



The Forest Emergency Recovery & Research Act

COMPLIES WITH ALL ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS

The Forest Emergency Recovery and Research Act requires an expedited National Environmental Policy Act procedural review and complies with all other environmental laws, including:

- The Wilderness Act of 1964 (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.)
- The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.)
- The Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.)
- The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. 1273 et seq.)
- The Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1987 (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.)
- The National Forest Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a et seq.)
- The Clean Air Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.)
- The Multiple-Use Sustained-Yield Act of 1960 (16 U.S.C. 528 et seq.)
- The Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 300j et seq.)
- The Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.)
- The National Historic Preservation Act 1966 (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.)
- The Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6515 et seq.)