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109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

## H.R.

To establish improved mandatory standards to protect miners during emergencies, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. George Miller of California	introduced the followin	g bill; which was
referred to the Committee on		

## A BILL

To establish improved mandatory standards to protect miners during emergencies, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Protecting America's
- 5 Miners Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 7 It is the sense of Congress that, because the Sec-
- 8 retary of Labor has failed in recent years to adequately



fulfill the Secretary's obligations under the Federal Mine 2 Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) 3 to help miners survive underground mining emergencies 4 and has failed to adequately prepare for the significant 5 losses to a highly-trained Mine Safety and Health Administration inspector workforce that are pending, Congres-6 7 sional intervention is needed. 8 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. 9 For purposes of this Act, any term used in this Act 10 that is defined in section 3 of the Federal Mine Safety 11 and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 802) shall have the 12 meaning given the term in such section. 13 SEC. 4. IMPROVED ESCAPE AND REFUGE REQUIREMENTS 14 TO HELP PROTECT MINERS IN THE EVENT OF 15 AN EMERGENCY. 16 Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is amended by adding at 18 the end the following: 19 "(f) Improved Mandatory Safety Standards to PROTECT MINERS IN THE EVENT OF AN EMERGENCY.— 20 21 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other 22 provision of this section regarding the promulgation

of mandatory health or safety standards, and in ad-

dition to the requirements of any mandatory health

or safety standards promulgated under this Act, the



23

24

1	following shall be mandatory safety standards that
2	apply to all underground areas of coal mines:
3	"(A) Emergency detection, warning,
4	AND MESSAGING SYSTEMS.—Not later than 180
5	days after the date of enactment of the Pro-
6	tecting America's Miners Act, an operator of an
7	underground coal mine shall—
8	"(i) install atmospheric detection and
9	warning systems, in all underground areas
10	where miners normally work and travel,
11	that provide real-time information regard-
12	ing methane levels, carbon monoxide levels,
13	oxygen levels, air flow, and temperature
14	and that can, to the maximum extent pos-
15	sible, withstand explosions and fires;
16	"(ii) provide each miner working in
17	any underground area of the mine with a
18	device that is designed to enable the oper-
19	ator to send a message to the miner pro-
20	viding instructions during an emergency;
21	and
22	"(iii) as soon as the National Institute
23	for Occupational Safety and Health cer-
24	tifies that portable devices providing 2-way
25	communications between the surface and



1	underground are available and are capable
2	of operation during some mining emer-
3	gencies, provide each miner working in any
4	underground area of the mine with such a
5	device, and, in addition, continue to pro-
6	vide the devices required under clause (ii)
7	until such time as the 2-way communica-
8	tions devices required by this paragraph
9	are certified by the National Institute for
10	Occupational Safety and Health to be at
11	least as effective as the other devices in all
12	mining emergency circumstances.
13	The Secretary shall establish procedures for
14	regularly consulting with other Federal, State,
15	and foreign agencies with respect to new com-
16	munications technologies for use in accordance
17	with clauses (ii) and (iii) and for expediting the
18	approval of such new technologies.
19	"(B) Facilitating emergency es-
20	CAPE.—
21	"(i) Emergency caches.—Not later
22	than 30 days after the date of enactment
23	of the Protecting America's Miners Act,
24	each operator of an underground coal mine

provide

emergency underground

shall



1	caches of air and self-contained breathing
2	equipment, in amounts sufficient to enable
3	all miners working anywhere in a par-
4	ticular mine to escape from the mine in ar
5	emergency in which any direct inhalation
6	of the mine atmosphere by a miner would
7	likely produce adverse health effects. The
8	caches shall be located throughout the
9	mine, including in escapeways. In order to
10	determine the specific location of each
11	cache in an escapeway, an operator shal
12	develop a risk assessment plan that cal-
13	culates the necessary amount and place
14	ment of the caches based on the trave
15	time by foot from the deepest work area in
16	the mine to the surface, taking into ac
17	count the impact of emergency conditions
18	and the demographics of the miners in the
19	particular mine, except that such caches
20	shall not be spaced further apart than the
21	distance an average miner can walk in 30
22	minutes. Each cache located in ar
23	escapeway shall be marked with flame re-
24	tardant lifeline cords or similar devices
25	and reflective material shall be placed as
	•



1	25-foot intervals along the route to the
2	cache to indicate the cache's location.
3	"(ii) Additional emergency
4	CACHES.—Until the date that the require
5	ment to provide refuges under subpara-
6	graph (C) is effective, each operator of an
7	underground coal mine shall maintain, in
8	addition to the caches described in clause
9	(i), emergency supplies of air and self-con-
10	tained breathing equipment for miners
11	awaiting rescue due to an emergency with
12	in the mine. Such equipment shall be suffi-
13	cient to supply the highest number of min-
14	ers expected to be in the working areas or
15	the mine for not less than 5 days.
16	"(iii) Self-rescue device ap-
17	PROVAL AND INSPECTION PROCESS.—
18	"(I) Expedited approval.—
19	The Secretary shall expedite the proc
20	ess for approving any self-rescue de
21	vice that permits the replenishment of
22	oxygen without requiring the device
23	user to remove the device.
24	"(II) Inspection program.—
25	The Secretary shall—



1	"(aa) establish a program to
2	randomly check samples of any
3	self-rescue devices used in an un-
4	derground coal mine on a regular
5	basis, in order to ensure that the
6	self-rescue devices in the coal
7	mine inventories are working in
8	accordance with the approval cri-
9	teria for such devices;
10	"(bb) require a manufac-
11	turer of a self-rescue device to
12	contact the Secretary imme-
13	diately upon notification of any
14	potential problem with such de-
15	vice; and
16	"(cc) notify immediately all
17	operators of underground coal
18	mines if the Secretary detects or
19	is advised of any problems with
20	the self-rescue devices.
21	"(iv) Self-rescue device mainte-
22	NANCE SCHEDULE.—Not later than 30
23	days after the date of enactment of the
24	Protecting America's Miners Act, each op-
25	erator of an underground coal mine shall



1	develop and implement a maintenance
2	schedule for—
3	"(I) checking the reliability of
4	self-rescue devices;
5	"(II) retiring older self-rescue de-
6	vices first; and
7	"(III) introducing new self-rescue
8	device technology, such as devices
9	with interchangeable air or oxygen
10	cylinders that do not require doffing
11	to replenish airflow and devices with
12	air or oxygen supplies of more than 1
13	hour, as such devices are approved by
14	the Secretary and become available.
15	"(v) Self-rescue device train-
16	ING.—Not later than 30 days after the
17	date of enactment of the Protecting Amer-
18	ica's Miners Act, each operator of an un-
19	derground coal mine shall implement a
20	program to ensure that all miners are
21	trained in the proper procedures for don-
22	ning self-rescue devices, switching from 1
23	self-rescue device to another, and ensuring
24	a proper fit of the self-rescue devices



1	"(vi) Flame-retardant life-
2	LINES.—Whenever required by law to in-
3	stall lifelines, each operator of an under-
4	ground coal mine shall use flame-retardant
5	lifelines exclusively.
6	"(C) Refuges.—Not later than 1 year
7	after the date of enactment of the Protecting
8	America's Miners Act, each operator of an un-
9	derground coal mine shall establish or provide
10	refuges underground in sufficient locations to
11	ensure that all miners working at any location
12	in a mine can reach a refuge that can accom-
13	modate such miner within 15 minutes, should
14	such miner determine that escape from the
15	mine is not the best course of action to take
16	during an emergency and without regard to the
17	length of time it might take to escape the mine.
18	Each such refuge shall be a stand-alone refuge.
19	Each operator shall ensure that the locations of
20	the refuges are marked and kept current or
21	mine maps, and that mine rescue teams for the
22	mine are regularly provided with information
23	about the design and features of the refuges.
24	Each such refuge shall be—



1	"(i) equipped with adequate air, food,
2	and water to accommodate the calculated
3	number of miners for a period of not less
4	than 5 days;
5	"(ii) constructed or designed in such a
6	way as to seal out toxic mine atmospheres
7	and to eliminate the buildup of toxic
8	atmospheres or other hazardous conditions
9	within the refuge; and
10	"(iii) equipped with telephone lines, or
11	equivalent 2-way communications to the
12	surface.
13	"(D) Tracking devices to facilitate
14	RESCUE.—Not later than 180 days after the
15	date of enactment of the Protecting America's
16	Miners Act, each operator of an underground
17	coal mine shall provide each miner working in
18	an underground location with an electronic
19	tracking device that permits the continuous
20	tracking of the location of the miner within the
21	mine, for the purpose of facilitating the miner's
22	rescue in an emergency.
23	"(2) Modification and supersession.—The
24	provisions of this subsection may be superseded in
25	whole or in part by improved mandatory safety



1	standards promulgated by the Secretary under this
2	section, and may be modified with respect to a par-
3	ticular mine only in accordance with the require-
4	ments and procedure described in subsection (c).
5	"(3) Imminent danger.—Any violation of a
6	mandatory safety standard under this subsection, or
7	a mandatory safety standard promulgated by the
8	Secretary that supercedes a standard under this
9	subsection, shall be deemed to create an imminent
10	danger to miners for the purposes of section 107."
11	SEC. 5. FACILITATING THE PROMPT INITIATION OF RES
12	CUE AND MINE RECOVERY EFFORTS.
13	(a) Emergency Call Center.—Not later than 30
	(a) EMERGENCY CALL CENTER.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
13	
13 14	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
13 14 15	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish, within the Mine Safety and Health Admin-
13 14 15 16	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish, within the Mine Safety and Health Admin- istration, a central communications emergency call center
13 14 15 16	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish, within the Mine Safety and Health Admin- istration, a central communications emergency call center for all coal or other mine operations that shall be staffed
113 114 115 116 117	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish, within the Mine Safety and Health Administration, a central communications emergency call center for all coal or other mine operations that shall be staffed and operated 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, by 1 or more
13 14 15 16 17 18	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish, within the Mine Safety and Health Administration, a central communications emergency call center for all coal or other mine operations that shall be staffed and operated 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, by 1 or more employees of the Mine Safety and Health Administration
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish, within the Mine Safety and Health Administration, a central communications emergency call center for all coal or other mine operations that shall be staffed and operated 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, by 1 or more employees of the Mine Safety and Health Administration All calls placed to the emergency call center shall be an
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish, within the Mine Safety and Health Administration, a central communications emergency call center for all coal or other mine operations that shall be staffed and operated 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, by 1 or more employees of the Mine Safety and Health Administration All calls placed to the emergency call center shall be answered by an individual with adequate experience and training to handle emergency mine situations. A single natural coal center shall be answered by an individual with adequate experience and training to handle emergency mine situations. A single natural center of the coal center of the center of t

24 and the Secretary shall ensure that all miners and mine



1	operators are issued laminated cards with emergency call
2	center information.
3	(b) CONTACT INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall
4	provide the emergency call center with a contact list, up-
5	dated not less often than quarterly, that contains—
6	(1) the contact phone numbers, including the
7	home phone numbers, for the members of each mine
8	rescue team responsible for each coal or other mine;
9	(2) the phone numbers for the local emergency
10	and rescue services unit that is located nearest to
11	each mine;
12	(3) the contact phone numbers, including the
13	home phone number, for the operator of each mine;
14	(4) the contact phone numbers, including the
15	home phone numbers, for the national and district
16	officials of the Mine Safety and Health Administra-
17	tion;
18	(5) the contact phone numbers, including the
19	home phone numbers, for the State officials in each
20	State who should be contacted in the event of a mine
21	emergency in such State; and
22	(6) the contact phone numbers, including the
23	home phone number, for the authorized representa-



tive of the miners at each mine.

1	(c) MINE LOCATION MAPS.—The Secretary shall es-
2	tablish, maintain, and keep current on the Department of
3	Labor's website a detailed map or set of maps showing
4	the exact geographic location of each operating or aban-
5	doned mine in the United States. Such map or maps
6	shall—
7	(1) be presented, through links within the
8	website, in such a way as to make the location of a
9	mine instantly available to the emergency personnel
10	responding to the mine;
11	(2) be available to members of the public; and
12	(3) allow a user to find the geographic location
13	of a particular mine, or the geographic locations of
14	all mines of a particular type in a county, congres-
15	sional district, State, or other commonly used geo-
16	graphic region.
17	(d) Required Notification of Emergencies and
18	Serious Incidents.—
19	(1) Reporting.—An operator of a coal or
20	other mine shall report any emergency or serious
21	mine incident to the emergency call center not later
22	than 15 minutes after becoming aware of any such
23	emergency or serious mine incident, regardless of



whether miners remain at risk.

1	(2) Emergencies or serious incidents.—
2	For the purposes of this subsection, an emergency or
3	serious mine incident includes—
4	(A) a mine fire;
5	(B) a roof fall, unplanned inundation, col-
6	lapse, or unplanned explosion;
7	(C) a sudden change in mine atmospheric
8	conditions;
9	(D) a rib fall that impairs ventilation or
10	impedes passage;
11	(E) a coal or rock outburst that causes the
12	withdrawal of miners;
13	(F) the failure of an impoundment;
14	(G) damage to hoisting equipment in a
15	shaft or slope that endangers an individual;
16	(H) any incident that leads to the death,
17	serious injury with a reasonable potential to
18	cause death, or entrapment, of a miner; and
19	(I) any other emergency or incident, as de-
20	termined in regulations promulgated by the
21	Secretary, that needs to be examined in order
22	to determine if the working conditions in the
23	mine are safe.
24	(e) Enhancing the Availability and Capabili-
25	TIES OF MINE RESCUE TEAMS.—



(1) COAL MINE RESCUE TEAM REQUIRE-
MENTS.—
(A) OPERATORS WITH LESS THAN 36 EM-
PLOYEES.—Not later than 30 days after the
date of enactment of this Act, an operator of an
underground coal mine for which the total num-
ber of employees employed in the underground
areas of the mine, at any time during the pre-
vious year, did not exceed 35 employees, shall
ensure that—
(i) each mine rescue team that is re-
quired under section 115(e) of the Federal
Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30
U.S.C. 825(e)), and the regulations pro-
mulgated pursuant to such section, in-
cludes miners who are employed by the op-
erator and who are familiar with the work-
ings of such mine;
(ii) all members of the mine rescue
team can reach the mine in not more than
1 hour; and
(iii) each mine rescue team conducts
at least 2 mine rescue drills each year in
the mine for which the rescue team has

mine rescue responsibilities.



1	(B) Operators with 36 or more em-
2	PLOYEES.—Not later than 30 days after the
3	date of enactment of this Act, an operator of an
4	underground coal mine that employed, at any
5	time during the previous year, a total of 36 or
6	more employees for work in the underground
7	areas of the mine shall ensure that—
8	(i) each mine rescue team that is re-
9	quired under section 115(e) of the Federal
10	Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30
11	U.S.C. 825(e)), and the regulations pro-
12	mulgated pursuant to such section, con-
13	sists exclusively of miners who are em-
14	ployed by such operator and who are famil-
15	iar with the workings of such mine; and
16	(ii) all members of the mine rescue
17	team are available for immediate deploy-
18	ment.
19	(C) Additional teams.—Nothing in this
20	paragraph shall be construed to preclude an op-
21	erator of a coal mine from contracting for the
22	services of other mine rescue teams in addition
23	to the mine rescue teams required by section
24	115(e) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health

Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 825(e)).



1	(2) Mine rescue team regulations.—
2	(A) Initiation of Rulemaking.—Not
3	later than 30 days after the date of enactment
4	of this Act, the Secretary shall initiate rule-
5	making activity to revise the Secretary's regula-
6	tions under section 115(e) of the Federal Mine
7	Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C.
8	825(e)) regarding mine rescue teams, and shall
9	in this regard directly contact and solicit the
10	participation of—
11	(i) all existing mine rescue teams;
12	(ii) organizations representing other
13	types of rescue workers (such as fire-
14	fighters);
15	(iii) State and local emergency au-
16	thorities; and
17	(iv) others whom the Secretary deter-
18	mines may have information relevant to
19	this rulemaking.
20	(B) Interim final rules.—The Sec-
21	retary shall issue the regulations revised under
22	subparagraph (A) as interim final rules not
23	later than 270 days after the date of enactment



of this Act.

1	(C) Content of Revised Regula-
2	TIONS.—In revising the regulations under sub-
3	paragraph (A), the Secretary shall address, at
4	a minimum—
5	(i) the training and qualifications for
6	mine rescue team members;
7	(ii) the equipment and technology
8	used in mine rescue;
9	(iii) the structure and organization of
10	mine rescue teams;
11	(iv) the identification of qualified sur-
12	face personnel to communicate with mine
13	rescue teams during rescue efforts;
14	(v) the provision of uniform creden-
15	tials to mine rescue team members, sup-
16	port personnel, or vehicles for immediate
17	access to any mine site;
18	(vi) the plans required at each mine to
19	ensure coordination with local emergency
20	response personnel and to ensure that such
21	personnel receive adequate training in
22	mine rescue needs and in coordinating with
23	the mine rescue teams at each mine; and
24	(vii) requirements to ensure that oper-
25	ators are prepared to facilitate the work of



I	mine rescue teams during an emergency
2	by—
3	(I) storing necessary equipment
4	in locations readily accessible to mine
5	rescue teams;
6	(II) providing mine rescue teams
7	with a parking and staging area ade-
8	quate for their needs;
9	(III) identifying a space appro-
10	priate for coordinating emergency
11	communications with the mine rescue
12	team; and
13	(IV) identifying and maintaining
14	separate spaces for family members,
15	community members, and press to as-
16	semble during an emergency so as to
17	facilitate communications with these
18	groups while ensuring the efforts of
19	the mine rescue teams are not hin-
20	dered.
21	SEC. 6. ENHANCING THE INVESTIGATION OF MINE ACCI-
22	DENTS.
23	(a) Investigations by the Secretary.—Not later
24	than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
25	Secretary shall initiate rulemaking activity to establish



1	regulations regarding the investigation of accidents, and
2	shall in this regard directly contact and solicit the partici-
3	pation of—
4	(1) individuals identified by the Secretary as
5	family members of miners who perished in mining
6	accidents of any type during the preceding 10-year
7	period;
8	(2) organizations representing miners;
9	(3) mine rescue teams;
10	(4) Federal, State, and local investigation and
11	prosecutorial authorities; and
12	(5) others whom the Secretary determines may
13	have information relevant to this rulemaking.
14	(b) Interim Final Rules.—The Secretary shall
15	issue the regulations revised under subsection (a) as in-
16	terim final rules not later than 270 days after the date
17	of enactment of this Act.
18	(c) Content of Revised Regulations.—In revis-
19	ing the regulations under subsection (a), the Secretary
20	shall require that—
21	(1) public hearings are held in connection with
22	any fatal accident and in connection with an acci-
23	dent that could have resulted in multiple fatalities;
24	(2) the recommendations of an investigation of

an accident undertaken in accordance with sub-



1	section (a) are made public at such time as the rec-
2	ommendations are provided to the Secretary;
3	(3) the Secretary designate an employee as a
4	family advocate to act as the liaison between the
5	Secretary and the family of any miner killed or in-
6	jured in any accident that is the subject of an inves-
7	tigation;
8	(4) the family of a miner killed or injured in an
9	accident that is the subject of an investigation is in-
10	cluded in all phases of the investigation (including
11	witness interviews) in which a representative of the
12	operator or the miners is included; and
13	(5) the Secretary is the coordinator of rescue
14	operations and communications with the public and
15	families during any investigation of an accident.
16	(d) Independent Investigations.—After an acci-
17	dent and upon the timely request of the authorized rep-
18	resentative of the miners at a mine, or representatives of
19	a majority of the families of the miners killed or who could
20	have been killed in such accident, the Secretary shall con-
21	tract with the Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation
22	Board or other appropriate independent Federal investiga-
23	tive authority to conduct an independent investigation of
24	the accident and provide recommendations to the Sec-

25 retary. Such investigation shall be in addition to any inves-



1	tigation conducted by the Secretary, and shall be con-
2	ducted pursuant to whatever procedures such authority
3	determines are appropriate for the investigation. The Sec-
4	retary shall provide such authority with all information
5	and expertise requested, and shall pay for such authority
6	to conduct the authority's investigation, including the
7	costs of obtaining the services of independent experts re-
8	quired for any such investigation.
9	SEC. 7. ENHANCING OPERATOR AND OWNER INCENTIVES
10	TO AVOID SERIOUS RISKS TO MINERS.
11	(a) Pattern of Violations.—
12	(1) Prompt identification of pattern.—
13	Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment
14	of this Act, the Secretary is directed to revise the
15	regulations issued by the Secretary under section
16	104(e) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act
17	of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 814(e)) as in effect on the day
18	before such date of enactment, so that the regula-
19	tions provide that—
20	(A) when a potential pattern of violations
21	is identified by any inspector or district man-
22	ager of the Mine Safety and Health Adminis-
23	tration, the operator of the coal or other mine
24	and the authorized representative of miners for

the mine shall be notified by the inspector or



1	district manager not later than 10 days after
2	such identification; and
3	(B) after receiving the notification de-
4	scribed in subparagraph (A), the appropriate
5	Administrator of the Mine Safety and Health
6	Administration shall promptly review any such
7	potential pattern of violations and, not later
8	than 45 days after receiving such notification
9	make a final decision as to whether a citation
10	for a violation of section 104(e) of such Act
11	should be issued.
12	(2) Fine for a pattern of violations.—
13	Section 110 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health
14	Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 820) is amended—
15	(A) by redesignating subsections (i)
16	through (l) as subsections (k) through (n), re-
17	spectively; and
18	(B) by inserting after subsection (h) the
19	following:
20	"(i) Patterns of Violation.—
21	"(1) Additional penalties.—If the Sec-
22	retary determines that a pattern of violations under
23	section 104(e) exists, the Secretary shall assess a
24	penalty, in addition to any other penalty authorized

in this Act for a violation of such section, of not



more than \$1,000,000. All operators of the mine, including any corporate owners, shall be jointly and severally liable for such penalty. The amount of the assessment under this paragraph shall be designed to ensure a change in the future conduct of the operators and corporate owners of such mine with respect to mine safety and health, given the overall resources of such operators. Notwithstanding subsection (k) or section 113, a penalty assessed by the Secretary under this paragraph may not be reduced by the Commission.

"(2) WITHDRAWAL OF WORKERS.—In addition

to the authority to withdraw miners from an area of a coal or other mine pursuant to section 104(e), the Secretary shall withdraw all miners from the entire mine when any pattern of violations has been determined to exist until such time as the Secretary certifies that all identified violations have been corrected and the operator has agreed to abide by a written plan approved by the Mine Safety and Health Administration to ensure that such a pattern of conduct will not recur.".



(b) Failure to Timely Pay Penalty Assess-

24 MENTS.—Section 105(a) of the Federal Mine Safety and

25 Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 815(a)) is amended by

- 1 striking the third sentence and inserting the following:
- 2 "The operator has 30 days from the receipt of the notifica-
- 3 tion of a citation issued by the Secretary, to notify the
- 4 Secretary that the operator intends to contest the citation
- 5 or proposed assessment of a penalty and to place in escrow
- 6 the amount of the proposed assessment. If notification and
- 7 proof of escrow is not provided to the Secretary, the cita-
- 8 tion and the proposed assessment of penalty shall be
- 9 deemed a final order of the Commission and not subject
- 10 to review by any court or agency. It shall be a felony for
- 11 any mine operator, including a corporate owner, of a coal
- 12 or other mine to fail to timely pay any penalties assessed
- 13 under this Act for which payment has been demanded.
- 14 Such felony shall be punishable, for each operator, by a
- 15 fine of not less than \$50,000 or by imprisonment for 1
- 16 year.".
- 17 (c) Maximum and Minimum Penalties.—Section
- 18 110(a) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977
- 19 (30 U.S.C. 820(a)) is amended by striking "more than
- 20 \$50,000 for each such violation." and inserting "less than
- 21 \$500 or more than \$250,000 for each such violation, ex-
- 22 cept that, in the case of a violation of a mandatory health
- 23 or safety standard that could significantly and substan-
- 24 tially contribute to the cause and effect of a coal or other
- 25 mine health or safety hazard, the penalty shall not be less



- 1 than \$1,000 or more than \$500,000, for each such viola-
- 2 tion.".
- 3 (d) Penalty for Late Accident Notification.—
- 4 Section 110 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act
- 5 of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 820) is further amended by inserting
- 6 after subsection (i) (as inserted by subsection (a)(2)(B))
- 7 the following:
- 8 "(j) Any operator who fails to provide timely notifica-
- 9 tion of an accident as required under section 5(d)(1) of
- 10 the Protecting America's Miners Act shall be subject to
- 11 a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000 and not less
- 12 than \$60,000.".
- 13 (e) Factors in Assessing Penalties.—Section
- 14 110(k) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977
- 15 (30 U.S.C. 820(k)) (as redesignated by subsection
- 16 (a)(2)(A)) is amended by striking "the appropriateness"
- 17 and all that follows through "the gravity" and inserting
- 18 "whether the operator was negligent, the gravity".
- 19 SEC. 8. ENHANCING THE WILLINGNESS OF MINERS AND
- 20 OTHERS TO REPORT SERIOUS PROBLEMS BE-
- FORE ACCIDENTS OCCUR.
- 22 (a) Establishment of Miner Ombudsman.—
- 23 There shall be established, within the Office of the Inspec-
- 24 tor General of the Department of Labor, the position of
- 25 Miner Ombudsman. The President, by and with the advice



1	and consent of the Senate, shall appoint an individual with
2	expertise in mine safety and health to serve as the Miner
3	Ombudsman.
4	(b) Duties.—The Miner Ombudsman shall—
5	(1) be responsible for establishing practices to
6	ensure the confidentiality of the identity of miners,
7	and the families or personal representatives of the
8	miners, who contact mine operators, authorized rep-
9	resentatives of the miners, the Mine Safety and
10	Health Administration, the Department of Labor, or
11	others with information about mining conditions
12	that may threaten, or have recently threatened as of
13	the time of the contact, miner safety or health, while
14	ensuring that the Mine Safety and Health Adminis-
15	tration has the information needed to promptly in-
16	vestigate such complaints;
17	(2) establish a toll-free telephone number and
18	appropriate Internet website to permit individuals to
19	confidentially report possible mine mandatory health
20	or safety standard violations or concerns;
21	(3) collect and forward information concerning
22	possible mine safety or health violations or concerns
23	to the appropriate officials of the Mine Safety and
24	Health Administration for investigation;



1	(4) monitor the Secretary of Labor's efforts to
2	protect miners who report that their rights under
3	section 105(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and
4	Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 815(c)) have been
5	violated, and report to the Congress any rec-
6	ommendations that would enhance such rights or
7	protections; and
8	(5) carry out public outreach and other activi-
9	ties to facilitate the transmission, to the Secretary of
10	Labor, of information that could avoid help avoid
11	mine accidents.
12	SEC. 9. ENHANCING SPECIFIC PROTECTIONS FOR UNDER-
13	GROUND COAL MINES.
	GROUND COAL MINES.  (a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Fed-
13	
13 14 15	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Fed-
13 14 15	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811)
13 14 15 16	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is further amended by adding at the end the following:
13 14 15 16 17	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is further amended by adding at the end the following:  "(g) Special Rulemaking Procedure for Cer-
13 14 15 16 17	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is further amended by adding at the end the following:  "(g) Special Rulemaking Procedure for Certain Safety Standards.—
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is further amended by adding at the end the following:  "(g) Special Rulemaking Procedure for Certain Safety Standards.—  "(1) Conveyor Belts.—
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is further amended by adding at the end the following:  "(g) Special Rulemaking Procedure for Certain Safety Standards.—  "(1) Conveyor Belts.—  "(A) Rulemaking and interim standards.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Special Rulemaking.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is further amended by adding at the end the following:  "(g) Special Rulemaking Procedure for Certain Safety Standards.—  "(1) Conveyor Belts.—  "(A) Rulemaking and interim standards.—Not later than 30 days after the date

that implement the recommendations of the Na-



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1	tional Institute for Occupational Safety and
2	Health that conveyor belts used in underground
3	coal mines be designed to minimize flamma-
4	bility. Such revised mandatory safety standards
5	shall be issued as interim standards not later
6	than 270 days after the date of enactment of
7	such Act.
8	"(B) Application of Prior Rule.—Until
9	such time as the interim standards described in
10	subparagraph (A) are issued and new require-
11	ments on belt flammability are placed in effect,
12	the amendments made by the final rule pub-
13	lished on April 2, 2004, in the Federal Register
14	(69 Fed. Reg. 17480) to the mandatory safety
15	standard in section 75.350 of title 30, Code of
16	Federal Regulations, that authorized belt haul-
17	age entries to be used to ventilate active work-
18	ing places are suspended, and the Secretary
19	shall instead apply such mandatory safety
20	standard as it was in effect the day before the
21	effective date of such amendments, including all
22	modifications to such standard that had been
23	approved under subsection (c) prior to such
24	date and any new modifications that may be ap-

proved in the future pursuant to such section.



"(2) Seals.—Not later than 30 days after the
date of enactment of the Protecting America's Min-
ers Act, the Secretary shall initiate rulemaking ac-
tivity to modernize and improve mandatory safety
standards relating to seals for abandoned areas in
underground coal mines. As part of such rule-
making, the Secretary shall improve the 20 psi
standard described in section 75.335(a)(2) of title
30, Code of Federal Regulations (as such section
was in effect on the date of enactment of the Pro-
tecting America's Miners Act). The Secretary shall
give particular consideration to the standards in ef-
fect in other countries in this regard. The Secretary
shall further consider whether the Secretary should
be required to inspect seals during the seals' con-
struction to ensure that the seals are constructed in
a safe manner. Such improved standards shall be
issued as interim mandatory safety standards not
later than 270 days after the date of enactment of
such Act.".
(b) Inspections.—Not later than 30 days after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consulta-
tion with the National Institute for Occupational Safety
and Health, shall inspect the seals of all underground coal
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25 mines that are composed of nontraditional materials to en-



1	sure that the seals are constructed in a safe manner, and
2	ensure that any seals not constructed in a safe manner
3	regardless of plan approval, shall be promptly recon-
4	structed in a safe manner.
5	(c) Mandatory Health Standards.—Section 101
6	of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30
7	U.S.C. 811) is further amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"(h) Mandatory Health Standards Regarding
10	RESPIRABLE DUST.—
11	"(1) Concentration Levels.—Notwith-
12	standing any other requirement of this Act, not later
13	than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Pro-
14	tecting America's Miners Act, the Secretary shall
15	initiate rulemaking to develop mandatory health
16	standards that provide the following:
17	"(A) CONCENTRATION OF DUST.—Each
18	operator of a coal or other mine shall continu-
19	ously maintain a concentration of respirable
20	dust, in the mine atmosphere during each shift
21	for which a miner is in any place in a coal or
22	other mine where miners are normally required
23	to work or travel of such mine, of not more
24	than 1.0 milligram of respirable dust per cubic

meter of air. In meeting this standard, each



1	concentration level shall be considered inde-
2	pendently and shall not be averaged with other
3	such levels.
4	"(B) METHOD OF MEASUREMENT.—To
5	measure the level of respirable dust in an area
6	of a coal or other mine, samples shall be
7	taken—
8	"(i) by the Secretary, and not by the
9	operator; or
10	"(ii) by using personal dust monitors
11	on not less than 3 miners per shift, in each
12	working section of the mine and in any
13	section known to contain the highest dust
14	concentrations, and not less often than
15	once a year on each miner who works in
16	the mine.
17	"(2) Interim Rules.—The Secretary shall
18	issue the rules described under subparagraph (A) as
19	interim final rules not later than 270 days after the
20	date of enactment of the Protecting America's Min-
21	ers Act.".
22	(d) Definition.—Section 101 of the Federal Mine
23	Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811) is further
24	amended by adding at the end the following:



- 1 "(i) Definition of Coal Mine.—In this section,
- 2 the term 'coal mine' has the meaning given the term in
- 3 section 3(h)(2).".
- 4 SEC. 10. TRANSITION TO A NEW GENERATION OF INSPEC-
- 5 TORS.
- 6 (a) Personnel Ceiling Temporarily Lifted.—
- 7 In order to ensure that the Secretary has adequate time
- 8 to provide that a sufficient number of qualified and prop-
- 9 erly trained inspectors of the Mine Safety and Health Ad-
- 10 ministration are in place before any inspectors employed
- 11 as of the date of enactment of this Act retire, any ceilings
- 12 on the number of personnel that may be employed by the
- 13 Administration with respect to mine inspectors are abol-
- 14 ished for the 5-year period beginning on the date of enact-
- 15 ment of this Act.
- 16 (b) Contracting With Retired Inspectors.—In
- 17 the event that, notwithstanding the actions taken by the
- 18 Secretary to hire and train qualified inspectors, the Sec-
- 19 retary is temporarily unable, at any time during the 5-
- 20 year period beginning on the date of enactment of this
- 21 Act, to employ the number of inspectors required to staff
- 22 all district offices devoted to coal mines at the offices'
- 23 highest historical levels without transferring personnel
- 24 from supervisory or plan review activities or diminishing
- 25 current inspection resources devoted to other types of



mines, the Administration is authorized to hire retired in-2 spectors on a contractual basis to conduct mine inspec-3 tions, and the retirement benefits of such retired inspec-4 tors shall not be reduced as a result of such temporary 5 contractual employment. 6 (c) Compliance Assistance and User Fees.—In 7 order to ensure that the Secretary has sufficient resources 8 to carry out the enforcement activities of the Mine Safety 9 and Health Administration, during the 5-year period be-10 ginning on the date of enactment of this Act— 11 (1) the Secretary may not expend any funds for 12 technical support or advice to an operator of a par-13 ticular mine, except funds that are collected through 14 user fees under paragraph (2); and 15 (2) an operator who incurs a civil penalty or 16 fine under section 110 of the Federal Mine Safety 17 and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 820) shall be as-18 sessed a user fee of \$100 for each such penalty or 19 fine, which fee shall be maintained in a separate ac-20 count by the Secretary to be used to provide tech-21 nical support or advice to mine operators, with pri-22 ority given to requests from mines with less than 20 23 miners.

(d) Report to the Congress.—During the 5-year

period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the

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Secretary shall issue a special report to the appropriate 2 committees of Congress every year, or at such more fre-3 quent intervals as the Secretary or any such committee 4 may deem appropriate, providing information about the 5 actions being taken under this section, the size and training of the inspector workforce at the Mine Safety and 6 Health Administration, the level of enforcement activities. 8 and the number of requests by individual operators of mines for compliance assistance. 10 SEC. 11. TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH PRIORITIES. 11 In implementing its research activities in the 5-year 12 period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the 13 National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health shall give due consideration to new technologies, and exist-14 15 ing technologies that could be adapted for use in underground coal or other mines, that could facilitate the sur-16 vival of miners in a mining emergency. Such technologies include— 18 19 (1) self-contained self-rescue devices capable of 20 delivering enhanced performance; 21 (2) two-way communications devices capable of 22 delivering enhanced performance between under-23 ground locations or between underground and sur-24 face locations, including devices capable of sustained

operation after underground explosions;



(3) improved battery capacity and common con-
nection specifications to enable emergency commu-
nication devices for miners to be run from the same
portable power source as a headlamp, continuous
dust monitor, or other device carried by a miner;
(4) improved technology for assisting mine res-
cue teams, including devices to enhance vision dur-
ing rescue or recovery operations; and
(5) improved technology, and improved proto-
cols for the use of existing technologies, to enable
conditions underground to be assessed promptly and
continuously in emergencies, so as to facilitate the
determination by appropriate officials of the instruc-
tions to provide both to miners trapped underground
and to mine rescue teams and others engaged in res-



cue efforts.