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106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 4986

[Report No. 106-___]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 14, 2000

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

September ____ (legislative day, _____), 2000

Reported by Mr. Roth, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

AN ACT

- To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the provisions relating to foreign sales corporations (FSCs) and to exclude extraterritorial income from gross income.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "FSC Repeal and Extraterritorial Income Exclusion Act
- 4 of 2000".
- 5 (b) Amendment of 1986 Code.—Except as other-
- 6 wise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amend-
- 7 ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment
- 8 to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference
- 9 shall be considered to be made to a section or other provi-
- 10 sion of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

11 SEC. 2. REPEAL OF FOREIGN SALES CORPORATION RULES.

- Subpart C of part III of subchapter N of chapter 1
- 13 (relating to taxation of foreign sales corporations) is here-
- 14 by repealed.

15 SEC. 3. TREATMENT OF EXTRATERRITORIAL INCOME.

- 16 (a) In General.—Part III of subchapter B of chap-
- 17 ter 1 (relating to items specifically excluded from gross
- 18 income) is amended by inserting before section 115 the
- 19 following new section:

20 "SEC. 114. EXTRATERRITORIAL INCOME.

- 21 "(a) Exclusion.—Gross income does not include
- 22 extraterritorial income.
- 23 "(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
- 24 extraterritorial income which is not qualifying foreign
- 25 trade income as determined under subpart E of part III
- 26 of subchapter N.

1	"(c) DISALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTIONS.—
2	"(1) In general.—Any deduction of a tax-
3	payer allocated under paragraph (2) to
4	extraterritorial income of the taxpayer excluded from
5	gross income under subsection (a) shall not be al-
6	lowed.
7	"(2) Allocation.—Any deduction of the tax-
8	payer properly apportioned and allocated to the
9	extraterritorial income derived by the taxpayer from
10	any transaction shall be allocated on a proportionate
11	basis between—
12	"(A) the extraterritorial income derived
13	from such transaction which is excluded from
14	gross income under subsection (a), and
15	"(B) the extraterritorial income derived
16	from such transaction which is not so excluded.
17	"(d) Denial of Credits for Certain Foreign
18	Taxes.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this
19	chapter, no credit shall be allowed under this chapter for
20	any income, war profits, and excess profits taxes paid or
21	accrued to any foreign country or possession of the United
22	States with respect to extraterritorial income which is ex-
23	cluded from gross income under subsection (a).
24	"(e) Extraterritorial Income.—For purposes of
25	this section, the term 'extraterritorial income' means the

- 1 gross income of the taxpayer attributable to foreign trad-
- 2 ing gross receipts (as defined in section 942) of the tax-
- 3 payer.".
- 4 (b) Qualifying Foreign Trade Income.—Part III
- 5 of subchapter N of chapter 1 is amended by inserting after
- 6 subpart D the following new subpart:

7 "Subpart E—Qualifying Foreign Trade Income

8 "SEC. 941. QUALIFYING FOREIGN TRADE INCOME.

9 "(a) Qualifying Foreign Trade Income.—For

10 purposes of this subpart and section 114—

11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualifying for-

eign trade income' means, with respect to any trans-

action, the amount of gross income which, if ex-

14 cluded, will result in a reduction of the taxable in-

come of the taxpayer from such transaction equal to

the greatest of—

17 "(A) 30 percent of the foreign sale and

leasing income derived by the taxpayer from

such transaction,

20 "(B) 1.2 percent of the foreign trading

gross receipts derived by the taxpayer from the

transaction, or

[&]quot;Sec. 941. Qualifying foreign trade income.

[&]quot;Sec. 942. Foreign trading gross receipts.

[&]quot;Sec. 943. Other definitions and special rules.

1	"(C) 15 percent of the foreign trade in-
2	come derived by the taxpayer from the trans-
3	action.
4	In no event shall the amount determined under sub-
5	paragraph (B) exceed 200 percent of the amount de-
6	termined under subparagraph (C).
7	"(2) ALTERNATIVE COMPUTATION.—A taxpayer
8	may compute its qualifying foreign trade income
9	under a subparagraph of paragraph (1) other than
10	the subparagraph which results in the greatest
11	amount of such income.
12	"(3) Limitation on use of foreign trading
13	GROSS RECEIPTS METHOD.—If any person computes
14	its qualifying foreign trade income from any trans-
15	action with respect to any property under paragraph
16	(1)(B), the qualifying foreign trade income of such
17	person (or any related person) with respect to any
18	other transaction involving such property shall be
19	zero.
20	"(4) Rules for marginal costing.—The
21	Secretary shall prescribe regulations setting forth
22	rules for the allocation of expenditures in computing
23	foreign trade income under paragraph (1)(C) in
24	those cases where a taxpayer is seeking to establish

1	or maintain a market for qualifying foreign trade
2	property.
3	"(5) Participation in international boy-
4	COTTS, ETC.—Under regulations prescribed by the
5	Secretary, the qualifying foreign trade income of a
6	taxpayer for any taxable year shall be reduced (but
7	not below zero) by the sum of—
8	"(A) an amount equal to such income mul-
9	tiplied by the international boycott factor deter-
10	mined under section 999, and
11	"(B) any illegal bribe, kickback, or other
12	payment (within the meaning of section 162(c))
13	paid by or on behalf of the taxpayer directly or
14	indirectly to an official, employee, or agent in
15	fact of a government.
16	"(b) Foreign Trade Income.—For purposes of
17	this subpart—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'foreign trade in-
19	come' means the taxable income of the taxpayer at-
20	tributable to foreign trading gross receipts of the
21	taxpayer.
22	"(2) Special rule for cooperatives.—In
23	any case in which an organization to which part I
24	of subchapter T applies which is engaged in the
25	marketing of agricultural or horticultural products

1	sells qualifying foreign trade property, in computing
2	the taxable income of such cooperative, there shall
3	not be taken into account any deduction allowable
4	under subsection (b) or (c) of section 1382 (relating
5	to patronage dividends, per-unit retain allocations
6	and nonpatronage distributions).
7	"(c) Foreign Sale and Leasing Income.—For
8	purposes of this section—
9	"(1) In general.—The term 'foreign sale and
10	leasing income' means, with respect to any
11	transaction—
12	"(A) foreign trade income properly allo-
13	cable to activities which—
14	"(i) are described in paragraph
15	(2)(A)(i) or (3) of section 942(b), and
16	"(ii) are performed by the taxpayer
17	(or any person acting under a contract
18	with such taxpayer) outside the United
19	States, or
20	"(B) foreign trade income derived by the
21	taxpayer in connection with the lease or renta
22	of qualifying foreign trade property for use by
23	the lessee outside the United States.
24	"(2) Special rules for leased prop-
25	ERTY.—

1	"(A) SALES INCOME.—The term 'foreign
2	sale and leasing income' includes any foreign
3	trade income derived by the taxpayer from the
4	sale of property described in paragraph (1)(B).
5	"(B) Limitation in Certain Cases.—Ex-
6	cept as provided in regulations, in the case of
7	property which—
8	"(i) was manufactured, produced,
9	grown, or extracted by the taxpayer, or
10	"(ii) was acquired by the taxpayer
11	from a related person for a price which
12	was not determined in accordance with the
13	rules of section 482,
14	the amount of foreign trade income which may be
15	treated as foreign sale and leasing income under
16	paragraph (1)(B) or subparagraph (A) of this para-
17	graph with respect to any transaction involving such
18	property shall not exceed the amount which would
19	have been determined if the taxpayer had acquired
20	such property for the price determined in accordance
21	with the rules of section 482.
22	"(3) Special rules.—
23	"(A) Excluded property.—Foreign sale
24	and leasing income shall not include any income
25	properly allocable to excluded property de-

1	scribed in subparagraph (B) of section
2	943(a)(3) (relating to intangibles).
3	"(B) Only direct expenses taken
4	INTO ACCOUNT.—For purposes of this sub-
5	section, any expense other than a directly allo-
6	cable expense shall not be taken into account in
7	computing foreign trade income.
8	"SEC. 942. FOREIGN TRADING GROSS RECEIPTS.
9	"(a) Foreign Trading Gross Receipts.—
10	"(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
11	vided in this section, for purposes of this subpart,
12	the term 'foreign trading gross receipts' means the
13	gross receipts of the taxpayer which are—
14	"(A) from the sale, exchange, or other dis-
15	position of qualifying foreign trade property,
16	"(B) from the lease or rental of qualifying
17	foreign trade property for use by the lessee out-
18	side the United States,
19	"(C) for services which are related and
20	subsidiary to—
21	"(i) any sale, exchange, or other dis-
22	position of qualifying foreign trade prop-
23	erty by such taxpayer or

1	(11) any lease or rental of qualifying
2	foreign trade property described in sub-
3	paragraph (B) by such taxpayer,
4	"(D) for engineering or architectural serv-
5	ices for construction projects located (or pro-
6	posed for location) outside the United States, or
7	"(E) for the performance of managerial
8	services for a person other than a related per-
9	son in furtherance of the production of foreign
10	trading gross receipts described in subpara-
11	graph (A), (B), or (C).
12	Subparagraph (E) shall not apply to a taxpayer for
13	any taxable year unless at least 50 percent of its for-
14	eign trading gross receipts (determined without re-
15	gard to this sentence) for such taxable year is de-
16	rived from activities described in subparagraph (A),
17	(B), or (C).
18	"(2) CERTAIN RECEIPTS EXCLUDED ON BASIS
19	OF USE; SUBSIDIZED RECEIPTS EXCLUDED.—The
20	term 'foreign trading gross receipts' shall not in-
21	clude receipts of a taxpayer from a transaction if—
22	"(A) the qualifying foreign trade property
23	or services—
24	"(i) are for ultimate use in the United
25	States, or

1	"(ii) are for use by the United States
2	or any instrumentality thereof and such
3	use of qualifying foreign trade property or
4	services is required by law or regulation, or
5	"(B) such transaction is accomplished by a
6	subsidy granted by the government (or any in-
7	strumentality thereof) of the country or posses-
8	sion in which the property is manufactured,
9	produced, grown, or extracted.
10	"(3) Election to exclude certain re-
11	CEIPTS.—The term 'foreign trading gross receipts'
12	shall not include gross receipts of a taxpayer from
13	a transaction if the taxpayer elects not to have such
14	receipts taken into account for purposes of this sub-
15	part.
16	"(b) Foreign Economic Process Require-
17	MENTS.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-
19	section (c), a taxpayer shall be treated as having for-
20	eign trading gross receipts from any transaction only
21	if economic processes with respect to such trans-
22	action take place outside the United States as re-
23	quired by paragraph (2).
24	"(2) Requirement.—

1	"(A) In general.—The requirements of
2	this paragraph are met with respect to the
3	gross receipts of a taxpayer derived from any
4	transaction if—
5	"(i) such taxpayer (or any person act-
6	ing under a contract with such taxpayer)
7	has participated outside the United States
8	in the solicitation (other than advertising),
9	the negotiation, or the making of the con-
10	tract relating to such transaction, and
11	"(ii) the foreign direct costs incurred
12	by the taxpayer attributable to the trans-
13	action equal or exceed 50 percent of the
14	total direct costs attributable to the trans-
15	action.
16	"(B) Alternative 85-percent test.—A
17	taxpayer shall be treated as satisfying the re-
18	quirements of subparagraph (A)(ii) with respect
19	to any transaction if, with respect to each of at
20	least 2 subparagraphs of paragraph (3), the
21	foreign direct costs incurred by such taxpayer
22	attributable to activities described in such sub-
23	paragraph equal or exceed 85 percent of the
24	total direct costs attributable to activities de-
25	scribed in such subparagraph.

1	"(C) Definitions.—For purposes of this
2	paragraph—
3	"(i) Total direct costs.—The term
4	'total direct costs' means, with respect to
5	any transaction, the total direct costs in-
6	curred by the taxpayer attributable to ac-
7	tivities described in paragraph (3) per-
8	formed at any location by the taxpayer or
9	any person acting under a contract with
10	such taxpayer.
11	"(ii) Foreign direct costs.—The
12	term 'foreign direct costs' means, with re-
13	spect to any transaction, the portion of the
14	total direct costs which are attributable to
15	activities performed outside the United
16	States.
17	"(3) Activities relating to qualifying
18	FOREIGN TRADE PROPERTY.—The activities de-
19	scribed in this paragraph are any of the following
20	with respect to qualifying foreign trade property—
21	"(A) advertising and sales promotion,
22	"(B) the processing of customer orders
23	and the arranging for delivery,

1	"(C) transportation outside the United
2	States in connection with delivery to the cus-
3	tomer,
4	"(D) the determination and transmittal of
5	a final invoice or statement of account or the
6	receipt of payment, and
7	"(E) the assumption of credit risk.
8	"(4) Economic processes performed by
9	RELATED PERSONS.—A taxpayer shall be treated as
10	meeting the requirements of this subsection with re-
11	spect to any sales transaction involving any property
12	if any related person has met such requirements in
13	such transaction or any other sales transaction in-
14	volving such property.
15	"(c) Exception From Foreign Economic Proc-
16	ESS REQUIREMENT.—
17	"(1) In general.—The requirements of sub-
18	section (b) shall be treated as met for any taxable
19	year if the foreign trading gross receipts of the tax-
20	payer for such year do not exceed \$5,000,000.
21	"(2) Receipts of related persons aggre-
22	GATED.—All related persons shall be treated as one
23	person for purposes of paragraph (1), and the limi-
24	tation under paragraph (1) shall be allocated among

1	such persons in a manner provided in regulations
2	prescribed by the Secretary.
3	"(3) Special rule for pass-thru enti-
4	TIES.—In the case of a partnership, S corporation,
5	or other pass-thru entity, the limitation under para-
6	graph (1) shall apply with respect to the partner-
7	ship, S corporation, or entity and with respect to
8	each partner, shareholder, or other owner.
9	"SEC. 943. OTHER DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.
10	"(a) Qualifying Foreign Trade Property.—For
11	purposes of this subpart—
12	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualifying for-
13	eign trade property' means property—
14	"(A) manufactured, produced, grown, or
15	extracted within or outside the United States,
16	"(B) held primarily for sale, lease, or rent-
17	al, in the ordinary course of trade or business
18	for direct use, consumption, or disposition out-
19	side the United States, and
20	"(C) not more than 50 percent of the fair
21	market value of which is attributable to—
22	"(i) articles manufactured, produced,
23	grown, or extracted outside the United
24	States, and

1	(11) direct costs for labor (determined
2	under the principles of section 263A) per-
3	formed outside the United States.
4	For purposes of subparagraph (C), the fair market
5	value of any article imported into the United States
6	shall be its appraised value, as determined by the
7	Secretary under section 402 of the Tariff Act of
8	1930 (19 U.S.C. 1401a) in connection with its im-
9	portation, and the direct costs for labor under clause
10	(ii) do not include costs that would be treated under
11	the principles of section 263A as direct labor costs
12	attributable to articles described in clause (i).
13	"(2) U.S. TAXATION TO ENSURE CONSISTENT
14	TREATMENT.—Property which (without regard to
15	this paragraph) is qualifying foreign trade property
16	and which is manufactured, produced, grown, or ex-
17	tracted outside the United States shall be treated as
18	qualifying foreign trade property only if it is manu-
19	factured, produced, grown, or extracted by—
20	"(A) a domestic corporation,
21	"(B) an individual who is a citizen or resi-
22	dent of the United States,
23	"(C) a foreign corporation with respect to
24	which an election under subsection (e) (relating

1	to foreign corporations electing to be subject to
2	United States taxation) is in effect, or
3	"(D) a partnership or other pass-thru enti-
4	ty all of the partners or owners of which are de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C).
6	Except as otherwise provided by the Secretary,
7	tiered partnerships or pass-thru entities shall be
8	treated as described in subparagraph (D) if each of
9	the partnerships or entities is directly or indirectly
10	wholly owned by persons described in subparagraph
11	(A), (B), or (C).
12	"(3) Excluded property.—The term 'quali-
13	fying foreign trade property' shall not include—
14	"(A) property leased or rented by the tax-
15	payer for use by any related person,
16	"(B) patents, inventions, models, designs,
17	formulas, or processes whether or not patented,
18	copyrights (other than films, tapes, records, or
19	similar reproductions, and other than computer
20	software (whether or not patented), for com-
21	mercial or home use), goodwill, trademarks,
22	trade brands, franchises, or other like property,
23	"(C) oil or gas (or any primary product
24	thereof),

1	"(D) products the transfer of which is pro-
2	hibited or curtailed to effectuate the policy set
3	forth in paragraph (2)(C) of section 3 of Public
4	Law 96–72, or
5	"(E) any unprocessed timber which is a
6	softwood.
7	For purposes of subparagraph (E), the term 'un-
8	processed timber' means any log, cant, or similar
9	form of timber.
10	"(4) Property in short supply.—If the
11	President determines that the supply of any prop-
12	erty described in paragraph (1) is insufficient to
13	meet the requirements of the domestic economy, the
14	President may by Executive order designate the
15	property as in short supply. Any property so des-
16	ignated shall not be treated as qualifying foreign
17	trade property during the period beginning with the
18	date specified in the Executive order and ending
19	with the date specified in an Executive order setting
20	forth the President's determination that the prop-
21	erty is no longer in short supply.
22	"(b) Other Definitions and Rules.—For pur-
23	poses of this subpart—
24	"(1) Transaction —

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'transaction'
2	means—
3	"(i) any sale, exchange, or other dis-
4	position,
5	"(ii) any lease or rental, and
6	"(iii) any furnishing of services.
7	"(B) Grouping of transactions.—To
8	the extent provided in regulations, any provision
9	of this subpart which, but for this subpara-
10	graph, would be applied on a transaction-by-
11	transaction basis may be applied by the tax-
12	payer on the basis of groups of transactions
13	based on product lines or recognized industry or
14	trade usage. Such regulations may permit dif-
15	ferent groupings for different purposes.
16	"(2) United states defined.—The term
17	'United States' includes the Commonwealth of Puer-
18	to Rico. The preceding sentence shall not apply for
19	purposes of determining whether a corporation is a
20	domestic corporation.
21	"(3) Related Person.—A person shall be re-
22	lated to another person if such persons are treated
23	as a single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of
24	section 52 or subsection (m) or (o) of section 414,
25	except that determinations under subsections (a)

1 and (b) of section 52 shall be made without regard 2 to section 1563(b). 3 "(4) Gross and Taxable Income.—Section 4 114 shall not be taken into account in determining 5 the amount of gross income or foreign trade income 6 from any transaction. 7 "(c) Source Rule.—Under regulations, in the case 8 of qualifying foreign trade property manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted within the United States, the 10 amount of income of a taxpayer from any sales transaction 11 with respect to such property which is treated as from 12 sources without the United States shall not exceed— 13 "(1) in the case of a taxpayer computing its 14 qualifying foreign trade income under section 15 941(a)(1)(B), the amount of the taxpayer's foreign 16 trade income which would (but for this subsection) 17 be treated as from sources without the United 18 States if the foreign trade income were reduced by 19 an amount equal to 4 percent of the foreign trading 20 gross receipts with respect to the transaction, and 21 "(2) in the case of a taxpayer computing its 22 qualifying foreign trade income under section 23 941(a)(1)(C), 50 percent of the amount of the tax-24 payer's foreign trade income which would (but for

1	this subsection) be treated as from sources without
2	the United States.
3	"(d) Treatment of Withholding Taxes.—
4	"(1) In general.—For purposes of section
5	114(d), any withholding tax shall not be treated as
6	paid or accrued with respect to extraterritorial in-
7	come which is excluded from gross income under
8	section 114(a). For purposes of this paragraph, the
9	term 'withholding tax' means any tax which is im-
10	posed on a basis other than residence and for which
11	credit is allowable under section 901 or 903.
12	"(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not
13	apply to any taxpayer with respect to extraterritorial
14	income from any transaction if the taxpayer com-
15	putes its qualifying foreign trade income with re-
16	spect to the transaction under section 941(a)(1)(A).
17	"(e) Election To Be Treated as Domestic Cor-
18	PORATION.—
19	"(1) In general.—An applicable foreign cor-
20	poration may elect to be treated as a domestic cor-
21	poration for all purposes of this title if such corpora-
22	tion waives all benefits to such corporation granted
23	by the United States under any treaty. No election
24	under section 1362(a) may be made with respect to
25	such corporation.

1	"(2) Applicable foreign corporation.—
2	For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'applicable
3	foreign corporation' means any foreign corporation
4	if—
5	"(A) such corporation manufactures, pro-
6	duces, grows, or extracts property in the ordi-
7	nary course of such corporation's trade or busi-
8	ness, or
9	"(B) substantially all of the gross receipts
10	of such corporation may reasonably be expected
11	to be foreign trading gross receipts.
12	"(3) Period of Election.—
13	"(A) In general.—Except as otherwise
14	provided in this paragraph, an election under
15	paragraph (1) shall apply to the taxable year
16	for which made and all subsequent taxable
17	years unless revoked by the taxpayer. Any rev-
18	ocation of such election shall apply to taxable
19	years beginning after such revocation.
20	"(B) Termination.—If a corporation
21	which made an election under paragraph (1) for
22	any taxable year fails to meet the requirements
23	of subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2)
24	for any subsequent taxable year, such election

1	shall not apply to any taxable year beginning
2	after such subsequent taxable year.
3	"(C) Effect of revocation or termi-
4	NATION.—If a corporation which made an elec-
5	tion under paragraph (1) revokes such election
6	or such election is terminated under subpara-
7	graph (B), such corporation (and any successor
8	corporation) may not make such election for
9	any of the 5 taxable years beginning with the
10	first taxable year for which such election is not
11	in effect as a result of such revocation or termi-
12	nation.
13	"(4) Special rules.—
14	"(A) REQUIREMENTS.—This subsection
15	shall not apply to an applicable foreign corpora-
16	tion if such corporation fails to meet the re-
17	quirements (if any) which the Secretary may
18	prescribe to ensure that the taxes imposed by
19	this chapter on such corporation are paid.
20	"(B) Effect of election, revocation,
21	AND TERMINATION.—
22	"(i) Election.—For purposes of sec-
23	tion 367, a foreign corporation making an
24	election under this subsection shall be
25	treated as transferring (as of the first day

I	of the first taxable year to which the elec
2	tion applies) all of its assets to a domestic
3	corporation in connection with an exchange
4	to which section 354 applies.
5	"(ii) Revocation and termi
6	NATION.—For purposes of section 367
7	if—
8	"(I) an election is made by a cor
9	poration under paragraph (1) for any
10	taxable year, and
11	"(II) such election ceases to
12	apply for any subsequent taxable year
13	such corporation shall be treated as a domestic
14	corporation transferring (as of the 1st day o
15	the first such subsequent taxable year to which
16	such election ceases to apply) all of its property
17	to a foreign corporation in connection with an
18	exchange to which section 354 applies.
19	"(C) ELIGIBILITY FOR ELECTION.—The
20	Secretary may by regulation designate one of
21	more classes of corporations which may no
22	make the election under this subsection.
23	"(f) Rules Relating to Allocations of Quali
24	FYING FOREIGN TRADE INCOME FROM SHARED PART
25	NERSHIPS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—II—
2	"(A) a partnership maintains a separate
3	account for transactions (to which this subpart
4	applies) with each partner,
5	"(B) distributions to each partner with re-
6	spect to such transactions are based on the
7	amounts in the separate account maintained
8	with respect to such partner, and
9	"(C) such partnership meets such other re-
10	quirements as the Secretary may by regulations
11	prescribe,
12	then such partnership shall allocate to each partner
13	items of income, gain, loss, and deduction (including
14	qualifying foreign trade income) from any trans-
15	action to which this subpart applies on the basis of
16	such separate account.
17	"(2) Special rules.—For purposes of this
18	subpart, in the case of a partnership to which para-
19	graph (1) applies—
20	"(A) any partner's interest in the partner-
21	ship shall not be taken into account in deter-
22	mining whether such partner is a related person
23	with respect to any other partner, and
24	"(B) the election under section 942(a)(3)
25	shall be made separately by each partner with

1	respect to any transaction for which the part
2	nership maintains separate accounts for each
3	partner.
4	"(g) Exclusion for Patrons of Agricultural
5	AND HORTICULTURAL COOPERATIVES.—Any amount de
6	scribed in paragraph (1) or (3) of section 1385(a)—
7	"(1) which is received by a person from an or-
8	ganization to which part I of subchapter T applies
9	which is engaged in the marketing of agricultural or
10	horticultural products, and
11	"(2) which is designated by the organization as
12	allocable to qualifying foreign trade income in a
13	written notice mailed to its patrons during the pay-
14	ment period described in section 1382(d),
15	shall be treated as qualifying foreign trade income of such
16	person for purposes of section 114. The taxable income
17	of the organization shall not be reduced under section
18	1382 by reason of any amount to which the preceding sen-
19	tence applies.".
20	SEC. 4. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
21	(1) The second sentence of section
22	56(g)(4)(B)(i) is amended by inserting before the
23	period "or under section 114".
24	(2) Section 245 is amended by adding at the
25	end the following new subsection:

1	*(d) CERTAIN DIVIDENDS ALLOCABLE TO QUALI-
2	FYING FOREIGN TRADE INCOME.—In the case of a domes-
3	tie corporation which is a United States shareholder (as
4	defined in section 951(b)) of a controlled foreign corpora-
5	tion (as defined in section 957), there shall be allowed as
6	a deduction an amount equal to 100 percent of any divi-
7	dend received from such controlled foreign corporation
8	which is distributed out of earnings and profits attrib-
9	utable to qualifying foreign trade income (as defined in
10	section 941(a)).".
11	(3) (2) Section 275(a) is amended—
12	(A) by striking "or" at the end of para-
13	graph (4)(A), by striking the period at the end
14	of paragraph (4)(B) and inserting ", or", and
15	by adding at the end of paragraph (4) the fol-
16	lowing new subparagraph:
17	"(C) such taxes are paid or accrued with
18	respect to qualifying foreign trade income (as
19	defined in section 941)."; and
20	(B) by adding at the end the following the
21	following new sentence: "A rule similar to the
22	rule of section 943(d) shall apply for purposes
23	of paragraph (4)(C).".
24	(4) (3) Paragraph (3) of section 864(e) is
25	amended—

1	(A) by striking "For purposes of" and in-
2	serting:
3	"(A) In general.—For purposes of"; and
4	(B) by adding at the end the following new
5	subparagraph:
6	"(B) Assets producing exempt
7	EXTRATERRITORIAL INCOME.—For purposes of
8	allocating and apportioning any interest ex-
9	pense, there shall not be taken into account any
10	qualifying foreign trade property (as defined in
11	section 943(a)) which is held by the taxpayer
12	for lease or rental in the ordinary course of
13	trade or business for use by the lessee outside
14	the United States (as defined in section
15	943(b)(2)).".
16	(5) (4) Section 903 is amended by striking
17	"164(a)" and inserting "114, 164(a),".
18	(6) (5) Section 999(c)(1) is amended by insert-
19	ing "941(a)(5)," after "908(a),".
20	(7) (6) The table of sections for part III of sub-
21	chapter B of chapter 1 is amended by inserting be-
22	fore the item relating to section 115 the following
23	new item:
	"Sec. 114. Extraterritorial income.".
24	(8) (7) The table of subparts for part III of
25	subchapter N of chapter 1 is amended by striking

1 the item relating to subpart E and inserting the fol-2 lowing new item: "Subpart E. Qualifying foreign trade income.". 3 (9) (8) The table of subparts for part III of 4 subchapter N of chapter 1 is amended by striking 5 the item relating to subpart C. 6 SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. 7 (a) In General.—The amendments made by this Act shall apply to transactions after September 30, 2000. 9 (b) No New FSCs; Termination of Inactive FSCs.— 10 11 (1) No New FSCs.—No corporation may elect 12 after September 30, 2000, to be a FSC (as defined 13 in section 922 of the Internal Revenue Code of 14 1986, as in effect before the amendments made by 15 this Act). 16 (2) Termination of inactive fscs.—If a 17 FSC has no foreign trade income (as defined in sec-18 tion 923(b) of such Code, as so in effect) for any pe-19 riod of 5 consecutive taxable years beginning after 20 December 31, 2001, such FSC shall cease to be 21 treated as a FSC for purposes of such Code for any 22 taxable year beginning after such period. 23 (c) Transition Period for Existing Foreign

SALES CORPORATIONS.—

1	(1) In general.—In the case of a FSC (as so
2	defined) in existence on September 30, 2000, and at
3	all times thereafter, the amendments made by this
4	Act shall not apply to any transaction in the ordi-
5	nary course of trade or business involving a FSC
6	which occurs—
7	(A) before January 1, 2002; or
8	(B) after December 31, 2001, pursuant to
9	a binding contract—
10	(i) which is between the FSC (or any
11	related person) and any person which is
12	not a related person; and
13	(ii) which is in effect on September
14	30, 2000, and at all times thereafter.
15	For purposes of this paragraph, a binding contract
16	shall include a purchase option, renewal option, or
17	replacement option which is included in such con-
18	tract and which is enforceable against the seller or
19	lessor.
20	(2) Election to have amendments apply
21	EARLIER.—A taxpayer may elect to have the amend-
22	ments made by this Act apply to any transaction by
23	a FSC or any related person to which such amend-
24	ments would apply but for the application of para-
25	graph (1). Such election shall be effective for the

1 taxable year for which made and all subsequent tax-2 able years, and, once made, may be revoked only 3 with the consent of the Secretary of the Treasury. 4 (3) Related Person.—For purposes of this 5 subsection, the term "related person" has the mean-6 ing given to such term by section 943(b)(3) of such 7 Code, as added by this Act. 8 (d) Special Rules Relating to Leasing Trans-9 ACTIONS.— 10 (1) Sales income.—If foreign trade income in 11 connection with the lease or rental of property de-12 scribed in section 927(a)(1)(B) of such Code (as in 13 effect before the amendments made by this Act) is 14 treated as exempt foreign trade income for purposes 15 of section 921(a) of such Code (as so in effect), such 16 property shall be treated as property described in 17 section 941(c)(1)(B) of such Code (as added by this 18 Act) for purposes of applying section 941(c)(2) of 19 such Code (as so added) to any subsequent trans-20 action involving such property to which the amend-21 ments made by this Act apply. 22 (2) Limitation on use of gross receipts 23 METHOD.—If any person computed its foreign trade 24 income from any transaction with respect to any 25 property on the basis of a transfer price determined O:\FRA\FRA00.163

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under the method described in section 925(a)(1) of 2 such Code (as in effect before the amendments made 3 by this Act), then the qualifying foreign trade in-4 come (as defined in section 941(a) of such Code, as 5 in effect after such amendment) of such person (or 6 any related person) with respect to any other transaction involving such property (and to which the 7

amendments made by this Act apply) shall be zero.

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S.L.C.