tions of fuel cells include—
19	(i) producing safe, economical, and
20	environmentally sound hydrogen fuel cells;
21	(ii) producing fuel cells for light duty
22	vehicles and other vehicles; and
23	(iii) producing other technologies in
24	accordance with the plan of the Depart-
25	ment under subsection (b).

1	(3) Demonstration projects.—
2	(A) In general.—In carrying out pro-
3	grams under this section, the Secretary shall
4	fund a limited number of demonstration
5	projects, taking into consideration the maturity,
6	cost-effectiveness, and environmental impacts of
7	the technologies supporting each project.
8	(B) Project selection.—
9	(i) In General.—In selecting
10	projects under this paragraph, the Sec-
11	retary shall, to the maximum extent prac-
12	ticable and in accordance with public inter-
13	est, select projects that—
14	(I) use hydrogen and related
15	products at facilities or installations
16	in existence on the date of enactment
17	of this Act, including office buildings,
18	military bases, vehicle fleet centers,
19	transit bus authorities, and units of
20	the National Park System;
21	(II) depend on reliable power
22	from hydrogen to carry out essential
23	activities:

1	(III) lead to the replication of hy-
2	drogen technologies and draw hydro-
3	gen technologies into the marketplace;
4	(IV) include vehicle, portable,
5	and stationary demonstrations of fuel
6	cell and hydrogen-based energy tech-
7	nologies;
8	(V) address the interdependency
9	of demand for hydrogen fuel cell ap-
10	plications and hydrogen fuel infra-
11	structure;
12	(VI) raise awareness of hydrogen
13	technology among the public;
14	(VII) facilitate the identification
15	of an optimum technology among
16	competing alternatives;
17	(VIII) address distributed gen-
18	eration using renewable sources; and
19	(IX) address applications specific
20	to rural or remote locations, including
21	isolated villages and islands, the Na-
22	tional Park System, and Indian res-
23	ervations.
24	(ii) Preference.—The Secretary
25	shall give preference to a project that ad-

1	dresses more than 1 element described in
2	clause (i).
3	(4) Deployment.—In carrying out programs
4	under this section, the Secretary, in partnership with
5	the private sector, shall conduct activities to facili-
6	tate the deployment of hydrogen energy and energy
7	infrastructure, fuel cells, and advanced vehicle tech-
8	nologies.
9	(5) Funding.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
11	carry out the programs under this section using
12	a competitive, merit-based review process in ac-
13	cordance with the generally applicable Federal
14	law (including regulations) governing awards of
15	financial assistance, contracts, and other agree-
16	ments.
17	(B) RESEARCH CENTERS.—The Secretary
18	may carry out an activity under this section by
19	funding a nationally recognized university-based
20	or Federal laboratory research center.
21	(6) Cost Sharing.—
22	(A) Research and Development.—
23	(i) Non-Federal share.—Except as
24	otherwise provided in this section, to be eli-
25	gible for assistance under this section, the

1	Secretary shall require each non-Federal
2	source of a research and development pro-
3	gram under this section to provide at least
4	20 percent of the cost of the project.
5	(ii) Reducing and eliminating
6	NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The Secretary
7	may reduce or eliminate the non-Federal
8	share required under clause (i) if the Sec-
9	retary determines that the research and
10	development—
11	(I) is of a basic or fundamental
12	nature; or
13	(II) involves a technical analysis
14	or an educational activity.
15	(B) Demonstration and commercial
16	APPLICATION.—
17	(i) Non-Federal share.—Except as
18	otherwise provided in this section, to be eli-
19	gible for assistance under this section, the
20	Secretary shall require that at least 50
21	percent of the costs directly and specifi-
22	cally related to any demonstration or com-
23	mercial application project under this sec-
24	tion be provided by non-Federal sources.

1	(ii) Reducing non-Federal
2	SHARE.—The Secretary may reduce the
3	non-Federal share required under clause
4	(i) if the Secretary determines that the
5	reduction—
6	(I) is necessary and appropriate,
7	taking into consideration any techno-
8	logical risk involved in the project;
9	and
10	(II) is necessary to achieve the
11	goals of this section.
12	(C) CALCULATION OF AMOUNT.—In calcu-
13	lating the amount of the non-Federal share pro-
14	vided under subparagraphs (A) and (B), the
15	Secretary may include the costs of personnel,
16	services, equipment, and other resources relat-
17	ing to a project.
18	(D) Size of non-federal share.—The
19	Secretary may consider the amount of the non-
20	Federal share in selecting a project under this
21	section.
22	(7) Disclosure.—Section 623 of the Energy
23	Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13293) shall apply to
24	any project carried out through a grant, a coopera-
25	tive agreement, or a contract under this section.

1	(d) Interagency Task Force.—
2	(1) Establishment.—Not later than 120 days
3	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Presi-
4	dent shall establish an interagency task force—
5	(A) the chairperson of which shall be the
6	Secretary; and
7	(B) that includes representatives from—
8	(i) the Office of Science and Tech-
9	nology Policy within the Executive Office
10	of the President;
11	(ii) the Department of Transpor-
12	tation;
13	(iii) the Department of Defense;
14	(iv) the Department of Commerce (in-
15	cluding the National Institute of Standards
16	and Technology);
17	(v) the Department of State;
18	(vi) the Environmental Protection
19	Agency;
20	(vii) the National Aeronautics and
21	Space Administration; and
22	(viii) other Federal agencies as the
23	President determines appropriate.
24	(2) Goals.—The goals of the interagency task
25	force shall be—

1	(i) to provide a safe, economical, and
2	environmentally sound fuel infrastructure
3	for hydrogen and hydrogen-carrier fuels,
4	including an infrastructure that supports
5	buses and other fleet transportation;
6	(ii) to support the use of fuel cells in
7	government and other applications, includ-
8	ing portable, stationary, and transpor-
9	tation applications;
10	(iii) to promote distributed power gen-
11	eration, including the generation of com-
12	bined heat, power, and clean fuels (includ-
13	ing hydrogen);
14	(iv) to develop uniform hydrogen
15	codes, standards, and safety protocols; and
16	(v) to support the integrity, safety,
17	and performance of vehicle hydrogen fuel
18	systems.
19	(B) Duties.—
20	(i) IN GENERAL.—The interagency
21	task force may organize workshops and
22	conferences, issue publications, and create
23	databases to carry out any activity de-
24	scribed in clause (ii).

1	(ii) Activities.—The activities re-
2	ferred to in clause (i) are—
3	(I) to foster the exchange of ge-
4	neric, nonproprietary information and
5	technology among industry, academia,
6	and government;
7	(II) to develop and maintain an
8	inventory and assessment of hydrogen,
9	fuel cells, and other advanced tech-
10	nologies, including the commercial ca-
11	pability of each technology for the
12	economic and environmentally safe
13	production, distribution, delivery, stor-
14	age, and use of hydrogen;
15	(III) to integrate technical and
16	other information made available as a
17	result of the programs and activities
18	under this section;
19	(IV) to promote introduction to
20	the market of infrastructure for hy-
21	drogen fuel vehicles; and
22	(V) to conduct an informative
23	program to provide hydrogen and fuel
24	cell information to potential end-users.

1	(3) AGENCY COOPERATION.—The head of each
2	Federal agency shall cooperate with and furnish in-
3	formation to the interagency task force, the Advisory
4	Committee, and the Department.
5	(e) Advisory Committee.—
6	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Hydrogen Tech-
7	nical and Fuel Cell Advisory Committee is estab-
8	lished to advise the Secretary on programs and ac-
9	tivities under this section.
10	(2) Membership.—
11	(A) Members.—
12	(i) In General.—The Advisory Com-
13	mittee shall consist of not less than 12,
14	and not more than 25, members.
15	(ii) Appointment.—Each member of
16	the Advisory Committee shall be appointed
17	by the Secretary.
18	(iii) Requirements.—In making an
19	appointment under clause (ii), the Sec-
20	retary shall appoint a member to
21	represent—
22	(I) domestic automobile industry;
23	(II) academia;
24	(III) professional societies;
25	(IV) government agencies;

1	(V) Federal laboratories;
2	(VI) foreign automobile industry;
3	and
4	(VII) financial, environmental,
5	and other organizations, as the Sec-
6	retary determines appropriated based
7	on an assessment of the technical and
8	other qualifications of each committee
9	member and the needs of the Advisory
10	Committee.
11	(B) Terms.—
12	(i) In general.—The term of a
13	member of the Advisory Committee shall
14	be not more than 3 years.
15	(ii) Intervals.—The Secretary may
16	appoint members of the Advisory Com-
17	mittee in a manner that allows the terms
18	of the members serving at any time to ex-
19	pire at staggered intervals to ensure con-
20	tinuity in the functioning of the Advisory
21	Committee.
22	(iii) Reappointment.—A member of
23	the Advisory Committee may be re-
24	appointed when the term of the member
25	expires.

1	(C) CHAIRPERSON.—The Advisory Com-
2	mittee shall elect a chairperson at the initial
3	meeting of the Advisory Committee.
4	(3) Duties.—The Advisory Committee shall re-
5	view and make recommendations to the Secretary
6	regarding—
7	(A) carrying out programs and activities
8	under this section;
9	(B) the safety, economical, and environ-
10	mental consequences of technologies for the
11	production, distribution, delivery, storage, or
12	use of hydrogen energy and fuel cells; and
13	(C) the plan established under subsection
14	(b).
15	(4) Consideration of recommendations.—
16	The Secretary shall consider, but need not adopt,
17	any recommendation of the Advisory Committee
18	under paragraph (3).
19	(5) Biennial Report.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
21	after the date of enactment of this Act, and bi-
22	ennially thereafter, concurrent with the submis-
23	sion to Congress by the President of a budget
24	proposal, the Secretary shall submit to Con-
25	gress a biennial report describing any rec-

1	ommendation made by the Advisory Committee
2	during the preceding 2 years.
3	(B) Inclusions.—The biennial report
4	shall include—
5	(i) a description of the means through
6	which the Secretary has carried out or
7	plans to carry out the recommendations
8	described in the report; or
9	(ii) if the Secretary decides not to
10	carry out a recommendation described in
11	the report, an explanation of that decision.
12	(f) External Review.—
13	(1) Plan.—
14	(A) In General.—The Secretary shall
15	enter into an agreement with the National
16	Academy of Sciences to review the plan under
17	subsection (b).
18	(B) TIMING OF REVIEW.—Not later than
19	180 days after receipt of the plan from the Sec-
20	retary, the National Academy of Sciences shall
21	submit to the Secretary the results of the re-
22	view under subparagraph (A).
23	(C) Transmission of Review.—Not later
24	than 45 days after receipt of the results of the

1	review under subparagraph (B), the Secretary
2	shall transmit to Congress—
3	(i) a copy of the results of the review;
4	and
5	(ii)(I) a plan to carry out any rec-
6	ommendation described in the review; or
7	(II) if the Secretary decides not to
8	carry out a recommendation described in
9	the review, an explanation of that decision.
10	(2) Additional review.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
12	enter into an agreement with the National
13	Academy of Sciences to review the programs de-
14	scribed in subsection (c) during the fourth year
15	after the date of enactment of this Act.
16	(B) Inclusions.—The review under sub-
17	paragraph (A) shall include—
18	(i) a description of any research pri-
19	ority or technical milestone established
20	during the preceding 3 years; and
21	(ii) an evaluation of any progress
22	made toward achieving a priority or mile-
23	stone described in clause (i) during the
24	preceding 3 years.

1	(C) Timing of Review.—Not later than 5
2	years after the date of enactment of this Act,
3	the National Academy of Sciences shall—
4	(i) complete the review under sub-
5	paragraph (A); and
6	(ii) submit to the Secretary a report
7	describing the results of the review.
8	(D) Transmission.—Not later than 45
9	days after receipt of the results of the review
10	under subparagraph (C)(ii), the Secretary shall
11	transmit to Congress—
12	(i) a copy of the results of the review;
13	and
14	(ii)(I) a plan to carry out any rec-
15	ommendation described in the review; or
16	(II) if the Secretary decides not to
17	carry out a recommendation described in
18	the review, an explanation of that decision.
19	(g) Representation.—The Secretary, in coordina-
20	tion with the Department of Transportation, the National
21	Institute of Standards and Technology, and other relevant
22	Federal agencies, may represent the interests of the
23	United States with respect to any activity or program
24	under this section before a government or nongovern-
25	mental organization, including—

1	(1) other Federal, State, regional, and local
2	governments;
3	(2) industry (and industry representatives), in-
4	cluding members of the energy and transportation
5	industries; and
6	(3) in consultation with the Department of
7	State, foreign governments and representatives of
8	those governments, including international organiza-
9	tions.
10	(h) Effect of Section.—Nothing in this section
11	decreases the authority of the Secretary of Transportation
12	as in existence on the day before the date of enactment
13	of this Act with respect to—
14	(1) representation of the interests of the United
15	States with respect to activities and programs under
16	title 49, United States Code;
17	(2) the regulation of hazardous materials trans-
18	portation under chapter 51 of title 49, United States
19	Code;
20	(3) the regulation of motor vehicle safety under
21	chapter 301 of title 49, United States Code;
22	(4) automobile fuel economy under chapter 329
23	of title 49, United States Code;
24	(5) the support and promotion of research, de-
25	velopment, and deployment activities relating to ad-

1	vanced vehicle technologies under section 5506 of
2	title 49, United States Code;
3	(6) research into, and regulation of, the fuel
4	systems integrity, standards, and safety of hydrogen-
5	powered vehicles under subtitle VI of title 49,
6	United States Code; or
7	(7) the regulation of pipeline safety under chap-
8	ter 601 of title 49, United States Code.
9	(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
10	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
11	out this section—
12	(1) \$273,500,000 for fiscal year 2006;
13	(2) \$375,000,000 for fiscal year 2007;
14	(3) \$450,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;
15	(4) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2009; and
16	(5) \$550,000,000 for fiscal year 2010.
17	SEC. 105. CLARIFICATION OF EXISTING COGENERATION
18	CONTRACTS.
19	(a) Termination of Mandatory Purchase and
20	SALE REQUIREMENTS.—Section 210 of the Public Utility
21	Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is
22	amended—
23	(1) by redesignating subsections (k) and (l) as
24	subsections (m) and (n), respectively; and

1	(2)	by	inserting	after	subsection	(j)	the	fol-

- 2 lowing:
- 3 "(k) Termination of Mandatory Purchase and
- 4 Sale Requirements.—(1) After the date of enactment
- 5 of this subsection, no electric utility shall be required to
- 6 enter into a new contract or obligation to purchase electric
- 7 energy from a qualifying cogeneration facility or a quali-
- 8 fying small power production facility under this section if
- 9 the Commission finds that the qualifying cogeneration fa-
- 10 cility or qualifying small power production facility has
- 11 nondiscriminatory access to—
- 12 "(A)(i) independently administered, auction-based
- 13 day ahead and real time wholesale markets for the sale
- 14 of electric energy; and
- 15 "(ii) wholesale markets for long-term sales of capac-
- 16 ity and electric energy; or
- 17 "(B)(i) transmission and interconnection services
- 18 that are provided by a Commission-approved regional
- 19 transmission entity and administered pursuant to an open
- 20 access transmission tariff that affords nondiscriminatory
- 21 treatment to all customers; and
- 22 "(ii) competitive wholesale markets that provide a
- 23 meaningful opportunity to sell capacity, including long-
- 24 term and short-term sales, and electric energy, including
- 25 long-term, short-term, and real-time sales, to buyers other

- 1 than the utility to which the qualifying facility is inter-
- 2 connected, except that, in determining whether a meaning-
- 3 ful opportunity to sell exists, the Commission shall con-
- 4 sider, among other factors, evidence of transactions within
- 5 the relevant market; or
- 6 "(C) wholesale markets for the sale of capacity and
- 7 electric energy that are, at a minimum, of comparable
- 8 competitive quality as markets described in subparagraphs
- 9 (A) and (B).
- 10 "(2)(A) In this paragraph, the term 'existing quali-
- 11 fying cogeneration facility' means a facility that—
- 12 "(i) was a qualifying cogeneration facility on
- the date of enactment of this paragraph; or
- "(ii) had filed with the Commission a notice of
- self-certification, a self-recertification, or an applica-
- tion for Commission certification under section
- 17 292.207 of title 18, Code of Federal Regulations (or
- a successor regulation), prior to the date on which
- the Commission issues the final rule required by
- subsection (1).
- 21 "(B) After the date of enactment of this sub-
- paragraph, no electric utility shall be required pur-
- suant to this section to enter into a new contract or
- obligation to purchase from or sell electric energy to
- a facility that is not an existing qualifying cogenera-

- 1 tion facility unless the facility meets the criteria for
- 2 qualifying cogeneration facilities established by the
- 3 Commission pursuant to the rulemaking required by
- 4 subsection (1).
- 5 "(3)(A) Any electric utility may file an application
- 6 with the Commission for relief from the mandatory pur-
- 7 chase obligation pursuant to this subsection on a service
- 8 territory-wide basis.
- 9 "(B) The application shall set forth the factual basis
- 10 on which relief is requested and describe why the condi-
- 11 tions set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B) or (C) of para-
- 12 graph (1) of this subsection have been met.
- 13 "(C) After notice (including sufficient notice to po-
- 14 tentially affected qualifying cogeneration facilities and
- 15 qualifying small power production facilities) and an oppor-
- 16 tunity for comment, the Commission shall make a final
- 17 determination within 90 days of receipt of the application
- 18 regarding whether the conditions set forth in subpara-
- 19 graphs (A), (B) or (C) of paragraph (1) have been met.
- 20 "(4)(A) At any time after the Commission makes a
- 21 finding under paragraph (3) relieving an electric utility
- 22 of the obligation of the electric utility to purchase electric
- 23 energy, a qualifying cogeneration facility, a qualifying
- 24 small power production facility, a State agency, or any
- 25 other affected person may apply to the Commission for

- 1 an order reinstating the obligation of the electric utility
- 2 to purchase electric energy under this section.
- 3 "(B) The application shall set forth the factual basis
- 4 on which the application is based and describe why the
- 5 conditions set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B) or (C) of
- 6 paragraph (1) of this subsection are no longer met.
- 7 "(C) After notice (including sufficient notice to po-
- 8 tentially affected utilities) and opportunity for comment,
- 9 the Commission shall issue an order within 90 days after
- 10 receipt of the application reinstating the obligation of the
- 11 electric utility to purchase electric energy under this sec-
- 12 tion if the Commission finds that the conditions set forth
- 13 in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (1) that
- 14 relieved the obligation to purchase, are no longer met.
- 15 "(5) After the date of enactment of this subsection,
- 16 no electric utility shall be required to enter into a new
- 17 contract or obligation to sell electric energy to a qualifying
- 18 cogeneration facility or a qualifying small power produc-
- 19 tion facility under this section if the Commission finds
- 20 that—
- 21 "(A) competing retail electric suppliers are willing
- 22 and able to sell and deliver electric energy to the qualifying
- 23 cogeneration facility or qualifying small power production
- 24 facility; and

- 1 "(B) the electric utility is not required by State law
- 2 to sell electric energy in the service territory of the electric
- 3 utility.
- 4 "(6) Nothing in this subsection affects the rights or
- 5 remedies of any party under any contract or obligation,
- 6 in effect or pending approval before the appropriate State
- 7 regulatory authority or non-regulated electric utility on
- 8 the date of enactment of this subsection, to purchase elec-
- 9 tric energy or capacity from or to sell electric energy or
- 10 capacity to a qualifying cogeneration facility or qualifying
- 11 small power production facility under this Act (including
- 12 the right to recover costs of purchasing electric energy or
- 13 capacity).
- 14 "(7)(A) The Commission shall issue and enforce such
- 15 regulations as are necessary to ensure that an electric util-
- 16 ity that purchases electric energy or capacity from a quali-
- 17 fying cogeneration facility or qualifying small power pro-
- 18 duction facility in accordance with any legally enforceable
- 19 obligation entered into or imposed under this section re-
- 20 covers all prudently incurred costs associated with the pur-
- 21 chase.
- 22 "(B) A regulation under subparagraph (A) shall be
- 23 enforceable in accordance with the provisions of law appli-
- 24 cable to enforcement of regulations under the Federal
- 25 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.).

1	"(1) Rulemaking for New Qualifying Facili-
2	TIES.—(1)(A) Not later than 180 days after the date of
3	enactment of this subparagraph, the Commission shall
4	issue a rule revising the criteria established under section
5	292.205 of title 18, Code of Federal Regulations (or a suc-
6	cessor regulation), for new qualifying cogeneration facili-
7	ties seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210
8	to ensure that—
9	"(i) the thermal energy output of a new quali-
10	fying cogeneration facility is used in a productive
11	and beneficial manner;
12	"(ii) the electrical, thermal, and chemical out-
13	put of the cogeneration facility is used fundamen-
14	tally for industrial, commercial, or institutional pur-
15	poses and is not intended fundamentally for sale to
16	an electric utility, taking into account technological,
17	efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy re-
18	quirements, as well as State laws applicable to sales
19	of electric energy from a qualifying facility to the
20	host facility of the qualifying facility; and
21	"(iii) continuing progress is made in the devel-
22	opment of efficient electric energy generating tech-
23	nology.

1	"(B)(i)	The	rule	issued	pursuant	to	subparagraph

- 2 (A) shall be applicable only to facilities that seek to sell
- 3 electric energy pursuant to section 210.
- 4 "(ii) For all other purposes, except as specifically pro-
- 5 vided in section (k)(2)(A), qualifying facility status shall
- 6 be determined in accordance with this Act.
- 7 "(2) Notwithstanding rule revisions under paragraph
- 8 (1), the criteria of the Commission for qualifying cogen-
- 9 eration facilities in effect prior to the date on which the
- 10 Commission issues the final rule required by paragraph
- 11 (1) shall continue to apply to any cogeneration facility
- 12 that—
- 13 "(A) was a qualifying cogeneration facility on the
- 14 date of enactment of this paragraph, or
- 15 "(B) had filed with the Commission a notice of self-
- 16 certification, self-recertification, or an application for
- 17 Commission certification under section 292.207 of title
- 18 18, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regula-
- 19 tion) prior to the date on which the Commission issues
- 20 the final rule required by paragraph (1).".
- 21 (b) Elimination of Ownership Limitations.—
- 22 (1) Qualifying small power production
- Facility.—Section 3(17) of the Federal Power Act
- 24 (16 U.S.C. 796(17)) is amended by striking sub-
- paragraph (C) and inserting the following:

1	"(C) 'qualifying small power production facility'
2	means a small power production facility that the Commis-
3	sion determines, by rule, meets such requirements (includ-
4	ing requirements respecting fuel use, fuel efficiency, and
5	reliability) as the Commission may, by rule, prescribe;".
6	(2) Qualifying cogeneration facility.—
7	Section 3(18) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
8	796(18)) is amended by striking subparagraph (B)
9	and inserting the following:
10	"(B) 'qualifying cogeneration facility' means a cogen-
11	eration facility that the Commission determines, by rule,
12	meets such requirements (including requirements respect-
13	ing minimum size, fuel use, and fuel efficiency) as the
14	Commission may, by rule, prescribe;".
15	SEC. 106. COGENERATION DEVELOPMENT.
16	(a) Electrical Generation and Rates.—
17	(1) Benefits of distributed generation
18	OF ELECTRICITY.—Part II of the Federal Power Act
19	(16 U.S.C. 824 et seq.) (as amended by section 105)
20	is amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"SEC. 215. BENEFITS OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION OF
22	ELECTRICITY.
23	"(a) Study.—
24	"(1) In General.—

1	"(A) POTENTIAL BENEFITS.—The Sec-
2	retary, in consultation with the Commission,
3	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits
4	of cogeneration and small power production.
5	"(B) Recipients.—The benefits described
6	in subparagraph (A) include benefits that are
7	received directly or indirectly by—
8	"(i) an electricity distribution or
9	transmission service provider;
10	"(ii) other customers served by an
11	electricity distribution or transmission
12	service provider; and
13	"(iii) the general public in the area
14	served by the public utility in which the co-
15	generator or small power producer is lo-
16	cated.
17	"(2) Inclusions.—The study shall include an
18	analysis of the potential benefits of—
19	"(A) increased system reliability;
20	"(B) improved power quality;
21	"(C) the provision of ancillary services;
22	"(D) reduction of peak power requirements
23	through onsite generation;
24	"(E) the provision of reactive power or
25	volt-ampere reactives;

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1	"(F) an emergency supply of power;
2	"(G) offsets to investments in generation,
3	transmission, or distribution facilities that
4	would otherwise be recovered through rates;
5	"(H) diminished land use effects and
6	right-of-way acquisition costs; and
7	"(I) reducing the vulnerability of a system
8	to terrorism.
9	"(3) Valuation of Benefits.—In carrying
10	out the study, the Secretary shall determine an ap-
11	propriate method of valuing potential benefits under
12	varying circumstances for individual cogeneration or
13	small power production units.
14	"(b) Report.—Not later than 18 months after the
15	date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall—
16	"(1) complete the study;
17	"(2) provide an opportunity for public comment
18	on the results of the study; and
19	"(3) submit to the President and Congress a
20	report describing—
21	"(A) the results of the study; and
22	"(B) information relating to the public
23	comments received under paragraph (2).

- 2 under subsection (b) to the President and Congress, the
- 3 Secretary shall publish the report.".
- 4 (2) Rate and charges; schedules; suspen-
- 5 SION OF NEW RATES.—Section 205 of the Federal
- 6 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824d) is amended by adding
- 7 at the end the following:
- 8 "(g)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), if a rate or charge
- 9 made, demanded, or received by a public utility subject
- 10 to regulation by the Commission varies because of (or in-
- 11 cludes any component reflecting) the existence or volume
- 12 of any self-generation, cogeneration, or small power pro-
- 13 duction by the ratepayer (or by any third party wholly in-
- 14 side the premises of the ratepayer and on the side of the
- 15 ratepayer of the meter that measures services received
- 16 from that public utility), the rate or charge shall not be
- 17 considered just, reasonable, or nondiscriminatory.
- 18 "(2) If a rate or charge described in paragraph (1)
- 19 varies because of (or a component of the rate or charge
- 20 reflects) an actual difference in the cost to the public util-
- 21 ity of service relative to the cost to the utility of serving
- 22 ratepayers without self-generation, cogeneration, or small-
- 23 power production, the rate or charge shall be considered
- 24 just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory.

1	"(3) Not later than the date of enactment of this sub-
2	section, any public utility in the jurisdiction of the Com-
3	mission shall—
4	"(A) modify any tariff charged by the utility so that
5	a customer that installs, owns, or operates self-generation,
6	cogeneration, or small power production is served under
7	rates, rules, and requirements identical to those that apply
8	to a customer of the same class that does not install, own,
9	or operate self-generation, cogeneration, or small power
10	production; and
11	"(B) withdraw any provision that provides for puni-
12	tive terms, rates, or rules if a customer installs, owns, or
13	operates self-generation, cogeneration or small power pro-
14	duction equipment.".
15	(3) Certain Interconnection Author-
16	ITY.—Section 210 of the Federal Power Act (16
17	U.S.C. 824i) is amended—
18	(A) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-
19	section (f); and
20	(B) by inserting after subsection (d) the
21	following:
22	"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
23	section, to the extent any cogenerator or small power pro-
24	ducer seeks to interconnect the generator of the cogener-
25	ator or small power producer to the facilities of any public

- 1 utility under the jurisdiction of the Commission for the
- 2 purpose of engaging in a transaction under the jurisdic-
- 3 tion of the Commission, the cogenerator or small power
- 4 producer shall be entitled to elect to apply—
- 5 "(A) the interconnection rules and procedures adopt-
- 6 ed by the Commission by rule; or
- 7 "(B) the interconnection rules and procedures adopt-
- 8 ed by the State in which the cogenerator or small power
- 9 producer is located.
- 10 "(2) The choice under paragraph (1) does not affect
- 11 jurisdiction over the terms and conditions of services by
- 12 the public utility to the cogenerator or small power pro-
- 13 ducer.".
- 14 (b) Transportation and Sale of Natural
- 15 Gas.—Section 4(b) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C.
- 16 717c(b)) is amended by striking subsection (b) and insert-
- 17 ing the following:
- 18 "(b)(1) No natural-gas company shall, with respect
- 19 to any transportation or sale of natural gas subject to the
- 20 jurisdiction of the Commission, as between localities or
- 21 classes of service—
- 22 "(A) make or grant any undue preference or advan-
- 23 tage to any person or subject any person to undue preju-
- 24 dice or disadvantage; or

- 1 "(B) maintain any unreasonable difference in rates,
- 2 charges, service, facilities, or in any other respect.
- 3 "(2) A person using natural gas for cogeneration
- 4 shall obtain from a natural-gas company rates and condi-
- 5 tions of service not less advantageous than the rates and
- 6 conditions of service for a person using natural gas pri-
- 7 marily to generate electricity.
- 8 "(3) Not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
- 9 ment of this paragraph, each natural gas company shall
- 10 amend any existing schedule of rates and conditions of
- 11 service as necessary to comply with this subsection.".
- 12 SEC. 107. EFFICIENT USE OF NATURAL GAS FOR ELECTRIC
- 13 ENERGY GENERATION.
- 14 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that it is in the na-
- 15 tional interest to ensure that electric energy is generated
- 16 from natural gas in the most efficient manner practicable.
- 17 (b) Policy.—If 2 or more natural gas-fired electric
- 18 energy generation facilities are capable of meeting demand
- 19 for electric energy, the facility that generates electric en-
- 20 ergy at the greatest level of thermal efficiency, and at the
- 21 lowest cost to consumers of electric energy, shall be used
- 22 first, in accordance with any operational or reliability re-
- 23 quirement of an electric energy transmission system.
- 24 (c) ACTION BY STATES.—

1	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, the Governor (or
3	other appropriate regulatory authority) of each State
4	may establish and carry out a program to achieve
5	the policy described in subsection (b) with respect to
6	electric energy generation facilities that are subject
7	to the regulatory jurisdiction of the State.
8	(2) CERTIFICATION.—If the Governor (or other
9	appropriate regulatory authority) of a State deter-
10	mines that the policy described in subsection (b) is
11	carried out appropriately in the State through a
12	State program, or another program, in existence on
13	the date of enactment of this Act, the Governor shall
14	submit to the Secretary of Energy a certification of
15	that determination.
16	(d) Action by Federal Government.—The Sec-
17	retary of Energy shall promulgate regulations to carry out
18	the policy described in subsection (b) to apply to any
19	State—
20	(A) the Governor (or other appropriate
21	regulatory authority) of which fails to act in ac-
22	cordance with subsection (c); and
23	(B) the electric energy generation facilities
24	of which are not subject to State regulatory au-
25	thority.

1	SEC. 108. DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT FOR INDUSTRIALS
2	AND UTILITIES: NET METERING AND OTHER
3	STANDARDS.
4	(a) Adoption of Standards.—Section 111(d) of
5	the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16
6	U.S.C. 2621(d)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(11) Net metering.—
9	"(A) DEFINITION OF NET METERING
10	SERVICE.—In this paragraph, the term 'net me-
11	tering service' means service to an electric con-
12	sumer under which electric energy generated by
13	that electric consumer from an eligible on-site
14	generating facility and delivered to the local dis-
15	tribution facilities may be used to offset electric
16	energy provided by the electric utility to the
17	electric consumer during the applicable billing
18	period.
19	"(B) AVAILABILITY.—Each electric utility
20	shall make available on request net metering
21	service to any electric consumer that the electric
22	utility serves.
23	"(12) Fuel sources.—Each electric utility
24	shall develop a plan to minimize dependence on 1
25	fuel source and to ensure that the electric energy the
26	electric utility sells to consumers is generated using

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1	a diverse range of fuels and technologies, including
2	renewable technologies.
3	"(13) Fossil fuel generation effi-
4	CIENCY.—Each electric utility shall develop and im-
5	plement a 10-year plan to increase the efficiency of
6	the fossil fuel generation of the electric utility.".
7	(b) Compliance.—
8	(1) Time limitations.—Section 112(b) of the
9	Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16
10	U.S.C. 2622(b)) is amended by adding at the end
11	the following:
12	"(3)(A) Not later than 2 years after the date of en-
13	actment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority
14	(with respect to each electric utility for which the state
15	regulatory authority has ratemaking authority) and each
16	nonregulated electric utility shall commence the consider-
17	ation referred to in section 111, or set a hearing date for
18	the consideration, with respect to each standard estab-
19	lished under paragraphs (11) through (13) of section
20	111(d).

- 21 "(B) Not later than 3 years after the date of enact-
- 22 ment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority
- 23 (with respect to each electric utility for which the state
- 24 regulatory authority has ratemaking authority), and each
- 25 nonregulated electric utility, shall complete the consider-

1	ation, and shall make the determination, referred to in
2	section 111 with respect to each standard established
3	under paragraphs (11) through (13) of section 111(d).".
4	(2) Failure to comply.—Section 112(c) of
5	the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978
6	(16 U.S.C. 2622(c)) is amended—
7	(A) by inserting "(1)" before "Each"; and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(2) In the case of each standard established
10	under paragraphs (11) through (13) of section
11	111(d), the reference contained in this subsection to
12	the date of enactment of this Act shall be deemed
13	to be a reference to the date of enactment of those
14	paragraphs.".
15	(3) Prior state actions.—
16	(A) In General.—Section 112 of the
17	Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978
18	(16 U.S.C. 2622) is amended by adding at the
19	end the following:
20	"(d) Prior State Actions.—Subsections (b) and
21	(c) shall not apply to the standards established under
22	paragraphs (11) through (13) of section 111(d) in the case
23	of any electric utility in a State if, before the date of enact-
24	ment of this subsection—

1	"(1) the State has implemented for the utility
2	the standard concerned (or a comparable standard);
3	"(2) the State regulatory authority for the
4	State or relevant nonregulated electric utility has
5	conducted a proceeding to consider implementation
6	of the standard concerned (or a comparable stand-
7	ard) for the utility; or
8	"(3) the State legislature has voted on the im-
9	plementation of the standard (or a comparable
10	standard) for the utility.".
11	(B) Cross reference.—Section 124 of
12	the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of
13	1978 (16 U.S.C. 2634) is amended—
14	(i) in the first sentence, by inserting
15	"(A) COMPLETED PROCEEDINGS AND AC-
16	TIONS.—" before "For";
17	(ii) in the second sentence, by insert-
18	ing "(B) Incomplete proceedings and
19	ACTIONS.—" before "For"; and
20	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(c) Cross Reference.—In the case of each stand-
23	ard established under paragraphs (11) through (13) of
24	section 111(d), the reference contained in this subsection
25	to the date of enactment of this Act shall be deemed to

1	be a reference to the date of enactment of those para-
2	graphs.".
3	SEC. 109. DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT FOR RESIDENTIAL
4	CUSTOMERS: SMART METERING.
5	(a) In General.—Section 111(d) of the Public Utili-
6	ties Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2621(d))
7	is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(14) Time-based metering and commu-
9	NICATIONS.—(A) Not later than 18 months after the
10	date of enactment of this paragraph, each electric
11	utility shall offer each customer class of the electric
12	utility, and provide individual customers on customer
13	request, a time-based rate schedule under which the
14	rate charged by the electric utility varies during dif-
15	ferent time periods and reflects the variance, if any,
16	in the costs of the electric utility of generating and
17	purchasing electricity at the wholesale level.
18	"(B) The time-based rate schedule shall enable
19	the electric consumer to manage energy use and cost
20	through advanced metering and communications
21	technology.
22	"(C) The types of time-based rate schedules
23	that may be offered under the schedule referred to
24	in subparagraph (A) include, among others—
25	"(i) time-of-use pricing under which—

1	"(I) electricity prices are set for a
2	specific time period on an advance or for-
3	ward basis, typically not changing more
4	often than twice a year, based on the cost
5	to the utility of generating or purchasing
6	such electricity at the wholesale level for
7	the benefit of the consumer; and
8	"(II) policy prices paid for energy
9	consumed during those periods shall be
10	pre-established and known to consumers in
11	advance of the consumption, allowing the
12	consumers to vary the demand and usage
13	of the consumers in response to such
14	prices and manage the energy costs of the
15	consumers by shifting usage to a lower
16	cost period or reducing the overall con-
17	sumption of the consumers;
18	"(ii) critical peak pricing under which
19	time-of-use prices are in effect except for cer-
20	tain peak days, when prices may reflect the
21	costs of generating or purchasing electricity at
22	the wholesale level and when consumers may re-
23	ceive additional discounts for reducing peak pe-
24	riod energy consumption; and

1	"(iii) real-time pricing under which elec-
2	tricity prices are set for a specific time period
3	on an advanced or forward basis, reflecting the
4	cost to the utility of generating or purchasing
5	electricity at the wholesale level, and may
6	change as often as hourly.
7	"(D) Each electric utility subject to subpara-
8	graph (A) shall provide each customer requesting a
9	time-based rate with a time-based meter capable of
10	enabling the utility and customer to offer and re-
11	ceive that rate, respectively.
12	"(E) For purposes of implementing this para-
13	graph, any reference contained in this section to the
14	date of enactment of the Public Utility Regulatory
15	Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) shall
16	be deemed to be a reference to the date of enact-
17	ment of this paragraph.
18	"(F) In a State that permits third-party mar-
19	keters to sell electric energy to retail electric con-
20	sumers, the consumers shall be entitled to receive
21	the same time-based metering and communications
22	device and service as a retail electric consumer of
23	the electric utility.
24	"(G) Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c)
25	of section 112, not later than 18 months after the

1	date of enactment of this paragraph, each State reg-
2	ulatory authority shall—
3	"(i) conduct an investigation in accordance
4	with section 115(i); and
5	"(ii) issue a decision whether it is appro-
6	priate to implement the standards set out in
7	subparagraphs (A) and (C).".
8	(b) STATE INVESTIGATION OF DEMAND RESPONSE
9	AND TIME-BASED METERING.—Section 115 of the Public
10	Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2625)
11	is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (b)—
13	(A) by inserting "and the standard for
14	time-based metering and communications estab-
15	lished by section 111(d)(14)" after "the stand-
16	ard for time-of-day rates established by section
17	111(d)(3)"; and
18	(B) by inserting "and communications"
19	after "are likely to exceed the metering"; and
20	(2) by adding the at the end the following:
21	"(i) Time-Based Metering and Communica-
22	TIONS.—(1) In making a determination with respect to
23	the standard established by section $111(d)(14)$, the inves-
24	tigation requirement of section 111(d)(14)(F) shall apply
25	in accordance with this subsection.

1	"(2) A state regulatory authority shall conduct an in-
2	vestigation and issue a decision whether or not it is appro-
3	priate for electric utilities to provide and install time-based
4	meters and communications devices for each of their cus-
5	tomers that enable the customers to participate in time-
6	based pricing rate schedules and other demand response
7	programs.".
8	(c) Federal Assistance on Demand Re-
9	SPONSE.—Section 132(a) of the Public Utility Regulatory
10	Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2642(a)) is amended—
11	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at the
12	end;
13	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
14	graph (4) and inserting "; and"; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(5) technologies, techniques, and ratemaking
17	methods relating to advanced metering and commu-
18	nications and the use of those technologies, tech-
19	niques, and methods in demand response pro-
20	grams.".
21	(d) Federal Guidance.—Section 132 of the Public
22	Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2642)
23	is amended—
24	(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
25	section (d); and

1	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(c) Demand Response.—The Secretary shall be
4	responsible for—
5	"(1) informing consumers of the availability,
6	advantages, and benefits of advanced metering and
7	communications technologies, including the funding
8	of demonstration or pilot projects;
9	"(2) working with States, utilities, other energy
10	providers, and advanced metering and communica-
11	tions experts to identify and address barriers to the
12	adoption of demand response programs; and
13	"(3) not later than 180 days after the date of
14	enactment of the Natural Gas Price Reduction Act
15	of 2005, providing Congress with a report that iden-
16	tifies and quantifies the national benefits of demand
17	response and makes a recommendation on achieving
18	specific levels of those benefits by January 1,
19	2008.".
20	(e) Demand Response and Regional Coordina-
21	TION.—
22	(1) In general.—It is the policy of the United
23	States to encourage States to coordinate, on a re-
24	gional basis. State energy policies to provide reliable

1	and affordable electricity demand response services
2	to the public.
3	(2) Technical assistance.—The Secretary of
4	Energy shall provide technical assistance to States
5	and regional organizations formed by 2 or more
6	States to assist the organizations in—
7	(A) identifying the areas with the greatest
8	electricity demand response potential;
9	(B) identifying and resolving problems in
10	transmission and distribution networks, includ-
11	ing through the use of demand response;
12	(C) developing plans and programs to use
13	demand response to respond to peak demand or
14	emergency needs; and
15	(D) identifying specific measures con-
16	sumers can take to participate in those demand
17	response programs.
18	(3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
19	date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Energy
20	Regulatory Commission shall prepare and publish an
21	annual report, by appropriate region, that assesses
22	electricity demand response resources, including
23	those available from all consumer classes, and that
24	identifies and reviews—

1	(A) saturation and penetration rate of ad-
2	vanced meters and communications tech-
3	nologies, devices, and systems;
4	(B) existing demand response programs
5	and time-based rate programs;
6	(C) the annual resource contribution of de-
7	mand resources;
8	(D) the potential for demand response as
9	a quantifiable, reliable resource for regional
10	planning purposes; and
11	(E) steps taken to ensure that, in regional
12	transmission planning and operations, demand
13	resources are provided equitable treatment as a
14	quantifiable, reliable resource relative to the re-
15	source obligations of any load-serving entity,
16	transmission provider, or transmitting party.
17	(f) Federal Encouragement of Demand Re-
18	SPONSE DEVICES.—It is the policy of the United States
19	that—
20	(1) time-based pricing and other forms of elec-
21	tricity demand response, under which electricity cus-
22	tomers are provided with electricity price signals and
23	the ability to benefit by responding to the con-
24	sumers, shall be encouraged, and the deployment of
25	the technology and devices that enable electricity

1	customers to participate in the pricing and demand
2	response systems shall be facilitated; and
3	(2) the benefits of the demand response that
4	accrue to persons not deploying the technology and
5	devices, but who are part of the same regional elec-
6	tricity entity, shall be recognized.
7	(g) Time Limitations.—Section 112(b) of the Pub-
8	lic Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
9	2622(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"(4)(A) Not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
11	ment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority
12	(with respect to each electric utility for which the author-
13	ity has ratemaking authority) and each nonregulated elec-
14	tric utility shall commence the consideration referred to
15	in section 111, or set a hearing date for the consideration,
16	with respect to the standard established by section
17	111(d)(14).
18	"(B) Not later than 2 years after the date of enact-
19	ment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority
20	(with respect to each electric utility for which the author-
21	ity has ratemaking authority), and each nonregulated elec-
22	tric utility, shall complete the consideration, and shall
23	make the determination, referred to in section 111 with
24	respect to the standard established by section
25	111(d)(14).".

1	SEC. 110. PROTECTING INDUSTRIAL COGENERATORS.
2	Nothing in subtitle D of the Energy Conference Re-
3	port (House of Representatives Report 108–375, 108th
4	Congress, agreed to November 17, 2003) (relating to par-
5	ticipant funding) shall apply to a qualifying facility, as de-
6	termined under section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regu-
7	latory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) (as added
8	by section 104).
9	SEC. 111. REDUCTION OF DEPENDENCE ON IMPORTED PE-
10	TROLEUM.
11	(a) Report.—
12	(1) In general.—Not later than July 1, 2007,
13	and annually thereafter, the President shall submit
14	to Congress a report, based on the most recent edi-
15	tion of the Annual Energy Outlook published by the
16	Energy Information Administration, assessing the
17	progress made by the United States toward the goal
18	of reducing dependence on imported petroleum
19	sources by 2015.
20	(2) Contents.—The report under paragraph
21	(1) shall—
22	(A) include a description of the implemen-
23	tation, during the previous fiscal year, of provi-
24	sions of this Act and amendments made by this
25	Act relating to domestic crude petroleum pro-

duction;

1	(B) assess the effectiveness of those provi-
2	sions in meeting the goal described in para-
3	graph (1); and
4	(C) describe the progress in developing and
5	implementing measures under subsection (b).
6	(b) Measures to Reduce Import Dependence
7	THROUGH INCREASED DOMESTIC PETROLEUM CON-
8	SERVATION.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
10	the date of enactment of this Act, the President
11	shall develop and implement measures to conserve
12	petroleum in end-uses throughout the economy of
13	the United States that are sufficient to reduce total
14	demand for petroleum in the United States by
15	1,750,000 barrels per day from the quantity pro-
16	jected for calendar year 2015 in the reference case
17	contained in the report of the Energy Information
18	Administration entitled "Annual Energy Outlook
19	2005".
20	(2) Contents.—The measures under para-
21	graph (1) shall be designed to ensure continued reli-
22	able and affordable energy for consumers.
23	(3) Implementation.—The measures under
24	paragraph (1) shall be implemented under existing

1	authorities of appropriate Federal executive agencies
2	identified by the President.
3	SEC. 112. NATIONAL GASIFICATION STRATEGY FOR POWER
4	SECTOR.
5	(a) Streamlined Permitting.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
8	of the Environmental Protection Agency shall pro-
9	mulgate regulations to revise the requirements under
10	section 111 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411),
11	and parts C and D of title I of that Act (42 U.S.C.
12	7470 et seq.), in accordance with this section.
13	(2) Application date.—The revised regula-
14	tions adopted pursuant to this section shall apply
15	until January 1, 2017, but may continue to apply
16	after that date if the Environmental Protection
17	Agency determines that such regulations are author-
18	ized by another provision of the Clean Air Act (42
19	U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
20	(b) APPLICABILITY.—A qualifying project shall not
21	be considered to be a major stationary source that is sub-
22	ject to the preconstruction review requirements of parts
23	C and D of title I of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7470
24	et seq.), for purposes of constructing such qualifying

1	projects, provided each of the following requirements of
2	this subsection is met:
3	(1) Emissions reductions are achieved by other
4	stationary sources located within the same air qual-
5	ity region, as determined by the Administrator based
6	on best available air quality modeling, and such
7	emissions reductions offset the emissions of the
8	qualifying project on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis.
9	(2) Such emissions reductions by other sta-
10	tionary sources are achieved through a federally en-
11	forceable limitation that is not otherwise required
12	under the Clean Air Act, and occurred within a 5-
13	year period prior to the date that the qualifying
14	project commercial operation.
15	(3)(A) The owner or operator of qualifying
16	project demonstrates the following requirements are
17	met prior to the commencement of construction of
18	the project:
19	(i) In an area designated as attainment or
20	unclassifiable under section 107(d) of the Clean
21	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7407(d)), the emissions in-
22	crease resulting from the qualifying project will
23	not cause or contribute to air pollution in ex-
24	cess of any national ambient air quality stand-

ard.

1	(ii) In an area designated as nonattain-
2	ment under section 107(d) of the Clean Air Act
3	(42 U.S.C. 7407(d)), the emissions increase re-
4	sulting from the qualifying project will not
5	interfere with any program to assure that the
6	national ambient air quality standards are
7	achieved and maintained.
8	(B) Demonstrations performed under this para-
9	graph shall be based on the offsetting emissions re-
10	ductions achieved under paragraphs (1) and (2), as
11	well as other design and emissions parameters that
12	are relevant for assessing air quality impacts of the
13	emissions increase from the project.
14	(4) The qualifying project complies with the
15	emissions standards that are established for inte-
16	grated gasification combined cycle plants under sec-
17	tion 111 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411).
18	(c) Expedited Permitting.—
19	(1) The permitting authority shall expedite the
20	preconstruction review requirements of parts C and
21	D of title I of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7470
22	et seq.) in the case of qualifying projects that do not
23	obtain offsetting emissions reductions under sub-
24	section (a).

1	(2) Expedited preconstruction review shall in-
2	clude the following:
3	(A) Application of the emissions standards
4	for integrated gasification combined cycle plants
5	under section 111 of that Act (42 U.S.C.
6	7411), instead of case-by-case performance
7	standards based on best available control tech-
8	nology or lowest achievable emissions rate
9	under parts C and D of title I of that Act (42
10	U.S.C. 7470 et seq.).
11	(B) Other appropriate measures to accel-
12	erate preconstruction review and issuance of all
13	necessary air permits for the construction and
14	operation of qualifying projects under parts C
15	and D of title I of that Act (42 U.S.C. 7470
16	et seq.).
17	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
18	(1) The term "biomass" means any animal, ag-
19	ricultural or plant waste, by-product of wood or
20	paper mill operations such as lignin in spent pulping
21	liquors, and other products of forestry maintenance,
22	but does not include paper that is commonly recy-
23	cled.

1	(2) The term "electric generation unit" means
2	any facility at least 50 percent of the total annual
3	net output of which is electrical power.
4	(3) The term "industrial gasification tech-
5	nology" means any process that converts an eligible
6	solid or liquid into a gaseous condition for direct use
7	or subsequent chemical or physical conversion. An
8	eligible solid or liquid shall include the following ma-
9	terials: coal, petroleum residue (such as carbon-
10	ization product of high-boiling hydrocarbon fractions
11	obtained in petroleum processing), biomass, carbon-
12	ized or semi-carbonized matter (including peat) or
13	other materials that are recovered for their feed-
14	stock, fuel, or other energy value.
15	(4) The term "integrated gasification combined
16	cycle technology" means any combination of equip-
17	ment, including all related power generation equip-
18	ment, that is used at a single location to convert
19	coal or residuals into synthesis gas that is then used
20	as a fuel to generate electricity.
21	(5) The term "natural gas combined cycle"
22	means a system that—
23	(A) is comprised of 1 or more combustion
24	turbines, heat recovery steam generators, and
25	steam turbines; and

1	(B) combusts only natural gas or fuel oil,
2	with natural gas comprising at least 90 percent,
3	and fuel oil not more than 10 percent, of the
4	unit's annual heat input in any year.
5	(6) The term "qualifying electric generation
6	project" means a project that meets each of the fol-
7	lowing eligibility requirements:
8	(A) The project uses integrated gasifi-
9	cation combined cycle technology in the con-
10	struction of a new electric generating unit, the
11	repowering of an existing coal-fired electric gen-
12	eration unit, or the conversion of an existing
13	natural gas combined cycle unit to operate on
14	coal instead of natural gas.
15	(B) The project meets the emissions stand-
16	ards that are established for integrated gasifi-
17	cation combined cycle plants under section 111
18	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411).
19	(C) The project commences commercial op-
20	eration after December 31, 2006.
21	(7) The term "qualifying industrial project"
22	means any project that uses an industrial gasifi-
23	cation technology that meets the following eligibility
24	requirements:

1	(A) The energy output of the project is
2	primarily used for applications in one or more
3	of the following industries: chemicals, fertilizer,
4	glass, steel, petroleum coke, forest products,
5	and agriculture-feedlots.
6	(B) The gasification technology meets the
7	emissions standards that are established for in-
8	tegrated gasification combined cycle plants
9	under section 111 of the Clean Air Act (42
10	U.S.C. 7411).
11	(C) The gasification technology commenced
12	commercial operation after December 31, 2006.
13	(8) The term "qualifying project" means a
14	qualifying electric generation project or a qualifying
15	industrial project.
16	(e) Construction Incentives.—
17	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
18	(A) CARBON CAPTURE READY.—The term
19	"carbon capture ready", with respect to a facil-
20	ity or equipment, means an industrial gasifi-
21	cation project design that is determined by the
22	Secretary to be capable of accommodating the
23	equipment likely to be necessary to capture,
24	separate on a long-term basis, isolate, or re-
25	move carbon dioxide from the gaseous stream

1	(for later use or sequestration) that would oth-
2	erwise be emitted during the generation of elec-
3	tricity.
4	(B) Gasification combined cycle
5	TECHNOLOGY FACILITY.—The term "gasifi-
6	cation combined cycle technology facility"
7	means an integrated gasification combined cycle
8	facility that contains any combination of equip-
9	ment (including power generation equipment)
10	that—
11	(i) is used at a single location to con-
12	vert coal or a residual into synthesis gas to
13	be used as a fuel to generate electricity;
14	(ii) is carbon capture ready;
15	(iii) is depreciable or that can be am-
16	ortized; and
17	(iv) achieves—
18	(I) a nitrogen emissions rate of
19	at least 0.06 lbs/mmBtu; and
20	(II) a sulfur dioxide emissions
21	rate of at least 0.08 lbs/mmBtu.
22	(C) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
23	means the Secretary of Energy.
24	(2) Incentives.—The Secretary shall establish
25	a program under which construction incentives are

1	provided for eligible facilities that are certified by
2	the Secretary in accordance with this subsection.
3	(3) Certification.—
4	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
5	graph (D), the Secretary shall certify the first
6	6 eligible facilities for which an application for
7	certification is submitted to the Secretary.
8	(B) ELIGIBLE FACILITIES.—To be eligible
9	to receive certification under this subsection, a
10	facility shall be permitted—
11	(i) to be a gasification combined cycle
12	technology facility;
13	(ii) to be built and in continuous oper-
14	ation beginning not later than December
15	31, 2013;
16	(iii) to have a fuel input of coal of not
17	less than 75 percent; and
18	(iv) to have a design capability of not
19	less than 500 megawatts.
20	(v) to own or have all land rights for
21	construction and for operation of the facil-
22	ity; and
23	(vi) to demonstrate a financial condi-
24	tion that is necessary to achieve financial
25	closing for the facility.

1	(C) APPLICATION.—
2	(i) In general.—To receive certifi-
3	cation under subparagraph (A), on receipt
4	for an eligible facility of a prevention of
5	significant deterioration of air quality
6	(PSD) permit from the Administrator of
7	the Environmental Protection Agency and
8	all other required Federal, State, and local
9	permits, the owner or operator of the facil-
10	ity shall submit to the Secretary an appli-
11	cation in the manner required by the Sec-
12	retary.
13	(ii) Contents.—An application under
14	this subparagraph shall contain—
15	(I) a plan for the construction of
16	the eligible facility; and
17	(II) any other information the
18	Secretary may require.
19	(D) Selection.—The Secretary shall se-
20	lect for certification under subparagraph (A)—
21	(i) 4 eligible facilities that are—
22	(I) investor-owned utilities; or
23	(II) independent power pro-
24	ducers; and
25	(ii) 2 eligible facilities that are—

1	(I) public utilities; or
2	(II) rural power cooperatives.
3	(4) Grants.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall es-
5	tablish a program under which the Secretary
6	shall provide grants to the eligible facilities de-
7	scribed in paragraph (3)(D)(ii) to pay the Fed-
8	eral share of the costs of construction of those
9	eligible facilities.
10	(B) Timing.—The Secretary shall make a
11	grant under this paragraph commencing on the
12	date the Secretary determines that an eligible
13	facility has achieved financial closing and ob-
14	tained financing from 1 or more commercial
15	lending institutions.
16	(C) Federal share.—The Federal share
17	of the certified costs of construction of an eligi-
18	ble facility under this paragraph shall be, as de-
19	termined by the Secretary—
20	(i) in the case of an eligible entity
21	that was among the first 3 eligible entities
22	to receive certification under paragraph
23	(3)(A), not more than 40 percent; and
24	(ii) in the case of an eligible entity
25	that was among the last 3 eligible entities

1	to receive certification under paragraph
2	(3)(A), not more than 30 percent.
3	(5) Authorization of appropriations.—
4	There are authorized such sums as are necessary to
5	carry out this subsection, to remain available until
6	expended.
7	SEC. 113. INDUSTRIAL GASIFICATION DEMONSTRATION
8	AND DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.
9	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
10	(1) Biomass.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "biomass"
12	means—
13	(i) any agricultural or plant waste;
14	(ii) a byproduct of a wood or paper
15	mill, such as lignin in spent pulping liq-
16	uors; and
17	(iii) any other product of forestry
18	maintenance.
19	(B) Exclusion.—The term "biomass"
20	does not include paper that is commonly recy-
21	cled.
22	(2) Carbon-capture ready.—The term "car-
23	bon-capture ready" means an industrial gasification
24	plant design that is determined by the Secretary to
25	be capable of accommodating the equipment likely to

1	be necessary to capture carbon dioxide from the gas-
2	eous stream, for later use or sequestration, that
3	would otherwise be emitted in the flue gas from a
4	project that uses a non-renewable fuel.
5	(3) COAL.—The term "coal" means any carbon-
6	ized or semi-carbonized matter, including peat.
7	(4) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
8	ty" means any entity that applies for Federal assist-
9	ance that will principally be used for applications
10	with a standard industrial classification relating par-
11	ticularly to chemicals, fertilizers, glass, steel,
12	petcoke, forest products, or agriculture feedlots, as
13	determined by the Secretary.
14	(5) Gasification technology.—The term
15	"gasification technology" means any process by
16	which a solid or liquid product from coal, petroleum
17	residue, biomass, or other material recovered for its
18	energy or feedstock value is converted into a gaseous
19	condition for—
20	(A) direct use; or
21	(B) subsequent chemical or physical con-
22	version.
23	(6) Industrial Gasification Project.—The
24	term "industrial gasification project" means a
25	project that—

1	(A) is proposed by an eligible entity; and
2	(B) employs gasification technology.
3	(7) Petroleum residue.—The term "petro-
4	leum residue" means a carbonization product of
5	high-boiling hydrocarbon fractions obtained through
6	petroleum processing.
7	(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
8	the Secretary of Energy.
9	(9) Total project investment.—The term
10	"total project investment" means—
11	(A) the total project cost for engineering,
12	design, procurement, construction, project de-
13	velopment, and financing; and
14	(B) reasonable contingency reserves (as de-
15	termined by the Secretary and the project spon-
16	sor).
17	(b) Finding; Purpose.—
18	(1) FINDING.—Congress finds that widespread
19	domestic use of gasification technologies can signifi-
20	cantly contribute to the economy, the environment,
21	and the general welfare of the people of the United
22	States.
23	(2) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is
24	to significantly accelerate the deployment of gasifi-

1	cation technologies for industrial application in order
2	to—
3	(A) to produce the natural gas equivalent
4	of 1,000,000,000 cubic feet of natural gas an-
5	nually, or 5 percent of the total demand for
6	natural gas;
7	(B) to reduce imports of energy from for-
8	eign energy sources;
9	(C) to preserve domestic jobs;
10	(D) to reduce the demand pressure on do-
11	mestic natural gas prices and supply for all
12	consumers by promoting the use of gas derived
13	from—
14	(i) domestic coal;
15	(ii) biomass; and
16	(iii) other domestic fuel sources for in-
17	dustrial use;
18	(E) to avoid dependence on remote foreign
19	sources for chemicals, ammonia-based fer-
20	tilizers, and other strategic products for which
21	natural gas is traditionally a significant compo-
22	nent in the manufacturing process;
23	(F) to promote the use of domestic coal,
24	biomass, and other fuel sources in an environ-
25	mentally benign manner;

1	(G) to promote the position of the United
2	States as a global leader in advanced gasifi-
3	cation technology and related sales; and
4	(H) to promote the potential for future use
5	or sequestration of industrial carbon emissions
6	in an efficient manner.
7	(e) Industrial Gasification Demonstration
8	AND DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.—
9	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall es-
10	tablish and implement an industrial gasification
11	demonstration and deployment program.
12	(2) Solicitation of applications.—Not less
13	frequently than every 18 months, the Secretary, in
14	consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury,
15	shall solicit from eligible entities applications for
16	Federal assistance described in subsection (e) for the
17	construction and operation of facilities that gasify
18	coal, petroleum residues, or biomass.
19	(3) Regulations.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
21	days after the date of enactment of this Act,
22	the Secretary, after consultation with the Sec-
23	retary of the Treasury, shall issue final regula-
24	tions to carry out this section.

1	(B) Limitation.—The regulations shall
2	be—
3	(i) limited to the activities described
4	in this section; and
5	(ii) generally consistent with the Fed-
6	eral Nonnuclear Energy Research and De-
7	velopment Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901 et
8	seq.).
9	(4) Study of regulatory barriers.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
11	conduct a study of the barriers to timely de-
12	ployment of commercial gasification projects
13	under this subsection.
14	(B) Consultation.—In carrying out the
15	study, the Secretary shall consult with—
16	(i) Federal and State regulatory agen-
17	cies;
18	(ii) potential industrial and utility
19	users and vendors of gasification tech-
20	nology;
21	(iii) suppliers and transporters of any
22	feedstock materials or plant products;
23	(iv) financial institutions; and
24	(v) knowledgeable public citizens.

1	(5) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
2	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
3	submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural
4	Resources of the Senate a report describing—
5	(A) the results of the study under para-
6	graph (4); and
7	(B) recommendations of the Secretary that
8	may facilitate the introduction of gasification
9	technology.
10	(d) Project Criteria.—
11	(1) In general.—On evaluating an application
12	for Federal financial assistance described in sub-
13	section (e), the Secretary, in consultation with the
14	Secretary of the Treasury, shall consider—
15	(A) the potential of the proposed project to
16	surpass existing environmental standards in the
17	proposed project area;
18	(B) the likelihood of the project to preserve
19	domestic jobs at the proposed site and through
20	subsequent replications of the technology;
21	(C) the degree to which the proposed
22	project, and anticipated replications of the tech-
23	nology used in the project, may provide sub-
24	stitutes for natural gas on a cost-effective basis

1	compared to other applications proposed by eli-
2	gible entities;
3	(D) the technical and economic feasibility
4	of the project;
5	(E) the financial viability of the project;
6	(F) an expectation that private equity in
7	the project will equal at least 20 percent of
8	total plant investment;
9	(G) the likelihood that replications of the
10	technology will create significant markets for
11	domestic vendors of the technology;
12	(H) the diversity of the technological ap-
13	proaches and regional locations of the projects
14	selected, except that, unless no such project is
15	proposed by an eligible entity—
16	(i) at least 1 of the industrial gasifi-
17	cation projects selected shall use coal; and
18	(ii) at least 1 of the industrial gasifi-
19	cation projects selected shall use biomass
20	(I) a determination that the plant will be
21	carbon-capture ready, as applicable; and
22	(J) any other criteria the Secretary pub-
23	lishes in a solicitation to achieve the purpose of
24	this section.

1	(2) Factors of additional weight.—In
2	evaluating a project that gasifies coal or petroleum
3	residue, the Secretary shall give additional weight to
4	a project proposal that contains separation, seques-
5	tration, or use of carbon or other gases in the proc-
6	ess waste stream that have a radiative index greater
7	than or equal to that of carbon dioxide.
8	(e) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—
9	(1) Types of assistance.—
10	(A) In general.—In carrying out this
11	section, the Secretary may award to an eligible
12	entity selected by the Secretary—
13	(i) a loan;
14	(ii) a loan guarantee;
15	(iii) price supports; or
16	(iv) goods the purchase prices of
17	which are incurred by the Secretary.
18	(B) Loans and Loan guarantees.—
19	(i) In general.—A loan or loan
20	guarantee provided under clause (i) or (ii)
21	of subparagraph (A)—
22	(I) shall not exceed 80 percent of
23	the total project investment; and
24	(II) shall be backed by the full
25	faith and credit of the United States.

1	(ii) Non-federal equity invest-
2	MENT.—An eligible entity shall—
3	(I) provide a non-Federal equity
4	investment equal to not less than 20
5	percent of the total project invest-
6	ment; and
7	(II) apply the non-Federal equity
8	investment to the long-term debt obli-
9	gations of the project, which—
10	(aa) may, at the discretion
11	of the Secretary, be nonrecourse;
12	and
13	(bb) shall have a term not
14	greater than 30 years.
15	(2) Eligibility for more than 1 type of
16	ASSISTANCE.—
17	(A) Limitations.—The Secretary may
18	provide, or certify an eligible entity to receive,
19	any financial incentive described in paragraph
20	(1) for a project if the aggregate value of incen-
21	tives made available to an applicant (as deter-
22	mined by the Congressional Budget Office) does
23	not exceed—

1	(i) \$175,000,000 for each incentive,
2	as of the date of enactment of this Act;
3	and
4	(ii) 20 percent of the total capital cost
5	of the project.
6	(B) Contracts between the Sec-
7	RETARY AND PROJECT SPONSORS.—A contract
8	between the Secretary and a project sponsor re-
9	garding an industrial gasification project shall
10	not count against the limitations described in
11	subparagraph (A).
12	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
13	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
14	appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this sec-
15	tion \$2,000,000,000, to remain available until ex-
16	pended.
17	(2) Schedule.—The amount authorized to be
18	appropriated under paragraph (1) shall be available
19	to the Secretary on the following schedule:
20	(A) For fiscal year 2006, \$400,000,000.
21	(B) For fiscal year 2007, \$300,000,000.
22	(C) For fiscal year 2008, \$300,000,000.
23	(D) For fiscal year 2009, \$300,000,000.
24	(E) For fiscal year 2010, \$200,000,000.
25	(F) For fiscal year 2011, \$125,000,000.

1	(G) For fiscal year 2012, \$100,000,000.
2	(H) For fiscal year 2013, \$75,000,000.
3	(I) For fiscal year 2014, \$50,000,000.
4	(J) For fiscal year 2015, \$50,000,000.
5	SEC. 114. CARBON CAPTURE AND SEQUESTRATION ENERGY
6	EFFICIENCY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
7	(a) Research and Development Program.—The
8	Secretary shall carry out a program of research and devel-
9	opment to improve the efficiency and reduce the capital
10	cost of processes used to capture and sequester carbon di-
11	oxide that is produced by coal-fired power plants to reduce
12	the cost of carbon capture and sequestration.
13	(b) Grants and Cooperative Agreements.—In
14	carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Sec-
15	retary may make any grant or enter into any cooperative
16	agreement that the Secretary determines to be appro-
17	priate, in accordance with the Federal Nonnuclear Energy
18	Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901
19	et seq.) or any other Federal law.
20	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
21	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
22	essary to carry out this section.

1 TITLE II—PRODUCTION

2	SEC. 201. GAS ONLY LEASES.
3	Section 8 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
4	(43 U.S.C. 1337) is amended by adding at the end the
5	following:
6	"(p)(1) The Secretary may issue a lease under this
7	section beginning at the 2007–2012 plan period that au-
8	thorizes development and production only of gas and asso-
9	ciated condensate in accordance with regulations issued
10	under paragraph (2).
11	"(2) Before July 1, 2006, the Secretary shall issue
12	regulations that, for purposes of this section—
13	"(A) define what constitutes gas, condensate,
14	and oil;
15	"(B) establish the rights and obligations of a
16	lessee regarding condensate produced in association
17	with gas;
18	"(C) prescribe procedures and requirements
19	that the lessee shall follow if the lessee discovers oil
20	deposits in the course of exploration or development;
21	and
22	"(D) establish any other requirements for gas-
23	only leases that the Secretary determines are appro-
24	priate.

1	"(3) At the request of a lessee or the producing State,
2	the Secretary may restrict development under such a lease
3	to gas and associated condensate.
4	"(4) Any Federal law (including a regulation) that
5	applies to an oil and gas lease on the Outer Continental
6	Shelf applies to a gas-only lease issued under this sec-
7	tion.".
8	SEC. 202. EASTERN GULF OF MEXICO.
9	Section 4(a)(2) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands
10	Act (43 U.S.C. 1333(a)(2)) is amended—
11	(1) by inserting "(i)" after "(A)";
12	(2) in the first sentence—
13	(A) by striking "President" and inserting
14	"Secretary"; and
15	(B) by inserting before the period at the
16	end the following: "not later than 270 days
17	after the date of enactment of the Natural Gas
18	Price Reduction Act of 2005"; and
19	(3) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(ii) For the purpose solely of determining bound-
21	aries for offshore oil and gas development and revenue
22	sharing, the Secretary shall delimit the lateral boundaries
23	between coastal States, to the extent of the exclusive eco-
24	nomic zone of the United States, in accordance with—

1	"(I) any judicial decree or interstate compact
2	delimiting lateral offshore boundaries between coast-
3	al States;
4	"(II) any principles of domestic and inter-
5	national law governing the delimitation of lateral off-
6	shore boundaries; and
7	"(III) to the maximum extent practicable, exist-
8	ing lease boundaries and block lines based on the of-
9	ficial protraction diagrams of the Secretary.
10	"(iii) Not later than December 31, 2007, the Sec-
11	retary shall amend any 5-year leasing program relating
12	to the outer Continental Shelf and offer for gas, or oil
13	and gas, leasing the unleased blocks in the Lease Sale 181
14	area if the lease sale—
15	"(I) is not in the State of Florida; and
16	"(II) does not conflict with training or oper-
17	ations of the United States military.
18	"(iv) If a lease sale under clause (iii) is located more
19	than 20 miles off the coast of the State of Alabama and
20	the State of Florida, the lease shall be considered by the
21	Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior
22	to be necessary to the interest of national security for pur-
23	poses of the Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C.
24	1451 et seq.).".

1	SEC. 203. REVIEW OF STATE REQUESTS TO EXAMINE OCS
2	ENERGY AREAS.
3	Section 18 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
4	(43 U.S.C. 1344) is amended by adding at the end the
5	following:
6	"(i)(1) In this subsection:
7	"(A) The term 'lease' includes a gas-only lease
8	under section 8.
9	"(B) The term 'moratorium area' means—
10	"(i) any area withdrawn from disposition
11	by leasing by the 'Memorandum on Withdrawal
12	of Certain Areas of the United States Outer
13	Continental Shelf from Leasing Disposition',
14	from 34 Weekly Comp. Pres. Doc. 1111, dated
15	June 12, 1998; and
16	"(ii) any area of the outer Continental
17	Shelf as to which Congress has denied the use
18	of appropriated funds or other means for
19	preleasing, leasing, or related activities.
20	"(2)(A) A moratorium on gas, or oil and gas, leasing
21	on the outer Continental Shelf shall be effective with re-
22	spect to the area off the coast of a State only if the Gov-
23	ernor of the State consents to the moratorium.
24	"(B) At any time, the Governor of an affected State,
25	acting on behalf of the State, may request the Secretary
26	to provide a current estimate of proven and potential gas,

1	or oil and gas, resources in any moratorium area (or any
2	part of the area the Governor identifies) adjacent, or lying
3	seaward of the coastline, to that State.
4	"(C) Not later than the date that is 45 days after
5	a Governor of a State requests an estimate under subpara-
6	graph (B), the Secretary shall provide—
7	"(i) a delimitation of the lateral boundaries be-
8	tween the coastal States in accordance with section
9	4(a)(2);
10	"(ii) a current inventory of proven and potential
11	gas, or oil and gas, resources in any moratorium
12	areas in the State, as requested by the Governor;
13	and
14	"(iii) an explanation of the planning processes
15	that could lead to the leasing, exploration, develop-
16	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, re-
16	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, re-
16 17	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, resources within the area identified.
161718	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, resources within the area identified. "(3)(A) On consideration of the information received
16 17 18 19	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, resources within the area identified. "(3)(A) On consideration of the information received from the Secretary, the Governor (acting on behalf of the
16 17 18 19 20	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, resources within the area identified. "(3)(A) On consideration of the information received from the Secretary, the Governor (acting on behalf of the State of the Governor) may decide—
16 17 18 19 20 21	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, resources within the area identified. "(3)(A) On consideration of the information received from the Secretary, the Governor (acting on behalf of the State of the Governor) may decide— "(i) not to consent to a moratorium on gas, or
16171819202122	ment, and production of the gas, or oil and gas, resources within the area identified. "(3)(A) On consideration of the information received from the Secretary, the Governor (acting on behalf of the State of the Governor) may decide— "(i) not to consent to a moratorium on gas, or oil and gas, leasing on the outer Continental Shelf

1	related activities as to the area identified in the re-
2	quest of the Governor.
3	"(B) If the Governor makes a decision under sub-
4	paragraph (A), the Governor shall submit to the Presi-
5	dent, the Secretary, and Congress a notification of the de-
6	cision, including a description of—
7	"(i) the area on which a moratorium on gas, or
8	oil and gas, leasing would have been imposed; and
9	"(ii) any restriction repealed under subpara-
10	graph (A)(ii).
11	"(C) On receipt of notification by a Governor under
12	subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall—
13	"(i) treat the notification as a proposed revision
14	to the leasing program maintained under this sec-
15	tion; and
16	"(ii) give expedited consideration to the pro-
17	posed revision.
18	"(D) For purposes of title III of the Coastal Zone
19	Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), any
20	activity relating to leasing and subsequent production in
21	an area restored to consideration for gas, or oil and gas,
22	leasing under this paragraph shall—
23	"(i) if the leased area is located more than 20
24	miles offshore of an adjacent State, be considered by
25	the Secretary as necessary to the interest of national

1	security and be carried out notwithstanding the ob-
2	jection of a State to a consistency certification under
3	that Act; or
4	"(ii) if the leased area is located not greater
5	than 20 miles offshore of an adjacent State, be sub-
6	ject to section 307(c) of the Coastal Zone Manage-
7	ment Act (16 U.S.C. 1456(c)).
8	"(E) An activity under subparagraph (C)(i) shall be
9	carried out in accordance with any applicable approved
10	State management program, to the maximum extent prac-
11	ticable.
12	"(4)(A)(i) If the Governor of a State requests the
13	President to allow gas, or oil or natural gas, leasing in
14	the moratorium area and the President allows that leas-
15	ing, the State shall, without further appropriation or ac-
16	tion, receive 100 percent of any bonus bid paid for leasing
17	rights in the area.
18	"(ii) The payments under clause (i) shall end not
19	later than the earlier of—
20	"(I) the date that is 5 years after the first lease
21	sale in the area; or
22	"(II) the date on which production begins in
23	the area.
24	"(B)(i) On the commencement of production in an
25	area under this subsection, the State shall share in any

1	qualified revenues of the production without further action
2	or appropriation in accordance with section 32(b).
3	"(ii) The share of the State under clause (i) shall be
4	not less than 12.5 percent of the total qualified revenues
5	of the production.
6	"(iii) For the purposes of section 32—
7	"(I) the State shall be considered to be a coast-
8	al producing State; and
9	"(II) the share of the State under clause (i)
10	shall be considered to be qualified revenues.
11	"(C) After making distributions in accordance with
12	subparagraphs (A) and (B), and in accordance with sec-
13	tion 31, the Secretary shall, without further appropriation
14	or action, distribute a conservation royalty of at least 12.5
15	percent of any remaining qualified revenues from an area
16	leased under this section in equal amounts, not to exceed
17	\$1,250,000,000 for any year, to—
18	"(I) the Land and Water Conservation Fund to
19	provide financial assistance to the Federal Govern-
20	ment under section 5 of the Land and Water Con-
21	servation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460 <i>l</i> -7);
22	"(II) the Land and Water Conservation Fund
23	to provide financial assistance to States under sec-
24	tion 6 of that Act (16 U.S.C. 460 <i>l</i> -8); and

1 "(III) the wildlife restoration fund establish

- 2 under section 3 of the Pittman–Robertson Wildlife
- Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669b).
- 4 "(4) The State shall be entitled to any revenues that
- 5 a coastal State would be entitled to receive under section
- 6 8(g).
- 7 "(5) This subsection shall not apply to any area des-
- 8 ignated as a national marine sanctuary or a national wild-
- 9 life refuge.".
- 10 SEC. 204. ROYALTY RELIEF FOR DEEP WATER PRODUC-
- 11 **TION.**
- 12 (a) In General.—For all tracts located in water
- 13 depths of greater than 400 meters in the Western and
- 14 Central Planning Area of the Gulf of Mexico (including
- 15 the portion of the Eastern Planning Area of the Gulf of
- 16 Mexico encompassing whole lease blocks lying west of 87
- 17 degrees, 30 minutes West longitude) any oil or gas lease
- 18 sale under the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43
- 19 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.) occurring within 5 years after the
- 20 date of enactment of this Act shall use the bidding system
- 21 authorized in section 8(a)(1)(H) of the Outer Continental
- 22 Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(1)(H)), except that
- 23 the suspension of royalties shall be set at a volume of not
- 24 less than—

1	(1) 5,000,000 barrels of oil equivalent for each
2	lease in water depths of 400 to 800 meters;
3	(2) 9,000,000 barrels of oil equivalent for each
4	lease in water depths of 800 to 1,600 meters; and
5	(3) 12,000,000 barrels of oil equivalent for each
6	lease in water depths greater than 1,600 meters.
7	(b) Limitation.—The Secretary of the Interior may
8	place limitations on the suspension of royalty relief grant-
9	ed based on market price.
10	SEC. 205. COASTAL IMPACT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.
11	The Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C.
12	1331 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"SEC. 32. COASTAL IMPACT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.
14 15	"SEC. 32. COASTAL IMPACT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
15	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
15 16	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Coastal Political Subdivision.—The
15 16 17	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Coastal Political Subdivision' means a political
15 16 17 18	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Coastal Political Subdivision' means a political subdivision of a coastal State, any part of which—
15 16 17 18	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Coastal Political Subdivision.—The term 'coastal political subdivision' means a political subdivision of a coastal State, any part of which— "(A) is within the coastal zone (as defined
15 16 17 18 19	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Coastal Political Subdivision.—The term 'coastal political subdivision' means a political subdivision of a coastal State, any part of which— "(A) is within the coastal zone (as defined in section 304 of the Coastal Zone Management
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Coastal Political Subdivision.—The term 'coastal political subdivision' means a political subdivision of a coastal State, any part of which— "(A) is within the coastal zone (as defined in section 304 of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453)) of the State;

"(2) Coastal Population.—The term 'coastal
population' means the population, as determined by
the most recent official data of the Census Bureau,
of each political subdivision, any part of which lies
within the designated coastal boundary of a State
(as defined in a coastal zone management program
of the State under the Coastal Zone Management
Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.)).
"(3) Coastal state.—The term 'coastal
State' has the meaning given the term in section
304 of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972
(16 U.S.C. 1453).
"(4) Coastline.—The term 'coastline' has the
meaning given the term in section 2 of the Sub-
merged Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1301).
"(5) DISTANCE.—The term 'distance' means
the minimum great circle distance, measured in stat-
ute miles.
"(6) Leased tract.—The term 'leased tract'
means a tract that is subject to a lease under section
6 or 8 for the purpose of drilling for, developing,
o of o for the purpose of trining for, developing,
and producing oil or natural gas resources.

1	immediately below the level of State government, in-
2	cluding counties, parishes, and boroughs.
3	"(8) Producing state.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'producing
5	State' means a coastal State with a coastal sea-
6	ward boundary within 200 miles of the geo-
7	graphic center of a leased tract.
8	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'producing
9	State' does not include a leased tract or portion
10	of a leased tract that is located in a geographic
11	area subject to a leasing moratorium on Janu-
12	ary 1, 2005, unless the lease was in production
13	on that date.
14	"(9) Qualified outer continental shelf
15	REVENUES.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
17	Outer Continental Shelf revenues' means all
18	amounts received by the United States from
19	each leased tract or portion of a leased tract—
20	"(i) lying—
21	"(I) seaward of the zone covered
22	by section 8(g); or
23	"(II) within the zone covered by
24	section 8(g), but to which section 8(g)
25	does not apply; and

1	"(ii) the geographic center of which
2	lies within 200 miles of any part of the
3	coastline of any coastal State.
4	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'qualified
5	Outer Continental Shelf revenues' includes
6	bonus bids, rents, royalties (including payments
7	for royalty taken in kind and sold), net profit
8	share payments, and related late-payment inter-
9	est from natural gas and oil leases issued under
10	this Act.
11	"(C) Exclusion.—The term 'qualified
12	Outer Continental Shelf revenues' does not in-
13	clude any revenues (other than revenues re-
14	ceived under section 18(i)) from a leased tract
15	or portion of a leased tract that is located in a
16	geographic area subject to a leasing moratorium
17	on January 1, 2005, unless the lease was in
18	production on that date.
19	"(b) Payments to Producing States and Coast-
20	AL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.—
21	"(1) In general.—For each of fiscal years
22	2006 through 2011, the Secretary shall, without fur-
23	ther appropriation, disburse an amount equal to not
24	more than 12.5 percent of qualified outer Conti-
25	nental Shelf revenues among producing States and

1	coastal political subdivisions, in accordance with this
2	section.
3	"(2) DISBURSEMENT.—In each fiscal year, the
4	Secretary shall, without further appropriation, dis-
5	burse to each producing State for which the Sec-
6	retary has approved a plan under subsection (c), and
7	to coastal political subdivisions under paragraph (4),
8	the funds allocated to the producing State or coastal
9	political subdivision under this section for the fiscal
10	year.
11	"(3) Allocation among producing
12	STATES.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The transferred
14	amount shall be allocated to each producing
15	State based on the ratio that—
16	"(i) the amount of qualified outer
17	Continental Shelf revenues generated off
18	the coastline of the producing State; bears
19	to
20	"(ii) the amount of qualified outer
21	Continental Shelf revenues generated off
22	the coastline of all producing States.
23	"(B) Qualified outer continental
24	SHELF REVENUES.—

1	"(i) FISCAL YEARS 2006 THROUGH
2	2008.—For each of fiscal years 2006
3	through 2008, a calculation of a payment
4	under this subsection shall be based on
5	qualified outer Continental Shelf revenues
6	received during fiscal year 2005.
7	"(ii) FISCAL YEARS 2009 THROUGH
8	2011.—For each of fiscal years 2009
9	through 2011, a calculation of a payment
10	under this subsection shall be based on
11	qualified outer Continental Shelf revenues
12	received during fiscal year 2008.
13	"(C) Multiple producing states.—If
14	more than 1 producing State is located within
15	200 miles of any portion of a leased tract, the
16	amount allocated to each producing State for
17	the leased tract shall be inversely proportional
18	to the distance between—
19	"(i) the nearest point on the coastline
20	of the producing State; and
21	"(ii) the geographic center of the
22	leased tract.
23	"(D) MINIMUM ALLOCATION.—An amount
24	allocated to a producing State under this para-

1	graph shall be not less than 1 percent of the
2	transferred amount.
3	"(4) Payments to coastal political sub-
4	DIVISIONS.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
6	pay 35 percent of the amount allocated under
7	paragraph (3) to the coastal political subdivi-
8	sions in the producing State.
9	"(B) FORMULA.—Of the amount paid by
10	the Secretary to coastal political subdivisions
11	under subparagraph (A)—
12	"(i) 25 percent shall be allocated to
13	each coastal political subdivision in the
14	proportion that—
15	"(I) the coastal population of the
16	coastal political subdivision; bears to
17	"(II) the coastal population of all
18	coastal political subdivisions in the
19	producing State;
20	"(ii) 25 percent shall be allocated to
21	each coastal political subdivision in the
22	proportion that—
23	"(I) the number of miles of
24	coastline of the coastal political sub-
25	division; bears to

1	"(II) the number of miles of
2	coastline of all coastal political sub-
3	divisions in the producing State; and
4	"(iii) 50 percent shall be allocated in
5	amounts that are inversely proportional to
6	the respective distances between the points
7	in each coastal political subdivision that
8	are closest to the geographic center of each
9	leased tract, as determined by the Sec-
10	retary.
11	"(C) Exception for Louisiana.—For
12	the purposes of subparagraph (B)(ii), the coast-
13	line for coastal political subdivisions in the
14	State of Louisiana without a coastline shall be
15	the average length of the coastline of all other
16	coastal political subdivisions in the State of
17	Louisiana.
18	"(D) EXCEPTION FOR ALASKA.—For the
19	purposes of carrying out subparagraph (B)(iii)
20	in the State of Alaska, the amount allocated
21	shall be divided equally among the 2 coastal po-
22	litical subdivisions that are closest to the geo-
23	graphic center of a leased tract.
24	"(E) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN LEASED
25	TRACTS.—For purposes of subparagraph

1	(B)(iii), a leased tract or portion of a leased
2	tract shall be excluded if the tract or portion of
3	a leased tract is located in a geographic area
4	subject to a leasing moratorium on January 1,
5	2005, unless the lease was in production on
6	that date.
7	"(5) No approved plan.—
8	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
9	graph (B) and except as provided in subpara-
10	graph (C), if any amount allocated to a pro-
11	ducing State or coastal political subdivision
12	under paragraph (3) or (4) is not disbursed be-
13	cause the producing State does not have in ef-
14	fect a plan that has been approved by the Sec-
15	retary under subsection (c), the Secretary shall
16	allocate the undisbursed amount equally among
17	all other producing States.
18	"(B) RETENTION OF ALLOCATION.—The
19	Secretary shall hold in escrow an undisbursed
20	amount described in subparagraph (A) until the
21	date that the final appeal regarding the dis-
22	approval of a plan submitted under subsection
23	(c) is decided.
24	"(C) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive
25	the requirements of subparagraph (A) with re-

1	spect to an allocated share of a producing State
2	and hold the allocable share in escrow if the
3	Secretary determines that the producing State
4	is making a good faith effort to develop and
5	submit, or update, a plan in accordance with
6	subsection (c).
7	"(c) Coastal Impact Assistance Plan.—
8	"(1) Submission of state plan.—
9	"(A) In general.—Not later than July 1,
10	2008, the Governor of a producing State shall
11	submit to the Secretary a coastal impact assist-
12	ance plan.
13	"(B) Public Participation.—In carrying
14	out subparagraph (A), the Governor shall solicit
15	local input and provide for public participation
16	in the development of the plan.
17	"(2) Approval.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
19	approve a plan of a producing State submitted
20	under paragraph (1) before disbursing any
21	amount to the producing State, or to a coastal
22	political subdivision located in the producing
23	State, under this section.

1	"(B) Components.—The Secretary shall
2	approve a plan submitted under paragraph (1)
3	if—
4	"(i) the Secretary determines that the
5	plan is consistent with the uses described
6	in subsection (d); and
7	"(ii) the plan contains—
8	"(I) the name of the State agen-
9	cy that will have the authority to rep-
10	resent and act on behalf of the pro-
11	ducing State in dealing with the Sec-
12	retary for purposes of this section;
13	"(II) a program for the imple-
14	mentation of the plan that describes
15	how the amounts provided under this
16	section to the producing State will be
17	used;
18	"(III) for each coastal political
19	subdivision that receives an amount
20	under this section—
21	"(aa) the name of a contact
22	person; and
23	"(bb) a description of how
24	the coastal political subdivision

1	will use amounts provided under
2	this section;
3	"(IV) a certification by the Gov-
4	ernor that ample opportunity has been
5	provided for public participation in
6	the development and revision of the
7	plan; and
8	"(V) a description of measures
9	that will be taken to determine the
10	availability of assistance from other
11	relevant Federal resources and pro-
12	grams.
13	"(3) Amendment to a plan.—Any amend-
14	ment to a plan submitted under paragraph (1) shall
15	be—
16	"(A) developed in accordance with this
17	subsection; and
18	"(B) submitted to the Secretary for ap-
19	proval or disapproval under paragraph (4).
20	"(4) Procedure.—Except as provided in sub-
21	paragraph (B), not later than 90 days after the date
22	on which a plan or amendment to a plan is sub-
23	mitted under paragraph (1) or (3), the Secretary
24	shall approve or disapprove the plan or amendment.
25	"(d) Authorized Uses.—

1	"(1) In general.—A producing State or coast-
2	al political subdivision shall use any amount received
3	under this section, including any amount deposited
4	in a trust fund that is administered by the State or
5	coastal political subdivision and dedicated to a use
6	consistent with this section, in accordance with all
7	applicable Federal and State law, only for 1 or more
8	of the following purposes:
9	"(A) Projects and activities for the con-
10	servation, protection, or restoration of coastal
11	areas, including wetland.
12	"(B) Mitigation of damage to fish, wildlife,
13	or natural resources.
14	"(C) Planning assistance and the adminis-
15	trative costs of complying with this section.
16	"(D) Implementation of a federally-ap-
17	proved marine, coastal, or comprehensive con-
18	servation management plan.
19	"(E) Mitigation of the impact of outer
20	Continental Shelf activities through funding of
21	onshore infrastructure, education, health care,
22	and public service needs.
23	"(2) Compliance with authorized uses.—
24	If the Secretary determines that any expenditure
25	made by a producing State or coastal political sub-

1	division is not consistent with this subsection, the
2	Secretary shall not disburse any additional amount
3	under this section to the producing State or the
4	coastal political subdivision until all amounts obli-
5	gated for unauthorized uses have been repaid or re-
6	obligated for authorized uses.".
7	SEC. 206. ROCKY MOUNTAIN GAS PRODUCTION.
8	Section 1421(d) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
9	U.S.C. 300h(d) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and
10	inserting the following:
11	"(1) Underground injection.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term under-
13	ground injection' means the subsurface em-
14	placement of fluids by well injection.
15	"(B) Exclusions.—The term under-
16	ground injection' excludes—
17	"(i) the underground injection of nat-
18	ural gas for purposes of storage; and
19	"(ii) the underground injection of
20	fluids or propping agents pursuant to hy-
21	draulic fracturing operations related to an
22	oil or gas production activity.".

1						
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- 2 (a) Research Center.—Section 3(b)(1) of the
- 3 Methane Hydrate Research and Development Act of 2000
- 4 (30 U.S.C. 1902 note) is amended—
- 5 (1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "and" at
- 6 the end;
- 7 (2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period
- 8 at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- 9 (3) by adding at the end the following:
- 10 "(H) establish a Virginia Beach Methane
- 11 Hydrates Research Center in Virginia Beach,
- Virginia.".
- 13 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
- 14 5 of the Methane Hydrate Research and Development Act
- 15 of 2000 (30 U.S.C. 1902 note) is amended to read as fol-
- 16 lows:

17 "SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 18 "There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 19 retary of Energy to carry out this Act \$50,000,000 for
- 20 each of fiscal years 2006 through 2009, to remain avail-
- 21 able until expended.".
- (c) Sunset.—Section 6 of the Methane Hydrate Re-
- 23 search and Development Act of 2000 (30 U.S.C. 1902
- 24 note) is amended by striking "2005" and inserting
- 25 "2009".

1	SEC. 208. ALASKA NATURAL GAS PIPELINE ACT.
2	The Alaska Natural Gas Pipeline Act (15 U.S.C. 720
3	et seq.) is amended—
4	(1) in section 103 (15 U.S.C. 720a), by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"(j) Report.—Not later than the date that is 180
7	days after the date of enactment of the Natural Gas Price
8	Reduction Act of 2005 and every 180 days thereafter until
9	the Alaska natural gas pipeline begins operation, the Com-
10	mission shall submit to Congress a report describing the
11	progress made in licensing and constructing such pipeline
12	and any issues impeding that progress."; and
13	(2) in section 107(a) (15 (U.S.C. 720e(a)), by
14	striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
15	"(3) the validity of any determination, permit,
16	approval, authorization, review, or other such action
17	taken under any provision of law (including sub-
18	chapter II of chapter 5, and chapter 7, of title 5,
19	United States Code (commonly known as the Admin-
20	istrative Procedure Act), the Endangered Species
21	Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), the National
22	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4231
23	et seq.), and the National Historic Preservation Act
24	(16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.)) that relates to a gas trans-
25	portation project under section 103.".

1	SEC. 209. GAS HYDRATE PRODUCTION INCENTIVES.
2	(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to pro-
3	mote natural gas production from the abundant natural
4	gas hydrate resources on the outer Continental Shelf and
5	Federal land in Alaska by providing royalty incentives for
6	the production.
7	(b) Suspension of Royalties.—
8	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
9	(A) ELIGIBLE LEASE.—The term "eligible
10	lease" means a lease—
11	(i) that is issued under the Outer
12	Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C.
13	1331 et seq.);
14	(ii) that is issued before January 1,
15	2016; and
16	(iii) in the case of a lease of natural
17	gas, production from the gas hydrate re-
18	source under that begins not later than
19	December 31, 2017.
20	(B) GAS HYDRATE RESOURCE.—The term
21	"gas hydrate resource" includes—
22	(i) the natural gas content of a gas
23	hydrate within the hydrate stability zone;
24	and
25	(ii) free natural gas trapped by and
26	beneath the hydrate stability zone.

1	(2) Suspension of royalties.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
3	Interior shall suspend royalties under this sec-
4	tion for gas hydrate resources with a suspen-
5	sion volume of not less than 50,000,000,000
6	cubic feet of natural gas produced from the re-
7	source per square mile of the leased tract.
8	(B) Size of leased tracts.—The min-
9	imum suspension volume under this section for
10	a leased tract that is smaller or larger than 9
11	square miles shall be adjusted proportionally.
12	(3) Effect of suspension.—The suspension
13	of royalties under this section shall be in addition to
14	royalty relief under any law that does not grant a
15	gas hydrate production incentive.
16	(c) Rulemaking.—Not later than 1 year after the
17	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall complete
18	any rulemaking necessary to carry out this section.
19	SEC. 210. OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION
20	DEFINED.
21	Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
22	Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end
23	the following:
24	"(24) OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION AND PRO-
25	DUCTION, PROCESSING, OR TREATMENT OPERATIONS

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1 OR TRANSMISSION FACILITIES.—The term 'oil and 2 gas exploration and production, processing, or treat-3 ment operations or transmission facilities' means all field activities or operations associated with oil or 5 gas exploration, production, processing, or treatment 6 operations, or with oil or gas transmission facilities, 7 including activities necessary to prepare a site for 8 drilling and for the movement and placement of 9 drilling equipment, whether or not such field activi-10 ties or operations may be considered to be construc-11 tion activities.".

12 SEC. 211. MARGINAL PROPERTY PRODUCTION INCENTIVES.

(a) Definition of Marginal Property.—

(1) In GENERAL.—Until the Secretary of the Interior promulgates regulations under subsection (e) that prescribe a different definition, in this section the term "marginal property" means an onshore unit, communitization agreement, or lease not within a unit or communitization agreement, that produces on average the combined equivalent of less than 15 barrels of oil per well per day or 90 million British thermal units of gas per well per day calculated based on the average over the 3 most recent production months, including only wells that produce

1	on more than half of the days during those 3 pro-
2	duction months.
3	(b) Conditions for Reduction of Royalty
4	RATE.—Until the Secretary of the Interior promulgates
5	regulations under subsection (e) that prescribe different
6	thresholds or standards, the Secretary of the Interior shall
7	reduce the royalty rate on—
8	(1) oil production from marginal properties as
9	described in subsection (c) if the spot price of West
10	Texas Intermediate crude oil at Cushing, Oklahoma,
11	is, on average, less than \$15 per barrel for 90 con-
12	secutive trading days; and
13	(2) gas production from marginal properties as
14	described in subsection (c) if the spot price of nat-
15	ural gas delivered at Henry Hub, Louisiana, is, on
16	average, less than \$2 per million British thermal
17	units for 90 consecutive trading days.
18	(e) Reduced Royalty Rate.—
19	(1) In general.—When a marginal property
20	meets the conditions described in subsection (b), the
21	royalty rate shall be the lesser of—
22	(A) 5 percent; or
23	(B) the rate under any other statutory or
24	regulatory royalty relief provision that applies
25	to the affected production.

1	(2) Period of Effectiveness.—The reduced
2	royalty rate under this subsection shall be effective
3	beginning on the first day of the production month
4	following the date on which the applicable condition
5	specified in subsection (b) is met.
6	(d) TERMINATION OF REDUCED ROYALTY RATE.—
7	A royalty rate described in subsection (c)(1)(A) shall
8	terminate—
9	(1) with respect to oil production from a mar-
10	ginal property, on the first day of the production
11	month following the date on which—
12	(A) the spot price of West Texas Inter-
13	mediate crude oil at Cushing, Oklahoma, on av-
14	erage, exceeds \$15 per barrel for 90 consecutive
15	trading days; or
16	(B) the property no longer qualifies as a
17	marginal property; and
18	(2) with respect to gas production from a mar-
19	ginal property, on the first day of the production
20	month following the date on which—
21	(A) the spot price of natural gas delivered
22	at Henry Hub, Louisiana, on average, exceeds
23	\$2 per million British thermal units for 90 con-
24	secutive trading days: or

1	(B) the property no longer qualifies as a
2	marginal property.
3	(e) Regulations Prescribing Different Re-
4	LIEF.—
5	(1) DISCRETIONARY REGULATIONS.—The Sec-
6	retary of the Interior may by regulation prescribe
7	different parameters, standards, and requirements
8	for, and a different degree or extent of royalty relief
9	for, marginal properties in lieu of those prescribed in
10	subsections (a) through (d).
11	(2) Mandatory regulations.—Not later
12	than 18 months after the date of enactment of this
13	Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall by
14	regulation—
15	(A) prescribe standards and requirements
16	for, and the extent of royalty relief for, mar-
17	ginal properties for oil and gas leases on the
18	Outer Continental Shelf; and
19	(B) define what constitutes a marginal
20	property on the Outer Continental Shelf for the
21	purposes of this section.
22	(3) Considerations.—In promulgating regu-
23	lations under this subsection, the Secretary of the
24	Interior may consider—
25	(A) oil and gas prices and market trends;

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1	(B) production costs;
2	(C) abandonment costs;
3	(D) Federal and State tax provisions and
4	the effects of those provisions on production ec-
5	onomics;
6	(E) other royalty relief programs;
7	(F) regional differences in average well-
8	head prices;
9	(G) national energy security issues; and
10	(H) other relevant matters.
11	(f) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section
12	prevents a lessee from receiving royalty relief or a royalty
13	reduction pursuant to any other law (including a regula-
14	tion) that provides more relief than the amounts provided
15	by this section.
16	SEC. 212. EFFICIENT GOVERNMENT PROCESSING OF PER-
17	MIT APPLICATIONS.
18	(a) Executive Orders Codified.—Executive Or-
19	ders numbered 13211 and 13212, issued on May 18, 2001 $$
20	(66 Fed. Reg. 28,355; 66 Fed. Reg. 28,357), are enacted
21	into law.
22	(b) Processing Performance Report.—
23	(1) In General.—Not later than December 31,
24	2006, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of En-
25	ergy shall submit to Congress a report evaluating

1	the performance of the task force established under
2	Executive Order number 13212 (66 Fed. Reg.
3	28,357) in carrying out the duties of the task force.
4	(2) Inclusion.—The report described in para-
5	graph (1) shall include—
6	(A) the number of permits processed by
7	the task force in the preceding year;
8	(B) the average time required by the task
9	force to take a final action;
10	(C) a description of any environmental
11	variance issued by the task force;
12	(D) an identification of any impediment to
13	efficient processing of permits by the task force;
14	and
15	(E) any incentive created to reduce proc-
16	essing time of the task force.
17	SEC. 213. DEADLINE FOR DECISION ON APPEALS OF CON-
18	SISTENCY DETERMINATION.
19	(a) In General.—Section 319 of the Coastal Zone
20	Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1465) is amended
21	to read as follows:
22	"APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY
23	"Sec. 319. (a) Notice.—The Secretary shall publish
24	an initial notice in the Federal Register not later than 30
25	days after the date of the filing of any appeal to the Sec-
26	retary of a consistency determination under section 307.

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section 307.

1	"(b) CLOSURE OF RECORD.—(1) Not later than the
2	end of the 120-day period beginning on the date of publi-
3	cation of an initial notice under subsection (a)—
4	"(A) the Secretary shall receive no more filings
5	on the appeal; and
6	"(B) the administrative record regarding the
7	appeal shall be closed.
8	"(2) On the closure of the administrative record, the
9	Secretary shall publish a notice that the administrative
10	record has been closed.
11	"(c) Deadline for Decision.—Not later than 120
12	days after the closure of the administrative record, the
13	Secretary shall issue a decision in any appeal filed under

- 15 "(d) APPLICATION.—This section applies to—
- 16 "(1) any appeal initiated by the Secretary; and
- "(2) any appeal filed by an applicant.".
- 18 (b) Application.—Section 319(a) of the Coastal
- 19 Zone Management Act of 1972 (as amended by this sub-
- 20 section (a)) shall not apply to an appeal initiated or filed
- 21 before the date of enactment of this Act.
- (c) Closure of Record for Appeal Filed Be-
- 23 FORE DATE OF ENACTMENT.—Notwithstanding section
- 24 319(b)(1) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972
- 25 (as amended by subsection (a)), in the case of an appeal

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1	of a consistency determination under section 307 of that
2	Act initiated or filed before the date of enactment of this
3	Act—
4	(1) the Secretary of Commerce shall receive no
5	more filings on the appeal; and
6	(2) not later than 120 days after the date of
7	enactment of this Act, the administrative record re-
8	garding the appeal shall be closed.
9	SEC. 214. OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF PROVISIONS.
10	(a) Storage on the Outer Continental
11	Shelf.—Section 5(a)(5) of the Outer Continental Shelf
12	Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1334(a)(5)) is amended by insert-
13	ing "from any source" after "oil and gas".
14	(b) DEEPWATER PROJECTS.—Section 6 of the Deep-
15	water Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1505) is amended by
16	adding at the end the following:
17	"(d) In carrying out section 5(f)—
18	"(1) to the extent that other Federal agencies
19	have prepared environmental impact statements, are
20	conducting studies, or are monitoring the affected
21	human, marine, or coastal environment, the Sec-
22	retary may use the information derived from those

activities in lieu of directly conducting the activities;

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and

1	"(2) the Secretary may use information ob-
2	tained from any State or local government or from
3	any person.".
4	(c) Natural Gas Defined.—Section 3 of the Deep-
5	water Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1502) is amended by
6	striking paragraph (13) and inserting the following:
7	"(13) 'natural gas' means—
8	"(A) natural gas unmixed; or
9	"(B) any mixture of natural or artificial
10	gas, including compressed or liquefied natural
11	gas, natural gas liquids, liquefied petroleum
12	gas, and condensate recovered from natural
13	gas;".
14	SEC. 215. OFFICE OF FEDERAL ENERGY PROJECT COORDI-
15	NATION.
16	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
17	the Office of Federal Energy Project Coordination (re-
18	ferred to in this section as the "Office") within the Execu-
19	tive Office of the President in the same manner and with
20	the same mission as the White House Energy Projects
21	Task Force established by Executive Order No. 13212 (42
22	U.S.C. 13201 note).
23	(b) Staff.—The Office shall be staffed by functional
24	experts from relevant Federal agencies on a nonreimburs-
25	able basis to carry out the mission of the Office.

1	(c) Report.—
2	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
3	the date of enactment of this Act, and annually
4	thereafter, the Office shall submit to Congress a re-
5	port that describes any activity carried out under
6	this section to coordinate and expedite Federal deci-
7	sions on energy projects.
8	(2) Inclusions.—The report shall include a
9	description of—
10	(A) any progress made toward improving
11	the Federal decisionmaking process; and
12	(B) any additional recommendation of the
13	Office relating to a change required to establish
14	a more effective and efficient Federal permit-
15	ting process.
16	SEC. 216. FEDERAL ONSHORE OIL AND GAS LEASING AND
17	PERMITTING PRACTICES.
18	(a) Review of Onshore Oil and Gas Leasing
19	Practices.—
20	(1) In General.—The Secretary of the Inte-
21	rior, in consultation with the Secretary of Agri-
22	culture with respect to National Forest System land
23	under the jurisdiction of the Department of Agri-
24	culture, shall perform an internal review of current

1	Federal onshore oil and gas leasing and permitting
2	practices.
3	(2) Inclusions.—The review shall include the
4	process for—
5	(A) accepting or rejecting an offer to lease;
6	(B) an administrative appeal of a decision
7	or order of an officer or employee of the Bu-
8	reau of Land Management with respect to a
9	Federal oil or gas lease;
10	(C) considering a surface use plan of oper-
11	ation, including the timeframe during which a
12	plan shall be considered and any recommenda-
13	tion of the Secretary of the Interior for improv-
14	ing and expediting the process; and
15	(D) identifying a stipulation to address a
16	site-specific concern or condition, including a
17	stipulation relating to an environment or re-
18	source use conflict.
19	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
20	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior and
21	the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to Congress a
22	report that describes—
23	(1) any action taken under section 3 of Execu-
24	tive Order No. 13212 (42 U.S.C. 13201 note); and

1	(2) any action taken relating to, or any plan to
2	improve, the Federal onshore oil and gas leasing
3	program.
4	SEC. 217. MANAGEMENT OF FEDERAL OIL AND GAS LEAS-
5	ING PROGRAMS.
6	(a) Timely Action on Leases and Permits.—To
7	ensure timely action relating to oil and gas leases and ap-
8	plications for permits to drill on land otherwise available
9	for leasing, the Secretary of the Interior shall—
10	(1) ensure expeditious compliance with section
11	102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act
12	of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C));
13	(2) improve consultation and coordination with
14	the States and the public; and
15	(3) improve the collection, storage, and retrieval
16	of information relating to a leasing activity.
17	(b) Best Management Practices.—
18	(1) In general.—Not later than 18 months
19	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
20	retary shall develop and implement best manage-
21	ment practices to—
22	(A) improve the administration of the on-
23	shore oil and gas leasing program under the
24	Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.);
25	and

1	(B) ensure timely action on any oil or gas
2	lease or application for a permit to drill on land
3	otherwise available for leasing.
4	(2) Considerations.—In developing the best
5	management practices under paragraph (1), the Sec-
6	retary shall consider any recommendations from the
7	review under section 216.
8	(3) Regulations.—Not later than 180 days
9	after the development of best management practices
10	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall publish, for
11	public comment, proposed regulations that set forth
12	specific timeframes for processing leases and appli-
13	cations in accordance with the practices, including
14	deadlines for—
15	(A) approving or disapproving resource
16	management plans and related documents, lease
17	applications, and surface use plans; and
18	(B) related administrative appeals.
19	(c) Improved Enforcement.—The Secretary shall
20	improve inspection and enforcement of oil and gas activi-
21	ties, including enforcement of terms and conditions in per-
22	mits to drill.
23	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—In addi-
24	tion to amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry
25	out section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.

1	226), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
2	retary for each of fiscal years 2006 through 2009—
3	(1) \$40,000,000 to carry out subsections (a)
4	and (b); and
5	(2) \$20,000,000 to carry out subsection (c).
6	SEC. 218. CONSULTATION REGARDING OIL AND GAS LEAS-
7	ING ON PUBLIC LAND.
8	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior
10	and the Secretary of Agriculture shall enter into a memo-
11	randum of understanding regarding oil and gas leasing
12	on—
13	(1) public land under the jurisdiction of the
14	Secretary of the Interior; and
15	(2) National Forest System land under the ju-
16	risdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture.
17	(b) CONTENTS.—The memorandum of understanding
18	shall include provisions that—
19	(1) establish administrative procedures and
20	lines of authority that ensure timely processing of oil
21	and gas lease applications, surface use plans of oper-
22	ation, and applications for permits to drill, including
23	steps for processing surface use plans and applica-
24	tions for permits to drill consistent with the

1	timelines established by the amendment made by
2	section 220;
3	(2) eliminate duplication of effort by providing
4	for coordination of planning and environmental com-
5	pliance efforts; and
6	(3) ensure that any stipulation in a lease is—
7	(A) applied consistently;
8	(B) coordinated between agencies; and
9	(C) only as restrictive as necessary to pro-
10	tect the resource for which the stipulation is ap-
11	plied.
12	(c) Data Retrieval System.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
14	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
15	the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall
16	establish a joint data retrieval system to—
17	(A) track applications and formal requests
18	made in accordance with the Federal onshore
19	oil and gas leasing program; and
20	(B) provide information regarding the sta-
21	tus of an application or request in the Depart-
22	ment of the Interior and the Department of Ag-
23	riculture.
24	(2) Resource Mapping.—Not later than 2
25	years after the date of enactment of this Act, the

1	Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agri-
2	culture shall establish a joint Geographic Informa-
3	tion System mapping system to—
4	(A) track surface resource values to aid in
5	resource management; and
6	(B) process surface use plans of operation
7	and applications for permits to drill.
8	SEC. 219. PILOT PROJECT TO IMPROVE FEDERAL PERMIT
9	COORDINATION.
10	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) Memorandum of understanding.—The
12	term "memorandum of understanding" means the
13	memorandum of understanding entered into under
14	subsection (c).
15	(2) PILOT PROJECT.—The term "pilot project"
16	means the Federal permit streamline pilot project
17	established under subsection (b).
18	(3) PILOT PROJECT OFFICE.—The term "pilot
19	project office" means each of the following field of-
20	fices of the Bureau of Land Management:
21	(A) Rawlins, Wyoming.
22	(B) Buffalo, Wyoming.
23	(C) Miles City, Montana
24	(D) Farmington, New Mexico.
25	(E) Carlsbad, New Mexico.

1	(F) Glenwood Springs, Colorado.
2	(G) Vernal, Utah.
3	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of the Interior.
5	(b) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
6	a Federal permit streamlining pilot project.
7	(c) Memorandum of Understanding.—
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
9	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
10	shall enter into a memorandum of understanding
11	with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Administrator
12	of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the
13	Chief of Engineers of the Corps of Engineers to
14	carry out the pilot project.
15	(2) STATE PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary
16	may request that the Governors of Wyoming, Mon-
17	tana, Colorado, Utah, and New Mexico enter into
18	the memorandum of understanding.
19	(d) Pilot Project Personnel.—
20	(1) Designation of initial personnel.—
21	(A) In general.—Not later than 30 days
22	after the date on which the memorandum of un-
23	derstanding is entered into under subsection
24	(c), each of the Federal signatories to the
25	memorandum of understanding referred to in

1	subsection (c)(1) shall assign to each of the
2	pilot project offices, on a nonreimbursable
3	basis, an employee who has expertise in the reg-
4	ulatory issues relating to the office in which the
5	employee is employed, including, as applicable,
6	the areas of expertise described in subpara-
7	graph (B).
8	(B) Areas of expertise.—The areas of
9	expertise referred to in subparagraph (A) in-
10	clude expertise in—
11	(i) the consultations and the prepara-
12	tion of biological opinions under section 7
13	of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
14	U.S.C. 1536);
15	(ii) permits under section 404 of Fed-
16	eral Water Pollution Control Act (33
17	U.S.C. 1344);
18	(iii) regulatory matters under the
19	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);
20	(iv) planning under the National For-
21	est Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C.
22	472a et seq.); and
23	(v) the preparation of analyses under
24	the National Environmental Policy Act of
25	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seg.).

1	(C) Duties.—Each employee assigned
2	under subparagraph (A) shall—
3	(i) not later than 90 days after the
4	date of assignment, report to the field
5	manager of the pilot project office to which
6	the employee is assigned;
7	(ii) be responsible for all issues relat-
8	ing to the jurisdiction of the assigning
9	agency or office; and
10	(iii) participate as part of the team of
11	personnel working on proposed energy
12	projects, planning, and environmental anal-
13	yses.
14	(2) Additional Personnel.—The Secretary
15	shall assign to each pilot project office any addi-
16	tional personnel the Secretary determines are nec-
17	essary to ensure the effective implementation of—
18	(A) the pilot project; and
19	(B) other programs administered by the
20	pilot project offices, including inspection and
21	enforcement activities relating to energy devel-
22	opment on Federal land, in accordance with the
23	multiple use mandate of the Federal Land Pol-
24	icy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
25	1701 et seq).

1	(e) Reports.—Not later than 3 years after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
3	the appropriate committees of Congress a report that—
4	(1) outlines the results of the pilot project; and
5	(2) makes a recommendation to the President
6	on whether the pilot project should be carried out
7	throughout the United States.
8	(f) Effect.—Nothing in this section affects—
9	(1) the operation of any Federal or State law;
10	or
11	(2) any delegation of authority made by the
12	head of a Federal agency, the employees of which
13	are participating in the pilot project.
13 14	are participating in the pilot project. SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICA-
14	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICA-
14 15	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS.
14 15 16	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS. Section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
14 15 16 17	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS. Section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226) is amended by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS. Section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(p)(1) Not later than 10 days after the date on
114 115 116 117 118	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICA- TIONS FOR PERMITS. Section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(p)(1) Not later than 10 days after the date on which the Secretary receives an application for a permit
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICA- TIONS FOR PERMITS. Section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(p)(1) Not later than 10 days after the date on which the Secretary receives an application for a permit to drill, the Secretary shall—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 220. DEADLINE FOR CONSIDERATION OF APPLICA- TIONS FOR PERMITS. Section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(p)(1) Not later than 10 days after the date on which the Secretary receives an application for a permit to drill, the Secretary shall— "(A) notify the applicant that the application is

1	"(ii) specify any information that is required to
2	be submitted for the application to be complete.
3	"(2) Not later than 30 days after an applicant has
4	submitted a complete application for a permit to drill, the
5	Secretary shall—
6	"(A) issue the permit; or
7	"(B)(i) defer making a decision on the permit;
8	and
9	"(ii) provide notice to the applicant that speci-
10	fies any steps that the applicant needs to take for
11	the permit to drill to be issued.
12	"(3)(A) If the Secretary provides notice under para-
13	graph (2)(B)(ii), the applicant shall have a period of 2
14	years from the date of receipt of the notice in which to
15	complete all requirements specified by the Secretary, in-
16	cluding providing information needed for compliance with
17	the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
18	4321 et seq.).
19	"(B) If the applicant completes the requirements
20	within the period specified in subparagraph (A), the Sec-
21	retary shall issue a decision on the permit not later than
22	10 days after the date of completion of the requirements.
23	"(C) If the applicant does not complete the require-
24	ments within the period specified in subparagraph (A), the
25	Secretary shall deny the permit.

1	"(q) On a quarterly basis, each field office of the Bu-
2	reau of Land Management and the Forest Service shall
3	submit to the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary
4	of Agriculture, respectively, a report that—
5	"(1) specifies the number of applications for
6	permits to drill received by the field office during the
7	period covered by the report; and
8	"(2) describes how each of the applications was
9	disposed of by the field office.".
10	TITLE III—ENERGY
11	INFRASTRUCTURE
12	SEC. 301. EXPORTATION AND IMPORTATION OF NATURAL
13	GAS.
14	Section 3 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717b)
15	is amended by adding at the end the following:
16	"(d) Nothing in subsections (e) through (h) affects
17	the rights of a State under—
18	"(1) the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972
19	(16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);
20	"(2) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401); or
21	"(3) section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution
22	Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1341).
23	"(e)(1) The Commission shall have the exclusive au-
24	thority to approve or disapprove the siting, construction,
25	expansion, or operation of particular facilities (onshore or

	199
1	in State waters) for the import or export of natural gas
2	from a foreign country.
3	"(2) No person shall site, construct, expand, or oper-
4	ate a natural gas import or export facility (onshore or in
5	State waters) unless the Commission has authorized the
6	activity.
7	"(3) Approval of an application under paragraph (1)
8	shall not be conditioned on—
9	"(A) a requirement that a liquefied natural gas
10	import terminal shall offer service to any person
11	other than the person to whom approval under para-
12	graph (1) is granted (including an affiliate of such
13	a person);
14	"(B) any regulation relating to the rates,
15	charges, terms, or conditions of service of a liquefied
16	natural gas import terminal; or
17	"(C) a requirement that any schedule or con-
18	tract relating to the rates, charges, terms, or condi-
19	tions of service of a liquefied natural gas import ter-
20	minal be filed with the Commission.
21	"(4) Notwithstanding paragraph (3), a determination
22	of the Commission under paragraph (1) relating to the
23	expansion of an existing liquefied natural gas import ter-

24 minal that offers service to customers on an open-access

25 basis shall not result in a subsidy by existing customers

- 1 of expansion capacity, degradation of service to existing
- 2 customers, or undue discrimination against existing cus-
- 3 tomers as to the terms or conditions of service of those
- 4 customers at the terminal, as determined by the Commis-
- 5 sion.
- 6 "(f)(1) Not later than 1 year after the application
- 7 to site, construct, expand, or operate a natural gas import
- 8 or export facility under subsection (d) is complete (as de-
- 9 termined by the Commission the Commission shall ap-
- 10 prove or deny an application.
- 11 "(2) On the date on which approval is received from
- 12 the Commission under paragraph (1), a natural gas devel-
- 13 opment zone shall be deemed to exist in the immediate
- 14 vicinity of the facility.
- 15 "(3)(A) With respect to each application approved
- 16 under paragraph (1), the Commission shall establish, con-
- 17 sistent with paragraph (1), a schedule for all Federal and
- 18 State administrative proceedings commenced under Fed-
- 19 eral law that are required to be completed before a person
- 20 may site, construct, expand, or operate a natural gas im-
- 21 port or export facility to ensure timely progress toward
- 22 any such siting, construction, expansion, or operation.
- "(B) The schedule shall include all Federal and State
- 24 administrative proceedings authorized by Federal law for
- 25 the siting, construction, expansion, or operation of natural

- 1 gas pipelines and facilities relating to the transportation
- 2 of natural gas from the import or export facility.
- 3 "(C) In establishing the schedule, the Commission
- 4 shall, to the maximum extent practicable, accommodate
- 5 the applicable schedules established by Federal law for the
- 6 proceedings.
- 7 "(D) If a Federal or State administrative agency or
- 8 officer fails to complete a proceeding in accordance with
- 9 the schedule established by the Commission—
- "(i) the action of the Federal or State adminis-
- 11 trative agency or officer that is required before a
- person may site, construct, expand, or operate the
- 13 natural gas import or export facility shall be conclu-
- sively presumed; and
- 15 "(ii) the siting, construction, expansion, or op-
- eration shall proceed without further condition.
- 17 "(4) With respect to the siting, construction, expan-
- 18 sion, or operation of a natural gas import or export facil-
- 19 ity, the Commission shall compile a single, exclusive ad-
- 20 ministrative record that consolidates the records of the
- 21 proceedings described in paragraph (3).
- 22 "(5) Any Federal administrative proceeding that is
- 23 an appeal or review of a decision made or action taken
- 24 by a Federal administrative agency or officer (or State ad-
- 25 ministrative agency or officer acting under delegated Fed-

- 1 eral authority) with respect to the siting, construction, ex-
- 2 pansion, or operation of a natural gas import or export
- 3 facility shall use as the exclusive record for all purposes
- 4 the administrative record compiled by the Commission
- 5 under paragraph (4).
- 6 "(g) With respect to the siting, construction, expan-
- 7 sion, or operation of natural gas import or export facili-
- 8 ties, the Commission shall be the lead Federal agency for
- 9 purposes of complying with the National Environmental
- 10 Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
- 11 "(h) The Commission shall grant the request of any
- 12 State or local agency that requests cooperating agency sta-
- 13 tus in accordance with regulations promulgated pursuant
- 14 to the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C.
- 15 4321 et seq.) with respect to a facility that imports or
- 16 exports natural gas.
- 17 "(i) Nothing in this section grants the Commission
- 18 any right of eminent domain with respect to the siting,
- 19 construction, expansion, or operation of a natural gas im-
- 20 port or export facility.".
- 21 SEC. 302. EXPORTATION AND IMPORTATION OF NATURAL
- 22 GAS FOR OFFSHORE FACILITIES.
- 23 (a) Procedure.—Section 5(e) of the Deepwater
- 24 Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1504(e)) is amended by add-
- 25 ing at the end the following:

1	"(3) COORDINATION OF APPROVAL PROCESSES.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coopera-
3	tion with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commis-
4	sion, shall develop a procedure to coordinate the
5	processing of all approvals required by the Secretary
6	or the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for
7	an offshore transmission facility, or a related facil-
8	ity, that is—
9	"(i) used to transport natural gas from a
10	deepwater port; and
11	"(ii) within the jurisdiction of the Federal
12	Energy Regulatory Commission under the Nat-
13	ural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717 et seq.).
14	"(B) Inclusion.—The procedure developed
15	under subparagraph (A) shall include a requirement
16	that, on receiving an application relating to the
17	siting, construction, expansion, or operation or an
18	offshore transmission facility, or a related facility, in
19	accordance with the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C.
20	717 et seq.), the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
21	mission shall approve or deny the application under
22	that Act in accordance with the timeline of the Sec-
23	retary relating to a similar application under sub-
24	sections (g) and (i)(1).".

1	(b) Adjacent Coastal States.—Section $9(b)(1)$ of
2	the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1508(b)(1))
3	is amended—
4	(1) in the second sentence, by striking "The
5	Secretary' and inserting "Except in the case of a li-
6	cense for a deepwater port for natural gas, the Sec-
7	retary''; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following: "In the
9	case of a license for a deepwater port for natural gas
10	located more than 20 miles from the coast of a
11	State, a condition on the license shall not negatively
12	affect the construction or operation of the project."
13	SEC. 303. NATURAL GAS PIPELINE INFRASTRUCTURE.
13 14	SEC. 303. NATURAL GAS PIPELINE INFRASTRUCTURE. (a) EXTENSION OF FACILITIES; ABANDONMENT OF
14	(a) Extension of Facilities; Abandonment of
14 15	(a) Extension of Facilities; Abandonment of Service.—Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C.
141516	(a) EXTENSION OF FACILITIES; ABANDONMENT OF SERVICE.—Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(i)(1)(A) With respect to each application under
14151617	(a) EXTENSION OF FACILITIES; ABANDONMENT OF SERVICE.—Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(i)(1)(A) With respect to each application under
14 15 16 17 18	(a) EXTENSION OF FACILITIES; ABANDONMENT OF SERVICE.—Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(i)(1)(A) With respect to each application under subsection (d) for authorization to undertake the construc-
141516171819	(a) EXTENSION OF FACILITIES; ABANDONMENT OF SERVICE.—Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(i)(1)(A) With respect to each application under subsection (d) for authorization to undertake the construction or expansion of a facility under the jurisdiction of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) EXTENSION OF FACILITIES; ABANDONMENT OF SERVICE.—Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(i)(1)(A) With respect to each application under subsection (d) for authorization to undertake the construction or expansion of a facility under the jurisdiction of the Commission, the Commission shall establish a schedule
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) EXTENSION OF FACILITIES; ABANDONMENT OF SERVICE.—Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(i)(1)(A) With respect to each application under subsection (d) for authorization to undertake the construction or expansion of a facility under the jurisdiction of the Commission, the Commission shall establish a schedule for all Federal and State administrative proceedings com-

- 1 ward any such siting, construction, expansion, or oper-
- 2 ation.
- 3 "(B) In establishing the schedule, the Commission
- 4 shall, to the maximum extent practicable, accommodate
- 5 the applicable schedules established by Federal law for the
- 6 proceedings.
- 7 "(C) If a Federal or State administrative agency or
- 8 officer fails to complete a proceeding in accordance with
- 9 the schedule established by the Commission—
- 10 "(i) the action of the Federal or State adminis-
- 11 trative agency or officer that is required before a
- person may site, construct, expand, or operate the
- 13 natural gas facility shall be conclusively presumed;
- 14 and
- 15 "(ii) the siting, construction, expansion, or op-
- eration shall proceed without further condition.
- 17 "(2) With respect to the siting, construction, expan-
- 18 sion, or operation of a natural gas facility subject to the
- 19 jurisdiction of the Commission, the Commission shall com-
- 20 pile a single administrative record that consolidates the
- 21 records of the proceedings described in paragraph (1).
- 22 "(3) Any Federal administrative proceeding that is
- 23 an appeal or review of a decision made or action taken
- 24 by a Federal administrative agency or officer (or State ad-
- 25 ministrative agency or officer acting under delegated Fed-

- 1 eral authority) with respect to the siting, construction, ex-
- 2 pansion, or operation of a natural gas facility subject to
- 3 the jurisdiction of the Commission shall use as the exclu-
- 4 sive record for all purposes the administrative record com-
- 5 piled by the Commission under paragraph (2).
- 6 "(j) With respect to the siting, construction, expan-
- 7 sion, or operation of natural gas facilities subject to the
- 8 jurisdiction of the Commission, the Commission shall be
- 9 the lead Federal agency for purposes of complying with
- 10 the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
- 11 4321 et seq.).".
- 12 (b) Rehearing; Court Review of Orders.—Sec-
- 13 tion 19 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717r) is
- 14 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 15 "(d)(1) The United States Court of Appeals for the
- 16 District of Columbia Circuit shall have original and exclu-
- 17 sive jurisdiction over any civil action—
- 18 "(A) for review of an order or action issued by
- the Commission under section 3;
- 20 "(B) for review of an order or action of a Fed-
- 21 eral or State administrative agency or officer to
- issue, condition, or deny any permit, license, concur-
- rence, or approval issued under a Federal law re-
- 24 quired for the siting, construction, expansion, or op-
- eration of a natural gas facility for which a certifi-

1	cate of public convenience and necessity is issued by
2	the Commission under this Act;
3	"(C) alleging unreasonable delay or condi-
4	tioning by a Federal or State administrative agency
5	or officer in entering an order or taking other action
6	described in subparagraph (B); or
7	"(D) challenging a decision made or action
8	taken under this subsection.
9	"(2)(A) If the Court finds that an order, action, or
10	failure to act is not consistent with the public convenience
11	or necessity (as determined by the Commission under this
12	Act), or would prevent the siting, construction, expansion,
13	or operation of natural gas facilities authorized by a cer-
14	tificate of public convenience or necessity, the permit, li-
15	cense, concurrence, or approval that is the subject of the
16	order, action, or failure to act shall be deemed to have
17	been issued subject to any conditions set forth in the re-
18	viewed order or action that the Court finds to be con-
19	sistent with the public convenience or necessity.
20	"(B) For purposes of paragraph (1)(B), the failure
21	of an agency or officer to issue a permit, license, concur-
22	rence, or approval by the later of the date that is 1 year
23	after the date of filing of an application for the permit,
24	license, concurrence, or approval or the date that is 60
25	days after the date of issuance of the certificate of public

- 1 convenience or necessity under this section, shall be con-
- 2 sidered unreasonable delay unless the Court, for good
- 3 cause shown, determines otherwise.
- 4 "(C) The Court shall expedite the consideration of
- 5 any action brought under paragraph (1).".
- 6 SEC. 304. NATURAL GAS STORAGE FACILITIES.
- 7 Section 4 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717c)
- 8 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 9 "(f)(1) On receiving an application from a natural
- 10 gas company that is the owner or operator of a natural
- 11 gas storage facility, the Commission may allow the com-
- 12 pany to charge a market-based rate for natural gas stor-
- 13 age and storage-related services at the facility even if the
- 14 Commission finds that the facility may have the ability
- 15 to exercise market power, if, in the sole discretion of the
- 16 Commission, allowing market-based rates is in the public
- 17 interest.
- 18 "(2) The Commission may place reasonable condi-
- 19 tions on the allowance of the Commission of market-based
- 20 rates under this subsection, such as requiring the storage
- 21 capacity to be sold through an open and transparent auc-
- 22 tion.
- 23 "(3) If the Commission allows market-based rates
- 24 under this subsection, the Commission shall review peri-

1	odically whether the storage facility continues to qualify
2	under this subsection to charge market-based rates.".
3	SEC. 305. BACKUP FUEL CAPABILITY STUDY.
4	(a) Study.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct
5	a study on the effect of having liquid and other fuel
6	backup capability for gas-fired power generation facilities
7	and for other gas-fired industrial facilities.
8	(b) Contents.—The study shall address—
9	(1) the costs and benefits of adding a different
10	fuel capability to power gas-fired power generating
11	and industrial facilities, taking into consideration re-
12	gional differences;
13	(2) Federal and State government methods of
14	encouraging gas-fired power generators and indus-
15	tries to develop a capability to power the facilities of
16	the generators and industries by another fuel;
17	(3) the effect on the supply and cost of natural
18	gas of a balanced portfolio of fuel choices in power
19	generation and industrial applications;
20	(4) the effect on the supply and cost of natural
21	gas of a State that permits agencies to carry out
22	policies that encourage other fuel backup for gas-

fired power generation; and

23

1	(5) changes required in the Clean Air Act (42
2	U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) to allow natural gas generators
3	to add clean backup fuel capabilities.
4	(c) Report to Congress.—Not later than 1 year
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
6	Energy shall submit to Congress a report on the results
7	of the study, including recommendations regarding further
8	Federal Government activity regarding backup fuel capa-
9	bility.